Scots Piper's Queries;

## JOHN FALHMRE

 CARRIC联思
## to which arb ambled

His Comical and Witty Jokes
When in Courtship with an old Tiddler's Widow, who wanted, all the teeth. With a copy of a Love Letter he sent to her, who was commonly called flinging Betty.

Old John Piper if you desire To' read at leasure by the fire, Twill please the bairns and keep them laughing, And mind the Old Goodwife o' her dafin.

## EDINBUREUT:

Printed for the Booksellers.

## ZIST OF IHISTORIES.

Na. :-Fairy Nanton $_{1}$.
\&-Fairy Tales, p. 2.
3 3-Fairy Tales, p. \%.
4,-Jane Shore.
5,-Ali Conia.
(1.-Ali Laba:
7.-Lothian Tons.
s-leprer, the trilor.
9.-Chevy Chace.
182. - Waterloo.
11.-The Coalman's Courtship.
18. - I. of Cnols Ghost. 18-Minll Handers.
理-Wife of Beith. 19,-Poor loblin, the merry saûler.
40,-Falkirks Carriches.
27. - Crany Jinne.
ra- Fair Rosamond.
10.-Doctor Faustus.
20.- Friar and the Boy.

No, 21.-History of Sir W. Wallace.
22.- Bamfylde Moare Carcw.
23.-Wise Willie and Witty Eppie.
24.-Jack, the GiaraKiller.
25.-Join Chcap, the Chapman.
26.-The Mighty Gimant

Travi, and his Magie Leaf.
27.-George Buchanma as.-The King and the Cbbler. 99.-Royal Riddle Rook 30.-Dream Book. 81.-Lite of Haggart. 32.-liobert Nixon's Prophecies.
83.-Simple John. \&c. \&c. \&c

A Large Aesortment of the most Popular BALLADS, SONGS, PATTELS, ofc.

This Catechism deserves no Creed, It's only for boys that will not read On wiser books, them to instruct! Let droll John their fancy cook.

## Scots Piper's Rueries.

Q. What is the wisest behariour of ignorant persons?
A. To speak of nothing but what they know, and to give their opinion of nothing tot what they understand.
Q. What time is a scolding wife at the best?
A. When she is fast asloep.
Q. What time is a scolding wife at the worst?
A. When she is that wicked as to tear the hair out of her head, when she can ${ }^{\circ}$ get at her neighbours, and through perfiect spite bites her tongue with her teeth My hearty wish is, that all such wicked ripers may ever do so.
Q. What is the effectual cure and infollible remedy for a scolding wife?
A. The only cure is to get out of the liesring of lier; but the infallible remedy is to nail her tongue to a growing tree, in the beginning of a cold winter night, and so let it stand till stin-rising next morting, and shell hocome one of the peaceablest women that ever lay by a man's sidc.
Q. What time of the yeer is it that there are most heles open?
A. In harvest when there are most stubbles.

