# PROPHECIES $0 F$ 

Scotland, England, Ireland, France o Denmark:

## RRORHECIED AX

## Thomas Rymer,

## Marveriots

MERLING, BEID, BERLINGTON, WALDHAVE ELTRAIN, B.ANNESTER, and SYBILLA.

Containing many frange and marvellous Matters, which have happened and will be known for Times to come from the Year of our LORD 1622 , to 1822.
(Copied from the Edinburgh Edition, 1683.)

To which are now added,

## BISHOPUSHER'S

WONDERFUL PROPHEGIES OF THE TIMES? WITH SEVERAL OTHERS.

Relating to the Aftairs in Kingdoms and States, predicting tho Downfal of the POPE, the EMPIRE of the TURKS, and the FRENCHKING。

> (Copied from the London Edition, 16\$9.)

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 1806

## $\mathcal{F} A \quad C \quad O \quad B \quad 0$.

Magna Britannia, Gallia $\underbrace{\circ}$ Hibernia Regi, ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$.
INVCITE Regum Regibus edite, Regnum Britannum qui Imperio.regens Regali E unus Chrilianna
Regula, tum Typus es regendi;
Regnum relifum funere regio,
Regnium receptum munere patrios
Regnes beatus nos regendos,
Ufque tuce foboli relinquens.

## $A \quad L \quad I \quad U \quad D$.

CONDITUR bumani generis, cufofqua Jehovaß Nil bomini tribuit, moderato Principi majus In quo vera Dei, vivenfque elucet Imago.
Effigiem quam fers, invizte Monarcba Britannum
Expeltate diu, cui vatum oracula priorum Aurea compofitis promitunt Jecula beltes. Vive Diu Sed vive.Deo, vitaque perafa Puriter; aterna compofus pace quifecas.

## Alis: Propbetica.

MIL lefimus fexent fimus mirabillis ànnus Ternus erit Scotis commoda magna ferens Ortus $\delta^{\circ}$ interitus Regnum fatalis, $E^{\circ}$ idem Anglorum ad Scotum transferer imperium.

## Alia Prophetica de Catbedra Marmorea.

NI fallat fatum Scoti quocunque localum Inventient lapidem; regnare tenetur ibiden.
$\mathcal{L A S}^{\text {AS }}$ OVF, varieque heres, E0 Elife Namque abeant tibi at adveriunt, fine fanguine regno.

## OLDSCOTTISHPROPHECIES.

- C COTLAND be fad now and lament thy child whom thou haft loft,
Bereft of kings, falfely undone, by thine unkindly hoft.
3 Alas! the free is bound become, and deceit is thy fall ;
The falfehood of the Britifh race, has brought thee into thrall.
3 The grave of the moft noble prince, to all is great regret,
Not fubject to law, who doth leave the kingdom and eftate.
40 anguifh great! where every kind and age doth lament,
Whom bitter death has ta'en away,
fhall Scotland fore repent:
5 Lately a land of rich increafe, a nation ftout, and true,
Has loft her former dear eftate, which they did hold in due.
6 By hard conflict, and by the chance, of mobile Fortune's force,
Thy hap, and thy profperity, is turned into worfe.
7 Thou wont to win, now is fubdu'd and come in under yoke;
A Atranger reigns and doth deftroy what likes him, with fword's froke.:
8 The Englifh race, whom neither force nor manner do approve,
Woe is to thee: by guile ând flight is only win above.
9 This mighty nation was tofore invincible and ftout,
Has yielded low to dettiny, great pity is no doubt.
xo In former age the Scots renown did flourifh goodly gay :
But now, alas! is over-clad
with a great dark decay
1I Then-mark and fee what is the caufe of this fo wonderous fall,

12 Unfatiable greed of worid's gain, oppreffion, cries of poor,
Perpetual a flanderous race no juftice put in Ure.

- 3 The haughty pride of mighty men of former vice chief caule,
The nutriture of wickednefs, an unjuft match of laws:
14 Therefore this cafe the prophets o!d of long time did prefage,
As now has happened every point into your prefent age.
Is Since fate is fo, now Scotland learo in patience to abide,
Slander, great fears, and fudden plagues, and Dolours more befide,
16 For out of thee fhall people rife, with divers happinefs;
And yet a pen can fcarcely write thy hurt, @kaith, and diftrefs :
17 And yet beware thou not diffruft although o'erwhelm'd with griefs
Thy ftroke is not perpetual, for thou fhalt find relief.
18 I do fuppofe, although too late, old prophecies thall hold,
Hope thou in God's goodnefe ever? and mercies manifold.
צg For thou that nuw a patient is, and feemeth to be bound, At liberty fhall free be fet, and with empire renown'd.

30. From high above thall grace come down: and thy ftate, Scotland, be
In letter end more profperous nor former age did fee.
21 Old prophecies fortel to thee
a warlike heir bee's born,
Who thall recover now his right, advance his kingdom's horn :
22 Then fhall the Scots' fword fwect with blood and Iaughter which they make,

The king himfelf revenger fhall the guilty troops down wrack. 33 The Englifh nation fhall invade, but not cecape a plague,
With frord, with thirlt, with tears and pert, with fears and fuch like ague.
\$4 And after en'mies bee's thrown down, and maftered by war,
Then Scotland, in peace quietly, pafs joyful days for ever.
When HEMPE is come and allo gone, Scotland and England Thall be one.


H $\mathrm{E} M \mathrm{M} \mathrm{E}$.
Praifed be God alone, for Hempe is come and gone, And left us old Albion, by peace join'd in one.

> Tempora patet aculata veritas.

## In time appeareth hidden Truth.

$M^{B}$ERLING fays in his book, who will read it right, Although his fayings be yocouth, they flalil be In the feventh chapter, sead whofo will (true found. One thoufand and more after Chritt's birth : When the Chalnalider of Cornwall is called, And the wolf out of Wales is vanguifhed for aye. Then many farlies fhall fall, and many folks fhall die. Many felcouth fhall be feen in all chrittian lands, In the moon and the fea, and figns in the fun, And in all planets plainly that appears to the ky ; Then thall the lion the beaft in the bread north, And a fellon flaw firall fall foon after, And a theding of blood within fhort time: Both the moon and the mernes great dool fhall make, And all Mar flall mourn many days after. The great bear with his tufks the ficld fhall lofe,

## 6 <br> OLD SCOTTISH PROPHECIES.

A fell fhower of the fouth fhall fad him for ever, A nd that leid fhall his life lofe in another land.

Then flall a freik be fofterd far in the fouth, And to the Kyth Shall he go that he cane from, With inuch wealth and worthip fhall he go home, And inhabit Albany unto the end.
Both the ifles and Arran at his own will; Many men fhall laugh when the home comes, But much felcouth fhall be feen within flort time, At his own kind bluod there flall begin, Choofe of the chiefelt, and chop off their heads. Some harted in fleds and lunged on high, Some put in prifon and much pain abide.

The crab fhall be out of his clift along time, With unkind blood, and yet fhall recover; And other beirns in whole banifh for ever. Covetice fhall be his name, the King of that Kyth, For both his heart and his head, fhall be of flint forged,
No Lord fhall live in that land but himfelf alone:
But they are bereaved of blifs to keep them in baile,
Yut flall a man of more vail mar him for ever;
For fuddenly he fhall go down and die in a fen. There Mall no king come in that Kyth for along time ${ }_{2}$
But a figure of a flower, the faireft of the fixth,
The white flower and the red fo fhall be call'd.
In the mouth of Arran a felcouth fhall fall,
Two bloody hearts fhall be taken with a falfet rain $_{2}$
And derfiy ding down without any doom; Ireland, Orkney, and other lands many;
For the death of thefe two, great dool thall make.
Then much forrow is feen within feven years,
Both the crab and the cock fhall efcape,
For more harm at that time flall they not have,
When the ravan roups many flatl rue!
From Cornwell to Caithnefs they frall bis cry hear!
When the gled in his clift is clim to the height, He counts not the lion that he is kind Lord:
When the griap would govern all and gapes thereafter:
With great gifts of gold the fower would he get,
Come he once in his clooks, he covers him never!
Then would a poor captive be keeper of the Kyth,
Yet frall it fail the freit that the fool thinks,
When the cock crows, keep well his comb:
For the fox and the fulmait they are falfe both,

## OLD SCOTTISH PROPHECIES.

When the raven and the rook is rounded together,
And the kid in his clift fhall accord to the fame, Then fhall they be boid, and foon to bail after;
Then fhall the buck is belling-time make a great bear:
It is but wind that waft, for he is but away:
Then fhall waken up a war and much woe after :
Then the birds of the raven rugs and reaves,
And the leil men of Lothian be luppen on their horfe;
Then fhall the poor people be fpoiled full near, And the Mers fhall mourn many days after.
And all the ábbies truly that ftands on Tweed,
And all Lothian fhall live on their lives after,
They fhall burn and flay, and great reif make,
There dare no poor man fay whofe man he is.
Then fhall the land be lawlefs, for love there is none,
And fallehood thall have foot, fully five years,
And truth truly fhall be tint, and none fhall truit other:
The coufin once fhall not trait the other,
Nor the fon the father, nor the father the fon, For to have his goods he would have him hanged. Then Chall they a counfel call for peace of the Kyth, To make love among Lords bur that fhall not laft : For thofe barons and batchelors that will not obey, That will not keep to their cry, nor come to their call. Then fhall men be marked for their mifdeeds, That fhall turn them to tein within a while after When 14 are paft, and twice three threep is at end, A nd over a water he fhall, fair and fee for hiinfelf, And in a fair forelt fhall ant ern big. Many men Thall lofe their life in the mean time; For they flall pitch a field and fiercely fight; Upon a broad muir a battle fhall be. Befide a flock croffe that flands in the north, It is covered with dead corple and all of a Kythe, That the crow may not know where the croffe ftood. The wolf fiall be watchmau and keep many ways, Ard Thall be leil to the lion his own kind Lord, Holy church is cumbered with the beft of the Kyth, With languages that live not by Chrif, but that fhall not From Balcomy to the Baffe on the broad fea, (laft. And from Ireland to the forth fhall be a fair fight; Of barges and billingers, and many broad fail; With 3 liberties, and the flower $a$ luce fair upon height. Then thall a hunter in hafte come forth of the foutb.

