LIFE, STRANGE VOYAGES,

AND

UNCOMMON ADVENTURES

OF

AMBROSE GWINETT,

BY THE LAME BEGGAR:

Who, for a long time, Swept the way at the Mewigate, Charing-Cross.

CONTAINING,

An Account of his being convicted and hanged in Chains, at Deal in Kent, for the supposed Murder-of Mr. Collins, his surprizing Recovery after being executed; his voyage to the West Indies; his being taken by the Spaniards, where he meets the indentical Collins, whom he was supposed to have murdered; the Accident that threw Mr. Gwinett into the hands of pirates; his extraordinary adventures with them, and being re-taken by the Spaniards, and by them condemned to the Gallies; his being taken and made a Slave of by the Algerines, and after suffering many hardships, his return to England.

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LIFE AND ADVENTURES

OF

AMBROSE GWINETT.

I Was born of reputable parents in the city of Canterbury, where my father, living at the fign of the blue anchor, dealt in flops. He had but two children, a daughter and myfelf, and having given me a good school education, at the age of sixteen, he bound me apprentice to Mr. George Roberts, an attorney in our town, with whom I staid four years and three quarters, to his great content, and my own satisfaction.

My fifter being come to a woman's eftate, had now been married fomething more than a twelve-month to one Sawyer, a fea-faring man, who having got confiderable prizes, my father also giving him 2001. with my fifter, quitted his profeffion, and fet up a public house, within three miles of the place of his nativity, which was

Deal, in the county of Kent.

I had frequent invitations to pass a short time with them; and in the autumn of the year 1709, having obtained my master's consent for that purpose, I lest the city of Canterbury on foot on Wednesday morning, being the 17th day of September; but, through some unavoidable delays on the road, the evening was considerably advanced before I reached Deal; and so tired was I, being unused to that way of travelling that, had my life depended

depended upon it, I could not have got fo far as my fifter's that night, the living, as I have already

faid, three miles beyond that place.

At this time there was a great many of her Majesty Queen Anne's ships lying in the harbour, the English being then at war with the French and Spaniards; besides which, I found this the day for holding the yearly fair, so that the town was silled to that degree that a bed was not to be had for love or money. I went seeking a lodging from house to house to no purpose, till being quite spent, I returned to the public house where I had first made enquiry, desiring leave to sit by their kitch-

en fire to rest myself till the morning.

The publican and his wife where I put up, happened, unfortunately for me, to be acquainted with my brother and fifter, and finding by my difcourse that I was a relation of theirs, and going to visit them, the landlady presently said she would endeavour to get me a bed; and going out of the kitchen, the quickly after called me into a parlour that let from it. Here I faw, fitting by the firefide, a middle aged man in a night gown and cap. who was reckoning money at a table. "Uncle, (faid the woman as foon as I entered) this is a brother of our friend Mrs Sawyer; he cannot get a bed any where, and is tired with his journey. You are the only one that lies in this house alone, will you give him part of yours?" To this the man answered, that he had been blooded that day, and confequently a bed-fellow could not be agreeable; et However, said he, rather than the young man shall sit up, he is welcome to sleep with me." After this we fat a while together, when, after putting his money in a canvas bag, into the pocket of his night-gown, he took the candle, and I followed him up to bed.

How

How long I flept, I cannot exactly determine, but I conjectured it was about three o'clock in the morning when I awaked with the cholic, attended with the most violent gripes; I attributed this to fome bacon and cabbage I had eaten that day for dinner, after which I drank a large draught of milk. I found my chum awake as well as myfelf; he asked me what was the matter? I informed him, and at the fame time begged he would direct me to the necessary. "He told me, when I was down stairs I must turn on my right hand and go straight into the garden, at the end of which it was, just over the sea; "but, adds he, you may possibly find some difficulty in opening the door, the string being broke which pulls up the latch, I will give you a pen-knife, with which you may open it, through a fmall chink in the boards." So faying, he put his hand into his waistcoat pocket, which lay over him on the bed, and gave me a middling-fized pen-knife.