- Q. At what time is the cow heaviest?
A. When the bull is on her back.
Q. Who was the goodman's muckle cow's calf's mother.
A. None but the muckle cor hercelf.
\&. What is the likest thing to a man and a horse?
A. A tailor on a mare's back.
Q. What is the hardest dimer that a tailor ever laid his foeth on?
A. His own goose, though never so well boiled and roasted.
$\dot{\text { Q. How many tods' tails will it take to }}$ reach to the moon?
A. One, if it be long enough.
Q. How many stickles gaines to the Digging of a craves nest?
A. None, for they are all car isl.
Q. How many whites will a well made pudding-prica need?
A. If it he well made it needs no more.
Q. Who was the father of Zebedee: child ron?
A. Who but himself.
Q. Where did roses go mien he was: full fifteen years old?
A. Into his sixteenth.
Q. Hew near related is your aunt's good-brother to you?
A. No nearer than my own father.
Q. How many holes are there in a hen's dour?
A. TWO.
Q. How prove you that?
A. There is one for the dung and another for the egg.
Q. Who is the best for catching rogues?
A. None so fit as a rogue himself.
Q. Where was the usefulest fair in Scotland Kent? A. At Mulg:yy.
Q. What sort of commodities were there?
A. Nothing but ale and ilk wicked wires.
Q. How was it abolished?
A. Because those that went to it once would go to it no more.
Q. For what reason?
A. Because there was no money to be got for them, but fair barter, wife for wife, and he who put away his wife for one fault, got another with two as bad.
Q. What was the reason that in those days a man could put away his wife for pissing the bed and not for sh-y it?
A. Because he could shute it away with his foot and lye down.
Q. What is the reason now a days that men court, cast, marry, and remarry so many rives, and Leep but only one in public at last?
A. Because private marriages are become as common as smuggling, and cuckolding the kirk no more thought of than to ride a mile or two on his neigitbours mare! men get will and wale of wives, the best portion, and properest person is prefered, the first left, the weak to the worst, and she whom he does not love, he slutes away with his foot, and lies down with whom he pleases.
Q. How will you know the bairns of our town by others in the kingdom?
A. By their ill breeding and bad manners
Q. What is their behaviour?
A. If you ask them a gutestion in civility, if it were but the road to the next town, they will tell you to follow your nose, and if go wrong curse the guide.
Q. Are young and old of them no better?
A. All the odds lios in the difference, for if you ask a child t.) whom he belongs, or who is his father, he will tell you to kiss his father's a-c.
Q. What kind of creatures are kindliest when they meet?
A. None can exceed the kindness of dogs when they meet in a market.
Q. And what is colley's conduct there?
A. First they kiss others mouths and noses, sineH about, and at last of all, they are so kind as to kiss ather below the tail.
Q. Wlat is the coldest part of a dog?
A. His nose.
Q. What is the coldest part of a man?
A. His knees.
Q. What is the coldest part of a woman? A. The back part of her body
Q. What's the reason that these three: parts of men, women and dogs are coldest?
A. Fabulous historians write, that thare
was thres little holes broke in Nóan's atid, and that the dog pit his nose in one, and abother the man put his knee in it, a third and biggest hole broke, and the wroman set her backide into it ; and these parts being exposed to the cold wast, makes them always cold ever sincé.

Q, And what remedy does the man take to wirin bis hoces?
A. He holds them towards the fire, and whon in bed draws his shirt over them.
Q. What does the woman do to wam their cold parts?
A. The married woman tum their backside about to the goodman's belly; virgins, and those mad for marriage, the heat of their maiden-head's keeps them want; oid matrons and whirld ofer maid end, widows, and widows bewitclied, lolu up their cold parts to the fire.
Q. And that remeáy does the poor dog trize for his cold nose?
A. Siapg it in below his tail, the hottest bit in his body.
Q. What is the reason that dogs are worse on chapmen, than on any wther strange people ?
A. 14 is said the dogs have three accusations against the chapmen, handed down from father to son, or from one gen-
cration of doge to another: The first is as as old as Fisop, the creat wit of Eubylon, the dog having a 12 W -sut against the cat, grined the ploa, and comine tudeing honic wi h the decreet berow his tat, a ivcked chapman throwing mis ef aind at lim, he let it fall, and so lost his phyleges. The scond is because in old thes theichamen used to buy dogs and kll them for their skins. The third it, When a chánonan was quartered in a farmer's house, that pight the dog lose his property, the licking of the pot.
Q. What creature rosombles most a drunken piver?
A. A cat wiem she sips milk, she a:ways sings, and so does a piper when he drinks good ale,
Q. What is the ceason a dog rums twice round about beure hie lies down?
A. Becauso he does not now the heal of his bed from the foot or it.
Q. What creature rescmbles most a long, Iean, ili-looking, graasy fac'd lady for prite?
A. None so much as a cat, who is contimually spitting in her lufe and rubbing her frce, as many of such ladies do their brown leather.
Q. Amongst what soft of creatures
will you observe most of a natural law?
A. The hare and the hind meet at one certain day in the year; the broad goose lays her first egg on Fastern's Even, old stile; the crows begin to build their jests the first of March, old stile; the swans observe matrimony, and if the female die, the male dares not take up with another, or the rest will put him to death; all the birds in general join in pairs and keep so; but the dove resembles the adulderer, for when the one turns old he pays her away and takes another; the locusts observe military order and march in bands; the frogs resemble pipers and preachers, for the young ride the old to death.
Q. Who are the merriest and heartiest people in the world?
A. The sailors, for they'll be singing and cursing one another, when the waves, their graves, are going over their heads.
Q. Which are the disorderliest creatures in battle?
A. Cows and dogs, for they all fall upon them that are neathmost.
Q. Who are the vainest sort of poople in the world?
A. A barber, a tailor, a young soldier and poor dominic.