## With many ratches in row ruled full right,

 And fhall go on his foot over the water of Forth : And in Fife fhall he fight and the field win: And the chiftains fhall die on either fide.When the man in the moon is moft in his might, Then thall Dumbarton turn up that is down, And the mouth of Arran both at one time,
And the Lord with the lucken hand his life thall he lofe,
For covetoufnefs and treafon that lofes the land.
When the craigs of Tarbet is tumbled in the fea, At the next fummer after forrow fhall be. Beid's book have I feen, Bannefter's alfo, Marvellons Merling, and all accords in one. Marvellous Merling is wafted away, With a wicked woman woe might fhe be: For the hath clofed in a craig on Cornwall coaft.

When the cock in the north hath builded his neft,
Bufked his birds, and bowned him to flee:
Then fhall Fortune his friend the gates up caft, And right fhall have his free entry.

Theil rife thall the moon in the noth-weft, In a cloud as black as the bill of a crow ; Then is loofed a lion, the boldeft and the beft, That was born in Britain fince Arthur's days: Then fhall a dreadsul Dragon drive him from his den, To help the lion with his great might; A bull and a baftard fpurs fhall fpend,
To abide with the bear, to reckon his rights.
A libbered engendered of native kind,
With the ftern of Bethlehem fhall rife in the fouth, An horfe and Anthelop, boldly fhall abide,
A bear and a brock, with berns fo bright,
A proud prince in pries lordly fhall light,
With bold barrons in buflment to battle fhall wend,
Then flall the prophecie prove that Thomas of tells, Many comely knight is caft under foot,
That fhall make maiden's mourn that in bowre dwells, The dreadful day of deftity fhall drive to the night : Shall make maidens and wives in mourning be brought. Then they meet in the morning with the moon light : Betwixt Seton and the fea forrow fhall be wrought; There the lion fhall be hurt and not perceived: Then fhall be braid to the beft that him the hurt wrought, And many ftern in shas ftound fhall fold to the free;

## OLI SCOTMISTY PROPHECIES.

A thd the proudef in the preis to bail fhall be brought,
The fey fox and the fulmart in arms are taken,
And led to the lion law to abide;
The pyper and the pye fhall fuffer in the fame;
All the friends of the fox fhall be fey made;
Then fhall troy untrue tremble for drend,
For dreador of the deadman when they hear him fpeak,
All the commons of Kyth fhall caft him the keys,
The bufhment of Beverlaw therewith niall break.
Then war men and woods a way went,
And every feed in his feafon laindly is fet,
And right well ruled, and falchood is fled!
Then fhall be pienty of peace when laws have no let,
The fpoufe of God mall fing with a joyful fong,
Thanking God thereof and the Trinity,
And all grace and goodnefs fhall grow us among:
And every fruit fhall have plenty by land and by fea:
Then the fun and the moon thall fhine bright,
That many days afore dark have been ;
And keep their courfe both day and night,
With more mirth than men have feen,
As Berlington's books and Bannefter's tells. Merling, and many more that with marvels mells, And alfo Thomas Rymer in his tales tells.

They fay the Saxons fhall choofe them a lord,
That fhall make them greatly to fall under:
The dead man fhall rife, and them accord,
And this is much wonder and llight,
That he that was dead, and buried in fight,
Shall rife again and live in the land.
In comfort of a young knight,
That Fortune hath chofen to be her hufband,
The wheel fhall turn to him full right,
That Fortune hath chofen to be her fire,
In Surry fhall he fhow a fight.
In Babylon bring many a bern or brier,
Fifteen miles from Jerufalem the Holy Crofs win fhall he ;
The fame lord that bears the lyon,
At Stanfoord wan the gree,
Fortune hath granted him the vitory,
Since firtt that he arms bear :
For without treafon or treatorie,
Deftiny thall not him deir,
While of age till him drive,

For every man on mold muft die,
But end he fhall in the land of Chrift, And in the vale of Jofaphet fhall he be.

## The Prophecies of Beid.

BETWIXT the chief of fummer and the faid winter, Before the heat of harvelt happen fhall a war ${ }_{3}$
That Europe's lands earneftly fhall be wrought,
And earneft envy fhall laft but a while :
But the lion with his lufty flowers,
From harm of heat fhall hap him with leaves,
Then fpeed and fpread him to Spain into winter,
All flowers in the Forth fhall follow him on.
Callender fhall cry, Cornwall the noble,
And inherit all Albany at his will,
Envy to all Alliers anon to be worken, Old Almofcycains, and Albany the fame,
Shall recover caftes and towers' out of Sazons' hande,
When Britoners fhall bear them with brands of feel,
There fhall no baftard blood bide in thefe lands,
Albanus that time king of the earth;
Albanactus king and lord of the land,
To the lilly fhall lean, and love none other:
The lion, leader of all beafte,
Shall lean to the lilly and live him with:
And fhall ftir him to ftrive by the fream of Humber,
The 'ttepfon of the lion fturdily of themfelves,
They fhall ftart up with Atrife and fir all at once,
And ftrike down the ftepfons, and deftroy them for ever, Neither love they the litly nor the lion:
But the lilly fhall loofe when they leà ft wean :
Then all fhall happen to the hart, happen as it may, And the tail of fummer toward the barveft,
Be then the lilly fhatl be loofed when they leaft think,
Then clear king's blood fhall quake for fear of death, For Churls fhall chop off heads of their chief beirns, And carf of the crowns that Chrit hath anointed, All this muft defliny drive to an end.

An eagle of the eaft, a vent'rous beaft,
Shall be ghad flowera to fang in the firl feafon,
And fir to the ftepfon, and frike them together.

Bind bands brukle and hail to begin :
For he would garlands get of thefe fair flowers,
That in fummer feafon fpreads fo fair,
But foon fhall fail the freit that the fool thinks,
A fell northern flaw fhall fade him for ever.
Hereafter on either fide forrow fhall rife,
The barges of clear barons down fhall be funkent
Seculars fhall fa' in fpiritual feats,
Occupying offices anointed as they were,
The true title to purchafe that the truth holds,
They fhall torment them with torments a new.
Then barons fhall bufk on their beft wife,
Attour the fields, to fair with a fey fox bird;
Turn firt to Chritt with tod's-wyles,
But foon the tod fhall be tint, and in time lofed,
They fhall efcape fuch a check efchew whofo may.
Then fhall the nobleft efcape with the felles,
Yet fhall the one fox in the field efcape ;
The falcon thall be loofed in his wings.
Whofo truft not this tale, nor the term knowe,
Let him on Merling mean, and his merry words,
As true Thomas told in his time after,
At Standford fhall he be feer example of their deeds,
Yet it muft overthrow the tod in his bufk,
Bulk thee now Berwick with thy broad walls,
Thou fhalt incline to the king that is thy kind lord:
As faint Beid of that burgh, in his book fays
Thou fhalt with the lion lean, and liften for ever;
Though thou be fubject to Saxons, forrow tl.w not, Tlueu fhalt be loofed at laft, believe thou in Chrift,
And every language thall have his lordfhip to brook:
It was not loft but lent for little time:
Bold Berwick be blyth with thy broad walls,
Thou fhalt to the lion ftoop as Lord of his own ;
Let-never the libbert lipen longer a day,
In bold Britain to brook a foot-broad of earth,
Whofo doubte on this deed or denies hereon,
I do them well to know the date is devifed;
Take the foremoft of middle earth, and mark by thyfelf,
With four crefcents, clofed together,
Then of the lion, the longeff fee thou chooie ;
Loofe not the lionnefs, let her lie ftill.
If thou caft through cafe the courfe of the heaven,
'Take Saint Andrew's Crofs thrife ;

Keep well thefe teachments as clarks have told,
Thus begins date, the deem as thou likes,
Thou fhale not ceafe in that feat, affumed in the text ${ }_{y}$
Or the height of the heat neareft the winter,
No tail of the tearm will I thee tell.
But chaftity the chieftain of their chief wrongs,
Or in the height of the harveft, heard of thyfelf,
Shall wicked weird undo, and to right,
And this ere I wit, I awakened anon,
Though I write as it was, wift I it not.

## The Prophecie of Merling.

I$T$ is to fall when they it find, That fell on face is fain to flee ;
That commedore of fordlings ftriendie,
Waving through the work of wind:
The bear his muffel thall upbind,
And uever after bound fhall be,
Away the other fhall wave with wind,
And as they come fo fhall they flee.
Syce fhall up, and fink thall under ;
The dead fhall rife and work great wonder;
And joy thall rife to man and wife;
The forrowful flall ftill of ftrife:
All men thall joy of his refurrection,
And in fpecial men of religion,
The morter is ready, the piftle alfo,
The fauce fhall be bitter, and that to his foe ;
And the devils alfo fhall helpen to.
Then the banks of Beil fhall bloom all about ;
Then hie the Hurcheon to Hales, and clofe thee therein, Thou fhalt be werped with a wind, and plucked ilk pen,
Shall never down on thy fkin nor birs be thee left.
The thunder flall work thy hold to the cold earth, Shall never ftome upon ftone ner ground be thee left, And fo that wretched work is deftroyed for ever.

There fhall a galyart goat with a golden horn,
A pilledow with a toad, fuch a prime hold,
With their peers in place by a ftream fide;
To frive with the fream, but they no furength have,

## THE PROPHECIES OF MERLING.

For their moving they meet in the mid-way, All the grooms fhall grunch by the way-fide, And many bairn thall have his byth on the back fide, And that marvell finall fall by a fyrth-fide, Where the leader of the land fall his life lofe; But that bargain fall brew in a bare brough, That thall banith from blifs many bright helm, When it is bireved of his back, and his brief known, Of dum organs dight, then may theu well deem. Of all the weil and the wealth before them was wrought With hunger and hirellip on every hill:
Yet this wicked world fiall laft but a while;
While a chiftain unchofen choofe forth himfelf, And ride cuer the region, and for Roy holden: Then his fcutifers fhall Akail all the fair fouth, From Dumbarton to Dover and deal all the lands:
He firall be kid conqueror, for he is kind Lord,
Of all Britain that bounds to the broad fea.
The conquefling thall be keeper, and never conqueft after.
By the coft ye fhall know when the knight comes,
He has a mark in the middle, where no man may know;
When he is in the eaft when the fun rifeth,
He has a fign fhall thew on the fouth-fide.
Signum venenafi fañounus de ventre matris fue,
All Wales I wifh thall wend with that Roy,
For to work his will, where he think would,
Guaine Gafkonigne, and Britain the blyth,
Shall bufk to his bidding on their teft wife :
The whole men will help in bis moll height,
Thea thall he turn inio tufkare but treaty or true,
And bufk him over the mountains on midwinter even,
And then go to Rome, and rug down the walls,..
And over all the region Roy thall be holden.
Oft this book have I feen, and better thereafter,
Of marvellous Merling, but is wafted away,
With a wicked woman woe might the be.

