THE PROPHECIES

THOMAS THE RHYMER,

AND THE

COMICAL STORY OF

THRUMMY CAP & THE GHAIST.



GLASGOW: PRINTED FOR THE BOOKSELLERS.

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SHORT ACCOUNT

SIR THOMAS LEARMANT,

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SIR THOMAS LEARMANT, commonly called Thomas the Rhymer, was born in the east corner of Fife, of a good family. His Prophecies havo been more credited that any that were ever recorded in the Scots Chronicle, as they have been well attested, what of them is past, and what they allude to, in this present century and period, and of his dark sayings yet to come.

He told many mystical prophecies anent all the Kings of Europe, and what fell out according to his prediction, in this ancient kingdom of Scotland; what is past, present, and to come.

This brief account is taken from the Record of Cryle, near which place he was born and brought up.

His father was said to be Laird of Balcomio, and the records of that family are extant in the Rolls, for assisting at several councils for the honour of Scotland. And Sir Thomas the Rhymer's pro-

He lived in the reign of Alexander III. King of Scotland, in the year one thousand two hundred and forty-eight, much regarded, and knighted by that king that same year.

The first of his prophecies ever taken to be faithfully observed, was, that there should be a storm on a certain day, that would surprise all Scotland. Now, some gentlemen being with him that day, they began to joke him, and said, "Sir Thomas, you are now mistaken, and we shall stay and see your mistake, as we have heard so much of your prophecies." He told them to stay an hour longer, and they would see and believe. And in less time than an hour, an express arrived to Sir Thomas from Edinburgh, of the death of Margaret, Queen of Alexander III., who died that day. Upon receiving the news, Sir Thomas told them that this was the storm, and it would give rise to greater commotions in Scotland.

After the death of Queen Margaret, the King married Isabel, daughter to the Earl of Driux; and Sir Thomas told within a few months of an earthquake at Kinghorn, that would make Scotland tremble. An express accordingly came to Cryle to Sir Thomas, that the King had fallen from his horse at Kinghorn, and broke his neck. After the death of Alexander, he left no heirs except a graudchild, Margaret, daughter of the King of Norway, who also soon died; but a short time before her death she was betrothed to Edward, King of England. After this there were great commotions anent the succession to the crown of Scotland, which occasioned great blood-shed, particularly betwixt Bruce and Baliol, which you have recorded in the Scottish Historics.

The pride of Spain, and the deceitful conduct of the French, as also concerning the Dutch, is all foretold.—Likewise the Scots battles at Torwood, Bothwellbridge, Malpaickie, Killycrankie, Sheriffmuir, Proud-Preston, near Gladsmuir, Falkirk, Culloden, the Camps in Moray, shire, on the Windmill brac at Aberdeen, by General Coup, and at Dunbar.

> In forty-five eighty-two and three, Sir Thomas' Works doth certify. T

These three ships and a shield, are in the Dullo of Argyle's arms And over cover particular of the vehiclion in 1745 and Meree over pointing at it he says,

> A Ciri Goor Inchosto Shall choise forth blinsed

When speaking of king Charles, he calls him ... A sly For bird, who would turn to Christewith she wyles obtains and forms." meaning he swearing of the coronaute.

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THE

PROPHECIES

OF

THOMAS THE RHYMER.

As to his prophetical sayings, they are hard to be understood, because they are pointed out by the Coats of Arms which appertain to so many different kingdoms and persons. Yet we may observe how he has pointed out plainly, many things which have come to pass in our days; such as the extirpation of the noble race of the Stewarts, the Revolution of Sheriffmuir, where he says,

> That three Ships and a Shield, That day shall keep the field; And be the Antelop's build.

Those three ships and a shield, are in the Duke of Argyle's arms.

And even every particular of the rebellion in 1745 and 1746, when pointing at it ho says,

> A Chieftain unchosen, Shall choose forth himself, And the realm as his own.

When speaking of King Charles, he calls him "A sly Fox-bird, who would turn to Christ with the wyles of tods and foxes," meaning his swearing of the covenants.