I hurried on a few of my clothes and went down stairs; but I must observe to you, that unclasping the pen-knife, to open the door of the necessary, according to direction, a piece of money, which fluck between the blade and the grove in the handle, fell into my hand: I did not examine what it was, nor indeed could I well fee, there being then but very faint moon light, so I put

them together carelessly into my pocket.

I apprehend I staid in the garden pretty near half an hour, (for I was extremely ill) and by oerheating myself with walking the preceding day. 2d brought on the piles; a disorder I was subject from my youth. These seemed triffing circumnces, but afterwards turned out of infinite conequence to me. - When I returned to the chamer, I was surprised to find my bed-fellow gone;

I called feveral times, but receiving no answer, took it for granted he had withdrawn into some adjoining closet for his private occasions. I therefore went to bed and again fell asleep.

About fix o'clock I arofe, no body yet being up in the house. The gentleman was not yet returned to bed, or if he was, had again left it. I drest myself with what haste I could, being impatient to see my lister; and the reckoning being paid over night, I let myself out at the street door.

I will not trouble you with a relation of the kindness with which my sister and her halband received me. We breakfasted together, and I believe it might be about eleven o'clock in the forc-noon, when standing at the door, my brother-in-law being by my side, we saw three horsemen galloping towards us. Soon as they came up, they stopt, and one of them lighting, suddenly seized me by the collar said, "You are the king's prisoner." I desired to know my crime. He said I should know that as soon as I came to Deal, where I must immediately go with them. One of them told my brother, that the night before I had committed a murder and robbery.

Resistance would have proved as vain as my tears and protestations of my innocence: in a word, a warrant was produced, and I was carried back to Deal, attended by three men; my brother, with another friend, accompanying us, who knew not what to say, or how to comfort me.

Being arrived in town, I was immediately hurried to the house where I had slept the preceding night, the master of which was one of the three men that came to apprehend me, though in my first hurry I did not recollect him. We were met at the door by a crowd of people, every one crying, "Which is he? Which is he?" As soon

as I entered, I was accosted by the publican's wife, in tears, "O! curfed wretch, what hast poor dear uncle, and all through me who put thee to lie with him! But where hast thou hid his money? and what half thou done with his hody? Thou shalt be hang'd upon a gallows as high as the May-pole." My brother begged her to be pacified, and I was taken into a private room. They then began to question me as the woman had done, about where I had put the money, and how I had disposed of the body. I asked them what money, and what lody they meant? Then they faid I had killed the person I had lain with the preceding night for the take of a large fum I had seen with him. I fel down upon my knees, calling God to witness I knew nothing of what they accused me. Then simebody, cried, "Carry him up stairs," and I was brought into the chamber where I had slept. Here the man of the house went to the bed, and turning down the clothes, shewed the sheets, pillovs, and bolster died in blood. He asked me, did I know any thing of that? I declared to God I did not. Says a person that was in the room, "Young man, fomething very odd must have happened here last night; for lying in the next chamber, I heard groanings, and going up and down stairs more than once or twice. I told them the circumstance of my illness, and that I had been up and down myself, with all that paffed between my bed-fellow and me. Somebody proposed to search me, severals began to turn my pockets infide out, and from my waithcoat tumbled the pen-knife and the piece of money I have already mentioned. Upon feeing thefe, the woman immediately screamed out, "O God! there is my uncle's pen-knife!" Then taking up the money, and calling the people about her, "Here, faid she, is what puts the villain's guilt beyond a doubt; I can swear to this William and Mary's guinea; my uncle has long had it by way of a pocket piece, and engraved the first letters of his name upon it." She then began to cry afresh, while I could do nothing but continue to call to Heaven to witness that I was as innocent as the child unborn. After this they took me down to the necessary, and here fresh proofs appeared against me. The constable, who had never left me, perceived blood upon the edges of the feat, (which might probably proceed from my being troubled with the hemorrhage the night before), "Fiere, said he, after having cut the throat, he has let the body down into the fea." This every body affented to immediately. "Then, faid the master of the house, it is in vain to look for the body any further; for there was a spring tide last night which carried it off."

