## THE

## Unparalleled Suffering

AND

SURPRISING ADVENTURES

## PHILIP QUARLE

Who was discovered by Mr Dorrincton, a Bristol merchant, upon an uninhabited islanu in the fouth sem, witcre the tiven at htut मि? years, viti mut ane fuman assisr ance.


## THE

## ADVENTURES

## PHIIIP QUARLE.

0N the 4th of July 1643, Philip Quarle, a native of Bristol, being then about eighteen years of age, entered as a sailor on board of the ship Endeavour, bound for the South Sea, which set sail with a fair wind on the 7 th of the same month They sailed on for the space of a month; though the wind. in changing full in their teeth, and very high withal, obliged them to cast arrchor, in order fo lie by till the wind did serve; but sseing themselves made upon by a pirate, they were obliged to weigh their anchor, and
make the best of their way before the wind, in order to avoid being taken . by those infidels who pursued them, from four o'clock on Friday morning, fill ten at night the following Sunday; at which time there arose a storm, the sky-looked very black, the wind being at north-west, and clouds began to rise and move towards them, faving hung all the morning in the borizon, so that they took in their topsails, and furled theiv main-sails, the sea ran very short and broke, in upon their deck: however, they put rigit before the wind, and sailed for three wecks, when they made Cape Horn: they had no soomer fot round the Cape, but the wind veered to the south and it fell flat caln?: whick' continacd for two gays when the uird sprung up at futh-west, and they scudded before the wind very swift, and uade antstan, whose name none of them knew, the ship having never been on the cotit before: Whet there they fuma wond, water, ain herbs of sevcral soits, some seals and sea-fovls. -Here they refieshed thenselves for four days, and thee weigheci anchor, the wind being tair at fuli south, and traded at several ports on the cosst of Peru, Chili, and Mexico. From Port Aquapulco they saides, having a fresh breeze, at N. N. E They tad not sailed above one day betore the wind veered to the south-west, and blew a violent gale, and there being a great sea, so that their strip took in a great deal of water, the wind continuing two days increasing to a very great storm, which held for one day and two nighes more; wining which time they perceived themselves near some rocks: Thẻ sturm rather increasinge . and it growing dark, they despaired of saving the

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Ship; and as' the main-yard could not lower, the ship's tackling being disorded by the violence of the storm; Quarle, being bold and active, tonk a hatchet which tumbled about the deck, and ran up the shrouds, in order to cut down what stopt the working of the main-yard, but by that time he was got up, there came a sea which dashed the ship to shatters against the rock; and with the violence of the shock, flung Quarle, who was astride upon the main-yard, on the top of the rock, where, having the good fortune to fall in a clift he was hindered from being washed back again into the sea and drowned, as every body were that belonged to the ship.

Quarle, in a dismal condition, remained the succeeding night in the clift, being continually beaten with the dashing back of the sea, and bey ing both bruised and numbed, pulled off his clothes, which were dripping wet, and spread them in the suth; and being over-fatigued, lays himselt down on the smoothest place of the rock he could find, being'quite spent with the hardships he had? undergone, and slept while bis clothes were dry. ing.

When he awoke, he stared about him in a frightful manner, expecting every minute some creature to devour him; but, taking a little courage, put on his clothes, which by this time wer quite dry; he then looks about him, but, alas! could see nothing but the dreadful effects of the late tempest, dead corpses, broken planks, and battered chests floating, and such aspects, whinel? at once filled him with terror and grief.

Being come to the other side of the rock, he? finds at the bottom of it a narrow lake, whick
separated it from the land, therefore pulling oft his clothes, the water being but shallow, ho wades over with them in his arnis; and dressing himself. walks up a considerable way in the island without seeing any híuman creature, or perceiving any sign of its being inhabited, which struck 2 gręat damp on his spirits. He walks it over and over, cross ways and long wavs, yet could see n thing but monkeys, strange beasts, birds, and fowls, such as he had never seen before.

Having ranged himself weary, he sat down under a clusta: of trees, that made an agreeable arbour, the place being pleasant and cool, made, as it were, for repose, and he being still very much fatigued, prompted him to lie down and sleep; during which, his mind is continually alarmed with the trightful aspect of grim death.

