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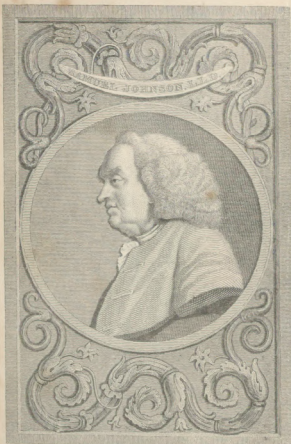
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JOHNSON'S DICTIONARY

OF THE
ENGLISH LANGUAGE,

In Miniature.

IMPROVED AND ENLARGED

By GEORGE FULTON,

Author of a Pronouncing Spelling-Book, Dictionary, etc.

To which are subjoined

VOCABULARIES OF CLASSICAL AND SCRIPTURAL PROPER NAMES;

A CONCISE ACCOUNT OF THE HEATHEN DEITIES;

COLLECTION OF QUOTATIONS AND PHRASES FROM THE LATIN, FRENCH,
ITALIAN, AND SPANISH LANGUAGES;

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF REMARKABLE EVENTS; AND A LIST
OF MEN OF GENIUS AND LEARNING.

Seventy-eighth Thousand.

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OLIVER & BOYD, TWEEDDALE COURT.

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PREFACE.

IN offering to the public this MINIATURE EDITION OF DR JOHNSON'S DICTIONARY, the Editor takes it for granted, that the utility of such a work is universally admitted; and he considers the wide circulation of former publications of the same kind, as holding out an encouraging prospect of the general patronage that would be given to a well-directed effort to remedy the imperfections with which they have been charged. It has been his earnest endeavour to perform that service for the benefit of national education; and to supply, at a small expense, a faithful guide to those who are desirous of speaking and writing the English language with precision.

He has, accordingly, bestowed great care on the subject of accentuation; and is not without hope that, in this respect, the work will be found superior to all that have preceded it.—“Accent in the English language,” says Sheridan, “means a certain stress of the voice upon a particular letter of a syllable, which distinguishes it from the rest, and, at the same time, distinguishes the syllable itself to which it belongs from the others which compose the word. Thus, in the word *hab'it*, the accent upon the *b* distinguishes that letter from the others, and the first syllable from the last. In the word *repu'te*, the *u* is the distinguished letter, and the syllable which contains it the distinguished syllable: but in the word *rep'utable*, the seat of the accent is changed to the first syllable, and *p* becomes the distinguished letter. The great distinction of our accent depends upon its seat, which may be either upon a vowel or a consonant. Upon a vowel, as in the words *gl'o'ry*, *fa'ther*, *ho'ly*. Upon a consonant, as in the words *hab'it*, *bat'tle*, *bor'row*. When the accent is on the vowel, the syllable is long; because the accent is made by dwelling upon the vowel. When it is on the consonant, the syllable is short; because the accent is made by passing rapidly over the vowel, and giving a smart stroke of the voice to the following consonant.” The seat of the accent, thus illustrated by Sheridan, has alone proved a more certain guide to pronunciation, than all that had been written on the subject by the most eminent of his predecessors; and therefore it has been more accurately applied in this edition of JOHNSON'S DICTIONARY IN MINIATURE, than in any that has yet been offered to the public; the accentual mark being always placed after the vowel when the syllable is long, and after the following consonant when the syllable is short. Thus, *La'tent*, *lat'in*—*e'pact*, *ep'ic*—*fi'nal*, *fin'ish*—*o'ral*, *mor'al*—*pu'ny*, *pro'ish*—*remi'nd*, *pre'ten'd*, exhibit, alternately, an accented vowel and consonant, or an accented long and short syllable.*

* In Pronouncing Dictionaries, where other marks are used to denote the quantity of the vowels, this accuracy with respect to the seat of the accentual mark is not so necessary.

The Editor has exercised equal diligence in selecting, from the Lexicographers who succeeded Dr Johnson, such words as were thought worthy of being admitted into a general repository of the English language.

In addition to these improvements, he has availed himself of the labours of Lempriere and Walker, in making up the *Vocabularies of Classical and Scriptural Proper Names*, as well as the *Concise Account of the Heathen Deities*. He trusts that these will be found correct in point of accentuation, and so simple as to be easily understood by the learner.

GEO. FULTON.

NOTE BY THE PUBLISHERS.

To enhance the value of this work, the Publishers have obtained, from a Gentleman well qualified for the undertaking, *A Collection of Quotations and Phrases, from the Latin, French, Italian, and Spanish Languages,—A Chronological Table of Remarkable Events,—and A Brief List of Men of Genius and Learning.*

At the same time they may venture to say, that they have spared neither pains nor expense to render this small volume superior to any thing of the kind that has yet entered into competition for public favour.

ABBREVIATIONS IN THE DICTIONARY.

a. Adjective
 s. Substantive
 pron. Pronoun
 v. Verb
 ad. Adverb

pr. Preposition
 conj. Conjunction
 interj. Interjection
 pret. Preterite
 part. Participle

JOHNSON'S DICTIONARY.

Enlarged Edition.

A B B

A B J

A, the indefinite article, set before nouns of the singular number, as a boy, a dog. It is changed into an before words beginning with a, e, i, o, u, as, an ass, an egg, an inn, an ox, an urn, unless u have its name-sound, as a unit, a universe. It is also changed into an before words beginning with h mute, as, an herb, an hospital; and even when the h is aspirated, if the accent be on the second syllable, as, an histo'rian, an hypothe'sis. It sometimes appears to be put for a preposition, as, To go a fishing. So much a year. Prefixed to few or great many, it implies one whole number, an aggregate of few or many collectively taken, as, a few books, a great many men.

Aaronical, a. relating to the priesthood of Aaron.

Aback, ad. backwards; back: a sea term.

Abacot, s. an ancient kind of crown.

Abacus, s. a counting table; in architecture, the crowning both of the capital and column.

Abaft, ad. towards the stern; a sea term.

Abasance, s. a bow; a mark of respect.

Abandon, v. a. to resign; to forsake, desert.

Abandoned, a. deserted; given up; wicked.

Abandonment, s. the act of forsaking.

Abase, v. a. to humble, to bring low, depress.

Abased, part. depressed—a. in heraldry, so called when the tops of eagles' wings are pointed downwards.

Abasement, s. the state of being brought low.

Abash, v. a. to confuse, to make ashamed.

Abashment, s. great shame or confusion.

Abate, v. a. to lessen; to lower in price.

Abatement, s. the act of lessening; the quantity abated; extenuation.

Abb, s. the yarn on a weaver's warp.

Abba, s. a scriptural word signifying father.

Abbacy, s. the rights, possessions, privileges, and immunities of an abbot.

Abbatial, a. relating to an abbey.

Abbes, s. the governess of a nunnery.

Abbey, or Ab'by, s. residence for religious persons, whether men or women.

Abbot, s. the chief of a convent of men.

Abbre'viate, v. a. to abridge, to shorten.

Abbre'viation, s. the act of abridging.

Abbre'viator, s. one who shortens or a bridge.

Abbre'viature, s. a mark used for the sake of shortening; a compendium or abridgement.

A, B, C; the alphabet; the horn-book.

Ab'dicate, v. a. to resign an office, to give up.

Abdica'tion, s. resignation; act of giving up.

Ab'dicative, a. that which implies abdication.

Ab'ditive, a. hiding, or concealing.

Abdo'men, s. the lower part of the belly.

Abdom'inal, a. relating to the abdomen.

Abdom'inous, a. punch-bellied; unwieldy.

Abdu'ce, v. a. to separate; to draw away.

Abdu'cent, a. drawing or pulling back.

Abduction, s. the act of separating or drawing.

Abduc'tor, s. any muscle that contracts.

Abceda'rian, s. a teacher of the alphabet.

Abed', ad. in bed, on the bed.

Aber'rance, s. a deviation from the right way.

Aber'rant, a. wandering from the right way.

Aberra'tion, s. the act of deviating.

Abet', v. a. to aid, to encourage, to set on.

Abet'ment, s. act of abetting, or encouraging.

Abet'tor, s. he that abets; an accomplice.

Abey'ance, s. in law, goods in reversion, but not in possession.

Ab'gregate, v. a. to lead out of the flock.

Abho'r, v. a. to detest, to loathe; to abominate.

Abho'rrence, s. aversion, great hatred.

Abho'rrent, a. struck with abhorrence, odious; contrary to; inconsistent with.

Abi'de, v. a. to dwell in a place; to attend; to support; to persevere in any thing.

Ab'ject, a. mean, base, vile, contemptible.

Abjec'tness, Abjection, Ab'jectness, s. meanness of mind, servility, baseness.

Ab'jectly, ad. in an abject manner, meanly.

Abil'ity, s. power; skill, capacity, qualification.

Abinte'state, s. the heir of an intestate person.

Ab'jurate, v. a. to set free, to unyoke.

Abjura'tion, s. the act of abjuring; a renouncing on oath.

Abju're, v. to retract, or recant solemnly; to renounce an opinion; forsake the realm.

- Abducta'tion**, *s.* weaning; a method of grafting without cutting the cion from the stock
- Ablaques'tion**, *s.* the opening of the ground round the roots of trees, to admit air or water
- Abla'tion**, *s.* the act of taking away
- Ab'lative**, *a.* that which takes away; the last of the six cases of the Latin nouns
- A'ble**, *a.* capable to perform; skilful
- Able-bodied**, *a.* strong of body; powerful
- Ab'legate**, *v. a.* to send abroad on some public business or employment; to send away
- A'bleness**, *s.* strength of mind or body
- Ab'lepsy**, *s.* want of sight; unadvisedness
- Ab'lige**, *v. a.* to bind or tie up from
- Ab'locate**, *v. a.* to let out to hire
- Ab'luent**, *a.* having the power of cleansing
- Ablu'tion**, *s.* act of cleansing; the cup given, without consecration, to the laity in the Romish church; a religious purification
- A'bly**, *ad.* with ability
- Ab'negate**, *v. a.* to deny; to renounce; reject
- Abnega'tion**, *s.* denial; renunciation
- Abno'r'mous**, *a.* misshapen; vast; huge
- Abon'rd**, *ad. prep.* in, or on board a ship
- Abode**, *s.* an habitation, a dwelling-place
- Abode**, *v. a.* to foretel; to prognosticate
- Abod'e'ment**, *s.* a secret anticipation; omen
- Abol'ish**, *v. a.* to repeal; to make void
- Abol'ishable**, *a.* that which may be abolished
- Abol'ition**, *s.* the act of abolishing
- Abom'inable**, *a.* detestable; hateful; unclean
- Abom'inableness**, *s.* hatefulnes, odiousness
- Abom'inably**, *ad.* extremely; excessively, exceedingly, in the ill sense
- Abom'inate**, *v. a.* to abhor; to detest, to hate
- Abomina'tion**, *s.* detestation, hatred; pollution, or defilement
- Aborig'inal**, *a.* primitive; pristine
- Aborig'ines**, *s.* the primitive or original inhabitants of a country
- Abor'tion**, *s.* a miscarriage; untimely birth
- Abor'tive**, *a.* untimely; premature
- Abor'e**, *prep.* higher in place; more in quantity—*ad.* in the regions of heaven
- Abor'eboard**, *ad.* without any trick; fairly
- Abou'nd**, *v. n.* to have in great plenty
- About**, *prep.* round; encircling; near to; engaged in; relating to—*ad.* every way
- Abundab'ra**, *s.* a superstitious charm
- Abus'de**, *v. a.* to waste by degrees; to rub off
- Abra'sion**, *s.* the act of rubbing off
- Abras't**, *ad.* close together; side by side
- Abri'dge**, *v. a.* to contract, to shorten; to express the same sense in fewer words
- Abrid'gement**, *s.* a summary; any larger work contracted into a smaller compass
- Abros'ch**, *ad.* being tapped; in a situation ready to yield the liquor contained
- Abros'd**, *ad.* without doors; in foreign countries; widely scattered
- Ab'rogate**, *v. a.* to disannul; to abolish
- Abroga'tion**, *s.* the act of disannulling
- Abraj't**, *a.* sudden; rough; unconnected
- Abrap'tly**, *ad.* unseasonably; hastily
- Abrap'tness**, *s.* an abrupt manner; suddenness
- Ab'scess**, *s.* tumour containing matter
- Abstru'd**, *v. a.* to cut off
- Ab'scissa**, *s.* that part of the diameter of a conic section, which is intercepted between the vertex and a semi-ordinate
- Abcis'sion**, *s.* the act of cutting or lopping off
- Abstru'd**, *v. a.* to hide one's self
- Ab'sence**, *s.* being absent; inattention
- Ab'sent**, *a.* not present; inattentive
- Ab'sent**, *v. n.* to keep away, to withdraw
- Ab'sentee**, *s.* one who is absent from his employment, station, or country
- Ab'st**, *v. n.* to cease or leave off
- Ab'solve**, *v. a.* to set free; to acquit; to pardon
- Ab'solute**, *a.* complete; not relative; arbitrary; without any restriction
- Ab'solutely**, *ad.* peremptorily, positively
- Ab'solu'tion**, *s.* acquittal; the remission of sins, or penance, by a priest
- Ab'solutory**, *a.* that which absolves or acquits
- Ab'sonant**, *a.* contrary to reason; absurd
- Ab'sonate**, *v. a.* to shun, to avoid; to detest
- Ab'sorb**, *v. a.* to suck up, to swallow up
- Ab'sorbent**, *s.* a medicine that draws away superfluous moisture in the body
- Ab'sorpt**, *part.* swallowed up
- Ab'sorption**, *s.* the act of swallowing up
- Ab'stain**, *v. n.* to forbear, to refrain from
- Ab'stemious**, *a.* temperate, abstinent, sober
- Ab'stemiously**, *ad.* temperately, soberly
- Ab'stemiousness**, *s.* sobriety, temperance
- Ab'sten'tion**, *s.* the act of holding off
- Abster'ge**, *v. a.* to cleanse; to wipe off
- Abster'gent**, *a.* having a cleansing quality
- Abster'sion**, *s.* the act of cleansing
- Abster'sive**, *a.* that has the quality of cleansing
- Ab'stinence**, *s.* a refraining from; temperance
- Ab'stract**, *v. a.* to separate ideas, to abridge
- Ab'stract**, *s.* an abridgement, an epitome
- Ab'stracted**, *part.* separated; refined, abstruse
- Ab'stractedly**, *ad.* simply; separately
- Ab'straction**, *s.* the act of abstracting, &c.
- Ab'stractive**, *a.* having the quality to abstract
- Ab'stractly**, *ad.* absolutely; simply
- Abstru'se**, *a.* hidden, obscure, difficult
- Abstru'sely**, *ad.* obscurely, not obviously
- Abstru'seness**, *s.* difficulty, obscurity
- Abstru'me**, *v. a.* to waste gradually
- Ab'surd**, *a.* unreasonable; inconsistent
- Ab'surdity**, *s.* not agreeable to reason; folly
- Ab'surdly**, *ad.* improperly, foolishly
- Abun'dance**, *s.* great plenty, exuberance
- Abun'dant**, *a.* plentiful; exuberant
- Abun'dantly**, *ad.* in plenty; amply; liberally
- Abu'se**, *v. a.* to revile; to impose on; ill use
- Abu'se**, *s.* corrupt practice; unjust censure
- Abu'ser**, *s.* he that uses ill, or reproaches
- Abu'sive**, *a.* offensive, injurious, deceitful
- Abu'sively**, *ad.* rudely; reproachfully

Abut', *v. n.* to bound or border upon; to meet

Abut'al, **Abut'ment**, *s.* that which joins to, or borders upon another object

Abyr'm, **Abyr's**, *s.* a fathomless gulf or pit; hell

Academ'ical, *a.* belonging to an academy

Acade'mian, **Academ'ic**, **Academic'an**,

Acad'emist, *s.* a student at an academy

Acad'emy, *s.* a school where the arts and sciences are taught; a university

Acan'thus, *s.* the herb bear's foot

Acatalectic, *s.* a verse exactly perfect, having the complete number of syllables

Acataleptic, *a.* incomprehensible

Acc'e'de, *v. n.* to comply with or subscribe to a treaty; to agree to

Accelerate, *v. a.* to quicken, to hasten

Accelerated, *part.* quickened, hastened

Accelerat'ion, *s.* a quickening, hastening

Accelerative, *a.* increasing the velocity

Accen'd, *v. a.* to kindle, to set on fire

Accen'tion, *s.* the state of being kindled

Ac'cent, *s.* manner of pronunciation; a mark to direct the modulation of the voice

Accen't, *v. a.* to note the accent or mark

Accen'tual, *a.* relating to accent

Accen'tuate, *v. a.* to place an accent properly

Accentuat'ion, *s.* due placing of the accent

Accept, *v. a.* to receive, to take, to admit

Acceptable, *a.* agreeable, reasonable

Acceptably, *ad.* in an acceptable manner

Acceptance, *s.* reception with approbation

Acceptat'ion, *s.* reception, either agreeable or not; the received meaning of a word

Accepter, *s.* the person who accepts

Acceptil'ation, *s.* remission of a debt by an acquittance from a creditor

Access, *s.* admission to a place or person

Accessory, *a.* an abettor; an accomplice

Access'ible, *a.* that which may be approached

Access'ion, *s.* addition; arriving at

Access'ory, *a.* additional; superadded—*s.* an accomplice, not a principal

Ac'e'dence, *s.* a little book containing the first rudiments of grammar

Ac'cident, *s.* property or quality of a word or being, separable from it, at least in thought; casualty; unforeseen event

Acciden'tal, *a.* casual, fortuitous

Acciden'tally, *ad.* casually, fortuitously

Accip'ient, *s.* a receiver—*a.* receiving

Ac'cite, *v. a.* to call for or upon; to summon

Acclam', Acclam'ation, *s.* a shout of applause; praise; exultation

Accliv'ity, *s.* the ascent of a hill

Accloy', *v. a.* to cloy, to satiate, to surfeit

Acco'l, *v. n.* to crowd; to bustle about

Accom'modable, *a.* that which may be fitted

Accom'modate, *v. a.* to supply; to reconcile

Accommodation, *s.* composition of a disagreement; provision of conveniences

Accom'panied, *part.* attended by

Accom'paniment, *s.* something added to another; harmonious union of parts

Accom'pany, *v. a.* to join - to associate with

Accom'plice, *s.* a partner; an associate

Accom'plish, *v. a.* to complete; to obtain; to adorn the body, or improve the mind

Accom'plished, *part. a.* completed; elegant

Accom'plishment, *s.* completion; full performance; elegance; ornament of mind

Acco'mpt, *s.* an account, a reckoning

Acco'mptant, *s.* a calculator, a computer

Acco'rd, *v. a.* to adjust; unite; agree with

Acco'rd, *s.* compact; harmony; union

Acco'rdance, *s.* agreement; conformity

Acco'rdant, *a.* willing; consenting

Acco'rding, *prep.* agreeably to; in proportion

Acco'rdingly, *ad.* agreeably; conformably

Acco'porate, *v. a.* to unite

Acco'st, *v. a.* to address, to salute

Acco'stable, *a.* easy of access; familiar

Acco'st'heur, *s.* a man-midwife

Acco'snt, *v. a.* to compute; to esteem; to answer for; to assign to; to give an account

Acco'snt, *s.* a computation; examination; narration; dignity, rank; estimation

Acco'stable, *a.* subject to an account

Acco'sted, *part.* valued; reckoned; esteemed

Acco'uple, *v. a.* to join or link together

Acco'tre, *v. a.* to attire, to dress, to furnish

Acco'trement, *s.* equipage, trappings

Acco'd't, *v. a.* to countenance; to procure

honour and credit to any person or thing

Accret'ion, *s.* the act of growing to another

Accret'ive, *a.* that which by growth is added

Accru'e, *v. n.* to arise from; to be added to

Accula'tion, *s.* the ancient posture of leaning at meals

Accum'bent, *a.* leaning

Accu'mulate, *v. a.* to pile up, to heap together

Accumula'tion, *s.* a heaping up; a heap

Accu'mulative, *a.* that which increases

Accu'mulator, *s.* a gatherer or heaper together

Ac'curacy, *s.* exactness, nicety without error

Ac'curate, *a.* very exact; done with care

Ac'curately, *ad.* without error; nicely

Ac'curateness, *s.* exactness, nicety, correctness

Accur'se, *v. a.* to doom to destruction

Accur'sed, *part. a.* that which is doomed to misery; execrable, hateful, detestable

Accu'stable, *a.* that may be censured; culpable

Accu'sant, *s.* he who accuses

Accusat'ion, *s.* charge, impeachment

Accu'sative, *a.* the fourth case of a Latin noun

Accu'se, *v. a.* to charge with a crime; to blame, to censure, to impeach

Accu'ser, *s.* one who prefers a complaint against another; a censor

Accu'stom, *v. a.* to use one's self to, to enure

Accu'stomable, *a.* habitual, customary

Accu'stomably, **Accu'stomarily**, *ad.* usually, customarily, long practised

Accu'stomary, *a.* common, usually done

Accu'stomed, *part. a.* frequent, usual

Acc, *s.* a unit on cards or dice; a trifle

Accep'h'alous, *a.* without a head

Ac'er'b, *a.* acid, rough, bitter; severe

Acerbate, *v. a.* to make bitter or sour
Acerbity, *s.* a sour taste; severity of temper
Acerbate, *v. a.* to heap together
Acervation, *s.* the act of heaping together
Acescent, *a.* tending to sourness, or acidity
Acetose, **Acetous**, *a.* having a sour quality
Ache, *s.* a continued pain
Ache, *v. n.* to be in continued pain
Achievable, *a.* possible to be done
Achieve, *v. a.* to perform; to obtain
Achievement, *s.* a deed, a performance;
 the escutcheons, or ensign's armorial
Achiever, *s.* he who performs his intentions
Achor, *s.* a species of the herpes
Achromatic, *a.* contrived to remedy aberrations and colours in telescopes
Acid, *a.* sour, sharp; biting
Acidity, **Acidness**, *s.* sharpness, sourness
Acidula, *s.* medicinal springs impregnated with certain sharp particles
Acidulate, *v. a.* to make sour in a degree
Acidulous, *a.* sourish
Acknowledged, *v. a.* to confess; to be grateful
Acknowledging, *a.* grateful
Acknowledgment, *s.* concession; gratitude
Acme, *s.* the height or crisis of any thing
Acolythist, *s.* a servitor in the Romish church
Acouite, *s.* wolf's bane; poison in general
Acorn, *s.* the seed or fruit of the oak
Acoustics, *s.* the theory of sounds; medicines or instruments used to assist the hearing
Acquaint, *v. a.* to inform; to make known
Acquaintance, *s.* familiarity; fellowship;
 a person with whom we associate
Acquaintant, *s.* the person with whom we are acquainted
Acquainted, *a.* familiar; well known to
Acquest, or **Acquisit**, *s.* a thing gained
Acquiesce, *v. n.* to yield, submit, comply
Acquiescence, *s.* compliance; rest; consent
Acquiescent, *a.* easy; submitting
Acquirable, *a.* that may be had, or attained
Acquire, *v. a.* to gain by industry, &c.
Acquirement, *s.* that which is gained
Acquity, *s.* acquirement; attainment
Acquisition, *s.* the act of gaining; the advantage gained; acquirement
Acquisitive, *a.* that which is acquired
Acquit, *v. a.* to discharge; set free; absolve
Acquittal, *s.* the act of acquitting
Acquittal, *s.* deliverance from an offence
Acquittance, *s.* a release; a discharge in writing for a debt
Acre, *s.* a portion of land containing 40 perches in length and four in breadth, or 4840 square yards
Acrid, *a.* having a hot biting taste; bitter
Acrimonious, *a.* sharp; corrosive
Acrimony, *s.* sharpness; corrosiveness; severity of temper or language
Acriditude, **Acridity**, *s.* an acrid taste; a biting heat on the palate
Acroamatical, *a.* pertaining to deep learning
Acronycal, *a.* a term of astronomy applied to stars when they appear above or sink below the horizon at the time of sun-set

Across, *ad.* athwart, laid over any thing
Acrostic, *s.* a poem in which the first letter of every line makes up the name of the person on whom the poem is written
Act, *v. a.* to do, to perform—*v. a.* to imitate
Act, *s.* a deed, an exploit; a part in a play
Acting, *s.* performing an assumed part
Action, *s.* opposite to rest; gesture in speaking; a deed; a battle; a law suit
Actionable, *a.* that which is punishable by law
Actuary, *s.* a holder of public stock
Active, *a.* nimble, agile, quick, busy
Actively, *ad.* nimbly, briskly, quickly
Activeness, **Actvity**, *s.* nimbleness
Actor, *s.* one that performs; a stage player
Actress, *s.* a female stage player
Actual, *a.* real; certain; not speculative
Actually, *ad.* in act, in effect, really
Actualness, *s.* the quality of being actual
Actuary, *s.* a register, or clerk of a court
Actuate, *v. a.* to put into action; to move
Actuate, *a.* **Actuated**, *part.* put into action
Acuate, *v. a.* to make sharp; to point
Acutate, *a.* having a sting or sharp point
Acumen, *s.* a sharp point; quickness or sharpness of intellect
Acuminated, *part.* ending in a sharp point
Acute, *a.* sharp, keen, subtle, ingenious
Acute, *s.* an accent marked thus (´), to show when the voice ought to be raised
Acutely, *ad.* sharply, keenly, ingeniously
Acuteness, *s.* sharpness, subtleness
Adacted, *part.* *a.* driven by force
Adage, *s.* a maxim; a common saying
Adagio, *s.* in music, a term for slow time
Adamant, *s.* a diamond; a loadstone
Adamantean, *a.* very hard, impenetrable
Adamantine, *a.* made of adamant; hard
Adapt, *v. a.* to fit, to suit, to proportion
Adaptation, **Adaption**, *s.* the act of fitting
Add, *v. a.* to join to, increase, number up
Addimate, *v. a.* to take or value tithes
Adder, *v. a.* to esteem, account, reckon
Adder, *s.* a poisonous serpent; a viper
Adder's-grass, *s.* the name of a plant
Adder's-tongue, *s.* the name of an herb
Ad'dible, *a.* that which may be added
Ad'dice, *s.* a cooper's tool; an axe
Addict, *v. a.* to devote, to dedicate
Addicted, *part.* *a.* devoted to, fond of
Additament, *s.* the thing added, addition
Addition, *s.* an adding to; a rule for adding sums together; in law, the residence, occupation, or rank of any person
Additional, *a.* that which is added
Ad'dle, *a.* barren, empty; usually applied to such eggs as are rotten—*s.* dry lees
Ad'dle-pated, *a.* empty-headed; weak
Address, *v. a.* to speak or apply to; to direct to; to prepare one's self for any action
Address, *s.* a petition; direction; skill
dexterity; mode of behaviour
Adduce, *v. a.* to bring forward; to urge
Adduct, *s.* any muscle that contracts
Adduce, *v. a.* to sweeten; to make pleasant
Ademption, *s.* revocation, privation
Adenography, *s.* a treatise of the glands

Ad'apt, *s.* an artist; one well versed in an art
Ad'equat, *a.* proportionate, equal to
Ad'equately, *ad.* in exact proportion, duly
Ad'equateness, *s.* equality; exact proportion
Ad'fect, *a.* compounded, or affected
Adhe're, *v. n.* to stick close to; to take part
 with, to remain fixed to any opinion, &c.
Adhe'rence, *s.* attachment; tenacity
Adhe'rent, *a.* united with; sticking to
Adhe'rent, **Adhe'rer**, *s.* a follower; partisan
Adhe'sion, *s.* the act of sticking to something
Adhe'sive, *a.* sticking; tenacious
Adhib'it, *v. a.* to apply to; to make use of
Adhib'ition, *s.* application; use
Adja'cent, *a.* state of being near or close to
Adja'cent, *a.* lying close to, bordering upon
Adia'ph'orous, *a.* neutral, indifferent
Adia'ph'ory, *s.* neutrality, indifference
Ad'ject, *v. a.* to add to, to put to
Ad'jection, *s.* the act of adjecting or adding
Ad'jectitious, *a.* thrown in, added
Ad'jective, *a.* a word added to a noun to
 denote its quality, as *good, bad, &c.*
Adieu, *ad.* farewell
Adjo'it, *v. a.* to join to, to unite or put to
Adjo'ining, *part.* being close to, near to
Adjour'n, *v. a.* to put off, to defer
Adjournment, *s.* putting off to another day
Adipo'se, **Ad'ipous**, *a.* fat, greasy
Ad'it, *a.* a passage under ground for miners
Adju'dge, *v. a.* to decree, to pass sentence
Adju'dicate, *v. a.* to determine by law
Ad'jugate, *v. a.* to yoke or couple to
Ad'junct, *a.* something adherent to another
Adjunct'ion, *s.* act of joining; thing joined
Adjuration, *s.* a solemn proposing of an
 oath to another; the oath proposed
Adju're, *v. a.* to tender or impose an oath to
 be taken by another, prescribing the form
Adju'st, *v. a.* to regulate; put in order; settle
Adju'sting, **Adjus'tment**, *s.* the act of re-
 gulating, or putting in method
Adjutantcy, *s.* the military office of an ad-
 jutant
Ad'jutant, *s.* a military officer, whose duty
 is to assist the major, by distributing
 pay, and superintending punishments
Adju'te, *v. a.* to assist, to aid, to concur
Adju'tor, *s.* a helper, an assistant
Adjuvate, *v. a.* to help, to forward
Adme'surement, *s.* the act of measuring
Admin'ister, *v. a.* to act as an agent; to
 supply
Administra'tion, *s.* act of administering
Administra'tor, *s.* one who manages the
 affairs of a person dying without a will
Administra'trix, *s.* a woman who admin-
 isters
Ad'mirable, *a.* to be admired; good, rare
Ad'mirably, *ad.* wonderfully, excellently
Ad'miral, *s.* the chief commander of a fleet
Ad'miralship, *s.* the office of an admiral
Ad'miralty, *s.* the supreme office for the
 superintendence of naval affairs
Admir'ation, *s.* act of admiring; wonder
Admir'e, *v.* to be surprized at; to esteem
Admir'er, *s.* one that admires; a lover
Admis'sible, *a.* that which may be admitted

Admis'sion, *s.* the act of admitting; the
 allowing of a position not fully proved
Admit', *v. a.* to grant entrance; to allow
 an argument, or position; to grant in
 general
Admit'table, *a.* that may be admitted
Admit'tance, *s.* the act of admitting; custom
Admix', *v. a.* to mingle, to mix with
Admix'tion, *s.* the uniting or blending one
 body with another
Admix'ture, *s.* the substance of bodies mixed
Admon'ish, *v. a.* to reprove, caution, advise
Admon'isher, *s.* an adviser, a reprover
Admon'ition, *s.* advice, counsel, reproof
Admon'itive, *a.* that admonishes
Admon'itory, *a.* admonishing, warning
 gently
Ado'r, *s.* trouble, confusion, bustle, tumult
Adoles'cence, *s.* the flower or prime of youth
Adop't, *v. a.* to take a son or daughter by
 choice, who was not so by birth; to em-
 brace any particular method or manner
Adop'tion, *s.* the act or state of adopting
Ador'able, *a.* worthy of adoration; divine
Adora'tion, *s.* divine worship; homage
Ado're, *v. a.* to worship; to honour highly
Ado'rn, *v. a.* to dress, decorate, embellish
Ado'ring, *s.* ornament
Ado'rument, *s.* ornament, embellishment
Adow'n, *prep.* down; towards the ground
Adrift, *ad.* floating at random
Adro'it, *a.* active, skilful, dexterous
Adro'itly, *ad.* dexterously, nimbly, skilfully
Adro'itness, *s.* dexterity, skill, activity
Adry', *a.* thirsty, desirous of drink; athirst
Adscit'itious, *a.* borrowed, added
Adst'ric'tion, *s.* the act of binding together
Advan'ce, *v. a.* to bring forward; to aggran-
 dize; to improve; to grace; to propose
Advan'ce, *s.* a progression; an improvement
Advan'ced, *part.* forwarded; asserted
Advan'cement, *s.* preferment; progressor
Advan'tage, *a.* superiority; convenience;
 gain; benefit; favourable circumstance
Advan'tage, *v. a.* to improve; to promote
Advan'tageous, *a.* convenient; profitable
Advan'tageously, *ad.* conveniently; profit-
 ably; opportunely
Advan'tageousness, *s.* usefulness, conve-
 nience
Adve'ne, *v. a.* to be superadded to
Adve'nent, *a.* superadded, adventing
Ad'vent, *s.* a coming; the time appointed
 as a preparation for the celebration of
 Christ's nativity, being four weeks before
 Christmas
Adven'tine, **Adventitious**, **Adven'tive**, *a.*
 accidental, casual; additional, superven-
 ient
Adven'ture, *v. a.* to try the chance; to dare
Adven'ture, *s.* an accident; an enterprise
Adven'turer, *s.* an unsettled person; one
 who hazards or risks any chance
Adven'turesome, *a.* hazardous, daring
Adven'turous, *a.* one who is daring, or cou-
 rageous; full of hazard, dangerous
Adven'turously, *ad.* boldly, hazardously
Ad'verb, *s.* in grammar, a word joined to

a verb or adjective, to denote the manner, time, &c. of an action

Adver'bial, *a.* that which relates to adverbs
Adver'bially, *ad.* in the manner of an adverb

Adver'sable, *a.* contrary to. Not in use

Advers'a'ria, *a.* a common-place book

Ad'versary, *a.* an antagonist, enemy, foe

Ad'verse, *a.* contrary; calamitous

Ad'versely, *ad.* oppositely; unfortunately

Ad'ver'sity, *s.* misery, distress, affliction

Adver't, *v. a.* to attend to, to heed, to regard

Adver'tence, Adver'tency, *s.* attention

Adver'tise, *v. a.* to inform, to give public notice

Adver'tisement, *s.* intelligence, information; admonition; notice in a public paper

Adver'tiser, *a.* one who gives information

Adver'tising, *part.* giving notice

Adver'perate, *v. n.* to draw towards evening

Advice, *s.* counsel, instruction, intelligence

Advis'able, *a.* prudent, proper, fit

Advis'ableness, *s.* fitness; propriety

Advis'e, *v.* to counsel, to consult, to inform

Advis'edly, *ad.* deliberately; prudently

Advis'er, *a.* one who advises; a counsellor

Adula'tion, *s.* high compliment, flattery

Adula'tor, *a.* a parasite, a flatterer

Adula'tory, *a.* flattering, fawning, parasitical

Adul't, *s.* a person arrived at maturity

Adul'terate, *a.* Adul'terated, *part.* corrupted with some baser ingredients; debased

Adul'teration, *s.* act of corrupting or debasing; state of being contaminated

Adul'terer, *s.* the person guilty of adultery

Adul'teress, *s.* a woman guilty of adultery

Adul'terous, *a.* guilty of adultery

Adul'tery, *s.* violating the marriage bed

Adum'brate, *v. a.* to shadow out faintly

Adumbr'ation, *s.* a faint sketch; giving a slight and imperfect representation

Aduna'tion, *s.* an union; being joined

Adun'city, *s.* crookedness, a bend inwards

Ad'vocate, *s.* a pleader; an intercessor; one who defends the cause of another; *v. a.* to plead; to support; to defend

Advoca'tion, *s.* the act of pleading; plea; apology; excuse; defence

Advow'ee, *s.* he that possesses the right of advowson, or presentation

Advow'son, *s.* a right to present to a benefice

Advow'son appendant, *s.* a right of presentation to a church, depending on a manor as an appurtenance thereto

Advow'son in gross, *s.* an absolute right of presentation not belonging to a manor

Adu're, *v. a.* to burn up, to parch

Adus't, Adus'ted, *a.* burnt up, scorched

Adus'tible, *a.* that which may be burnt up

Adus'tion, *s.* act of burning, or drying

Ae'rial, *a.* belonging to the air; high; lofty

Ae'rie, *s.* a nest of eagles, or birds of prey

Aero'logy, *s.* the theory of the air

A'romancy, *s.* the art of divining by the air

Aerom'eter, *s.* a machine for weighing the density or rarity of the air

Aerum'etry, *s.* the art of measuring the air

A'eronaut, *s.* one who sails through the air

Aero'scopy, *s.* the observation of the air

Aerostat'ic, *a.* belonging to aerostation

Aerosta'tion, *s.* traversing the air in balloons

Afa'r, *ad.* remotely, from a great distance

Afear'd, *part.* *a.* afraid, terrified, daunted

Affabi'lity, *s.* courteousness; condescension

Aff'able, *a.* easy of manners, benign, mild

Affableness, *s.* civility; condescension

Aff'ably, *ad.* courteously, kindly, civilly

Affa'ir, *s.* business, concern, transaction

Affect, *s.* affection; sensation; quality

Affect, *v. a.* to influence the passions; to make a shew of something

Afecta'tion, *s.* an artificial appearance

Affect'ed, *part.* *a.* moved; afflicted; concealed

Affect'edly, *ad.* conceitedly, hypocritically

Affect'edness, *s.* silly pride, conceit

Affect'ing, *part.* moving; imitating

Affect'ion, *s.* love, kindness, zeal; habit

Affect'ionate, *a.* warm, tender, benevolent

Affect'ionately, *ad.* tenderly, benevolently

Affect'ive, *a.* that which affects; moving

Affa'nce, *s.* a contract; reliance, hope, confidence, generally in a religious sense

Affa'nce, *v. a.* to betroth, to bind by promise

Affidav'it, *s.* a deposition on oath

Aff'ed, *part.* *a.* joined by contract

Affilia'tion, *s.* the adoption of a son

Aff'ined, *a.* related to another

Affin'ity, *s.* relation by marriage opposed to consanguinity; resemblance to

Affirm, *v. a.* to declare, to tell confidently

Affirm'able, *a.* that may be affirmed; true

Affirma'tion, *s.* confirmation, declaration

Affirm'ative, *a.* that affirms or declares

Affirm'atively, *ad.* positively, absolutely

Affix, *v. a.* to unite, to subjoin, to fasten

Affixa'tion, *s.* the act of breathing upon

Afflic't, *v. a.* to grieve, trouble, torment

Afflic'tion, *s.* sorrow, calamity, misery

Afflic'tive, *a.* painful, tormenting

Afflu'ence, *s.* riches, plenty, abundance

Affluent, *a.* wealthy, abundant, exuberant

Afflux, Afflux'ion, *s.* the act of flowing;

that which flows from one place to another

Affo'rd, *v. a.* to yield, or produce; to grant; to be able to bear certain expenses

Affran'chise, *v. a.* to make free

Affray, *v. a.* to strike with fear, to terrify

Affray, *s.* a quarrel, disturbance, tumult

Affright, *v. a.* to alarm, confuse, terrify

Affright, Affrightment, *s.* terror, fear

Affront, *s.* outrage, insult, disgrace

Affront, *v. a.* to insult, to provoke, to offend

Affront'ive, *a.* injurious, abusive

Affuse, *v. a.* to pour one thing on another

Affu'sion, *s.* the act of affusing

Affy, *v. a.* to betroth, to trust in, to confide

Afie'ld, *ad.* to or in the field, out of doors

Afoat, *ad.* borne up by the water; moving

Afoot, *ad.* on foot; in action, in motion

Afo're, *prep.* before, sooner in time

Afo'rehand, *ad.* previously prepared, or fitted

Aforesaid, *a.* said before, named before
Afraid, *part. a.* struck with fear, terrified
Afresh, *ad.* anew, over again, once more
Aft, *ad.* astern
After, *prep.* behind—*ad.* following another; in pursuit of; in imitation of; in succeeding time
Aftermath, *s.* the second crop of grass
Afternoon, *s.* a time from noon to evening
Afterpains, *s.* pains after child-birth
Afterthought, *s.* reflections formed after the act; expedients formed too late
Afterwards, *ad.* in succeeding time
A'ga, *s.* a Turkish military officer of rank
Again, *ad.* a second time, once more; moreover; in return; on the other hand
Against, *prep.* in contradiction to; in opposition to; to the hurt of another
Ags'pe, *ad.* staring eagerly, or with surprise
Agast, or *Aghast*, *a.* struck with terror, frightened; staring with amazement
Agate, *s.* the lowest sort of precious stone
Ag'aty, *a.* partaking of the nature of agate
Age, *s.* any period of time; generation of men; a hundred years; maturity; decline of life
A'god, *a.* advanced in years, old, ancient
A'gency, *s.* action; managing another's affairs
A'gent, *s.* a deputy, a substitute, a factor
Aggl'ation, *s.* a concretion of ice
Agg'eration, *s.* a growing to another body
Agglom'erate, *v. a.* to gather up in a ball
Agglutinate, *v. n.* to unite together
Agglutination, *s.* union, cohesion
Aggrandize, *v. a.* to enlarge, to exalt, to advance in power, honour, or rank
Aggrandizement, *s.* being exalted or preferred
Aggravate, *v. a.* to make worse; to provoke
Aggravation, *s.* a provocation; exciting to anger; the act of aggravating
Ag'gregate, *a.* framed by the collection of sundry parts into one body or mass
Ag'gregate, *s.* the collected sum of various quantities; the sum total of an account
Ag'gregate, *v. a.* to add or heap together
Aggregation, *s.* the state of being collected
Aggress, *v. a.* to assault or injure first
Aggression, *s.* the commencing a quarrel
Aggressor, *s.* one who first assaults another
Aggrieve, *s.* hardship, injury, wrong
Aggrieve, *v. a.* to vex, to injure, to harass
Aggrieved, *part.* afflicted, injured
Aggrou'p, *v. a.* to bring into one view
Ag'ile, *a.* nimble, ready, active, light
Ag'leness, *s.* quickness, activity, nimbleness
Agility, *s.* activity, speed, readiness
Ag'io, *s.* the difference between the value of bank notes and the current money
Agist, *v. a.* to let cattle feed in pasture grounds at so much per week
Agitate, *v. a.* to shake; to revolve in the mind
Agitation, *s.* the act of shaking any thing; violent motion; perturbation of the mind; controversial examination
Ag'itative, *a.* having the power to agitate
Agnation, *s.* descent from the same father

Agnition, *s.* an acknowledgment
Agnize, *v. a.* to confess; to acknowledge
Ago, *ad.* in time past; as, long ago
Agog, *ad.* in a state of longing. A low word
Ag'ing, *part. a.* in action, moving
Agonistes, *s.* a prize fighter, a gladiator
Agonize, *v. n.* to be in extreme pain
Ag'ony, *s.* pangs of death, anguish
Agrarian, *a.* relating to fields or grounds
Agree, *v.* to accord, to concur, to settle
Agreeable, *a.* pleasing; conformable to
Agreeableness, *s.* the quality of pleasing
Agreeably, *ad.* pleasingly; consistently
Agree'd, *part. a.* settled by mutual consent
Agreement, *s.* concord; compact; bargain
Ag'riculture, *s.* tillage, husbandry
Agricul'turist, *s.* a husbandman, a farmer
Ag'rimony, *s.* a name for the plant liverwort
Agrou'nd, *ad.* run ashore; stranded
A'gue, *s.* an intermitting fever, with cold fits
Ah, *interj.* denoting contempt, or pity
Aha, *interj.* a word intimating triumph and contempt
Ahead, *ad.* furthest on; precipitantly
Aja'r, *ad.* half opened
Aid, *v. a.* to succour, to assist, to relieve
Aid, *a'fiance*, *s.* help, support, assistance
Aidant, *Aid'ing*, *a.* helping, assisting
Aid-de-camp, *s.* a military officer attendant on a general, to convey orders, &c.
Aidless, *a.* friendless, unsupported
Ail, *v.* to be in pain, or suffer sickness
Ailing, *part. a.* disordered, unhealthy
Ailment, *s.* pain, disease, affliction
Aim, *v.* to direct towards a mark, to guess
Aim, *s.* direction, endeavour, design
Aimless, *a.* without aim
Air, *s.* the element in which we breathe; a tune or melody; the mien of a person
Air, *v. a.* to expose to the air; to warm
Air-balloon, *s.* see Balloon
Airily, *ad.* gaily, briskly, merrily
Airiness, *s.* gayety; exposure to the air
Air'ing, *s.* a jaunt or short excursion to enjoy the air
Airless, *a.* wanting air, close
Air-pump, *s.* a machine by which the air is drawn out of certain vessels
Air'y, *a.* belonging to the air; gay, sprightly
Aisle, *Aile*, *s.* a walk in a church
Ait, *s.* a small island in a river
Akin, *a.* related to; resembling; alike
A'lbaster, *s.* a species of soft white marble
Alac'rit'y, *s.* willingness, readiness, briskness
A-la-mo'de, *ad.* according to the fashion
Ala'rm, *v. a.* to call to arms; to surprise
Ala'rm, *s.* a notice of danger; sudden terror
Ala'rring, *part.* frightful; giving alarm
Ala'rmpost, *s.* the spot to which each regiment is to repair in case of alarm
Ala'r'um, *s.* a clock; an alarm bell
Alas, *Alack*, *interj.* denoting pity or grief
Alac'rus, *s.* the evergreen privet
Alb, *s.* a Romish priest's surplice
Albatross, *s.* a south-sea bird
Albeit, *ad.* although, notwithstanding
Albion, *s.* the ancient name of Britain
Alca'd, *s.* the name of a civil officer in Spain

Alchym'ical, *a.* relating to alchymy
 Al'chymist, *a.* a professor of alchymy
 Al'chymize, *v. a.* to transmute
 Al'chymy, *a.* occult chymistry; a metal
 Al'cohol, *a.* the substance of any body re-
 duced into a fine impalpable powder; a
 pure rectified spirit
 Al'coran, *a.* the book which contains the
 precepts of the Turkish religion, as insti-
 tuted by their prophet Mahomet
 Alco've, *s.* a recess to sit or lie in
 A'lder, *a.* a tree resembling the hazel
 A'derman, *s.* an incorporated magistrate
 A'dern, *a.* made of alderwood
 Ale, *s.* a liquid made by infusing malt and
 hops in hot water
 A'leconner, *s.* an officer whose duty is to
 oblige publicans to use just measures
 A'legar, *s.* sour ale which has lost its spirit
 A'lehood, *s.* groundivy; once used for hops
 A'lehouse, *s.* a house where malt liquor is
 sold
 Ale'm'bic, *s.* a vessel used in distilling
 Aler't, *a.* watchful, vigilant, brisk, nimble
 Aler'tness, *s.* sprightliness, briskness
 A'etude, *s.* bulkiness; fatness; heaviness
 Alexan'drine, *s.* a verse of twelve syllables
 Alexipha'rmic, Alexiter'ic, *a.* that which
 acts as an antidote to poison or infection
 Al'ga, *s.* sea-wood
 Al'gebra, *s.* a literal arithmetic
 Algebra'ic, Algebra'ical, *a.* pertaining to
 algebra
 Algebra'ist, *s.* one well versed in algebra
 Al'gid, *a.* cold, extremely cold, chill
 Algid'ity, Al'gor, *s.* chilliness, coldness
 Al'gorithm, *s.* the science of numbers
 Alguazil', *s.* a Spanish halloff or constable
 A'lias, *ad.* otherwise—*s.* in law, a writ
 Al'ibi, *s.* elsewhere. A law term
 Al'ible, *a.* nutritive; nourishing
 Al'ien, *s.* a foreigner; a stranger
 A'lienable, *a.* that may be transferred
 A'lienate, *v. a.* to transfer to another; to
 withdraw the affections
 A'lienate, *a.* estranged or withdrawn from
 Alienat'ion, *s.* the act of transferring; change
 of affection; mental derangement
 All'ight, *v. n.* to descend, to come down,
 to dismount
 All'ike, *ad.* with resemblance; equally
 Al'iment, *s.* food, nutriment, support
 Alimen'tal, *a.* nourishing; nutritive
 Alimen'tary, *a.* that which belongs to alim-
 ent
 Alimo'nious, *a.* that which nourishes
 Al'imony, *s.* that part of an estate appropri-
 ated to support a wife when separated
 from her husband, unless criminally so
 Al'iquant, *a.* any portion of a given num-
 ber, which multiplied or diversified in
 any possible manner, will still make
 more or less than that given number ex-
 actly, as 3 is an aliquant of 10, thrice 3
 being 9, four times 3 making 12
 Al'iquot, *s.* any portion of a given number
 which, being multiplied, will amount
 to that given number exactly

Al'ive, *a.* not dead; active, sprightly
 Al'kakest, *s.* an universal dissolvent, a li-
 quor
 Al'kali, *s.* the fixed salt of any body
 Al'kaline, *a.* having the quality of alkali
 Alka'lize, *v. a.* to make alkaline
 Al'kanet, *s.* the name of a plant
 Alker'mes, *s.* a confection made of the
 scarlet grains called kermes
 All, *a.* the whole number or quantity;
 every one. *All* is much used in compo-
 sition
 Alloy', *v. a.* to temper one metal with an-
 other for coining; to compose, to pacify
 Alloy', *s.* any baser metal mixed with a su-
 perior kind to harden it; any thing which,
 being added, lessens the value of that
 with which it is mingled
 Allecta'tion, *s.* an alluring; an enticing
 Allega'tion, *s.* an affirmation, excuse, plea
 Allege', *v. a.* to declare, to maintain, to plead
 Alleg'eable, *a.* that which may be alleged
 Alleg'ed, *part.* given, asserted, pleaded
 Alle'giance, *s.* the duty of a subject
 Alle'giant, *a.* loyal, conformable to alle-
 giance
 Allegorical, *a.* not real; not literal
 Al'legory, *s.* in rhetoric, a figurative man-
 ner of speech, by which instruction or
 information is meant to be conveyed
 Alle'gro, *s.* a sprightly motion in music;
 gay
 Allema'nde, *s.* a grave or slow piece of
 music
 Alle'viate, *v. a.* to ease, to soften
 Allevia'tion, *s.* that by which any pain is
 diminished, or any fault extenuated
 Al'ley, *s.* any narrow passage, or walk
 All-fool's-day, *s.* the first of April
 All'iance, *s.* relation by marriage, or kin-
 dred; a league or contract with foreign
 powers; similarity of qualities
 Allie's, *s.* states who have entered into a
 league for their mutual defence
 Alliga'tion, *s.* the act of tying together;
 that rule of arithmetic which teaches to
 adjust the price of articles compounded
 of ingredients of different value
 Alligs'tor, *s.* a crocodile; a kind of pear
 Allis'ion, *s.* the act of striking together
 Allitera'tion, *s.* the beginning two or more
 words with the same letter
 Allocu'tion, *s.* act of placing or adding to
 Allocu'tion, *s.* the act of speaking to ano-
 ther
 Allo'dial, Allo'dian, *a.* independent; held
 without acknowledgment of superiority
 Allen'ge, *s.* in fencing, a pass or thrust
 Allot', *v. a.* to parcel out, to distribute;
 grant
 Allot'ment, *s.* the part given to any one
 Allow', *v. a.* to admit or acknowledge any
 position; to permit, yield, or grant; to
 make an abatement in selling
 Allow'able, *a.* that may be permitted, lawful
 Allow'ance, *s.* indulgence, pension, sanc-
 tion, licence, a rate or appointment for
 any use; a deduction

Allay', *a.* move properly **Allay'**, which see
Allu'de, *v. a.* to hint at, to insinuate, refer to
Allu'minate, *v. a.* to decorate or adorn
Allu're, *v. a.* to entice, to decoy, to wheedle
Allu're, *a.* something set up to entice birds
Allu'rement, *a.* enticement, temptation
Allu'sion, *a.* a reference, hint, implication
Allu'sive, *a.* hinting at something
Ally', *v. a.* to unite by friendship or kindred
Ally', *a.* a friend, a confederate, a relation
Al'manac, *a.* an annual calendar
Al'mandine, *a.* a kind of inferior ruby
Almigh'ty, *a.* of unlimited power, omnipotent—*a.* the Divine Being; God
Al'mond, *a.* the fruit of the almond-tree
Al'monds of the throat, improperly called almonds of the ears, are two small glands on the sides of the basis of the tongue
Al'moner, *a.* the officer of a prince employed in the distribution of charity
Al'monry, *a.* the place where alms are given
Almo'st, *ad.* nearly, near, well nigh
Alms, *a.* any thing given to relieve the poor
Al'mshouses, *a.* houses built gratuitously for the poor
Al'o'es, *a.* a medicinal gum extracted from a tree of that name; there are two kinds, the best called *succotrine aloes*; the inferior, *horae aloes*
Al'o'e'tic, *Al'o'e'tical*, *a.* consisting of aloes
Al'o'ft, *ad.* on high; in the air; above
Al'o'gy, *a.* absurdity, unreasonableness
Al'o'ne, *a.* without company, solitary
Along, *ad.* at length; onward; forward
Along-side, *ad.* by the side of the ship
Al'o'f, *ad.* at a distance; it is sometimes, but erroneously, said to mean, to the wind
Alou'd, *ad.* loudly, with much noise
Alp, *a.* a mountain
Al'pha, *a.* the first letter in the Greek alphabet, answering to our A; it is therefore used to signify, the first or highest
Al'phabet, *a.* the letters of any language
Al'phabet'ical, *a.* according to the order of the alphabet
Al'read'y, *ad.* now, at this time; so soon
Al'so, *ad.* likewise, in the same manner
Al'tar, *a.* the table in Christian churches where the communion is administered
Al'ter, *v.* to change, to reform, to vary
Al'ter'able, *a.* that which may be changed
Al'ter'ant, *a.* that which produces a change
Al'ter'a'tion, *a.* the act of altering or changing; the change made
Al'ter'a'tive, *a.* medicines called *alterative*, are such as imperceptibly improve the constitution from sickness to health
Al'ter'a'tion, *a.* debate, controversy, wrangle
Al'ter'nate, *a.* by turns, one after another
Al'ter'nately, *ad.* by turns, mutually
Al'ter'nation, *a.* reciprocal succession
Al'ter'native, *a.* the choice given of one of two things, so that if one is rejected, the other must be taken
Al'the'a, *a.* a flowering shrub
Al'thou'gh, *ad.* notwithstanding, however
Al'tim'e'try, *a.* the art of measuring heights

Al'ti'm'ant, *a.* high sounding, pompous
Al'titude, *a.* height of a place; elevation of a heavenly body above the horizon
Al'togeth'er, *ad.* completely, entirely
Al'um, *a.* a mineral salt of an acid taste
Alu'minous, *a.* consisting of alum
Al'ways, *ad.* perpetually; constantly
Amabi'lity, *a.* loveliness; power of pleasing
Amat'n, *ad.* with vehemence, fiercely
Amal'gam, *a.* a mixture of metals
Amalgamate, *v. a.* to mix or unite metals
Amanuen'sis, *a.* a clerk or secretary, who writes what another dictates
Am'aranth, *a.* the name of a plant; in poetry, an imaginary flower that never fades
Amaran'thine, *a.* consisting of amaranthus
Amar'itude, **Amar'ulence**, *a.* bitterness
Amass'ment, *a.* an accumulation, a heap
Amass', *v. a.* to collect together, to heap up
Amateu'r, *a.* a virtuoso; a lover of the arts
Am'story, *a.* relating to or causing love
Amauro'sis, *a.* a dimness of sight occasioning the appearance of flies or dust floating before the eyes
Amaze, *v. a.* to surprise, astonish, confuse
Amaze, *a.* astonishment; confusion
Amaze'ment, *a.* confused apprehension; fear; wonder at any event; admiration
Amaz'ing, *part. a.* wonderful, astonishing
Amaz'ingly, *ad.* astonishingly, wonderfully
Am'azon, *a.* the Amazons were a race of women famous for valour; a virago
Am'big'es, *a.* circumlocution; tautologousness
Am'bas'sador, **Em'bas'sador**, *a.* a person sent as the representative of a prince or state on any public business to a foreign country
Am'bas'sadress, *a.* the lady of an ambassador
Am'bas'sage, **Am'bas'sade**, *a.* a mission
Am'ber, *a.* a yellow transparent gum of a resinous taste; a kind of pale ale
Am'bergia, *a.* a fragrant drug, used as a perfume and a cordial
Ambidex'ter, *a.* a person that can use both hands alike; a knave who plays on both sides; in law, a juror who receives a bribe from both parties for his verdict
Ambidex'trous, *a.* double-dealing, deceitful
Am'blet, *a.* compassing; surrounding; particularly applied to the air which surrounds all bodies; investing
Ambigu'ity, *a.* obscurity of words; double meaning; uncertainty of signification
Ambig'u'ous, *a.* doubtful, mysterious
Ambig'u'ously, *ad.* in a doubtful manner
Ambig'u'ousness, *a.* uncertainty of meaning
Ambi'o'quy, *a.* use of doubtful expressions
Am'bit, *a.* the line that encompasses or encircles any thing
Ambit'ion, *a.* an earnest desire of preferment, honour, or power; great pride
Ambit'ious, *a.* aspiring, proud, vain
Am'ble, *v. n.* to move easily, to pace, to trip
Ambro'sia, *a.* the name of a plant; in poetical language, the food of the gods
Ambro'sial, *a.* possessing the qualities of ambrosia; fragrant, delicious
Ambula'tion, *a.* the act of walking

- Ambusca'de, Ambusca'do, Am'bush, s.** a private post in which men lie to surprise an enemy; the act of lying in wait to surprise an enemy
- Am'el, s.** the matter used for enamelling
- Am'e'lorate, v. a.** to improve
- A'men', ad.** may it be so; verily
- Am'e'nable, a.** responsible, answerable to
- Am'e'nance, s.** conduct, behaviour, mien
- Amen'd, v.** to reform, grow better, correct
- Amen'dment, s.** a reformation of life; a change for the better; recovery of health
- Amen'sis, s.** recompence, satisfaction
- Amen'ity, s.** pleasantness of situation
- Amer'ce, v. a.** to punish by fine or penalty
- Amer'cement, Amer'clement, s.** a pecuniary fine or penalty
- Am'e'lyst, s.** a precious stone of a violet colour, supposed to hinder intoxication
- A'miable, a.** lovely, pleasing, charming
- A'miability, s.** agreeableness, loveliness
- Am'icable, a.** friendly, kind, obliging
- Am'icably, ad.** in a friendly way
- Am'ice, s.** the undermost part of a Romish priest's shoulder-cloth, or alb
- Amid', Amid'st, ad.** in the middle, amongst
- Amis', ad.** faultily, criminally, wrong
- Amis'sion, s.** loss, deprivation, dismissal
- Amit', v. n.** to lose, to drop, to dismiss
- Ain'ity, s.** friendship, love, harmony
- Ammo'nac, s.** the name of an Indian gum
- Am'munition, s.** a military stores
- Am'nesty, s.** an act of general pardon
- Among', Among'st, prep.** mingled with
- Amor'ist, Amor'o'so, s.** a gallant, a lover
- Am'orous, a.** disposed to love, enamoured
- Am'orously, ad.** lovingly, fondly, kindly
- Amo'rt, a.** dull, heavy, dejected, spiritless
- Amo'tion, s.** the act of putting away
- Amou'nt, v. n.** to rise in value, to increase
- Amou'nt, s.** the sum total, whole result
- Amou'r, s.** an affair of gallantry; an intrigue
- Ampib'i'ous, a.** that which partakes of two natures, so as to live in air or water
- Ampib'i'ology, s.** a double speech
- Ampib'i'olous, a.** tossed about; doubtful
- Ampib'i'cii, s.** those people who inhabit the torrid zone, whose shadows fall both ways
- Amphithe'atre, s.** a building in a circular or oval form for public amusements, with seats one above another, and an area in the middle
- Am'ple, a.** large, wide, liberal, diffusive
- Am'pleness, s.** largeness, extent, liberality
- Am'pliate, v. a.** to enlarge, to extend
- Amplia'tion, s.** diffuseness, enlargement
- Amplif'icate, v. a.** to enlarge, to spread out
- Amplifica'tion, s.** enlargement, extension
- Am'plify, v. a.** to enlarge, to exaggerate
- Am'plitude, s.** extent, largeness, capacity; in astronomy, an arch of the horizon
- Am'ply, ad.** largely, literally, copiously
- Am'putate, v. a.** to cut off a limb
- Amputa'tion, s.** the act of cutting off a limb or other part of the body
- Amulet, s.** an appendant remedy or preventive, always worn about the person
- Amu'se, v. a.** to entertain, to divert, deceive
- Amu'sement, s.** a pastime or entertainment
- Amu'sing, part.** entertaining, pleasing
- Amyg'dalate, a.** made of almonds
- A'ns, ad.** in the same quantity, equally
- Anabap'tist, s.** one of a religious sect who assert that baptism is improper till the person is of an age to answer for himself
- Anac'o'mtic, a.** any thing reflected; an echo
- Anac'horete, Anac'horite, s.** an hermit
- Anac'hronism, s.** an error in computing the time of any great event
- Anac'lat'ics, s.** the science or doctrine of refracted lights or vision; dioptrics
- Anacreon'ic, s.** any thing having a relation to the ancient poet Anacreon
- Anadip'losis, s.** reduplication; a figure in rhetoric
- Anagoge'tical, a.** religiously mysterious
- An'a'gram, s.** a transposition of the letters of a sentence or a word, so as to form other words
- Anagram'matist, s.** a composer of anagrams
- An'lect, s.** fragments collected from authors
- Analep'tic, a.** restorative, strengthening
- Ana'logy, s.** resemblance, proportion, similarity of one thing to another
- Anal'yis, s.** a separation of any compound body into the parts of which it is formed; the chymical reduction of metals, minerals, &c. to their original principles
- Analy'tic, a.** belonging to an analysis
- An'alysé, v. a.** to resolve into first principles; to reduce to its primitive parts
- Anamorpho'sis, s.** a perspective projection, so made, that in one point of view an object shall appear deformed, and in another an exact representation
- Ana'nas, s.** the pine apple
- Anaph'ora, s.** a figure in rhetoric, when several clauses of a sentence are begun with the same word
- An'arch, s.** an author of confusion
- An'archy, s.** a want of government; disorder, confusion, chaos, tumult
- Anas'ren, s.** a kind of dropsy
- Anastamo'sis, s.** the inoculation of vessels
- Anat'rophe, s.** a figure whereby words that should have preceded are postponed
- Anath'e'ma, s.** an ecclesiastical curse
- Anath'e'matize, v. a.** to pronounce accursed by ecclesiastical authority
- Anat'o'mist, s.** one skilled in anatomy
- Anat'o'my, s.** the art of dissecting any animal body to discover exactly its structure
- An'cestors, s.** predecessors, forefathers
- An'cestry, s.** lineage, descent, birth
- An'chor, s.** an iron instrument, which, being fixed in the ground, by means of the cable, keeps a ship from driving
- An'chor, v. a.** to drop the anchor, to fix on
- An'chorage, s.** ground for anchoring in; a duty paid for leave to anchor
- An'cho'ret, An'chorite, s.** see Anachorete
- Ancho'vy, s.** a small sea-fish pickled
- An'cient, a.** old, of old time, long since
- An'ciant, s.** the bearer of a flag, an ensign

A'nciently, *ad.* in old times, formerly
A'ncientry, *s.* dignity of birth, high lineage
A'ncients, *s.* men who lived in old times ;
 formerly, certain flags in a ship
And, *conj.* the particle by which sentences
 or terms are joined
Andan'te, *ad.* in music, moderately
An'diron, *s.* irons fixed to the end of a fire-
 grate, in which the spit turns
Androg'nal, *a.* partaking of both sexes
An'ecdote, *s.* a biographical incident
An'e'le, *v. a.* to give extreme unction
Anem'one, *s.* the wind flower
An'eurism, *s.* a disease of, or wound in, an
 artery, by which it becomes dilated
Anew', *ad.* over again, repeatedly
Anfrac'tuous, *a.* intricate, winding, many
A'ngel, *s.* a celestial spirit ; a heavenly
 being ; a gold coin worth about 10s.
Angel'ic, **Angel'ical**, *a.* heavenly, like angels
Angel'ica, *s.* the name of a plant
An'ger, *s.* resentment, rage ; pain of a sore
An'ger, *v. a.* to provoke, to enrage
Angi'ography, *s.* a description of vessels in
 the human body ; the nerves, arteries, &c.
An'gle, *s.* a point where two lines meet ; an
 instrument to take fish
An'gle, *v. n.* to fish with a fishing-rod
An'glicise, *v. a.* to convert into English
An'glicism, *s.* an English idiom or expres-
 sion
An'gling, *s.* the art of fishing with a rod
An'gry, *a.* provoked, enraged ; inflamed
An'guish, *s.* excessive pain of mind or body
An'gular, *a.* having corners or angles
An'hela'tion, *s.* the act of panting
Animad'ver'sion, *s.* observation, remark,
 reproof, blame, censure
Animal'ver't, *v. a.* to examine into, to re-
 mark or criticize, to reprove
An'im'al, *s.* a body endued with life, motion,
 and sense—*a.* not spiritual
Animal'cule, *s.* a very small animal
An'imate, *a.* living ; possessing life
An'imated, *part.* lively, brisk, vigorous
Animat'ion, *s.* the act of animating ; the
 state of being enlivened
An'imative, *a.* tending to animate ; brisk
Animos'ity, *s.* aversion, hatred, malignity
An'ise, *s.* a species of parsley
An'ker, *s.* a vessel containing ten gallons
An'kle, *s.* the joint between the foot and leg
An'nalist, *s.* a writer of annals
An'nals, *s.* histories digested into years
An'nate, *s.* first fruits ; annual masses
Annes'l, *v. a.* to temper glass ; to bake
Annex', *v. a.* to unite, to join, to connect
An'nex, *s.* the thing subjoined or annexed
Ann'hilate, *v. a.* to annul, to destroy
Annihila'tion, *s.* the act of destroying
Anniver'sary, *s.* an annual or yearly festival
 or commemoration—*a.* annual
Anno Dom'ini, *s.* in the year of our Lord
Annota'tion, *s.* an explanation, a note
An'notator, *s.* a commentator, a critic
Annou'nce, *v. a.* to publish, to proclaim
Annou'ncement, *s.* a declaration ; a noti-
 fication

Annoy', *v. a.* to injure, to molest, to vex
Annoy'ance, *s.* that which hurts or annoys
Annoy'er, *s.* one who injures or molests
An'nual, *a.* that which comes once a-year
An'nually, *ad.* year by year ; yearly
Annu'itant, *s.* one who has an annuity
Annu'ity, *s.* a yearly allowance for life
Annul', *v. a.* to abrogate, to abolish, to re-
 peal
An'nular, *a.* having the form of a ring
An'nulet, *s.* a little ring ; a mark in he-
 raldry ; in architecture, the small square
 members in the Doric capital, under the
 quarter round, are called *annulets*
Annu'merate, *v. a.* to add to, to include
Annumera'tion, *s.* addition to a number
Annu'n'ciate, *v. a.* to relate, to bring tidings
Annun'ciation-day, *s.* the day celebrated by
 the church in commemoration of the an-
 gel's salutation of the Virgin Mary, being
 the 25th of March
An'alyne, *a.* mitigating pain, assuaging
An'o'nt, *v. a.* to rub with oil, to consecrate
Anom'alism, **Anom'aly**, *s.* irregularity
Anom'alous, *a.* irregular, out of rule
Anon', *ad.* quickly, soon, shortly
Anon'y'mous, *a.* without a name, unknown
Anoth'er, *a.* not the same ; one more
An'swer, *v. a.* to reply to ; to resolve
An'swer, *s.* a reply, a confutation, a solution
An'swerable, *a.* that to which a reply may
 be made ; obliged to give an account
Ant, *s.* an emmet, a pismire, a small pro-
 vidient insect
Antag'onist, *s.* an opponent, an adversary
Anta'ctic, *a.* relating to the southern pole
An'te, *a* Latin particle signifying before
Antec'e'de, *v. n.* to go before, to precede
Antec'e'dence, *s.* the act of going before
Antec'e'dent, *a.* going before, preceding
Antec'e'dent, *s.* that which goes before ; the
 noun to which the relative is subjoined
Ant'echamber, *s.* the chamber adjoining, or
 leading to the principal apartments
An'tedate, *v. a.* to date before the real time
Antedil'u'vian, *a.* existing before the deluge
Ant'elope, *s.* a kind of goat with curled or
 wreathed horns
Antemerid'ian, *a.* before noon, morning
Antemun'dane, *a.* that which was before
 the creation of the world ; eternal
An'tepest, *s.* anticipation, foretaste
Antepenult', *s.* the last syllable but two in
 any word, as *te* in *antepenult*
Anteplep'tic, *s.* a medicinal preparation
 against convulsions
Ant'erior, *a.* going before, previous, prior
Anterior'ity, *s.* priority in time or situation
An'them, *s.* a holy song or divine hymn
Antho'logy, *s.* a collection of flowers, poems,
 or devotions
Anthropoph'agi, *s.* cannibals, eaters of hu-
 man flesh
An'tic, *a.* whimsical, odd, ridiculously wild
An'tic, *s.* a buffoon ; he that uses antics
Ant'ichrist, *s.* an adversary to Christ
Antichrist'ian, *a.* opposite to Christianity
Anticipate, *v. a.* to foretaste, to prevent

- Anticipation, *s.* the act of taking up something before its time, prevention
- Anticly, *ad.* drolly, with odd gestures
- Anticlimax, *s.* a sentence in which the last part is lower than the first
- Antidotal, *s.* that which counteracts poison
- Antidote, *s.* a medicine to expel poison
- Antifebrile, *s.* good against fevers
- Antimonarchical, *s.* against monarchy
- Antimonial, *s.* made of antimony
- Antimony, *s.* a mineral substance, which destroys all metals fused with it but gold
- Antinomians, *s.* a religious sect who think that belief alone is sufficient to salvation
- Antinomy, *s.* contradiction between two laws, or two clauses in the same law
- Antipathetical, *s.* having a natural contrariety to any thing
- Antipathy, *s.* a natural hatred, aversion, or dislike to any thing
- Antiphon, *s.* a hymn of praise
- Antiphesis, *s.* the use of words in a sense opposite to their proper meaning
- Antipodal, *s.* relating to the antipodes
- Antipodes, *s.* those people, who, living exactly on the opposite part of the globe, have their feet pointed against ours
- Antiquarian, Antiquary, *s.* one who studies antiquity; a collector of ancient things
- Antiquate, *v.* *to* make obsolete
- Antique, *s.* ancient, old fashioned, odd
- Antique, *s.* a piece of antiquity, a relic
- Antiquity, *s.* time past long ago, ancientness; the people of old times
- Anticil, *s.* people who live under the same meridian of latitude, but different sides of the equator, being equally distant, the one to the north, the other to the south; they therefore have noon and midnight at the same time; but while the one has summer, the other has winter
- Antiscorbutic, *s.* good against the scurvy
- Antiseptic, *s.* a medicine to prevent putrefaction
- Antistrophe, *s.* the second stanza of an ode
- Antithesis, *s.* opposition of words or sentences; contrast
- Antitrinitarian, *s.* one who denies the doctrine of the Christian Trinity
- Antitype, *s.* the original, which is represented by the type
- Antitypical, *s.* that which explains the type
- Antler, *s.* the branch of a stag's horn
- Antoci, *s.* those inhabitants of the globe who live under the same longitude and latitude, but in different hemispheres
- Antonomasia, *s.* a form of speech, in which, instead of a proper name, the dignity is used, as a king is called his majesty
- Antre, *s.* a cave, a den, a cavern
- Anvil, *s.* an iron block which smiths use
- Anxiety, Anxiousness, *s.* perplexity; solicitude about any future event; depression of spirits, uneasiness
- Anxious, *s.* solicitous, much concerned
- An'y, *s.* every, either, whosoever
- Aonian Mount, *s.* the fabled residence of the muses; the hill Parnassus
- Aorist, *s.* a tense in the Greek language
- Aorta, *s.* the great artery which rises immediately out of the left ventricle of the heart
- Apace, *ad.* quickly, speedily, with haste
- Ap'art, *ad.* separately, privately, at a distance
- Apartment, *s.* a part of a house, a room
- Apathetic, *s.* without feeling
- Ap'athy, *s.* a want of sensibility, coldness
- Indolence, exemption from passion
- Ape, *s.* a kind of monkey, a mimic
- Ape, *v.* *to* imitate ludicrously, to mimic
- Ap'ient, *s.* that which has the quality of opening; medicines gently purgative
- Apertion, *s.* an opening, a passage, a gap
- Ap'erture, *s.* an open place, a gap
- Apetalous, *s.* without flower leaves
- Ap'ex, *s.* the tip or angular point of a thing
- Aphe'lon or Aphe'lium, *s.* that part of a planet's orbit which is the most remote point from the sun
- Aphorism, *s.* a maxim, precept, general rule
- Apiary, *s.* a place where bees are kept
- Ap'ice, *ad.* to each one share, separately
- Apish, *s.* foppish, silly, insignificant
- Apocalypse, *s.* a revelation, a vision
- Apocalyptic, *s.* containing revelation
- Apoc'ope, *s.* a cutting off the last syllable
- Apoc'rypha, *s.* books whose authors are not certainly known, adjoined to the bible
- Apoc'ryphal, *s.* not canonical, uncertain
- Apoc'ryphally, *ad.* uncertainly, doubtfully
- Apodictical, *s.* evident, demonstrative
- Ap'ogee, *s.* that point in the heavens in which the sun or any planet is at its greatest possible distance from the earth during its revolution
- Apologetical, *s.* defending, excusing
- Apologize, *v.* *to* plead for, to excuse
- Apologue, *s.* a moral tale, a fable
- Apology, *s.* a defence, an excuse, a plea
- Apophthegm, *s.* a remarkable saying
- Apoplectic, *s.* relating to an apoplexy
- Apoplexy, *s.* a sudden deprivation of all sense and motion by a disease
- Apostacy, *s.* departure from the religion before professed; dereliction
- Apostate, *s.* one who renounces his religion
- Apostatize, *v.* *to* change one's religion, to forsake one's principles
- Apostle, *s.* a person sent to preach the gospel, particularly those despatched by our Saviour for that purpose
- Apostrophe, *s.* in grammar, a mark thus (!), signifying the contraction of any word, as can't, don't; a sudden turn in a discourse
- Apothecary, *s.* a person whose business is to prepare medicines for sale
- Ap'othegm, *s.* see Apophthegm
- Apotheosis, *s.* the consecrating or deifying any person after death
- Ap'ozem, *s.* a decoction or infusion of herbs
- Appal, *v.* *to* fright, to daunt, to terrify
- Ap'panage, *s.* lands for younger children
- Apparatus, *s.* any tools, furniture, or necessary instruments for any trade, &c

Apparel, *s.* dress, clothing, vestments
Apparel, *v. a.* to dress, to deck, to cover
Apparent, *a.* plain, evident, certain
Apparently, *ad.* evidently, visibly, openly
Apparition, *s.* appearance, a spectre
Apparitor, *s.* a low ecclesiastical officer
Appas'ch, *v. a.* to impeach, to censure, to reprove, to accuse
Appas'chment, *s.* an accusation, a charge
Appeal, *s.* an application for justice
Appeal, *v. n.* to refer to another as judge
Appears, *v. a.* to become visible, to be in sight, to be evident
Appearance, *s.* the act of coming into sight; semblance, not reality; show, probability
Appease, *v. a.* to pacify, to calm, to reconcile, to put in a state of peace
Appes'sment, *s.* the state of being at peace
Appellant, *s.* a challenger at arms; one who appeals to a superior court
Appellation, *s.* a name, title, term
Appellative, *s.* names for a whole rank of beings are called *appellatives*
Appellatory, *a.* containing an appeal
Append, *v. a.* to hang or join to, to add to
Appendage, *s.* something added
Appendant, *s.* an adventitious part
Appendant, **Append'd**, *a.* hanging to, annexed, belonging to, concomitant
Appendicate, *v. a.* to join to, to append
Appendix, *s.* supplement, addition made
Appertain, *v. n.* to belong to, to depend upon
Appertinent, *a.* belonging or relating to
Appetence, *s.* a strong or sensual desire
Appetibility, *s.* the state of being desirable
Appetible, *a.* engaging, desirable, good
Appetite, *s.* hunger, earnest desire of pleasure, violent longing
Applaud, *v. a.* to extol, praise, commend
Applause, *s.* approbation, praise
Apple, *s.* a common fruit; pupil of the eye
Applicable, *a.* suitable, proper, fit
Applicant, *s.* he who applies for any thing
Application, *s.* the act of applying, intense study, great industry
Applicative, **Applicatory**, *a.* that applies
Applicer, **Applicant**, *s.* a student
Apply, *v.* to put one thing to another; to study; to address to; to suit to; to agree
Appoint, *v. a.* to determine, settle, equip
Appointed, *part.* settled, agreed on, chosen
Appointment, *s.* a stipulation, salary, post
Apportion, *v. a.* to divide into just parts
Appose, *v. a.* to question, examine, puzzle
Apposite, *a.* suitable, fit, well adapted to
Appositely, *ad.* suitably, fitly, timely
Apposition, *s.* addition of new matter
Appraise, *v. a.* to value goods for sale
Appraisement, *s.* the act of valuing
Appraiser, *s.* one who values or appraises
Appreciate, *v. a.* to estimate, to value
Apprehend, *v. a.* to seize on, to arrest; to comprehend or understand; to fear
Apprehension, *s.* fear; conception; seizure
Apprehensive, *a.* fearful; sensible
Apprentice, *s.* one bound by covenant to a

tradesman or artificer, who engages to instruct him fully in his art or mystery
Apprenticeship, *s.* the term limited for the service of an apprentice
Appreciate, *v. a.* to estimate, to reckon
Apprise, *v. a.* to inform, to acquaint
Apprized, *part.* informed, instructed
Approach, *s.* the act of drawing near to
Approach, *v. a.* to draw or bring near to
Approba'tion, *s.* the act of approving
Appropriate, *v. a.* to consign to any particular use—*a.* belonging peculiarly
Appropriation, *s.* the application of something to a particular use or purpose
Approvable, *a.* meriting approbation
Approval, **Approvement**, *s.* approbation
Approve, *v. a.* to like or allow of; to commend, to be pleased with
Approved, *part.* liked, tried, examined
Approximate, *a.* near to—*v.* to come near
Approximation, *s.* approach to any thing
Appulse, *s.* the act of striking against
Appurtenance, *s.* that which appertains to something else; an adjunct
A'pricot, **A'pricoek**, *s.* a wall fruit
A'pri, *s.* the fourth month of the year
A'pron, *s.* a part of a woman's dress; that which covers the touch-hole of a cannon to keep off the wet
Apropos, *ad.* opportunely; to the purpose
Apt, *a.* fit, ready, quick, qualified, inclined
Aptitude, *s.* fitness, tendency, disposition
Aptly, *ad.* properly, justly, readily, acutely
Aptness, *s.* quickness of apprehension, fitness, readiness, tendency, suitableness
Aquafor'tis, *s.* a corrosive liquor made by distilling nitre with calcined vitriol
Aquat'ic, *a.* growing or living in the water
Aquat'ia, *s.* a species of engraving
Aqueduct, *s.* a conveyance made for carrying water from one place to another
A'queous, *a.* watery, like water, thin
Aquiline, *a.* resembling an eagle; applied to the nose, curved or crooked
Arabic, *s.* the language of the Arabians
Arable, *a.* fit for tillage or ploughing
Araneous, *a.* resembling a cobweb
Ara'tion, *s.* the act of ploughing
Aratory, *a.* that which contributes to tillage
A'rbalist, *s.* a cross bow
A'rbitr, *s.* an umpire to settle a dispute
Arbitrament, *s.* a decision, will, choice
A'rbitrarily, *ad.* absolutely, without control
A'rbitrariness, *s.* a tyranny, despotism
A'rbitrary, *a.* absolute, despotic, unlimited
A'rbitrate, *v. a.* to decide, determine, judge
Arbitration, *s.* the decision of a cause; the termination of any dispute by persons mutually chosen by the parties
A'rbitrator, *s.* an umpire, a judge, a president
A'rborary, *a.* of or belonging to trees
Arbo'reous, *a.* belonging to trees
A'rbores, *s.* a small tree or shrub
A'rborist, *s.* a naturalist who studies trees
A'rbour, *s.* a seat shaded with trees, a bower
A'rboresc, *s.* any small tree or shrub
A'rbut, *s.* the strawberry-tree

- Arca'de**, *s.* a continuation of arches
Arca'nium, *s.* a mystery, a secret, a nostrum
Arch, **Arc**, *s.* a part of a circle; the sky
Arch, *a.* chief; mischievous, waggish, lively
Arch, *v. a.* to build or cover with arches
A'rcha'ism, *s.* an ancient phrase
Arch'angel, *s.* a chief angel; a plant
Archangel'ic, *a.* belonging to archangels
Archbish'op, *s.* the principal of the bishops
Archdea'con, *s.* a bishop's deputy
Archdea'conry, **Archdea'conship**, *s.* the office or jurisdiction of an archdeacon
Archduch'ess, *s.* the wife of an archduke
Archdu'ke, *s.* a sovereign prince, grand duke
A'rched, *part.* vaulted, formed like an arch
A'rcher, *s.* one who fights with a bow
A'rchery, *s.* the art of using a bow
A'rchetypal, *a.* belonging to the original
A'rchetypal, *s.* the original, pattern, model
Archiep'iscopal, *a.* belonging to an archbishop
Archipel'ago, *s.* any sea which abounds with small islands; the most celebrated archipelago is situated between Asia, Macedonia, and Greece
A'rchitect, *s.* a professor of the art of building; a surveyor, a designer
A'rchitective, *a.* that performs the work of architecture
A'rchitecture, *s.* the science of building
A'rchitrave, *s.* the main beam of a building, ornamental part of a pillar
A'rchives, *s.* records; a place for records
Archpre'l'ate, *s.* a leading or chief prelate
Archpres'byter, *s.* a chief presbyter
A'rctic, *a.* northern, towards the north
A'rctic circle, *s.* that circle at which the northern frigid zone commences, being 23° 30' from the North Pole
A'rculate, *v. a.* to bend like an arch
Arcua'tion, *s.* an arching, an incurvation
A'rduency, **A'rdueness**, *s.* eagerness, zeal
A'rduent, *a.* zealous, affectionate; fierce
A'rduently, *ad.* eagerly, affectionately, fervently, zealously
A'rduour, *s.* warm affection, zeal, fervency
A'rduous, *a.* difficult, laborious
Arc, *The plural of the present tense of the verb to be*
A'rea, *s.* the superficial content of any thing; an open space before a building
Arefac'tion, *s.* the state of growing dry
Arenaceous, **Aren'ous**, *a.* sandy, full of sand
A'reent, *a.* silvery, white, shining like silver
A'rgil, *s.* potters' clay, fat, soft earth
Argilla'ceous, **Argil'lous**, *a.* consisting of clay
A'rgol, *s.* the tartar or salt from wine lees
A'rgonauts, *s.* the companions of Jason in the ship *Argo* on the voyage to Colchis
A'rgosy, *s.* a large merchant ship
A'rgue, *v. a.* to reason, to dispute, to debate
A'rgument, *s.* a controversy, the subject of any discourse or writing
Argument'al, *a.* belonging to argument
Argumenta'tion, *s.* the act of reasoning

- Argumentative**, *a.* replete with argument, disputatious, disposed to controversy
Argu'te, *a.* subtle, witty, sharp, shrill
A'rianism, *s.* the doctrine of Arius, who asserted that Christ was not equal with the Father, nor even divine, but the first and greatest of created beings
A'rid, *a.* dry, parched up, ploughed up
Arid'ity, *s.* dryness; insensibility in devotion
A'ries, *s.* the ram; a sign of the zodiac
A'r'ight, *ad.* rightly, without mistake
A'r'ise, *v. n.* to rise up, to mount up
Aristoc'racy, *s.* a form of government which lodges the supreme power in the nobles
Aristocrati'cal, *a.* relating to aristocracy
Arith'metic, *s.* the science of computation
Arithmeti'cal, *a.* according to the rule or method of arithmetic
Arithmetic'ian, *s.* one who professes the knowledge of arithmetic
Ark, *s.* the name generally applied to that vessel in which Noah was preserved from the deluge
Arm, *s.* the limb which reaches from the hand to the shoulder; a branch of a tree; an inlet of the sea
Arm, *v.* to provide with or take up arms
Arma'da, *s.* a large fleet of ships
Armadillo, *s.* a small animal like a hog
Armament, *s.* a naval force; a storehouse
Armil'lary, *a.* resembling a bracelet
Armin'ianism, *s.* a doctrine so called from its founder Arminius, who contended for free-will and universal redemption
Armip'otent, *a.* mighty in war, brave, bold
A'rmi'stice, *s.* a short cessation of arms
A'rmi'let, *s.* a small arm of the sea; a bracelet
Armo'rial, *a.* belonging to the arms or emblems of a family
A'r'mory, *s.* a place in which arms are deposited for use; ensigns armorial
A'r'mour, **A'r'mor**, *s.* defensive arms to cover and defend the body
A'r'mourer, *s.* one who makes or sells arms
Arms, *s.* warlike weapons; war in general
A'r'my, *s.* a large body of armed men
Arna'to, **Arnot'to**, *s.* a vegetable production
Aromat'ic, **Aromat'ical**, *a.* spicy, fragrant
Aromat'ize, *v. a.* to scent, to perfume
Arou'nd, *ad. prep.* around, encompassing
Arou'se, *v. a.* to awake, to raise up, to excite
Arow', *ad.* in a row, in a straight line
Aroy'nt, *ad.* begone, depart, go away
A'rquebuse, *s.* a hand-gun, a fusée
Arrack', *s.* a spirit procured by distillation from a vegetable juice called *tai'dy*, which flows by incision out of the coccol nut tree
Arra'ign, *v. a.* to indict, to charge, to accuse
Arra'ignment, *s.* the act of accusing; a charge
Arra'nge, *v. a.* to set in order or place
Arra'ngement, *s.* the act of putting in order
Ar'rant, *a.* very bad, notorious, real

Ar'ras, *s.* rich tapestry or hangings
Array, *s.* order of battle; dress; ranking
Array, *v. a.* to put in order, to deck, to dress
Arre'a'r, *Arre'a'rage*, *s.* that part of an account which remains unpaid, though due
Arrest, *v. a.* to seize on; to obstruct—*s.* a legal caption or seizure of the person
Arret', *s.* the decision of a sovereign court
Arrie're, *s.* the rear of an army
Arri'val, *s.* the act of coming to a place
Arri've, *v. n.* to come to a place, to reach to
Ar'rogance, *s.* great pride, presumption
Ar'rogant, *a.* very proud, presumptuous
Ar'rogantly, *ad.* haughtily, saucily, proudly
Ar'rogate, *v. a.* to exhibit unjust claims, prompted only by pride; to assume, boast
Ar'row, *s.* a pointed weapon shot from a bow
A'renal, *s.* a repository or magazine for all kinds of military stores
A'renic, *s.* a poisonous mineral
Art, *s.* science, skill, dexterity, cunning
Art'ery, *s.* a canal or tube which conveys the blood from the heart to all parts of the body
A'r'ful, *a.* cunning, dexterous, artificial
A'r'fully, *ad.* cunningly, sily, with art
Arthritic, *a.* gouty, relating to the joints
A'r'richoke, *s.* an esculent plant
A'r'ticle, *s.* one of the parts of speech; a condition of a covenant; a stipulation
A'r'ticle, *v.* to settle the conditions of any agreement, to covenant with
Artic'ulate, *a.* distinct, plain, divided
Artic'ulately, *ad.* distinctly, clearly
Articulation, *s.* a joint or knot; the act of forming words
A'r'tifice, *s.* a trick, fraud, art or trade
Artif'ice, *s.* an artist or manufacturer
Artific'ial, *a.* made by art, not natural
Artill'ery, *s.* weapons of war, cannon
Artill'ery Company, *s.* a voluntary association of the citizens in London, who are trained up in military exercises
Artisan, *s.* an artist, an inferior tradesman
A'r'ist, *s.* a professor of an art, a skilful man
A'r'tless, *a.* unskilful, without art or fraud
A'r'tlessly, *ad.* without art, naturally
As, *conj.* in the same manner, because
Asaf'o'tida, *s.* a gum of an offensive smell
Aster'ios, *s.* a kind of fossil which may be split into threads and filaments, and which cannot be consumed by fire
Ascen'd, *v.* to mount, to rise, to move higher, to advance in excellence
Ascen'dant, *s.* height, elevation—*a.* predominant, superior, overpowering
Ascen'dency, *s.* influence, superiority
Ascen'sion, *s.* the act of ascending or rising
Ascen'sion-day, *s.* a festival ten days before Whitsuntide, in commemoration of our Saviour's ascension into heaven
Ascen't, *s.* the rising of a hill, an eminence
Ascertain, *v. a.* to make certain, to establish
Ascertain'ment, *s.* a fixed rule or standard
Ascet'ic, *s.* a hermit, a devout person—*a.* employed in devout exercises

Ascrib'ious, *a.* supplemental, additional
Ascrib'e, *v. a.* to attribute to, to impute to
Ash, *s.* a well-known tree so called
Ashamed, *a.* abashed, confounded
Ash'es, *s.* the dust of any thing burnt, as of wood, coals, &c. the remains of a dead body
Ashore, *ad.* on shore, on the land, in safety
Ash-Wednesday, *s.* the first day of Lent
Ash'y, *a.* pale, a whitish gray like ash colour
Aside, *ad.* to one side, apart from the rest
Asin'ary, *Asinine*, *a.* belonging to an ass
Ask, *v. a.* to beg, to claim, to seek, to require
Askance, *Askant*, *ad.* obliquely, on one side
Ash'er, *s.* an inquirer; an eel, a water newt
Askew, *ad.* contemptuously, sideways
Askant, *ad.* obliquely, on one side
Asleep, *ad.* sleeping, at rest
Aslope, *ad.* obliquely, with declivity
Asp, *s.* a very venomous serpent; a tree
Asparagus, *s.* an esculent plant
Aspect, *s.* look, air, appearance, view
Aspen, *s.* a kind of poplar tree, the leaves of which always tremble
Asper, *s.* a small Turkish coin
Asperate, *v. a.* to make rough or uneven
Asperity, *s.* roughness, harshness of speech
Asperse, *v. a.* to slander, to censure
Asper'sion, *s.* a sprinkling; censure, calumny
Asphaltic, *a.* gummy, bituminous
Asphodel, *s.* a kind of plant, a day lily
Aspic, *s.* a very venomous serpent
Asperate, *v. a.* to pronounce fully or strong
Aspiration, *s.* an ardent wish or desire; the act of pronouncing with full breath
Aspire, *v. n.* to aim at, to desire eagerly
Asquin't, *ad.* obliquely, not in the straight line of vision
Ass, *s.* an animal of burden; a stupid fellow
Assail, *v. a.* to attack, to assault; to address
Assailant, *s.* one who attacks or invades
Assassin, *Assassinator*, *s.* a secret murderer
Assassinate, *v. a.* to waylay, to murder
Assau'lt, *s.* attack, hostile onset, storm
Assault, *v. a.* to attack, to invade
Assay, *s.* trial, examination—*v. a.* to try
Assayer, *s.* one who assays metals, &c.
Assen'blage, *s.* a collection of things
Assen'tee, *v.* to meet or call together
Assen'bley, *s.* a company assembled, a ball
Assen't, *v. n.* to agree to, to yield—*s.* consent
Assert, *v. a.* to affirm, to maintain, to claim
Assertion, *s.* a positive affirmation
Asses', *v. a.* to charge with any certain sum
Assessment, *s.* the act of taxing or assessing
Assets, *s.* effects left by a deceased person with which his executor is to pay his debts
Asservation, *s.* a solemn protestation
Asshead, *s.* a dunce, a blockhead
Assiduity, *s.* diligence, close application
Assiduous, *a.* constant in application

Ass'gn, *v. n.* to mark out, to appoint, to make over a right to another
Ass'ignable, *a.* that may be transferred
Assigna'tion, *s.* an appointment, the transferring any thing to another
Assignee, *s.* one who is deputed to do any thing on behalf of others
Assignment, *s.* an appointment, a transfer
Assim'ilate, *v. a.* to convert to the same nature or use with another thing; to bring to a likeness or resemblance
Assist, *v. a.* to help, to succour, to aid
Assistance, *s.* help, aid, relief, support
Assize, *s.* the sitting judges to determine causes; an order respecting the price, weight, &c. of sundry commodities
Associate, *v. a.* to unite, to join with
Associate, *s.* a partner, companion, or sharer
Associa'tion, *s.* an entering into an agreement with others, in order to perform some act; a confederacy, a partnership
Assort, *v. a.* to range in order, to class
Assortment, *s.* a quantity properly arranged
Assot, *v. a.* to infatuate; to besot
Assuage, *v. a.* to soften, to ease, to pacify
Assuagement, *s.* what mitigates or softens
Assuager, *s.* one who pacifies or appeases
Assuasive, *a.* softening, mitigating, mild
Assubjugate, *v. a.* to subject to
Assuetude, *s.* accustomedness, custom
Assume, *v. a.* to take, to claim, to arrogate
Assuming, *part. a.* arrogant, haughty
Assumption, *s.* the taking any thing to one's self; the thing supposed; a postulate
Assumptive, *a.* that which is assumed
Assurance, *s.* confidence; certainty; want of modesty; a contract; security; firmness
Assure, *v. a.* to assert positively, to secure
Ar'tistic, *s.* a little star (*), signifying, that some words or letters are wanting to complete the sentence, or serving as a reference to a note at the bottom or in the margin
Ar'terism, *s.* a constellation of fixed stars
Aster'n, *ad.* a sea term, signifying behind
Ar'th'ma, *s.* a disease of the lungs
Asthmatic, **Asthmatical**, *a.* troubled with an asthma
Aston'ish, *v. a.* to amaze, to confound
Aston'ishment, *s.* amazement, surprise
Ar'tragal, *s.* an ornament in architecture
Ar'tral, *a.* relating to the stars, bright
Astray, *ad.* out of the right way, wrong
Astrin'ction, *s.* the act of contracting parts
Astride, *ad.* across, with legs open
Astrin'ge, *v. a.* to draw together, to bind
Astrin'gent, *a.* binding, contracting, bracing
Astrography, *s.* the art of describing stars
Ar'trolabe, *s.* an instrument used to take the altitude of the sun or stars, at sea
Astrologer, *s.* one who pretends to foretell events by the aspects, &c. of the stars
Astrology, *s.* the science of foretelling events by the stars, planets, &c.
Astronom'ical, *a.* belonging to astronomy
Astronomy, *s.* a science that teaches the knowledge of the heavenly bodies, their magnitudes, motions, distances, &c.

Ar'tro-theol'ogy, *s.* divinity formed on the observation of the celestial bodies
Asun'der, *ad.* separately, in two parts
Asylum, *s.* a refuge, a place of protection
A'theism, *s.* the disbelief of a God
A'theist, *s.* one who disbelieves the existence of a God
Atheistical, *a.* belonging to atheism, impious
Athirst, *ad.* dry, thirsty, in want of drink
Athletic, *a.* strong, lusty, bony, vigorous
Athwa'rt, *ad.* across, through; wrong
Atlas'tes, *s.* in architecture, the figures of men or beasts supporting an edifice
At'las, *s.* a collection of maps; a rich kind of silk or stuff; a mountain in Africa
At'mosphere, *s.* the air that encompasses the solid earth on all sides
At'om, **At'omy**, *s.* an extreme small particle
Atom'ical, *a.* consisting of atoms, minute
At'omist, *s.* one who maintains the doctrine of the atomical philosophy
At'one, *v.* to agree, to satisfy, to answer for, to appease, to expiate
At'onnement, *s.* agreement, concord, expiation
Atrabili'arian, **Atrabili'arious**, *a.* melancholy
At'rament'al, **At'rament'ous**, *a.* ink, black
Atro'cious, *a.* wicked, enormous, heinous
Atro'ciously, *ad.* very wickedly, heinously
Atro'city, *s.* horrible wickedness
At'rophy, *s.* a disease in which what is taken for food cannot act as nourishment
Attach, *v. a.* to seize or lay hold on; to win or gain over; to fix one's interest
Attach'ment, *s.* adherence, fidelity, regard
Attack, *s.* an assault on an enemy, an onset
Attack, *v. a.* to assault, to encounter, to impugn in any manner
Attain, *v.* to gain, to overtake, to arrive at
Attain'able, *a.* that which may be attained
Attain'der, *s.* the act of attainting in law; taint, soil, disgrace
Attain'ment, *s.* an acquisition, a quality
Attain't, *v. a.* to dishonour, to corrupt
Attenu'per, **Attenu'perate**, *v. a.* to mingle, to soften, to regulate, to proportion
Attenu'pt, *v. a.* to try, to endeavour, to essay
Attend, *v.* to wait for, or give attendance to; to regard with attention; to accompany
Attend'ance, *s.* the act of waiting on another
Attend'ant, *s.* one who attends another—a accompanying as consequential
Attention, *s.* the act of attending, close application of the mind to any thing
Attentive, *a.* heedful, regardful, intent
Attenu'ant, *a.* making thin or slender
Attenu'ate, *v. a.* to make slender, to dilute
Atter, *v. a.* to bear witness of, to invoke
Attesta'tion, *s.* testimony, witness, evidence
At'tic, *a.* fine, elegant, just, elevated
Attire, *s.* clothes, dress, habits; a stag's horns
Attire, *v. a.* to dress, to habit, to array
Attitude, *s.* a posture, gesture, action
Attorney, *s.* one who is deputed to act and

- be responsible for another, particularly in affairs of law
- Attrac't, *v. a.* to allure, draw to, to entice
- Attrac'tion, *s.* the power of drawing
- Attrac'tive, *a.* inviting, alluring, enticing
- Attrib'utable, *a.* that which may be ascribed or imputed
- At'tribute, *s.* a quality inherent in a person or thing, as we say, omniscience, omnipresence, are *attributes* of God
- Attrib'ute, *v. a.* to impute or ascribe to
- Attrib'utive, *a.* the thing attributed
- Attrit'ion, *s.* the act of wearing things by rubbing one against another; slight grief for sin; the lowest degree of repentance
- Attu'ne, *v. a.* to tune, to make musical
- Aval'is, *v. a.* to profit, to promote, to assist
- Aval'able, *a.* profitable, advantageous, valid
- Avan't-guard, *s.* the van or front of an army
- Av'arice, *s.* covetousness, niggardliness
- Avare'ous, *a.* covetous, greedy, mean
- Avast, *ad.* hold, stop, stay, enough
- Avan't, *interj.* begone; word of abhorrence
- Au'turn, *a.* brown, of a fine tan colour
- Au'ction, *s.* a public sale of goods by bidding
- Auctioneer, *s.* the manager of an auction
- Aucup'ation, *s.* the act of bird-catching
- Audacious, *a.* impudent, daring, bold, saucy
- Audaciousness, Audac'ity, *s.* boldness, impudence, spirit, rashness
- Au'dible, *a.* that may be distinctly heard
- Au'dience, *s.* an assemblage of persons to hear any thing; the reception of, or granting a hearing to a person; an interview
- Au'dit, *s.* a final account—*v.* to take a final account, to examine, to scrutinize
- Au'ditors of the Exchequer, *s.* officers who settle the Exchequer accounts
- Au'ditory, *s.* an assembly of hearers; a place where lectures, &c. are heard
- Aven'ge, *v. a.* to revenge, to punish
- Av'enué, *s.* an entrance to a place; an alley or walk of trees leading to a house
- Aver', *v. a.* to affirm, to assert, to declare
- Av'rage, *s.* the mean or medium of any given quantities; in commerce, a duty paid by merchants
- Aver'ment, *s.* establishment by evidence
- Aver'nal, *s.* a sort of grape
- Aver'se, *a.* contrary to, not favourable to
- Aver'sion, *s.* hatred, dislike, antipathy
- Aver't, *v. a.* to turn aside, to keep off
- Au'ger, *s.* a carpenter's tool to bore holes with
- Aught, *pron.* any thing
- Augmen't, *v. a.* to increase, to add, to enlarge
- Augments'tion, *s.* the act of increasing
- Augmen'tative, *a.* having the quality of augmenting
- Au'gur, *s.* a soothsayer or diviner—*v.* to guess, to conjecture by signs
- Au'gury, *s.* the foretelling events to come by the flight, feeding, &c. of birds
- Augur't, *a.* noble, grand, magnificent, holy
- Au'gust, *s.* the eighth month in the year
- Au'viary, *s.* a place inclosed to keep birds
- Avid'ity, *s.* greediness, eagerness, anxiousness
- Auk, *s.* a sea-bird
- Au'lic, *a.* belonging to a court, royal
- Auln, *a.* a French measure containing 48 gallons; likewise in length an ell
- Aunt, *s.* a father's or mother's sister
- Av'ocate, *v. a.* to call away, to call from
- Avoca'tion, *s.* the act of calling off or aside
- Avol'd, *v.* to shun, to escape, to retire
- Avoldupol's, *s.* a weight most commonly in use, containing 16 ounces to the pound
- Avola'tion, *s.* the act of flying away
- Avou'ch, *v. a.* to assert, to affirm, to justify—*s.* declaration, evidence
- Avow', *v. a.* to declare, to assert, to profess
- Avow'al, *s.* a positive or open declaration
- Aure'lia, *s.* a term used for the first change of a maggot before it becomes a fly; chrysalis
- Au'ricle, *s.* the external ear; two appendages of the heart, covering its two ventricles
- Auric'ula, *s.* a very beautiful flower
- Auric'ular, *a.* within hearing, told in secret
- Auriferous, *a.* having or producing gold
- Auro'ra, *s.* poetically, the morning; an herb
- Auro'ra Boreas'is, *s.* a luminous meteor, frequently visible in the northern hemisphere, generally called *northern lights*
- Au'spex, *s.* an omen; protection, influence
- Auspicious, *a.* prosperous, fortunate, happy
- Austere, *a.* severe, rigid, harsh, stern
- Auster'ity, *s.* severity, cruelty; mortified life, sourness of temper, harsh discipline
- Au'stral, *a.* tending to the south, southern
- Authen'tic, *a.* genuine, original, provable
- Authen'ticate, *v. a.* to establish by proof
- Authentic'ity, *s.* authority, genuineness
- Au'thor, *s.* the first beginner of a thing; the writer of a book, opposed to a compiler
- Author'itative, *a.* having authority, positive
- Author'ity, *s.* legal power, influence, rule
- Au'thorize, *v. a.* to give authority, to justify
- Autog'raphy, *s.* an original writing
- Autom'aton, *s.* a machine which possesses the power of motion without any continued assistance, as a clock, watch, &c.
- Autom'atous, *a.* having the power of motion in itself
- Au'topsy, *s.* an ocular demonstration
- Autoptical, *a.* perceived by one's own eyes
- Au'tumn, *s.* the third season of the year
- Autum'nal, *a.* belonging to autumn
- Avul'sion, *s.* pulling one thing from another
- Auxiliary, *a.* helping, aiding, assisting
- Auxiliaries, *s.* troops called upon, in virtue of a treaty, to assist another nation, &c.
- Awai't, *v. a.* to expect, to wait for, to attend
- Awake, *v.* to rouse from sleep, to put into new action—*a.* not sleeping, without sleep
- Aw'ard, *v.* to adjudge, to determine, to give
- Aw'ard, *s.* a sentence, a determination
- Aw're, *a.* vigilant, attentive, cautious

Away', *ad.* absent; let us go; begone
 Awe, *s.* dread, fear, respect, reverence
 Aw'ful, *a.* that which strikes with awe, or
 fills with reverence; terrible; worshipful
 Aw'fulness, *s.* quality of striking with awe
 Awha'pe, *v. a.* to strike, to confound
 Awh'le, *ad.* for some space of time
 Aw'kward, *a.* unpolite, clumsy, unhandy
 Awl, *s.* a sharp instrument to make holes
 Awne, *s.* a Dutch measure answering to
 what in England is called a tierce, or
 one-seventh of an English ton
 Aw'ning, *s.* any covering spread over a ship
 or boat to keep off the heat or wet
 Aw'oke, the *preferite* of awake
 Awry', *ad.* obliquely, askint, unevenly

Axe, *s.* an instrument used to chop wood
 Ax'iom, *s.* a maxim or proposition, which
 being self-evident, cannot be made plain
 er by demonstration
 Ax'ls, *s.* a real or imaginary line, which
 passes directly through the centre of any
 thing that revolves on it
 Ax'le, Ax'letree, *s.* the piece of timber on
 which the wheels of a carriage turn
 Ay, *ad.* yes, used to affirm the truth
 Aye, *ad.* always, for ever, once more
 Az'imuth, *s.* the azimuth of the sun or any
 star is an arch between the meridian of
 the place and any given vertical line; an
 astronomical instrument
 Azure, *s.* light or faint blue; sky-coloured

B.

BAA', *v. n.* to bleat or cry like a sheep
 Ba'al, *s.* a Canaanitish idol
 Bab'ble, *v. n.* to talk idly, to tell secrets
 Bab'bler, *s.* an idle talkative person, a
 prattler
 Babe, Ba'by, *s.* a young child of either sex
 Ba'bel, *s.* disorder; irregular mixture
 Baboo'n, *s.* a large species of monkey
 Bac'cated, *a.* beset with pearls; having
 berries
 Bacchana'tian, *s.* a drunken riotous person
 Bac'chanals, *s.* drunken riots or revels
 Bach'clor, *s.* an unmarried man; one who
 takes his first degree at the university;
 a knight of the lowest order
 Back, *s.* the hinder part of a thing
 Back, *v. a.* to mount a horse; to second,
 to justify, to strengthen, to maintain
 Back bite, *v. a.* to censure an absent person
 Back'biter, *s.* one who slanders secretly
 Back'ed, *part.* seconded, supported; mount-
 ed
 Backgam'mon, *s.* a game with dice and
 tables
 Backslid'er, *s.* an apostate
 Back'stays, *s.* ropes which keep the masts
 from pitching forward
 Back'sword, *s.* a sword with one sharp edge
 Back'ward, *a.* unwilling, dull, sluggish
 Back'wardly, *ad.* unwillingly, sluggishly
 Ba'con, *s.* the flesh of an hog, salted and
 dried
 Bad, *a.* ill, wicked, hurtful, vicious, sick
 Bade, *pref.* of bid
 Badge, *s.* a mark or token of distinction
 Bad'ger, *s.* an animal resembling a hog and
 dog; a man who buys and sells corn
 Bad'inage, *s.* light or playful discourse
 Baff'le, *v. a.* to elude, deceive, to confound
 Bag, *s.* a sack; a purse; an ornament; an
 udder; a purse of silk tied to men's hair
 Bagatell'e, *s.* a thing of no import, a trifle
 Bag'gage, *s.* the luggage of an army; a
 term for a worthless woman
 Bagn'io, *s.* warm bath; house of ill fame
 Bag'pipe, *s.* a Scotch musical instrument

Bail, *s.* surety given for another's appearance
 Bail, *v. a.* to give bail, to admit to bail
 Bail'ible, *a.* that may be set at liberty by bail
 Bail'iff, *s.* an officer who puts in force an
 arrest; a land steward; a magistrate
 Bail'iwick, *s.* the jurisdiction of a bailiff
 Bait, *s.* a temptation; a refreshment; a lure
 Bait, *v.* to bait the hook in angling; to take
 refreshment on a journey; to set dogs
 upon
 Baise, *s.* a coarse kind of nappy cloth
 Bake, *v.* to harden by fire; to dress victuals
 in an oven
 Bal'ance, *s.* a pair of scales; the difference
 of an account; the beating part of a
 watch; in astronomy, a constellation
 Balance, *v.* to make equal, to settle; to
 hesitate, to fluctuate
 Balco'ny, *s.* a small gallery of wood or stone
 on the outside of a house
 Bald, *a.* without hair; inelegant, unadorned
 Bal'derdash, *s.* a rude mixture; confused
 or illiterate discourse
 Bald'ness, *s.* want of hair; nakedness
 Bal'dric, *s.* a girdle, a belt; the zodiac
 Bale, *s.* goods packed for carriage; misery
 Bal'eful, *a.* full of misery, sorrowful, sad
 Balk, *s.* disappointment; a great beam or
 rafter; a ridge of unploughed land
 Balk, Baulk, *v.* to disappoint of, to miss of
 Ball, *s.* any thing round; a globe; an en-
 tertainment of dancing
 Bal'lad, *s.* a common or trifling song, an air
 Bal'last, *s.* weight placed in the bottom of a
 ship, or any other body, to prevent its
 oversetting—*v.* to keep any thing steady
 Bal'lady, *s.* a jig; a song
 Bal'let, *s.* an historical dance
 Balloo'n, *s.* a large vessel used in chemistry;
 a ball on the top of a pillar; a globe
 made of silk, &c. which, being inflated
 with gas, rises into the air with any
 weight attached to it, proportioned to its
 size
 Bal'lot, *s.* a ball or ticket used in giving votes
 privately—*v. a.* to choose by ballot

Balm, *s.* the name of a plant—*v. a.* to sooth
 Bal'my, *a.* having the qualities of balm ;
 soothing, soft ; fragrant, odoriferous
 Bal'neary, *s.* a bathing room, bath
 Bal'sam, *s.* an ointment ; a shrub
 Balsam'ic, *a.* mitigating, softening, healing
 Bal'uster, *s.* a small pillar or column
 Balustrade', *s.* a row of small pillars
 Bamboo', *s.* an Indian cane, or measure
 Bambooz'le, *v. a.* to trick, deceive, cheat
 Ban, *s.* a public notice ; a curse, interdiction
 Bana'na-tree, *s.* a kind of plantain
 Band, *s.* a bandage or tie ; an ornament
 worn round the neck ; a company
 Band'age, *s.* a fillet ; a roller for a wound
 Band'box, *s.* a thin slight box
 Band'icet, *s.* in architecture, a flat mould-
 ing
 Bandit', *s.* outlaws, robbers, plunderers
 Bandolee'rs, *s.* small wooden cases, each of
 them containing powder that is a suffi-
 cient charge for a musket
 Bando're, *s.* a musical three-stringed in-
 strument
 Ban'dy, *v. a.* to toss to and fro, to give and
 take reciprocally ; to contend at a game
 Ban'dy, *a.* crooked—*s.* a crooked stick
 Ban'dy-legged, *a.* having crooked legs
 Bane, *s.* mischief, ruin, poison—*s.* to poison
 Ba'neful, *a.* poisonous, hurtful
 Bang, *s.* a blow, a thump—*v.* to beat
 Ban'iana, *s.* a particular sect in India, who
 hold a metempsychosis, and abstain from
 animal food
 Ban'ish, *v. a.* to send or drive away
 Ban'ishment, *s.* transportation, exile
 Bank, *s.* the side of a river ; a little hill ;
 a shoal in the sea ; a repository where
 money is occasionally lodged
 Bank-bill, *s.* a note for money in the bank
 Ban'ker, *s.* one who receives money in trust
 Ban'krupt, *s.* one who being unable to sa-
 tisfy his creditors, surrenders his effects
 Ban'krupcy, *s.* the state of a bankrupt
 Ban'ner, *s.* a military standard or flag
 Ban'neret, *s.* a knight created in the field
 of battle
 Bannian', *s.* a light undress, a morning
 gown
 Bannit'ion, *s.* the act of expulsion
 Ban'nock, *s.* a loaf or cake of oatmeal
 Bar'quet, *s.* a grand entertainment of feast-
 ing
 Bar'scle, *s.* a very small prickly fish
 Bar'ter, *v. a.* to rally, play upon, ridicule,
 jeer
 Bar'tling, *s.* a young child, an infant
 Bar'tism, *s.* the first sacrament of the
 Christian church, by which we are ad-
 mitted to partake of all its privileges
 Baptis'mal, *a.* relating to baptism
 Bapt'ist, Bapt'izer, *s.* one who christens
 Bapt'istry, *s.* a font, or place for baptizing at
 Bar, *v.* to secure, or fasten any thing with
 a bar ; to hinder or obstruct
 Bar, *s.* a long piece of wood or iron ; the
 place assigned for lawyers to plead ; a
 partition at which criminals are placed

during trial ; a shallow at the entrance
 of a harbour ; a hinderance ; in music,
 a perpendicular line through the note
 lines ; a small room in a tavern, &c.
 Barb, *s.* a Barbary horse ; a beard ; the
 points which stand backward in an ar-
 row or fishing-hook
 Barb, *v. a.* to furnish horses with armour ;
 to shave the beard ; to point an arrow
 Ba'r'becan, *s.* a fortification before the walls
 of a town, an opening in the wall for guns
 Ba'r'bacue, *s.* a hog dressed whole with spices
 Barba'rian, *s.* a rude uncivilized person, a
 savage, a person without pity
 Barbar'ic, *a.* foreign, far-fetched
 Bar'barism, *s.* ignorance, inhumanity ; an
 uncouth manner of speaking or writing
 Barbar'ity, *s.* inhumanity, cruelty
 Ba'r'barous, *a.* rude, uncivilized, ignorant,
 inhuman, cruel ; unacquainted with arts
 Ba'r'bed, *part. a.* furnished with armour ;
 bearded or jagged with hooks
 Ba'r'bel, *s.* a large fish ; superfluous fleshy
 knots growing in the mouth of a horse
 Ba'r'ber, *s.* one whose trade is to shave
 Ba'r'berry-tree, *s.* the name of a prickly
 shrub
 Bard, *s.* a poet
 Bare, *a.* naked, poor, lean, unadorned
 Ba'refaced, *a.* shameless, impudent
 Ba'rely, *ad.* nakedly ; openly ; merely
 Ba'rgain, *s.* a contract or agreement ; a
 thing bought or sold ; stipulation
 Ba'rgain, *v. a.* to make a contract for the
 sale or purchase of any thing
 Barge, *s.* a large boat for pleasure or trade
 Bar'il's, *s.* potashes used in making glass
 Bark, *s.* the rind of a tree ; a small ship
 Bark, *v.* to make a noise like a dog or wolf,
 to clamour at ; to strip trees of their bark
 Ba'r'ker, *s.* one that clamours, a snarler
 Ba'r'ley, *s.* corn used in making beer
 Ba'r'ley-corn, *s.* a grain of barley, in mea-
 surement the third part of an inch
 Barn, *s.* yeast, used to make drink ferment
 Barn, *s.* a storehouse for corn, &c.
 Ba'r'nacle, *s.* a kind of shell-fish which at-
 taches to wood, &c. in the water ; a bird
 like a goose ; an iron instrument to hold
 a horse by the nose during an operation
 of farriery
 Barom'eter, *s.* an instrument to measure
 the weight of, and variations in, the
 atmosphere, in order chiefly to determine
 the changes of the weather
 Baromet'rical, *a.* relating to a barometer
 Bar'on, *s.* a rank in nobility next to a
 viscount ; two sirloins of beef
 Bar'ones, *s.* a baron's lady
 Bar'onet, *s.* the lowest title that is heredi-
 tary, next in rank to a baron
 Bar'ony, *s.* the lordship whence a baron de-
 rives his title
 Bar'oscope, *s.* an instrument to shew the
 weight of the atmosphere
 Bar'racan, *s.* a strong thick kind of camel-
 lot
 Bar'rack, *s.* a building to quarter soldiers in

- Bar'rator**, *s.* an encourager of lawsuits; a wrangler
- Bar'ratory**, *s.* foul practice in law; a fraud committed by seamen on merchants' goods
- Bar'rel**, *s.* a round wooden vessel; the hollow tube of a gun; a cylinder
- Bar'ren**, *a.* unfruitful, not prolific, steril, unmeaning, uninventive, dull
- Bar'renness**, *s.* sterility, want of invention
- Barric'ade**, *v. a.* to secure a place, to fortify
- Barric'ade**, *s.* a fortification, an obstruction, a bar to prevent admittance
- Bar'rier**, *s.* a boundary, a defence, a bar to mark the limits of a place
- Bar'rister**, *s.* a pleader at the bar, an advocate
- Bar'row**, *s.* a small hand carriage to convey fruit, herbs, &c. a small mound of earth under which bodies were anciently deposited; a hog
- Bar'ter**, *v. a.* to give any thing in exchange
- Bar'ter**, *s.* the act or practice of trafficking
- Bas'altes**, *s.* a kind of stone like iron
- Bas'alitic**, *a.* relating to Basaltes
- Base**, *s.* the foundation of any thing; a rustic play; the pedestal of a statue
- Base**, *a.* vile, mean, low; metal below the standard; in music, deep, grave
- Bas'eless**, *a.* without foundation
- Bas'eness**, *s.* villainess, meanness; bastardy
- Bas'haw'**, *s.* a governor or viceroy under the grand seignior; a proud imperious person
- Bas'hful**, *a.* timid, modest, coy, shamefaced
- Bas'il**, *s.* the name of a plant; the edge of a joiner's tool; a kind of leather
- Bas'il**, *v. a.* to grind the edge of a tool
- Bas'il'con**, *s.* a kind of ointment
- Bas'il'lick**, *s.* a kind of serpent, a cockatrice said to kill by looking; a piece of ordnance
- Bas'in**, **Bas'on**, *s.* a small vessel to hold water; a dock where ships may float in safety; a small pond
- Bas'is**, *s.* the foundation of any thing; the lowest of the three principal parts of a column, which are the *basis*, *shaft*, and *capital*; the foot, the pedestal
- Bask**, *v.* to lie in the heat of the sun or fire
- Bas'ket**, *s.* a vessel made of twigs or rushes
- Bas's**, *s.* a mat used to kneel on in churches—*a.* in music, grave, deep
- Bas'set**, *s.* a certain game at cards
- Bassoon**, *s.* a musical wind instrument
- Bass-rel'ief**, or **Bas'so-rel'ief**, *s.* raised work
- Bas'tard**, *s.* a child born out of wedlock
- Bas'tardize**, *v.* to declare a child illegitimate; to beget a bastard
- Baste**, *v. a.* to beat with a stick; to pour butter on meat whilst roasting; to sew in a slight manner
- Bas'tile**, *s.* formerly a state prison in France; it is now destroyed
- Bastina'de**, **Bastina'do**, *v. a.* to punish a person by striking the soles of his feet with a cudgel
- Bas'tion**, *s.* a huge mass of earth standing from a rampart; a bulwark, a fortress
- Bass-viol**, *s.* a fiddle for the bass
- Bat**, *s.* a flattened club to strike a ball with; an animal resembling a mouse, which flies with membranes distended like wings
- Bat-tow'ling**, *s.* bird-catching in the night-time
- Batch**, *s.* a quantity of any thing baked at one time; any quantity made at once
- Bate**, *v.* to lessen, to remit, to lower a price
- Bath**, *s.* a place to bathe in; a measure
- Bathe**, *v. a.* to wash in a bath; to soften
- Ba'thos**, *s.* the art of sinking in poetry
- Bat'let**, *s.* a square wooden instrument used for beating linen
- Batoon**, *s.* a staff or club; a truncheon borne by a marshal in an army
- Batta'lin**, *s.* a battle array, order of battle
- Batta'lion**, *s.* a body of foot soldiers, in number from 500 to 800 men; a division of an army
- Bat'ten**, *s.* a narrow board; a scantling
- Bat'ten**, *v.* to fatten, to fertilize, to grow fat
- Bat'ter**, *s.* a mixture of flour, eggs, milk, and salt—*v.* to beat, to beat down
- Bat'tering-ram**, *s.* a military engine, formerly used to batter down walls, having a head resembling a ram's
- Bat'tery**, *s.* a raised work on which cannons are mounted; in law, a violent assault
- Bat'tle**, *s.* a fight between fleets or armies
- Bat'tle-array**, *s.* a form or order of battle
- Bat'tleaxe**, *s.* a weapon like an axe; a bill
- Bat'tledoor**, *s.* a flat instrument used to strike shuttlecocks with
- Bat'tlement**, *s.* a wall indented on the top of buildings; a breastwork
- Baube'**, *s.* in Scotland a halfpenny
- Bay'in**, *s.* a bundle of small wood, a faggot
- Bay'ble**, *s.* a trifle, a trinket, a plaything
- Bawl**, *v.* to call out, cry out, to speak loud
- Baw'rel**, *s.* a kind of hawk
- Bay**, *s.* a road where ships may anchor; a tree; a term in architecture—*a.* chequer-colour
- Bay**, *v.* to bark as a dog; to surround
- Bay'-salt**, *s.* salt made from sea-water exposed to the sun, so named from its colour
- Bay'-tree**, *s.* the female laurel
- Bay'onet**, *s.* a dagger fixed to a musket
- Bay's**, *s.* an honorary crown or garland
- Baza'r**, *s.* a constant market
- Ba'd'ium**, *s.* an aromatic gum
- Be**, *v. n.* to have existence, to exist
- Beach**, *s.* the sea shore, the strand, the coast
- Bea'con**, *s.* an edifice on an eminence, where signs are made to direct seamen
- Bead**, *s.* a small glass ornament, with which necklaces, and monkish rosaries, are made; any globular body
- Bea'dle**, *s.* an inferior officer in a parish, university, or trading company
- Bea'gle**, *s.* a small hound to hunt hares
- Beak**, *s.* the bill of a bird; a promontory
- Bea'ker**, *s.* a cup with a spout formed like the beak of a bird

Beam, *s.* the principal piece of timber which supports a building; the balance of a pair of scales; a ray of light; the pole of a chariot; the horn of a stag
Beam, *v. n.* to emit rays or beams
Bean, *s.* a well-known kind of pulse
Bear, *s.* a rough, savage animal; a rude unpolished man; the name of two constellations, called the *greater* and *less* bear; In the tail of the *less* bear is the pole star
Bear, *v.* to carry a load, to support, to keep from falling; to carry in remembrance; to endure; to press; to be fruitful
Beard, *s.* hair which grows on the chin and lips; the barb of an arrow or hook
Beardless, *a.* having no beard; youthful
Bearer, *s.* a carrier of any thing, a supporter
Bear's-garden, *s.* any place of tumult
Bearing, *s.* the situation of any place, both as to distance and direction; gesture
Beast, *s.* an irrational animal; a brutal man
Beastly, *a.* nasty, filthy, obscene
Beat, *v.* to strike; to conquer; to throb
Beatific, **Beatificad.**, *a.* blissful, the making happy or blessed, belonging to the happy
Beatification, *s.* an acknowledgment made by the Pope and his consistory, that the person beatified is in heaven, and may be revered as blessed
Beatify, *v.* to bless with celestial enjoyment
Beating, *s.* correction by blows
Beatitude, *s.* blessedness, happiness, felicity
Beau, *s.* a coxcomb, a fop, a man of dress
Beaver, *s.* an animal, otherwise named the *Castor*, amphibious, and remarkable for his art in building his habitation; a hat made of its fur; the part of a helmet which covers the face
Beau'teous, **Beau'tiful**, *a.* fair, elegant, lovely
Beau'tifully, *ad.* in a beautiful manner
Beautify, *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish
Beau'ty, *s.* that assemblage of graces which pleases the eye; a beautiful person
Beck'co, *s.* a small bird, the fig-eater
Beau'ce, *conj.* on this account that, for this reason that
Beck'm, *v. a.* to still, to quiet the mind
Beck'me, *s.* the preterite of *become*
Beck, *s.* a sign with the hand or head, a nod
Beck'on, *v. n.* to make a sign with the hand
Becon'e, *v.* to be fit, to be suitable to the person; to enter into some state
Becon'ing, *a.* graceful, pleasing, elegant
Becon'ingness, *s.* elegant congruity
Bed, *s.* a place to sleep on; a division in a garden in which seeds are sown; the channel of a river; a layer, a stratum
Bedab'le, *v. a.* to besprinkle, to wet
Bedag'gle, **Bedrag'gle**, *v. a.* to trail in the dirt
Bedaw'b, *v. a.* to dawb, to besmear
Bed'ding, *s.* the materials belonging to a bed
Bedeck', *v. a.* to deck, to adorn, to embellish
Bedew', *v. a.* to moisten gently as with dew
Bed'e-house, *s.* an hospital or almshouse
Bed'lam, *s.* an hospital for lunatics
Bed'lamite, *s.* a madman, a noisy person

Bed'rid, *a.* confined to the bed by violent sickness or extreme old age
Bed'stand, *s.* the frame which supports a bed
Bee, *s.* an insect which produces honey; an industrious careful person
Beech, *s.* the name of a large tree
Bee'chen, *a.* consisting of the wood of beech
Beef, *s.* the flesh of an ox, bull, or cow
Beef'-eater, *s.* a peonman of the guard
Beer, *s.* a liquor made of malt and hops
Beet, *s.* the name of a garden plant
Beetle, *s.* an insect; a large heavy mallet
Beeves, *s.* black cattle, oxen
Beha'l, *v. n.* to happen, to come to pass
Beh'e, *v. a.* to be suitable to, to become
Beho're, *prep.* further onward, not behind; in the presence of; prior to, sooner
Beho'rehand, *ad.* in a state of anticipation, previously, at first
Behou'l, *v. a.* to soil, to dirty, to make foul
Behrien'd, *v. a.* to favour, to be kind to
Beh, *v.* to ask alms, to entreat, to petition
Beget', *v. a.* to generate, to produce
Beg'gar, *s.* one who lives by begging
Beg'gari, *a.* in want, stingy—*ad.* meanly
Beg'gary, *s.* a great want, indigence, poverty
Begin', *v.* to enter upon, to commence
Begin'ning, *s.* the first original or cause, the first part, the rudiments or first grounds
Begin'd, *v. a.* to gird, bind round, shut up
Begon'e, *interj.* get away! go hence!
Begot', **Begot'ien**, *part. pass.* of *beget*
Begot'me, *v. a.* to soil, to dirty with soot
Begu'ile, *v. a.* to cheat, to impose on, to amuse, to deceive pleasingly, to evade
Begun', *part. pass.* of *begin*
Beha'lf, *s.* a favour, support, vindication
Beha've, *v. n.* to demean, to act, to conduct
Beha'viour, *s.* conduct, course of life
Beha'd', *v. a.* to kill by cutting off the head
Beheld, *part. pass.* of *behold*
Behemoth, *s.* the river horse; hippopotamus
Behet', *s.* a command, order, precept
Behi'nd, *prep.* at the back of another, following another, remaining after another's departure; inferior to another
Behi'ndhand, *ad.* late in time, in arrears
Beho'd, *v. a.* to look upon, to view, to see—*interj.* see! lo!
Beho'den, *part. a.* obliged in gratitude
Behoo'f, *s.* profit, advantage
Behoo've, **Beho've**, *v. n.* to be fit, to become
Beh'ing, *s.* existence; a particular state or condition; the person existing
Beha'bour, *v. a.* to beat soundly, to thump
Beha'ted, *a.* too late, beahted
Behay', *v. a.* to lay wait for; with seamen, to make fast a rope
Belch, *v. n.* to eject wind from the stomach
Bel'dam, *s.* a hag, a scolding woman
Beha'guer, *v. a.* to beseege, to block up
Bel'fry, *s.* a place where bells hang
Belie', *v. a.* to slander, to calumniate
Belie't, *s.* persuasion, opinion; creed; a form containing the articles of faith
Belie've, *v.* to credit, to trust, to think true
Belie'ver, *s.* a professor of Christianity
Belie'ke, *ad.* probably, perhaps, likely

Bell, *s.* a hollow sounding vessel
Belle, *s.* a gay dressy young woman
Belles-Lettres, *s.* polite literature
Belligerent, *a.* engaged in war
Bell-metal, *s.* a mixture of copper and pewter
Bellow, *v. a.* to roar like a bull or the sea ; to clamour, to vociferate
Bellows, *s.* an instrument to blow the fire
Belly, *s.* the lower part of the body
Bell'man, *s.* he whose business it is to proclaim any thing in towns, and to gain attention by ringing his bell
Belong, *v. a.* to appertain to, to be the property of, to have relation to
Belov'd, *a.* lovely, dear to, valued much
Below, *adv.* lower in place, inferior
Belt, *s.* a girdle, a sash, a cincture
Bel'weather, *s.* a sheep which leads the flock with a bell on his neck
Bem'dre, *v. a.* to soil, to daub with mire
Bemoan, *v. a.* to lament, to bewail
Bemoan, *v. a.* to weep over ; to bewail
Bench, *s.* a seat to sit on ; a tribunal of justice ; justices sitting on the bench
Ben'cher, *s.* a sendor in the inns of court
Bend, *v. a.* to crook, to bow ; to subdue
Ben'dable, *a.* that which may be enervated
Bene'sth, *prep.* under, lower in place, lower in excellence ; unworthy of
Benedic'tine, *s.* a monk of that order, named after its founder St Benedict
Benedic'tion, *s.* a blessing ; an acknowledgment for blessings received
Benefac'tion, *s.* a charitable gift, a benefit
Benefac'tor, *s.* Benefac'tress, *s.* a man or woman who does acts of kindness, a patron
Ben'efice, *s.* a church living, a benefit
Beneficence, *s.* generosity, active goodness
Beneficent, *a.* kind, obliging, doing good
Benefic'ial, *a.* advantageous, useful
Beneficiary, *s.* one who holds a benefice
Ben'efit, *s.* kindness, advantage, use
Ben'evolence, *s.* disposition to good ; charity
Ben'evolent, *a.* kind, good, affectionate
Bengal, *s.* a slight Indian cotton stuff
Ben'ighted, *part.* overtaken by the night
Ben'ign, *a.* kind, generous, wholesome
Ben'ignant, *a.* kind ; gracious ; actually good
Ben'ignity, *s.* graciousness, kindness
Ben'ison, *s.* a blessing, a benediction
Bent, *s.* the state of being bent ; docility ; inclination, disposition, fixed purpose
Benumb, *v. a.* to make torpid, to stupefy
Ben'zoïn, *s.* a medicinal kind of resin, vulgarly called benzoin
Bequea'th, *v. a.* to give by will, to leave
Bequest, *s.* something left by will
Bereave, *v. a.* to deprive of ; to take away
Bergamot, *s.* a kind of pear ; an essence or perfume ; a sort of scented snuff
Bergmote, *s.* a court held to determine matters relating to mines and miners
Berlin, *s.* a coach of a particular construction, first used at Berlin
Ber'nardines, *s.* an order of monks, so named from their founder St Bernard
Ber'ry, *s.* a small fruit of several kinds

Ber'yl, *s.* a precious stone of a greenish cast
Beseech, *v. a.* to beg, to entreat, to implore
Besec'm, *v. a.* to become, to besit
Beset, *v. a.* to waylay, to perplex, to harass
Beshrew, *v.* to curse, to happen ill to
Beside, *s.* beside, *adv.* over and above, near
Besie'ge, *v. a.* to beleaguer, to lay siege to
Besmes'r, *v. a.* to soil, to daub or smear over
Besmut', *v. a.* to blacken with smut
Besom, *s.* a broom to sweep with
Besot, *v. a.* to infatuate, stupify with liquor
Bespan'gle, *v. a.* to decorate with spangles
Bespat'ter, *v. a.* to splash with dirt ; to slander, to asperse with reproach
Bespe'k, *v. a.* to order, to address, to shew
Bespot, *v. a.* to mark with spots, to variegate
Besprin'kle, *v. a.* to sprinkle over, to moisten
Best, *a.* most good, most preferable
Bestial, *a.* like a beast, brutish, carnal
Bestir, *v. a.* to move quickly, to hasten
Bestow, *v. a.* to apply, to confer upon
Bestrew, *v. a.* to strew or scatter about
Bestride, *v. a.* to get across any thing
Bet, *s.* a wager—*v.* to lay a wager
Beta'ke, *v. a.* to take, to have recourse to
Bethink, *v. a.* to recollect, to reflect
Beth'de, *v. a.* to happen, to befall, to come
Bet'imes, *adv.* early, soon, seasonably
Bet'le, *s.* an Indian plant, called water pepper
Beto'ken, *v. a.* to signify, to foreshew
Bet'ony, *s.* the name of a plant
Betray, *v. a.* to deliver up treacherously ; to divulge a secret, to discover
Betroth, *v. a.* to give or receive a contract of marriage ; to affiancé
Bet'ter, *a.* superior, improved, more good
Between, *prep.* in the middle
Be'vel, *s.* in masonry, a kind of square rule
Be'verage, *s.* drink, liquor to be drunk
Bevy, *s.* a flock of birds ; a company
Bewail, *v. a.* to bemoan, to lament
Beware, *v. a.* to be cautious, to take care of
Bewilder, *v. a.* to mislead, to puzzle
Bewit'ch, *v. a.* to injure by witchcraft, to charm, to fascinate, to please irresistibly
Bewray, *v. a.* to discover, to betray
Bez, *s.* a Turkish governor
Beyond, *prep.* farther onward than, remote from, on the farther side of, above
Ber'el, *s.* that part of a ring in which the diamond or stone is fixed
Be'zoar, *s.* a medicinal stone from the East
Besoz'rdic, *a.* compounded with bezoar
Bian'gulous, *a.* having two corners or angles
Bias, *s.* inclination, bent ; a weight lodged on one side of a bowl ; propensity
Bias, *v. a.* to prepossess, to incline partially
Bib, *s.* a piece of linen to pin before a child
Bibac'ious, *a.* much addicted to drinking
Bib'ber, *s.* a tippler, a toper, a sot
Bib'le, *s.* the sacred volume in which are contained the revelations of God
Bib'lical, *a.* relating to the bible or divinity
Bib'ulous, *a.* spongy, that drinks moisture
Bice, *s.* a blue colour used in painting
Bick'er, *v. a.* to skirmish, to wrangle
Bid, *v.* to command ; to offer a price
Bid'den, *part.* invited, commanded

Bid'der, *s.* one who offers or proposes a price.
Bid'ding, *s.* a command, order, charge.
Bide, *v.* to dwell, to continue, to endure.
Biden'tal, *n.* having two teeth.
Biding, *s.* an abode, residence, stop, stay.
Bien'nal, *a.* continuing for two years.
Bier, *s.* a frame used for carrying the dead.
Bie'stings, *s.* the first milk after calving.
Bifur'ous, *a.* twofold, double; doubtful.
Biferous, *a.* bearing fruit twice a year.
Bif'id, **Bif'idated**, *a.* opening with a cleft.
Big, *a.* large, great, swollen, pregnant.
Big'amny, *s.* having two wives at once.
Big'gin, *s.* a kind of cap for a child.
Big'ot, *s.* a zealot, one devoted to a party.
Big'o'try, *s.* blind zeal, superstition.
Big'ander, *s.* a small vessel, broad and flat, used for the carriage of goods.
Big'berries, *s.* small purple-coloured berries.
Big'boes, *s.* a sort of stocks on board a ship.
Bile, *s.* a thick bitter liquor collected in the gall bladder; a painful swelling.
Bilge, *s.* the breadth of a ship's bottom—
v. n. to spring a leak.
Bil'linggate, *s.* foul language, ribaldry.
Bil'ious, *a.* full of bile, choleric.
Bilk, *v. n.* to cheat, to over-reach, to defraud.
Bil'l, *s.* the beak of a bird; a kind of hatchet; an account of money; an act of parliament; an advertisement.
Bill of exchange, *s.* a note which authorizes the bearer to demand a sum of money at a certain place.
Bill of parcels, *s.* an account delivered by the seller to the buyer of goods.
Bill, *v.* to carce; to kiss as doves; to publish.
Billet, *s.* a small log of wood; a note, a letter; a small paper.
Billet, *v. n.* to quarter soldiers.
Billet-doux, *s.* a short love-letter, a card.
Bil'l'iards, *s.* a game with balls and sticks.
Bil'low, *s.* a large hollow rolling wave.
Blin, *s.* a repository for wine, corn, &c.
Blin'ary, *a.* double; two; dual.
Bind, *v.* to confine with bonds, to oblige by stipulation; to make captive; to contract.
Bind, *s.* a species of bops; a quantity.
Bind'ing, *s.* a fastening; covering of books with leather; a bandage.
Bin'ocle, *s.* a telescope with two tubes, for looking at an object with both eyes.
Binocular, *a.* having two eyes.
Biog'rapher, *s.* a writer of persons lives.
Biog'raph'ical, *a.* relating to biography.
Biog'raphy, *s.* a history or writing of lives.
Bip'arous, *a.* bringing forth two at a birth.
Bip'artite, *a.* divided or cleft in two parts.
Bipart'ition, *s.* the act of dividing in two.
Bip'ed, *s.* an animal having only two feet.
Bip'edal, *a.* two feet in length.
Bipen'ated, *a.* having two wings.
Bispet'alous, *a.* consisting of two flower-leaves.
Birch, *s.* a tree common in England; a rod.
Bird, *s.* a name applied to all fowls.
Bird'lime, *s.* a glutinous substance used to entangle the feet of small birds.
Bir'gander, *s.* a fowl of the goose kind.