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Q. What is the great cause of the barber's vanity?
A. His being admitted to trim noblemen's chafts thyke their sculls, take kings by the nose, and hold a razor to his very throat, which no subject else dare do.
Q. What is the great cause of the tailor's pride?
A. His making of people's ne clothes, of which every person, young and old, are proud of, then who can walk vainer than a tailor carrying home a gentleman's clothes.
Q. What is the cause of a young soldier's pride?
A. When he lists, he is free from his motber's correction, and the hard usage of a bad master, has liberty to curse, swear, whore, and every other thing, untill convinced by four haiberts and the drummer's whip, that he has now got a military and civil law above his head, and perhaps worse master's than ever.
Q. What is the cause of the poor dominie's pride?
A. As he is the teacher of the young and ignorant, he supposes no man knows What he knows, and the boys call bim

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master, thercfore he thinks birnseif a great man.
Q. What sort of a song is it that's sung witheut a tongue, and its notes are understood by people of all nations?
A. It is a fart, which every body knows to be but wind.
Q. What is the reason that young people are vain, giddy-headed and airy, and not so humble as in former times?
A. Because they are brought up and cducated after a more haughty strain, by reading fables, plays and romances, gospel bouks, such as the psalm book, proverbs and catechisms are like old almanacks: Nothing is now in rogue, but fiddle, flute, Tory and Babylonish tuaes; our plain English speech corrupted with Beauish cants, don't, wen't, nen, and ken, a jargon worse than the Yorkshire dialect.
Q. Why is swearing become so common amongst tie Scots poople?

1. Because so many lofty teachers come fros the south among us, where swearing is practised in its true grammatical perfection, hot oathe, new struck off, with as bright a lustre as a new quarter gainea.
Q. How will you know the bones of a

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moson's mare at the back of a dyke, anongst, the bones of an hundred dead orse?
A. Because they are made of wood.
Q. Which are the two things not ta be parea, and not to he abused?
A. A soldier's coat and a hired horse.

The end of John Falkim's Currickes.

A N old gentleman and his two sons A . being in a company, lis cldest son on sitting next to him, spoke a word Which highly displeased his father; for minch hisfather gave him seariy blow on the side of the lead. A well, said he I will not lift my hand to strike my farent, but he quves his cther brother, that sat by him, a blow: on the ear, saying, give that about by way ôf, a drink till it comes to my father agrin:

A sailor travelling between Edinburgh and Linlitkgow, which is. 12 leng conputed miles; and as lic was settine aut in the moning about cight e'dects, le
saw a vain-like young spark go running past him, which he never minded, but kept jogging on at his own leisure: And as he was going into Linlithgow about twelve o'clock, up comes the young spark, and asked the sailor what o'clock it was. "Why," says the sailor, "I see you have a watch and I have none, what is it ?" Out he pulls his watch, "Ho!" said he, "it.'s directly twelve, and what do you think, it was half an hour after ten or I came out of Edinburgh, I have Walked it in an hour and a half." "It is pretty well tript," says the sailor, "but pray sir, what man of business are you?" "O!" said he, "I am a watch maker." "I was thinking so," said the sailor, "for you liave made the watch answer your feet, for they cannot answer a right watch, and I suppose ycur tongue canrot keep time with either of them; do you remember where you passed me this morning about eight o'clock?" "O yes," said he, and off he went.

A certain olde reverend priest being one night at supper in a gentleman's house, and for one article having egess, the ser-

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ser of the table laid a clott on every one's tnee for to hold their egg in when hot. When supper was orer the priest looked lown between his legs, and seeing the white cloth, thought it was his omin shirt tail, and very slyly staps it into liis breeches, bit and bit, which the landlady and the maid observed, hut was ashamed o tell him; so home he went with the servit in his lireeches, and knetv nothing of it till going to bed, when it fell from aim. His wife enquired how he came by t, he could not tell, bat was surprised how he came to have more bulk in his breeches than formerly, but observing the name they sent it back again, the priest pleaded to be excused, owned himself only a thief in lganorance.