The Proplecies of Berlington.

WHEN the ruby is raifed, reft is there none; But much rancour thatl rife in river and plain, Much forrow is feen through a lluth hound, That bears horns in his head like a wild hart:

## 14 THE PROPHESIES OF BERLINGTON.

Then a brock fhall make a braid on a broad field,
And an hound fhall bear a back with a brim face;
The flothful fluth hound fhall flay him for ever;
Through a treaty of a truce, a train fhall be made,
That Scotland fhall rue, and England for ever;
For the which Gladfmoore and Govanmoore gapes there-
Then fhall the banks of Beil bloom all about. (after,
Then hye the Hurcheon to Hales and clofe thee therein,
Thou fhall be warped with a wind, and plucked ilk pen,
Shall never down on thy fkin, nor birs be thee left :
A thunder fhall work thy hold to the cold earth,
Shall never ftone upon flone on ground be thee left,
And fo this wretched beaft is deftroyed for ever.
When faith fails in prelates fawes,
And temporal lords will hold new laws,
And leachery holden for privy folace,
And reef holden for good purchafe,
When Rome is divided in two parts,
And every prieft hath the Pope's power:
Then fhall the Dane of Albany,
Be put to great pcrplexity,
Man fin foreshink, and mifs amend,
Dread God, do law, think on the end.
Betwixt Tempieton and the Bafs,
Thou fhalt fee a right fair fight,
Of barges and billingers and many broad fail,
With. 3 libेberts and the flower de luce high upon height, And fo the dreadful Dragon fhall rife from his den,
And from the deep doughty flall draw to the height.
Off Bruces left fide fhall fpring out a leaf,
As near as to the ninth degree,
And fhall be efteemed of fair Scotland,
In France far beyond the fea:
And then fhall come again riding,
With eyes the many men may fee.
At Aberlady he fhall light,
With hempen halters and horfe of tree,
On Cosfoord green it fhall be feen,
On Cladfmoore fáll the battle be:
Now Albany make thou the bown,
At hidding be thou prompt :
He fhall deal buth tower and town,
$H$ is gifts thall itand for evermore.
Then boldiy bown thee thercafter,

## THE PROPHECIES OF BERLINGTON.

Upon a broad moor a battle fhall be, Befide a ftob crofs of ftone,:
Which on the moor ftands hie,
It fhall be clearly clad over with corps of Knights,
That the crow may not find where the crofs ftood!
Many a wife fhall weep, and ye fhall under:
The dead flall rife, and that shall be wonder,
And rax him rudly in his fhire fhield,
For the great comfort of a new king.
Now hie Powoke, with thy proud fhow-,
Take thy part of the pelf when the pack opens:
It fhall be Gladfmoore by the fea,
It fhall be Gladfmoore where ever it be:
And the little lown that fhall be,
Is betwixt the Lowmand and the fea:
And well is the man in all his life,
That hath a Cot-houfe in Fife;
And yet ogee fhall come the day,
He would the Cot-houfe were away.
And there fhall come a hound out of the fouth ${ }_{3}$.
With him a rayment of ratches ruled right;
And actor for the keinly fhall he come:
And in Fife fhall fight, and the field win:
Yet fhall a northern flaw fail him for ever,
And kill him to confufion, and return never.
An eagle then fhall come out of the north,
With a flock of birds fair at the flight:
Which fhall make many foot founder and fall,
Then thall a ghof come out of the weft,
With him a fair Menye;
Upon the eagle make him bowne.
But he fo nigh then thall he flee.
I cannot tell you what he height:
A baftard trow I boaft he be.
His name fhall not be expremed as now,
For he was gotten with a lady in privity,
His drughty deed without all doubt,
Shall comfort all his company.
However it happened for to fall,
The lion fhall be Lord of all.
The French wife fhall bear a fon,
Shall weild all Britain to the fea:
And from the Bruces blood fhall come,
As near as the ninth degree,

## 16 THE PROPHECIES OF BERLINGTON.

Marvellous Merling that many men of tells,
And Thomas fayings comes all at once:
Thongh their fayings be felcouth they shall be footh found
And there shall our glading be;
The crow shall fit upon a ftone,
And drink the gentle blood fo free:
Take of the ribs, and bear to her birds:
A s God hath faid fo muft it be.
Then shall ladies lads wed,
And brook caftes mawers high,
Beid hath berieved in his book and Banneiter alfo,
Marvellous Merling, and accords in one:
Thomas the true, that never fpake falfe,
Confents to their faying, and the fame terms has taken,
Yet shall there come a keen Knight over the falt fea,
A keen man of courage, and bold man of armis,
A duke's fon doubted, a born man in France,
That shall our mirths mend, and mend all our harms,
After the date of our Lord 1513 , and thrice 3 thereafter, Which shall brook all the broad ine to himfelf.
Betwixt 13 and thrice 3, the threep shall be ended;
The Saxons shall never recover after.
He shall be crowned in the Fyth, in the cafle of Dover,
Which wears the golden garland of Julias Cæfar,
More worship shall be win of greater worth,
Then ever Arthur himfelf had in his days.
Many doughty deeds shall he do thereafter,
Which shall be fpoken of many days better.

## Tbe Profbecies of Thomas Rymer.

STILL on my ways as I went,
0 Out throughi a land befide a lee,
I met a bairn upon the way,
Me thought him feemly for to fee.
I afred him wholly his intent?
Good fir if you will be,
Since that ye bide upon the bent,
Some uncouth tidings tell you me?
When shall thefe wars be gone,
That leel men'may live in lec?

Or when shall falichood go from home?
And laughty blow his horn on hie?
I looked from me not a mile,
And faw two knights upon a lee,
They were armed feemingly new,
Two croffes on their brealts they bares
And they were clad in diverfe hue,
Of fundry countries as they were ;
The one was red as blood,
Set in a fhield a dragon heen.-
He fird his fleed as he were mad,
With crabbed words tharp and keen,
Right to the other baira him by ;
His horfe was all of filver fheen!
In it a ramping lion keen,
Seemingly into gold was fet ;
His border of was azure fheen,
His fhield was fhaped right feemly,
With filk and fable well was plet.
I looked from over a green, And faw a lady on a lee,
That fuch a one I had never feen,
The light of her fhined fo higho.
Attour the moor whereat fhe foor,
The fields me thought fair and green ;
She rode upon a fteed full toor,
That fuch a one had I feldom feen;
Her fteed was white as any milk,
His top, his tail, were both full blue,
A fad faddle fhowed with filk,
As all were gold it glittered fae : His harneffing was of filk of India, Set with precious flones frac :
He ambled on a noble kind,
Upon her head flood crowns three,
Her garments was of gowaurs gay,
But other colour faw I none.
A flying fowl then I faw,
Light befide her on a ftone;
A floop into her hand fle bare,
And holy water fhe had ready,
She fprinkled the field both liere and there,
Said here fhall many dead corps lie;
At yon bridge upon yon burn,

18 PROPHECIES OF THOMAS RYMER.
Where the water runs bright and fheen
And Knights die through battle keen.
To the two Knights then did The fay,
Let be your flrife my Knights free;
Ye take your horfe, and ride your way,
As God hath ordain'd fo moft it be.
Saint Andrew thou haft the right ;
Saint George thon art mine own Knight ;
Thy wrongous heir fhall work thee woe.
Now are they on their ways gone;
The Lady and the Knights two,
To that beirn then can I ment,
And afked tidings by may fay,
What kind of light is that, I faid,
Thou fheweft to me upon yon lee ;
Or wherefore ca:me yon Ktights two ?
They feemed of a far country.
That Lady that I let thee fee,
That is the Queen of Heaven fo bright :
The fowl that flew by her knee,
That is Saint Michael, much of might :
The Knights two the field to tae,
Where many men in field fhall fight :
Know you well it fhall be fae,
That die fhall many a gentle Knight :
With death fhall many a doughty deal.
The Lord fhall be then away,
There is none herrel that can tell,
Who fhalk win the field that day.
A crowned King in arms three,
Under the bánner fhall be fet :
Two falfe and feigned fhall be,
The third fhall light and make great let.
Banners five again fhall ftrive,
And come in on the other fide:
The white lion fhall beat them down,
And work them woe with wounds wive:
The bear's head with the red lion,
So fweetly into red gold fet,
That day fhall flay the King with crown,
Though many Lords make great let,
There fall attour the water of Forth,
Set in gold the red lion:
And many Lords out of the north,

To that battle fhall make them bown ;
There fhall crefcents come full keen,
That wears the Crofs as red as blood,
On every fide fhall te forrow feen,
Defiled is many doughty food ${ }_{8}$
Befides a loch upon a lee,
They fhall aftemble upon a day,
And many doughty men fhall dic,
Few in quiet thall be found away.
Our Scottifh King shall come full keen,
The red lion beareth be;
A feddered arrow sharp I ween,
Shall make him wink, and ware to fee.
Out of the field he shall be led,
When he is bloody and woe for blood;
Yet to his men then shall he fay,
For God's love turn thou again,
And give your fouthern folk a fray;
Why should I lofe? the right is mine,
My fate is not to die this day.
Yonder is fatfehood fled away,
And laughty blowa his horn on high :
Our bloody King that wears the crowna
Full boldly shal! the battle bide,
His banner shall be beaten down,
And hath none hole his head to hide.
The fterns three that day shall die,
That bears the hart in filver sheen,
There-is no riches, gold nor fee,
May lengthen his life ąn hour I ween.
Thus thro' the field that Knight shall rides,
And twice refcue the King with crown;
He shall make many a bannèr yield,
The Knight that bears the tods three,
He will by force the field, to tae :
But when he fees the lion die,
Think ye well he will be wae!
Befide him lights bairns three,
Two is white the third is blae,
The tods three shall flay the two,
The third of them shall make him die ${ }_{2}$
Out of the field shall go no more,
But one Knight and Kaves three.
There comes a banner red as, blood:

20 PROPHECIES OF THOMAS RYMER.
In a ship of filver sheen;
With him comes many ferly food,
To work the Scots much hurt and woe.
There comes a ghoft out of the weft,
Is of another language than he,
To the battle bowns him beft,
As foon at he the Senyour can fee:
The raches works them great wanreft,
Where they are rayed on a lee;
I cannot tell who hath the beft,
Each one of them makes other die.
A white fwan fet into blae,
Shall femble from the fouth fea,
To work the northern folk great woe,
For know you well thus shall it be,
The faiks aught with filver fet,
Shall femble from the other fide,
Till he and the fwan be met,
They shall work woe with wounds wide,
Thro' wounds wide their weeds hath fet,
So boldly will their bairns bide.
It is no reck who gets the beft,
They shall both die in that fame tide.
There comes a Lord out of the nurth,
Riding upon a horfe of tree,
That broad lands hath beyond Forth
The white hind beareth he;
And two ratches that are blue, Set into gold that is fo free,
That day the eagle shall him flay,
And then put up hia banner hie.
The Lord that bears the lolans three,
Set into gold with jewels two:
Before him shall a battle be.
He wears a bapner that is blue,
Set with peacocks' tails three,
And lufty ladies heads two:
Unfain of one, each other shall be,
All through grief together they go ;
I cannot tell who wins the gree,
Each one of them shall other fay:
The éagle grey fet into green,
That wears the harts' heads three,
Oat of the fouth be shall be feen,

## PROPHECIES OF THOMAS RYMER.

To light and ray him on a lee,
With fifty-five Knights that are keen,
And earls either two or theee,
From Carlifle fhall come bedeen,
Again thall they it never fee,
At Pinkin Cleugh there fiall be fpilt,
Much gentle blood that day;
There fhall the bear lofe the gylt,
And the eagle bear it away.
Before the water, men calls Tyne,
And there over lays a bridge of tone,
That bears three fhall lofe the gree,
There thall the eagle win his name.
There comes a beaft out of the weft ${ }_{9}$
With him fhall come a fair minie,
His banner hath been feldom feen,
A battard trow I beft he be:
Gotten with a ladie Theen,
And a knight in privity,
His arms are full eath to know?
The red lion beareth he,
And be right glad to flee away!
Into an orchard on a lee;
With herbs green and allies gray?
There vill he enlaked be,
His men fays, harmefay;
The eagle puts his banner on hie,
And fays the field he wan that day:
There thall the lion lie full till,
Into a valley fair and brigit:
A lady fhouts wish words fhril,
And fays woe worth thee cruel knight ${ }_{2}$
Thy men are fain upon yon hill,
The dead are many doughty dight. Thereat the lion liketh ill,
And raifeth his banner hie on hight:
Upon the moor that is fo grey,
Befide an headlefs crofs of ftone:
There fhall the eagle die that day:
And the red lion win the name.
The eagles three fhall lofe the gree:
That they have had this many a day :
The red lion thall win renown,
Win all the field and bear away.

## 22 THE PROPHECY OF WALDHAVE.

One crow fhall come, another flaill go,
And drink the gentle blood fo free,
When all thefe terlies were away,
Then faw I none, but I and he:
Then to the beirn could I fay,
Where dwells thou? or in what country :
Or who thall rule the Ine Britain,
From the north to the fonth fea?
The French wife thall bear the fon,
Shall rule all Britain to the fea,
That of the Bruces blood fhall come,
As near as the ninth degree.
I frained faft, what was his name?
Whence that he came? from what country:
In Erillingtuwn, 1 dwell at hame,
Thomas Kymer men call me.

## The Prophecy of Waldhave,

UPON Lowdon Law alone as I lay, Looking to the Lennox, as me lief thoughts The firt morning of May, medicine to feek, For malice and melody, that moved me fore. I lyed down, and leaned me, and lifted we!l fleep, Upon the height of a hill where the voice bade. And as I lyed down, and hielded mine eyes, So hears I an horse voice, and an hie cry, That bade me Waldhave beware, and we well keep, For fear of a wild beaft, that his weird dries.
Therewith I fonifi, and flood, and flart on my feet ${ }_{3}$ And fained me on every fide, as the voice bade. Then 1 looked but let, lightly me frae. And faw an hirfal on hrie, of hares together, An hundred I hope, well wholly there was: Then of foxes; a flock fuliy five fcore: All following on a fierce beaft that rudly them chas'd, That was all wood through weird woeful to fee. Right ragged and rent, and riven in pieces: A batile with batoun, he bare on his broad lufes, Like a brimful beirn, battle to make. IHe thought to cffray, and them falt prefied,

As he in hold would them fang, firm at his will, But when he faw me with fight, foon he them left ; And whes he fhundered away, no more I them faw: Then groaning grimly, he girt to me foon, As Gerrert the great threw had done for the nonce, He ftruck fait with his ftaff, and ftonifht me fore; But I keeped him by Chrift, with a keen weapon, That was my fword, till I fwat, fwinging me about And a buckler well broad, that keeped me beft. So freflly he forced me meat for to make, That he fhuudered on the fold, and his feet fnappered, The baftoan on the bent fore brafed him frae, And I but laid on his breaft, bowned myfclf; All griffling on the ground gracioufly held, Through grace of the great God, that had me warn'd He yelped, he yalmered, and youled loud, And ftruggled faft his ftrength, and ftruck upon loft, But I held him by the hair as mine hap was, And height to hurt him fuil fore, but he him ftill held: And conjured him by Chrit, and his mother dear, That he flould fhow me to his kith and kin : But long was it that he lay ere he fpake might, And at the laft he can leave, and lightly he faid, Waldhave, wilt thou, that well hath thee happened; Thou thought not that thy weird this wrought fhould be, But let me rife of this race, and reft thee befide; And I fhall readily, without riot, thee narvels tell : Great grace halt thou gotten, that got me this time. I shall grieve thee no more, 00 is thy grace turaed : But yet I trufted not his tale, while he his truth gave By the law and the lead, that lie lived on, That I five should be, and fafe, and none ill betide: 'Then let him I rife, and leaned on his shoulder, And great marvel of his face, and his form had; lie was formed like a frcik all his four quarters: And then his chin and lis face haired fo thick, With hair growing fo grim, fearful to fee. $I$ frained at hiin foremoft, the fear of himfelt, Why his figure and his face was fo fierce made? If wearie of the world? or what him ailed ? 1 Ie ginsed, he gafped, and groaned full fore, Wept with his grey eycs, and fuddenly he faid, "Gond game all the way, is as God will: Ior the in grieved through my guilt, and I no grace fervec,

My wild wanton will, atid my mirdeeds,
I may know of all woe, and my weird alas !
Becaufe of my fin, that I ferved ever.
Hath his forrow and this fight fent unto me,
By trouble of my kin, that I an of come, Hath me turned into this care, and careful me made ;
That I have no hope of help fo help me our Lord,
While he that put me in grief once grace fend,
Frain thou no further of my foot likes.
Of other works, as I wate, ank if thou likes:
Thine ettling thou afk may, for anfwer I shall,
In woods and wildernefs, where my way lies,
That I heark'ned and heard, I height to thee to fay,
Then frowned I fiercely of this frivole world:
What to be of war, if he wift ought?
Or who should weild us in this world, that forrow drees
To give us of good will; and get us to peace?
If there is fruits in this world, that fo much worth is?
Should have fufion on force, and any fair afier?
And then he looked to the ground, and wept all a while
And he groaned for grief, wéeping the faid,
Much angei and evil hath this infe chofen
All through o'greed and theft, and Elvines Knight,
Brutas thy bairntime has much bail chofen;
Since firt in Britain to leind thon was brought;
Sicknefs and forrow, and forenefo fet with fyth,
When thou fembled to the feat, under fail found:
Noraway hath neddered them, and to need brought:
That hath newed their names, and named themfelves,
Euglish that are caffood, and Edryons bairns,
But all the anger that they make, their own shall be,
That Weftmoorland, woeful may thee betide,
For thou with war and thy wrong bairns,
When thou mels with the Mers and mixed with the fame
Much malice and mifchicf thou made for thyfelf.
Bairns and banners thou brought upon loft,
With burning and bail hath wrought forrow;
Carlife thy captains hath much woe wrought:
Thou shaft compelled be with care, thou thinks it but little,
Thou shalt thy gates yarn, thou yarns not thereafter;
Thou shalt yalmur and yell that all York shall it hear:
Then the town shail be tint trow thour not elfe;
Thy tops and thy turnats tumbied to the ground,
No falfe fortune fo fell has thee at feed,

## THE PROPHECY OF WALDHAVE.

That force shall fail thee when thou beft thinkeft, And lipens on London to kead thee for ever, On Linton and Lindfay, and Lancafter shires, There shall a lion be lowfed that a lord is, Both of London and Lorn, as the law will He shall allege to be liege, and the law make : Leave nought upon lofts but watte them for ever.
All the ftrengths of the coaft, and caftes every one, He fhall inclofe them to his crown, and over them come Burgane, Bamburgh, as he by rides,
And Butlings beat it down and burn it for ever.
The water flall welcome him, and the waves of the fea,
While he have won on hie ail that he thinks
Through his truth upon 'Tweed, fhall be turned after, If who will count the time of the year
If even eeking the hour, and the day come, And'angred for evermore: this old men devifes, Needlefs thou Norham for nought that thou lookeft, There is a neker, in the north thy nef fall deftroy:
Thou fhalt be waited of thy works for thy wrong deeds,
There fhall no warrand thee weir that thou winks after:
A black bear, and a brock, and a bull head,
A boar whelp, with a brock, and a broad head. Shall them bound in their hour \& bear them down forfuth And build them up their walls, as they beft think. Red Roxburgh thy role, and reddy thee bown, Thy root is now raifed up and rotten in funder: Three ravens and a rook fhall on thy rock fit, An rolp rudely fhall they, that Rome fhall it hear. From Rofs to Rofdeen was that right may be, Reddy the Refcours, thou refts no more,
For it is but reafon the rights and rents be gathered.
What jangleft thou Jedburgh ? thou jags for nought,
There fhall a guileful groom dwell thee within,
The tower that truits in, as-the truit is,
Shall be traced with a trace, trow thou none other:
The new cafte is keen, keeped full well,
There to takerye gond heed, nor come not therein :
A hird with a hand-bow fhall the hird keep,
Hie in an holine, and in a haer-wood,
Both his horns fhall he hang, and haft him therewitho
Drefs thee now Dumbar, and do for the time,
Thou haft a dread for the drake, that the drown would, Thine hecls are fo hard fet, with halmers of $\mathrm{Atel}_{3}$