Birt, *s.* a fish resembling a turbot.
Bir'th, *s.* the act of coming into life; lineage; extraction; rank inherited by descent.
Bir'thright, *s.* the rights and privileges to which a person is born.
Bir'thwort, *s.* the name of a plant.
Bis'cuit, *s.* a kind of hard flat bread, &c.
Bisect, *v. n.* to divide into two equal parts.
Bish'op, *s.* one of the head order of the clergy who has the charge of a diocese; a liquor composed of oranges, wine, sugar, &c.
Bish'opric, *s.* the diocese of a bishop.
Bis'muth, *s.* a hard, white, brittle mineral.
Bissex'tile, *s.* leap year; every fourth year.
Blas'on, *a.* blind, deprived of sight.
Blas'toury, *s.* a chirurgical incision knife.
Blas'cour, *a.* cloven-footed.
Bl't, *s.* the iron mouth-piece of a bridle; a small piece of any thing; a Spanish silver coin, value seven-pence half-penny.
Bl'te, *s.* the act of a fish that takes the bait; a cheat, trick; a sharper; seizure by the teeth.
Bl'te, *v. n.* to separate or pierce with the teeth; to cut; to wound; to cheat; to trick.
Bl'tacle, *s.* a frame of timber in the steerage, where the compass is placed.
Bl'ter, *a.* of a hot, acrid, and biting taste; sharp, cruel, severe, keen, satirical.
Bl'tern, *s.* a bird of the heron kind.
Bl'terness, *s.* a bitter taste; malice; grief.
Bl'tu'men, *s.* a fat unctuous matter.
Bl'tu'minous, *a.* compounded of bitumen.
Bl'valve, **Bl'valvular**, *a.* having two valves or shutters, used of those fish that have two shells.
Bl'vouac, *v. n.* to continue under arms all night.
Bl'x'antine, *s.* a piece of gold, valued at 15*l*. which the king offereth on high festival.
Blab, *v.* to tell a secret, to tattle, to tell tales.
Blab'ber, *v. n.* to whistle to a horse; to flatter, to fib, to tell tales.
Black, *a.* dark, cloudy, mournful, wicked.
Black, *s.* a negro; the dark colour; mourning.
Black'amoor, *s.* a man by nature of a black complexion; a negro.
Black'bird, *s.* the name of a bird.
Black'cattle, *s.* oxen, bulls, and cows.
Black'cock, *s.* the heath-cock.
Black'ens, *v. n.* to make black; to defame.
Black'guard, *s.* a dirty fellow, a scoundrel.
Black'rod, *s.* the usher belonging to the Order of the Garter; he is usher of parliament.
Black'smith, *s.* a smith who works in iron.
Blad'der, *s.* urinary vessel; a bag; a pustule.
Blade, *s.* the spire of grass before it seeds; the green shoots of corn; the sharp or cutting part of an instrument; a gay man.
Blain, *s.* a pustule, an ulcer, a bile, a blister.
Blame, *s.* imputation of a fault, offence.
Blame, *v. n.* to censure, to reproach.
Blas'mable, *a.* deserving censure, guilty.
Blas'mableness, *s.* fault; culpableness.
Blas'mless, *a.* innocent, guiltless, upright.
Branch, *v.* to whiten; to peel almonds; to evade, to shift; to omit, to obliterate.

Hand, *a.* soft, mild, gentle, kind
 Blan'dish, *v. a.* to smooth; to wheedle
 Blan'dishment, *a.* soft speeches, flattery
 Blank, *a.* a void space; a disappointment
 Blank, *a.* white, unwritten; dull, confused
 Blank'-verse, *a.* verse without rhyme
 Blan'ket, *a.* a woollen cover for a bed; a pear
 Blasph'e'me, *v. a.* to speak blasphemy
 Blas'phemous, *a.* very profane, very wicked
 Blas'phemously, *ad.* impiously, irreverently
 Blas'phemy, *a.* indignity offered to God
 Blast, *a.* a gust of wind; the sound made by
 a wind instrument of music; a blight
 which damages trees, corn, &c.
 Blast, *v. a.* to injure, to wither, to blight
 Bla'tant, *a.* bellowing as a calf; noisy
 Blaze, *a.* a flame, the light of a flame; a
 white mark on a horse; a publication
 Blaze, *v.* to flame, to publish, to blazon
 Bla'zon, Bla'zonly, *a.* the art of heraldry
 Bla'zon, *v. a.* to explain figures on ensigns
 armorial; to deck, to embellish; to make
 public; to celebrate
 Bleach, *v.* to whiten, to grow white
 Blea'ched, *part.* whitened, made white
 Bleak, *a.* cold, chilly, pale—*a.* a fish
 Bear, *a.* watery, dim, obscure, weak
 Blea'ryed, *a.* having sore eyes; inflamed
 Breat, *v. n.* to cry like a sheep
 Bleed, *v.* to lose blood; to let blood
 Blem'ish, *a.* a spot or stain; a deformity
 Blem'ish, *v. a.* to defame; to injure
 Bleach, *v. n.* to shrink or fly of; to obstruct
 Blend, *v. a.* to mix, to mingle, to confound
 Bless, *v. a.* to wish happiness to another
 Bless'ed, Bless, *part.* happy, tasting felicity
 Bless'ing, *a.* a good wish, divine flavour
 Blight, *a.* a mildew—*v. a.* to blast; to hinder
 from fertility; to spoil
 Blind, *a.* dark, deprived of sight, obscure
 Blind, *a.* any thing which is placed to inter-
 cept the sight; a false pretence
 Bl'ndness, *a.* a want of sight; ignorance
 Bl'ndfold, *a.* having the eyes covered
 Bl'nd'-worm, *a.* a small venomous viper
 Blink, *v. n.* to wink; to see obscurely
 Blin'kard, *a.* one who has weak eyes
 Bliss, *a.* the highest degree of happiness;
 happiness of blessed souls; great joy
 Bliss'ful, *a.* very happy, full of joy, glad
 Blis'ter, *a.* a rising in the skin; a plaster
 Blis'ter, *v.* to apply a blister; rise in blisters
 Blithe, Blithesome, *a.* gay, merry, sprightly
 Bloat, *v.* to swell, to grow puffy
 Bloat'edness, *a.* turgidness, swelling
 Block, *a.* a large heavy piece of wood; a
 piece of marble; a stupid fellow; a pulley
 Block, *v. a.* to shut up, to enclose
 Block'ade, *a.* a siege carried on by surround-
 ing a place to prevent any relief
 Block'head, *a.* a stupid person, a dunce
 Block'tin', *a.* unadulterated tin; the best tin
 Blood, *a.* the red fluid that circulates thro'
 the body; kindred, lineage; a rake
 Blood'hound, *a.* a hound of an exquisite
 scent
 Blood'shed, *a.* the crime of murder, slaughter
 Blood'shot, *a.* filled with blood; red

Blood'y, *a.* stained with blood; sanguinary
 Bloom, *a.* the blossom or flower of a tree,
 the prime of life; a native flush on the
 cheek; the blue that appears on some fruit
 Bloom, Bloo'som, *v. n.* to produce blossoms
 Bloo'ming, Bloo'my, *a.* youthful; flowery
 Bloo'som, *a.* the flowers of trees or plants
 Blot, *a.* a blur, a spot—*v.* to disgrace, to stain
 Blotch, *a.* a pimple, a pustule on the skin
 Blow, *a.* a stroke; a sudden event; the act
 of a fly, by which he lodges eggs in meat
 Blow, *v.* to pant or breathe hard; to put
 forth flowers; to sound a musical in-
 strument; to swell; to drive by the force
 of wind
 Blowze, *a.* a ruddy fat wench, a slattern
 Blow'zy, *a.* sunburnt, ruddy-faced
 Blub'ber, *a.* the fat of a whale, &c.
 Blub'ber, *v.* to swell the cheeks with weeping
 Blud'geon, *a.* a weapon, a short thick stick
 Blue, *a.* sky-coloured—*a.* an original colour
 Blue'ness, *a.* the quality of being blue
 Bluff, *a.* stern, blustering, fierce; large
 Blun'der, *a.* a mistake, a gross oversight
 Blun'der, *v. n.* to mistake grossly; to err
 Blun'der'house, *a.* a short wide gun discharg-
 ed with many bullets at a time
 Blunt, *a.* dull, rough, rude, unpolite, abrupt
 Blunt, *v. a.* to dull the edge of a point
 Blun'tly, *ad.* rudely, plainly, roughly
 Blun'tness, *a.* a want of edge; rudeness
 Blur, *a.* a spot, stain, imperfection
 Blur, *v. a.* to blur out, to speak heedless
 Blush, *v.* to betray shame or confusion by
 a red colour in the cheeks; to colour
 Blush, *a.* colour of the cheeks raised by
 shame, &c. red or purple colour; sudden
 appearance
 Blush'et, *a.* a young modest girl
 Blus'ter, *v. n.* to roar, to hector, to swagger
 Blus'terer, *a.* a noisy person, a swaggerer
 Blus'trous, *a.* noisy, tumultuous, harsh
 Boar, *a.* the male of all sorts of swine
 Board, *a.* a flat piece of wood; a court held
 Board, *v.* to pave with boards; to enter a
 ship by force; to pay for lodging and
 eating
 Boa'rder, *a.* one who pays to diet with an-
 other
 Boardwa'ges, *a.* an allowance for victuals
 Boar'ish, *a.* rude, rough, cruel, brutish
 Boast, *a.* a proud speech, a brag, a bounce
 Boast, *v.* to brag, to glory in, to exult
 Boas'ter, *a.* a braggart, a puffer, a swaggerer
 Boas'tful, *a.* proud, haughty, vain
 Boas'tingly, *ad.* ostentatiously, vainly
 Boas'tive, *a.* presumptuous, assuming
 Boat, *a.* a small vessel used on rivers, &c.
 Boa'tman, *a.* a manager of a boat
 Boa'tswain, *a.* an inferior officer who super-
 intends a ship's rigging, anchors, &c. and
 overlooks the sailors in their sundry
 duties
 Bob, *v.* to dodge, to cheat, to dangle
 Bob'tin, *a.* a small wooden instrument with
 which lace is made
 Bob'tailed, *a.* having the tail cut short
 Bode, *v. a.* to foreshew, portend

Bo'dement, *s.* an omen, a foreboding
Bo'dice, *s.* a sort of stays for women
Bo'diless, *a.* without a body; spiritual; pure
Bo'dily, *a.* relating to the body; actual, real
Bo'dkin, *s.* an instrument to draw thread through a loop
Bo'd'y, *s.* matter as opposed to spirit; a person; a collective mass; a corporation
Bo'd'sclothes, *s.* clothing for horses
Bog, *s.* a marsh, a fen, a morass, a swamp
Bog'gle, *v. n.* to start, to hesitate, to waver
Bog'gler, *s.* a doubter, a timorous man
Boben', *s.* a tea more astringent than green
Boll, *v.* to be agitated by heat; to dress
Bo'lled, *part.* dressed in boiling water
Bo'ller, *s.* a vessel for boiling water, &c.
Bo'llerous, *a.* loud, furious, stormy
Bo'llerously, *ad.* violently; very loudly
Bold, *a.* daring, impudent, licentious, stout
Bo'lden, *v. n.* to make bold or confident
Bo'lldy, *ad.* in a bold manner, bravely
Bo'ldness, *s.* courage, impudence, confidence
Bole, *s.* earth; a corn measure of six bushels
Boll, *s.* round stalk or stem; a bowl
Boll, *v. n.* to rise in a stalk; to swell out
Bo'llster, *s.* a large pillow; a long cushion
Bo'llster, *v. n.* to support; to pad; to compress
Bolt, *s.* the bar of a door; an arrow
Bolt, *v.* to fasten; to sift; to spring out
Bo'llter, *s.* a sieve to separate meal from bran
Bo'lus, *s.* a large pill; a kind of earth
Bomb, *s.* a globe of iron containing combustibles, &c. to be discharged from a mortar
Bom'bard, *s.* a great gun; a barrel for wine
Bom'bard, *v. n.* to attack with bombs
Bom'bardie'r, *s.* a bomb engineer
Bom'bardment, *s.* an attack with bombs
Bombast'ic, *s.* a slight black silken stuff
Bombast', *a.* high sounding—*s.* a fustian
Bombast'ic, *a.* high-sounding; ranting
Bombulast'ion, *s.* a great sound, a hum
Bomb'ketch, *s.* a ship for bombs
Bons'us, *s.* a kind of buffalo
Bond, *s.* any written obligation; captivity
Bond, *a.* in a servile state; enslaved, captive
Bon'dage, *s.* captivity, slavery, imprisonment
Bon'dman, **Bon'dmaid**, *s.* a male or female slave
Bon'dman, *s.* one bound for another
Bone, *s.* the most solid part of the body
Bo'nelace, *s.* a coarse kind of lace; flaxen lace
Bo'neless, *a.* having no bones; tender
Bon'fire, *s.* a fire made for triumph
Bon'net, *s.* a covering for the head, a cap
Bon'nly, *ad.* prettily, gaily, handsomely
Bon'ny, *a.* handsome, beautiful, merry, gay
Bo'num **Mag'num**, *s.* a great plum
Bo'ny, *a.* strong, stout, full of bone
Bo'oby, *s.* a dull stupid fellow; a large bird
Book, *s.* a volume in which we read or write a particular part or division of a work
Book'binder, *s.* one who binds books
Book'ish, *a.* much given to reading, studious
Book'keeper, *s.* one who keeps accounts
Book'keeping, *s.* the art of keeping accounts
Book'less, *a.* not given to books; unlearned
Book'mate, *s.* a school-fellow

Book'seller, *s.* a vender of books by profession
Book'worm, *s.* a close student; a mite
Boon, *s.* a strong fortification of wood or iron laid across the mouth of a harbour; a long pole used to spread the clue of the studding sail
Boon, *s.* a gift, a present, a grant; a prayer
Boon, *a.* gay, merry, pleasant, cheerful
Boor, *s.* a clown, a lout, a rude man
Boo'rish, *a.* rustic, clownish, rude
Boose, *s.* a stall for a cow or ox to feed in
Boot, *v.* to profit, to gain; to put on boots
Boot, *s.* profit, advantage, booty; part of a coach; covering for the legs
Boo'tjack', *s.* a utensil for pulling off boots
Booth, *s.* a stall or tent erected in a fair
Boo'tless, *a.* useless, unavailing, vain
Boo'ty, *s.* plunder, pillage, spoil
Bora'chio, *s.* a drunkard; a leathern bottle
Bor'mer, *s.* the vegetable lamb, generally known by the name of *Agnus Scythicus*
Bo'rax, *s.* an artificial salt, prepared from sal ammoniac, nitre, calcined tartar, sea salt, and alum, dissolved in wine
Bo'rder, *s.* an edging; a side, a boundary
Bo'rderer, *s.* an inhabitant near the borders
Bore, *s.* the hollow of a pike or gun
Bore, *v. n.* to make a hole, to pierce
Bo'real, *a.* northern, tending to the north
Bo'reas, *s.* the north wind
Boree', *s.* a French dance
Bo'rer, *s.* a gimlet; one who bores
Born, *part.* brought into the world, bred
Borne, *part.* carried, brought, supported
Bor'ough, *s.* a corporation town
Bor'row, *v. n.* to ask a loan; take on credit
Bor'rower, *s.* one who borrows from another
Bor'rage, *s.* a wood, a grove, woodlands
Bos'ky, *a.* woody, rough, swelled
Bo'som, *s.* the breast; the heart; an inclosure
Bo'som, *v. n.* to inclose in the bosom
Boss, *s.* a stud, a knob, a raised work
Botan'ic, **Botan'ical**, *a.* relating to herbs
Bot'anist, *s.* a person skilled in herbs
Bot'any, *s.* the knowledge of plants; that part of natural history which relates to vegetables
Botch, *s.* an ulcerous swelling
Botch, *v. n.* to mend clumsily, to patch
Bot'cher, *s.* one who mends old clothes
Both, *a.* the two, of two—*ad.* as well
Bot'tle, *s.* a vessel to contain liquids
Bot'tom, *s.* the lowest part of any thing; a dale; a valley; the foundation
Bot'tomless, *a.* unfathomable, without bottom
Bou'tonry, *s.* money borrowed on a ship
Boud, *s.* an insect which breeds in malt
Bough, *s.* an arm of a tree, a branch
Bought, *pret. of buy*—*s.* a knot, a flexure
Bou'llon, *s.* soup; broth
Bounce, *v. n.* to leap, to spring; to bully
Bou'ncer, *s.* a boaster, a bully; a lie
Bound, **Bou'ndary**, *s.* a limit, a mark, an end
Bound, *v.* to jump, spring, fly back; to limit
Bound, *a.* destined for, going to
Bou'ndless, *a.* unlimited, infinite, unconfined

Bow'dstone, *s.* a stone to play with
 Bow'teague, Bow'tiful, *a.* liberal, generous
 Bow'teously, Bow'tifully, *adv.* liberally
 Bow'ty, *s.* generosity, munificence
 Bow'toon, *v. n.* to sprout, to bud, to shoot
 Bourn, *s.* a bound, limit; brook; torrent
 Bouse, or Boose, *v. n.* to drink to excess
 Bou'wy, *a.* muddled with liquor, drunk
 Bout, *s.* a trial, an essay, an attempt
 Boute'de, *s.* a whim; a start of fancy
 Bou'tefeu, *s.* an incendiary; a disturber
 Bow, *s.* an inclination of the body in token
 of respect; an instrument to shoot ar-
 rows; a knot made with a ribbon
 Bow, *v.* to bend, to stoop, to crush
 Bow'less, *a.* cruel, unfeeling, merciless
 Bow'els, *s.* the intestinal parts of the body;
 compassion, tenderness
 Bow'er, *s.* an arbour in a garden; an anchor
 Bow'ery, *a.* shady, retired, cool
 Bowl, *s.* the hollow of a cup or glass; a ves-
 sel to make punch in; a wooden ball
 Bowl, *v.* to play at bowls; to roll, trundle
 Bow'legged, *a.* having crooked legs
 Bow'ler, *s.* one who bowls, or plays at bowls
 Bow'line, *s.* the name of a ship's rope
 Bow'ling-green, *s.* a level green for bowlers
 Bow'man, *s.* an archer; shooter with bows
 Bow'sprit, *s.* the mast that projects in a
 sloping direction from a ship's head
 Bow'string, *s.* the string used for a bow
 Bow'yer, *s.* an archer; a maker of bows
 Box, *s.* a case made of wood; a blow
 Box, *v. a.* to strike; to pack in a box
 Box'er, *s.* one who fights with the fist
 Boy, *s.* a male child, a youth
 Boy'ish, *a.* childish, simple, like a boy
 Boy'ishness, Boy'ism, *s.* childishness, play
 Brab'ble, *s.* a clamour, a broil—*v.* to contest
 Brace, *s.* a bandage; tightness; pair; a line
 Brace, *v. a.* to bind, to tighten, to strain up
 Bra'ced, *part.* made tight, strained up
 Bra'celet, *s.* an ornament for the wrists
 Bra'cer, *s.* a bandage, any thing that tightens
 Bra'hial, *a.* belonging to the arm
 Brachy'graphy, *s.* the art or practice of writ-
 ing in a short compass
 Brack, *s.* a breach, a crack—*v. a.* to salt
 Brack'et, *s.* a small support made of wood
 Brack'ish, *a.* saltish, like sea water
 Brad, *s.* a thin sort of nails used in floors
 Brag, *s.* a boast; a game at cards
 Brag, *v. n.* to boast, to swagger, to puff
 Braggado'cio, *s.* a boaster, a swaggerer
 Brag'gart, Brag'ger, *s.* a vain puffing fellow
 Braid, *v. a.* to weave together, to plait
 Braid, *s.* a sort of lace; a knot; false hair
 Brails, *s.* ropes used to draw up a ship's sails
 Brain, *s.* the collection of vessels and organs
 within the skull, from which sense and
 motion arise; sense, understanding
 Brain, *v.* to kill by beating out the brains
 Brai'ness, *a.* silly, foolish, weak, thoughtless
 Brain'pan, *s.* the skull containing the brains
 Brai'nick, *a.* diseased in the understanding
 Brait, *s.* a rough unpolished diamond
 Brake, *s.* a thicket of brambles; an instru-
 ment for dressing flax; a kneading trough

Bra'ky, *a.* prickly, thorny, foul, thick
 Bram'ble, *s.* a prickly or thorny bush
 Bra'min, *s.* a Gentoo priest of India
 Bran, *s.* the husks of ground corn
 Branch, *s.* a small bough, a shoot; offspring
 Branch, *v.* to spread in branches, to adorn
 Bran'chery, *s.* the vascular parts of diverse
 fruits, as pears and plums
 Bran'chless, *a.* without shoots or boughs
 Bran'chy, *a.* full of branches, spreading
 Brand, *v. a.* to mark with a brand, to burn
 Brand, *s.* a mark of infamy; a lighted stick
 Brand'ed, *part.* burnt with iron; disgraced
 Brand'ish, *v. a.* to wave, to shake, to flourish
 Brand'ling, *s.* a small worm; the dew worm
 Brand'y, *s.* a strong distilled liquor
 Bran'gle, *s.* a quarrel, a dispute, a wrangle
 Brank, *s.* a sort of grain called buck wheat
 Bran'ny, *a.* consisting of bran; dry; foul
 Brasi'er, *s.* one who works in brass
 Bras'il, *s.* an American wood for dying red
 Brass, *s.* a yellow metal made by mixing
 copper and lapis calaminaris; impudence
 Brass'y, *a.* hard as brass; made of brass; bold
 Brat, *s.* a child, by way of contempt
 Brava'do, *s.* a boast, a brag, a threat
 Brave, *a.* courageous, gallant, noble
 Brave, *v. a.* to challenge, to defy, to hector
 Brav'ely, *adv.* gallantly, nobly; generously
 Bra'very, *s.* courage, magnanimity, show
 Bra'vo, *s.* one who murders for hire
 Brawl, *v. n.* to quarrel, to speak loudly
 Braw'ler, *s.* a wrangler, a quarrelsome person
 Brawn, *s.* the hard flesh of a bear
 Braw'iness, *s.* strength, hardness, robust-
 ness
 Braw'ny, *a.* fleshy, strong, muscular
 Bray, *s.* the noise of an ass, harsh cry
 Bray, *v.* to bridle or pound in a mortar; to
 Bray like an ass, to make a harsh noise
 Bray'er, *s.* one that brays like an ass; with
 printers, an instrument to stir up ink
 Braze, *v. a.* to solder with brass
 Bra'zen, *a.* made of brass; bold, daring
 Bra'zenness, *s.* a bold, impudent person
 Bra'zenness, *s.* appearing like brass, im-
 pudence
 Breach, *s.* an opening, a gap; a quarrel
 Bread, *s.* food made of ground corn; support
 Bread'corn, *s.* corn of which bread is made
 Breadth, *s.* the measure from side to side
 Break, *v.* to part or burst by violence; to
 tame; to train to obedience; to become
 bankrupt; to fall out; to discard from
 office
 Break, *s.* an opening, a breach, a failure
 Break'ers, *s.* waves which break violently
 over points of sunk rocks or sand banks
 Break'fast, *s.* the first meal—*v. n.* to eat
 Bream, *s.* the name of a fish—*v.* to turn
 filth from a ship's bottom
 Breast, *s.* that part of the body which con-
 tains the heart and lungs; the bosom;
 the conscience; the heart
 Breast'high, *a.* as high as the breast
 Breast'knot, *s.* ribbons worn on the breast
 Breast'plate, *s.* armour for the breast
 Breast'work, *s.* a guard raised breast-high

Broath, *s.* life; air drawn in and discharged by the lungs; moving air; an innaat
Breathe, *v.* to draw breath; to live; to rest
Brea'thing, *s.* a vent, secret prayer, respite
Breath'less, *a.* out of breath, hurried; dead
Breech, *s.* the hinder part of a gun, &c.
Breeches, *s.* part of a man's apparel
Breed, *v.* to hatch, to plot; to cause
Breed, *s.* a cast, sort, offspring, number
Breed'ing, *s.* education, manners; nurture
Breeze, *s.* a gentle gale; a stinging fly
Bree'zy, *a.* fanned with gentle gales, cool
Bret, *s.* a fish of the turbot kind
Broth'ren, *s.* the plural of Brother
Breve, *s.* a note in music; a summons
Breviary, *s.* a Romish priest's office book
Brev'iar, *s.* a short compendium, an extract
Brev'ier, *s.* a small kind of printing letter
Brev'ity, **Brev'iness**, *a.* conciseness, shortness
Brew, *v.* to make liquor; to contrive
Brew'er, *s.* one who brews; one who contrives
Brew'house, *s.* a place appropriated to brewing
Brew'is, *s.* bread lightly boiled in pottage
Bribe, *s.* a reward given to pervert judgment
Bribe, *v.* *a.* to gain by gifts; to hire
Bribery, *s.* the act or crime of bribing; hire
Brick, *s.* a piece of burnt clay; a small loaf
Brick'bat, *s.* a broken piece of a brick
Brick'dust, *s.* dust made by pounding bricks
Brick'kil'n, *s.* a place where bricks are burnt
Brick'layer, *s.* a brick mason
Brick'le, *a.* brittle, frail, apt to break
Br'idal, *a.* relating to marriage, nuptial
Bride, *s.* a newly-married woman
Bride-cake, *s.* a cake distributed at a wedding
Bridegroom, *s.* a newly-married man
Bridemaid, *s.* a woman who attends the bride at the marriage ceremony
Bridewell, *s.* a house of correction
Bridge, *s.* a building over water, for the convenience of passing; the upper part of the nose; supporter of the strings in a violin
Bridle, *s.* the head reins of a horse, a check
Brid'le, *v.* to restrain, to guide, to check
Bridle-hand, *s.* the hand which holds the bridle
Brief, *s.* an epitome; short extract; letters patent for charitable collections—*a.* short
Brev'iness, *a.* conciseness, shortness
Brief'y, *ad.* concisely, shortly, in few words
Brier, *s.* a prickly bush, a species of rose tree
Briery, *a.* full of briars, rough, prickly
Brigade, *s.* a party or division of soldiers
Brigadier-general, *s.* an officer next in rank to a major-general
Brig'and, *s.* a thief, freebooter, plunderer
Brig'andage, *s.* theft, plunder
Brig'antine, **Brig'antine**, *s.* a small light vessel; a coat of mail
Bright, *a.* shining, clear; witty; famous
Brighten, *v.* to polish, to make bright
Brightness, *s.* acuteness, wit; bright state
Brig'o'se, *a.* quarrelsome, contentious
Brigue, *s.* strife, quarrel—*v.* to canvass, to solicit
Brill'iancy, *s.* lustre, splendour

Brill'iant, *a.* sparkling—*s.* a fine diamond
Brim, *s.* the edge; lip; bank of a fountain
Brim'ful, *a.* full to the top
Brim'less, *a.* without an edge or brim
Brim'mer, *s.* a glass full to the brim
Brim'stone, *s.* a yellow mineral; sulphur
Brim'ded, or **Brim'dled**, *a.* streaked, spotted
Brine, *s.* dissolved salt; the sea; tears
Bring, *v.* *a.* to fetch, conduct, prevail on
Brin'ish, **Brin'y**, *a.* saltish, like brine
Brink, *s.* the edge of a place, a precipice
Brisk, *a.* quick, lively, strong, active
Brisk'et, *s.* the breast of an animal
Brisk'ly, *ad.* actively, quickly, nimbly
Brisk'ness, *s.* liveliness, quickness, gayety
Bristle, *s.* the hair on a swine's back
Brist'le, *v.* *a.* to stand erect as bristles
Brist'ly, *a.* set with bristles, rough, angry
Bristolstone, *s.* a kind of soft diamond
Brit, *s.* the name of a fish
British, *a.* belonging to, or made in, Britain
Brit'on, *s.* a native of Great Britain
Brit'tle, *a.* apt to break, weak, frail
Brit'tleness, *s.* aptness to break, tenderness
Brize, *s.* the gad fly
Broach, *v.* *a.* to tap a vessel, to give out
Bros'ched, *part.* tapped, pierced, uttered
Bros'cher, *s.* a teller of a thing; a spit
Broad, *a.* wide, extended, vulgar, coarse
Broad-cast, *s.* a sowing with the hand at large, and not in straight lines
Broadcloth, *s.* fine kind of woollen cloth
Broad'ness, *s.* breadth; extent from side to side; coarseness, fulsome'ness
Broad'side, *s.* the side of a ship; a discharge of all the guns from one side of a ship at once; a large single sheet of paper
Broadsword, *s.* a sword with a broad blade
Broad'wise, *adv.* according to the direction of the breadth
Brocade, *s.* a kind of fine flowered silk
Bro'cade, *s.* a profit gained by promoting bargains; dealing in old things; hire
Broc'coli, *s.* a species of cabbage
Brock, *s.* a badger
Brock'et, *s.* a red deer two years old
Brogue, *s.* a kind of shoe; corrupt dialect
Bro'dery, *s.* additional ornaments wrought upon cloth
Broil, *s.* a disturbance, tumult, quarrel
Broil, *v.* to roast on the fire, to be hot
Bro'ken, *part.* destroyed, shivered, reduced
Bro'kenly, *ad.* without any regular series
Bro'kenness, *s.* the state of being broken; unevenness
Bro'kenwin'ded, *a.* having short breath
Bro'ker, *s.* one who does business for others
Bro'kerage, *s.* the pay or reward of a broker
Bro'nchial, *a.* belonging to the throat
Bro'nchocele, *s.* a tumour of that part of the aspera arteria, called the bronchus; generally called the Derby neck
Bronze, *s.* brass, brass colour; a medal—*v.* to harden as brass
Brooch, *s.* a jewel, an ornament of jewels
Brood, *s.* offspring; production; the number of chickens hatched at once
Brood, *v.* to sit on eggs; to watch anxiously

Brook, *s.* a little river, a rivulet
Brook, *v.* to endure, to bear, to suffer
Broom, *s.* a shrub ; a besom to sweep with
Broomy, *a.* full of or like broom
Broth, *s.* liquor in which flesh is boiled
Brothel, *s.* a house of lewd entertainment ;
 a bawdy-house
Broth'er, *s.* a male born of the same parents
Broth'hood, *s.* union, society, class
Broth'erless, *a.* without a brother
Broth'erly, *a.* like brothers, very fond
Brow, *s.* the forehead ; edge of a place
Brow'beat, *v. a.* to bear down, to humble,
 to depress with stern looks or angry words
Brow'less, *a.* without shame ; frontless
Brown, *s.* the name of a colour
Brown'ie, *s.* a harmless spirit supposed to
 haunt old houses in Scotland
Brown'ish, *a.* inclining to brown, reddish
Brown'sick, *a.* dejected, melancholy
Brownstud'y, *s.* deep meditation or thought
Browse, *s.* underwood ; sprouts of trees
Browse, *v. n.* to feed on browse, to feed
Bruiise, *v. a.* to hurt with blows, to crush
Bruiise, *s.* a hurt from a blow, a spot
Brui'sing, *s.* the art of boxing ; a crushing
Brui't, *s.* a report, a noise—*v.* to noise about
Brui'mal, *a.* cold, belonging to winter
Brui'net, *s.* a brown complexioned woman
Brui't, *s.* a shock, an onset, violence
Brui'sh, *s.* an instrument for sweeping/attack
Brui'sh, *v.* to rub with a brush, to skin lightly
Brui'sh'wood, *s.* rough shrubby thickets
Brui'sk, *a.* uncivil, harsh, rude
Brui'tal, *a.* savage, cruel, inhuman, churlish
Brui'tality, *s.* savageness, inhumanity
Brui'talize, *v.* to make savage or brutal
Brui'tally, *ad.* churlishly, inhumanly
Brui'te, *s.* a creature without reason
Brui'te, *a.* senseless, savage, fierce, wild
Brui'tish, *a.* resembling a beast ; unpolite
Brui'tony, *s.* the name of a plant
Bub, *s.* strong malt liquor ; any strong liquor
 —*v.* to throw out in bubbles
Bub'ble, *s.* a water bladder ; a cheat ; a cully
Buc'caniers, *s.* pirates in America
Buck, *s.* water to wash clothes ; the male
 of rabbits, deer, &c.
Buck'bean, *s.* a plant ; a sort of trefol
Buck'et, *s.* a vessel to draw up water in
Buck'le, *s.* a fastening—*v.* to fasten with a
 buckle ; to condescend ; to engage
Buck'ler, *s.* a shield—*v. n.* to defend, support
Buck'ram, *s.* cloth stiffened with gum
Buck'skin, *s.* leather made of bucks' skin
Buck'thorn, *s.* a thorn & prickly bush
Buc'olic, *s.* pastoral songs, rural dialogues
Bud, *s.* the first fruit of a plant, a germ
Bad, *v.* to put forth buds ; inoculate ; graft
Budge, *v. n.* to stir, to go, to move off
Bad'get, *s.* a bag, a pouch, store ; proposal
Buff, *s.* leather made of a buffalo's skin ;
 colour resembling yellow ; a military coat
Buff, **Buffet**, *v. a.* to box, to beat, to strike
Buffalo, *s.* a kind of wild bull
Buffet, *s.* a kind of cupboard to hold china
Buffet, **Buffeting**, *s.* a blow ; a stroke
Buffoon, *s.* an arch foolow, a low jester

Buffoon'ery, *s.* low jests, mimicry
Bug, *s.* a disagreeable insect bred in beds
Bug'bear, *s.* a frightful object ; a false terror
Bu'gle, *s.* a small bead of glass, a plant
Bu'glehorn, *s.* a hunting horn
Build, *v.* to raise a building ; to depend on
Build'er, *s.* one who builds houses
Build'ing, *s.* an edifice or fabric built
Bulb, *s.* a round root, such as tulips, &c.
Bul'boas, *a.* having round heads, large
Bulge, *v. n.* to let in water ; to jut out
Bu'lmy, *s.* an enormous appetite
Bulk, *s.* magnitude, size ; the main mass
Bul'head, *s.* a partition made in a ship
Bul'kiness, *s.* greatness of stature or size
Bul'ky, *a.* lusty, large, heavy, of great size
Bull, *s.* the male of black cattle ; an edict
 of the Pope ; a blunder ; a sign of the
 zodiac ; at the stock exchange, a cant
 name for one who nominally buys stock
 for which he does not pay, but receives
 or pays the amount of any alteration in
 the price agreed on ; he who nominally
 sells is called the Bear
Bul'lace, *s.* a wild sour plum
Bul'lary, *s.* a collection of papistical bulls
Bul'bauling, *s.* a fight of dogs with a bull
Bul'dog, *s.* a strong dog of great courage
Bul'let, *s.* a round ball of lead or iron
Bul'letin, *s.* an official account of public
 news
Bul'head, *s.* a heavy stupid fellow ; a fish
Bul'leon, *s.* gold or silver in the mass
Bull'ion, *s.* the act or state of boiling
Bul'lock, *s.* a young bull or steer
Bull'y, *s.* a very noisy quarrelsome person
Bull'y, *v.* to hector, to swagger, to be noisy
Bul'rush, *s.* a large rush growing by rivers
Bul'work, *s.* a fortification, a defence
Bum, *v. n.* to make a noise
Bum'bar'iff, *s.* a bailiff of the lowest kind
Bum'boat, *s.* a small boat in which fruit,
 &c. are carried on shipboard for sale
Bump, *s.* a swelling, a blow, a thump
Bum'per, *s.* a glass full of liquor to the brim
Bum'skin, *s.* a clown, a lout, a rustic
Bunch, *s.* a cluster, knot, hard lump
Bum'chy, *a.* growing in or full of bunches
Bun'dle, *s.* parcel of things bound together
Bun'dle, *v. a.* to tie up, to put up together
Bung, *s.* a stopper for a barrel
Bun'gle, *v.* to perform any thing clumsily
Bun'gled, *part.* done in a clumsy manner
Bun'gler, *s.* a clumsy, awkward workman
Bunn, *s.* a small kind of light cake
Bun'ter, *s.* a mean, dirty, vulgar woman
Bun'ting, *s.* a thin linen cloth ; a bird
Buoy, *s.* a large body of wood or cork fast-
 ened with a rope to an anchor to dis-
 cover where it lies, or to mark shoals, sunk
 rocks, &c.
Buoy, *v.* to keep afloat, uphold, support
Buoy'ancy, *s.* the quality of floating
Buoy'ant, *a.* that which will not sink ; light
Buoy'ed, *part.* kept from sinking, supported
Bur, *s.* the prickly head of the burdock
Bur'bot, *s.* a fish full of prickles
Bur'den, *s.* a load ; birth ; uneasiness

Bur'den, *v. a.* to load, incumber, oppress
 Bur'densome, *a.* grievous, heavy, severe
 Bur'dock, *a.* a broad-leaved prickly plant
 Bureau', *a.* a set of drawers with a desk
 Bur'gage, *a.* a tenure proper to cities and towns conferring the privileges of a bur-gess
 Bur'gamot', *a.* a species of a pear; a perfume
 Bur'ganet, *a.* an ancient kind of helmet
 Bur'geois, *a.* a citizen; a sort of printing letter
 Bur'gess, *a.* a citizen, a representative
 Burgh, *a.* a borough town, a corporation
 Bur'gher, *a.* a freeman; one who has a right to vote, and possesses certain privileges
 Bur'glary, *a.* the crime of housebreaking by night, or breaking in with intent to steal
 Bur'gomaster, *a.* a principal citizen in Holland
 Bur'ial, *a.* the act of interring the dead
 Bur'ine, *a.* a tool for engraving, a graver
 Burles'que, *v. a.* to ridicule, to lampoon
 Burles'que, *a.* ludicrous language, a jest
 Burles'que, *a.* merry, jocular, droll, laughable
 Burlet'ta, *a.* a ludicrous musical farce
 Bur'ly, *a.* blustering, falsely great, swollen
 Burn, *v.* to consume by fire, to be inflamed
 Burn, *a.* a hurt or wound caused by fire
 Bur'net, *a.* the name of a plant
 Bur'ning, *a.* state of inflammation
 Bur'nish, *v.* to polish, to make bright
 Bur'nisher, *a.* an instrument used for burn-ishing; a person that burnishes or po-lishes
 Burr, *a.* the lobe or lap of the ear
 Bur'rel, *a.* a sort of pear; an insect; a bee
 Bur'relshot, *a.* nails, &c. shot from a cannon
 Bur'row, *v. n.* to make holes, to mine
 Bur'row, *a.* a corporate town; a rabbit hole
 Bur'sar, *a.* the treasurer of a college; a stu-dent in Scotland having a small yearly allowance
 Burs, *a.* an exchange where merchants meet
 Burst, *v.* to break asunder, to fly open
 Burst, *a.* a sudden breaking, an eruption
 Bur'stness, *a.* a rupture, a tumour
 Bur'stwort, *a.* an herb good against raptures
 Bur'then, *a.* see Burden
 Buri, *a.* a flat fish of the turbot kind
 Bur'y, *v. a.* to put into a grave, to hide
 Bush, *a.* a thick shrub, a bough; a fox-tail
 Bush'el, *a.* a dry measure containing four pecks
 Bush'y, *a.* thick, full of small branches, &c.
 Bus'ily, *ad.* with hurry; very actively
 Bus'iness, *a.* an employment, trade, affair
 Busk, *a.* a piece of whalebone, or steel, worn by women to keep down their stays
 Bus'kin, *a.* a kind of half boot, a high shoe worn by the ancient actors in tragedy
 Buss, *a.* a small vessel, a fishing-boat; a kiss
 Bust, *a.* a half statue; a funeral pile

Bus'tard, *a.* a large bird of the turkey kind
 Bus'tle, *a.* a tumult, a hurry, a great stir
 Bus'tle, *v. n.* to be busy, to hurry, to stir
 But'ler, *a.* an active person, a busybody
 Bus'y, *a.* employed, active, officious
 Bus'ybody, *a.* a meddling officious person
 But, *conj.* except, nevertheless, however, &c.
 But, *a.* a boundary, limit, end of a thing
 But'cher, *a.* one who kills animals to sell
 But'cher, *v. a.* to kill, to slay, to murder
 But'chered, *part. killed, murdered, dead*
 But'cherly, *a.* cruel, bloody, barbarous, brutal
 But'chery, *a.* murder, cruelty; a slaughter-house
 But'end, *a.* the end upon which any thing rests
 But'ler, *a.* one who is entrusted with a gentleman's liquors and plate; an upper servant
 But'ment, *a.* the support of an arch
 Butt, *a.* a mark; object of ridicule; a vessel made to contain 126 gallons
 Butt, *v. a.* to strike with the head like a ram and other horned animals
 But'ter, *a.* an unctuous food made from the cream of milk
 But'ter, *v. a.* to moisten with butter
 But'terflower, *a.* a bright yellow May flower
 But'terfly, *a.* a beautiful winged insect
 But'teris, *a.* a farrier's paring instrument
 But'termilk, *a.* the whey of churned cream
 But'terpump, *a.* a fowl; the bittern
 But'tertooth, *a.* a large broad fore-tooth
 But'tery, *a.* a place where provisions are kept
 But'tock, *a.* the thick part of the thigh
 But'ton, *v. a.* to fasten with buttons
 But'ton, *a.* a knob or ball used for the fasten-ing of clothes; bud of a plant
 But'tonhole, *a.* a hole to fasten a button
 But'tress, *a.* a prop, a shore—*v. n.* to prop
 Butyrac'eous, But'yrous, *a.* having the qualities of butter
 Bux'om, *a.* lively, brisk, gay, jolly
 Bux'omness, *a.* wantonness, amorousness
 Buy, *v. a.* to pay a price for, to treat for
 Buy'er, *a.* one who buys, a purchaser
 Buzz, *a.* a whinger, humming, low talk
 Buzz, *v.* to hum like bees; to spread secretly
 Buzz'ard, *a.* a hawk; dance, blockhead
 Buzz'er, *a.* a secret whisperer
 Buzz'ing, *a.* humming noise, low talk
 By, *pr.* denoting the agent, way, means
 By-and-by', *ad.* in a short time, presently
 By-law, *a.* private rules or orders in a society
 By-path, *a.* a private or obscure path
 Byre, *a.* a common word in Scotland and Cumberland for a cow-house
 By-room, *a.* a retired private room
 By-stander, *a.* a looker on, one unconcerned
 By-street, *a.* a private or obscure street
 By-sword, *a.* a cant word, a taunt

C

Calb, *s.* a Jewish measure of three pints

Cabal', *s.* an intrigue, private juncto

Cabal', *v. n.* to intrigue privately, to plot

Cab'ala, *s.* the secret science of the Jewish doctors

Cab'allist, *s.* one skilled in Jewish traditions

Cabalis'tical, *a.* mysterious, secret

Cabal'ler, *s.* an intriguer, a plotter

Cab'alline, *s.* a coarse kind of aloes, used by farriers to physic cattle

Cab'lage, *s.* a well-known vegetable

Cab'bage, *v. a.* to steal in cutting clothes

Cab'in, *s.* an apartment in a ship; a cottage

Cab'inet, *s.* a set of drawers; a room in which state consultations are held

Ca'ble, *s.* a rope to hold a ship at anchor

Cachec'tical, *a.* of a bad habit of body

Cac'hexy, *s.* a disordered habit of body

Cac'kle, *v. a.* to make a noise like a hen, &c.

Cac'ochymy, *s.* a diseased state of the blood

Cacode'mon, *s.* an evil spirit, a demon

Cacode'thus, *s.* a bad custom

Cacog'raphy, *s.* bad spelling

Cacoph'any, *s.* a bad sound of words

Cada'ver, *s.* a corpse

Cada'verous, *a.* relating to dead bodies, putrid

Ca'd'la, *s.* a kind of tape; a worm or grub

Cade, *a.* tame, soft, tender, delicate

Ca'dence, *s.* a fall of the voice, a sound

Cade't, *s.* a volunteer, a younger brother

Ca'dew, *s.* the straw worm; an Irish mantle

Ca'd'ger, *s.* a huckster

Ca'd'i, *s.* a chief magistrate among the Turks

Cada'city, *s.* frailty, tendency to fall

Ca't'an, *s.* a kind of habit, Persian garment

Cag, *s.* a small barrel, a small cask

Cage, *s.* place of confinement

Cajo'le, *v. a.* to deceive, to flatter, to beguile

Cajo'ler, *s.* a deceiver, flatterer, parasite

Ca'isso'n, *s.* a chest of bombs or powder; hollow fabric of timber

Ca'i'tiff, *s.* a base fellow, a wretch, a knave

Cake, *s.* sweet bread—*v. a.* to harden, unite

Calaman'co, *s.* a kind of woollen stuff

Cal'amine, *s.* a kind of earth; ore of tin

Calam'itous, *a.* miserable, unfortunate

Calum'ity, *s.* misery, affliction, loss

Cal'amus, *s.* a kind of sweet-scented wood

Calash', *s.* an open carriage; a head dress

Calac'rious, *a.* relating to calx

Calcin'a'tion, *s.* the act of pulverizing by fire

Cal'cine, *v. a.* to burn to a powder

Calco'graphy, *s.* the art of engraving on brass

Cal'culate, *v. a.* to compute, to reckon

Calcula'tion, *s.* a computation, reckoning

Cal'culator, *s.* a computer, a reckoner

Cal'culous, *a.* stony, gravelly, hard, gritty

Ca'd'ron, *s.* a boiler, very large kettle

Caledo'nian, *s.* a native of Scotland

Calefac'tory, *a.* tending to warm, heating

Cal'efy, *v.* to make hot, to be heated

Cal'endar, *s.* an almanac, a yearly register

Cal'ender, *v. a.* to glaze linen, to smooth

Cal'ender, *s.* a hot-press, engine to calender

Cal'enderer, *s.* the person who calenders

Cal'ends, *s.* the first day of every month

Cal'enture, *s.* a sun-fever frequent at sea

Cal'f, *s.* thick part of the leg; young of a cow

Cal'iber, *s.* the bore; diameter of a gun barrel

Cal'ico, *s.* an Indian stuff made of cotton

Cal'id, *a.* very hot, burning, scorching

Calid'ity, **Cal'idness**, *s.* intense or great heat

Cal'iduct, *s.* that which conveys heat

Calig'a'tion, *s.* darkness, dimness, obscurity

Calig'inous, *a.* obscure, dark, dim, dusky

Calig'raphy, *s.* very fair beautiful writing

Cal'iph, *s.* the chief priest of the Saracens

Cal'iver, *s.* a hand gun, an arquebuse

Cal'ix, *s.* a cup; a word used in botany

Cal'k, *v.* to fill up the seams of a ship

Cal'ker, *s.* one who stops a ship's seams

Call, *v. a.* to name, to invite, to summons

Call, *s.* a demand, address, summons

Cal'let, *s.* a trull, worthless woman

Cal'ling, *s.* an employment, trade, &c.

Cal'ipers, *s.* compasses having bowed shanks

Callos'ity, *s.* a hard swelling without pain

Cal'lous, *a.* hardened, brawny, insensible

Cal'lousness, *s.* induration of the fibres

Cal'low, *a.* wanting feathers, bare

Calm, *v. a.* to quiet, pacify, still, compose

Calm, *s.* repose, quiet, rest, peace, serenity

Calm, *a.* unruffled, undisturbed, easy

Cal'mly, *cal'quietly*, *cooly*, without passion

Cal'mness, *s.* tranquillity, freedom from passion

Cal'omel, *s.* mercury six times sublimed

Calorific, *a.* heating, causing heat

Calot're, *s.* a cup or cald; a circular cavity

Cal'trop, *s.* an instrument of war with three spikes, thrown on the ground to annoy the enemies' horse; a plant

Cal'vary, *s.* the name of the mount on which Christ was crucified

Calve, *v. n.* to bear or bring forth a calf

Cal'vinism, *s.* the doctrines of Calvin

Cal'vinist, *s.* a follower of Calvin

Calvinis'tical, *a.* relating to Calvinism

Calum'niate, *v. a.* to accuse falsely, to revile

Calum'niator, *s.* a false accuser, slanderer

Calum'niatory, *a.* false, slanderous

Cal'umny, *s.* slander, aspersion, false charge

Cal'x, *s.* a powder made by fire, lime, &c.

Cal'ycle, *s.* a small bud of a plant

Cam'bering, *a.* rising like an arch

Cam'bric, *s.* fine linen from Cambray

Cam'el, *s.* a large animal common in Arabia

Cam'era-obscu'ra, *s.* an optical machine used in darkened chambers, through which the rays of light passing, reflect outward objects inverted

Cam'et, *s.* a stuff made of wool and silk

Cam'omile, *s.* a fine physical herb

Ca'mous, **Camoy's**, *a.* flat of the nose, depressed

Camp, *s.* the order of tents for soldiers

Camp'dgn, *s.* a large, open country; the time an army keeps the field in one year
Camp'dgner, *s.* an old experienced soldier
Camp'dral, *s.* growing in the fields, wild
Camp'phor, **Camp'phire**, *s.* a white gum
Camp'phorate, *s.* impregnated with camphor
Can, *v. n.* to be able to—*s.* a vessel, a cup
Canaille, *s.* the lowest of the people
Can'akin, *s.* a small cup
Canal, *s.* a basin or course of water, a duct
Canal-coal, *s.* a very fine kind of coal
Canal'ulated, *s.* made like a pipe or gutter
Canaries, *s.* a cluster of islands in the Atlantic ocean near the Barbary coast
Canary, *s.* a wine brought from the Canaries
v. n. to dance, to frolic
Canary-bird, *s.* an excellent singing-bird
Can'cel, *v. a.* to blot out, destroy, make void
Can'celled, *s.* cross-barred; crossed by lines
Can'celled, *part.* blotted out, erased, effaced
Can'cer, *s.* a crab-fish; one of the twelve signs of the zodiac; a virulent sore
Can'cerate, *v. n.* to grow cancerous
Can'cerous, *s.* inclining to, or like a cancer
Can'crine, *s.* having the qualities of a crab
Can'dent, *s.* hot, burning, fiery, shining
Can'did, *s.* white; fair, open, honest, kind
Can'didate, *s.* one who sues for a place
Can'didly, *ad.* uprightly, fairly, openly
Can'clify, *v. a.* to make white
Can'dle, *s.* a light made of tallow, wax, &c.
Can'dlemas, *s.* the feast of the Purification of the blessed Virgin Mary
Can'diestick, *s.* an instrument to hold candles
Can'dour, *s.* sweet temper, integrity
Can'dy, *v. a.* to conserve with sugar, congeal
Cane, *s.* a walking stick; a reed from which sugar is extracted—*s. a.* to beat with a cane
Cane'ular, *s.* belonging to the dog-star; hot
Can'ine, *s.* having the properties of a dog
Can'ister, *s.* a box to hold tea; a small basket
Can'ker, *s.* a worm; disease; eating humour
Can'ker, *s.* to grow corrupt, corrode, pollute
Can'kerworm, *s.* a worm that destroys fruit
Can'nibal, *s.* a man-eater, vile wretch
Can'non, *s.* a great gun for cannonading
Cannonade, *v. a.* to batter with cannon
Cannonie'r, *s.* one who manages cannon
Canoe, *s.* an Indian boat
Can'on, *s.* a rule, a law; the book of holy scripture; a dignitary in cathedrals
Canon'ical, *s.* regular, ecclesiastical
Canon'ically, *ad.* agreeably to the canons
Canon'icals, *s.* established dress of the clergy
Can'onist, *s.* a doctor of canon law
Canoniza'tion, *s.* the act of making a saint
Can'onry, **Can'onship**, *s.* benefice of a canon
Can'opy, *s.* a cloth of state spread over the head; a tester—*v. a.* to cover with a canopy
Cano'rous, *s.* musical, tuneful, loud
Can't, *s.* obscure corrupt words; wheedling
Can't, *v.* to wheedle, to flatter; to toss
Canta'ta, *s.* an air; a grave piece of music
Canta'tion, *s.* the act of singing

Cantee'n, *s.* a vessel of tin in the form of a square bottle
Can'ter, *s.* the gallop of an ambling horse; a hypocrite
Canthar'ides, *s.* Spanish flies for blisters
Can'thus, *s.* the corner of the eye
Can'ticle, *s.* a song of Solomon, pious song
Can'tle, *v. a.* to cut into pieces or parts
Can'tle, **Can'tlet**, *s.* a piece, a fragment
Can'to, *s.* part of a poem, section, division
Can'ton, *s.* the division of a country; a clan
Can'ton, **Can'tonize**, *v. a.* to divide land
Can'tonment, *s.* the situation which soldiers occupy when quartered in different parts of a town
Can'tred, *s.* a hundred in Wales, a division
Can'vass, *s.* a coarse stiff cloth; a soliciting
Can'vass, *v.* to sift, to examine, to debate, to solicit votes, to sue for honours
Can'zonet, *s.* a short song or air
Cap, *s.* a covering for the head, a reverence
Cap, *v. a.* to cover the top; to puzzle
Cap-a-pie', *ad.* from head to foot
Capab'ility, *s.* capacity, fitness, adequateness
Cap'able, *s.* intelligent, equal to, qualified
Cap'e'cious, *s.* wide, vast, extended
Cap'e'ciousness, *s.* largeness, width, a space
Capac'itate, *v. n.* to enable, qualify, make fit
Capac'ity, *s.* ability, sense; state, space
Capar'ison, *s.* a superb dress for a horse
Capar'ison, *v. a.* to dress pompously
Cape, *s.* a headland; the neck-piece to a coat
Cap'er, *s.* a leap, a jump; a berry, a pickle
Cap'er, *v. n.* to dance frolicsomenely, to frisk
Cap'er-bush, *s.* this plant grows in the south of France; the buds are pickled for eating
Cap'ering, *part.* skipping, jumping about
Cap'ias, *s.* a writ of execution
Capilla'ire, *s.* a drop of maidenhair
Cap'illary, *s.* small, minute, like a hair
Cap'ital, *s.* chief, principal, fine, criminal in the highest degree, deserving death
Cap'ital, *s.* a principal sum; a large letter; stock; upper part of a pillar; chief city
Capita'tion, *s.* numeration of heads
Cap'itol, *s.* a temple in Rome
Capit'ular, *s.* a body of statutes; member of a chapter
Capit'ulate, *v. n.* to yield by capitulation
Capitula'tion, *s.* the surrendering a town upon certain terms; stipulations, conditions
Cap'on, *s.* a castrated cock
Cap'rice, *s.* a whim, fancy, humour
Capric'ious, *s.* whimsical, fanciful, odd
Cap'ricorn, *s.* a sign of the zodiac, the goat, the winter solstice, a fly
Cap'stan, **Cap'stern**, *s.* an engine to draw up great weights, as anchors, &c.
Cap'sular, **Cap'sulary**, *s.* hollow as a chest
Cap'sulate, **Cap'sulated**, *s.* inclosed in a box
Cap'sule, *s.* a cell in plants for the reception of seeds
Captain, *s.* the commander of a ship of war a troop of horse, or company of foot
Capta'tion, *s.* the art of catching favour
Cap'tivate, *v. a.* to subdue, to charm
Cap'tive, *s.* one taken in war a slave

Cap'tiv'ity, *s.* slavery, subjection, thrall
 Cap'tion, *s.* the act of taking any person
 Cap'tious, *a.* snarling, peevish, cross, surly
 Cap'tor, *s.* one who takes prizes or prisoners
 Cap'ture, *s.* a prize, the act of taking a prize
 —*v.* *a.* to take as a prize

Capuched, *a.* covered over as with a hood
 Capuch'in, *s.* a friar; a woman's cloak
 Car, *s.* a cart, a chariot; Charles's wain
 Carack, *s.* a Spanish galleon, a large ship
 Car'at, *s.* a weight of four grains
 Caravan', *s.* a large carriage; a body of travelling merchants, or pilgrims

Caravan'sary, *s.* a public building erected for the convenience of eastern travellers, where they may repose, &c.

Car'avel, Car'vel, *s.* a light old fashioned ship
 Car'away, *s.* a plant producing warm seed used in medicine and confectionary

Carb'ine, Carab'ine, *s.* a small musket

Carbinie'r, Carabine'r, *s.* a light horseman
 Carbine'de, *v.* *a.* to cut or hack, and prepare meat for broiling or frying

Carbone'de, *s.* meat cut across to be broiled on the coals

Car'uncle, *s.* a precious stone; a red pimple
 Car'cass, *s.* the dead body of an animal; a bomb

Card, *s.* a complimentary note; a painted paper used for games; the paper on which the points of the compass are marked; an instrument with iron teeth

Card, *v.* to comb wool; to play at cards

Car'damon, Cardamo'mum, *s.* a medicinal seed

Car'diac, *a.* cordial, strengthening, cheering

Car'dinal, *a.* principal, chief, eminent

Car'dinal, *s.* a dignitary of the Romish church; a woman's cloak

Car'dinal-points, *s.* east, west, north, south

Car'dinal-virtues, *s.* prudence, temperance, justice, and fortitude

Care, *s.* solicitude, anxiety, charge

Care, *v.* *n.* to be affected with, to be anxious

Carce'n, *n.* to calk, to stop leaks, be laid up

Carce'r, *s.* a course, race, swift motion

Car'eful, *a.* full of concern, diligent, anxious

Car'efulness, *s.* vigilance, great care

Car'eless, *a.* negligent, heedless, unmindful

Car'lessness, *s.* heedlessness, inattention

Car'ess', *v.* *a.* to fondle, to endear

Car'et, *s.* a mark in writing thus (c) to denote that something written above, or in the margin, is wanting to complete the sense

Car'go, *s.* a ship's lading, freight, great load

Caricatu're, *s.* a ludicrous droll likeness

Car'ies, Caries'ity, *s.* rottenness of the bones

Car'ious, *a.* rotten, decayed, putrified

Car'k, *s.* care, anxiety—*v.* *n.* to be anxious

Car'king, *part.* *a.* distressing, perplexing

Car'le, *s.* a mean rude man, a clown, a churl

Car'lings, *s.* timbers lying fore and aft in a ship

Car'man, *s.* one who drives or keeps carts

Car'me'te, *s.* a begging friar; a pear

Car'min'ative, *a.* that which expels wind

Car'mine, *s.* a bright red or crimson colour

Car'nage, *s.* slaughter, havoc, devastation

Car'mal, *a.* fleshly, lustful, sensual

Car'mally, *ad.* according to the flesh

Car'na'tion, *s.* a flesh colour; a fine flower

Car'neous, Car'mous, *a.* fleshy, plump, fat

Car'nival, *s.* shrovetide, a Popish feast

Carniv'orous, *a.* eating of flesh, greedy

Carnos'ity, *s.* a fleshy excrescence

Car'oché, *s.* a carriage of pleasure

Car'ol, *s.* a song of exultation or praise

Car'ol, *v.* to sing, to praise, to celebrate

Carou'sal, *s.* a feast, festival, drinking-bout

Carou'se, *v.* *n.* to drink hard, to tope

Car'p, *v.* to censure, to caviil—*s.* a fish

Car'penter, *v.* an artificer in wood, a builder

Car'pet, *s.* a covering for a floor or table

Car'ping, *s.* caviil, censure, abuse

Car'riage, *s.* behaviour, manners; a vehicle

Car'rier, *s.* one who carries; a sort of pigeon

Car'ri'on, *s.* any flesh not fit for food

Car'ronade, *s.* a short iron cannon

Car'rot, *s.* a common garden root

Car'rot, *a.* red haired, very red

Car'ry, *v.* to convey, bear, gain, behave

Car't, *s.* a carriage for luggage—*v.* *a.* to carry

Car'te-blanc'he, *s.* a blank paper to be filled with conditions entirely at the option of the person to whom it is sent

Cartel, *s.* an agreement between nations at war, relative to exchange of prisoners

Car'ter, *s.* one who drives a cart

Car'tilage, *s.* a gristle, tough substance

Cartilagin'ous, *a.* consisting of gristles

Cartou'ch, *s.* a painting on large paper

Cartou'ch, *s.* a case to hold balls

Car'tridge, *s.* a paper case to hold powder

Car'tridge-box, *s.* a box containing cartridges

Car'twright, *s.* a maker or seller of carts

Carve, *v.* *a.* to cut wood, stone, or meat

Car'ving, *s.* sculpture, figures carved

Casca'de, *s.* a cataract, waterfall

Case, *s.* a covering, sheath; the state of things; outer part of a house; a circumstance; variation of nouns

Case, *v.* *a.* to cover, to strip off, to draw up

Ca'scharden, *v.* *a.* to harden the outside

Ca'semate, *s.* a kind of vault or arch of stone

Ca'seknife, *s.* a large kitchen or table knife

Ca'sement, *s.* a window opening upon hinges

Cash, *s.* any money, properly ready money

Cashie'r, *s.* a cash-keeper—*v.* *a.* to discard

Ca'shoo, *s.* the gum of an East Indian tree

Cask, Casque, *s.* a helmet, a head-piece

Cask, *s.* a barrel, a wooden vessel

Cas'ket, *s.* a small box or chest for jewels

Cass, Cass'ate, *v.* *a.* to annul, to make void

Cas'sia, *s.* a very fragrant aromatic spice

Cas'sowary, *s.* a large bird

Cas'tock, *s.* the long under garment of a priest

Cast, *s.* a throw, mould, shade, squirt

Cast, *v.* to throw; condemn; model; contrive

Cas'tanet, *s.* small shells of ivory or hard wood, which dancers rattle in their hands

Cas'taway, *s.* an abandoned or lost person

Cas'tellany, *s.* the lordship of a castle

Cas'tellated, *a.* enclosed within a building

Cas'tigate, *v.* *a.* to chastise, to punish, to beat

- Castigation, *s.* punishment, discipline
 Cast'ing-net, *s.* a net thrown by the hand
 Cas'tle, *s.* a fortified house; a project
 Cas'tor, *s.* the name of a star; the beaver
 Castrameta'tion, *s.* the practice of encamp-
 ing
 Cas'trate, *v. a.* to lop away, make imperfect
 Castr'ation, *s.* the act of gelding, curtail-
 ing, &c.
 Cas'ual, *a.* accidental, uncertain, fortuitous
 Cas'ualty, *s.* accident, what happens by
 chance
 Cas'uist, *s.* a person who studies and settles
 cases of conscience
 Cas'uistry, *s.* the science or skill of a casuist
 Cat, *s.* a domestic animal; kind of ship
 Catachres'tical, *a.* far-fetched, forced, bad
 Cat'aclysm, *s.* a deluge, an inundation
 Cat'acombs, *s.* caverns for burial of the dead
 Catacou'stic, *a.* relating to reflected sounds
 Cat'alogue, *s.* a list of names, articles, &c.
 Cat'aphract, *s.* a horseman in complete ar-
 mour
 Cat'aplasm, *s.* a poultice, soft plaster
 Cat'apult, *s.* an engine to throw stones, &c.
 Cat'aract, *s.* a waterfall; disease in the eyes
 Cata'rreh, *s.* a disease of the head and throat
 Cata'rhal, *a.* relating to the catarrh
 Cata'trophe, *s.* the change or revolution
 which produces the final event of a dra-
 matic piece; a final event generally un-
 happy
 Cat'cal, *s.* a small squeaking instrument
 Catch, *v.* to stop, lay hold on, ensnare, please
 Catch, *s.* the act of seizing; any thing that
 catches; a song in succession; a contagion
 Cat'ching, *port. a.* infectious, apt to catch
 Cat'chpoll, *s.* a sergeant, a halflife's follower
 Cat'chup, Cat'sup, *s.* a kind of pickle usu-
 ally made from mushrooms or walnuts
 Catechet'ical, *a.* consisting of questions and
 answers
 Cat'echise, *v. a.* to instruct by questions
 Cat'echism, *s.* a form of instruction by ques-
 tions and answers concerning religion
 Cat'echist, *s.* one who teaches the catechism
 Catechu'men, *s.* one who is yet in the first
 rudiments of Christianity
 Categor'ical, *a.* absolute, positive, express
 Cat'egory, *s.* a class, an order of ideas
 Catens'rian, *a.* belonging to a chain
 Catena'tion, *s.* a regular connexion, a link
 Cat'er, *v. n.* to provide food, to lay in victuals
 Cat'er, Cat'erer, *s.* a provider of victuals
 Cat'eress, *s.* a woman that provides food
 Cat'erpillar, *s.* an insect, a grub; a plant
 Cat'erwaul, *v. n.* to cry like a cat
 Cates, *s.* cakes, dainties, viands, nice food
 Cat'gut, *s.* a kind of canvass; fiddlestrings
 Cath'artic, *a.* purging, cleansing
 Cath'dral, *s.* an episcopal or head church
 Cath'dral, *a.* episcopal, antique, venerable
 Cath'eter, *s.* a surgical instrument
 Cath'olic, *a.* universal—*s.* a papist
 Cath'oicon, *s.* a universal medicine
 Cat'kins, *s.* imperfect flowers hanging from
 trees like a rope
 Cat'ling, *s.* a surgeon's knife; fiddlestrings
 Catop'trical, *a.* relating to reflected vision
 Cat'sup, *s.* a kind of pickle. See Catchup
 Cat'tle, *s.* beasts of pasture that are not wild
 Cavalca'de, *s.* a procession on horseback
 Cavalie'r, *s.* a partizan, knight, royalist
 Cavalle'r, *a.* gay, brave, haughty, proud
 Cavalle'ry, *ad.* haughtily, arrogantly
 Cav'alry, *s.* horse troops, horse soldiers
 Cava'tion, *s.* hollowing of the earth for cel-
 larage
 Cau'dle, *s.* a mixture of gruel or ale with
 spice, sugar, &c. for women in childbed
 Cave, *s.* a den, a cell, hollow place
 Ca'veat, *s.* a law term to prevent further
 proceedings; a caution; admonition
 Cav'ern, *s.* a cave, den, hollow place
 Cav'erned, Cav'ernous, *a.* full of caverns
 Car'esson, *s.* in horsemanship, a sort of
 noseband put into the nose of a horse
 Cauf, *s.* a chest with holes to keep fish in
 Cavis're, *s.* the spawn of sturgeon pickled
 Cav'il, *v. n.* to raise objections, to wrangle
 Cav'iller, *s.* a captious disputant
 Cav'ity, *s.* a hollow place, a cavern
 Cawk, *s.* a coarse kind of spar found in mines
 Caul, *s.* part of a woman's cap; net work of
 a wig; the integument enclosing the guts
 Caul'dlower, *s.* a sort of cabbage
 Cau'sal, *a.* relating to or implying causes
 Cause, *s.* a reason, motive, party, source
 Cause, *v. n.* to effect, to produce, to occasion
 Cau'sless, *a.* having no just reason; original
 Cau'sey, Cau'seway, *s.* a raised paved way
 Cau'stic, *s.* a burning application
 Cau'telous, *a.* cautious, wily, cunning
 Cauterize, *v. n.* to burn with irons; to sear
 Cau'tery, *s.* an iron for burning; a caustic
 Caution, *s.* prudence, care, warning
 Caution, *v. n.* to warn, give notice, tell
 Cau'tionary, *a.* given as a pledge or security
 Cau'tious, *a.* wary, watchful, prudent
 Cau'tiously, *ad.* in a prudent wary manner
 Cau'tiousness, *s.* vigilance, circumspection
 Caw, *v. n.* to cry as a rook or crow
 Cease, *v.* to leave off; to stop; to fail; to
 be extinct; to put a stop to
 Ceas'less, *a.* never ceasing, perpetual
 Ce'cias, *s.* the north-east wind
 Cec'ity, *s.* blindness, loss or want of sight
 Ce'dar, *s.* a large evergreen tree
 Cede, *v. n.* to yield up, to surrender up
 Cell, *v. n.* to overlay or cover the inner roof
 Cel'ling, *s.* the inner roof, the upper part
 Cel'stute, *s.* the art of engraving
 Cel'ibrate, *v. n.* to praise, commend; to dis-
 tinguish by solemn rites
 Celebra'tion, *s.* solemn remembrance; praise
 Cele'brious, *a.* famous, renowned, noted
 Cel'brity, *s.* fame, celebration, renown
 Celer'ity, *s.* swiftness, velocity, haste, speed
 Cel'ery, *s.* the name of a salad herb
 Cele'stial, *s.* inhabitant of heaven—*a.* hea-
 venly
 Cel'ibacy, Cel'ibate, *s.* a single life
 Cell, *s.* a small close room; cave, cavity
 Cel'lar, Cel'larage, *s.* a room under ground
 where liquors or stores are deposited
 Cel'lular, *a.* made up of cavities, hollow

- Celtic, *a.* relating to the Celts or Gauls
 Cement, *a.* that which unites; mortar
 Cement', *v. a.* to join together, to solder
 Cemetery, *a.* a burial-place, a churchyard
 Cenotaph, *a.* an empty or honorary tomb
 Censer, *a.* a perfuming or incense pan
 Censor, *a.* a magistrate of Rome who had the power of correcting manners; one addicted to censuring others
 Censorian, *a.* belonging to a censor
 Censorious, *a.* addicted to censure, severe
 Censurable, *a.* deserving censure, culpable
 Censure, *a.* blame, reproach, judgment
 Censure, *v. a.* to blame, revile, condemn
 Cent, *a.* an abbreviation of the Latin word *centum*, a hundred
 Centaur, *a.* a poetical being, represented as half man half horse; a sign in the zodiac, Sagittarius; a monster
 Centenary, *a.* the number of a hundred
 Centennial, *a.* consisting of a hundred years
 Centifolious, *a.* having a hundred leaves
 Centipede, *a.* a poisonous insect with a considerable number of feet
 Cento, *a.* a composition consisting of scraps and fragments from various authors
 Central, *a.* relating to the centre
 Centre, *a.* the middle, the chief place
 Centre, *v.* to place on a centre, to rest on
 Centre, *a.* placed in the centre
 Centrifugal, *a.* flying from the centre
 Centripetal, *a.* tending to the centre
 Centuple, *a.* a hundred fold
 Centuriate, *v. a.* to divide into hundreds
 Centurion, *a.* a name applied to historians who distinguish time by centuries
 Centurion, *a.* a Roman military officer who commanded a hundred men
 Century, *a.* a hundred years
 Cephalic, *a.* any thing medicinal for the head
 Cerastes, *a.* a horned serpent
 Cerate, *a.* a salve made of wax
 Cere, *v. a.* to cover or smear over with wax
 Cerecloth, Cerement, *a.* cloth dipped in melted wax in which dead bodies were wrapped
 Ceremonial, Ceremonious, *a.* formal
 Ceremony, *a.* outward rite; external form in religion; forms of civility
 Certain, *a.* sure, resolved, unfailling; some
 Certainly, *ad.* indubitably, without fail
 Certainty, Certitude, *a.* a fulness of assurance, exemption from doubt
 Certificate, *a.* a testimony in writing
 Certify, *v. a.* to give certain information
 Certiorari, *a.* a writ issued from the court of Chancery to call up the records of a cause therein depending
 Cervical, *a.* belonging to the neck
 Cerulean, Ceruleous, *a.* blue, sky-coloured
 Cerulific, *a.* producing a blue colour
 Cerumen, *a.* the wax of the ear
 Ceruse, *a.* white lead reduced to calx
 Cesarian, *a.* the Cesarian operation is the act of cutting the child out of the womb
 Cess, *a.* a tax on property
 Cessation, *a.* a stop, rest, intermission of hostilities, respite
 Cessible, *a.* liable to give way, yielding
 Cession, *a.* a retreat, act of giving away
 Cestus, *a.* the girdle or zone of Venus
 Cesura, *a.* a rest or pause
 Cesural, *a.* relating to a cesura
 Cetaceous, *a.* of the whale kind
 Chafe, *v.* to rage, fret, warm, make angry
 Chafe, *a.* passion, violence, fume, rage
 Chaff, *a.* the husks of corn; a worthless thing
 Chaffer, *v.* to haggle, bargain, exchange
 Chafferer, *a.* a dealer, hard bargainer
 Chaffinch, *a.* a small common bird
 Chaffy, *a.* full of chaff; foul, light, bad
 Chaffingdish, *a.* a portable grate for coals
 Chagrin, *a.* ill humour, vexation
 Chagrin, *v. a.* to vex, to hurt, to tease
 Chagrined, *part.* vexed, fretted, provoked
 Chain, *a.* a line of links, a series; a fetter
 Chain, *v. a.* to fasten with a chain, ensnave
 Chainshot, *a.* bullets fastened by a chain
 Chair, *a.* a moveable seat, a sedan
 Chairman, *a.* the president of any public meeting; one who carries a sedan
 Chaise, *a.* a kind of light carriage
 Chalcography, *a.* art of engraving on brass
 Chaldron, *a.* a measure of 36 bushels
 Chalice, *a.* a cup standing on a foot
 Chalk, *a.* a kind of white fossil
 Chalk, *v. a.* to mark or manure with chalk
 Chalkcutter, *a.* one who digs chalk
 Chalkpit, *a.* a place where chalk is dug
 Chalky, *a.* consisting of chalk, white
 Challenge, *v. a.* to accuse, to claim, to call to fight, &c.
 Challenge, *s.* a summons to combat; demand
 Chalybeate, *a.* impregnated with steel
 Cham, Chan, *a.* the sovereign of Tartary
 Chama'de, *a.* the beat of a drum, denoting a surrender or a desire to parley
 Chamber, *a.* an apartment in a house
 Chamberlain, *a.* one who takes care of chambers; the sixth officer of the crown
 Chambermaid, *a.* a servant who has the care of rooms
 Chameleon, *a.* an animal that is said to take the colour of whatever it is applied to, and, erroneously, to live on the air
 Chamfer, *a.* the fluting in a column
 Chamois, *a.* an animal of the goat kind
 Chamfer, *a.* leather made of the goat's skin
 Champ, *v. a.* to gnaw, to bite, to devour
 Champagne, *a.* a wine so called
 Champain, *a.* a flat open country
 Champignon, *a.* a small kind of mushroom
 Champion, *a.* a single combatant, a hero
 Chance, *a.* fortune, event, luck, misfortune
 Chancel, *a.* the east end of a church
 Chancellor, *a.* a great officer of state
 Chancery, *a.* a court of equity and conscience
 Chancre, *a.* an ulcer, a bad sore
 Chandelier, *a.* a branch to hold candles
 Chandler, *a.* a person who sells candles, &c.
 Change, *v. a.* to alter, amend, exchange
 Change, *a.* alteration, novelty; small money

Cha'nceable, *Cha'nceful*, *a.* inconsistent, fickle
Cha'nceling, *a.* a child changed for another; an idiot, a natural, a waverer
Chan'nel, *s.* the bed of running waters, a narrow sea; a furrow in a plow
Chan't, *s.* a song, a melody; cathedral service
Chan't, *v. a.* to sing cathedral service
Chan'ter, *s.* a singer in a cathedral, a songster
Chan'ticleer, *s.* the cock; a clear singer
Chan'tress, *s.* a woman singer
Chan'try, *s.* a chapel for priests to sing mass in
Cha'os, *s.* a confused mass of matter, confusion
Chaot'ic, *a.* confused, indigested, mixed
Chap, *s.* a cleft, an opening; a beast's jaw
Chap, *v. a.* to open, to crack, to divide
Chape, *s.* a thin plate of metal at the point of a scabbard; part of a buckle
Chap'el, *s.* a place of worship
Chap'elry, *s.* the bounds of a chapel
Chap'ern, *s.* a kind of hood or cap worn by the knights of the garter
Chap'fain, *a.* having the mouth shrunk
Chap'ter, *s.* the capital of a pillar
Chap'lain, *s.* a clergyman who performs divine service in the army or navy, or in a nobleman's or a private family
Chap'less, *a.* without flesh about the mouth
Chap'let, *s.* a wreath or garland for the head
Chap'man, *s.* a dealer in goods; a chespenner
Chap'ped, **Chapt**, *part. pass.* cleft, cracked
Chap'ter, *s.* a division of a book; an assembly of the clergy of a cathedral—*v. a.* to tax; to correct; to take to task
Char, *s.* work done by the day; a small fish
Char'acter, *s.* a mark; reputation; letter
Char'acterism, *s.* a distinction of character
Char'acteristic, *a.* peculiar to, distinguishing
Char'acterize, *v. a.* to give a character of a person; to imprint; to mark with a stamp
Char'actery, *s.* impression, mark, distinction
Char'coal, *s.* coal made by burning wood under turf
Charge, *v. a.* to entrust; to impute as a debt; to accuse; to load a gun; to command
Charge, *s.* trust; expense; onset; command
Cha'rgable, *a.* expensive, costly; accusable
Cha'rger, *s.* a large dish; a war horse
Cha'rity, *ad.* warily, frugally
Cha'riness, *s.* caution, care, nicety, frugality
Char'iot, *s.* a carriage of pleasure or state
Char'iot'er, *s.* a chariot driver, a coachman
Char'itable, *a.* kind, bountiful, candid
Char'ity, *s.* tenderness, love, good-will; alms
Chark, *v. a.* to burn wood to a black cinder
Char'latan, *s.* a mountebank, quack, cheat
Char'litan'ical, *a.* quackish, ignorant
Char'les's Wain, *s.* the northern constellation, called Ursa Major, or the Great Bear
Char'lock, *s.* a weed which grows among corn with a yellow flower
Charm, *v. a.* to bewitch, delight, appease
Charm, *s.* a spell or enchantment, a philter
Cha'rmer, *s.* one who charms or enchants

Cha'rming, *part. a.* very pleasing, delightful
Cha'rnel-house, *s.* a receptacle for the bones of the dead, a vault for dead bodies
Chart, *s.* a delineation of coasts, &c.; a map
Cha'rter, *s.* a privilege, immunity, or exemption, by royal grant, in writing
Cha'rtered, *a.* privileged; granted by charter
Cha'rter-party, *s.* a paper relating to a contract of which each party has a copy
Cha'rwoman, *s.* a woman hired by the day
Cha'ry, *a.* careful, cautious, diligent
Chase, *v. a.* to hunt, to pursue, to drive
Chase, *s.* a piece of ground larger than a park, where beasts are hunted; hunting itself; pursuit of an enemy; the bore of a gun
Chasm, *s.* a cleft, an opening, a vacancy
Chaste, *a.* pure, uncorrupt, honest
Cha'sten, **Chast'ise**, *v. a.* to punish, correct
Cha'stener, *s.* one who corrects
Chas'tisement, *s.* correction, punishment
Cha'stity, **Cha'steness**, *s.* purity of the body
Chat, *v. a.* to prate, to talk idly, to prattle
Chat, *s.* idle talk, prattle, conversation
Chateau', *s.* a castle
Cha'tellany, *s.* the district under a castle
Cha'tel, *s.* any moveable property
Cha'tter, *v. a.* to make a noise like birds, or with the teeth; to talk idly or carelessly
Cha'tterbox, **Cha'tterer**, *s.* an idle talker
Cha'under, **Chav'en**, *s.* the chub, a fish
Chaw'dron, *s.* the entrails of a beast
Chaw, *a.* to be had at a low rate—a bargain
Ches'pen, *v. a.* to attempt to purchase, to bid for any thing; to lessen the value
Ches'pness, *s.* lowness of price
Cheat, *s.* a fraud, a trick; a deceiver
Cheat, *v. a.* to impose on, to deceive, to gull
Check, *v.* to repress, curb, chide, control
Check, *s.* a stop, curb, restraint, dislike, reproof; a kind of luan
Check'ar, **Ches'uer**, *v. a.* to vary, to diversify
Check'mate, *s.* the term used at chess when the king is made prisoner
Check, *s.* the side of the face below the eye; a name with mechanics for those parts of their machines that are double
Cheer'knooth, *s.* the hinder tooth or tusk
Cheer, *s.* entertainment, gaiety, jollity
Cheer, *v.* to incite, to comfort, to grow gay
Cheer'er, *s.* one who gives mirth, a glazier
Cheer'ful, *a.* gay, full of life, merry
Cheer'fulness, *s.* alacrity, liveliness, mirth
Cheer'less, *a.* sad, gloomy, comfortless
Cheer'ly, **Ches'ry**, *a.* sprightly, gay, merry
Cheese, *s.* food made from milk curds
Chees'ecake, *s.* cake made of curds, sugar, &c.
Chees'monger, *s.* one who sells cheese
Chees'vat, *s.* the wooden case in which the curds are pressed into cheese
Che'ly, *s.* the claw of a shell-fish
Chequ'ln, *s.* a coin of Italy
Cher'ish, *v. a.* to support, nurse up, shelter
Cher'isher, *s.* an encourager, a supporter
Cher'ry, *s.* a fruit—a ruddy, blooming
Cher'ry-checked, *a.* having blooming cheeks

Chert, *s.* a kind of flint, flint in strata
 Cher'ub, *s.* a celestial spirit
 Cheru'bic, Cheru'bical, *a.* angelical
 Cher'ubin, *s.* a cherub
 Cher'up, *v. n.* to chirp; to use a lively voice
 Ches'nut, Ches'tnut, *s.* a sort of fruit
 Chess, *s.* a difficult game, in which two sets of men are moved in opposition
 Chess'board, *s.* a board to play chess on
 Ches'som, *s.* mellow earth
 Chest, *s.* a large box or coffer; the breast
 Chevalie'r, *s.* a knight, a gallant man
 Chevaux-de-Fri'se, *s.* a military fence composed of a piece of timber, traversed with wooden spikes, pointed with iron, five or six feet long, used in defending a passage or tourniquet; a kind of trimming
 Chev'en, *s.* a river fish, the same with chub
 Chev'eril, *s.* a kid; kid leather
 Chew, *v.* to grind with the teeth, to masticate; to meditate on, to ruminate
 Chicane, Chic'ner, *s.* sophistry, wrangling; protracting a debate by artifice
 Chick, Chick'en, *s.* the young of hens
 Chick'enhearted, *a.* fearful, timorous
 Chide, *v.* to reprove, to blame, to reproach
 Chid'ing, *part.* reproof, rebuking, scolding
 Chief, *a.* principal, eminent—*s.* a leader
 Chic'fess, *a.* having no leader; weak
 Chic'fly, *ad.* principally, eminently, above all
 Chic'tain, *s.* a leader, a commander
 Ch'il'blain, *s.* a sore made by cold and frost
 Child, *s.* an infant; male or female offspring
 Chid'bearing, *s.* the act of bearing children
 Chid'dbed, Chid'dbirth, *s.* the state of a woman bringing a child; travail; labour
 Chid'dermas-day, *s.* the day of the week throughout the year answering to the day on which the feast of the holy Innocents is solemnized
 Chid'dhood, *s.* infancy, the state of a child
 Chid'dish, *a.* trivial, puerile, like a child
 Chid'dless, *a.* having no children, barren
 Chid'dren, *s.* the plural of Child
 Chid'iad, *s.* a thousand
 Chid'dren, *s.* a figure of a thousand sides
 Chid'iarch, *s.* a commander of a thousand men
 Chill, *a.* cold, depressed—*s.* chilliness, cold
 Chill, *v. a.* to make cold, discourage, blast
 Chid'dness, Chid'dness, *s.* a sensation of shivering, cold; want of warmth
 Chid'dly, *a.* somewhat cold, frosty, raw
 Chime, *s.* a sound of bells, concord of sound
 Chime, *v. n.* to sound in harmony, to agree
 Chime'ra, *s.* an odd fancy, a feigned monster
 Chimer'ical, *a.* imaginary, whimsical
 Chim'inge, *s.* toll for passing thro' a forest
 Chim'ney, *s.* a passage made for smoke
 Chim'ney-piece, *s.* an ornamental frame of marble, stone, &c. round a fire-place
 Chin, *s.* the lowest part of the human face
 Chin'a, *s.* a country; china ware, porcelain
 Chin'cough, *s.* a violent disease of children
 Chine, *s.* the backbone—*v. a.* to cut in chines
 Chine'se, *s.* the language of China. The plural, Chine'ses, is applied to the inhabitants of China

Chink, *s.* a small aperture longwise; money in burlesque—*v. a.* to jingle like money
 Chin'ky, *a.* full of chinks, gaping, open
 Chints, *s.* Indian printed calico
 Chip, *v. a.* to cut into small pieces, to hack
 Chip, Chip'ping, *s.* a fragment cut off
 Chiro'grapher, *s.* an officer in the Common Pleas who engrosses fines in that court
 Chiro'graphy, *s.* the act of writing
 Chiro'logy, *s.* talking by the hand
 Chir'omancy, *s.* divination by the hand
 Chirp, *v. n.* to imitate the noise of birds
 Chir'ping, *s.* the gentle noise of birds
 Chirar'gon, *s.* a surgeon; an operator
 Chirar'gical, *a.* relating to surgery
 Chisel, *s.* a carpenter's tool to pare with
 Chit, *s.* a baby, a child; a sprout of corn
 Chit'chat, *s.* a prattle, common trifling talk
 Chit'terings, *s.* the guts; the bowels
 Chiv'alry, *s.* military dignity, knighthood
 Chives, *s.* the threads or filaments rising in flowers with seeds at the end; a species of small onions
 Chlor'osis, *s.* the green-sickness
 Choc'olate, *s.* a preparation of the Indian cocoa-nut shell; the liquor made with it
 Choice, *s.* a thing chosen; power of choosing; variety, plenty; best part of any thing
 Choice, *a.* select, of great value; careful
 Cho'iceness, *a.* nicety, of particular value
 Choir, *s.* part of a church; a body of singers
 Choke, *v. a.* to suffocate, suppress, block up
 Choke, *s.* internal part of an artichoke
 Cho'kepear, *s.* a rough, harsh, unpalatable pear; any unanswerable sarcasm
 Choler, *s.* the bile; anger, rage, irascibility
 Choler'ic, *a.* full of choler, angry, offensive
 Choose, *v.* to select, to pick out
 Chop, *v.* to cut with a blow, to mince; to devour; to change
 Chop, *s.* a small piece of meat; a cleft
 Chop'house, *s.* a house to eat provisions at
 Chop'in, *s.* the Scotch quart in wine measure
 Chop'ping, *a.* large, lusty, healthy, jolly
 Chop'py, *s.* a sort of high-heeled shoe
 Chop'py, *a.* full of holes or cracks
 Cho'ral, *a.* belonging to or singing in a choir
 Chord, *s.* the string of a musical instrument
 Chord, *v. a.* to furnish or fasten with strings
 Chor'ister, Cho'rist, *s.* a singer in cathedrals
 Choro'graphy, *s.* the art of describing particular places; teaching geography
 Cho'rus, *s.* a number of singers; a concert
 Cho'sen, *part.* made choice of, selected
 Chough, *s.* a sea bird which frequents rocks
 Choule, *s.* the stomach of a bird; a jowl
 Chouse, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick—*s.* a fool
 Chrizm, *s.* a holy unguent or oil
 Chriz'om, *s.* a child that dies within a month after its birth; a holy cloth
 Christ'en, *v. a.* to baptize, to name
 Christ'endom, *s.* the whole collective body of Christians
 Christ'ening, *s.* the act of baptizing infants
 Christian, *s.* a disciple of Christ
 Christian'ity, *s.* the religion taught by Christ
 Christianize, *v. a.* to make Christian

Christianly, *a.* or *ad.* like a Christian
 Christian-name, *s.* the name given at baptism
 Christmas, *s.* the festival of the Nativity of Christ, the 25th of December
 Chromatic, *a.* relating to colours or music
 Chron'ic, Chron'ical, *a.* of long continuance
 Chron'icle, *a.* history, register, record
 Chron'icle, *v. a.* to record in history
 Chron'icler, *s.* a historian, recorder of events
 Chre'ogram, *s.* a kind of verse or description, the numeral letters of which make up the date of the action mentioned
 Chronol'oger, *a.* an explainer of past time
 Chronolog'ical, *a.* relating to chronology
 Chronol'ogy, *s.* the art of computing time
 Chrys'alis, *s.* aurelia, or the first apparent change of any species of insect
 Chrys'olite, *s.* a precious stone of a dusky green, with a yellow cast
 Chub, *s.* the name of a fish, the cheven
 Chub'bed, *a.* big headed, like a chub, stupid
 Chuck, *s.* the voice of a hen; a kind word
 Chuckle, *v.* to laugh much, to fondle
 Chuff, *s.* a blunt clownish person—*a.* surly
 Cham, *s.* a chamber fellow; a messmate
 Champ, *s.* a short heavy piece of wood
 Church, *s.* a place of divine worship; the collective body of Christians
 Church, *v. a.* solemnly to return thanks in the church after child-birth
 Chur'ching, *s.* the act of giving thanks in the church after child-birth
 Chur'chman, *s.* a clergyman; a member of the church of England
 Chur'chship, *s.* institution of the church
 Churchwa'rden, *s.* a parish officer chosen by the minister and parishioners
 Chur'chyard, *s.* the ground adjoining the church, where the dead are buried
 Churl, *s.* a niggard; a rustic, rude person
 Chur'lish, *a.* untractable, provoking, selfish
 Chur'lishly, *ad.* rudely, surly, brutally
 Chur'lishness, *s.* rudeness, ill nature
 Churn, *s.* a confused sound, a noise
 Churn, *v. a.* to make butter; to agitate
 Churn, *s.* a vessel used to coagulate cream in
 Chylac'eous, *a.* belonging to chyle
 Chyle, *s.* white juice of the stomach
 Chym'ical, *a.* relating to chymistry
 Chym'ist, *s.* a professor of chymistry
 Chymis'tical, *a.* relating to chymistry
 Chym'istry, *s.* the art of separating natural bodies by fire with a view to philosophy
 Ciba'rious, *a.* relating to food; edible
 Cic'atrice, *s.* a scar left by a wound
 Cic'atrize, *v. a.* to heal a wound, to skin over
 Cicero'nian, *a.* like Cicero; pure, elegant
 Cic'urate, *v. a.* to tame, to make mild
 Cid'er, *s.* a liquor made from apple juice
 Cid'erkin, *s.* an inferior kind of cider
 Cil'ary, *a.* relating to the eye-lids
 Cilic'ious, *a.* made of hair, hairy, rough
 Cim'eter, *s.* a Turkish dagger; a sort of sword short and recurved
 Cim'merian, *a.* extremely dark
 Cin'cture, *s.* a belt, sash, girdle, ring
 Cin'der, *s.* coal burnt till the sulphur is gone

Cinerit'ious, *a.* having the form of ashes
 Cin'gle, *s.* a girth used for a horse
 Cin'nabar, *s.* vermillion; red mineral
 Cin'namon, *s.* the spicy bark of a tree
 Cinque, *s.* five, the number of five on dice
 Cin'que-foil, *s.* a kind of five-leaved clover
 Cin'que-pose, *s.* a grave kind of dance
 Cin'que-ports, *s.* five havens on the eastern coast of England, viz. Hastings, Dover, Hiths, Romney, and Sandwich
 Cl'on, *s.* a sprout; the shoot of a plant
 Cl'pher, *s.* the character (U) in numbers the initials of a person's name interwoven; a secret manner of writing—*v. n.* to cast accounts
 Cl'phering, *s.* the art of casting accounts
 Cir'culate, *v. a.* to make a circle; make round
 Circle, *s.* a round body, an orb; a company
 Circle, *v. a.* to move round any thing; to enclose; to confine; to move circularly
 Cir'clst, *s.* a small circle or orb
 Cir'cuit, *s.* space, extent, act of moving round any thing; visitation of the judges
 Cir'cuit, *v. n.* to move in a circle
 Circu'itous, *a.* going round in a circuit
 Cir'cular, *a.* like a circle, round; vulgar
 Circular'ity, *s.* a circular form
 Cir'culary, *a.* ending in itself
 Cir'culate, *v. a.* to put about, to move round
 Circula'tion, *s.* a circular motion, a return
 Circum'bleat, *a.* surrounding
 Circum'ambulate, *v. n.* to pass round about
 Cir'cumcise, *v. a.* to cut off the fore-skin
 Circumcis'ion, *s.* the act of cutting off the fore-skin, practised by the Jews, &c.
 Circumduc't, *v. a.* to nullify, to contravene; to carry or convey round
 Circum'ference, *s.* a compass; a circle; the periphery or limit of a circle
 Circumferen'tor, *s.* an instrument used in surveying to measure angles
 Cir'cumflex, *s.* an accent used to regulate the pronunciation of syllables, including the acute and grave, marked thus (˘)
 Circum'fluent, *a.* flowing round any thing
 Circum'fluous, *a.* environing with waters
 Circumfora'neous, *a.* wandering from house to house
 Circumfu'se, *v. a.* to spread round, to diffuse
 Circumfu'sion, *s.* the act of pouring round
 Circum'gyrate, *v. a.* to roll or wheel round
 Circumit'ion, *s.* the act of going round
 Circumja'cent, *a.* lying round any thing
 Circumlocu'tion, *s.* the use of indirect expressions, a circuit of words
 Circummu'red, *a.* walled or fenced round
 Circumnaviga'tion, *s.* the act of sailing round
 Circumnaviga'tor, *s.* one who sails round
 Circumrota'tion, *s.* the act of whirling round
 Circumscri'be, *v. a.* to enclose, limit, confine
 Circumscrip'tion, *s.* a limitation; determination of form or magnitude
 Cir'cumspect, *a.* cautious, watchful, wary
 Circumspec'tion, *s.* watchfulness, caution
 Circumspec'tive, *a.* attentive, watchful

Circumstance, *s.* an accident, event, incident
 Circumstanced, *a.* situated or placed
 Circumstan'tial, *a.* particular, minute
 Circumstan'tiate, *v. a.* to describe exactly
 Circumvallation, *s.* a fortification surrounding a besieged place
 Circumvocation, *s.* the act of carrying round
 Circumven't, *v. a.* to deceive, to over-reach
 Circumven'tion, *s.* fraud, deceit, prevention
 Circumves't, *v. a.* to cover round
 Circumvol've, *v. a.* to roll round about
 Circumvolution, *s.* a turning round
 Circus, *s.* a arena for sports, with circular seats
 Cisal'pine, *a.* lying on this side the Alps
 Cist, *s.* a case; a coat; an angry humour
 Cistern, *s.* a vessel to catch or hold water
 Cit, *s.* a part low townsman
 Cit'adel, *s.* a fortress, a castle, a place of arms
 Cit'al, Cita'tion, *s.* reproof, impeachment, summons to appear before a judge; a quotation from another author; enumeration
 Cite, *v. a.* to summon, to enjoin, to quote
 Citess', *s.* a woman residing in a city
 Cith'ara, *s.* an ancient kind of harp
 Citizen, Cit, *s.* one inhabiting a city; a freeman—*a.* having qualities of a citizen
 Cit'rine, *a.* like a citron; of a lemon colour
 Cit'rine, *s.* a species of crystal extremely pure, out of which jewellers cut stones for rings, &c. frequently mistaken for topazes
 Cit'ron, *s.* a fruit resembling a lemon
 Cit'y, *s.* an episcopal town
 Clivet, *s.* a perfume obtained from the clivet cat. The Clivet, or Clivet Cat, is a little animal not unlike our cat, excepting that his front is pointed, his claws less dangerous, and his cry different
 Cliv'ic, *a.* relating to civil honours, &c.
 Civ'it, *a.* political, civilized; kind, polite
 Civ'il-dase, *s.* the national law of a country
 Civ'il-war, *s.* an intestine war
 Civilian, *s.* a professor of civil law
 Civ'il'ity, *s.* freedom, kindness, politeness
 Civ'ilize, *v. a.* to polish, reclaim, instruct
 Civilized, *part.* polished, improved, civil
 Cize, *s.* the surface of any thing
 Clack, *s.* part of a mill; a continued noise
 Clack, *v. a.* to talk fast, to let the tongue run
 Clad, *pref. and part. of clothe*
 Claim, *s.* a demand of any thing due, a title
 Claim, *v. a.* to demand of right, to require
 Claim'able, *a.* that which may be claimed
 Claim'ant, *s.* one who owns or demands
 Claimed, *part.* demanded, owned
 Clam'o-Obacu'ro, *s.* the art of distributing lights and shades to advantage
 Clam'ber, *v. a.* to climb with difficulty
 Clamm, *v. a.* to clog, to glue; to starve
 Clam'iness, *s.* ropiness, stickiness
 Clam'ny, *a.* ropy, viscous, moist
 Clam'our, *s.* outcry, noise, altercation
 Clam'orous, *a.* noisy, loud, importunate
 Clamp, *s.* a piece of wood joined to another
 Clan, *s.* a family; a race, sect of persons
 Clam'cular, *a.* clandestine, private, hidden
 Clander'tine, *a.* secret, hidden, sly

Clander'tinely, *ad.* secretly, craftily
 Clang, Clam'gour, Clank, *s.* a sharp noise
 Clam'gous, *a.* making a shrill noise
 Clank, *v.* to clatter; to make a loud noise
 Clap, *v.* to strike together; to applaud
 Clap, *s.* a loud noise; an explosion of thunder; an act of applause
 Clap'per, *s.* the tongue of a bell, &c.
 Clap'perclaw, *v. a.* to scold, tease, chide
 Clarendieu'x, *s.* the second king at arms, so named from the dutchy of Clarence
 Clare-obacu're, *s.* light and shade in painting
 Clar'et, *s.* a light French wine
 Clarification, *s.* the act of making clear
 Clar'ify, *v. a.* to make clear, to purify
 Clar'in'et, *s.* a kind of hautboy
 Clarion, *s.* a martial instrument, a trumpet
 Clar'itude, Clar'ity, *s.* brightness, clearness
 Clash, *v.* to contradict, to oppose, to wrangle
 Clash, *s.* a noisy collision of two bodies
 Clasp, *v. a.* to embrace, to hug, to hold fast
 Clasp, *s.* a kind of hook, a holdfast
 Clasp'er, *s.* the thread of creeping plants
 Class, *v. a.* to range or set in order
 Class, Class'is, *s.* a rank, order, degree
 Classic, *s.* an author of the first rank
 Class'ical, *a.* relating to authors of the first rank; learned, elegant
 Clat'ter, *s.* a rattling confused noise, clamour
 Clat'ter, *v.* to make a confused noise
 Clause, *s.* a sentence, a stipulation
 Clau'sure, *s.* confinement
 Claw, *s.* the foot of a beast, bird, or fish
 Claw, *v. a.* to tear with claws, to scratch
 Claw'back, *s.* a flatterer, a sycophant
 Clay, *s.* a common sort of earth
 Clay-cold, *a.* cold as earth, lifeless, dead
 Claymo're, *s.* a large sword used by the Scotch Highlanders
 Clean, *a.* free from dirt; innocent, pure
 Clean, *v. a.* to free from dirt; to purify
 Clean, *ad.* quite, perfectly, completely
 Clean'liness, Clean'ness, *s.* neatness, purity
 Clean'ly, *a.* free from dirt; neat, pure
 Cleanse, *v. a.* to free from dirt; to purify
 Clear, *v.* to clean, fully, completely
 Clear, *v.* to brighten, to gain, to remove
 Clear, *a.* bright; guiltless; plain; unentangled
 Clear'ance, *s.* the act of clearing; acquittal
 Clear'er, *s.* brightener, purifier, enlightener
 Clear'ly, *ad.* plainly, evidently, honestly
 Clear'ness, *s.* transparency; perspicuity
 Clear'sighted, *a.* discerning, judicious
 Clear'starch, *v. a.* to stiffen with starch
 Cleave, *v.* to adhere, stick to; split, divide
 Clea'ver, *s.* a butcher's instrument
 Clef, *s.* a mark for the key in music
 Cleft, *s.* a crack—*part. pass. of cleave*
 Clem'ency, *s.* mercy, humanity, tenderness
 Clem'ent, *a.* mild, merciful, gentle
 Clench, *v. a.* to fasten, to pin down, to bend
 Clepe, *v. a.* to call, to name
 Clep'sydra, *s.* an ancient instrument to measure time by the running of water
 Cler'gy, *s.* the whole order or body of divines
 Cler'gyman, *s.* a person in holy orders

Clerical, *a.* relating to the clergy, orthodox
Clerk, *s.* a clergyman; a scholar; man of letters; a secretary or book-keeper
Clerkship, *s.* a scholarship, employ of a clerk
Clever, *a.* skilful, dexterous, ready, fit
Cleverness, *s.* skill, knowledge, art
Clew, *s.* a ball of thread, &c.; a guide
Clew, *v. a.* to draw up the sails to be furled
Click, *v. n.* to make a sharp noise
Clicker, *s.* a caller in at a shop; a servant
Click'et, *s.* the knocker of a door
Client, *s.* an employer of an attorney, &c.
Cliff, *s.* a steep rock, a precipice
Cliffy, *s.* broken, craggy
Climacter, *s.* every seventh or ninth year
Climacteric, *a.* containing a number of years, at the end of which some great change is supposed to befall the body
Climax, *s.* a tract of land; the air
Climax, *s.* a rhetorical figure; gradation; ascent
Climb, *v. a.* to ascend up any place
Climber, *s.* one that climbs; a plant
Clinch, *v. a.* to hold fast; to contract; bend
Clinch, *s.* a pun, a witty saying; part of a cable
Clincher, *s.* a cramp, holdfast; full answer
Cling, *v. n.* to twine round; to dry up
Clinic, *s.* a person confined in bed by sickness
Clinical, *a.* bedrid, sick, disordered
Clink, *v. a.* to sound or jingle like metal
Clinker, *s.* a paving brick; bad clinders
Clinquant, *a.* dressed in embroidery
Clip, *v. a.* to cut short, to embrace, confine
Clipper, *s.* a detaser of coin by clipping it
Clipping, *s.* the part cut off—*part.* cutting
Cloak, *v. a.* to hide, conceal, cover over
Cloak, *s.* an outer garment, cover, blind
Clock, *s.* an instrument to shew time; a beetle
Clockwork, *s.* movement by weights or springs
Clod, *s.* a lump of earth or clay; a dolt; a clown
Clod'pate, *s.* a stupid fellow
Clog, *s.* an hinderance; a sort of shoe
Clog, *v.* to hinder, obstruct, load, adhere
Cloister, *s.* a place of religious retirement; a square with piazzas
Cloister, *v. a.* to shut up in a cloister
Close, *v.* to shut, conclude, confine, join
Close, *s.* a small field inclosed; pause, end
Close, *a.* shut fast; private; sly; cloudy
Clo'sboded, *a.* sitting close to the body
Clo'sely, *ad.* secretly, slyly, without deviation
Clo'seness, *s.* nearness, privacy, heat
Clo'set, *s.* a small private room
Clo'set, *v. a.* to shut up in a closet; to conceal
Closure, *s.* an inclosure, end, period
Clot, *v. n.* to form clots, to coagulate
Clot, *s.* any thing clotted; a hard lump
Cloth, *s.* linen or woollen woven for garments; the covering for a table
Clothe, *v. a.* to cover with garments; dress
Clothier, *s.* a maker of woollen cloth
Clothing, **Cloaths**, **Clothes**, *s.* garments; dress

Cloud, *s.* a body of vapours in the air
Cloud, *v. a.* to darken with clouds
Cloud'apt, *part.* topped with clouds
Cloudless, *a.* free from clouds, clear, pure
Cloudy, *a.* dark, obscure, gloomy, sullen
Clove, *s.* a spice; grain or root of garlic
Clo'ven, *part.* cleft, divided, separated
Clover, *s.* a species of trefoil, kind of grass
Clovered, *a.* covered with clover
Clough, *s.* a cliff; an allowance in weight
Clout, *s.* a cloth for any mean use; a patch
Clout'ed, *part.* congealed, curdled
Clown, *s.* a rustic, ill bred man; a churl
Clow'ish, *a.* uncivil, awkward, ill bred
Cloy, *v. a.* to surfeit, glut, sate; to null up
Cloy'less, *a.* that cannot surfeit or glut
Cloy'ment, *s.* satiety, fulness, glut
Club, *s.* a heavy stick; a society; suit of cards
Club, *v. n.* to join in common expense
Club'law, *s.* the law of arms, law of force
Club'room, *s.* the room a club meets in
Cluck, *v. n.* to call chickens, as a hen
Clumps, *s.* a stupid fellow, numskull
Clum'siness, *s.* awkwardness, unhandliness
Clum'sy, *a.* awkward, heavy, thick, bad
Clung, *pret.* and *part.* of *cling*—*v.* to dry as wood does—a. wasted with leanness
Clus'ter, *s.* a bunch, body, herd, collection
Clutch, *s.* a grasp, hand, paw, talon
Clutch, *v. a.* to gripe, hold fast, clinch
Clut'ter, *s.* noise, bustle, hurry, clamour
Cly'ter, *s.* an injection into the anus
Coacer'vate, *v. a.* to heap together, to add
Coach, *s.* a carriage of state or pleasure
Coac't, *v. n.* to act together, or in concert
Coac'tion, *s.* compulsion, restraint
Coac'tive, *a.* having the power of impelling
Coadjutant, *a.* helping, co-operating
Coadjutor, *s.* an assistant, helper, ally
Coag'ent, *s.* one co-operating with another
Coagmen't, *v. a.* to heap together, to cement
Coag'ulate, *v. a.* to curdle, to run into clots
Coagula'tion, *s.* a body formed by curdling milk, &c. concretion, conglomeration
Coal, *s.* a mineral used for firing
Coal'ery, *s.* the place where coals are dug
Coales'ce, *v. n.* to unite, to join together, to grow together
Coales'cence, *s.* act of uniting together
Coalit'ion, *s.* a union in one mass; junction
Coal'y, *a.* like coal, containing coal
Coapta'tion, *s.* the adjustment of parts to each other
Coar'ct, *v. a.* to straighten, confine, press
Coarse, *a.* vile, rude, gross, not fine, rough
Coar'seness, *s.* meanness, rudeness, roughness, want of delicacy
Coast, *s.* an edge, bank, side, shore
Coast, *v. n.* to sail along or near to the coast
Coas'ting, *s.* sailing near the land
Coat, *s.* a man's upper garment; a petticoat; the upper covering of all animals
Coax, *v. a.* to wheedle, flatter, entice
Co'alt, *s.* a kind of marcasite; a mineral
Co'ble, *v. a.* to mend coarsely or clumsily
Co'bler, *s.* a mender of shoes; a bungler
Co'cal, *s.* a sandal worn by ladies in eastern countries; an open slipper

- Cob/iron**, *s.* an iron with a knob at one end
Cob/swan, *s.* the head or leading swan
Cob/web, *s.* a spider's web—*a.* trifling, weak
Cock/ineal, *s.* an insect used to die scarlet
Cock, *v. a.* to set up the hat; to cock a gun
Cock, *s.* the male of birds; a spout to let out liquids; form of a hat; part of a gun; heap of hay; the needle of a balance
Cocks/de, *s.* a ribbon worn on a hat
Cock/aboop, *ad.* in high mirth and jollity
Cockatoo', *s.* a bird of the parrot kind
Cock/atrice, *s.* a kind of serpent
Cock'er, *v. a.* to fondle, caress, indulge
Cock'er, *s.* one who handles or fights cocks
Cock/erel, *s.* a young cock; a small cock
Cock/et, *s.* a ticket from the custom-house
Cock/horse, *a.* on horseback; triumphant
Cock'ing, **Cock'fight**, *s.* a fight of cocks
Cock'le, *s.* a shell-fish; the weed cornrose
Cock'le, *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles
Cock'lestairs, *s.* winding or spiral stairs
Cock'loft, *s.* a room over a garret
Cock'match, *s.* a battle of cocks for money
Cock'ney, *s.* a Londoner; a mean citizen
Cock'pit, *s.* a place where cocks fight
Cock'scomb, *s.* the upper part of a cock's head; a plant; lobewort
Cock'sure, *a.* quite sure, very confident
Co/coa, *s.* a kind of nut, liquor made from it
Co/ction, *s.* the act of boiling; digestion
Co/d, *s.* a sea fish; the husk of seeds
Code, *s.* a book of the civil law; a book
Co/d'icil, *a.* addition or supplement to a will
Co/d'ile, *s.* a term in playing at ombre
Co/d'ie, *v. a.* to parboil, to dress badly
Co/d'ling, *s.* a sort of early apple
Co/eff'acy, **Co/eff'icency**, *s.* co-operation; the power of several things acting together
Co/emp'tion, *s.* the act of buying up the whole
Co/e'qual, *a.* equal with, in the same state
Coer'ce, *v. a.* to restrain by force, to check
Coer'cion, *s.* a restraint, force, check, &c.
Coer'cive, *a.* serving to restrain, forcible
Coessen'tial, *a.* partaking of the same essence
Coets'neous, *a.* coeval; of the same age
Coeter'nal, *a.* equally eternal with another
Co'e'val, *s.* a contemporary, of the same age
Co'e'val, **Co'e'vous**, *a.* being of the same age
Coexis't, *v. n.* to exist together or at one time
Coexis'tent, *a.* existing at the same time
Co/ffee, *s.* the berry of an Arabian tree; the liquor prepared from that berry
Coffeehouse, *s.* a house where coffee, &c. is sold
Coff'er, *s.* a money chest, a treasure
Coff'erer, *s.* a principal court officer
Coff'in, *s.* the chest to enclose dead bodies
Cog, *v.* to flatter, to wheedle, to cheat, to lie
Cog, *s.* tooth of a wheel by which it acts, &c.
Co/geney, *s.* force, strength, power
Co'gent, *a.* forcible, resistless, convincing
Cogita'tion, *s.* thought, meditation, care
Cog'nate, *a.* born together, alike, allied
Cogna'tion, *s.* kindred, relationship
Cognisec', *s.* one to whom a fine is made
Cognisec'o'r, *s.* he who passes a fine to another
Cognit'ion, *s.* knowledge, conviction, trial
Cog'nizable, *a.* proper to be tried or examined
Cog'nizance, *s.* a judicial notice; a crest
Cog'is, *s.* a small wooden vessel; a drum
Cohab'it, *v. n.* to live together, &c.
Cohab'itant, *s.* one living in the same place
Coh'e'r, *s.* a joint hair with other persons
Coh'e'ress, *s.* a woman who is a joint heiress
Coh'e're, *v. n.* to stick together, agree, fit
Coh'e'rence, **Coh'e'rency**, *s.* connexion
Coh'e'rent, *a.* sticking together, consistent
Coh'e'sion, *s.* a state of union, connexion
Coh'e'sive, *a.* having a sticking quality
Coh'ebate, *v. a.* to distil a second time
Cohoba'tion, *s.* a repeated distillation
Co/hort, *s.* a troop of soldiers, in number 500
Coif, *s.* a head dress, a woman's cap
Col'gne, *s.* a corner
Coil, *v. a.* to roll up a rope; to wind in a ring
Coil, *s.* tumult, noise; rope wound in a ring
Co'ln, *s.* money stamped by authority
Co'ln, *v. a.* to make money; to forge; invent
Co'lnage, *s.* the practice of coining
Co'ln'ce, *v. n.* to agree with, to meet, to fit
Co'ln'cidence, *s.* an agreement, concurrence
Co'ln'cident, *a.* agreeing with, united
Co'ln'er, *s.* a maker of money; an inventor
Co'it'ion, *s.* the act by which two bodies come together, &c.
Coke, *s.* a cinder made from pit-coal
Co/ander, *s.* a straining vessel; a sieve
Co'lation, **Co'fature**, *s.* the act of straining
Co'bert'ine, *s.* a kind of lace for women
Cold, *a.* not hot; not hasty; chaste; coy
Cold, *s.* cold weather; chillness; a disorder
Co'ldish, *a.* rather cold; shy; reserved
Co'ldly, *ad.* indifferently, negligently
Co'ldness, *s.* want of heat; indifference
Co'lewort, *s.* a sort of cabbage
Co'lic, *s.* a distemper affecting the bowels
Collap'se, *v. n.* to fall close or together
Co'lar, *s.* something round the neck; a band
Co'lar, *v. a.* to seize by the collar
Co'lar-day, *s.* a day on which the Knights appear at court in the collars of their orders
Colla'te, *v. a.* to compare things similar; to examine that nothing be wanting; to place in an ecclesiastical benefice
Collat'eral, *a.* side by side; not direct
Collis'tion, *s.* a repeat; gift; comparison
Colla'tor, *s.* one who compares, presents, &c.
Co'league, *s.* a partner in office or employment
Colles'gue, *v. a.* to unite with
Collect, *v. a.* to gather together, to infer
Collect, *s.* a short comprehensive prayer
Collection, *s.* things gathered; a conclusion
Collective, *a.* accumulative, apt to gather
Collectively, *ad.* in a body; wholly
Collec'tor, *s.* a gatherer; a tax-gatherer
Col'lege, *s.* a house or school for learning
Col'legian, *s.* a member of a college
Col'legiate, *a.* containing a college
Co'let, *s.* the part of a ring in which the stone is set; any thing worn round the neck

Col'l^{ier}, *s.* a digger of coals; a coal-ship
 Col'l^{igation}, *s.* the act of binding together
 Col'l^{iguate}, *v. a.* to melt, to liquefy, to soften
 Col'l^{ision}, *s.* act of striking together, a clash
 Col'l^{ocate}, *v. a.* to place, station, fix, &c.
 Col'l^{ec^tion}, *s.* the act or state of placing
 Col'l^{op}, *s.* a small cut or slice of meat
 Col'l^{oquial}, *a.* relating to conversation
 Col'l^{oquy}, *s.* a conference, conversation, talk
 Col'l^{usion}, *s.* a deceitful agreement
 Col'l^{usive}, *a.* fraudulent, deceitful, bad
 Col'l^y, *v. a.* to grime with coal, to soil
 Col'l^{on}, *s.* this point (*i.*), used to mark a
 pause greater than that of a semicolon,
 and less than that of a period; the great-
 est and widest of the Interstices
 Col'l^{onel}, *s.* the commander of a regiment
 Col'l^{onise}, *v. a.* to supply with inhabitants
 Col'l^{onial}, *a.* relating to a colony
 Col'l^{onnade}, *s.* a range of pillars or columns
 Col'l^{ony}, *s.* a body of people drawn from
 the mother country to inhabit some dis-
 tant place; the country so planted
 Col'l^{ophony}, *s.* rosin, turpentine, pitch
 Col'l^{orate}, *a.* coloured, dyed, tinged, stained
 Col'l^{orific}, *a.* that is able to produce colour
 Col'l^{ossal}, *a.* gigantic
 Col'l^{osus}, Col'l^{ose}, *s.* a very large statue
 Col'l^{our}, *s.* hue, dye, tint; a pretence
 Col'l^{our}, *v. a.* to die; to tinge; to blush; to cloak
 Col'l^{ourable}, *a.* specious, plausible
 Col'l^{ouring}, *s.* an art in painting; an excuse
 Col'l^{ourist}, *s.* one who excels in colouring
 Col'l^{ours}, *s.* a banner, flag, streamer
 Col'l^{ot}, *s.* a young horse; inexperienced person
 Col'l^{um^{bar}}, *s.* a dove or pigeon house
 Col'l^{umn}, *s.* a round pillar; part of a page
 Col'l^{um^{be}}, *s.* a companion, an associate
 Comb, *s.* an instrument for the hair; the
 crest of a cock; the cavities in which
 bees lodge their honey
 Comb, *v. a.* to divide, to dress, to smooth
 Com'b^{at}, *s.* a battle, duel, contest
 Com'b^{at}, *v.* to fight, to oppose, to resist
 Com'b^{atant}, *s.* one who fights with another,
 an antagonist; a champion
 Com'b^{inate}, *a.* betrothed, settled, fixed
 Com'b^{ination}, *s.* a conspiracy, an association
 Com'b^{ine}, *v.* to unite, agree, link, join
 Com'b^{ined}, *part.* joined or united together
 Com'b^{ustible}, *a.* that which easily takes fire
 Com'b^{ustion}, *s.* a burning, hurry, confusion
 Come, *v. n.* to draw near, happen, proceed
 Com'e^{dian}, *s.* actor of comic parts, a player
 Com'e^{dy}, *s.* a laughable dramatic piece
 Com'e^{liness}, *a.* grace, beauty, dignity
 Com'e^{ly}, *a.* graceful, decent, handsome
 Com'e^{ly}, *ad.* handsomely, gracefully
 Com'e^t, *s.* a blazing star
 Com'f^{it}, *s.* a kind of dry sweetmeat
 Com'f^{ort}, *v. a.* to ease, revive, make glad
 Com'f^{ort}, *s.* assistance, joy, ease, support
 Com'f^{ortable}, *a.* pleasing, dispensing com-
 fort, giving satisfaction
 Com'f^{ortless}, *a.* without comfort, forlorn
 Com'ic, *s.* raising mirth, relating to comedy
 Com'ical, *a.* diverting, merry, queer
 Com'ing, *s.* an arrival, a drawing near

Com'ing, *part.* approach; fond; future
 Com'ma, *s.* a point marked thus (,)
 Comman'd, *v. a.* to govern, order, overlook
 Comman'd, *s.* act of commanding; order
 Comman'd^{ant}, *s.* a chief in command
 Comman'd^{er}, *s.* a chief, a paving beetle
 Comman'd^{ress}, *s.* a woman of chief power
 Commem'orate, *v. a.* to preserve the memory
 Commem'oration, *s.* act of public celebration
 Commem'or^{ee}, *v. n.* to begin, to assume
 Commem'ement, *s.* a beginning, date
 Commen'd, *v. a.* to recommend, to intrust
 Com'mendable, *a.* laudable, worthy praise
 Commen'dam, *s.* a void benefice held by
 some person till a pastor is provided
 Commenda'tion, *s.* praise, recommendation
 Commen'datory, *a.* containing praise
 Commen'surable, *a.* reducible to some com-
 mon measure, as a yard and a foot are
 measured by an inch
 Commen'surate, *v. a.* to reduce to some com-
 mon measure—*a.* equal, proportionable
 Commensura'tion, *s.* a reduction of some
 things to some common measure
 Com'ment, *v. n.* to expound, to write notes
 Com'mentary, *s.* an exposition, annotation
 Commenta'tor, *s.* one who explains
 Commentif^{icous}, *a.* invented, imaginary
 Com'merce, *v. n.* to hold intercourse
 Com'merce, *s.* trade, traffic; a game
 Commer'cial, *a.* relating to trade, trading
 Com'mer^{ce}, *s.* a common mother
 Communi'cation, *s.* a threat of punishment
 Communi'gle, *v. a.* to mix or join together
 Communi'te, *v. a.* to reduce to powder
 Communi'tion, *s.* act of grinding to small
 parts, pulverization, reduction
 Commis'erable, *a.* deserving pity, mean
 Commis'erate, *v. a.* to pity; to compassionate
 Commis'eration, *s.* pity, sympathy
 Commissa'riat, *s.* a body of persons attend-
 ing an army, who regulate the procure-
 ment and conveyance of ammunition or
 provisions
 Com'missary, *s.* a delegate or deputy
 Commis'sion, *s.* a trust, warrant, charge
 Commis'sion, *v. a.* to empower, to intrust
 Commis'sioner, *s.* one empowered to act
 Commis'sure, *s.* a joint, a seam, a mould
 Commi't, *v. a.* to intrust; to send to prison;
 to give in trust; to do a fault
 Commit'tee, *s.* a certain number of persons
 selected to examine or manage any matter
 Commix', *v. a.* to mingle, to blend, to unite
 Commix'ion, Commix'ture, *s.* a compound
 Commo'd^{ie}, *s.* a woman's head-dress
 Commo'dious, *a.* convenient, suitable, useful
 Commo'diousness, *s.* convenience, use
 Commo'dity, *s.* interest, profit, merchandise
 Com'modore, *s.* a captain commanding a
 squadron of ships of war
 Com'mon, *a.* equal, vulgar, usual, public
 Com'mon, *s.* an open country, public ground
 Com'monality, *s.* the common people
 Com'moner, *s.* a member of parliament; a
 student of the second rank at the uni-
 versities; a man not noble
 Commone'tion, *s.* advice, warning