As'two maids were coming from milkang their cowis, one of them atepping over a stile, fell and spilt the whole paleful of milk from her head. "O," said she, "what will I do, what will I do ?" " 0 ," said the other maid, "let it go, who can help it now? You can't take it up again, it's not your maidenhead." "My maidenhead," said she, " if it were my maiden-
head, I mould think nothing of it, many a time ! hive lost my maiderhead with great plensure, and it ay came back again 1o its ain place, but Ill never gathor un my milk."
$\qquad$
A drorer rho fiequented a mublic inn in the now of England, as he passed and repassed, agleed with the servant maid of the house for a totuch of love; for rhish he gara her a six and thiriy shillioz piece: On tbe nest morning be mosnted his horse, without asking a vill Of What was to pay ; bit "Sir," sad ie latord, "you forgot to pay yeur reaLoning." "WCll minded, sir, forgot my charge;" the moid was called in all Haste. "Yes," said she, "I grot it, but it was not for that," throws it dom and. off she goes. Her mistress gave her the challenge; she told her it was 30 , but sire shpuld le up with lim. Twenc Hhithe after, he coning past rith his irova, puts up at the same inn, as formenly: The girl then goes to a reighlioum woman, who had a, yomg child aIout tharce months odd, lays it on the inblo soying, " "ir, theres the cliange of

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foor six and thitif," and away she comes : WWe child cries, and the bell's men, the lamorl ras ready enotg to answor. "O sir;" said the duoter, "call her back, for this wibl ruin my fanity, and crack my credit." "C Bat sir," said the gif, "you thought nothing to ruin my character ant crack my matlentead.? "Peace, peace," said he, "iny dear, here"s one hundred and fifty pounds, and take away the child and trouble the no more?" " Wiell," said she, "I will take it, and ycill make more of Euyyig cows that maidenheada ;" so away she came with the money and returned the borrowed child to its own mother

FHee merry connanicns laving met on a Eaturday nicht at an whouse, (a hatter, a shoe-maker, and a tallor Whom they drank heartiy all that night, and to morrow until mid-day: And their beats Tre who had the lovingest wife. Eethey agreed for a tial of their good-nature, that every man should do thatever his wife bid him do as soon as ever he went home; who did not as she orderod him Rastolatill t e teckoning, mheh cor:e
to seren and sixpence; or if all of thent did as their wives bid them, then they were to pay all alike. So on this agreement they all came away, first to the hatter's house, and in he goes like a madman, daneing and jumping round the floor, his wife was taking off the pot and setting it on the floor, he still dancing about, ding over the pot with thy madness; so he gives it a kick and over it went, and that saved him, as he had done what his wife bade him do. Then away they go to the tailor's house, in he goes dancing likewise, but his wife fell a scolding him: "O," says he, " give me a kiss ?" "Kiss my arse, you drunken rogue," said she; then to her flies and lays her on the bed, up with her petticoats and kisses her arse before them all, and that saved him. Then away they went to the shoe-maker's, and in lee goes very merry, and dancing about as he saw the other two do, saying "Come my dear heart, and give me akiss". "Go han r yourself you drunken dog, said" she; sohe must either go and hang himself directly, or pay the reckoning.
in honest Highlandman not long since,
not minch accquainted with law, fell out with one of his neighbours, and to the law they went; he employed one advocate, and his opposite another, and as they were debativg it in caurt before the judges, the highlandman being there present, a friend on his side asked him how he thought it would go, or wha would gain the day, "Indeed," says the highland, " man his lawman speaks well, and my lawman speaks well, I think we'll both win, and the judges will loose, for they speak but a word now and then:"

A joung woman by the old accident, having got herself with child, was called to the session for so doing, and, aiter one elder, another examining her how she got it, and where she got it, and what tempted her to get it, said no doubt the deel wad get her for the getting it: And last of all the minister fell a enquiring how she got it, which run the poor lass out of all patience about the getting. Says the priest, "Tell me plainly where it was gotten ?" "I tell you," said she, " it was gotten in the byre, at a cow's stake, and what ather place would yua mant to ken,

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about?" "But," said fie, " did he no Eye 'You- to the cow's stake ?" "No," said she, "I did not need any tying. "And how far was between the byre ant "the house ?" "Just but and ben, up ant down twa stays of a stane stair." "Then, says the priest, "Why did you not cry th the forks in the house?" "Indeed sir" says she, or could not met cried for the laughing at it."