The consequence of these proceedings was an immediate examination before a justice of peace; after which I fuffered a long and rigorous imprisonment in the county town of Maidstone. For fome time, my father, my master, and my relations, were inclined to think me innocent, and in compliance with my earnest request, an advertisement was published in the London Gazette, representing my deplorable circumstances, and offering a reward to any person who could give tidings of Mr. Richard Collins (the name of the man I was supposed to have murdered) either alive or dead. No information, however, of any kind came to hand; at the affizes, therefore, I was brought to trial, and circumstances appearing strong against me, I received sentence, to be carried in a cart the Wednesday fortnight following,

to the town of Deal, and there to be hanged before the innkeeper's door where I had committed the murder; after which I was to be hung in chains within a little way of my brother's house.

Nothing could have supported me under this dreadful condemnation, but a consciousness of my not being guilty of the crime for which I was to suffer. My friends now began to consider my declaration of innocence as persitting in falsehood, to the perdition of my soul; many of them discontinued their inquiries after me; and those few that still came to visit me, only came to urge me to confession; but I was resolved I would never

die with a lie of that kind in my mouth.

The Monday was now arrived before the fatal day, when an end was to be put to my miseries. I was called down into the court of the prison, but I own I was not a little mocked, when I found it was to be measured off for the irons in which I was to be hung after execution. A fellow-prisoner appeared before me in the same world plight, (he had robbed the mail) and the smith was measuring him when I came down; while the goaler, with as much calmness, as if he had been ordering a pair of stays for his daughter, was giving directions in what manner the irons should be made, so as to support the man, who was remarkably heavy and corpulent.

Between this and the day of my execution, I fpent my time alone in prayer and meditation. At length Wednesday morning came, and about fix o'clock I was put into the cart; but sure, such a day of wind, rain and thunder, never blew out of the heavens: it pursued us all the way; and when we arrived at Deal, it became so violent, that the sheriff and his officers, who had not a dry

stitch

stitch upon them, could scarce sit their horses; for my own part, my mind (God help me) was with long agitation become so unfeeling, that I was in a manner insensible to every object about me. I however, heard the sheriss whisper the executioner to make what dispatch he could, without the least emotion, and suffered him to tuck me up like a log of wood, unconscious of what

he was doing.

I can give no account of what I felt while I was hanging, fomething for a little time appeared about me like a blaze of fire; nor do I know how long I hung: no doabt but the violence of the weather favoured me greatly to that circumstance. What I am now going to tell you, I learned from my brother, which was, that after having hung about half an hour, the sheriff's officers all went off, and I was cut down by the executioner; but when he came to put the irons upon me, it was found a midake had been made. and that the irons of the other man, which were much too large for me, had been fent instead of mine. This they remedied as well as they could, by fruffing rays between my body and the imops that furrounded it; after which I was taken, according to my fentence, to the place appointed, and hung upon a gibbet which was ready prepared.

The cloth over my face being but slightly tied, and suffering no pressure from the irons, which stood a great way from it, was, I suppose, soon disparched by the wind, which was still rather violent, and probably its blowing on my bareface expedited my recovery; certain it is, that in this

tremendous fituation I came to myfelf.

It was, no doubt, a very great bleffing, that I did not immediately return to perfectly to my fenfes

fenses as to have a feeling of things about me; yet I had a fort of recollection of what had happened, and, in some measure, was sensible where I was.

The gibbet was placed at one corner of a small common field, where my sister's cows usually ran; and it pleased God, that about this time a lad, who took care of them, came to drive them home for evening milking. The creatures which were feeding almost under me, brought him near the gibbet; when, stopping to look on the melancholy spectacle, he perceived the cloth from off my face, and in the very moment he looked up, saw me open my eyes and move my under jaw. He immediately ran home to inform the people at his master's. At first, they made some dissipute to believe his story; at length, however, my brother came out, and, by the time he got to the field, I was so much alive, that my groans were very audible.