Having gratefully returned tharks io heaven for his late deliverance, he comatits, himself to its care, then settles and falls to sleep, and slept till lunger awaked him in the morning, having dreamed over-night of abundance of victuals, which he fain would have come at, but was Fept of by a cross cook, who bil him go and fish for some; to which he answered, that he was shipwrecked, and had nothing to fish withal. Well, then, said the cook to him again, go where thou wast like to lose thy life, and there thou shalt find where withal to support it.

Being' awaked, he makes reflections upon his, dream, which, though he imagined it might proceed from the emptiness of his somach, being customary for people to dream of victuals when they go to bed hungry; yet at that time
it may prove ominous;" so driven by necessity, and led by curiosity, he went to the same side of the rock he had been cast upon, where havinstood several hours without seeing shipping, or aught that might answer his dream, the air coming from the sea being pretty sharp, and he faint, having taken no manner of food for nearthree days, he gave over all hopes of relief. Thus submitting himself to the will of heaven, which he sup(1) )sed decreed a lingering death to punish him for his past sins, he resolves to return where he lay the night before, and there, wait for his dooin; but being stopped by a sudden noise which issued from a creek in the rock, not far from where he stood, he hid the curiosity to go and see what occasioned it.

Being come to the place he lreard the noise proceed from, he sees a fine large cod-fish, i3ear six feet long, dabbling in a hole in the rock, where the late storm had cast it:

- One under condemnation of death, and just arrived at the place of execution, could not be more rejoiced at the coming of a reprieve, than he was at the sight of the fish, having felt several sick qualms, forerunners of the death he thought the was doomed to. Heaven be praised! said he, here is my dream right; where Providence rescued my life from the grim jaws of death, there it has provided, me wherewithal to support it.

So having taken off both his garters, he gets into the hole where the fish lay; and having run them through his gills, he hauls it out, and drags it after him, it being heavy, and he very weak. Going along, he finds several oysters, muscles,
and cockles, in his way; which the sea had cast up and down the rock; and having a knife about him, he sat down and eat a few; so refroshad himself, his spirits bsing ex́hausted for want of food. This small nutriment very much recruited his decayed strengtt, and the thoughts of his supply of provisions having dispersed the dull itleas his late want had bred in his nind, he cheerfully takes his fish, which he drags with mucle more vigeur than before; and filling his pockets with salt that was congealed by the sun, which he found in the cavities of the rock, away he goes to the place where he lay the night before, in order to dresi some of his codifish; where, bsing come, he picks up a parcel of dry lezves, and with his knife and flut struck fire, and kindled them: then, getting rogether, a few sticks, matee ' fire presently, and betoled a slice of his lisht; which he eat so hearthly that it ove:cume his sibalach, being grown weak wirh fasring: thes sick and out of order, he applies to a helpless regource, which Was lfing down, and benky muct fatigued and harasee: in hauling the heavy fish up and down the rock, he fell asleep till the next morning, during which time his rest was very much disturbed with the frightful dream of being attacked by a terribie monster, such as never was heard of, wher for bigness or grimness, from which he was relieved by the intererence of an old lady.

Haviag slept quietly the remainder of the nights he awoke in the morning pretty fresh and hearty, but fery much disturbed at his late cream, which he foared presaged and prornosticated some approaching evil; but as he could make no comparative allusion of the old lady, who rescued hims
from the monster, he concludes it must be an in spiration of Providence (whom the: grave old lady did personate in the dream) who lately had preserved him fiom a death by all appearance unavoidable, to keep him from despair in this his great extremity, promising to be at hand upors occasion.

Having made these considerations, he, on his knees, returns kind Providence his hearty thanks for all the mercies that had been extended to him; begging the contina ance of its assistance.

The wind being pretty high, fed his hopes; that each succeeding lour would gratify his wishing lock swith that object the preceding night corid not bring forth: but he was disappointed. The night approaching, kept wack all probability for that inie; hoveier dependirg on beiter suepe cess the next day, he returns whence he carie; and being hungry, makes a fire, and broils ano ther slice of his fish, then lays the rest upon the broad green leaves, and strews salt thereon to keep it from spoiling, then goes to rest, and as he lay undisturbed the night before under the trees, and much more easy tban a-top, he ventured again, conmitting himself to the care of Providence.

But his thoughts, which all day had been discurbed with the dread of those hardships ho must probably undergo, if obliged to continue there all winter, so ran in his mind, that they occasioned ideas suitable to those he had formed the day before.