A solute being on a forlough from tho north of Scotland, having got no breakfasi, fell very hungry by the ray and no alehouse being near, cane in to a farmer's house and wished them to sell him some brad, or any kind of victuals; to which the surly goodwife replied, she never sold any bread, and was net going to begin With limy, he had but three niles and a buttock to an alchouec, and he might mall cu, as she did tui court when she gid The vf bread for raething to beggars, tho she gid name to idle soldiers, he had Teething to do there ama'. "Hoot," said the goodman, "sie'm a ladiefu' o cur The, he's Ecen'someloody's hair before hic Was a soldier." "aha st!" sail sire,

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there's not a drop in the pot, they ore in the plate before you:" "Then gie'm spoon and let him sup wi' us." The bldier gets a spoon, and thinking be could sup all he sam, the first sup he took, e, spouted back again in to the plate, nd cries out, "O my sore mouth, the ide's yet all off since I had the clap." Every one throwing down his spoon, the older got all to sup himself. The wife tod cursing and scolding all the time, and when he was cone burnt both plate nd spoon to prevent the clap. So the ódier came off with a full belly, leaving he wife dressing the goodman's rigging with a four footed stool for bidding hire ep.

A churlish man and a virtuous wife one time fell out, because the wife had given something to the poor. "What," said he, mistress, 111 let you know there is nothing about this house but what is mine." "Well, well, goodman, then you Fill let me have nothing, take it all and give me peace;" so away they went to bed, and the goodwife tuned her backside toward the goodman, and as he was falling asleep,
she draws up her smoke and lets fly in the goodman's shirt tail, which awakened him in as great fright as he had been shot." "Ay, ay, what are ye about?" "What am I about," said she. "Dear woman, you are filing the bed." "Not I, goodman, for when my arse was my owi I took care of it, and take ye care of it now, it is yours." "O rise, woman, and clean the bed, and Feep your arse and a' the liberty ye had before, and more, if ye want it; feigh, whet's this, I'm a' dirt."

A ships crew being one time in great distress at sea, by reason of a violent storm and being all fallea down to prayer, expecting every moment to go to the bottom. There happened to be an old gentleman, a passenger on board with them, who had a great lig red nose, with drinking ale and whisky; and being all at their last prayers as they thought, a dittle boy burst out into a loud laughter. "O ihou thoughtless rogue," said the captain, " rhat makes thee laugh, seeing us all on the point of perishing ?" "Why," said the boy, "I cannot but laugh for to think

Fat fine sport it will be when we are all rowning, to see how that man's red nose fill make the water biz when it comes aout it;" at which words they all fell a aughing and cherished the crew, so that bey made another attempt to weather ut, and grot all safe ashore at last.
rohs Falkirli's Love-Letter to the Fidciler's Widow.

My. lovely Bet, the beauty of old age, hy hoary head, and louching shoulders ncline to mortality; yet I will compare hee to the Eagle that has rencwed her youth, or leek with a white head and a green tail; this comes to thee with my find compliments for kisses of thy lips and the kindness I had for thy late bedellow, Fiddler Pate, my brother pensioner; ah! how we drank others healtin with the broe of the bucket ewes, we brought from boughts of the German Boors ; but it's nonsense to praise the dead, when in the dust, yet a better Vialer never sreeded on a silken cord, or kittled a cat's wi' his finger-ends, his elbows were supple as an eel, and his fingers dabbed at
the jigoing end like a husgry hen picking barlay: i- soldom or ever saw him druith - and heep him from whisky, or whishy from him; excent that night he trysted the free-stone pair of breeches from Jah wiph the mason: And now, my dear Dessy, he's got them, he's grot them, for a free-stane covers his body, holds him cown, and will do; and now, now my dainty thime, match for matrimony, como tak ne now or tell me now. I'm in dant ger, I'l wait nae langer; I say be clever, either now or never, it's a rapture of love which does me more, I'll have a wife, or by my life, if she should be blind and cripple; I'll sell my wind for her meat and fum, the like neer gaed down her thrapple; so now Bessy llove yon, my love lies upon you; and if you love me, not again, some ill chance come unon you, as I am flyting frce, 1 am both in lore and banter, or may your, rumple rust for me; I have sworn it by my chanter.