When speaking of the battle of Prestonpans, in the year 1745, He names the very two neighbouring villages to the spot of ground whereon it was fought, viz., Coyleford-green and Seton, saying, "Between Seton and the sea sorrow should be wrought by the light of the moon."—Which act, really came to pass that morning the battle of Prestonpans was fought. But how the Lion was hurt at this time, and not perceived, is yet a mystery. Some are of opinion, that it was by taking away the power or superiority from the chiefs of the Highland clans, so that they cannot raise men in such a short time as formerly.

These are a few observations on things already come to pass; and as to what is yet to come, there is some remark will yet happen, when the time draws nigh; such as, "When Tarbet's craigs are tumbled into the sea. And the next season or summer thereafter, great sorrow and bloodshed happen to this realm, the chief' thereof especially, such as harling on sleds, and chopping off heads." This Tarbet stands near the root of the river Clyde; but whether its being tumbled into the sea shall happen by an earthquake, thunder, or by the hands of men, is a mystery unknown.

There is also mention made of a lord with a lucken, or double hand, which certainly is of royal blood, and will breed great stir and confusion in Britain, of This man is alive at this very present age, and of the Stewarts' race, now in Italy.

There is plainly pointed out, that in his time, a great battle should be seen in Fife,

Ty'd unto the trees green.

Last of all, a bloody desperate battle in Northumberland, on the river Tyne. Also great havock and slaughter about the broad walls of Berwick. All these things are yet to come to pass; and when the first appears, the rest will soon follow after.

When HEMP is come and also gone, Scotland and England shall be one.

in the power of <u>an drift barner</u> to a chief of

Henry, Edward, Mary, Philip, Elizabeth, VIII. VI. of Spain. Q. M.'s Husb.

HEMP.

Praised be God alone, For НЕМР is come and gone, And left us old Albion, By peace join'd in one.

The explication of the foregoing prophecy concerning Hemp being come and also gone, leaving Scotland and England joined in one, is fulfilled in the late king William, who came out of Holland, which, in old times, was vulgarly called the land of Hemp, and the joining of the two nations together, signifies the union.

These things were foretold by the two Scots Prophets in the reign of King Arthur. Afterwards, to the same purpose, these, and many other strange things were foretold by Thomas Learmant, vulgarly called Thomas the Rhymer, because he spoke all his prophetical sayings in rhyme, and so darkly that they could not be understood until they came to pass.

But of all the prophets that ever were in Scotland, none of them attained to such credit, becaus 3 many of his predictions referred to our own country, and wero accomplished in the last and present centuries.

THOMAS THE RHYMER'S

PROPHECIES,

IN VERSE.

1 SCOTLAND be sad now and lament, For honours thou hast lost, But yet rejoice, in better times, Which will pay the cost.

2 Tho' unto thraldom you should be Brought by your enemies ; You shall have freedom from them all, And enjoy your liberties.

3 The grave of the most noble prince, To all is great regret, The subject to law, who both leave The kingdom and estate.

4 O anguish great! where every kind And ages doth lament Whom bitter death has ta'en away, Shall Scotland sore repent.

- 5 Lately a lamb of rich increase, A nation stout and true,
 Has lost their former dear estate, Which they did hold of due.
- 6 By hard conflict, and by the chance in to summ Of noble fortune's force, while the start has Thy hap and thy prosperity May turn into worse.
- 7 The' wont to won, may be subdued, And come in under yoke; Strangers may reign, and you destroy, What likes him by sword's stroke.
- 8 A foreign foe whom neither thy force, Nor manners do approve,
 Woe is to thee, by guile and slight Will only win above.
- 9 This mighty nation was to force, Invincible and stout,

Will yield slowly to destiny, a contract of the Great pity is but doubt.

- 10 In former age the Scots renown Did flourish goodly gay! But yet alas! will be overcome With a great dark decay.
- 11 Then mark and see what is the cause Of this so wond'rons fall! Contempt of faith, falsehood, deceit, The wrath of God withal.
- 12 Unsatiable greed of worldly gain, Oppression, cries of the poor;
 A perpetual and slanderous race, No justice put indure.