These reflections brèd various melancholy thoughts, which almost led him to despair. Oh! said he, that I was but a mouse, bat, or yet a
meaner creature! then should I be below the cruel persecutions of fate. But man who was created in the noblest form, endued with reason and understanding, animated, with an immortal soul, must be aimed at as the only mark worthy its malignant daris! but why do I thus rave at those evils wie are the authors of? Had man continued in his original state of innocence, the very name of fate or fortune would not have been known. Well, since this is the product of $\sin$, I accept this black lot as justly coming to my sharejand. wumbly submitting to Heaven's decree, I thaikfully take this dream as a timely warning; and in imitation of those creatures represented in it; I will provide what shelter I can against bad weather comes.

Accordingly, first he begins to think of making limself an house to preserve him from the injuries of the weather; but having nothing to make it of, nor any instrument but a knife, which could be of littleservice to him, he resolse3 to gुo to thet part of the rocks where he was shipwrecked, to see if he could discover any thing among the wreck that mighe be serviceable 10 him; ard therefore takes the buanch of a tree along with him, and coining to the place, be strips himself and goes into the water (the water being low, discovering the tops of several sharp-pointed-rocks, ) and gropes along with his staff tor sure footing; wadiag as high as his chin, diving to the bottom frequantly, and feeling about with his hatuds. "This lie confinued doing for almost two hours; but to no pirpose, not daring to go cut of his depth: for he swell knew, that he could do litsle good there, because he could discever rin part of the shirg, not so much as the mist o: any of
the rigkings but fancied she lay in some deep hole, where it was impossible to get at her.

Thus despairing, and fretting and teasin: himself, lie calls to mind that he had a hatchet in his hand when he was cast away, and thought probably it might fie in that clift of the rock into which he was thrown, thither he went, and looking about, perceived something like the handle of an hatchet just above the surface of the water at the botion of the rock; and going down to it, took it up; which tu his great joy proved to bo the very thing he wanted.

Having got his tool, he dresses himiself, and goes on to the island again, intending to cut down sonie trees to mâke himself a hut: looking about therefore for the properest plants, and; taking notice of a sort of trees; whose branches; bending to the ground, took root, and became pliant, he thought ikey might be the fittest for this purpose, and cut a sufficient parcel of them to make his barracl; which was full business for him that day,

His barrack being finished, which took him up -ffteen diys hard work; now, said he, here is a house, but where is the furniture? This, indeed, miay keep the weather from me, but not the cold. The ground on which I do and must lie is hard, and cioubtiess in the winter will grew damp, which, with want of covering, may occasion agus and fevers, the cholic and the rheumatism, anit tweaty racking distempers, which may carse mfe to repent my having escaped a milder death.

In this great consternation and perplexity, bo goes to see if he could spy, any shipping riding within eight of the island: as he was walkigg along, full of heavy and dull thoughts, which weighed his looks to the ground, he happened to
find a sort of high grass that grows but here and there, round some particular sort of trees, which he never took notice of before. Hepaven be praised! said he, I have found wherewithal to keep my poor body from the ground, whilst I am, by Providence, doomed to remain here: so passes on, intending at his return to cut down a sufficient quantity of it to make mats, that might serve him instead of bed and bed-clothes.

Having looked himself almost blind, without seeing the least prospect of what he desired, he concludes upon going to cut the grass, which he stood in such want of, and spread it to dry, whilst the weather was yet warm. That piece of work kept him employed the remainder of the day, and the best part of the succeeding, having nothing but a pocket knife to cut withal. That work being done, wanting a tool to spread and turn his grass, he takes a branch of the next tree, which having stript off all the small ones abour it, all but part of that at the top, being forky, made a tolerable fork: thus being equipped for hay-ma-- King, he went on with his work, and as he was at it, he saw, at some distance, several monkeys as busy as himself, scratching something out of the ground, which they did eat upon the spot, and carried the rest to their home.

Fis hopes that chese roots might be for his use, those creatures being naturally dainty, eating nothing but, what men may, made him haaten to the place he saw them scratching at, that by the herb they bear (which they tore off) he might find out the root.

Having, by the leaves which he picked off the ground, found some of the same, lic digs thèm up, and carried them to his barrack, where he
broiled a slice of his fish, and in the ashes roasteni them, which eat somèthing like chesnuts done in the same manner.