- Com'monly, *ad.* frequently, usually
 Com'monness, *s.* frequency, an equal share
 Commonplace, *s. a.* to reduce to general heads, to make notes
 Commonplace-book, *s.* book for general heads
 Com'mons, *s.* the common people; the lower house of parliament; food on equal pay
 Com'monwealth, *s.* a republic, the public
 Commotion, *s.* a tumult, a disturbance
 Commove, *v. a.* to disturb, to unsettle
 Commune, *v. n.* to converse, to impart
 Communicant, *s.* one who receives the sacrament of the Lord's Supper
 Communicate, *v.* to impart, to reveal; to receive the Lord's Supper
 Communication, *s.* the act of imparting or exchanging; common boundary or inlet; conference; conversation
 Communicative, *a.* free, ready to impart
 Communion, *s.* taking the Lord's Supper; fellowship, union, intercourse
 Community, *s.* the commonwealth, the body politic, a common possession
 Commutable, *a.* that may be exchanged
 Commutation, *s.* change of one thing for another, alteration, ransom, atonement
 Commute, *v. a.* to exchange, to buy off
 Compact, *s.* a contract, mutual agreement
 Compact, *a.* firm, close, solid, exact
 Compactness, *s.* closeness, firmness, density
 Compacts, *s.* a system of many parts united
 Companion, *s.* partner, associate, mate
 Company, *s.* a number of persons assembled together; fellowship; a corporation; body of merchants; small body of foot soldiers
 Company, *v.* to accompany, associate with
 Comparable, *a.* of equal regard or value
 Comparative, *a.* estimated by comparison
 Comparatively, *ad.* in a state of comparison
 Compare, *v. a.* to liken or examine one thing by another, to estimate
 Compare, *s.* a comparison, similitude
 Comparison, *s.* the act of comparing, a comparative estimate, simile in writing
 Compart, *v. a.* to divide, arrange, separate
 Compartment, *s.* a division of a picture, &c.
 Compartition, *s.* the act of partitioning
 Compass, *v. a.* to surround, grasp, obtain
 Compass, *s.* a circle, space, limits, power of the voice; an instrument composed of a needle and card, whereby mariners steer
 Compasses, *s.* an instrument for dividing, measuring, or drawing circles
 Compassion, *s.* pity, commiseration, feeling
 Compassionate, *a.* merciful, tender
 Compassionately, *ad.* tenderly, mercifully
 Compatibility, *s.* consistency, suitableness
 Compatible, *s.* consistent with, agreeable to
 Compatriot, *s.* one of the same country
 Compeer, *s.* an equal, companion, colleague
 Compeer, *v. n.* to be equal with, to match
 Compel, *v. a.* to oblige, to constrain, &c.
 Compellation, *s.* the style of address
 Compendious, *a.* short, brief, summary
 Compendium, *s.* an abridgement, a breviary
 Compensate, Compense, *v. a.* to make amends, to recompense, to counterbalance
 Compensation, *s.* a recompense, amends
 Compensatory, *a.* that compensates
 Competence, Competency, *s.* sufficiency
 Competent, *a.* fit, qualified, adequate
 Competently, *ad.* properly, reasonably
 Competible, *a.* suitable to, consistent with
 Competition, *s.* a contest, rivalry
 Competitor, *s.* a rival, an opponent, a foe
 Compilation, *s.* a collection, an assemblage
 Compile, *v. a.* to collect from various authors
 Compiler, *s.* one who compiles
 Complacency, *s.* pleasure, joy, civility
 Complacent, *a.* civil, affable, kind
 Complain, *v.* to murmur, lament, inform
 Complainant, *s.* a plaintiff in a lawsuit
 Complaint, *s.* an accusation or impeachment; a lamentation; a malady or disease
 Complaisance, *s.* civility, kind behaviour
 Complaisant, *a.* civil, obliging, kind, polite
 Complaisance, Complaisance, *v. a.* to smooth
 Complement, *s.* the full number, &c.
 Complementary, *a.* filling up, completing
 Complete, *a.* perfect, full, finished
 Complete, *v. a.* to perfect, to finish
 Completion, *s.* accomplishment, fulfilling
 Complex, *a.* compounded of many parts
 Complexion, *s.* the colour of the face, &c.
 Complexly, *ad.* intricately, obscurely
 Comppliance, *s.* submission, act of yielding
 Compliant, *a.* yielding, bending, civil
 Complicate, *s.* compounded of many parts
 —*v. a.* to entangle, to join
 Complication, *s.* a mixture of many things
 Compliment, *s.* an act of civility—*v.* to flatter
 Complimental, *a.* expressive of respect
 Compline, *s.* evening service, vespers
 Complot, *s.* a conspiracy, combination
 Conplot, *v. a.* to plot, conspire, join in
 Conplotter, *s.* a conspirator
 Comply, *v. n.* to yield or submit, to agree
 Component, *a.* constituting, forming
 Comport, *v.* to bear, to endure, to behave
 Comport, Comportment, *s.* behaviour
 Comfortable, *a.* consistent, suitable, fit
 Compose, *v. a.* to quiet, settle, put together
 Composed, *part. a.* calm, sedate, serious
 Composer, *s.* an author, a writer
 Composite, *s.* in architecture, the composite order, is the last of the five orders of columns, so named because its capital is composed out of those of the other orders
 Composition, *s.* a mixture; an agreement or accommodation; a written work; the act of discharging a debt by paying part
 Composer, *s.* one who arranges the letters for printing
 Compost, Composure, *s.* manure, dung
 Compost, *v. a.* to manure, to enrich earth
 Composure, *s.* order, form; tranquillity
 Compotation, *s.* a drinking match
 Compounded, *v.* to mingle, intermix; to come to terms with a debtor
 Compound, *s.* a mass of ingredients
 Compounder, *s.* one who brings to terms &c.
 Comprehend, *v. a.* to include, to conceive

Comprehen'sible, *a.* intelligible, conceivable
 Comprehen'sion, *s.* knowledge, capacity
 Comprehen'sive, *a.* having the power to understand, capacious, full, significant
 Compress', *v. a.* to squeeze, to embrace
 Compress, *s.* a bolster of linen rags
 Compressible, *a.* yielding to pressure
 Compression, *s.* act of bringing parts near
 Compressive, *a.* capable of compressing
 Compressure, *s.* the act of pressing against
 Comprin't, *v. n.* to print another's copy
 Compris'al, *s.* the comprising or comprehending of things
 Compris'e, *v. a.* to contain, to include
 Comproba'tion, *s.* a full proof, attestation
 Com promise, *s.* a compact or bargain—*v. a.* to settle a dispute by mutual concessions
 Compt, *s.* account, computation
 Comptro'l, *v. a.* to control, to oppose
 Comptroller, *s.* a supervisor, a director
 Compul'satively, *ad.* by constraint
 Compul'satory, *a.* compelling, forcing
 Compulsion, *s.* the act of compelling, force
 Compulsive, Compul'sory, *a.* forcing
 Compunction, *s.* repentance, remorse
 Compurgation, *s.* a vouching for another
 Compu'table, *a.* that may be numbered up
 Computa'tion, *s.* a calculation, an estimate
 Compu'te, *v. a.* to calculate, to reckon
 Compu'ted, *part.* calculated, estimated
 Comrade, *s.* a companion, an associate
 Con, an abbreviation of the Latin word *contra*, against—*v. a.* to study, to think
 Concum'erate, *v. a.* to arch over, to vault
 Concat'enate, *v. a.* to link or join together
 Concatenation, *s.* a regular series of links
 Con'cave, *a.* hollow in the inside
 Conca'vity, *s.* the inside cavity, hollowness of a round body
 Con'cause, *s.* a joint or mutual cause
 Conceal, *v. a.* to hide, keep secret, cover
 Conceal'able, *a.* that which may be concealed
 Conceal'ment, *s.* the act of hiding, shelter
 Conce'de, *v. a.* to admit, to grant, to yield
 Conceit, *s.* a fancy, idea, opinion; pride
 Conceit, *v. a.* to imagine, fancy, suppose
 Conceited, *part. a.* proud, opinionative, affected
 Conceivable, *a.* that may be conceived
 Conceive, *v.* to become pregnant, to think, to understand, to comprehend
 Conceiver, *s.* one who comprehends
 Concer't, *s.* harmony, consistency
 Concer'trate, *v. a.* to drive into a narrower compass, contrary to dilate or expand
 Concer'tre, *v. n.* to bring to one point
 Concer'tric, *a.* having one common centre
 Concer'tual, *a.* harmonious
 Concep'tible, *a.* intelligible, conceivable
 Concep'tion, *s.* the act of conceiving in the womb; a notion, idea, sentiment, &c.
 Concer'n, *v. a.* to affect, to interest, belong to
 Concer'n, *s.* an affair, business, care
 Concer'ning, *prep.* relating to or about
 Concer'nment, *s.* a concern, business, care
 Concer't, *v. a.* to contrive, to settle privately
 Con'cert, *s.* music in several parts, harmony
 Concer'sion, *s.* a thing yielded, a grant

Conces'sive, *a.* implying concession
 Conch, *s.* a shell, name of a fish
 Conciliate, *v. a.* to gain, reconcile, win
 Concilia'tion, *s.* the act of reconciling
 Concilia'tor, *s.* a peace-maker, a friend
 Concinn'ity, *s.* neatness, fitness, decency
 Concl'ose, *a.* brief, short, contracted
 Concl'seness, *s.* shortness, brevity, force
 Concl'sion, *s.* a cutting off, excision
 Concl'ation, *s.* a stirring up, disturbance
 Con'clave, *s.* an assembly of cardinals, &c.
 Conclu'de, *v. a.* to finish, close, determine
 Conclu'dent, *a.* decisive, convincing
 Conclu'sion, *s.* the close, end, consequence
 Conclu'sive, *a.* decisive, convincing, strong
 Concoag'ulate, *v. a.* to coagulate together
 Concoct, *v. a.* to digest by the stomach
 Concoction, *s.* digestion in the stomach
 Concoctive, *a.* digesting by the stomach
 Concom'itance, *s.* a subsisting together
 Concom'itant, *a.* accompanying, joined to
 Concom'itant, *s.* a companion, attendant
 Con'cord, *s.* agreement, harmony, union
 Conco'rdance, *s.* an index to the scriptures
 Conco'rdant, *a.* agreeing, suitable, fit
 Conco'rdate, *s.* a compact, a convention
 Conco'rporate, *v. a.* to unite in one mass
 Con'course, *s.* a great number of persons assembled together, a meeting
 Concre'te, *v. a.* to create at the same time
 Concre'te, *v. a.* to form into one mass
 Con'crete, *a.* composed of different matters or dissimilar principles
 Concre'tion, *s.* a union of parts, a mass
 Con'cubine, *s.* a woman kept in fornication
 Concu'piscence, *s.* irregular desire, sensuality
 Concur', *v. n.* to agree in one opinion
 Concu'rence, *s.* union, help, joint claim
 Concu'rent, *a.* acting in conjunction
 Concu'rentness, *s.* a concurrent state
 Concus'sion, *s.* the act of shaking, agitation
 Condem'n, *v. a.* to pass sentence on, to blame
 Condemna'tion, *s.* a sentence of punishment
 Condem'natory, *a.* passing a condemnation
 Conden'sate, *v. a.* to make thick or dark
 Conden'sation, *s.* the act of thickening
 Conden'sative, *a.* having the power of condensing
 Conden'se, *v.* to grow thick or close—a thick
 Conden'ser, *s.* a vessel for condensing air
 Conden'sity, *s.* the state of being condensed
 Con'ders, *s.* those who direct herring fishers
 Condesce'n'd, *v. n.* to yield, stoop, bend
 Condesce'n'sion, *s.* submission, courtesy
 Condi'gn, *a.* deserved, merited, suitable
 Condi'gnity, *s.* merit, desert
 Condi'ment, *a.* seasoning, sauce, rest
 Condi'te, *v. a.* to season, to preserve by salt
 Condi'tion, *s.* a quality, temper, disposition, circumstances, rank, stipulation
 Condi'tional, *a.* by way of stipulation, &c.
 Condi'tionary, *a.* stipulated, agreed on
 Condo'le, *v.* to lament, mourn, bewail
 Condo'lement, *s.* grief, mutual distress
 Condo'leuce, *s.* grief for another's loss
 Condonation, *s.* a pardoning, a forgiving
 Condu'ce, *v.* to help, to promote, to conduct

Condu'cible, *a.* having the power of conducting, promoting, or accelerating
 Condu'cive, *a.* promoting, helping, &c.
 Con'duct, *s.* behaviour, economy
 Conduc't, *v. a.* to guide, manage, order
 Conduc'tor, *s.* a leader, a director, a chief
 Con'duit, *s.* a water-pipe, a canal, a duct
 Cone, *s.* a solid body in form of a sugar-loaf
 Confa'bulate, *v. n.* to converse, to chat
 Confabulation, *s.* easy conversation, chat
 Confamili'ar, *a.* intimate, closely connected
 Confec'tion, *s.* a sweetmeat, a mixture
 Confec'tioner, *s.* one who makes sweetmeats
 Confed'eracy, *s.* a league, an engagement
 Confed'erate, *v. a.* to unite, to combine
 Confed'erate, *s.* an ally, an accomplice
 Confedera'tion, *s.* close alliance, union
 Confer', *v.* to discourse with, to bestow
 Con'ference, *s.* a discourse, a parley
 Confess', *v. a.* to acknowledge, grant, own
 Con'fessary, *s.* one who makes a confession of any thing
 Confessedly, *ad.* avowedly, indisputably
 Confes'sion, *s.* profession, acknowledgment
 Con'fessor, *s.* one who hears confessions
 Confest', *a.* open, known, plain, evident
 Confida'nt, Con'fident, *s.* a person trusted with a secret, a bosom friend
 Confide, *v. n.* to trust in, to rely upon
 Con'fidence, *s.* assurance, boldness, trust
 Con'fident, *a.* positive, daring, impudent
 Con'fidential, *a.* trusty, faithful
 Configuration, *s.* the form of various parts adapted to each other
 Config'ure, *v. a.* to fashion, dispose into form
 Con'fiable, *a.* that may be limited
 Con'fine, *s.* limit, border, boundary
 Con'fine, *v.* to border upon, bound, inure
 Con'fiment, *s.* restraint, imprisonment
 Con'firm, *v. a.* to settle, establish; to fix, to perfect, to strengthen; to administer the rite of ecclesiastical confirmation
 Con'firmable, *a.* capable of being proved
 Con'firmation, *s.* proof, convincing testimony; a church rite by which baptized persons are confirmed in the faith
 Con'firmative, *a.* having power to confirm a thing
 Con'fiscate, *v. a.* to seize on private property
 Con'fiscation, *s.* the act of seizing private property when forfeited by crime, &c.
 Con'fiscatory, *a.* consigning to forfeiture
 Con'fiture, *s.* a mixture of sweetmeats
 Con'fix', *v. a.* to fix down, to fasten down
 Con'flagrant, *a.* burning together
 Con'flagration, *s.* a general fire or burning
 Con'fliction, *s.* the act of blowing many instruments together; a melting of metal
 Con'flict, *v. n.* to fight, to contest, to strive
 Con'flict, *s.* a contest, struggle, agony
 Con'fluence, *s.* a multitude of people; a junction or union of several streams
 Con'fluent, *a.* running into one channel
 Con'flux, *s.* a joining of currents, a crowd
 Confo'rm, *v. a.* to comply with, to yield, to suit
 Confo'rmable, *a.* agreeable, suitable
 Conforma'tion, *s.* a proper disposition of parts as relating to each other

Confo'rmist, *s.* one who complies with the rites of the established church
 Confo'rmity, *s.* a compliance with, similitude
 Conforta'tion, *s.* the act of strengthening
 Confo'nd', *v. a.* to mix, to perplex, to disturb
 Confo'ndedly, *ad.* hatefully, shamefully
 Confo'nder, *s.* one who destroys or perplexes
 Confrater'nity, *s.* a religious brotherhood
 Confron't, *v. a.* to face, to oppose, to compare
 Confron'ted, *part.* brought face to face
 Confu'se, *v. a.* to confound, perplex, mix
 Confu'sion, *s.* disorder, hurry, astonishment
 Confu'table, *a.* that which may be disproved
 Con'futant, *s.* one who undertakes to confute another
 Confuta'tion, *s.* disproof, act of confuting
 Confu'te, *v. a.* to disprove, convict, baffle
 Congee', Conge', *s.* a bow, act of reverence
 Conge'd'e'ise', *s.* the king's permission to a dean and chapter to choose a bishop
 Congea'l, *v.* to freeze, harden, grow stiff
 Congea'lable, *a.* that which may be frozen
 Congea'lement, *s.* a mass formed by frost
 Conge'nial, *a.* partaking of the same nature
 Cong'er, *s.* a fine kind of large eel, a sea eel
 Conge'ries, *s.* a mass of small bodies
 Conges't, *v. a.* to heap or lay up, to amass
 Conges'tion, *s.* a collection of humours
 Congla'ciate, *v. a.* to turn into ice, &c.
 Conglo'bate, *v. a.* to gather into a hard ball
 Congloba'tion, *s.* a round hard body
 Conglob'ulate, *v. n.* to gather together into a little round mass
 Conglom'erate, *v. a.* to make round, to wind up, to gather into one mass
 Conglomera'tion, *s.* a collection, mixture
 Conglutina'tion, *s.* the act of uniting bodies
 Congou, *s.* a finer sort of bohea tea
 Congrat'ulant, *a.* rejoicing in participative
 Congrat'ulate, *v.* to wish joy to, to compliment on any happy event
 Congratulation, *s.* a wishing of joy
 Congratulatory, *a.* expressing joy
 Congree', *v. n.* to agree, to join, to accord
 Congreet', *v. a.* to salute mutually
 Congregate, *a.* collected, firm, close
 Congrega'tion, *s.* a collection, an assembly
 Congress, *s.* a meeting, assembly; combat
 Congressive, *a.* meeting, encountering
 Congru'e', *v. n.* to agree, to suit, to conform
 Congruence, *s.* agreement, fitness
 Con'gruent, *a.* agreeing, suitable
 Congru'ity, *s.* fitness, consistency
 Congruous, *a.* fit, suitable, meet, agreeable
 Con'ic, Con'ical, *a.* like a cone
 Con'ics, *s.* the doctrine of conic sections
 Con'jector, Con'jecturer, *s.* a guesser
 Con'jectural, *a.* depending on conjecture
 Con'jecture, *s.* a guess, supposition, idea
 Con'jecture, *v. n.* to guess, to suppose
 Con'join, *v. a.* to connect, to league, to unite
 Conjoin'd, *part.* united, connected, near
 Conjoin'tly, *ad.* in union, together, jointly
 Con'jugal, *a.* belonging to marriage
 Conjugate, *a.* that springs from one original

Con'jugate, *v. a.* to join, to unite; to vary a verb according to its tenses, &c.
 Conjugation, *s.* a couple, pair; the form of inflecting verbs; union, assemblage
 Conjun'ct, *a.* connected, united, conjoined
 Conjun'ction, *s.* a union, meeting together; the sixth part of speech
 Conjun'ctive, *a.* closely united, joined together; the mood of a verb
 Conjunction, *s.* a critical or peculiar time
 Conjur'tion, *s.* a plot, enchantment
 Conju're, *v. n.* to enjoin solemnly, to conspire
 Con'jure, *v. n.* to practise enchantments, &c.
 Conjur'd, *part.* bound by an oath
 Con'jurer, *s.* an enchanter, a fortune-teller
 Conju'rement, *s.* a serious injunction
 Connas'cence, *s.* community of birth
 Conna'te, *a.* born with another
 Connat'ural, *a.* suitable to nature, like
 Connat'uralize, *v. a.* to make natural
 Connat'urally, *ad.* by nature, originally
 Conne'ct, *v. a.* to join, to unite, to fasten
 Connect'ed, *part.* joined together, united
 Connex', *v. a.* to unite together, to join
 Connexion, *s.* a union, a relation
 Connivance, *s.* the act of winking at a fault
 Connive, *v. n.* to wink at a fault, &c.
 Connoisseur's, *s.* a critic, a judge of letters
 Conna'bial, *a.* relating to marriage
 Connutritious, *a.* nourished together
 Co'noid, *s.* a figure like a cone
 Conquas'tate, *v. a.* to shake, to disorder
 Conquer, *v. a.* to overcome, to subdue
 Conquerable, *a.* possible to be overcome
 Conqueror, *s.* one who overcomes, a victor
 Con'quest, *s.* a victory, a thing gained
 Consanguin'eous, *a.* near of kin, related
 Consanguinity, *s.* a relationship by blood
 Con'science, *s.* the faculty by which we judge of the goodness or wickedness of our own actions; veracity, reason, reasonableness
 Conscience'ous, *a.* scrupulous, just, exact
 Con'scionable, *a.* reasonable, proper
 Con'scious, *a.* inwardly persuaded, privy to
 Con'sciously, *ad.* with inward persuasion
 Con'sciousness, *s.* perception, internal sense of the guilt or innocence of our actions
 Con'script, *a.* written, registered, enrolled
 Consecrate, *v. a.* to make sacred, &c.
 Consecration, *s.* the act of making sacred
 Consecra'tious, *a.* following of course
 Consec'utary, *s.* a corollary, a deduction
 Consec'ution, *s.* a train of consequences
 Consec'utive, *a.* following in order, successive
 Consem'inate, *v. a.* to sow mixed seeds
 Consen'sion, Consen't, *s.* concord
 Consen't, *v. n.* to be of one mind, to agree
 Consen'taneous, *a.* agreeable to, accordant
 Consen'tient, *a.* uniting in opinion
 Con'sequence, *s.* an effect; importance
 Con'sequent, *a.* following naturally
 Con'sequential, *a.* conclusive, important
 Con'sequentially, *ad.* of or by consequence, therefore, necessarily, inevitably
 Conser'tion, *s.* junction, adaptation

Conser'vancy, *s.* courts held for the preservation of the fishery in the river Thames
 Conserva'tion, *s.* act of preserving
 Conser'vative, *a.* having power to preserve
 Conser'vatory, *s.* a place where any thing is kept, a green-house
 Con'serve, *s.* a sweetmeat, preserved fruit
 Conser've, *v. a.* to preserve or candy fruit
 Conser'ver, *s.* one who lays up or preserves
 Con'sider, *v. a.* to examine, to regard, to doubt
 Consid'erable, *a.* worthy of regard, great
 Consid'erably, *ad.* importantly, very much
 Consid'erate, *a.* thoughtful, prudent
 Consid'erately, *ad.* calmly, prudently
 Considera'tion, *s.* regard, notice, serious thought, prudence, compensation
 Cons'ign, *v. a.* to make over to another
 Consignifi'cation, *s.* similar signification
 Cons'ignment, *s.* the act of consigning
 Consimil'ity, *s.* a common likeness
 Consist, *v. n.* to subsist, to be made of
 Consistence, Consist'ency, *s.* natural state of bodies, agreement, substance, form
 Consis'tent, *a.* conformable, firm
 Consis'tently, *ad.* agreeably, properly
 Consisto'rial, *a.* relating to a consistory
 Consistory, *s.* a spiritual court
 Conso'ciate, *s.* an accomplice, an ally
 Conso'ciate, *v. a.* to unite, to join, to cement
 Consocia'tion, *s.* alliance, confederacy
 Conso'lable, *a.* that which admits comfort
 Consola'tion, *s.* alleviation of misery
 Consolatory, *a.* tending to give comfort
 Conso'le, *v. a.* to cheer, to revive, to comfort
 Conso'ler, *s.* one who gives comfort
 Consol'idate, *v. a.* to harden, to combine
 Consolidation, *s.* uniting in a solid mass
 Con'sonance, *s.* an accord of sound, consistency, agreement, friendship, concord
 Con'sonant, *a.* agreeable, suitable, fit
 Con'sonant, *s.* a letter not sounded by itself
 Con'sonous, *a.* harmonious, musical
 Conso'pation, *s.* the act of laying to sleep
 Con'sopite, *v. a.* to calm, to lull asleep
 Con'sort, *s.* a wife or husband, a companion
 Conso'rt, *v. a.* to associate with, to marry
 Consp'ectu'ity, *s.* sense of seeing, view
 Consp'icuity, *s.* brightness, clearness
 Consp'icuous, *a.* easy to be seen, eminent
 Consp'icuously, *ad.* remarkably, eminently
 Consp'icuousness, *s.* clearness, renown
 Conspir'acy, *s.* a plot, a lawless combination
 Conspirator, Conspir'er, *s.* a plotter
 Conspire, *v. n.* to plot, to agree, concert
 Conspura'tion, *s.* defilement, pollution
 Con'stable, *s.* a common peace officer
 Con'stableship, *s.* the office of a constable
 Con'stancy, *s.* firmness, continuance
 Con'stant, *a.* firm, unchangeable, fixed
 Con'stantly, *ad.* certainly, invariably, steadily
 Constella'tion, *s.* a cluster of fixed stars
 Consterna'tion, *s.* fear, astonishment, wonder
 Con'stipate, *v. a.* to crowd, to stop, to thicken
 Constipa'tion, *s.* the act of crowding together

Constituent, *a.* essential, composing
 Constituent, *a.* one who deposes, an elector
 Constitute, *v. a.* to make, depute, set up
 Constitution, *s.* the frame of body or mind; law of a country, form of government
 Constitutional, *a.* legal, according to the established government; radical
 Constitutionalist, *s.* an adherent to the constitution
 Constitutive, *a.* essential, able to establish
 Constrai'n, *v. a.* to compel, to force, to press
 Constrai'nable, *a.* liable to constraint
 Constrai'nt, *s.* compulsion, confinement
 Constrai'tive, *a.* having the power of compelling
 Constriction, *s.* contraction, force
 Constrin'ge, *v. a.* to compress, to bind
 Constrin'gent, *a.* of a binding quality
 Construct, *v. a.* to build, to form, compile
 Construction, *s.* act of building, fabrication; meaning, interpretation; the syntax
 Constructive, *a.* capable of construction
 Constructure, *s.* a pile, a building, an edifice
 Construe, *v. a.* to explain, to translate
 Con'stute, *v. a.* to violate, to debauch
 Consum'at'ial, *a.* of the same substance
 Consum'at'iality, *s.* existence of more than one body in the same substance
 Consum'at'iate, *v. a.* to unite into one common substance or nature
 Consum'at'iation, *s.* the union of the body of our Saviour with the sacramental element, according to the Lutherans
 Consul, *s.* the principal Roman magistrate; an officer appointed to superintend the trade of his nation in foreign parts
 Consular, *a.* belonging to a consul
 Consulate, Consulship, *s.* office of consul
 Consult, *v. a.* to ask advice, to debate, plan
 Consultation, *s.* the act of consulting, &c.
 Consum'able, *a.* capable of destruction
 Consume, *v. a.* to waste, destroy, spend
 Consum'ed, *part.* destroyed, wasted away
 Consumer, *s.* one who destroys, &c.
 Consum'mate, *v. a.* to complete, to perfect
 Consum'mation, *s.* completion, perfection, end
 Consum'ption, *s.* the act of consuming or destroying; a disease
 Consum'ptive, *a.* destructive, wasting
 Contab'ulate, *v. a.* to floor with boards
 Contact, *s.* a touch, juncture, close union
 Contag'ion, *s.* the act of touching
 Contag'ion, *s.* a pestilence, an infection
 Contag'ious, *a.* infectious, catching
 Contain, *v. a.* to hold, comprise, restrain
 Contain'able, *a.* possible to be contained
 Contam'inate, *v. a.* to defile, to corrupt
 Contam'inate, *a.* polluted, defiled
 Contamina'tion, *s.* defilement, taint
 Contem'n, *v. a.* to despise, scorn, neglect
 Contem'per, Contem'perate, *v. a.* to moderate or temper by mixture
 Contem'perament, *s.* degree of any quality
 Contem'peration, *s.* the act of tempering, a proportionate mixture of parts
 Contem'plate, *v.* to muse, meditate, study

Contem'pation, *s.* meditation, thought
 Contem'plative, *a.* studious, thoughtful
 Contem'plator, *s.* one employed in study
 Contem'porary, *s.* one who lives at the same time with another
 Contem'porary, Contem'poraneous, *a.* living at the same time, born in the same age
 Contem'porize, *v. a.* to make contemporary
 Contem'pt, *s.* scorn, disdain, hate, vileness
 Contem'ptible, *a.* deserving scorn, base
 Contem'ptibly, *ad.* meanly, vilely, basely
 Contem'ptuous, *a.* scornful, proud, insolent
 Contend, *v.* to strive with, to contest
 Conten'der, *s.* a combatant, a champion
 Conten't, *a.* satisfied, easy, willing
 Conten't, *s.* moderate happiness, satisfaction, extent—*v. a.* to please, to gratify
 Contenta'tion, *s.* satisfaction, content
 Conten'ted, *part.* satisfied, not repining
 Conten'tion, *s.* strife, debate, contest, war
 Conten'tious, *a.* quarrelsome, perverse
 Conten'tless, *a.* dissatisfied, uneasy
 Conten'tment, *s.* gratification, satisfaction
 Conten'ts, *s.* the heads of a book, an index; what is contained in any thing; amount
 Contem'inable, *a.* capable of the same bounds
 Contem'inuous, *a.* bordering upon
 Cont'est, *s.* a dispute, debate, quarrel
 Contes't, *v.* to dispute, wrangle, to vie with
 Contes'table, *a.* disputable, uncertain
 Contex', *v. a.* to weave together
 Con'text, *s.* series of a discourse—a. united
 Con'texture, *s.* an interweaving or joining together of a discourse, the system
 Contigu'ity, *s.* actual contact
 Contig'uuous, *a.* meeting so as to touch
 Con'tinence, or Con'tinency, *s.* chastity, restraint, moderation, forbearance
 Con'tinent, *s.* land not disjoined by the sea from other lands
 Con'tinent, *a.* chaste, abstemious, temperate
 Con'tinen'tal, *a.* respecting a continent
 Con'tin'gent, *a.* accidental, uncertain
 Con'tin'gent, *s.* chance, proportion
 Con'tin'ual, *a.* incessant, uninterrupted
 Con'tin'ually, *ad.* without pausing, ever
 Con'tin'uaunce, *s.* duration, permanence abode
 Con'tin'uate, *a.* continual, uninterrupted
 Con'tinua'tion, *s.* a constant succession
 Con'tin'ue, *v.* to remain in the same state
 to dwell, to persevere, to last, to prolong
 Con'tinua'ty, *s.* uninterrupted connexion
 Conto'r't, *v. a.* to twist, to writhe, to torture
 Conto'r'tion, *s.* a twist, a strain, a flexure
 Conto'u'r, *s.* the outline of a figure
 Con'tra, *s.* a Latin preposition used in composition, which signifies against
 Con'traband, *a.* unlawful, forbidden, illegal
 Con'tract, *s.* a bargain, an agreement
 Con'tract, *v.* to shorten; to affianse, to betroth; to bargain; to shrink up
 Con'trac'tile, *a.* capable of contraction
 Con'trac'tile, *a.* able to contract itself
 Con'trac'tion, *s.* an abbreviation, the act of shortening or abridging

Contractor, *s.* one who makes bargains
Contradic't, *v. a.* to oppose verbally, to deny
Contradic'tor, *s.* an opposer, a denier
Contradic'tion, *s.* opposition, inconsistency
Contradic'tory, *a.* inconsistent with
Contradistin'ct, *a.* distinguished by opposite qualities
Contradistin'ction, *s.* a distinction by opposite qualities
Contradistin'ctive, *a.* that marks contradiction
Contraregular'ity, *s.* difference from rule
Contrariant, *a.* inconsistent, cross
Contraries, *s.* propositions that oppose
Contrari'ety, *a.* opposition, inconsistency
Contrari'ly, *ad.* in a different manner
Contrariwise, *ad.* on the contrary
Contrary, *a.* opposite, disagreeing, adverse
Contrast, *s.* an opposition of figures
Contrast, *v. a.* to place in opposition
Contrasted, *part.* set in opposition to
Contravalla'tion, *s.* a fortification thrown up to prevent sallies from a garrison
Contravene, *v. a.* to oppose, to hinder
Contraven'tion, *s.* opposition, obstruction
Contributary, *a.* paying tribute to the same sovereign
Contrib'ute, *v.* to give, to bear a part
Contrib'uting, *part.* assisting, helping
Contribution, *s.* the act of contributing; a military exaction, a levy
Contrite, *v. a.* to make sorrowful
Contrite, *a.* truly penitent, very sorrowful
Contrition, *s.* act of grinding; penitence
Contrivance, *s.* a scheme, a plot, an art
Contrive, *v. a.* to plan, invent, project
Contriver, *s.* an inventor, a schemer
Control, *s.* power, authority, restraint
Control, *v. a.* to govern, restrain, confute
Control'able, *a.* subject to control
Control'ler, *a.* one who has power to control
Control'ership, *s.* the office of a controller
Control'ment, *s.* restraint, opposition
Controver'sial, *a.* relating to disputes
Controver'sialist, *s.* a disputant
Controversy, *s.* a dispute, quarrel, enmity
Controver't, *v. a.* to debate, dispute, quarrel
Controver'tible, *a.* disputable, dubious
Controvertist, *s.* a disputant, a reasoner
Contumacious, *a.* obstinate, perverse
Contumaciousness, or **Contumacy**, *s.* obstinacy, stubbornness, inflexibility
Contumel'ious, *a.* reproachful, rude, brutal
Contumely, *s.* rudeness, contemptuousness
Contuse, *v. a.* to bruise, to beat together
Contusion, *s.* a bruise, act of bruising
Convales'cence, *s.* a renewal of health
Convales'cent, *a.* recovering, &c.
Convalesce, *v.* to call together, to assemble
Convalesce, *s.* fitness, propriety, ease
Conve'nient, *a.* fit, suitable, well adapted
Conve'niently, *ad.* commodiously, fitly
Convent, *s.* a religious house, a nunnery
Convent'icle, *s.* an assembly for worship, a secret assembly, a meeting-house
Convent'icler, *s.* one who belongs to or frequents a meeting-house or conventicle

Conven'tion, *s.* an assembly; a contract or agreement for a limited time
Conven'tional, *a.* stipulated, done by contract
Conven'tionary, *a.* settled by contract
Conven'tual, *a.* belonging to a convent
Conver'ge, *v. n.* to tend to one point
Conver'sable, *a.* fit for conversation, sociable
Con'versant, *a.* acquainted with, skilled in
Conversation, *s.* familiar discourse, chat
Con'versative, *a.* relating to public life
Con'verse, *s.* manner of discoursing in a familiar way, acquaintance, familiarity
Con'verse, *v. n.* to discourse, to cohabit with
Con'verse, *a.* contrary, directly opposite
Con'ver'sely, *ad.* by a change of order or place
Con'ver'sion, *s.* change from one state into another; transmutation; change from one religion to another
Con'vert, *s.* one who changes his opinion
Con'vert, *v. a.* to change, turn, appropriate
Con'verter, *s.* one who makes converts
Con'ver'tible, *a.* susceptible of change
Con'vex, *a.* rising in a circular form, as the outside of a globe; opposite to concave
Con'vex, *s.* a convex or spherical body
Con'vex'ity, *s.* a spherical form, rotundity
Convey, *v. a.* to carry, send, make over
Con'vey'ance, *s.* act of removing any thing; a deed or writing by which property is transferred; juggling artifice, &c.
Convey'ancer, *s.* a lawyer who draws up writings by which property is transferred
Convey'er, *s.* one who carries or transmits
Convic'tity, *s.* nearness, neighbourhood
Convict, *v. a.* to prove guilty, to detect
Convict, *s.* one convicted or detected
Convic'tion, *s.* a detection of guilt, full proof
Convic'tive, *a.* tending to convince
Convince, *v. a.* to make a person sensible of a thing by full proofs, to prove
Convincible, *a.* capable of conviction
Convincingly, *ad.* without room to doubt
Convive, *v. a.* to entertain, to feast, to revel
Convivial, *a.* social, gay, festive, pleasing
Conu'drum, *s.* a quibble, quirk, low jest
Con'voke, *v. a.* to call or summon together
Convocation, *s.* an ecclesiastical assembly
Convo'ke, *v. a.* to summon or call together
Convolve, *v. a.* to roll together, wind, turn
Convolut'ed, *a.* rolled upon itself, twisted
Convolution, *s.* a rolling together
Convoy, *v. a.* to accompany for defence
Con'voy, *s.* an attendance for defence
Con'vance, *s.* cognizance; notice
Convulse, *v. a.* to give a violent motion
Convulsion, *s.* an involuntary and irregular contraction of the muscles, fibres, &c.
Con'y, *s.* a rabbit, an animal that burrows in the ground
Coo, *v. n.* to cry as a dove or pigeon
Cook, *s.* one who dresses victuals, &c.
Cook, *v. a.* to dress or prepare victuals, &c.
Cook'ery, *s.* the art of dressing victuals
Cool, *v.* to make or grow cool, to quiet
Cool, *a.* somewhat cold; not fond

Cooler, *s.* a brewing vessel used to cool beer in ; what cools the body
Coolish, *a.* approaching to cold
Coolness, *s.* freedom from passion, indifference, want of affection ; gentle cold
Coon, *s.* soot, dust, grease for wheels
Coomb, *s.* a corn measure of four bushels
Coop, *s.* a wooden cage for poultry ; a barrel
Coop, *v.* to shut up, cage, confine, restrain
Cooper, *s.* a motion in dancing
Cooper, *s.* a maker of barrels, &c.
Co-operate, *v.* to labour for the same end
Co-operation, *s.* the act of contributing or concurring to the same end
Co-optation, *s.* election, assumption, choice
Co-ordinate, *a.* holding the same rank
Coot, *s.* a small black water fowl
Cop, *s.* the head, the top of any thing
Copal, *s.* the Mexican term for a gum
Coparcenary, **Coparceny**, *s.* an equal share in a patrimonial inheritance
Compartment, *s.* division, compartment
Partner, *s.* a joint partner in business
Partnership, *s.* the having an equal share
Cope, *s.* a priest's cloak ; a concave arch
Cope, *v.* to contend with, to strive, to oppose
Copman, *s.* a chapman
Copernican, *a.* relating to the astronomical system of Copernicus
Copmate, *s.* a companion, associate, friend
Copier, **Copist**, *s.* one who copies or imitates
Coping, *s.* the covering of a wall
Copious, *a.* abundant, plentiful, full, &c.
Coplan't, *v.* to plant together at the same time
Copped, **Copied**, *a.* rising to a top or head
Copel, *s.* an instrument used in chymistry. Its use is to purify gold and silver
Copper, *s.* a metal ; a large boiler
Copperas, *s.* a sort of mineral, vitriol
Cop-plate, *s.* an impression from a figure engraved on copper ; the plate on which any thing is engraved for printing
Coppersmith, *s.* one who works in copper
Copery, *s.* tasting of or mixed with copper
Cop-pice, **Copse**, *s.* a wood of small low trees
Coppelust, *s.* powder for purifying metals
Coppy, *a.* having copses
Copulate, *v.* to mix, unite, conjoin, &c.
Copulation, *s.* the congress of the two sexes
Copulative, *a.* joining or mixing together
Cop'y, *s.* a manuscript, an imitation, a pattern to write after ; duplicate of any original writing, or of a picture
Cop'y, *v.* to transcribe, imitate, write from
Cop'y-book, *s.* a book in which copies are written for learners to imitate
Cop'ehold, *s.* a tenure under the lord of a manor, held by the copy of a court roll
Cop'holder, *s.* one possessed of cop'ehold land
Cop'right, *s.* the sole right to print a book
Coquet, *v.* to deceive in love, to jilt
Coquet'ry, *s.* deceit in love, affectation
Coquet'te, *s.* a gay airy woman, who by various arts endeavours to gain admirers
Coracle, *s.* a boat used in Wales by fisher-

men, made by drawing leather or oiled cloth upon a frame of wicker-work
Cor'al, *s.* a sea plant, a child's ornament
Cor'alline, *a.* consisting of coral
Coran't, *s.* a nimble sprightly dance
Corb, *s.* a basket used in coaleries
Corban, *s.* an alms-basket, a gift, an alms
Cord, *s.* a rope ; a sinew ; a measure of wood
Cord, *v.* to tie or fasten with cords
Cordage, *s.* a quantity of ropes for a ship
Cordelle'r, *s.* a Franciscan friar
Cordial, *s.* a cherishing comforting draught
Cordial, *a.* reviving, sincere, hearty
Cordial'ty, *s.* sincerity, affection, esteem
Cordially, *ad.* sincerely, heartily, truly
Cor'dwain, *s.* fine Spanish leather
Cor'dwainer, **Cor'diner**, *s.* a shoemaker
Cor'dwood, *s.* wood tied up for firing
Core, *s.* the heart or inner part of a thing
Coria'ceous, *a.* consisting of or like leather
Corian'der, *s.* a plant, a hot seed
Cor'inth, *s.* the fruit usually called currant
Corin'tian-order, *s.* the name of the fourth order in architecture
Cork, *s.* a tree resembling the ilex ; its bark the stopple of a bottle—*v.* to stop up
Cor'kscrew, *s.* a screw to draw corks with
Cor'morant, *s.* a bird of prey, a glutton
Corn, *s.* a grain ; seeds which grow in ears, not in pods ; an excrescence on the feet
Corn, *v.* to salt, to granulate
Cor'mchandier, *s.* a retailer of corn
Cor'nel, *s.* a plant, the cornelian cherry
Corne'lian, *s.* a precious stone
Cor'neous, *a.* horny, resembling horn
Cor'ner, *s.* an angle ; a secret or remote place ; the extremity, or utmost limit
Cor'nered, *a.* having angles or corners
Cor'net, *s.* a musical instrument ; the officer who bears the standard of a troop of horse
Cor'netcy, *s.* the commission of a cornet
Cor'netter, *s.* one who plays on a cornet
Cor'nice, *s.* the uppermost ornament of a wall or wainscot, the top of a column
Cor'nicle, *s.* a small horn
Cornig'erous, *a.* horned, having horns
Cornuco'pia, *s.* the horn of plenty
Cornu'ted, *part.* having horns, cuckolded
Cornu'to, *s.* a cuckold
Cor'ollary, *s.* an inference, deduction, surplus
Cor'ollated, *a.* having flowers like a crown
Cor'onal, *s.* a chaplate, a garland—a. relating to the top of the head
Cor'onary, *a.* relating to a crown
Coronation, *s.* solemnity, or act of crowning
Cor'oner, *s.* a civil officer, who, with a jury, inquires into casual or violent deaths
Cor'onet, *s.* a crown worn by nobility
Cor'poral, *s.* the lowest officer of the infantry
Corpo'real, **Cor'poral**, *a.* bodily, material
Corpo'realist, *s.* one who denies spiritual substances
Cor'porate, *a.* united in a body
Corporation, *s.* a body politic, authorised by common consent to grant in law any thing within the compass of their charter

Corps, *s.* a body of soldiers, a regiment
Corpse, *s.* a dead body, a carcass, a corse
Corpulence, *s.* bulkiness of body, fleshiness
Corpulent, *a.* fleshy, bulky, gross
Corpuscule, *s.* a small body, an atom
Corrade, *v. a.* to rub off, to scrape together
Corradiaction, *s.* a union of rays
Correct, *v. a.* to punish, chastise, amend
Correct, *a.* finished with exactness
Correction, *s.* punishment, amendment
Corrective, *a.* able to alter or correct, good
Correctly, *ad.* accurately, exactly, neatly
Correctness, *s.* accuracy, exactness, nicety
Corregidor, *s.* a chief magistrate in Spain
Correlate, *s.* what has an opposite relation
Correlative, *a.* having a reciprocal relation
Corruption, *s.* reproof, chiding, rebuke
Correspond, *v. n.* to suit, to fit, to agree, to keep up a commerce with another by letters
Correspondence, *s.* intercourse, friendship, agreement, fitness, interchange of civilities
Correspondent, *a.* suitable, answerable
Correspondent, *s.* one who holds correspondence with another by letter
Corrighable, *a.* punishable, corrective
Corrhiaction, *s.* a junction of streams
Corroborant, *a.* strengthening, confirming
Corroborate, *v. a.* to confirm, to establish
Corroboration, *s.* the act of strengthening
Corroborative, *a.* having the power of confirming or establishing
Corrode, *v. a.* to eat away by degrees
Corrodible, *a.* that which may be corroded
Consumable, *a.* that which may be consumed by a manstrum
Corrosion, *s.* the act of eating away
Corrosive, *s.* a corroding hot medicine
Corrosive, *a.* able to corrode or eat away
Corrosiveness, *s.* the quality of corroding
Corrugate, *v. a.* to wrinkle or purse up
Corrupt, *v. a.* to infect, to defile, to bribe
Corrupt, *a.* vicious, debauched, rotten
Corrupter, *s.* one who corrupts or taints
Corruptible, *a.* that may be corrupted
Corruption, *s.* wickedness; matter or pus
Corruptive, *a.* able to taint or corrupt
Corruptness, *s.* badness of morals, putrescence
Corrair, *s.* a pirate, a plunderer on the sea
Corse, *s.* a dead body, a carcass
Co'raset, or **Co'raset**, *s.* a light armour for the fore part of the body
Co'rtes, *s.* assembly of the Spanish states
Co'rtex, *s.* bark, cover
Co'ritical, *a.* barky, belonging to the rind
Co'rticated, *a.* resembling the bark of a tree
Co'rvet, **Co'rvetto**, *s.* the corvet, a frolic
Coruscant, *a.* flashing, glittering, bright
Coruscation, *s.* a quick vibration of light
Corymbic, *a.* madly agitated or inflamed
Cosmetic, *s.* a wash to improve the skin
Cosmical, *a.* rising or setting with the sun, relating to the world
Cosmogony, *s.* a birth or creation of the world
Cosmographer, *s.* one who writes a description of the world

Cosmographical, *a.* relating to cosmography
Cosmography, *s.* the science of the general system of the world, distinct from *geography*, which describes the situation and boundaries of particular countries
Cosmopolite, *s.* a citizen of the world
Cossocks, *s.* a body of Russian soldiers
Cot'set, *s.* a lamb brought up by the hand
Cost, *s.* price, charge, loss, luxury, expense
Cost, *v. n.* to be bought for, had at a price
Cot'sal, *a.* relating to the ribs
Cot'sard, *s.* a head; a large round apple
Cot'sive, *a.* bound in the body, restraining
Cot'sless, *a.* costing nothing; without expense
Cot'sliness, *s.* expensiveness, sumptuousness
Cot'sly, *a.* expensive, dear; of great price
Cot, **Cot'tage**, *s.* a hut, a small house
Coten'porary. See **Contem'porary**
Coterie, *s.* an assembly, club, society
Cotillon, *s.* a light French dance
Cot'quean, *s.* a man who busks himself with women's affairs
Cot'tager, **Cot'ter**, **Cot'tier**, *s.* one who lives in a cot or cottage
Cot'ton, *s.* a plant; the down of the cotton-tree; cloth or stuff made of cotton
Cot'tonous, **Cot'tony**, *a.* like cotton
Couch, *v.* to lie down; to hide; to fix
Couch, *s.* a seat of repose; a layer
Cou'chant, *a.* squatting, lying down
Cou'cher, *s.* he that depresses cataracts
Cove, *s.* a small creek or bay; a shelter
Coven'ant, *s.* a bargain, contract, deed
Coven'ant, *v.* to bargain, contract, agree
Covenanted, *s.* a party to a covenant
Covenanter, *s.* one who takes a covenant
Coven'ous, *a.* treacherous, fraudulent
Cov'er, *v. a.* to overspread; conceal; hide
Cov'er, *s.* concealment, screen, pretence
Cov'ercle, *s.* a lid or cover
Cov'ering, *s.* a dress; any thing that covers
Cov'erlet, **Cov'erlid**, *s.* the upper covering of a bed, the quilt or counterpane
Cov'ert, *s.* a thicket, a retreat, a hiding-place
Cov'ert, *a.* sheltered, secret; state of a woman sheltered by marriage
Cov'et, *v. a.* to desire earnestly; to long for
Cov'etable, *a.* that which may be desired
Cov'etous, *a.* avaricious, greedy
Cov'ey, *s.* a brood of birds; a number of birds together; a hatch, a company
Cough, *s.* a convulsion of the lungs
Cov'in, *s.* a deceitful agreement, a collusion
Cov'iter, *s.* the sharp iron of the plough
Cou'ncil, *s.* an assembly for consultation
Cou'nsel, *s.* advice, direction; a pleader
Cou'nsel, *v. a.* to give advice; to direct
Cou'nseller, *s.* one who gives advice
Count, *s.* number, reckoning; a foreign title
Count, *v. a.* to number, to cast up, to tell
Countenance, *s.* form of the face; air, look; patronage; superficial appearance
Countenance, *v. a.* to patronise, to support
Count'ner, *s.* base money; a shop table
Count'ner, *ad.* contrary to; in a wrong way

Counteract, *v. a.* to act contrary to; hinder
 Counterbalance, *v. a.* to act against with an opposite weight
 Counterbalance, *s.* an opposite weight
 Counterbuff, *v. a.* to repel, to strike back
 Counterchange, *s.* a mutual exchange
 Countercharm, *s.* that which dissolves a charm
 Countercheck, *s.* a stop; rebuke, reproof
 Counteredience, *s.* opposite evidence
 Counterfeit, *a.* forged, fictitious, deceitful
 Counterfeit, *v. a.* to forge, to imitate
 Countermand, *v. a.* to contradict an order
 Countermark, *s.* a march backward
 Countermine, *s.* a mine made to frustrate the use of one made by the enemy
 Countermine, *v. a.* to defeat secretly
 Countermotion, *s.* a contrary motion
 Counterpane, *s.* upper covering of a bed
 Counterpart, *s.* a correspondent part
 Counterplea, *s.* a replication in law
 Counterplead, *v. a.* to contradict, to deny
 Counterplot, *s.* an artifice opposed to an artifice; plot against plot
 Counterpoint, *s.* a coverlet woven in squares
 Counterpoise, *s.* an equivalence of weight
 Counterpoise, *v. a.* to counterbalance
 Counterproject, *s.* correspondent scheme
 Countersearp, *s.* a ditch next a camp
 Countersign, *v. a.* to undersign; to confirm
 Counterstrain, *s.* a middle part of music
 Countertide, *s.* a contrary tide
 Counterturn, *s.* the height of a play
 Countervail, *v. a.* to be equivalent to; to have equal force or value—*s.* equal weight
 Counterview, *s.* an opposition, a contrast
 Counterwork, *v. a.* to counteract
 Countess, *s.* the lady of a count or earl
 Countless, *a.* innumerable, infinite
 Countressed, *a.* rustic, rude
 Country, *s.* a tract of land; a region; one's native soil; rural parts; not cities
 Country, *a.* rustic, rural; unpollite
 Country-dance, *s.* a well-known kind of dance
 Countryman, *s.* a rustic, one born in the same country; a husbandman
 County, *s.* a shire; an earldom; a count
 County, *a.* relating to a county or shire
 Coupee, *s.* a motion in dancing; a caper
 Couple, *s.* a pair, a brace, man and wife
 Couple, *v. a.* to join together; to marry
 Couplet, *s.* two verses; a pair
 Courage, *s.* bravery, activity, valour
 Courageously, *ad.* bravely, daringly, nobly
 Courant, *s.* a sprightly dance, &c.
 Courier, *s.* a messenger sent in haste
 Course, *s.* a race; a career; a race-ground; track in which a ship sails; order of succession; service of meat; method of life; natural bent
 Course, *v.* to hunt, to pursue, to rove about
 Courser, *s.* a race-horse, a horse-racer
 Coursing, *s.* pursuit of hares with greyhounds
 Court, *s.* the residence of a prince; a narrow street; jurisdiction; seat of justice
 Court, *v. a.* to make love to, to solicit

Courteous, *a.* elegant of manners, kind
 Courtesan, *s.* a prostitute, a lewd woman
 Courteous, *s.* civility, complaisance, favour, kindness; the reverence made by women
 Courtier, *s.* an attendant on a court; a lover
 Courtlee's, *s.* court of the lord of the manor for regulating copyhold tenures, &c.
 Courtlie, *a.* polite, well-bred, obliging
 Courtliness, *s.* civility, complaisance
 Courtly, *a.* polite, flattering, elegant
 Courtship, *s.* making love to a woman
 Cousin, *s.* any one collaterally related more remotely than brothers or sisters
 Cow, *s.* the female of the bull—*v.* to depress
 Coward, *s.* he who wants courage
 Cowardice, *s.* fear, pusillanimity
 Cowardize, *v. a.* to render timorous
 Cowardly, *a.* fearful, timorous, mean
 Cow'er, *v. n.* to sink by bending the knees
 Cow'hard, *s.* one who tends or keeps cows
 Cowl, *s.* a monk's hood; a vessel for water
 Cow'ler, *s.* a fellow labourer
 Cow'slip, *s.* a small early yellow flower
 Coxcomb, *s.* a cock's topping; a fop, a beau
 Coxcomical, *a.* conceited, foppish, pert
 Coy, *a.* modest, decent, reserved
 Coyish, *a.* rather shy, modest, chaste
 Coyness, *s.* reserve, shyness, modesty
 Cozen, *v. a.* to cheat, defraud, impose on
 Cozenage, *s.* cheat, fraud, deceit, trick
 Cozener, *s.* a cheater, a knave
 Crab, *s.* a fish; wild apple; peevish person
 Crabbed, *a.* peevish, difficult, morose
 Crabbedness, *s.* sourness of taste; asperity
 Crack, *s.* a sudden noise; a clink; a boaster
 Crack, *v. a.* to break into shinks; to split
 Crack-brained, *a.* crazy, whimsical
 Crack'er, *s.* a kind of squib; a boaster
 Crack'le, *v. a.* to make slight cracks, &c.
 Crack'ling, *s.* a noise made by slight cracks
 Crack'nel, *s.* a kind of hard brittle cake
 Cradle, *s.* a moveable bed on which children are rocked; a case for a broken bone; a frame of wood for launching a ship
 Craft, *s.* cunning; trade; small sailing ships
 Craftily, *ad.* cunningly, artfully
 Craftiness, *s.* craft, cunning, fraud, deceit
 Craftsman, *s.* artificer; mechanic
 Crafty, *a.* cunning, artful, deceitful
 Crag, *s.* a steep rock; nape of the neck
 Cragged, Crag'gy, *a.* rough, rugged
 Crag'giness, Crag'giness, *s.* roughness
 Crave, *v. a.* to stuff; to eat greedily
 Crave's, *s.* a play at which one gives a word and another finds a rhyme
 Cramp, *s.* a contraction of the limbs; restriction; a bent piece of iron
 Cramp, *v. a.* to confine, to hinder, to bind
 Cramp, *a.* difficult, hard, troublesome
 Cramp'iron, *s.* an iron to fasten together
 Cran'berry, *s.* the whortle-berry, or bilberry
 Cranch, *v. a.* to crush in the mouth
 Crane, *s.* a bird; a machine; a crooked pipe
 Cranium, *s.* the skull
 Crank, *s.* end of an iron axle; a conceit
 Crank, *a.* healthy, lusty, deep loaded
 Crankle, *v. a.* to run into angles; to break into unequal surfaces

Cran'ned, *a.* full of or having chinks
Cran'ny, *a.* a chink; a crevice; a little crack
Crape, *s.* a thin stuff for mourning
Crap'ulence, *s.* sickness by intemperance
Crap'ulous, *a.* sick with drunkenness
Crash, *v. a.* to break; to bruise, to crush
Crash, *s.* a loud mixed noise
Crass'itude, *s.* grossness, thickness, heaviness
Cratch, *s.* a frame for hay or straw
Crate, *s.* a hamper to pack earthen ware in
Cra'ter, *s.* a vent or aperture
Cravat', *s.* an ornament for the neck
Crave, *v. a.* to ask earnestly; to long for
Craven, *s.* a conquered cock; a coward
Craunch, *v. a.* to crush with the teeth
Craw, *s.* the crop or stomach of birds
Craw'fish, **Cray'fish**, *s.* the river lobster
Crawl, *v. n.* to creep; move slowly; fawn
Cray'on, *s.* a paste; a pencil; a picture
Craze, *v. a.* to break; to crack the brain
Craziness, *s.* weakness, feebleness of body
Crazy, *a.* broken, feeble, weak; maddish
Crack, *v. n.* to make a harsh noise
Cream, *s.* the oily best part of milk
Cream'faced, *a.* pale, wan, cowardly
Cream'y, *a.* full of cream; luscious, rich
Craze, *s.* a mark made by doubling any thing—*v. a.* to mark by folding
Crave, *v. a.* to cause, to produce, to form
Cr'e'ation, *s.* act of creating; the universe
Cr'e'ative, *a.* having the power to create
Cr'e'ator, *s.* the Being that bestows existence
Cr'e'ature, *s.* a being created; a word of contempt or tenderness; a dependant; an animal not human; general term for man
Cre'dence, *s.* belief, credit, reputation
Cre'den'da, *s.* articles of faith or belief
Cre'dent, *a.* easy of belief; having credit
Cre'den'tials, *s.* letters of recommendation
Cre'dibility, **Cre'd'ibleness**, *s.* a claim to credit; worthiness of belief; probability
Cre'dible, *a.* worthy of credit; likely
Cre'dit, *s.* belief, honour; trust reposed
Cre'dit, *v. n.* to believe, trust, confide in
Cre'ditable, *a.* reputable, estimable
Cre'dit'ably, *adv.* reputably, without disgrace
Cre'ditor, *s.* one who trusts or gives credit
Cre'du'lity, *s.* easiness of belief
Cre'dulous, *a.* apt to believe, unsuspecting
Creed, *s.* a confession of faith, a belief
Creek, *s.* a small bay; a nook
Creep, *v. n.* to move slowly; fawn, bend, &c.
Creep'er, *s.* a plant; an iron instrument
Crema'tion, *s.* the act of burning
Cre'mor, *s.* a milky or creamy substance
Cre'nated, *a.* notched, jagged, rough
Creole, *s.* one born in the West Indies
Crepi'tation, *s.* a low crackling noise
Crepus'cule, *s.* twilight; faint dim light
Crepus'culous, *a.* glimmering, dim
Cre'scent, *s.* an increasing moon
Cre'scent, **Cre'scive**, *a.* increasing, growing
Cress, *s.* the name of a water herb
Cres'et, *s.* a light set on a beacon; an herb
Crest, *s.* a plume of feathers on the top of a helmet; ornament of the helmet in heraldry; pride, spirit, fire
Crest'ed, *a.* adorned with a plume or crest

Cres't-fallen, *a.* dejected, low, cowed
Cres'tless, *a.* without armour; mean, poor
Creta'ceous, *a.* chalky, having chalk
Crev'ice, *s.* a crack, a cleft; a fish
Crew, *s.* a ship's company; mean assembly
Crew'el, *s.* a ball of worsted yarn, &c.
Crib, *s.* a manger, a stall; a cottage
Crib, *v. a.* to steal privately; to shut up
Crib'bage, *s.* the name of a game at cards
Crib'ble, *s.* a sieve for cleaning corn
Cribra'tion, *s.* the act of sifting or cleansing
Crick, *s.* noise of a hinge; stiffness in the neck
Crick'et, *s.* an insect that chirps about ovens, &c.; a game with bats and balls; a stool
Crier, *s.* one who cries goods for sale
Crime, *s.* an offence, wickedness, sin
Cri'meless, *a.* innocent, free from guilt
Crim'i'nal, **Crim'inous**, *a.* faulty
Crim'i'nal, *s.* a person accused, a felon
Criminal'ity, *s.* a criminal action or case
Crim'i'nate, *v. a.* to accuse, to charge with crime
Crimina'tion, *s.* an accusation, a censure
Crim'inatory, *a.* accusing, tending to accuse
Crim'inous, *a.* wicked, iniquitous, guilty
Crim'osin, *s.* See **Crimson**
Crimp, *a.* brittle, friable, crisp
Crim'ple, *v. a.* to contract, to corrugate
Crim'son, *s.* a very deep red colour
Crim'cum, *s.* a whinny, a cramp
Cringe, *s.* servile civility, mean reverence
Cringe, *v. n.* to bow, fawn, flatter, contract
Cring'rous, **Cri'nose**, *a.* hairy, rough
Crink, **Crin'kle**, *s.* a wrinkle; winding fold
Crin'kle, *v.* to run in wrinkles, &c.
Crip'ple, *s.* a lame person—*v. a.* to make lame
Cri'sis, *s.* a critical time or turn
Crisp, *v. n.* to curl, to twist, to indent
Crisp, **Cris'py**, *a.* curled, brittle, winding
Crispa'tion, *s.* the act or state of curling
Cris'pness, **Cris'pitude**, *s.* a crispy state
Crite'ron, *s.* a standard whereby any thing is judged of, as to its goodness or badness
Crit'ic, *s.* one skilled in criticism
Crit'ical, *a.* judicious, accurate, nice
Crit'icise, *v. a.* to censure, to judge, to blame
Crit'icism, *s.* censure; the art of judging
Crit'ique, *s.* act of criticism; a criticism
Croak, *s.* the cry of a frog, raven, or crow
Croceous, *a.* yellow, like saffron
Croc'itation, *s.* the croaking of frogs or ravens
Crock, *s.* an earthen pot; an earthen vessel
Crock'ery, *s.* all kinds of earthen ware
Croc'odile, *s.* a large voracious amphibious animal, in shape resembling a lizard
Cro'cus, *s.* an early flower
Croft, *s.* a small home field enclosed
Crone, *s.* an old ewe; an old woman
Cro'ny, *s.* an intimate acquaintance, a friend
Crook, *s.* a hooked stick, a sheep-hook
Crook, *v. a.* to bend, to pervert
Crook'ed, *a.* bent, curved, untoward
Crop, *s.* the harvest produce; a bird's crop
Crop, *v. a.* to lop, cut short; to mow, to reap
Crop'ful, *a.* quite full, satisfied, crammed

Crozier, *s.* the pastoral staff used by the bishops in the church of Rome
Croslet, *s.* a small cross; a head cloth
Cross, *s.* one straight body laid at right angles over another; a misfortune, vexation
Cross, *a.* athwart, oblique; peevish, fretful
Cross, *v. a.* to lay athwart, to pass over, to cancel; to sign with the cross; to vex
Crossbite, *s.* a deception—*v. a.* to cheat
Crossbow, *s.* a weapon for shooting
Crossgrained, *a.* troublesome, ill-natured
Crossness, *s.* perverseness, peevishness
Crotch, *s.* a hook; the fork of a tree
Crotchet, *s.* one of the notes in music, equal to half a minum; a mark in printing, formed thus []; a fancy, whim, conceit
Crouch, *v.* to stoop low, to fawn, to cringe
Croup, *s.* a kind of asthma or catarrh, to which children are subject
Croupside, *s.* a high leap; a summerset
Crow, *s.* a bird, an iron lever—*s.* to make a noise like a cock; to boast, to vapour
Crowd, *s.* a confused multitude; the populace
Crowl, *v.* to press close, to swarm
Crown, *s.* a diadem worn on the heads of sovereigns; the top of the head; a silver coin; regal power; a garland
Crown, *v. a.* to invest with a crown; to adorn, to complete, to finish
Crowninglass, *s.* finest sort of window-glass
Cru'cial, *a.* transverse, running across
Cru'ciate, *v. a.* to torture, to torment
Cru'cible, *s.* a pot used for melting metals
Cru'cifix, *s.* a representation in statuary or painting, &c. of our Saviour on the cross
Cru'cifixion, *s.* the act of nailing to the cross
Cru'cify, *v. a.* to nail or fasten to a cross
Crude, *a.* raw, harsh, unripe, undigested
Crudeness, **Crudity**, *s.* indigestion
Crudle, *v.* to enugulate, to curdle
Crue'l, *a.* hard-hearted, inhuman, fierce
Crue'lty, *s.* inhumanity, barbarity
Cru'et, *s.* a small vial for vinegar or oil
Crude, *v. n.* to sail in quest of an enemy
Cru'iser, *s.* a ship that sails in quest of an enemy; one that roves in search of plunder
Crumb, *s.* the soft part of bread; a small piece or fragment of bread
Crum'ble, *v. a.* to break or fall into pieces
Crum'my, *a.* soft, full of crumbs, plump
Crum'ple, *v. a.* to wrinkle, ruffle, disorder
Crum'pling, *s.* a small green apple
Cru'or, *s.* a gore, coagulated blood
Crap'per, *s.* a leather to keep a saddle right
Cru'ral, *a.* belonging to the leg
Cru'sade, **Croisade**, *s.* an expedition against infidels; a Portugal coin, value 2s. 6d.
Cru'set, *s.* a goldsmith's melting pot
Crush, *v. a.* to squeeze, to bruise; to ruin
Crush, *s.* a falling down, a collision
Crust, *s.* any shell or external coat; outward part of bread; case of a pie
Crusta'ceous, *a.* shelly, with joints
Crus'ty, *a.* morose, snappish, surly
Crutch, *s.* a support used by cripples
Cry, *v.* to call, to weep, exclaim, proclaim
Cry, *s.* a weeping, shrieking, &c.
Cryptic **Cryptical**, *a.* secret, hidden

Cryptography, *s.* art of writing in ciphers
Crystal, *s.* a mineral, transparent stone
Crystalline, *a.* transparent, clear, bright
Crystallize, *v. a.* to form salts into small transparent bodies; to congeal
Cub, *s.* the young of a beast, generally of a beast or fox—*v. a.* to bring forth
Cu'batory, *a.* recumbent, lying down
Cu'bature, *s.* the solid contents of a body
Cube, *s.* a square solid body; a die
Cu'bic, **Cu'bical**, *a.* formed like a cube
Cu'bit, *s.* a measure of eighteen inches
Cu'bital, *a.* containing a cubit's length
Cuck'ing-stool, *s.* an engine invented for the punishment of scolds and unquiet women
Cuck'old, *s.* the husband of an adulteress
Cuck'old, *v. a.* to commit adultery
Cuck'oldy, *a.* poor, mean, despicable
Cu'koo, *s.* a bird; a word of contempt
Cu'cumber, *s.* a plant, and its fruit
Cu'curbite, *s.* a chymical vessel
Cud, *s.* food deposited in the first stomach of an animal in order to rumination
Cud'den, **Cud'dy**, *s.* a clown, a stupid dolt
Cud'dle, *v. n.* to lie close, to hug
Cud'gel, *s.* a fighting-stick—*v. a.* to beat or fight with sticks
Cue, *s.* the end of a thing; hint, intimation
Cuff, *s.* a blow, box; part of a sleeve
Cu'rasse', *s.* a breastplate of leather or steel
Cuirasse'r, *s.* a soldier in armour
Culsh, *s.* armour that covers the thighs
Cu'linary, *a.* relating to the kitchen
Cu'lender, *s.* a draining vessel. See Colander
Cu'ly, *s.* a man deceived or imposed upon
Culm, *s.* a kind of small coal, soot, &c.
Cu'lminate, *v. n.* to be in the meridian
Cu'pable, *a.* criminal, blamable
Cu'prit, *s.* a man arraigned before a judge
Cu'pivable, *a.* capable of cultivation
Cu'tivate, *v. a.* to till, manure, improve
Cu'tivation, *s.* the act of improving soils, &c.
Cu'ture, *s.* act of cultivation, improvement, melioration—*v. a.* to till, to manure
Cu'ver, *s.* a pigeon, a wood pigeon
Cu'verin, *s.* a species of ordnance
Cum'ber, *v. a.* to embarrass, to entangle
Cum'bersome, **Cum'brous**, *a.* burdensome, embarrassing, oppressive, vexatious
Cu'mulate, *v. a.* to heap or pile up, to amass
Cun, *v. a.* to know, to learn perfectly
Cun'cated, *a.* formed like a wedge
Cun'ning, *a.* skillful, artful, crafty, subtle
Cun'ning, **Cun'ningness**, *s.* artifice, slyness
Cup, *s.* a drinking vessel, part of a flower
Cup, *v. a.* to draw blood by scarification
Cup'bearer, *s.* an officer of the household
Cup'board, *s.* a case where victuals, &c. are put
Cu'pel, **Cup'pel**, *s.* a refining vessel
Cupidity, *s.* unlawful sensual desire
Cu'pola, *s.* a dome, an arched roof
Cur, *s.* a dog; a snappish or mean man
Cur'able, *a.* that may be remedied
Cur'acy, *s.* the employment of a curate
Cur'ate, *s.* a parish priest; one who officiates in the room of the beneficiary

Curb, *v. a.* to restrain, to check, to bridle
Curb, *s.* part of a bridle; inhibition, restraint
Curd, *s.* the coagulation of milk
Curd, **Cur'dle**, *v.* to coagulate, congeal
Cure, *s.* a remedy, restorative; act of healing; benefice or employment of a curate
Cure, *v. a.* to restore to health; to salt
Cur'd, *part.* healed, restored, preserved
Cur'less, *a.* having no remedy, incurable
Cur'few, *s.* eight o'clock bell; a fire-plate
Cur'osity, *s.* inquisitiveness; a rarity
Cur'ious, *a.* inquisitive, rare, nice, accurate
Curl, *s.* a ringlet of hair; a wave
Curl, *v. a.* to turn into ringlets, to twist
Cur'lew, *s.* a kind of water and land fowl
Curm'd'geon, *s.* an avaricious fellow, a churl, a miser, a niggard, a griper
Cur'rant, *s.* the name of a tree and its fruit
Cur'gency, *s.* circulation, general reception; paper established as, and passing for, the current money of the realm
Cur'rent, *a.* circulatory, general, popular
Cur'rent, *s.* a running stream
Cur'rie, *s.* a chaise of two wheels, calculated for expedition, drawn by two horses
Cur'rier, *s.* a dresser of tanned leather
Cur'rish, *a.* quarrelsome, brutal, sour
Cur'ry, *v. a.* to dress leather; to beat
Cur'ry, *s.* a mixture of various eatables
Cur'rycomb, *s.* an iron comb for horses
Curse, *s.* a bad wish; vexation, torment
Curse, *v. a.* to wish evil to; to afflict
Cur'sedly, *ad.* miserably, shamefully
Cur'stor, *s.* a clerk in Chancery
Cur'story, **Cur'sory**, *a.* hasty, careless
Cur'sorily, *ad.* hastily, without care
Curt, **Curtal**, *a.* brief, abridged
Curtain, *v. a.* to cut off, cut short, abridge
Curtain, *s.* furniture of a bed or window; fortification—*v. n.* to enclose with curtains
Curtation, *s.* the distance of a star from the ecliptic; a term in astronomy
Cur'vature, *s.* crookedness, bent form
Curve, *v. a.* to bend, to crook—*a.* crooked
Curvet', *s.* a leap, a bound, a frolic
Curvet', *v. a.* to leap, bound, prance, frisk

Curv'lin'ear, *a.* consisting of crooked line
Cush'ion, *s.* a soft seat for a chair
Cusp, *s.* the horns of the moon; a point
Cur'pated, *a.* terminating in a point, pointed
Cur'pdate, *v. a.* to sharpen, to point
Cur'tard, *s.* a sweet food, made of milk, &c.
Custo'dial, *a.* relating to guardianship
Cus'tody, *s.* imprisonment, security, care
Cus'tom, *s.* habitual practice, fashion, usage; king's duties on exports and imports
Cus'tomary, *a.* common, general
Cus'tomer, *s.* one who buys any thing
Cus'tom-house, *s.* a house where duties are received on imports and exports
Cus'tomary, *s.* a book of laws and customs
Cut, *v. a.* to carve, hew, shape, divide
Cut, *s.* a cleft or wood made with an edged tool; a printed picture; fashion, shape
Cuta'neous, *a.* relating to the skin
Cu'ticle, *s.* a thin skin; the scarf skin
Cu'ticular, *a.* belonging to the skin
Cut'lass, *s.* a broad cutting sword
Cut'ler, *s.* one who makes knives, &c.
Cut'lery, *s.* ware made by cutlers
Cut'ter, *s.* a fast sailing vessel; one who cuts
Cut'throat, *s.* a murderer, an assassin
Cut'ting, *s.* a piece cut off, a branch
Cu'ttle, *s.* a fish; a foul-mouthed fellow
Cycle, *s.* a circle; periodical space of time
Cy'cloid, *s.* a figure of the circular kind
Cyclope'dia, **Cyc'lopede**, *s.* a body or circle of sciences
Cy'gnet, *s.* a young swan
Cy'linder, *s.* a long round body; a roller
Cylin'drical, *a.* resembling a cylinder
Cyma'r, *s.* a slight covering; a scarf
Cym'bal, *s.* a musical instrument
Cynan'tropy, *s.* canine madness
Cyn'ic, *s.* a follower of Diogenes; a snarler
Cyn'ic, **Cyn'ical**, *a.* satirical, churlish
Cy'nosure, *s.* the north polar star
Cy'press, *s.* a tree; an emblem of mourning
Cy'prus, *s.* a thin silky gauze
Cyst, *s.* a bag containing morbid matter
Cyt'isus, *s.* a flowering shrub
Czar, *s.* the title of the Emperor of Russia
Czar'ina, *s.* title of the Empress of Russia

D.

DAB, *v. a.* to strike gently; to moisten—*s.* a flat fish; a gentle blow; an artist
Dab'ble, *v. a.* to meddle; to play in water
Dab'bler, *s.* a superficial meddler in sciences, &c.; one that plays in water
Dab'chick, *s.* a water fowl; a chicken
Dacapo, *s.* in music, signifies that the first part of a tune must be repeated
Dace, *s.* a small river fish resembling a roach
Dact'yle, *s.* a poetical foot, consisting of one long syllable and two short ones
Dad, **Dad'dy**, *s.* the child's way of expressing father
Dad'dal, **Dada'dian**, *a.* cunning, intricate
Dad'dodil, **Dad'dodilly**, *s.* a flower, a lily
Dart, *v. a.* to toss aside, to throw away

Dag'ger, *s.* a short sword, a poniard
Dag'gle, *v.* to trail in the mire or water
Dag'gletail, *a.* hemired—*s.* a slattern
Dail'y, *a.* and *ad.* happening every day often
Dai'ntly, *ad.* delicately, deliciously
Dai'nty, *a.* delicate, nice—*s.* a delicacy
Dai'ry, *s.* a milk farm; a house where milk is manufactured into food
Dai'ry-maid, *s.* the woman servant who manages the dairy
Dai'sed, *a.* full of or adorned with daisies
Dai'sy, *s.* a small common spring flower
Dai'ker, *s.* a dicker, the number of ten
Dale, *s.* a vale, a space between two hills
Dal'iance, *s.* mutual caresses, love, delay

- Da'flop, *s.* a tuft or clump
 Da'lly, *v.* to trifle, fondle, delay, amuse
 Darn, *s.* a mother of brutes; a mole or bank to stop water; a floodgate
 Darn, *v.* to shut up, to confine, to obstruct
 Darn'age, *s.* mischief, loss, retribution
 Darn'age, *v.* to injure, to hurt, to impair
 Darn'ageable, *a.* that which may be hurt
 Darn'ask, *s.* linen or silk woven into regular figures—*v.* to weave in flowers
 Darn'askin, *s.* a sabre
 Darnie, *s.* an old title of honour for women; mistress of a family; women in general
 Darn, *v.* to curse; to doom to torments in a future state; to censure, to condemn
 Darn'able, *a.* most wicked; destructive
 Darnation, *s.* exclusion from Divine mercy, condemnation to eternal punishment
 Darn'ed, *part. a.* cursed, detestable
 Darn'ify, *v.* to injure, to hurt, to impair
 Darnp, *a.* moist, wet, foggy; dejected
 Darnp, *s.* a fog, moisture; dejection
 Darnp, *v.* to moisten, to wet; to dispirit
 Darn'sel, *s.* a young maiden, a country lass
 Darn'son, Darn'ascene, *s.* a black plum
 Dance, *v.* to move in measure—*s.* a motion of one or more in concert
 Danc'ing, *s.* a motion of the feet to music
 Dandel'ion, *s.* the name of a plant
 Dan'digst, *s.* a little fellow, an archer
 Dan'dle, *v.* to fondle, to play
 Dan'druff, *s.* scurf, &c. on the head
 Danc, *s.* a native of Denmark
 Dan'ewort, *s.* the dwarf elder, wall wort
 Dan'ger, *s.* risk, hazard—*v.* to endanger
 Dan'gerless, *a.* without hazard, very safe
 Dan'gerous, *a.* full of danger, unsafe
 Dan'gle, *v.* to hang loose, to follow
 Dan'gler, *s.* one who hangs about women
 Dan'ish, *a.* relating to the Danes
 Dank, *a.* very damp, humid, wet
 Dap'at'ical, *a.* sumptuous in living, costly
 Dap'per, *a.* little and active, neat, tight
 Dap'perling, *s.* a dwarf, a little person
 Dap'ple, *a.* of different colours, streaked
 Dare, *v.* to challenge, to defy
 Dar'ing, *a.* bold, adventurous, fearless
 Dark, *a.* wanting light, blind, not plain
 Dar'ken, *v.* to make dark, to cloud, perplex
 Dar'kish, *a.* approaching to dark
 Dar'kness, *s.* absence of light; wickedness
 Dar'ksome, *a.* gloomy, obscure, not luminous
 Dar'ling, *s.* a favourite—*a.* dear, beloved
 Darn, or Dearn, *v.* to mend holes
 Dar'nel, *s.* a common field weed
 Darra'l'n, *v.* to range troops for battle
 Dart, *s.* a weapon thrown by the hand
 Dar'tingly, *ad.* very swiftly, like a dart
 Dash, *v.* to strike against; to mingle, to cross or blot out; to confound, to bespatter
 Dash, *s.* mark in writing, thus —; a blow
 Das'tard, *s.* a poltroon, a coward
 Das'tardly, *a.* cowardly, base, timorous
 Das'ta, *s.* truths admitted
 Date, *v.* to note the precise time
 Date, *s.* the time at which any event happened, or a letter is written; a fruit
 Da'te'less, *a.* without any fixed term or date
 Da'tive, *a.* in grammar, the case that signifies the person to whom any thing is given
 Daub, *v.* to smear, paint coarsely, flatter
 Daub'er, *s.* a coarse low painter
 Daug'hter, *s.* a female offspring, a woman
 Daunt, *v.* to discourage, to intimidate
 Daun'ted, *part. a.* dispirited, frightened
 Daun'tless, *a.* fearless, bold, not dejected
 Daun'phin, *s.* the hair apparent to the crown of France
 Daw, *s.* the name of a bird, the jackdaw
 Dawn, *v.* to grow light, glimmer, open
 Dawn, *s.* the break of day, beginning
 Day, *s.* the time between the rising and setting of the sun, called the artificial day; the time from noon to noon is termed the natural day; light, sunshine
 Day-book, *s.* a tradesman's journal
 Day'break, *s.* first appearance of day, dawn
 Day'light, *s.* the light of the day
 Day'star, *s.* the morning star; Venus
 Day'sle, *v.* to overpower with light
 Dea'con, *s.* one of the lowest of the clergy
 Dea'conry, *s.* dignity or office of deacon
 Dead, *a.* deprival of life, spiritless, dull
 Dea'den, *v.* to weaken, to make tasteless
 Dead'ly, *a.* destructive, mortal, cruel
 Dead'ly, *ad.* mortally, irreconcilably
 Dea'dness, *s.* frigidity, want of warmth
 Deaf, *a.* wanting the sense of hearing
 Dea'fen, *v.* to make deaf, to stupify
 Dea'fness, *s.* want of the power of hearing
 Deal, *s.* part, quantity; fir wood
 Deal, *v.* to distribute, to give each his due
 Dea'lb'ation, *s.* the art of bleaching
 Dealer, *s.* one who deals cards; a trader
 Deal'ing, *s.* practice, intercourse, traffic
 Dealt, *part. used,* handled, given out
 Deam'bulatory, *a.* removing from place to place
 Dean, *s.* the second dignitary of a diocese
 Dea'nery, *s.* the office or house of a dean
 Dear, *a.* beloved; valuable, costly, scarce
 Dea'rly, *ad.* with fondness; at a high price
 Dea'rh, *s.* scarcity, want, barrenness
 Dea'rticulate, *v.* to disjoint, to dismember
 Death, *s.* the extinction of life, mortality
 Death'less, *a.* immortal, perpetual
 Death'like, *a.* resembling death, still
 Death'watch, *s.* a small insect that makes a tinkling noise, superstitiously imagined to be an omen of death
 Dea'ura'tion, *s.* the act of gliding
 Deba't, *v.* to exclude, preclude, hinder
 Deba'tk, *v.* to leave the ship, to go on shore
 Deba'se, *v.* to degrade, lower, adulterate
 Deba'sement, *s.* act of debasing or degrading
 Deba'te, *s.* a dispute, a contest, a quarrel
 Deba'te, *v.* to deliberate, to dispute, to argue
 Debauch, *s.* excess, luxury, drunkenness
 Debauch, *v.* to corrupt, to vitiate, to ruin
 Debauchee, *s.* a rake, a drunkard
 Debauchery, *s.* lewdness, intemperance
 Debel, Debel'ate, *v.* to conquer in war
 Deben'ture, *s.* a writ, or written instrument, by which a debt is claimed

Debile, *a.* weak, faint, feeble, languid
 Debilitate, *v. a.* to weaken, to enfeeble
 Debility, *a.* weakness, languor, faintness
 Deb't, *v. a.* to charge as debtor
 Debonai'r, *a.* elegant, civil, well-bred, gay
 Debt, *s.* that which one man owes to another
 Debt'ed, *a.* indebted to, obliged to
 Debt'or, *a.* one that owes money, &c.
 Decade, *s.* the sum or number of ten
 Decagon, *s.* a figure of ten equal sides
 Decalogue, *s.* the ten commandments
 Decan'p, *v. n.* to shift a camp; to move off
 Decan't, *v. a.* to pour off gently
 Decan'ter, *s.* a glass vessel for liquor
 Decapitate, *v. a.* to behead, to cut or lop off
 Decay, *s.* a decline, a falling away
 Decay', *v. n.* to decline, to consume, to rot
 Deces'se, *a.* departure from life, demise
 Deces'se, *v. n.* to die, to depart from life
 Deces'sed, *part.* departed from life, dead
 Decet't, *a.* fraud, craft, artifice, pretence
 Decet'tful, *a.* full of deceit, fraudulent
 Decet've, *v. a.* to delude, to impose upon
 Decet'ver, *s.* one who deceives, an impostor
 Decem'ber, *s.* the last month of the year
 Decem'virate, *s.* a government by ten rulers
 Decency, *s.* propriety, modesty, decorum
 Decen'nial, *a.* of or containing ten years
 De'cent, *a.* becoming, suitable, modest
 De'cently, *ad.* in a proper manner, modestly
 Deception, *a.* that may be deceived
 Decept'ion, *s.* a cheat, a fraud, a beguiling
 Decept'ive, *a.* able to deceive, false
 Decer'pt, *a.* plucked away, taken off
 Decerta'tion, *s.* a contention, a striving
 Decha'rin, *v. a.* to counteract a charm
 Deci'de, *v. a.* to determine, settle, conclude
 Deci'dedly, *ad.* absolutely, positively, fully
 Deci'der, *s.* one who determines quarrels
 Decli'nous, *a.* a falling off, not perennial
 Dec'imal, *a.* numbered by tens
 Declina'tion, *s.* a selection of every tenth
 Decl'pher, *v. a.* to explain, unfold, unravel
 Decl'ision, *s.* the termination of a difference
 Deci'sive, *a.* terminating, final, positive
 Deci'sively, *ad.* conclusively, positively
 Deck, *v. a.* to address, to adorn, to cover
 Deck, *s.* the floor of a ship; a pile of cards
 Decla'm, *v. n.* to harangue, to speak to the
 passions, to rhetoricate
 Decla'mer, *s.* one who declaims
 Declama'tion, *s.* a discourse addressed to
 the passions, an harangue
 Declam'atory, *a.* pertaining to declamation
 Decla'rable, *a.* capable of proof; real
 Declara'tion, *s.* an affirmation, publication
 Decla'rative, *a.* explanatory, proclaiming
 Decla'ratory, *a.* affirmative, clear, expressive
 Decla're, *v. a.* to make known, to proclaim
 Decla'rad, *part.* affirmed, made known
 Declen'sion, *s.* declination, descent; varia-
 tion of nouns; corruption of morals
 Decl'nable, *a.* capable of being declined
 Declina'tion, *s.* descent; the act of bending
 Declina'tor, *s.* a instrument of dialling
 Decl'ne, *v. a.* to lean, to bend, to decay; to
 shun; to refuse; to vary words
 Decl'ne, *s.* a decay; a tendency to worse

Decliv'ity, *s.* an oblique or gradual descent
 Decoe't, *v. a.* to boil; digest; strengthen
 Decoc'tion, *s.* a preparation by boiling
 Decoc'ture, *s.* what is drawn by decoction
 Decol'late, *v. a.* to behead
 Decol'lation, *s.* the act of beheading
 Decompo'se, *v. a.* to decompose
 Decompos'nd, *v. a.* to compose of things
 already compounded, to separate compo-
 pounds
 Deco'rate, *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish
 Decora'tion, *s.* an ornament, added beauty
 Deco'rous, *a.* decent, suitable, becoming
 Deco'ricate, *v. a.* to divest of bark, to peel
 Deco'rum, *s.* decency, order, seemliness
 Decoy', *v. a.* to allure, to ensnare, to entrap
 Decoy', *s.* a place to catch wild fowl in
 Decoy'-duck, *s.* a duck that leads others
 Decres'se, *v.* to grow less, to be diminished
 Decres'se, *s.* a growing less, a decay
 Decree', *v. a.* to appoint, order, sentence
 Decree', *s.* an edict, law, determination
 Decrep'it, *a.* wasted and worn by age
 Decrepta'tion, *s.* a crackling noise
 Decrep'itude, *s.* the last stage of old age
 Decres'cent, *a.* growing less, decreasing
 Decret'al, *a.* appertaining to a decree
 Decret'al, *s.* a book of decrees or edicts
 Dec'retory, *a.* judicial, final, critical
 Decry', *v. a.* to censure, to clamour against
 Decum'bence, *s.* the act of laying down
 Decum'bent, *a.* lying on the ground; low
 Decuple, *a.* tenfold; repeated ten times
 Decu'ron, *s.* a commander of ten men
 Decur'sion, *s.* the act of running down
 Decuria'tion, *s.* the act of shortening
 Decus'sale, *v. a.* to intersect at acute angles
 Deder'orate, *v. a.* to disgrace, to reproach
 Deditit'ion, *s.* a loss or shedding of teeth
 Dedicate, *v. a.* to devote to, to inscribe
 Ded'icated, *part.* consecrated, inscribed
 Dedica'tion, *s.* consecration; a compliment-
 ary address at the beginning of a book
 Dedit'ion, *s.* the act of yielding up any thing
 Ded'olent, *a.* feeling no compunction
 Dedu'ce, *v. a.* to gather or infer from
 Dedu'cement, *s.* the thing deduced
 Dedu'cible, *a.* that which may be inferred
 Dedu'ct, *v. a.* to subtract, to separate
 Deduc'tion, *s.* an abatement, an inference
 Deduc'tive, *a.* that which may be inferred
 Deed, *s.* an action, exploit, fact, writing
 Deedless, *a.* inactive, indolent, sluggish
 Deem, *v.* to judge; to conclude; to think
 Deep, *a.* far to the bottom; sagacious
 Deep, *s.* the sea; the most solemn or still
 part
 Deeply, *ad.* to a great depth; sorrowfully
 Deer, *s.* a forest animal hunted for venison
 Defa'ce, *v. a.* to destroy, to raze, to disfigure
 Defa'cement, *s.* violation, injury, destruc-
 tion
 Defal'lance, *s.* failure, miscarriage
 Defal'cate, *v. a.* to cut or lop off, to abridge
 Defalca'tion, *s.* a diminution, a cutting off
 Defama'tion, *s.* a slander, reproach, detraction
 Defam'atory, *a.* calumnious, scandalizing
 Defa'me, *v. a.* to censure falsely, to libel

- Defat'igate, *v. a.* to weary, to fatigue
 Defau'lt, *a.* an omission, defect, failure
 Defaul'ter, *a.* one who falls in payment, &c.
 Defea'sance, *a.* act of annulling; defeat
 Defea'sible, *a.* that which may be annulled
 Defen't, *v. a.* to overthrow, frustrate, rout
 Defen't, *a.* an overthrow, a deprivation
 Defeat'ed, *part. p.* routed, disappointed
 Defea'ture, *a.* an alteration of countenance
 Defec'ate, *v. a.* to cleanse, purify, brighten
 Defeca'tion, *a.* purification
 Defec't, *a.* a fault, a blemish, an imperfection
 Defec'tible, *a.* imperfect, deficient, wanting
 Defec'tion, *a.* failure, apostacy, revolt
 Defec'tive, *a.* full of defects; imperfect
 Defen'see, *a.* a guard, vindication, resistance
 Defen'sless, *a.* naked, unguarded, impotent
 Defen'd, *v. a.* to protect, vindicate, forbid
 Defen'dant, *a.* the person prosecuted
 Defen'der, *a.* a protector, a vindicator
 De-fen'sible, *a.* that may be defended, right
 Defen'sive, *a.* safeguard, state of defence
 Defer', *v.* to put off, to delay; to refer to
 Deference, *a.* regard, respect, submission
 Deffer'ent, *a.* that which carries or conveys
 Deff'ance, *a.* a challenge; an expression of abhorrence or contempt
 Deff'atory, *a.* bearing defiance
 Deff'iciency, *a.* a defect, want, imperfection
 Deff'icient, *a.* failing, wanting, defective
 Deff'icit, *a.* want, deficiency
 Deff'ile, *v. a.* to make foul, pollute, vicinate
 Deff'ile, *a.* a narrow passage, a lane
 Deff'iled, *part. p.* polluted, corrupted, tainted
 Deff'ilement, *a.* pollution, corruption
 Deff'iler, *a.* a corruptor, a violator
 Deff'inable, *a.* that may be ascertained
 Deff'ine, *v.* to explain, circumscribe, decide
 Deff'iner, *a.* one who describes
 Deff'inite, *a.* certain, limited, precise
 Deff'inite, *a.* a thing explained or defined
 Deff'initeness, *a.* certainty, limitedness
 Deff'in'ion, *a.* a short description of a thing by its properties; a decision
 Deff'in'itive, *a.* determinate, express, positive
 Deff'ragibility, *a.* an aptness to burn
 Deff'rag'ion, *a.* act of consuming by fire
 Deff'ect, *v. n.* to turn aside, to deviate
 Deff'ection, *a.* deviation, a turning aside
 Deff'lex'ure, *a.* a bending down, a deflection
 Deff'ora'tion, *a.* selection of what is best; rape
 Deff'ou'r, *v. a.* to deprive a maiden of her virginity; to ravish; to take away the beauty and grace of any thing
 Deff'luous, *a.* that flows down or falls off
 Deff'lux'ion, *a.* flow of humours downwards
 Deff'oda'tion, *a.* a defilement; pollution
 Deff'orcement, *a.* withholding of lands, &c. by force from the right owner
 Deff'orm, *v. a.* to disfigure, to dishonour
 Deff'ormed, *a.* ugly, disfigured, crooked
 Deff'ormity, *a.* ugliness, crookedness
 Deff'raud, *v. a.* to rob by a trick; to cozen
 Deff'raud'er, *a.* one who defrauds or cheats
 Deff'ray', *v. a.* to bear charges or expenses
 Deft, *a.* neat, handsome, proper, ready
 Deft'ly, *ad.* neatly, dexterously
 Defun'ct, *a.* dead, extinct—*a.* a dead man
 Defun'ction, *a.* a decease, extinction
 Defy', *v. a.* to challenge, to slight
 Degen'cracy, *a.* departure from virtue; vice
 Degen'erate, *v. n.* to decay in virtue or kind
 Degen'eration, *a.* the act of degenerating
 Degen'erous, *a.* degenerated, vile, base
 Deglu'tinate, *v. a.* to unglue, undo, slacken
 Deglut'ition, *a.* the act of swallowing
 Degrada'tion, *a.* a placing lower; baseness
 Degra'de, *v. a.* to lessen, to place lower
 Degree', *a.* quality, class, station; the 360th part of a circle; 60 geographical miles
 Deho'r't, *v. a.* to dissuade, to discourage
 Dehorta'tion, *a.* dissuasion
 De'icide, *a.* the death of our Saviour
 Deject', *v. a.* to cast down, afflict, grieve
 Dejection, *a.* lowness of spirits; weakness
 Deject'ure, *a.* excrement; refuse
 De'ic'al, *a.* making divine
 De'ifica'tion, *a.* the act of making a god
 De'ify, *v. a.* to make a god of, to adore
 Deign, *v. a.* to vouchsafe, to grant, to permit
 De'ism, *a.* the opinion of those who acknowledge one God, but deny revealed religion
 De'ist, *a.* one who believes in the existence of God, but follows no particular religion
 De'ist'ical, *a.* belonging to deism
 De'ity, *a.* the Divine Being; God
 Delacta'tion, *a.* a weaning from the breast
 Delap'sed, *a.* bearing or falling down
 Dela'te, *v. a.* to carry, to convey; to accuse
 Dela'tion, *a.* a conveyance; an accusation
 Delay', *v.* to put off, to frustrate, to stop
 Delay', *a.* a deferring; a stop, a hindrance
 Delect'able, *a.* pleasing, delightful
 Delecta'tion, *a.* pleasure, delight
 Del'egacy, *a.* the deputies of a public body
 Del'egate, *v. a.* to send away; to intrust
 Del'egate, *a.* a deputy, a commissioner, a vicar
 Del'egates, *a. pl.* a court of appeal
 Delec'torious, *a.* deadly, destructive
 Delec'tion, *a.* act of blotting out; destruction
 Deff, Deffe, Deiph, *a.* a quarry, a mine; a kind of counterfeit China ware
 Deliba'tion, *a.* an essay, an attempt; taste
 Delib'erate, *v. n.* to think, hesitate, muse
 Delib'erate, *a.* circumspect, wary, slow
 Delibera'tion, *a.* circumspection, thought
 Del'icacy, *a.* delicateness, nicety, politeness
 Del'icate, *a.* nice, dainty, polite, pure, fine
 Del'icateness, *a.* tenderness, effeminacy
 Del'icious, *a.* sweet, grateful, agreeable
 Delige'tion, *a.* the act of binding up
 Del'ight, *a.* joy, pleasure, satisfaction
 Del'ight, *v.* to content, to please, to satisfy
 Del'ightful, *a.* pleasant, charming
 Delin'cate, *v. a.* to design, sketch, paint
 Delinea'tion, *a.* outlines of a picture; a sketch
 Delin'quency, *a.* a fault; failure in duty
 Delin'quent, *a.* an offender, a criminal
 Del'iquate, *v. a.* to melt, dissolve, clarify
 Delir'ious, *a.* light-headed, raving, doting
 Delir'ium, *a.* alienation of mind; dotage
 Deliv'er, *v. a.* to resign; rescue; pronounce
 Deliv'erance, *a.* freedom from; utterance

Deliv'ery, *s.* release; rescue; childbirth
 Dell, *s.* a pit, a cavity, a shady covert
 Delu'de, *v. a.* to cheat, deceive, disappoint
 Delve, *v. n.* to dig, to fathom, to sift
 Délve, *s.* a ditch, a pitfall, a den, a cave
 Del'ver, *s.* one who digs with a spade
 Deluge, *s.* a general inundation
 Deluge, *v. a.* to drown, to overwhelm
 Delu'sion, *s.* a cheat, a deception, an error
 Delu'sive, Delu'sory, *a.* apt to deceive
 Demagogue, *s.* the ringleader of a faction
 Deman'd, *s.* a claim; a question; a call
 Deman'd, *v. a.* to claim with authority
 Deman'dant, *s.* the plaintive in an action
 Deman'der, *s.* one who demands dues
 Demer'n, *v. a.* to behave; to undervalue
 Demer'nour, *s.* carriage, behaviour
 Demer'tate, *a.* infuriated, insane
 Dementia'tion, *s.* madness, delirious state
 Demer'it, *s.* the opposite to merit; ill deserving—*v. n.* to deserve punishment
 Deane'sie, *s.* a patrimonial estate
 Dem'i, *a.* half; at Oxford a half fellow
 Dem'i-devil, *s.* half a devil; a wicked wretch
 Dem'i-god, *s.* half a god; a great hero
 Demigra'tion, *s.* a removing from place to place, changing the habitation
 Demirep, *s.* a woman of light fame
 Demise, *s.* death, decease
 Demi'se, *v. a.* to bequeath at one's death
 Demis'sion, *s.* degradation, depression
 Demit', *v. a.* to degrade, to depress
 Democr'acy, *s.* a form of government, in which the sovereign power is lodged in the body of the people
 Dem'ocrat, Democr'atist, *s.* one devoted to democracy
 Democr'atic, *a.* relating to democracy
 Demol'ish, *v. a.* to destroy, to overthrow
 Demol'isher, *s.* a destroyer, a layer waste
 Demol'ition, *s.* an act of demolishing buildings
 Dem'on, *s.* an evil spirit, a devil
 Demoni'ac, *s.* one possessed with a demon
 Demoni'acal, Demoni'an, *a.* devilish
 Demonol'ogy, *s.* a treatise on evil spirits
 Demon'strable, *a.* that which may be proved beyond doubt or contradiction; evident
 Demon'strate, *v. a.* to prove with certainty
 Demon'stration, *s.* an indubitable proof
 Demon'strative, *a.* invincibly conclusive
 Demoraliza'tion, *s.* a destruction of morals
 Demor'alize, *v. a.* to render unreasonable, unholy, unjust
 Demur'cent, *a.* softening, mollifying
 Demur', *v.* to delay, to suspend, to doubt of
 Demur', *s.* hesitation, suspense of opinion
 Demu're, *a.* decent, grave, affectedly modest
 Demu'rely, *ad.* affectedly, solemnly
 Demur'rage, *s.* allowance for delaying ships
 Demur'rer, *s.* a stop in a lawsuit
 Demy', *s.* a paper so called
 Den, *s.* a cavern; cave for wild beasts, &c.
 Den'ary, *a.* relating to or containing ten
 Denay', *s.* a denial, a refusal, a rejection
 Den'dable, *a.* that may be denied
 Den'al, *s.* refusal, negation, abjuration
 Den'grate, *v. a.* to blacken, to make black
 Deniza'tion, *s.* the act of making a man free

Den'izen, *s.* a citizen, a freeman
 Denom'inate, *v. a.* to give a name to
 Denomina'tion, *s.* a name given to; a title
 Denom'native, *a.* conferring a name
 Denota'tion, *s.* the act of denoting
 Deno'te, *v. a.* to mark, betoken, point out
 Denou'nce, *v. a.* to threaten, to accuse
 Dense, *a.* close, compact, almost solid
 Den'sity, *s.* closeness, compactness
 Dent, *v. a.* to indent, to mark with notches
 Den'tal, *a.* relating to the teeth
 Dentel'li, *s.* modillions in architecture
 Dentic'ulated, *a.* set with small teeth
 Den'tifrice, *s.* a powder for the teeth
 Dentit'ion, *s.* the act of breeding the teeth
 Dentist, *s.* a tooth-doctor
 Denu'date, Denu'de, *v. a.* to strip, to divest
 Denuncia'tion, *s.* a public menace
 Den'y', *v. a.* to contradict; to refuse, disown
 Deob'struent, *a.* removing obstructions
 De'odand, *s.* forfeiture made to God
 Deop'plative, *a.* clearing obstructions
 Depa'nt, *v. a.* to picture, to describe
 Depa'rt, *v.* to go away; to die; to apostatize
 Depa'rt, Depa'rture, *s.* a going away; death
 Depa'r'tment, *s.* a separate office; duty
 Depau'perate, *v. a.* to make poor
 Deper'tible, *a.* tough, clammy; tenacious
 Depen'd, *v. n.* to hang from; to rely on
 Depen'dance, *s.* connexion, reliance, trust
 Depen'dant, *a.* in the power of another
 Depen'dant, Depen'dent, Depen'der, *a.* one who lives in subjection to another
 Depen'dent, *a.* hanging from or down
 Dephlegm', *v. a.* to clear from phlegm
 Depic't, *v. a.* to paint, portray, describe
 Depic'ted, *part.* painted, described, told
 Dep'fious, *a.* without hair, smooth
 Deple'tion, *s.* act of emptying out or from
 Deplo'rable, *a.* sad, hopeless, lamentable
 Deplo're, *v. a.* to lament, bewail, mourn
 Deplu'med, *a.* stripped of the feathers
 Depo'nent, *s.* a witness on oath; in grammar such verbs as have no active voice
 Depop'ulate, *v. a.* to unpeople, to lay waste
 Depopula'tion, *s.* havoc, destruction, waste
 Depo'rt, *v. n.* to carry, demean, behave
 Depo'rt, Depo'r'tment, *s.* behaviour, conduct
 Depor'tation, *s.* transportation, exile
 Depo'se, *v. a.* to degrade, to divest; to attest
 Depo'site, *v. a.* to lay up as a pledge, &c.—*s.* a pledge, a pawn, security given
 Deposi'tion, *s.* the act of giving public testimony; depriving a prince of sovereignty
 Depos'itory, *s.* the place where any thing is lodged; a warehouse, a storehouse
 Depo't, *s.* a place in which stores are deposited for the use of an army
 Deprava'tion, *s.* depravity, defamation
 Depra've, *v. a.* to vitiate, to corrupt
 Deprave'ment, Depravi'ty, *s.* a vitiated state
 Dep'recate, *v. a.* to pray deliverance from to avert by prayer; to implore mercy
 Deprac'tion, *s.* a prayer against evil
 Depre'ciate, *v. a.* to lessen in value
 Dep'redate, *v. a.* to rob, to pillage, to spoil
 Depreda'tion, *s.* a robbing, a spoiling
 Depreda'tor, *s.* a robber, a plunderer

- Deprehen'd, *v. a.* to take unawares, discover
 Depress', *v. a.* to humble, deject, cast down
 Depression, *s.* the act of humbling; low-
 ness of spirits; act of pressing down
 Depressive, *a.* having the power to depress
 Depressor, *s.* he that keeps or presses down
 Deprivation, *s.* the act of depriving
 Deprive, *v. a.* to take from, debar, bereave
 Depth, *a.* deepness; the abyss; abstruseness
 Deputate, *v. a.* to depute
 Depulse, *v. a.* to drive or thrust away
 Depurate, *a.* cleansed, pure, free from dregs
 Depuration, *s.* making pure or clear
 Depuratory, *a.* tending to cleanse or free
 Deputation, *s.* act of deputing; vicegerency
 Depute, *v. a.* to appoint, to empower, to act
 Deputy, *s.* any one that transacts business
 for another, a substitute, a viceroy
 Deracinate, *v. a.* to pluck up by the roots
 Derail'gn, *v. a.* to prove; to justify
 Derange, *v. a.* to turn out of the proper
 course; to disorder
 Derangement, *s.* disorder
 Dereliction, *s.* an utter forsaking
 Deride, *v. a.* to ridicule, mock, laugh at
 Derision, *s.* contempt, scorn; a laughing
 stock
 Derisive, *a.* ridiculing, scoffing, mocking
 Derivable, *a.* coming by derivation
 Derivation, *s.* tracing from its original
 Derivative, *a.* derived from another
 Derive, *v.* to deduce from its original; to
 owe its origin to; to descend from
 Dernier, *a.* the last, the only remaining
 Derogate, *v.* to disparage, detract, lessen
 Derogate, *a.* lessened in value, damaged
 Derogately, Derogatorily, *ad.* detractively
 Derogation, *s.* a defamation; detraction
 Derogatory, Derogative, *a.* detractory; that
 lessens the honour of; dishonourable
 Der'vis, Der'vise, *a.* a Turkish priest
 Der'cant, *s.* a song; discourse; disputation
 Descan't, *v. n.* to discourse at large
 Descend, *v. n.* to come down, to sink
 Descendant, *s.* the offspring of an ancestor
 Descent, *a.* proceeding from
 Descention, *s.* the act of falling or sinking;
 a declension; degradation
 Descen't, *s.* a declivity; invasion; birth
 Describe, *v. a.* to represent by words, &c.
 Description, *s.* the act of describing; re-
 presentation; delineation
 Descriptive, *a.* tending to describe
 Descry', *v. a.* to spy out, discover, detect
 Desecration, *s.* the abolition of consecration
 Deser't, *s.* merit, worth, claim to reward
 Desert, *s.* a wilderness; solitude; waste
 Deser't, *v. a.* to forsake, to abandon, to quit
 Deser'ter, *s.* one who forsakes his cause; he
 that quits his regiment clandestinely
 Deser'tion, *s.* act of forsaking or abandoning
 Deser'tless, *a.* without merit, worthless
 Deser'trice, *s.* she who forsakes her duty
 Deserve, *v. n.* to be worthy of good or ill
 Deserv'dly, *ad.* worthily, according to
 desert
 Deserv'ing, *part.* worthy of; good; kind
 Desic'cant, *s.* an application to dry sores
- Desic'cate, *v. a.* to dry up, to exhale
 Desiderate, *v. a.* to want, to miss
 Desideratum, *s.* somewhat which inquiry
 has not been able to settle or discover;
 as the longitude is the desideratum of
 navigation
 Des'gn, *v. a.* to purpose, to project, to plan
 Des'gn, *a.* an intention, a plan, a scheme
 Des'gnate, *v. a.* to point out; to distinguish
 Designation, *s.* appointment; intention
 Des'ignedly, *ad.* intentionally, purposely
 Des'igner, *s.* a contriver; an architect
 Des'igning, *a.* deceitful, cunning, insidious
 Des'igning, *s.* the art of delineating the ap-
 pearance of natural objects
 Des'inence, *s.* a close, an ending
 Des'irable, *a.* worthy of desire, pleasing
 Des're, *s.* wish; eagerness to obtain or enjoy
 Des're, *v. a.* to wish, to covet; to entreat
 Des'reous, *a.* full of desire, eager, anxious
 Desist, *v. n.* to cease from any thing, to stop
 Desistive, *a.* ending, concludent, final
 Desk, *s.* an inclining table to write on
 Des'olate, *v. a.* to lay waste, to make desert
 Desolate, *a.* laid waste, uninhabited, solitary
 Desolation, *s.* destruction, gloominess
 Despair, *s.* hopelessness, despondence
 Despair, *v. a.* to be without hope, to despond
 Despat'ch, *v. a.* to send away hastily; to kill
 Despat'ch, *s.* haste, speed; an express
 Desperado, *s.* a furious person
 Desperate, *a.* having no hope; rash, furious
 Desperately, *ad.* rashly, furiously, madly
 Desperation, *s.* despair, rashness
 Despicable, *a.* contemptible, worthless
 Desp'iable, *a.* contemptible, mean
 Despisal, *s.* scorn, contempt
 Despis'e, *v. a.* to scorn, to contemn, to slight
 Despit'e, *s.* malice, malignity; defiance
 Despit'e, *v. a.* to vex, to affront, to distress
 Despit'eful, *a.* malicious, full of spleen
 Despoil, *v. a.* to rob, to plunder, to deprive
 Despoil'ion, *s.* the act of despoiling
 Despon'd, *v. n.* to despair, to lose hope
 Despondency, *s.* despair, hopelessness
 Despondent, *a.* dejected, despairing
 Despon'sate, *v. a.* to betroth, to affianc
 Despot, *s.* an absolute prince; one that
 governs with unlimited authority
 Despot'ic, *a.* absolute, arbitrary, unlimited
 Despotism, *s.* absolute power, tyranny
 Despuantion, *s.* scum, frothiness
 Deser't, *s.* the last course at a feast; fruit
 Des'tinate, *v. a.* to design, to intend
 Destination, *s.* the purpose intended
 Des'tine, *v. a.* to doom, to appoint, to devote
 Des'tiny, *s.* fate, doom; invincible necessity
 Destitute, *a.* forsaken, in want, friendless
 Destitution, *s.* a want, poverty
 Destroy, *v. a.* to lay waste; kill; desolate
 Destroyer, *s.* the person that destroys
 Destructible, *a.* liable to destruction
 Destruction, *s.* ruin; murder; demolition
 Destructive, *a.* that which destroys; waste-
 ful
 Desuetude, *s.* disuse of a custom
 Desultorily, *ad.* in a desultory manner
 Desultory, *a.* unsettled, unconnected

Desu'me, *v. a.* to take from any thing
 Detach', *v. a.* to separate; to send off a party
 Detach'ed, *part.* sent off, disengaged
 Detachment, *s.* a body of troops detached
 Detail, *s.* a minute particular relation
 Detail'n, *v. a.* to withhold; keep in custody
 Detail'nder, *s.* a writ to detain in custody
 Detail'ner, *s.* one who detains, &c.
 Detect', *v. a.* to discover, to find out
 Detection, *s.* discovery of guilt or fraud
 Detention, *s.* the act of detaining; restraint
 Deter', *v. a.* to discourage, to dishearten
 Deter'ge, *v. a.* to cleanse a wound
 Deter'gent, *s.* cleansing, wiping off
 Deteriorate, *v. a.* to impair; to make worse
 Determent, *s.* cause of discouragement
 Determinable, *s.* that which can be decided
 Deter'minate, *v. a.* to limit, to fix
 Deter'minate, *s.* limited, decisive, resolute
 Deter'minately, *ad.* resolutely, decisively
 Determination, *s.* a decision; a resolution
 Deter'mine, *v. a.* to fix, to resolve, to decide
 Deter'mined, *part.* resolved, decided
 Deter'sive, *s.* having power to cleanse
 Deter't, *v. a.* to hate, abhor, dislike greatly
 Detest'able, *s.* hateful, odious, abominable
 Detesta'tion, *s.* hatred, abhorrence
 Detrou'ne, *v. a.* to divest of regency
 Demon'stration, *s.* that noise which happens on
 mixing fluids that ferment with violence
 Detrac't, *v. a.* to derogate, slander, defame
 Detraction, *s.* defamation, slander
 Detrac'tive, *s.* tending to detract
 Detrac'tory, *s.* defamatory, derogatory
 Detriment, *s.* loss, damage, mischief, harm
 Detrimen'tal, *s.* hurtful, injurious
 Detriti'on, *s.* the act of wearing away
 Detrou'de, *v. a.* to thrust down, to lower
 Detrou'sion, *s.* the act of thrusting down
 Devasta'tion, *s.* waste, havoc, destruction
 Deuce, *s.* the two in cards or dice; the devil
 Devel'op, *v. a.* to unfold, detect, unravel
 Devert', *v. a.* to strip; annul; free from
 Deviate, *v. a.* to wander, to go astray, to err
 Devia'tion, *s.* quitting the right way; offence
 Dev'ice, *s.* a contrivance; an emblem
 Dev'il, *s.* a fallen angel; a wicked person
 Dev'lish, *s.* diabolical, abandoned; excessive
 Dev'ious, *s.* out of the common tract; erring
 Devise, *v.* to contrive, to invent, to consider
 Devise'd, *part.* contrived; given by will
 Devisee', *s.* one to whom a thing is devised
 Devot'd, *s.* empty, vacant, destitute of
 Devot'r, *s.* service; an act of obsequiousness
 Devolve, *v.* to fall by succession; roll down
 Devote, *v. a.* to consecrate; to give up
 Devotee', *s.* a bigot, a superstitious person
 Devot'ion, *s.* piety; worship; power; ardour
 Devou'r, *v. a.* to eat ravenously, to consume
 Devout', *s.* pious, religious, sincere
 Devout'ly, *ad.* devoutly; with ardent devotion
 Deuterog'amy, *s.* a second marriage
 Deuterocopy, *s.* the second intention
 Dew, *s.* a thin cold vapour—*v. a.* to moisten
 Dew'berry, *s.* a fruit; a kind of raspberry
 Dew'drop, *s.* a drop of dew, a spangle of dew
 Dew'lap, *s.* the flesh hanging from the
 throats of oxen; the lip flaccid with age

Dew'y, *s.* resembling or moist with dew
 Dexter'ity, *s.* activity, readiness, expertness
 Dexterous, *s.* expert, active, cunning
 Dexterously, *ad.* expertly, artfully, skilfully
 Dex'tral, Dex'ter, *s.* on the right hand side
 Dey, *s.* the title of a Moorish prince
 Diabe'tes, *s.* an excessive discharge of urine
 Diabolical, *s.* devilish, impious, nefarious
 Diach'ylon, *s.* a mollifying plaster
 Diaco'dhun, *s.* the syrup of poppies
 Diacou'stics, *s.* the doctrine of sounds
 Diadem, *s.* a crown, a mark of royalty
 Dia'resis, *s.* the division of syllables
 Diagnostic, *s.* a distinguishing symptom
 Diagonal, *s.* a line from angle to angle
 Diagram, *s.* a mathematical scheme
 Dial, *s.* a plate on which a hand shows the
 hour of the day by the progress of the sun
 Dial'ect, *s.* a manner of expression; particular
 style; subdivision of a language
 Dialectical, *s.* logical, argumental
 Dialectic, *s.* logic; the art of reasoning
 Dial'ling, *s.* the art of constructing dials
 Dial'ogist, *s.* a writer of dialogues
 Dialogue, *s.* a conversation between two
 or more persons; alternate discourse
 Diam'eter, *s.* a line which, passing through
 a circle, divides it into two equal parts
 Diamet'rical, *s.* describing a diameter
 Diamet'rically, *ad.* in a diametrical direc-
 tion; in direct opposition
 Diam'ond, *s.* the most valuable of all gems
 Diap'ason, *s.* an octave in music; a concord
 Diaper, *s.* a sort of fine flowered linen
 Diaph'amous, *s.* transparent, clear, pellucid
 Diaphoret'ic, *s.* promoting perspiration
 Diaphragm, *s.* the miltirif; a partition
 Diarrho'a, *s.* a flux of the belly; looseness
 Di'ary, *s.* a daily account; a journal
 Dia'tole, *s.* the making a short syllable long,
 the dilatation of the heart
 Dib'ble, *s.* a gardener's planting tool
 Dice, *s.* pl. of Die—*v. a.* to game with dice
 Dicer, *s.* a player at dice, a gamester
 Dick'er, *s.* the number of ten
 Dic'tate, *v. a.* to tell what to write; instruct
 Dic'tate, *s.* a precept, an instruction
 Dicta'tor, *s.* a ruler; a Roman magistrate
 Dictato'rial, Dic'tatory, *s.* authoritative
 Dicta'torship, *s.* the office of a dictator
 Dic'tion, *s.* style, language, expression
 Dic'tionary, *s.* a book explaining the words
 of any language alphabetically; a lexicon
 Didac'tic, *s.* preceptive, giving precepts; as
 a didactic poem give rules for some art
 Didac'tic, Didac'tical, *s.* doctrinal
 Didac'tically, *ad.* in a didactic manner
 Did'dle, *v. a.* to totter like a child
 Die, *v.* to tinge, colour; to lose life, perish
 Die, *s.* a small marked cube to play with;
 stamp used in coinage; colour, stain, hue
 Dier, *s.* one who dies cloth, &c.
 Diet, *s.* food; an assembly of princes
 Diet, *v.* to supply with food; to eat by rule
 Diet'drink, *s.* a drink made with herbs, &c.
 Differ, *v. a.* to be unlike, to vary, disagree
 Difference, *s.* dissimilitude; a dispute
 Different, *s.* distinct, unlike, dissimilar

Differently, *ad.* in a different manner
 Difficult, *a.* not easy, troublesome, vexatious
 Difficulty, *s.* distress, perplexity; objection
 Diffidence, *s.* distrust, want of confidence
 Diffident, *a.* not confident, distrustful
 Diffident, *a.* flowing every way, not fixed
 Diffuse, *a.* not uniform, irregular
 Diffuse, *v. a.* to pour out, to scatter, to spread
 Diffuse, *a.* scattered, copious, not concise
 Diffusely, *ad.* widely, copiously
 Diffusive, *a.* capable of being diffused
 Diffusion, *s.* diffusiveness, *a.* dispersion
 Diffusive, *a.* dispersed, scattered, extended
 Dig, *v. a.* to turn up or cultivate land
 Digest, *v.* to dissolve; range in order
 Digest, *a.* a collection of civil laws
 Digestible, *a.* that which may be digested
 Digestion, *s.* the concocting or dissolving of food in the stomach; preparation of matter by heat; reduction to a regular plan
 Digger, *a.* one who digs or turns up earth
 Dight, *v. a.* to deck, to dress, to adorn
 Dight, *s.* three quarters of an inch; the twelfth part of the diameter of the sun or moon; any number under ten
 Digital, *a.* relating to a digit or the finger
 Digitised, *part.* invested with honours
 Digitify, *v. a.* to advance, to exalt, to honour
 Digitary, *a.* a clergyman advanced to some dignity above that of a parochial priest
 Dignity, *s.* grandeur, rank, honour
 Digress, *v. a.* to turn aside; to expatiate
 Digression, *s.* a deviation from the subject
 Digressional, Digressive, *a.* expatiating
 Dike, *s.* a ditch, a channel, a bank, a mound
 Dilacerate, *v. a.* to tear, to force in two
 Dilapidate, *v. a.* to fall to ruin
 Dilapidation, *s.* the incumbent's suffering any edifice of his ecclesiastical living to decay for want of repair
 Dilatable, *a.* capable of extension
 Dilate, *v.* to extend, to widen; to relate
 Dilator, *s.* that which widens or extends
 Dilatoriness, *s.* slowness, sluggishness
 Dilatory, *a.* tardy, slow, loitering
 Dilemma, *s.* difficulty, vexatious alternative
 Diligence, *s.* industry, constant application
 Diligent, *a.* persevering, assiduous, not idle
 Dilucid, *a.* clear, plain, not opaque
 Dilucidate, *v. a.* to make clear, to explain
 Dilute, *v. a.* to make thin, to weaken
 Dilution, *s.* the act of diluting
 Diluvian, *a.* relating to the deluge
 Dim, *a.* not clear in sight or apprehension
 Dimension, *s.* bulk, extent, capacity
 Dimension, *s.* extent, capacity
 Diminish, *v.* to impair, to lessen, to degrade
 Diminution, *s.* the act of making less
 Diminutive, *a.* small, little, contracted
 Dimissory, *a.* a letter from one bishop to another about conferring holy orders
 Dimity, *s.* a fine fustian, or cloth of cotton
 Dimness, *s.* dulness of sight; stupidity
 Dimple, *s.* a hollow in the cheek or chin
 Dimply, *a.* full of dimples
 Din, *s.* a loud noise, a continued sound

Dine, *v.* to eat or give a dinner
 Dinetical, *a.* whirling round; vertiginous
 Ding, *v.* to dash with violence; bluster, huff
 Dingie, *s.* a hollow between two hills
 Dingy, *a.* dark, dirty, soiled, foul
 Dinuer, *a.* the chief meal of the day
 Dint, *s.* a blow, a mark; violence, force
 Dinumeration, *s.* the numbering one by one
 Diolus, *s.* a whirlwind; a giddiness
 Diocesan, *s.* a bishop or head of a diocese
 Diocess, *s.* the jurisdiction of a bishop
 Dioptrics, *s.* a part of optics treating of the different refractions of the light
 Dip, *v.* to immerge; to moisten; to engage
 Dip/hthong, *s.* two vowels joined together
 Diploma, *s.* a deed or privilege of degree
 Diplomacy, *s.* a privileged state
 Diplomatic, *a.* relating to envoys
 Dip/sas, *s.* a serpent whose bite causes thirst
 Dip/tote, *s.* a noun of two cases only
 Dire, Direful, *a.* dreadful, dismal, horrible
 Direct, *a.* straight, open, plain, express
 Direct, *v. a.* to command, regulate, adjust
 Direction, *s.* an aim; superscription
 Directly, *ad.* immediately, apparently; in a straight line; rectilinearly
 Director, *s.* a superintendant; an instructor
 Directorial, *a.* giving direction
 Directory, *s.* a form of prayer; a rule
 Directress, Directrix, *s.* she who directs
 Direness, *s.* dismalness, horror, hideousness
 Direption, *s.* the act of plundering
 Dirge, *s.* a mournful or funeral duty
 Dirk, *s.* a kind of dagger or short sword
 Dirt, *s.* mud, filth, mire; meanness
 Dirtiness, *s.* nastiness; sordidness
 Dirty, *a.* foul, nasty, sullied; base, mean
 Dirty, *v. a.* to foul, to soil; to scandalize
 Disruption, *s.* the act or state of bursting
 Disability, *s.* want of power, weakness
 Dissable, *v. a.* to render incapable, to impair
 Disabuse, *v. a.* to undeceive, to set right
 Disadvantage, *s.* loss, injury to interest
 Disadvantageous, *a.* prejudicial, hurtful
 Disadvantageously, *ad.* in a manner contrary to interest or profit
 Disaffect, *v. a.* to fill with discontent
 Disaffected, *part.* not wishing well to
 Disaffection, *s.* want of loyalty or zeal
 Disaffirmance, *s.* a confutation; a negation
 Disagree, *v. a.* to differ in opinion, to quarrel
 Disagreeable, *a.* unpleasant, offensive
 Disagreement, *s.* difference, unsuitableness
 Disalliege, *v. a.* to alienate from allegiance
 Disallow, *v.* to deny; to censure; to reject
 Disallowable, *a.* not allowable, improper
 Disan/mate, *v. a.* to deprive of life; defect
 Disanimation, *s.* privation of life
 Disannul, *v. a.* to annul, to make void
 Disappea/r, *v. a.* to be lost to view, to vanish
 Disappoint, *v. a.* to defeat of expectation
 Disappointment, *s.* defeat of hopes; miscarriage of expectation; a balk
 Disapprobation, *s.* a censure, a dislike
 Disapprove, *v. a.* to dislike, to censure
 Disarm, *v. a.* to take away or divest of arms
 Disarmed, *part.* deprived of arms
 Disarrange, *v. a.* to unsettle

Disarray', *s.* disorder, confusion; undress
 Disaster, *s.* misfortune, grief, mishap
 Disastrous, *a.* unlucky, calamitous
 Disavow'ch, Disavow', *v. a.* to disown
 Disavow'al, Disavow'ment, *s.* a denial
 Disband, *v. a.* to dismiss from military service; to separate, to break up, to scatter
 Disbark, *v. a.* to land from a ship
 Disbelieve, *s.* a refusal of belief; discredit
 Disbelieve, *v. a.* not to credit or believe
 Disbelieve'r, *s.* one who refuses belief
 Disband'ch, *v. a.* to separate or lop off
 Disbur'den, *v. a.* to unload, to discharge
 Disbur'se, *v. a.* to spend or lay out money
 Disbur'sement, *s.* a disbursing of money
 Disbur'dy, *v. n.* to dissolve, to melt
 Disca'r'd, *v. a.* to dismiss or eject from service
 Disca'ruate, *a.* stripped of flesh
 Disce'r'n, *v. a.* to discern, judge, distinguish
 Disce'r'nible, *a.* discoverable, perceptible
 Disce'r'ning, *part. a.* judicious, knowing
 Disce'r'nment, *s.* judgment, skill
 Disce'r'ptible, *a.* frangible, separable
 Discha'rge, *v. a.* to dismiss; to emit; to pay
 Discha'rge, *s.* a dismissal; an acquittance
 Disce'r'ct, *a.* undressed; loose dressed
 Disce'r'd, *v. a.* to divide; to cut in pieces
 Disce'p'l, *a.* a scholar; a follower
 Disce'p'ship, *s.* the state of a disciple
 Disce'pline, *s.* a military regulation; order
 Disce'pline, *v. a.* to educate; to regulate; to keep in order; to reform; to chastise
 Discla'm, *v. a.* to disown, deny, renounce
 Discla'se, *v. a.* to reveal, to tell, to discover
 Discla'sure, *s.* revealing a secret; discovery
 Discol'our, *v. a.* to stain or change colour
 Discom'fit, *v. a.* to defeat, to vanquish
 Discom'fure, *s.* overthrow; loss of battle
 Discom'fort, *v. a.* to grieve, defect, sadden
 Discom'fort, *s.* uneasiness, melancholy
 Discom'mend, *v. a.* to blame, to censure
 Discom'mendable, *a.* blamable, censurable
 Discom'mode, *v. a.* to molest
 Discom'mode, *v. a.* to put to inconvenience
 Discom'pose, *v. a.* to ruffle, to vex, to displace
 Disconce'r't, *v. a.* to unsettle, to discompose
 Discon'formity, *s.* want of agreement
 Discon'gruity, *s.* inconsistency, disagreement
 Discon'solate, *a.* sad, hopeless, sorrowful
 Discon'tent, *s.* a want of content, sorrow
 Discon'tent'ed, *part. a.* uneasy, dissatisfied
 Discon'tent'ment, *s.* the state of being discontented; uneasiness
 Discontin'uance, Discontinua'tion, *s.* a cessation, separation, intermission
 Discontin'ue, *v. a.* to leave off; to interrupt
 Dis'cord, *s.* a disagreement; opposition
 Disco'r'dance, *s.* disagreement, inconsistency
 Disco'r'dant, *a.* inconsistent, incongruous
 Disco'r'dful, *a.* quarrelsome, not peaceable
 Disco'r'er, *v. a.* to disclose, to detect, to spy
 Disco'r'ered, *part. found out, betrayed*
 Disco'very, *s.* the act of finding; invention
 Discou'nt, *v. a.* to draw back, to pay back
 Dis'count, *s.* a drawback, an allowance
 Discou'ntenance, *v. a.* to discourage, abash
 Discou'ntenance, *s.* cold treatment

Discour'age, *v. a.* to deter, depress, dissuade
 Discour'agement, *s.* deterrent, cause of fear
 Discou'r'se, *s.* conversation; a treatise
 Discour'teous, *a.* uncivil, rough, unpolite
 Dis'cous, *a.* broad, flat, wide
 Discre'd'it, *s.* ignominy, reproach, disgrace
 Discre'd'it, *v. a.* not to believe; to disgrace
 Discreet, *a.* prudent, cautious, modest
 Discrepance, *s.* a difference, contrariety
 Discre'te, *a.* distinct, disjointed, separated
 Discret'ion, *s.* prudence; liberty of acting
 Discret'ional, *a.* unlimited, unrestrained
 Discret'ionary, *a.* left at large, unrestrained
 Discrim'inate, *v. a.* to mark, select, separate
 Discrim'ination, *s.* a distinction; act of distinguishing one from another; a mark
 Discrim'inous, *a.* dangerous, perilous
 Discu'sitory, *a.* fitted to a leaning posture
 Discum'bency, *s.* the act of leaning at meat
 Discum'ber, *v. a.* to unburden, to disengage
 Discu'sion, *s.* act of running to and fro
 Discu'sive, *a.* progressive, argumentative
 Discu'sory, *a.* argumentative, rational
 Dis'cus, *a.* a quoit; a round iron for play
 Discus's, *v. a.* to examine, argue, disperse
 Discus'sion, *s.* examination of a question
 Disce'tient, *s.* a repelling medicine
 Disda'i'n, *s.* contempt, scorn, indignation
 Disda'i'n, *v. a.* to scorn, to reject, to slight
 Disda'i'nful, *a.* contemptuous, haughty
 Disce'as, *s.* distemper, sickness, malady
 Disce'as, *v. a.* to afflict, to torment, to pain
 Disce'as'd, *part. afflicted with a distemper*
 Disemba'r'k, *v. a.* to put on shore, to land
 Disembar'ness, *v. a.* to free from impediment
 Disemba'ter, *v. a.* to free from bitterness
 Disembod'ied, *a.* divested of the body
 Disembo'gue, *v. a.* to discharge into the sea
 Disembro'l, *v. a.* to clear up, to disentangle
 Disenchant, *v. a.* to free from enchantment
 Disencum'ber, *v. a.* to disburden, exonerate
 Disenga'ge, *v. a.* to quit, extricate, free from
 Disenga'ged, *part. a.* at leisure; clear from
 Disenno'ble, *v. a.* to degrade
 Disentan'gle, *v. a.* to unravel, to disengage
 Disenthrall, *v. a.* to set free, to rescue
 Disenthrone, *v. a.* to depose a sovereign
 Disentran'se, *v. a.* to awaken from a trance
 Disespo'u'se, *v. a.* to separate, to divorce
 Disesteem, *s.* slight regard, dislike
 Disfa'vour, *v. a.* to discountenance
 Disfigu'ration, *s.* act of disfiguring; deformity
 Disfig'ure, *v. a.* to deform, deface, mangle
 Disfig'urement, *s.* defacement of beauty
 Disfranch'ise, *v. a.* to deprive cities, &c. of chartered privileges or immunities
 Disgo'rge, *v. a.* to vomit, pour out with force
 Disgra'ce, *v. a.* to dishonour, to dismiss
 Disgra'ce, *s.* dishonour, loss of favour
 Disgra'ceful, *a.* shameful, ignominious
 Disgra'cious, *a.* displeasing, unfavourable
 Disgu'ise, *s.* a dress to deceive; a pretence
 Disgu'ise, *v. a.* to conceal, disfigure, deform
 Disgu'st, *s.* an aversion, dislike, offence
 Disgu'st, *v. a.* to offend, provoke; to distaste
 Disgu'stful, *a.* nauseous, distasteful
 Dish, *s.* a vessel used to serve up meat in

- Dish, *v. a.* to put or serve up meat in a dish
 Dishabill'e, *a.* an undress, a loose dress
 Dishab't, *v. a.* to throw out of place; expel
 Dishes'ten, *v. a.* to discourage, to terrify
 Dish'er't, *v. a.* to cut off from inheritance
 Dish'er'e, *v. a.* to spread the hair disorderly
 Dish'er'el, *part.* loose, disordered
 Dishon'est, *a.* void of probity, faithless
 Dishon'esty, *a.* knavery; incontinence
 Dishon'our, *v. a.* to disgrace, to defour
 Dishon'our, *a.* reproach, disgrace, censure
 Dishon'ourable, *a.* shameful, reproachful
 Dish'o'm, *v. a.* to strip or deprive of horns
 Disinclina'tion, *a.* dislike, want of affection
 Disincl'ine, *v. a.* to produce dislike to
 Disin'corate, *v. a.* to separate, to dissolve
 Disingenu'ity, *a.* insincerity, unfitness
 Disingen'uous, *a.* illiberal, unfair, mean
 Disinher't, *v. a.* to deprive of inheritance
 Disin'ter, *v. a.* to take out of a grave
 Disin'terested, *a.* void of private advantage
 Disjoin, *v. a.* to separate, to disunite
 Disjoin't, *v. a.* to put out of joint; to fall in place; to make incoherent
 Disjoin'ted, *part.* separated, divided
 Disjudica'tion, *a.* the act of determining
 Disjun'ct, *a.* disjoined, separate
 Disjun'ction, *a.* a disunion, a separation
 Disk, *a.* the face of the sun, &c.; a quoit
 Dislike, *a.* aversion, disapprobation
 Dislike, *v. a.* to disapprove, to hate
 Dislike'n, *v. a.* to make unlike
 Dislim'b, *v. a.* to tear limb from limb
 Dislocate, *v. a.* to disjoint, to displace
 Dislocu'tion, *a.* act of displacing; a luxation
 Dislod'ge, *v. a.* to drive out; to move away
 Disloy'al, *a.* not true to allegiance; faithless
 Disloy'alty, *a.* a want of allegiance
 Dis'mal, *a.* sorrowful, uncomfortable; dark
 Dis'mally, *ad.* horribly, sorrowfully
 Disman'tle, *v. a.* to strip, overthrow, destroy
 Disman'tk, *v. a.* to put off; divest; uncover
 Disman't, *v. a.* to deprive of or cut off masts
 Dismay', *v. a.* to terrify, affright, deject
 Dismay', *a.* a fall of courage; terror
 D'sme, *a.* a tenth part, a tithes
 Dismem'ber, *v. a.* to cut off a limb, &c.
 Dismiss', *v. a.* to send away, to discard
 Dismiss'al, *a.* dismissal, deprivation
 Dismiss'ed, *part.* sent away, discharged
 Dismiss'ion, *a.* a sending away; deprivation
 Dis'mortgage, *v. a.* to redeem from mortgage
 Dis'mou'nt, *v. a.* to throw or slight from a horse
 Disobe'dience, *a.* a breach of duty
 Disobe'dient, *a.* undutiful, froward
 Disobey, *v. a.* not to obey, to transgress
 Disobli'ge, *v. a.* to offend, disgust, provoke
 Disobli'ging, *part.* a. disgusting, unpleasing
 Diso'der, *a.* tumult, irregularity; sickness
 Diso'der, *v. a.* to disturb, ruffle; make sick
 Diso'derly, *a.* confused, irregular; lawless
 Diso'dinate, *a.* vicious, living irregularly
 Diso'rganize, *v. a.* to break in pieces
 Disown, *v. a.* not to own, renounce, deny
 Dispan'd, *v. a.* to display, to spread abroad
 Dispar'age, *v. a.* to treat with contempt
 Dispar'agement, *a.* a disgrace, a reproach
 Dispar'ity, *a.* inequality, dissimilitude
 Dispar'k, *v. a.* to throw open a park
 Dispar't, *v. a.* to divide in two, to separate
 Dispar'sion, *a.* coolness of temper
 Dispar'sionate, *a.* cool, moderate, impartial
 Dispar't'ch. See Despar't'ch
 Dispat', *v. a.* to drive away, to dissipate
 Dispen'd, *v. a.* to spend, consume, expend
 Dispen'sible, *a.* that may be dispensed with
 Dispen'sary, *a.* a place where medicines are dispensed to the public
 Dispensa'tion, *a.* an exemption; a distribu'tion; an indulgence from the Pope
 Dispen'satory, *a.* the directory for making medicines; a pharmacopoeia
 Dispen'se, *v. a.* to distribute; to excuse
 Dispeop'le, *v. a.* to depopulate, to lay waste
 Disper'ge, *v. a.* to sprinkle, to scatter
 Disper'se, *v. a.* to scatter, to drive away
 Disper'sion, *a.* the act of spreading abroad
 Dispir'it, *v. a.* to discourage, damp, oppress
 Displa'ce, *v. a.* to put out of place, to remove
 Displa'cency, *a.* incivility; disgust
 Displan't, *v. a.* to remove a plant; to drive away a people from their residence
 Displanta'tion, *a.* the removal of a people
 Display', *v. a.* to spread wide, to exhibit
 Display', *a.* grandeur, exhibition
 Displeas'ant, *a.* unpleasing, offensive
 Displeas'e, *v. a.* to offend, disgust, provoke
 Displeas'ure, *a.* offence, anger, disgrace
 Displeide, *v. a.* to vent with violence
 Dispos'ion, *a.* a bursting with violence
 Dispo'rt, *a.* play, sport, pastime, merriment
 Dispo'sible, *a.* that may be disposed of
 Dispo'sal, *a.* a regulation; conduct
 Dispo'se, *v. a.* to incline; to adjust; to set in order; to regulate; to sell
 Dispo'sed, *part.* placed; inclined; sold
 Disposi'tion, *a.* order; method; quality
 temper of mind; situation; tendency
 Disposses', *v. a.* to deprive; to dispossess
 Disposses'sion, *a.* the act of putting out
 Dispos'sure, *a.* disposal; power; state; posture
 Disprai'se, *a.* blame, censure, dishonour
 Disprai'se, *v. a.* to blame, censure, condemn
 Dispread', *v. a.* to spread different ways
 Disproof's, *a.* loss, damage—*v. a.* to injure
 Disproof', *a.* a confutation, a refutation
 Dispropo'rtion, *v. a.* to mismatch
 Dispropo'rtion, *a.* want of symmetry; unsuableness; disparity; inequality
 Dispropo'rtionable, Dispropo'rtionate, *a.* unsuitable in quantity; unequal
 Disprove, *v. a.* to confute, to refute
 Dispun'ishable, *a.* free from penal restraint
 Disputable, *a.* liable to be contested
 Disputant, *a.* a controversialist, a reasoner
 Disputa'tion, *a.* argumental contest
 Disputa'tious, Dispu'tative, *a.* inclined to dispute; captious; argumentative
 Dispute, *v. a.* to contend, oppose, wrangle
 Dispute, *a.* a contest, controversy, heat
 Disputeless, *a.* undisputed, undeniable
 Disqualifica'tion, *a.* that which disqualifies
 Disqual'ify, *v. a.* to make unfit, to disable
 Disquiet, *v. a.* to disturb, fret, vex, harass
 Disqui'et, Disqui'etude, *a.* uneasiness

Disquietly, *ad.* without rest, anxiously
 Disquisition, *a.* a disputative inquiry
 Disregard, *a.* slight notice, neglect, contempt

Disregard, *v. a.* to slight, neglect, contemn
 Disrespectful, *a.* negligent, contemptuous
 Disrelish, *a.* bad taste; dislike; nauseousness
 Disrelish, *v. a.* to make nauseous, &c.