- 13 The haughty pride of mighty men, Of former vice chief cause, The nutriture of wickedness, An unjust match of laws.
- 14 Therefore this cause the prophets Of long time did presage; And now has happen'd every point Into your present age.
- Since fate is so, now Scotland learn In patience to abide, Slanders, great fears, and sudden plagues, And great dolours beside.
- 16 For out of thee shall people rise, With divers happiness;
 And yet a pen can scarcely write, Thy hurt, skaith, and distress.
- 17 And yet beware thou not distrust, Altho' o'erwhelm'd with grief, Thy stroke is not perpetual, For thou shalt find relief.
- 18 I do suppose, altho too late, Old prophecies shall hold, Hope thou in God's goodness evermore, And mereies manifold.
- 19 For thou that now a patient is, And seemeth to be bound ; At liberty shall free be set, And with empire be crown'd.
- 20 From high above shall grace come down. And thy state, Scotland, be, In latter ends, more prosperous That former age shall see.

21 Old prophecies foretell to thee, A warlike heir he's born, Who shall recover new your right, Advance this kingdom's horn.

22 Then shall fair Scotland be advanc'd Above her enemics power; Her cruel foes shall be dispers'd, And scatter'd from her bower.

23 Fair Scotia's enemies may invade, But not escape a plague;
With sword, and thirst, and tears, and pest, With fears, and such like ague.

24 And after enemies thrown down, the molection of And master'd in the war,
 Then Scotland in peace and quietness for And Pass joyful days for ever.

But that the circious may be more fully informed concerning the aforesaid predictions, with respect to their being exactly fulfilled, they are referred to the Scottish Histories.

And will coupies be exactly .

THRUMMY CAP.

A ministy showing of snaw and shift.

Howe'er at the adist house we'll star

In ancient times, far i' the north A hundred miles ayont the Forth, your our? Upon a stormy winter day, a prost all store h Twa men forgathered on the way; Ane was a sturdy Bardoch chiel, An' frae the weather happit weel, Wi' a milled plaiding jockey-coat, A thrummy cap, baith large and stout, 1 off Wi' flaps a hind, as weel's a snout, one bak Whilk buttoned close aneath his chin, a start To keep the cauld frae getting in : a met but. Upon his legs he had gamashes, Whilk sodgers term their spaterdashes; I sour An' on his hands, instead o' glo'es, Large doddy mittens, whilk he'd roose is off For warmness, an' an aiken stick, Nae verra lang, but unco thick, and mus aA Intil his neive-he drave awa', oup zo giz of And car'd for neither frost nor snaw. The ither was just the reverse, O claes and courage baith was scarce; I think we'd ca' him cowardly John. ther toff Sae on they gaed at a good scow'r, 'Cause that they saw a gathering showo: Grow verra thick upon the wind, Whilk to their wae thoy soon did find;

A mighty shower of snaw and drift, As ever dang down frae the lift! Right wild and boisterous Boreas roar'd. Preserve's, quoth John, we'll baith be smoor'd. Our trystic end we'll ne'er make out. Cheer up, says Thrummy, never doubt ; But I'm some fly'd we've tint our way, Howe'er at the neist house we'll stay, Until we see gif it grow fair, Gin no, a' night we'll tarry there. Weel, weel, says Johnny, wo shall try. Syne they a mansion house did spy, Upon the road, a piece afore, Sae they gaed up unto the door, Where Thrummy chappit wi' his stick, Syne to the door camo verra quick, A muckle dog, who barked sair, But Thrummy for him didua caro He handled weel his aiken staff. And spite o's teeth he kept him aff, Until the Landlord came to see. And ken what might the matter bo; Then verra soon the dog did cease, The Landlord then did spear the case. Quoth Thrummy, Sir, wo hao gane weel, We thought we'd ne'er a house get till; We near were smoor'd amo' the drift; An' sure, gudeman, ye'll make a shift, To gie us quarters a' this night, For now we dinna hae the light, Farer to gang tho' it were fair ; See gin you hae a bed to spare ; Whate'er you charge, we sanna grudgo, But satisfy ye, ere we budge To gang awa-and fan 'tis day, We'll pack our all, and tak the way. Tho Landlord said, O' beds I'vo nane, Our ain folks they will scarce contain ;