26 THE PROPHECY OF WALDHAVE.
Well heavy therefore, hold the full ftill.
The new work that is next on the north ftream, Shall catt a blink to the bafe, when the blink fhines, Sie it guided with wit, and will be no walter, There fhall no wafter it weild, nor none evil doer. Hailes, hold thee at home, fo hold I it belt, For lap thou to Haildown, thou art hurt for ever : There is an Hurchen in an hurf, in Heriot moor, Hath marred the myrfuap in Minto Craigs: That hath manfions moved maugre of his teeth. Dirlton and Dalkeith, they dread no more alfo, But the down and the dow that the drake leads : The dragon they drown would but devife of France, Doth for them doughtly, as he hath done ever : Edinburgh that old craig is angered full fore, For the awe of the erne that in the eaft builds, He hath a falcon's feire, that in far lands, Both his feddering and lis flight, and his flight gathered Needlefs they noy them, that is for nought ; For they never in the neft fhall nourifh their birds. Striveling that ftrait place, a firength of the land, Why with Strabrock and Strathern ftrives thou to yarn,
When Strabogie Thall deftroy all the ftraiberries ;
The frands of Strabrock fhall flream them with blood,
Three Itorks in a ftall fhall fland them before, Stuffed all is fteel weed, all on horfe-back.
Their ftoutnefs fhall fine and fonith themfelves,
For ftoaks fo frive fhall fent them within.
Do now Dumbarton, while thy days laft;
A wretched cloud in the weft, as elders thee call:
Bear thee well to Bothwell, and build it up all.
Then Crawford and Cumncick, with clean men of arms, Let not light the Lois leap out of town :
For thou art lord of the lands, and a new Albion king,
To Dowlas now do well, and it dear bold:
For Dowlas the doughty may endure well,
Deal the beft of the lands, that longeth thee to,
Feed them with fairnefs, and with fair words,
Fy on the fellowhip that hath a falfe end.
Captive and curt men are cumbered for ever:
There may no captive by Chrift this kindred defend,
Laughty and largenefs, are two love things,
He that his life gave, loves them well.
Knights and chrillea men thete to heed take:

Caft the curf men in care, but they to Chrift turn, Think on Dumbarton the bold in old Birns time, That thou art but a beeld, and in that land chief, Thon fhalt take heed to this token that I shall thee tell, Believe it as truly as it were written:
When Lowmond law shall its leave take
From the land of Lennox, and leave it forever;
Leap lightly with loup, look thee about, And mantle all the craig with a tower wall, With barges and billengers to rush at the gates,
That both fish and fowl that on flight goes;
Be flitted up freshly, and fair them withtn,
Then is Dumbarton burnt all to powder,
And all in a clond: the war ended for ever.
And if ye fail of this freit after 13 years.
Yeair ye yaiply, and yairn ye no more.
The' caftle of Carrick, that on a craig flands,
Shall try upon Cumnock for a true neft;
That into Clydfdale coaft clevers full faf,
In an holine to hie by an elf bulk.
Then shall the Galloway grooms get on their mares:
Three tods and terfel shall tene all the woods,
From Tynmouth to Tultie, and be tole free:
But a gofehalk of growth shall grieve him then, And get on a gray mare, that in grafs refts. In a gow of Gowrie by a gray ftone, He shall tulie both the tods, and the tub alfo, Anl with the teind that is taken, turn into France, Two wethers and a wolf shall the field make, Betwixt a yow and a lamb that leads the fiock, Before butler the bargane shall begine; All it is bootlefs his bags he ript.
Then shall the yle of Royfay be rank full of fide buslies, Then each man rues them, for rueth of his heart, That would rend from the rood, and no reft thole.
A captive in a craig shall a tower build,
And cry to Craig-Fergus the grawdone is ever For a book in but, as a bull hoin, Bound with a bugle blow when he likes, A proud pown in a preis lordly shall light: With piots and pillidooes pulled in the crown, Plain power of tire Pope muft the posn have, 'Io pluck and to punish, and part him about,
A piot sha!l partly appeal him again

28 THE PROPHECY OF WALDHAVE.
For his part of the pelf, and the pown wrong. There shall much forrow and ftrife ftir them once, That shall the Sterlings trouble, that Atirs with wings :
An hare with an Hurchen and the hind calf.
Shall hie them in holy land hold them therein
While a grey hound them grype, on the Greek fea,
And go with them grievoufly, where him leif likes;
There shall no gaming them glee, while the grey hound
Gryp the grey hound, and grieve him full fore,
And buffet him bitterly, then bite him with war.
Go mufng upon Merling, more if thou wilt,
For I mean for no more, man at this time.
Then I ftudied ftood and him held:
Then he could fturdily ftir with his broad eyes;
But I couth further this fraine, for his father's foul? . If ever Frieck on this fold formed himfelf, That he should witter me fome way if he wift ought
What of this world and this war should after betide ;
Then as a lyon he looked me on,
Like as he leep would and rent me in funjer.
He faid, wcens thou Waldhave, I win into heavea
That I may in this world all my wit have?
No, thou getf that of God, their gains none other, To whom he gives the grace they are of good life?
But this tale that I tell you, ye shall truft it well.
It is tratling, but truth, the footh thee to fay,
I moved info my mind how the footh flands;
Mufe on as thou may, the matter thou fraines,
Thou fins if thou frienes fraind farther I tell,
$I$ have enough Waldhave my way for to make; Here in wildernefs I dwell, my weird for to dree.

> Wralibave comjured this Spirit, to Joew much more of fundry things 10 come as follosweth.

BUT fome, what sha! I fay, as footh as I heard, A mongft figes unfound that over footh is: Three mares of the Mars, shall marry themiclves, With the metrickes of Mar, that they much love. Thofe brime beafts wild, shall bite full bold, To baile and to barret bairns anew.

Then shall he firt with the buck's head,
The other a bear that is brine, shall brue much care;
The third a bull witb a bear that hears horns, Hudge and hideous on every fide high;
Thefe three shall rake and rave in the wild north :
There shall none other ride thefe ryotons beafts.
A cock with a keen comb shall compars them with
All whole the wayes where the land lyes.
With fuch a fereich and cry shall their kind rife,
That the Kirk of Chrit shall be cumbered thereof,
But the happier half shall the cock have:
For he is higher of liead and hurts the lefs,
Thefe falfe Lurdens lives-lefs but a while,
Till 3 Libberts in a ling from Londou shall come,
And lean toward Lothian in Linlithgow fnire,
Toward Glafgow they go, graithly thereafter ;
Attour the hills where the way lies,
And on Govan moor graiths them to fieep:
Then a lion as lord fhal! leap them among,
And learn them a lefon though they lotk think,
Fell falconds in field thall their fey worth,
And their formales fo far fleemed for ever :
Then Purvey the powock with thy proud thars,
Thou fhalt have part of the pelf, when the pack opens. Then a chieftain unchofen, fhall choofe forth himfelf,
And ride through the realm, and Roy fhall be called;
Then fhall wales worthily divell upon loft,
And choofe them a chief lord of loyalty holden,
Scots heirs of Scotland frall fcale them full wide.
In Humber fhall brulye, their right for to have,
Greffon and Godrant that were great lords,
They were tailied in that time with untrue folk.
Heaven, and even heirs of the land,
Shall rent them, and rife, and reel in their war,
And noy all the Norways that has them wrong wrought,
When dead fhall rife, and marvels fhew,
Look him flat in face, and none fhall him know ;
Then the lillie fo liele with notable bairns,
Send Bodwart in Britain to the bairn bold,
Bids him blythly abice in battle join'd.
Then a lion thall leap loofe out of hands;
The fixth out of Ireland, nobleft of deeds;
But when he is loofe, then reit is there none,
When the fyce is up, and the fink under,

30 THE PROPHECIES OF WALDHAVE.
Then thall the dead arife, and work great woncer.
A mong kind men in Kyth kindle hall a care,
There frall a counfel fit that fhall whole banks bare.
Then Saxons are fet with fubtle thoughts,
And proves partly to prick with party faces,
And wales warps up with wonderful deeds;
And Ireland helps that head to his mof height!
And all Yorkfhire fhall help, prove when be likes, He fhall bind him to bide, with bairns anew, Enter up at a fide where the fea fills,
In his own kine ground, where that he was born, With dignity and dear men that him well loves, For to cenquelt the clear crown of England's line;
But all would fail, were not force that the fool thinks, He would be fubtilly fold, were not Chrift's will, That his dolotirous date muft drive to an end, And the baftard's blood left is for ever. Then in Britain that day fee whofo will, Shall never baftards brook a foot broad of earth, He thall be hurled and harled, and bafted to death, Witb a wolf out of Wales, and bring him out of days, And conqueft the clear crown of England's right, He thall bring all England into good peace; White a hunter fhall rife, and reign in the North, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{Rx}} \mathrm{up}_{\mathrm{p}}$ his banners with viotous beirns, For fofety and fupply of Brutes lands,
Much iturt and ftrife fhall fteric a while,
From the North to the Soutl fea, whofe lit :
For when the towers of Torin is tumbled in the fand,
With hurger and hare-life, and fallehood on loft.
Within eight years after great wonder thall be feen,
By that the Libberts' race is fally at an end:
Then the lillie fo leil fhall leind in his hands,
And to the lion fhall get lordhips great:
For the lion fhall arrive at Carlifle,
And leap on the land, as lord of the ground,
He fhall liemd in the land, with his leil-beirnes,
A nd lame Libbert ; and lofe him for ever,
Shall never the Libbert leap one day after,
In bold britain to brock, the date is near paffed.
That King thall deal and part all the broad lands,
To Bruce's blood, and other bold knights,
That fiall ge with the way to the reigning of Chrift,
In the Vale of Jchefhaphat feen flall he be,

## THE PROPHECY OF WALDHAVE.

Where many Saryańs fhall quake with their liearts,
When the dead men fhall rife, and fhow them a fight,
As marvellous Merling hath faid of before 3 Take heed to this tale, that now I thee tell, And truft it is as trnly as if it were written:
When that falfehood hath foot; and freedom is loff,
And covetous hath the Kyth at his own will;
When Laughty is laid low under foot,
And kindnefs his courtefies his friends to veǵvile,
And no truth frall be fhewed unto Chrittian lanals,
But all bent to deceit, and rone truft other,
Nor the father the fon in his bodily oaths,
Holy Kirk fhall have no girth, but plainly overturned;
And letchery on loft, and none (pare other;
And each blond with other knits together,
The law of our Saviour is quite forgotten.
This is a true talking that Thomas of tells,
That the hare fhall hirple on the hard ftone,
In hope of grace, but grace gets fhe none:
Then Gladfmoore and Govan fhall gape thereafter :
Think not long on this lofs, for it is uear hand ;
When the lamb is loofe that the Holy Kirk keep3,
Then falfehood is fet in fages of Rome,
And works for the warrant that the cure wan :
Many fages flall figh within fhort time after,
When the mouth of Arran the top hath overturned."
Then fhall Dumbarton mell of old done deeds,
And fo flall Arran hap in a new man's hànds;
In hope of Dunbar, when hails fhall halt;
When the hunter flall come and his kind ratches,
Hunt Fotherick and Fyfe, and the field win.
When fummer is winter, and the winter is weet,
With wardling wind and tempett great,
Then falfehood is ready his friend to beguile,
With hunger and hirfhip over all the broad lands ;
Then fhall the poor people be fpilled full near,
The leed with the lucken hand is brought out of days,
Subtilly his life shall lofe; and many another,
And many doughty shall die for that deed:
And many leed in the North shall their life lofe,
For covetnus and treafon them lofes the land:
Many a wife and maiden shall wring both their hantls,
Before this wicked wars be brought to an end.
The firt row: of this war shall rife in the North,

32 THE PROPHECY OF WALDHAVE.
That the 1 lles and Ireland shall rife in the North, And the Saxons feafed into Brutes' hands.