Disrespectable, *a.* disgraceful, unbecoming
 Disreputation, Disrepute, *a.* dishonour
 Disrespect, *a.* rudeness, want of reverence

Disrespectful, *a.* irreverent, uncivil, rude
 Disrobe, *v. a.* to undress, uncover, strip

Disruption, *a.* a breaking asunder, a rent
 Dissatisfaction, *a.* discontent, disgust

Dissatisfactory, *a.* not giving content
 Dissatisfy, *v. a.* to displease, to disoblige

Dissect, *v. a.* to anatomize, to cut in pieces
 DissECTION, *a.* anatomy; nice examination

Dissolve, *v. a.* to dispossess, to deprive
 Dissolved, *a.* one deprived of his lands

Dissolve, *a.* an unlawful ejectment
 Dissolver, *a.* he that dispossesses another

Dissimblance, *a.* want of resemblance
 Dissimble, *v.* to play the hypocrite

Dissimbled, *part.* not real
 Dissimbler, *a.* a hypocrite, a pretender

Dissimulate, *v. a.* to scatter, sow, spread
 Dissimulation, *a.* the act of scattering

Dissension, *a.* disagreement, strife, discord
 Dissensions, *a.* contentious, quarrelsome

Dissent, *v. n.* to differ in opinion; to differ
 Dissenter, *a.* one who dissents from, or does not conform to the ceremonies of the established church; a nonconformist

Dissertation, *a.* a discourse; a treatise
 Disserve, *v. a.* to do an injury to, to hurt

Disservice, *a.* injury, mischief, ill turn
 Disserviceable, *a.* injurious, mischievous

Dissuade, *v. a.* to part in two, to disunite
 Dissolution, *a.* the act of bursting in two

Dissimilar, *a.* unlike, heterogeneous
 Dissimilarity, Dissimilitude, *a.* unlikeness

Dissimulation, *a.* a dissimbling; hypocrisy
 Dissipable, *a.* easily scattered

Dissipate, *v. a.* to disperse, to spend lavishly
 Dissipation, *a.* extravagant spending, waste

Dissociate, *v. a.* to separate, to disunite
 Dissoluble, *a.* capable of separation

Dissolve, *v.* to melt, disunite, separate
 Dissolvent, *a.* having the power of melting

Dissolvable, *a.* liable to be dissolved
 Dissolute, *a.* loose, unrestrained, debauched

Dissolution, *a.* a dissolving; death; destruction; act of breaking up an assembly

Dissonance, *a.* discord, harshness
 Dissonant, *a.* unharmonious, harsh

Dissuade, *v. a.* to advise to the contrary
 Dissuasive, *a.* apt or proper to dissuade

Dissyllable, *a.* a word of two syllables
 Distaff, *a.* a staff used in spinning

Distain, *v. a.* to stain, to tinge; to defame
 Distance, *a.* remoteness in place; space of time; respect; distant behaviour; reserve

Distance, *v. a.* to leave behind in a race
 Distant, *a.* remote in time or place; shy

Distaste, *a.* aversion, dislike, disgust
 Distasteful, *a.* nauseous, malignant

Distemper, *a.* a disease, malady, unreadiness
 Distemper, *v. a.* to discompose, ruffle, disaffect

Distemperature, *a.* intemperance; noise
 Distempered, *part.* discomposed; disturbed

Distend, *v. a.* to stretch out in breadth
 Distended, *part.* widened, swelled

Distend, *a.* space or length of extension
 Distention, *a.* act of stretching; breadth

Distich, *a.* a couple of lines; a couplet; an epigram consisting only of two verses

Distill, *v.* to drop; to draw by distillation
 Distillation, *a.* the act of distilling by fire

Distiller, *a.* one who distils spirits
 Distinct, *a.* different, separate, unconfused

Distinction, *a.* a difference; honourable note of superiority; quality; discernment

Distinctive, *a.* judicious, able to distinguish
 Distinctively, Distinctly, *ad.* not confusedly

Distinctness, *a.* clearness, plainness
 Distinguish, *v. a.* to discern, mark, honour

Distinguished, *part.* a. eminent, transcendent

Distort, *v. a.* to writh, twist, misrepresent
 Distortion, *a.* a grimace; misrepresentation

Divulge, *v. a.* to divulge, vex, make mad
 Divulged, *part.* a. perplexed, wild, divided

Divulge, *ad.* madly, frantically
 Divulgence, *a.* madness, confusion, discord

Divulge, *v. a.* to seize goods or chattels
 Divulge, *a.* a seizure of goods, &c.

Divulge, *v. n.* to flow
 Divulge, *v. a.* to harass, to make miserable

Divulge, *a.* a distaining; misery; want
 Divulge, *a.* miserable, full of trouble

Distribute, *v. a.* to divide among many
 Distribution, *a.* the act of distributing

District, *a.* a circuit; region; province
 Distrust, *v. a.* not to trust, to disbelieve

Distrust, *a.* suspicion, loss of confidence
 Distrustful, *a.* apt to distrust; timorous

Distrust, *v. a.* to perplex, confound, interrupt
 Distrustance, *a.* perplexity, confusion, tumult

Disturb, *a.* a violator of peace
 Divulge, *a.* a disgrace, loss of reputation

Divulge, *v. a.* to undervalue, to slight
 Dissuade, *a.* not uniform, heterogeneous

Dissuade, *a.* a separation; disagreement
 Dissuade, *v. a.* to divide; to separate friends

Dissuade, *a.* a state of actual separation
 Dissuade, *v. a.* to disaccustom, to leave off

Dissuade, *v. a.* to destroy the credit of; deny
 Ditch, *a.* a moat in fortification; a trench

Ditcher, *a.* a man who makes ditches
 Dithyrambic, *a.* a song in honour of Bacchus

Dithyrambic, *a.* sung; adapted to music
 Ditto, *a.* the aforesaid, the same repeated

Ditty, *a.* a song; a musical poem
 Divan, *a.* the Ottoman grand council

Divaricate, *v. a.* to divide into two
 Divarication, *a.* a division of opinions

Dive, *v. n.* to sink voluntarily under water; to immerge into any business or science

Diver, *a.* one who dives; a water fowl
 Diverge, *v. a.* to bend from one point

Divergent, *a.* going farther asunder
 Divers, *a.* several, sundry, more than one

Diverse, *a.* different, unlike, opposite
Diversification, *s.* change, variation
Diver'sify, *v. a.* to distinguish, to variegate
Diver'sion, *s.* a turning aside; sport, game
Diver'sity, *s.* dissimilitude, variegation
Diver'sely, *ad.* differently, variously
Diver't, *v. a.* to turn aside; to entertain
Diver'ting, *part.* merry, pleasing, agreeable
Diver'ting, *v. a.* to please, divert, exhilarate
Diver'tisement, *s.* diversion, recreation
Diver't, *v. a.* to strip; to dispossess
Diver'sture, *s.* the act of putting off
Div'dable, **Div'dant**, *a.* separate, different
Div'de, *v.* to part, separate; give in shares
Div'idend, *a.* a share, part allotted in division
Div'iders, *s.* a pair of compasses
Div'id'ual, *a.* divided, shared with others
Divina'tion, *s.* a foretelling of future events
Div'ine, *v.* to foretell, to foreknow, to guess
Div'ine, *a.* godlike, heavenly, not human
Div'ine, *s.* a minister of the gospel, a priest
Div'iner, *s.* one who professes divination
Divin'ity, *s.* the Deity; the Supreme Being;
 science of divine things; theology
Divis'ible, *a.* capable of being divided
Divis'ion, *s.* the act of dividing; partition;
 part of a discourse; just time in music
Div'sor, *s.* the number that divides
Divorce, *v. a.* to separate, to force asunder
Divorce, **Divor'cement**, *s.* the legal separation
 of husband and wife; disunion
Diure'tic, **Diure'tical**, *a.* provoking urine
Diur'nal, *a.* performed in a day, daily
Diur'nal, *s.* a day-book, a journal
Diur'nally, *ad.* daily, every day, day by day
Diutur'nity, *s.* length of duration
Divul'gate, *v. a.* to publish, divulge
Divul'ge, *v. a.* to publish, reveal, proclaim
Dizen, *v. a.* to deck or dress gaudily
Dizzard, *s.* a blockhead, a fool
Diz'ziness, *s.* giddiness, thoughtlessness
Diz'zy, *a.* giddy, thoughtless
Do, *v.* to act any thing either good or bad
Doc'ible, **Doc'ile**, *a.* easily taught, tractable
Doc'il'ity, *s.* aptness to be taught
Dock, *s.* a ship-builder's yard; an herb
Dock, *v. a.* to cut short; to lay in a dock
Dock'et, *s.* a direction tied upon goods
Dock'yard, *s.* a yard for naval stores, &c.
Doc'tor, *s.* a title in divinity, law, physic, &c.
Doc'tor's-commons, *s.* the college of civilians
 residing in the city of London
Doc'torship, *s.* the highest academical degree
Doc'trinal, *a.* containing doctrine; pertaining
 to the act or means of teaching
Doc'trine, *s.* a precept, maxim, act of teaching
Doc'ument, *s.* a precept, instruction, direction;
 a precept magisterially dogmatical
Documen'tal, *a.* relating to instruction
Dod'der, *s.* a winding weed or plant
Dodec'agon, *s.* a figure of twelve sides
Dodge, *v. n.* to use craft; to follow artfully
 and unperceived; to quibble; to use low
 shifts
Doc, *s.* the female of a buck
Doff, *v. a.* to put off dress, to strip; to delay
Dog, *s.* a domestic animal; a lump of iron
Dog, *v. a.* to follow slyly and indefatigably

Dog'days, *s.* the days in which the dog-star
 rises and sets with the sun
Doge, *s.* the chief magistrate of Venice
Dog'ged, *a.* sour, morose, sullen, gloomy
Dog'ger, *s.* a small ship with one mast
Dog'gerel, *s.* a despicable verse—a vile, mean
 Dog'gerish, *a.* brutal, currish, snappish
Dog'ma, *s.* an established principle; a tenet
Dog'matical, *a.* authoritative, positive
Dog'matism, *s.* a magisterial assertion
Dog'matist, *s.* a positive teacher or asserter
Dog'star, *s.* a certain star, from which the
 dogdays derive their appellation
Doffy, *s.* a small napkin used after dinner
Do'ings, *s. pl.* feats, actions; stir, bustle
Dolt, *s.* a small piece of Dutch money
Dole, *s.* a share, a part; grief, misery
Dole, *v. a.* to deal, to distribute; to grieve
Dole'ful, *a.* sorrowful, dismal, afflicted
Dole'some, *a.* melancholy, heavy, gloomy
Doll, *s.* a little girl's puppet or baby
Dollar, *s.* a foreign coin of different value,
 from about 2s. 6d. to 4s. 6d.; a counter
Dolorif'ic, *a.* causing pain or grief
Dol'orous, *a.* sorrowful, painful, doleful
Do'lor, *s.* a grief, lamentation, pain
Do'phin, *s.* a sea-fish peculiarly beautiful
Dolt, *s.* a heavy stupid fellow, a thick-skull
Do'tish, *a.* stupid, mean, blockish, dull
Domai'n, *s.* a dominion; empire; estate
Dome, *s.* a building; cupola; arched roof
Domest'ic, *a.* belonging to the house; pri-
 vate, not foreign; intestine
Domestic, *s.* a servant, a dependant
Domest'icate, *v. a.* to make domestic
Domici'lary, *a.* intruding into private
 houses
Dom'inate, *v. a.* to prevail over; to govern
Domination, *s.* power; dominion; tyranny
Domineer, *v. n.* to hector, to behave with
 insolence; to act without control
Domini'cal, *a.* denoting the Lord's day
Domin'ion, *s.* sovereign authority; power;
 territory; an order of angels
Dom'ino, *s.* a kind of hood or long dress
Don, *s.* a Spanish title for a gentleman
Donat'ion, *s.* a gift, a present, a bounty
Don'ative, *s.* a gift, a largess, a benefice
Done, *part. pass.* of the verb *do*
Done! interj. a word used to confirm a
 wager
Donee, *s.* the receiver of a gift
Do'nor, *s.* a giver, a bestower, a benefactor
Doom, *v. a.* to judge; condemn; destine
Doom, *s.* a judicial sentence; condemna-
 tion; final judgment; ruin; destiny
Doomed, *part. fated*, condemned, destined
Doom'sday, *s.* the day of judgment
Doon'sday-book, *s.* a book made by order
 of William the Conqueror, in which all
 the estates in England were registered
Door, *s.* the gate of a house; a passage
Do'cket, *s.* a paper containing a warrant
Do'ic, *a.* relating to an order of architec-
 ture which was invented by the Dorians,
 a people of Greece
Do'r'mant, *a.* sleeping; private, concealed
Do'r'mitive, *s.* a soporific medicine

Do'rmitory, *s.* a room with many beds; a burial-place; a family vault
Do'rmouse, *s.* a small animal which passes a large part of the winter in sleep
Dorp, *s.* a small village
Dorr, *s.* a flying insect; the hedge chafer
Do'rriure, *s.* a dormitory; a place to sleep in
Dose, enough of medicine, &c. for one time
Dot, *s.* a small spot or point in writing, &c.
Do'tage, *s.* imbecility of mind; silly fondness
Do'tal, *s.* relating to a portion or dowry
Do'tant, **Do'ter**, *s.* one whose age has impaired his intellects; a silly lover
Dote, *v. n.* to love to excess or extravagance
Doted, *s.* endowed, gifted, possessed of
Do'tard, *s.* a tree kept low by cutting
Double, *s.* twofold, twice as much
Double, *v.* to make twice as much; to sail round a headland; to fold; to play tricks
Double, *s.* a plain or fold; a trick, a turn
Doubledea'ler, *s.* a deceitful subtle person
Doubledis'ling, *s.* dissimulation, cunning
Doubtless, *s.* treacherous, deceitful
Doub'let, *s.* a waistcoat; a pair; two
Doubtless'gued, *s.* deceitful, false, hollow
Doub'ling, *s.* an artifice, a shift
Doubloon, *s.* a Spanish coin, value two pistoles
Doubly, *ad.* with twice the quantity; twice
Doubt, *v.* to question, to scruple, to distrust
Doubt, *s.* a suspense, suspicion, difficulty
Doub'tful, *s.* uncertain, not determined
Doub'tfully, **Doub'tingly**, *ad.* uncertainly
Doub'tless, *s.* and *ad.* without doubt or fear
Doucet, *s.* a common kind of custard
Douceur, *s.* a sweetener; a conciliating bribe
Dove, *s.* a sort of pigeon, a wild pigeon
Dovecot, **Dovehouse**, *s.* a pigeon-house
Dove'like, *s.* meek, gentle, harmless
Dove'tail, *s.* a term used by joiners
Dough, *s.* unbaked paste, kneaded flour
Doughty, *s.* brave, eminent, illustrious
Doughy, *s.* soft, not quite baked, pale
Douse, *v.* to plunge suddenly into water
Dow'ager, *s.* a widow with a jointure
Dow'dy, *s.* an awkward ill-dressed woman
Dow'er, or **Dow'ery**, *s.* a wife's portion; a widow's jointure; endowment, gift
Dow'erless, *s.* without fortune, unportuned
Dow'lass, *s.* a kind of coarse strong linen
Down, *s.* a large open plain; the finest, softest feathers; soft wool or hair
Down, *prep.* along a descent—*ad.* on the ground; into declining reputation
Down'cast, *s.* bent down, dejected
Down'fal, *s.* ruin, calamity, sudden change
Down'hill, *s.* descending—*s.* a descent
Downy'ing, *part.* near time of childbirth
Down'right, *s.* open, plain, undisguised
Down'right, *ad.* plainly, honestly, completely
Downs, *s.* a hilly open country; the sea between Deal and the Goodwin sands
Down'ward, *s.* bending down, dejected
Down'ward, **Down'wards**, *ad.* toward the centre; from a higher to a lower situation
Dow'ny, *s.* covered with a nap; soft, tender
Dowse, *s.* a slap on the face—*v. n.* to strike

Doxol'ogy, *s.* a form of giving glory to God
Dox'y, *s.* a loose wench, a prostitute
Dose, *v.* to slumber, to stupify, to dull
Dox'en, *s.* the number twelve
Do'ziness, *s.* drowsiness, heaviness
Drab, *s.* a thick woollen cloth; a strumpet
Drachm, *s.* an old Roman coin, the eighth part of an ounce
Drain, *s.* refuse; any thing cast away
Draft, *s.* a bill drawn on another for money
Drag, *v.* to pull along by force, to trail
Drag, *s.* a net or hook; a hand cart
Drag'gle, *v. n.* to trail in the dirt
Drag'gled, *part.* made dirty by walking
Drag'net, *s.* a net drawn along the bottom
Dragon, *s.* a winged serpent; a constellation
Dragon'like, *s.* furious, fiery, fierce
Dragoo'n, *s.* a horse soldier; a bully
Dragoo'n, *v. n.* to force one against his will
Drain, *s.* a channel to carry off water
Drain, *v.* to make quite dry, to draw off
Drake, *s.* a fowl, the male of the duck
Dram, *s.* in troy weight, the eighth part of an ounce; a glass of spirituous liquor
Dra'ma, *s.* the action of a play; a poem
Dramat'ic, *s.* represented by action; theatrical
Dramatist, *s.* the author of dramatic compositions, a writer of plays
Dra'per, *s.* one who sells or deals in cloth
Dra'pery, *s.* a cloth work; the dress of a picture
Dra'tic, *s.* powerful, vigorous, efficacious
Drave, *s.* refuse, swill. See **Draff**.
Draught, *s.* the act of drinking; the quantity of liquor drunk at once; quantity drawn; a delineation, or sketch; a picture; detachment of soldiers; act of pulling carriages; a sink, a drain
Draughts, *s.* a kind of play on chequers
Draw, *v.* to pull forcibly; attract; unsheath; to represent by picture; to allure, to win
Draw'back, *s.* money paid back on exports
Draw'bridge, *s.* a bridge made to draw up
Draw'er, *s.* one who draws; a sliding box
Draw'ers, *s.* a kind of light under breeches
Draw'ing, *s.* a delineation, a representation
Draw'ing-room, *s.* the room in which company assemble at court
Drawl, *v. n.* to speak slowly or clownishly
Draw'well, *s.* a deep well of water
Dray, *s.* a carriage used by brewers
Dra'el, *s.* a mean low wretch; a drab
Dread, *s.* great fear, terror, awe, affright
Dread, *v.* to be in fear, to stand in awe
Dread, *s.* great, mighty, awful, noble
Dread'ful, *s.* terrible, frightful, horrid
Dread'fully, *ad.* terribly, frightfully
Dread'less, *s.* fearless, undaunted, daring
Dream, *s.* thoughts in sleep; an idle fancy
Dream, *v.* to rove in sleep; to be sluggish
Drea'mer, *s.* one who dreams; a rhapsodist
Drea'mless, *s.* free from dreams
Drear, **Drea'ry**, *s.* mournful, gloomy, dismal
Drea'riness, *s.* gloominess, dullness
Dredge, *s.* an oyster net; mixture of grain
Dredge, *v. n.* to besprinkle flour on meat while roasting; to catch with a net
Dred'ging-box, *s.* a box used for dredging

- Dreg'gy, *a.* containing dregs, not clear
 Dregs, *s.* the sediment of liquors, lees
 Drench, *v. a.* to soak, steep, fill with drink
 Drench, *s.* a horse's physical draught
 Dren'ched, *part.* washed, soaked, cleansed
 Dress, *s.* clothes, ornaments, finery
 Dress, *v. a.* to clothe, to deck, to adorn; to cook; to cover a wound; to curry a horse
 Dress'er, *s.* he who dresses; a kitchen table
 Dress'ing, *s.* the act of clothing, &c.
 Dress'ing-room, *s.* a place used to dress in
 Dress'y, *a.* distinguished by dress
 Drib, *v. a.* to crop, to cut short, to lop off
 Drib'ble, *v. n.* to drop slowly, slaver, drive
 Drib'let, *s.* a small part of a large sum
 Drif'er, *s.* that which absorbs moisture
 Drift, *s.* a design, tendency; any thing driven at random; a heap; a storm
 Drift, *v. a.* to urge along; to throw on heaps
 Drill, *s.* an instrument to bore holes with; a small brook; an ape—*v.* to exercise troops
 Drink, *s.* a liquor to be swallowed
 Drink, *v.* to swallow liquors, quench thirst
 Drin'kable, *a.* that may be drunk
 Drin'ker, *s.* one who drinks; a drunkard
 Drip, *v. n.* to drop down—*s.* what drops
 Drip'ping, *s.* the fat that drops from meat while it is roasting or baking
 Drip'ple, *a.* weak, rare, uncommon
 Drive, *v.* to force along; to urge in any direction; to guide a carriage; to knock in
 Driv'el, *v. n.* to slaver, to drop; to dote
 Driv'el, *s.* slaver, spittle; a fool, an idiot
 Driv'eller, *s.* a fool, an idiot, a slaverer
 Driv'en, Dro'ven, *part.* of drive
 Driv'er, *s.* one who drives or urges on
 Driz'le, *v. n.* to come or fall in small drops
 Driz'zly, *a.* raining in small drops
 Drock, *s.* a part of a plough
 Droil, *v. n.* to work slowly, &c.—*s.* a drone
 Droll, *s.* a farce; a jester, a buffoon
 Droll, *v. n.* to play the buffoon, to jest
 Droll, *a.* comical, humorous, merry, laughable
 Dro'llery, *s.* buffoonery, idle jokes
 Drom'edary, *s.* a swift kind of camel
 Drone, *s.* the bee which collects no honey; an idler, a sluggard; a slow humming
 Drone, *v. n.* to live in idleness, to dream
 Dro'nish, *a.* idle, sluggish, inactive, dull
 Droop, *v. n.* to pine away, languish, faint
 Drow'ping, *part.* fainting, languishing
 Drop, *s.* a small quantity or globule of any liquid; an ear-ring
 Drop, *v.* to let fall, to fall in drops; to utter slightly; to cease, to die, to come to nothing
 Drop'let, *s.* a little drop; a small ear-ring
 Drop'pings, *s.* that which falls in drops
 Drop'sical, *a.* diseased with a dropsy
 Drop'sy, *s.* a collection of water in the body
 Dross, *s.* the scum of metals; refuse, dregs
 Dross'y, *a.* full of dross, worthless, foul
 Drove, *s.* a herd of cattle; a crowd, a tumult
 Drow'er, *s.* one who drives cattle to market
 Drought, *s.* a dry weather; thirst
 Drow'ghty, *a.* wanting rain; thirsty; sultry
 Drown, *v.* to suffocate in water, to over-
- whelm in water; to immerge, to bury in an inundation, to deluge
 Drow'sily, *ad.* sleepily, heavily, lazily, idly
 Drow'siness, *s.* sleepiness, idleness
 Drow'sy, *a.* sleepy, heavy, stupid, dull
 Drub, *s.* a thump, a knock, a blow
 Drub, *v. a.* to thresh, to beat, to bang
 Drub'bing, *s.* a beating, a chastisement
 Drudge, *v. n.* to labour in mean offices
 Drudge, *s.* a mean labourer; a slave
 Drud'gery, *s.* hard mean labour; slavery
 Drud'gingly, *ad.* laboriously, toilsomely
 Drug, *s.* a medicinal simple; a thing of little value or worth; a drudge
 Drug'get, *s.* a slight kind of woollen stuff
 Drug'gist, *s.* a person who sells physical drugs
 Druid, *s.* an ancient British priest and bard
 Druid'ical, *a.* pertaining to the druids
 Drum, *s.* an instrument of military music the tympanum of the ear
 Drum, *v. n.* to beat a drum, to beat
 Drum-ma'jor, *s.* the chief drummer of a regiment
 Drum'mer, *s.* one who beats a drum
 Drum'stick, *s.* the stick for beating a drum
 Drum'fly, *a.* thick, stagnant, muddy
 Drunk, *a.* intoxicated with liquor
 Drun'kard, *s.* one addicted to drinking
 Drunkenness, *s.* intoxication, inebriety
 Dry, *a.* arid; not rainy; thirsty; barren
 Dry, *v.* to free from moisture, to drain
 Dry'ly, *ad.* coldly, frightly; oddly
 Dry'ness, *s.* want of moisture
 Dry'nurse, *s.* a woman who brings up a child without sucking at the breast
 Drysa'fter, *s.* a dealer in salted or dried meats, sauces, oils, pickles, &c.
 Du'al, *a.* expressing the number two
 Dual'ity, *a.* that expresses two in number
 Dub, *v. a.* to confer knighthood on a person
 Du'bious, *a.* doubtful, uncertain, not clear
 Du'bitable, *a.* doubtful, very uncertain
 Du'cal, *a.* pertaining to a duke
 Duc'at, *s.* a foreign coin, in silver, valued at about 4s. 6d.—in gold, 9s. 6d.
 Duck, *s.* a water-fowl, female of the drake; word of fondness; declination of the head
 Duck, *v.* to dive or plunge under water
 Duck'ing, *s.* the act of putting under water
 Duck'ing-stool, *s.* a stool to duck persons in
 Duck'legged, *a.* having legs like a duck
 Duck'ling, *s.* a young or small duck
 Duct, *s.* a passage or channel; guidance
 Duc'tile, *a.* flexible, pliable, tractable
 Ductility, *s.* flexibility, compliance
 Dud'geon, *s.* a small dagger; malice, ill-will
 Due, *a.* owed; proper, fit, exact, appropriate
 Due, *s.* a debt; right, just title, tribute
 Du'el, *s.* a fight between two persons
 Du'ellist, *s.* one who fights a duel
 Du'en'na, *s.* an old governante
 Duet', *s.* a song or air in two parts
 Dug, *s.* the pap or test of a beast
 Duke, *s.* the dignity next below a prince
 Du'kedom, *s.* the possessions, territories or title of a duke
 Dul'cet, *a.* sweet, luscious, harmonious

Du'lify, Du'licate, *v. a.* to sweeten.
 Du'cimer, *a.* a kind of musical instrument
 Dull, *a.* stupid, slow, dejected, blunt, vile
 Dull, *v. a.* to stupify, to blunt; to sadden
 Dulness, *a.* stupidity, indolence; dimness
 Duloc'racy, *a.* a predominance of slaves
 Du'ly, *ad.* properly, regularly, exactly
 Dumb, *a.* mute, silent; incapable of speech
 Dumbness, *a.* an inability to speak; silence
 Dum'pling, *a.* a small boiled pudding
 Dumps, *a.* melancholy, sullenness
 Dun, *a.* colour between brown and black
 Dun, *a.* a clamorous troublesome creditor
 Dun, *v. a.* to press, to ask often for a debt
 Dunce, *a.* a thickskull, a dolt, a dullard
 Dun'cery, *a.* dulness, stupidity
 Dung, *a.* soil; the excrement of animals—
v. a. to manure or fatten land with dung
 Dun'geon, *a.* a dark prison under ground
 Dung'bill, *a.* a heap of dung; a mean person
 Dun'ner, *a.* one employed to get in debts
 Dun'ning, *part.* pressing often for a debt
 Duodecimo, *a.* a book printed in duodecimo has twelve leaves to a sheet
 Dupe, *v. a.* to trick, to cheat, to impose on
 Dupe, *a.* a credulous simple man
 Du'ple, *a.* double; one repeated
 Du'plicate, *a.* an exact copy of any thing
 Du'plicate, *v. a.* to double, to fold together
 Du'plication, *a.* the act of doubling; a fold
 Dupli'city, *a.* deceit; doubleness of tongue
 Du'rabie, *a.* hard, strong, firm, lasting
 Durability, *a.* the power of lasting
 Du'rably, *ad.* in a firm and lasting manner

Du'rance, *a.* imprisonment; continuance
 Dura'tion, *a.* continuance, length of time
 Dure, *v. n.* to last, to continue, to remain
 Duress'e, *a.* imprisonment, constraint
 Du'ring, *prep.* for the time of continuance
 Du'rity, *a.* hardness, firmness
 Du'rous, *a.* hard, firm
 Durst, *pref.* of dare
 Dusk, *a.* tending to darkness, dark-coloured
 Dus'ky, Du'ky, *a.* inclining to darkness; tending to obscurity; gloomy
 Dust, *a.* earth dried to a powder; the grave
 Dust, *v. a.* to free or clear from dust; to sprinkle with dust; to clean furniture
 Du'sty, *a.* clouded or covered with dust
 Du'chess, *a.* the lady of a duke
 Du'tchy, *a.* a territory giving title to a duke
 Du'teous, Du'tiful, *a.* obedient, submissive, reverential, obsequious, respectful
 Du'tifully, *ad.* obediently, respectfully
 Du'ty, *a.* whatever we are bound by nature, reason, or law, to perform; a tax; service
 Dwarf, *a.* a man below the usual size
 Dwa'rish, *a.* low, small, little
 Dwell, *v. n.* to inhabit; to continue long
 Dwelling, *a.* habitation, place of residence
 Dwin'dle, *v. n.* to shrink, to grow feeble
 Dy'ing, *part.* expiring; giving a colour to
 Dy'nasty, *a.* government; sovereignty
 Dye'crasy, *a.* a distemper in the blood
 Dye'centery, *a.* a looseness, a flux
 Dye'pepy, *a.* difficulty of digestion
 Dye'ury, *a.* a difficulty in making urine

E.

EACH, *pron.* either of two; every one of any number
 Ea'ger, *a.* ardent, zealous, keen, vehement
 Ea'gerly, *ad.* ardently, hotly, keenly
 Ea'gerness, *a.* earnestness, impetuosity
 Ea'gle, *a.* a bird of prey; the Roman standard
 Ea'gle-eyed, *a.* sharp sighted as an eagle
 Ea'gle-speed, *a.* swiftness like an eagle
 Ea'glass, *a.* the hen eagle
 Ea'glet, *a.* a young eagle
 Ear, *a.* the whole organ of hearing; power of judging of harmony; spike of corn
 Earl, *a.* title of nobility next to a marquis
 Ear'dom, *a.* the signiory of an earl
 Ea'ries, *a.* wanting ears
 Ear'liness, *a.* the state of being very early
 Ear'ly, *ad.* soon, betimes—a soon
 Earlm'arshal, *a.* the officer that has the chief care of military solemnities
 Earn, *v. a.* to gain by labour, to obtain
 Ear'ned, *part.* gotten by labour, acquired
 Ear'nest, *a.* ardent, zealous, warm, eager
 Ear'nest, *a.* seriousness; money advanced
 Ear'nestly, *ad.* warmly, zealously, eagerly
 Ea'r-ring, *a.* an ornament for the ear
 Earsh, *a.* a field that is ploughed
 Ea'rshot, *a.* within hearing; space heard in
 Earth, *a.* mould, land; the terraqueous globe
 Ear'then, *a.* made of earth or clay

Ear'thly, *a.* not heavenly, vile, corporeal
 Ear'thquake, *a.* a tremor of the earth
 Ear'thworm, *a.* a worm; a mean sordid wretch
 Ear'thy, *a.* consisting of earth; gross, foul
 Ea'r-wax, *a.* wax that gathers in the ear
 Ea'r-wig, *a.* an insect; a whisperer
 Ease, *a.* quiet, rest after labour; facility
 Ease, *v. n.* to free from pain, relieve, slacken
 Ea'sel, *a.* a painter's frame for canvass
 Ea'sement, *a.* assistance, ease, refreshment
 Ea'sily, *ad.* gently, without difficulty
 Ea'siness, *a.* readiness; liberty; quiet
 East, *a.* the quarter where the sun rises
 Ea'ster, *a.* the festival in commemoration of the resurrection of our Saviour
 Ea'sterly, *a.* and *ad.* towards the east
 Ea'stern, *a.* belonging to the east, oriental
 Ea'stward, *ad.* towards the east
 Ea'sy, *a.* not difficult; quiet; credulous
 Eat, *v.* to take food, to swallow, to consume
 Ea'table, *a.* that which may be eaten
 Ea'ten, *part.* devoured, consumed, swallowed
 Eaves, *a.* the edges of the roof which overhang the house
 Ea'vedropper, *a.* a listener under windows
 Ebb, *v. n.* to flow back to the sea; to decay
 Ebb, *a.* a flowing back to the sea; waste

- El'ou, El'ony**, *s.* a hard black valuable wood
Ebri'ety, *s.* drunkenness, intoxication
Ebulli'ency, *s.* a boiling over
Ebullit'ion, *s.* act of boiling or bubbling up
Eccen'tric, *a.* deviating from the centre;
 irregular, incoherent, anomalous
Eccentrici'ty, *s.* deviation from a centre
Ecclesiast'ic, *a.* a clergyman, a priest
Ecclesiast'ical, *a.* relating to the church
Ec'h'o, *s.* the reverberation of a sound
Eclat'issement, *a.* an explanation
Eclat', *s.* lustre, splendour, show, renown
Ecl'ec'tic, *a.* selecting, choosing at will
Eclips'e, *s.* an obscuration of the sun, moon,
 &c. from the intervention of some other
 body—*v. a.* to cloud; to disgrace
Eclips'tic, *a.* the apparent orbit of the earth,
 so called because eclipses take place there
Ec'logue, *s.* a pastoral or rural poem; so
 called because Virgil named his pastorals
 eclogues
Econom'ical, *a.* frugal, thrifty, saving
Econom'ics, *s.* what apply to the manage-
 ment of household affairs
Econ'omist, *a.* one that is thrifty or frugal
Econ'omize, *v. n.* to retrench, to save
Econ'omy, *s.* frugality; disposition of things
Ec'stasy, *s.* excessive joy, rapture, enthu-
 siasm
Ectatic, *a.* enrapturing, transporting
Edac'i'ty, *s.* voracity, ravenousness
Ed'der, *s.* wood on the tops of fences
Ed'dy, *a.* a turn of the water; a whirlpool
Ed'dy, *a.* whirling, moving circularly
Ede'ntated, *a.* deprived of teeth
Edge, *s.* the sharp part of a blade; a drink
Ed'ging, *a.* a fringe, an ornamental border
Ed'geless, *a.* unable to cut, blunt, obtuse
Ed'getool, *a.* a tool made sharp to cut
Ed'gewise, *ad.* in a direction of the edge
Ed'ible, *a.* fit to be eaten, eatable
Ed'ict, *a.* a proclamation, an ordinance
Edifica'tion, *s.* improvement, instruction
Edifice, *s.* a building, a fabric
Edify, *v. a.* to instruct, improve, persuade
Edile, *a.* the title of a Roman magistrate
Edit, *v. a.* to revise or prepare a work for
 publication
Edition, *s.* the impression of a book
Editor, *a.* one who revises or prepares any
 literary work for publication
Editorial, *a.* belonging to an editor
Edu'cate, *v. a.* to instruct, to bring up
Educa'tion, *s.* the instruction of children
Edu'ce, *v. a.* to bring out, to extract
Edu'ction, *s.* the act of bringing into view
Edu'cora'tion, *s.* the act of sweetening
Eel, *s.* a serpentine slimy fish
Effable, *a.* that may be spoken; expressive
Efface, *v. a.* to blot out, to destroy
Effect, *a.* event produced; issue; reality
Effect, *v. a.* to bring to pass, to produce
Effective, *a.* operative, active, serviceable
Effectively, *ad.* powerfully, with effect
Effectless, *a.* without effect, useless
Effects, *s.* goods, movables, furniture
Effectual, *a.* powerful, efficacious
Effectuate, *v. a.* to bring to pass, to fulfil
Effem'inity, *s.* a womanly delicacy
Effeminate, *a.* womanish, tender; volup-
 tuous
Efferves'cence, *s.* the act of growing hot;
 production of heat by intestine motion
Effica'cious, *a.* productive of effects; power-
 ful to produce the consequences intended
Efficiency, *s.* ability or power to effect
Efficien'cy, *s.* a producing of effects; agency
Efficient, *a.* causing or producing effects
Effigy, *s.* representation in painting, &c.
Efflu'ie, *v. a.* to fill with the breath; to puff
 up
Efflores'cence, *s.* a production of flowers
Efflores'cent, *a.* shooting out in flowers
Effluence, *s.* that which issues or derives
 itself from some other principle
Effluent, *a.* flowing from, issuing out of
Efflu'via, *s.* those small particles which are
 continually flying off from all bodies
Efflux, *s.* an effusion
Efflux', *v. n.* to flow
Effort, *a.* a struggle, a strong exertion
Effron'tery, *s.* impudence, boldness
Efful'gence, *s.* lustre, brightness, splendour
Efful'gent, *a.* shining, bright, luminous
Effu'se, *v. a.* to pour out; to spill; to shed
Effu'sion, *s.* the act of pouring out; waste
Eft, *a.* a newt; an evel—*ad.* quickly, soon
Egg, *s.* that which is laid by feathered ani-
 mals and various kinds of insects, &c.
 from which their young are produced
Egg, *v. a.* to incite, to instigate, to spur on
Eg'antine, *s.* a species of rose; sweetbriar
Egotism, *s.* frequent self-commendation
Egotist, *a.* one who talks much of himself
Egotize, *v. n.* to talk much of one's self
Eg're'gious, *a.* remarkable, eminently bad
Egre'giously, *ad.* eminently; shamefully
Egress, **Egres'sion**, *s.* the act of going out
 of any place; departure
Egret, *s.* a fowl of the heron kind
Egriot, *s.* a species of sour cherry
Ejac'ulate, *v. a.* to throw out, to shoot out
Ejacula'tion, *s.* a short fervent prayer
Ejaculatory, *a.* hasty; fervent; darted out
Eject, *v. a.* to throw out, expel, cast forth
Ejected, *part.* cast or turned out, rejected
Ejec'tion, *s.* the act of casting out, expulsion
Ejectment, *a.* a legal writ, commanding the
 tenant wrongfully holding houses, lands,
 &c. to restore possession to the owner
Eight, *a.* twice four
Eighteen, *s.* ten and eight united
Eightfold, *a.* eight times the number, &c.
Eight, *a.* next in order to the seventh
Eightly, *ad.* in the eighth place
Eightscore, *a.* eight times twenty
Eighty, *a.* eight times ten
Eisel, *s.* vinegar; any thing very acid
Ei'ther, *pron.* one or the other
Ejula'tion, *s.* a lamentation, an outcry
Eke, **Eck**, *v. a.* to protract; to supply
Eke, *ad.* also, likewise, besides, moreover
Elaborate, *a.* finished with great labour and
 exactness; any thing studied
Elaborately, *ad.* laboriously, with much
 study

Flan'ce, *v. n.* to throw out, to dart out
 Flap'pe, *v. n.* to pass away, to glide away
 Flar'tic, *a.* springing back, recovering
 Elasticity, *a.* the quality in bodies by which,
 on being bent or compressed, they spring
 back and make efforts to resume their
 original form and tension
 Fla'te, *a.* flushed with success; haughty
 Fla'te, *v. a.* to puff up, exalt, heighten
 Fla'tion, *a.* haughtiness, great pride
 Fl'bow, *a.* the bending of the arm; an angle
 Fl'bow-chair, *a.* a chair with arms
 Eld, *a.* old people, old age, old times
 El'der, *a.* exceeding another in years
 El'der, *a.* the name of a well-known tree
 El'derly, *a.* somewhat in years, rather old
 El'ders, *a.* ancient rulers; ancestors
 El'dership, *a.* seniority; primogeniture
 El'dest, *a.* the oldest, the first born
 Elecam'pne, *a.* the plant starwort
 Elec't, *v. a.* to choose for any office, &c.; to
 select as an object of eternal mercy
 Elec't, Elec'ted, *part. a.* chosen, preferred
 Elec'tion, *a.* the act or power of choosing
 Elec'tive, *a.* exerting the power of choice
 Elec'tor, *a.* he that has a vote in the election
 of any officer; a prince who has a voice
 in the choice of the German emperor
 Elec'toral, *a.* of or belonging to an elector
 Elec'torate, *a.* the territory, &c. of an elector
 Elec'tre, *a.* amber; a mixed metal
 Elec'trical, *a.* power of producing electricity
 Electricity, *a.* that property in bodies where-
 by, when rubbed, they attract or repel
 light bodies, emit flame, and produce
 singular and extraordinary phenomena
 Elec'trify, *v. a.* to communicate electricity
 Elec'tuary, *a.* a soft compound medicine
 Eleemo'synary, *a.* living on charity
 El'egeance, *a.* beauty without grandeur
 El'egeant, *a.* beautiful, pleasing, neat
 El'egeantly, *ad.* in a pleasing manner; neatly
 El'egeac, *a.* used in elegies; sorrowful
 El'egeast, El'egeist, *a.* a writer of elegies
 El'egey, *a.* a mournful pathetic poem; a dirge
 El'eement, *a.* constituent principle of any
 thing; (the four elements, according to
 the Aristotelian philosophy, are earth,
 fire, air, water); proper habitation, &c.
 of any thing; rudiments of literature or
 science
 Elemen'tal, *a.* produced by elements
 Elemen'tary, *a.* not compounded, simple
 Eleme'ch, *a.* an argument, a sophism
 El'ephant, *a.* the largest of quadrupeds;
 ivory
 Elephan'tine, *a.* pertaining to the elephant
 El'euate, *v. a.* to exalt, dignify, make glad
 El'euate, El'euated, *part. a.* exalted, elated
 Eleva'tion, *a.* a raising up, exaltation, height
 Elev'en, *a.* ten and one
 Elf, *a.* a fairy, a wandering spirit, a demon
 Elfin, El'fish, *a.* relating to fairies
 El'flock, *a.* knots of hair twisted by elves
 El'icit, *a.* brought into act, drawn out
 El'icitation, *a.* the will excited to action
 El'icite, *v. a.* to strike out, to fetch out
 El'ide, *v. a.* to destroy or dash in pieces

El'igible, *a.* fit to be chosen; preferable
 Elin'inate, *v. a.* to open; to release
 Elimina'tion, *a.* act of banishing; rejection
 Elin'guid, *a.* tonguetied; speechless, dumb
 Eliqua'tion, *a.* separation by fusion
 Elis'ion, *a.* act of cutting off; separation
 Eliza'tion, *a.* the act of boiling or stewing
 Elix'ir, *a.* the liquid extract or quintessence
 of any thing; a medicine, a cordial
 Elk, *a.* a large wild animal of the stag kind
 Ell, *a.* a measure of one yard and a quarter
 Ellip'sis, *a.* an oval figure; a defect, a chasm
 Ellip'tical, *a.* formed like an ellipse
 Elm, *a.* the name of a tall timber tree
 El'my, *a.* abounding with elm trees
 Eloqua'tion, *a.* eloquence, fluency of speech
 E'loge, E'logy, Eul'ogy, *a.* praise, panegyric
 El'ogist, Eul'ogist, *a.* one who pronounces
 a panegyric
 Elo'que, *v. n.* to put at a distance, to remove
 Elon'gate, *v.* to lengthen, draw out, go off
 Elonga'tion, *a.* the act of lengthening
 Elo'pe, *v. a.* to run away; to get loose from
 confinement; to go off clandestinely
 Elo'pement, *a.* a departure from friends and
 family without their consent
 E'lops, *a.* a fish; a kind of serpent
 E'loquence, *a.* speaking with *doce'ry*, &c.
 El'oquent, *a.* having the power of oratory
 Else, *pron. ogy*; one besides—*ad.* other-
 wise
 Elsewhe're, *ad.* in another place
 El'vish, *a.* relating to elves or fairies
 Elu'cidate, *v. a.* to explain, to clear up
 Elucida'tion, *a.* an explanation, exposition
 Elucida'tor, *a.* an explainer, a commentator
 Elu'de, *v. a.* to escape by stratagem; shun
 Elu'dible, *a.* that which may or can be
 eluded
 Elum'bated, *a.* weakened in the loins
 Elu'sion, *a.* artifice, escape from examina-
 tion
 Elu'sive, Elu'sory, *a.* tending to elude
 Elu'te, *v.* to wash off, to cleanse
 Elu'triate, *v. a.* to decant or strain out
 Elux'ate, *v. a.* to strain or put out of joint
 Elys'ian, *a.* pleasant, exceedingly delightful
 Elys'ium, *a.* in the heathen mythology, the
 place appointed for the souls of the vir-
 tuous after death; any pleasant place
 Ema'ciate, *v.* to lose flesh; to pine, to waste
 Emacula'tion, *a.* the act of clearing any
 thing from spots or foulness
 Em'nanant, *a.* flowing from, issuing out of
 Emana'tion, *a.* the act of issuing or flowing
 from any other substance; that which
 flows
 Em'nanative, *a.* issuing from another
 Eman'cipate, *v. a.* to free from slavery
 Emancipa'tion, *a.* a deliverance from sla-
 very or servitude; restoration to liberty
 Emas'culate, *v. a.* to deprive of virility
 Emba'le, *v. a.* to blind or pack up; to enclose
 Emba'lm, *v. a.* to impregnate a body with
 aromatics, that it may resist putrefaction
 Emba'r, *v. a.* to shut in, to hinder, to stop
 Emba'rgo, *a.* a prohibition to sail
 Emba'rk, *v.* to go on shipboard; to engage

Embarka'tion, *s.* a putting or going on ship-board; engaging in any affair
 Embar'raas, *v. a.* to perplex, to distress
 Embar'raasment, *s.* perplexity, trouble
 Embar'se, *v. a.* to vitiate, degrade, impair
 Em'basage, Em'bassy, *s.* a public message
 Embat'tle, *v. a.* to range in order of battle
 Embay', *v. a.* to enclose in a bay; to bathe
 Embed'ded, *a.* sunk in another substance
 Embel'lish, *v. a.* to adorn, to beautify
 Embel'ishment, *s.* ornament, decoration
 Em'bers, *s.* hot cinders or ashes
 Em'ber-week, *s.* one of the four seasons of the year appropriated by the church to implore divine favour on the ordination of ministers, performed at these seasons
 Ember'zle, *v. a.* to steal privately; to waste
 Embes'tlement, *s.* a misapplying of a trust
 Embla'ze, *v. a.* to blazon, to adorn, to paint
 Embla'zon, *v. a.* to adorn with emblems armorial; to set off pompously; to deck
 Em'blem, *s.* a moral device; a representation; an allusive picture; enamel
 Emblematical, *a.* allusive, using emblems
 Emblematically, *ad.* allusively
 Emboss', *v. a.* to engrave with relief or rising work; to enclose; to hunt hard
 Emboss'ing, *s.* the art of making figures in relieve, embroidery, &c.
 Emboss'ment, *s.* relief, rising work
 Embow', *v. a.* to bend like a bow; to arch; to vault
 Embow'el, *v. a.* to take out the entrails
 Embra'ce, *v. a.* to hold fondly in the arms; to comprise, to contain, to include
 Embra'ce, *s.* a clasp; fond pressure
 Embra'sure, *s.* a battlement; an aperture in fortifications for cannon
 Embrocate, *v. a.* to foment a part diseased
 Embroca'tion, *s.* a fomentation, a lotion
 Embroid'er, *v. a.* to adorn with figure-work
 Embroid'erer, *s.* one who embroiders
 Embroid'ery, *s.* variegated needle-work
 Embroil', *v. a.* to disturb, confuse, distract
 Embroil'ed, *a.* reduced to brutality
 Embryo, *s.* the child in the womb before it has perfect shape; any thing unfinished
 Embur'se, *v. a.* to restore money owing
 Emenda'tion, *s.* a correction, an alteration
 Emenda'tory, *a.* contributing correction
 Em'erald, *s.* a green precious stone
 Emer'ge, *v. n.* to rise out of; to issue from
 Emer'gency, *s.* a rising out of; any sudden occasion or unexpected casualty
 Emer'gent, *a.* rising into view; sudden
 Em'erods, *s.* painful swellings of the hæmorrhoidal veins; piles
 Em'er'sion, *s.* act of rising into view again
 Em'ery, *s.* an iron ore; a glazier's diamond
 Emet'ic, *a.* provoking vomits—*s.* a vomit
 Emica'tion, *s.* a sparkling or glittering
 Em'igrant, *a.* going from place to place—*s.* one who emigrates
 Em'igrate, *v. n.* to move to another place
 Emigra'tion, *s.* a change of habitation
 Em'innence, *s.* loftiness; summit; a part rising above the rest; a conspicuous situation; distinction; a title given to cardinals

Em'inent, *a.* high, dignified, conspicuous
 Em'inently, *ad.* conspicuously, highly
 Em'issary, *s.* a spy, a secret agent
 Emis'sion, *s.* act of throwing or shooting on
 Emit', *v. a.* to send forth, to discharge
 Em'net, *s.* an ant, a pismire
 Emmew', *v. a.* to coop up, to confine
 Emol'ient, *a.* softening, suppling
 Emolli'tion, *s.* the act of softening
 Emol'ument, *s.* profit, advantage, gain
 Emo'tion, *s.* disturbance of mind; vehemence of passion; a sudden motion
 Empai'r, *v. a.* to injure; to diminish
 Empale, *v. a.* to enclose, to fence with pales to put to death by fixing on a stake
 Empar'nel, *v. a.* to swear, &c. a jury
 Empar'rance, *s.* a petition, a conference
 Empas'sion, *v. a.* to move with passion
 Em'peror, *s.* a monarch superior to a king
 Em'phasis, *s.* a remarkable stress laid on word or sentence
 Emphat'ic, Emphat'ical, *a.* forcible
 Emphatically, *ad.* strongly, forcibly
 Empire, *s.* imperial power; command
 Empir'ic, *s.* a pretended physician, a quack
 Empiricism, *s.* dependance on experience, without the rules of art; quackery
 Emplas'tic, *a.* viscous, glutinous
 Empla'd, *v. a.* to indict, to prefer a charge
 Employ', *v. a.* to keep at work; to use
 Employ', Employ'ment, *s.* business; office or post of business; business intrusted
 Employ'er, *s.* one who sets others to work
 Emporium, *s.* a place of merchandise, a mart; a commercial city
 Empow'rish, *v. a.* to make poor, to exhaust
 Empow'er, *v. a.* to authorise, to enable
 Em'press, *s.* the wife of an emperor; the female sovereign of an empire
 Emprise, *s.* an attempt of danger
 Em'ptiness, *s.* a void space, vacuity; want of substance, want of knowledge
 Em'pty, *a.* not full; unfurnished; ignorant
 Empur'ple, *v. a.* to make of a purple colour
 Empur'ple, *v. a.* to perplex, to puzzle
 Empyr'cal, *a.* refined, aerial, heavenly
 Empyre'an, *s.* the highest heaven, where the pure elemental fire is supposed to subsist
 Empyrmatic, *a.* having the taste or smell of burnt substances
 Empyro'als, *s.* a conflagration or general fire
 Emulate, *v. a.* to rival; to imitate
 Emula'tion, *s.* rivalry; envy; contention
 Em'ulative, *a.* inclined to emulation
 Emula'tor, *s.* a rival, a competitor
 Emul'ge, *v. a.* to milk out; drain, empty
 Emul'gent, *a.* milking or draining out
 Emulous, *a.* rivaling, desirous to excel
 Emul'sion, *s.* an oily lubricating medicine
 Em'ble, *v. a.* to make able, to empower
 Enac't, *v. a.* to decree, establish, represent
 Enac'ted, *part.* decreed, established
 Enam'el, *v. a.* to inlay, to variegate with colours
 Enam'el, *s.* substance used in enamelling
 Enam'eller, *s.* one who enamels or inlays
 Enam'our, *v. a.* to inspire with love
 Enca'ge, *v. a.* to coop up, to confine in a cage

Encamp, *v.* to pitch tents, to form a camp
 Encampment, *s.* tents pitched in order
 Enchaîne, *v. a.* to enrage, irritate, provoke
 Enchaîn, *v. a.* to fasten with a chain
 Enchan't, *v. a.* to bewitch, to delight highly
 Enchan'ter, *s.* a magician, a sorcerer
 Enchan'tment, *s.* magical charms, spells;
 irresistible influence; high delight
 Enchan'tress, *s.* a sorceress; a woman of
 extreme beauty or excellence
 Enchaîne, *v. a.* to infix; set in gold; adorn
 Enchirid'ion, *s.* a small pocket volume
 Encir'cle, *v. a.* to surround, to environ; to
 enclose in a ring or circle
 Encit'les, *s.* particles which throw back
 the accent upon the preceding syllable
 Enco'se, *v. a.* to surround; to fence in
 Enco'sure, *s.* ground enclosed or fenced in
 Enco'miast, *s.* a proclaimer of praise
 Enco'mium, *s.* a panegyric, praise, elogy
 Encom'pass, *v. a.* to encircle, to shut in, to
 surround; to contain, to include, to en-
 viron
 Enco're, *ad.* again, once more
 Encou'nter, *s.* a duel, a battle; sudden meet-
 ing; engagement; casual incident
 Encou'nter, *v.* to fight, to attack; to meet
 Encour'age, *v. a.* to animate, to embolden
 Encour'agement, *s.* incitement, support
 Encroa'ch, *v. a.* to invade; advance by stealth
 Encroa'chment, *s.* an unlawful intrusion
 Encum'ber, *v. a.* to clog, to embarrass
 Encum'brance, *s.* an impediment, a clog
 Encyc'lopede, Encyclo'pædia, *s.* a complete
 circle of the sciences
 End, *s.* a design, point, conclusion; death
 Endan'age, *v. a.* to hurt, to prejudice
 Endan'ger, *v. a.* to bring into peril, hazard
 Endan'germent, *s.* hazard, peril
 Endea'r, *v. a.* to render dear or beloved
 Endea'rment, *s.* the cause and state of love
 Endeav'our, *s.* a labour for some end
 Endeav'our, *v.* to strive, attempt, labour
 Endem'ial, Endem'ic, *a.* peculiar to a coun-
 try or place, as applied to general diseases
 Enden'ize, Enden'izen, *v. a.* to make free
 Endic't, Endic'te, *v. a.* to charge with some
 crime; to compose; to write, to draw up
 Endit'ment, *s.* a legal accusative declara-
 tion
 En'ding, *part.* finishing—*s.* the end
 En'dive, *s.* a common salad herb; succory
 Endless, *a.* without end, infinite, incessant
 Endo'se, *v. a.* to superscribe; to accept a bill
 Endo'sed, *part.* signed upon the back
 Endo'sement, *s.* superscription; acceptance
 Endow', *v. a.* to give a portion; to endue
 Endow'ment, *s.* wealth given; a natural
 or acquired accomplishment
 Endue', *v. a.* to supply with grace; to invest
 Endur'ance, *s.* continuance, sufferance
 Endur'e, *v.* to bear, sustain; break; last
 En'emy, *s.* a foe, an adversary, an opponent
 Energet'ic, *a.* forcible, strong, active
 En'ergize, *v. a.* to give energy
 En'erge, *s.* power, force, efficacy
 Ener'gate, Ener'ge, *v. a.* to weaken; to crush
 Enfee'ble, *v. a.* to weaken, to render feeble

Enfeoff, *v. a.* to invest with possessions
 Enfeoffment, *s.* the act of enfeoffing
 Enfet'ter, *v. a.* to put in chains, to confine
 Enfil'a'de, *s.* a straight passage—*v. a.* to
 pierce in a straight line
 Enfo'rce, *v.* to force, to strengthen; to urge
 Enfo'rce'ment, *s.* compulsion, exigence
 Enfran'chise, *v. a.* to make free, to liberate
 Enfran'chisement, *s.* the act of making
 free; release from slavery or prison
 Enfo'ward, *v. a.* to make perverse
 Enga'ge, *v.* to embark in an affair; to in-
 duce; to win by pleasing means; to bind;
 to employ; to fight, to encounter
 Enga'gement, *s.* an obligation, a bond; en-
 ployment of the attention; a battle
 Engar'ison, *v. a.* to defend by a garrison
 Engen'der, *v. a.* to beget; produce; excite
 En'gine, *s.* any machine; an agent
 Engineer, *s.* one who manages engines or
 directs the artillery of an army
 Engir'd, *v. a.* to encircle, to surround
 En'glish, *a.* any thing belonging to England
 Englut', *v. a.* to swallow up; to pamper
 Engo'rge, *v.* to swallow, to gorge
 Engrai'n, *v. a.* to indent in curve lines
 Engrai'n, *v. a.* to dig deep, to dig in grain
 Engrap'le, *v. a.* to close with; to contend
 Engra've, *v. a.* to cut characters on copper,
 &c.
 Engra'ver, *s.* one who engraves metals, &c.
 Engra'ving, *s.* a picture engraved
 Engro'ss, *v. a.* to purchase or monopolize
 the whole of any commodity, to sell it at
 an advanced price; to copy in a large
 hand
 Enhau'ce, *v. a.* to raise the price; to raise
 in esteem; to lift up; to aggravate
 Enigma, *s.* a riddle, an obscure question
 Enigmat'ical, *a.* obscure, doubtful
 Enigmatist, *s.* a maker of riddles
 Enjo'i'n, *v. a.* to direct, to order, to prescribe
 Enjo'i'nment, *s.* a direction, a command
 Enjoy', *v. a.* to obtain possession of; to
 please, to exhilarate; to delight in
 Enjoy'ment, *s.* happiness, fruition, pleasure
 Enkin'dle, *v. a.* to set on fire, to inflame
 Enla'rge, *v.* to increase; to expatiate
 Enla'rgement, *s.* an increase; a release
 Enl'ighten, *v. a.* to illuminate; to instruct
 Enlin'k, *v. a.* to chain to, to bind together
 Enlis't, *v. a.* to enrol or register
 Enl'iven, *v. a.* to make lively, to animate
 Enmesh', *v. a.* to net, to entangle
 En'mity, *s.* malevolence, malice, ill will
 Enno'ble, *v. a.* to dignify, to elevate
 En'nui, *s.* wearisomeness, disgust
 Enoda'tion, *s.* the act of untying a knot
 Eno'm, *a.* irregular, wicked
 Eno'mity, *s.* great wickedness, villainy
 Eno'mous, *a.* irregular, disordered; wicked
 in a high degree; very large, out of rule
 Eno'mously, *ad.* beyond measure
 Enough', *a.* sufficient—*s.* a sufficiency
 Enou', *s.* the plural of Enough
 Enra'ge, *v. a.* to irritate, to provoke
 Enra'nge, *v. a.* to place regularly, to range
 Enrap'ture, *v. a.* to transport with pleasure

Enrich', *v. a.* to make rich; to fertilize
 Enrid'ge, *v. a.* to form with ridges
 Enri'pen, *v. a.* to ripen, to mature
 Enro'be, *v. a.* to dress, to clothe, to adorn
 Enro'l, *v. a.* to register, record, enwrap
 Enro'lment, *s.* a register, a record
 Ens, *s.* any being or existence
 Ensam'ple, *s.* an example, a pattern
 Ensch'e'dule, *v. a.* to insert in a schedule
 Ensew'm, *v. a.* to sew up, to close up
 Enses'r, *v. a.* to stop with fire; to cauterise
 Enshie'ld, *v. a.* to cover; defend, protect
 Enshr'ine, *v. a.* to preserve as a holy relic
 En'sign, *s.* a flag or standard of a regiment;
 the officer who carries it; a signal
 Ensla've, *v. a.* to deprive of liberty
 Enslavement, *s.* state of slavery, bondage
 Enste'e'p, *v. a.* to put under water, to soak
 Ensue, *v.* to follow, to pursue; to succeed
 Ensu'rance, *s.* exemption from hazard
 Ensu're, *v. a.* to ascertain; to indemnify
 Entablature, Enta'blement, *s.* the archi-
 trave, frieze, and cornice of a pillar
 Entail', *s.* an estate settled with regard to
 its descent; engraver's work
 Entail', *v. a.* to settle an estate so that it
 cannot be bequeathed at pleasure by any
 subsequent possessor
 Enta'me, *v. a.* to tame, to subjugate
 Entan'gle, *v. a.* to twist, puzzle, ensnare
 En'ter, *v.* to go or come into; to set down
 in writing; to be engaged in; to be ini-
 tiated in
 Enter'ing, *s.* a passage into a place, entrance
 Enterla'ce, *v. a.* to intermix, to interweave
 Enterpa'rance, *s.* mutual talk; a treaty
 Enterple'd, *v. n.* to discuss an accidental
 point arising in dispute, before the prin-
 cipal cause can be decided
 Enterprise, *s.* a hazardous undertaking
 Enterta'n, *v. a.* to talk with; to treat at
 table; to amuse; to foster in the mind
 Enterta'ning, *part. a.* treating, pleasing
 Enterta'nement, *s.* treatment at the table;
 hospitable reception; amusement; dra-
 matic performance; conversation
 Entho'ne, *v. a.* to set on a throne, to exalt
 Enthusa'sm, *s.* heat of imagination
 Enthusia'st, *s.* one of a hot credulous ima-
 gination; one who thinks himself in-
 spired: one greatly fond of any thing
 Enthusia'stic, *a.* over-zealous in any thing
 En'thymeme, *s.* an imperfect syllogism,
 wanting the major or minor proposition
 Entice, *v. a.* to allure, to attract, to invite
 Enticement, *s.* an allurement, a bait
 Ent're, *a.* whole, undivided, unmingled
 Enti'rely, *adv.* completely, fully, wholly
 Entit'le, *v. a.* to give a title or right to
 Entit'led, *part.* having a right to; named
 Entit'y, *s.* a real being, real existence
 Entol', *v. a.* to ensnare, to perplex, to take
 Entom'b, *v. a.* to put in a tomb, to bury
 Entomolog'y, *s.* that part of natural his-
 tory which treats of insects
 En'trails, *s.* the intestines, the bowels
 En'trance, *s.* a passage; the act of entering
 Entra'nce, *v. a.* to put into a trance

Entrap', *v. a.* to ensnare, take advantage of
 Entrea't, *v.* to beg earnestly, to importune
 Entrea'ty, *s.* a petition, solicitation
 Entrick', *v. a.* to deceive, to perplex
 En'try, *s.* the act of entrance; a passage
 Enu'b'ulous, *a.* free from clouds, fair
 Enu'cleate, *v. a.* to solve, clear, disentangle
 Envel'op, *v. a.* to cover, to surround, to hide
 Enven'om, *v. a.* to poison; to enrage
 En'viable, *a.* exciting envy; excellent
 En'vious, *a.* full of envy, malicious
 En'viously, *adv.* with envy, with malignity
 Envi'ron, *v. a.* to surround, to encompass,
 to invest
 Envi'rons, *s.* places adjacent, neighbourhood
 Enu'merate, *v. a.* to reckon up singly
 Enumera'tion, *s.* the act of counting over
 Enun'ciate, *v. a.* to declare, to proclaim
 Enuncia'tion, *s.* a declaration, information
 Enun'ciative, *a.* declarative, expressive
 En'voy, *s.* a public minister sent from one
 power to another, in dignity below an
 ambassador; a public messenger
 En'vy, *v. a.* to repine at the happiness of
 others; to hate another for any excel-
 lence; to impart unwillingly
 En'vy, *s.* vexation at another's good
 E'pect, *s.* eleven days of the solar above the
 lunar year; a Hebrew measure
 Ep'aulet, *s.* a shoulder-knot of lace, &c.
 Epaul'ment, *s.* in fortification, a side work
 of earth thrown up, or bags of earth, ge-
 bions, fascines, &c.
 Ephem'era, *s.* a fever that terminates in
 one day; an insect that lives but a day
 Ephem'eral, *a.* diurnal, done in a day
 Ephem'eris, *s.* an account of the daily mo-
 tions and situations of the planets
 Ephem'erist, *s.* one who studies astrology
 Eph'od, *s.* an ornament worn by Jewish
 priests
 Ep'ic, *a.* containing narrative; heroic
 Epice'dium, *s.* an elegy, a funeral poem
 Ep'icene, *a.* common to both sexes
 Ep'icure, *s.* one wholly given to luxury
 Epicure'an, *a.* luxurious, contributing to
 luxury—a follower of Epicurus
 Epidem'ic, Epidem'ical, *a.* general, univer-
 sal
 Epider'mis, *s.* the outer skin of the body
 Ep'igram, *s.* a short pointed poem
 Epigramma'tic, *a.* dealing in epigrams
 Epigram'matist, *s.* a writer of epigrams
 Epilepsy, *s.* a convulsion of the whole or
 part of the body, with loss of sense
 Epilep'tic, *a.* affected with epilepsy
 Ep'ilogue, *s.* a speech at the end of a play
 Epiph'any, *s.* a festival in commemoration
 of our Saviour's being manifested to the
 world by a star, the twelfth day after
 Christmas
 Episcopa'y, *s.* a government by bishops
 Episcopa'lian, *s.* an adherer to the estab-
 lished church of England
 Epis'copal, *a.* relating to a bishop
 Ep'isode, *s.* a narrative or digression in a
 poem separable from the main plot
 Episod'ical, *a.* contained in an episode

Epistle, *s.* a letter; a message under cover
Epistolary, *a.* relating to letters, transacted by letters; suitable to letters
Epitaph, *s.* a monumental inscription
Epithalamium, *s.* a nuptial song
Epithet, *s.* an adjective denoting a quality
Epitome, *s.* an abridgement, an abstract
Epitomise, *v. n.* to abstract, abridge, reduce
Epoch, **Epocha**, *s.* the time from which dates are numbered, or computation began
Epode, *s.* the stanza following the strophe and antistrophe in an ode
Eposée, *s.* an epic or heroic poem
Epulary, *a.* belonging to a banquet, jolly
Epulstion, *s.* a feast, a banquet, jollity
Epulstic, *s.* a healing medicament
Equability, *s.* evenness, uniformity
Equable, *a.* equal to itself, even, uniform
Equal, *s.* one of the same rank and age
Equal, *a.* like another; even, uniform, just
Equal, **Equalise**, *v. a.* to make one person equal to another, to make even
Equalisation, *s.* state of equality
Equality, *s.* likeness, uniformity
Equally, *ad.* in the same degree, impartially
Equanimity, *s.* evenness of mind, composure
Equation, *s.* bringing things to an equality
Equator, *s.* a great circle, equally distant from the poles of the world, dividing the globe into equal parts, north and south
Equatorial, *a.* pertaining to the equator
Equerry, *s.* one who has the care of the horses belonging to a king or prince
Equestrian, *a.* pertaining to a horseman or knight; belonging to the second rank in Rome
Equidistant, *a.* being at the same distance
Equiformity, *s.* uniform equality
Equilateral, *a.* having all sides equal
Equilibrate, *v. a.* to balance equally
Equilibrions, *a.* equally poised
Equilibrium, *s.* equality of weight, equipoise
Equinoctial, *a.* pertaining to the equinox
Equinoctial, *s.* an imaginary circle in the heavens under which the equator moves in its diurnal motion; when the sun crosses this line, it makes equal days and nights all over the world
Equinoxes, *s.* the precise times when the sun enters the equinoctial, making equal day and night; equality; even measure
Equinoxerant, *a.* having the same number
Equip, *v. a.* to dress or fit out, to furnish
Equipage, *s.* attendance; horses and carriages; a woman's watch and trinkets
Equipment, *s.* the thing equipped or fitted out
Equipoise, *s.* an equality of weight
Equipotent, *a.* of equal force or power
Equiponderant, *a.* of equal weight
Equiponderate, *v. n.* to weigh equally
Equitable, *a.* just, impartial, candid, fair
Equitably, *ad.* impartially, justly
Equity, *s.* justice, right, honesty, impartiality
Equivalence, *s.* equality of worth or power

Equivalent, *s.* a thing of the same value
Equivalent, *a.* equal in value or force
Equivalent, *a.* uncertain, doubtful, ambiguous
Equivocally, *ad.* uncertainly, doubtfully
Equivoque, *v. n.* to use doubtful expressions
Equivocation, *s.* ambiguity of speech; delusive words, double or doubtful meaning
Equivocator, *s.* one who equivocates
Equivoque, *s.* a quibble, equivocation
Ere, *s.* an epoch; a point of time
Eradicate, *s.* a sending forth brightness
Eradicate, *v. a.* to pull up by the roots
Eradication, *s.* the act of rooting up
Erase, *v. a.* to destroy, root up, rub out
Erase, *part.* expunged, scratched out
Ere, *ad.* before, sooner than
Erect, *v. a.* to build or set up; to exalt
Erect, *a.* upright; bold, confident
Erection, *s.* a building or raising up
Erectness, *s.* an upright posture
Erelong, *ad.* before a long time passes
Eremit, *s.* an hermit; a retired person
Eremitical, *a.* religious; solitary, retired
Erenew, *ad.* before this time
Erewhile, *ad.* some time ago, heretofore
Ergo, *ad.* consequently
Eringo, *s.* the plant called sea-holly
Eritical, *a.* controversial; relating to dispute
Ermine, **Ermine**, *s.* a beast or its skin
Ermined, *a.* clothed with ermine
Erode, *v. a.* to canker, to eat away
Erogation, *s.* a giving or bestowing
Erosion, *s.* the act of eating away
Ery, *v. n.* to go out of the way; to mistake
Ersand, *s.* a message
Ersant, *a.* wandering; vile, very bad
Ersantness, **Erantry**, *s.* an errant state
Errata, *s. pl.* faults made in printing, &c.
Erratic, *a.* wandering, irregular
Errhine, *a.* occasioning sneezing
Erroneous, *a.* subject to or full of errors
Erroneously, *ad.* by mistake; falsely
Error, *s.* mistake, blunder; sin, offence
Ere, *ad.* when time was; first, formerly
Erucescence, *s.* redness; a blush
Eruption, *s.* a sudden burst of wind
Erudite, *a.* learned
Erudition, *s.* learning, knowledge
Eruginous, *a.* copperish, rusty, brassy
Eruption, *s.* an issuing or breaking forth with violence; a pustule; a humour
Eruptive, *a.* bursting, or tending to burst
Escalade, *s.* the scaling of walls
Escalop, *s.* a regularly indented shell-fish
Escape, *v.* to get out of danger, to avoid
Escape, *s.* a getting clear from pursuit of danger; precipitate flight; oversight
Escaped, *part.* got out of danger, &c.
Escargatoire, *s.* a nursery of snails
Echniot, *s.* a kind of small onion
Eschar, *s.* a hard crust or scab made by hot applications
Escarotic, *a.* burning, searing, caustic
Eches't, *s.* any thing that falls to the lot of the master as a forfeit, or on the death of a tenant leaving no heir

Echeu', *v. a.* to fly, to avoid, to shun
 Escutcheon, *s.* a shield with arms
 Escort, *s.* a convoy; a guard to a place
 Escorte', *v. a.* to convoy; to guard to a place
 Escot', *v. a.* to pay a reckoning; to support
 Escoute', *s.* a listener; a spy; a scout
 Escrito'r, *s.* a kind of desk upon drawers
 Esculent, *a.* eatable; good for food
 Espalier, *s.* a dwarf tree planted in rails
 Especial, *a.* principal, chief, leading
 Espial, *s.* one sent out to spy; observation
 Espousal, *a.* relating to espousals
 Espousals, *s. pl.* the act of contracting or affiancing a man and woman to each other
 Espouse, *v. a.* to engage for marriage, to marry; to take upon; to defend
 Espy', *v.* to see at a distance; to watch
 Esquire, *s.* a title next below a knight
 Essay', *v. a.* to try, to attempt, to endeavour
 Essay, *s.* a trial, endeavour, experiment
 Essence, *s.* the nature, substance, or being of any thing; existence; a perfume; a smell
 Essence, *v. a.* to perfume, to scent
 Essential, *a.* necessary, very important
 Essen'tial, *s.* existence; a chief point
 Essentially, *ad.* constitutionally, necessarily; by the constitution of nature
 Esteem, *s.* an excuse for non-appearance
 Establish, *v. a.* to settle; to make firm
 Established, *part.* settled, firmly fixed
 Establishment, *s.* a settlement, a salary
 Este'e, *s.* a fortune; rank, condition of life
 Esteem, *v. a.* to value, to think well of
 Esteem, *s.* high value in opinion; regard
 Estimable, *a.* worthy of esteem
 Estimate, *v. a.* to rate, to set a value on
 Estimate, *s.* a calculation; a set price or value; computation; assignment of value
 Estimation, *s.* esteem, opinion; a valuing
 Estival, *a.* relating to the summer
 Estrange, *v.* to alienate; to become strange
 Estrangement, *s.* distance; a removal
 Estrea't, *s.* a true copy of an original writing
 Estuary, *s.* an arm of the sea; a frith
 E'stute, *s.* violence, commotion
 E'stute, *a.* corroding, eating, consuming
 Etching, *s.* a way of making or preparing copperplates for printing, by etching in the figures with prepared aqua-fortis
 Eternal, *a.* perpetual, endless, everlasting
 Eternalize, Eternalize, *v. a.* to immortalize, to make eternal; to beatify
 Eternity, *s.* duration without end
 Ether, *s.* pure air, a pure element
 Ethereal, *a.* heavenly; refined, pure
 Eth'ic, Eth'ical, *a.* moral, relating to morals
 Ethics, *s. pl.* the doctrine of morality
 Eth'io'p, *s.* a native of Ethiopia
 Eth'nic, *a.* heathenish—*s.* a heathen, a pagan
 Etiology, *s.* account of the causes of any thing
 Etiquett'e, *s.* ceremony
 Etui', *s.* a case for pocket instruments, as knife, scissors, &c.

Etymological, *a.* relating to etymology
 Etymology, *s.* the derivation of words
 Etymon, *s.* an origin; a primitive word
 Evacuate, *v. a.* to make void; empty; quit
 Evacu'ation, *s.* a discharge, an abolition, an emptying; an ejection, &c.
 Evade, *v.* to avoid, equivocate, shift off
 Evag'ation, *s.* ramble, deviation
 Evanescent, *a.* imperceptible, vanishing
 Evangelical, *a.* agreeable to the gospel
 Evangelist, *s.* a writer or preacher of the gospel; a bringer of good tidings
 Evangelize, *v. a.* to preach the gospel
 Evan'id, *a.* faint, weak, vanishing
 Evaporate, *v.* to resolve into vapours, to breathe or steam out; to fume away
 Evaporation, *s.* a flying away in fumes
 Evad'ion, *s.* an excuse, equivocation, artifice
 Evasive, *a.* equivocating, shuffling, elusive
 Eu'charist, *s.* the act of thanksgiving; the sacrament of the Lord's Supper
 Eucharistical, *a.* of or belonging to the Lord's Supper; relating to the Eucharist
 Eu'crasy, *s.* a good habit of body
 Eve, *s.* the contraction of Evening; close of the day; the day before a festival
 Even, *a.* level, parallel; calm, uniform
 Evenhand'ed, *a.* impartial, just, equitable
 Evening, Evening, *s.* the close of the day
 Evenly, *ad.* impartially, uniformly; levelly
 Evenness, *s.* regularity, calmness, uniformity
 Even-song, *s.* the evening worship
 Even't, *s.* an end, issue, consequence, incident
 Eventful, *a.* full of incidents or changes
 Even'tide, *s.* the time of the evening
 Even'tilate, *v. a.* to winnow; to sift out; to examine; to discuss; to investigate
 Eventual, *a.* consequential; accidental
 Ever, *ad.* at any time; eternally, always
 Everbubbling, *part.* always boiling up
 Everburning, *part.* unextinguished
 Evergreen, *s.* a plant all the year green
 Everlast'ing, *a.* perpetual, without end
 Everlast'ing, Everlast'ingness, *s.* eternity
 Everliving, *a.* living always, immortal
 Everno're, *ad.* eternally, without end
 Ever'sion, *s.* the act of overthrowing
 Evert, *v. a.* to overthrow, to destroy
 Every, *a.* each one of all, belonging to all
 Every'where, *ad.* in every place
 Ev'odropper, *s.* a listener by stealth
 Eu'ge, *s.* commendation; applause
 Evict, *v. a.* to dispossess; to take away
 Evict'ed, *part.* taken away; proved
 Evic'tion, *s.* a proof, evidence, conviction
 Evidence, *s.* a testimony; a witness
 Evident, *a.* plain, apparent; notorious
 Evidently, *ad.* apparently, plainly, certainly
 Evil, *a.* wicked, mischievous, bad, corrupt
 Evil, Evilness, *s.* wickedness; calamity
 Evilminded, *a.* malicious, wicked
 Evilspeak'ing, *s.* defamation, slander
 Evinc'e, *v. a.* to prove, to make plain
 Eviscerate, *v. a.* to embowel; to search
 Evitable, *a.* that may be avoided
 Ev'itate, *v. a.* to avoid, to shun; to escape

Eulogy, *s.* praise, encomium
Eu'nuch, *s.* one who is emasculated
Evo'cation, *s.* a calling out or from
Evo'ke, *v. a.* to call out, summon, invoke
Evo'lation, *s.* the act of flying away
Evo'l've, *v. a.* to unfold, to disentangle
Evo'l'tion, *s.* an unfolding; a displaying;
 extracting; doubling; wheeling, &c.
Eu'phrasy, *s.* the herb eyebright
Euroclydon, *s.* a tempestuous N. E. wind
Europe'an, *a.* belonging to Europe
Eu'rus, *s.* the east wind
Euthana'sia, *s.* an easy death
Eva'l'don, *s.* a plucking out or away
Ewe, *s.* a female sheep
Ew'er, *s.* a vessel in which water is brought
 for washing the hands
Exacerbation, *s.* the height of a disease
Exac't, *a.* nice, accurate, methodical
Exac't, *v. a.* to force; to extort; to enjoin
Exacted, *part.* demanded, imposed
Exaction, *s.* extortion, a severe tribute
Exac'tly, *ad.* accurately, nicely, fitly
Exac'tness, *s.* accurateness, regularity
Exag'gerate, *v. a.* to heighten, to aggravate,
 to enlarge or amplify; to heap up
Exaggeration, *s.* the act of heaping up; ag-
 gravation; an enlarging, amplification
Exag'itate, *v. a.* to stir up, to disquiet
Exal't, *v. a.* to lift up, to extol, to magnify
Exaltation, *s.* the act of raising up
Examination, **Exa'men**, *s.* critical disqui-
 sition; a questioning; a trial or proof
Exam'ine, *v. a.* to ask questions; to consider
Exam'iner, *s.* one who examines
Exam'plary, *a.* serving for example
Exam'ple, *s.* a pattern or model, precedent
Exan'imate, *a.* lifeless, spiritless, dead
Exan'tiate, *v. a.* to draw out; to exhaust
Exas'perate, *v. a.* to vex, provoke, enrage
Exasperation, *s.* a strong provocation
Exan'torate, *v. a.* to deprive of a benefice
Exan'tiate, *v. a.* to clear from flesh
Exce'vate, *v. a.* to cut into or make hollow
Exce'd, *v. a.* to surpass, outdo; to be eminent
Exce'd'ing, *part. a.* great in quantity, &c.
Exce'd'ingly, *ad.* to a great degree
Exce's, *v. a.* to surpass, outdo; to be eminent
Ex'cellence, *s.* eminency, dignity; purity,
 goodness; a title of honour
Ex'cellent, *a.* being of great virtue; notable
Ex'cellently, *ad.* well; to an eminent degree
Excep't, *v. a.* to leave out, exempt, object to
Except, **Except'ing**, *prep.* unless; with
 exception of; without inclusion of
Exception, *s.* an exclusion; objection, cavil
Except'ionable, *a.* liable to objection
Except'ious, *a.* peevish, froward
Except'ive, *a.* including an exception
Except'less, *a.* omitting all exceptions
Excep'tor, *s.* one who objects
Excer'n, *v. a.* to strain out, to separate
Excer'p, *v. a.* to pick out; to select
Excer'ption, *s.* act of gleanng; selecting
Excess, *s.* superfluity, intemperance
Excess'ive, *a.* beyond due bounds
Excess'ively, *ad.* exceedingly; in a great
 degree, eminently

Excha'nge, *v. a.* to give one thing for an-
 other; to barter; to truck
Excha'nge, *s.* the act of bartering; the place
 where merchants meet; the balance of
 money of different nations
Exche'quer, *s.* the court where the public
 revenues are received and paid
Excise, *s.* a tax levied upon commodities
Excisable, *a.* liable to the excise
Excise'man, *s.* an inspector of excised goods
Excision, *s.* extirpation; destruction
Excitation, *s.* the act of stirring up
Excite, *v. a.* to rouse, animate, stir up
Excitement, *s.* the motive that excites
Exclai'm, *v. a.* to cry out, to make an outcry
Exclama'tion, *s.* a clamour, an outcry; a
 note thus (!) subjoined to a pathological
 sentence
Exclam'atory, *a.* pertaining to exclamation
Exclu'de, *v. a.* to shut out; deter; prohibit
Exclusion, *s.* a rejection; act of shutting out
Exclu'sive, *a.* delarring, excepting
Exclu'sively, *ad.* without admission of an-
 other
Exco'g'itate, *v. a.* to invent; to hit off
Exco'g'itation, *s.* an invention, a device
Excommu'nicate, *v. a.* to censure; exclude
Excommunica'tion, *s.* an ecclesiastical in-
 dict, or exclusion from the fellowship
 of the church
Exco'riate, *v. a.* to strip off the skin
Excor'iation, *s.* loss of skin; plunder, spoil
Excor'tication, *s.* pulling off the bark
Ex'crement, *s.* human soil, dung, &c.
Excrement'al, *a.* voided as excrement
Excre'scence, *s.* a tumour; superfluous flesh
 &c. growing on any part of the body
Excre'tion, *s.* ejection of animal substance
Ex'cretive, *a.* able to eject excrements
Excu'sate, *v. a.* to torture, to torment
Excu'ciate, **Excu'ciated**, *part.* tormented
Excuba'tion, *s.* act of watching all night
Excu'pate, *v. a.* to clear from imputation
Excur'sion, *s.* a digression; ramble; inroad
Excur'sive, *a.* rambling, wandering
Excu'sable, *a.* pardonable
Excu'se, *v. a.* to extenuate, remit, pardon
Excu'se, *s.* an apology; a plea; a pardon
Excu'se'less, *a.* without excuse, inexcusable
Excuse', *v. a.* to seize and detain by law
Ex'crable, *a.* hateful, detestable
Ex'crably, *ad.* cursedly, abominably
Ex'corate, *v. a.* to curse, to wish ill to
Excor'ation, *s.* a curse; an imprecation of
 evil
Exce't, *v. a.* to cut out or away
Ex'ecute, *v. a.* to perform, to put to death
Ex'ecutor, *s.* one who executes or performs
Execu'tion, *s.* a performance; a seizure;
 death inflicted by forms of law
Execu'tioner, *s.* he that inflicts punishments
Execu'tive, *a.* having power to act
Execu'tor, *s.* he that is entrusted to per-
 form the will of the testator
Execu'trix, *s.* a female executor
Exem'plar, *s.* a pattern, a copy, an example
Exem'plary, *a.* worthy of imitation
Exem'plify, *v. a.* to illustrate, to copy

Exem'pt, *v. a.* to privilege, to free from
 Exem'ption, *a.* immunity, privilege
 Exen'terate, *v. a.* to take out the bowels
 Ex'equies, *s.* funeral rites
 Exer'cent, *a.* practising, following a calling
 Exercise, *v.* to employ, to practise, to exert
 Ex'ercise, *s.* labour; practice; performance
 Exer'cition, *s.* exercise, practice, use
 Exer't, *v. a.* to thrust out, enforce; perform
 Exer'tion, *s.* the act of exerting, an effort
 Exor'ate, *s.* the act of eating through
 Exor'ation, *s.* state of boiling, ebullition
 Exo'late, *v. n.* to shell off, to peel off
 Exhala'tion, *s.* evaporation, fume, vapour
 Exha'le, *v. a.* to send or draw out vapour
 Exha'lement, *s.* matter exhaled; a vapour
 Exha'ust, *v. a.* to draw out totally, to waste
 Exha'ustless, *a.* not to be emptied
 Exhib'it, *v. a.* to produce, show, offer to view
 Exhib'ited, *part.* shown, produced
 Exhib'itor, *s.* he that offers any thing
 Exhib'ition, *s.* display; allowance, pardon
 Exhib'itate, *v. a.* to make cheerful
 Exho'rt, *v. a.* to incite to any good action
 Exhorta'tion, *s.* an incitement to good
 Exho'rative, Exho'ratory, *a.* encouraging
 to good; serving to exhort
 Exhuma'tion, *s.* a removing out of the grave
 Ex'igence, *a.* demand, want, necessity
 Ex'igent, *s.* a pressing business; a writ
 Exig'uous, *a.* small, diminutive, slender
 Ex'ile, *v. a.* to banish, to transport
 Ex'ile, *s.* banishment, a person banished
 Exis't, *v. n.* to be, to have a being, to live
 Existency, Existency, *s.* a state of being
 Exis'tent, *s.* in being, possessed of existence
 Ex'it, *s.* a departure, a going out; death
 Ex'odus, *s.* a journey from a place; the
 second book of Moses, so called because
 it describes the journey of the Israelites
 from Egypt
 Exon'erate, *v. a.* to unload, to disburden
 Exonera'tion, *s.* the act of disburdening
 Exopta'tion, *s.* an earnest wish or desire
 Ex'orable, *a.* that which may be prevailed on
 Exor'bitance, *s.* enormity, great depravity
 Exor'bitant, *a.* excessive, extravagant
 Ex'orcise, *v. a.* to cast out evil spirits
 Ex'orcist, *s.* a caster out of evil spirits
 Exo'r'dium, *s.* introduction to a discourse
 Exo'tic, *a.* foreign—*s.* a foreign plant
 Expan'd, *v. a.* to spread, to dilate, to enlarge
 Expan'se, *s.* an even, wide, extended body
 Expansion, *s.* act of spreading out, extent
 Expar'sive, *a.* extensive, spreading
 Expa'tiate, *v. n.* to range at large, enlarge on
 Expa'tiated, *part.* banished from home
 Expec't, *v. n.* to wait for, attend for, stay
 Expectancy, *s.* something expected; hope
 Expectant, *a.* waiting in expectation
 Expecta'tion, *s.* the act of expecting
 Expec'torate, *v. a.* to eject from the breast
 Expectora'tion, *s.* a discharge by coughing
 Exped'ience, *s.* fitness, propriety; haste
 Exped'ient, *a.* proper, convenient; quick
 Exped'ient, *s.* a method, a way; a device
 Expedite, *v. a.* to facilitate, hasten, despatch
 Expedite, *a.* quick, ready, agile, nimble

Expedit'ion, *s.* activity; warlike enterprise
 Expedit'ious, *a.* quick, nimble, alert
 Expedit'iously, *ad.* quickly, nimbly
 Expel', *v. a.* to drive out, to banish, to eject
 Expend', *v. a.* to lay out, spend, consume
 Expen'diture, *s.* cost, disbursement
 Expen'se, *s.* cost, charges, money expended
 Expen'sless, *a.* without cost or charge
 Expen'sive, *a.* given to expense, costly
 Expe'rience, *s.* practical knowledge
 Expe'rience, *v. a.* to try, to know by practice
 Expe'rienced, *part.* *a.* skilful by experience
 Exper'iment, *s.* essay, trial, proof of any
 thing
 Experimen'tal, *a.* formed by observation
 Exper't, *a.* skilful, ready, dexterous
 Exper'tly, *ad.* skilfully, readily, dexterously
 Exper'tness, *s.* skill, art, readiness
 Ex'plable, *a.* that may be atoned for
 Ex'piate, *v. a.* to atone for a crime
 Expiation, *s.* the act of atoning for a crime
 Ex'piatory, *a.* having the power of expiation
 Expira'tion, *s.* respiration; an end; death
 Expi're, *v. a.* to breathe out, to exhale; to die
 Explai'n, *v. a.* to expound, to illustrate
 Explana'tion, *s.* act of making plain; a note
 Explai'natory, *a.* containing explanation
 Ex'pletive, *s.* a word or syllable used mere-
 ly to fill up a vacancy
 Ex'pletory, *a.* filling up, taking up room
 Explicable, *a.* that which may be explained
 Explicate, *v. a.* to unfold, expand, explain
 Explica'tion, *s.* act of opening or explaining
 Explic'it, *a.* unfolded, clear, plain, distinct
 Explic'itly, *ad.* plainly, distinctly, clearly
 Explo'de, *v. a.* to treat with scorn and dis-
 dain
 Explo'it, *s.* a great action, an achievement
 Explo're, *v. a.* to search into, to examine
 Explo'sion, *s.* the act of driving out with
 noise and violence
 Explo'sive, *a.* driving out with noise, &c.
 Ex'port, *s.* a commodity sent to a foreign
 market
 Ex'port, *v. a.* to send out of a country
 Exporta'tion, *s.* sending of goods, &c. abroad
 Expo'se, *v. a.* to lay open, to make bare; to
 put in danger; to censure
 Exposition, *s.* an explanation; situation
 Expositor, *s.* an explainer, an interpreter
 Expostulate, *v. n.* to debate, to argue
 Expostulation, *s.* discussion of an affair
 without anger; debate, altercation
 Expo'sure, *s.* an exposing to sight; situation
 Expon'd, *v. a.* to explain, unfold, lay open
 Expon'nder, *s.* an explainer, an interpreter
 Express', *v. a.* to declare, to pronounce, to
 represent, to denote; to squeeze out
 Express', *a.* plain, manifest, clear
 Express', *s.* a courier; a message sent
 Express'ible, *a.* that may be uttered
 Express'ion, *s.* a phrase; mode of speech;
 act of representing any thing; act of
 squeezing or forcing out any thing, as by
 a press
 Express'ive, *a.* proper to express; strong
 Express'ly, *ad.* in direct terms, clearly
 Expres'sure, *s.* expression, utterance

Exprobra'tion, *s.* reproachful accusation
 Expro'priate, *v. a.* to part with, to give up
 Expu'gn, *v. a.* to overcome, take by assault
 Expul'se, *v. a.* to expel, drive out, force away
 Expul'sion, *s.* act of expelling or driving out
 Expul'sive, *a.* having power to expel
 Expan'se, *v. a.* to blot out, to efface
 Expur'gate, *v. a.* to expunge; to purge away
 Exquisite, *a.* excellent, choice, curious
 Ex'quiste'tly, *ad.* perfectly, completely
 Ex'quisite'ness, *s.* curiousness, perfection
 Exsic'cant, *a.* drying, having power to dry
 Exsic'cate, *v. a.* to dry, to dry up
 Exsuda'tion, *s.* a sweating, an exhalation
 Ex'tancy, *s.* parts rising above the rest
 Ex'tant, *a.* now in being, standing in view
 Extempor'ary, *a.* not premeditated
 Extemp'ore, *ad.* without premeditation
 Extemporize, *v. n.* to speak extempore
 Exten'd, *v. a.* to stretch out, widen, enlarge
 Extens'ible, *a.* capable of extension
 Exten'sion, *s.* the act of extending
 Extens'ive, *a.* wide, large, general, capacious
 Extens'ively, *ad.* widely, largely
 Extensiveness, *s.* largeness, diffusiveness
 Extent, *s.* the circumference of any thing;
 in law, a seizure
 Extenu'ate, *v. a.* to lessen, palliate, diminish
 Extenua'tion, *s.* mitigation, palliation
 Exter'ior, *a.* outward, external
 Extermin'ate, *v. a.* to root out, drive away
 Extermina'tion, *s.* destruction; excision
 Exter'n, Exter'nal, *a.* visible, outward
 Exter'nally, Exter'iorly, *ad.* outwardly
 Extor'sion, *s.* the act of rubbing off
 Extil', *v. n.* to drop from, to distil from
 Extilla'tion, *s.* the act of falling in drops
 Extim'ulate, *v. a.* to incite by stimulation
 Extinct, *a.* extinguished, put out; dead
 Extin'ction, *s.* act of quenching or extin-
 guishing; destruction, suppression
 Extin'guish, *v. a.* to put out, to destroy,
 to obscure, to suppress
 Extin'guishable, *a.* that may be quenched
 Extin'guisher, *s.* a hollow cone placed on a
 burning candle to extinguish it
 Extir'pate, *v. a.* to root out, to destroy
 Extirpa'tion, *s.* act of rooting out, excision
 Extol', *v. a.* to praise, to magnify, to laud
 Extor't, *v. a.* to draw by force, to wrest or
 wring from one, to gain by violence
 Extor'sion, *s.* an unlawful exaction of more
 than is due; oppression
 Extor'sioner, *s.* one who practises extortion
 Extract, *v. a.* to draw out of, to select
 Ex'tract, *s.* the substance extracted; the
 chief heads of a book; an epitome; a
 quotation
 Extra'ction, *s.* act of drawing out; lineage
 Extra'judic'al, *a.* out of the course of law
 Extramur'sion, *s.* an emitting outwards
 Extramur'dane, *a.* beyond the limits of
 the universe; in the infinite void space
 Extra'neous, *a.* foreign, of different sub-
 stance, irrelevant, unconnected

Extra'rdinarily, *ad.* remarkably, emin-
 ently
 Extra'rdinary, *a.* eminent, not common
 Extrapa'r'chial, *a.* out of the parish bounds
 Extrareg'ular, *a.* not subject to rule
 Extrav'agance, *s.* prodigality, irregularity
 Extrav'agant, *a.* wasteful, wild, irregular
 Extrav'agantly, *ad.* wildly; in an unreason-
 able degree; luxuriously, wastefully
 Extrav'agate, *v. n.* to wander out of limits
 Extrav'asated, *a.* out of its proper vessel
 Extrav'asate, *a.* let out of the veins
 Extreme, *a.* greatest, utmost, last, very ur-
 gent, immoderate, of the highest degree
 Extre'me, *s.* the utmost point, highest de-
 gree of any thing, extremity, end
 Extre'mely, *ad.* greatly, in the utmost de-
 gree
 Extrin'sity, *s.* remotest parts; necessity;
 rigour; emergency; violence of passion
 Ex'tricate, *v. a.* to disembarass, to clear
 Ex'trication, *s.* the act of disentangling
 Extrin'sic, *a.* external, outward
 Extrude, *v. a.* to throw out, to thrust off
 Extru'sion, *s.* act of thrusting out or from
 Extru'serance, *s.* a swelling or bunching
 out; a knob or protuberant part
 Extru'serance, *s.* overgrowth, luxuriance
 Exu'berant, *a.* overabundant, luxuriant
 Exu'cious, *a.* without moisture, dry
 Exuda'tion, *s.* a sweating out, perspiration
 Exu'date, Exu'de, *v. n.* to discharge by
 sweat
 Exu'cerate, *v. a.* to make sore with an ulcer;
 to corrode; to irritate with virulence
 Exult, *v. n.* to rejoice, to triumph, to glory
 Exultance, Exulta'tion, *s.* joy, transport
 Exunda'tion, *s.* overflow, abundance
 Exu'perable, *a.* conquerable, vincible
 Exu'berant, *a.* overbalancing, exceeding
 Exu'scite, *v. a.* to rouse from sleep, stir up
 Exu'stion, *s.* consumption by fire
 Exu'vie, *s.* the cast skins or shells of ani-
 mals; whatever is thrown off, or shed;
 the acrum; the refuse
 Ey'as, *s.* a young hawk taken from the nest
 Eye, *s.* the organ of sight; aspect, regard
 Eye, *v. a.* to watch, to keep in view
 Eye'ball, *s.* the pupil or apple of the eye
 Eye'bright, *s.* the name of a planet
 Eye'brow, *s.* the hairy arch over the eye
 Eye'lash, *s.* hair on the edge of the eyelid
 Eye'less, *a.* without eyes, sightless, blind
 Eye'let, *s.* a small hole for the light, &c.
 Eye'lid, *s.* the membrane covering the eye
 Eye'shot, *s.* a sight, glance, transient view
 Eye'sight, *s.* the sight of the eye
 Eye'sore, *s.* something offensive to the sight
 Eye'tooth, *s.* the tooth next the grinders
 Eyewit'ness, *s.* an ocular evidence
 Eyre, *s.* the court of justices itinerant, so
 called from their going the circuits and
 holding assizes
 Ey'ry, *s.* a place where birds of prey build

F.

- FABA'CEOUS**, *a.* having the nature of a bean
- Fa'ble**, *s.* an instructive fiction; a falsehood
- Fa'ble**, *v.* to feign, to tell falsely
- Fa'bled**, *part.* told in fables or romances
- Fa'b'ric**, *s.* a building, an edifice; a system
- Fa'b'ricate**, *v. a.* to build; to frame, to forge
- Fa'b'ulist**, *s.* one who writes fables
- Fa'b'ulous**, *a.* feigned, full of fables, forged
- Face**, *s.* the visage; front; superficies of any thing; appearance; boldness
- Face**, *v. a.* to meet in front, to oppose boldly; to stand opposite to; to cover with an additional surface
- Fa'cet**, *s.* a small irregular surface
- Face'tious**, *a.* gay, cheerful, witty, lively
- Face'tiousness**, *s.* gaiety, drollery
- Fa'cile**, *a.* easy, not difficult; pliant, flexible
- Fa'cilitate**, *v. a.* to make clear or easy
- Fac'ility**, *s.* easiness, readiness, affability
- Fa'cing**, *part.* set over against, opposite to
- Fa'cing**, *s.* an ornamental covering
- Fa'cin'orous**, *a.* villanous, detestable, bad
- Fact**, *s.* action or deed; thing done; reality
- Fac'tion**, *s.* a party or cabal; a tumult
- Fac'tious**, *a.* given to faction, seditious
- Fac'titious**, *a.* made by art, artificial
- Fac'tor**, *s.* an agent for another, a deputy
- Fac'torage**, *s.* wages or commission for agency in purchasing goods
- Fac'tory**, *s.* a district inhabited by traders in a foreign country; mercantile agents
- Facto'tum**, *s.* a servant employed alike in all kinds of business
- Fac'ulty**, *s.* ability; power of mind; dexterity
- Facun'dity**, *s.* eloquence, easiness of speech
- Fa'dle**, *v. n. n.* to trifle, to toy, to play
- Fade**, *v.* to wither, grow weak, wear away
- Fadge**, *v. n.* to suit, to fit; not to quarrel
- Fa'ces**, *s.* excrements, drogs, dross
- Fag**, *v. a.* to grow weary, to labour
- Fag**, **Fag'end**, *s.* the worst end of a thing
- Fag'ot**, *s.* a bundle of wood for fuel, &c.
- Fail**, *v.* to become a bankrupt; to desert; to omit, to neglect; to decay, perish, die
- Fa'iling**, **Fa'iture**, *s.* a deficiency, a lapse, a becoming insolvent; omission; slip
- Fain**, *a.* glad, forced, obliged—*ad.* gladly
- Faint**, *a.* languid, weak, cowardly
- Faint**, *v. n.* to decay; to sink motionless
- Fainthea'rted**, *a.* cowardly, timorous
- Fa'inting**, *s.* temporary loss of animal motion
- Fa'instish**, *a.* rather faint or low
- Fa'intly**, *ad.* languidly, timorously, feebly
- Fa'intness**, *s.* feebleness, dejection
- Fair**, *a.* beautiful; clear; favourable; just
- Fair**, *ad.* gently, civilly; successfully
- Fair**, *s.* the female sex; a free market
- Fa'iring**, *s.* a present given at a fair
- Fa'irly**, *ad.* honestly, plainly, beautifully
- Fa'irness**, *s.* honesty, candour; beauty
- Fa'iry**, *s.* an enchantress, an elf, a fay
- Fa'ry**, *a.* given by or belonging to fairies
- Faith**, *s.* belief, fidelity, confidence
- Faith'ful**, *a.* firm to the truth, sincere, loyal
- Faith'fully**, *ad.* sincerely, honestly
- Faith'fulness**, *s.* honesty, veracity, loyalty
- Faith'less**, *a.* unbelieving; perfidious
- Fa'icated**, *a.* hooked, bent like a scythe
- Fa'ichion**, *s.* a kind of short crooked sword
- Fa'loon**, *s.* a small hawk trained for sport
- Fa'looners**, *s.* one who trains falcons
- Fa'lonet**, *s.* a small piece of ordnance
- Fa'loonry**, *s.* the art of breeding and training hawks
- Fall**, *v. n.* to drop down; decrease; happen
- Fall**, *s.* act of falling; ruin, downfall
- Falla'cious**, *a.* producing mistake; sophistical, deceitful, false; mocking expectation
- Fal'lacy**, *s.* sophism, deceitful argument, craft
- Fallibility**, *s.* liability to be deceived
- Fa'ltible**, *a.* liable to error, frail
- Fa'lling-sickness**, *s.* the epilepsy
- Fa'low**, *v. n.* to plough in order to a second ploughing
- Fa'low**, *a.* uncultivated, neglected
- False**, *a.* not true, not just, counterfeit
- Falshaa'rted**, *a.* treacherous, perfidious
- Fa'sely**, *ad.* not truly, erroneously
- Falshood**, **Fa'sity**, *s.* a lie, an untruth
- Fa'sify**, *v.* to counterfeit, forge, tell lies
- Fa'ter**, *v. n.* to hesitate in speech; stumble
- Fa'ttering**, *part.* a. stammering; stumbling
- Fame**, *s.* honour, renown, glory, report
- Fa'med**, *a.* renowned, celebrated
- Fa'meless**, *a.* without fame, obscure
- Fa'miliar**, *a.* domestic, affable, unceremonious
- Fa'miliar**, *s.* an intimate; a demon
- Fa'miliar'ity**, *s.* intimate correspondence, easy intercourse, acquaintance
- Fa'miliarize**, *v. a.* to make easy by habit
- Fa'miliarly**, *ad.* unceremoniously, easily
- Fa'm'ily**, *s.* a household; race, generation
- Fa'm'ine**, *s.* scarcity of food, dearth
- Fa'm'ish**, *v.* to starve, to die of hunger
- Fa'm'ous**, *a.* renowned, celebrated
- Fa'mously**, *ad.* renownedly, with celebrity
- Fan**, *s.* an instrument made of silk, paper, &c. used by ladies to cool themselves; a utensil to winnow corn
- Fan**, *v. a.* to winnow corn; to cool by a fan
- Fanatic**, *s.* an enthusiast, a visionary
- Fanatic**, **Fanatic'al**, *a.* enthusiastic
- Fanatic'ism**, *s.* a religious frenzy, enthusiasm
- Fan'ciful**, *ad.* imaginative, whimsical
- Fan'cifully**, *a.* capriciously, imaginarily
- Fan'cy**, *s.* imagination, thought; taste; caprice, frolic; inclination, idle scheme
- Fan'cy**, *v.* to imagine; to like, to be pleased with; to portray in the mind, to imagine
- Fane**, *s.* a temple; a weathercock
- Fan'faron**, *s.* a bully, a hector, a blusterer

Fanfare's, *s.* a bluster; parade, boast
Fang, *s.* the long tusk of an animal, a talon
Fang'ed, *part.* furnished with fangs
Fan'gle, *s.* a silly attempt, a trifling scheme
Fan'gled, *a.* vainly fond of novelty
Fan'nel, *s.* a sort of scarf worn about the left arm of a mass priest when he officiates
Fan'stic, **Fan**'stical, *a.* irrational, imaginary, capricious, whimsical
Fan'tasy, **Fan**'tasm, *s.* imagination, humour
Far, *a.* distant, remote—*ad.* to great extent
Farce, *s.* a ludicrous dramatic representation
Far'ical, *a.* relating to a farce; droll
Far'ry, *s.* the leprosy of horses
Far'del, *s.* a bundle, a pack, a burden
Fare, *s.* provisions; hire of carriages, &c.
Fare, *v. n.* to go, to travel; to happen to any one well or ill; to feed, to eat
Farewell, *ad.* the parting compliment, adieu
Far'fetched, *a.* brought from places distant; elaborately strained, unnatural
Farina'ceous, *a.* mealy, tasting like meal
Farm, *s.* land occupied by a farmer
Far'mer, *s.* one who cultivates ground
Far'most, *a.* most distant, most remote
Farr'ginous, *a.* made of different ingredients
Farr'go, *s.* a medley, a confused mass
Far'rier, *s.* a horse-doctor; a shoer of horses
Far'riery, *s.* the practice of shoeing horses
Far'row, *s.* a litter of pigs—*v. a.* to pig
Far'ther, *a.* more remote, longer
Far'ther, *v. a.* to promote, to facilitate
Far'thermore, *ad.* besides, moreover
Far'thest, *a.* at or to the greatest distance
Far'thing, *s.* the fourth part of a penny
Far'thingside, *s.* a hoop to spread the petticoat
Fas'ces, *s.* a bundle of rods anciently carried before the Roman consuls
Fas'cination, *s.* a bandage, a tying up
Fas'cinate, *v. a.* to bewitch, to enchant
Fas'cination, *s.* enchantment, witchcraft
Fas'cine, *s.* a faggot or bavin
Fas'cious, *a.* acting by enchantment
Fas'hion, *s.* form, manner, custom, mode
Fas'hion, *v. a.* to form, fit, mould, shape
Fas'honable, *a.* approved by custom, modish
Fas'honably, *ad.* conformably to custom
Fas'hioned, *part.* formed, framed, adapted
Fast, *v. n.* to abstain from all food
Fast, *s.* an abstinence from food
Fast, *a.* firm, strong, fixed, sound; swift
Fas'ten, *v. a.* to make fast, to cement
Fas'tener, *s.* one that makes fast or firm
Fas'thanded, *a.* close-handed, niggardly
Fas'tidious, *a.* disdainful, squeamish
Fas'tness, *s.* firmness, strength; a strong place
Fas'tuous, *a.* proud, haughty
Fat, *a.* plump, fleshy, coarse; rich
Fat, *s.* an oily and sulphurous part of the blood; a vessel in which any thing is put to ferment, commonly written *vat*
Fat, *v. a.* to make fat, to fatten, to grow fat
Fa'tal, *a.* deadly, mortal, inevitable
Fa'tality, *s.* the doctrine of necessity
Fa'talist, *s.* one who maintains that all things happen by inevitable necessity

Fa'tality, *s.* predestination, a decree of fate
Fa'tally, *ad.* mortally, destructively
Fate, *s.* destiny; death; cause of death
Fa'ted, *a.* decreed by fate; determined
Fa'ther, *s.* one who begets a child
Fa'ther, *v. a.* to adopt a child; to ascribe
Fa'therhood, *s.* the character of a father
Fa'ther-in-law, *s.* father of one's husband; &c.
Fa'therless, *a.* without a father; destitute
Fa'therly, *a.* paternal, tender, careful
Fath'om, *s.* a measure of six feet
Fath'om, *v. a.* to penetrate into; to sound
Fath'omless, *a.* bottomless; impenetrable
Fath'omful, *a.* having the power to fathom
Fat'iferous, *a.* deadly, mortal
Fat'igue, *s.* weariness, labour, lassitude
Fat'igue, *v. a.* to tire, to weary, to perplex
Fat'ling, *s.* a young animal fed for slaughter
Fat'ness, *s.* plumpness, fertility
Fat'ten, *v. a.* to make fleshy, to grow fat
Fat'tity, *s.* foolishness, weakness of mind
Fat'uous, *a.* stupid, foolish, impotent
Fav'ilous, *a.* consisting of ashes
Fault, *s.* an offence, a slight crime; a defect
Fau'lter, *s.* an offender, a defaulter
Fau'tily, *ad.* not rightly, blamably
Fau'tless, *a.* without fault, perfect, blameless
Fau'lty, *a.* guilty of a fault, wrong, bad
Faun, *s.* an inferior deity inhabiting the woods
Fa'vour, *v. a.* to support, assist, conduce to
Fa'vour, *s.* kindness, support, lenity; a knot of ribbons; good-will; feature, countenance
Fa'vourable, *a.* kind, propitious, tender
Fa'vourably, *ad.* kindly, with favour
Fa'voured, *part.* *a.* featured well or ill; regarded with kindness or partiality
Fa'vourite, *s.* a person or thing beloved
Fa'vouritism, *s.* exercise of power by favourites
Fau'cet, *s.* a small pipe for a barrel
Fawn, *v. n.* to flatter, cringe—*s.* a young deer
Faw'ning, *part.* cringing, flattering
Fay, *s.* a fairy, an elf; faith
Fa'alty, *s.* homage, loyalty, submission
Fear, *s.* dread, terror, anxiety, awe
Fear, *v. a.* to dread, be afraid of, be anxious
Fear'ful, *a.* timorous, afraid, awful
Fear'fully, *ad.* timorously, terribly; in fear
Fear'fulness, *a.* timorousness, dread; awe
Fear'less, *a.* free from fear, intrepid
Feas'ibility, *s.* the practicability of a thing
Feas'ible, *a.* practicable, that may be done
Feast, *s.* a festival, a sumptuous treat
Feast, *v. a.* to entertain sumptuously, to jamper
Feat, *s.* an act, a deed; trick or slight
Feat, *a.* neat, quick, ready
Feath'er, *s.* the plume of birds; an ornament
Feath'er, *v. a.* to dress or fit with feathers
Feath'er-bed, *s.* a bed stuffed with feathers
Feath'ered, *a.* clothed with feathers
Feath'erless, *a.* without feathers, naked
Feat'ily, *ad.* neatly, nimbly, readily

- Fea'ture**, *s.* the cast or make of the face ;
 any lineament or single part of the face
Feaze, *v. a.* to untwist a rope ; to beat
Febr'ifuge, *s.* a medicine to cure fevers
Febr'ile, *a.* relating or belonging to a fever
Feb'ruary, *s.* the second month of the year
Febru'a'tion, *s.* a sacrifice, &c. for the dead
Fee'ulence, *s.* muddiness, lees, dregs
Fee'ulent, *a.* dreggy, foul, excrementitious
Fee'und, *a.* fruitful, prolific, rich
Fecon'da'tion, *s.* the act of making fruitful
Fecon'dity, *s.* fertility, fruitfulness
Fed, *pret. and part. of feed*
Fed'ary, *s.* a partner or a dependant
Fed'eral, *a.* relating to a league or contract
Fed'erary, *s.* a confederate, an accomplice
Fee, *v. a.* to reward ; to pay ; to bribe ; to hire
Fee, *s.* a reward ; wages ; gratification ; lands,
 &c. held by any acknowledgment of su-
 periority to a higher lord
Fee'ble, *a.* weak, sickly, debilitated
Fee'bled, *part.* enfeebled, made weak
Fee'bleness, *s.* weakness, infirmity
Feed, *v.* to supply with food, to cherish
Feed, *s.* pasture for cattle, food
Fee'der, *s.* one who gives or eats food
Feel, *v.* to perceive by the touch ; to be af-
 fected by ; to know, to try, to sound
Feel, *s.* the sense of feeling, the touch
Fee'ling, *s.* sensibility, tenderness, percep-
 tion
Fee'lingly, *ad.* with great sensibility
Feet, *s.* the plural of Foot
Fee'tless, *a.* without feet
Feign, *v.* to assume, dissemble, relate falsely
Feign'd, *part.* dissembled, pretended
Feint, *s.* a false appearance, a mock assault
Felici'tate, *s.* to make happy ; congratulate
Felici'tation, *s.* congratulation
Felici'ty, *s.* happiness, prosperity, blissful-
 ness
Fel'ine, *a.* belonging to or resembling a cat
Fell, *a.* cruel, fierce, savage, bloody
Fell, *v. a.* to knock down, to cut down
Fell'monger, *s.* a dealer in hides or skins
Fello'e, *s.* the circumference of a wheel
Fellow, *s.* an associate, equal ; a mean person
Fello'w, *v. a.* to suit with, to pair with
Fello'wship, *s.* companionship, society,
 equality ; establishment in a college
Felly, *ad.* cruelly, barbarously
Fel'o-de-as', *s.* a self-murderer, a suicide
Felon, *s.* one guilty of a capital crime
Felo'nious, *a.* wicked, villainous, malign
Felo'niously, *ad.* in a felonious manner
Fel'ony, *s.* a capital offence or crime
Felt, *v. a.* to unite stuff without weaving
Felt, *s.* stuff used in making hats ; a skin
Fel'tre, *v. a.* to clot together like felt
Feluc'ca, *s.* a small open boat with six oars
Fe'male, **Fem'inine**, *a.* not masculine, soft,
 effeminate, tender, delicate, emasculated
Fe'male, **Fem'inine**, *s.* one of the sex that
 brings forth young
Fe'me-covert, *s.* a married woman
Femina'ity, *s.* female nature
Fen, *s.* a marsh, a moor, low moist ground
Fence, *s.* a guard, enclosure, mound, hedge

- Fence**, *v.* to enclose, to guard ; to use the fell
 scientifically ; to act on the defensive
Fen'cless, *a.* without enclosure, open
Fen'cer, *s.* one who practises fencing
Fen'cible, *a.* capable of defence
Fen'cing, *s.* the art of defence by weapons
Fend, *v.* to keep off, to shut out ; to dispute
Fen'der, *s.* a fence to keep in the claders
Fen'ny, *a.* marshy, inhabiting the marsh
Fen'dal, *a.* held from another
Fen'dary, *s.* one who holds an estate under
 tenure of service, &c. to a superior lord
Fee'off, *v. a.* to put in possession, to invest
Fee'off, *s.* one put in possession
Fee'offer, *s.* one who gives possession
Fee'offment, *s.* the act of granting possession
Fera'cious, *a.* fertile, fruitful
Ferac'ity, *s.* fruitfulness, fertility
Fe'ral, *a.* mournful, funeral, deadly
Feria'tion, *s.* the act of keeping holiday
Feri'ne, *a.* wild, savage, fierce, barbarous
Fer'ineness, **Fer'ity**, *s.* barbarity, wildness
Fermen't, *v. a.* to exalt or rarify by intes-
 tine motion of its parts
Fer'ment, *s.* intestine motion, tumult
Fermenta'tion, *s.* an intestine motion of the
 small particles of a mixt body from the
 operation of some active acid matter
Fermen'tative, *a.* causing fermentation
Fern, *s.* a plant growing on heaths, &c.
Fer'ny, *a.* overgrown with fern
Fero'cious, *a.* savage, fierce, rapacious
Fero'city, *s.* fierceness, cruelty, wildness
Fer'rous, *a.* made of iron or containing iron
Fer'ret, *s.* a small animal ; a kind of tape
Fer'ret, *v. a.* to tease or vex one ; drive out
Ferru'gineous, *a.* partaking of iron
Fer'rule, *s.* an iron ring at the end of a stick
Fer'ry, *s.* a boat for passage ; the passage
 over which the boat passes
Fer'ry, *v.* to convey in a boat
Fer'ryman, *s.* one who keeps or rows a ferry
Fer'tile, *a.* fruitful, abundant, plenteous
Fer'tility, *s.* abundance, fruitfulness
Fer'tilize, *v. a.* to make plenteous, fecundate
Fer'vency, *s.* ardour, eagerness, zeal
Fer'vent, *a.* hot, vehement, ardent, zealous
Fer'vently, *ad.* eagerly ; with pious ardour
Ferve'scent, *a.* growing hot
Fer'vid, *a.* vehement, zealous, burning
Fer'ula, **Fer'ule**, *s.* an instrument with
 which young scholars are beaten on the
 hand
Fer'vour, *s.* heat of mind, zeal, warmth
Fes'cue, *s.* a wire to point out letters to
 learners
Fes'tal, *a.* befitting a feast
Fes'ter, *v. n.* to corrupt, to rankle, to grow
 virulent
Fes'tinate, *a.* hasty, hurried
Fes'tival, *s.* a day of civil or religious joy
Fes'tive, *a.* joyous, gay, pertaining to feasts
Fes'tivity, *s.* a festival, a time of rejoicing
Fes'toon, *s.* an ornament of twisted flowers
Fes'tuc'ous, *a.* formed of straw
Fetch, *v. a.* to go and bring a thing, to draw
Fetch, *s.* a stratagem, an artifice, a trick
Fet'id, *a.* stinking, having an offensive smell

Fet'lock, *s.* a tuft of hair that grows behind a horse's pastern or ankle joint
Fet'or, *s.* a strong offensive smell
Fet'ter, *v. a.* to enchain; to shackle, to tie
Fet'ters, *s.* chains for the feet
Fet'tle, *v. n.* to do trifling business
Fetus, **Fœtus**, *s.* any animal in embryo
Fend, *s.* a quarrel, contention, opposition
Fen'dal, *a.* dependant, held by tenure
Fen'datory, *s.* one who holds of a lord or chief
Fever, *s.* a disease, accompanied with thirst and a quickened pulse, in which sometimes heat, sometimes cold, prevails
Feverish, **Feverous**, **Fevery**, *a.* troubled with a fever, tending to a fever, hot, burning
Feu'illage, *s.* a bunch or row of leaves
Few, *a.* a small number, not many
Few'ness, *s.* smallness of number, brevity
Fiat, *s.* an order, a decree
Fib, *s.* a falsehood—*v. n.* to tell lies, to lie
Fib'ber, *s.* a teller of lies
Fibre, *s.* a small thread or string
Fib'rous, *a.* full of or composed of fibres
Fickle, *a.* changeable, inconstant, unfixed
Fickleness, *s.* inconstancy, unsteadiness
Fiction, *s.* a story invented; a falsehood
Fictitious, **Ficti'tious**, *a.* imaginary, false, counterfeit, not real, not true, allegorical
Fictitiously, *ad.* falsely, counterfeitedly
Fiddle, *s.* a musical instrument, a violin
Fiddle, *v. n.* to play upon the fiddle; to trifle
Fid'dle-fiddle, *s.* a trifle
Fid'dler, *s.* one who plays on the fiddle
Fiddle-string, *s.* the string of a fiddle
Fidel'ity, *s.* honesty, veracity, faithfulness
Fid'get, *v. n.* to move nimbly or irregularly
Fid'ucial, *a.* confident, undoubting
Fidu'ciary, *s.* one who holds in trust
Fief, *s.* a manor; possession held by tenure
Field, *s.* cultivated tract of ground; the ground of battle; a wide expanse; space, compass, extent
Field'book, *s.* a book used by surveyors
Fie'ldfare, *s.* a bird; a kind of thrush
Fie'ldpiece, *s.* a small cannon used in battle
Fie'ldy, *a.* open like a field
Fiend, *s.* an infernal being; an enemy
Fierce, *a.* savage, outrageous, furious, strong
Fier'ce, *ad.* violently, furiously, vehemently
Fier'ceness, *s.* ferocity, fury, violence
Fif'ery, *a.* consisting of fire; passionate, hot
Fife, *s.* a small pipe blown to the drum
Fif'er, *s.* one who plays on a fife
Fif'teen, *a.* five and ten added
Fifty, *a.* five tens added
Fig, *s.* a tree that bears figs; its fruit
Fight, *v.* to contend in battle, to combat
Fight, *s.* a battle, an engagement, a duel
Fighter, *s.* a warrior, a duellist
Fig'ment, *s.* a fiction, an invention
Fig'urate, *a.* made of potter's earth or clay
Fig'urable, *a.* capable of being formed
Fig'ural, **Fig'urate**, *a.* of a certain form
Fig'urative, *a.* not literal, metaphorical
Fig'uratively, *ad.* by a figure, not literally
Figure *v. a.* to form into any shape