But gin ye gang but twa miles forret, Aside the kirk dwalls Robbie Dorret, Wha keeps a change house, sells guid drink, His house you may mak out I think. Quoth Thrummy, That's o'er far awa, The roads are sae blawn up wi' snaw, To mak it is not in our power; For look ye, there a gathering shower Is coming on-you'll let us bide, Tho' we should sit by the fire-side. The Landlord said to him, Na, na I canna let you bido ava, Chap off, for 'tis no worth your while' To bide, when ye has scrimp twa milo, To gang-sae quickly aff ye'll steer, For faith, I doubt ye'll nae be here." Twa mile ! quo' Thrummy, de'il speed mo If frae your house this night I jee; Are we to starve in Christian land? As lang's my stick bides in my hand, An' silver plenty in my pouch, To name about your house I'll crouch ; Landlord, you needna be sae rude, For faith we'll make our quarters good. Come, John, let's in, we'll take a seat, Fat sorrow gars you look sae blate? Sae in he gangs and sets him down': Says he, They're nane about your town, Sall put me out, till a new-day, As lang's I've siller for to pay. The Landlord said, Ye're rather rash, To turn ye out we sanna fash, Since ye're sae positive to bide, But troth ye's sit by the fire-side; I tald ye else of beds I've nane Unoccupied, except bare ane, In it, I fear ye winna lye, For stoutest hearts have aft been shy

To venture in within the room After the night begins to gloom; For in it they can no'er get rest, 'Tis haunted by a frightful ghaist! Ourselves are terrified a' night ; Sae ye may chance to get a sight, Like that which some of our folk saw. Far better till ye gang awa, Or else ye'll maybe rue the day. Guid faith, says John, I'm thinking sao; Better in the neuk to sit. Than fly'd, guid keep's, out o' our wit; Preserve us ever frae all evil, I widna like to see the devil: Whisht gowk, quo' Thrummy, haud your peace, That sanna gar me quit this place : To great nor sma' I ne'er did ill, No ghaist, nor deil my sert shall spill. I can defy the meikle deil, An' a' his works I wat fu' weel; Fat sorry then maks you sae eery? Fling by your fears, come then, be cheery. Landlord, gin ye'll make up that bed, I promise I'll be very glad, Within the same a' night to lie, If that the room be warm and dry. The Landlord says, Ye's get a fire, An' candle too, gin ye desire, Wi' beuks to read, and for your bed, I'll orders gi'e to get it made. John says, As I'm a Christian man, Who never likes to curse nor ban, Nor steal, nor lie, nor drink, nor whore, I'll never gang within its door, But sit by the fire-side a' night, An' gang awa whene'er 'tis light. Says Thrummy till him wi' a glow'r, Ye cowardly gowk, I'll make ye cower,

Come up the stair alang wi' me, tour . 78 A An' I shall eaution for you be. the or faill Then Johnny faintly gaed consent, and out An' up stairs to the room they went; it has Where soon they gat baith fire and light, (() To hand them hearty a' the night; 'out of The Landlord likewise gae them meat, As meikle as they baith could eat; Show'd them their bed, and bade them gang To it. whene'er they did think lang; And wishing them a gude repose, where well Straight syne to his ain bed he goes. Our travellers now being left alane, and the h 'Cause that the frost was nippen keen, control Cast aff their shoon, and warm'd their feet. And syne gaed to their bed to sleep, to you off But cowardly John wi' fear was quaking, all He cou'dna sleep, but still lay wauking, 6 / Sae troubled wi' his panic fright-When near the twalt hour o' the night, That Thrummy waken'd and thus spake ; Preserves! quoth he, I am like to choak Wi' thirst, and I maun ha'e a drink ; of not I will gang down the stair I think, the state And grapple for the water pail, i tot bett O for a waught o' cawler ale! and such the Johnny grips to him, an' says, Na, that off I winna let you gang awa; Wow will you gang and leave me here Alane to die wi' perfect fear ? Rise and go wi' me then, quoth Thrummy, Ye senseless gude-for-naething bummy, I'm only gaun to seek some water, I will be back just in a elatter. Na, na, says John, I'll rather lye, But as I am likewise something dry, Gif ye can get a jug or cap, Fesh up to me a little drap.