This new found out eatable much rejoicing him, he returned his hearty thanks to k'ind Providence, that he had put him in a way to provide himself with bread, and that of a most delicious kind: As soon, therefore, as he had dined, he went out on purpose to dig a good quantity; but as he was going to the place where he had taken notice they grew pretty thick, he sees a tortoise, of about a foot over, crawling betore him: heaven be praised! said he, here is what will supply me both with victuals, and atensils to dross it in: he ran, therefore, and turned it on its back; to keep it from getting away, whilst he went to fetch his hatchet, that he might cut the bottom shell from the top, in order to make a kettle of the deepest, and a dish of the.flat part.

Being tired of cod-fish, he drenses the tortoise, an animal seldom eaten but upon extremity, the Hesh thereof often giving the flux; nevertheless be ventured upon it, and liked it extremely, some part of it eating very much like veal; which at that time was a very great novelty to him, having eaten no fresh meat for a long time before.

Happening to eat of the part of the tortoise which is the most nourishing, and less hurtful, he was in no wise discomposed; but, having boiled it all, he laid by the remainder to eat now and then between his fish.

Being provided with a bailing utensil, he ofters kad a change, by means of those admirable roots su luckily discovered; some of which he roasted for bread, others he boiled with salt cod: this in a great measure mitigated his misfortune, and softened
the hardships he láy under, so that seeing but litthe prospect of changing his present condition, by getting away from thence for a while, he thinks on means to make it as casy as possible, whilst he remained in it; for having projected a bed, and taking the grass, which by that time was dry, he falls to work; and a mat being the thin- concluded upon, he twists his hay into ropes, the bigness of his leg; then he cuts a pretty number of sticks, about two feet long, whicin he drives in the ground, ten in a row, and near four inches asunder, and opposite to them such another row at six or seven feet distance from the first, which made the length of his mat; then having fastened one end of his rope to one of his corner sticks, he brings it round the other corner stick, and so to the next at the other end, till he has laid his trame, then he' weaves acrose shorter ropes of the same, in the manner they make pallions on board with old cable ends." When ie had finished his mait, he beat it with a long stic?, which made it swell up; and the grase being qf a soft cottony nature, he had a warm and easy bed to lie on.

The comfort and pleasure he found on his soft mat (being grown sore with lying on the grotind for the space of a month and more) so liberally gratified him for the time and labour he had bestowed in making it, that it gave him encouragement to go about another; a covering be-. ing the neat pecessary wanted, for though the winter was as yet pretty warm, and he in a great measure, seasone thy the hardships he lhad gone through; yet the winter approacluing, and the present season still favourable for him to make provision agninst it, he goes and cuts more grass; which being made ready for use, he lengtinens his
losm, to allow for rolling up at one end, instead of a bolster, and makes it thicker than'the first; which he intends in cold weather shall lie upon him instead of blankets.

Being provided with the most necessary furnifure be wanted, he thinks on more conveniences, resolving to make himself a table to eat his rictuals upon, and ackair to sit on: thus having cut several sticks above four feet tong, he drives them in a row a little way in the ground; then takes smaller, which he interweaves between: having made the top, he sets it upon four other sticks, forky at the upper end, which he sturk in the ground at one side of his barrack, to the height of a table; this being done, he cuts four more branches, such as he judged would dọ best for the seat and back of a chair, which he also drove in the ground near his table; and having twisted the branches, which grew to them, with each other, from back to front, and across again, he weazes smaller between, bottoming his seat, which completes the furniture of his habitation.

Now being entirely reconciled to the state of life Providence, on whom he fully depended, had been pleased to call him to, he resolves to make provision of these excellent roots; and with his hatchet he cuts a piece of a tree wherewith be makes a shovel, in order to dig them up with -2nore ease: with this instrument he went to the place where he had observed they grew thickest, which being near the monkeys quarters, they came down from off the trees in great numbers, grinning as if they would have flown at him; whicn made him stop a while; he might, indeed, with the instrument in his hand, have kilied several, aind perhaps have dispersed the rest, but
would not: why, said he, should I add barbarity to injustice; it is but natural and reasonable for every creature to guard and defend their own; this was given them by nature for food, which-I come to rob then of; and since I am obliged to get of them for my subsistence, if I am decreed to be here another season, I will set some in a place distant from theirs for my own use.
Having stood a considerable time, those animais seeing he did not go forwards, each went andscratched up for itself, and afterwards retiring, 'giving him the opportunity to dig up a few for himself: and as, he was not come to the place where they grew thick, he laid them in small heaps as he dug them up; while those sly creatures would, whilst he was digging up more, come down from the trees, where they stood hid among the leaves, and steal them away, which obliged him to be contented for that time with as many as his pockets would hold, resolving to bring something next time which mould contain a larger quantity; and fearing those animals, which are nafurally very cunning, should dig them up, he comes early in the morning following to make his provision: and for want of a sack to put them in, he takes his jacket, which he buttons up, and ties at the sleeves, and as he had observed that every root had abundance of little off-sets hanging at it by small fibres, he pu!led off his s!irt also, of which he makes another sack to put them in.