Figure, *s.* shape, external form; eminence
 an image; a character denoting a number
Fig'ured, *part. a.* represented; adorned
Fila'ceous, *a.* consisting of threads
Fila'cer, *s.* an officer in the Common Pleas
Fila'ment, *s.* a slender thread; a fibre
Fil'bert, *s.* a fine hazel nut with a thin shell
Filch, *v. a.* to steal, pilfer, cheat, rob
Fil'cher, *s.* a petty thief, a robber
File, *s.* a steel tool to polish iron, &c. with;
 a wire for papers; a line of soldiers
Fil'e'not, *s.* a brown or yellow brown colour
Fil'ial, *a.* pertaining to or becoming a son
Fil'igree, *s.* a kind of delicate work on gold or silver in manner of threads or grains
Fil'ings, *s.* particles rubbed off by a file
Fill, *v. a.* to make full, to satisfy, to surfeit
Fill, *a.* fulness, satiety; part of a carriage
Fillet, *s.* a band tied round the head, &c.;
 a bandage; the fleshy part of the thigh
Fil'lig, *s.* a dress worn by Highlanders
Fil'lip, *v. a.* to jerk with the fingers
Fil'lip, *s.* a jerk of the finger from the thumb
Fil'ly, *s.* a young mare; opposed to colt
Film, *s.* a thin skin or pellicle
Fil'my, *a.* composed of thin membranes
Filter, *v. n.* to strain, to percolate
Filth, *s.* dirt, nastiness; grossness, pollution
Fil'thiness, *s.* dirtiness; impurity
Fil'thy, *a.* dirty, nasty; gross, obscene
Fil'trate, *v. a.* to strain, to filter, to percolate
Fin, *s.* the wing of a fish by which he swims
Fina'ble, *a.* that which may be fined
Fina'l, *a.* ultimate, conclusive; mortal
Fina'ly, *ad.* ultimately, completely, lastly
Finan'ce, *s.* revenue, income, profit
Finan'cial, *a.* respecting finance
Financie'r, *s.* an officer who superintends the state finances or public revenue
Find, *v. a.* to discover, to detect; to furnish
Fine, *a.* not coarse, pure, thin, clear; elegant
Fine, *s.* a pecuniary forfeit, penalty, mulct
Fine, *v. a.* to refine, purify; inflict a penalty
Fine'ly, *ad.* elegantly; keenly, subtly
Fine'ness, *s.* elegance, show; purity, subtlety
Finer, *s.* one who purifies metals
Fin'ery, *s.* show, gayety in attire, splendour
Fin'eypan, *a.* ingeniously contrived
Finess, *s.* an artifice, a stratagem
Fin'ger, *s.* a part of the hand
Fin'ger, *v. a.* to touch lightly; to pilfer
Fin'ical, *a.* nice, foppish, affected, conceited
Fin'ically, *ad.* foppishly, superfluously nice
Fin'ing-pot, *s.* a pot for refining metals
Fina's, *s.* the end, the conclusion
Fin'ish, *v. a.* to end, to perfect, to complete
Fin'isher, *s.* one who completes or perfects
Fina'te, *a.* limited, bounded, terminated;
 created; it is opposed to infinite
Fina'teness, *s.* limitation, confinement
Fin'less, *a.* without fins
Fin'ny, *a.* furnished with fins
Fir, *s.* the tree of which deal boards are made
Fire, *s.* that which has the power of burning; flame, light, lustre; ardour, spirit
Fire, *v.* to discharge fire arms; to kindle
Fir'e-arm, *s.* a gun, musket, &c.
Fir'e-drake, *s.* a fiery serpent or meteor

Firebrand, *s.* a piece of wood kindled; an incendiary; one who inflames factions
 Firelock, *s.* a soldier's gun, a musket
 Fireman, *s.* one who is employed to extinguish burning houses; a violent man
 Firepan, *s.* a pan for holding fire
 Firework, *s.* a beautiful display of fire
 Fireship, *s.* a ship filled with combustibles
 Fyring, *s.* fuel, something used for the fire
 Firkin, *s.* a vessel containing nine gallons
 Firm, *a.* fast, strong, hard, constant, steady
 Firm, *s.* the name or names under which the business of any trading house is carried on
 Firmament, *s.* the sky, the heavens
 Firmament'al, *a.* celestial, belonging to the firmament; ethereal; elementary
 Firman, *s.* a permission to trade, &c.
 Firmly, *ad.* immovably, steadily, constantly
 Firmness, *s.* steadiness, stability, solidity
 First, *a.* earliest in time; chief, primary
 Fir'struits, *s.* the first produce of any thing; one year's produce of a spiritual living given to the king
 Fir'stling, *s.* the first produce or offspring
 Fis'cal, *s.* the exchequer, the revenue
 Fish, *s.* an animal existing only in water
 Fish, *v.* to catch fish; to sift, to catch by art
 Fish'er, Fish'er'man, *s.* one whose employment is to catch fish with nets, or by angling
 Fish'ery, *s.* trade or employment of fishing
 Fish'hook, *s.* a hook to catch fish with
 Fish'y, *v. a.* to turn to fish
 Fishing, *s.* the art or practice of catching fish
 Fish'meal, *s.* a meal made of fish
 Fish'monger, *s.* one who sells or deals in fish
 Fish'y, *a.* consisting of or like fish
 Fis'sure, *s.* a cleft, an opening, a small chasm
 Fist, *s.* the hand clenched or closed
 Fis'ticuffs, *s.* a battle with fists
 Fis'tula, *s.* a sinuous ulcer callous within
 Fis'tulous, *a.* pertaining to a fistula
 Fit, *s.* a paroxysm of any distemper; disorder of the animal spirits; distemperature
 Fit, *a.* qualified, proper, convenient, meet
 Fit, *v. a.* to suit, to accommodate, to adapt
 Fitch, *s.* a small kind of wild pea; a vetch
 Fit'ful, *a.* varied by paroxysms
 Fit'ly, *ad.* aptly, properly, commodiously
 Fit'ness, *s.* propriety, convenience, meetness
 Five, *a.* four and one
 Fi'vefold, *a.* five times as much
 Fives, *s.* a game at balls; a disease of horses
 Fix, *v.* to fasten, settle, determine, rest
 Fixa'tion, Fix'edness, *s.* stability, solidity
 Fix'ed, *part.* appointed, determined
 Fix'idity, Fix'ity, *s.* coherence of parts
 Fix'ture, *s.* any article fixed to the premises, as fire-grates, dressers, &c.
 Fix'ure, *s.* position; firmness; pressure
 Fix'ig, *s.* a kind of harpoon to strike fish
 Fix'le, *v. n.* to make a kind of hiss
 Flab'biness, *s.* limberness, softness
 Flab'by, *a.* soft, not firm, limber, not stiff
 Flab'ble, *a.* subject to be blown by wind

Flac'id, *a.* weak, limber, not stiff, not tense
 Flaccid'ity, *s.* laxity, limberness
 Flag, *v. n.* to grow dejected, droop, lose vigour
 Flag, *s.* the colours of a ship or land forces; a water plant; a flat stone for paving
 Flag'elet, *s.* a small flute, a musical pipe
 Flagella'tion, *s.* the act of scourging
 Flag'gy, *a.* weak, limber, not tense; insipid
 Flagit'ious, *a.* wicked, atrocious, vile
 Flag'on, *s.* a drinking vessel of two quarts
 Flag-officer, *s.* the commander of a squadron or part of a fleet of ships
 Fla'grancy, *s.* burning heat, fire, inflammation
 Fla'grant, *a.* ardent, glowing; notorious
 Flag'ship, *s.* the admiral's ship
 Flail, *s.* an instrument to thresh corn with
 Flake, *s.* any thing that appears loosely put together; a stratum, a layer, a lamina
 Flak'y, *a.* lying in layers or strata
 Flam, *s.* a falsehood, a lie, an illusory pretext
 Flambeau, *s.* a lighted wax torch
 Flame, *s.* light emitted from fire; fire; the passion of love; brightness of fancy
 Flame, *v. n.* to shine as fire, shine like flame
 Fla'men, *s.* an ancient Pagan priest
 Fla'ming, *part.* blazing, burning; notorious
 Flammability, *s.* an aptness to take fire
 Flamma'tion, *s.* the act of setting on flame
 Flam'med, *part.* deceived, imposed on
 Fla'my, *a.* inflamed, burning, flaming
 Flank, *s.* the side; part of a bastion—*v. a.* to attack the side of a battalion or fleet
 Flan'nel, *s.* a soft nappy stuff made of wool
 Flap, *s.* anything that hangs broad and loose; a blow with the hand; a disease in horses
 Flap, *v.* to beat with a flap; to ply the wings with a noise; to fall with flaps
 Flap'dragon, *v. a.* to devour—*s.* a game
 Flare, *v. n.* to glitter offensively; to flutter with a splendid show; to give a glaring light
 Flash, *s.* a sudden blaze; a sudden burst of wit
 Flash'y, *a.* empty, showy, insipid
 Flask, *s.* a bottle, a vessel; a powder-horn
 Flasket, *s.* a large basket; a kind of tray
 Flat, *s.* a level; even ground; a shallow
 Flat, *a.* smooth, level; insipid, dull; not shrill
 Flat, *v.* to make level; to make rapid
 Flat'ly, *ad.* peremptorily; dully, frigidly
 Flat'ness, *s.* evenness; insipidity, dulness
 Flat'ten, *v.* to make even; deject, dispirit
 Flat'ter, *v. a.* to praise falsely; to raise false hopes; to soothe, to caress; to adulate
 Flat'terer, *s.* a wheedler, a fawner
 Flat'tery, *s.* fawning; false venal praise
 Flat'tish, *a.* somewhat flat; dull
 Flat'ulency, *s.* windiness; vanity, levity
 Flat'ulent, Flat'uous, *a.* windy, empty, vain
 Flaunt, *v. n.* to make a fluttering show in, apparel; to give one's self airs
 Flaunt, *s.* any thing loose and airy
 Fla'vorous, *a.* fragrant, odorous, palatable
 Fla'vour, *s.* a taste, relish; sweet smell
 Flaw, *s.* a crack, a breach; a fault, a defect

Flax, *s.* a fibrous plant, of which the finest thread is made; the fibres of flax cleansed
Flax-dresser, *s.* he who prepares flax
Flax'en, *a.* made of flax, like flax; fair
Flay, *v. a.* to strip off the skin
Flea, *s.* a small insect remarkable for agility
Flea-bitten, *a.* stung by fleas; worthless
Fleak, *s.* a small lock, thrawl, or twist
Fleam, *s.* an instrument used to bleed cattle
Fleck, *v. a.* to spot, to streak, to dapple
Fledge, *v. a.* to supply with feathers or wings
Flee, *v. n.* to run from danger or for shelter
Fleece, *s.* the wool from one sheep
Fleece, *v. a.* to strip or plunder a person
Flee'ced, *part.* stripped, plundered
Flee'cy, *a.* woolly, covered with wool
Fleer, *v.* to mock, to jest with contempt
Fleet, *a.* swift of pace, nimble, active
Fleet, *s.* a company of ships; a creek
Fleet, *v.* to fly swiftly, vanish; live merrily
Fleet'ing, *part.* passing away continually, of short duration
Fleet'y, *ad.* with swift pace, nimble
Fleet'ness, *s.* swiftness, celerity, velocity
Flesh, *s.* a part of the animal body
Flesh, *v. a.* to initiate; to harden; to glut
Flesh'ly, *s.* a fly that feeds upon flesh
Flesh'iness, *s.* fulness of flesh, plumpness
Flesh'liness, *s.* carnal passions or appetites
Flesh'y, *a.* corporeal, human, not celestial
Flesh'meat, *s.* animal food, flesh of animals
Flesh'y, *a.* full of flesh, musculous, plump
Flet, *part.* skimmed, deprived of the cream
Fletcher, *s.* a maker of bows and arrows
Flew, *preterite of fly*
Flew'ed, *a.* chapped; deep mouthed
Flexibility, *s.* pliancy, ductility, facility
Flexible, **Flex'ile**, *a.* pliant, manageable
Flex'ion, *s.* the act of bending; a joint, a turn
Flex'uous, *a.* winding, variable, not straight
Flex'ure, *s.* the part bent, the joint
Flick'er, *v. n.* to flutter, to play the wings
Flier, *s.* a fugitive, a runaway; part of a jack
Flight, *s.* the act of flying or running away; a flock of birds; heat of imagination; the stairs from one landing-place to another
Fli'ghty, *a.* wild, full of imagination; swift
Flim'y, *a.* weak, slight, spiritless; mean
Flinch, *v. n.* to shrink from pain, &c.
Flin'cher, *s.* he who shrinks or falls
Fling, *v.* to throw, dart, scatter, flounce
Fling, *s.* a throw; a contemptuous remark
Flint, *s.* a hard kind of pebble
Flint'y, *a.* made of flint; inexorable, cruel
Flip, *s.* a drink made of beer, spirits, and sugar; a liquor much used in ships
Flip'pancy, *s.* pertness; brisk folly
Flip'pant, *a.* nimble, pert, talkative
Flip'pantly, *ad.* in a flippan't manner
Flirt, *v.* to jeer; to run about idly, &c.
Flirt, *s.* a pert hussey; a sudden trick
Flirt'a'tion, *s.* a quick sprightly motion
Flit, *v. n.* to fly away; to flutter; to remove
Flitch, *s.* the side of a hog salted and cured
Flit'er, *s.* a rag or tatter, garment rent
Flix, *s.* down, fur, soft hair
Float, *v. n.* to swim on the surface of water

Float, *s.* the cork or quill fastened to a fishing-line; large pieces of timber fastened together to convey goods with the stream; the act of floating
Flock, *s.* a company of birds, sheep, &c.
Flock, *v. n.* to assemble in crowds
Flog, *v. a.* to whip or scourge, to chastise
Flood, *s.* an inundation, a deluge; influx of the tide; a body of water; the sea
Flood, *v. a.* to deluge, to cover with waters
Flood-gate, *s.* a gate to stop or let out water
Flood-mark, *s.* a mark left by the flood
Flood, **Flow'k**, *s.* a flounder, a small fish
Floor, *s.* the bottom of a room; a story
Flop, *v. a.* to clap the wings with noise
Flora'l, *a.* relating to Flora or to flowers
Flor'id, *a.* flushed with red, blooming, rosy
Flor'idness, *s.* freshness of colour; elegance
Flor'in, *s.* a coin of different value; in Germany 2s. 4d., in Spain 4s. 4d. halfpenny, in Palermo and Sicily 2s. 6d., and in Holland 2s.
Flori'st, *s.* one who cultivates flowers
Flori'culous, *a.* composed or formed of flowers
Flori'za, **Flori'za**, *s.* the Spanish fleet that sails annually from the West Indies
Flot'son, *s.* goods casually drifting on the sea
Flounce, *v.* to move with violence in water; to be in anger; to deck with flounces
Flounce, *s.* a loose full trimming sewed to women's apparel, so as to swell and shake
Flou'nder, *v. n.* to struggle with violent and irregular motion; to plunge in water
Flou'nder, *s.* a small flat river fish
Flour, *s.* the fine part of ground wheat
Flour'ish, *v.* to thrive; brag, boast, adorn
Flour'ish, *s.* bravery; ostentatious embellishment; a short musical overture
Flout, *v.* to mock, insult, practise mockery
Flow, *v.* to run as water; to overflow
Flow, *s.* the rise of water, not the ebb
Flow'er, *s.* the blossom of a plant, the prim
Flow'er, *v. n.* to be in flower, to blossom
Flow'er de Luce, *s.* a bulbous iris
Flow'ret, **Flow'ret**, *s.* a small flower
Flow'ry, *a.* adorned with flowers
Flow'ingly, *ad.* with plenty; with volubility
Flown, *part. of flee*, gone away; elate
Fluc'tuant, *a.* wavering, uncertain
Fluc'tuate, *v. n.* to be irresolute or uncertain
Fluctua'tion, *s.* uncertainty, indetermina-tion, violent agitation
Flue, *s.* a soft down or fur; pipe of a chimney
Flu'ency, *s.* volubility, copiousness of speech
Flu'ent, *a.* eloquent, flowing; liquid
Flu'ently, *ad.* flowingly, volubly; copiously
Flu'id, *s.* any animal juice, a liquid
Flu'id, *a.* running as water, not s'fid
Flu'id'ity, *s.* the quality of flowing easily
Fluke, *s.* the broad part or arm of an anchor
Flum'mery, *s.* a kind of food made of wheat-flour or oatmeal; flattery
Flung, *part. and pret. of fling*
Flu'or, *s.* a fluid state; catamenia
Flur'ry, *s.* a flutter of spirits; gust of wind
Flush, *v. a.* to colour, to redden; to elate
Flush, *s.* violent flow; cards all of a suit

Flush'd, *part.* elated, encouraged; heated
 Flus'ter, *v. a.* to put in confusion, &c.
 Flute, *s.* a musical pipe; a channel or furrow cut in columns or pillars
 Flu'ting, *s.* fluted work on a pillar, &c.
 Flut'ter, *v.* to fly with agitation of the wings
 Flut'ter, *s.* hurry, tumult; disorder of mind
 Flux, *s.* the tide or flowing of the sea; a dysentery; concourse; confluence
 Flux'ion, *s.* act of flowing, matter that flows
 Fly, *v.* to move with wings; to run away, to shun; to spring suddenly; break, shiver
 Fly, *s.* a winged insect; balance of a jack
 Fly'blow, *v.* to fill with maggots
 Fly'fish, *s.* to angle with a fly upon a hook
 Foal, *v. a.* to bring forth a foal
 Foal, *s.* the offspring of a mare, &c.
 Foam, *v.* to froth, to be violently agitated
 Foam, *s.* froth, spume
 Foam'y, *a.* covered with foam, frothy
 Fob, *s.* a small pocket for a watch, &c.
 Fob, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud
 Fo'cal, *a.* belonging to a focus
 Fo'cus, *s.* the place where rays meet
 Fod'der, *s.* dry food for cattle—*v. a.* to feed
 Foe, *s.* an enemy, a persecutor, an opponent
 Fo'tus, *s.* a child in the womb
 Fog, *s.* thick mist, moist vapour; aftergrass
 Fog'age, *s.* rank grass, not eaten in summer
 Fog'gy, *a.* misty, cloudy, dark, dull
 Fo'ible, *s.* a weakness, a failing
 Foil, *v. a.* to defeat, to put to the worst
 Foil, *s.* a defeat; a blunt sword used in fencing; a glittering substance
 Fol'son, *s.* plenty, abundance
 Foist, *v. a.* to insert by forgery; to cram in
 Fol'sty, *a.* fasty, mouldy, smelling bad
 Fold, *s.* a pen for sheep; a double or plait
 Fold, *v.* to double up; to enclose, to shut
 Fo'liage, *s.* the leaves or tufts of trees
 Fo'liate, *a.* leaved, or having leaves
 Fo'lio, *s.* a large book, of which the pages are formed by a sheet of paper once doubled
 Folk, *s.* people, nations, mankind
 Fol'low, *v.* to go after, to attend, to obey
 Fol'lower, *s.* an attendant, a dependant
 Fol'ly, *s.* foolishness, simplicity, weakness
 Fomen't, *v. a.* to cherish with heat; to bathe with lotions; to encourage, to abet
 Fomenta'tion, *s.* the application of hot flannels to any part, dipped in medicated decoctions
 Fon, *s.* a fool, an idiot
 Fond, *a.* tender; indiscreet, foolish, silly
 Fond, Fon'dle, *v.* to caress, to be fond of
 Fon'dling, *s.* one much caressed or doted on
 Fon'dly, *ad.* with extreme tenderness
 Fond'ness, *s.* foolishness, tender passion
 Font, *s.* a baptismal basin
 Fon'tanel, *s.* an issue, a place of discharge
 Fontan'ge, *s.* a knot or ornament of ribbons on the top of the head-dress
 Food, *s.* victuals; any thing that nourishes
 Fool, *s.* a natural, an idiot; a buffoon
 Fool, *v.* to trifle, toy; deceive, disappoint
 Fooled, *part.* treated as a fool; cheated
 Foo'ery, *s.* habitual folly; an act of folly

Fool'hardy, *a.* madly adventurous, daring
 Fool'ish, *a.* weak of intellect, imprudent
 Fool'ishness, *s.* silliness, want of reason
 Fool'scape Paper, *s.* a certain size of paper
 Foot, *s.* that on which any animal or thing stands; a measure of twelve inches
 Foot, *v.* to dance, to walk, to tread; to spurn
 Foot'ball, *s.* a bladder in a leathern case, &c.
 Foot'boy, *s.* a menial, an attendant in livery
 Foot'ed, *a.* shaped in the foot
 Foot'ing, *s.* ground for the foot; foundation, basis; tread, dance; entrance; condition
 Foot'man, *s.* a low servant in livery; a stand
 Foot'pad, *s.* a highwayman that robs on foot
 Foot'path, *s.* a narrow way for passengers
 Foot'step, *s.* a trace, track, mark of a foot
 Foot'stool, *s.* a stool to put the feet on
 Fop, *s.* a vain fellow, coxcomb, simpleton
 Fop'pery, *s.* folly, affectation of show
 Fop'fish, *a.* affected, foolish, idle, vain
 Fop'ishness, *s.* over nicety, vain affectation
 For'age, *s.* provisions in general
 For'age, *v.* to wander in search of provisions to ravage, to feed on spoil, to plunder
 Forasmuch', *conj.* whereas, because, since
 Forbe'r, *v.* to pause, to abstain, to intermit
 Forbes'a'nce, *s.* lenity, command of temper
 Forbid', *v.* to prohibit, interdict, oppose
 Forbid'ding, *part. a.* raising abhorrence, causing aversion; austere, imperious
 Force, *s.* strength, violence; an armament
 Force, *v.* to compel; to violate; to urge
 Fo'reps, *s.* a surgical instrument
 Fo'rible, *a.* strong, impetuous, powerful
 Fo'ribly, *ad.* powerfully, impetuously
 Ford, *s.* the shallow part of a river; the current
 Ford, *v. a.* to pass a river without swimming
 Fo'rdable, *a.* passable without swimming
 Fo'rded, *part.* passed without swimming
 Fore, *a.* anterior—*ad.* before
 Forebo'de, *v. a.* to foretel, to prognosticate
 Foreca'st, *v.* to scheme, contrive, foresee
 Fo'recast, *s.* contrivance, antecedent policy
 Fo'recastle, *s.* the foredeck of a ship
 Fo'recited, *part.* quoted or cited before
 Foreclo'se, *v. a.* to shut up; to preclude
 Fo'redeck, *s.* the anterior part of a ship
 Foredo', *v. a.* to ruin; to overdo, to fatigue
 Foredo'm, *v. a.* to predestinate, &c.
 Fo'refather, Fo'regoer, *s.* an ancestor
 Forefen'd, *v. a.* to hinder, avert; secure
 Fo'refront, *s.* the front; the forehead
 Forego', *v. a.* to resign; to go before; to lose
 Fo'reground, *s.* that part of the ground of a picture which seems to lie before the figures
 Fo'rehand, *s.* the part of a horse which is before the rider—*a.* done too soon
 Fo'rehend, *s.* the upper part of the face
 Fo'reign, *a.* not domestic; alien; extraneous; held at a distance
 Fo'reigner, *s.* one of another country
 Forejud'ge, *v. a.* to be prepossessed, to pre-judge
 Foreknow', *v. a.* to know previously
 Foreknowledge, *s.* prescience, knowledge of that which has not yet happened

For'eland, *s.* a promontory, headland, cape
Forelay, *v. a.* to lay wait for, to entrap
For'elock, *s.* the hair on the forehead
For'emán, *s.* the first or chief person
For'emá'st, *s.* the first or head mast of a ship
Forem'en'tioned, *a.* mentioned before
For'emost, *a.* first in place, first in dignity
For'enamed, *a.* nominated before
For'enoon, *s.* the time before mid-day
Fore'n'sic, *a.* belonging to courts of judicature
Foreordá'n, *v. a.* to ordain beforehand
For'epart, *s.* the anterior part
For'erank', *s.* the first rank, the front
Forer'sch, *v. n.* to sail faster, to get first
Forerun', *v. a.* to come before, to precede
Forerun'ner, *s.* a harbinger, one sent before, a messenger; a prognostic, a presage
For'esay', *v. a.* to predict, to prophesy
For'esce', *v. a.* to see beforehand, to foreknow
Foreshow', *v. a.* to discover before it happens, to prognosticate, to predict
For'esight, *s.* foreknowledge, penetration
For'est, *s.* a woody untilled tract of ground
Fore'stá'l, *v. a.* to buy up goods or cattle before they come to market, in order to sell them at an advanced price; to anticipate
Fore'stállér, *s.* one who forestals the market
For'ester, *s.* a keeper of a forest
For'etaste, *s.* a taste before, anticipation of
Fore'tel', *v.* to utter, to prophesy, to predict
Fore'thin'k, *v. a.* to anticipate in the mind
For'ethought, *s.* prescience, anticipation; provident care, caution
Foreto'ken, *v. a.* to foreshew
Foreto'ken, *s.* a sign, an omen
For'etop, *s.* the front of a peruke, &c.
Forewa'rn, *v. a.* to admonish, to caution against
Forewa'ring, *s.* caution given beforehand
Forewish', *v. a.* to desire beforehand
For'feit, *s.* a penalty, a fine for an offence
For'feiture, *s.* act of forfeiting; a fine, a mulct
For'en'd, *v. a.* to prevent, to forbid
For'fex, *s.* a pair of scissors
Forge, *s.* a fire or place in which metals are made malleable; a furnace
Forge, *v. a.* to form by the hammer; to counterfeit, to falsify, to invent
For'gery, *s.* the crime of falsification
Forget', *v. a.* to lose memory of, to neglect
Forget'ful, *a.* inattentive, apt to forget
Forget'fulness, *s.* loss of memory; neglect
Forgiv'e, *v. a.* to pardon, to remit, to excuse
Forgiv'en, *part.* pardoned, absolved
Forgiv'ness, *s.* the act of forgiving; pardon
For'got', *For'got'en*, *part.* not remembered
Fork, *v. n.* to shoot into blades or branches
Fork, *s.* an instrument with two or more prongs for various domestic or other uses
For'ked, **For'kly**, *a.* opening into two or more parts, like the prongs of a fork
Forlór'n, *a.* deserted, helpless, lost, desperate
For'lye', *v. n.* to lie across or athwart
Form, *s.* shape, figure; beauty; order; empty show, ceremony; a class; a bench
Form, *v. a.* to fashion, to model, to arrange

For'mal, *a.* ceremonious, affected, methodical
For'malist, *s.* a lover of formality
Formá'ity, *s.* ceremony, preciseness
For'mally, *ad.* according to rule, precisely
Formá'tion, *s.* the act of forming, &c.
For'mative, *a.* having the power of forming
For'mer, *a.* before another in time; past
For'merly, *ad.* in time past
For'midable, *a.* terrible, dreadful, terrific
For'midably, *ad.* dreadfully, tremendously
For'mless, *a.* having no form, shapeless
For'mula, *s.* a prescribed rule or pattern
For'mulary, *s.* a book of stated models, &c.
For'micate, *v. n.* to commit lewdness
Formicá'tion, *s.* concubinage, unchastity between single persons; the crime of idolatry
For'micator, *s.* one that has commerce with unmarried women; an idolater
For'micstress, *s.* a woman who without marriage cohabits with a man
For'sake, *v. a.* to leave, to desert, to neglect
For'saken, *part.* neglected, deserted
Forsoo'k, *part.* of *for'sake*
Forsoo'th, *ad.* in truth, certainly, very well
For'swear, *v.* to renounce upon oath, to swear falsely, to commit perjury
Fort, *s.* a fortified house, a castle
For'ted, *a.* guarded by or having forts
For'th, *ad.* forward, abroad, out of doors
For'thcom'ing, *part.* ready to appear
For'tright, *ad.* straight forward, directly
For'twith', *ad.* immediately, without delay
For'tieth, *a.* the tenth taken four times
Fortification, *s.* the science of military architecture; a place built for strength
For'tify, *v. a.* to strengthen, to encourage
Fort'rage, **For'tin**, **For'tist**, *s.* a little fort
For'titude, *s.* courage, bravery; strength, force
For'tnight, *s.* the space of two weeks
For'tress, *s.* a strong hold, a fortified place
Fortu'itous, *a.* accidental, casual
Fortu'ity, *s.* a chance, accident
Fortunate, *a.* happy, lucky, successful
Fortunately, *ad.* happily, prosperously
Fortune, *s.* the good or ill that befalls mankind; chance; estate, portion; futurity
Fortune-hunter, *s.* a man who endeavours to marry a woman only for her fortune
Fortuneteller, *s.* one who imposes on people by a pretended knowledge of futurity
For'ty, *a.* four times ten
For'um, *s.* any public place
For'ward, *a.* warm, ardent, eager; anterior; bold, confident; early ripe
For'ward, *v. a.* to hasten, to accelerate, to patronize
For'wardly, *ad.* eagerly, hastily, readily
For'wardness, *s.* eagerness; immodesty
Fosse, *s.* a ditch, moat, or entrenchment
Fos'sil, *s.* a mineral—a. what is dug up
Fossilist, *s.* one who collects fossils
Fos'sroad, **Fos'sway**, *s.* a Roman road
Foster, *v. a.* to nurse, cherish, bring up
Fosterage, *s.* the office of nursing
Fosterbrother, *s.* one bred at the same breast

Fostered, *part.* nourished, cherished
 Fosterling, *s.* a child brought up by those that are not its natural parents
 Fought, *pref. and part. of fight*
 Foul, *a.* not clean, impure; wicked; ugly
 Foul, *v. a.* to dash, to dirty, to make foul
 Foulfaced, *a.* having an ugly hateful face
 Foully, *adv.* filthily, nastily, odiously
 Foulmouthed, *a.* using scurrilous language
 Foulness, *s.* nastiness, ugliness, odiousness
 Foulmart, *s.* a polecat
 Found, *pref. and part. pass. of find*
 Found, *v. a.* to build, establish; cast metals
 Foundation, *s.* the basis of an edifice; the first principles or grounds; establishment
 Founder, *s.* a builder, an establisher; a caster
 Founder, *v.* to grow lame; to sink to the bottom
 Foundery, Foun'dry, *s.* a casting house
 Foundling, *s.* a deserted infant
 Fount, Fountain, *s.* a spring, a spout of water
 Fountful, *a.* full of springs
 Four, *a.* twice two
 Fourfold, *a.* four times as many
 Fourfooted, *a.* quadruped
 Fourscore, *a.* four times twenty; eighty
 Fourteen, *a.* four and ten
 Fowl, *s.* a winged animal, a bird
 Fowler, *s.* a sportsman, a bird-catcher
 Fowling, *s.* the employment of shooting birds
 Fowlingpiece, *s.* a gun for shooting birds
 Fox, *s.* a beast of chase of the canine kind, remarkable for his cunning; a knave
 Fox'skin, *s.* the skin of a fox
 Foxchase, *s.* pursuit of a fox with hounds
 Foxhunter, *s.* one who hunts foxes
 Foxtrap, *s.* a gin or snare to catch foxes
 Foy, *s.* a feast given by one who is about to leave a place
 Fract, *v. a.* to break, to violate, to infringe
 Fraction, *s.* the act of breaking; dissension, strife; a broken part of an integral
 Fractional, *a.* belonging to a fraction
 Fractious, *a.* cross, peevish, quarrelsome
 Fracture, *v. a.* to break a bone—*s.* a breach; separation of contiguous parts
 Fragile, *a.* brittle, easily broken, weak
 Fragility, *s.* brittleness, weakness, frailty
 Fragment, *s.* an imperfect piece, a part
 Fragmentary, *a.* composed of fragments
 Fragrance, Fra'grancy, *s.* sweetness of smell; grateful odour, pleasant scent
 Fragrant, *a.* odorous, sweet of smell
 Frail, *a.* weak, feeble, liable to error
 Frail, *s.* a basket made of rushes; a rush
 Frailty, *s.* weakness, instability of mind
 Frame, *v. a.* to form, to fabricate, to compose; to regulate; to contrive, to plan, to invent
 Frame, *s.* any thing made so as to enclose or admit something else; regularity, order; contrivance, construction; shape, form
 Fran'chise, *v. a.* to make free—*s.* an exemption, privilege, immunity; a district
 Franciscan, *s.* a monk of the order of St Francis

Fran'gible, *a.* easily broken, fragile, brittle
 Fran'cion, *s.* a paramour; a boon companion
 Frank, *a.* liberal, ingenuous, unreserved
 Frank, *s.* a free letter; a French coin
 Frank, *v. a.* to exempt from payment
 Frankincense, *s.* an odoriferous drug
 Frankly, *adv.* freely, plainly, without reserve
 Frankness, *s.* open heartedness, liberality
 Frant'ic, *a.* mad, distracted, transported
 Frater'nal, *a.* brotherly, becoming brothers
 Frater'nity, *s.* a corporation, a society
 Fraternization, *s.* a sort of brotherhood
 Frat'ricide, *s.* the murder of a brother
 Fraud, *s.* deceit, trick, artifice, cheat
 Fraudulence, Fraudulency, *s.* deceitfulness, trickishness, proneness to artifice
 Fraudulent, Fraud'ful, *a.* full of artifice, deceitful, trickish, subtle
 Fraudulently, *adv.* by fraud, treacherously
 Fraught, *s.* a freight, a cargo—*part.* laden
 Fray, *s.* a duel, a quarrel, a battle; a defect
 Fray'd, *part.* worn by rubbing; terrified
 Freak, *s.* a sudden fancy, a whim, a humour
 Freakish, *a.* capricious, humorous
 Freck'le, *s.* a spot in the skin—*v. n.* to spot
 Freck'led, *a.* full of spots or freckles
 Free, *a.* at liberty; licentious; liberal, frank
 Freebooter, *s.* a robber, a plunderer
 Freeborn, *a.* inheriting liberty
 Free'cost, *s.* without charge or expense
 Free'dom, *s.* liberty, privilege, unrestraint
 Freshen'ed, *a.* liberal, generous, kind
 Free'hold, *s.* land held in perpetual right
 Freeholder, *s.* one who has a freehold
 Free'ly, *adv.* at liberty; lavishly; spontaneously
 Free'man, *s.* one not a slave; one entitled to particular rights, privileges, &c.
 Free'minded, *a.* unconstrained, without care
 Free'ness, *s.* ingenuousness, liberality
 Freespeak'ing, *a.* speaking without reserve
 Free'stone, *s.* a stone so called, because it may be cut in any direction, having no grain
 Free'thinker, *s.* a contemner of religion
 Freeze, *v. n.* to be congealed with cold
 Freight, *s.* the lading of a ship; the money due for transportation of goods
 French, *a.* of or belonging to France
 Frenchify, *v. a.* to infect with the manners of France
 Fren'etic, *a.* mad, distracted, frantic
 Fren'zy, *s.* madness, distraction of mind
 Fre'quency, *s.* a condition of being often seen or done; usualness; a full assembly
 Fre'quent, *a.* often done, seen, or occurring
 Frequen't, *v. a.* to visit often, to resort to
 Fre'quently, *adv.* repeatedly, not rarely
 Fres'co, *a.* coolness, shade; a painting on plaster
 Fresh, *a.* cool; not salt; not stale; recent, new; florid, vigorous, brisk; not rapid
 Fresh'en, *v.* to make or grow fresh
 Fresh'et, *s.* a pool of fresh water
 Fresh'ly, *adv.* coolly; newly; ruddily
 Fresh'ness, *s.* newness; spirit, bloom
 Fret, *v.* to rub, wear away; vex; corrode

Fret, *s.* agitation or commotion of the mind; agitation of liquors by fermentation
Fretful, *a.* angry, peevish, dissatisfied
Fretfulness, *s.* peevishness, passion
Fretwork, *s.* rubbed work in masonry
Friable, *a.* easily reduced to powder
Friar, *s.* a religious brother of some order
Friarlike, *Friarly*, *Friary*, *a.* unskilled in the world; monastic, reclusive
Friary, *s.* a monastery or convent of friars
Frit/ble, *s.* a top, a trifler, a coxcomb
Fricase, *Fricasse'e*, *s.* a dish of chickens, &c. cut small and dressed with strong sauce
Friccion, *s.* the act of rubbing bodies together
Friday, *s.* the sixth day of the week
Friend, *s.* an intimate, a confidant, a favourite
Frien'ded, *part.* befriended, aided, assisted
Friendless, *a.* without friends, forlorn
Friendliness, *s.* a disposition to friendship or benevolence; kind behaviour
Frien'dly, *a.* kind, favourable, salutary
Friendship, *s.* highest degree of intimacy; favour; personal kindness; assistance, help
Frieze, *Frize*, *s.* a warm coarse kind of cloth; a term in ornamental architecture
Frigate, *s.* a small ship of war
Fright, *s.* a sudden terror, a panic
Fright, *Frighten*, *v. a.* to terrify, to daunt
Frightful, *a.* causing fright, dreadful
Frightfully, *ad.* terribly, horridly, dreadfully
Frig'd, *a.* cold, impotent, dull, unmoved
Frigid/ty, *s.* coldness, dulness
Frigidly, *ad.* coldly, dully, unfeelingly
Frigorific, *a.* causing or producing cold
Frill, *v. n.* to quake—*s.* a kind of ruffle
Fringe, *s.* ornamental trimming
Fringe, *v. n.* to trim
Fringy, *a.* adorned with fringes
Frippery, *s.* old clothes, tattered rags; paitry ridiculous finery; dresses vamped up
Friseur, *s.* a hair-dresser
Frisk, *v. n.* to leap, to skip, to dance
Frisket, *s.* a part of a printing-press
Friskiness, *s.* gayety, liveliness
Frisky, *a.* gay, airy, frolicsome, wanton
Frit, *s.* ashes or salt to make glass with
Frith, *s.* a strait of the sea; a kind of net
Fritter, *v. a.* to crumble away in small particles, &c.—*s.* a small pancake
Frittered, *part.* divided into small pieces
Friv'olous, *a.* slight, trifling, of no moment
Friv'olously, *ad.* vainly, insignificantly
Frize, *Frizle*, *v. a.* to curl in short curls
Fro, *ad.* contraction of *from*, to and *fro*
Frock, *s.* a dress; coat; gown for children
Frog, *s.* a small amphibious animal
Frolic, *s.* a wild prank, a flight or whim
Frolic, *v. n.* to play pranks, to be merry
Frolic, *Frolicsome*, *a.* gay, jocund, wild
From, *pre.* away; out of; noting privation
Front, *s.* the face, the forehead; fore part of any thing; van of an army
Front, *v.* to stand foremost, to be opposite to

Fronted, *part.* formed with a front
Frontier, *s.* a limit, a verge of territory
Frontinac', *s.* a luscious French wine
Frontispiece, *s.* an engraving to face the title page of a book; that part of any thing that directly meets the eye
Frontless, *a.* without shame, impudent
Front'let, *s.* a bandage worn on the forehead
Frost, *s.* the power or act of congelation; the effect of cold producing ice
Frost'bitten, *part.* nipped or withered by frost
Frosted, *a.* made in imitation of frost
Frosty, *a.* excessively cold, hoary
Froth, *s.* foam; empty show of words, &c.
Froth/iness, *s.* lightness, emptiness, vanity
Froth'y, *a.* full of foam; empty, trifling
Frou'zy, *a.* feld, strong, musty; dim
Fro'ward, *a.* peevish, ungovernable, angry
Fro'wardly, *ad.* peevishly, perversely
Frown, *s.* a wrinkled look; a look of displeasure
Frown, *v. n.* to knit the brows
Fro'zen, *part. pass. of freeze*
Fructiferous, *a.* bearing fruit
Fructify, *v. a.* to make fruitful, to fertilize
Fructuous, *a.* fruitful, fertile
Fru'gal, *a.* thrifty, sparing, parsimonious
Frugality, *s.* thrift, good husbandry
Frugally, *ad.* sparingly, parsimoniously
Fruit, *s.* the produce of the earth, trees, and plants; the offspring of the womb
Fruitage, *s.* fruit collectively; various fruit
Fruitbearing, *part.* producing fruit
Fruiterer, *s.* one who trades in fruit
Fruiter'y, *s.* a fruitlest; fruit collectively
Fruitful, *a.* fertile, prolific, plentiful
Fruitfully, *ad.* abundantly, plentifully
Fruitfulness, *s.* fertility, plentiful production
Fruition, *s.* enjoyment, possession
Fruitive, *a.* enjoying, possessing
Fruitless, *a.* barren, unprofitable, idle
Fruitlessly, *ad.* vainly, unprofitably
Fruitlest, *s.* a left to preserve fruit in
Fruit-tree, *s.* a tree that produces fruit
Frumenta'eous, *a.* made of grain
Frumenta'rious, *a.* pertaining to corn
Frumenty, *s.* food made of wheat boiled in milk, and sweetened
Frump, *v. a.* to mock, to browbeat
Frush, *v. a.* to break, bruise, or crush
Frustra'eous, *a.* useless, unprofitable
Frustrate, *a.* vain, ineffectual, void
Frustrate, *v. a.* to disappoint, to defeat
Frustration, *s.* disappointment, defeat
Frustrum, *s.* a piece cut off from a regular figure
Fry, *s.* a swarm of little fishes, &c.
Fry, *v. a.* to dress food in a frying-pan
Fub, *v. a.* to put off, to delay by false pretences
Fu'cus, *s.* a paint, &c. for the face
Fud'dle, *v.* to tipple, to make drunk
Fudge, *interj.* an expression of contempt
Fu'el, *s.* the matter or aliment of fire
Fuga'ciousness, *s.* volatility, uncertainty
Fu'gitive, *a.* unsteady, volatile, flying

Fu'gitive, *s.* a runaway, a deserter
 Fu'gitivity, *s.* instability, volatility
 Fu'ciment, *s.* a prop, an under-set, a stay
 Fu'crum, *s.* the prop of a lever
 Fu'fil, *v. a.* to accomplish, to perform
 Fu'ftrau'ght, *a.* fully or completely stored
 Fu'gent, Fu'gid, *a.* shining, glittering
 Fu'gious, *a.* sooty, smoky
 Fu'linart, *s.* a kind of stinking ferret
 Full, *a.* replete, stored, saturated, perfect
 Full, *s.* complete measure; the total
 Full, *ad.* without abatement; exactly
 Fullblow'n, Fullspread', *a.* spread to the utmost extent, fully expanded
 Fullbot'tomed, *a.* having a large bottom
 Fuller, *s.* one who cleans or whitens cloth
 Fullers'-earth, *s.* a soft unctuous marl, used by fullers for cleaning cloth, &c.
 Fulliey'ed, *a.* having large prominent eyes
 Fullifed', *a.* sated, fat, plump
 Full'y, *ad.* completely, without vacuity
 Ful'minant, *a.* thundering, very loud
 Ful'minate, Ful'mine, *v.* to thunder, to make a loud noise; to denounce with censure
 Ful'mination, *s.* the act of thundering, &c.
 Ful'ness, *a.* completeness, satiety, plenty
 Ful'some, *a.* nauseous, rank, offensive
 Furna'do, *s.* a smoked or dried fish
 Fum'ble, *v. n.* to attempt any thing awkwardly
 Fum'bler, *s.* an awkward person
 Fume, *s.* smoke, vapour; rage, conceit
 Fume, *v. n.* to smoke; to be in a rage
 Fu'mid, *a.* smoky, vaporous
 Fu'migate, *v. a.* to smoke, to perfume
 Fumiga'tion, *s.* a scent raised by fire
 Fu'mingly, *ad.* angrily, in a rage
 Fu'mous, Fu'my, *a.* producing fumes
 Fun, *s.* sport, high merriment
 Fun'ction, *s.* an employment, an occupation
 Fun'ctionary, *s.* one who is charged with an office or employment
 Fund, *s.* a repository of public money
 Fun'dament, *s.* the hinder part or breech
 Fundamental, *a.* serving for the foundation; essential; not merely accidental
 Fundamen'tally, *ad.* essentially; originally
 Fu'neral, *s.* the solemnization of a burial
 Fu'neral, *a.* used on interring the dead
 Fune'ral, *a.* suiting a funeral; dismal, dark
 Fun'gous, *a.* spongy, excrecent
 Fun'icular, *a.* consisting of small fibres
 Fun'nel, *s.* a vessel for pouring liquors into a bottle; the hollow of a chimney

Fun'ny, *a.* merry, laughable, comical
 Fur, *s.* the soft hairy skins of several beasts; a substance sticking to the sides of vessels
 Furac'ty, *s.* a disposition to theft
 Fur'below, *s.* fur, or other ornamental trimming on the lower part of a garment
 Fur'bish, *v. a.* to burnish, to polish
 Fu'rious, *a.* mad, raging, violent, passionate
 Fu'riously, *ad.* madly, violently, vehemently
 Furl, *v. a.* to draw up, to contract
 Fur'long, *s.* eighth part of a mile; 220 yards
 Fur'loUGH, *s.* a temporary leave of absence from military service
 Fur'menty, *s.* wheat boiled in milk
 Fur'nace, *s.* an enclosed fireplace
 Fur'nish, *v. a.* to supply, equip, decorate
 Fur'niture, *s.* goods put into a house for use or ornament; equipage; appendages
 Fur'rier, *s.* a dealer in furs
 Fur'row, *s.* any long trench or hollow
 Fur'ry, *a.* covered with or made of fur
 Fur'ther, *ad.* to a greater distance
 Further, *v. a.* to forward, to promote, to assist
 Fur'thermore, *ad.* moreover, besides
 Fur'thermost, Fur'thest, *a.* the most distant
 Fu'ry, *s.* madness, passion, frenzy, rage
 Furze, *s.* a prickly shrub used for fuel
 Furze
 Fur'zy, *a.* overgrown with furze
 Fuse, *s.* to melt, to put into fusion, to be melted
 Fusee', *s.* a kind of light neat musket, properly spelt *fusil*; part of a watch on which the chain is wound; a wooden pipe filled with wildfire, and put into the touch-hole of a bomb, to cause the explosion
 Fu'sible, Fu'sil, *a.* capable of being melted
 Fusil'ier, *s.* a soldier armed with a fusil
 Fu'sion, *s.* the state of being melted
 Fuss, *s.* a bustle, a tumult, a noise, a hurry
 Fus'tian, *s.* a kind of cloth made of linen and cotton; a bombast style
 Fustila'rian, *s.* a low fellow, a scoundrel
 Fus'tiness, *s.* mustiness, mouldiness
 Fus'ty, *a.* ill smelling, mouldy, musty
 Fu'tile, *a.* talkative, trifling, worthless
 Futility, *s.* loquacity, silliness, vanity
 Fu'ture, *a.* that which is to come hereafter
 Fu'ture, Fu'turity, *s.* the time to come
 Fuzz, *v. n.* to fly out in small particles
 Fy, Fie, *interj.* a word of blame or censure

G.

GAB, *v. n.* to talk idly; to prate
 Gab'ble, *v. n.* to prate loudly and noisily
 Gab'ble, *s.* loud talk without meaning
 Gab'bler, *s.* a prater, a chattering fellow
 Gab'el, *s.* an excise, a tax
 Gab'erdine, *s.* a coarse frock
 Ga'bion, *s.* a wicker basket filled with earth and placed upon the bastions

Ga'ble, *s.* the sloping roof of a building
 Gad, *s.* an lugot of steel; a club; a graver
 Gad, *v. n.* to ramble about without business
 Gad'der, *s.* one that gads or runs abroad
 Gad'fly, *s.* the breeze fly that stings cattle
 Gaff, *s.* a harpoon or large hook
 Gaffer, *s.* an old country word for master
 Gaffes, *s.* artificial spurs upon cocks

Gag, *v. n.* to stop the mouth
 Gag, *s.* something applied to hinder speech
 Gage, *s.* a pledge, a caution, a pawn
 Gage, *v. a.* to wager, to impawn
 Gaggle, *v. n.* to make a noise like a goose
 Gaily, *ad.* cheerfully, airily, splendidly
 Gain, *s.* profit, advantage, interest
 Gain, *v.* to obtain, to procure, to attain
 Gainer, *s.* one who receives advantage
 Gainful, *a.* advantageous, lucrative
 Gaily, *ad.* handily, readily
 Gainsay, *v. a.* to contradict, controvert
 Gainstand, *v. a.* to withstand, to oppose
 Gairish, *a.* gaudy, splendid, fine, flighty
 Gairishness, *s.* finery, extravagant joy
 Gait, *s.* manner and air of walking
 Gaiters, *s.* a kind of spatterdashes
 Ga'la, *s.* a grand festivity or procession
 Galan'gal, *s.* an Indian medicinal root
 Galaxy, *s.* a long luminous tract, composed of an infinite number of stars; the milky way
 Galbanum, *s.* a strong scented gum or resin
 Gale, *s.* a wind not tempestuous, yet stronger than a breeze; a plant
 Galeas, *s.* a low built vessel with oars and sail
 Galeated, *a.* covered as with a helmet
 Gall, *s.* bile; malignity, rancour, anger
 Gall, *v. a.* to rub off the skin; tease, harass
 Gallant, *a.* gay, brave, fine, specious
 Gallant', *s.* a gay sprightly man; a lover
 Gallantly, *ad.* bravely, nobly, generously
 Gallantry, *s.* bravery; splendour; courtship
 Gall'd, *part.* hurt, fretted, vexed
 Galloo'n, *s.* a large Spanish ship, usually employed in bringing treasure from America
 Gallery, *s.* a passage leading to several apartments; a balcony round a building
 Galley, *s.* a small vessel both with sails and oars
 Galley-slave, *s.* a person condemned for some crime to row in the galleys
 Galliard, *s.* a gay brisk man; a lively dance
 Gal'lsism, *s.* a mode of speaking after the manner of the French; a French idiom
 Galligaskins, *s.* large open hose
 Gallimaufry, *s.* a hotch-potch, a medley
 Galliot, *s.* a small galley, or sort of brigantine
 Gallipot, *s.* a pot painted and glazed
 Gall'on, *s.* a measure of four quarts
 Gall'op, *v. n.* to move by leaps or very fast
 Gall'op, *s.* a horse's full or swiftest speed
 Gall'ow, *v. a.* to terrify, to fright
 Gall'oway, *s.* a horse not more than 14 hands high, much used in the north
 Gallows, *s.* a tree for executing malefactors
 Galvan'ic, *a.* relating to galvanism
 Galvanism, *s.* the action of metallic substances
 Gamba'does, *s.* spatterdashes; a kind of boots fixed to a saddle instead of stirrups
 Gam'bler, *s.* a cheating gamester
 Gambo'ge, *s.* a concreted vegetable juice
 Gam'bol, *s.* a skip, a frolic, a wild prank
 Gam'bol *v. n.* to dance, to skip, to leap

Gam'bol, *s.* the leg of a horse
 Game, *s.* sport of any kind; insolent merriment; mockery; animals pursued in the field; contests exhibited to the people
 Game, *v. n.* to play extravagantly for money
 Gam'cock, *s.* a cock bred to fight
 Gam'keeper, *s.* one who looks after game, and prevents it from being destroyed
 Gam'esome, *a.* frolicsome, sportive, gay
 Gam'mester, *s.* one viciously addicted to play
 Gam'mer, *s.* a country appellation for mistress, mother, &c. corresponding to gaffer
 Gam'men, *s.* the thigh of a hog salted and dried; a kind of play with dice
 Gam'ut, *s.* the scale of musical notes
 Gan'der, *s.* the male of the goose
 Gang, *s.* a number herding together; a troop
 Gan'grene, *s.* a mortification, a putrefaction
 Gan'grenous, *a.* mortified, putrid
 Gang'way, *s.* the passage in a ship
 Gant'let, *s.* a military punishment, in which the criminal runs through the whole regiment, and receives a lash from each soldier
 Gan'za, *s.* a kind of wild goose
 Gaol, *s.* a prison, a place of confinement
 Gao'ler, *s.* the keeper of a prison
 Gap, *s.* an opening, a breach, an avenue, a hole
 Gape, *v. n.* to yawn; to crave; to stare
 Garb, *s.* dress, attire, exterior appearance
 Gar'bage, Gar'bish, *s.* offals; the entrails
 Gar'ble, *v. a.* to sift, to part, to separate
 Gar'tool, *s.* trouble, disturbance, tumult
 Gar'den, *v. n.* to cultivate a garden
 Gar'den, *s.* a ground enclosed for fruit, herbs, &c.
 Gar'dener, *s.* one who attends a garden
 Gar'dening, *s.* the act of planning out and cultivating gardens
 Gar'garism, Gar'gle, *s.* a liquid medicine to wash the throat or mouth with
 Gar'gle, *v. a.* to wash the throat; to warble
 Gar'gole, *s.* a distemper among hogs
 Gar'land, *s.* a wreath of branches or flowers
 Gar'lic, *s.* a well-known plant
 Gar'ment, *s.* any covering for the body
 Gar'ner, *s.* a granary for threshed corn
 Gar'ner, *v. a.* to store as in granaries
 Gar'net, *s.* a red gem of various sizes
 Gar'nish, *v. a.* to decorate, to embellish
 Gar'nish, Gar'niture, *s.* embellishment
 Gar'ran, *s.* a small horse, a hobby
 Gar'ret, *s.* the uppermost room of a house
 Gar'reter, *s.* one that lives in a garret
 Gar'ri'on, *s.* soldiers to defend a castle, &c.
 Gar'ri'on, *v. a.* to secure by fortresses, &c.
 Garru'ity, *s.* loquacity, talkativeness
 Gar'ulous, *a.* prattling, talkative
 Gar'ter, *s.* a string or ribbon to hold up a stocking; mark of the order of the garter
 Gas, *s.* a spirit not capable of coagulation
 Gasconade, *s.* a boast, a bravado
 Gasconade, *v. n.* to brag
 Gash, *s.* a deep cut or wound
 Gas'kins, *s.* wide hose or breeches
 Gasp, *s.* catch of breath in the last agonies

Gasp, *v. n.* to pant for breath
 Gate, *s.* a large door, an opening, an avenue
 Gath'er, *v.* to collect, pick up, assemble; to crop; to pack; to fester; to thicken
 Gatherers, *s.* plaiters in a garment, &c.
 Gath'erer, *s.* one who gathers; a collector
 Gather'ing, *s.* a collection; a tumour
 Gaud, Gaud'ery, *s.* an ornament, finery
 Gaud, *v. n.* to exult, to rejoice at any thing
 Gaud'ily, *ad.* showily, gayly, splendidly
 Gaud'iness, *s.* showiness, tinsel appearance
 Gaud'y, *a.* showy, splendid, pompous
 Gaud'y, *s.* a festival in colleges; a feast
 Gave, *pret. of glue*
 Gar'el'and, *s.* an equal division of land
 Gauge, *v. a.* to measure the contents of a vessel—*s.* a measure, a standard
 Gau'ger, *s.* one who measures quantities
 Gaunt, *a.* lean, thin, slender, meagre
 Gau'tlet, *s.* an iron glove for defence, &c.
 Gavot', *s.* a kind of brisk dance
 Gause, *s.* a thin transparent silk, &c.
 Gawk, Gawk'y, *s.* a stupid awkward person
 Gaw'n'tree, *s.* a wooden frame for beer-casks
 Gay, *a.* airy, cheerful, merry, frolicsome
 Gay'ety, Gay'ety, *s.* cheerfulness; pomp
 Gay'ly, Gay'ly, *ad.* merrily, showily
 Gaze, *v. n.* to look earnestly or steadily
 Gazett'e, *s.* an authentic newspaper
 Gazette'r, *s.* a writer of Gazettes, &c.
 Gaz'ingstock, *s.* one gazed at with scorn
 Gaze'n, *s.* in fortification, pieces of fresh earth covered with grass, cut in form of a wedge
 Gear, Geer, *s.* furniture, dress, harness
 Geese, *s.* plural of Goose
 Geh'en'na, *s.* a type of hell
 Gel'able, *a.* that may be congealed
 Gel'atine, Gelat'inous, *a.* made into a jelly
 Geld, *v. a.* to cut, to deprive, to castrate
 Gel'der, *s.* one who performs castration, &c.
 Gel'ding, *s.* a horse that has been gelded
 Gel'd, *a.* extremely cold, frozen
 Gem, *s.* a jewel or precious stone; first bud
 Gem'ination, *s.* repetition, reduplication
 Gem'in'l, *s.* twins; a sign in the zodiac
 Gem'inous, *a.* double, twofold
 Gem'mary, *a.* pertaining to gems or jewels
 Gen'der, *s.* a sex, a kind, a sort
 Gen'der, *v.* to beget, to cause, to produce
 Genealog'ical, *a.* pertaining to pedigrees
 Genealog'ist, *s.* one skilled in genealogy
 Genealog'y, *s.* history of family succession
 Gen'eral, *a.* usual, common, extensive
 Gen'eral, *s.* one that commands an army
 General's'mo, *s.* a commander in chief
 General'ity, *s.* the main body, the bulk
 Gen'eralize, *v. a.* to reduce to a genus
 Gen'erally, *ad.* in general, frequently
 Gen'erate, *v. a.* to beget, to cause, to produce
 Gen'erated, *part. caus.* caused, produced
 Generat'ion, *s.* offspring, progeny, race
 Gen'erative, *a.* fruitful, prolific, productive
 Gen'er'cal, *a.* comprehending the genus
 Gen'er'cally, *ad.* with regard to the genus
 Generous'ty, Gen'erousness, *s.* liberality
 Gen'erous, *a.* liberal, munificent, noble
 Gen'erously, *ad.* nobly, bountifully, liberally

Gen'es'is, *s.* the first book of Moses, which treats of the formation of the world
 Gen'et, *s.* a small well-made Spanish horse
 Gen'eva, *s.* the spirit of juniper
 Gen'ial, *a.* that gives cheerfulness; festive; contributing to propagation; natural
 Gen'ially, *ad.* cheerfully, merrily, gayly
 Gen'ulated, *a.* knotted, jointed
 Gen'io, *s.* a man of peculiar mind
 Gen'itals, *s.* the parts belonging to generation
 Gen'ting, *s.* an early apple gathered in June
 Gen'tive, *a.* in grammar, one of the cases of nouns by which property or possession is chiefly implied
 Gen'ius, *s.* intellectual power; nature; disposition; a spirit either good or evil
 Gentel', *a.* polite, elegant, graceful, civil
 Gentee'ly, *ad.* elegantly, gracefully, politely
 Gentler'ness, *s.* elegance, politeness, gracefulness; qualities befitting a man of rank
 Gen'tian, *s.* felwort or baidmony; a plant
 Gen'tile, *s.* a pagan, a heathen
 Gentles's'e, *s.* complaisance, civility
 Gen'tilism, *s.* paganism, heathenism
 Gentil'ity, *s.* good extraction; dignity of birth; elegance of behaviour; paganism
 Gen'tle, *a.* soft, mild, meek; well born
 Gen'tle, *s.* a maggot used in fishing
 Gentleman, *s.* a man above the vulgar
 Gentlemanlike, *a.* becoming a gentleman
 Gentleness, *s.* meekness, tenderness
 Gentlewoman, *s.* a woman well descended, though not of noble birth
 Gen'tly, *ad.* softly, meekly, inoffensively
 Gen'try, *s.* a class of people above the vulgar; a term of civility
 Genus'flection, *s.* the act of kneeling
 Gen'uine, *a.* true, real, natural, not spurious
 Gen'us, *s.* a class of being, comprehending under it many species; as quadruped is a genus comprehending under it almost all terrestrial beasts
 Geocen'tric, *a.* in astronomy, is a planet's having the earth for its centre
 Geog'rapher, *s.* one who describes the earth according to its different parts
 Geograph'ical, *a.* pertaining to geography
 Geog'raphy, *s.* the knowledge of the earth
 Ge'omancer, *s.* a fortuneteller
 Ge'omancy, *s.* the act of foretelling by fingers
 Geoman'tic, *a.* pertaining to geomancy
 Geom'eter, Geomet'rician, *s.* one skilled in the science of geometry
 Geomet'rical, *a.* pertaining to geometry
 Geomet'rically, *ad.* according to geometry
 Geom'etry, *s.* the science of quantity, extension, or magnitude, abstractedly considered
 George, *s.* an ornament worn by knights of the garter, on which is the figure of St. George on horseback; a brown loaf
 Geo'rgic, *s.* a rural poem
 Gers'nium, *s.* a green-house flower
 Ger'man, *s.* a brother, a near relation
 Germ, Ger'min, *s.* a sprouting seed
 Ger'minate, *v. n.* to sprout, to shoot, to bud
 Ger'und, *s.* a kind of verbal noun
 Gest, *s.* an action, show, representation

Gesta'tion, *s.* the act of bearing young
Gestic'ulate, *v. n.* to play antic tricks, &c.
Gesticula'tion, *s.* antic tricks; various pos-
 tures; too much gesture in speaking
Ger'ture, *s.* posture, movement of the body
Get, *v.* to obtain, acquire, win, learn
Gew'gaw, *s.* a toy, a bauble—*a.* trifling
Ghas'tliness, *s.* frightful aspect, paleness
Ghas'tly, *a.* like a ghost, pale, horrible
Ghas'tness, *s.* ghastliness, horror of look
Gher'kin, *s.* a small cucumber for pickling
Ghost, *s.* the soul of man; a spirit
Gho'stly, *a.* spiritual, relating to the soul
Giam'beux, *s.* armour for the legs; greaves
Gi'ant, *s.* one unnaturally large and tall
Gi'antlike, **Gi'antly**, *a.* gigantic, vast
Gib, **Gibbe**, *s.* an old worn-out animal
Gib'berish, *s.* unintelligible talk; cant words
Gib'bet, *s.* a gallows—*v. n.* to hang up
Gib'ber, *s.* game, wild fowl
Gib'bous, *a.* convex, crooked-backed
Gib'cat, *s.* an old worn-out cat
Gibe, *s.* a sneer, scoff, word of contempt
Gib'lets, *s.* the pinions, gizzard, &c. of a
 goose
Gid'dily, *ad.* unsteadily, heedlessly, care-
 lessly
Gid'diness, *s.* state of being giddy; incon-
 stancy, wantonness, frolic, unsteadiness
Gid'dy, *a.* whirling, heedless, changeful
Gid'dybrained, *a.* thoughtless, careless
Gift, *s.* a thing given; power; a bribe
Gift'ed, *a.* endowed with eminent powers
Gig, *s.* any thing that is whirled round in
 play; a kind of chaise; a fiddle
Gigan'tic, *a.* giantlike, big, enormous, bulky
Gig'gle, *v. n.* to laugh idly, to titter
Gild, *v. a.* to overlay with gold; to adorn
Gil'der, *s.* one who gilds; a coin, from
 1*s.* 6*d.* to 2*s.* value
Gil'ding, *s.* gold laid on a surface for orna-
 ment
Gill, *s.* aperture at the side of a fish's head;
 the flesh under the chin
Gill, *s.* (pronounced jill) a quarter of a
 pint; ground-ivy
Gill'yflower, *s.* the July flower
Gilse, *s.* a young salmon
Gilt, *s.* golden show, gold laid on the sur-
 face of any thing—the part of gold
Gim, **Gim'my**, *a.* neat, spruce, smart
Gim'crack, *s.* a slight or trivial mechanism
Gim'let, *s.* a nail-piercer or borer
Gimp, *s.* a kind of silk twist or lace
Gin, *s.* a snare; the spirit drawn from
 juniper
Gin'ger, *s.* a warm spicy Indian root
Gin'gerbread, *s.* a kind of bread made of
 flour, ginger, treacle, &c.
Gin'gerly, *ad.* cautiously, nicely, softly
Gin'gival, *a.* belonging to the gums
Gin'gle, *s.* a shrill resounding noise
Gin'gle, *v.* to make a tinkling noise
Gin'seng, *s.* an aromatic root
Gip'sy, *s.* a vagrant who pretends to tell
 fortunes by palmistry or physiognomy
Grando'le, *s.* a branched candlestick
Girl, *v.* to bind round, dress; reproach

Gir'der, *s.* the largest timber on a floor
Gir'dle, *s.* any thing tied round the waist
Girl, *s.* a female child or young woman
Gir'lish, *a.* acting like a girl, youthful
Girth, **Girth**, *s.* a broad belt by which the sad-
 dle is fixed upon the horse; a bandage
Give, *v. a.* to bestow, yield, allow, permit
Give'r, *s.* one that gives, a donor, a granter
Giz'ard, *s.* the muscular stomach of a fowl
Gla'cial, *a.* icy, made of ice, frozen
Glaci'a'tion, *s.* act of freezing, ice formed
Gla'cis, *s.* in fortification, a sloping bank
Glad, *a.* cheerful, gay, exhilarating
Glad, **Glad'den**, *v. a.* to cheer, make glad
Glade, *s.* a lawn or opening in a wood
Gladia'tor, *s.* a prize-fighter, sword-player
Glad'ly, *ad.* joyfully, with merriment
Glad'ness, *s.* joy, exultation, cheerfulness
Glad'some, *a.* gay, delighted, pleasing
Glaire, *s.* the white of an egg; a halbert
Glaire, *v. a.* to smear with the white of egg
Glance, *s.* a snatch of sight, quick view
 sudden shoot of light or splendour
Glance, *v. n.* to censure by oblique hints
Gland, *s.* a part of the human body
Glan'ders, *s.* a horse's disease
Glandiferous, *a.* bearing acorns and mast
Glan'dular, *a.* the modern word for Gland-
 ulous
Glandulo'sity, *s.* a collection of glands
Glan'dulous, *a.* pertaining to the glands
Glare, *s.* overpowering lustre, splendour
Glare, *v.* to shine so as to dazzle the eyes
Gla'ring, *a.* blazing out; barefaced
Glass, *s.* an artificial transparent substance
Glass, *a.* made of glass, vitreous
Glass, *v. a.* to see in a glass; to cover with glass
Glass'furnace, *s.* a place for making glass
Glass'grinder, *s.* one who polishes glass
Glass'house, *s.* a house where glass is made
Glass'man, *s.* one who sells glass
Glass'metal, *s.* glass in fusion
Glass'work, *s.* manufactory of glass
Glass'y, *a.* made of glass, resembling glass
Glauc'ous, *a.* of a gray or blue colour
Glave, *s.* a broad sword, a falchion
Glaze, *v. a.* to furnish or cover with glass
Gla'zier, *s.* one who glazes windows
Gleam, *s.* a sudden shoot of light; lustre
Glea'ming, *a.* shining, flashing, darting
Glea'my, *a.* flashing, darting light
Glean, *v. n.* to gather any thing thinly
 scattered
Glea'ner, *s.* one who glean after reapers
Glea'ning, *s.* the act of gleaning, the thing
 gleaned or picked up
Glebe, *s.* turf, soil; land possessed as part of
 the revenue of an ecclesiastical benefice
Glebo'sity, *s.* fulness of cloths, turfy
Gle'bous, **Gle'by**, *a.* turfy, cloddy
Glee, *s.* joy, merriment, gaiety, cheerfulness
Glee'ful, *a.* gay, merry, cheerful
Gleek, *s.* music; a scoff—*v. a.* to sneer
Glee'man, *s.* a musician, a minstrel
Gleen, *v. n.* to shine with heat or polish
Gleet, *s.* a thin matter issuing from ulcer
Glen, *s.* a valley, a dale
Glib, *a.* smooth, voluble, slippery

Glibly, *ad.* smoothly, volubly
 Glibness, *s.* smoothness, slipperiness
 Glide, *v. n.* to flow gently, move smoothly
 Glike, *s.* a sneer, a scoff, a flout
 Glimmer, *v. n.* to shine or appear faintly
 Glimmering, *s.* a weak faint light
 Glimpse, *s.* a faint light; a short view
 Glisten, *v. n.* to shine, sparkle with light
 Glisten, *v. n.* to shine, gleam; be specious
 Glisten, *s.* lustre, brightness
 Gloat, *v. n.* to look askew, to squint
 Gloat, *v. n.* to cast side glances as a timid lover
 Globed, *a.* formed like a globe
 Globe, *s.* a sphere; the terraqueous ball
 Globose, Globous, Globular, Globulous, *a.* spherical, round, formed like a sphere
 Globosity, *s.* roundness of form, sphericity
 Globules, *s.* small particles of a round figure
 Glomerate, *v. n.* to gather into a ball
 Gloom, *s.* imperfect darkness; obscurity; heaviness of mind, cloudiness of aspect
 Gloominess, *s.* want of light, obscurity; want of cheerfulness; cloudiness of look
 Gloomily, *ad.* dimly, dimly, sullenly
 Gloomy, *a.* obscure, melancholy, cloudy
 Gloried, *a.* illustrious, honourable
 Glorification, *s.* the act of giving glory
 Glorify, *v. n.* to honour, extol, worship
 Glorious, *a.* noble, illustrious, excellent
 Gloriously, *ad.* nobly, renownedly, splendidly
 Glory, *s.* honour, praise, renown, fame
 Glory, *v. n.* to boast in, to be proud of
 Gloss, *s.* a superficial lustre; a comment; a specious representation
 Gloss, *v.* to comment, to explain, to palliate
 Glossary, *s.* a dictionary explaining obscure or antiquated words; explanatory notes
 Glossing, *s.* an explanation by glosses
 Glossy, *a.* shining, bright, smoothly polished
 Glotis, *s.* a cleft or chink in the larynx, serving for the formation of the voice
 Glove, *s.* a cover for the hands
 Glover, *s.* one who makes or sells gloves
 Glout, *v. n.* to pout, to look sullen
 Glow, *v. n.* to be heated; to feel activity of fancy
 Glow, *s.* a shining heat, vividness of colour
 Glow-worm, *s.* a small creeping grub that shines in the dark by a luminous tail
 Gloss, *s.* flattery, specious show, gloss
 Glue, *s.* a thick viscous cement, made by boiling the skins of animals to a jelly
 Gluey, Gluey, *a.* viscous, tenacious
 Glum, *a.* sullen, stubbornly grave
 Glut, *v. n.* to devour, to cloy, to saturate
 Glut, *s.* overmuch, more than enough
 Glutinous, *a.* gluey, viscous, tenacious
 Glutted, *part.* devoured, satiated, over-gorged
 Glutton, *s.* one who eats to excess
 Gluttony, *s.* excess; luxury of the table
 Gnarl, Gnarl, *v. n.* to growl, to snarl
 Gnarled, *a.* knotty, rough
 Gnash, *v. n.* to grind the teeth in a rage
 Gnashing, *s.* a grinding of the teeth
 Gnat, *s.* a small winged stinging insect
 Gnaw, *v. n.* to pick with the teeth; corrode

Gnomon, *s.* the hand or pin of a dial
 Gnomonics, *s.* the science or art of dialling
 Go, *v. n.* to walk, proceed, travel, pass
 Goad, *s.* a pointed stick to drive oxen with
 Goad, *v. n.* to prick, to stimulate, to incite
 Goal, *s.* a starting-post; final purpose
 Goad, *s.* any edging sewed upon cloth
 Goat, *s.* a ruminant animal that seems of a middle species between deer and sheep
 Goat-herd, *s.* one who tends goats
 Goatish, *a.* resembling a goat; lustful
 Gobbet, *v. n.* to swallow at a mouthful
 Gobble, *v.* to swallow hastily with noise
 Goblet, *s.* a bowl or large cup
 Goblin, *s.* an evil spirit, a fairy, a phantom
 Go-cart, *s.* a thing to teach children to walk
 God, *s.* the Supreme Being
 God-child, *s.* a child for whom one became sponsor at baptism
 Goddess, *s.* a female ethnic divinity
 Goddess-like, *a.* resembling a goddess
 Godfather, *s.* a male sponsor in baptism
 Godhead, *s.* the Deity, the Divine Nature
 Godless, *a.* wicked, impious, vile, atheistical
 Godlike, *a.* divine, supremely excellent
 Godliness, *s.* piety to God, real religion
 Godly, *a.* pious, righteous, religious
 Godmother, *s.* a female sponsor in baptism
 Godson, *s.* a boy for whom one was sponsor
 Goggle, *v. n.* to look askant
 Goggle-eyed, *a.* having large eyes; squint-eyed
 Go'ing, *s.* the act of walking, departure
 Gold, *s.* the heaviest of all metals; money
 Goldbeater, *s.* one who beats or foliates gold
 Goldbound, *a.* encompassed with gold
 Golden, *a.* made of gold; bright, happy
 Goldfinch, *s.* a small singing bird
 Goldsmith, *s.* one who manufactures gold
 Golf, *s.* a game played with a ball and a club or bat
 Gome, *s.* the black grease of a cart wheel
 Gondola, *s.* a boat much used at Venice
 Gondoller, *s.* a boatman
 Gone, *part.* of go; past, lost, dead
 Gonfalon, *s.* a standard, an ensign
 Gonorrhoea, *s.* a morbid venereal discharge
 Good, *a.* proper, wholesome, sound, not evil
 Good, *s.* the contrary to evil; virtue
 Goodliness, *s.* beauty, grace, elegance
 Goodly, *a.* beautiful, graceful, gay, splendid
 Goodness, *s.* desirable qualities
 Goods, *s.* furniture, freight, merchandise
 Good'y, *s.* a low term of civility
 Goose, *s.* a large water-fowl; a tailor's iron
 Gooseberry, *s.* a small tree and its fruit
 Gooseberry-fool, *s.* a food made of boiled gooseberries, with milk, sugar, &c.
 Go'rbelled, *a.* fat, big-bellied, prominent
 Go'rd, *s.* an instrument of gaming
 Go'rdian-knot, *s.* an inextricable difficulty
 Gore, *s.* a clotted blood, congealed blood
 Gore, *v. n.* to stab, to pierce with horns
 Gorge, *s.* the throat, the swallow
 Gorge, *v. n.* to glut, to satiate, to swallow
 Go'rgous, *a.* fine, splendid, glittering
 Go'rgously, *ad.* magnificently, finely
 Go'rgousness, *s.* magnificence, show

Go'rget, *s.* a breast-plate worn by military officers; formerly, armour for the throat
 Go'rgeon, *s.* any thing ugly or horrid
 Go'rmandizer, *v. n.* to feed ravenously
 Go'rmandizer, *s.* a voracious eater, a glutton
 Go'rmandizing, *part. pres.* eating greedily
 Gorse, *s.* furze, a thick prickly shrub
 Go'ry, *s.* covered with blood; murderous
 Gos'hawk, *s.* a hawk of a large kind
 Gos'ling, *s.* a goose not yet full grown
 Gos'pel, *s.* the holy book of the Christian revelation; God's word; divinity, theology
 Gos'pel, *v. n.* to fill with religious thought
 Gos'pelled, *part. pres.* instructed in christianity
 Gos'samer, *s.* the fine down of plants; white cobwebs which fly in the air
 Gos'sip, *s.* a sponsor in baptism; a tattler
 Gos'sip, *v. n.* to prate, to chat; to be merry
 Got, Got'ten, *part. pass.* of get
 Goth'ic, *a.* in manner of the Goths, antique
 Goths, *s.* an ancient people of Gothia, an island in the Baltic sea
 Gove, *v. n.* to mow, to put in a goff or mow
 Gov'ern, *v.* to rule, to manage, to direct
 Gov'ernable, *a.* submissive to authority
 Gov'ernance, *s.* government, rule, control
 Govern'nte, *s.* a governess of young ladies
 Gov'erness, *s.* a tutoress, a directress
 Gov'ernment, *s.* an establishment of legal authority; executive power; manageableness
 Gov'ernor, *s.* a ruler, a commander, a tutor
 Gouge, *s.* a chisel with a round edge
 Goul'd, *s.* an extract of lead
 Gourd, *s.* a plant resembling a melon; a bottle
 Gou'ndy, *a.* swelled in the legs, &c.
 Gout, *s.* a periodical painful disease; a drop
 Gou'ty, *a.* afflicted or diseased with the gout
 Gowk, *s.* a foolish fellow; a cuckoo
 Gown, *s.* a long upper garment
 Gow'nman, *s.* a man devoted to the arts of peace; a student in divinity, law, &c.
 Grab'ble, *v.* to grope; to lie prostrate
 Grace, *s.* favour, kindness, virtue, privilege, pardon; beauty, ornament; a short prayer
 Grace, *v. a.* to dignify, embellish, favour
 Gra'ce-cup, *s.* the cup of health after grace
 Gra'ceful, *a.* beautiful with dignity, comely
 Gra'cefully, *ad.* elegantly, with dignity
 Gra'cefulness, *s.* elegant of manner
 Gra'celess, *a.* without grace, abandoned
 Gra'cle, *a.* slender, small, lean
 Gra'cious, *a.* benevolent, virtuous, graceful
 Gra'ciously, *ad.* kindly, in a pleasing manner
 Gra'ciousness, *s.* kind condescension
 Gra'da'tion, *s.* a regular advance, order
 Gra'da'tory, *s.* a flight of steps to the church
 Gra'dient, *a.* walking, moving by steps
 Gra'dual, *a.* done by degrees, step by step
 Gra'duality, Gra'dua'tion, *s.* a regular progression by succession of degrees
 Gra'dually, *ad.* by degrees, step by step
 Gra'duate, *v. a.* to mark with degrees; heighten; dignify with a degree in the university
 Gra'duate, *s.* one who has taken a degree in a university; an academician

Gra'dua'tion, *s.* regular progression by succession of degrees; conferring degrees
 Graff, Graft, *s.* a young cyon, &c.
 Graff, Graft, *v. a.* to insert a cyon or branch of one tree into the stock of another
 Grain, *s.* all kinds of corn; the seed of any fruit; the 24th part of a penny-weight; with apothecaries, the 20th part of a scruple; direction of the fibres of wood, &c.; the form of the surface with regard to roughness or smoothness; a minute particle
 Grai'ned, *a.* rough, made less smooth
 Grains, *s.* the husks of malt in brewing
 Gramin'eal, Gramin'eous, *a.* grassy
 Graminiv'orous, *a.* grass-eating
 Gram'mar, *s.* the science of speaking or writing a language correctly and with precision; the book which teaches it
 Gramma'tian, *s.* one who teaches grammar
 Gramma'tical, *a.* belonging to grammar
 Gramma'tically, *ad.* according to grammar
 Gram'pus, *s.* a large fish of the whale kind
 Gran'ary, *s.* a storehouse for threshed corn
 Gran'ate, Gran'ite, *s.* a kind of fine speckled marble; a species of gem
 Grand, *a.* great, illustrious, high in power
 Gran'dchild, *s.* the child of a son or daughter
 Gran'ddaughter, *s.* the daughter of a son, &c.
 Grand'er, *s.* a man of high rank or power
 Gran'deur, *s.* state, magnificence
 Gran'dfather, *s.* father's or mother's father
 Grandilo'quous, *a.* using a lofty style
 Gran'dmother, *s.* a father's or mother's mother
 Gran'dsire, *s.* a grandfather, an ancestor
 Gran'dson, *s.* the son of a son or daughter
 Grange, *s.* a farm-house, a lone house
 Gran'ite, *s.* a hard kind of stone
 Graniv'orous, *a.* eating or living on grain
 Gran'am, Gran'dam, *s.* a grandmother
 Grant, *v. a.* to admit, to allow, to bestow
 Grant, *s.* the thing granted; a gift, a boon
 Grantee, *s.* he to whom a grant is made
 Gran'tor, *s.* he by whom any grant is made
 Gran'ulary, *a.* resembling grains or seeds
 Gran'ulate, *v.* to form into small grains
 Granu'lation, *s.* a breaking into small masses
 Gran'ule, *s.* a small compact particle
 Gran'ulous, *a.* full of little grains
 Grape, *s.* fruit of the vine growing in clusters
 Graph'ical, *a.* well delineated
 Graph'ically, *ad.* in a picturesque manner
 Grap'nel, *s.* an iron hook to catch hold of and secure an enemy's ship; a small anchor
 Grap'ple, *v.* to contest in close fight; to seize, to lay fast hold of, to fasten, to fix
 Gra'py, *a.* full of clusters of grapes
 Grass'hopper, *s.* a small chirping insect that hops in the summer grass
 Grasp, *v.* to hold in the hand, to seize
 Grasp, *s.* the seizure of the hand, possession
 Grass, *s.* common herbage of fields, &c.
 Grass'y, *a.* covered with grass
 Grate, *s.* an enclosure made with bars, the range of bars within which fires are made

Grate, *v.* to rub or wear away; to offend
 Grateful, *a.* willing to acknowledge and
 repay benefits; agreeable, pleasant, ac-
 ceptable

Gratefully, *ad.* with gratitude, pleasingly
 Grater, *s.* a rough instrument to grate with
 Gratification, *s.* pleasure, delight; reward
 Gratify, *v. a.* to indulge, please, requite

Grating, *part. a.* rubbing; disagreeable

Gratingly, *ad.* harshly, offensively

Grat's, *ad.* for nothing, without reward

Gratitude, Gratefulness, *s.* a desire to re-
 turn benefits; duty to benefactors

Gratuitous, *a.* voluntary, bestowed with-
 out claim or merit, asserted without
 proof

Gratuity, *s.* a free gift, a recompence

Gratulate, *v. a.* to congratulate, wish joy

Gratulation, *s.* the act of rejoicing on be-
 half of another; expression of joy, salu-
 tation

Gratulatory, *a.* expressing congratulation

Grave, *s.* the place in which the dead are re-
 posited; the name of an accent

Grave, *a.* solemn, serious, sober, not showy

Grave, *v.* to carve in any hard substance

Gravclothes, *s.* the dress of the dead

Gravel, *s.* hard sand; sandy matter con-
 creted in the kidneys and bladder

Gravel, *v. a.* to cover with gravel; puzzle

Gravelly, *a.* abounding with gravel

Gravely, *ad.* seriously, without tawdry
 show

Graver, *s.* one that engraves; a graving tool

Gravestone, *s.* a stone placed over the grave

Gravidity, *s.* state of being with child

Gravitate, *v. n.* to weigh or press down-
 wards; to tend to the centre of attraction

Gravitation, *s.* act of tending to the centre

Gravity, Graveness, *s.* seriousness; weight

Gravy, *s.* the juice of roasted meat, &c.

Gray, *a.* white and black mixed; hoary

Graybeard, *s.* an old man

Graze, *v.* to feed on grass; to touch lightly

Grazier, *s.* one who feeds cattle

Grazing, *s.* the act of feeding on grass

Grease, *s.* the soft part of the fat

Grease, *v. a.* to smear with fat; to bribe

Greasiness, *s.* fatness, oiliness, unctuousness

Greasy, *a.* oily, fat, smeared with grease

Great, *a.* large, eminent, illustrious

Great-bellied, *a.* pregnant, teeming

Greatly, *ad.* in a great degree, illustriously

Greatness, *s.* largeness, power, dignity, state

Greaves, *s.* armour for the legs

Gre'cian, *a.* of or belonging to Greece

Gre'cism, *s.* idiom of the Greek language

Greece, *s.* the name of a country

Greed, *s.* greediness

Greedily, *ad.* eagerly, ravenously, vor-
 aciously

Greediness, *s.* ravenousness, voracity

Gree'dy, *a.* ravenous, eager, voracious

Greek, *a.* belonging to Greece

Green, *a.* not ripe, young, fresh, new

Green, *s.* a colour; a grassy plain; leaves

Green-cloth, *s.* a board or court of justice

held in the king's household

Green-eyed, *a.* having greenish eyes

Greenfinch, *s.* a small singing bird; a fish

Green'gage, *s.* a species of plum

Green'house, *s.* a conservatory for plants,
 &c.

Greenish, *a.* inclining to a green colour

Greenness, *s.* a green colour, unripeness

Greensick'ness, *s.* a disease incident to vir-
 gins, so called from the paleness it pro-
 duces

Greenward, *s.* turf on which grass grows

Greet, *v.* to address, to congratulate

Greeting, *s.* a kind salutation at meeting

Greze, *s.* a flight of steps, a step

Gregarious, *a.* going in flocks or herds

Grenade, Grenado, *s.* a little hollow ball
 of iron used in battle, commonly two
 inches in diameter, which, being filled
 with fine powder, is set on fire by means
 of a fusee, and bursting, does consider-
 able damage, wherever it is thrown, to
 all around

Grenadier, *s.* a tall foot soldier

Greyhound, *s.* a tall fleet hunting dog

Grice, *s.* a little pig; a flight of steps

Grid'din, *s.* a colour mixed of white and red

Grid'iron, *s.* a grate to broil meat on

Grief, *s.* sorrow, trouble of mind, disease

Grievance, *s.* the state of uneasiness, hard-
 ship

Grieve, *v.* to afflict, hurt, mourn, lament

Grievous, *a.* afflictive, painful, atrocious

Grievously, *ad.* painfully, calamitously

Griffin, Griffon, *s.* a fabulous creature,
 having the head and paws of a lion, and
 the body and wings of an eagle

Grig, *s.* a small eel; a merry creature

Grill, *v. a.* to broil on a gridiron

Grim, *a.* ill-looking, ugly, hideous, horrible

Grimace, *s.* a distortion of the countenance
 from habit or contempt; air of affectation

Grimal'kin, *s.* an old cat, &c.

Grime, *s.* dirt—*v.* to dirty, daub, sully

Grimly, *ad.* sourly, crabbedly, horribly

Grin, *s.* an affected laugh; a snarl; a trap

Grin, *v. n.* to shew the teeth set together

Grind, *v.* to reduce any thing to powder;
 to sharpen; to harass, to oppress

Grinder, *s.* one that grinds; the instrument
 of grinding; one of the back teeth

Grindstone, *s.* a stone for grinding on

Gripe, *v.* to clutch, to squeeze, to pinch

Gripe, *s.* a grasp; oppression; the colic

Griper, *s.* an oppressor, a usurer

Gris'amber, *s.* used by Milton for Ambergris

Gris'kin, *s.* the back bone of a hog

Gris'ly, *a.* dreadful, horrible, hideous

Grist, *s.* corn to be ground; provision, supply

Gristle, *s.* a cartilaginous substance

Gristly, *a.* full of gristles, cartilaginous

Grit, *s.* the coarse part of meal; sand

Grit'tiness, *s.* sandiness, abounding in grit

Grit'ty, *a.* full of hard particles

Griz'le, *s.* a mixture of white and black

Gri'zled, Gri'zly, *a.* somewhat gray

Groan, *v. n.* to breathe with a hoarse noise

Groan, *s.* a deep sigh from sorrow or pain

Gro'ning, *part. a.* fetching deep sighs

Groat, *s.* four-pence—*pl.* hulled oats
 Grocer, *s.* a dealer in tea, sugar, &c.
 Grocery, *s.* wares which are sold by grocers
 Grog, *s.* spirits and water without sugar
 Grogram, *s.* a kind of silken stuff with pile
 Groin, *s.* the part next the thigh
 Groom, *s.* one who tends horses, a servant
 Groom-porter, *s.* an officer of the king's household who has the direction of games
 Groom of the Stole, *s.* an officer who has charge of the king's wardrobe
 Groove, *s.* a hollow channel cut with a tool
 Grope, *v. n.* to feel where one cannot see
 Gross, *a.* thick, fat; stupid, palpable
 Gross, *s.* the bulk, main body; 12 dozen
 Grosly, *ad.* bulky, without delicacy
 Groiness, *s.* coarseness, want of delicacy
 Grot, Grot'to, *s.* a cavern made for coolness
 Grotesque, *a.* distorted of figure, unnatural
 Grove, *s.* a walk shaded by trees
 Grovel, *v. n.* to be mean and low-minded; to lie or creep on the ground
 Groveller, *s.* an abject mean wretch
 Ground, *s.* land, floor; drops; first principle
 Ground, *v. a.* to lay on the ground, &c.
 Ground, *pref. and part. of grind*
 Ground'vy, *s.* the plantainhoof or turnhoof
 Groundless, *a.* void of reason or truth
 Groundling, *s.* a fish; one of the vulgar
 Groundplot, *s.* the plot or space of ground on which a building is placed
 Groundrent, *s.* the rent paid for the ground on which a house is built, &c.
 Groundsel, Grun'sel, *s.* timber next the ground; lower part of a building; a plant
 Groundwork, *s.* the ground; first principle
 Group, *s.* a crowd, a cluster, a huddle
 Grouse, *s.* a kind of wild fowl; a moorcock
 Grout, *s.* coarse meal, pollard; drags
 Grow, *v. n.* to vegetate, increase, improve
 Growl, *v. n.* to snarl, murmur, grumble
 Growling, *s.* the act of snarling, grumbling
 Grown, *part. of grow*, advanced in growth
 Growth, *s.* vegetation; increase of stature; advancement; thing produced
 Grub, *v. a.* to destroy by digging, to dig out
 Grub, *s.* a small destructive worm; a dwarf
 Grub'ble, *v. n.* to feel in the dark
 Grudge, *v.* to envy, reprove, give unwillingly
 Grudge, *s.* an old quarrel, ill-will, envy
 Grud'ging, *s.* reluctance, malignity
 Grud'gingly, *ad.* unwillingly, malignantly
 Grud's, *s.* oatmeal boiled in water
 Gruff, Grum, *a.* sour of aspect, surly, harsh
 Gruffly, *ad.* harshly, ruggedly, sourly
 Grum'ble, *v. n.* to growl, murmur, snarl
 Grum'bler, *s.* one who grumbles, a murmurer
 Grum'bling, *s.* a murmuring, discontent
 Grum'ous, *a.* thick, clotted like blood
 Grunt, *s.* the noise of a hog
 Grunt, Grun'tle, *v. n.* to murmur like a hog, to make a grumbling noise
 Gunter, *s.* he who grunts; a kind of fish
 Guaiacum, *s.* a physical wood, used as a purifier; also called *Agnum sanctum*
 Guarantee, *s.* a power who undertakes to see stipulations faithfully performed

Guar'anty, *v. a.* to answer for performance
 Guard, *s.* a state of caution, defence, vigilance
 Guard'ed, *part.* watched, defended
 Guard'ian, *s.* one who has the care of an orphan; a superintendant
 Guard'ian, *a.* defending, superintending
 Guard'ianship, *s.* the office of a guardian
 Guard'less, *a.* without defence or care
 Guard'ship, *s.* a ship that guards a harbour
 Gu'bernation, *s.* a government
 Gud'gon, *s.* a fish; a man easily cheated
 Guer'don, *s.* a reward, a recompence
 Guess, *v.* to conjecture rightly, to find out
 Guess, *s.* a conjecture, a supposition
 Guest, *s.* one who is entertained by another
 Gul'dage, *s.* the reward given to a guide
 Gul'dance, *s.* a direction, government
 Guide, *v. a.* to direct, instruct, regulate
 Guide, *s.* one who directs another, a regulator
 Gul'dless, *a.* without a guide
 Guild, *s.* a society, corporation, fraternity
 Guile, *s.* deceitful cunning, insidious artifice
 Guileful, *a.* treacherous, artful, insidious
 Guilefully, *ad.* treacherously, deceitfully
 Guileless, *a.* free from deceit, innocent
 Guilloti'ne, *s.* a machine for beheading
 Guilt, *s.* an offence, a crime, a fault
 Guiltily, *ad.* without innocence, criminally
 Guiltiness, *s.* the state of being guilty
 Guiltless, *a.* free from crime, innocent
 Guilt'y, *a.* not innocent, wicked, corrupt
 Guin'ea, *s.* a gold coin, value 21s.
 Guise, *s.* manner, habit, custom, dress
 Guita'r, *s.* a stringed musical instrument
 Gulch, Gul'chin, *s.* a glutton
 Gules, *a.* in heraldry, a red colour
 Gulf, *s.* a large bay, an abyss, a whirlpool
 Guffy, *a.* full of gulfs or whirlpools
 Gull, *v. a.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud
 Gull, *s.* a sea bird; one easily cheated
 Gul'let, *s.* the throat, the meat pipe
 Gul'y, *s.* a sort of ditch
 Gul'yhole, *s.* the hole where the gutters empty themselves in the sewers
 Gulosity, *s.* greediness, gluttony, voracity
 Gulp, *v. a.* to swallow eagerly with noise
 Gulp, *s.* as much as is swallowed at once
 Gum, *s.* the viscous juice of trees; the fleshy covering that contains the teeth
 Gum, *v. a.* to close or smear with gum
 Gum'miness, *s.* the state of being gummy
 Gum'my, *a.* consisting of gum, full of gum
 Gun, *s.* general name for fire-arms
 Gun'ner, *s.* a cannoner, he who directs the artillery of a ship in battle
 Gun'nery, *s.* the science of artillery
 Gun'powder, *s.* a composition of saltpetre, sulphur, and charcoal, which easily takes fire
 Gun'shot, *s.* the reach or range of a gun
 Gun'smith, *s.* a man who makes guns
 Gun'stock, *s.* the wood for fixing a gun in
 Gun'stone, *s.* the shot of a cannon
 Gun'wale, Gun'nel, *s.* that piece of timber which on either side of a ship reaches from the half deck to the fore-castle

Gurge, *s.* a whirlpool, a gulf
 Gurge, *v. n.* to fall or gush with noise
 Gur'net, Gur'nard, *s.* a kind of sea fish
 Gush, *v. n.* to flow or rush out with violence
 Gust, *s.* sudden blast of wind ; taste, liking
 Gus'set, *s.* a small square piece of cloth used
 in shirts and other garments
 Gusta'tion, *s.* the act of tasting
 Gus'tful, *a.* well tasted, tasteful, relishing
 Gus'to, *s.* the relish of any thing ; liking
 Gus'ty, *a.* stormy, tempestuous, rough
 Gut, *s.* the internal passage for food
 Gut, *v. a.* to draw out the guts ; to plunder
 Gut'ter, *s.* a passage for water

Gut'tle, *v. a.* to gormandize, to eat greedily
 Gut'tler, *s.* a greedy ravenous eater
 Gut'tulous, *a.* in the form of a small drop
 Gut'tural, *a.* pronounced in the throat
 Guy, *s.* a rope to hoist things into a ship, &c.
 Guz'le, *v.* to drink greedily
 Guz'ler, *s.* a toper ; a gormandizer
 Gymnast'ic, *a.* relating to athletic exercises
 Gymnast'ically, *ad.* athletically
 Gynecoc'racy, *s.* petticoat government
 Gyp'sum, *s.* the name of a class of fossils
 Gyra'tion, *s.* the act of turning a thing round
 Gyre, *s.* a circle, a ring
 Gyves, *s.* fetters, chains for the legs

H.

H A ! *interj.* an expression of wonder, surprise, sudden exertion, or laughter
 Hab'ens-co'pus, *s.* a writ, which a man indicted and imprisoned for some trespass may have out of the King's Bench, to remove himself, at his own costs, to the bar of that prison, to answer the cause there
 Hab'erdasher, *s.* a dealer in small wares
 Hab'erdashery, *s.* goods sold by a haberdasher, as pins, thread, lace, tape, &c.
 Hab'erdine, *s.* a dried salt cod
 Hab'ergeon, *s.* armour for neck and breast
 Habit'ment, *s.* dress, clothes, apparel
 Habit'uate, *v. n.* to qualify, to entitle, to fit
 Habit'ity, *s.* faculty, power
 Hab'it, *s.* state of any thing ; dress ; custom
 Hab'itable, *a.* fit to be inhabited
 Habit'ant, *s.* an inhabitant, a dweller
 Habita'tion, *s.* place of abode, dwelling
 Habit'ual, *a.* customary, accustomed
 Habit'ually, *ad.* customarily, by habit
 Habit'uate, *v. a.* to accustom to ; to use often
 Habit'uated, *part.* accustomed to, often used
 Habit'ude, *s.* familiarity, relation, habit
 Hab'nab, *ad.* at random, by chance
 Hack, *v. a.* to cut into small pieces, to chop
 Hack, *s.* a notch, any thing used in common
 Hack'le, *v. a.* to dress flax
 Hack'ney, *s.* a hired horse, a hireling
 Hack'neyed, *part.* used in common
 Hack'dock, *s.* a small sea fish of the cod kind
 Ha'des, *s.* the receptacle of departed spirits
 Haft, *s.* a handle—*v. a.* to set in a haft
 Hag, *s.* a witch, an ugly old woman, a fury
 Hag'gard, *s.* any thing wild ; a hawk
 Hag'gard, Hag'gardly, *a.* deformed, ugly
 Hag'gress, *s.* a sheep's maw filled with mince meat, spice, &c. a favourite Scotch dish
 Hag'gish, *a.* deformed, horrid
 Hag'gle, *v.* to beat down the price in buying ; to carve awkwardly, to mangle
 Hag'gler, *s.* one who is tardy in buying
 Hagging'raper, *s.* a holy writer
 Hail, *s.* frozen rain—*interj.* health be to you
 Hail, *v. n.* to pour down hail ; to call to
 Hail'shot, *s.* small shot scattered like hail
 Hail'stone, *s.* a particle or single ball of hail

Hair, *s.* one of the integuments of the body
 Hair'brained, *a.* wild, irregular, giddy
 Hair'bel, *s.* a flower ; the hyacinth
 Hair'breadth, *s.* a very small distance
 Hair'cloth, *s.* a prickly stuff made of hair
 Hair'iness, *s.* the state of being hairy
 Hair'less, *a.* without hair, bald
 Hair'y, *a.* covered with or consisting of hair
 Ha'ibert, *s.* a soldier's battle-axe
 Ha'icyon, *a.* placid, quiet, calm—*s.* a scab'd
 Hale, *a.* healthy, hearty, robust, sound
 Hale, *v. a.* to drag by force, pull violently
 Half, *s.* a moiety, equal part—*ad.* equally
 Ha'lfblooded, *a.* mean, degenerate, base
 Ha'lfheard, *a.* imperfectly heard
 Ha'lfpenny, *s.* a common copper coin
 Ha'lfighted, *a.* having a weak discernment
 Ha'lfway, *ad.* in the middle
 Ha'lfwit, *s.* a foolish fellow, a blockhead
 Hal'but, *s.* a large flat sea fish
 Hal'imass, *s.* the feast of All Souls, Nov. 2.
 Hall, *s.* a court of justice ; a large room
 Hallelu'jah, *s.* praise ye the Lord
 Halloo', *v. a.* to incite by shouts, to shout to
 Hal'low, *v. a.* to consecrate, to make holy
 Hallucina'tion, *s.* a blunder, a mistake
 Ha'lo, *s.* a circle round the sun or moon
 Ha'iser, Haw'ser, *s.* a rope less than a cable
 Halt, *v. n.* to limp ; to stop in a march
 Halt, *s.* act of limping ; a stop in a march
 Ha'ter, *s.* a rope to tie about the neck of a horse or malefactor ; a cord, a strong string
 Halve, *v. a.* to divide into two parts
 Ham, *s.* a leg of pork cured ; the thigh
 Ha'mated, *a.* hooked, set with hooks
 Ham'let, *s.* a small village
 Ham'mer, *s.* an instrument to drive nails
 Ham'mer, *v.* to beat or form with a hammer
 Ham'mock, *s.* a swinging bed in a ship
 Ham'per, *s.* a large basket for carriage
 Ham'per, *v. a.* to embarrass, to entangle, to perplex
 Ham'string, *s.* the tendon of the ham
 Ham'string, *v. a.* to cut the tendon of the ham
 Har'aper, *s.* a treasury ; an exchequer
 Hand, *s.* the palm with the fingers ; a measure of four inches ; cards held in game

Hand, *v. a.* to give, to deliver down; to guide
 Han'dbasket, *a.* a portable basket
 Han'dbell, *a.* a bell rung by the hand
 Han'dbreadth, *a.* a measure of four inches
 Han'dcuff, *v. a.* to confine the hands of prisoners with irons—*s.* a fetter
 Han'ded, *a.* with hands joined, using hands
 Han'dful, *a.* as much as the hand can grasp
 Handgallop, *a.* a gentle easy gallop
 Han'dicraft, *a.* a manual occupation
 Han'dily, *ad.* with skill, with dexterity
 Han'diness, *a.* readiness, dexterity
 Han'diwork, *a.* work done by the hand
 Han'dkerchief, *a.* a piece of silk or linen used to wipe the face or cover the neck
 Han'dle, *v. a.* to touch, to handle, to treat of
 Han'dle, *s.* that part of a thing held
 Han'dmaid, *a.* a maid that waits at hand
 Han'dmill, *a.* a small mill for grinding
 Han'dsel, *v. a.* to use a thing the first time
 Han'dsel, Han'sel, *s.* the first act of sale
 Han'dsome, *a.* beautiful, graceful, generous
 Han'dsomey, *ad.* beautifully, liberally
 Han'dspike, *a.* a kind of wooden lever
 Han'dwriting, *a.* a cast or form of writing peculiar to each hand
 Han'dy, *a.* ready, dexterous, convenient
 Han'dy-dan'dy, *s.* a childish play
 Hang, *v.* to suspend; to choke; to dangle
 Hang'er, *a.* a short broad sword
 Hang'er-on, *a.* a dependant, a sponger
 Hang'ings, *a.* ornaments of silk, stuff, paper, &c. hung against walls
 Hang'man, *a.* the public executioner
 Hank, *a.* a skein of thread, &c.; *a.* ring
 Hank'er, *v. n.* to long importunately
 Hap, *s.* chance, casual event—*v. n.* to happen
 Haphaz'ard, *a.* mere chance, accident
 Hap'less, *a.* unhappy, unfortunate, luckless
 Hap'ly, *ad.* peradventure, by accident
 Hap'pen, *v. n.* to fall out, to come to pass
 Hap'pily, *ad.* successfully, prosperously
 Hap'piness, *a.* felicity, good fortune
 Hap'py, *a.* felicitous, lucky, addressful
 Ha'ram, Ha'ram, *a.* a scraggle
 Harang'ue, *s.* a speech, a public oration
 Har'ass, *v. a.* to weary, to fatigue, to vex
 Har'assed, *part.* wearied, fatigued, tired
 Ha'rbing'er, *s.* a forerunner, a messenger
 Ha'rbour, *v.* to entertain, sojourn, shelter
 Ha'rbour, Ha'rbourage, *a.* a port or haven
 Hard, *a.* firm, close; severe, difficult
 Hard, *ad.* laboriously; nimbly, diligently
 Ha'rden, *v. a.* to make obdurate, to indurate
 Hardi'fou'ed, *a.* coarse of feature
 Hardhea'rted, *a.* inexorable, merciless, cruel
 Ha'r'diness, *a.* hardship, fatigue; boldness
 Ha'r'dly, *ad.* with difficulty, oppressively
 Hardmou'thed, *a.* disobedient to the rein
 Ha'r'dness, *a.* a hard quality; obduracy
 Ha'r'dship, *a.* injury, oppression, fatigue
 Ha'r'dware, *s.* ware made of iron, steel, &c.
 Ha'r'dwareman, *a.* a maker of hardware
 Ha'r'dy, *a.* bold, brave, daring; strong, firm
 Hare, *a.* a well-known swift timid animal
 Ha'r'drained, *a.* wild, unsettled, giddy
 Ha'r'ier, *a.* a small dog for hunting hares
 Ha'r'lip, *a.* a fissure in the upper lip

Hark! *interj.* hear! listen! attend!
 Ha'rlequin, *a.* a buffoon, a merry-andrew
 Ha'r'lot, *a.* a strumpet, a prostitute
 Ha'r'lotry, *s.* the trade of a harlot; fornication
 Harm, *a.* injury, crime, wickedness, mischief
 Ha'r'mful, *a.* hurtful, noxious, mischievous
 Ha'r'mless, *a.* innocent, innoxious, unhurt
 Ha'r'mlessness, *a.* harmless disposition
 Harmon'ic, Hagnon'ical, *a.* pertaining to harmony; adapted to each other
 Harmon'ics, *s.* the doctrine of sounds
 Harmo'pious, *a.* musical, concordant
 Harmo'niously, *ad.* musically, with concord
 Ha'r'monize, *v. a.* to adjust in fit proportions
 Ha'r'mony, *s.* concord, correspondent sentiment, just proportion of sound
 Ha'r'ness, *s.* armour; furniture for horses
 Harp, *a.* a lyre; a constellation
 Harp, *v. n.* to play on the harp; to dwell on
 Ha'r'per, *a.* one who plays on the harp
 Harpoon'e'r, *a.* he that throws the harpoon
 Harpoon, *a.* a dart to strike whales with
 Ha'r'psichord, *s.* a musical instrument with keys, and strung with wires
 Ha'r'py, *a.* a bird; a ravenous wretch
 Ha'r'ridan, *s.* a decayed trumpet
 Ha'r'row, *a.* a frame of timber set with iron teeth, to break the clods of earth, &c.
 Ha'r'row, *v. a.* to break with the harrow; to tear up, to pillage, to lay waste, to disturb
 Ha'r'ry, *v.* to tease, vex, rob, plunder
 Harsh, *a.* austere, peevish, rough, rigorous
 Ha'rshly, *ad.* austere, morose, violently
 Ha'rshness, *a.* roughness to the ear; sourness
 Ha'r'riet, Ha'r'let, *s.* the entrails of a hog
 Hart, *s.* the male of the roe, a stag
 Ha'r'ishorn, *a.* a spirit drawn from the horns of a hart or stag; a plant
 Ha'r'vest, *s.* the season of reaping and gathering in the corn
 Ha'r'vest-home, *s.* the feast or song at the end of harvest; time of gathering in harvest
 Hash, *v. a.* to mince, chop into small pieces
 Hasp, *a.* a clasp for a staple—*v. a.* to shut
 Has'lock, *a.* a mat or cushion to kneel on
 Haste, Ha'sten, *v. a.* to hurry, to urge on
 Haste, Ha'stiness, *s.* quickness, passion
 Ha'stily, *ad.* speedily, rashly, passionately
 Ha'stiness, *s.* speed, hurry, angry testiness
 Ha'stings, *s.* pease that come early
 Ha'sty, *a.* sudden, quick, vehement, rash
 Hastypud'ding, *s.* milk and flour boiled
 Hat, *a.* a covering for the head
 Hatch, *v.* to produce young from eggs; to plot, to contrive, to form by meditation
 Hatch, *s.* an opening in a ship's decks; a sort of half door; a brood of young birds; disclosure, discovery
 Hat'chel, *v. a.* to beat flax—*s.* the instrument with which flax is beaten
 Hat'chet, *a.* a small axe
 Hat'chet-face, *s.* an ugly deformed face
 Hat'chment, *s.* an escutcheon for the dead
 Hat'chway, *s.* the place over the hatches
 Hate, *v. a.* to detest, to abhor, to abominate
 Hate, Ha'tred, *s.* great dislike, ill-will

Ha'teful, *a.* malignant, malevolent
 Ha'tefully, *ad.* odiously, abominably
 Ha'ter, *s.* a maker of hats
 Have, *v. a.* to possess, enjoy, receive, hold
 Ha'ven, *s.* a harbour, port, shelter
 Ha'vener, *s.* an overseer of a port
 Hav'ing, *s.* possession, hold, fortune
 Haugh, *s.* a little low meadow ; a close
 Hau'ghtly, *ad.* proudly, contemptuously
 Hau'ghtiness, *s.* pride, arrogance
 Hau'ghty, *a.* proud, lofty, arrogant
 Haul, *v. a.* to pull, to drag by violence
 Haum, *s.* straw
 Haunch, *s.* the thigh, the hip, the hind part
 Haunt, *v.* to frequent troublesomely, to ap-
 pear frequently—*s.* a place of resort
 Hau'nted, *part.* frequented, followed
 Hav'oc, *v. a.* to lay waste
 Hav'oc, *s.* devastation, spoil
 Hau'tboy, *s.* a wind instrument resembling
 a clarinet ; a kind of large strawberry
 Hauteu'r, *s.* pride, haughtiness
 Haw, *s.* the berry of the hawthorn
 Hawk, *s.* a voracious bird of prey
 Hawk, *v. n.* to fly hawks at fowls ; to force
 up phlegm with a noise ; to cry goods
 Haw'ked, *part.* *a.* carried about for sale
 Haw'ker, *s.* a pedlar, a newscarrner
 Hawthorn, *s.* the thorn that bears haws
 Hay, *s.* grass dried in the sun ; a dance
 Haymaker, *s.* one employed in making hay
 Hay'rick, Hay'stack, *s.* a quantity of hay
 stacked up and thatched
 Haz'ard, *s.* chance, danger ; a game at dice
 Haz'ard, *v. a.* to expose to chance or danger
 Haz'ardable, *a.* liable to chance, dangerous
 Haz'ardous, *a.* dangerous, exposed to chance
 Haze, *s.* a thick fog, a mist ; rime
 Ha'zel, *s.* the nut-tree
 Ha'zel, Ha'zelly, *a.* light brown, like hazel
 Ha'zy, *a.* foggy, misty, dark, rimy
 Head, *s.* that part of the body which con-
 tains the brain ; a chief, principal ; the
 top ; the first place
 Head, *v. a.* to command, influence ; behead
 Head'ach, *s.* a pain in the head
 Head'band, *s.* a fillet for the head ; a topknot
 Head'borough, *s.* a subordinate constable
 Head'dress, *s.* the dress of a woman's head
 Head'iness, *s.* strong quality in liquors ; hurry
 Head'land, *s.* a promontory, a cape
 Head'less, *a.* without a head, inconsiderate
 Head'long, *a.* rash, precipitate, thoughtless
 Head'most, *a.* most advanced, first
 Head'piece, *s.* armour ; force of mind
 Head'stone, *s.* the first or capital stone
 Head'strong, *a.* ungovernable, unrestrained
 Head'y, *a.* rash, precipitate, violent, strong
 Heal, *v.* to cure a wound ; to reconcile
 Heal'ing, *part.* *a.* mild, sanative, gentle
 Health, *s.* freedom from pain or sickness
 Heal'thful, Heal'thsome, *a.* free from sick-
 ness, well disposed, wholesome, salutary
 Heal'thily, *ad.* without sickness or pain
 Heal'thiness, *s.* a state of health
 Heal'thless, *a.* sickly, infirm, weak
 Heal'thy, *a.* free from sickness, in health
 Heap, *s.* a pile, a confused jumble, a cluster

Heap, *v. a.* to pile, accumulate, heap up
 Hear, *v.* to perceive by the ear, to listen to
 Hear'er, *s.* one who attends to any discourse
 Hear'ing, *s.* the sense by which sounds are
 perceived ; judicial trial ; audience
 Hear'ken, *v. a.* to listen, attend, regard
 Hear'say, *s.* report, rumour, common talk
 Hearse, *s.* a close carriage to convey the dead
 Heart, *s.* the seat of life in an animal body
 Hear'tach, *s.* sorrow, anguish of mind
 Hear'tburning, *s.* a pain in the stomach
 Hear'tdear, *a.* sincerely beloved
 Hear'teasing, *a.* giving quiet
 Hear'ten, *v. a.* to encourage, to animate,
 to strengthen, to manure land
 Hear'tfelt, *a.* felt in the conscience
 Hearth, *s.* the place on which a fire is made
 Hear'tly, *ad.* sincerely, fully from the heart
 Hear'tiness, *s.* sincerity, freedom from hy-
 poocrisy ; vigour, diligence, strength
 Hear'tless, *a.* spiritless, wanting courage
 Hear'tsick, *a.* pained in mind ; mortally ill
 Hear'tstring, *s.* the tendons or nerves sup-
 posed to brace and sustain the heart
 Hear'twhole, *a.* with the affections unfixed
 with the vitals yet unimpaired
 Hear'y, *a.* healthy, strong, cordial, sincere
 Heat, *s.* the sensation caused by fire ; hot
 weather ; violent passion ; party rage ; a
 coup at a race ; a flush in the face
 Heat, *v. a.* to make hot ; to warm with
 passion
 Heat'er, *s.* an iron made hot and put into
 a box-iron to smooth and plait linen
 Heath, *s.* a plant ; common ground
 Heathcock, *s.* a fowl that frequents heaths
 Hea'then, *s.* a gentile, a pagan, an idolater
 Hea'then, Hea'thenish, *a.* pagan, savage
 Hea'thenism, *s.* paganism, gentilism ; the
 principles or practices of heathens
 Heave, *s.* a lift ; an effort to vomit
 Heave, *v.* to lift, to raise ; to pant ; to heave
 Heav'en, *s.* the regions above ; the expanse
 of the sky ; the residence of the blessed
 Heav'en-born, *a.* descended from heaven
 Heav'only, *a.* supremely excellent, celestial
 Heav'ly, *ad.* sorrowfully, afflictively
 Heav'iness, *s.* depression of mind ; weight
 Heav'y, *a.* weighty ; dejected, sluggish
 Heb'domed, *s.* a week, a space of seven days
 Hebdom'adal, Hebdom'adary, *a.* weekly
 Heb'etate, *v. a.* to dull, to blunt, to stupify
 Heb'etude, *s.* bluntness, dulness, obtuseness
 Heb'ralism, *s.* a Hebrew idiom
 Hebrician, *s.* one skilled in Hebrew
 He'brow, *s.* the Jewish language
 Hea'tomb, *s.* a sacrifice of a hundred cattle
 Hec'tic, Hec'tical, *a.* habitual, constitu-
 tional, troubled with morbid heat
 Hec'tic, *s.* a fever
 Hec'tor, *s.* a bully, a noisy fellow
 Hec'tor, *v.* to vaunt
 Hedera'ceous, *a.* producing ivy
 Hedge, *v.* to make a hedge ; enclose ; shift
 Hedge, *s.* a fence made of thorns, shrubs, &c.
 Hed'geborn, *a.* meanly born, low, obscure
 Hed'gebog, *s.* a quadruped set with prickles
 Hed'ger, *s.* one who makes hedges

Hed'gepig, *s.* a young hedgehog
 Hed'gingbill, *s.* a cutting hook used in making hedges
 Heed, *v. a.* to mind, to regard, to attend to
 Heed, *s.* care, caution, seriousness
 Hee'dful, *a.* cautious, attentive, careful
 Hee'dfulness, *s.* caution, vigilance
 Hee'dless, *a.* negligent, inattentive, careless
 Hee'dlessness, *s.* negligence, carelessness
 Heel, *s.* the hind part of the foot
 Hee'piece, *v. a.* to mend the heel of a shoe
 Heft, *s.* a handle; an effort, a heave
 Heh'ra, *s.* the epocha of the Turks, reckoned from the day Mahomet fled from Mecca
 Heifer, *s.* a young cow
 Hei'ghhol interi. denoting languor, &c.
 Height, *s.* elevation or extension upwards; elevation of rank; utmost degree
 Hei'ghen, *v. a.* to raise, improve, exalt
 Hei'nous, *a.* very wicked, atrocious
 Hei'nously, *ad.* wickedly, atrociously
 Hei'nousness, *s.* great wickedness
 Heir, *s.* one who inherits by law, a successor
 Hei'ress, *s.* a female who inherits by law
 Hei'less, *a.* having no heir
 Heirloo'in, *s.* what descends with a freehold
 Hei'rship, *s.* the state, &c. of an heir
 Held, *pref.* of hold
 Hei'ral, *a.* pertaining to the sun
 Hei'ral, *a.* spiral, with many circumvolutions
 Helioen'tric, *a.* as appearing from the centre of the sun
 Hei'lotrope, *s.* a plant that turns to the sun; a precious stone
 Hell, *s.* the residence of wicked spirits
 Hei'domed, *a.* consigned to hell
 Hei'lebor, *s.* the Christmas flower; a plant
 Hei'lenism, *s.* an idiom of the Greek
 Hei'hound, *s.* an agent or dog of hell, a wretch
 Hei'fish, *a.* infernal, wicked, sent from hell
 Hei'fishly, *ad.* infernally, very wickedly
 Hei'kite, *s.* a kite of infernal breed.—*Hei'* prefixed to any word denotes detestation
 Helm, *s.* the rudder; a headpiece
 Hei'med, *a.* furnished with a headpiece
 Hei'met, *s.* a covering for the head in war
 Help, *v.* to assist, to support, to cure, to aid
 Help, *s.* assistance, remedy, succour, support
 Hei'pful, *a.* useful, salutary, assisting
 Hei'pleas, *a.* destitute of help, wanting power to succour one's self, irremediable
 Hei'pmate, *s.* a companion, a partner
 Hei'ter-skel'ter, *ad.* confusedly, in a hurry
 Helve, *s.* the handle of an axe
 Helvet'ic, *a.* of or relating to the Swiss
 Hem, *s.* the edge of a garment folded down and sewed; a sudden expulsion of breath
 Hem, *v. a.* to close with a hem; to shut in
 Hem'isphere, *s.* the half of a globe
 Hemispher'ical, *a.* being half round
 Hemis'tic, Hemis'tich, *s.* half a verse
 Hem'lock, *s.* a narcotic plant used in physic
 Hem'orrhage, *s.* a violent flux of blood
 Hem'orrhoids, *s.* the piles, the emroids
 Hemp, *s.* a plant of which ropes are made
 Hem'pen, *a.* made of hemp

Hen, *s.* the female of any land fowl
 Hence! *ad. or interi.* away, at a distance; from this cause, for this reason
 Hencefo'rth, Hencefo'ward, *ad.* from this time forward, from this time to futurity
 Hend, *v. a.* to seize, to crowd, to surround
 Hen'harm, Hen'harrier, *s.* a kind of hawk
 Hen'pecked, *a.* governed by a wife
 Hen'roost, *s.* a place where poultry rest
 Hepat'ical, *a.* belonging to the liver
 Heptagon, *s.* a figure of seven equal sides
 Heptarchy, *s.* a sevenfold government
 Her, *pron.* belonging to a female
 Her'ald, *s.* an officer whose duty is to proclaim peace and denounce war, to be employed in martial messages, and to judge and examine coats of arms; a precursor
 Her'aldry, *s.* the art or office of a herald
 Herb, *s.* a plant, chiefly of the esculent kind
 Her'a'ceous, *a.* relating to herbs
 Her'hage, *s.* pasture, grass, herbs in general
 Her'bal, *s.* a treatise or book of plants
 Her'balist, *s.* one skilled in herbs
 Her'by, *a.* having the nature of herbs
 Hercu'lean, *a.* very great or difficult
 Herd, *s.* a flock, a drove, a company
 Herd, *v.* to associate, to put into a herd
 Her'dsman, *s.* one employed in tending herds
 Here, *ad.* in this place or state
 Herea'bout's, *ad.* about this place
 Herea'fter, *ad.* in a future state
 Hereby', *ad.* by this; by these means
 Here'd'able, *a.* whatever may be inherited
 Here'd'ament, *s.* an inheritance
 Here'd'itary, *a.* descending by inheritance
 Herein', Hereinto', *ad.* in or into this
 Hereof', *ad.* of, from, or by means of this
 Hereon', Hereupon', *ad.* upon this
 Here'siarch, *s.* a leader in heresy
 Her'esy, *s.* a fundamental error in religion; a differing from the orthodox church
 Her'etic, *s.* one who propagates heretical opinions in opposition to the Christian religion
 Heret'ical, *a.* relating to heresy
 Hereto', Hereunto', *ad.* to this; unto this
 Hereto'fore, *ad.* formerly, anciently
 Herewith', *ad.* with this
 Her'lot, *s.* a fine to the lord of the manor
 Her'itage, *s.* inheritance, estate by succession
 Hermaph'rodite, *s.* an animal uniting two sexes
 Hermet'ic, Hermet'ical, *a.* chymical
 Her'mit, *s.* a solitary devout person
 Her'mitage, *s.* a hermit's cell
 Hern, Her'on, *s.* a large water fowl
 He'ro, *s.* a brave man, a great warrior
 Hero'ic, Hero'ical, *a.* brave, noble
 Hero'ically, *ad.* bravely, courageously
 Her'oine, *s.* a female hero
 Her'oism, *s.* the qualities of a hero
 Her'ring, *s.* a small sea fish
 Hersel'f, *pron.* the female personal pronoun
 Hes'itate, *v. n.* to pause, to delay, to doubt
 Hesita'tion, *s.* doubt, intermission of speech
 Hest, *s.* a command, injunction, precept

Het'eroclites, *s. pl.* in grammar, all nouns which vary in their gender or declension
 Het'eroiox, *a.* deviating from the established church opinions; not orthodox
 Heteroge'neal, Heteroge'neous, *a.* unlike; of a nature diametrically opposite
 Hew, *v. a.* to cut with an axe, chop, labour
 Hex'agon, *s.* a figure of six equal sides
 Hexagonal, *a.* having six sides or angles
 Hexam'eter, *s.* a verse of six feet
 Hey! *interj.* a word expressive of joy
 Hey'day! *interj.* expression of exultation
 Hla'tus, *s.* an aperture, breach, opening
 Hiber'nal, *a.* belonging to the winter
 Hic'cius-doe'cius, *s.* a juggler
 Hick'up, *s.* a convulsion of the stomach
 Hid, Hid'den, *part. pass.* of *hide*
 Hide, *v.* to conceal, to cover, to be hid
 Hide, *s.* the skin of an animal; a certain quantity of land, about 100 acres
 Hid'eous, *a.* horrible, dreadful, frightful
 Hid'eously, *ad.* horribly, dreadfully
 Hie, *v. n.* to hasten, to go quickly
 Hi'erarch, *s.* the chief of a sacred order
 Hi'erarchy, *s.* an ecclesiastical government
 Hieroglyph'ics, *s. pl.* the symbolical characters used by the ancient Egyptians
 Hieroglyph'ical, *a.* emblematical, allusive
 Hig'gle, *v. n.* to use many words in bargaining; to carry about; to chaffer
 Hig'gledy-pig'gledy, *ad.* confusedly
 Hig'gler, *s.* one who hawks about provisions
 High, *a.* elevated, proud, great, exorbitant
 Highblown, *part.* much swelled with wind
 Highborn, *part.* of noble extraction
 Highflier, *s.* one extravagant in opinion
 Highland, *s.* a mountainous country
 Highlander, *s.* a mountaineer
 Highly, *ad.* in a great degree; arrogantly
 Highmettled, *a.* proud or ardent of spirit
 Highminded, *a.* proud, haughty
 Highness, *s.* dignity of nature; a title
 Highest'oned, *part.* hot to the taste
 Highspirited, *part. a.* bold, daring, insolent
 Highwrought, *part.* splendidly finished
 Highwa'ter, *s.* the utmost flow of the tide
 Highway, *s.* a great road, a public path
 Highwayman, *s.* a robber on the highway
 Hilarity, *s.* gayety, mirth, cheerfulness
 Hil'ary, *s.* a term that begins in January
 Hild'ing, *s.* a mean cowardly wretch
 Hill, *s.* elevation of ground, a high land
 Hill'ock, *s.* a small hill
 Hilly, *a.* full of hills, unequal in surface
 Hilt, *s.* the handle of a sword
 Hilted, *a.* having a hilt
 Him, *pron.* the oblique case of *he*
 Hind, *s.* a she stag; a boar, a peasant
 Hind, Hi'nder, *a.* backward
 Hin'der, *v. a.* to obstruct, stop, impede
 Hin'drance, *s.* an impediment, a stop
 Hi'ndermost, Hi'ndmost, *a.* the last
 Hinge, *s.* a joint on which a door turns; a rule
 Hint, *v. n.* to allude to, to bring to mind
 Hint, *s.* a remote suggestion, an intimation
 Hip, *s.* a joint of the thigh; the fruit of the briar; a lowness of spirits

Hip'pish, *a.* much dejected, low in spirits
 Hip'pogriff, *s.* a winged or fabulous horse
 Hippopot'amus, *s.* the river horse; an animal found in the Nile
 Hip'shot, *a.* sprained in the hip
 Hire, *v. a.* to engage for pay—*s.* wages
 Hy'reling, *s.* one who serves for wages; a mercenary and unprincipled writer
 Hirsu'te, *a.* rough, shaggy; of coarse manners
 Hiss, *v.* to cry like a serpent; to explode by hisses, to testify disapprobation
 Hist, *interj.* exclamation commanding silence
 Histor'ian, *s.* a writer of facts and events
 Histor'ical, *a.* pertaining to history
 Histor'ically, *ad.* in the manner of history
 His'tory, *s.* a narration of facts
 Hist'riotic, *a.* befitting a stage or player
 Hit, *v.* to strike, clash, succeed, reach
 Hit, *s.* a stroke, a lucky chance
 Hitch, *v. n.* to catch, to move by jerks
 Hitch, *s.* a kind of knot or noose
 Hit'chel, *s.* a tool on which flax is combed
 Hithe, *s.* a landing place for goods, &c.
 Hith'er, *ad.* to this place—*a.* nearer
 Hith'ermost, *a.* nearest on this side
 Hith'erto, *ad.* to this time; yet; till now
 Hive, *s.* a place for bees; a company
 Ho, *interj.* stop, cease, enough, attend
 Hoar'frost, *s.* frozen dew; a white frost
 Hoard, *v.* to lay up privately
 Hoar'ded, *part.* laid up in private
 Hoar'iness, *s.* state of being hoary or whitish
 Hoarse, *a.* having a rough deep voice
 Hoar'sely, *ad.* with a rough harsh voice
 Hoar'seness, *s.* roughness of voice
 Hoar'y, Hoar, *a.* gray with age, whitish
 Hoax, *s.* an imposition, a deception
 Hob'ble, *v. n.* to walk lamely or awkwardly
 Hob'by, *s.* a species of hawk; a stupid fellow
 Hob'byhorse, *s.* a small horse; a plaything; a favourite thing or amusement
 Hob'goblin, *s.* a sprite, a fairy, an apparition
 Hob'nail, *s.* a nail used in shoeing horses
 Hock, *s.* the small end of a gammon of bacon; a sort of German wine
 Hock'le, *v. a.* to hamstring, to lame
 Hoc'cus-po'cus, *s.* a juggler, a cheat
 Hod, *s.* a bricklayer's trough
 Hod'dy-dod'dy, *s.* an awkward, foolish, or ridiculous person
 Hod'gepodge, *s.* a confused mixture, a medley
 Hodler'nal, *a.* of or relative to this day
 Hoe, *s.* a garden tool for weeds, &c.
 Hoe, *v. a.* to cut or dig with a hoe
 Hog, *s.* the general name of swine
 Hog'cot, Hog'sty, *s.* a house for hogs
 Hog'geral, *s.* a ewe of two years old
 Hog'lish, *a.* selfish, brutish, greedy
 Hog'herd, *s.* a keeper of hogs
 Hog'o, *s.* high flavour; strong scent
 Hog'shead, *s.* a measure of 63 gallons
 Hog'wash, *s.* draff which is given to swine
 Hol'den, *s.* an awkward country girl
 Holst, *v. a.* to raise up on high
 Hol'ty-toi'ty, *interj.* on any sudden feeling

Hold, *v.* to keep, to have within, to detain
 Hold, *s.* a support; custody, power
 Hold! *interj.* stop! forbear! be still
 Holder, *s.* one who holds any thing
 Ho'ldfast, *s.* an iron hook, a catch
 Hole, *s.* a hollow place; a mean habitation;
 a rent in a garment; a subterfuge
 Ho'lly, *ad.* piously, religiously, inviolably
 Ho'lliness, *s.* the Pope's title; piety
 Ho'lla, *Hollo', interj.* stop, attend
 Ho'lland, *s.* a fine linen made in Holland
 Ho'llow, *s.* having a void within; deceitful
 Ho'llow, *s.* a cavity, a hole, an opening
 Ho'llowness, *s.* the state of being hollow
 Ho'lly, *s.* a tree; an evergreen shrub
 Ho'llyhook, *s.* the rose mallow
 Holme, *s.* a river island; the evergreen oak
 Ho'locust, *s.* a burnt sacrifice
 Help, Ho'pen, *part. pass.* of help
 Ho'lster, *s.* a case for a horseman's pistols
 Holt, *s.* a hill; a wood; a forest
 Ho'ly, *s.* pure, religious, sacred, immaculate
 Ho'yday, *s.* an anniversary feast, a day of
 gayety and mirth; a time of festivity
 Ho'mage, *s.* duty, fealty, respect, service
 Home, *s.* country; place of constant residence
 Ho'metred, *s.* native, plain, artless
 Ho'meliness, *s.* plainness, coarseness
 Ho'mely, *s.* not elegant, coarse
 Ho'memade, *s.* made at home; plain
 Ho'mer, *s.* a measure of about three pints
 Ho'mespan, *s.* made at home; inelegant
 Ho'meward, *ad.* towards home
 Ho'micide, *s.* murder, a murderer
 Ho'm'ly, *s.* a discourse read in churches
 Ho'mo'neous, *s.* of the same nature
 Ho'mo'y'mous, *s.* equivocal, ambiguous
 Ho'mo't'ious, *s.* equable, correspondent
 Ho'ng, *s.* a stone to whet razors, &c.
 Ho'n'est, *s.* sincere, upright, chaste, just, true
 Ho'n'estly, *ad.* uprightly, justly, sincerely
 Ho'n'esty, *s.* justice, truth, purity, virtue
 Ho'n'ey, *s.* the sweet concoction of bees, &c.
 Ho'n'eybag, *s.* the stomach of a bee
 Ho'n'eycomb, *s.* cells of wax for honey
 Ho'n'eydew, *s.* a sweet dew on plants
 Ho'n'eyless, *s.* without honey, empty
 Ho'n'eymoon, *s.* first month after marriage
 Ho'n'eyuckle, *s.* an odoriferous woodbine
 Ho'n'ed, *part.* *s.* covered with honey
 Ho'n'orary, *s.* done or instituted in honour;
 conferring honour without gain
 Ho'n'our, *s.* dignity, reputation, virtue
 Ho'n'our, *v.* *s.* to reverence, dignify, exalt
 Ho'n'ourable, *s.* illustrious, generous, equi-
 table
 Ho'n'ourably, *ad.* reputably, nobly
 Hood, *s.* an upper covering for the head
 Hood'wink, *v.* *s.* to blind, to hide, to deceive
 Hoof, *s.* the horny part of a horse's foot
 Hook, *s.* a bent piece of iron, wood, &c.
 Hook, *v.* *s.* to catch, to ensnare, to fasten
 Ho'ok'd, *s.* bent, curved
 Hoop, *s.* any thing circular
 Hoop, *v.* to bind with hoops; to shout
 Hoop'ingcough, *s.* a convulsive cough
 Hoot, *s.* a shout of contempt—*v.* *n.* to shout

Hop, *s.* a plant; a jump, a mean dance
 Hop, *s.* to leap on one leg, walk lamely, &c.
 Hope, *s.* confidence in a future event
 Hope, *v.* to expect with desire
 Ho'p'eful, *s.* full of expectation, promising
 Ho'p'less, *s.* without hope; left, abandoned
 Ho'p'ground, *s.* ground set apart for hops
 Ho'p'per, *s.* a part of a mill; a basket
 Ho'p'ple, *v.* *s.* to tie the feet together
 Ho'ral, Ho'r'ary, *s.* relating to an hour
 Horde, *s.* a clan, a migratory crew
 Ho'r'zon, *s.* a great imaginary line or circle,
 which divides the heavens and earth in
 to two parts or hemispheres
 Ho'rizon'tal, *s.* near the horizon; level
 Ho'rn, *s.* defensive weapon of an ox; an in-
 strument of wind music
 Ho'r'nbook, *s.* the first book for children
 Ho'r'ned, *s.* furnished with horns
 Ho'r'ner, *s.* one who deals in horns
 Ho'r'net, *s.* a large strong stinging fly
 Ho'r'pipe, *s.* a kind of single dance
 Ho'r'ny, *s.* made of horns, callous, hard
 Ho'r'ologe, *s.* an instrument denoting time
 Ho'r'oscope, *s.* the configuration of the
 planets at the hour of a person's birth
 Ho'r'rible, *s.* dreadful, shocking, terrible
 Ho'r'ibly, *ad.* dreadfully, hideously
 Ho'r'id, *s.* hideous, enormous
 Ho'r'idly, *ad.* hideously, shockingly
 Ho'r'rific, *s.* causing horror or dread
 Ho'r'ror, *s.* terror mixed with detestation
 Ho'rse, *s.* an animal; a wooden machine
 Ho'rseback, *s.* the seat or state of riding
 Ho'rsebean, *s.* a small kind of bean
 Ho'rsebreaker, *s.* one who tames horses
 Ho'rsefly, *s.* a fly that stings horses
 Ho'rsehair, *s.* the hair of horses
 Ho'rrelaugh, *s.* a loud, violent, rude laugh
 Ho'rreleech, *s.* a leech that bites horses
 Ho'r'reman, *s.* one skilled in riding
 Ho'r'remanship, *s.* the art of managing a
 horse
 Ho'rsemarten, *s.* a large kind of bee
 Ho'rsemeat, *s.* provender for horses
 Ho'rseplay, *s.* rough play, rudeness
 Ho'rrepond, *s.* a pond to water horses at
 Ho'rseradish, *s.* a root acrid and biting, a
 species of scurvy-grass
 Ho'rreshoe, *s.* a shoe for horses; an herb
 Ho'rseway, *s.* a broad open way
 Ho'r'tation, *s.* the act of exhorting; advice
 Ho'r'tative, *s.* tending to exhort, animating
 Ho'r'ticulture, *s.* the art of cultivating gar-
 dens
 Ho'r'tulan, *s.* belonging to a garden
 Ho'san'na, *s.* an exclamation of praise to God
 Hose, *s.* stockings; breeches
 Ho'ser, *s.* one who sells stockings, &c.
 Ho'spitable, *s.* kind to strangers, friendly
 Ho'spitably, *ad.* in a hospitable manner
 Ho'spital, *s.* a receptacle for the sick and
 poor
 Ho'spita'lity, *s.* the practice of entertaining
 strangers; liberality in entertainments
 Host, *s.* a landlord; an army; a number
 Ho'stage, *s.* a person left as a pledge for
 securing the performance of conditions



Ho'stress, *s.* a female host, a landlady
 Hostile, *a.* adverse, opposite; warlike
 Hostility, *s.* open war, a state of warfare
 Hostler, *s.* the manager of horses at an inn
 Hot, *a.* having heat, furious, eager, lustful
 Hot'bed, *s.* a bed of earth made hot by the fermentation of dung and manure
 Hot'cockles, *s.* a species of childish play
 Hotel, *s.* a genteel public lodging-house
 Hot-headed, *a.* passionate, violent
 Hot-house, *s.* a building contrived for ripening exotics, &c. by means of heat
 Hot'spur, *s.* a violent precipitate man; a pea
 Hot'tentot, *s.* a savage inhabitant of the southern extremity of Africa
 Hove, Ho'ven, *part. pass.* raised, swelled
 Ho'vel, *s.* a shed, a shelter for cattle
 Ho'ver, *v. n.* to hang over head, to wander
 Hough, *s.* the lower part of the thigh
 Hough, *v. a.* to hamstring, to cut up
 Hound, *s.* a dog who hunts by scent
 Hour, *s.* the 24th part of a day
 Hou'r-glass, *s.* a glass filled with sand for the purpose of measuring time
 Hou'ly, *a.* done every hour, frequent
 House, *s.* a place of human abode
 House, *v.* to put under shelter, to harbour
 Hou'sbreaker, *s.* one who robs houses
 Hou'sbreaking, *s.* robbing of houses
 Hou'shold, *s.* a family living together
 Hou'sholdstuff, *s.* furniture, goods, utensils
 Hou'skeeper, *s.* a superintending female servant; one who keeps a house
 Hou'skeeping, *s.* domestic management
 Hou'sel, *v. a.* to give or receive the eucharist
 Hou'seless, *a.* destitute of abode
 Hou'semaid, *s.* a female menial servant
 Hou'scroom, *s.* convenient apartments
 Hou'sswarming, *s.* a feast usual on taking possession of a house
 Hous'ewife, *s.* a female economist
 Hous'ewifery, *s.* frugality in domestic affairs
 How? *ad.* in what manner or degree
 Howe'ver, *ad.* nevertheless, notwithstanding
 Howe'ver, *ad.* notwithstanding; yet, at least
 How'itz, How'itzer, *s.* a kind of bomb
 Howl, *v. n.* to utter cries in distress as a dog
 How'ling, *s.* the noise of a dog, &c.
 Howsoev'er, *ad.* in whatever manner
 Hox, *v. a.* to hamstring, to hough
 Hox, *s.* a coasting vessel, a small ship
 Hub'bub, *s.* a tumult, confusion, great noise
 Huck'aback, *s.* a kind of figured linen
 Huck'lebone, *s.* the hip bone
 Huck'ster, *s.* a retailer of small wares
 Hud'dle, *v.* to do a thing in a hurry; to crowd together in a confused manner
 Hudibras'tic, *a.* doggrel, like Hudibras
 Hue, *s.* shade of colour, tint; clamour, pursuit
 Huff, *v.* to chide with insolence
 Huffish, *a.* arrogant, insolent, hectoring
 Hug, *v. a.* to embrace fondly, to hold fast
 Huge, *a.* vast, immense, large, enormous
 Hu'gely, *ad.* immensely, greatly, very much
 Hug'ger-mug'ger, *s.* a bye place; secrecy

Hu'guenot, *s.* a French protestant
 Hulk, *s.* the body of a ship; a clown
 Hull, *s.* the body of a ship; a shell or husk
 Hum, *v. n.* to sing low, to buzz; to deceive
 Hum, *s.* a buzzing noise; a deception
 Hu'man, *a.* having the qualities of a man
 Huma'ne, *a.* kind, good-natured, tender
 Human'ity, *s.* benevolence, compassion, generosity; the nature of man
 Hu'mankind, *s.* the race of man
 Hum'ble, *a.* modest, submissive
 Hum'ble, *v. a.* to subdue; to condescend
 Hum'bles, *s. pl.* the entrails of a deer
 Hum'bly, *ad.* submissively, lowly
 Hum'drum, *s.* a stupid person—*a.* dull
 Humect'ation, *s.* a moistening or wetting
 Hu'meral, *a.* belonging to the shoulder
 Hu'mid, *a.* wet, moist, watery, damp
 Humid'ity, *s.* moisture, dampness
 Humilia'tion, *s.* the act of humility
 Humil'ity, *s.* freedom from pride, modesty
 Hum'mingbird, *s.* the smallest of all birds
 Hu'mour, *s.* moisture; whim, jocularity
 Hu'mour, *v. a.* to qualify, to soothe
 Hu'mourist, *s.* one who gratifies his humour
 Hu'morous, *a.* jocular, whimsical, pleasant
 Hum'pack, *s.* a crooked back
 Hunch, *v. n.* to jostle; to crook the back
 Hun'dred, *s.* ten multiplied by ten; part of a shire or county
 Hung, *part. and part. pass.* of hang
 Hun'gary-water, *s.* a water distilled from rosemary flowers
 Hun'ger, *s.* a desire of food; violent desire
 Hun'gry, *a.* in want of food
 Hunks, *s.* a covetous sordid wretch, a miser
 Hunt, *v.* to chase, to pursue, to search for
 Hunt, *s.* a pack of hounds; a chase, a pursuit
 Hun'ter, *s.* one who chases animals
 Hun'tsman, *s.* one who manages the dogs for, and one who delights in, hunting
 Hur'den, *s.* a coarse kind of linen
 Hur'dle, *s.* a grate; sticks wove together for various uses; a sort of sledge, &c.
 Hur's, *s. pl.* the refuse of hemp or flax
 Hurl, *v. a.* to throw with violence
 Hur'bat, *s.* whirbat; a weapon
 Hur'ly-bur'ly, *s.* bustle, tumult, confusion
 Hurra, *interj.* a shout of triumph
 Hur'ricane, *s.* a violent storm, a tempest
 Hur'ry, *v.* to hasten, to move with haste
 Hur'ry, *s.* precipitation, haste; a tumult
 Hurt, *s.* harm, mischief, wound or bruise
 Hurt, *v. a.* to injure, to wound, to harm
 Hur'tful, *a.* pernicious, mischievous
 Hur'tle, *v.* to skirmish, to move violently
 Hur'tless, *a.* harmless, innocent, innoxious
 Hus'band, *s.* a married man; an economist
 Hus'band, *v. a.* to manage frugally; to till
 Hus'bandless, *a.* without a husband
 Hus'bandman, *s.* one who works in tillage
 Hus'bandry, *s.* tillage; thrift, care, frugality
 Hush, *v.* to still, appease, quiet, forbid
 Hush'money, *s.* a bribe to induce secrecy
 Husk, *s.* the outward integument of fruits
 —*v. a.* to strip off the outward integument
 Hus'ky, *a.* abounding in husks, dry
 Huss'r, *s.* a kind of horse-soldier

Hus'sy, *s.* a sorry or bad woman
 Hus'tings, *s. pl.* a council, a court held
 Hus'tle, *v. n.* to shake together
 Hus'wife, *v. n.* to roanage with frugality
 Hut, *s.* a poor cottage, a mean abode
 Hutch, *s.* a corn-chest; a rabbit-box
 Hux, *v. n.* to catch pike with a bladder, &c.
 Huzza, *interj.* a shout of joy or acclamation
 Hyacinth, *s.* a flower; a colour
 Hyacin'thine, *a.* like hyacinths
 Hy'ades, *s. pl.* the seven stars
 Hy'aline, *a.* glassy, crystalline, clear
 Hy'dra, *s.* a monster with many heads
 Hy'dragues, *s. pl.* medicinal preparations
 for the purgation of watery humours
 Hydrau'lical, *a.* relating to hydraulics
 Hydraul'ics, *s. pl.* the science of that philosophy which treats of the motion of fluids, and the art of conveying water
 Hy'drocele, *s.* a watery rupture
 Hydroceph'alus, *s.* a droopy in the head
 Hy'drogen, *s.* inflammable air
 Hydro'grapher, *s.* one skilled in the art of hydrography; a teacher of hydrography
 Hydro'graphy, *s.* the art of measuring and describing the sea and its boundaries
 Hy'dromancy, *s.* a prediction by water
 Hy'dromel, *s.* honey and water; mead
 Hydrom'eter, Hygro'm'eter, *s.* an instrument to measure the extent of water
 Hydroph'bia, *s.* a distemper occasioned by the bite of a mad dog; dread of water
 Hydro'pical, *a.* dropsical, watery
 Hydros'tatical, *a.* relating to hydrostatics
 Hydrostat'ics, *s. pl.* the science of the gravitation of fluids; weighing fluids
 Hy'e'na, *s.* a fierce animal like a wolf
 Hym, *s.* a species of very fierce dog

Hymen'cal, *a.* pertaining to marriage
 Hymn, *v. n.* to praise in songs of adoration
 Hymn, *s.* a divine song, a song of praise
 Hym'nic, *a.* relating to hymns
 Hyp, *v. n.* to make melancholy, to dispirit
 Hypa'lage, *s.* a change of cases, &c.
 Hyperbole, *s.* a rhetorical figure which consists in representing things much greater or less than they really are
 Hyperbol'ical, *a.* exaggerating beyond fact
 Hyper'bolize, *v.* to exaggerate or extenuate
 Hyperbo'rean, *a.* northern; cold
 Hypercrit'ic, *a.* an unreasonable critic
 Hypercrit'ical, *a.* critical beyond use
 Hyphen, *s.* a short line thus (-) put between two words or syllables, to show that they are to be joined together
 Hypnot'ic, *s.* a medicine causing sleep
 Hypochond'ria, *s.* melancholy
 Hypochond'riac, *s.* one affected with melancholy, or disordered in the imagination
 Hypochondri'acal, *a.* melancholy
 Hypoc'risy, *s.* dissimulation, a pretence
 Hyp'ocrite, *s.* a dissembler in religion, &c.
 Hypocrit'ical, *a.* dissembling, insincere, false
 Hypocrit'ically, *ad.* without sincerity
 Hypo'tasis, *s.* a distinct substance; personality; a term more particularly used in the doctrine of the Holy Trinity
 Hypostat'ical, *a.* constitutive; distinct
 Hypoth'esis, *s.* a system upon supposition
 Hypothet'ical, *a.* supposed, conditional
 Hypothet'ically, *ad.* upon supposition
 Hyst, Hest, *s.* a wood or thicket
 Hys'sop, *s.* the name of a purgative plant
 Hyster'ic, Hyster'ical, *a.* troubled with fits
 Hyster'ics, *s.* fits peculiar to women

I and J.