It was now dulk. The first thing they ran for was a ladder. One of my brother's men mounted, and putting his hand to my stomach, felt my heart beating very strengly. But it was found impossible to detach me from the gibbet, without cutting it down. A faw, therefore, was got for that purpose; and, without giving you a detail of trisling circumstances, in less than half an hour, having freed me from my irons, they got me blooded, and put into a warm bed in my bro-

ther's house.

It is an amazing thing, that, though upwards of eight persons were intrusted with this transaction, and I remained three days in the place after it happened, not a creature betrayed the secret. Early next morning, it was known that the gibbet was cut down, and it immediately occurred

OF AMBROSE GWINEIT.

to every body, that it was done by my relations, in order to put a flight vail over their own shame, by burying the body: But when my brother was summoned to the mayor's house, in order to be questioned, and he denied knowing any thing of the matter, little more stir was made about it; partly because he was greatly respected by all the neighbouring gentlemen, and in some measure, perhaps, because it was known that I continued to persist stongly in my being innocent of the fact for which I suffered.

Thus, then, was I most miraculously delivered from an ignominious death, if I may call my coming to life a delivery, after all I had endured: but, how was I to dispose of my life, now I had regained it?-To stay in England was impossible, without expoling mylelf again to the terrors of the law. In this dilemma, a fortunate circumstance occurred. There had lain for some time, at my brother's house, one or two of the principal officers of a privateer that was preparing for a cruise, and just then ready to fail. The captain kindly offered to take me on board with him.-You may guels, little difficulty was made on our fide to accept of fuch a propofal; and proper necellaries being quickly provided for me, my fifter recommended me to the protection of God and the worthy commander, who most humanely received me as a fort of under assistant to his steward.

We had been fix months out upon our cruife, having had but very indifferent fuccess, when, being upon the coast of Florida, then in the hands of the Spaniards, we unfortunately fell in with a squadron of their men of war: and, being consequently, taken without striking a stroke, we were all brought prisoners into the harbour of Havan-

nah. I was really now almost weary of my life, and should have been very glad to have ended it in the loathsome dungeon; where, with forty others of my unfortunate countrymen, the enemy had stowed me: but, after three years close confinement, we were let out in order to be put on board transports, to be conveyed to Pensylvania, and from thence to England. This, as you may believe was a difagreeable fentence to me, taking it for granted, that a return home would be a return to the gallows: being now, a tolerable mafter of the Spanish language, I solicited very strongly to be left behind: which favour t obtained, by means of the mafter of the prison, with whom; during my confinement, I had contracted a fort of intimacy; and he not only took me into his lioufe, as foon as my countrymen were gone, but in a short time, procured me a falary from the governor, for being his deputy.

Indeed, at this particular time, the office was by no means agreeable. The coast had been long infested with pirates, the most desperate gang of villains that can be imagined; and there was fcarce a month passed that one or other of their vessels did not fall into the governor's hands, and the crew as constantly were put under my care. Once I very narrowly escaped being knocked on the head by one of these rustians, and had the key wrested from me: another time I was shot at. Pis true, in both cases the persons suffered for their attempt, and, in the last, I thought a little too cruelly; for the fellow who let off the carabine, was not only put to the torture, to confess his accomplices, but afterwards broke upon the wheel, where he was left to expire, the most shock-

ing spectacle I ever beheld with my eves.

I had been in my office about three months when

when a ship arrived from Port-Royal, another Spanish settlement on the coast, with nine English prisoners on board. I was standing on the street as they were coming up from the port, with a guard of soldiers, to the governor's house. I thought something struck me in the face of one of the prisoners, that I had before been acquainted with. I could not stop them for us to speak together: however, in about an hour after, they were all brought down to prison, there to be lodged till the governor signified his further pleasure.