When the moon is dark in the firt of the number,
With four crefcents to eke forth the days,
And thrice tęn, is felcouth to fee,
With an L to Lowfe out the reft of the number,
Syne let three and two thrieps as they will,
This is the true date that Merling of tells,
And give to king Uter Arthurus' father,
And for to mean and mufe with thefe merry words, For once Britain shall be in a new Knight's hands,
Whofe hap to bide shall fee with his eyes,
And Merling and Waldhave have faid of before,
And true Thomas told in his time after,
As Saint Beid in his book berieved the fane,
Mufe on if you may for mifter you bave,
I shall give you a token, that Thomas of tells,
When a lad with a lady shall go over the fields,
And many fair things weeping for dread,
For love of their dear friends lies looking on hills,
That it shall be woe for to tell the teind of their forrow,
Then shall be wafted their chief lands,
Where God curfes with his mouth, dead muft follow.
Now wot thou, Waldhave, my will is way to pafs,
To wood-wildernefs, where my way lies ;
Thea is Libberts three lamed for ever.
And the lion shall be lord and leacier for footh, And all Britain the broad slall him bow to,
And his barnage bold shall him blefs keep,
Thien shall fruit well and fashon of corne,
If freedom and friendship his fyance be holden, Cry ye Chriftian men of Chrilt, and honour our King, Of all cures and cares, in this coaft angers. And thus he fundered me frae, I fained no longer, But I marvelled faft at this fair head, 1 ftudied right ftablo, and all aftonish'd thereof,
That I winked cre I wift, ant w rought upon neep;
And when I wakened, written found,
All theif words on wax, wanted there none,
Brieved on a broad book, and on my breaft laid,
Blefled be the breiver that the book wrote.
Then can I make more mufe, and melling therewith,
The firt morning of May, this mervel I faw,

As I lay mine alone on Lowdon-Law,
Looking to the Lennox me lief thought.

## The Prophecy of Gizi.:

WHEN Haly Kirk is wracked, and will has no wit, And paftors are pluckt, and pield without pity,
When idolatry is in Ens and Re,
And fpiritual paftors are vexed and away,
And all eftates in fight are unknown, Becaufe of their cloathing, cunining, or craft, Spiritually fufpended, fubverted and fufpected, Denying their duty to God, and their debt, Prompted up like princes; as the peacock proud, Refufing their religion, and their right rule;
Then in the north a wicked wind fhall blow,
That all the realm fhall rue right foon thereafter, The grey hound frall be grieved, and driven at under, And tramped for his truth, to whom he kept truft, The kindeft of his Kith thall nut him know, But him and his mifknow that ever, they ever knew. Then thall many farlie fall right foon thereafter. And from Caithnefs to Dover fhall walk but war, And mourn for his misfortune, that failed fo foon; But better mourn for themfelves, for need they have; Hails when thou halteft, herpel not but hold thee : If thou fpeakeft where thou fpoke, it niall able fikald thee: The barred lion lawlefs, at thee fhall be grieved: Shall fearch and feek thee to deftroy thee for ever; Yet fhall a beirne from Berwick bufk him and bown, And fearch the treading of trewes that were aforetane By the heedlefs prople, that held at their own hand The holes whole, and the herds had to deftroy, Reafon fhall be fought, and granted fhall be none ; The movers thereof fhall mene, and may not mend; Then fhall the counfel, which cumbered ath the kith Call for comfort, but long they may crave;
The marked to the hignett, and to overhaile the old, But all in vain they work, they fhall not prevail;
They fhall work unwife, and wit fhall they lack, Then waried their wierd, that ever they were wrought, Then fhall the ratches in this region take,

# 34 <br> THE PROPHECY OF GILD, \&c. 

And run their race rudely but any return,
The beft of the 'Kyth flall cry for fupport ;
But fcarce fhall they rife, they fhall be fae fwier:
The hound which was harmed, then miffed fhall be,
Who loved him worft, fhall weep for his wrack ;
Yet fhall a whelp rife out of the fame race,
That rudely fhall rair, and rule the whole north,
And quit the whole quarrel of old deeds done;
Though he from his hold be kept back a while.
The cock dare not crow, though it be his kind, ${ }^{-}$
But keep himfelf clofe, while come thall his time,
Prepare thee Edinburgh, and pack up thy packs;
Thou fhalt be left void, be thou lief or loath :
Becaufe thou art varriant, and fleemed thy faith, Thro' envy and covetoifnefs that cumbered thee ever.
True Thomas me told in a troublefone rime,
In an harvelt morning at Eldom hills.

## The Prophecy of the Engli/b Cbronicles.

THERE fhall proceed an holy hermit in king Eltri?dus' time, in this manner, in the book of king Henry the fixth, faying, Thefe Englifhmen, forasmuch as they ufe to drunkennefs, treafon, and carelefnefs of God's houfe ; firt by the Danes, then by the Normans, and the third time by the Scots, that they held the moft wretched and the leaft worth of all other, they fhall be overcome and vaincuft. Then the word fhall be unitable.

## The Prophccies of Sybillia and Elurain.

WHen the goat with the golden horn is chofen the fea, The next year thereafter Gladfmoore fhall be.
Whofo likes for to read,
Marvellous Merling and Beid,
In this manner they fhail proceed,
Of things unknown,
The truth now to record : :
And from the date of our Iord.

Though that it be fhowen:
Take a thoufand in calcuiation, A nd the longet of the Lion.
Four crefcents under one crown,
With Sainct Andrew's crofe thrife:
Then threefcore and thrife three;
Take heed to Merling truely ;
Than fnali the wars ended be,
And never again rife.
In that year there thall a king,
A duke and no crowned king,
Becauferthe prince fhall be young,
And tender of years.
Much forrow and Atrife,
Shall be in Lothian and Fife,
'Through the fulmart's falfe fears.
The mauldragil moldiwart,
Through the fupply of the fained hart,
And lancing of the Libbert,
Lirked in a laçe :
In Fife and Lothian Thall fand,
With many bow, bill and brand,
And burn and flay all from hand,
Without any grace.
Therl comes the anthelope,
The blind moldiwarte to fop ;
With many femyors in a fop:
Forth of all airths.
The lion raping at the roves,
With the proyne, and pleningoes :
And many kuights for to cloyes,
Shall come from the fouth.
The fadled horfe fhall be feen,
Ty'd to a tree green,
And with a vifa la fine,
In a bag fhall be born:
Sine two Mips in a Mield,
That day fall fit the fieid,
To be the Anthelope's beild,
And fetch him beforn.
The bear's head, and the brock,
The beam and the bloody yoke,
Three crefcents, and a cock,
Shall conce from the north.

36 THE PROPHECIES OF SYBILLA, \&:c.
They fhall come from the broyle,
And knights keenly fhall toyle,
For love of the finke foyle,
And fight upon Forth.
When the battle draws near ${ }_{n}$
In their fight fhall appear,
A navy of men war,
Approaching at hand.
Then put their men in ordinance,
With five hundred knights of France,
And a duke them to advance,
To be in the vanguard;
And to the Anthelope fhall liend,
And take him eafily to friend,
Then the Libbert thall be teind,
And defperate of blifs.
Scots and French fhall take a parts
With a proud haitrent heart ;
And fhall upon the moldiwarte,
Ere the deffevre.
Hixbow to him fall be no bield,
All his knights fall be kild,
Himfelf is ीain in the field,
And vincult for ever.
This fhall the wars ended be,
Then peace and policie,
Shall reign in Albanie,
Still without end.
And whofo likes to look,
The defcription of this book,
This writes Beid who will look,
And fo doth make an end.

* Here followeth a prophcey pronounced by a noble Queen "f and matron, called Sybilla, Regina Aultri, that came "t to Solomon, through the which fhe compiled four "books at the inftance and requeft of the faid king "Solomon and others. And the fouth book was di"rected to a noble king called Baldwin, king of the " broad life of Britain. Of the which she maketh men"tion of two noble princes and emperors, the which "cs is salled lyoss, of thefe two shall fubdue and over-


## THE PROPHECIES OF BRITANE.

" come all earthly princes to their diadem and crown, " and alfo be glcrified and crowned in heaven among "Saints. The firlt of thefe two is Conftantinus Mag${ }^{63}$. nus that was Leprofus, the fon of Saint Helen, that "found the crofs. The fecond is the lixth King of "the name of the Stewart of Scotland, the which " is our moil noble King."

## $B \cdot R \quad I \quad T \quad A I N$.

IN. Scotland fhall reign the moft noble and valient chicer tain that ever was; full of wifdiom and policy, c.uel in juftice as a lion, and fierce. He fhall be meek as a lamb, but fomewhat inclined to fragility of his feft. In his time fhall be great jullice and peace; but, alas, for forrow! for by treafon he fiall be deftroyed. This lamb fhall make many good houfes and fair places: be Thall take great adventurous travels: and a little before his death he flall have war with them that fronlil be his friends, and he fliall get victory over them : but by falict of his own, he fhall be drawn to a place of battle, where he fhall get great difcomfort, by the which he fhall die. Therefore alas for forrow of his line, which fhall be in great trouble. And after him there thall be a chiftain of, the Kyth, unlable the wind, wavering as the waves of of the fea. In his time fhall the church tremble as an afpen leafe, and grcat trouble in all manner of eflates: but it fhall not long lafis.