JAB'BER, *v. n.* to talk much or idly, to chatter
 Jab'berer, *s.* one who talks inarticulately
 Ja'cent, *a.* lying at length, extended
 Ja'cinth, *s.* a precious gem; the hyacinth
 Jack, *s.* John; an engine; a young pike
 Jack'al, *s.* a beast somewhat resembling a fox, said to hunt or start prey for the lion
 Jack'alent, *s.* a simple sheepish fellow
 Jack'anapes, *s.* a monkey; a coxcomb
 Jack'daw, *s.* a black chattering bird
 Jack'et, *s.* a close waistcoat, a short coat
 Jac'obinism, *s.* the principles of a late excrable faction in France
 Jac'obite, *s.* a partisan of James II.
 Jacula'tion, *s.* the act of throwing or darting
 Jade, *s.* a worthless horse; a sorry woman
 Jade, *v. n.* to tire, to weary, to ride down
 Jaddish, *a.* unruly, vicious; unchaste
 Jagg, *v. n.* to notch—*s.* a denticulation
 Jag'gy, *a.* uneven, notched, ragged
 Jaj'ap, *s.* a purgative root from New Spain
 Jam, *s.* a conserve of fruit; a child's frock
 Jam, *v. n.* to confine between, to wedge in
 Jamb, *s.* the upright post of a door

Jam'bic, *s.* verses which are composed of a long and short syllable alternately
 Jan'gle, *v.* to wrangle, to be out of tune
 Jan'itor, *s.* a door-keeper, a porter
 Jan'izary, *s.* a Turkish soldier; a guard
 Jan'ty, Jan'nty, *a.* showy, gay, giddy
 Jan'uary, *s.* the first month of the year
 Japan', *s.* a varnish made to work in colours
 Japan'ner, *s.* one skilled in japan work
 Jar, *v. n.* to clash, to disagree, to differ
 Jar, *s.* a harsh sound; an earthen vessel
 Jar'gon, *s.* gibberish, gabble, nonsensical talk
 Jas'per, *s.* a precious green stone
 Jav'elin, *s.* a spear or half pike
 Jau'ndice, *s.* a distemper caused by the obstructions of the gall in the liver
 Jau'ndiced, *a.* affected with the jaundice
 Jaunt, *v. n.* to walk or travel about
 Jaunt, *s.* a ramble, a flight, an excursion
 Jau'ntiness, *s.* aliveness, flutter, briskness
 Jaw, *s.* the bone in which the teeth are fixed
 Jay, *s.* a bird with gaudy feathers
 Ja'zel, *s.* a precious azure or blue stone
 I'bis, *s.* the name of an Egyptian bird
 Ice, *s.* frozen water; sugar concreted

Ichnog'raphy, *s.* a description of pictures, statues, and monuments of ancient art
 P'chor, *s.* a humour arising from ulcers
 P'chorous, *a.* sharp, cold, indigested
 P'cicle, *s.* dripping water frozen, hanging from the eaves of a house, &c.
 P'con, *s.* a picture, a representation
 Icter'ical, *a.* afflicted with the jaundice
 P'cy, *a.* full of ice, cold; frigid, backward
 Ide'a, *s.* mental imagination; a notion
 Ide'al, *a.* mental, intellectual, conceived
 Ide'ally, *ad.* intellectually, mentally
 Iden'tic, Iden'tical, *a.* the same
 Iden'ticalness, Iden'tity, *s.* sameness
 Ides, *s. pl.* a term of time amongst the ancient Romans. It is the 15th day of each month, except March, May, July, and October, in which it is the 15th
 Id'iom, *s.* a particular mode of speech
 Id'iot, *s.* a fool, a changeling, a natural
 Id'iotism, *s.* peculiarity of expression; folly; natural imbecility of mind
 Id'le, *a.* lazy, unemployed, worthless
 Id'le, *v. n.* to spend time in inactivity
 Id'lehead'ed, *a.* foolish, unreasonable
 Id'leness, *s.* sloth, laziness, folly
 Id'ler, *s.* a lazy person, a sluggard
 Id'ly, *ad.* lazily, carelessly, foolishly
 Id'ol, *s.* an image worshipped as a god
 Id'olater, *s.* a worshipper of idols
 Id'olatrie, *v. n.* to worship idols
 Id'olatrous, *a.* tending or given to idolatry
 Id'olatry, *s.* the worship of images
 Id'olize, *v. a.* to worship as a deity
 Id'yl, *s.* a small short poem; an eclogue
 Jeal'ous, *a.* suspicious, fearful, cautious
 Jeal'ousy, *s.* suspicion in love especially
 Jeer, *v.* to treat with scorn, to scoff, to flout
 Jeho'vah, *s.* the appropriate name of God in the Hebrew language
 Jeju'ne, *a.* hungry; unaffecting; trifling
 Jeju'ness, *s.* poverty; a want of matter
 Jelly, *s.* a light transparent sly broth; a sweetest of various species
 Jen'net, *s.* a Spanish or Barbary horse
 Jen'neting, *s.* a species of forward apple
 Jeopard, *v. a.* to hazard, to put in danger
 Jeop'ardous, *a.* hazardous, dangerous
 Jeop'ardy, *s.* danger, peril, hazard
 Jerk, *s.* a quick smart lash; a quick jolt
 Jer'kin, *s.* a jacket; a kind of hawk
 Jer'sey, *s.* a fine yarn of wool
 Jer'suine, *s.* a fragrant flower
 Jest, *s.* any thing ludicrous; a laughing-stock
 Jer'ting, *s.* talk to raise laughter
 Jer'ult, *s.* one of a religious order which presumed to take the name of the Society of Jesus
 Jesuit'ical, *a.* shuffling, artful, deceitful
 Jet, *s.* a curious black fossil; a spout of water
 Jet, *v. n.* to shoot forward, to protrude
 Jet'sam, Jet'son, *s.* goods thrown ashore by shipwreck
 Jet'ty, *a.* made of jet, black as jet
 Jew'el, *s.* a precious stone, a gem
 Jew'eller, *s.* one who deals in precious stones
 Jew's-harp, *s.* a small musical instrument
 If, *conj.* suppose it be so

Igneous, *a.* containing or emitting fire
 Ig'nis-fat'urus, *s.* a kind of fiery vapour, called Will-with-the-wisp; a delusion
 Igni'te, *v. a.* to kindle; to set on fire
 Ignition, *s.* the act of setting on fire
 Igni'tible, *a.* inflammable, easily set on fire
 Igno'bile, *a.* mean of birth; worthless
 Igno'bly, *ad.* disgracefully, ignominiously
 Ignomin'i'ous, *a.* disgraceful, shameful
 Ignomin'i'ously, *ad.* meanly, scandalously
 Ig'nominy, *s.* disgrace, reproach, shame
 Ignora'mus, *s.* a foolish fellow, vain pretender
 Ig'norance, *s.* want of knowledge
 Ig'norant, *a.* illiterate, without knowledge
 Jig, *s.* a light careless dance or tune
 Jill, *s.* a deceiving woman—*v. a.* to deceive
 Jingle, *s.* any thing sounding; a rattle
 Jie, *s.* a walk or alley in a church
 Jlex, *s.* the great scarlet oak
 J'iac, *a.* belonging to the lower bowels
 J'iad, *s.* a heroic poem by Homer
 Jil, *a.* sick, disordered, not in health
 Jil, *s.* wickedness, misery, misfortune
 Jlab'orate, *a.* done without much labour
 Jlap'se, *s.* a sliding or gently falling in or upon; a sudden attack; casual coming
 Jla'queste, *v. a.* to entangle, to ensnare
 Jla'tion, *s.* an inference, a conclusion
 Jla'tive, *a.* that which may be inferred
 Jlau'dable, *a.* unworthy of commendation
 Jlau'dably, *ad.* unworthily, meanly
 Jle'gal, *a.* contrary to law, unjust
 Jlegal'ity, *s.* a contrariety to law
 Jle'gally, *ad.* in a contrary manner to law
 Jleg'ible, *a.* what cannot be clearly read
 Jlegitimacy, *s.* a state of bastardy
 Jlegitim'ate, *a.* born out of wedlock
 Jlis'voured, *a.* of a bad countenance
 Jlib'eral, *a.* sparing, mean, disingenuous
 Jlib'erally, *ad.* meanly, disingenuously
 Jlic'it, *a.* unlawful, unfit; contraband
 Jlim'itable, *a.* which cannot be bounded
 Jlit'eracy, Jlit'erateness, *s.* want of learning; ignorance of science
 Jlit'erate, *a.* unlearned, ignorant, untaught
 Jlin'a'ture, *a.* peevishness, malevolence
 Jlin'a'tured, *a.* peevish, untractable, cross
 Jll'ness, *s.* sickness, disorder, weakness
 Jll'og'ical, *a.* contrary to rules of reasoning
 Jllu'de, *v. a.* to mock, play upon, deceive
 Jllu'me, Jllu'mine, Jllu'minate, *v. a.* to enlighten, to adorn, to illustrate
 Jllumina'tion, *s.* the act of giving light; brightness; lights set forth as a mark of joy
 Jllu'sion, *s.* a false show, error, mockery
 Jllu'sive, *a.* deceiving by false show
 Jllu'sory, *a.* deceiving, fraudulent
 Jllustrate, *v. a.* to brighten with light; to explain, to clear, to elucidate
 Jllustra'tion, *s.* explanation, exposition
 Jllustrative, *a.* able or tending to explain
 Jllustr'ious, *a.* conspicuous, noble, eminent
 Jllustr'iously, *ad.* conspicuously, eminently
 Im'age, *s.* a picture, a statue, an idol; an idea
 Im'agery, *s.* sensible representation; show
 Imag'inable, *a.* possible to be conceived

Imag'inary, *a.* fancied, visionary, ideal
 Imagina'tion, *s.* fancy, conception, scheme
 Imag'ine, *v. a.* to fancy, to contrive
 Imbec'ile, *a.* weak, feeble, wanting strength
 Imbec'il'ity, *s.* weakness, feebleness
 Imbibe, *v. a.* to drink in, to admit into
 Imbitter, *v. a.* to make bitter; to exasperate
 Imbody, *v. a.* to condense to a body; enclose
 Imbolden, *v. a.* to make bold, encourage
 Imbosom, *v. a.* to hold in the bosom
 Imbow, *v. a.* to arch, to vault
 Imbower, *v. a.* to shelter with trees
 Imbrica'tion, *s.* a concave indenture
 Imbrown, *v. a.* to make brown; to obscure
 Imbrue, *v. a.* to steep, soak, wet much
 Imbru'ed, *part.* soaked, dipt, wetted
 Imbrute, *v. a.* to degrade to brutality
 Imbue, *v. a.* to tincture deep, to tinge
 Imburse, *v. a.* to stock with money
 Imitable, *a.* worthy or possible to be imitated
 Imitate, *v. a.* to follow the manner, way, or action of another person; to copy
 Imitative, *a.* inclined or tending to copy
 Imita'tion, *s.* the act of copying; an attempt to make a resemblance; a copy
 Im'itator, *s.* he who copies or imitates
 Im'itatrix, *s.* she who imitates, &c.
 Immac'ulate, *a.* spotless, pure, undefiled
 Imman'acle, *v. a.* to fetter, to confine
 Imma'se, *a.* vast, prodigiously great
 Im'manent, *a.* inherent, intrinsic, internal
 Imman'ifest, *a.* not plain, uncertain
 Imman'ity, *s.* barbarity, savageness, brutality
 Immarces'cible, *a.* unfading, perpetual
 Imma'rtial, *a.* not warlike, weak, impotent
 Imma'terial, *a.* incorporeal; void of matter
 Imma'ture, *a.* not ripe, not perfect; hasty
 Imma'turely, *ad.* too soon, too early
 Imma'turity, *s.* unripeness, incompleteness
 Immeas'urable, *a.* not to be measured
 Immed'iate, *a.* instant; acting by itself
 Immed'ately, *ad.* presently, instantly
 Immed'icable, *a.* not to be healed, past cure
 Immemo'rial, *a.* past time of memory
 Immen'se, *a.* unlimited, infinite, huge
 Immen'sely, *ad.* without measure, infinitely
 Immen'sity, *s.* unbounded greatness, infinity
 Immer'ge, Immer'se, *v. a.* to sink or plunge under water; to dip in water
 Immer'ged, Immer'sed, *part.* sunk deep
 Immer'sion, *s.* dipping under water
 Immethod'ical, *a.* confused, irregular
 Immethod'ically, *ad.* without method
 Im'minence, *s.* an immediate danger
 Im'minent, *a.* impending, threatening
 Imminu'tion, *s.* a diminution, a decrease
 Immi'sion, *s.* a sending in, an injection
 Immix', Immin'gle, *v. a.* to mix, to unite
 Immix'able, *a.* impossible to be mixed
 Immob'il'ity, *s.* immovableness
 Immod'erate, *a.* excessive, more than enough; exceeding the due means
 Immod'erately, *ad.* in an excessive degree
 Immod'est, *a.* shameless, obscene, impure
 Immod'estly, *ad.* without modesty

Immod'esty, *s.* a want of purity or delicacy
 Im'molate, *v. a.* to sacrifice, to offer up
 Immola'tion, *s.* the act of sacrificing
 Immo'ment, *a.* trifling, of little value
 Immo'ral, *a.* dishonest, irreligious, vicious
 Immora'l'ity, *s.* want of virtue, vice
 Immo'rtal, *a.* perpetual, never to die
 Immorta'l'ity, *s.* an exemption from death
 Immo'realize, *v.* to make or become immortal
 Immo'vable, *a.* unshaken, firm, stable
 Immo'vably, *ad.* not to be shaken, firmly
 Immu'nity, *s.* privilege, exemption, freedom
 Immu're, *v. a.* to enclose, shut in, confine
 Immu'sical, *a.* harsh, inharmonious
 Immuta'bility, *s.* invariableness, constancy
 Immu'table, *a.* invariable, unalterable
 Imp, *s.* an offspring; a puny devil
 Imp, *v. a.* to lengthen; to enlarge
 Impact, *v. a.* to drive close or hard
 Impai'nt, *v. a.* to paint, adorn, decorate
 Impai'r, *v.* to lessen, injure, make worse
 Impai'nable, *a.* not perceptible by touch
 Impar'ity, *s.* disproportion, inequality
 Impa'rtance, *s.* a dialogue, conference
 Impa'rt, *v. a.* to communicate; grant unto
 Impa'rtance, *s.* a grant; a communication
 Impa'rtial, *a.* equitable, equal, just
 Impa'rtial'ity, *s.* equitableness, justice
 Impa'rtially, *ad.* equitably, without bias
 Impas'sable, *a.* that which cannot be passed
 Impas'sioned, *a.* seized with passion
 Impa'tience, *s.* uneasiness under sufferings, vehemence of temper, eagerness
 Impa'tient, *a.* eager, not able to endure
 Impa'tiently, *ad.* eagerly, passionately
 Impaw'n, *v. a.* to pawn, to give as a pledge
 Impen'ch, *v. a.* to accuse by public authority
 Impen'chment, *s.* a legal accusation; an impediment, hindrance, obstruction
 Impen'ial, *v. a.* to form like pearls, to adorn
 Impen'cible, *a.* not subject to sin, perfect
 Impen'de, *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct, to let
 Impen'dement, *s.* hindrance, obstruction
 Impel', *v. a.* to urge forwards, to press on
 Impel'ent, *s.* a power to drive forward
 Impen'd, *v. n.* to hang over, to be at hand
 Impen'dent, *a.* hanging over or near
 Impen'ding, *a.* hanging ready to fall
 Impen'etrable, *a.* that which cannot be penetrated or discovered; not to be pierced
 Impen'itence, *s.* hardness of heart, or a continuance in evil courses; obduracy
 Impen'itent, *a.* obdurate, remorseless
 Impen'itently, *ad.* without repentance
 Im'perate, *a.* done with consciousness
 Im'perative, *a.* commanding, ordering
 Im'perceptible, *a.* not to be perceived
 Im'perceptibly, *ad.* in a manner not to be perceived; not subject to perception
 Im'perfect, *a.* frail, not complete, defective
 Im'perfect'ion, *s.* a defect, a failure, a fault
 Im'perfectly, *ad.* not completely, not fully
 Im'perforate, *a.* not pierced through
 Im'perial, *a.* belonging to an emperor
 Im'perialist, *s.* one belonging to an emperor
 Im'perious, *a.* haughty, arrogant, lordly
 Im'periously, *ad.* insolently, arrogantly

Imperishable, *a.* not to be destroyed
 Impersonal, *a.* having no person
 Imperspicuous, *a.* not sufficiently clear
 Impersuadable, *a.* not to be persuaded
 Impertinence, *s.* folly, intrusion; a trifle
 Impertinent, *a.* intrusive, meddling
 Impetuously, *ad.* officiously, intrusively
 Impetuous, *a.* impassable, inaccessible
 Impetrate, *v. a.* to obtain by entreaty
 Impetuosity, *s.* violence, fury, vehemence
 Impetuous, *a.* violent, forcible, fierce
 Impetus, *s.* a violent effort, force, stroke
 Impiety, *s.* wickedness, irreverence
 Impiourate, *v. a.* to pawn, to pledge
 Impinge, *v.* to fall or strike against, to clash
 Impinguate, *v. a.* to fatten, to make fat
 Impious, *a.* wicked, profane, irreligious
 Impiously, *ad.* profanely, wickedly
 Implicable, *a.* malicious, not to be appeased; inexorable, constant in enmity
 Implacably, *ad.* with constant enmity
 Implant, *v. a.* to ingraft, to infix, to insert
 Implanable, *a.* not specious, impersuasive
 Implead, *v. a.* to prosecute, to sue at law
 Implement, *s.* a tool, instrument; vessel
 Implication, *s.* the act of filling up
 Implex, *s.* intricate, entangled, complicated
 Implicate, *v. a.* to entangle, to embarrass
 Implication, *s.* involution, a tacit inference; a necessary consequence
 Implicit, *a.* tacitly understood; founded on the authority of others; involved
 Implicitly, *ad.* dependently, by inference
 Implore, *v. a.* to ask, beg, beseech, entreat
 Imply, *v. a.* to comprise, unfold, suggest
 Impoison, *v. a.* to corrupt with poison
 Impolite, *a.* unpolite, rude, ungentled
 Impolitic, *a.* imprudent, indiscreet
 Imponderous, *a.* void of weight, light
 Imporous, *a.* free from pores, compact
 Import, *v. a.* to bring commodities from abroad; to signify or denote, to concern
 Import, *s.* importance; things imported
 Importance, *s.* a matter, subject, moment
 Important, *a.* momentous, of consequence
 Importation, *s.* act of bringing from abroad
 Importer, *s.* one who brings from abroad
 Importless, *a.* trifling, of no consequence
 Importunate, *a.* incessant in solicitation
 Importune, *v. a.* to tease with solicitations
 Importunately, *ad.* incessantly, unsensably
 Importunity, *s.* incessant solicitation
 Importuous, *a.* having no harbour
 Impose, *v. a.* to enjoin as a duty; to deceive
 Imposable, *a.* that may be laid by obligation
 Imposer, *s.* one who imposes or enjoins
 Imposition, *s.* an injunction; a tax or tribute; an oppression; a cheat or fraud
 Impossibility, *s.* that which cannot be done
 Impossible, *a.* impracticable
 Impost, *s.* a tax, a custom to be paid
 Imposthume, *v. n.* to form an abscess
 Imposthume, *s.* any swelling or gathering of corrupt matter in an abscess
 Impostor, *s.* a false pretender, a cheat
 Impotence, Impotency, *s.* want of power, incapacity, feebleness

Impotent, *a.* weak, feeble, wanting power
 Impotently, *ad.* without power, weakly
 Impound, *v. a.* to shut up in a pinfold
 Impracticable, *a.* impossible, unattainable
 Imprecate, *v. a.* to invoke evil, to curse
 Imprecation, *s.* an invocation of evil
 Imprecatory, *a.* containing wishes of evil
 Impregnable, *a.* not to be taken, unmoved
 Impregnate, *v. a.* to make prolific
 Imprejudicate, *a.* unprejudiced, impartial
 Impreparation, *s.* a want of preparation
 Imprescriptible, *a.* without the compass of prescription; not to be alienated
 Impress, *v. a.* to print, to stamp; to force
 Impressible, *a.* that may be impressed
 Impression, *s.* the print of a stamp or seal; an edition of a book; image fixed in the mind, or influence made on it
 Impressive, *a.* capable of making impression
 Impressure, *s.* a mark made by pressure
 Imprimatur, *s.* a license to print
 Imprimis, *ad.* in the first place
 Imprint, *v. a.* to print, to fix on the mind
 Imprison, *v. a.* to confine, to shut up
 Imprisonment, *s.* a confinement in prison
 Improbability, *s.* an unlikelihood
 Improbable, *a.* incredible, unlikely
 Improbate, *v. a.* to disapprove, to disallow
 Improbation, *s.* the act of disallowing
 Improbity, *s.* dishonesty, baseness
 Improdigate, *v. a.* to make fruitful
 Improper, *a.* unfit, unqualified, not just
 Improprate, *v. a.* to convert to private use
 Improprization, *s.* an ecclesiastical benefice, or church lands in the immediate occupation of a layman
 Improprator, *s.* a layman having church lands wholly at his own disposal
 Improperity, *s.* unfitness, inaccuracy
 Improperous, *a.* unsuccessful, unfortunate
 Improvable, *a.* capable of improvement
 Improve, *v.* to raise from good to better
 Improvement, *s.* progress from good to better; education; the act of improving
 Improvidence, *s.* want of forethought
 Improvident, *a.* wanting care to provide
 Imprudence, *s.* indiscretion, negligence, folly
 Imprudent, *a.* wanting prudence, injudicious
 Imprudently, *ad.* indiscreetly, carelessly
 Impudence, *s.* shamelessness, immodesty
 Impudent, *a.* shameless, wanting modesty
 Impudently, *ad.* shamelessly, saucily
 Impugn, *v. a.* to attack, to assault
 Impuissance, *s.* weakness, inability, feebleness
 Impulse, *s.* a communicated force; an inward indignation; motive, idea
 Impulsive, *a.* having power to impel
 Impunity, *s.* exemption from punishment
 Impure, *a.* unholy; unchaste, drossy
 Impurely, *ad.* in an impure manner
 Impurity, *s.* lewdness, filthiness
 Impurple, *v. a.* to colour as with purple
 Impurable, *a.* chargeable upon any one
 Imputation, *s.* an accusation or charge

Imputative, *a.* that may be imputed
 Impute, *v. a.* to charge upon, to attribute
 Imputrescible, *a.* not to be corrupted
 Inability, *a.* a want of power, impotence
 Inaccessible, *a.* not to be come at
 Inaccuracy, *a.* a want of exactness
 Inaccurate, *a.* not exact, not accurate
 Inaction, *a.* a cessation from labour; idleness
 Inactive, *a.* indolent, sluggish, not diligent
 Inactively, *ad.* without labour, sluggishly
 Inactivity, *a.* idleness; rest; sluggishness
 Inadequate, *a.* defective, disproportionate
 Inadequately, *ad.* defectively, imperfectly
 Inadmissible, *a.* not to be allowed
 Inadvertence, *a.* negligence, inattention
 Inadvertent, *a.* inconsiderate, careless
 Inadvertently, *ad.* negligently, carelessly
 Inalienable, *a.* that cannot be alienated
 Inalimental, *a.* affording no nourishment
 Inamorato, *a.* a lover, a fond person
 Inane, *a.* void, empty, useless
 Inanimate, *a.* void of life, without animation
 Inanition, *a.* an emptiness of body
 Inappetence, *a.* a want of stomach or appetite
 Inapplicable, *a.* not to be particularly applied
 Inapplication, *a.* inactivity, indolence
 Inarable, *a.* not capable of tillage
 Inapposite, *a.* unfit, unsuitable, improper
 Inarticulate, *a.* not uttered distinctly
 Inarticulately, *ad.* indistinctly, confusedly
 Inartificial, *a.* done contrarily to art
 Inartificially, *ad.* immethodically, badly
 Inattention, *a.* disregard, carelessness
 Inattentive, *a.* regardless, negligent
 Inattentively, *ad.* carelessly, heedlessly
 Inaudible, *a.* not to be heard, void of sound
 Inaugurate, *v. a.* to invest with solemnity
 Inauguration, *a.* investiture with solemnities
 Inauspicious, *a.* the act of covering with gold
 Inauspicious, *a.* unlucky, unfortunate
 Inbeing, *a.* inherence, inseparableness
 Inborn, *a.* implanted by nature, innate
 Inbred, *a.* bred or hatched within
 Incalculable, *a.* beyond calculation
 Incalence, *a.* an increasing warmth
 Incantation, *a.* an enchantment, a charm
 Incantatory, *a.* dealing by enchantment
 Incantion, *v. a.* to join to a canton
 Incapability, *a.* a disqualification, inability
 Incapable, *a.* unable, disqualified, unfit
 Incapacious, *a.* narrow, of small content
 Incapacitate, *v. a.* to disable, to disqualify
 Incapacity, *a.* inability, a want of power
 Incarcerate, *v. a.* to imprison, to confine
 Incarn, *v. a.* to cover with or breed flesh
 Incarnadine, *v. a.* to die or tinge with red
 Incarnate, *a.* clothed or embodied in flesh
 Incarnation, *a.* the act of assuming a body
 Incase, *v. a.* to cover, to enclose, to unfold
 Incavated, *a.* made hollow; bent in
 Incautious, *a.* unwary, heedless, careless
 Incautiously, *ad.* unwarily, heedlessly
 Incendiary, *a.* one who sets houses or towns on fire; a sower of strife and sedition

Incence, *a.* a perfume offered to images
 Incense, *v. a.* to provoke, enrage, stir up
 Incensed, *part.* provoked, exasperated
 Incensory, *a.* a vessel for burning incense in
 Incenitive, *a.* an incitement or motive
 Incenitive, *a.* enticing, encouraging
 Inception, *a.* a beginning, a commencing
 Inceritude, *a.* uncertainty, doubtfulness
 Incessant, *a.* continual, unceasing
 Incessantly, *ad.* without intermission
 Incest, *a.* unnatural and criminal conjunction of persons too nearly related
 Incestuous, *a.* guilty of unnatural cohabitation
 Inch, *a.* a measure, the twelfth part of a foot
 Inchpin, *a.* part of a deer's inside
 Inchmeal, *a.* a piece of an inch long
 Inchmate, *v. a.* to begin, to commence
 Inchoation, *a.* a beginning of any work
 Incide, *v. a.* to cut, to cut into, to divide
 Incidence, Incident, *a.* an accidental circumstance, an event, a casualty
 Incident, Incidentual, *a.* casual, happening by chance, fortuitous; occasional
 Incinerate, *v. a.* to burn to ashes
 Incipient, *a.* beginning, arising
 Incircumspection, *a.* a want of caution
 Incised, *a.* cut, made by cutting
 Incision, Incisure, *a.* a cut, a wound made
 Incisive, *a.* having the quality of cutting
 Incisor, *a.* a tooth so called, the cutter
 Incitation, Incitement, *a.* an incentive
 Incite, *v. a.* to stir up, to spur, to animate
 Incivility, *a.* rudeness, a want of courtesy
 Inclose, *v. a.* to hold fast; to clasp
 Inclemency, *a.* cruelty, harshness
 Inclement, *a.* unmerciful, rough, harsh
 Inclinal, *a.* favourably disposed, willing
 Inclination, *a.* tendency to a point; affection; propensity of mind; natural aptness
 Incline, *v. a.* to bend, to lean; to be disposed
 Inclose, *v. a.* to grasp, enclose, surround
 Incloser, *v. a.* to shut up in a cloister
 Inclosed, *v. a.* to darken, to obscure
 Include, *v. a.* to enclose, shut; comprise
 Inclusion, *a.* the act of including
 Inclusive, *a.* comprehending, enclosing
 Incoagulable, *a.* incapable of concretion
 Incoexistence, *a.* the not existing together
 Incon, *ad.* unknown; in private
 Incongruity, *a.* a want of thought
 Incongruous, *a.* wanting power of thought
 Incongruity, *ad.* in a state of concealment
 Incongruence, *a.* incongruity; want of connexion; inconsequence; want of cohesion
 Incongruent, *a.* inconsistent, disagreeing
 Incongruently, *ad.* inconsistently, loosely
 Incombustible, *a.* not to be consumed by fire
 Income, *a.* profit, rent, revenue
 Incommensurable, *a.* not to be measured
 Incommiscible, *a.* not to be mixed
 Incommode, *v. a.* to trouble, to embarrass
 Incommensurable, *a.* vexatious, unsuitable
 Incommensurably, *ad.* inconveniently, unfit
 Incommunicable, *a.* not to be communicated, imparted, or discovered
 Incommutable, *a.* not to be exchanged
 Incompact, *a.* not joined, not adhering

Incomparable, *a.* excellent, matchless
Incomparably, *ad.* beyond comparison
Incompassionate, *a.* void of pity, cruel
Incompatible, *a.* inconsistent with another
Incompetency, *s.* inability, insufficiency
Incompetent, *a.* not adequate, unsuitable
Incompetently, *ad.* unsuitably, unfitly
Incomplete, *a.* not finished, not perfect
Incompliance, *s.* untractableness, refusal
Incomposed, *a.* disturbed, discomposed
Incomposible, *a.* uncompanied, simple
Incompossible, *a.* not possible together
Incomprehensibility, *s.* Incomprehensibility
Incomprehensible, *a.* the quality of being inconceivable
Incomprehensible, *a.* not to be conceived
Incomprehensibly, *ad.* inconceivably
Incompressible, *a.* not capable of being forced into a less space, not to be pressed
Inconcealable, *a.* not to be hid or kept secret
Inconceivable, **Inconceivable**, *a.* not to be conceived or imagined, incomprehensible
Inconceivably, *ad.* beyond comprehension
Inconclusive, *a.* inferring no consequence
Inconclusive, *a.* not conclusive, not convincing, not exhibiting cogent evidence
Inconclusiveness, *s.* a want of rational conviction, want of proof or cogency
Inconcoct, *a.* unripened, immature
Inconcoction, *s.* the state of being undigested
Inconcording, *a.* not agreeing or uniting
Inconcoctible, *a.* not to be shaken
Inconcoctite, *a.* irregular, rude, unpolished
Inconconditional, **Inconconditional**, *a.* unlimited, unrestrained; without condition
Inconformity, *s.* incomppliance with practice
Incongruence, **Incongruity**, *s.* inconsistency, disagreement, absurdity
Incongruous, *a.* inconsistent, not fitting
Inconsequently, *ad.* without any connexion
Inconsequence, *s.* inconclusiveness
Inconsequent, *a.* without regular inference
Inconsiderable, *a.* unworthy of notice
Inconsiderableness, *s.* small importance
Inconsiderate, *a.* careless, thoughtless
Inconsiderately, *ad.* thoughtlessly
Inconsiderateness, **Inconsideration**, **Inconsideracy**, *s.* want of thought, inattention
Inconstancy, *s.* unsteadiness, incongruity
Inconsistent, *a.* contrary, incompatible
Inconsisting, *a.* disagreeing with
Inconsistently, *ad.* absurdly, incongruously
Inconsovable, *a.* not to be comforted
Inconsonancy, *s.* disagreement with itself
Inconspicuous, *a.* not discernible
Inconstancy, *s.* unsteadiness, mutability
Inconstant, *a.* not firm, unsteady, variable
Inconsumable, *a.* not to be wasted
Incontestable, *a.* not to be disputed, certain
Incontestably, *ad.* indisputably
Incontinguous, *a.* not joined together
Incontinence, *s.* intemperance, unchastity
Incontinent, *a.* unchaste, loose; immediate
Incontinently, *ad.* unchastely; directly
Incontrovertible, *a.* not to be resisted
Incontrovertible, *a.* indisputable, certain

Incontrovertibly, *ad.* indisputably, certainly, to a degree beyond controversy
Inconvenience, *s.* unfitness, disadvantage
Inconvenient, *a.* inconvenient, unfit
Inconveniently, *ad.* unfitly, unreasonably
Inconvertible, *a.* stiff, formal, unsocial
Inconvertible, *a.* not to be changed
Inconvincible, *ad.* obstinately
Incorporeal, **Incorporeal**, **Incorporate**, *a.* immaterial, spiritual, distinct from body
Incorporate, *v.* to form into one body, to mix, to unite, to associate, to embody
Incorporeity, *s.* immateriality
Incorrupt, *v.* to form into a body
Incorrect, *a.* not exact, not accurate
Incorrectly, *ad.* not in a correct manner
Incorrectness, *s.* inaccuracy, carelessness
Incorrigible, *a.* bad beyond amendment
Incorrigibility, *s.* hopeless depravity
Incorrigibly, *ad.* to a degree of depravity beyond all means of amendment
Incorrupt, *a.* honest, free from corruption
Incorruptible, *a.* not admitting decay
Incorruption, *s.* a state of purity
Incorruptness, *s.* purity of conduct; integrity
Increase, *v.* to thicken, to make thick
Increase, *s.* the act of thickening
Increase, *s.* that thickens
Increase, *v.* to grow, to make more
Increase, *s.* augmentation, produce, &c.
Increase, *a.* not created
Incredibility, *s.* an incredible quality
Incredible, *a.* not to be believed
Incredulity, *s.* hardness of belief
Incredulous, *a.* hard of belief, refusing credit
Incredulity, *a.* not consumable by fire
Increment, *s.* an increase, a produce
Increase, *v.* to chide, to reprehend
Increase, *s.* the act of chiding, reproof
Increase, *v.* to accuse another
Increase, *v.* to cover with a hard coat
Increase, *s.* something superinduced
Increase, *v.* to sit upon eggs, to hatch
Increase, *s.* the act of sitting upon eggs
Increase, *s.* a disorder; the nightmare
Increase, *v.* to impress by admonitions
Increase, *s.* the act of inculcating
Increase, *a.* unblamable, just, upright
Increase, *ad.* unblamably
Increase, *a.* uncultivated, untitled, rude
Increase, *s.* the keeping a benefice
Increase, *a.* one who possesses a benefice
Increase, *a.* imposed as a duty; necessity of attention; lying or leaning upon
Increase, *v.* to become liable to, to deserve
Increase, *a.* hopeless, not to be cured
Increase, *ad.* without remedy or cure
Increase, *a.* inattentive, careless
Increase, *s.* an invasion, attack, armed
Increase, *v.* to bend, to make crooked
Increase, *s.* the act of bending; flexion of the body in token of reverence
Increase, *s.* crookedness; state of bending
Increase, *v.* to search diligently
Increase, *s.* a diligent search, an inquiry
Increase, *s.* a searcher, an examiner

Inde'stri, *v. a.* to dart in, to strike in
 Indeb'ted, *a.* in debt; obliged to or by
 Indec'ency, Indeco'rum, *a.* anything im-
 proper or unbecoming; unseemliness
 Inde'cent, *a.* unfit to be known, unbecom-
 ing
 Indec'ently, *ad.* without decency
 Indec'uous, *a.* not falling, not shed
 Indecis'ion, *a.* want of determination
 Indec'sive, *a.* not determining
 Indecis'nable, *a.* not varied by terminations
 Indeco'rous, *a.* indecent, unbecoming
 Inde'ed, *ad.* in truth, in reality, in verity
 Indefat'igable, *a.* unwearied with labour,
 unexhausted by attention or application
 Indefat'igably, *ad.* without weariness
 Indefes'sible, *a.* not to be cut off; irrevocable
 Indefec'tible, *a.* not subject to defect
 Indefen'sible, *a.* what cannot be defended
 Indef'nable, *a.* not to be defined
 Indefinite, *a.* unlimited, undeterminate
 Indef'inately, *ad.* in an unlimited manner
 Indefin'itude, *a.* an unlimited quantity
 Indeliber'ate, *a.* unpremeditated, rash
 Indefible, *a.* not to be erased or annulled
 Indeficiency, *a.* a want of elegant decency
 Indeficate, *a.* wanting decency, rude
 Indem'nify, *v. a.* to maintain unhurt
 Indem'nity, *a.* exemption from punishment
 Indemon'strable, *a.* not to be proved
 Inden't, *v.* to scollap; to make a compact
 Inden't, Indenta'tion, *a.* an inequality
 Inden'ture, *a.* a covenant or deed
 Indepen'dence, Indepen'dency, *a.* freedom;
 an exemption from reliance or control
 Indepen'dent, *a.* free, not controllable
 Indepen'dents, *a. pl.* a sect of dissenters,
 who in religious affairs hold that every
 congregation is a complete church
 Indepen'dently, *ad.* without dependance
 Indescri'bable, *a.* that cannot be described
 Indeser't, *a.* a want of worth or merit
 Indes'inently, *ad.* without cessation
 Indestruc'tible, *a.* not to be destroyed
 Indeter'minable, *a.* not to be fixed or defined
 Indeter'minate, *a.* indefinite, not defined
 Indeter'mined, *a.* unfixed, unsettled
 Indevo'tion, *a.* a want of devotion, irreligion
 Indevou't, *a.* irreligious, not devout
 In'dex, *a.* a mark or hand thus (ꝯꝰ), to
 direct to something remarkable; table of
 contents to a book; the pointer out
 Indexer'ity, *a.* awkwardness, sluggishness
 In'dicant, *a.* shewing, pointing out
 In'dicate, *v. a.* to point out, to shew
 Indica'tion, *a.* a mark, a sign, a symptom
 Indicative, *a.* shewing, pointing out; in
 grammar, a certain modification of a
 verb, expressing affirmation or indication
 Indic'tion, *a.* a declaration, a proclamation;
 in chronology, the space of fifteen years,
 appointed by Constantine the Great, in
 the room of the Olympiads
 Indifference, *a.* impartiality; negligence
 Indifferent, *a.* of little concern; careless;
 passable; impartial, unbiassed; regardless
 Indifferently, *ad.* impartially, tolerably
 In'digence, *a.* want, poverty, great need

Indig'e'nous, *a.* native to a country
 In'digent, *a.* needy, poor, in want; empty
 Indiges'ted, *a.* not formed, not concocted
 Indiges'tible, *a.* not to be digested
 Indiges'tion, *a.* the state of meats uncon-
 cocted
 Indig'itate, *v. a.* to point out, to show
 Indigita'tion, *a.* the act of pointing out
 Indi'gn, *a.* unworthy, bringing indignity
 Indi'gnant, *a.* angry, raging, inflamed
 Indigna'tion, *a.* anger mixed with contempt
 Indi'gnity, *a.* contumely, contemptuous
 Injury
 In'digo, *a.* a plant used for dying blue
 Indirec't, *a.* not straight, not fair, not honest
 Indirec'tly, *ad.* obliquely, not in express
 terms
 Indiscer'nible, *a.* not discernible
 Indiscer'ptible, *a.* not to be separated
 Indiscre'e't, *a.* imprudent, injudicious
 Indiscre'e'tly, *ad.* imprudently, foolishly
 Indiscre'tion, *a.* imprudence, inconsidera-
 tion
 Indiscrim'inate, *a.* not separated, confused
 Indiscrim'inately, *ad.* without distinction
 Indispen'sable, *a.* not to be remitted
 Indispen'sably, *ad.* without remission
 Indispo'se, *v. a.* to make unfit, to disorder
 Indispo'sed, *part.* disordered, disqualified
 Indisposi'tion, *a.* a disorder of health; dislike
 Indisputable, *a.* uncontroversible
 Indisputably, *ad.* without controversy
 Indissol'vable, *a.* that cannot be dissolved
 Indissolub'il'ity, *a.* firmness, stabieness
 Indis'soluble, *a.* binding for ever; firm, stable
 Indis'solubly, *ad.* for ever obligatory
 Indistin'ct, *a.* not plainly marked, confused
 Indistin'ctly, *ad.* uncertainly, disorderly
 Indistur'bance, *a.* calmness, quiet, peace
 Individ'ual, *a.* undivided; numerically one
 Individual, *a.* every single person
 Individ'ually, *ad.* with distinct existence
 Individual'ity, *a.* separate or distinct exis-
 tence
 Indivis'ible, *a.* that cannot be divided
 Indoc'ible, Indoc'ile, *a.* unsusceptible of in-
 struction, stupid, dull, untractable
 Indoc'il'ity, *a.* untractableness, dulness
 Indoc'itrate, *v. a.* to instruct, to teach
 In'dolence, *a.* laziness, inattention
 In'dolent, *a.* lazy, careless, inattentive
 In'dolently, *ad.* heedlessly, inattentively
 In'draught, *a.* an inlet, a passage inwards
 Indren'ch, *v. a.* to soak, to drown
 Indu'bious, Indu'bital, *a.* not doubtful
 Indu'bitaly, *ad.* unquestionably, certainly
 Indu'bitate, *a.* undoubted, certain, evident
 Indu'ce, *v. a.* to persuade, influence, bring on
 Indu'cement, *a.* a motive for doing a thing
 Induc't, *v. a.* to put into actual possession
 of an ecclesiastical benefice; to bring in
 Induction, *a.* taking possession, entrance
 Induc'tive, *a.* capable to infer
 Indue', *v. a.* to invest, to furnish with
 Indul'ge, *v. a.* to favour, humour, gratify
 Indul'gence, *a.* fondness, favour granted,
 kindness, gentleness, tenderness; for-
 bearing

Indul'gent, *a.* kind, gentle, mild, favouring
Indul'gently, *ad.* without severity or cen-
sure

Indul't, Indul'to, *a.* privilege or exemption
Indurate, *v.* to make hard, to harden the
mind

Indura'tion, *a.* obduracy, hardness of heart
Indus'trious, *a.* diligent, laborious; designed
Indus'triously, *ad.* laboriously, diligently
Indus'try, *a.* diligence, assiduity

Ineb'riate, *v.* to intoxicate, to grow drunk
Ineb'riation, *a.* drunkenness, intoxication

Ineffable, *a.* unspeakable, inexpressible
Ineffably, *ad.* in a manner not to be ex-
pressed

Ineffec'tive, *a.* that produces no effect
Ineffec'tual, *a.* without power, weak

Ineffec'tually, *ad.* without effect, in vain
Ineffic'acious, *a.* ineffectual, feeble, weak

Ineffic'acy, *a.* want of power, want of effect
Inelegance, *a.* want of elegance or beauty

Ineleg'ant, *a.* not becoming, mean, des-
picable

Inel'quent, *a.* not persuasive, not oratorical
Inep't, *a.* unfit, incapable, useless, foolish

Inep'tly, *ad.* triflingly, unfitly, foolishly
Inep'titude, *a.* unfitness, unsuitableness

Inequal'ity, *a.* unevenness, disproportion
Ineq'uitable, *a.* not equitable, unjust

Iner'udite, *a.* exempt from error
Iner't, *a.* sluggish, motionless, dull

Iner'tly, *ad.* sluggishly, dully, heavily
Inesca'tion, *a.* the act of baiting

Inestimable, *a.* above all price, invaluable
Inev'ident, *a.* not plain, obscure

Inev'itable, *a.* unavoidable, not to be escaped
Inexc'u'sable, *a.* not to be excused or pal-
liated

Inexha'ble, *a.* that cannot evaporate
Inexha'usted, *a.* unemptied, unspent

Inexha'ustible, *a.* not to be drained
Inexis'tent, *a.* not in being, not existing

Inexorable, *a.* not to be moved by intreaty
Inexpe'dience, *a.* want of fitness or propriety

Inexpe'dient, *a.* improper, inconvenient
Inexpe'rience, *a.* a want of experience

Inexper't, *a.* unskilful, unskilled, unhandy
Inex'piable, *a.* not to be atoned for

Inex'plicable, *a.* incapable of being explained
Inexpress'ible, *a.* not to be told; unutterable

Inexpug'nable, *a.* impregnable; not to be
taken by assault, not to be subdued

Inextin'guishable, *a.* unquenchable
Inex'tricable, *a.* not to be disentangled

Ineye', *v. n.* to inoculate, to ingraft
Infallibility, *a.* exemption from error

Infamous, *a.* notoriously bad, shameless
Infamously, *ad.* shamefully, scandalously

Infamy, *a.* notoriety of bad character
Infancy, *a.* the first part of life; the be-
ginning

Infant, *a.* a child under seven years of age;
in law, a person under twenty-one years

Infan'ta, *a.* a princess descended from the
blood royal of Spain or Portugal

Infanticide, *a.* the murder of infants
Infantile, Infantine, *a.* like an infant

Infantry, *a.* the foot soldiers of an army

Infat'uate, *v. a.* to strike with folly; bewitch
Infatu'stion, *a.* the act of striking with folly

Infes'sible, *a.* impracticable
Infec't, *v. a.* to taint, to poison, to pollute

Infection, *a.* a contagion, a corrupt efflu-
vium

Infec'tious, *a.* contagious, apt to infect
Infec'tive, *a.* having the quality of conta-
gion

Infecun'dity, *a.* want of fertility
Infel'ic'ity, *a.* misery, calamity, unhappiness

Infer', *v. a.* to conclude from, to induce
Inferable, Infer'ible, *a.* deducible from
premised grounds

Inference, *a.* a conclusion from premises
Infer'ior, *a.* one lower in rank or station

Infe'rior, *a.* lower in place, value, or station
Infer'ior'ity, *a.* lower state of dignity or value

Infer'nal, *a.* hellish, tartarean, very bad
Infer'tile, Infer'und, *a.* unfruitful, barren

Infertility, *a.* unfruitfulness, barrenness
Infer't, *v. a.* to annoy, harass, plague, disturb

In'fidel, *a.* an unbeliever, a pagan, a mis-
creant

Infidel'ity, *a.* a want of faith, treachery
In'finite, *a.* unbounded, immense, un-
limited

In'finity, *ad.* without limits, immensely
In'finiteness, In'finite, *a.* immensity

Infin'itive, *a.* in grammar, the infinitive
mood affirms, or intimates the intention

of affirming, but does not do it absolutely
Infin'ity, *a.* immensity, endless number

Infir'm, *a.* weak of body or mind, not solid
Infir'mary, *a.* a residence for the sick

Infir'mity, *a.* weakness, failing, disease
Infir'mness, *a.* weakness, feebleness

Infix', *v. a.* to drive in; to fasten
Infuse', *v. a.* to set on fire; to irritate

Inflam'mable, *a.* easy to be set on fire
Inflammation, *a.* the state of being in a

flame; an unnatural heat of the blood
Inflam'matory, *a.* having power to inflame

Infla'te, *v. a.* to swell or puff up with wind
Infla'tion, *a.* act of being swelled; flatulence

Inflex't, *v. a.* to bend, bow, change, vary
Inflex'tion, *a.* the act of bending; modula-
tion of the voice; variation of nouns or
verbs

Inflexibility, *a.* stiffness, obstinacy
Inflex'ible, *a.* not to be bent, immovable

Inflex'ibly, *ad.* inexorably, invariably
Inflic't, *v. a.* to lay a punishment upon

Inflic'tion, *a.* the act of using punishments
Inflic'tive, *a.* that which imposes punish-
ment

Influence, *a.* an ascendant power
Influence, *v. a.* to have power over, to bias

Influent, *a.* flowing or running into
Influen'tial, *a.* exerting influence or power

Influen'za, *a.* an epidemic disease
Inf'lux, *a.* act of flowing into; infusion;
power

Infold, *v. a.* to wrap up, to enclose
Infoliate, *v. a.* to cover with leaves

Infor'm, *v. a.* to tell, to instruct, to animate
Infor'mal, *a.* irregular, disorderly

Infor'mant, *a.* one who prefers an accusation

Information, *s.* intelligence given; charge of accusation preferred; instruction
Inform'er, *s.* one who gives intelligence
Informidable, *a.* not to be feared
Informality, *s.* shapelessness, irregularity
Infornate, *a.* unhappy, unlucky
Infract, *v. a.* to break in pieces
Infract'ion, *s.* the act of breaking; violation
Inframundane, *a.* below the world
Infran'gible, *a.* not to be broken, strong
Infr'quency, *s.* rarity, uncommonness
Infr'quent, *a.* rare, uncommon, unusual
Infrig'late, *v. a.* to chill, to make cold
Infrin'ge, *v. a.* to violate, break a contract
Infrin'gement, *s.* a violation, a breach
Infuriate, *a.* enraged, raging
Infusac'tion, *s.* the act of making dark
Infuse, *v. a.* to pour in, to instil, to inspire
Infusible, *a.* possible to be infused
Infusion, *s.* the act of pouring in or steeping
Infus'ive, *a.* having the power of infusion
Ingannat'ion, *s.* a cheat, a fraud, a juggle
Ingath'ring, *s.* the getting in the harvest
Ingen'inate, *v. a.* to double; to repeat often
Ingen'rate, **Ingen'rated**, *a.* unbegotten
Ingen'ious, *a.* witty, inventive
Ingen'iously, *ad.* in an ingenious manner
Ingen'ite, *a.* inborn, innate, native
Ingen'uity, *s.* openness, candour; genius
Ingen'u'ous, *a.* fair, open, generous, noble
Ingen'u'ously, *ad.* openly, fairly, candidly
Inger't, *v. a.* to throw into the stomach
Inglo'rious, *a.* dishonourable, mean
Inglo'riously, *ad.* with ignominy
Ingot, *s.* a mass of metal
Ingraft, **Ingraft**, *v. a.* to plant the sprig of one tree in the stock of another; to fix deep
Ingraft'ed, *a.* deeply infixed
Ingrate, *s.* an ungrateful person
Ingrate, *v. a.* to get into favour, &c.
Ingrat'iating, *s.* the act of getting favour
Ingrat'itude, *s.* unthankfulness
Ingre'dient, *s.* a part of any compound
Ingress, *s.* entrance, power of entrance
Ingres'sion, *s.* the act of entering
Inguinal, *a.* belonging to the groin
Ingul'f, *v. a.* to swallow down as a gulf
Ingu'rgitate, *v. a.* to swallow greedily
Ingu'stable, *a.* not to be tasted, insipid
Inhab'it, *v. a.* to dwell, to occupy
Inhab'itable, *a.* that may be inhabited
Inhab'itant, *s.* one who dwells in a place
Inha'le, *v. a.* to draw in with the air
Inharmo'nious, *a.* unmusical, not sweet
Inhe'rence, *s.* quality of that which adheres
Inhe'rent, *a.* existing in something else; innate, inborn; cleaving to
Inher'it, *v. a.* to possess by inheritance
Inher'itable, *a.* obtainable by succession
Inher'itance, *s.* an hereditary possession
Inher'itor, *s.* an heir, one who inherits
Inher'itress, **Inher'itrix**, *s.* an heiress
Inhe're, *v. a.* to enclose in a monument
Inhib'it, *v. a.* to prohibit, hinder, repress
Inhib'ition, *s.* a prohibition, an embargo
Inho'id, *v. a.* to contain in itself
Inhos'pitable, *a.* unkind to strangers

Inhos'pital'ity, *s.* a want of hospitality
Inhu'man, *a.* barbarous, savage, cruel
Inhuman'ity, *s.* cruelty, savageness
Inhu'manly, *ad.* cruelly, barbarously
Inhu'mate, **Inhu'me**, *v. a.* to bury, to inter
Inhumat'ion, *s.* a burying sepulture
Injec't, *v. a.* to throw in or up; to dart in
Inject'ion, *s.* the act of injecting
Inim'ical, *a.* hostile, adverse, unkind
Inim'itable, *a.* above imitation
Inim'itably, *ad.* very excellently
Iniq'uitous, *a.* unjust, wicked, sinful
Iniq'uity, *s.* injustice, wickedness, sin
Ini'tial, *a.* placed at the beginning
Ini'tiate, *v. a.* to admit, to instruct
Ini'tiat'ion, *s.* the act of admitting a person into any order or faculty
Ini'tiatory, *a.* introductory
Injudic'ial, *a.* not according to law
Injudic'ious, *a.* void of judgment
Injun'ction, *s.* a command, a precept
In'jure, *v. a.* to wrong, to hurt unjustly
Inju'rious, *a.* unjust, hurtful, destructive
In'jury, *s.* mischief, outrage, annoyance
Inju'stice, *s.* unfair dealing, iniquity
Ink, *s.* a black liquid for writing, &c.
In'kle, *s.* a kind of narrow fillet, a tape
In'kling, *s.* a hint, a whisper, an intimation
In'ky, *a.* black as ink, resembling ink
In'land, *a.* remote from the sea, interior
Inlap'itate, *v. a.* to turn to stone
Inlay, *v. a.* to variegate wood, &c.
Inlaw, *v. a.* to clear of outlawry
In'let, *s.* an entrance, a passage into
In'ly, *ad.* internally, secretly, in the heart
In'mate, *s.* a lodger, an in-dweller
In'most, **In'nermost**, *a.* deepest within
Inn, *s.* a house of entertainment for travellers; a college for students, &c.
Inna'te, *a.* inborn, ingenerate, natural
Innav'igable, *a.* not to be passed by sailing
In'ner, *a.* interior, more inward
Inn'holder, **Inn'keeper**, *s.* one who keeps a house of entertainment for travellers
In'nocence, *s.* purity, harmlessness, simplicity
In'nocent, *a.* pure, harmless, innoxious
In'nocently, *ad.* without guilt, harmlessly
Inno'uous, *a.* harmless in effects
In'novate, *v. a.* to introduce novelties
Innovat'ion, *s.* the introduction of novelty
In'novator, *s.* one who introduces novelties
Inno'xious, *a.* not hurtful, harmless
Innuen'do, *s.* an oblique hint
Innu'merable, *a.* not to be numbered
Inobser'vable, *a.* unworthy of observation
Inoc'ulate, *v. a.* to propagate by insertion
Inocula'tion, *s.* a grafting in the bud; a method of giving the small-pox, by infusing matter from ripened pustules into the veins of the uninfected
Ino'dorous, *a.* without the quality of scent
Inoffen'sive, *a.* harmless, innocent, hurtless
Inoffen'sively, *ad.* innocently, harmlessly
Inop'inate, *a.* not expected, sudden
Inopportu'ne, *a.* unseasonable, inconvenient
Ino'rdinate, *a.* irregular, disorderly
Inorgan'ical, *a.* without proper organs

Inoc'ulate, *v. n.* to unite by contact

Inocula'tion, *s.* a union; a kiss

In'quest, *s.* a judicial inquiry or examination

Improm'ptu, *ad.* without study, readily

Inqui'etude, *s.* uneasiness, disquiet

In'quinate, *v. a.* to pollute, corrupt, defile

Inquina'tion, *s.* a pollution, a corruption

Inqui're, *v. a.* to ask about, to seek out

Inqui'ry, *s.* an examination, a search

Inquisi'tion, *s.* a judicial inquiry; a court
in Spain, &c. for the detection of heresy

Inquisi'tive, *a.* prying, curious, &c.

Inquisi'tor, *s.* a judge of the inquisition

In'road, *s.* an incursion, a sudden invasion

Insalu'brious, *a.* unhealthy, bad

Insan'able, *a.* incurable, irremediable

Insa'ne, *a.* mad, making mad

Insane'ness, Insan'i'ty, *s.* madness

Insat'iable, Insat'iate, *a.* not to be satisfied

Insatisfac'tion, *s.* an unsatisfied state

Insa'turable, *a.* that cannot be glutted

Inscri'be, *v. a.* to write upon; to dedicate

Inscrip'tion, *s.* a title, name, or character,
written or engraved upon any thing

Inscrip'tive, *a.* bearing inscription

Inscrut'able, *a.* unsearchable, hidden

Inscul'p, *v. a.* to engrave, to cut on

Inscul'pture, *s.* any thing engraved

Inses'm, *v. a.* to mark by a seam or scar

In'sect, *s.* a small creeping or flying animal

Ins'ection, *s.* the act of cutting into

Inse'cure, *a.* not secure, not safe

Inse'curi'ty, *s.* unsafety, hazard, danger

Inse'mante, *a.* stupid, wanting thought

Insensibi'lity, *s.* stupidity, torpor

Insen'sible, *a.* void of sense, imperceptible

Insepar'able, *a.* not to be disjointed

Insepar'ably, *ad.* with indissoluble union

Inser't, *v. a.* to place among other things

Insertion, *s.* the act of inserting

Inse'vient, *a.* conducive to some end

Inship', *v. a.* to shut or stow in a ship

Inshro'ae, *v. a.* to enclose in a shrine

Inse'cation, *s.* the act of drying in

In'side, *s.* the inward or internal part

Insid'ious, *a.* treacherous, sly, deceitful

Insid'iously, *ad.* treacherously, sily

Insid'iousness, *s.* craftiness, deceit

In'sight, *s.* an inspection; a deep view

Insignia, *s.* distinguishing marks of office
or honour

Insignif'icance, *s.* a want of meaning

Insignif'icant, *a.* unimportant, trifling

Inse'cre, *a.* not hearty, unfaithful

Inse'crity, *s.* dissimulation, want of truth

Insin'ew, *v. a.* to strengthen, to confirm

Insin'uant, *a.* able to gain favour

Insin'uate, *v.* to hint artfully, to wheedle

Insinua'tion, *s.* the act of insinuating

Insp'id, *a.* without taste; flat, dull

Inspid'i'ty, *s.* want of taste or spirit

Insp'ience, *s.* silliness, foolishness

Insi't, *v. n.* to persist in, to urge

Insi'tent, *a.* standing or resting upon

Insi'tency, *s.* an exemption from thrust

Insi'tion, *s.* the act of grafting, a thrust

Insa're, *v. a.* to entrap, to inveigle

Insober'i'ty, *s.* drunkenness, intemperance

Inso'ciable, *a.* averse from conversation

Insola'tion, *s.* exposition to the sun

In'solence, *s.* haughtiness, pride

In'solent, *a.* haughty, overbearing, proud

In'solently, *ad.* haughtily, rudely

Insol'vable, *a.* not to be solved or paid

Insol'u'ble, *a.* not to be dissolved or cleared

Insol'vency, *s.* an inability to pay debts

Insol'vent, *a.* not able to pay debts

Insomuch', *ad.* so that, to such a degree

Inspe'ct, *v. a.* to look narrowly into, &c.

Inspe'ction, *s.* a close examination

Inspe'ctor, *s.* a superintendant

Inspe'rdon, *s.* a sprinkling upon

Insphe're, *v. a.* to place in an orb

Inspira'tion, *s.* a drawing in of the breath;
an infusing of supernatural ideas

Insp're, *v.* to breathe or infuse into

Insp'it, *v. a.* to animate, to encourage

Insp'isate, *v. a.* to thicken, to make thick

Inspissa'tion, *s.* the act of thickening liquids

Instabi'lity, *s.* fickleness, mutability

Insta'ble, *a.* inconstant, changing

Insta'll, *v. a.* to put into possession, invest

Installa'tion, *s.* a putting into possession

Insta'lement, *s.* the act of installing

In'stance, *s.* importunity, earnestness; mo-
tive; process of a suit; example

In'stant, *s.* the present moment or month

In'stant, *a.* urgent, immediate, quick

Instanta'neous, *a.* done in an instant

In'stantly, *ad.* immediately, momentarily

Insta'te, *v. a.* to place in a certain rank

Instaura'tion, *s.* a restoration, a renewal

Instead', *ad.* in place of, equal to

Instee'p, *v. a.* to soak, to lay in water, &c.

In'step, *s.* the upper part of the foot

In'stigate, *v. a.* to tempt or urge to ill

Instiga'tion, *s.* an incitement to a crime

In'stigator, *s.* an inciter to ill

Instil', *v. a.* to infuse by drops; insinuate

Instilla'tion, *s.* the act of pouring in by
drops; the act of infusing into the mind

Instimula'tion, *s.* an urging forward

Instin'ct, *a.* moved, animated

In'stinct, *s.* a natural desire or aversion

Instin'ctive, *a.* acting without the direction
of choice or reason

Instinctively, *ad.* by the call of nature

In'stitute, *v. a.* to fix, establish, appoint

In'stitute, *s.* an established law, a precept

Institu'tion, *s.* an establishment, a law

In'stitutor, *s.* an establisher; an instructor

Instruc't, *v. a.* to teach, direct, train up

Instruc'ter, *s.* a teacher, an instructor

Instruc'tion, *s.* the act of teaching; infor-
mation; mandate, precept

Instruc'tive, *a.* conveying knowledge

In'strument, *s.* a tool; a deed or contract

Instrumen'tal, *a.* conducive to some end

Insufferable, *a.* insupportable, intolerable

Insuff'iciency, *s.* inadequateness, inability

Insuff'icient, *a.* inadequate to any purpose

Insuff'iciently, *ad.* without skill, unfitly

Inauf'lation, *s.* the act of breathing upon

In'sular, *a.* belonging to an island

In'sulate, *v. a.* to make an island

In'sulated, *a.* not contiguous on any side
In'sult, *a.* act of insolence or contempt
Insult, *v. a.* to treat with insolence
Insuperability, *s.* quality of being invincible
Insu'perable, *a.* insurmountable, invincible
Insuppo'rtable, *a.* not to be endured
Insuppo'rtably, *ad.* beyond endurance
Insu'rabl, *a.* capable of being insured
Insu're, *v. a.* to make certain ; to secure
Insurmountable, *a.* unconquerable
Insurrec'tion, *s.* a rebellion, a sedition
Intac'tible, *a.* not perceptible to the touch
Intag'lio, *s.* what has figures engraved on it so as to rise above the ground
Inta'stable, *a.* not to be tasted, insipid
Inte'ger, *s.* the whole of any thing
Inte'gral, *a.* whole, not fractional, complete
Inte'grant, *a.* contributing to make up a whole
Integrity, *s.* honesty, purity of mind
Integ'ument, *s.* a covering
Inte'lect, *s.* perception, understanding
Intellec'tive, *a.* able to understand
Intellec'tual, *a.* belonging to the mind
Intelligence, *s.* notice ; spirit ; skill
Intelligent, *a.* knowing, instructed, skilful
Inte'ligible, *a.* easily understood
Inte'ligibly, *ad.* clearly, plainly, distinctly
Intem'perance, *s.* excess, irregularity
Intem'perate, *a.* immoderate, ungovernable
Intem'perature, *s.* a disorder in the air, or of the body ; excess of some quality
Inten'd, *v. a.* to mean, to design, to regard
Inten'dant, *s.* an officer who superintends
Inten'sate, *v. a.* to make tender, to soften
Inten'sible, *a.* that which cannot be held
Inten'se, *a.* vehement, ardent, attentive
Inten'sely, *ad.* to a great or extreme degree
Inten'seness, *s.* eagerness, closeness
Inten'sity, *s.* excess
Inten'sive, *a.* intent, full of care
Inten't, *a.* anxiously and unceasingly diligent
Inten't, *s.* a design, purpose, drift, view
Inten'tion, *s.* a design, a purpose
Inten'tional, *a.* designed, done by design
Inten'tive, *a.* diligently applied, attentive
Inten'tively, **Inten'tly**, *ad.* closely
Inter, *v. a.* to bury, to put under ground
Interca'lary, *a.* inserted out of the common order to preserve the equation of time, as the 29th of February in a leap-year is an *intercalary day*
Interca'lation, *s.* insertion of a day
Interce'de, *v. n.* to mediate, pass between
Interce'dent, *a.* mediating, going between
Intercep't, *v. a.* to stop, to seize, to obstruct
Intercep'tion, *s.* a mediation, interposition
Interce'ssor, *s.* a mediator, an agent
Interce'ssory, *a.* interceding
Intercha'i'n, *v. a.* to chain, to link together
Intercha'nge, *v. a.* to exchange, &c.
Interchange, *s.* an exchange, a bargain
Intercha'ngeable, *a.* mutually received
Intercep'tent, *a.* that which intercepts
Interclu'de, *v. n.* to shut out, to intercept
Intercolumnia'tion, *s.* the space or distance between the pillars

Interco'stal, *a.* placed between the ribs
Intercourse, *s.* communication, exchange
Intercur', *v. n.* to intervene ; to happen
Intercur'rence, *s.* a passage between
Intercur'rent, *a.* running between
Interdict, *v. a.* to prohibit, to forbid
Interdic'tion, *s.* a prohibition, a curse
Interdic'tory, *a.* belonging to an interdiction
Inter'est, *v.* to concern, affect, influence
Inter'est, *s.* a concern, influence ; usury
Interfe're, *v. n.* to interpose, intermeddle
Interfe'rence, *s.* interposition
Interfluent, *a.* flowing between
Interfulgent, *a.* shining between
Interfu'sed, *a.* poured forth, in, or among
Interja'cent, *a.* intervening, lying between
Interjec't, *v.* to come between ; to insert
Interjec'tion, *s.* a sudden exclamation
Interim, *s.* mean time or while
Interjoi'n, *v. a.* to join mutually, intermarry
Inter'ior, *a.* internal, not outward
Interknow'ledge, *s.* a mutual knowledge
Interla'ce, *v. a.* to intermix, put together
Interlap'se, *s.* the time between two events
Interla'rd, *v. a.* to insert between ; to diversify by mixture ; to mix meat with bacon, &c.
Interla've, *v. a.* to insert blank leaves
Interli'ne, *v. a.* to write between lines
Interlinea'tion, *s.* a correction made by writing between the lines
Interlin'k, *v. a.* to join chains together
Interlocu'tion, *s.* interchange of speech
Interlocu'tor, *s.* one that talks with another
Interlocu'tory, *a.* consisting of a dialogue
Interlo'pe, *v. n.* to intrude in or between
Interlo'per, *s.* one who engages in a trade to which he has no right ; an intruder
Interlu'cent, *a.* shining between
Interlude, *s.* a short prelude or farce
Interlu'nar, *a.* between old and new moon
Intermar'riage, *s.* a marriage in two families, where each takes one and gives another
Intermed'dle, *v. n.* to interpose officiously
Intermed'diacy, *s.* interposition, intervention
Intermed'dial, **Intermed'diate**, *a.* intervening, lying between, intervenient
Intermed'dium, *s.* a distance between
Interment, *s.* sepulture, burial
Intermigra'tion, *s.* an exchange of place
Intermin'able, **Intermin'ate**, *a.* unbounded
Intermin'gle, *v. a.* to mingle, mix together
Intermin'sion, *s.* a cessation for a time
Intermis'sive, **Intermit'tent**, *a.* not continual ; leaving off for a while
Intermix', *v.* to grow mild between fits
Intermix', *v.* to mingle, to join together
Intermix'ture, *s.* a mixture of ingredients
Intermundane, *a.* subsisting between worlds, or between orb and orb
Intermu'ral, *a.* lying between walls
Intermu'tual, *a.* mutual, interchanged
Inter'nal, *a.* inward, not external, intrinsic
Inter'nally, *ad.* inwardly, mentally
Interne'sine, *a.* endeavouring mutual destruction
Interne'sion, *s.* massacre, slaughter

Inter'mun'do, *s.* a messenger passing and repassing between two parties
 Interpella'tion, *s.* a summons, a call
 Inter'polate, *v. a.* to insert words improperly
 Interpo'lation, *s.* something foisted in or added to the original matter
 Inter'polator, *s.* one who falsifies a copy by foisting in counterfeit passages
 Interpo'sal, Interpo'sition, *s.* intervention, agency between parties, mediation
 Interpo'se, *v.* to mediate, to intervene
 Inter'pret, *v. a.* to explain, to translate
 Interpreta'tion, *s.* an explanation
 Inter'preter, *s.* an expositor, a translator
 Interreg'num, Interreg'no, *s.* the time in which a throne is vacant between the death of one prince and the accession of another
 Interroga'tion, *s.* a question, an inquiry; a point marked thus (?) denoting a question
 Inter'rogate, *v.* to examine by questions
 Interrog'ative, *s.* a pronoun used in asking questions, as who? what? which?
 Interrog'atory, *s.* a question, an inquiry
 Interrupt, *v. a.* to hinder; divide, separate
 Interrup'tion, *s.* hindrance, intervention
 Intersec'ant, *s.* dividing into parts
 Intersec't, *v.* to cut, to cross each other
 Intersec'tion, *s.* a point where lines cross
 Interse'minate, *v. a.* to sow between
 Interse't, *v. a.* to put in between
 Interse'ction, *s.* an insertion, a thing inserted
 Intersper'se, *v. a.* to scatter here and there
 Interstel'lar, *a.* placed between the stars
 Interstice, *s.* a space between things
 Intertex'ture, *s.* a weaving between
 Intertwi'ne, *v. a.* to unite by twisting
 In'terval, *s.* interstice, vacuity; time elapsing between two assignable points; remission of a distemper or delirium
 Interve'ne, *v. n.* to come between persons or things
 Interve'nient, *a.* passing between, intervening
 Intervention, *s.* interposition, agency
 Interve't, *v. a.* to turn another way
 In'terview, *s.* a sight of one another
 Intervolve, *v. a.* to involve one in another
 Interven've, *v. a.* to mix one with another
 Intes'table, *a.* disqualified to make a will
 Intes'tate, *a.* dying without a will
 In'testinal, *a.* belonging to the bowels
 Intes'tine, *a.* internal, inward; domestic
 Intes'tines, *s.* the bowels, the entrails
 Inthrall, *v. a.* to enslave, to shackle
 Inthral'lement, *s.* servitude, slavery, difficulty
 In'timacy, *s.* close familiarity
 In'timate, *v. a.* to hint, to suggest
 In'timate, *a.* inmost, inward, familiar
 In'timate, *s.* a familiar friend, a confidant
 In'timately, *ad.* closely, familiarly, nearly
 Intima'tion, *s.* a hint; an obscure or indirect declaration or direction
 Intim'idate, *v. a.* to frighten, to dastardize
 Intimida'tion, *s.* the act of intimidating

In'to, *prep.* noting entrance
 Intol'erable, *a.* insufferable, very bad
 Intol'erably, *ad.* to a degree beyond sufferance
 Intol'erant, *a.* not able to endure
 Intona'tion, *s.* the manner of sounding
 Into'rt, *v. a.* to twist, wreath, wring
 Intox'icate, *v. a.* to make drunk, inebriate
 Intoxica'tion, *s.* inebriation, ebriety
 Intrac'table, *a.* unmanageable, unruly
 Intrac'tably, *ad.* ungovernably, stubbornly
 Intran'sitive, *a.* not passing into another
 Intransmu'table, *a.* unchangeable in substance
 Intra'sure, *v. a.* to lay up as in a treasury
 Intren'ch, *v. n.* to fortify with a rampart, &c. to encroach, to break with hollows
 Intren'chant, *a.* not to be divided, indivisible
 Intren'chment, *s.* a fortification, with a trench, to defend against an attack
 Intrep'id, *a.* fearless, resolute, brave
 Intrepid'ity, *s.* fearlessness, courage, boldness
 Intrepid'ly, *ad.* boldly, daringly, fearlessly
 In'tricacy, *s.* perplexity, difficulty
 In'tricate, *a.* perplexed, involved, obscure
 Intri'gue, *s.* a plot, cabal; an amour
 Intri'gue, *v. n.* to carry on private designs
 Intri'guingly, *ad.* with secret plotting
 Intri'n'sic, Intri'n'seal, *a.* inward, true, real, natural, not accidental; closely familiar
 Introdu'ce, *v. a.* to bring or usher in
 Introdu'ction, *s.* a bringing in; a preface
 Introdu'ctive, Introdu'ctory, *a.* previous, serving as preparatory to something else
 Introdu'ctor, *s.* one who introduces another to a person or place
 Introgre'ssion, *s.* the act of entering
 Intro'it, *s.* the beginning of mass; a psalm sung on approaching the altar
 Intromis'sion, *s.* act of sending in, &c.
 Intromit', *v. a.* to send or let in, to admit
 Introspec'tion, *s.* a view of the inside
 Introve'nient, *a.* entering, coming in
 Introvert', *v. a.* to turn inwards
 In'trude, *v. n.* to intermeddle, to thrust one's self rudely into company, to encroach
 Intruder, *s.* an encroacher, an interloper
 Intru'sion, *s.* the act of intruding
 Intru'sive, *a.* intruding upon
 Intrus't, *v. a.* to put in trust with, &c.
 Intu'ition, *s.* immediate knowledge
 Intu'itive, *a.* seen by the mind immediately without the intervention of reason
 Intu'itively, *ad.* without deduction of reason, by immediate perception
 Intumes'cence, *s.* a swelling, a tumour
 Inturges'cence, *s.* the act or state of swelling
 Intw'ine, *v. a.* to twist or wreath together
 Inva'de, *v. a.* to enter in a hostile manner
 Inva'der, *s.* an assailant, intruder, encroacher
 Inva'es'cence, *s.* health; strength
 Inval'id, *a.* weak, of no force or weight
 Inval'id, *s.* a soldier or other person disabled by sickness or wounds
 Inval'idate, *v. a.* to weaken; to make void; to deprive of force or efficacy
 Invalid'ity, *s.* weakness, want of strength

Invaluable, *a.* precious above estimation
 Invariable, *a.* unchangeable, constant
 Invariably, *ad.* constantly, steadfastly
 Invasion, *s.* a hostile entrance, an attack
 Invasive, *a.* entering in a hostile manner
 Invective, *s.* railing, sharp expressions
 Invectively, *ad.* satirically, abusively
 Inveigh, *v. a.* to rail at, declaim against
 Inveigle, *v. a.* to allure, to entice
 Inveiglement, *s.* allurement, seduction
 Inveigler, *s.* a deceiver, an allurer
 Invent, *v. a.* to discover, to forge, to feign
 Inventful, *a.* full of invention
 Invention, *s.* a fiction, discovery, forgery
 Inventive, *a.* apt to invent, ingenious
 Inventor, *s.* a contriver, a finder out
 Inventory, *s.* a catalogue of goods, &c.
 Inverse, *a.* inverted, opposed to direct
 Inversely, *ad.* in an inverted order
 Inversion, *s.* change of order, time, place, &c.
 Invert, *v. a.* to turn upside down; place
 the last first; turn into another channel
 Invertedly, *ad.* in contrary or reversed order
 Invest, *v. a.* to confer; to array; to enclose
 Investigable, *a.* that may be searched out
 Investigate, *v. a.* to trace or search out
 Investigation, *s.* an examination
 Investiture, *s.* the act of giving possession
 Investive, *a.* encircling, enclosing
 Investment, *s.* clothes, dress, habit
 Invetracry, *s.* long continuance of any
 thing bad, as disease, &c.; obstinacy of
 mind
 Invetrate, *a.* long established, obstinate
 Invetrateness, *s.* continuance, obstinacy
 Invetration, *s.* the act of hardening or
 confirming by long experience
 Invidious, *a.* envious, malignant
 Invidiousness, *s.* quality of provoking envy
 Invidiously, *ad.* enviously, malignantly
 Invigorate, *v. a.* to strengthen, to animate
 Invigoration, *s.* the act of invigorating
 Invincibility, *s.* the quality of being invin-
 cible
 Invincible, *a.* unconquerable
 Invincibly, *ad.* insuperably, unconquerably
 Inviolable, *a.* not to be profaned or broken
 Inviolat, *a.* uninjured, unbroken
 Inviscate, *v. a.* to slime, to entangle with
 glutinous matter
 Invisibility, *s.* the state of being invisible
 Invisible, *a.* not to be seen, imperceptible
 Invisibly, *ad.* imperceptibly to the sight
 Invitation, *s.* an inviting, a bidding
 Invite, *v. a.* to bid, call, persuade, entice
 Inviter, *s.* one who invites or allures others
 Invitingly, *ad.* in an enticing manner
 Inunbrate, *v. a.* to cover with shades
 Inunction, *s.* the act of anointing
 Inundate, *v. a.* to overflow a place with
 water; to overwhelm
 Inundation, *s.* an overflow of water, deluge
 Invocate, *v. a.* to implore, to call upon
 Invocation, *s.* a calling upon in prayer
 Invoice, *s.* a catalogue of a ship's freight
 Invoice, *v. a.* to call upon, to pray to
 Involve, *v. a.* to inwrap; complicate, entangle
 Involuntarily, *ad.* not by choice

Involuntary, *a.* not done willingly
 Involution, *s.* a complication, rolling up
 Inurbanity, *s.* rudeness, unkindness
 Inure, *v. a.* to habituate, to accustom
 Inurement, *s.* a custom, use, frequency
 Inurn, *v. a.* to intomb, to bury
 Inusitation, *s.* a state of being unused
 Insurition, *s.* the act of marking by fire
 Inutile, *a.* useless, unprofitable
 Inutility, *s.* unprofitableness, uselessness
 Invulnerable, *a.* that cannot be wounded
 Inward, Inwardly, *ad.* within; privately
 Inward, *a.* placed within; internal
 Inwardness, *s.* intimacy, familiarity
 Inweave, *v. a.* to mix in weaving, entwine
 Inwrap, *v. a.* to involve, perplex, puzzle
 Inwreath, *v. a.* to surround with a wreath
 Inwrought, *a.* adorned with work
 Job, *s.* a piece of chance work, &c.
 Job, *v.* to buy and sell as a broker; to strike
 suddenly with a sharp instrument
 Jobber, *s.* one who does chance work
 Jobbernowl, *s.* a loggerhead, a dunce
 Jockey, *s.* one who rides or deals in horses
 Jockey, *v. a.* to jostle, to cheat, to trick
 Jocular, *a.* merry, waggish
 Jocoseness, Jocosity, Jocularity, *s.* merriment; disposition to jest
 Jocosely, *ad.* waggishly, in jest, in game
 Jocosious, *a.* partaking of mirth and se-
 riousness
 Jocund, *a.* merry, blithe, lively, airy
 Jocundly, *ad.* merrily, sportfully, gaily
 Jog, Joggle, *v.* to shake, to push
 Joger, *s.* one who moves heavily and dully
 Join, *v.* to unite together, combine, close
 Joinder, *s.* a conjunction, a joining
 Joiner, *s.* one who makes wooden utensils
 Joint, *s.* the articulation where bones meet
 Joint, *v. a.* to divide a joint; to join
 Joint, *a.* shared among many, combined
 Jointed, *a.* full of joints, knots, &c.
 Joister, *s.* a kind of long plane
 Jointly, *ad.* together, not separately
 Joindre, *s.* she who has a jointure
 Joindre, *s.* an income settled on a wife,
 to be enjoyed after her husband's decease
 in consideration of her dowry
 Joist, *s.* the secondary beam of a floor
 Joke, *v. n.* to jest, to be merry—*s.* a jest
 Joker, *s.* a jester, a merry fellow
 Jole, *s.* the face or cheek; the head of a fish
 Jollily, *ad.* in a very merry manner
 Jolity, *s.* merriment, festivity, gayety
 Jolly, *a.* brisk, merry, cheerful, plump,
 like one in good health
 Jolt, *v.* to shake or jostle to and fro
 Jolthead, *s.* a great head, a blockhead, a dolt
 Ionic, *a.* In architecture, an order so called
 from Ionia, a city of Lesser Asia
 Jonquille, *s.* a species of daffodil
 Jordan, *s.* a pot, a chamber pot
 Jostle, *v. a.* to push with the elbows, &c.
 Jot, Jote, *s.* a point, a tittle
 Jotting, *s.* a memorandum
 Jovial, *a.* jolly, merry, airy, gay
 Jovially, *ad.* merrily, gaily
 Jovialness, *s.* gayety, merriment, jollity

Journal, *s.* a diary, a paper published daily
 Journalist, *s.* a writer of journals
 Journey, *s.* travel by land or by sea
 Journeyman, *s.* a hired workman
 Joust, *s.* a tilt, a tournament; a mock fight
 Jowler, *s.* a hunting dog or beagle
 Joy, *s.* gladness, mirth, happiness, festivity
 Joy, *v.* to rejoice, gladden, exhilarate
 Joyful, *a.* full of joy, merry, exulting
 Joyfully, *ad.* merrily, gladly, with joy
 Joyfulness, *s.* joy, gladness, exultation
 Joyless, *a.* destitute of joy or pleasure
 Joyous, *a.* glad, merry, giving joy
 Ipecacuanha, *s.* an emetic Indian plant
 Irascibility, *s.* state of being angry
 Irascible, *a.* apt to be easily provoked
 Irascibleness, *s.* aptness to be angry
 Ire, *s.* anger, rage, passionate hatred
 Ireful, *a.* very angry, raging, furious
 Iris, *s.* the rainbow; the circle round the pupil of the eye; the flower-de-luce
 Irksome, *a.* tedious, wearisome
 Iron, *s.* a common useful metal—*a.* harsh
 Iron, *v.* to smooth with a hot iron
 Ironical, *a.* expressing one thing and meaning another; pertaining to irony
 Ironically, *ad.* in an ironical manner
 Ironmonger, *s.* a dealer in iron
 Ironmould, *s.* a yellow stain in linen
 Irony, *s.* a manner of speaking quite contrary to what we mean
 Irradiance, irradiancy, *s.* emission of rays or beams of light upon any object
 Irradiate, *v.* to brighten, to illuminate
 Irradiation, *s.* an enlightening, &c.
 Irrational, *a.* contrary to reason, absurd
 Irrationality, *s.* want of reason
 Irrationally, *ad.* unreasonably, absurdly
 Irrecoverable, *a.* not to be reclaimed
 Irreconcilable, *a.* not to be reconciled
 Irrecoverable, *a.* not to be regained
 Irrecoverably, *ad.* beyond recovery
 Irreducible, *a.* that cannot be reduced
 Irrefragability, *s.* strength of argument not to be refuted; undeniableness
 Irrefragable, *a.* not to be confuted
 Irrefragably, *ad.* above confutation
 Irrefutable, *a.* that cannot be refuted
 Irregular, *a.* immethodical, disorderly
 Irregularity, *s.* neglect of method and order
 Irregularly, *ad.* in an irregular manner
 Irregularly, *v.* to make irregular
 Irrelative, *a.* single, unconnected
 Irrelevancy, *s.* state of being irrelevant
 Irrelevant, *a.* not to the purpose
 Irreligion, *s.* contempt of religion, impiety
 Irreligious, *a.* ungodly, impious
 Irreligiously, *ad.* impiously, with impiety
 Irretrievable, *a.* admitting no return
 Irremediable, *a.* admitting no cure, not to be remedied
 Irremissible, *a.* not to be pardoned
 Irremovable, *a.* not to be moved
 Irreparable, *a.* not to be repaired or recovered
 Irreparably, *ad.* without recovery or amends
 Irrecoverable, *a.* not to be redeemed

Irreprehensible, *a.* exempt from blame
 Irrepresentable, *a.* not to be represented
 Irreproachable, *a.* free from reproach
 Irreprovable, *a.* not to be blamed
 Irresistible, *a.* that cannot be resisted
 Irresistibility, *s.* force above opposition
 Irresistibly, *ad.* in an irresistible manner
 Irresoluble, *a.* not to be broken or dissolved
 Irresolute, *a.* not determined, not steady
 Irresolutely, *ad.* without firmness of mind
 Irresolution, *s.* want of firmness of mind
 Irretrievable, *a.* irrecoverable, irreparable
 Irreverence, *s.* a want of veneration
 Irreverent, *a.* not paying due respect
 Irreverently, *ad.* without due veneration
 Irreversible, *a.* not to be changed or recalled
 Irrevocable, *a.* not to be recalled, &c.
 Irrevocably, *ad.* without recall
 Irrigate, *v.* to moisten, to water, to wet
 Irrigations, *s.* watery, dewy, moist, wet
 Irritation, *s.* the act of laughing at another
 Irritable, *a.* easily provoked
 Irritate, *v.* to provoke, fret, agitate
 Irritation, *s.* provocation, stimulation
 Irruption, *s.* an inroad, entrance by force
 Is, *v.* the third person singular of to be
 Ischuria, ischuria, *s.* a stoppage of urine
 Isinglass, *s.* a lightish firm glue, prepared from the intestines of certain fish
 Island, *s.* land surrounded by water
 Islander, *s.* an inhabitant of an island
 Islet, *s.* a little island
 Isochronal, *a.* being of equal duration
 Isolated, *a.* detached, separate
 Isosceles, *s.* a triangle with two equal sides
 Issue, *s.* an event; termination; offspring;
 a fontanel; a vent made in a muscle for the discharge of some humours
 Issue, *v.* to send out, come out, arise
 Issueless, *a.* without any descendants
 Isithmus, *s.* a neck or jut of land
 It, *pron.* the thing, matter, affair
 Italic, *a.* denoting a type first used by Italian printers
 Itch, *s.* a disease; a teasing desire
 Item, *s.* a hint, innuendo, new article
 It'erant, *a.* repeating
 Iterate, *v.* to repeat, to do over again
 Iteration, *s.* a recital over again, repetition
 Itin'erant, *a.* wandering, unsettled
 Itinerary, *s.* a diary or book of travels
 Itself, *pronoun*, it and self
 Jubilant, *a.* uttering songs of triumph
 Jubilation, *s.* the act of declaring triumph
 Jubilee, *s.* a public festivity
 Jucundity, *s.* pleasantness, agreeableness
 Judaism, *s.* the religion of the Jews
 Judaical, *a.* Jewish, belonging to the Jews
 Judaize, *v.* to conform to Judaism
 Judge, *s.* an officer who presides in a court of judicature; one who has authority to decide upon the merit of any thing
 Judge, *v.* to pass sentence, decide, discern
 Judgment, *s.* an opinion, sentence, &c.
 Judicatory, *s.* a court of justice, &c.
 Judicature, *s.* a power to distribute justice
 Judicial, Judiciary, *a.* done in due form of justice, &c.; passing judgment

Judic'ially, *ad.* in the forms of legal justice ;
in a judiciary manner
Judic'ious, *a.* prudent, wise, skilful
Judic'iously, *ad.* skilfully, wisely
Jug, *s.* a large drinking vessel
Ju'gated, *a.* yoked or coupled together
Jug'gle, *v. n.* to play tricks by slight of hand
Jug'gle, *s.* a trick, imposture, deception
Juggler, *s.* a cheat, one who juggles
Jug'gling, *part.* playing tricks, deceiving
Ju'gular, *a.* belonging to the throat
Juice, *s.* sap in vegetables ; fluid in animals
Juic'less, *a.* dry, without moisture
Juic'iness, *s.* plenty of juice, succulence
Juicy, *a.* moist, full of juice, succulent
Juke, *v. n.* to perch upon any thing as birds
Ju'lap, *s.* a pleasant liquid medicine
July, *s.* the seventh month of the year
Ju'mart, *s.* the mixture of a bull and a mare
Jum'ble, *v. a.* to mix confusedly together
Jum'ble, *s.* a confused mixture
Ju'ment, *s.* a beast of burden
Jump, *v. n.* to leap, skip, jolt, leap suddenly
Jum'cate, *s.* a cheese-cake ; an entertainment
Jun'cous, *a.* full of bulrushes
Jun'ction, *s.* a union ; a coalition
Jun'cture, *s.* a joint ; union ; critical time
June, *s.* the sixth month of the year
Ju'nior, *a.* one younger than another
Ju'niper, *s.* a plant which produces a berry
Junk, *s.* a small Chinese ship ; an old cable
Jun'ket, *s.* a sweetmeat—*v. n.* to feast secretly
Jun'to, *s.* a cabal, a faction
Ivory, *s.* the tooth of the elephant
Ivory-black, *s.* a fine kind of blacking

Jupon', *s.* a short close coat
Ju'rat, *s.* a magistrate in some corporation
Ju'ratory, *a.* giving an oath
Jurid'ical, *a.* used in courts of law, &c.
Jurid'ically, *ad.* with legal authority
Juriscoun'sult, *s.* one who gives law opinions
Jurisdic'tion, *s.* legal authority ; a district
Jurispru'dence, *s.* the science of law
Ju'rist, *s.* a civil lawyer, a civilian
Ju'ror, **Ju'ryman,** *s.* one serving on a jury
Ju'ry, *s.* a certain number of persons sworn to declare the truth upon such evidence as shall be given before them
Ju'rymast, *s.* a sea-term for whatever is set up instead of a mast lost in fight, &c.
Just, *a.* upright, honest, regular, virtuous
Just, *s.* a mock fight on horseback, a tilt
Just, *ad.* exactly, accurately, nearly
Just'ice, *s.* equity, right law ; an officer
Justic'eship, *s.* rank or office of a justice
Justiciary, *s.* one who administers justice
Justif'iable, *a.* conformable to justice
Justif'ably, *ad.* in a justifiable manner
Justifica'tion, *s.* a defence, vindication
Justifica'tor, *s.* one who justifies
Justifier, *s.* one who justifies or defends
Just'ify, *v. a.* to clear from guilt, defend
Just'le, *v.* to encounter, to clash ; to push
Just'y, *ad.* uprightly, honestly, properly
Just'ness, *s.* justice, reasonableness
Jut, *v. n.* to push or shoot out
Ju'venile, *a.* youthful, young
Juvenility, *s.* youthfulness of temper, &c.
Juxtaposition, *s.* a placing by each other
I'vy, *s.* a common plant

K.

KAIL, *s.* a kind of cabbage
Kal'endar, *s.* an ephemeris or almanac ; an account of time
Ka'll, *s.* a sea-weed, of the ashes of which glass is made, whence the word *Alkali*
Kal'mia, *s.* an elegant evergreen plant
Kam, *a.* crooked
Kangaroo', *s.* an animal of South Wales
Kaw, *v. n.* to cry as a raven, crow, or rook
Kaw, *s.* the cry of a raven or crow
Kayle, *s.* ninepins, kettlins, nine holes
Keck, *v. n.* to retch at vomiting, to heave
Keck'le, *v. a.* to tie a rope round a cable
Kecks, **Keck'ay,** *s.* dry hollow stalks
Ked'ger, *s.* a small anchor used in a river
Keech, *s.* a solid lump or mass
Keel, *s.* the bottom of a ship
Kee'lfat, *s.* a vessel for liquor to cool in
Keel'hale, *v. a.* to drag under the keel
Keen, *a.* sharp, eager, acrimonious
Kee'nly, *ad.* sharply, eagerly, bitterly
Kee'ness, *s.* sharpness, asperity, vehemence
Keep, *v. a.* to retain, preserve, maintain
Keep, *s.* custody, restraint, guard
Kee'per, *s.* one who keeps or holds any thing
Ke'ping, *s.* custody, support

Keep'sake, *s.* a gift in token of remembrance of the giver
Keg, *s.* a small barrel for fish, &c.
Kell, *s.* a child's caul ; the omentum
Kelp, *s.* a salt from calcined sea-weed
Ke'lson, **Keel'son,** *s.* a piece of timber in the ship's hold lying next the keel
Ken, *v. a.* to see at a distance, descry, know
Ken, *s.* view, the reach of sight
Ken'nel, *s.* a cot for dogs ; a watercourse
Kept, *pret. and part. pass. of keep
Ker'chief, *s.* a kind of head-dress
Kern, *s.* an Irish foot soldier ; a hand-mill
Kern, *v.* to form into grains ; to granulate
Ker'nel, *s.* the substance within a shell
Ker'sey, *s.* a kind of coarse stuff
Ketch, *s.* a heavy ship
Ke'tle, *s.* a vessel to boil liquor in
Ke'tle-drum, *s.* a drum with a body of brass
Key, *s.* an instrument to open a lock, &c. ; a tone in music ; a wharf for goods
Key'age, *s.* money paid for wharfage
Key'hole, *s.* the hole to put a key in
Key'stone, *s.* the middle stone of an arch
Klbe, *s.* a chap in the heel, a chilblain
Kick, *v. a.* to strike with the foot*

Kick, *s.* a blow with the foot
 Kick'shaw, *s.* a fantastical dish of meat
 Kid, *s.* the young of a goat, a bundle of furs
 Kid, *v. a.* to bring forth kids
 Kid'der, *s.* an ingrosser of corn
 Kid'ling, *s.* a young kid
 Kid'nep, *v. a.* to steal children, &c.
 Kid'napper, *s.* one who steals human beings
 Kid'neybean, *s.* a garden herb
 Kid'neys, *s.* certain parts of an animal
 which separate the urine from the blood
 Kid'derkin, *s.* a beer measure of 18 gallons
 Kill, *v. a.* to deprive of life, to destroy
 Kill'er, *s.* one who deprives of life
 Kill'ow, *s.* a blackish kind of earth
 Kiln, *s.* a stove for drying or burning in
 Kin'bo, *a.* crooked, bent, arched
 Kin, *s.* a relation, kindred, the same kind
 Kind, *a.* benevolent, favourable, good
 Kind, *s.* general class, particular nature
 Kin'dle, *v.* to set on fire; to exasperate
 Kin'dly, *ad.* benevolently, with good will
 Kin'dly, *a.* homogeneal, mild, softening
 Kin'dness, *s.* benevolence, good will, love
 Kin'dred, *s.* relation, affinity, relatives
 Kin'dred, *a.* congenial, related, allied
 Kine, *s.* the plural of Cow
 King, *s.* a monarch, a chief ruler
 King'craft, *s.* the act or art of governing
 King'dom, *s.* the dominion of a king
 King'fisher, *s.* a beautiful small bird
 King'ly, *a.* royal, august, noble, monarchical
 King's-evil, *s.* a scrofulous disease
 King'ship, *s.* royalty, monarchy
 Kin'sfolk, *s.* relations, persons related
 Kin'sman, *s.* a man of the same family
 Kin'swoman, *s.* a female relation
 Kirk, *s.* a church; the church of Scotland
 Kirtle, *s.* an upper garment, a gown
 Kiss, *v. a.* to touch with the lips
 Kiss, *s.* a salute given by joining lips
 Kiss'ing-crust, *s.* a crust formed in the
 oven by one loaf touching another
 Kit, *s.* a small fiddle; a wooden vessel
 Kit'chen, *s.* a room used for cookery, &c.
 Kit'chen-garden, *s.* a garden for roots, &c.
 Kit'chen-maid, *s.* an under cook-maid
 Kit'chenstuff, *s.* the fat scummed off a pot
 or gathered out of a dripping pan
 Kite, *s.* a bird of prey; a fictitious bird of
 paper, serving as a plaything for boys
 Kit'ten, *s.* a young cat—*v. n.* to bring forth
 young cats
 Kit'wake, *s.* a bird of the gull kind
 Klick, *v. n.* to make a small sharp noise

Klick'ing, *s.* a regular sharp noise
 Knab, *v. a.* to bite with noise
 Knack, *s.* dexterity, readiness; a toy
 Knag, *s.* a hard knot in wood, a wart
 Knag'gy, *a.* knotty, set with hard rough
 knots
 Knap, *s.* prominence upon cloth, &c.
 Knap, *v.* to bite, to break in sunder
 Knapsack, Har'ersack, *s.* a soldier's bag
 Knar, Knur, Knurle, *s.* a hard knot
 Knave, *s.* a petty rascal, a scoundrel
 Knave'ry, *s.* dishonesty, craft, deceit
 Kna'veish, *a.* fraudulent, waggish, wicked
 Kna'veishly, *ad.* fraudulently, mischievously
 Knead, *v. a.* to work dough with the fist
 Knead'ing-trough, *s.* a trough to knead in
 Knee, *s.* a joint between the leg and thigh
 Knee'deep, *a.* rising or sunk to the knees
 Knee'pan, *s.* a small round bone at the
 knee, a little convex on both sides
 Kneel, *v. n.* to bend or rest on the knee
 Knell, *s.* the sound of a funeral bell
 Knew, *preferite of know*
 Knife, *s.* a steel utensil to cut with
 Knight, *s.* a title next in dignity to a bar-
 onet; a champion—*v. a.* to create a
 knight
 Knight'er'rant, *s.* a wandering knight
 Knight'er'rantry, *s.* the feats, character, or
 manners of a knighterrant
 Knight'hood, *s.* the dignity of a knight
 Knight'ly, *a.* befitting a knight
 Knit, *v. n.* to weave without a loom; join
 Knit'ter, *s.* one who knits or weaves
 Knit'ting-needle, *s.* a wire used in knitting
 Knit'tle, *s.* a string that gathers a purse
 round
 Knob, *s.* the protuberance of a tree, &c.
 Knob'bed, Knob'by, *a.* full of knobs, hard
 Knock, *s.* a sudden stroke, a blow
 Knock, *v.* to clash, to strike with noise
 Knock'er, *s.* a hammer hanging at the door
 Knoll, *v.* to ring or sound as a bell
 Knot, *s.* a part which is tied; a difficulty
 Knot, *v.* to make knots; unite; perplex
 Knot'ted, Knot'ty, *a.* full of knots; hard
 Know, *v.* to understand, to recognise
 Know'ing, *a.* skilful, intelligent, conscious
 Know'ingly, *ad.* with skill; designedly
 Know'ledge, *s.* skill, learning, perception
 Knub'ble, *v. a.* to beat with the knuckles
 Knuc'kle, *v. n.* to submit, to bend
 Knuck'led, *a.* jointed; having knuckles
 Knuck'les, *s.* the joints of the fingers
 Knuff, *s.* an awkward person, a lout

L.

L A I *interj.* look! behold! see!