As foon as the poor creatures found I was an Englishman, they were extremely happy, even in their distressed situation, though indeed they were treated with lenity enough, and only sent to the prison till a lodging could be provided for them, they having been, in the course of the war, made prisoners as well as myself, and then on their return home. I now had an opportunity of taking notice of the man whose face I thought I knew, and I was more and more confirmed that I was not mistaken. In a word, I verily thought that this man was the person for whose supposed murder I had suffered so much in England; and the thought was so strong in my head, that I could not sleep a wink all night.

In the morning after their arrival, I told them, that if any of them had a mind to walk about the town I would procure them permission, and go along with them. This man said he would go, and it was what I wished. Three other prisoners, that went out along with us, walked a little in advance. I now took the opportunity, and looking in his face, "Sir," said I, "was you ever at Deal:" I believe he, at that instant, had some recollection of me; for, putting his hand upon my

shoulder,

shoulder, tears burst into his eyes. "Sir," says I, "if you were, and are the man I take you for, you here see before you one of the most unfortunate of human-kind; Sir, is your name Collins?" He answered it was—"Richard Collins!" said I. He replied, "Yes," "Then," said I, "I was hanged and gibbeted upon your account in England."

After our mutual surprise was over, he made me give him a circumstantial detail of every thing that happened to me in England, from the moment we parted. I never faw any man express fuch concern as he did, while I was purfising my melancholy adventures; but when I came to the circumstances of being hanged, and afterwards hung in chains, I could hardly prevail upon him to believe my relation, till backed by the most ferious affeverations, pronounced in the most folemn manner. When I had done; "Well," faid he, of young man, (for I was then but in my twentyfifth year; Mr. Collins might be about forty-three) if you have sustained misfortunes upon my account, do not imagine (though I cannot lay them at your door) that I have been without my fufferings. God knows my heart, I am most exceedingly forry for the injustice that has been done you; but the ways of Providence are unsearchable." He then proceeded to inform me by what accident all my troubles had been brought about.

"When you left me in bed," faid he, "having at first awaked with an oppression I could not account for, I found myself grow exceedingly fick and weak; I did not know what was the matter? I groan'd and sigh'd, and thought myself going to die; when, accidentally, putting my hand to my left arm, in which I had been blooded the morning before, I found my thirt wet, and, in short,

that

at the bandage having flipped, the orifice was ahin opened, and a great flux of blood iffued. his immediately accounted for the condition I fund myself in. I thought, however, I would the disturb the family, which I knew had gone to d very late I, therefore, multered all my length, and got up with my night-gown loofe abut me, to go to a neighbouring barber who had led me, in order to have the blood stopt and the Indage placed. He lived directly opposite to our Juse; but when I was crolling the way, in order knock at his door, a band of men, armed with Itlasses and hangers, came down the town, and lizing me, hurried me towards the beach. I beg-I'd and prayed; but they foon filenced my cries. It first I took them for a press-gang, though I afwards found they were a gang of ruffians, benging to a privateer, aboard of which they imlediately took me. However, before I got thier, the lofs of blood occasioned me to faint away. The furgeon of the ship, I suppose, tied my arm; for, when my fenses returned, I and myself in a hammock, with somebody feelg my pulse. I asked where I was? They said I is fafe enough. I immediately called for my ght-gown; it was brought me; but of a very insiderable sum of money that was in the pockof it I could get no account. I complained to e captain of the violence that had been done me, d of the robbery his men, had committed; but, ing a brutish fellow, he laughed at my grief, and d me, if I had lott, any thing, I should soon ve prize-money enough to make me amends. In word, not being able to help myfelf, I was oged to submit: and, for three months, they preed me to work before the mast. In the end, wever, we met with the same fate that you did.

We were taken by the Spaniard; and by adventures parallel to your own, you now fee me here on my return to our native country; whither, it you will accompany me, I shall think myself ex

tremely happy."