Alfo the wolf fhall rife againft him out of the north-weft, and make him great trouble; but he fhall not preval; for by help of the wolf's brother and the fox, the wolf fhall be flain by a wattr-fide: and foon after, thére fhall come out of the north a dragon, and a wolf, the which fhall be the help of the lion, and bring the realm to great reft and peace with glory, with the molt joy and triumph, that the like was never feen thefe many years before. For by the-fweet fmell of the lillie and the flower-de-luce, there fhall be a chieftain of the Kyth who thall choofe forth thimfelf, ftable as a ftone, fledfalt as the chryltal, firm as the adamant, true as the fteel, immaculate as the fun, without all creafon: He fhall fail on the fea, with walls on every fide, and that with great glory and joy, to deliver the

Kyth out of all thraltom and dolour ; for he fhall be ftrong as the wolf, wife, as the ferpent, humble as the lamb, fimple as the dove, viferorious as the lion, prince of jurtice, the weal of this nation: He flall biod his tail with the -red dragon, and accempany hin with the lion, thefe three fhall rife againg the moldiwart the which is curfed of God: This moldiwart fhall have an earthly Shin as a goat, the vengeance of God fhall fall upon him for lin and the fuftering of the great pride of his people unpunifhed. Alfo they fhali thruft him out of his :ealm, and make all the four chief floods of his realm to run blood, and after that the moldiwart fhall flee, and take a flip to fave himfelf: for he fhall lave no more power of his realm: and after that he fhall be glad to give the third part of his realm, to have the fourth part in peace, and he flall not get it: for the will of God is, that no man fhall have mercy, but he that is merciful, and after that he frall live in forrow all his life time, and die by adventure fuddenly in a flood of the fea; and his progeny fhall! be fatherless in ftrange compries and lands for evermore, becaufe they were gotten again?t the law of God: for by that gencration the realm of England is repleat of all iniquity and abomination of fin. And fo the wolf, the dragon with the lion, thall divide the realm of England, and fo thall the land be conquelt by the power and will of God, and not by the ftrength of man.

And he that is an Englifiman born, fall deny and perjure his native nation and realin; but yet they fhall be as tributaries to thefe aforefaid three bealts, and all wholly fubsued to then. And ther: the fpoufe of God thall be glad of her deliverance, and her children thall inhabit their lands with joy in the fervice of their father. by creation. Well is the man that keepeth his true part to that time: for afer thofe days the law of the froufe fhall be well.

But in the mean time, that rcligions perfons fhall fuffer patiently perfecution, and efpecially the voor, which have left all for their fpoute fake, for they shanll be glad to flee to the mountains and caves for their fafeguard; but he, for whofe fake they do finfer, slall redrefo their dolour to joy withont end.

And the ine of Britain shall be in all joy and peace, and the juft shall be glad in the fuppreffing of their adverfaries; and then shall all good men and women give perfert
land and praife to God omitipotent ; for God doth fuffer men to be punished for fin.

And then shall the owl, the bear with the cagle, be all deftroyed, becanfe they were untrue to tite moon, and changed into blood; for by their counfel, the old lion, gentle of nature, was degenerate, and mad againit them that was his trufty friends: for he shall be the caufe of great and much trouble, and shedding of much innocent blood, and the beginning of great difcord among them that shonld be friends: and as for his fucceffion, they shall never inherit their lands. And then shall the Brace beware, and take good heed that he shed not blood in thefe lands, but draw hin to his frength; for the wolf shall await him at an advantage and be his death, and then shall all the bieds of the wood fing for jov, that the wolf is made watchman, and an enemy to the fox : for all shall be one in truth and peace, treafon, shall be no more known, and the fun shall shine clear, but the moon shall be under covert, and dark till God be pleafed to redrefs; the white lion ramping, shall have his den at large, for his ftedfat truth that he kept to the Kyth.

And he shall keep the birds in their bourds with all glory; but the unicorn shall couch fu!l lows for faifehood that he wrought with the raven yalping, and that was for his greedinefs and tresfon that they shall do by the fea, and under a great hill: for the cock that should have been true was falle, and drew with him the papingo; hy which the rofe gave no fmell that was ever pleafant to the Kyth; and fo in their train they shall draw the beft fowls in the wood: wherefore, alas! but then let them take heed; for then comes their ditite fs : the horn shall blow fuch a dolerous found, that all the caftles of Tyne shall quake; and the hart shall run, and make little debate: woe shall be, but it shall not long laft, for the wolf witid the dragon, and the lion, shall chey releafe, that lay long in their den, and juftice shall be had for that which was ftayed to rife ; then shall tremble and quake the falwart and the flarke; and the right shall be had, that juftice thall draw, and woe shall be to them that no pity would have for the chieftain of the Kyth, titat God would guide, and Atrike treafon down on every fide.

> And happy is that man that may it fee, Bus happier that chieftain, whoever he be.

## BISHOP USHER'S

WONDERFUL PROPHECIES OF THESE TIMES WITH SIXTEEN IIORE.

Relating to the Affairs in Kingdoms and States; predicting the DOWNFAL of the POPE, the EMPIRE of the TURKS, and the FRENCH KING. With other wonderful things immediately expected to happen.

A Faithful collection of fundry Prophecies and Predietions, E゙c.

THOUGH fome may flight Prophecies'and Predictions as irivolous and vain, yet not only Holy Scripture, but the experience of moft ages have found their events, when time has unravelled the myfterious and ambiguous words and phrafes, that make them at firt feem hard and difficult to undertand, whereof I might inttance many, but intending only to lay down for the fatisfaction of the curious, fuch as are not yet known to be paffed, but their event expected, I come to what is material.
, A Prophecy Recited by Mr. Lilly in the year 1651. Reo. $\therefore$ lating to the French Nation.

ACertain Priuce as religious as "a Turk, fhall overfpread that peoples toritories, and war and defolation will be occafioned by the unruly nobility, who by their civil diffentions thall occafion the ruin of the French monarchy; and if you would know near the time of this great mutation, it thall be when a certain King called Henry is twice mrade a King, and Duke of Florence :urns Proteftant. This prophecy feems to hint at the prefent juncture, though written fo many years fince, in confideration the Englifh and Scotctination have unanimounly proclaimed and futmitted their crowns to William Henry his prefent Majelly ; fo'that he may be faid twice to be made a King.

Anotber Propliecy of the fame Author, $\mathcal{E}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

THE French King (fays he) or (as the latin has it) the King of Erance, fiall be driven out by his own
people; for he will exercife very great tyranny againft his subjects and againt the church of Chrit, being inttigated or ftirred up thereunto by the Romifh Bifhops, \&c. who being bribed with money, fhall feduce and betray him = This he thall feem to do in favour of his kingdom or allies; but when he fhall be removed and deceived, he fhall be left all alone in banifhment, abandoned by thofe that he confided in : This fhall happen towards the end of the fecond incurfe, fo the fhield fhall hang on the fire-band. This was written as ancient as the former.

A Proplecy of the Turks, concerning the downfal of tibeir Empire.

0UR Monarch thall come, he thall difpoftefs the unbelieving Prince of this kingdore ; he flall fubdue the red apple, and make it yield to his government ; and if tappily the Chriftian fword prevail not unto the feventh year, he fhall over-rule them unto the twelfth year: H: fhall, build caftles, plant vineyards, and fortify his gardens (or towns) with walls; he fhall increafe in iffue : but after the 12 th year, the fword of the Chriftians fhall ápproach, which fhall put the Turks to flight, utterly vanquifing therm. As for this prophecy, the accomplifhment of it is now in difpute between the Turks and 'Chriftiane, and therefore I leave the reader to expect the cvent.

The Prediation of Malch't, fome time. Arch-Bijhop of Dublin, and accounted by the Papifls for a Saint, relating to the downfal of the Papacy.
$T$ H1S man heving by way of Symbole deferibed all the Yopes that were before his time, fince his time, and what he propofes are yet to come, concludes with a fad O hone! O kone! in thefe words: In the laft perfecution of the Romifh church, (fays he) one Peter a Roman, fhall poffers the chair, and feed the fheep in many tribulations; which being accomplifhed, the feven-hill'd city flall be deftroyed, and the dreadful Judge fuall call the people to judgement : And his, according to his account, is computed to happen in the year 1800, if we allow 7 years to the reign of every Pope; however, for the Elect's fake, thefe days may be flortened.

Gilds his Prophecy mentioned by Bifhop Usher, relating to the Scots Nation, and reduced into Englifh thus :

SCOTLAND 'dove all hall his brave Chief bemoan, Who all the fea-girt places rules alone: The widow'd land of bounteous Prince bereft, Shall twice three years and nine long months be left.
Sad Scotland mourns her old jut valiant Kings,
But Merling fays, after them up there firings,
One that hall not in kingly manner fay,
The royal fceptre, yet make them obey :
'Io Albany prefaging mifchier flows,
By their own frauds undone more than their foes,
Yet old Sybillia has in rhymes foretold,
She fall revive when one that doats on gold
Is lay'd to reft ; the white Albanion then,
13y treachery undoes his country-men :
A northern Prince with numerous hips fall vex,
The Scots, whom fury, ford and death perplex:
Soon after forrows ceafe, and joys appear,
And welcome peace flutes our hemisphere.
This Gildas in flory well read, foreshows,
Whole verfe though brief, much matter may difclofe.

A very ancient Prophecy called Truswell's Prophecy, because when it was firft found it was put into the bands of Mr. Truswell, recorder of Lincoln.

THE Lilly (by which France is fignified) thall remain the better part, and he fall be moved again the feed of the Lyon, and he fall ftand on one part amongst the thorns of his kingdom, whore kingdom is the land of the Moon ; and there foal come the Son of Man bearing the wild beats in lis arms; with a multitude of people he foal pars many waters, and foal come to the land of the Lyon, looking for help, from the beats of his own country; then shall there come an Eagle out of the Eat with his wings Spread with the beams of the fun, and in that year shall be deftroyed caftles, or rather ships upon the Thames; and there shall be great fear over all the world, and efpecially in one part of the land there shall be a great battle amongst many kings; and in that day - shall be the bloody field, wherein the Lilly shall lope his crown, wherewith the Son of Man shall be crowned; and
in the 14 year many battles shali be fought for the fait: The head of the world shail be brought down to the dult, (viz. the Pope) and the Son of Man with the Eagle, shalt be exalted, and there fhall be a univerfal peace over all the world, and the Son of Man receive a wonderful fign, and there fhall be great plenty of all fruits of the earth; and he shall go into the land of the crofs, viz. the Holy Land. This prophecy when firt found, and many times fince, has put fundry learned perions to confider when it would come to pafs, and who fhould be meant by the Son of Man ; however, happily after all, this ige may more plainly mauifeft.

A Prophecy found in the lilrary of Salizarius of Heidle. burgh in Germany, about two bundred yiars fince.