Ay, ay, quoth Thrummy; that I will, g actor) Altho' yo sudna get a gill. mainten lisit- L'at. Sac down he gaes to fotch a drink, lot and I And then he thinks he sees a blink or at O' light, that shone upo' the floor, not in the Out thro' the key hole o' the door, the for So setting up the door a jeo, a solar is on't Whatever's thore he thinks he'll see; So bauldly o'er the threshold ventures, work And in within the door he enters ; ula ti of But, reader, judge of his surprise, million but. When there he saw with wondering eyes A spacious vault, weel stored wi' casks the O' reaming ale, and some big flasks, (1 0-00) And stride legs o'er a cask of ale, dy the tak' Just in the dress that he cast aff, in the suff A Thrummy cap and aiken staff, saturday att Gammashes and the jockey-coat ; dependence And in his hand the Ghaist had got and m A big four-leggod timber bicker, and the traff Filled to the brin wi' nappy liquor ; repear Our hero 'at the spectre star'd, But neither daunted was, nor car'd, . It's T But to the Ghaist straight up did step, An' says, dear brother, Thrummy Cap, The warst ye surely dinna drink ; Syne took a jug, pou'd out the pail, giving I And filled it up in the same ale, Frae-under where the spectre sat, i, And up the stair wi' it he gat ; op in the Took a gude drink, gaed John anither, But never tauld him o' his brither That he into the cellar saw, Mair than he'd nacthing seen ava; Right brown and nappy was the beer; Whar did you get it? John did speer, Says Thrummy, Sure you needna care,

I'll gae and try and get some mair. a tree of Sae down the stair again he goes, To get o' drink, anither dose, Being positive to hae some main: But still he fand the ghaist was there, Now on a butt behind the door: Says he, Ye didna ill before, Dear brother Thrummy, sae I'll try You once again, because I'm dry, He fills his jug straight out below, An' up the stair again does go. John marvell'd sair but didna speer Again, where did he get the beer, For it was stronger than the first, Sae they baith drank till like to burst; Syne did compose themselves to rest, To sleep a while they thought it best. An hour in bed they hadna been, And scarcely weel had closed their een, When just into the neighb'ring cham'er They heard a dreadful din and clamour, Beneath the bed-claes John did cower, But Thrummy jumped upon the floor, Him by the sark-tail John did haud, Lie still, quoth he, fat, are you mad? Thrummy then gaed a hasty jump, And took John in the ribs a thump, Till on the bed ho tumbled down, In little better than a swoon, While Thrummy, fast as he could rin, Set aff to see what made the din. The chamber seemed to him as light As gif the sun was shining bright; The ghaist was stanin' at the door, In the same dress he had afore ; And o'er anent it at the wa', Were ither apparitions twa. Thrummy beheld them for a wee,

But de'il a word as vet spoke he ; has one HI The spirits seemed to kick a ba', we much see The Ghaist against the ither twa : 15 to tog of While close they drave baith back and fore Atween the chimla and the door, all lite to I He stops a while and sees the play, a mount Syne rinning up he thus did sav: W and ener Ane for ane may well compare, But twa for ane is rathor sair : The play's nae equal, sae I vow. Dear brother Thrummy, I'll help you, and al Then wi' his feet he kicked the ba', and alon Gard it play stot against the wa' :. dw ment Quick then as lightning frae the sky The Spectres, with a horrid cry, that make and A' vanished in a clap of thun'er, the jub one? While Thruminy at the same did won'er The room was quiot now and dark, a mel 14 And Thrummy stripping in his sark : 100 both Glauming the gate back to his bed, 1-11 upt 74 Ave thinks he hears a person tread, and you'T An' ere ho gat without the door, when the mod The Ghaist again stood him before, and the And in his face did staring stand, dy rel mill Wi' a big candle in his hand. Quoth Thrummy, Friend, I want to know 43 What brings you from the shades below? / I, in my maker's name, command You tell your story just aff hand ? Fat wad you hae ?- I'll do my best 1 For you, to let you be at rest, Then says the Ghaist, 'Tis thirty years Since I've been doom'd to wander here ; In all that time there has been none Behav'd so bold as you have done; Sae, if you'll do a job for me, Disturbance mair I'll never gie; Say on your tale, quoth Thrummy, I,