There was nothing now to prevent my going to England; and a ship being to fail for Europe in eight or ten days, in it Mr. Collins and I deter mined to embark. As foon as we returned home I went to my mafter, and told him my refolution he did not diffuade me from it, chiefly, I suppose, because it gave him an opportunity of getting the little office I held, for a nephew of his, who was lately come to live with him, to whom, the very fame day, I delivered up my trust. And here the providence of God was no lefs remarkable to me than in other particulars of my life; for the very fame night, eight or ten pirates, who were in the prison, watched the occasion, while the young man was locking up the wards, to feize lim, taking the keys from him, after having left him for dead! and, before the alarm was fufficiently given, five of them made their elcape, having, as it was suppoled, got off the coast by means of piratical boats, which kept continually hovering about.

It was the 18th day of November, 1712, that, having made all my little preparations, I fent my trunk aboard the Nostra Senora, a merchant ship, bound for Gadiz, Michael Derouza master. The vessel was to fail that evening, and lay in the road, three miles from the town. About seven o'clock in the evening, I being then sitting with Signiot Gasper, my old friend and master, in the portice to his house, a lad came up, and said the boat had been waiting half an hour for me at the port, and that my companion, Mr. Gollins was already or board. I ran to the house for a small bundle, and only

only staying to take leave of one or two of the family, made what hafte I could to the quay; and when I arrived, I found the boat had already put ff, leaving word, that I should overtake them at little bay, beyond the town. The dusk was oming on. I ran along the shore, and, as I imafined, foon had a fight of the boat, to which I lailowed as loud as I was able; they answered, Ind immediately put about to take me in : but we had scarce got fifty yards from land, when, on boking about for my friend Mr. Collins, I missed lim; and then it was I found I had made a mifike; and, inflead of getting on board my own Toat, which I now faw a-head, I had got into a pat belonging to some of the pirates. I attempt-11 to leap overboard, and should easily have swam fliore; but I was prevented by one of the crew, ho gave me a stroke on the head, which immelately laid me fenfeless; and I found afterwards hey miltook me for one of their own men, whom hey had fent to purchase something in the town.

A more infernal crew than these pirates breath-I not upon the face of the earth. Their whole ves were a scene of rapine and murder, which, hen they had not an opportunity of committing oon wretches that fell into their clutches, during leir piratical pursuits, they committed upon one nother. During the time that I remained with em, which was upwards of three years and three Larters, there was no less than eleven assassinaons among themselves. There was an uninhabed island, about twelve leagues welt of the Gulph. Mexico, which those villains called Swallow land, from the great number of those birds hich harboured upon it. Here they had a fortication; and the place being rendered almost inbe rocks, except at one little inlet, just

large enough to admit a fingle veffel, they defied

the Spanish power.

Their captain was one Bryan Walsh, an Irish. man, whom I cannot help calling a most execrable and bloody villain, though God Almighty put it into his heart to be a very good friend to me. When I was brought into the ship, and, immediately after into the captain's cabin, the first person that accosted me was one of the fellows that had broke out of prison, and had formerly been under my care. He knew me directly; and without any more ado, drawing out his hanger, aimed an stroke at me, which falling upon my neck, entered deep into the flesh, and must infallibly have put an end to my life, had not the captain prevented it, by raising his cane between him and me, which broke the force of the blow. From this moment he seemed to take me under his protection. At his own request, I gave him a history of my life, which aftonished him greatly: but notwithstanding I pleaded hard to be set on shore a gain, he absolutely refused: and, in spite of all my entreaties to the contrary, brought me to the island and fortification I have already mentioned, where, finding I could read and write, two qualifications he wanted himfelf, he thought I might to be of use to him.