Lab'danum, *s.* a resin of the softer kind
 Labefaction, *s.* the act of weakening
 Lab'efy, *v. a.* to weaken, to impair
 La'bel, *s.* a short direction upon any thing
 La'bang, *a.* sliding, gliding, slipping
 La'bial, *a.* uttered by or relating to the lips

Lab'orant, *s.* a chymist

Lab'oratory, *s.* a chymist's work-room

Labo'rious, *a.* diligent in work; tiresome

Labo'riously, *ad.* with labour or toil

La'bour, *s.* pain, toil, work; childbirth

La'bour, *v.* to tell, to work; to be in travail

La'bourer *s.* one who toils or takes pains

La'boursing, *a.* striving with effort
 Lab'yrinth, *s.* a maze full of windings
 Lac, *s.* a kind of drug
 Lace, *s.* a platted cord of gold, silver, or thread
 Lace, *v. a.* to fasten with a lace; to adorn
 La'ceman, *s.* one who deals in lace
 Lac'erable, *a.* that may be rent or torn
 Lac'erate, *v. a.* to tear in pieces, to rend
 Lacer'a'tion, *s.* the act of tearing or rending
 Lac'hrymal, *a.* generating tears
 Lac'hrymary, *a.* containing tears
 Lac'hrymatory, *s.* a vessel to preserve tears
 Lacin'lated, *a.* adorned with fringes
 Lack, *v.* to be in want, need, be without
 Lackaday', *interj.* alas
 Lack'brain, *s.* one that wants wit
 Lack'er, *s.* a kind of yellow varnish
 Lack'er, *v. a.* to cover with lacker
 Lack'ey, *s.* a footboy, an attending servant
 Lack'ey, *v. a.* to attend servilely
 Lack'lustre, *a.* wanting brightness, dull
 Lacon'ic, *a.* short, brief, concise
 Lacon'ically, *ad.* briefly, concisely
 Lac'onism, *s.* a concise pithy style
 Lac'tant, *a.* suckling, giving milk
 Lac'tary, *a.* milky—*s.* a dairy-house
 Lact'a'tion, *s.* the act of giving suck
 Lac'teal, *s.* a vessel that conveys chyle
 Lac'teal, Lac'teous, *a.* conveying chyle
 Lactes'cent, Lactif'ic, *a.* producing milk
 Lad, *s.* a boy, a stripling
 Lad'der, *s.* a frame with steps for climbing
 Lade, *v. a.* to load, freight; throw out
 La'ding, *s.* a freight, cargo of a ship
 Lad'dle, *s.* a large spoon; a vessel; a handle
 La'dy, *s.* a female title of honour; a woman
 La'dytird, La'dycrow, *s.* a small red insect
 Ladyday', *s.* the 25th of March, the Annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary
 La'dylike, *a.* soft, delicate, elegant
 La'dyship, *s.* the title of a lady
 Lag, *a.* coming behind, sluggish, last
 Lag, *v. n.* to loiter, to stay behind
 Lag'gard, *a.* backward, sluggish, slow
 La'ic, La'ical, *a.* pertaining to the laity
 Laid, *preterite participle of lay*
 Lain, *preterite participle of lie*
 Lair, *s.* the couch of a bear or wild beast
 Laird, *s.* a Scotch lord of a manor
 La'ity, *s.* the people, as distinguished from the clergy; the state of a layman
 Lake, *s.* a large inland water; a colour
 Lamb, *s.* the young of a sheep
 Lam'bative, *a.* taken by licking
 Lam'bent, *a.* playing about, gliding over
 Lam'bkin, *s.* a little or young lamb
 Lam'blike, *a.* meek, mild, gentle
 Lam'bwood, *s.* ale and apple pulps
 Lame, *a.* crippled, hobbling, imperfect
 Lame, *v. a.* to make lame, to cripple
 Lam'e'lated, *a.* covered with plates
 La'mely, *ad.* like a cripple, imperfectly
 La'meness, *s.* the state of a cripple
 Lamen't, *v.* to mourn, grieve, bewail
 Lam'entable, *a.* mournful, sorrowful
 Lam'entably, *ad.* mournfully, pitifully
 Lamenta'tion, *s.* an expression of sorrow

Lamen'ter, *s.* he who mourns or laments
 Lam'ina, *s.* a thin plate or scale
 Lam'inated, *a.* plated, covered with plates
 Lam'inas, *s.* the first of August
 Lamp, *s.* a light made with oil and a wick
 Lam'black, *s.* a black made by holding a lighted torch under a basin
 Lampoo'n, *s.* a personal satire; abuse, censure
 Lampoo'n, *v. a.* to abuse personally
 Lampoo'ner, *s.* a writer of personal satire
 Lam'prey, *s.* a fish lik an eel
 Lam'pron, *s.* a kind of sea fish
 Lana'rous, *a.* pertaining to wool
 Lance, *s.* a long spear—*v. a.* to pierce, cut
 Lan'cet, *s.* a small pointed instrument
 Lan'ciate, *v. a.* to tear, to rend
 Land, *s.* a country, region, earth, estate
 Land, *v.* to set or come on shore
 Lan'ded, *a.* having a fortune in land
 Lan'dfall, *s.* a sudden translation of property in land by the death of a rich man
 Lan'dflood, *s.* inundation by rain
 Lan'dgrave, *s.* a German title of dominion
 Lan'dholder, *s.* one who possesses land
 Lan'ding, *s.* place to land at; the stair-top
 Lan'djobber, *s.* one who buys and sells land
 Lan'dlady, *s.* the mistress of an inn, &c.
 Lan'dlocked, *a.* shut in or enclosed by land
 Lan'dlord, *s.* the master of an inn, &c.
 Lan'dmark, *s.* a mark of boundaries
 Lan'dscape, *s.* the prospect of a country
 Lan'dtax, *s.* a tax upon land and houses
 Lan'dwaiter, *s.* an officer of the customs, who watches the landing of goods
 Lane, *s.* a narrow street or alley
 Lan'guage, *s.* human speech in general
 Lan'guet, *s.* any thing cut like a tongue
 Lan'guid, *a.* weak, faint, heartless
 Lan'guidness, *a.* feebleness, weakness
 Lan'guish, *v. a.* to grow feeble, to pine
 Lan'guishingly, *ad.* weakly, tenderly
 Lan'guishment, *s.* a softness of mien
 Lan'guor, *s.* want of strength or spirit
 Lan'lice, *s.* a woollen manufacture
 Lan'igerous, *a.* bearing wool
 Lank, *a.* loose, not fat, slender, languid
 Lan'kness, *s.* a want of plumpness
 Lan'queret, *s.* a game at cards; a foot soldier
 Lan'tern, *s.* a case for a candle—*a.* thin
 Lap, *s.* that part of a person sitting which reaches from the waist to the knees
 Lap, *v.* to wrap round, to lick up
 Lap'dog, *s.* a little dog for the lap
 Lapel', *s.* that part of the coat which wraps over the breast
 Lap'ful, *s.* as much as the lap can hold
 Lap'idary, *s.* a polisher of precious stones
 Lap'idate, *v. a.* to stone, to kill by stoning
 Lapida'tion, *s.* a stoning
 Lapid'eous, *a.* stony, of the nature of stone
 Lapidescence, *s.* stony concretion
 Lapidif'ic, *a.* forming stones
 Lap'idist, *s.* a dealer in stones or gems
 Lap'per, *s.* one who wraps up or laps
 Lap'pet, *s.* loose part of a head-dress
 Lapse, *s.* a small error or mistake; fall

- Lapse, *v. n.* to fall from perfection, truth, or faith; to glide slowly; to slip by mistake
 Lap-wing, *a.* a swift and noisy bird
 La'rboard, *a.* the left hand side of a ship
 La'rceny, *a.* petty theft or robbery
 Lard, *a.* the fat of swine melted
 Lard, *v. a.* to stuff with bacon; to fatten
 La'rder, *a.* a place where meat is kept
 Large, *a.* big, wide, copious, abundant
 La'rgely, *ad.* extensively, liberally, widely
 La'rgeness, *a.* bulk, greatness, extension
 La'rgess, *a.* a present, bounty, gift
 Lark, *a.* a small singing bird
 La'rkspur, *a.* a plant
 La'rum, *a.* an alarm; a machine contrived to make a noise at a certain hour
 La'scar, *a.* an Indian seaman or gunner
 Lascivious, *a.* lewd, lustful, wanton, soft
 Lasciviously, *ad.* lewdly, wantonly, loosely
 Lasciviousness, *a.* wantonness
 Lash, *a.* part of a whip; a stroke
 Lash, *v. a.* to scourge, to strike, to satirize
 Lass, *a.* a girl, maid, young woman
 La'stitude, *a.* fatigue, weariness, languor
 La'storn, *a.* forsaken by a mistress
 Last, *a.* latest, hindmost, utmost
 Last, *a.* the wooden mould on which shoes are formed; a certain measure or weight
 —*ad.* the last time; in conclusion
 Last, *v. n.* to endure, to continue
 La'stage, *a.* custom paid for freightage
 La'sting, *part. a.* durable, perpetual
 La'stly, *ad.* in the last time or place
 Latch, *a.* a fastening of a door, &c.
 Lat'chet, *a.* a shoe-string; a fastening
 Late, *a.* slow, tardy; deceased
 Late, *ad.* far in the day or night; lately
 La'tely, Lat'terly, *ad.* not long ago
 La'tency, *a.* obscurity, abstruseness
 La'teness, *a.* time far advanced
 La'tent, *a.* secret, hidden, concealed
 La'teral, *a.* growing out on the side, &c.
 Laterally, *ad.* by the side, sidewise
 La'teran, *a.* the Pope's palace at Rome
 Lath, *a.* a long thin slip of wood; a division of a country, usually containing three and sometimes more hundreds
 Lath, *v. a.* to fit up with laths
 Lathes, *a.* a turner's tool
 Lath'er, *a.* the froth of water and soap
 Lat'in, *a.* the ancient Roman language
 Lat'inism, *a.* an idiom of the Latin tongue
 Lat'inist, *a.* one well versed in Latin
 Lat'inize, *v.* to make or use Latin
 La'tion, *a.* removal of a body in a right line
 La'tish, *a.* somewhat late
 Lat'itancy, *a.* the state of lying hid
 Lat'itant, *a.* concealed, delinquent
 Lat'itude, *a.* breadth, width, extent, liber-ty, diffusion; the distance, north or south, from the equator
 Latitudina'rian, *a.* unlimited, not confined
 La'trant, *a.* barking, snarling
 La'tria, *a.* the highest kind of worship
 Lat'ten, *a.* brass; iron thinned over
 Lat'ter, *a.* modern; the last of two
 La'ternath, *a.* a second mowing
 Lat'tice, *a.* a window formed of grate work
 La'va, *a.* liquid and vitrified matter dis- charged by volcanoes
 Lava'tion, *a.* the act of washing
 Lav'a'tory, *a.* a wash; a bathing place
 Laud, *a.* praise—*v. a.* to praise, to extol
 Lau'dable, *a.* praiseworthy; salubrious
 Lau'dably, *ad.* deserving praise
 Lau'danum, *a.* the tincture of opium
 Lau'datory, *a.* containing praise
 Lave, *v.* to wash, bathe, lade out
 Lav'ender, *a.* a fragrant herb
 La'ver, *a.* a washing vessel
 Laugh, *v.* to make that noise which sudden mirth excites; to deride, to scorn
 Laugh'able, *a.* exciting laughter, droll
 Laugh'er, *a.* one who laughs much
 Laughing-stock, *a.* an object of ridicule
 Laugh'ter, *a.* convulsive merry noise
 Lav'ish, *v. a.* to waste, to scatter profusely
 Lav'ish, *a.* indiscreetly liberal, wild
 Lav'ishly, *ad.* profusely, prodigally
 Launch, *v.* to put to sea; to dart forward
 Lau'ndress, *a.* a washerwoman
 Lau'ndry, *a.* a room to wash clothes in
 Lavo't, Lavo'ta, *a.* an old brisk dance
 Lau'reat, *a.* the royal poet
 Lau'reate, *a.* decked with laurel
 Laur'el, *a.* an evergreen tree
 Laur'eled, *a.* crowned with laurel
 Law, *a.* a rule of action; a decree, edict, or statute; a judicial process
 Law'ful, *a.* conformable to law, legal
 Law'fully, *ad.* in a lawful manner
 Law'fulness, *a.* the allowance of law
 Law'giver, *a.* one who makes laws, legislator
 Law'less, *a.* illegal, unrestrained by law
 Lawn, *a.* a plain between woods; fine linen
 Law'suit, *a.* a process in law, a litigation
 Law'yer, *a.* professor of law, an advocate
 Lax, *a.* loose, vague, slack; loose in body
 Lax, *a.* a looseness, a diarrhoea; a fish
 Lax'ative, *a.* relieving costiveness
 Lax'ity, Lax'ness, *a.* looseness, openness
 Lax'ly, *a.* loosely, without exactness
 Lay, *v.* to place along; to beat down; to calm; to settle; to wager; to protrade eggs; to impose
 Lay, *a.* a row; a stratum; grassy ground
 Lay, *a.* a meadow; a song or poem
 Lay, *a.* not clerical; belonging to the peo- ple, as distinct from the clergy
 Lay'er, *a.* a stratum; a sprig of a plant
 Lay'man, *a.* one of the laity; an image
 La'zar, *a.* one infected with filthy diseases
 La'zarhouse, Lazare'tto, *a.* a house to re- ceive leazars in; an hospital
 La'zily, *ad.* idly, sluggishly, heavily
 La'ziness, *a.* idleness, slothfulness
 La'zy, *a.* idle, sluggish, unwilling to work
 Lea, Lee, Ley, *a.* ground enclosed
 Lead, *a.* the heaviest metal except gold
 Lead, *v.* to guide, to conduct, to induce
 Lead'en, *a.* made of lead; heavy, dull
 Lea'der, *a.* a conductor, a commander
 Lea'ding, *part. a.* principal, going before
 Leaf, *a.* the green parts of trees and plants; part of a book, a door, or table
 Lea'fless, *a.* naked, or stripped of leaves

League, *s.* a confederacy; three miles
 League, *v. n.* to confederate, to unite
 Leak, *v. n.* to let water in or out, to drop
 Lea'kage, *s.* allowance for loss by leak
 Lea'ky, *a.* letting water in or out
 Lean, *a.* thin, meagre—*s.* meat without fat
 Lean, *v. n.* to rest against, tend towards
 Leanness, *s.* a want of flesh, meagreness
 Leap, *v.* to jump; to bound, to spring
 Leap, *s.* a bound, jump, sudden transition
 Leapfrog, *s.* a play of children
 Leapyear, *s.* every fourth year
 Learn, *v.* to gain knowledge, to teach
 Learned, *a.* versed in science, skilled
 Lear'ner, *s.* one who is learning any thing
 Learning, *s.* skill in any thing, erudition
 Lease, *s.* a temporary contract for possession
 of houses or lands; any tenure
 Lease, *v.* to glean, to gather up
 Leas'er, *s.* a gleaner
 Leash, *s.* a leathern thong, a band to tie with
 Leash'ing, *s.* lies, falsehood, deceit
 Least, *a.* superlative of little, the smallest
 —*ad.* in the lowest degree
 Leas'y, *a.* flimsy, of weak texture
 Leath'er, *s.* an animal's hide dressed
 Leath'ercoat, *s.* an apple with a tough rind
 Leath'er-dresser, *s.* he who dresses leather
 Leath'ern, *a.* made of leather
 Leave, *s.* permission, license; farewell
 Leave, *v.* to quit, abandon, bequeath
 Leav'en, more properly Lev'en, *s.* ferment;
 that which being mixed in any body
 makes it rise and ferment
 Leav'en, *v. a.* to ferment, taint, imbue
 Leaves, *s.* the plural of Leaf
 Leav'ings, *s.* a remnant, relics, offals
 Lech, *v. a.* to lick over
 Lech'rous, *a.* lewd, lustful
 Lech'rously, *ad.* lewdly, lustfully
 Lech'ry, *s.* lewdness, lust
 Lec'tion, *s.* a reading; a variety in copies
 Lec'tionary, *s.* the Romish service-book
 Lec'ture, *v.* to read lectures; to reprimand
 Lec'ture, *s.* a discourse on any subject
 Lec'turer, *s.* an instructor, a preacher
 Led, *part. pret.* of lead
 Ledge, *s.* a small moulding on the edge
 Led'ger, *s.* the chief book of accounts
 Lee, *s.* dregs; the side opposite the wind
 Leech, *s.* a small water bloodsucker
 Leek, *s.* a common pot herb
 Leer, *s.* an oblique cast of the eye
 Leer, *v. n.* to look obliquely or archly
 Lees, *s.* dregs, sediment
 Lect, *s.* a court held by lords of manors
 Lee'ward, *ad.* toward the shore or side on
 which the wind blows
 Lee'way, *s.* the lateral movement of a ship
 to leeward of her course
 Left, *part. pret.* of leave
 Left, *a.* opposite to the right; sinister
 Left'handed, *a.* using the left hand
 Leg, *s.* the limb between the knee and foot
 Legacy, *s.* a bequest made by will
 Legal, *a.* not contrary to law, lawful
 Legal'ity, Leg'alness, *s.* lawfulness
 Leg'alize, *v. a.* to make lawful, to authorise

Le'gally, *ad.* lawfully, according to law
 Leg'ate, *s.* an ambassador from the Pope
 Legatee, *s.* one who has a legacy left him
 Leg'atine, *a.* pertaining to a legate
 Legation, *s.* a deputation, an embassy
 Lega'tor, *s.* one who makes a will
 Leg'end, *s.* a chronicle or register; a fa-
 bulous narrative; an inscription
 Leg'endary, *a.* fabulous, unauthentic
 Legerdemai'n, *s.* slight of hand, a juggle
 Leg'er'ity, *s.* lightness, nimbleness
 Leg'ible, *a.* easy to be read, apparent
 Leg'ibly, *ad.* in a manner easy to be read
 Leg'ion, *s.* a body of soldiers; a military
 force; a great number
 Legislate, *v. n.* to make laws
 Legislation, *s.* the act of giving laws
 Leg'islative, *a.* lawgiving, making laws
 Leg'islator, *s.* one who makes laws
 Leg'islature, *s.* the power that makes laws
 Legit'imacy, *s.* a lawful birth, genuineness
 Legit'imate, *a.* born in marriage
 Legit'imately, *ad.* lawfully, genuinely
 Leg'ume, Legu'men, *s.* seeds or pulse
 Legu'minous, *a.* belonging to pulse
 Lei'surable, *a.* done at or having leisure
 Lei'sure, *s.* freedom from business or hurry
 Lei'surely, *a.* not hasty; deliberate, slow—
ad. not in a hurry; slowly
 Le'man, *s.* a sweetheart, a gallant
 Lem'ma, *s.* a proposition previously assumed
 Lem'on, *s.* the name of an acid fruit
 Lemons'ade, *s.* water, sugar, and lemon juice
 Lem'ures, *s.* hobgoblins, evil spirits
 Lend, *v. a.* to grant the use of any thing
 Len'der, *s.* one who lends any thing
 Length, *s.* extent from end to end; distance
 Leng'then, *v.* to make longer, to protract
 Len'ient, *a.* assuasive, mitigating, emollient
 Len'ient, *s.* an emollient application
 Len'ify, *v. a.* to assuage, mitigate, soften
 Len'itive, *a.* assuasive—a palliative
 Len'ity, *s.* mildness, mercy, tenderness
 Lens, *s.* a glass spherically convex
 Lent, *s.* the quadragesimal fast; time of
 abstinence
 Len'ten, *s.* such as is used in Lent; sparing
 Lentic'ular, *a.* doubly convex; like a lens
 Len'til, *s.* a sort of pulse or pea
 Len'titude, *s.* sluggishness, slowness
 Len'ten - tenacity, viscosity; slowness, delay
 Len'tious, *a.* viscous, tenacious, glutinous
 Len'one, *a.* belonging to a lion
 Leopard, *s.* a spotted beast of prey
 Leper, *s.* one infected with a leprosy
 Lep'orous, Lep'rous, *a.* having the leprosy
 Lep'orine, *a.* belonging to a hare; having
 the nature of a hare
 Lep'rosy, *s.* a distemper of white scales
 Less, Less'er, *ad.* in a smaller degree
 Lessee, *s.* one who takes a lease of another
 Less'en, *v.* to grow less; degrade; shrink
 Les'son, *s.* a task to learn or read; a precept
 Les'sor, *s.* he who grants a lease to another
 Let, *conj.* that not, in case that
 Let, *v. a.* to allow, to permit, to hire out
 Let, *s.* a hindrance, obstruction, obstacle
 Let'al, *a.* deadly, mortal

Leth'argic, *a.* sleepy, drowsy, heavy
Leth'argy, *s.* a morbid drowsiness, sleepiness
Le'the, *a.* oblivion, a draught of oblivion
Lethif'erous, *a.* deadly, fatal
Let'ter, *s.* a written message; one of the characters of the alphabet; a printing type
Let'ter-case, *s.* a case to put letters in
Let'ter-press, *s.* print from types
Let'ters, *s.* literature, learning
Let'tered, *a.* learned, educated to learning; marked with letters
Let'terfounder, *s.* one who casts letters
Let'tuce, *s.* a common salad plant
Le'vant, *a.* eastern
Levan't, *s.* eastern parts of the Mediterranean
Lev'ee, *s.* a crowd of attendants; a toilet
Lev'el, *s.* a plane; standard; an instrument whereby masons adjust their work
Le'el, *a.* even, plain, flat, smooth
Le'el, *v.* to make even; to lay flat; to aim
Le'veller, *s.* one who destroys superiority
Le'velness, *s.* an equality of surface
Le'ver, *s.* a bar for raising a heavy weight; the second mechanical power
Lev'eret, *s.* a young hare
Lev'et, *s.* a blast on the trumpet
Lev'iable, *a.* that may be levied
Levi'thian, *s.* by some supposed to mean the crocodile, but, in general, the whale
Lev'igate, *v. a.* to rub, to grind, to smooth
Lev'ite, *s.* one of the tribe of Levi
Lev'itical, *a.* belonging to the Levites
Lev'ity, *s.* lightness, inconstancy, vanity
Lev'y, *v. a.* to raise, collect, impose
Lev'y, *s.* the act of raising money or men
Lev'd, *a.* wicked, lustful, not clerical
Lev'dness, *s.* lustfulness, wickedness
Lexic'ographer, *s.* a writer of dictionaries
Lex'icon, *s.* a dictionary, a word-book
L'iable, *a.* subject to, not exempt
L'iar, *s.* one who tells falsehoods
L'iard, *a.* roan—*s.* a French farthing
L'ibation, *s.* an offering made of wine
L'ib'ard, *s.* a leopard
L'ibel, *s.* a defamatory satire, a lampoon
L'ibeller, *s.* a defamatory writer, lampooner
L'ibelling, *s.* act of defaming
L'ibellous, *a.* defamatory, abusive
L'ib'eral, *a.* free, bountiful, generous
L'ib'eral'ity, *s.* munificence, bounty
L'ib'eralize, *v. a.* to make liberal
L'ib'erate, *v. a.* to set free, to release
L'ib'ertine, *s.* a dissolute liver, a rake
L'ib'ertine, *a.* licentious, irreligious
L'ib'ertinism, *s.* irreligion, licentiousness
L'ib'erty, *s.* freedom, exemption, leave
L'ib'd'inous, *a.* lewd, licentious
L'ibra, *s.* one of the signs of the zodiac
L'ib'rarian, *s.* one who has the care of books
L'ibrary, *s.* a large collection of books
L'ib'rate, *v. a.* to poise, to balance
L'ib'ration, *s.* the state of being balanced
L'ice, *s.* the plural of *Louse*
L'icence, *s.* a permission, liberty
L'ic'ense, *v. a.* to grant leave; to permit by a legal grant; to set at liberty

L'icen'tiate, *s.* one who has a licence to practise any art or faculty
L'icen'tious, *a.* unrestrained, disorderly
L'icen'tiousness, *s.* boundless liberty; contempt of just restraint
L'ic'hen, *s.* an herb
L'ick, *v. a.* to touch with the tongue, to lap
L'ic'kerish, *a.* nice, delicate, greedy
L'ic'orice, *s.* a root of a sweet taste
L'ic'tor, *s.* a beetle amongst the Romans
L'id, *s.* a cover for a pan, box, &c.
L'ie, *s.* a fiction, a falsehood; any thing impregnated with another body, as soap, &c.
L'ie, *v. n.* to tell a lie; to lean upon; to rest
L'ief, **L'ieve**, *ad.* willingly
L'iege, *s.* a sovereign—*a.* subject; trusty
L'ie'ger, *s.* a resident ambassador
L'ieu, *s.* place, room, stead, behalf
L'ieuten'ancy, *s.* the office of a Lieutenant
L'ieuten'ant, *s.* a deputy, a second in rank
L'ieuten'antship, *s.* the rank of a Lieutenant
L'ife, *s.* animal being; conduct, condition
L'ifeguard, *s.* guard of a prince's person
L'ifeless, *a.* dead; without force or spirit
L'ifet'ime, *s.* the duration of life
L'ift, *v. a.* to raise up, elevate, support
L'ift, *s.* the act of lifting up; a struggle
L'igament, *s.* a band to tie parts together
L'igature, *s.* a bandage, any thing bound on; the act of binding
L'ight, *s.* the transparency of air caused by the rays of the sun, &c.; mental knowledge; situation; a taper
L'ight, *a.* not heavy; active; bright; not dark
L'ight, *v.* to kindle, to lighten; to rest on
L'igh'ten, *v.* to flash with lightning
L'igh'ter, *s.* a boat for unloading ships
L'igh'terman, *s.* one who manages a lighter
L'ightn'g'er, *a.* thievish, dishonest
L'ightfoot'ed, *a.* nimble, swift, active
L'ighthead'ed, *a.* delirious, thoughtless
L'ighthea'r'ted, *a.* gay, merry, cheerful
L'igh'tly, *ad.* without reason; nimbly
L'ightness, *s.* a want of weight; levity
L'igh'tning, *s.* the flash before thunder
L'ights, *s.* the lungs; organs of breathing
L'ightsome, *a.* luminous, gay, airy
L'ig'neous, made of wood, like wood
L'igure, *s.* a kind of precious stone
L'ike, *a.* resembling, equal, likely
L'ike, *ad.* in the same manner, probably
L'ike, *v.* to choose; approve, be pleased with
L'ik'elihood, *s.* appearance, probability
L'ik'ely, *ad.* probably—*a.* probable
L'iken, *v. a.* to make like, to compare
L'ikeness, *s.* a resemblance, similitude, form
L'ikewise, *ad.* in like manner, also
L'ik'ing, *s.* plunage; state of trial
L'il'ed, *a.* embellished with lilies
L'il'y, *s.* a beautiful flower
L'il'ver'd, *a.* whitelivered, cowardly
L'im'ature, *s.* the filings of any metal
L'im'ation, *s.* the act of filing or polishing
L'im'b, *s.* a member, bough, border, edge
L'im'b, *v. a.* to tear asunder, dismember
L'im'bec, *s.* a still; a vessel to distil
L'im'bed, *a.* formed with regard to limbs
L'im'ber, *a.* flexible, easily bent, pliant

Lim'bo, *s.* a place of restraint, a prison
 Lime, *s.* a stone; a fruit—*v.* *a.* to enanare
 Lim'edl'n, *s.* a hill for burning limestone
 Lim'it, *s.* bound, border, utmost reach
 Lim'it, *v.* to restrain, to circumscribe
 Lim'itary, *a.* placed at the boundaries
 Lim'it'ion, *s.* restriction; a boundary
 Limn, *v. n.* to draw, to paint any thing
 Lim'ner, *s.* a painter, a picture maker
 Lim'ous, *a.* muddy, slimy, miry
 Limp, *v. n.* to halt, walk lamely—*s.* a halt
 Lim'pet, *s.* a kind of shell-fish
 Lim'pid, *a.* clear, pure, transparent
 Lim'pidness, *s.* clearness, purity
 Lim'y, *a.* viscous; containing lime
 Lin'chpin, *s.* the iron pin of an axletree
 Lin'ctus, *s.* a medicine to be licked up
 Lin'den, *s.* the lime tree
 Line, *v. a.* to guard within; to cover
 Lise, *s.* a string; an angler's string; the
 equinoctial circle; extension; limit: pro-
 geny; lineaments; tenth of an inch
 Lin'eage, *s.* a family, race, progeny
 Lin'eal, *a.* descending in a right line
 Lin'eally, *ad.* in a direct line, duly
 Lin'eament, *s.* a feature; a discriminating
 mark in the form
 Lin'ear, *a.* composed of lines, like lines
 Lin'eation, *s.* a draught of a line or lines
 Lin'en, *s.* cloth made of hemp or flax
 Lin'en-dra-per, *s.* one who deals in linen
 Ling, *s.* a kind of sea fish; heath
 Lin'ger, *v.* to remain long; pine; hesitate
 Lin'get, *s.* a small mass of metal; a bird
 Lin'go, *s.* a language, tongue, speech
 Lingua'cious, *a.* full of tongue, talkative
 Lin'guist, *s.* one skilful in languages
 Lin'iment, *s.* an ointment, a balsam
 Lin'ing, *s.* that which is within any thing
 Link, *s.* a ring of a chain; a torch of pitch
 Link, *v. a.* to unite, to join, to connect
 Lin'kboy, Lin'kman, *s.* one who accommo-
 dates passengers with light
 Lin'net, *s.* a small singing bird
 Lin'seed, *s.* the seed of flax
 Lin'seywooley, *a.* made of linen and wool
 Lin'stock, *s.* a staff with a match at the end
 Lint, *s.* linen scraped soft; flax
 Lin'tel, *s.* the upper part of a door frame
 Lion, *s.* the most magnanimous of beasts
 Lion'ess, *s.* a she lion
 Lip, *s.* the outer part of the mouth; the
 edge of any thing, &c.
 Lipoth'y-mous, *a.* swooning, fainting
 Lipoth'y-my, *s.* a swoon, a fainting fit
 Lip'itude, *s.* blearedness of eyes
 Lique'fion, *s.* art or capacity of melting
 Liquefac'tion, *s.* state of being melted
 Liq'uefiable, *a.* that may be melted
 Liq'uefy, *v.* to melt, to dissolve
 Lique'cent, *a.* melting, dissolving
 Liq'uid, *a.* not solid; fluid, dissolved
 Liq'uid, *s.* a fluid substance, a liquor
 Liq'uids, *s.* these four letters, l, m, n, r
 Liq'uidate, *v. a.* to lessen debts, to clear
 Liq'uer, *s.* any thing liquid; drink
 Disp, *v. n.* to speak with too frequent ap-
 pulses of the tongue to the teeth

List, *v.* to choose; enlist soldiers; listen
 List, *s.* a roll; catalogue; place for fight-
 ing; desire; outer edge of cloth
 List'ed, *a.* striped, party-coloured
 Lis'ten, *v.* to hearken, hear, attend to
 Lis'tless, *a.* careless, heedless, indifferent
 Lis'tlessly, *ad.* without thought, heedlessly
 Lis'tlessness, *s.* inattention
 Lit, the *pres. of light.* Properly Lighted
 Lit'any, *s.* a form of supplicatory prayer
 Lit'eral, *a.* not figurative, exact
 Lit'rary, *a.* respecting letters or learning
 Lit'ers'til, *s.* men of learning
 Lit'erature, *s.* learning, skill in letters
 Lith'arge, *s.* lead vitrified, either alone or
 with a mixture of copper
 Lith'e, Lit'hesome, *a.* limber, flexible
 Lithog'raphy, *s.* an engraving on stone
 Lith'omancy, *s.* a prediction by stones
 Lithot'omist, *s.* one who cuts for the stone
 Lit'igant, *s.* one engaged in a lawsuit
 Lit'igate, *v. a.* to contest in law, to debate
 Lit'igation, *s.* a judicial contest, lawsuit
 Lit'igious, *a.* quarrelsome, disputable
 Lit'igiousness, *s.* a wrangling disposition
 Lit'ter, *s.* a kind of portable bed; a birth
 of animals; things thrown slovenly a-
 bout; straw laid under animals
 Lit'ter, *v. a.* to bring forth; to cover with
 straw; to supply cattle with bedding
 Lit'tle, *a.* small in quantity, diminutive
 Lit'tle, *s.* a small space, not much
 Lit'tle, *ad.* in a small quantity or degree
 Lit'toral, *a.* belonging to the sea shore
 Lit'urgy, *s.* the public form of prayer
 Live, *v. n.* to be in a state of life; to feed
 Live, *a.* quick, active; not extinguished
 Liv'elihood, *s.* the means of living, support
 Liv'eliness, *s.* sprightliness, vivacity
 Liv'elong, *a.* tedious, lasting, durable
 Liv'ely, *a.* brisk, gay, strong, energetic
 Liver, *s.* one of the entrails; one who lives
 Liver'colours, *s.* a very dark red
 Liver'grown, *a.* having a great liver
 Liver'wort, *s.* a plant
 Liv'ery, *s.* clothes with different trimmings
 worn by servants
 Liv'eryman, *s.* one who wears a livery; a
 freeman in a company, &c.
 Liv'ery-stable, *s.* a public stable
 Lives, *s.* plural of Life
 Liv'id, *a.* discoloured as with a blow
 Liv'idify, *s.* a discolouration as by a blow
 Liv'ing, *s.* a maintenance, support; a benefice
 Liv're, *s.* the sum by which the French
 reckon their money, value 10*l.* sterling
 Lixiv'ial, *a.* impregnated with salts
 Lixiv'iate, *a.* making a lixivium
 Lixiv'ium, *s.* lie made of ashes, water, &c.
 Lit'ard, *s.* a small creeping animal, a serpent
 Lo! *interj.* look! see! behold!
 Loach, *s.* a small fish
 Load, *s.* a burden; leading vein in a mine
 Load, *v. a.* to burden, freight; charge a gun
 Loadstone, *s.* the magnet, a stone with an
 attracting and repellent power
 Loaf, *s.* a mass of bread or sugar, &c.
 Loam, *s.* a fat unctuous earth, marl

Loam'y, *a.* of the nature of loam, marly
 Loan, *s.* any thing lent, interest
 Loath, *a.* unwilling, disliking, not ready
 Loathe, *v. a.* to hate, to nauseate
 Loathful, *a.* hating, abhorred, odious
 Loathing, *s.* hatred, abhorrence, disgust
 Loathsome, *a.* abhorred, causing dislike
 Loathsomeness, *s.* the quality of hatred
 Loaves, *s.* plural of loaf
 Lob, *s.* a clumsy person; a prison; a worm
 Lob'by, *s.* an opening before a room
 Lobe, *s.* a part of the lungs; a division
 Lob'ster, *s.* a crustaceous shell-fish
 Lo'cal, *a.* relating to or being of a place
 Local'ity, *s.* existence or relation of place
 Lo'cally, *ad.* with respect to place
 Lo'cate, *v. a.* to place
 Loca'tion, *s.* the act of placing; a situation
 Lock, *s.* an instrument to fasten doors, &c.
 Lock, *v.* to fasten with a lock, to close
 Lock'er, *s.* a drawer, a cupboard, &c.
 Lock'et, *s.* an ornamental lock, &c.
 Lock'ram, *s.* a sort of coarse linen
 Loco'mo'tion, *s.* power of changing place
 Loco'mo'tive, *a.* able to change place
 Lo'eust, *s.* a devouring insect
 Lodge, *v.* to place, settle, reside; lie flat
 Lodge, *s.* a small house in a park; a porter's room
 Lod'gement, *s.* an encampment; possession of the enemy's works
 Lod'ger, *s.* one who hires a lodging
 Lod'ging, *s.* a temporary abode; rooms hired
 Loft, *s.* a floor; the highest floor
 Loft'ly, *ad.* on high, haughtily, sublimely
 Loftiness, *s.* height, pride, sublimity
 Lof'ty, *a.* high, sublime, haughty, proud
 Log, *s.* a piece of wood; a Hebrew measure
 Log'arithms, *s.* a series of artificial numbers for the expedition of calculation
 Log'book, *s.* journal of a ship's course, &c.
 Log'gats, *s.* an old play or game
 Log'head, *s.* a dolt, a thickskull
 Log'ic, *s.* the art of using reason well in our inquiries after truth
 Log'ical, *a.* of or pertaining to logic
 Log'ically, *ad.* by the laws of logic
 Logic'ian, *s.* one versed in logic
 Logis'tic, *a.* relating to sexagesimals
 Log'line, *s.* a line to measure a ship's way
 Logom'achy, *s.* a contention about words
 Log'wood, *s.* a wood brought from Cam-peschy Bay, used in dying dark colours
 Loin, *s.* the reins, the back of an animal
 Loit'er, *v. n.* to linger, to spend time idly
 Loit'erer, *s.* a lingerer, idler, lazy wretch
 Loil, *v.* to lean idly, to hang out
 Lon'doner, *s.* an inhabitant of London
 Lone, *a.* solitary, single, lonely
 Loneliness, Loneness, *s.* solitude
 Lo'nely, Lo'nesome, *a.* solitary, dismal
 Long, *a.* not short, either as applied to time, place, or dimensions; desirous
 Long, *v. n.* to wish or desire earnestly
 Longanim'ity, *s.* forbearance, patience
 Long'boat, *s.* the largest boat of a ship
 Long'e, *s.* a thrust or push in fencing
 Longer'ity, *s.* great length of life

Long'e'vous, *a.* long lived, living long
 Longim'itous, *a.* having long hands
 Longim'e'try, *s.* art of measuring distances
 Long'ing, *s.* an earnest wish or desire
 Long'ingly, *ad.* with incessant wishes
 Long'itude, *s.* length; the distance of any part of the earth, east or west from London, or any other given place. The French reckon their longitude from Paris
 Longitu'dinal, *a.* running in the longest direction; extended lengthwise
 Long'some, *a.* tedious, tiresome, long
 Long'spun, *a.* tedious, wearisome
 Long'suffering, *a.* patient—*s.* clemency
 Long'ways, Long'wise, *ad.* in length
 Longwin'ded, *a.* tedious, longbreathed
 Loo, *s.* the name of a game at cards
 Loob'ly, *ad.* awkwardly, clumsily
 Loo'by, *s.* a lubber, a clumsy clown
 Loof, *s.* a part of a ship
 Look, *v.* to seek for, expect, behold
 Look, *s.* the air of the face, mien
 Look! interj. see! behold! observe!
 Looking-glass, *s.* a reflecting mirror
 Loom, *v. n.* to appear indistinctly at sea
 Loom, *s.* a weaver's frame for work
 Loon, *s.* a mean or simple fellow, a scoundrel
 Loop, *s.* a noose in a rope, &c.
 Loophole, *s.* an aperture; shift, evasion
 Loose, *v.* to unbind, relax, set free
 Loose, *a.* unbound, wanton—*s.* liberty
 Loos'ely, *ad.* not fast, irregularly, unchastely
 Loos'en, *v.* to relax any thing, to part
 Looseness, *s.* a flux; irregularity, unchastity
 Lop, *v. a.* to cut or chop short
 Loquacious, *a.* full of talk, blabbing
 Loquac'ity, *s.* too much talk, prate
 Lord, *s.* a monarch; a supreme person; a ruler; a nobleman; a title of honour
 Lord, *v. a.* to domineer, to rule despotically
 Lo'rding, Lo'rdling, *s.* a lord, in contempt
 Lo'rdliness, *s.* dignity, high station, pride
 Lo'rdly, *a.* proud, imperious, lofty
 Lo'rdship, *s.* dominion; a title given to lords
 Lore, *s.* doctrine, instruction, learning
 Lor'icate, *v. a.* to plate over
 Lor'imer, Lor'iner, *s.* a bridle-cutter
 Lorn, *a.* forsaken, lost, forlorn
 Lose, *v.* to suffer loss, not to win; to fail
 Los'el, *s.* a mean worthless fellow, a scoundrel
 Lo'ser, *s.* one who has suffered a loss
 Loss, *s.* damage; forfeiture; puzzle
 Lost, *part. a.* perished, gone; imperceptible
 Lot, *s.* fortune, state assigned, portion
 Lote, *s.* a tree
 Lot'ion, *s.* a medicinal wash
 Lot'tery, *s.* a distribution of prizes by chance; a game of chance; a sortilege
 Loud, *a.* noisy, clamorous, turbulent
 Loud'ly, *ad.* noisily, clamorously
 Loudness, *s.* noise, clamour, turbulence
 Love, *v. a.* to regard with affection
 Love, *s.* the passion between the sexes; good will, courtship; liking, fondness, concord
 Love-letter, *s.* a letter of courtship
 Lov'ably, *ad.* amiably, in a lovely manner
 Loveliness, *s.* amiableness

Lov'dorn, *a.* forsaken by one's love
 Lov'dly, *a.* amiable, exciting love
 Lov'er, *s.* one who is in love; a friend
 Lov'esick, *a.* disordered with love, languishing
 Lov'esong, *s.* a song expressing love
 Lov'esuit, *s.* courtship
 Lov'estale, *s.* narrative of love
 Lov'etoy, *s.* a small present made by a lover
 Lov'etrick, *s.* the art of expressing love
 Lough, Loch, *s.* a lake; standing water
 Lou'ing, *part.* *a.* kind, affectionate
 Lov'ingkindness, *s.* tenderness, mercy
 Lov'ingly, *ad.* affectionately, with kindness
 Louis-d'or, *s.* a French gold coin, the old ones worth 17s. and the new about 14.
 Lounge, *v. n.* to idle or live lazily
 Lou'nger, *s.* an idler, an indolent man
 Louse, *s.* a small animal of which different species live on the bodies of men, of beasts, and perhaps of all living animals
 Lousily, *ad.* in a paltzy, mean, scurvy way
 Lou'siness, *s.* the state of being lousy
 Lou'zy, *a.* swarming with lice; mean
 Lout, *s.* an awkward fellow, a clown
 Lou'tish, *a.* clownish, bumpkinly
 Lou'ver, *s.* an opening for the smoke
 Low, *a.* not high; humble, dejected, mean
 Low, *v.* to bellow as a cow
 Low, *ad.* with a low voice, abjectly
 Low'er, *more properly* Lour, *s.* cloudiness of look, gloominess
 Low'er, *v.* to humble, depress, sink, fall
 Loweringly, *ad.* gloomily, cloudily
 Low'ermost, *a.* lowest, deepest
 Low'ing, *s.* the bellowing of oxen, &c.
 Lowland, *s.* a low country, a marsh
 Low'liness, *s.* humility, want of dignity
 Low'ly, *a.* humble, meek, not lofty
 Low'ness, *s.* absence of height, meanness of condition; want of rank; dejection
 Lowspirited, *a.* dejected, not lively
 Loxodrom'ic, *s.* the art of oblique sailing by the rhomb, which always makes an equal angle with every meridian
 Loy'al, *a.* true to a prince, a lady, or a lover
 Loy'alist, *s.* one faithful to his king
 Loy'ally, *ad.* with fidelity or adherence
 Loy'alty, *s.* fidelity, adherence
 Loz'enge, *s.* a medicine made in small pieces to melt gradually in the mouth
 Lub'ber, Lub'bard, *s.* a lazy idle fellow
 Lub'berly, *ad.* awkwardly, clumsily
 Lu'bric, Lu'bricous, *a.* slippery, unsteady
 Lu'bricate, *v.* to make smooth or slippery
 Lubricity, *s.* slipperiness; wantonness
 Luce, *s.* a pike full grown
 Lu'cent, *a.* shining, bright, splendid
 Lu'cern, *s.* a remarkably quick growing herb
 Lu'cid, *a.* shining, bright, pellucid, clear
 Lucid'ity, *s.* splendour, brightness
 Lucifer, *s.* the devil; the morning star
 Luciferous, Lucif'ic, *a.* giving light
 Lu'ciform, *a.* having the nature of light
 Luck, *s.* chance; fortune, good or bad
 Luck'ily, *ad.* fortunately, by good hap
 Luck'iness, *s.* good hap, casual happiness
 Luck'less, *a.* unfortunate, unhappy

Luck'y, *a.* fortunate, happy by chance
 Lu'crative, *a.* profitable, gainful
 Lu'cre, *s.* gain, profit, pecuniary advantage
 Lucta'tion, *s.* a struggle, effort, contest
 Luctiferous, Luctif'ic, *a.* causing sorrow
 Lu'cubrate, *v. n.* to study by night
 Lucubra'tion, *s.* nightly study or work
 Lu'cubratory, *a.* composed by candle-light
 Lu'culent, *a.* clear, lucid, certain, evident
 Lu'dicrous, *a.* sportive, merry, burlesque
 Lu'dicrously, *ad.* in burlesque, sportively
 Ludifica'tion, *s.* the act of mocking
 Luff, *v. n.* to keep close to the wind
 Lug, *v.* to pull with violence, to drag
 Lug, *s.* a fish; a pole or perch; an ear
 Lag'gage, *s.* any cumbersome heavy thing
 Lug'sail, *s.* a kind of square sail
 Lu'kewarm, *a.* moderately warm; indifferent
 Lu'kewarmness, *s.* moderate heat, &c.
 Lull, *v. a.* to compose to sleep, put to rest
 Lu'laby, *s.* a song to quiet infants
 Lumbe'go, *s.* pains about the loins
 Lum'ber, *s.* old useless furniture, &c.
 Lu'minary, *s.* any body that gives light
 Lu'minous, *a.* shining, enlightened, bright
 Lump, *s.* a shapeless mass; the gross
 Lum'ping, Lum'pish, *a.* large, gross
 Lum'pishly, *ad.* with stupidity, heavily
 Lum'py, *a.* full of lumps; dull, heavy
 Lu'nacy, *s.* madness in general
 Lu'nar, Lu'nary, *a.* relating to the moon
 Lu'natic, *s.* a madman—*a.* mad
 Lunat'ion, *s.* the revolution of the moon
 Lunch, Lun'cheon, *s.* a handful of food
 Lunett'e, *s.* a half moon in fortification
 Lungs, *s.* the parts for respiration
 Lunt, *s.* a match cord to fire guns with
 Lu'pine, *s.* a sort of pulse
 Lurch, *v.* to shift, play tricks, lurk, devour
 Lurch, *s.* a forlorn or deserted state
 Lur'cher, *s.* a hunting dog; a glutton
 Lur'dan, *s.* a clown; a lazy person
 Lure, *s.* an enticement—*v.* to entice
 Lu'rid, *a.* pale, gloomy, dismal
 Lurk, *v. n.* to lie in wait, to lie close
 Lur'ker, *s.* a thief that lies in wait
 Lur'king-place, *s.* hiding place, secret place
 Lus'cious, *a.* sweet, pleasing, cloying
 Lush, *a.* of a dark deep colour
 Lusk, *a.* idle, lazy, worthless
 Luskiness, *s.* a disposition to laziness
 Luscious, Lu'scory, *a.* used in play, sportive
 Lust, *s.* carnal desire—*v. n.* to long for
 Lust'ful, *a.* having irregular desires
 Lust'ily, *ad.* stoutly, with vigour
 Lustiness, *s.* stoutness, vigour of body
 Lus'trate, *v. a.* to cleanse, to purify
 Lustra'tion, *s.* a purification by water
 Lu'stre, *s.* brightness; renown; a scone with lights; the space of five years
 Lus'tring, *s.* a kind of shining silk
 Lu'strous, *a.* bright, shining, lustrous
 Lusty, *a.* stout, healthy, able of body
 Luts'rious, *a.* living in mud, like mud
 Lute, *s.* a musical instrument; a clay with which chymists close up their vessels
 Lute, *v. n.* to close with lute or clay

Lu'theran, *s.* a follower of Luther
Lu'theranism, *s.* the doctrine of Luther
Lu'tist, *s.* a player on the lute
Lu'tulent, *a.* muddy, foul, turbid
Lux, **Lux'ate**, *v. a.* to put out of joint
Luxa'tion, *s.* a disjuncting; thing disjuncted
Luxu'riance, **Luxu'riancy**, *s.* exuberance;
 abundant plenty or growth
Luxu'riant, *a.* superfluously plenteous
Luxu'rious, *a.* voluptuous; softening by
 pleasure; enervating; exuberant
Luxu'riously, *ad.* voluptuously, deliciously
Luxu'riousness, *s.* a voluptuousness

Lux'ury, *s.* delicious fare; profuseness
 addictedness to pleasure
Lycan'thropy, *s.* a species of madness
Ly'dian wood, *s.* a soft and slow kind of
 air in music
Ly'ing, *part. of lie*
Lymph, *s.* a pure transparent fluid
Lym'pheduct, *s.* a vessel to convey lymph
Lynx, *s.* a sharp-sighted spotted beast
Lyre, *s.* a harp, a musical instrument
Ly'ric, **Ly'rical**, *a.* pertaining to a harp, or
 to odes or poetry sung to a harp
Ly'rist, *s.* one who plays on the harp

M.

MAB, *s.* the queen of the fairies
Mac, *s.* an Irish and Scotch word for
 son, as MacDonald, the son of Donald
Macaroni, *s.* a fop, a coxcomb
Macaron'ic, *s.* a confused mixture
Macaroon, *s.* a sweet cake or biscuit
Macaw, *s.* a West Indian bird
Mace, *s.* an ensign of authority; a spice
Ma'cebearer, *s.* one who carries the mace
Mac'erate, *v. a.* to make lean; to steep
Macera'tion, *s.* a making lean; steeping
Mac'hinal, *a.* relating to machines
Mac'hinate, *v. a.* to plan, contrive, invent
Machina'tion, *s.* an artifice, contrivance
Mach'ine, *s.* an engine; a stage coach
Machi'nery, *s.* enginery; any complicated
 workmanship; decoration in a poem
Mach'i'nist, *s.* a constructor, &c. of engines
Mac'ilent, *a.* lean, lank, thin
Mac'kerel, *s.* a small sea fish
Ma'crocosm, *s.* the whole world, or visible
 system, opposed to Microcosm
Macta'tion, *s.* the act of killing for sacrifice
Mac'ula, **Macula'tion**, *s.* a spot or stain
Mac'ulate, *v. a.* to stain, to spot
Mad, *a.* disordered in the mind; furious
Mad, **Mad'den**, *v.* to make mad; to enrage
Mad'am, *s.* a term of address to a lady
Mad'brained, *a.* hotheaded, wild, disordered
Mad'cap, *s.* a wild hotheaded fellow
Mad'der, *s.* a plant much used in dying
Made, *part. pret. of make*
Mad'dy, *v. a.* to moisten, to make wet
Mad'house, *s.* a house for madmen
Mad'ly, *ad.* foolishly, furiously, rashly
Mad'man, *s.* a man deprived of his senses
Mad'ness, *s.* loss of understanding; fury,
 rage, distraction, wildness
Mad'o'na, *s.* a picture of the Virgin Mary
Mad'rigal, *s.* a pastoral air or song
Mare, *a.* famous, great, renowned
Maffle, *v. n.* to stammer, to stutter
Magazi'ne, *s.* a storehouse for provisions,
 &c.; a miscellaneous pamphlet
Mag'got, *s.* a small grub; a whim, caprice
Mag'gotty, *a.* full of maggots; capricious
Ma'gi, *s.* eastern astrologers and priests
Mag'ic, **Mag'ical**, *a.* performed by magic
Mag'ic, *s.* a dealing with spirits, &c.
Mag'ician, *s.* one skilled in magic

Magiste'rial, *a.* lofty, arrogant, proud
Magiste'rially, *ad.* arrogantly, proudly
Mag'istry, *s.* a term in chymistry
Mag'istracy, *s.* the office of a magistrate
Mag'istrate, *s.* one vested with authority
Mag'na Cha'rta, *s.* the great charter of
 liberties granted to the people of England
Magna'lity, *s.* a great thing
Magnan'imity, *s.* greatness of mind
Magnan'imus, *a.* great of mind, brave
Magne'sia, *s.* a powder gently purgative
Mag'net, *s.* a stone that attracts iron
Magnet'ic, **Magnet'ical**, *a.* attractive
Mag'netism, *s.* the power of attraction
Magnific, **Magnif'ical**, *a.* illustrious
Magnific'ence, *s.* grandeur, splendour
Magnificent, *a.* fine, splendid, pompous
Magnif'ice, *s.* a grandee of Venice
Mag'nifier, *s.* a glass that increases the bulk
 of any object; an extoller
Mag'nify, *v. a.* to make great, to extol
Magnif'quence, *s.* a lofty manner of
 speaking; boasting
Mag'nitude, *s.* greatness, comparative bulk
Magne'lia, *s.* an exotic plant, the tulip tree
Mag'pie, *s.* a bird; a talkative person
Mahog'any, *s.* a valuable reddish wood
Mahom'e'tan, *s.* a disciple of Mahomet
Maid, *s.* a virgin; a woman servant; a fish
Maid'en, *s.* a virgin; an instrument with
 which criminals are beheaded in Scotland
Maid'en, *a.* fresh, new, unpolluted
Maid'enhead, *s.* virginity; newness
Maid'hood, **Maid'enhoo'd**, *s.* virginity
Maidma'rian, *s.* a kind of dance
Maje'stic, **Maje'stical**, *a.* august, grand
Maj'esty, *s.* dignity, grandeur, elevation
Mai, *s.* armour; a postman's bag
Maim, *v. a.* to hurt, to wound, to cripple
Maim, *s.* lameness, injury, defect
Main, *a.* principal, chief; forcible; gross
Main, *s.* the gross, the whole; the ocean
Ma'i'land, *s.* a continent
Ma'jny, *ad.* chiefly, powerfully
Ma'must, *s.* the chief or middle mast
Ma'i'npize, *s.* a bail, pledge, surety
Ma'i'nail, *s.* the sail of the mainmast
Mainta'n, *v.* to defend, justify, support
Mainta'nable, *a.* defensible, justifiable
Mai'ntenance, *s.* sustenance, defence

Ma'n'top, *s.* the top of the mainmast
Ma'nyard, *s.* the yard of the mainmast
Ma'jor, *a.* greater, senior, elder
Ma'jor, *s.* an officer in the army; in logic, the first proposition of a syllogism
Majora'tion, *s.* enlargement, increase
Major'ity, *s.* the greater number; the office of a major; full age; end of minority
Maise, *s.* a sort of Indian wheat
Make, *v.* to create, force, gain, reach
Make, *s.* form, structure, nature
Ma'ker, *s.* the Creator; he who makes
Ma'kepeace, *s.* a peace-maker, reconciler
Ma'king, *s.* the act of forming
Ma'ady, *s.* a distemper, a sickness
Ma'apert, *a.* saucy, impertinent, bold
Malac'ate, *v. a.* to make soft, to moisten
Male, *s.* the he of any species
Maleadministra'tion, *s.* behaving ill in any public employ; bad management
Ma'lecontent, *a.* discontented—*s.* a rebel
Maledic'ted, *a.* accused or banned
Maledic'tion, *s.* a curse, an execration
Malefac'tion, *s.* a crime, an offence
Malefac'tor, *s.* an offender against law
Malef'ic, *a.* mischievous, hurtful
Maleprac'tice, *s.* bad practice or conduct
Malevol'ence, *s.* ill will, malignity, spite
Malevol'ent, *a.* ill-natured, malignant
Mal'ice, *s.* badness of design, ill will
Mal'icious, *a.* full of malice, malignant
Mal'iciously, *ad.* with intention of mischief
Mal'iciousness, *s.* malice, intention of mischief to another
Mal'ign, *a.* unfavourable, infectious, fatal
Malig'nancy, **Malig'nity**, *s.* malevolence
Malig'nant, *a.* malicious, mischievous
Mal'ikin, *s.* a dirty wench; a mop
Mall, *s.* a public walk; a beater or hammer
Mall, *v. a.* to strike or beat with a mall
Mal'lard, *s.* a wild drake
Mal'leability, *s.* the quality of enduring the hammer, and spreading without breaking
Mal'leable, *a.* capable of being spread by beating; gold is eminently so
Mal'leate, *v. a.* to beat with a hammer
Mal'let, *s.* a wooden hammer
Mal'msey, *s.* a sort of grape; a kind of wine
Malt, *s.* barley steeped in water and dried
Mal'tfloor, *s.* a floor for drying malt on
Mal'thouse, *s.* a house for making malt in
Maltren't, *v. a.* to treat ill or amiss
Mal'tster, *s.* one who deals in malt
Mal'versation, *s.* misbehaviour in any office, mean artifices or shifts
Mam, **Mamma'**, *s.* a fond word for Mother
Mam'met, *s.* a puppet; artificial figure
Mam'military, *a.* belonging to the paps
Mam'moc, *v.* to tear or pull in pieces
Mam'moc, *s.* a shapeless piece
Mam'mon, *s.* riches, wealth
Mam'monist, *s.* a worldly minded person
Man, *s.* human being; the male; not a boy
Man, *v. a.* to furnish with men, &c.
Man'acles, *s.* chains for the hands
Man'age, **Man'agement**, **Man'agery**, *s.* conduct, frugality; government of a horse

Man'ageable, *a.* governable, tractable
Man'ager, *s.* a frugal person; a conductor
Man'a'tion, *s.* the act of issuing from
Man'chet, *s.* a small white loaf
Man'cipate, *v. a.* to enslave, bind, tie
Man'ciple, *s.* a purveyor, a steward
Manda'mus, *s.* a writ in the king's bench
Manda'm'n, *s.* a Chinese magistrate or noble
Man'date, *s.* a command, a precept
Man'datory, *a.* preceptive, directory
Man'dible, *s.* the jaw
Man'dil, *s.* a Persian mantle
Man'drake, *s.* a plant with angular roots
Man'ducate, *v. a.* to chew, to eat
Man'e, *s.* the hair on the neck of a horse
Man'eater, *s.* one who eats human flesh
Ma'nes, *s.* a ghost, shade, departed soul
Man'ful, *a.* bold, stout, daring, valiant
Man'fully, *ad.* boldly, stoutly, valiantly
Man'ganese, *s.* a poor sort of iron ore
Mange, *s.* a filthy disease in cattle
Ma'nger, *s.* a long wooden trough for animals to eat out of
Man'gle, *v. a.* to lacerate; to cut or tear in pieces; to smooth linen
Man'gler, *s.* a hacher; one that mangles
Man'go, *s.* an Indian fruit and pickle
Ma'ngy, *a.* infected with the mange
Man'hood, *s.* courage, bravery, virility
Ma'nia, **Ma'nie**, *s.* madness
Ma'niac, *s.* a mad person
Man'iacal, *a.* affected with madness
Man'ifest, *a.* plain, evident, clear
Man'ifest, *v. a.* to shew plainly, &c.
Manifesta'tion, *s.* discovery, publication
Man'ifestly, *ad.* plainly, evidently
Man'ifesto, *s.* a public protestation
Man'ifold, *a.* many in number, divers
Man'ikin, *s.* a little man
Man'ilio, **Man'il'e**, *s.* a ring or bracelet
Man'iple, *s.* a handful; a band of soldiers
Man'kind, *s.* the human race
Man'like, **Man'ly**, *a.* firm, brave, stout
Man'liness, *s.* bravery, stoutness, dignity
Man-mid'wife, *s.* a male midwife; an accoucheur
Man'na, *s.* a physical drug, &c.
Man'ner, *s.* form, habit, mien, kind
Man'nerly, *a.* civil, well behaved
Man'ners, *s.* polite behaviour, morals
Manoeuv're, *s.* skilful management; stratagem—*v.* to manage skilfully
Man'or, *s.* a lord's jurisdiction
Manse, *s.* a parsonage-house
Man'sion, *s.* a dwelling-house, an abode
Man'slaughter, *s.* murder without malice
Man'tel, *s.* raised work over a chimney
Man'telst, *s.* a kind of short cloak; in fortification, a pent-house for shelter
Man'tiger, *s.* a large monkey or baboon
Man'tle, *s.* a cloak—*v.* to ferment, cover
Man'tology, *s.* the gift of prophecy
Man'tua, *s.* a woman's gown
Man'tua-maker, *s.* one who makes gowns
Man'ual, *a.* performed by the hand
Man'ual, *s.* a small book of prayer, &c.
Manu'bial, *a.* taken as spoils in war
Manuduc'tion, *s.* a guidance by the hand

Manufactory, *s.* the place where a manufacture is carried on
 Manufacture, *s.* any thing made by art
 Manufacturer, *v. a.* to make by art
 Manufacturer, *s.* an artificer, a workman
 Manumission, *s.* the act of freeing slaves
 Manumit, *v. a.* to release from slavery
 Manurable, *a.* capable of cultivation
 Manurance, *s.* agriculture, cultivation
 Manure, *v. a.* to enrich—*s.* soil for land
 Manuscript, *s.* a written book not printed
 Man'y, *a.* numerous, several
 Man'ycoloured, *a.* having many colours
 Man'yheaded, *a.* having many heads
 Man'ylangued, *a.* having many languages
 Map, *s.* a delineation of countries, &c.
 Ma'ple, *s.* a tree
 Map'pery, *s.* the art of planning, &c.
 Mar, *v. a.* to injure, spoil, damage
 Maranath'a, *s.* a form of anathematizing
 Marasmus, *s.* a consumption
 Maraud'ing, *s.* a plundering soldier
 Maraud'ing, *s.* ranging in quest of plunder
 Maravedi, *s.* a small Spanish copper coin
 Ma'rbie, *s.* a stone of a fine polish
 Ma'rbie, *a.* made of or like marble
 Ma'rbiehearted, *a.* cruel, hard-hearted
 Ma'rcasite, *s.* a hard bright fossil
 Marcescent, *a.* growing withered
 Marcescible, *a.* liable to wither or fade
 March, *s.* the third month of the year; a journey of soldiers; a solemn procession
 Ma'rches, *s.* the limits of a country
 Ma'rchioness, *s.* the wife of a marquis
 Ma'rcipane, *s.* a kind of sweet bread
 Ma'rcid, *a.* lean, withered, faded, rotten
 Mare, *s.* the female of a horse; a kind of torpor or stagnation called the night-mare
 Ma'rieschal, *s.* a commander of an army
 Ma'rganite, *s.* a pearl; an herb
 Ma'rgent, Ma'rgin, *s.* an edge, a border
 Ma'rginal, *a.* placed in the margin
 Ma'grave, *s.* a German title of sovereignty
 Margraviate, *s.* the territory of a margrave
 Margrav'ine, *s.* the wife of a margrave
 Mar'gold, *s.* a yellow flower, a pot herb
 Ma'riate, *v. a.* to preserve fish in oil, &c.
 Ma'rine, *a.* belonging to the sea
 Ma'rine, *s.* a sea soldier; sea affairs
 Ma'rine, *s.* a seaman, a sailor
 Ma'rjorum, *s.* a sweet smelling herb
 Ma'rish, *a.* moorish, fenny, boggy
 Ma'rital, *a.* pertaining to a husband
 Ma'ritime, *a.* performed on the sea, relating to the sea, bordering on the sea
 Mark, *s.* a stamp, an impression, a proof; a silver coin worth 13s. 4d.
 Mark, *v.* to make a mark, to note
 Ma'rket, *s.* the place for and time of sale
 Ma'rketable, *a.* fit for sale at market
 Ma'rksman, *s.* one who can hit a mark
 Mari, *s.* a sort of fat clay or manure
 Ma'rine, *s.* hemp dipped in pitch
 Ma'ripit, *s.* a pit out of which mari is dug
 Ma'riy, *a.* abounding with mari
 Ma'malade, *s.* quinces boiled with sugar
 Marmos'cean, *a.* made of marble

Ma'rmoset, *s.* a small kind of monkey
 Marque, *s.* licence for reprisals
 Marquee, *s.* an officer's field tent
 Ma'rquis, *s.* a title next to a duke
 Ma'rquisate, *s.* dignity or power of a marquis
 Ma'rriage, *s.* the act of uniting a man and woman together according to law
 Ma'rriageable, *a.* of age to be married
 Ma'rried, *part. a.* joined in wedlock
 Ma'row, *s.* an oily substance in bones
 Ma'rowfat, *s.* a fine large species of pea
 Ma'rowless, *a.* void of marrow, dry
 Ma'ry, *v.* to join in or enter into marriage
 Marsh, Ma'rish, *s.* a bog, a fen, a swamp
 Ma'rsal, *s.* the chief officer of arms
 Ma'rsal, *v. a.* to arrange, rank in order
 Ma'rsalses, *s.* a prison in Southwark
 Ma'rsalship, *s.* the office of a marshal
 Marshma'low, *s.* the name of a plant
 Marshma'rigold, *s.* the name of a flower
 Ma'rsly, *a.* boggy, wet, swampy, fenny
 Mart, *s.* a place of public sale; a bargain
 Ma'rten, *s.* a large weasel; a swallow
 Ma'rtial, *a.* warlike, vallant, brave
 Ma'rtialist, *s.* a warrior, a fighter
 Ma'rtingal, *s.* a leathern thong for a horse
 Ma'rtinmas, *s.* the feast of St Martin
 Ma'rtinet, Ma'rtlet, *s.* a kind of swallow
 Ma'rttyr, *s.* one who dies for the truth
 Ma'rttydom, *s.* the death of a martyr
 Ma'rttyr'ogy, *s.* a register of martyrs
 Ma'rvel, *s.* a wonder—*v. n.* to wonder at
 Ma'rvellous, *a.* astonishing, strange
 Ma'rvellously, *ad.* wonderfully, strangely
 Ma'sculare, *v. a.* to make strong
 Ma'sculine, *a.* male, like a man, manly
 Mash, *s.* a mixture of water, bran, &c. for cattle; space between the threads of a net
 Mash, *v. a.* to break, bruise, or squeeze
 Mash'y, *a.* produced by crushing
 Mask, *s.* a disguise; an entertainment
 Ma'sker, *s.* one who revels in a mask
 Ma'son, *s.* one who works in stone
 Mason'ic, *a.* relating to free-masons
 Mass, *s.* a lump; Romish church service
 Masquers'ade, *s.* an assembly of maskers
 Masquera'der, *s.* a person in a mask
 Mass, *s.* a lump; Romish church service
 Ma'ssacre, *s.* butchery, slaughter, murder
 Ma'ssacre, *v. a.* to butcher indiscriminately
 Ma'ssiness, Ma'ssiveness, *s.* weight, bulk
 Ma'ssive, Ma'ssy, *a.* weighty, bulky
 Mast, *s.* the beam raised above the ship to which the sail is fixed; the fruit of beech and oak; two pounds and a half of amber
 Ma'ster, *s.* the chief of any place or thing one who teaches; a title in universities
 Ma'ster, *v. a.* to rule, govern, conquer
 Ma'sterless, *a.* having no master, unruly
 Ma'sterly, *a.* skilful, artful; imperious
 Ma'sterpiece, *s.* chief excellence; a performace done with extraordinary skill
 Ma'stership, *s.* power, pre-eminence, skill
 Ma'sterstroke, *s.* capital performance
 Ma'stery, *s.* dominion, superiority, skill
 Mastication, *s.* the act of chewing
 Ma'sticatory, *s.* a medicine to be chewed

Mas'tich, *s.* a sweet scented gum ; cement
Mas'tiff, *s.* a large fierce species of dog
Mas'tless, *a.* bearing no mast
Mas'tlin, **Mes'lin**, *s.* mixed corn
Mat, *s.* a texture of rushes, sedge, or flags
Mat'achin, *s.* an old kind of dance
Matado're, *s.* a term at ombre or quadrille
Match, *s.* a contest ; an equal ; marriage ;
 a strip of wood tipped with brimstone
Match, *v.* to be equal to ; suit ; marry ; tally
Mat'chable, *a.* suitable, equal, correspondent
Mat'chless, *a.* having no equal
Mat'chmaker, *s.* one who makes matches
Mate, *s.* a companion ; the second in subor-
 dination, as, the *master's mate*
Ma'teless, *a.* without a companion
Mate'rial, *a.* important, essential ; corpo-
 real ; consisting of matter, not spiritual
Mat'e'rialism, *s.* opinions of a materialist
Mat'e'rials, *s.* what any thing is made of
Mat'e'rialist, *s.* one who denies the doctrine
 of spiritual substances
Material'ity, *s.* material existence, corpo-
 reity
Mat'e'rially, *ad.* in the state of matter ; es-
 sentially, importantly, momentarily
Mater'nal, *a.* motherly, fond, kind
Mathemat'ic, **Mathemat'ical**, *a.* considered
 according to the doctrine of mathematics
Mathemat'ically, *ad.* according to the laws
 or rules of the mathematics
Mathematic'ian, *s.* one skilled in or a
 teacher of the mathematics
Mathemat'ics, *s.* that science which teaches
 to number and measure whatever is capa-
 ble of it, comprised under lines, num-
 bers, superficies, solids, &c.
Ma'ther, *s.* an herb
Mathe'ms, *s.* the doctrine of mathematics
Mat'in, *a.* used in the morning
Mat'ins, *s.* morning worship
Mat'ruas, *s.* a chymical glass vessel
Mat'rice, **Mat'rix**, *s.* the womb ; a mould ;
 that which gives form to what is enclosed
Mat'ricide, *s.* the murdering of a mother
Matric'ulate, *v. a.* to admit to a member-
 ship of the universities of England
Matricula'tion, *s.* the act of matriculating
Matrimo'niol, *a.* pertaining to marriage
Mat'rimony, *s.* a marriage, wedlock
Ma'tron, *s.* a prudent motherly woman
Ma'tronly, *a.* elderly, ancient, motherly
Mat'ross, *s.* a soldier in the artillery
Mat'ter, *s.* body or substance ; affair ; oc-
 casion ; subject ; purulent running
Mat'toe, *s.* a pickaxe, a tool to grub weeds
Mat'tress, *s.* a quilted bed to lie on
Matura'tion, *s.* supuration, ripening
Matu'rative, *a.* ripening, digesting
Matu're, *a.* ripe, perfect, well disposed
Matu'rely, *ad.* with counsel well digested
Matu'rity, *s.* ripeness, completion
Mau'dlin, *a.* drunk, fuddled—*s.* a plant
Mau'gre, *ad.* in spite of, notwithstanding
Maul, *v. a.* to bruise or beat soundly, &c.
Maul, *s.* a heavy wooden hammer
Mau'nd, *s.* a hamper with handles
Mau'nder, *v. n.* to grumble to murmur

Mau'ndy-Thur'sday, *s.* Thursday before
 Good-Friday, when the king's almoner
 distributes benefactions to the poor
Mausole'um, *s.* a pompous funeral monu-
 ment
Maw, *s.* the stomach, the craw of birds
Maw'hish, *a.* apt to cause a loathing, &c.
Maw'met, *s.* a puppet, anciently an idol
Maw'mish, *a.* foolish, idle, nauseous
Maw'worm, *s.* a worm in the stomach
Max'illary, *a.* pertaining to the jaw-bone
Max'im, *s.* a general principle, an axiom
May, *s.* the fifth month of the year
May, *v. aux.* to be permitted, to have
 power
May'flower, *s.* the name of a flower
May'fly, *s.* an insect peculiar to May
May'game, *s.* a sport, diversion, play
May'ing, *s.* gathering May flowers
May'li'ly, *s.* the lily of the valley
May'or, *s.* chief magistrate of a corpora-
 tion, in London and York called *Lord*
Mayor
May'oralty, *s.* the office of a mayor
May'oress, *s.* the wife of a mayor
May'pole, *s.* a pole danced round in May
May'weed, *s.* a species of chamomile
Max'ard, *s.* a jaw, the jaw-bone
Maze, *s.* confusion of thought ; a labyrinth
May'ry, *a.* intricate, confused, perplexed
Me, *pron.* the accusative case of *I*
Mea'cock, *a.* tame, timorous, cowardly
Mead, *s.* a drink made of honey and water
Mead, **Mead'ow**, *s.* pasture land
Mea'ger, *a.* lean, poor in flesh, hungry
Mea'gerness, *s.* leanness, scantiness, bareness
Meak, *s.* a hook with a long handle
Meal, *s.* edible part of corn ; a repast
Mea'liness, *s.* a mealy quality
Mea'lman, *s.* one that deals in meal
Mea'ly, *a.* of the taste or softness of meal
Mea'lymou'thed, *a.* bashful of speech
Mean, *a.* of low rank, base, contemptible
Mean, *s.* medium, measure, revenue
Mean, *v.* to intend, design, signify
Mea'nder, *s.* a serpentine winding, maze
Mea'ning, *s.* a signification, intention
Mea'nly, *ad.* without dignity, ungenerously
Mea'ness, *s.* lowness of mind, scordiness
Meant, *part. pass.* of *mean*
Mease, *s.* a measure of 500 herrings
Mea'sled, **Mea'sly**, *a.* spotted with measles
Mea'sles, *s.* a kind of fever, attended with
 inflammation, eruptions, &c.
Meas'urable, *a.* that may be measured
Measure, *v. a.* to compute or allot quantity
Measure, *s.* that by which any thing is measured ; musical time ; metre ; proportion ;
 allotment, limit, boundary, degree
Meas'ureless, *a.* immense, boundless
Meas'urement, *s.* act of measuring
Meas'urer, *s.* one that measures
Measures, *s.* ways, means, &c.
Meat, *s.* flesh to be eaten ; food in general
Mea'ted, *a.* fed, foddered
Mea'toffering, *s.* an offering to be eaten
Mechan'ic, **Mechan'ical**, *a.* skilled in me-
 chanics ; servile ; of mean occupation

Mechanic, *s.* a manufacturer, artificer
Mechanician, **Mechanist**, *s.* one studying the construction of machines

Mechanics, *s.* the geometry of motion

Mechanism, *s.* artificial construction

Mex'olum, *s.* expressed juice of popples

Med'al, *s.* an ancient coin; a piece stamped in honour of some victory, &c.

Medal'lion, *s.* a large medal or coin

Med'allist, *s.* one curious in medals

Med'dle, *v.* to interpose, to have to do

Med'dler, *s.* an officious busybody

Med'iate, *v.* to interpose as an equal friend to both parties; to be between two

Media'tion, *s.* an interposition, agency

Media'tor, *s.* an intercessor, an adviser

Media'torship, *s.* the office of a mediator

Media'trix, *s.* a female mediator

Med'icable, *a.* that may be healed

Med'ical, **Medic'inal**, *a.* physical

Med'ically, **Medic'inally**, *ad.* physically

Medic'ament, *s.* any thing used in healing

Medicate, *v. a.* to tincture with medicines

Medicine, *s.* a remedy in physic

Med'ity, *s.* a middle state; half

Mediocr'ity, *s.* a middle state; small degree

Med'itate, *v.* to plan, scheme, contemplate

Medita'tion, *s.* deep thought, contemplation

Meditative, *a.* given to meditation, serious

Mediterra'nean, **Mediterra'neous**, *a.* encircled with land; remote from the sea

Mediterra'nean-Sea, *s.* so called from its situation, having Europe on the north, Africa on the south, and Asia on the east

Med'ium, *s.* a mean or middle state

Med'lar, *s.* the name of a tree and its fruit

Med'ley, *s.* a mixture, mingled mass

Medul'lar, *a.* pertaining to marrow

Meed, *s.* a reward, a recompence, a gift

Meek, *a.* mild of temper, gentle, soft

Meekness, *s.* gentleness, quietness, mildness

Meer, *s.* a boundary, a lake

Meet, *v.* to encounter, find, join—*a.* proper

Meet'ing, *s.* an assembly, a conveticle

Meet'ly, *ad.* properly, fitly

Meet'ness, *s.* fitness, propriety

Me'grim, *s.* a painful disorder of the head

Me'ancholic, **Me'ancholy**, *a.* fanciful, gloomy, hypochondriacal, dismal

Me'ancholy, *s.* sadness, pensiveness

Meliorate, *v. a.* to make better, to improve

Meliora'tion, **Melior'ity**, *s.* improvement

Mellif'erous, *a.* producing honey

Mellifica'tion, *s.* the act of making honey

Mellifluence, *s.* a flow of sweetness

Mellifluent, **Mellifluous**, *a.* flowing with honey, sweet; eloquent

Mel'low, *a.* soft in sound; full ripe; drunk

Mel'lowness, *s.* ripeness, maturity

Melo'dious, *a.* harmonious, full of melody

Me'lo'dy, *s.* music, harmony of sound

Me'lon, *s.* a plant and its fruit

Melt, *v.* to make or become liquid, dissolve

Me'ter, *s.* one that melts metals

Mem'ber, *s.* a limb, part, clause; one

Mem'brane, *s.* a web of many fibres

Mem'bra'neous, *a.* consisting of membranes

Mem'en'to, *s.* a hint, notice, memorial

Memo'r, *s.* a history written by persons interested in, or eye witnesses to, the events

Mem'orable, *a.* worthy of remembrance

Memoran'dum, *s.* a note to help memory

Memo'rial, *s.* a monument; something to preserve memory; a writing about public business by a public minister, &c.

Memo'rialist, *s.* one who writes memorials

Mem'ory, *s.* the power of retaining or recollecting things past; that faculty by which we call to mind any past transaction

Men, *s.* plural of *Man*

Men'ace, *v. a.* to threaten—*a.* a threat

Mena'ge, **Mena'gerie**, *s.* a collection of animals

Mend, *v. a.* to repair, correct, improve

Mendac'ity, *s.* a falsehood

Men'der, *s.* one who mends or improves

Men'dicant, *a.* begging—*a.* a beggar

Men'dicate, *v. a.* to beg, to ask alms

Mendic'ity, *s.* the life of a beggar

Me'nal, *s.* a servant—*a.* domestic

Menology, *s.* a register of months

Men's'trual, *a.* monthly, lasting a month

Men's'trum, *s.* liquids used in infusions

Men'surable, *a.* that may be measured

Men'surate, *v. a.* to measure any thing

Mensura'tion, *s.* the act of measuring

Men'tal, *a.* intellectual; in the mind

Men'tion, *s.* oral recital of any thing

Men'tion, *v. a.* to express in words, &c.

Mephit'ical, *a.* ill savoured, stinking

Mer'cantile, *a.* trading, commercial

Mer'cat, *s.* Properly *Ma'rket*

Mer'cenary, *s.* a hireling—*a.* venal, selfish

Mer'cer, *s.* one who sells silk, &c.

Mer'cery, *s.* the trade of mercers

Mer'chandise, *s.* a trade, commerce, wares

Mer'chant, *s.* a dealer by wholesale

Mer'chantman, *s.* a ship of trade

Mer'ciful, *a.* compassionate, tender, kind

Mer'cifully, *ad.* tenderly, with pity

Mer'ciless, *a.* void of mercy, pitiless

Mercur'ial, *a.* consisting of mercury

Mer'cury, *s.* quicksilver; sprightliness

Mer'cy, *s.* clemency, pardon, mildness

Me're, *a.* that or this only, nothing else

Me'rely, *ad.* simply, only, in this manner

Meretric'ious, *a.* whorish, lewd, gaudy

Mer'ge, *v.* to plunge, to immerse

Merid'ian, *s.* mid-day; the line drawn from north to south, which the sun crosses at noon; highest point of glory and power

Merid'ional, *a.* southern, southerly

Me'rit, *s.* desert, due reward, claim, right

Merito'rious, *a.* deserving of reward

Mer'lin, *s.* a sort of hawk

Mer'maid, *s.* a fabulous sea creature, with the upper parts described like those of a woman, and the lower like a fish

Mer'rily, *ad.* with gayety, cheerfully

Mer'rim'ent, *s.* cheerfulness, laughter, gayety

Mer'ry, *a.* cheerful, causing laughter

Mer'ry-andrew, *s.* a buffoon, a jack-pudding

Mer'rythought, *a.* a bone of a fowl
Mer'sion, *a.* the act of dipping or plunging
Mesenter'ic, *a.* relating to the mesentery
Mes'entery, *a.* that membranous part round which the guts are convolved
Mesh, *a.* space between the threads of a net
Mess, *a.* a dish or portion of food
Mess, *v. n.* to eat, to feed together
Mes'sage, *a.* an errand, advice sent
Mes'senger, *a.* one who carries a message
Mess'iah, *a.* the Saviour of the world, Christ
Mes'sieurs, *pl.* of *monsieur*, gentlemen
Mess'mate, *a.* one who eats with another
Mes'suage, *a.* a dwelling-house, &c.
Met, *pref.* and *part.* of *meet*
Me'tage, *a.* the measuring of coals
Met'al, *a.* metals are six in number, viz. gold, silver, copper, tin, iron, and lead; courage
Metalep'tic, *a.* acting transversely
Meta'llic, *a.* pertaining to metal
Met'alline, *a.* impregnated with metal
Met'allist, *a.* a worker in metals
Met'allurgy, *a.* the act of working metals
Metamorphosis, *a.* a transformation
Met'aphor, *a.* the application of a word to a use to which, in its original import, it cannot be put, as, he bridles his anger; the golden harvest, &c.
Metaphorical, *a.* figurative, not literal
Met'aphrase, *a.* a verbal translation
Metaphys'ical, *a.* relating to metaphysics
Metaphys'ics, *a.* the science which considers beings abstracted from all matter, particularly beings purely spiritual, as God, angels, and the human soul
Metat'asis, *a.* a translation or removal
Metath'esis, *a.* a transposition, change
Mete, *v. a.* to measure, &c.
Metempsychosis, *a.* a transmigration of souls from one body to another at death
Me'teor, *a.* a body in the air or sky, of a luminous, transitory nature
Meteorolog'ical, *a.* relating to meteors
Meteorologist, *a.* a man skilled in meteors
Meteorol'ogy, *a.* the doctrine of meteors
Me'ter, *a.* a measurer
Me'teward, **Me'teyard**, *a.* a staff where-with measures are taken
Metheg'lin, *a.* a drink made of honey, spices, water, &c. boiled together
Methin'ks, *v. imp.* I think, it seems to me
Met'hod, *a.* convenient order, regularity
Method'ical, *a.* ranged in due order, exact
Method'ically, *adv.* according to method
Met'hodize, *v. a.* to bring into good order
Met'hodism, *a.* a term of reproach attached to a system of religious opinions, the professors of which are divided into two classes; the one subscribes to the doctrines of Calvin, and the other embraces the tenets of Arminius
Methou'ght, *pref.* of *methinks*, I thought
Meton'o-my, *a.* a figure in rhetoric, when one word is used for another
Metopos'copy, *a.* the study of physiognomy
Me'tre, *a.* verse, harmonic measure
Met'rical, *a.* pertaining to metre

Metrop'olis, *a.* the chief city of a country
Metropol'itan, *a.* an archbishop
Met'tle, *a.* fire, briskness, spirit, courage
Met'tled, *a.* sprightly, courageous
Met'tlesome, *a.* lively, brisk, courageous
Mew, *a.* a cage, enclosure; a sea fowl
Mew, *v.* to cry as a cat; moult; shut up
Mewl, *v. n.* to squall as a young child
Mezzo'tin'to, *a.* a kind of engraving on copper
Mi'ssam, *a.* a particle or atom supposed to arise from distempered, putrefying, poisonous bodies
Mice, *a.* plural of *Mouse*
Mich'aelmas, *a.* the feast of St Michael
Niche, *v. n.* to skulk, absent one's self
Nich'er, *a.* a lazy loiterer, a skulker
Nich'ing, *part.* lying hid, loitering
Mi'crocosm, *a.* a little world; man
Microm'eter, *a.* an astronomical instrument to measure small spaces
Mi'roscope, *a.* an optical instrument, by which the smallest objects are discerned
Mid, **Midst**, *a.* between two; equally distant
Mid'-day, *a.* noon, meridian
Mid'dle, *a.* equally distant from the two extremes; intermediate
Mid'die-aged, *a.* about the middle of life
Mid'diemost, **Mid'most**, *a.* in the midst
Mid'dling, *a.* of middle rank; moderate
Midge, *a.* a gnat, an insect
Mid'-heav'ens, *a.* the middle of the sky
Mid'land, *a.* surrounded by land
Mid'leg, *a.* the middle of the leg
Mid'night, *a.* twelve o'clock at night
Mid'rid, *a.* the diaphragm; a skin separating the heart, &c. from the lower belly
Mid'shipman, *a.* a naval officer next in rank to a lieutenant
Mid'stream, *a.* the middle of the stream
Mid'summer, *a.* the summer solstice
Mid'way, *adv.* in the middle of a passage
Mid'wife, *a.* a woman who assists women in childbirth
Mid'wifery, *a.* the act of delivering women
Mid'winter, *a.* the winter solstice
Mien, *a.* air, look, manner, appearance
Might, *pref.* of *may*—*a.* power, force
Mightily, *adv.* powerfully, efficaciously
Mightiness, *a.* power, height of dignity
Mighty, *a.* powerful—*adv.* in a great degree
Mignonett'e, *a.* a sweet smelling flower
Mi'grate, *v. n.* to remove, to change place
Migration, *a.* the act of removing
Mig'ratory, *a.* disposed to remove from place to place
Milk, *a.* giving or yielding milk
Mild, *a.* kind, gentle, soft, easy, tender
Mil'dew, *a.* a disease in plants, &c.; certain spots on cloth, pap r, &c.
Mil'dewed, *part.* *a.* damaged with mildew
Mi'dly, *adv.* tenderly, not severely
Mi'dness, *a.* gentleness, clemency
Mile, *a.* a land measure of 1760 yards
Mile'stone, *a.* a stone set to mark the miles
Mil'foil, *a.* an herb with many leaves
Mil'lary, *a.* small, like millet seeds
Mil'tant, *a.* fighting, engaged in warfare

Military, *a.* warlike, saluting a soldier
 Mil'itate, *v. n.* to differ from, to oppose
 Mil'it'ia, *a.* a national force; trainbands
 Milk, *s.* the liquor with which females feed
 their young from the breast or teats
 Milk, *v. a.* to draw milk from a cow, &c.
 Mil'ken, *a.* consisting of milk
 Mil'ker, *s.* one that milks animals
 Mil'kiness, *a.* softness like that of milk
 Mil'kmaid, *a.* woman employed in the dairy
 Mil'ksop, *s.* a soft feeble-minded man
 Mil'kwhite, *a.* white as milk
 Mil'ky, *a.* yielding milk; soft, gentle
 Mil'ky-way, *s.* a broad white track in the
 heavens, caused by the light of an infi-
 nity of fixed stars; the galaxy
 Mill, *s.* an engine to grind corn, &c.
 Mill, *v. a.* to grind, comminute; stamp
 Mil'cog, *s.* a tooth of a wheel
 Millenarian, *s.* one who holds the doctrine
 of, or expects the millennium
 Mil'lenary, *a.* consisting of a thousand
 Mil'len'ium, *s.* the space of 1000 years,
 during which some imagine Christ will
 reign on earth after the resurrection
 Mil'lepedes, *s.* woodlice; insects
 Mil'ler, *s.* one who attends mills; a fly
 Mil'le'simal, *a.* a thousandth
 Mil'let, *s.* the name of a fish and a plant
 Mil'horse, *s.* a horse that turns a mill
 Mil'liner, *s.* one who sells ribands, bonnets,
 caps, &c. for women
 Mil'linery, *s.* goods sold by a milliner
 Mil'lion, *s.* ten hundred thousand
 Mil'pond, *s.* a bed of water near a mill
 Mil'stone, *s.* a stone for grinding corn
 Mil'teeth, *s.* large teeth; the grinders
 Milt, *s.* the soft rot of fishes; the spleen
 Mil'ter, *s.* the male of fishes
 Mim'ic, *s.* a ludicrous imitator of the ges-
 tures or voice of others, a buffoon
 Mim'ic, Mim'ical, *a.* apish, imitative
 Mim'icry, *s.* a burlesque copying
 Mimog'rapher, *s.* a writer of farces
 Min'aret, *s.* a high slender turret
 Min'atory, *a.* threatening, denouncing
 Mince, *v. a.* to cut very small; to palliate
 Min'cingly, *ad.* in small parts, not fully
 Mind, *s.* intelligent faculty, opinion
 Mind, *v. a.* to mark, to attend, to remind
 M'nded, *a.* inclined, affected, disposed
 M'ndful, *a.* regardful, attentive
 M'ndfulness, *s.* attention, watchfulness
 M'ndless, *a.* regardless, inattentive
 Mine, *pron. poss.* belonging to me
 Mine, *s.* a place where minerals are dug;
 a cavern under a fortification filled with
 gunpowder—*v.* to sap or ruin by mines
 Min'eral, *s.* matter dug out of mines
 Min'eral, *a.* consisting of fossil bodies
 Min'eralist, *s.* one skilled in minerals
 Mineralog'ist, *s.* a discourses on minerals
 Mineralogy, *s.* the doctrine of minerals
 Min'gle, *v. a.* to mix, compound, unite
 Min'gle, *s.* a mixture, confused mass
 Min'ature, *a.* a painting in water colours,
 very small and delicate
 Min'ikin, *a.* small—*s.* a small pin

Min'im, *s.* a dwarf; a note in music
 Min'imus, *s.* a being of the least size
 Min'ion, *s.* a favourite; a low unprincipled
 dependant; a darling
 Min'ish, *v. a.* to lessen, lop, impair
 Min'ister, *s.* an officer of the state or the
 church; an agent; a delegate
 Min'ister, *v.* to give, supply, attend on
 Ministe'rial, *a.* pertaining to a minister of
 the church or state; attendant
 Min'istry, *s.* office, service, administration
 Ministra'tion, *s.* agency, service, office
 Min'istry, *s.* office; agency of the state
 Min'now, *s.* a very small fish, a pink
 M'nor, *a.* less, smaller, inconsiderable
 M'nor, *s.* one not of age; in logic, the se-
 cond proposition in the syllogism
 Min'orate, *v. a.* to diminish, to lessen
 Minora'tion, *s.* the act of lessening
 Minor'ity, *s.* nonage; state of being under
 age; the smaller number
 Min'otaur, *s.* a monster invented by the
 poets, half a man and half a bull
 Min'ster, *s.* a cathedral church, a monastery
 Min'streley, *s.* music; a band of musicians
 Mint, *s.* a plant; a place for coining
 Min'uet, *s.* a stately regular dance
 Min'um, *s.* a note of slow time
 Minu'te, *a.* small, little, slender, trifling
 Min'ute, *s.* the 60th part of an hour
 Min'ute, *v. a.* to set down in short hints
 Min'ute-book, *s.* a book of short hints
 Min'ute-gun, *s.* a gun fired every minute
 Minu'tely, *ad.* exactly, to a small point
 Minu'tiae, *s.* the smallest particulars
 Minx, *s.* a young pert wanton girl
 Mir'acle, *s.* something above human power
 Mirac'ulous, *a.* done by miracle
 Mirac'ulously, *ad.* by miracle; wonderfully
 Mirado'r, *s.* a balcony, a gallery
 Mire, *s.* mud, dirt, filth; an ant, a pismire
 Mire, *v. a.* to whelm in the mud
 Mir'ror, *s.* a looking-glass; a pattern
 Mir'rorstone, *s.* a clear transparent stone
 Mirth, *s.* jollity, merriment, laughter
 Mirthful, *a.* gay, cheerful, merry
 M'ry, *a.* deep in mud, muddy, filthy
 Misadven'ture, *s.* mischance, bad fortune
 Misad've'ne, *v. a.* to give bad counsel
 Misad've'ed, *a.* ill-counselled, ill-directed
 Misaim'ed, *a.* not aimed rightly
 Misalle'd, *a.* ill associated
 Mis'an'thrope, *s.* a hater of mankind
 Mis'an'tropy, *s.* the hatred of mankind
 Misapp'ly, *v. a.* to apply to wrong purposes
 Misapprehen'd, *v. a.* not to understand
 rightly, to misunderstand, to mistake
 Misapprehen'sion, *s.* not right apprehension
 Misas'sign, *v. a.* to assign erroneously
 Misbecom'm'e, *v. a.* not to become, not to suit
 Misbecom'ing, *part. a.* indecent, unseemly
 Misbegot'ten, *part. a.* unlawfully begotten
 Misbeha'v'e, *v. a.* to act improperly or ill
 Misbeha'viour, *s.* ill conduct, bad practice
 Misbelie'f, *s.* a wrong faith or belief
 Misbelie've'r, *s.* one that holds a false religion
 Miscal', *v. a.* to name improperly
 Miscal'culate, *v. a.* to reckon wrong

Miscarriage, *s.* abortion; ill success
Miscarriage, *v. n.* to have an abortion; to fail
Miscellaneous, *a.* composed of various kinds, mixed without order
Miscellany, *s.* a mass or mixture formed of various kinds
Mischie, *s.* ill luck, ill fortune
Mischief, *s.* harm, hurt, injury
Mischiefmaker, *s.* one who causes mischief
Mischievous, *a.* hurtful, malicious
Miscible, *a.* possible to be mingled
Miscitation, *s.* a false or unfair quotation
Miscialam, *s.* an improper or mistaken claim
Misconception, *s.* a false opinion
Misconduct, *s.* ill management, ill behaviour
Misconstruction, *s.* a wrong interpretation
Misconstruction, *v. a.* to interpret wrong
Miscourt, *v. a.* to reckon wrong
Miscreance, *s.* unbelief, suspicion, false faith
Miscreant, *s.* an infidel, a vile wretch
Miscreant, *a.* formed unnaturally or illegitimately, ill shapen
Miscrime, *s.* an evil action, crime
Miscrime, *v. a.* to judge ill of; to mistake
Miscrime, *v. a.* to behave ill
Miscrime, *s.* an offence, ill behaviour
Miscrime, *s.* mistaken piety
Miscrime, *v. a.* to do wrong, to commit crimes
Miscrime, *v. a.* to suspect—*s.* suspicion
Miscrime, *v. a.* to use to wrong purposes
Miscrime, *s.* improper application
Miscrime, *s.* a wretch, one covetous to excess
Miscrime, *a.* unhappy, wretched; stingy
Miscrime, *ad.* unhappily; meanly
Miscrime, *s.* wretchedness, calamity, avarice
Miscrime, *v. a.* to form wrong
Miscrime, *v. a.* to form badly
Miscrime, *s.* calamity, evil fortune
Miscrime, *v. a.* to fill with doubt
Miscrime, *v. a.* to rule amiss
Miscrime, *v. a.* to direct ill, to lead wrong
Miscrime, *s.* false direction
Miscrime, *s.* a mischance, ill luck
Miscrime, *v. a.* to infer wrong, to mistake
Miscrime, *v. a.* to give a false account
Miscrime, *v. a.* to interpret wrong
Miscrime, *v. a.* to join unjustly or improperly
Miscrime, *v. a.* to judge wrong
Miscrime, *v. a.* to lay in a wrong place
Miscrime, *v. n.* to rain in small drops
Miscrime, *v. a.* to guide in a wrong way
Miscrime, *v. a.* to disapprove, not to like
Miscrime, *a.* raining in very small drops
Miscrime, *v. a.* to manage ill, misapply
Miscrime, *s.* ill conduct
Miscrime, *v. a.* to march unsuitably
Miscrime, *v. a.* to call by a wrong name
Miscrime, *s.* in law, an indictment vacated by a wrong name; a miscalling
Miscrime, *v. a.* not to observe accurately
Miscrime, *s.* hatred of women
Miscrime, *v. a.* to spell wrong
Miscrime, *v. a.* to spend ill, waste, lavish
Miscrime, *s.* a false opinion
Miscrime, *v. a.* to put in a wrong place
Miscrime, *v. a.* to point or divide wrong

Miscrime, *v. a.* to mistake, slight, scorn
Miscrime, *s.* contempt, negligence, scorn
Miscrime, *s.* the concealment of known treason
Miscrime, *v. a.* to join without symmetry
Miscrime, *a.* viciously proud
Miscrime, *v. a.* to quote falsely
Miscrime, *v. a.* to recite or repeat wrong
Miscrime, *v. a.* to compute wrong
Miscrime, *v. a.* to relate falsely
Miscrime, *v. a.* to give a false account
Miscrime, *v. a.* to represent not as it is, to falsify to disadvantage
Miscrime, *s.* tumult, disorder, revel
Miscrime, *s.* a young unmarried woman
Miscrime, *v. a.* not to hit; mistake, fail, omit
Miscrime, *s.* the Romish mass book
Miscrime, *v. a.* to shape ill, to deform
Miscrime, *a.* thrown by the hand
Miscrime, *s.* a commission, legation
Miscrime, *s.* one sent to preach the gospel, and propagate religion
Miscrime, *a.* such as may be sent or flung
Miscrime, *s.* a letter sent; a messenger
Miscrime, *v. a.* to speak wrong
Miscrime, *s.* a low thin cloud; a fog; dimness
Miscrime, *v. a.* to conceive wrong, to err
Miscrime, *v. a.* to state wrong or falsely
Miscrime, *v. a.* to teach wrong
Miscrime, *v. a.* to term erroneously
Miscrime, *v. a.* not to time right
Miscrime, *s.* cloudiness, being overcast
Miscrime, *s.* the state of being mingled
Miscrime, *s.* the name of a plant
Miscrime, *s.* a woman teacher; a concubine
Miscrime, *s.* diffidence, suspicion
Miscrime, *a.* suspicious, doubting
Miscrime, *a.* confident, not suspecting
Miscrime, *a.* clouded, obscure, not plain
Miscrime, *v. a.* to misconceive, to err
Miscrime, *s.* a misconception, an error
Miscrime, *s.* bad treatment, abuse
Miscrime, *s.* a small insect; any small thing
Miscrime, *s.* a medicine against poison
Miscrime, *a.* capable of mitigation
Miscrime, *v. a.* to alleviate, to assuage
Miscrime, *s.* the act of assuaging; abatement of any thing harsh or painful
Miscrime, *s.* a kind of episcopal crown
Miscrime, *a.* adorned with a mitre
Miscrime, *s.* gloves without fingers
Miscrime, *a.* sending forth, emitting
Miscrime, *s.* a warrant by which a justice of peace sends an offender to prison
Miscrime, *v. a.* to unite, join, mingle
Miscrime, *s.* act of mixing, things mixed
Miscrime, *s.* a labyrinth, a maze
Miscrime, *s.* the mast in the stern of a ship
Miscrime, *s.* the art or act of memory
Miscrime, *v. a.* to grieve, deplore—a lamentation
Miscrime, *s.* a canal round a castle, &c.
Miscrime, *s.* a woman's cap; a crowd, rabble
Miscrime, *v. a.* to scold vulgarly, to riot
Miscrime, *v. a.* to dress inelegantly
Miscrime, *s.* a drink made of potatoes
Miscrime, *s.* the populace; activity; sickness

- Mo'cho-stone**, *s.* a stone nearly related to the agate kind, of a clear horny gray, with delineations representing mosses, &c.
Mock, *v. a.* to mimic, ridicule, tantalize
Mock, *a.* false, counterfeit, not real
Mockable, *a.* exposed to mockery
Mockery, *s.* ridicule, scorn, vain show
Mo'dal, *a.* relating to the form or mode
Modal'ity, *s.* accidental difference
Mode, *s.* form, state, method, fashion
Mod'el, *s.* a representation, copy, standard
Mod'el, *v. a.* to mould, shape, delineate
Mod'erate, *a.* temperate, mild, sober
Mod'erate, *v. a.* to regulate, to restrain
Mod'erately, *ad.* temperately, mildly
Modera'tion, *s.* calmness of mind, equanimity; keeping the passions, &c. within due bounds; frugality in expense
Modern'ator, *s.* one who rules or restrains
Mod'ern, *a.* late, recent, not ancient, mean
Mod'erns, *s.* persons of late times
Mod'ernise, *v. a.* to adapt ancient compositions to modern persons or things
Mod'est, *a.* diffident, chaste, discreet
Mod'estly, *ad.* not arrogantly, chastely
Mod'esty, *s.* chastity, decency, humility
Mod'icum, *s.* a small portion, a pittance
Mod'ifiable, *a.* that may be diversified
Modifica'tion, *s.* the act of modifying
Mod'ify, *v. a.* to qualify, soften, shape
Modifi'ion, *s.* a sort of bracket
Mod'ish, *a.* fashionable, tasty, gay
Mod'ulate, *v. a.* to form sounds to a certain key, or to certain notes
Modula'tion, *s.* an agreeable harmony
Modula'tor, *s.* one who forms sounds to a certain key; a tuner of instruments
Mod'ule, *s.* an empty representation
Mod'us, *s.* a compensation in lieu of tithes
Mogul', *s.* an emperor of India
Mo'hair, *s.* a thread or stuff made of hair
Mo'hoc, *s.* a barbarous Indian, a ruffian
Mo'dered, *a.* crazed, bewildered
Moido're, *s.* a Portugal coin, value 11. 7a.
Mo'ety, *s.* half, one of two equal parts
Moi, *v.* to daub, toll, drudge, weary
Moist, *a.* not dry; wet, damp, juicy
Mois'ten, *v. a.* to make damp, to wet
Mois'tness, *s.* dampness, wettness
Mois'ture, *s.* a small quantity of water, &c.
Mole, *s.* a natural spot; an animal
Mole'catcher, *s.* one who catches moles
Mole'cule, *s.* a small portion of any thing
Mole'hill, *s.* a hillock made by a mole
Mole'st, *v. a.* to disturb, vex, disquiet
Molesta'tion, *s.* disturbance, vexation
Mo'lewar, **Mou'dwarp**, *s.* a mole
Mo'lient, *a.* softening, assuaging
Mo'lifable, *a.* that may be softened
Mollifica'tion, *s.* the act of mollifying
Mo'lify, *v. a.* to soften, assuage, pacify
Moi'saes, **Moi'ses**, *s.* tressle; the spume or scum of the juice of the sugar cane
Mo'ten, *part. pass.* of melt
Mo'ting, **Mou'ting**, *part. a.* the falling off, or change of feathers, horns, &c.
Mo'ty, *s.* a kind of wild garlic
Mome, *s.* a dull blockish person; a post

- Mo'ment**, *s.* an indivisible part of time; consequence, importance, value
Mo'mentary, *a.* lasting for a moment
Momen'tous, *a.* important, weighty
Momen'tum, *s.* impetus, force
Mom'mery, *s.* a farcical entertainment
Mon'achal, *a.* monastic, monkish
Mon'achism, *s.* a monastic life
Mon'ad, **Mon'ade**, *s.* an indivisible thing
Mon'arch, *s.* a sovereign, a king
Mons'rchial, *a.* suiting a monarch, regal
Mons'rchical, *a.* vested in a single ruler
Mon'archy, *s.* a kingly government; empire
Mon'astery, *s.* a convent, a cloister
Monas'tic, *a.* pertaining to a convent
Monas'tically, *ad.* reclusely
Mon'day, *s.* the second day of the week
Mon'ey, *s.* any metal coined for traffic
Mon'eyed, *a.* rich in money, wealthy
Mon'eyless, *a.* wanting money, poor
Mon'eyscrivener, *s.* one who raises money for others
Mon'ger, *s.* a trader, dealer, seller
Mon'gre, *s.* an animal of a mixed breed
Mon'ish, *v. a.* to admonish, counsel
Mon'isher, *s.* an admonisher, a monitor
Monit'ion, *s.* information, document
Mon'itor, *s.* one who warns of faults, or gives necessary hints
Mon'itory, *a.* admonishing—*s.* a warning
Monk, *s.* one who lives in a monastery
Mon'key, *s.* an ape, a baboon; a silly fellow
Mon'kish, *a.* monastic; pertaining to monks
Monoc'eros, **Monoc'erot**, *s.* the unicorn
Mon'ochord, *s.* an instrument of one string
Monoc'ular, **Monoc'ulous**, *a.* one-eyed
Mon'ody, *s.* a poem sung by one person
Monog'amy, *s.* a marriage of one wife only
Mon'ogram, *s.* a cipher or character composed of many letters interwoven
Mon'ologue, *s.* a soliloquy
Monom'achy, *s.* a single combat, a duel
Monopet'alous, *a.* having but one leaf
Monop'oist, *s.* one who engrosses a trade or business entirely to himself
Monop'oize, *v. a.* to engross all of a commodity into a person's own hands
Monop'oily, *s.* the sole privilege of selling
Mon'optote, *s.* a noun of but one case
Monosyl'lable, *s.* a word of one syllable
Mon'otone, **Monot'ony**, *s.* uniformity of sound; want of variety in cadence
Monsoo'n, *s.* a periodical trade wind
Mon'ster, *s.* a thing unnatural or horrible
Mon'strous, *a.* unnatural, shocking
Monte'ro, *s.* a horseman's cap
Montet', *s.* a vessel to wash glasses in
Month, *s.* a space of time, four weeks
Mon'thly, *a.* happening every month
Mon'ument, *s.* any thing to perpetuate memory, as a tomb, pillar, statue, &c.
Monumen'tal, *a.* preserving memory
Mood, *s.* a term in grammar; disposition
Moo'dy, *a.* angry, out of humour; mental
Moon, *s.* the great luminary of the night
Moo'nbeam, *s.* a ray of lunar light
Moo'n calf, *s.* a monster; a stupid fellow
Moo'neyed, *a.* dim-eyed, purblind

Moo'nless, *a.* not illuminated by the moon
 Moo'nlisht, *a.* light afforded by the moon
 Moo'nshine, *a.* the lustre of the moon
 Moo'nshiny, *a.* enlightened by the moon
 Moo'ny, *a.* like the moon, lunate
 Moor, *s.* a negro; a marsh, fen, bog
 Moor, *v.* to fasten by anchors, to be fixed
 Moo'rhen, *s.* the name of a water fowl
 Moo'ring, *s.* a place where a ship anchors
 Moo'rish, Moo'ry, *a.* marshy, fenny
 Moo'riand, *s.* a marsh, watery ground
 Moose, *s.* a large American deer
 Moot, *v. a.* to exercise in law pleadings
 Moot-case, or point, *s.* a disputable point
 Moot'ed, *a.* plucked up by the roots
 Mop, *s.* a utensil to clean floors, &c.
 Mope, *v. n.* to be spiritless or drowsy
 Mope, Mo'pus, *s.* a drone, a dreamer
 Mop'pet, Mop'sy, *s.* a puppet, a doll
 Mor'al, *a.* relating to human life, as it is virtuous or criminal, good or bad
 Mor'al, *s.* the instruction of a fable, &c.
 Mor'alist, *s.* one who practises morality
 Mera'lity, *s.* doctrine of the duties of life
 Mer'alize, *v.* to write, &c. on moral subjects
 Mor'alizer, *s.* one who moralizes
 Mor'ally, *ad.* honestly, justly; probably
 Mor'als, *s.* the practice of moral duties
 Moras', *s.* a fen, a bog, a moor, a swamp
 Mor'bid, *a.* diseased, corrupted
 Mor'bidity, *s.* the state of being diseased
 Mor'bidic, *a.* causing diseases
 Morbo'se, *a.* proceeding from disease
 Morbo'cious, *a.* biting, apt to bite
 More, *z.* in greater number or degree
 Morel, *s.* a kind of cherry; a plant
 More'over, *ad.* more than yet mentioned
 Morig'rous, *a.* obedient, obsequious
 Mor'ion, *s.* armour for the head, a casque
 Moris'on, *s.* a dancer of the morris-dance
 Morn, Mo'ring, *s.* first part of the day
 Moroc'co, *s.* a fine sort of leather
 Moro'se, *a.* cross, peevish, surly, sour
 Moro'seness, *s.* peevishness, sourness
 Mor'phew, *s.* a scurf on the face
 Mor'ris-dance, *s.* an antic dance performed by men with bells on their legs, which was learned from the Moors
 Mor'row, *s.* the day following the present
 Morse, *s.* an animal called the sea-horse
 Mo'sel, *s.* a small piece, a mouthful
 Mort, *s.* a tune at the death of game
 Mor'tal, *a.* deadly, destructive, violent
 Mor'tal, *s.* a human being, man
 Mortal'ity, *s.* frequency of death, power of destruction; human nature
 Mor'tally, *ad.* irrecoverably; deadly
 Mor'tar, *s.* a cement for building; a vessel to pound in; a bomb cannon
 Mor'tgage, *v. a.* to pledge lands, &c.
 Mortgage', *s.* one who takes a mortgage
 Mor'tgager, *s.* one who gives a mortgage
 Mortif'cious, *a.* fatal, deadly, destructive
 Mortification, *s.* a gangrene; humiliation
 Mor'tlify, *v.* to gangrene; humble, vex
 Mor'tise, *s.* a hole cut in one piece of wood to admit the tenon of another

Mo'r'tmain, *s.* an unalienable estate
 Mo'r'tress, *s.* a dish of various meats
 Mo'r'tuary, *s.* a gift left to the church
 Moss'ic, *a.* a kind of painting in pebbles, cockles, and other shells
 Mosche'w, *s.* a West Indian stinging goat
 Mosque, *s.* a Mahometan temple
 Moss, *s.* a substance growing on trees, &c.
 Moss'y, *a.* overgrown with moss
 Most, *a.* greatest in number or quantity
 Most, *s.* the greatest number or value
 Mos'tic, *s.* a painter's staff
 Mo'stly, *ad.* for the most part
 Mota'tion, *s.* the act of moving
 Mote, *s.* a very small particle of matter: court of judicature
 Mo'tet, *s.* a sort of sacred music
 Moth, *s.* a small insect that eats cloth
 Moth'eaten, *part.* eaten by moths
 Moth'er, *s.* a woman that has born a child; a sort of mouldiness on liquors
 Moth'er, *a.* native, had at the birth
 Moth'erless, *a.* having lost a mother
 Moth'ery, *a.* suiting a mother, fond
 Moth'ery, *a.* dreggy, concreted, mouldy
 Moth'y, *a.* full of moths
 Mo'tion, *s.* the act of moving; a proposal
 Mo'tionless, *a.* being without motion
 Mo'tive, *s.* the reason of an action
 Mot'ley, *a.* mingled of various colours
 Mot'to, *s.* the sentence added to a device
 Mo'vable, *a.* that may be moved
 Mo'vables, *s.* personal goods, furniture
 Move, *v.* to change place, stir, persuade
 Mov'less, *a.* fixed, unmoved
 Mov'ement, *s.* motion, manner of moving
 Mov'ing, *part. a.* affecting, pathetic
 Mould, *s.* mouldiness, earth, cast, form
 Mould, *v. a.* to knead, to model, to shape
 Mould'er, *v.* to turn to dust; to perish
 Mould'ering, *part. a.* crumbling into dust
 Mould'iness, *s.* the state of being mouldy
 Mould'ing, *s.* ornaments of wood, stone, &c. projections beyond the nakedness of a wall, column, &c.
 Mould'y, *a.* overgrown with concretions
 Moul't, *v. n.* to shed or change feathers
 Mound, *s.* a rampart, a fence
 Mount, *s.* an artificial hill, a mountain
 Mount, *v.* to get on horseback, ascend
 Mou'nain, *s.* a vast bulk of earth
 Mountaine'r, *s.* a rustic, a highlander
 Mou'n'tainous, *a.* full of mountains, hilly
 Mou'n'tbank, *s.* a quack, a stage doctor
 Mou'n'ter, *s.* one that mounts
 Mou'nty, *s.* the rise of a hawk
 Mourn, *v.* to grieve, lament, bemoan
 Mour'ner, *s.* one that mourns
 Mour'nfal, *a.* causing sorrow, sorrowful
 Mour'nfulness, *s.* sorrow, grief
 Mour'ning, *s.* the dress of sorrow, grief
 Mouse, *s.* a small quadruped
 Mou'ser, *s.* one that catches mice
 Mou'setrap, *s.* a trap to catch mice with
 Mouth, *s.* the aperture in the head at which food is received; an entrance, &c.
 Mouth, *v.* to vociferate, to grumble
 Mouth'ful, *s.* what the mouth can hold

- Mouthless, *a.* being without a mouth
 Mow, *s.* a heap of hay or corn
 Mow, *v.* to cut with a scythe, make mows
 Mow'burn, *v. n.* to ferment and heat
 Mox'a, Mox'o, *s.* an Indian moss
 Moxle, *s.* a mule; a graft or cyon
 Much, *ad.* nearly; often; in a great degree
 Much, *s.* a great deal; something strange
 Mu'cid, *a.* hoary, musty, mouldy, slimy
 Mu'cidness, *s.* diminess, mustiness
 Mu'clage, *s.* a slimy or viscous body
 Muclag'inous, *a.* slimy, viscous, ropy
 Muck, *s.* dung; any thing filthy
 Muck, *v. a.* to manure with dung
 Muck'ender, *s.* a handkerchief
 Muck'hill, *s.* a dunghill, a heap of dirt
 Muck'iness, *s.* nastiness, filth, dirtiness
 Muck'worm, *s.* a worm bred in dung; a curmudgeon; a miser
 Muck'y, *a.* nasty, filthy, dirty
 Mu'cous, Mu'culent, *a.* slimy, viscous
 Mu'cronated, *a.* narrowed to a point
 Mu'cus, *s.* any slimy liquor or moisture
 Mud, *s.* filth or mire; wet dirt
 Mud'dily, *ad.* with foul mixture, dirtily
 Mud'diness, *s.* state of being muddy
 Mud'dle, *v. a.* to make tipsy; to foul
 Mud'dled, *part. a.* half drunk, tipsy
 Mud'dy, *a.* turbid, dark, cloudy
 Mud'dy, *v. a.* to make muddy
 Mud'sucker, *s.* a sea-fowl
 Mud'wall, *s.* a wall built with mud
 Muff, *s.* a cover of fur for the hands
 Muffin, *s.* a kind of light spongy cake
 Muff'le, *v.* to wrap up, blindfold, hide
 Muff'ler, *s.* a cover for the face
 Muff'ti, *s.* the Mahometan high priest
 Mug, *s.* a cup to drink out of
 Mug'gish, Mug'gy, *a.* moist, damp, close
 Mug'house, *s.* an ale-house
 Mug'ient, *a.* lowing or bellowing
 Mulat'o, *s.* one born of parents of whom the one is black and the other white
 Mul'berry, *s.* a tree and its fruit
 Mulet, *v. a.* to punish by fine or forfeiture
 —*s.* a penalty, a pecuniary fine
 Mule, *s.* an animal generated between a horse and an ass, or an ass and a mare
 Mullet'ricity, *s.* womanhood, tenderness
 Mulfish, *a.* obstinate as a mule
 Mull, *v. a.* to heat and sweeten wine, &c.
 Mull'ar, *s.* a grinding-stone for colours
 Mull'et, *s.* a sea-fish
 Mull'grubs, *s.* twisting of the guts
 Mull'lock, *s.* dirt or rubbish
 Multan'gular, *a.* having many corners
 Multa'rious, *a.* having great multiplicity, &c.
 Multif'idous, *a.* divided into many parts
 Multiform, *a.* having various shapes
 Multip'arous, *a.* having many at a birth
 Multi'pede, *s.* an insect with many feet
 Multiple, *s.* what contains another several times
 Multiplican'd, *s.* number to be multiplied
 Multiplica'tion, *s.* the act of multiplying
 Multiplic'ator, *s.* that which multiplies
 Multiplic'ious, *a.* manifold
 Multiplic'ity, *s.* a great variety
 Multiplier, *s.* the multiplier
 Multi'ply, *v. a.* to increase in number
 Mul'titude, *s.* many; a crowd or throng
 Multitu'dinous, *a.* manifold
 Mul'ture, *s.* a toll for grinding corn
 Mum, *interj.* hush—*s.* a kind of ale
 Mum'ble, *v.* to mutter, to chew
 Mum'bler, *s.* a mutterer, a slow speaker
 Mum'mer, *s.* a masker, a player
 Mum'mery, *s.* masking, buffoonery
 Mum'my, *s.* a dead body preserved by the Egyptian art of embalming; a kind of wax
 Mump, *v. a.* to nibble, to bite quick; to beg
 Mump'er, *s.* a beggar
 Mump'ish, *a.* sullen, obstinate
 Mumps, *s.* sullenness, silent anger, squelency
 Munch, Mounch, *v. n.* to chew eagerly
 Mund, *s.* peace, quiet
 Mund'ane, *a.* belonging to the world
 Munda'tion, *s.* the act of cleansing
 Mun'datory, *a.* of power to cleanse
 Mund'ie, *s.* a kind of marcasite
 Mun'dify, *v. a.* to cleanse or make clean
 Mundun'gus, *s.* stinking tobacco
 Mu'nenary, *a.* belonging to a gift
 Mun'grel, *a.* of a mixed breed, base-born
 Munic'ipal, *a.* belonging to a corporation
 Municipal'ity, *s.* the people of a district
 Munif'icence, *s.* liberality, generosity
 Munificent, *a.* bountiful, liberal
 Mu'niment, *s.* a fortification; support
 Munition, *s.* fortification; ammunition
 Mu'ral, *a.* pertaining to a wall
 Murder, *s.* act of killing unlawfully
 Mur'der, *v. a.* to kill unlawfully, destroy
 Mur'derer, *s.* one who kills unlawfully
 Mur'derous, *a.* bloody, guilty of murder
 Mure, *v. a.* to enclose in walls—*s.* a wall
 Muriat'ic, *a.* having the nature of brine
 Mu'ricated, *a.* full of sharp points
 Murk, *s.* husks of fruit; darkness
 Mur'ky, *a.* dark, cloudy, wanting light
 Mur'mur, *v. n.* to grumble, to mutter
 Mur'mur, *s.* a complaint, a grumbling
 Mur'murer, *s.* a grumbler, a repiner
 Mur'rain, *s.* a plague amongst cattle
 Mur'rey, *a.* darkly red
 Muscadine, *s.* sweet grapes; sweet wine
 Mus'cle, *s.* a fleshy fibre; a shell-fish
 Musco'seness, Musco'ity, *s.* mossiness
 Mus'cular, *a.* full of muscles, brawny
 Muse, *s.* the power of poetry; thought
 Muse, *v. n.* to study, ponder, think close
 Mu'sea, Mu'sea, *s.* mosaic work
 Mu'seful, *a.* deep thinking
 Mus'eum, *s.* a repository of curiosities
 Mush'room, *s.* a spongy plant; an upstart
 Mus'ic, *s.* the science of sounds; harmony
 Mus'ical, *a.* harmonious, sweet sounding
 Music'ian, *s.* one skilled in harmony
 Mus'ic-master, *s.* one who teaches music
 Musk, *s.* a perfume; a flower; a grape
 Mus'ket, *s.* a soldier's hand-gun; a hawk
 Musketee'r, Musqueter'e'r, *s.* a soldier armed with a musket

Musketee'n, *s.* a blunderbuss, a short gun
 Musku'tto, Musqu'ito, *s.* a stinging fly or
 gnat of the Indies
 Musk'melon, *s.* a fragrant melon
 Musk'rose, *s.* a very fragrant rose
 Mus'ky, *a.* sweet of scent, fragrant
 Mus'lin, *s.* fine stuff made of cotton
 Mus'sack, *s.* a liquor much used in China
 Mus'sulman, *s.* a Mahometan believer
 Must, *verb imperf.* to be obliged
 Must, *v.* to make or grow mouldy
 Musta'ches, Musta'choes, *s.* whiskers
 Must'ard, *s.* a plant and its seed
 Must'er, *v.* to assemble, review, collect
 Must'er, *s.* a review and register of forces
 Must'er-master, *s.* one who superintends
 the muster to prevent frauds
 Must'er-roll, *s.* a register of forces
 Mustiness, *s.* a mould, damp, foulness
 Mus'ty, *a.* mouldy, spoiled with damp; dull
 Mutability, *s.* changeableness, inconstancy
 Mu'table, *a.* alterable, inconstant, unsettled
 Muta'tion, *s.* the act of changing, alteration
 Mute, *a.* silent, dumb, not vocal
 Mute, *s.* one that has no power of speech
 Mute, *v. n.* to dung as birds
 Mute, Mu'ting, *s.* the dung of birds
 Mu'tely, *ad.* with silence, not vocally
 Mu'tilate, *v. a.* to maim, to cut off
 Mu'tilated, *a.* maimed, defective
 Mutila'tion, *s.* deprivation of a limb, &c.

Mu'tine, Mutinee'r, *s.* a mover of sedition
 Mu'tinous, *a.* seditious, tumultuous
 Mu'tiny, *v. n.* to rise against authority
 Mu'tiny, *s.* sedition, revolt, insurrection
 Mut'ter, *v.* to grumble, utter imperfectly
 Mu'ton, *s.* the flesh of sheep, a sheep
 Mut'ton-fist, *s.* a hand large and red
 Mu'tual, *a.* reciprocal, acting in return
 Mutual'ity, *s.* reciprocation
 Mu'tually, *ad.* reciprocally, in return
 Mu'zle, *s.* the mouth of any thing
 Mu'zle, *v.* to bind the mouth
 Myog'raphy, *s.* a description of the muscles
 Myol'ogy, *s.* the doctrine of the muscles
 Myr'iad, *s.* the number of ten thousand
 Myr'midon, *s.* any rude ruffian
 Myrrh, *s.* a strong aromatic gum. It is
 brought from Ethiopia, but the tree
 which produces it is wholly unknown
 Myr'rhone, *a.* made of myrrhine stone
 Myr'tle, *s.* a fragrant kind of shrub
 Myself, *pron.* I myself, not another
 Mys'tagogue, *s.* an interpreter of mysteries
 Mys'terious, *a.* full of mystery, obscure
 Mys'teriously, *ad.* enigmatically, obscurely
 Mys'terize, *v. a.* to turn to enigmas
 Mys'tery, *s.* something secret or hidden
 Mys'tic, Mys'tical, *a.* obscure, secret, dark
 Mythological, *a.* relating to fables
 Mythol'ogist, *s.* an explainer of fables
 Mythol'ogy, *s.* a system of fables

N.

NAB, *v. a.* to catch unexpectedly
 Nack'er, Na'ker, *s.* mother of pearl
 Na'dir, *s.* the point opposite to the zenith
 Nap, *s.* small or young horse
 Nar'ad, *s.* a water-nymph
 Nail, *s.* horn on fingers and toes; an iron
 spike; the 16th part of a yard; a stud
 Nail'er, *s.* a nail-maker
 Nail'ery, *s.* a manufactory for nails
 Na'ked, *a.* uncovered, bare; unarmed,
 defenceless; plain, evident, not hidden
 Na'kedness, *s.* a want of covering
 Na'maz, *s.* the Turks' common prayer
 Name, *s.* an appellation, reputation, fame
 Name, *v. a.* to give a name to, to mention
 by name, to specify, to nominate, to utter
 Na'mely, *ad.* particularly, specially
 Na'mesake, *s.* one of the same name
 Nank'i'n, Nankoe'n, *s.* a kind of light cot-
 ton, first manufactured in China
 Nap, *s.* a short sleep, slumber; down on
 cloth
 Nape, *s.* the joint of the neck behind
 Nap'ery, *s.* linen for the table
 Nap'htha, *s.* an unctuous mineral acid of
 the bituminous kind, extremely ready to
 take fire. It is principally used exter-
 nally in paralytic cases
 Nap'kin, *s.* a cloth to wipe the hands, &c.
 Nap'less, *a.* threadbare, wanting nap
 Nap'py, *a.* frothy, spummy; having a nap
 Narcis'sus, *s.* the daffodil flower

Narcot'ic, *a.* causing torpor or stupefaction
 Nard, *s.* an odoriferous shrub; an ointment
 Nare, *s.* a nostril
 Nar'able, *a.* that which may be told
 Narra'te, *v. a.* to relate; to tell
 Narra'tion, Nar'ative, *s.* a history, a re-
 lation
 Narra'tor, *s.* a relater, a teller, a historian
 Nar'row, *a.* of small breadth; near, cove-
 tous
 Nar'rowly, *ad.* contractedly, nearly
 Nar'rowminded, *a.* mean spirited, avar-
 icious
 Nar'rowness, *s.* want of breadth; meanness
 Na'sal, *a.* belonging to the nose
 Nas'cent, *a.* growing, increasing
 Nas'tily, *ad.* dirtily, filthily, grossly
 Nas'tiness, *s.* dirt, filth, obscenity, grossness
 Nas'ty, *a.* dirty, filthy, sordid, lewd, obscene
 Na'tal, *a.* relating to nativity, native
 Natal'ious, *a.* relating to a birth-day
 Nata'tion, *s.* the act of swimming
 Nath'less, *ad.* nevertheless
 Na'tion, *s.* a people distinct from others
 Na'tional, *a.* public, general, not private
 National'ity, *s.* national character
 Na'tive, *s.* one born in any country, off-
 spring—a natural, not artificial, original
 Na'tivity, *s.* birth, state or place of birth
 Nat'ural, *a.* produced by nature; tender
 easy; illegitimate
 Nat'ural, *s.* a fool, an idiot; native quality

Nat'uralism, *s.* mere state of nature
 Nat'uralist, *s.* a student in physics
 Naturalization, *s.* the admission of a foreigner to the privileges of a native
 Nat'uralize, *v. a.* to invest with the privileges of native subjects; to make easy
 Nat'urally, *ad.* unaffectedly, spontaneously
 Na'ture, *s.* the system of the world, or the assemblage of all created beings; the regular course of things; native state of any thing; disposition of mind; compass of natural existence; species; physics
 Na'val, *a.* consisting of, or relating to ships
 Nave, *s.* a part of a church or a wheel
 Na'vel, *s.* a part of the body; the middle
 Naught, *a.* bad, corrupt—*s.* nothing
 Nau'ghtily, *ad.* wickedly, corruptly, basely
 Nau'ghtiness, *s.* badness, wickedness
 Nau'ghty, *a.* bad, wicked, corrupt, vicious
 Nav'igable, *a.* passable by ships or boats
 Nav'igate, *v. a.* to pass by ships or boats
 Navigation, *s.* the act of passing by water; the art of conducting a ship at sea
 Naviga'tor, *s.* a seaman, a traveller by water
 Nau'machy, *s.* a mock sea-fight
 Nau'sea, *s.* a propensity to vomit; disgust
 Nau'seous, *a.* loathsome, disgusting
 Nau'tical, *a.* pertaining to ships or sailors
 Nau'tilus, *s.* a shell-fish, furnished with something resembling ears and a sail
 Na'vy, *s.* a company of ships of war, a fleet
 Nay, *ad.* no; not only so, but more
 Neaf, *s.* a fist
 Neal, *v. a.* to temper by gradual heat
 Neap, *a.* low, scanty; used only of the tide
 Neap'tides, *s.* low tides in the 2d and 4th quarters of the moon, not so high or swift as spring tides
 Near, *a.* close, not distant; parsimonious
 Near, *Near'ly*, *ad.* at hand; closely; meanly
 Near'ness, *s.* closeness, niggardliness
 Neat, *a.* elegant, clean, pure—*s.* oxen
 Neat'herd, *s.* a cow-keeper
 Neat'ly, *ad.* cleanly, trimly, artfully
 Neat'ness, *s.* cleanliness, spruceness
 Neb, *s.* the nose, beak, mouth, bill of a bird
 Neb'ulous, *a.* misty, cloudy, overcast
 Nec'essaries, *s.* things not only convenient but needful for human life
 Nec'essarily, *ad.* indispensably, inevitably
 Nec'essary, *a.* needful, fatal, unavoidable
 Necessita'rian, *a.* one denying free agency
 Necessitate, *v. a.* to make necessary
 Necessitated, *part. a.* forced, in want
 Necessitous, *a.* in want, needy, poor
 Necessitude, *s.* a want, need, poverty
 Necess'ity, *s.* compulsion; fatality; indispensableness; want, poverty; cogency
 Neck, *s.* a part of the body, of land, &c.
 Neck'cloth, *s.* a cloth for men's necks
 Neck'lace, *s.* a woman's neck ornament
 Nec'romancer, *s.* a conjurer, a wizard
 Nec'romancy, *s.* the art of revealing future events by communicating with the dead
 Necroman'tic, *a.* relating to necromancy
 Nec'tar, *s.* the feigned drink of the gods
 Necta'reous, Nec'tarine, *a.* sweet as nectar

Nec'tarine, *s.* a fruit of the plum kind
 Need, Nec'diness, *s.* exigency, want
 Need, *v.* to want, to lack, to be necessitated
 Need'ful, *a.* indispensably requisite
 Need'le, *s.* a small instrument for sewing; the small steel bar which in the mariner's compass points to the North Pole
 Needlemaker, *s.* one who makes needles
 Need'lework, *s.* work done with a needle
 Need'less, *a.* unnecessary, not requisite
 Needs, *ad.* indispensably, inevitably
 Need'y, *a.* distressed by want, poor
 Nef, *s.* the body of a church
 Nef'a'rious, *a.* heinous, wicked, abominable
 Negat'ion, *s.* denial, contrary to affirmation
 Negat'ive, *s.* a proposition that denies—*v. a.* to dismise by negation
 Negat'ively, *ad.* in the form of denial
 Neglec't, *v. a.* to omit by carelessness, alight
 Neglec't, *s.* inattention, negligence
 Neglec'tful, *a.* heedless, careless, inattentive
 Neglige'e, *s.* an old fashioned gown
 Neg'ligence, *s.* remissness, carelessness
 Neg'ligent, *a.* careless, heedless, inattentive
 Nego'tiable, *a.* that may be negotiated
 Nego'tiate, *v. n.* to traffic, to treat with
 Nego'tiating, *a.* trading, managing
 Negotia'tion, *s.* a treaty of business, &c.
 Ne'gro, *s.* a blackmoor
 Ne'gus, *s.* a mixture of wine, water, sugar, lemon, and nutmeg
 Neif, *s.* the fist; a bond-woman
 Neigh, *s.* the voice of a horse—*v. n.* to make a noise like a horse
 Neighbour, *s.* one who lives near another
 Neighbourhood, *s.* the people or place adjoining
 Neighbourly, *a.* friendly, civil, kind
 Neit'her, *conj.* not either, no one
 Nem'oral, Nem'orous, *a.* woody
 Neol'ogy, *s.* invention of new words
 Neoter'ic, *a.* modern, novel, late
 Nepenthe, *s.* a drug that expels all pains
 Neplew, *s.* the son of a brother or sister
 Nephrit'ic, *s.* a medicine for the stone
 Nepotism, *s.* a fondness for nephews
 Ne'roid, *s.* a sea-nymph
 Nerve, *s.* an organ of sensation
 Ner'veless, *a.* without strength; insipid
 Ner'vous, Ner'vy, *a.* sinewy, vigorous; also, improperly, having weak nerves
 Nes'cience, *s.* the state of not knowing
 Nest, *s.* a bed of birds; drawers; an abode
 Nest'egg, *s.* an egg left in the nest
 Nest'le, *v.* to settle, to lie close, to cherish
 Nest'ling, *s.* a bird just hatched
 Net, *s.* a texture woven with interstices, for catching fish, birds, &c.
 Neth'er, *a.* lower, not upper; infernal
 Neth'ermost, *a.* lowest
 Net'tle, *s.* a common stinging herb
 Net'tle, *v. a.* to vex, to provoke, to irritate
 Nev'er, *ad.* at no time, in no degree
 Nevertheless, *ad.* notwithstanding that
 Neu'ter, Neu'tral, *a.* of neither party
 Neutral'ity, *s.* a state of indifference
 New, *a.* fresh, modern, not ancient
 New'el, *s.* the upright post in a staircase

Newfangled, *a.* formed with love of novelty; fond of change
 Newfashioned *a.* lately come in fashion
 Newgrown, *part.* lately grown up
 Newly, *ad.* lately, freshly
 Newness, *a.* freshness, recentness, lateness
 News, *a.* fresh accounts of transactions
 Newt, *a.* an eft, a small lizard
 Next, *a.* nearest in place or gradation
 Nib, *a.* a point of a pen; the bill of a bird
 Nibbed, *a.* having a nib
 Nibble, *v.* to eat slowly; to find fault with
 Nice, *a.* accurate, scrupulous, delicate
 Nicely, *ad.* accurately, minutely, delicately
 Nicety, *a.* minute accuracy, punctilious discrimination; effeminate softness; a dainty morsel
 Niche, *a.* a hollow to place a statue in
 Nick, *a.* exact point of time; a notch; a score, a reckoning
 Nick, *v. a.* to cut in notches; hit; cosen
 Nickname, *a.* a name in scoff or contempt
 Nickname, *v.* to call by an opprobrious name
 Nicotate, *v. a.* to wink
 Nide, *a.* a brood, as a brood of pheasants
 Nidorous, *a.* having the smell of roast fat
 Niece, *a.* the daughter of a brother or sister
 Niggard, *a.* a sordid, covetous person
 Niggard, Niggardly, *a.* sordid, parsimonious
 Niggardly, *ad.* avariciously, meanly
 Nigh, *a.* near to, allied closely by blood
 Nigh, Nighly, *ad.* nearly, within a little
 Night, *a.* time from sun-set to sun-rise
 Nightcap, *a.* a cap worn in bed
 Nightdew, *a.* dew that falls in the night
 Nighted, *a.* darkened, clouded, black
 Nightfaring, *a.* travelling in the night
 Nightfire, *a.* an ignis fatuus, a vapour
 Nightgown, *a.* an undress, a gown
 Nightingale, *a.* a bird that sings at night
 Nightly, *a.* done or acting by night
 Nightman, *a.* one who empties privies
 Nightmare, *a.* a morbid oppression during sleep, resembling the pressure of weight upon the breast
 Nightpiece, *a.* a picture so coloured as to be supposed to be seen by candlelight
 Nightrail, *a.* a light kind of night-dress
 Nightwarbling, *a.* singing in the night
 Night-watch, *a.* a period of night as distinguished by change of the watch
 Nigrescent, *a.* growing black
 Nilifity, *a.* nothingness; non-existence
 Nil, *v. a.* not to will; to refuse, to reject
 Nil'ing, *part.* *a.* refusing, unwilling
 Nim, *v. a.* to steal, to flick
 Nimble, *a.* quick, active, ready, lively
 Nimblefooted, *a.* active, nimble
 Nimblewitted, *a.* not at a loss for words
 Nim'ly, *ad.* quickly, speedily, with agility
 Nimfety, *a.* the state of being too much
 Nine, *a.* one more than eight
 Ninesfold, *a.* nine times repeated
 Nineteen, *a.* nine and ten
 Nineteenth, *a.* the ordinal of nineteen
 Ninetieth, *a.* the ordinal of ninety

Ninety, *a.* nine times ten
 Nin'ny, Nin'nyhammer, *a.* a fool, a simpleton
 Ninth, *a.* what precedes the tenth
 Nip, *v. a.* to pinch; to blast; to ridicule
 Nipper, *a.* one who nips; a satirist
 Nippers, *a.* small pincers
 Nipple, *a.* a teat; a dug; an orifice
 Nisiprius, *a.* a law term for civil causes
 Nit, *a.* the egg of a louse, bug, &c.
 Nitid, *a.* bright, shining, luminous
 Nitre, *a.* saltpetre
 Nitrous, *a.* impregnated with nitre
 Nitry, *a.* abounding with the eggs of lice
 Nival, *a.* abounding with snow
 Nivous, *a.* snowy, resembling snow
 Nixy, *a.* a dunce, a simpleton, a booby
 No, *ad.* the word of denial—*a.* not any
 Nobility, *a.* persons of high rank; dignity
 Noble, *a.* illustrious, exalted, generous
 Noble, *a.* one of high rank; greatly exalted; an ancient gold coin, valued at 6s. 8d.
 Nobleman, *a.* one who is ennobled
 Nobleness, *a.* greatness, dignity, splendour
 Noblesse, *a.* the body of nobility; dignity
 Nobly, *ad.* greatly, illustriously, splendidly
 No'body, *a.* no one, not any one
 No'cent, No'cive, *a.* criminal, hurtful
 Noctambulo, *a.* one who walks in sleep
 Noctid'ial, *a.* comprising a day and a night
 Noctuary, *a.* an account of night affairs
 Nocturn, *a.* devotion performed by night
 Nocturnal, *a.* nightly—*a.* an instrument
 Nod, *v. a.* to bend the head, to be drowsy
 Nod'dle, *a.* the head, in contempt
 Nod'dy, Nod'dle, *a.* a simpleton, an idiot
 Node, *a.* a knot, a knob; a swelling; an intersection
 No'dous, *a.* knotty, full of knots
 Noggin, *a.* a small cup or mug
 Noise, *a.* any sound, outcry, clamour
 Noiseless, *a.* silent, without sound
 Noisiness, *a.* loudness of sound
 Noisome, *a.* noxious, offensive, stinking
 Noisy, *a.* sounding loud, clamorous
 Nollion, *a.* unwillingness, reluctance
 Nom'bles, *a.* the entrails of a deer
 Nomenclator, *a.* one who gives names
 Nomenclature, *a.* a vocabulary; a naming
 Nom'inal, *a.* only in name, not real
 Nom'inally, *ad.* by name, titularly
 Nom'inate, *v. a.* to name, entitle, appoint
 Nomination, *a.* the power of appointing
 Nom'inative, *a.* in grammar, the first case that designates the name of any thing
 Non'age, *a.* minority in age, immaturity
 Non-appearance, *a.* a default in not appearing in a court of judicature
 Nonce, *a.* a purpose, intent, design
 Nonconformist, *a.* one who refuses to join the established worship of the church
 Nondescript, *a.* not yet described
 None, *a.* not one, not any, not another
 Nonentity, *a.* non-existence, an ideal thing
 Non'esuch, *a.* an extraordinary person, &c.
 Nonexistence, *a.* a state of not existing
 Nonjur'ing, *a.* refusing to swear allegiance to the Hanoverian family

Nonju'ror, *a.* one who, conceiving a monarch unjustly deposed, refuses to swear allegiance to his successors
Nonnat'urals, *a.* are the more immediate causes of diseases, as air, meat, drink, sleep, watching, &c.
Nonpareil, *a.* a small printing letter; an apple of unequalled excellence
Non'plus, *a.* a puzzle—*v. a.* to confound
Nonregardance, *a.* want of due regard
Nonresidence, *a.* a failure of residence
Nonresident, *a.* one who does not reside
Nonresistance, *a.* passive obedience
Non'sense, *a.* unmeaning language; trifles
Nonsen'sical, *a.* unmeaning, foolish
Non'solution, *a.* a failure of solution
Non'sult, *v. a.* to quash a legal process
Nook, *a.* a corner, a covert; part of land
Noon, *a.* the middle of the day
Noo'day, **Noo'tide**, *a.* a mid-day
Noose, *v. a.* to knot—*a.* a running knot
Nor, *conj.* a negative particle
No'r'mal, *a.* perpendicular, upright
Norroy, *a.* a king at arms, whose office is on the north side of the river Trent, as Clarenceux's is on the south side
North, *a.* opposite the south; the point opposite the sun in the meridian
No'rtherly, **No'rthern**, **No'rthward**, *a.* being in or towards the north
No'rthstar, *a.* the pole star
No'rthward, *ad.* towards the north
Nose, *a.* part of the face—*v.* to smell
No'segay, *a.* a pose, a bunch of flowers
No's'e, *a.* the extremity of any thing
No's'tril, *a.* the cavity in the nose
No's'trum, *a.* a medicine not made public
Not, *ad.* the particle of negation
Not'able, *a.* remarkable; careful, bustling
Not'ableness, *a.* diligence, remarkableness
No'tary, *a.* a scrivener that takes notes, or makes draughts of obligations, &c.
No't'ion, *a.* the act of noting, signification
Notch, *a.* a nick, a hollow cut in any thing
Note, *a.* a mark; notice; written paper; stigma; sound in music; annotation; symbol
Note, *v. a.* to observe, remark, set down
No'ted, *part.* *a.* remarkable; eminent
Noth'ing, *a.* nonexistence, not any thing
No'tice, *a.* remark, heed, information
Notifica'tion, *a.* the act of making known
No'tify, *v. a.* to declare, to make known
No'tion, *a.* a sentiment, opinion, thought
No'tional, *a.* imaginable, ideal, visionary
Notori'ety, *a.* public knowledge or exposure
Noto'rious, *a.* publicly known, manifest
Nott, *v. a.* to shear, to crop
Notwithstan'ding, *conj.* nevertheless
No'tus, *a.* the south wind
Novation, *a.* the introduction of something new
No'el, *a.* new, not ancient; unusual
No'el, *a.* a feigned story or tale
Nov'e'list, *a.* an innovator, asserter of novelty; a writer of novels
Nov'e'ity, *a.* newness, innovation
Novem'ber, *a.* the 11th month of the year

Nover'ed, *a.* pertaining to a step-mother
Nought, *a.* nothing, not any thing
Nov'ice, *a.* an unskilful person, &c.
Novit'iate, *a.* the state of a novice; the time in which the rudiments are learned
Nov'ity, *a.* newness, novelty
Noun, *a.* the name of any thing in grammar
Nour'ish, *v.* to support with food, foment
Nour'ishable, *a.* susceptible of nourishment
Nour'ishment, *a.* food, nutrition, support
Nou'sel, *v.* to nurse up; to ensnare
Now, *ad.* at this time—*a.* present moment
Nowadays, *ad.* in the present age
Now'ed, *a.* knotted, inwreathed
Nowes, *a.* the marriage knot
No'where, *ad.* not in any place
No'wise, *ad.* not in any manner or degree
Nox'ious, *a.* hurtful, baneful, offensive
Nub'le, *v. a.* to bruise with fighting
Nubif'erous, *a.* bringing clouds
Nu'bilate, *v. a.* to cloud
Nu'bile, *a.* marriagesable, fit for marriage
Nu'bulous, *a.* cloudy, overcast
Nudif'erous, *a.* nut-bearing
Nu'cleus, *a.* the kernel of a nut; any thing about which matter is gathered
Nu'dity, *a.* nakedness
Nugac'ity, *a.* trifling talk, futility
Nu'gatory, *a.* trifling, futile, ineffectual
Null, *a.* a thing of no force or meaning
Null'ity, *a.* want of force or existence
Numb, *a.* torpid, chill, benumbing
Numb, *v. a.* to make torpid, to stupify
Num'ber, *v. a.* to count, to tell, to reckon
Num'ber, *a.* many—*pl.* harmony; poetry
Num'berer, *a.* he who numbers
Num'berless, *a.* more than can be reckoned
Num'bness, *a.* stupefaction, torpor
Nu'merable, *a.* capable to be numbered
Nu'meral, *a.* pertaining to number
Nu'mery, *a.* belonging to a number
Numerat'ion, *a.* the art of numbering
Numerat'or, *a.* he that numbers; that number which measures others
Numer'kal, *a.* denoting number, numeral
Nu'merist, *a.* one who deals in numbers
Nu'merous, *a.* containing many; musical
Num'mary, *a.* relating to money
Nu'm'skull, *a.* a dunce, a dolt, a blockhead
Nun, *a.* a religious recluse woman
Nun'cheon, *a.* food eaten between meals
Nun'cio, *a.* envoy from the Pope; messenger
Nuncup'ative, *a.* verbally pronounced
Nun'ery, *a.* a convent of nuns
Nup'tial, *a.* pertaining to marriage
Nup'tials, *a.* marriage or wedding
Nurse, *a.* a woman who has the care of another's child, or of sick persons
Nurse, *v. a.* to bring up a child, to feed
Nur'sepool, *a.* a pond for young fish
Nur'sery, *a.* a place where children are nursed and brought up; a plot of ground for raising young trees for transplantation
Nur'sling, *a.* one nursed up, a fondling
Nur'ture, *a.* food, diet; education; institution
Nus'tle, *v. a.* to fondle, to cherish

Nut, *s.* a fruit; part of a wheel
 Nut'a'tion, *s.* a kind of tremulous motion
 Nut'gall, *s.* the excrescence of an oak
 Nut'meg, *s.* a warm Indian spice
 Nutri'tion, *s.* the manner of feeding
 Nutri'ment, *s.* nourishment, food, aliment
 Nutri'men'tal, *a.* having the qualities of food; nourishing

Nutri'tion, *s.* the quality of nourishing
 Nutri'tious, Nu'tritive, *a.* nourishing
 Nu'triture, *s.* the power of nourishing
 Nut'tree, *s.* a tree that bears nuts; a hazel
 Nur'tle, *v. a.* to hide the head, as a child does, in its mother's bosom; to nurse, to foster
 Nymph, *s.* a goddess of the woods; a lady

O.