To do you justice, sure will try. Then mark me weel, the Ghaist replied, And you shall soon be satisfied ; Frae this aback near forty years, I of this place was overseer, When this Laird's father had the land A' thing was then at my command, Wi' power to do as I thought fit, In ilka cause I chief did sit ; The Laird paid great respect to me, But I an ill return did gio: The Title deeds of his estate. Out of the same I did him cheat. And staw them frae where they did lye; Some days before the Laird did die. His son, at that time, was in France, And sae I thought I'd hae a chance, Gif he should never come again, That the estate would be my ain. But scarcely three bare weeks were past, When death did come and grip me fast, Sae sudden that I hadna power The charter back for to restore. Soon after that hame came the heir, And syne got up the reefu' rair, What sorrow was come o' the Rights? They sought them several days and nights ' But never vet hae they been seen, As I aneath a meikle stane, Did hide them, i' this chamber wa', We'll shewed up in a leather ba', But I was ne'er allowed to rest, Until that I the same confest; But this to do I hadna power, Frae yon time to this verra hour, That I've reveal'd it a' to you : And now I'll tell you what to do. Till nae langsyne nae mony kent,

That this same Laird the Rights did want, But now they had him at the law, An' the neist owk the Laird maun shaw, Afore the Court, the Rights o's land, This puts him at an unco stand ; For if he disna shaw them there, O' a' his lands ho'll be strip'd bare : Nae hopes has he to save's estate, This makes him sour and unco blate; He canna think what's Rights may be, And ne'er expects them mair to see, But now my friend; mark what I tell, And yo'll get something to yoursel'; Tak out the stane there in the wa'. And there ye'll get the leather ba', 'Tis just the same that you did see, Whan that you said you wad help me; The Rights are shew'd up in its heart; But see you dinna wi' them part, Until the Laird shall pay you down Just fifty guineas and a crown, such and it Whilk at my death was due to me, This for thy trouble, I'll give thee: And I'll disturb this house nao mair, 'Cause I'll be free from all my care, we but This Thrummy promised to do, And syne the Ghaist bade him adieu, And vanished with a pleasant sound, Down thro' the laft and thro' the ground. Thrummy gado back syne till his bed, And cowardly John was verra glad, That he his neighbour saw once mair, For of his life he did despair. Wow man, quo' John, what hae ye been, Come tell me a' fat ye hae seen? Na, bide, says Thrummy, till day light, And syno I'll tell you hale and right. Sae baith lay still and took a nap,

Until the ninth hour it did chap ; Thrummy syne raise, put on his claes, And to the cham'er quick he gaes, Taks out the stane into the wa', And soon he found the leather ba'; Took out the Rights, replaced the stane, Ere John did ken whar he had been: Then baith eame stappin' down the stair. The morning now was ealm and fair. Weel, says the laird, my trusty frien', Hae ye ought in your cham'er seen? Quoth Thrummy, Sir, I naething saw That did me ony ill ava. Weel, quoth the Laird, ye now may gang, Ye ken the day's nae verra lang: In the meantime it's calm and elear, Ye lose your time in biding here. Quoth Thrummy, Sir, mind what I tell, I've mair right here than you yoursel': Sae till I like I here shall bide. The Laird at this began to ehide. Says he, My friend, you're turning rude; For here I, just before you a', The Rights o' this estate can shaw, And this is mair than you can do. What! quo' the Laird, ean that be true! 'Tis true, quoth Thrummy, look and see, D'ye think that I would tell a lie. The pareliment from his pouch then drew And down upon the table threw, The Laird at this up to him ran, And erved where did ve get them, man? Syne Thrummy tauld him all the tale, As I've tauld you, baith clear and hale. The Laird at this was fidging fain, That he had got his Rights again ; And fifty guineas down did tell, Besides a present frae himsel'.

Thrummy him thanked, and syne his goud Intil a muckle purse he stowed, An' cramed it in his oxter pouch, And syne sought out his aiken crutch : Said, Fare-ve-weel, I maun awa, An' see gin I get through the snaw. Weel, fare-ye-weel, replied the Laird : How comes it that 'ye ha'na shared, Or gi'en your nei'bour o' the money? Na, by my saul, I sir, quo' Thrummy, When I the siller, sir, did win, To had done this wad been a sin. For he cower'd, treinbling in the bed. While I it was the Ghaist had laid. And sae my tale I here do end, I hope no one it will offend ; My muse will no' assist me langer, The dorty jade sometimes does lang'or. I thought her ance a gay smart lass, But now she's come to sic a pass, That a' my cudgelling and weeping, Will hardly wake her out o' sleeping : To plague her mair I winna try, But dight my pen and lay it bye.

FINIS.