I have already faid, that with these people I remained upwards of three years; on land I acted as store-keeper; and at sea, as a fort of purser to the ship. It is to be observed, that there was always a sufficient number of hands left on the island to man the fort, which was so situated as effectually to prevent the approach of an enemy. Indeed the office of store-keeper was a place of great trust. You would hardly credit me, was I to attempt to tell you the immense riches those rob-

bersit.

bers had amassed together. One article alone will be sufficient to give you an idea of it. Under one shade, I myself reckoned three thousand eight hundred bales of English goods; and I may safely declare, that in other merchandize of almost every kind, they fell nothing behind; and upon an average, there could not be less in their costers than two hundred thousand pounds sterling in specie, besides a great quantity of gold in bars.

The continual terror that was on my mind while I remained with these people, is not to be imagined: but, to give you a detail of our manner of life, while I endured this worst of bondage, would be tedious, because it had no variety, and shocking to boot, as I was forced to enter into all their horrid schemes. I shall only tell you, that in one of our cruizes, having met with a Jamaica ship, we hoisted out our black colours, and having boarded her, because she made some resistance, and killed one of our men, the captain ordered that the whole crew should be massacred; which wicked command was executed upon the mafter, five feamen, and a boy, in a manner, before the cruel monster's eyes; then taking the cargo out, which proved to be rum and fugar, we fouttled the ship, and returned to our fortification.

But to fee how the Avenger of wicked deeds makes the fruits of our crimes our punishment, this catgo of rum, which was of a kind not many degrees short of equasortis, was drunk by the men with such a sury, that in little more than three lays, not a drop of it was left; and of our comblingent of eighteen men, seven absolutely less their lives by it, among whom was the captain.

I cannot but confess I had some attachment to his man, because he always appeared particularly attached to me: when, therefore, I saw him lie

fenseless

fenfeless on the floor, overgorged with this infernal liquor, I did every thing I could to recover him, and fo far succeeded as to bring him to his fenses; but the quantity he had drunk had inflamed his bowels to a degree not to be affwaged by no lenitives, that was in my power to procure him. He was feized with intermitting convultions, which, the next day, carried him off; but about four hours before he died, he called to me, in prefence of all the men, who stood about him, in the cabin, and defiring me to fit down with pen and ink, to draw his will, he left me sole heir to his thare of the booty, figning the paper with his mark; which paper through a feries of unheardof misfortunes, I have preserved in my custody e--ver fince.

We buried the captain the next day; and, on inspection and partition of the treasure, I found myself worth considerably more than forty thoufand pounds Sterling. The persons now remaining of our company were, Joseph Wright, Andrew Van Hooten, a Dutchman, James Winter, and myself, the four principals, besides four common men, to whom we assigned five thousand pounds a-piece, which we gave to eath of them in dollars: nor did I observe any discontent among them on account of the bequest the captain had made to me.

All my thoughts were immediately bent on getting off the island to some of the English settlements. I plainly perceived, that my companions wanted to be again at their old practices: but one day talking upon the subject of another cruize, I represented to them the danger and uncomfortable fituation we were all in; that we had each of us a very ample fortune to support us in any part of the world; it was, therefore, my advice, that we

should immediately put our treasure on board, with as much of the merchandize as we could conveniently carry off, and make the best of our way to Jamaica, where there was no doubt but we should be well received.

They agreed to the proposal with more alacrity than I thought they would.—We fell immediately o work, and in two days were prepared to sail. But though we put a considerable quantity of bale goods on board, the quantity still in the warehouse was astenishing. I warned the fellows of their apacity, and the danger of deeply loading the hip, but they would not give over till she could hold no more; and then the treasure, packed in thests, each man's share separate to himself, we not in the cabin.

We weighed anchor the 3d. of August, and for hree days we had excellent weather; but the 4th. from began to threaten, and the symptoms still. ncreasing, by midnight such a war was raised beween heaven and earth, as to that hour, I never was witness of. About three o'clock in the morning we were obliged to heave the ship too under her are poles, and the fea ran fo exceeding high that we could keep no lights on board, tho' the night was fo dark that we could scarce see one another t a quarter of a yard distance; the wind still inreasing, we sprung the main-mast about six feet from the deck, that nothing could fave it. now began to feel the confequence of too deeply adding the veffel. The first things we threw overoard were our guns, and as our cafe became more and more desperate, every thing followed them, not excepting our chefts of treasure. Thus I was once more reduced to my original state of poverty. As day-light appeared the storm abated. We then, s well as we were able, erected jury-masts; and

in about four hours managed, with the greatest difficulty, to get the vessel again under fail.