Having concluded upon catching some animals which he had seen in the woods, lie considers by whet means, having no dogs to hunt, nor guns to shoot: having prused a while, he resolves upon making gins, wherewith ise had seen hares carched in Litope; thus, taking scine of the cords
which he found with a sail at the outside is …e rock, he goes to work, and makes several, whick he fastens at divers gaps in the thicket within the wood, through which he judged that sort of beast he had a mind for went.

Impatient to know the success of his snares.s.-he gets up betimes the next morning, and goes to oxamine them; in one of which he found a certain animal something like a fawn, the colour of 2 deer, but, feet and ears like a fox, and as big as a well-grown hare; he was much rejoiced at his zame, whose mouth he inmediately opened to see if he could find whether it fed upon grass, or live ed upon prey; the creature being caught. by the neck, and strangled with struggling, before it died had brought up in itsthroat some of the greens it had beeñ eating, which very much pleased him, accounting those which lived upon flesh as bad as carrion.

Having returned thanks for his good luck, he tales it home, in order to dress part of it for his dinner; so cases and guts it. And having stuck 2 long stick at both ends in the ground, making a haif circle, he hangs one quarter of the animal epon a string before a good fire, and so roasts it.

His dinner being ready, having said grace, he set to eating with an uncommon appetite; and whether it was the novelty of the dish, or that the meat did really deserve the praise, he really thought he never eat any kind of flesh, till then, comparable to it either for taste or'tenderness.

Having made a couple of nets, about four feet square, which he fastens in the room of the kille ing snares, so retired, and resolved to come and examine them every morning.

Several days pawed without taking any thing,
so that he wanted flesh for a whole week; which did begin to disorder his stomach, but not his temper: being entirely resigned to the will of providence, and fully contented with whatever heaven was pleased to ser.d.

One afternoon, which was not his customary time of day to examine his nets, being too visible in the day-time for game to run in, he happened to walk in the wood, to take full dimensions thereof, so chanced to go by his nets; in one of which were taken two animals as big as a kid six weeks old, of a bright dun, their horns upright and straight, the shape like a stag, and most curiously limbed, a small tuft of hair on èach shoulder and hip. By their horns, which were but short, they appeared to be very young, which rejoiced him the more, being in hopes to tame those he did not want for present use; so carried thems home, joyful of his game, depending uporí a good dinner but was sadly disappointed: the animals he found were entelopes, (calling to mind he had secn them in his travels), which proved both females, he had rade a resolution to preserve. Though they were too young to be with kid, and he in great need of flesl, yet he would not kill them; deerefore, with cords, fastens them to the outside of his lodge; and with constant feeding them, in two months time made them so tame, that they followed him up and down; which added much to the pleasure he already took in his habitation, which by that time was covered with green leaves, both top and sides, the stakes it was made of having struck root, and shot out young branches, whose strength increasing that summer; to fill up the vacancy between each plant, he pulled up the truss wherewith he had corered the
qutside and top of the hut between them, to keep the cold out in the, winter.

Having completed that piece of work, he goes and visits his plantations, which he finds in a thriving condition: the roots being, in six months tine, grown from the bigness of a pea (as they were when first set) to that of an egg: his antelopes also were come to their full growth and complete beauty, which exceeded most fourfooted beasts, having a majestic presence, body'and limbs representing a stag, and the noble march of a horse: so every thing concurred to his happiness. For which, having returned his most liberal benefactor his grateful acknowledgments, he thinks on mean's to prevent any obstructions that'may intercept the continuation thereofy and as the want of clothes was the oniy cause he could think of to make him uneasy, laving but the jacketand clothes which were given him on board; to save his own clothes which; when worn out, he could not recruit, therefore, to accustom bimself to go without, he thinks on those he had, so takes away the lining from the outside of his clothing, in order to wear the thickest in the coldest weather, and so thins his dress by degrees, till at last he went quite naked.