THERE shall a great King arife out of the nation of the moft illuftrious Lillies, having a long forehcad, high brows, large eyes, and an Eagle's nofe ; he shall gather a great army and deftroy all the tyrants of his kingdom, and flay all that fly into mountains and caves from his face, for righteoufnefs fhall be joined to him as the bridegroom to the bride; with them he shall wage war, even unto the furtieth year, bringing into fubjection the Iflanders, Italians and Spaniards; Rome and Florence he fhall deftroy and burn with fire, fo as falt may be fown on the land: The greateft clergymen that have invaded Peter's chair, he shall put to death, and in the fame year obtain a double crown; at lait going over fea with a great army, he thall enter Greece and be named the king of the Greeks: The Turks and Barbarians he shall fubdue, making edict, that every one sliall die the death that worshippeth not the crucified one, and none shall be found able to refilt him, becaufe a holy arm from the Lord shall be always with him; and he shall poffefs the dominions of the earth. Thefe things is ing done, he shall be culled the relt of the holy Chritians. 'Tis fuppofed of king William, being prince of Orange, which is in Irance.

A Propbecy found in the Mountain Taurus in Switzerland, engriven on a Square marble foone, and in Entlijh thus:

> AStar shall arife in Europe over the Hiberians, towards the great houfe of the north, whofe beams
8.u ll unexpectedly enlighten the whole world : This stall be in a moft delireable time, when mortals wearied with vars, shall unanimoufly delire peace; they shall fivive indeed, by reafon of a long lafting vacancy, with various fludies, who shall obtain the power of empire, but at laft the off-fpring of the ancient blood shall overcome, and proceed victorioufiy by force of arms, till refilited by contrary fates; for this Aar being fet, another co-equal Fight blazing with more ardent flames of war, shall £pread his empire even to the coaft of the Antipodes; but firlt France shall fatmit her neck to his yoke, and Britanuy fupplyant in ships, shall caft her felf at his fcet. Italy breathing after fceptres fo high, shall ftretch to him her languishing hand: But this bright beam with the valt defire of men, shall abfcond itfelf in the clouds of God; after which reany dire misfortunes and calamities thall befal mankind, \&e.

Cornelius Gemma cites this prophecy in lis book of fupernatural apparitions, and it is held to be one of the prophecies of Sybilla Tiburtina, and many interpreted it to the advantage of Charles the fifth emperor, others of Fhilip the fecond, king of Spain; others to Henry the fourth of France, but however, none of them anfwered it in their action, therefore we muft conclude it is yet to "come, and expect a favourable iffue.
'A Propkecy of Rasbl Elias, relating to the end of the worid.

THE words in original are in Hebrew, as being done by a Jewish Rabin, but in English thus, viz.
Thus faid the fons of Difciples of Elias, the world confifeth 'of 6000 years, 2000 years void, 2000 the law, and 2000 under the Meflias, but for our fins which are many, thofe $y$ cars are paffed over that are pat already ; and of this opininn are many learned fathers of the Chrifian Church, alluding a thoufa. 1 years to, a-day of the creation; and as there was a fabbath of reft at the end of the fix days, fo at the end of the fix thoufand years there will ke an everlaftiag fabbath.

## Tycho Brabas' PrediEition of the dowufal of Popery.

 account, that Ki. James the firft of Engrad, uponhis being i:- Denmark, went to his cafle of Vraniburg to pay him a vifit, where he wrote thefe verfes it his commendation, viz.

What Phobus dar'd, or what's by Yhæton done,
To rule the tiery horfes of the fun;
More Tycho doth, he rules the flars above,
Ard is Uranias' favomrite and love.
He tells us, that the light of the gofpel, and purity of religion doth shine out clearly, overcoming the darknefs of papal error; adding, that we are now at the heigheit perfection, and that the power of Antichritt and the $i^{\prime}$ ope shall decay and be brought to ruin, and God, who rulech in heaven, allo shall rule all things on earth.

A Prophecy of Paul Grebner's, relating to the dowefat of the , Feffuits.

THERE shall arife, fays he, a new fortumate Zifca, who shall break the heads of the Jefuits in Germany, and drive them out of Attria, and ail the tracts of Yamouia, even as far as ${ }^{\circ}$ Conftantinople itfelf; therefore, 'tis mett and requifite that a preciou; diadem be fet upors the head of this fortunate ' 'utoriick Zifca, who is the bead of the itock, a great and valiant warrior, that cones of the ftock of Mars the fixth ; he shall rule victoricufly, and do many famous things, happily finishing them, with his other tribunes and captaims: A fter thele revolutions, great and wonderful things shall enfue, and many mylleries brought to light.

A Sort Prediaion, or offervation of Mr. Lillie's foumd
ister his deceafe, with fomewhat reiating to London.

THE condunation, fays he, of fo many planets in the fign Leo, in the year 1682, gives very rational grounds, to fredict the appearance of another Comet, very ftrange apperitions in the air, or fome prodigious meteors either preceding that conjunction, or fablequent within a short time after; and we allo are fearful, that fome more than ordinary fire or fires may afflict or do confiderable damage to tmany cities of Europe: God keep this judgement from the city of London, and blefs her iuhabitants with mucb health and profperity, and deliver her from another plague or petilential diltemper, \& c .

A Prediaica of Dooms-day, upon' ibsfe quards, viz. Jefus Chritt the Son of Gou, the Saviour.

IN fign of Dooms-day the whole world shall fiweat, Ever to reign a King in heavenly feat; Shall come to judge all flesh, the faithful and Unfaithful too before his God shall ftand. Corporeal he shall fit, and thence extend, His doom in fouls: the earth shali quite lie watte, Ruin'd, o'ergrown with thorns, and men shall calt Idols away, and treafure-fearching fire Shall burn the ground and rage with fatal ire, Through feas and Ikies, and break hell's biack fate, So shall free light falute : he bleffed ftate Of Saints; the guily in lafting flames shall burn, No act fo bad but thence to light shall tura; Nor breaft fo clofed but God shall open wide,
Each, where shall crys be heard, and noife befide, Of gnashing teeth. The fun shall from the fky Fly forth, and ftars no more move orderly ;
Great heaven shall be difolv'd, the mooa depriv'd
Of all her light, ‘places at hei, bt arriv'd
Depreft, and valleys mounted to their feat ;
There shall be nought to mortals high or great ;
Hills thall be levell'd with the plains, the fea
Endure no burthen, and the earth as they
Shall perifh, cleft with lightning, every fpring,
And rivers burn, the fatal trump thall bring;
Unto the willd from heaven a ciifmal blaft,
Including plagues to come for ill deeds paft:
Oid Chaus through the featter'd mafs appears,
Unto this bar all kings come prifoners,
Raptur'd with joy, or overwhicln'd with fears.
A fecond 3ropbecy of Paul Grebner's, prefaging the refloring of divers Princes of the Empire, ECo and the dounifal of the Papal Autbority.

THE Lord (faith he) doth raife up an elector which flall throw down, and root o:it the Roman Antichrift in his dominions, with her members and abettors, in this valiant precipitated tumult, raging like a fea in a tempeft : Many princes fhall be refored to their righte, former eftates and liberties: And a noble flout Bohemian Lurd duth iccuver his juriflition by tie mecting of ar-
mes and their diffipation, and the heirs of fuch as are expeeled fall contend and labour; that by the bounty of the emperor of Germany, they may be fet again in the place of their ancettors.

A Prophecy relating to the prefent times, and found curitten above a hundred years fine in the Cathedral Church of Edinburgh, said to be predifed by one Mother Greg.

TF the Orange fall engrafted be Twice on the Royal Oak that fately, tree, Though Cydar, Olive, Vine, and Fir oppose, And ali the Shrubs that in the world there grows: If Orange with the Rope and Lilly join, The Irish Harp fall lope its grand defign.

## An ancient Prophecy of Regiomontanus.

FROM Christ's birth count thousand years complete, And add five hundred more with eighty-eight;
That year approaching, all men with affright With woful terrors which on them will light, If the whole world do not to ruin run,
Or into nothing land and leas be done, At leaf forme Realms shall toptie turvy turn, And men on all hands lamentably mourn.

The Prophecy, or Prediaions of the pious and learned Arch. Bijbop Usher, foretime Primate of Ireland, foretelling the Contrivances and Conspiracies of the Papils againgt the Proteflants.

THIS great divine, in a time when it was leaf expected the Papits Should gain any power or advantage, declared, that he confidently expected great calamities, and that a fad perfection would fall upon the Proteftant churches of Europe ; therefore, fail he to his friend that made further: enquiry: Fool not yourfelf with hopes of its being over, I tell you that all you have yet feed, is but the beginning of farrows, to what is yet to come upon the Proteltant Churches of Chit, who will ere long fall under a fharper perfection than ever has yet been upon them; and therefore, fays ho, look you be not found in the outward court, but a worhipper in the temple before the altar, for Chrift meafures all thole that profefs his name, and call themselves his people, and the outward
worlhippers he will leave out to be trodden down of the Gentiles. The outward court, fays he, Is the formal Chriftiza, whofe religion lies in performing the out-fide duties of Chriftianity, without having an inward life, and power of faith and love, uniting them to Chriit ; and thefe ' 'od will leave to be trodden down ani: fiwept away by the Gentiles, but the worfhippars within the Temple and before the Altar, are thofe that indeed worfhip God in Spirit and Truth, whofe fouls are made his Temples, and hee is honoured and adored in the thot in ward thoughts of their hearts. They facrifice their fuefts and vile affections, yea, even their own wills unto him : and thefe God will hide in the bottom of his hand, and even under the fhaddow of his wings; and this fhall be one great difference between this laft and all other preceeding perfecutiens; for in the former, the moft eminent and fpiritual Minifters and Chritians did generaily fuffer moft, and were moft violently fallen upon; but in this laft perfecution thefe flould be perefrved of God as a feed to partake of that glory, which fha!! immediately follow and come upon the Church as foon as ever this florm fhall be over; for as it fhall be fharpeft, fo it fhall be Morteft. This reverend divine being afled by whom this fhould be brought to pafs, anfwered, by the Papitts, for they were in his opinion the Geatiles fpoken of in the : tth of the Revelations, feeing they followed the Gentiles manner of worfhip in adoring faints and angels, worfhipping imagee, \&c. Find indeed the hate flarp and bloody perfecution of the Proteftants in France, Savoy, and at prefent in Ireland, may be part of what this pions man hinnted at ; but if God for our fins fhotild fuffer us to fall into further affiction, we are fare the joy of the wicked fall be but for a moment, and that in due time Rome fhall finally fall, And the kings of the earth foall bate the whore, and inake her defolate, and naked, and buin ber wvitl? firc. Rev. xvii. 16.

Rome tote'ring long, laden with errors fore, At lalt fhall fall and heed the world no more.