I was now standing behind the man at the wheel, leaning against the mizen-mast, returning God thanks in my own mind for our amazing escape, when the boasswain came up to me and said, and Damme, Master Gwinett, you have brought us all into a pretty hole here; if it had not been for you we should not have taken this trip, and lost the substance we have been working for so many years; but you lop too, I assure you." I asked him what he meant? He said he would let me see, upon which he and two or three others of them that ca ne behind him, seizing me by the nape of the neck, and waistband of the breeches, forced me over the rails of the quarter-deck, and dropt me into the sea.

The shock of the fall, and the amaze I was in from so unexpected an accident, almost bereaved me of my lenles: I endeavoured, however, to keep myfelf above water as well as I could, though I had no manner of hopes of faving my life. first attempt was to swim after the ship; but finding that impracticable, I turned about, and, I believe, might have swam about three quarters of an hour, when being very faint and weak, I began to put up my last prayer to God, and commit myself to the deep; but at that instant, turning my head a little afide, I faw, at a small distance from me, what at first I rook for a barrel; but, good Lord! what was my joy and aftonishment, when coming nearer it, I perceived to be one of our own boats, which had been washed overboard the night before; and to complete my joy, the oars were lashed to the feat. Almost spent as I was, I made a shift to get into it; and here I saw myself freed in a miraculous manner, from the fury of the waves: but

it at the same time I found myself in an open at, at least fixty leagues from any land, without compais or any kind of vourishment whatsoever. tels I might count such some tobacco I had in a x in one of my waistcoat pockets, and I believe my conscience, it afforded a nourishment, that. a great measure helped to preserve me.

It was a very great bleffing for me, that modete weather followed the tempest, by which eans I'was enabled to keep the boat tolerably ady. I could not be less than thirty hours in is fituation, when I was taken up by a Spanish rrick; but I hardly reckon that among fortunaccidents; for the same day that I entered the p, one of the men, while I was afleep, hanged my clothes among the shrouds to dry; in dotit, emptied my pockets, and finding several pers relative to the pirates' affairs, as foon as by arrived in Port-Royal, whither they were und, they seized me as one of that desperate ig. I must observe to you, that when I first s taken into the ship, I gave a false account of felf; which caution was my ruin; for now conling the truth, and telling them I had been forcfinto the pirate's service, with all that had hapmed to me among them, my prevarications made m fuspect my veracity, and I was kept two urs in prison; when, by what means I know , fome of the wretches, with whom I left our ud, having been taken as pirates upon the Spancoasts in Europe, an order came to bring me Fr to Cadiz in Old Spain, in order to be an eviince. When I came there, I was again confinfor many months; but at length, when the pies were brought to their trial, instead of being de use of as an evidence, I found n.yself treat24 LIFE AND ADVENTURES, &c.

ed as a delinquent, and with two others, con

demned to the galleys for life.

I wrought on boar them for some years, whe the galley I belonged to was ordered to sea, again an Algerine rover that insested the coast; but, in stead of one, we met with three of them. Thissue of the engagement was satal to us. The greatest part of the crew were killed, and the retaken prisoners, amongst which last I was one having lost the leg which you see me want, in the action.

After this, I passed a long and painful slavery Algiers, till, with many other English captives, was released, by agreement between the Dey of Algiers and his Britannic Majesty's agent. In the year 1730, I returned to England. The first thing I did was to esiquire after my relations; but all those nearest to me were dead, and I found My Collins had never returned home; so I suppose he died in his passage. Though not an old man I was so enseebled by hardships, that I was unable to work; and being without any manner of support, I could think of no way of getting my his lag but by begging.

FINIS.

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