Having thus concluded, as being the best shift necessity could raise him, he falls a ripping his jacket, in the lining whereof he finds seven peas, and three beans, whieh were got in at a hole in? the corner of the pocket.

Those few made him wish for more, which yet he had no room to hope for, they being raised by saed which the island did not produce; these few, seid he, which at present are hardly sufficient to satisfy a womams longing, may, with time and in-

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Justry, be improved to a quantity large enough to ierve nye for a meal, then lays them up agionst a prope= tiase to set them, so spent the remainder of that tummer in walking about the island, waering his lodge, wealing his root plantation, atanding his nets, which now and then supplied him with an antelope or goat, to eat at intervals between; fish he commonly found on the rock affer high winds and storms: never failing to visit the sea three or four times a-week, according as the weather did prove: thus diverting many anxious hours with variety of objects that element affords. Sometimes he had the pleasure to see great whales chasing one another, spouting large streams of water out of their gills and nostrils: at bther times, numbers of beautiful dolphins roling amongst the waves: now and then a quanity of strange monstrous fish playing on the surface of the sea, some whereof had heads (not common to fishes) like- those of hogs, others not unlike those of dogs, calves, horses, lions', bulls, goats, and several other creatures; some thasing another sort, which to avoid being taken, would quit their element, and seek refuge in the air, and fly some yards above the water, till their fins, being dry, obliged them to plunge in again.

In this prosperous way he lived fifteen years, finding no alreration in the weather or seasons, nor meeting in all the time with any. transactions worthy of record: still performing his usual exercises, and taking his walk with all the content and satisfaction his happy condition could procure, entirely forsaking all thoughts an 1 desires of ever quitting the blessed station he then had in. his pos session.

One day, after a violent storm, being at that side of the rock he used to visit, as he was looking about, he hears a voice cry out, like that of a man from belind the rack: this set his blood at glowing, and he said to hiniself, I shall now have a companion; and proceeds to the spot, and saw something which he took to be a chest; with his staff he broke it open, and as lie was striking it, a boy underneath called to him in French to turn it up: at this he put the end of his staff, and raised it up about a foot from the ground, and out of the opening immediately out creeps, the boy, who falling upon his knees, and holding up his hands, almost drowned in tears, and begging for mercy in such a moving manner, that Quarle could not refrain from shedding tears! and taking him by the hand, he led him to his habitation, where 'they lived in a state of comparative happiness for the space of ten years: till one moming. the boy having gone out to catch some oysters, he observed a ship at a distance; at which his heart fell a-panting, his pulse doubled its motion, his blood grows warmer and warmer, till at length, inflamed with the desire of getting at it, he lays down the bag he liad brought to carry the oysters in, and falls to swimming: the men on board having espied him, sent out their boat which picked him up. Thus be went away without taking leave of him he had received so much gónd from.

One morning he was awakened by a great noise of squeeling: and his mind being impressed with notions of war, it at first seized -him with terror: but being somewhat settled, and the noise still continuing, he perceived it proceeded from the two different kinds of monkeys in the island, wheh were fighting for the wild pomegranates
that the high wind had shook off the trees the preceding night.

Having guessed the occasion of their debate, he gets up in order to go and quell their difference, by dividing amongst them the cause thereof. Getting up, he opens the door, 'at the outside of which an old monkey of each sort were quietly waiting his levee, to 'entice him to come, as he once before did, and put an end to their bloody war.

He was not a little surprised to see two inveterate enemies, who at other times never meet without fighting, at that juncture agree so well.

One morning, when he had roasted a parcel of roots, which he used to eat instead of bread, and this he commonly did once a week, it eating best when stale; having spread them on his table and chest to cool, he went out to walk, leaving his door open to let the air in.

His walk, though graced with all the agresables nature could adorn it with, to make it delightful, a grass carpet, embroidered with beautiful flowers of many different colours and smells, under bis feet, io tread; on before, and on each side of $h: m$, fine lofty trees, of various forms and heights, clothed with pleasant green leaves, trimmed with rich blossoms of many colours, to divert his eye, a number of various sorts of melodious singing birds perching in their most lovely shades, as thotigh nature had studied to excel man's brightest imagination, and exquisiteness of art: yet all those protusenesses of nature's wonders are not sufficient to keep away or expel anxious thoughts from his mind.

In these melancholy thoughts, which his lonesomeness every now and then created, he returns home, where Providence had left a remedy for
fais grievance: a companion, far exceeding any he ever had, 'waits his seturn; which was a beautiful monkey, of the finest kind, and the nost complete of the sort, as though made to manifest the unparalleled skill of riature; is sent him by Providence to dissipate his melancholy.

- Being come to his lodge, and beholding that wonderful creature, and in his own possession, at the farthest end of it, and him at the entrance thereof to'oppose its flight, if offered, he is at once filled with joy and admiration: long, said he, I endeavoured in vain to get one, and would have been glad of any, though of the worst kind, and even the meanest of 'the sort: and here kind- Providence has sent me one of unparalleled beauty.

Having a considerable time admired the beast, which ail the while stood ninconcerned, now and -then eating of the roots that lay before him, he shuts the door, and goes in, with a resclution of staying within all day, in order to tame it, which he hoped would be no difficult matter, his disposition being already pretty familiar, little thinking Providence, who' sent him thither, had already qualified him for the commission he bore; which having found out hy the creature's surprising docility, he returns his benefactor his most hearty thanks for that miraculous gift.

This most wonderful animal hasing; by its surprising tractability and good nature, joined to its matchless handsomeness, gained his master's love, beyond what is usual to place on any sort of beasts, he thought himself doubly recompensed for all his forme losses, especially for that of his late ungrateful companion, who, notwithstanding all the -dtigations he held from him, basely left him at a time the might be mosthelpfut: and, as he

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e fancied his dear Beaufidelle (for so lhe called 1at admirable creature) had some :ort of resemlance to the picture he framed of him he iskes down, thinking it unjust to bear in his sight at vile object, which could not miny wise claim likeness to so worthy a creature as his beloved ionkey.
Beaufidelle, whose good keeping and warm ly$1 g$ had made him thrive in bigness and strength, xceeding his kind, finding some of them stealing is master's roots, beat them away; which obliged rose subtle creatures to come several together, ae better to be ablé to encounter him, which Uuarle having taken notice of, and being willing , add a new sport to his usual diversions, cuts a ick of the length and bigness that the creature ould manage, which he gave him, and taking his wn staff, exercises it before him, which he did the me with his: and apprehending what use it was iven him for, he had it often in his hands, and ith it drove away the others when they came, hough ten or a dozen together: so that the roots rere very well guarded, by his continual watching; rhich made those sly and spiteful creatures watch n opportunity to take him at a disadvantage; thus uding him one morning, as he was going for waer by bimself, as he was wont to do, and bring ben without his staff, of which they stood iin. reat fear, a considerable number fell upon him, nd so bit him and beat him, that he lay as dead; ut his master appearing, who, being uneasy at Lis extraordinary stay, was gone to see what सas ite occasion thereof, pur them to flight; and they eft the poor creature with just breath enough to keep his life in, and scarce strength suffient to lraw it.

Quarle, being come to the place where 1 beloved Beaufidelic lay in a most dismal hlood condition, could not forbeas shedding tears to s him thus miserably dying; but, finding still breath in him, it give hin hopes of his recovery; at taking hin up in his arms, with all the carl he cuuld, bastens home, and gives him a little the liequor he liad made, which by that time ing got both body and spirits, then laving laid hi upon his becis and covered him with his wint wrapper, he makes a fire, warms some of the quor and frech butter, wherewith he washes h 'sores 3 ólay him down again, giving himallthe cors ful attendarice be could during his illness, whi held but one week; at the end of whint he die to bis dugeneatable stief; wher, fiom that tim grew so melatinowy that he had not tho con: 2 io ge on with his mentiviry il liavieg a mes. markable drearn, about iwelvemonths after, changed his resolntion, and proceeded in his m moirs; and as lee set down his dreani, he also d the death of his beloved beast, it happening ng the stare time.

Being now deprived of the society of his de Beauftalle, Quarle passed the remainder of 1 time, during his stay of the islayd, very heavi which bappily for him harpened not to be lon for in a rew months alter this, an English yess commanded ty Mr. Dorrineton, a Bristol mo chaits; having ouched at the icland, took him. board: ant having ? gain set sal!, atsel a prospero voyage, brouchit hir safely' home to the foser of his country and his friends.

## FINIS.