OA'F, *s.* a changeling, a foolish fellow, an idiot
 Oa'fish, *a.* dull, stupid, doltish
 Oak, *s.* a tree, and the wood of it
 Oa'kapple, *s.* a spongy excrescence in oaks
 Oa'ken, *a.* made of, or gathered from oak
 Oa'kum, *s.* cords untwisted, reduced to hemp
 Oar, *s.* an instrument to row with—*v.* to row, to impel by rowing
 Oa'tcake, *s.* a cake made of oatmeal
 Oa'ten, *a.* made of, or bearing oats
 Oath, *s.* a solemn affirmation, corroborated by the attestation of the Divine Being
 Oa'tmalt, *s.* malt made of oats
 Oa'tmeal, *s.* flour made by grinding oats
 Oats, *s.* a grain generally given to horses
 Oat'mula'tion, *s.* the act of walking about
 Oba'duce, *v. a.* to draw over as a covering
 Oba'duction, *s.* a covering or overlaying
 Oba'duracy, *s.* hardness of heart, &c.
 Oba'durate, *a.* hard-hearted, impenitent
 Oba'durately, *ad.* inflexibly, stubbornly
 Oba'dience, *s.* submission, obsequiousness
 Oba'dient, *a.* submissive to authority
 Oba'dien'tial, *a.* pertaining to obedience
 Oba'sance, *s.* an act of reverence, a bow
 Oba'sick, *s.* a pyramid of marble or stone; a marginal mark in a book, &c. thus (?)
 Oba'rration, *s.* the act of wandering about
 Oba'se, *a.* fat, gross, laden with flesh
 Oba'y, *v. a.* to pay submission to, to comply with
 Oba'ject, *a.* that on which we are employed
 Oba'ject, *v.* to urge against, to propose
 Oba'jection, *s.* an adverse argument; a charge
 Oba'jective, *a.* relating to the object
 Oba'jector, *s.* one who objects or opposes
 Oba'le, *s.* funeral obsequies
 Oba'uary, *s.* a register of the dead
 Oba'uration, *s.* act of binding by oath
 Oba'urgate, *v. a.* to chide, rebuke, reprove
 Oba'urgation, *s.* a chiding, reprehension
 Oba'ute, *a.* flatted at the poles
 Oba'tion, *s.* an offering, a sacrifice
 Oba'ta'tion, *s.* recreation, delight
 Oba'ta'tion, *s.* engagement, contract, bond
 Oba'tigatory, *a.* binding, imposing obligation
 Oba'lige, *v. a.* to bind, to compel, to gratify
 Oba'liger, *s.* one bound by a contract
 Oba'lging, *part. a.* complaisant, binding
 Oba'lque, *a.* not direct, not perpendicular
 Oba'lqueness, Oba'lquity, *s.* deviation from moral rectitude; crookedness
 Oba'lterate, *v. a.* to efface, to destroy

Obliteration, *s.* effacement, extinction
 Oba'l'ial, *a.* causing forgetfulness
 Oba'l'ion, *s.* forgetfulness; amnesty
 Oba'l'lous, *a.* causing forgetfulness
 Oba'long, *a.* longer than broad
 Oba'loquy, *s.* blame, slander, disgrace
 Oba'mutes'cence, *s.* loss of speech
 Oba'mor'lous, *a.* accountable; liable; exposed
 Oba'mulate, *v. a.* to cloud, to obscure
 Oba'ole, *s.* in pharmacy, twelve grains
 Oba'p'tion, *s.* the act of creeping on
 Oba'ce'ne, *a.* immodest, disgusting, offensive
 Oba'ce'nely, *ad.* in an immodest manner
 Oba'cen'ity, *s.* lewdness, unchastity
 Oba'curation, *s.* the act of darkening
 Oba'cu're, *a.* dark, gloomy, abstruse, difficult
 Oba'cu're, *v. a.* to darken, to perplex
 Oba'cu'rely, *ad.* darkly, privately
 Oba'cu'reness, Oba'cu'rity, *s.* darkness, want of light; unnoticed state, privacy
 Oba'cration, *s.* a supplication, an entreaty
 Oba'sequies, *s.* funeral solemnities
 Oba'sequious, *a.* compliant, obedient
 Oba'stable, *a.* remarkable, eminent
 Oba'stance, *s.* respect, attention
 Oba'stant, *a.* attentive, diligent, watchful
 Oba'station, *s.* a noting, a remark, a note
 Oba'stor, Oba'stor, *s.* a remarker
 Oba'stratory, *s.* a place adapted for making astronomical observations
 Oba'st, *v.* to watch; note, regard, obey
 Oba'stion, *s.* the act of besieging
 Oba'stinate, *v. a.* to ratify; to seal up
 Oba'solete, *a.* disused, grown out of use
 Oba'stacle, *s.* a let, hinderance, obstruction
 Oba'ster'ric, *s.* doing a midwife's office
 Oba'stinacy, *s.* stubbornness, persistency
 Oba'stinate, *a.* stubborn, contumacious, fixed
 Oba'stinately, *ad.* stubbornly, resolutely
 Oba'stipation, *s.* act of stopping chinks, &c.
 Oba'str'perous, *a.* noisy, loud, vociferous
 Oba'striction, *s.* an obligation, a bond
 Oba'strict, *v. a.* to hinder, block up, bar
 Oba'struction, *s.* a hinderance, an obstacle
 Oba'structive, *a.* hindering, impeding
 Oba'struent, *a.* blocking up, hindering
 Oba'stup'efaction, *s.* act of inducing stupidity
 Oba't'n, *v.* to gain, to acquire; to prevail
 Oba't'nable, *a.* that may be obtained
 Oba't'nment, *s.* the act of obtaining
 Oba'ten'd, *v. a.* to oppose; pretend; offer
 Oba'teneb'ration, *s.* darkness, making dark
 Oba'ten'sion, *s.* opposition, denial
 Oba'tert, *v.* to beseech, to supplicate
 Oba'testa'tion, *s.* supplication, entreaty

Obtrecta'tion, *s.* slander, detraction
 Obtru'se, *v. a.* to thrust into a place by force;
 to offer with unreasonable importunity
 Obtru'sion, *s.* forcing in or upon
 Obtru'sive, *a.* inclined to obtrude on others
 Obtun'd, *v. a.* to blunt; quell; deaden
 Obtuse, *a.* not pointed; dull, obscure
 Obtusely, *ad.* without a point, dully
 Obtuseness, *s.* bluntness, stupidity, dulness
 Obtusion, *s.* the act of dulling
 Obvert, *v. a.* to turn towards, &c.
 Obviate, *v. a.* to prevent, hinder, oppose
 Obvious, *a.* easily discovered, plain, open
 Obviously, *ad.* evidently, plainly
 Obviousness, *s.* the state of being evident
 Occa'sion, *s.* a casualty, an opportunity,
 an incident
 Occa'sion, *v. a.* to cause, to influence
 Occasional, *a.* incidental, casual
 Occeca'tion, *s.* act of blinding or making
 blind; state of being blind
 Oc'cident, *s.* the west—*a.* western
 Occiden'tal, *a.* western
 Oc'ciput, *s.* the hinder part of the head
 Occlu'se, *v. a.* to shut up
 Occlu'se, *a.* shut up, closed
 Occult; *a.* unknown, hidden, secret
 Occulta'tion, *s.* the act of hiding; in astro-
 nomy, the time that a star or planet is
 hid from sight in an eclipse
 Oc'cupancy, *s.* the act of taking possession
 Oc'cupant, *s.* he that takes possession
 Oc'cupate, *v. a.* to possess, hold; take up
 Occupation, *s.* a taking possession; trade
 Oc'cupier, *s.* a possessor, one who occupies
 Oc'cupy, *v. a.* to possess; to fill or take
 up; to employ, to use, to expend
 Occur, *v. n.* to happen; to appear
 Occurrence, *s.* incident, casual event
 Occur'sion, *s.* a clash, a mutual blow
 Ocean, *s.* the main; any immense expanse
 Oculated, *a.* resembling the eyes
 Oc'himy, *s.* a mixed base metal
 Oc'hre, *s.* a rough, yellow, or blue earth
 Oc'hreous, *a.* consisting of ochre
 Oc'tagon, *s.* a figure of eight sides and angles
 Octag'onial, *a.* having eight angles and sides
 Octan'gular, *a.* having eight angles
 Oc'tave, *s.* the eighth day after some festi-
 val; the interval of an eighth in music
 Octa'vo, *s.* a sheet folded into eight leaves
 Octen'rial, *a.* happening every eighth year;
 lasting eight years
 Octo'ber, *s.* the tenth month of the year
 Oc'ular, *a.* known by the eye
 Oculist, *s.* one who cures distempered eyes
 Odd, *a.* not even; particular, strange
 Odd'ity, *s.* singularity, particularity
 Odd'ly, *ad.* not evenly; strangely, unac-
 countably, uncouthly
 Odd'ness, *s.* particularity, strangeness
 Odds, *s.* inequality; more than an even wa-
 ger; advantage; superiority; dispute
 Ode, *s.* a poem to be sung to music
 Odious, *a.* hateful, heinous, abominable
 Odium, *s.* inviolousness; hatred; blame
 Odoriferous, *a.* fragrant, perfumed, sweet
 Odorous, *a.* fragrant, perfumed

O'dour, *s.* scent good or bad; fragrance
 Oecumen'ical, *a.* general, universal
 Oeil'lad, *s.* a wink, token of the eye
 O'er, *ad.* contracted from over
 Off, *ad.* signifying distance; from, not
 toward
 Offal, *s.* waste meat, refuse, carrion
 Offence, *s.* a transgression; injury, anger
 Offen'celess, *a.* unoffending, innocent
 Offen'd, *v.* to make angry, injure, attack
 Offen'der, *s.* one who commits an offence
 Offen'sive, *a.* displeasing, injurious, hurtful
 Offen'sively, *ad.* displeasingly, injuriously
 Offer, *v.* to present; attempt; sacrifice
 Offer, *s.* a proposal; endeavour; price bid
 Offer'ing, *s.* sacrifice or oblation
 Of'fertory, *s.* act of offering, thing offered;
 place where offerings are kept; part of
 the Popish mass
 Of'fice, *s.* public employment, agency
 Of'ficer, *s.* a commander, one in office
 Of'ficed, *a.* supplied with commanders
 Of'ficial, *a.* pertaining to an office
 Of'ficial, *s.* an archdeacon's deputy
 Of'ficialty, *s.* the charge of an official
 Of'fiate, *v.* to perform another's duty
 Of'ficial, *a.* used in or relating to shops
 Of'ficious, *a.* importunately forward; kind
 Of'ficiously, *ad.* with unasked kindness
 Of'fiousness, *s.* over-forwardness; service
 Of'fing, *s.* the act of steering to a distance
 from the land; out at sea
 Off'set, *s.* a sprout, the shoot of a plant
 Of'f'ing, *s.* propagation; children
 Of'fuscate, *v. a.* to darken, to cloud, to dim
 Of't, Of'ten, Of'tentimes, Of'times, *ad.*
 frequently, many times, not rarely
 Ogee', Ogi've, *s.* a sort of moulding in ar-
 chitecture, consisting of a round and a
 hollow
 O'gle, *v. a.* to view with side glances
 O'gling, *s.* a viewing slyly or obliquely
 O'glio, *s.* a dish of mixed meats, a medley
 O'gre, O'gress, *s.* imaginary monsters of
 the east, male and female
 Oh! *interj.* denoting sorrow or surprise
 Oil, *s.* the expressed juice of olives, &c.
 Oiliness, *s.* unctuousness, greasiness
 Oilman, *s.* one who sells oils, pickles, &c.
 Oily, *a.* consisting of oil; fat, greasy
 Ointment, *s.* an unguent, a salve
 Old, O'l'den, *a.* not new; ancient, long used
 Oldfash'ioned, *a.* obsolete, out of fashion
 Oleag'inous, Oleac'e, O'leous, *a.* oily
 Olfac'tory, *a.* having the sense of smelling
 Oliba'num, *s.* a sweet-scented gum
 Oliga'rchical, *a.* relating to an oligarchy
 Oligarchy, *s.* a form of government which
 places the supreme power in the hands
 of few; an aristocracy
 O'l'itory, *a.* belonging to a kitchen garden
 Olivaster, *a.* darkly brown, tawny
 Olive, *s.* a plant; its fruit; emblem of peace
 Olymp'iad, *s.* the space of four years,
 whereby the Greeks reckoned their time,
 so named from the games celebrated
 every fourth year in honour of Jupiter
 Olympus

Om'bre, *s.* a game at cards played by three
Om'e'ga, *s.* the last letter of the Greek alphabet, therefore taken in the Holy Scripture for the last

Om'e'let, *s.* a pancake made with eggs
Om'en, *s.* a good or bad sign, a prognostic
Om'er, *s.* a Hebrew measure, containing about three pints and a half English

Om'i'nate, *v.* to foretoken
Om'i'nous, *a.* foreshewing ill, inauspicious
Om'i'ssion, Om'i't'ance, *s.* a neglect of duty
Om'i't', *v. a.* to leave out; to neglect

Om'i'iform, *a.* having every shape
Om'i'f'i'ous, *a.* of all kinds and sorts
Om'i'fic, *a.* all-creating
Om'n'i'potence, Om'n'i'potency, *s.* almighty power, unlimited power

Om'n'i'potent, *a.* almighty, all-powerful
Om'n'i'presence, *s.* the quality of being everywhere present; ubiquity

Om'n'i'present, *a.* present in every place
Om'n'i'science, *s.* infinite knowledge
Om'n'i'scient, *a.* infinitely wise, all-knowing
Om'o'logy, *s.* likeness; agreeableness

On, *prep.* upon—*adv.* forward, not off
Once, *adv.* at one time, a single time; formerly
One, *a.* one of two, single—*s.* a single person; concord, agreement

On'e'yed, *a.* having only one eye
On'e'crit'ic, *s.* an interpreter of dreams
On'e'ness, *s.* unity; the quality of being one

On'e'rary, *a.* fitted for carriage or burdens
On'e'rate, *v. a.* to load, to burden
On'e'rous, *a.* burdensome, oppressive

On'ion, *s.* a plant with a bulbous root
On'ly, *adv.* simply, barely—*a.* single; this and no other; alone

On'o'mancy, *s.* divination by names
On'et, *s.* an attack, an assault; a storm
Onto'logy, *s.* metaphysics; the science of beings or ideas in general

On'ward, *adv.* progressively; forward
O'nyx, *s.* a clear, elegant, and valuable gem
Ooze, *s.* soft mud; slime; soft flow; spring

Ooze, *v. n.* to run gently, flow by stealth
O'zy, *a.* milky, muddy, slimy
Opa'cite, *v.* to shade, cloud, darken

Opac'ity, *s.* darkness, obscurity
Opa'cous, Opa'que, *a.* dark, not transparent
O'pal, *s.* a precious stone

O'pen, *v.* to disclose, unlock; divide; begin
O'pen, *a.* unclashed, plain, clear, exposed
O'pen'e'd, *a.* watchful, vigilant, attentive

O'penha'ded, *a.* generous, liberal, bountiful
O'penha'ried, *a.* generous, candid
O'penha'rtedness, *s.* liberality, munificence

O'pening, *s.* a breach, an aperture; the dawn; faint knowledge
O'penly, *adv.* publicly, evidently, plainly
O'penmou'thed, *a.* greedy, clamorous

O'peness, *s.* freedom from disguise
O'pers, *s.* a musical entertainment
O'perant, *a.* active; able to produce

O'pera'tor, *s.* one that performs any act of the hand; one who produces any effect
O'per'o'se, *a.* laborious; full of trouble

O'per't'i'ous, *a.* secret, done in secret
O'phi'tes, *s.* a stone resembling a serpent
O'pht'al'mic, *a.* relating to the eye

O'pht'al'my, *s.* a disease of the eyes
O'plate, *s.* a medicine that causes sleep
O'pin'i'ative, *a.* stubborn, stiff

O'pin'ion, *s.* a sentiment; notion
O'pin'i'onative, *a.* fond of preconceived notions; stubborn
O'pi'u'rous, *a.* sumptuous

O'p'u'lation, *s.* an aiding, a helping
O'p'ium, *s.* the juice of Turkish poppies
O'pode'ode, *s.* a popular oliment

O'pos'sum, *s.* an American animal
O'p'idan, *s.* a townsman; an appellation given to the youth who belong to the King's College Westminster

O'pp'i'nerate, *v. a.* to pledge, to pawn
O'ppila'tion, *s.* an obstruction or stoppage
O'p'p'lative, *a.* obstructive, apt to obstruct

O'ppo'nent, *a.* opposite, adverse
O'ppo'nent, *s.* an adversary, an antagonist
O'p'por'tu'ne, *a.* seasonable, convenient, fit

O'p'por'tu'nity, *s.* fit place; time; convenience
O'ppo'se, *v.* to act against, resist, hinder
O'ppo'se, *a.* irresistible, not to be opposed

O'p'posite, *a.* place in front, adverse
O'p'posite, *s.* an adversary, an antagonist
O'p'posi'tion, *s.* hostile resistance; contrariety of interest, conduct, or meaning

O'ppress', *v. a.* to crush by hardships, subdue
O'ppres'sion, *s.* a cruelty, severity; dulness
O'ppres'sive, *a.* cruel, inhuman; heavy

O'ppres'sor, *s.* one who harasses others
O'ppro'brious, *a.* reproachful, disgraceful
O'ppro'briousness, *s.* scurrility, abuse

O'ppro'brium, *s.* disgrace, infamy
O'ppu'gn, *v. a.* to oppose, attack, refute
O'ppug'nancy, *s.* opposition, resistance

O'p'm'i'athy, *s.* late education; late erudition
O'p'tative, *a.* expressive of desire
O'p'tic, *a.* visual, relating to vision

O'p'tic, *s.* an instrument or organ of sight
O'p'tical, *a.* relating to the science of optics
O'p'ti'cian, *s.* one skilled in optics

O'p'tics, *s.* the science of vision
O'p'timacy, *s.* nobility, the body of nobles
O'p'tion, *s.* a choice, power of choosing

O'p'tional, *a.* leaving somewhat to choice
O'p'u'cence, O'p'u'gency, *s.* wealth, affluence
O'p'u'lent, *a.* rich, wealthy, affluent

Or, *s.* gold, in heraldry—*conj.* a conjunctive particle, marking distribution, and sometimes opposition
O'racle, *s.* something delivered by supernatural wisdom; one famed for wisdom

O'racu'lar, O'racu'lous, *a.* uttering oracles
O'ral, *a.* delivered verbally, not written

O'range, *s.* a well-known fruit
O'ra'ngery, *s.* a plantation of orange trees
O'ra'tion, *s.* a public discourse or speech

O'rator, *s.* an eloquent public speaker
O'rator'ical, *a.* rhetorical; befitting an orator
O'rato'rio, *s.* a kind of sacred drama

- Or'atory, *s.* rhetorical skill; eloquence
 Orb, *s.* a sphere; a circle; a wheel; the eye
 Or'bate, *a.* childless, fatherless: poor
 Orba'tion, *s.* the act of deprivation
 Or'bed, *a.* circular, formed in a circle
 Orbic'ular, *a.* spherical, circular
 Or'bit, *s.* the path in which a planet moves
 Or'chard, *s.* a garden of fruit trees
 Orches'tra, Or'chestre, *s.* a gallery or place for musicians to play in
 Ordai'n, *v. a.* to appoint, establish, invest
 Or'déal, *s.* a trial by fire or water
 Or'der, *s.* a method, a mandate, a rule
 Or'der, *v. a.* to regulate, command, ordain
 Or'derless, *a.* disorderly, out of rule
 Or'derly, *a.* methodical, regular
 Or'ders, *s.* admission to the priesthood
 Or'dinable, *a.* such as may be appointed
 Or'dinal, *s.* a ritual—*a.* nothing order
 Or'dinance, *s.* a law; rule; appointment
 Or'dinary, *s.* a judge; a stated chaplain; a place for eating, where a certain price is paid for each meal; settled establishment
 Or'dinary, *a.* common, usual; mean; ugly
 Or'dinate, *a.* methodical—*v. a.* to appoint
 Or'dina'tion, *s.* the act of ordaining
 Or'dnance, *s.* cannon, heavy artillery
 Or'dnnance, *s.* disposition of figures in a picture
 Or'dure, *s.* animal dung, filth
 O'read, *s.* a nymph of the mountains
 Ore, *s.* metal yet in its mineral state
 Or'gal, *s.* the lees of wine, &c.
 Or'gan, *s.* a natural or musical instrument
 Organ'ic, Organ'ical, *a.* instrumental
 Organ'ism, *s.* organical structure
 Organ'ist, *s.* one who plays on the organ
 Organiza'tion, *s.* a due construction of parts
 Or'ganize, *v. a.* to form organically
 Or'gasm, *s.* a sudden vehemence
 Or'gies, *s.* frantic revels, rites of Bacchus
 Or'gillous, *a.* proud, haughty, lofty
 Or'ient, *a.* rising as the sun; eastern; bright
 Orient'al, *a.* eastern, placed in the east
 Or'ifice, *s.* an opening or perforation
 Or'igin, *s.* beginning, source, descent
 Or'iginal, *s.* first copy—*a.* pristine
 Original'ity, *s.* quality of being original
 Or'iginally, *ad.* primarily, at first
 Or'iginary, *a.* productive, primitive
 Or'iginate, *v. a.* to bring into existence
 Or'ison, Or'alson, *s.* a prayer, verbal supplication, or oral worship
 Or'lop, *s.* the lowest deck of a ship
 Or'nement, *s.* decoration, embellishment
 Or'nement, *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish
 Or'namen'tal, *a.* giving embellishment
 Or'namen'ted, *a.* embellished, decorated
 Or'nate, *a.* bedecked, decorated, fine
 Ornithol'ogy, *s.* a discourse on birds
 Or'phan, *s.* a child bereaved of father or mother, or both—*a.* bereft of parents
 Or'piment, *s.* a mineral, yellow arsenic
 Or'rary, *s.* an instrument which represents the revolutions of the heavenly bodies
 Or'ris, *s.* gold and silver lace; a plant
 Or'rhodox, *a.* sound in opinion and doctrine
 Or'rhodoxy, *s.* soundness in doctrine, &c.
 Ortho'epy, *s.* the art of pronouncing words properly
 Or'thogen, *s.* a rectangled figure
 Orthog'raper, *s.* one who spells rightly
 Orthograph'ical, *a.* rightly spelled
 Orthograph'ically, *ad.* according to rule
 Orthog'raphy, *s.* the part of grammar which teaches how words should be spelled;
 the elevation of a building delineated
 Or'tive, *s.* rising of a planet or star
 Or'tolan, *s.* a delicate small bird
 Or'ts, *s.* fragments, mere refuse
 Os'cillate, *v. a.* to move backward and forward
 Oscilla'tion, *s.* the moving like a pendulum
 Os'citancy, Oscita'tion, *s.* the act of yawning; unusual sleepiness; carelessness
 Os'citant, *a.* yawning, sleepy, sluggish
 Os'ier, *s.* a tree of the willow kind
 Os'pray, *s.* a large sea-hawk
 Os'seous, *a.* bony, like bone; hard
 Os'sicle, *s.* a small bone
 Ossifica'tion, *s.* a change into bony substance
 Os'sifrage, *s.* a kind of eagle
 Os'sify, *v. a.* to change to bone
 Ossiv'orous, *a.* devouring bones
 Os'suary, *a.* a charnel-house
 Ost, Ost, Oust, *s.* a vessel to dry malt on
 Osten'sible, *a.* that may be shown, apparent
 Osten'sive, *a.* showing, betokening
 Osten't, *s.* air, manner, show; a portent
 Ostenta'tion, *s.* an outward or vain show
 Ostenta'tious, *a.* boastful, vain, fond of show, fond to expose to view
 Osteol'ogy, *s.* a description of the bones
 Os'tiary, *s.* the mouth of a river
 Os'tler, *s.* one who takes care of horses
 Os'trackism, *s.* a passing sentence by ballot; banishment; public censure by shells
 Os'trich, *s.* a very large African fowl
 Otacou'stic, *s.* an instrument to facilitate or improve the sense of hearing
 Oth'er, *pron.* not the same; different
 Oth'erwise, *ad.* in a different manner
 Ot'ter, *s.* an amphibious animal
 Ot'toman, *a.* belonging to the Turks
 O'val, *a.* oblong, shaped like an egg
 Ova'rious, *a.* consisting of, or like eggs
 O'vary, *s.* the seat of eggs or impregnation
 Ova'tion, *s.* a lesser kind of Roman triumph
 Ov'en, *s.* an arched place for baking in
 Over, *prep.* and *ad.* above; across
 Overac't, *v. a.* to act more than enough
 Overan'dious, *a.* too careful
 Overar'ch, *v. a.* to cover as with an arch
 Overawe', *v. a.* to keep in awe, to terrify
 Overbal'ance, *v. a.* to preponderate
 Overbear', *v. a.* to subdue, to bear down
 Overbid', *v. a.* to offer more than the value
 Overboard, *ad.* off or out of the ship
 Overboil', *v. a.* to boil too much
 Overbur'den, *v. a.* to load too much
 Overcar'ry, *v. a.* to hurry too far
 Overcas't, *a.* clouded—*v. a.* to darken
 Overcharge, *v. a.* to charge too high; to cloy; to crowd too much; to burden
 Overcloud', *v. a.* to cover with clouds

Overcome, *v. a.* to subdue, to vanquish
 Overcount, *v. a.* to rate above the true value
 Overdo, *v. a.* to do more than enough
 Overdrive, *v. a.* to drive too hard or fast
 Overeye, *v. a.* to superintend; to remark
 Overfeed, *v. a.* to feed too much, to cram
 Overflow, *v.* to be full; to deluge
 Overflowing, *a.* exuberance, copiousness
 Overgrown, *part. a.* grown too big
 Overgrowth, *a.* exuberant growth
 Overhale, *v. a.* to examine over again
 Overhead, *ad.* aloft, above in the zenith
 Overhear, *v. a.* to hear privately or by chance
 Overheat, *v. a.* to heat too much
 Overjoy, *v. a.* to transport—*a.* ecstasy
 Overload, *v. a.* to overburden, to overload
 Overlay, *v. a.* to smother, to cover over
 Overleap, *v. a.* to leap or jump over
 Overload, *v. a.* to burden with too much
 Overlong, *a.* too long, longer than is meet
 Overlook, *v. a.* to superintend; view from a higher place; pass by indulgently; peruse
 Overmastered, *a.* having too much mast
 Overmatch, *v. a.* to be too powerful
 Overmuch, *a.* too much, more than enough
 Overnight, *a.* night before bed-time
 Overpass, *v. a.* to omit, overlook, cross
 Overpay, *v. a.* to pay more than the price
 Overpeer, *v. a.* to overlook; hover above
 Overplus, *a.* what is more than sufficient
 Overpoise, *v. a.* to outweigh, preponderate
 Overpower, *v. a.* to oppress by power
 Overpress, *v. a.* to crush, to overwhelm
 Overprice, *v. a.* to value at too high a price
 Overrank, *a.* too rank
 Overrate, *v. a.* to rate too much
 Overreach, *v.* to deceive; to go beyond
 Overripe, *v.* to make too ripe
 Overroast, *v. a.* to roast too much
 Overrule, *v. a.* to superintend, supersede
 Overrun, *v. a.* to ravage; outrun; overspread
 Overseer, *v. a.* to superintend, to overlook
 Overseer, *a.* one who overlooks; a parish-officer who has the care of the poor
 Overset, *v.* to turn the bottom upwards, throw off the basis, overturn, subvert
 Overshade, *v. a.* to cover with darkness
 Overshadow, *v. a.* to shelter, cover, protect
 Overshoot, *v.* to fly beyond the mark
 Oversight, *a.* mistake; superintendence
 Overstake, *v. a.* to surpass in bulk; plaster
 Overstep, *v. a.* to pass by leaping; neglect
 Oversleep, *v. a.* to sleep too long
 Overslip, *v. a.* to pass undone, to neglect
 Overspread, *v. a.* to cover over, scatter over
 Overstand, *v. a.* to stand too much upon terms
 Overstock, *v. a.* to fill too full, to crowd
 Overstretch, *v.* to stretch too far
 Overstay, *v. a.* to overrule, to bear down
 Overwell, *v. a.* to rise above
 Over, *a.* open, manifest, public, apparent
 Overtake, *v. a.* to come up with in a pursuit
 Overthrow, *v. a.* to ruin, defeat, overturn
 Overthrow, *a.* opposite, perverse, adverse
 Overthrowness, *a.* perversity, perverseness

Overtly, *ad.* openly, publicly, manifestly
 Overtook, *pref. and part. pass. of overtake*
 Overtop, *v. a.* to rise above; excel, surpass
 Overtrip, *v. a.* to walk lightly over
 Overture, *a.* an opening, disclosure, discovery, proposal; a flourish of music before the scenes are opened in a play
 Overturn, *v. a.* to throw down; overpower
 Overvalue, *v. a.* to rate at too high a price
 Overveil, *v. a.* to veil or cover over
 Overweak, *a.* too weak, too feeble
 Overween, *v. a.* to think too highly
 Overweight, *a.* more than weight
 Overwhelm, *v.* to crush; to fill too much
 Overwise, *a.* wise to affectation
 Overwrought, *part.* laboured too much
 Overworn, *part.* worn out, spoiled by time
 Ought, *a.* any thing, something. This word is more properly written *Aught*
 Ought, *v. imp.* to be fit; to be necessary
 Ovoidform, *a.* having the shape of an egg
 Oviparous, *a.* bringing forth eggs
 Ounce, *a.* a weight; a lynx, a panther
 Ouphe, *a.* a fairy, a goblin
 Our, *pron. poss.* pertaining to us
 Ourselves, *pron. recip.* we, us, not others
 Out, *v. a.* to vacate; take away; cast out
 Out, *ad.* not within, not at home; not in office; to the end; loudly; at a loss
 Outact, *v. a.* to do beyond, to exceed
 Outbalance, *v. a.* to outweigh, preponderate
 Outbid, *v. a.* to bid more than another
 Outbound, *a.* destined to a distant voyage
 Outbrave, *v. a.* to silence or outdo by a more splendid or insolent appearance
 Outbrave, *v. a.* to bear down by impudence
 Outbreak, *a.* an eruption, a breaking out
 Outcast, *a.* an exile, one rejected
 Outcraft, *v. a.* to excel in cunning
 Outcry, *a.* a cry of distress, noise, clamour
 Outdare, *v. a.* to venture or dare beyond
 Outdo, *v. a.* to excel, surpass, go beyond
 Outdo, *a.* that is without, outward
 Outdo, *a.* remotest from the midst
 Outdo, *v. a.* to brave or stare down
 Outfit, *a.* a naval term, signifying the equipment of a ship for her voyage
 Outfly, *v. a.* to leave behind; fly beyond
 Outgate, *a.* an outlet, a passage outward
 Outgive, *v. a.* to surpass in giving
 Outgo, *v. a.* to surpass, excel, circumvent
 Outgrow, *v. a.* to surpass in growth
 Outguard, *a.* the advanced guard
 Outknavery, *v. a.* to surpass in knavery
 Outlandish, *a.* foreign, not native
 Outlaw, *a.* one excluded from the benefit of the law; a plunderer, a robber
 Outlawry, *a.* a decree by which a man is cut off from the community, and deprived of the protection of the law
 Outleap, *v. a.* to surpass in leaping
 Outlet, *a.* a passage or discharge outward
 Outline, *a.* the line by which any figure is defined; contour; extremity
 Outlive, *v. a.* to survive, to live beyond
 Outlook, *v. a.* to face down, to browbeat
 Outlying, *part. a.* not in the course of order

Outma'rch, *v. a.* to march quicker
 Outmeas'ure, *v. a.* to exceed in measure
 Outmost, *a.* the most outward
 Outnum'ber, *v. a.* to exceed in number
 Outpa'ce, *v. a.* to outgo, to leave behind
 Outparish, *s.* a parish without the walls
 Outprize, *v. a.* to prize or value too highly
 Outrage, *s.* violence, tumultuous mischief
 Outrage, *v.* to commit exorbitancies; to insult roughly and contumeliously
 Outragious, *a.* violent, furious, excessive
 Outrea'ch, *v. a.* to go beyond, exceed; cheat
 Outride, *v. a.* to pass by riding
 Outright, *ad.* immediately; completely
 Outroad, *s.* an excursion
 Outroar, *v. a.* to exceed in roaring
 Outroot, *v. a.* to root up, to eradicate
 Outrun', *v. a.* to leave behind in running
 Outsa'l, *v. a.* to leave behind in selling
 Outscorn, *v. a.* to bear down by contempt
 Outsell, *v. a.* to sell for a higher price
 Outshine, *v. a.* to emit lustre, excel in lustre
 Outshoot, *v. a.* to excel in shooting
 Outside, *s.* external part, outer part
 Outsit', *v. a.* to sit beyond the due time
 Outsleep, *v.* to sleep beyond proper time
 Outspread, *v. a.* to extend, to diffuse
 Outstare, *v. a.* to browbeat, to face down
 Outstretch, *v. a.* to extend, to spread out
 Outstrip, *v. a.* to outgo, to leave behind
 Outswear, *v. a.* to overpower by swearing
 Outtalk, *v. a.* to overpower by talk
 Outtongue, *v. a.* to bear down by noise
 Outvalue, *v. a.* to transcend in price
 Outvie', *v. a.* to exceed, to surpass, to excel

Outvote, *v. a.* to conquer by plurality of votes
 Outwalk, *v. a.* to leave one in walking
 Outwall, *s.* outward part of a building
 Outward, *a.* external, foreign, apparent
 Outward, *ad.* to foreign or outer parts
 Outwardly, *ad.* in appearance, not sincerely; externally, opposed to inwardly
 Outwards, *ad.* towards the out parts
 Outwear, *v. a.* to pass tediously
 Outweigh, *v. a.* to exceed in weight, &c.
 Outwit, *v. a.* to overcome by stratagem
 Outworks, *s.* externals of a fortification
 Outworn, *part.* destroyed by use or age
 Owe, *v. a.* to be indebted; to be obliged
 Owl, Owl'et, *s.* a bird that flies by night
 Owler, *s.* one who exports wool or other goods contrary to the law of the land
 Own, *a.* belonging to
 Own, *v. a.* to acknowledge, to avow
 Owner, *s.* one to whom a thing belongs
 Ownership, *s.* property, rightful possession
 Owse, *s.* bark of young oak beaten small
 Ows'er, *s.* bark and water mixed in a tanpit
 Ox, *s. pl.* Ox'en, a castrated bull or bulls
 Oxgang of land, *s.* fifteen acres
 Oxlip, *s.* the cowslip, a vernal flower
 Oxycrate, *s.* mixture of vinegar and water
 Oxymel, *s.* mixture of vinegar and honey
 Oyster and ferminer, *s.* a judicature where causes are heard and determined
 Oyes', *s.* an introduction to any advertisement given by the public criers
 Oy'ster, *s.* a bivalve shell-fish

P.

PABULAR, Pab'ulous, *a.* affording provender or aliment

Pac'ated, *a.* appeased, made placable
 Pace, *s.* step, gait; measure of five feet
 Pace, *v.* to move slowly; measure by steps
 Pa'cer, *s.* one who paces, a pacing horse
 Pacif'ic, *a.* mild, gentle, appeasing
 Pacifica'tion, *s.* the act of making peace
 Pacifica'tor, *s.* a mediator or peacemaker
 Pacifier, *s.* one who pacifies or appeases
 Pacify, *v. a.* to appease, to compose
 Pack, *s.* a bundle tied up for carriage; a set of cards; a number of hounds, &c.
 Pack, *v.* to bind or tie up goods; to sort cards; to concert bad measures
 Pack'age, *s.* a charge or wrapper for packing
 Pack'cloth, *s.* cloth in which goods are tied
 Pack'er, *s.* one who binds up bales, &c.
 Pack'et, *s.* a small pack; a mail of letters
 Pack'horse, *s.* a horse of burden
 Pack'saddle, *s.* a saddle to carry burdens
 Pack'thread, *s.* a thread used in packing
 Pact, Pac'tion, *s.* a bargain, a covenant
 Pad, *s.* an easy paced horse; a foot robber
 Pad, *v. n.* to travel gently; to rob on foot
 Pad'ar, *s.* grouts, coarse flour
 Pad'dle, *v. n.* to play in the water; to row
 Pad'dle, *s.* an oar used by a single rower

Pad'dock, *s.* a toad or frog; small enclosure
 Pad'lock, *s.* a pendent or hanging lock
 Pad'lock, *v. a.* to fasten with a padlock
 Pa'an, *s.* a song of triumph or praise
 Pædobap'tism, *s.* infant baptism
 Pa'gan, *s.* a heathen—a heathenish
 Paganism, *s.* heathenism
 Page, *s.* one side of the leaf of a book; a boy attending on a great person
 Page, *v. a.* to mark the pages of a book
 Pag'ant, *s.* any show; a spectacle of entertainment; a statue in a show
 Pag'ant, *a.* showy, pompous, ostentatious
 Pag'entry, *s.* pomp, ostentation, show
 Pag'inal, *a.* consisting of pages
 Pa'god, *s.* an Indian idol, or its temple
 Paid, *pret. and part. pass. of pay*
 Pail, *s.* a wooden vessel for water, &c.
 Pain, *s.* sensation of uneasiness, punishment
 Pain, *v. a.* to afflict, torment, make uneasy
 Pain'ful, *a.* full of pain, afflictive, difficult
 Pain'fully, *ad.* with great pain, laboriously
 Painfulness, *s.* affliction, laboriousness
 Pain'im, *s.* an infidel, a pagan
 Pain'less, *a.* without pain or trouble
 Pain'staker, *s.* a laborious person
 Pain'staking, *a.* laborious, industrious
 Paint, *s.* colours for painting

Paint, *v. a.* to represent, colour, describe
 Painter, *s.* one who professes painting
 Painting, *a.* the art of representing objects by delineation and colours; a picture
 Pair, *v. a.* to join in couples, suit, unite
 Palace, *a.* a royal or splendid house
 Palacious, *a.* royal, noble, grand
 Palanquin, *a.* an Indian sedan or chair
 Palatable, *a.* pleasing to the taste
 Palate, *s.* instrument of taste, mental relish
 Palatine, *a.* belonging to the palate
 Patience, *a.* possessing royal privileges
 Pava'er, *a.* superfluous talk
 Pale, *a.* wan, whitish—*s.* a jurisdiction; an enclosure; a flat stake stuck in the ground; the third and middle part of a scutcheon
 Pale, *v. a.* to enclose with pales, encompass
 Palefaced, *a.* having the face wan, pale
 Palefendar, *s.* a kind of coasting vessel
 Paleous, *a.* husky, chaffy
 Paleness, *s.* wanness, want of colour
 Palette, *a.* a light board for painters' colours
 Palefrey, *a.* a small horse trained for ladies
 Palefreyed, *a.* riding on a palefrey
 Palinode, Palinody, *s.* a recantation
 Paling, *s.* a kind of fence-work
 Palisade, Palisado, *s.* pales set for enclosure
 Palish, *a.* somewhat pale, sickly
 Pall, *s.* a cloak or mantle of state; a covering thrown over the dead
 Pall, *v.* to become insipid; cloy, weaken
 Palladium, *s.* a security or protection
 Palliat, *s.* a small or mean bed
 Pallament, *s.* a robe, a dress, a garment
 Palliate, *v. a.* to excuse, extenuate, ease
 Palliation, *s.* a mitigation, imperfect cure
 Palliative, *a.* extenuating, mitigating
 Pallid, *a.* pale, not high coloured
 Pallmall, *s.* a game with a ball and mallet
 Palm, *s.* a tree; triumph; part of the hand
 Palm, *v. a.* to hide in the hand; to cheat, to impose by fraud
 Palmar, *s.* a pilgrim; deer's crown; cheat
 Palm-tree, *s.* a species of the palm-tree
 Palmiferous, *a.* bearing palms
 Palmiped, *a.* webfooted, as swans, &c.
 Palmistry, *s.* the cheat of fortune-telling by lines in the palm of the hand
 Palmy, *a.* bearing or having palms
 Palpability, *s.* a palpable quality
 Palpable, *a.* that may be felt; plain; gross
 Palpably, *ad.* plainly, evidently
 Palpitate, *v. a.* to beat as the heart, flutter
 Palpitation, *s.* a throbbing of the heart
 Palgrave, *s.* a German title of honour
 Palical, Palied, *a.* afflicted with the palsy
 Palsy, *s.* a privation of the sense of feeling
 Palter, *v.* to shift, to dodge, to squander
 Pam, *s.* the knave of clubs
 Pamper, *v. a.* to feed luxuriously, to glut
 Pamphlet, *s.* a small stitched book
 Pamphleteer, *s.* writer of pamphlets
 Pan, *s.* a vessel of various metals, &c.
 Panacea, *s.* a universal medicine; an herb
 Panada, Panado, *s.* bread boiled in water
 Pancake, *s.* thin butter fried in a pan

Pancreatic, *a.* excelling in all the gymnastic exercises
 Pancreas, *s.* the sweatbread of an animal
 Pan'cy, Pan'sy, *s.* a kind of violet
 Pan'dect, *s.* a complete treatise on any science
 Pandemonium, *s.* the great hall or council-chamber of devils
 Pandemic, *a.* incident to a whole people
 Pan'der, *s.* a pimp, a male bawd, a procurer
 Pandiculation, *s.* a yawning and stretching
 Pan'durated, *a.* having furrowed stalks
 Pane, *s.* a square of glass, wainscot, &c.
 Panegyric, *s.* an eulogy, encomium, praise
 Panegyric, *a.* bestowing praise
 Panegyrist, *s.* a writer of panegyrics
 Pan'el, *s.* a square of wainscot, &c. a roll of jurors' names provided by the sheriff
 Pang, *s.* violent and sudden pain
 Pan'ic, *a.* violent without cause
 Pan'ic, *s.* sudden causeless consternation
 Panna'de, *s.* the curvet of a horse
 Pan'nel, *s.* a kind of rustic saddle
 Pan'nier, *s.* a basket carried on horses
 Pan'oply, *s.* complete armour or harness
 Pant, *v. v. a.* to beat as the heart; to wish earnestly
 Pantaloon, *s.* a man's garment; a buffoon
 Pantheon, *s.* a temple of all the gods
 Pan'ther, *s.* a spotted wild beast, a pard
 Pan'tile, Pen'tile, *s.* a gutter tile
 Pan'tier, *s.* one who, in a great family, keeps the bread
 Panto'fle, *s.* a slipper, a shoe
 Pan'tomime, *s.* a tale exhibited only in gesture and dumb show; a scene
 Pan'try, *s.* a room, &c. for provisions
 Pap, *s.* the nipple; food for infants; palp
 Pape', *s.* a fond name for father
 Pa'pacy, *s.* the popedom, popish dignity
 Pa'pal, *a.* belonging to the pope, popish
 Papav'rous, *a.* resembling poppies
 Pa'per, *s.* a substance made from rags
 Pa'per, *v. a.* to hang a place with paper
 Pa'permaker, *s.* one who makes paper
 Pa'persail, *s.* a mill to make paper in
 Pa'perstainer, *s.* one who colours paper
 Papil'io, *s.* a moth of various colours
 Papillary, Pap'ilious, *a.* resembling paps
 Pa'pist, *s.* one who adheres to popery
 Papistical, *a.* popish, adhering to popery
 Pap'py, *a.* soft, succulent, easily divided
 Par, *s.* a state of equality, equivalence
 Par'able, *s.* a similitude; figurative speech
 Parab'ola, *s.* one of the conic sections
 Parabolical, *a.* expressed by a parable, &c.
 Parabolically, *ad.* allusively
 Parab'olism, *s.* in algebra, the division of the terms of an equation, by a known quantity involved or multiplied in the first term
 Parac'entric, *a.* deviating from circularity
 Par'achronism, *s.* an error in chronology
 Par'aclete, *s.* a comforter, an intercessor
 Para'de, *s.* military order, guard, show
 Par'adigm, *s.* example, model
 Par'adise, *s.* the blissful regions, heaven
 Paradisical, *a.* suiting or making paradise

- Par'adox**, *s.* a proposition seemingly wrong or absurd, but not really so; an assertion contrary to appearance
- Paradox'ical**, *a.* inclined to new tenets, &c.
- Par'adrome**, *s.* an open gallery or passage
- Par'agon**, *s.* something supremely excellent; a model, pattern; companion, fellow
- Par'agraph**, *s.* a distinct part of a discourse
- Parallac'tic**, *a.* pertaining to a parallax
- Par'allax**, *s.* the distance between the true and apparent place of any star, &c.
- Par'allel**, *s.* lines continuing their course and still preserving the same distance from each other; resemblance, conformity continued through many particulars
- Par'allel**, *a.* in the same direction, equal
- Par'allelism**, *s.* state of being parallel
- Parall'elogram**, *s.* a right lined quadrilateral figure, whose opposite sides are parallel and equal
- Paralogism**, **Paralog'y**, *s.* false argument
- Paralog'ize**, *v. n.* to reason sophistically
- Paral'ysis**, *s.* a palsy
- Par'alys'e**, *v. a.* to strike as it were with the palsy
- Paraly'tic**, *a.* palsied, inclined to palsy
- Par'amount**, *s.* the chief—*a.* superior
- Par'amour**, *s.* a lover or mistress
- Par'anymph**, *s.* a bridegroom; a supporter
- Par'apet**, *s.* a wall breast high
- Parapherna'lia**, *s.* goods in a wife's disposal
- Par'aphrase**, *s.* an explanation in many words—*v. a.* to translate loosely
- Par'aphrast**, *s.* lax or loose interpreter
- Paraphra'stical**, *a.* not literal, not verbal
- Par'asang**, *s.* a Persian measure of length
- Par'asite**, *s.* a flatterer of rich men
- Parasit'ical**, *a.* flattering, wheedling
- Par'asol**, *s.* a small canopy carried over the head to guard against the sun
- Par'troll**, *v. a.* to half boll
- Pa'rrel**, *s.* a small bundle, lot, quantity
- Pa'rrel**, *v. a.* to divide into portions
- Par'trency**, *s.* a joint tenure or inheritance
- Par'ch**, *v.* to burn slightly, scorch, dry up
- Pa'rchment**, *s.* skins dressed for writing on
- Par'd**, **Pa'r'dale**, *s.* a leopard, a spotted beast
- Pa'r'don**, *s.* forgiveness, remission
- Pa'r'don**, *v. a.* to excuse, forgive, remit
- Pa'r'donable**, *a.* that may be pardoned
- Pa'r'donably**, *ad.* excusably, venially
- Par'e**, *v. a.* to cut off the surface, to cut off by little and little, to diminish
- Paragor'ic**, **Paragor'ic**, *a.* having the power in medicine to mollify, assuage, &c.
- Parenchym'atous**, *a.* spongy, soft
- Pa'rent**, *s.* a father or mother
- Par'entage**, *s.* birth, extraction, descent
- Paren'tal**, *a.* pertaining to parents
- Paren'thesia**, *s.* the marks thus (), that include a clause that is put into a sentence, which may be left out in reading, and the sense remain entire
- Paren'ticide**, *s.* a killing a father or mother
- Pa'r'er**, *s.* a tool to cut away the surface
- Par'ergy**, *s.* something unimportant
- Pa'r'et**, *s.* a plaster—*v. a.* to plaster
- Par'eb'ion**, *s.* a mock sun
- Pa'rian-marble**, *s.* an excellent white marble
- Par'ietal**, *a.* constituting sides or walls
- Par'ity**, *s.* resemblance, proportion
- Pa'ring**, *s.* what is pared off, the rind
- Par'ish**, *s.* a district or division of land under a priest having the cure of souls
- Parish'ioner**, *s.* one that belongs to the parish
- Paris'ian**, *s.* a native or inhabitant of Paris
- Parasyllab'ical**, *a.* having equal syllables
- Par'ity**, *s.* equality, resemblance, likeness
- Park**, *s.* an enclosure for beasts of chase
- Pa'rley**, **Par'le**, *s.* conversation, oral treaty
- Pa'rley**, *v. n.* to treat by word of mouth
- Par'liament**, *s.* the assembly of the three estates, the King, Lords, and Commons
- Parliamen'tary**, *a.* enacted by parliament, suiting or pertaining to parliament
- Pa'r'lour**, *s.* a lower room for entertainments
- Pa'rious**, *a.* shrewd, subtle, waggish
- Paro'chial**, *a.* pertaining to a parish
- Parochial'ity**, *s.* state of being parochial
- Par'ody**, *s.* a change of another's words
- Par'ody**, *v. a.* to copy by way of parody
- Paro'le**, *s.* word given as an assurance
- Paron'y'mous**, *a.* resembling another word
- Par'oquet**, *s.* a small species of parrot
- Parot'id**, *a.* salivary; near the ears
- Par'oxy'sm**, *s.* periodical return of a fit, &c.
- Parricidal**, *a.* relating to parricide
- Parricide**, *s.* one who murders his father
- Par'rot**, *s.* a well-known bird
- Par'ry**, *v. n.* to put by thrusts, to ward off
- Par'se**, *v. a.* to resolve by grammar rules
- Par'simonious**, *a.* covetous, saving, frugal
- Par'simoniously**, *ad.* frugally, covetously
- Pa'r'simony**, *s.* niggardliness, covetousness
- Pa'r'sley**, *s.* a well-known herb
- Pa'r'snip**, *s.* an edible root
- Pa'r'son**, *s.* a clergyman, priest, minister
- Pa'r'sonage**, *s.* a parson's benefice or house
- Part**, *s.* a portion, something less than the whole; share, concern, party, member
- Part**, *v.* to separate, keep asunder; go away
- Pa'r'tage**, *s.* division, act of sharing
- Parta'ke**, *v.* to participate, have part in
- Parta'ker**, *s.* an associate, a sharer
- Part'e're**, *s.* a level ground; a flower garden
- Pa'r'tial**, *a.* inclined to favour one party more than the other; affecting only one part; not universal
- Partial'ity**, *s.* an unequal judgment
- Pa'r'tialize**, *v. a.* to make partial
- Pa'r'tially**, *ad.* with unjust favour
- Partic'ipant**, *a.* having share or part
- Partic'ipate**, *v.* to partake, to share
- Participa'tion**, *s.* a sharing of something
- Particip'ial**, *a.* of the nature of a participle
- Pa'r'ticiple**, *s.* a word partaking at once of the qualities of a noun and a verb
- Pa'r'ticle**, *s.* a small portion of a great substance; a small undeclinable word
- Partic'ular**, *a.* individual, singular, odd
- Partic'ular**, *s.* a single instance or point
- Particular'ity**, *s.* something particular
- Partic'ularize**, *v. a.* to mention distinctly
- Partic'ularity**, *ad.* distinctly, peculiarly

Partisan, *s.* an adherent to a party; a pike
 Partition, *s.* the act of dividing, division
 Partis'ion, *v. a.* to divide into distinct parts
 Pa'rlet, *s.* a hen; a ruff or hand
 Pa'rty, *ad.* in part, in some measure
 Pa'rtn'er, *s.* a sharer; a dancing mate, &c.
 Pa'rtn'ership, *s.* joint interest or property
 Partook', *pret. of partake*
 Pa'rtridge, *s.* a bird of game
 Parts, *s.* qualities, faculties, districts
 Partu'rient, *a.* about to bring forth
 Parturition, *s.* a parturient state
 Pa'rty, *s.* an assembly; cause; detachment
 Pa'rtycoloured, *a.* having different colours
 Pa'rty-jury, *s.* a jury in some trials, half
 foreigners and half natives
 Pa'rtride, Pa'rtrity, *s.* minuteness
 Pas, *s.* the right of precedence or priority
 Pas'chal, *a.* relating to the passover
 Pas'quin, Pasquina'de, *s.* lampoon
 Pass, *v.* to go beyond; to vanish; to enact
 a law; to omit; to thrust; to be current
 Pass, *s.* a narrow entrance; licence to go
 Pass'able, *a.* possible to be passed, tolerable
 Pass'a'de, Pass'a'do, *s.* a push, a thrust
 Pass'a'ge, *s.* act of passing; journey; inci-
 dent; road; narrow street; part of a
 book; single place in a writing
 Pass'enger, *s.* a traveller, a wayfarer, one
 who hires a place in a carriage
 Pass'ibility, *s.* the quality of receiving im-
 pressions from external agents
 Pas'sible, *a.* that may be impressed
 Pass'ing, *part. a.* supreme, eminent
 Pass'ing-bell, *s.* the death-bell for a person
 Pas'sion, *s.* anger, love, ardour, suffering
 Pas'sion-week, *s.* the week before Easter
 Pas'sionate, *a.* easily moved to anger
 Pas'sionately, *ad.* with desire, angrily
 Pas'sive, *a.* unresisting, suffering
 Pas'siveness, Pass'ivity, *s.* passibility
 Pass'over, *s.* a solemn festival of the Jews
 Pass'port, *s.* permission in writing to pass
 Past, *part. a.* not present, not to come,
 undergone, gone through, spent
 Paste, *s.* any viscous tenacious mixture
 Pa'steboard, *s.* a thick kind of paper
 Pas'tern, *s.* the knee of a horse, the leg
 Pas'til, *s.* a roll of paste, a crayon
 Pas'time, *s.* sport, recreation, diversion
 Pas'tinats, *v. n.* to dig in a garden
 Pas'tor, *s.* a shepherd, a clergyman who
 has the care of a flock
 Pas'toral, *a.* rural, rustic, like shepherds
 Pas'toral, *s.* a rural poem, a bucolic
 Pa'stry, *s.* pies or baked paste
 Pa'strycook, *s.* one who makes pastry
 Pas'turable, *a.* fit for pasture
 Pas'turage, *s.* grounds grazed by cattle
 Pas'ture, *s.* land on which cattle feed; food
 Pat, *s.* a pie of crust raised without a dish
 Pat, *a.* fit, convenient, exactly suitable
 Pat, *v. a.* to strike lightly—*s.* a light blow
 Pataco'o'n, *s.* a Spanish coin, value 4s. 8d.
 Patch, *v.* to mend, piece, put on patches
 Patch'work, *s.* small pieces of different co-
 lours sewed interchangeably together
 Pate, *s.* the head

Patefac'tion, *s.* the act or state of opening
 Pat'en, *s.* a plate used for bread at the altar
 Pa'tent, *a.* open to the perusal of all
 Pa'tent, *s.* an exclusive right or privilege
 Pa'tentee, *s.* one who has a patent
 Pa'ternal, *a.* fatherly; hereditary
 Pa'ter-noster, *s.* the Lord's prayer
 Path, Path'way, *s.* way, road, tract
 Pathet'ic, Pathet'ical, *a.* moving the pas-
 sions or affections, passionate
 Pathet'ically, *ad.* in a moving manner
 Path'less, *a.* untrodden, not known
 Pathology, *s.* a part of physic which con-
 siders diseases, their nature, causes,
 symptoms, &c.
 Pa'thos, *s.* warmth, passion, feeling
 Pat'ible, *a.* sufferable, tolerable
 Pa'tience, *s.* calmness of mind, endurance
 Pa'tient, *a.* not easily moved or provoked
 Pa'tient, *s.* a diseased person under the
 care of another
 Pa'tiently, *ad.* with patience, quietly
 Pat'in, *s.* the cover of a chalice
 Pat'y, *ad.* fitly, opportunely, suitably
 Pa'triarch, *s.* a head of a family or church
 Pat'riarchal, *a.* pertaining to patriarchs
 Pat'riarchate, *s.* jurisdiction of a patriarch
 Pat'rician, *a.* senatorial—*s.* a nobleman
 Patrimo'nial, *a.* possessed by inheritance
 Pat'rimony, *s.* an estate, &c. possessed by
 inheritance from a father or mother
 Pa'triot, *s.* a real lover of his country
 Patriot'ic, *a.* having patriotism
 Pa'triotism, *s.* love or zeal for one's country
 Patro'ciate, *v. a.* to patronise, to protect
 Patro'l, *s.* a guard to walk the streets
 Pa'tron, *s.* an advocate, a supporter
 Pat'ronage, *s.* protection, support, defence
 Pat'ronal, *a.* protecting, supporting
 Pa'troness, *s.* a female patron
 Pat'ronize, *v. a.* to support, to defend
 Patronym'ic, *s.* a name from father, &c.
 Pat'ten, *s.* a clog shoe with an iron ring
 Pat'tepan, *s.* a pan to bake small pies in
 Pat'ter, *v. n.* to make a noise like hail
 Pat'tern, *s.* a specimen, archetype, mode
 Pav'an, Pav'in, *s.* a kind of light dance
 Pav'city, *s.* smallness of number, &c.
 Pav'e, *v. a.* to floor with stones, &c.
 Pav'ement, *s.* a stone or brick floor, &c.
 Pav'er, Pav'ier, *s.* one who lays stones
 Pav'ilion, *s.* a tent, a temporary house
 Pa'am, *v. a.* to impose by fraud
 Paunch, *s.* the belly, abdominal regions
 Pau'per, *s.* a poor person who receives alms
 Pau'perism, *s.* the state of poverty
 Pause, *s.* a stop, a break—*v. n.* to consider
 Paw, *s.* the foot of a beast; hand
 Paw, *v. a.* to handle roughly, fawn, flatter
 Pawn, *v. a.* to pledge, to give in pledge
 Paw'nbroker, *s.* one who lends on pawns
 Pay, *s.* wages, hire, money for services
 Pay, *v. a.* to discharge a debt, reward, best
 Pay'able, *a.* due, that ought to be paid
 Pay'ment, *s.* the act of payment; a reward
 Pea, *s.* a well-known kind of pulse
 Peace, *s.* respite from war, rest, silence
 Peace, interj. silence! stop!

Ped'ceable, *a.* not turbulent, free from war
 Ped'ceableness, *s.* a quiet disposition
 Ped'ceably, *ad.* without tumult or war
 Ped'ceful, *a.* pacific, mild, undisturbed
 Ped'cefully, *ad.* quietly, mildly, gently
 Peach, *s.* a delicious fruit—*v. n.* to accuse
 Pea'chcoloured, *a.* of a colour like a peach
 Pea'chick, *s.* the chicken of a peacock
 Pea'cock, *s.* a fowl of beautiful plumage
 Pea'hen, *s.* the female of the peacock
 Peak, *s.* the top of a hill; any thing point-
 ed; the fore part of a head-dress
 Peak, *v. n.* to look sickly or weakly; to sneak
 Pea'king, *part. a.* sickly, poorly; sneaking
 Peal, *s.* a loud sound, as of bells, &c.
 Pear, *s.* a fruit of 84 different species
 Pearl, *s.* a precious gem; a film on the eye
 Pear'ly, *a.* abounding with or like pearls
 Pea'rmain, *s.* a kind of apple
 Pea'rtree, *s.* the tree that bears pears
 Pea'sant, *s.* one who lives by rural labour
 Pea'santry, *s.* peasants, country people
 Pease, Peas, *s.* plural of pea
 Pea'se-cod, *s.* the shell or husk of peas
 Peat, *s.* a species of turf for firing
 Peb'ble, Peb'blestone, *s.* a sort of stone
 Peb'bly, *a.* full of pebbles
 Peccability, *s.* a being subject to sin
 Pec'cable, *a.* incident or liable to sin
 Peccadillo, *s.* a small fault, a crime
 Pec'cancy, *s.* bad quality
 Pec'cant, *a.* criminal, ill-disposed, bad
 Pecca'vi, *v.* I have offended
 Peck, *s.* the fourth part of a bushel
 Peck, *v. a.* to pick up food with the beak
 Peck'er, *s.* one that pecks; a bird
 Pec'tinated, *a.* formed like a comb
 Pec'toral, *a.* pertaining to the breast
 Pec'toral, *s.* a medicine proper to strengthen
 the stomach, &c.; a breastplate
 Pec'ulate, *v. n.* to defraud the public
 Pecula'tion, *s.* theft of public money
 Pec'u'lar, *s.* the exclusive property
 Pec'u'lar, *a.* particular, proper, appropriate
 Peculiarity, *s.* particularity, oddness
 Peculiarly, *ad.* particularly, singly
 Pec'u'niary, *a.* pertaining to money
 Ped, *s.* a small pack-saddle, hamper, basket
 Pedagogue, *s.* a schoolmaster, a pedant
 Ped'al, *a.* pertaining to a foot
 Ped'als, *s.* the large pipes of an organ
 Ped'ant, *s.* one awkwardly ostentatious of
 literature, one vain of low knowledge
 Pedan'tic, *a.* like a pedant, conceited
 Ped'antry, *s.* ostentation of shewing need-
 less literature, pedanticness
 Ped'dle, *v. n.* to be busy about trifles
 Pedere'ro, Patere'ro, *s.* a small ship gun
 Ped'estal, *s.* the basis or foot of a statue
 Pedes'trial, Pedes'trious, *a.* going on foot
 Pedes'trian, *s.* one who makes a journey on
 foot; a good walker
 Ped'icle, *s.* the footstalk of fruit, &c.
 Pedic'ular, Pedic'ulous, *a.* lousy
 Ped'igree, *s.* genealogy, lineage, descent
 Ped'im'ent, *s.* an ornamental projection, &c.
 Ped'ler, *s.* one who travels about the coun-
 try to sell petty commodities

Ped'lery, *s.* wares sold by pedlers
 Ped'ling, *s.* trifling, petty or paltry dealing
 Peel, *v. a.* to pare, take the rind off; rob
 Peel, *s.* the rind; a board used by bakers
 Peep, *s.* a sly look, first faint appearance
 Peer, *s.* an equal, fellow; nobleman
 Peer, *v. a.* to come just in sight, to peep
 Pee'rage, Pee'rdom, *s.* dignity of a peer
 Pee'rress, *s.* a wife of a peer, a lady ennobled
 Pee'rress, *a.* unequalled, having no peer
 Pee'rlessness, *s.* universal superiority
 Pee'vish, *a.* irritable, easily offended
 Pee'vishly, *ad.* angrily, querulously, mo-
 roselly
 Peevishness, *s.* irascibility, fretfulness
 Peg, *s.* a wooden pin or fastener
 Peg, *v. a.* to fasten with a peg
 Pelf, *s.* money, riches, paltry stuff
 Pel'ican, *s.* there are two sorts of pelicans;
 one lives upon fish, and the other keeps
 in deserts, and feeds upon serpents; the
 pelican is supposed to admit its young
 to suck blood from its breast
 Peliss'e, *s.* a kind of coat or robe
 Pell, *s.* the skin of a beast
 Pel'let, *s.* a little ball, a bullet
 Pel'licle, *s.* a thin skin, a film
 Pell'melf, *ad.* confusedly, tumultuously
 Pells, *s.* an office in the Exchequer
 Pello'cid, *a.* transparent, clear, bright
 Pelt, *s.* a skin, a hide—*v. a.* to throw at
 Pel'ting, *part. a.* throwing stones, &c.;
 paltry
 Pel'tmonger, *s.* a dealer in new hides
 Pel'try, *s.* furs or skins in general
 Pen, *s.* an instrument for writing; a fold
 Pen, *v. a.* to coop, to shut up; to write
 Pen'al, *a.* enacting punishment, vindictive
 Pen'alty, *s.* a punishment, forfeiture
 Pen'ance, *s.* an atonement, a mortification
 Pence, *s.* the plural of penny
 Pen'cil, *s.* a tool for drawing and painting
 Pen'dant, *s.* an ear-ring, ornament, flag
 Pen'dence, *s.* slopiness, inclination
 Pen'dency, *s.* suspense, delay of decision
 Pen'dent, *a.* hanging, jutting over
 Pen'ding, *a.* depending, undecided
 Pen'dulous, *a.* hanging, not supported below
 Pen'dulum, *s.* any weight hung to swing
 backwards and forwards, &c.
 Pen'etrable, *a.* that may be penetrated
 Pen'etrant, *a.* having power to pierce
 Pen'etrate, *s.* to pierce, affect, understand
 Pen'etrative, *s.* sagacity, a piercing through
 Pen'etrative, *a.* piercing, acute, discerning
 Pen'guin, *s.* a bird like a goose; a fruit
 Penin'sula, *s.* land almost surrounded by
 water, but joined by a neck of land to
 the main continent
 Pen'itence, *s.* repentance, sorrow for sin
 Pen'itent, *a.* repentant, contrite for sin
 Pen'itent, *s.* one sorrowful for sin
 Peniten'tial, *a.* expressing penitence
 Peniten'tial, *s.* a book directing penance
 Peniten'tiary, *s.* a confessor, one who does
 penance; a place for hearing confession
 Pen'knife, *s.* a knife used to cut pens
 Pen'man, *s.* an author, a writer

Pen'manship, *s.* the act or art of writing
 Pen'nated, *a.* having wings
 Pen'nant, *s.* a rope to which a tackle is attached to hoist up boats, &c.; a flag
 Pen'niless, *a.* moneyless, poor, distressed
 Pen'nion, *s.* a small flag or banner
 Pen'ny, *s.* the 12th part of a shilling
 Pen'nyweight, *s.* 24 grains troy weight
 Pen'nyworth, *s.* a good purchase, &c.
 Pen'sile, *a.* hanging, supported above ground
 Pen'sion, *s.* a settled annual allowance
 Pen'sionary, *s.* a magistrate in Dutch cities
 Pen'sionary, *a.* maintained by a pension
 Pen'sioner, *s.* one who receives a pension
 Pen'sive, *a.* sorrowful, thoughtful, serious
 Pen'siveness, *s.* gloomy thoughtfulness
 Pent, *part. pass.* of pen, shut up
 Pentacapsular, *a.* having five cavities
 Pen'tachord, *s.* a five-stringed instrument
 Pentae'drous, *a.* having five sides
 Pen'tagon, *s.* a figure with five angles
 Pentagonal, *a.* having five angles
 Pentam'eter, *s.* a verse of five feet
 Pentan'gular, *a.* five cornered
 Pen'tateuch, *s.* the five books of Moses
 Pen'tecost, *s.* a feast of the Jews, so called from its being 50 days after Easter, transferred among Christians to the festival of Whitsuntide
 Pentecost'al, *a.* belonging to Whitsuntide
 Pen'thouse, *s.* a sloping shed or roof
 Penult'ima, *s.* the last syllable but one
 Penum'bra, *s.* an imperfect shadow
 Penu'rious, *a.* sordidly mean, scant
 Penu'riousness, *s.* niggardliness, parsimony
 Pen'ury, *s.* poverty, indigence
 Pe'ony, *s.* a flower
 Peo'ple, *s.* a nation, persons in general
 Pe'ople, *v.* *a.* to stock with inhabitants
 Pepas'tic, *s.* a medicine to help digestion
 Pep'per, *s.* an aromatic warm spice
 Pep'percorn, *s.* any thing of trifling value
 Pep'permint, *s.* mint eminently hot
 Pep'tic, *a.* serving to concoct or digest
 Percu'te, *a.* very sharp, very violent
 Peradven'ture, *ad.* perhaps, may be
 Per'agate, *v.* *a.* to wander over
 Peram'bulate, *v.* *a.* to walk through
 Perambula'tion, *s.* a wandering survey
 Perci'vable, *a.* that may be perceived
 Perci've, *v.* *a.* to discover, know, observe
 Perceptibility, *s.* the power of perceiving
 Perceptible, *a.* that may be observed
 Perception, *s.* the power of perceiving, idea
 Perceptive, *a.* able or tending to perceive
 Perch, *s.* a fish; a measure of five yards and a half; a bird's roost
 Perch, *v.* to sit or roost, as a bird
 Perchan'ce, *ad.* perhaps, peradventure
 Percip'iant, *a.* perceiving, having the faculty or power of perception
 Per'colate, *v.* *a.* to strain through a sieve
 Percolat'ion, *s.* the act of straining
 Percus', *v.* *a.* to strike
 Percus'sion, *s.* the act of striking; stroke; effect of sound in the ear
 Percu'tient, *a.* striking, able to strike
 Perdit'ion, *s.* destruction, ruin, death

Perdu', *ad.* close, lying in ambush
 Per'dulous, *a.* lost, thrown away
 Perdura'tion, *s.* long continuance
 Per'egrinate, *v.* *a.* to travel into far countries
 Peregrina'tion, *s.* a travel to foreign lands
 Per'egrine, *a.* foreign, not domestic
 Perem'pt, *v.* *a.* to kill, to crush
 Peremp'tion, *s.* a crush, extinction
 Per'emptorily, *ad.* absolutely, positively
 Per'emptory, *a.* dogmatical, absolute
 Peren'nial, *a.* lasting a year; perpetual
 Peren'nity, *s.* perpetuity, lastingness
 Per'fect, *a.* complete, pure, immaculate
 Per'fect, *v.* *a.* to finish, complete, instruct
 Perfection, *s.* the state of being perfect
 Per'fective, *a.* conducting to perfection
 Perfectly, *ad.* totally, exactly, accurately
 Per'fectness, *s.* completeness, goodness
 Perfid'ious, *a.* treacherous, false to trust
 Perfid'iously, *ad.* by breach of faith
 Perfid'iousness, Perfid'y, *s.* treachery
 Per'fate, *v.* *a.* to blow through
 Per'forate, *v.* *a.* to pierce through, to bore
 Perforat'ion, *s.* the act of piercing; a hole
 Per'forator, *s.* the instrument of boring
 Per'force, *ad.* by force, violently
 Per'form, *v.* to execute, to do, to achieve an undertaking, to succeed in an attempt
 Performance, *s.* completion of something designed; composition, action
 Per'former, *s.* one who performs or plays
 Per'fricate, *v.* *a.* to rub over
 Per'fume, *s.* a sweet odour, fragrance
 Per'fume, *v.* *a.* to impregnate with scent
 Perfumer, *s.* one who sells perfumes
 Perfum'ctory, *a.* slight, careless, negligent
 Per'fuse, *v.* *a.* to tincture, to overspread
 Perhap's, *ad.* peradventure, it may be
 Peric'anium, *s.* the membrane that covers the skull
 Perigee', Perige'um, *s.* that point of the heavens wherein the sun or any planet is nearest the centre of the earth
 Perihel'ium, *s.* that point of a planet's orbit wherein it is nearest the sun
 Per'il, *s.* danger, hazard, denunciation
 Perilous, *a.* hazardous, dangerous
 Perim'eter, *s.* circumference of a figure
 Per'iod, *s.* a circuit; epochs; full stop
 Period'ical, *a.* regular, at stated times
 Periodically, *ad.* at stated periods
 Peripatet'ic, *a.* relating to Aristotle
 Periph'ery, *s.* circumference
 Periph'rasa, *s.* circumlocution; the use of many words to express the sense of one
 Peripneu'mony, *s.* inflammation of the lungs
 Per'ish, *v.* to die, to be destroyed, to decay
 Per'ishable, *a.* subject to decay or perish
 Peristalt'ic, *a.* worm-like, spiral
 Peristyle, *s.* a circular range of pillars
 Per'jure, *v.* *a.* to forswear; to swear falsely
 Perjury, *s.* the act of swearing falsely
 Per'wig, *s.* a wig, covering for the head
 Per'winkle, *s.* a kind of fish-shell
 Perk, *v.* to hold up the head affectually
 Permanence, Perman'cion, *s.* duration
 Permanent, *a.* lasting, unchanged

Permanently, *ad.* durably, lastingly
 Permeable, *a.* that may be passed through
 Permeant, *a.* passing through
 Permissible, *a.* such as may be mingled
 Permissible, *a.* what may be permitted
 Permission, *a.* grant of leave or liberty
 Permissive, *a.* granting more liberty
 Permit, *v. a.* to allow, suffer, give up
 Permit, *s.* a warrant from officers of excise for the removal of tea, spirits, &c.
 Permutation, *a.* an exchange, a barter
 Pernicious, *a.* destructive, very hurtful
 Perniciously, *ad.* hurtfully, destructively
 Pernicity, *s.* swiftness, celerity
 Peroration, *a.* the close of an oration, &c.
 Perpend, *v. a.* to consider attentively
 Perpendicular, *a.* that falls, hangs, or is directly downwards
 Perpendicular, *s.* a level or plumb-line
 Perpendion, *s.* consideration
 Perpetrate, *v. a.* to commit a crime
 Perpetration, *a.* the commission of a crime
 Perpetual, *a.* never ceasing, continual
 Perpetually, *ad.* continually, incessantly
 Perpetuate, *v. a.* to make perpetual
 Perpetuity, *a.* duration to all futurity
 Perplex, *v. a.* to disturb with doubts, vex
 Perplexed, *part. a.* confused, difficult
 Perplexity, *s.* anxiety, intricacy
 Perquisite, *s.* a gift free of office, &c.
 Perry, *s.* wine or drink made of pears
 Persecute, *v. a.* to oppress, vex, trouble
 Persecution, *s.* the act of persecuting
 Persecutor, *s.* an oppressor
 Perseverance, *a.* firmness, resolution
 Persevere, *v. n.* to be steadfast, to persist
 Persian, *a.* of, from, or like Persia
 Persist, *v. n.* to persevere, continue firm
 Persistence, *a.* obstinacy, contumacy
 Person, *s.* an individual; human being; the shape of the body; exterior appearance
 Personable, *a.* handsome, graceful
 Personage, *s.* a considerable person
 Personal, *a.* pertaining to a person
 Personality, *a.* individuality of any one
 Personally, *ad.* in person, particularly
 Personate, *v. a.* to counterfeit, represent
 Personification, *s.* prosopopeia, the change of things to persons
 Personify, *v. a.* to change from a thing to a person
 Perspective, *a.* relating to vision, optical
 Perspective, *s.* a spying-glass, view, vista
 Perspicacious, *a.* quick-sighted, sharp
 Perspicacity, *s.* quickness of sight, &c.
 Perspicil, *s.* a glass through which things are viewed; an optic glass
 Perspicuity, *s.* clearness, transparency
 Perspicuous, *a.* transparent, not ambiguous
 Perspirable, *a.* emitted by the pores
 Perspiration, *s.* excretion by the pores
 Perspire, *v.* to emit by the pores
 Persuade, *v. a.* to bring to an opinion
 Persuadable, *a.* that may be persuaded
 Persuasion, *s.* the act of persuading
 Persuasive, Persuatory, *a.* able to persuade
 Persultation, *s.* an eruption of the blood

Pert, *a.* brisk, lively, saucy, petulant
 Pertain, *v. n.* to belong, to relate
 Pertinacious, *a.* obstinate, stubborn, wilful
 Pertinaciously, *ad.* obstinately, stubbornly
 Pertinacity, *s.* obstinacy, resolution
 Pertinence, *a.* fitness, appositeness
 Pertinent, *a.* apt to the purpose, fit
 Pertingent, *a.* reaching to, touching
 Pertin, *ad.* briskly, petulantly, saucily
 Pertness, *s.* brisk folly, sauciness, petulance
 Perturbate, *v. a.* to disturb, to disorder
 Perturbation, *s.* a disquiet of mind
 Perturbed, *a.* disturbed, disquieted
 Perturbed, *a.* punched, pierced with holes
 Perturbation, *s.* the act of piercing
 Perseide, *v. a.* to pass through, permeate
 Perseion, *s.* the act of passing through
 Perseive, *a.* having power to pervade
 Perverse, *a.* obstinate, stubborn, petulant
 Perversely, *ad.* vexatiously, crossly
 Perverseness, *s.* petulance, perversion
 Perversion, *s.* turning to a wrong sense
 Pervert, *v. a.* to distort, corrupt, mislead
 Pervertible, *a.* that may be perverted
 Pervicacious, *a.* spitefully obstinate
 Pervious, *a.* admitting passage
 Peruke, *s.* a cap of false hair, a wig
 Perukemaker, *s.* a wig-maker
 Perusal, *s.* the act of reading over
 Peruse, *v. a.* to read over, to observe
 Pesside, *a.* motion of a horse in rearing
 Pest, *s.* a plague, pestilence, mischief
 Pester, *v. a.* to plague, disturb, harass
 Pesthouse, *s.* a plague-hospital
 Pestiferous, *a.* deadly, malignant, infectious
 Pestilence, *s.* a plague, contagious distemper
 Pestilent, *a.* producing plagues, malignant
 Pestilential, *a.* infectious, contagious
 Petile, *s.* a tool to beat in a mortar
 Pet, *s.* a slight displeasure; a fondling lamb
 Petals, *s.* the leaves of flowers
 Petard, *s.* an engine to blow up places
 Petechial, *a.* pestilentially spotted
 Petal, *a.* small, inconsiderable
 Petition, *s.* a request, prayer, entreaty
 Petition, *v. a.* to supplicate, to solicit
 Petitionary, *a.* supplicatory, petitioning
 Petitioner, *s.* one who offers a petition
 Petrescent, *a.* becoming stone, hardening
 Petrification, *s.* act of turning to stone
 Petrifactive, *a.* able to turn to stone
 Petrify, *v. a.* to change to or become stone
 Petronel, *s.* a pistol or small gun
 Petticoat, *s.* a woman's lower vestment
 Pettifogger, *s.* a petty small rate lawyer
 Pettifogging, *a.* low, mean
 Pettish, *a.* apt to be peevish, froward
 Pettishness, *s.* fretfulness, peevishness
 Pettoes, *s.* the feet of a sucking pig
 Petto, *s.* the breast; figuratively, privacy
 Petty, *a.* small, inconsiderable, little
 Petulance, *s.* sauciness, peevishness
 Petulant, *a.* saucy, perverse, wanton
 Pen, *s.* a seat enclosed in a church
 Pewee, *s.* a water-fowl, the lap-wing
 Pewter, *s.* a compound of metals
 Pewterer, *s.* one who works in pewter
 Phaeton, *s.* a high open carriage

Phagole'na, *a.* an ulcer, where the sharpness of the humours eats away the flesh
Phalanx, *a.* a troop of men closely embodied

Phantasm, *a.* vain imagination, a vision
Phant'om, *a.* a spectre, a fancied vision
Pharisa'ical, *a.* externally religious, &c.

Pharmacology, *a.* the knowledge of drugs
Pharmacope'ia, *a.* a dispensatory

Pharmacop'olist, *a.* an apothecary
Pharmacy, *a.* the trade of an apothecary

Pharos, *a.* a light-house, a watch-tower
Pha'se'a, *a.* French beans

Pha'sis, *a.* appearance of the moon, &c.
Pha'sant, *a.* a kind of wild cock or hen

Phese, *v. a.* to comb, to fleece, to curry
Ph'e'nix, *a.* the bird which is supposed to exist single, and to rise again from its own ashes

Phenom'emon, *a.* an extraordinary appearance in the works of nature

Phial, *a.* a small bottle

Philan'thropist, *a.* one who loves, and wishes to serve, mankind

Philan'thropy, *a.* love of mankind, kindness

Philibeg, *a.* a kind of short petticoat

Philipp'ic, *a.* any invective, declamation

Phyllre'a, *a.* an evergreen plant

Philologist, *a.* a grammarian

Philolog'ical, *a.* critical, grammatical

Philologise, *v. n.* to offer criticisms

Philology, *a.* grammatical learning, criticism

Philomath, *a.* a lover of learning

Philomel, *a.* the nightingale

Philom'ot, *a.* coloured like a dead leaf

Philosopheme, *a.* a principle of reasoning

Philosoph'ic, *a.* a man deep in knowledge

Philosoph'er's-stone, *a.* a stone dreamed of by alchymists, which, it is pretended, by its touch transmutes metals into gold

Philosoph'ical, *a.* belonging to philosophy

Philosophy, *a.* knowledge natural or moral, the hypothesis upon which natural effects are explained

Phil'ter, *a.* something to cause love

Phiz, *a.* the face, the countenance

Phlebot'omise, *v. a.* to let blood

Phlebot'omy, *a.* the act of blood-letting

Phlegm, *a.* a watery humour of the body

Phlegmat'ic, *a.* troubled with phlegm, dull

Phleg'mon, *a.* a tumour, an inflammation

Phleg'monous, *a.* inflammatory; burning

Phle'me, *a.* an instrument to bleed cattle

Phlogis'tic, *a.* inflammatory, hot

Phlogis'ton, *a.* chymical liquor very inflammable; the inflammatic part of the body

Phonics, *a.* the doctrine of sounds

Phonocam'pic, *a.* able to alter sounds

Phosphorus, *a.* a chymical substance which, exposed to air, takes fire; morning star

Photom'eter, *a.* an instrument which measures light

Phrase, *a.* an idiom or mode of speech

Phraseology, *a.* style, diction, phrase-book

Phrenet'ic, *a.* inflamed in the brain, frantic

Phren'itis, *a.* inflammation of the brain

Phren'sy, *a.* madness, frantiness

Phryg'ian, *a.* denoting a sprightly and animating kind of music

Phthis'ic, *a.* a consumption of the body

Phthis'ical, *a.* wasting by disease

Phthis'is, *a.* a consumption

Phylac'tery, *a.* a bandage on which was inscribed some memorable sentence

Phys'ic, *a.* the art of curing diseases; medicines, remedies, a purge

Physical, *a.* relating to natural philosophy, not moral, medicinal

Physic'ian, *a.* one who professes physic

Phys'ics, *a.* natural philosophy

Physiog'nomist, *a.* a judge of faces

Physiog'nomy, *a.* the art of discovering the temper, &c. by the features of the face; the face, the cast of the look

Physiolog'ical, *a.* relating to physiology

Physiolog'y, *a.* the doctrine of nature

Phyt'ic'rous, *a.* that eats grass or vegetables

Phytol'ogy, *a.* the doctrine of plants

P'acle, *a.* an enormous crime

Piac'ular, *a.* expiatory, criminal

Pia'ma'ter, *a.* a skin covering the brain

P' Janet, *a.* a magpie; the lesser woodpecker

Pia'no-f'orte, *a.* a musical instrument

Pia'ster, *a.* a foreign coin, value about 5s.

Piaz'za, *a.* a walk under a roof supported by pillars

Pib'rach, **Pib'roch**, *a.* a kind of Scotch martial music

P'ica, *a.* a kind of printing letter

Picaroo'n, *a.* a robber, a plunderer

Pick, *v.* to choose, select, take up, clean, peck, rob, open a lock, eat slowly

Pick'apack, *ad.* in manner of a pack

Pick'axe, *a.* an axe with a sharp point

Pick'back, *a.* on the back

Pick'ed, **P'ked**, *a.* sharp, smart, pointed

Pick'e'r, *v. n.* to skirmish, to rob

Pick'e'r, *a.* one who picks, a pickaxe

Pick'et, *a.* a sharp stake; a guard

Pic'kle, *a.* a salt liquor, a thing pickled

Pic'kle, *v. a.* to preserve in pickle

Pic'kle-herring, *a.* a jack-pudding, a rary

Pick'lock, *a.* a tool to pick locks with

Pick'pocket, *a.* one that steals from pockets

Pick'thank, *a.* a tale-bearer, a flatterer

Picts, *a.* a colony of Scythians or Germans who settled in Scotland, called Picts, from the custom of painting their bodies

Pictorial, *a.* produced by a painter

Pic'ture, *a.* resemblance of things in colours

Pictures'que, *a.* like a picture

Pid'dle, *v. n.* to feed squeamishly, to trifle

Pie, *a.* a crust baked with something in it

Pie'bald, *a.* of various colours, diversified

Piece, *a.* a patch, a fragment, gun, coin, &c.

Piece, *v.* to enlarge, to join, to unite

Pie'cement, *a.* separate—*ad.* in pieces

P'ed, *a.* partycoloured, variegated

Pier, *a.* the column or support of an arch

Pierce, *v.* to penetrate, to affect; to bore

Pier'cingly, *ad.* sharply

Piet'ism, *a.* an affectation of piety

P'ety, *a.* discharge of duty to God

Pig, *a.* a young sow or boar; mass of lead or unforged iron

- Pigeon**, *s.* a well-known bird
Pigeon-blinded, *a.* mild, soft, gentle
Piggin, *s.* a small wooden vessel
Pight, *part. pass.* of *pitch*, pitched, fixed
Pigment, *s.* paint, colours for painting
Pigmy, *s.* a very little person, a dwarf
Pignora'tion, *s.* the act of pledging
Pignut, *s.* an earth nut
Pike, *s.* a fish, a lance used by soldiers
Pikestaff, *s.* the wooden handle of a pike
Pillar, *s.* a small square column
Pil'chard, *s.* a fish, the same as *Pilcher*
Pil'cher, *s.* a cloak lined with fur; a fish
Pile, *s.* a heap, an edifice, a piece of wood
**Pile, v. to heap or lay upon
Pilfer, *v. a.* to steal, practise petty theft
Pilferer, *s.* one who steals petty things
Pilgr'ic, *s.* a name of ridicule
Pilgrim, *s.* a traveller, a wanderer, one who travels to sacred places for devotion
Pilgrimage, *s.* a journey for devotion
Pill, *s.* a small round ball of physic
Pillage, *s.* plunder—*v. a.* to plunder, spoil
Pillar, *s.* a column, supporter, maintainer
Pillared, *a.* supported by or like pillars
Pillion, *s.* a woman's saddle, a pad
Pillory, *s.* an instrument of punishment
Pillow, *s.* a bag of feathers to sleep on
Pillowcase, *s.* the cover of a pillow
Pilosity, *s.* hairiness, roughness
Pilot, *s.* one who directs a ship's course
Pilotage, *s.* the pay or office of a pilot
Pimenta, *s.* all-spice, Jamaica pepper
Pimp, *s.* a procurer, a le-bawd
Pimping, *a.* little, small, petty
Pimple, *s.* a small red pustule on the skin
Pin, *s.* a short pointed wire, a peg, a bolt
Pincers, *s.* an instrument to draw nails, &c.
Pinch, *v.* to squeeze, gripe, be frugal
Pinch, *s.* a painful squeeze with the fingers
Pinchbeck, *s.* a kind of yellow metal
Pin-cushion, *s.* a stuffed bag to stick pins in
Pindar'ic, *a.* like Pindar, lofty, sublime
Pine, *v.* to languish, grieve for—*s.* a tree
Pineapple, *s.* a fruit, the anana
Pinery, *s.* a place where pine-apples are raised
Pinfold, *s.* a place to pen cattle in
Pin'guid, *a.* fat, unctuous, greasy, plump
Pin'ion, *s.* the wing of a fowl; fetters
**Pin'ion, v. a. to bind the wings, to shackle
Pink, *s.* a flower; any thing supremely eminent; a fish, the minnow; a colour used by painters
Pinmaker, *s.* one who makes pins
Pin'money, *s.* a wife's pocket money
Pin'nace, *s.* a man of war's boat
Pin'nacle, *s.* a turret, a high spiring point
Pin'ner, *s.* part of a head-dress; a pinmaker
Pint, *s.* half a quart, twelve ounces
Pioneer, *s.* a soldier to level roads, &c.
Pious, *a.* devout, godly, religious
Piously, *ad.* in a pious manner
Pip, *s.* a spot on cards; a disease of fowls
**Pip, v. n. to chirp or cry as a bird
Pipe, *s.* a musical instrument; a tube; a liquid measure containing two hog-heads; the key of the voice, &c.
**Pipe, v. n. to play on a pipe, to whine
Piper, *s.* one who plays on a pipe
Pip'ing, *a.* weak, sickly, feeble; hot
Pip'kin, *s.* a small earthen boiler
Pip'pin, *s.* a small apple
Piquant, *a.* stimulating, sharp, pungent
Pique, *s.* ill-will, petty malice, grudge
**Pique, v. a. to offend, to irritate
Piquet, *s.* a game at cards
Piracy, *s.* the act of robbing on the sea
Pirate, *s.* a sea robber; a plagiarist
Piratical, *a.* predatory, robbing
Pis'cary, *s.* a privilege of fishing
Piscation, *s.* the act or practice of fishing
Piscatory, *a.* relating to fish or fishing
Piscivorous, *a.* fish-eating, living on fish
Pish! *interj.* a contemptuous exclamation
Pismire, *s.* an ant or emmet
Pista'chio, *s.* a fragrant Syrian nut
Pistol, *s.* the smallest of fire-arms
Pistole, *s.* a foreign coin, value 17s.
Piston, *s.* part of a pump or a syringe
Pit, *s.* a hole; abyss; the grave; hollow part
Pit'apat, *s.* a flutter, a palpitation
Pitch, *s.* the resin of the pine; size; rate
**Pitch, v. to fix; light; smear with pitch
Pit'cher, *s.* an earthen pot; an iron bar
Pit'chfork, *s.* a fork to load dung, &c.
Pit'chpipe, *s.* an instrument to regulate the voice
Pit'chy, *a.* black, dark, dismal; smeared
Pit'coal, *s.* a fossil coal
Pit'eous, *a.* sorrowful; tender; mean
Pit'iously, *ad.* after a piteous manner
Pit'fal, *s.* a pit dug and covered over
Pith, *s.* the marrow of a plant; energy
Pith'iness, *s.* energy, strength, force
Pith'less, *a.* wanting pith, wanting energy
Pit'y, *a.* consisting of pith; forcible
Pit'able, *a.* deserving pity
Pit'iful, *a.* tender, melancholy, mean; palty
Pit'ifully, *ad.* mournfully, despicably
Pit'less, *a.* wanting compassion, merciless
Pit'man, *s.* one who works in a pit
Pit'saw, *s.* a large saw for two men
Pit'tance, *s.* an allowance, a small portion
Pit'tuous, *a.* consisting of phlegm
Pit'y, *s.* sympathy with misery or pain
**Pit'y, v. a. to compassionate misery
Piv'ot, *s.* a pin on which any thing turns
Pix, *s.* the box for the consecrated host
Pis'cable, *a.* that may be appeased
Pla'card, **Pla'card**, *s.* an edict, a manifesto
Pla'cate, *v. a.* to appease, to reconcile
Place, *s.* locality, space in general; a mansion, existence, rank, priority, office
**Place, v. a. to put in a place, fix, settle
Pla'cid, *a.* gentle, quiet, kind, mild, soft
Pla'cidness, *s.* peaceableness, quietness
Pla'cit, *s.* a decree, determination
Pla'cet, *s.* a petition
Plagiarism, *s.* literary theft, adoption of the thoughts or works of another
Plagiary, *s.* a thief in literature
Plague, *s.* a pestilence, trouble, vexation
**Plague, v. a. to infect with pestilence; tease
Pla'guily, *ad.* vexatiously, horribly******************

Pla'guy, *a.* vexatious, troublesome, harassing
Plaice, *a.* a common kind of flat fish
Plaid, *a.* a variegated stuff, a Scotch dress
Plain, *a.* smooth; artless, clear, simple
Plain, *Pla'nly*, *ad.* distinctly, flatly, fairly
Pla'ndea'ling, *a.* acting without art
Pla'nness, *a.* levelness, want of show
Plaint, *a.* a lamentation, a complaint
Pla'nist, *a.* he that commences a suit
Pla'nitive, *a.* expressive of sorrow, lamenting
Pla'nwork, *a.* common needle-work
Plait, *a.* a fold, a double—*v. a.* to fold
Plan, *a.* a scheme, form, draught, model
Plan, *a. a.* to scheme, to form in design
Plan'ched, *a.* made of boards
Plan'cher, *a.* a floor of wood
Plane, *a.* a level, a tool—*v.* to level
Plan'et, *a.* an erratic or wandering star
Plan'etary, *a.* pertaining to the planets
Plan'etru'ck, *a.* blasted, amazed
Plan'ish, *v. a.* to polish, to smooth
Plan'isphere, *a.* a sphere projected on a plane
Plank, *a.* a board—*v. a.* to lay with planks
Planocon'ical, *a.* level on one side and conical on the other
Planocon'vex, *a.* flat on the one side and convex on the other
Plant, *a.* any vegetable production
Plant, *v. a.* to set, cultivate, fix, settle
Plan'tain, *a.* an herb, a tree and its fruit
Plan'tal, *a.* pertaining to plants
Plan'tation, *a.* colony, a place planted
Plan'ted, *a.* settled, established
Plan'ter, *a.* one who sows, sets, or cultivates
Plash, *a.* a small puddle of water
Plash, *v. a.* to dash with water; to interweave branches
Plash'y, *a.* watery, filled with puddles
Plasin, *a.* a mould, a matrix for metals
Plaster, *a.* lime to cover walls; a salve
Plaster, *v. a.* to cover with plaster, &c.
Plasterer, *a.* one who plasters walls, &c.
Plastic, *a.* having power to give form
Plas'tron, *a.* a piece of stuffed leather
Plat, *a.* a small piece of ground—*v.* to interweave; to make by texture
Plat'ane, *a.* the plane-tree
Plate, *a.* wrought metal, a dish to eat on
Platen, *a.* part of a printing press
Plat'form, *a.* a horizontal plane, a level
Platina, *a.* the name of a metal
Platon'ic, *a.* relating to Plato, pure
Plato'o'n, *a.* a square body of musqueteers
Plat'ter, *a.* a large earthen or wooden dish
Plau'dis, *a.* applause, approbation
Plau'ditory, *a.* praising, commending
Plausi'bility, *a.* appearance of right
Plau'sible, *a.* superficially pleasing, specious
Plau'sibly, *ad.* speciously, seemingly fair
Plau'sive, *a.* applauding, plausible
Play, *a.* amusement, sport, game; a drama
Play, *v.* to sport, game, trifle, perform
Play'er, *a.* one who plays or performs
Play'fellow, *a.* a companion in youth
Play'ful, *a.* sportive, full of levity
Play'game, *a.* play of children

Play'house, *a.* a house for acting plays in
Play'thing, *a.* a toy, a thing to play with
Play'wright, *a.* a maker or writer of plays
Plea, *a.* a form of pleading, an apology
Plead, *v. a.* to defend, to discuss, to argue
Plea'dable, *a.* that may be pleaded
Plea'der, *a.* one who speaks for or against
Plea'ding, *a.* the act or form of pleading
Plea'sant, *a.* delightful, cheerful, merry
Plea'santly, *ad.* merrily, in good humour
Plea'santness, *a.* delightfulness, gayety
Plea'santry, *a.* gayety, merriment, lively talk
Please, *v.* to delight, content, like, choose
Plea'singly, *ad.* so as to give delight
Plea'surable, *a.* delightful, pleasant
Plea'sure, *a.* delight, gratification, choice
Plebe'ian, *a.* popular, vulgar, low, common
Plebe'ian, *a.* one of the lower people
Pledge, *a.* a pawn—*v. a.* to invite to drink
Pled'get, *a.* a small mass of lint
Ple'ades, *a.* a northern constellation
Plen'arily, *ad.* fully, entirely, perfectly
Plen'ary, *a.* full, entire, perfect
Pleni'lunary, *a.* relating to the full moon
Plenipotence, *a.* fulness of power
Plenipotent, *a.* invested with full power
Plenipoten'tiary, *a.* a negotiator for a prince or state, invested with power to treat, &c.
Ple'nist, *a.* a philosopher who holds that all space is full of matter
Plen'itude, *a.* fulness, repletion, abundance
Plen'teous, *a.* copious, abundant, fruitful
Plen'teously, *ad.* copiously, abundantly
Plen'tiful, *a.* copious, exuberant, fruitful
Plen'ty, *a.* abundance, fruitfulness
Ple'o'nasm, *a.* a redundancy of words
Pleth'ora, **Pleth'ory**, *a.* a fulness of habit
Plev'in, *a.* in law, a warrant or assurance
Pleu'ra, *a.* a skin that covers the chest
Pleu'risy, *a.* an inflammation of the pleura
Pleur'ic, *a.* diseased with a pleurisy
Pli'able, *a.* flexible, apt to bend
Pli'ableness, *a.* easiness to be bent
Pli'ant, *a.* flexible; easily persuaded
Pli'antness, *a.* flexibility, toughness
Pli'ars, *a.* a kind of small pincers
Plight, *a.* condition, state, good case, gage
Plight, *v. a.* to pledge, give as surety, weave
Plinth, *a.* the lowermost part of a pillar
Plod, *v. a.* to toil, to drudge, to study dully
Plod'der, *a.* a dull, heavy, laborious man
Plod'ding, *a.* close drudgery or study
Plot, *a.* a small extent of ground, a scheme, conspiracy, stratagem, contrivance
Plot, *v.* to scheme mischief, plan, contrive
Plow'er, *a.* the name of a bird, the lapwing
Plough, *a.* an instrument of husbandry
Plough, *v. a.* to turn up with a plough
Plough'man, *a.* one that attends the plough
Ploughmon'day, *a.* the Monday after Twelfth Day; in the north of England the ploughmen draw a plough from door to door, and beg money to spend in rural festivity
Ploughshare, *a.* the iron of a plough
Pluck, *a.* a pull; the liver and lights, &c.
Pluck, *v. a.* to snatch, draw, strip feathers

Plug, *s.* a stopple—*v. a.* to stop with a plug
 Plum, *s.* a fruit; dried grapes; 100,000*l.*
 Plumage, *s.* feathers, a suit of feathers
 Plumb, *s.* a leaden weight on a line
 Plumb, *v. a.* to sound, to regulate
 Plumb, *ad.* perpendicularly to the horizon
 Plumber, *s.* one who works upon lead
 Plume, *s.* a feather; pride, towering mien
 Plume, *v. a.* to pick and adjust feathers, to adorn, to make proud; to strip
 Plumiferous, *a.* having feathers
 Plummet, *s.* a leaden weight or pencil
 Plumous, *a.* feathery, like feathers
 Plump, *a.* somewhat fat, not lean, sleek
 Plump, *v.* to fall like a stone in water; to fatten, to swell, to make large
 Plumper, *s.* sudden stroke, what plumps out
 Pluminess, *s.* fulness, comeliness
 Pumpudding, *s.* pudding made with plums
 Plumy, *a.* covered with feathers
 Plunder, *s.* pillage, spoils gotten in war
 Plunder, *v. a.* to pillage, to rob by force
 Plunderer, *s.* a hostile pillager, a thief
 Plunge, *v.* to put or sink suddenly under water; to fall into any hazard or distress
 Plunge, *s.* the act of putting under water
 Plumket, *s.* a kind of blue colour
 Plural, *a.* implying more than one
 Pluralist, *s.* a clergyman who holds more benefices than one, with cure of souls
 Plurality, *s.* a number more than one
 Plush, *s.* a kind of shaggy cloth
 Pluvial, Pluvious, *a.* rainy, wet
 Pluvial, *s.* a priest's vestment or cope
 Ply, *v.* to work closely; to solicit; to bend
 Ply, *a.* bent, turn, form, bias, fold
 Pneumatic, *a.* relative to wind
 Pneumatics, *s.* the doctrine of the air
 Pouch, *v.* to boil slightly; to steal game
 Poucher, *s.* one who steals game
 Pouchy, *a.* damp, marshy, moist
 Pock, *s.* a pustule of the small-pox
 Pocket, *s.* a small bag inserted into clothes—*v. a.* to put in the pocket
 Pocketglass, *s.* a glass for the pocket
 Pockhole, *s.* a scar made by the small-pox
 Pockulent, *a.* fit for drink, drinkable
 Pod, *s.* the husk or shell of pulse, seeds, &c.
 Podder, *s.* a gatherer of peasecoats
 Podge, *s.* a puddle, a plash, a watery place
 Poem, *s.* a composition in verse
 Poesy, *s.* the art of writing poems
 Poet, *s.* a writer of poems, an inventor
 Poetaster, *s.* a vile petty poet
 Poetess, Poetress, *s.* a female poet
 Poetical, *a.* pertaining to poetry
 Poetically, *ad.* by the fiction of poetry
 Poetry, *s.* metrical composition, poems
 Poignancy, *s.* sharpness, asperity
 Poignant, *a.* sharp, irritating, satirical
 Point, *s.* a sharp end; indivisible part of time or space; punctilio; degree; aim; instance; a cape; a stop
 Point, *v.* to sharpen, direct, note, level
 Pointed, *part.* *a.* sharp, epigrammatical
 Pointed, *s.* any thing on a point

Pointer, *s.* any thing that points; a dog
 Pointless, *a.* blunt, not sharp, obtuse
 Poison, *s.* what destroys life, venom
 Poison, *v. a.* to infect with poison, corrupt
 Poisonous, *a.* venomous, destructive
 Poitrel, *s.* a graving tool, a breast-plate
 Poise, *s.* a weight, balance, equipoise
 Poise, *v. a.* to balance, to weigh mentally
 Poise, *s.* a small bag or pocket
 Poke, *v. a.* to feel in the dark, search out
 Poker, *s.* an iron bar used to stir the fire
 Polar, *a.* pertaining to the poles
 Polarity, *s.* tendency to the pole
 Pole, *s.* either extremity of the axis of the earth; a staff; a measure of five yards and a half; a piece of timber erected
 Poleaxe, *s.* an axe fixed to a long pole
 Polecat, *s.* a stinking animal, the fisher
 Poledary, *s.* a sort of coarse canvass
 Polemic, *a.* controversial, disputative
 Polemic, *s.* a disputant, a controvertist
 Polestar, *s.* a star near the pole; any guide
 Police, *s.* the regulation of a city, &c.
 Policy, *s.* art of government; prudence
 Polish, *s.* artificial gloss, elegance
 Polish, *v.* to smooth, brighten; civilize
 Polisher, *s.* what refines or polishes
 Polite, *a.* elegant of manners, glossy
 Politeness, *s.* gentility, good breeding
 Politic, Political, *a.* relating to policies.
 prudent, cunning, artful, skilful
 Politically, *ad.* with policy, artfully
 Politician, *s.* one skilled in politics
 Politics, *s.* the science of government
 Politure, *s.* the gloss given by polishing
 Polity, *s.* form of government of any city or commonwealth, civil constitution
 Poll, *s.* the head, list of those that vote
 Poll, *v. a.* to lop the tops of tree; mow
 take a list of voters; shear, clip short
 Pollard, *s.* a tree lopped, a fine sort of brass
 Pollenger, *s.* brushwood
 Pollute, *v. a.* to defile, to taint, to corrupt
 Pollution, *s.* an act of defiling, defilement
 Poltroon, *s.* a coward, dastard, scoundrel
 Polyacoustic, *a.* multiplying sound
 Polyanthus, *s.* the name of a flower
 Polye'dron, *s.* a multiplying glass
 Polyedrous, *a.* having many sides
 Polygamy, *s.* a plurality of wives
 Polyglot, *a.* that is in many languages
 Polygon, *s.* a figure of many angles
 Polygonal, *a.* having many angles
 Polygram, *s.* a figure of many lines
 Polygraphy, *s.* art of writing in ciphers
 Polypheonism, *s.* multiplicity of sound
 Polypus, *s.* a sea animal with many feet
 a disease or swelling in the nostrils
 Polysyllable, *s.* a word of many syllables
 Polytheism, *s.* belief of a plurality of gods
 Pomaceous, *a.* consisting of apples
 Pomade, *s.* a fragrant ointment
 Pomatum, *s.* an ointment made of hog's lard, sheep's suet, &c.
 Pomander, *s.* a perfumed ball or powder
 Pomegranate, *s.* a tree and its fruit
 Pomerozy, *s.* a large kind of apple
 Pomiferous, *a.* bearing apples

Pom'mel, *s.* a knob on a sword or saddle
 Pom'mel, *v. a.* to beat, to bruise, to punch
 Pomp, *s.* splendour, pride, ostentation
 Pom'pine, Pom'pkin, *s.* a kind of melon
 Pompos'ity, *s.* ostentatiousness
 Pom'pous, *a.* stately, magnificent, grand
 Pom'pously, *ad.* magnificently, splendidly
 Pond, *s.* a small pool or lake of water
 Pon'der, *v.* to weigh mentally, to muse
 Pon'derable, *a.* capable of being weighed
 Pon'deral, *a.* estimated by weight
 Ponderos'ity, *s.* weight, gravity, heaviness
 Pon'derous, *a.* heavy, momentous, forcible
 Pon'ent, *a.* western
 Pon'ard, *s.* a small pointed dagger
 Pon'tage, *s.* bridge duties for repairs
 Pon'tiff, *s.* a high priest, the Pope
 Pontif'ical, *a.* belonging to a high priest
 Pontifical, *s.* a book of ecclesiastical rites
 Pontificate, *s.* papacy, the popedom
 Pon'tifice, *s.* a bridge-work, edifice of a bridge
 Pon'ton, *s.* a floating bridge of boats
 Po'ny, *s.* a small horse
 Pool, *s.* a standing water; a term at cards
 Poop, *s.* the hindmost part of a ship
 Poor, *a.* not rich; trifling; mean; dejected
 Poo'ry, *ad.* without spirit, indisposed
 Pop, *s.* a small, smart, quick sound
 Pop, *v.* to move or enter quickly or sily
 Pope, *s.* the bishop of Rome; a fish
 Po'pdom, *s.* jurisdiction of the Pope
 Po'pery, Pa'pstry, *s.* the popish religion
 Po'pseye, *s.* a part of the thigh
 Pop'gun, Pot'gun, *s.* a child's gun
 Popina'tion, *s.* a frequenting of taverns
 Pop'injay, *s.* a parrot, woodpecker; a fop
 Po'plish, *a.* taught by the Pope, Romish
 Pop'lar, *s.* a tree
 Pop'lin, *s.* a kind of stuff made of silk and
 worsted
 Pop'py, *s.* the name of a plant
 Pop'ulace, *s.* the multitude, the vulgar
 Pop'ular, *a.* pleasing to the people, vulgar
 Popular'ity, *s.* the favour of the people
 Pop'ulate, *v. n.* to breed people
 Popula'tion, *s.* the number of people
 Pop'ulous, *a.* full of people, well inhabited
 Porcelain, *s.* China ware, an herb
 Porch, *s.* a portico, an entrance with a roof
 Porcupine, *s.* a sort of large hedgehog
 Pore, *v. n.* to look close to, or intensely
 Por'ebind, *a.* near-sighted
 Pores, *s.* certain imperceptible holes in the
 body, where the hairs grow, and through
 which sweat and humours evaporate
 Pork, *s.* swine's flesh unsalted
 Por'ker, Por'kling, *s.* a young pig
 Poros'ity, *s.* quality of having pores
 Po'rous, Po'ry, *a.* full of pores
 Por'poise, Po'rpua, *s.* the sea-hog
 Porra'ceous, *a.* greenish, like a leek
 Por'ret, *s.* a scallion, a leek
 Por'ridge, Por'tage, *s.* a kind of broth
 Por'ringer, *s.* a vessel for spoon meat
 Port, *s.* a harbour, aperture; air, mien;
 the name of Portugal wine
 Por'table, *a.* that may be carried
 Por'tage, *s.* price of carriage, a porthole

Po'rtal, *s.* a gate, the arch of a gate
 Po'rtance, *s.* air, mien, port, demeanour
 Portcul'lis, *s.* a sort of drawbridge
 Porte, *s.* the court of the Turkish emperor
 Por'ted, *a.* borne in a regular order
 Porten'd, *v. a.* to forebode, to foreshow
 Porten'sion, *s.* the act of foretelling
 Porten't, *s.* an omen, or foretelling of ill
 Porten'tous, *a.* monstrous, ominous
 Por'ter, *s.* one who has charge of a gate;
 carrier; a kind of strong beer
 Por'terage, *s.* the hire of a porter
 Portfo'lio, *s.* a case to keep loose papers or
 prints in
 Por'tiglave, Por'tiglave, *s.* a sword-bearer
 Por'thole, *s.* a hole to point cannon through
 Por'tion, *s.* a covered walk, a piazza
 Por'tion, *s.* part, allotment; wife's fortune
 Por'tliness, *s.* grandeur of demeanour
 Por'tly, *a.* majestic, grand of mien
 Portman'teau, *s.* a bag to carry clothes in
 Por'trait, *s.* a picture drawn from the life
 Portray', *v. a.* to paint, to adorn
 Por'tress, *s.* the female guardian of a gate
 Pose, *v. a.* to puzzle, appose, interrogate
 Pos'ted, *a.* placed, ranged, put
 Pos'tion, *s.* a situation; an assertion
 Pos'tional, *a.* respecting position
 Pos'tive, *a.* absolute, assured, certain
 Pos'tively, *ad.* certainly, peremptorily
 Pos'se, *s.* an armed power, a large body
 Pos'ses', *v. a.* to have as an owner, to obtain
 Pos'session, *s.* a having in one's own power
 Pos'sessive, Pos'sessory, *a.* having possession
 Pos'sessor, *s.* an owner, master, proprietor
 Pos'set, *s.* milk curdled with wine, &c.
 Possibility, *s.* the power of being or doing
 Pos'sible, *a.* having the power to be or do
 Pos'sibly, *ad.* by any power; perhaps
 Post, *s.* a messenger, piece of timber, office
 Post, *v.* to travel with speed, to place, to fix
 Po'stage, *s.* money paid for letters
 Postchaf'ar, *s.* a light body-carriage
 Postdate, *v. a.* to date later than the time
 Postdilu'vian, *a.* living since the flood
 Pos'ter, *s.* a courier, one that travels hastily
 Poste'rior, *a.* happening after, backward
 Posterior'ity, *s.* the state of being after
 Poste'riors, *s.* the hinder parts, the breech
 Poster'ity, *s.* succeeding generations
 Postern, *s.* a small gate, a little door
 Postexis'tence, *s.* a future existence
 Postha'ste, *ad.* very fast or quick
 Po'sthouse, *s.* a house to take in letters
 Por'thymous, *a.* done, had, or published
 after one's decease
 Postil'ion, *s.* one who guides a chaise, or
 who guides the first pair of a set of six
 horses in a coach
 Postmerid'ian, *a.* being in the afternoon
 Po'st-office, *s.* a posthouse, place for letters
 Postpone, *v. a.* to put off, delay, undervalue
 Postscript, *s.* a writing added to a letter
 Pos'tulate, *s.* a position assumed or sup-
 posed without proof—*v. a.* to assume
 Postula'tion, *s.* a supposing without proof
 Postula'tum, *s.* an assumed position
 Pos'ture, *s.* a position, place, disposition

Posturemaster, *a.* one who teaches or practises artificial contortions of the body
 Pot'sy, *s.* a motto on a ring; a nosegay
 Pot, *s.* a vessel to hold liquids or meat
 Pot, *v.* to preserve seasoned meats in pots
 Pot'able, Pot'ulent, *a.* fit to be drunk
 Pot'ato, *s.* a West-Indian pickle
 Pot'ash, *s.* ashes from burnt vegetables
 Pot'ation, *s.* a drinking-bout, a draught
 Pot'sto, *s.* an esculent root
 Pot'bellied, *a.* having a swollen paunch
 Potch, *v. & a.* to thrust, to push, to poach
 Pot'companion, *s.* a fellow-drinker
 Pot'ency, *a.* power, influence, efficacy
 Pot'ent, *a.* powerful, efficacious, mighty
 Pot'entate, *s.* a monarch, sovereign, prince
 Pot'en'tial, *a.* existing in possibility, not in act; powerful, efficacious
 Pot'ently, *ad.* powerfully, forcibly
 Pot'her, *s.* a bustle, stir, tumult
 Pot'hook, *s.* a hook to hang pots on
 Pot'tion, *s.* a draught, commonly in physic
 Pot'sherd, *s.* a fragment of a broken pot
 Pot'ter, *s.* a maker of earthen vessels
 Pot'tery, *s.* the work of a potter
 Pot'tle, *s.* a measure of four pints
 Pot'valiant, *a.* heated to courage by liquor
 Pouch, *s.* a small bag, pocket, purse
 Pow'erty, *a.* indigence, meanness, defect
 Poult, *s.* a young chicken
 Poult'erer, *s.* one who sells fowls
 Poult'ice, *s.* a mollifying application
 Pou'try, *s.* all kinds of domestic fowls
 Pounce, *s.* the talon of a bird of prey; the powder of gum-sandarach for paper
 Pow'net-box, *s.* a small box perforated
 Pound, *s.* a weight; 20 shillings; a pinfold
 Pound, *v.* to beat with a pestle; to shut up
 Pou'ndage, *s.* an allowance of so much in the pound; payment rated by weight; fees paid to the keeper of a pound
 Pow'nder, *s.* a cannon of a certain bore
 Pour, *v.* to empty liquids out of any vessel; to flow; to rush tumultuously
 Pout, *s.* a kind of fish; a kind of bird
 Pout, *v. n.* to look sullen, to frown
 Powder, *s.* dust; dust of starch; gunpowder
 Pow'der-box, *s.* a box for hair-powder
 Pow'der-horn, *s.* a horn for gunpowder
 Pow'dering-tub, *s.* a vessel for salting meat
 Pow'der-mill, *s.* a mill in which gunpowder is manufactured
 Pow'dery, *a.* dusty, friable, soft
 Pow'et, *s.* command, authority, ability, strength, force, influence, military force
 Pow'etful, *a.* potent, mighty, efficacious
 Pow'etfully, *ad.* potently, efficaciously
 Pow'etless, *a.* weak, impotent, helpless
 Poy, *s.* a rope-dancer's or waterman's pole
 Prac'ticable, *a.* performable; assailable
 Prac'tical, *a.* relating to action
 Prac'tically, *ad.* by practice, in real fact
 Prac'tice, *s.* habit, use, dexterity, method
 Prac'tise, *v. n.* to do, to exercise, to transact
 Practitioner, *s.* one engaged in any art
 Pra'cipe, *s.* a writ, a command
 Pra'cog'nita, *s.* things previously known
 Pragmat'ical, *a.* meddling, impertinent

Pragmat'ically, *ad.* impertinently
 Praise, *s.* renown, laud, commendation
 Praise, *v. & a.* to commend, to applaud
 Prai'seworthy, *a.* deserving praise
 Prame, *s.* a flat-bottomed boat
 Prance, *v. n.* to spring or bound
 Prank, *s.* a frolic, trick, wicked act
 Prate, *v. n.* to talk carelessly, to chatter
 Pra'tique, *s.* a licence for a ship to traffic in the ports of Italy, &c. upon a certificate that the place she sailed from is not annoyed with any infectious disease
 Prattle, *v. n.* to talk lightly, to chatter
 Pratt'ler, *s.* a trifling talker, a chatterer
 Pravi'ty, *s.* corruption, badness, malignity
 Prawn, *s.* a shell-fish like a shrimp
 Prax'is, *s.* use, practice
 Pray, *v.* to entreat, supplicate, implore
 Prayer, *s.* a petition to Heaven; entreaty
 Pray'erbook, *s.* a book of prayers
 Preach, *v. n.* to pronounce a public discourse on religious subjects
 Prea'cher, *s.* one who preaches, a minister
 Pre'amble, *s.* an introduction, a preface
 Pre'tend, *s.* a stipend in cathedrals
 Pre'bendary, *s.* a stipendiary of a cathedral
 Preca'rious, *a.* dependant, uncertain
 Preca'riously, *ad.* uncertainly, by dependance; at the pleasure of others
 Prec'ative, Prec'atory, *a.* suppliant, submissive, beseeching
 Precau'tion, *s.* a preservative caution
 Precau'tional, Precau'dionary, *a.* preservative, preventive
 Preced'e'nous, *a.* previous, antecedent
 Prece'de, *v. a.* to go before in rank or time
 Prece'dence, *s.* priority, the foremost place
 Prece'dent, *a.* going before; former
 Pre'e'dent, *s.* example, thing done before
 Precen'tor, *s.* he that leads the choir
 Pre'cept, *s.* a rule, command, injunction, mandate
 Precept'ial, *a.* consisting of precepts
 Precept'ive, *a.* containing or giving precepts
 Precep'tor, *s.* a teacher, a tutor
 Pre'ceptory, *a.* giving precepts
 Preces'sion, *s.* the act of going before
 Pre'cinct, *s.* an outward limit, boundary
 Prec'ious, *a.* valuable, costly, of great price
 Prec'ipice, *s.* a perpendicular declivity
 Precip'itance, *s.* rash haste, headlong hurry
 Precip'itant, *a.* falling headlong, hasty
 Precip'itance, *s.* hastiness, rashness
 Precip'itate, *s.* corrosive mercurial medicine
 Precip'itate, *v.* to cast down; to hurry
 Precip'itate, *a.* headlong, hasty, violent
 Precip'itately, *ad.* hastily; in blind fury
 Precipita'tion, *s.* a hurry, blind rash haste
 Prec'ise, *a.* formal, affected, finical, exact
 Prec'isely, *ad.* exactly, nicely, formally
 Precision, *s.* exact limitation, nicety
 Prec'isive, *a.* exactly limiting
 Preclu'de, *v. a.* to shut out or binder by some anticipation
 Preclu'sive, *a.* hindering by anticipation
 Preco'cious, *a.* ripe before the time
 Preco'city, *s.* ripeness before the time
 Preco'gita'tion, *s.* previous consideration

Precognition, *a.* previous knowledge
 Precompose, *v. a.* to compose beforehand
 Preconceive, *a.* opinion antecedently formed
 Preconceive, *v. a.* to form an opinion beforehand; to imagine beforehand
 Preconception, *a.* a previous opinion
 Preconceived, *a.* settled beforehand
 Precontract, *a.* a previous contract
 Precurse, *a.* a forerunning; going before
 Precursor, *a.* a forerunner; an harbinger
 Precursory, *a.* introductory, previous
 Predaceous, *a.* living by prey or plunder
 Predal, *a.* robbing; practising robbery
 Predation, *a.* the act of plundering
 Predacious, *a.* plundering, rapacious
 Predatory, *a.* practising rapine; ravenous
 Predecessor, *a.* one going before
 Predestinarian, Predestinator, *a.* one who maintains the doctrine of predestination
 Predestinate, *v.* to decree beforehand
 Predestination, *a.* the judgement of God, whereby, according to the opinions of some, he has determined, from all eternity, to save a certain number of persons, hence called *elect*; it is also used to signify a supposed decree of Providence, by means whereof things are brought to pass by a fatal necessity, and in despite of all opposition
 Predestine, *v. a.* to decree beforehand
 Predetermination, *a.* previous resolution
 Predial, *a.* consisting of farms
 Predictable, *a.* a logical term of affirmation
 Predictable, *a.* such as may be affirmed
 Predicament, *a.* a class, arrangement, kind
 Predicant, *a.* one that affirms any thing
 Predicate, *a.* what is affirmed of a subject
 Predicate, *v. a.* to affirm or declare
 Predication, *a.* affirmation, declaration
 Predict, *v. a.* to foretell; to foreshow
 Prediction, *a.* a prophecy; a foretelling
 Predictive, *a.* prophetic, foretelling
 Predictor, *a.* one who foretells or prophesies
 Predilection, *a.* a prepossession in favour of any particular person or thing
 Predispose, *v. a.* to dispose beforehand
 Predisposition, *a.* previous adaptation
 Predominance, *a.* prevalence, superiority
 Predominant, *a.* prevalent, ascendant
 Predominate, *v. a.* to prevail in or over
 Pre-elect, *v. a.* to choose beforehand
 Pre-eminence, *a.* superiority, precedence
 Pre-eminent, *a.* excellent above others
 Pre-emption, *a.* a right of buying before others
 Preen, *a.* to trim the feathers—*a.* an instrument used by clothiers
 Pre-engage, *v. a.* to engage beforehand
 Pre-engagement, *a.* precedent obligation
 Pre-establish, *v. a.* to engage beforehand
 Pre-exist, *v. a.* to exist beforehand
 Pre-existence, *a.* existence beforehand
 Pre-existent, *a.* preceding in existence
 Preface, *a.* an introduction to a book, &c.
 Preface, *v.* to say something introductory
 Prefatory, *a.* introductory
 Prefect, *a.* a governor, a commander
 Prefecture, *a.* the office of government

Prefer, *v. a.* to regard more; advance, raise
 Preferable, *a.* eligible before another
 Preference, *a.* estimation above another
 Prefement, *a.* advancement, preference
 Prefiguration, *a.* antecedent representation
 Prefigurative, *a.* exhibiting by antecedent representation
 Prefigure, *v. a.* to exhibit beforehand
 Prefine, *v. a.* to limit beforehand
 Prefix, *v. a.* to appoint beforehand; settle
 Prefix, *a.* a particle placed before a word
 Prefixure, *v. a.* to form beforehand
 Pregnancy, *a.* the state of being with young; fertility; power; acuteness
 Pregnant, *a.* breeding, teeming, fruitful
 Pregustation, *a.* the act of tasting first
 Prejudge, *v. a.* to judge beforehand; generally, to condemn beforehand
 Prejudicate, *a.* formed by prejudice
 Prejudication, *a.* a judging beforehand
 Prejudice, *a.* prepossession, mischief, hurt
 Prejudice, *v.* to fill with prejudice; hurt
 Prejudicial, *a.* hurtful, injurious; opposite
 Prelacy, *a.* the dignity or office of a prelate
 Prelate, *a.* a bishop; a high ecclesiastic
 Prelatical, *a.* relating to prelates or prelacy
 Prelation, *a.* a preference; a setting above
 Prelection, *a.* reading; lecture
 Preliminary, *a.* previous, introductory, antecedently preparatory
 Prelude, *a.* a flourish of music before a full concert; something introductory
 Prelude, *v. m.* to serve as an introduction
 Prelude, *a.* introductory, proemial
 Premature, *a.* ripe too soon; too soon said or done; too early; too hasty
 Premeditate, *v. a.* to think beforehand
 Premeditation, *a.* a meditating beforehand
 Premier, *v. a.* to deserve before another
 Premier, *a.* first, chief, principal
 Premier, *a.* a chief person; a first minister
 Premise, *v. a.* to explain previously
 Premises, *a.* in logic, the two first propositions of a syllogism; in law—language, houses or lands
 Premis, *a.* an antecedent proposition
 Premium, *a.* something given to invite a loan or a bargain
 Premonish, *v. a.* to warn beforehand
 Premonition, *a.* previous intelligence
 Premonitory, *a.* previously advising
 Premonstrate, *v. a.* to show beforehand
 Premunire, *a.* a writ in the common law whereby a penalty is incurable
 Prenominate, *v. a.* to forename
 Prenunciation, *a.* act of telling before
 Preoccupancy, *a.* taking possession before
 Preoccupate, *v. a.* to anticipate, prepossess
 Preoccupy, *v. a.* to seize before another
 Preopinion, *a.* prepossession, prejudice
 Preordain, *v. a.* to ordain beforehand
 Preordinance, *a.* antecedent decree
 Preparation, *a.* act of preparing any thing to any purpose; previous measures; any thing made by process; accomplishment
 Preparative, *a.* serving to prepare
 Preparatory, *a.* introductory, antecedent
 Prepare, *v.* to make ready, qualify, form

Prepa'ra, *s.* preparation, previous measures
Prepen'se, *a.* preconceived; contrived beforehand, *as*, malice *prepen'se*
Prepon'der, *Prepon'derate*, *v. a.* to outweigh; to exceed in influence
Prepon'derance, *s.* superiority of weight
Prepon'derant, *a.* outweighing
Preposition, *s.* in grammar, a particle set before a noun, and governing a case
Preposse'ss', *v. a.* to prejudice, to bias
Preposse'ssion, *s.* first possession; prejudice; preconceived opinion
Prepos'terous, *a.* wrong, absurd, perverted
Prepos'terously, *ad.* absurdly, strangely, &c.
Prepo'tency, *s.* predominance; superiority
Prepu'ce, *s.* what covers the foreskin
Prerequi're, *v. a.* to demand beforehand
Prereq'uisite, *a.* that is previously necessary
Prerog'ative, *s.* exclusive privilege or right
Prerog'ative, *a.* having an exclusive privilege or right; having prerogative
Pres'age, *Pres'agement*, *s.* a prognostic
Pres'age, *v. a.* to forebode, to foreshow
Pres'byter, *s.* a priest, a presbyterian
Presby'terial, *a.* pertaining to a presbyter
Presby'terian, *s.* a follower of Calvin
Presby'terianism, *s.* the principles and discipline of presbyterians
Presby'tery, *s.* eldership; priesthood; also church government by lay elders
Pres'cience, *s.* a knowledge of futurity
Pres'cient, *a.* foreknowing, prophetic
Prescin'd, *v. a.* to cut off, to abstract
Prescin'dent, *a.* abstracting; cutting off
Prescribe, *v. a.* to order; to direct medically
Prescript, *s.* a direction, precept, order
Prescription, *s.* a rule produced and authorized by long custom till it has the force of law; a medical receipt
Prescriptive, *a.* pleading the continuance and authority of custom
Pres'ence, *s.* state of being present; mien; demeanour; quickness at expedients
Pres'ent, *a.* not absent; not past; ready
Pres'ent, *s.* a gift, a donation; a mandate
Presen't, *v. a.* to exhibit, to give, to prefer, to offer, to favour with gifts
Presen'table, *a.* that may be presented
Presen'taneous, *a.* ready, immediate
Presen'tation, *s.* the gift of a benefice
Presen'tee, *s.* one presented to a benefice
Presen'tial, *a.* supposing actual presence
Presen'tiality, *s.* state of being present
Presen'timent, *s.* notion previously formed; previous idea
Presen'tly, *ad.* at present, soon after
Presen'tment, *s.* the act of presenting
Preserva'tion, *s.* the act of preserving
Preser'vative, *a.* that has power to preserve
Preser've, *v. a.* to save, keep, season fruits, &c.
Preser've, *s.* fruit preserved in sugar
Preser'ver, *s.* one who preserves or keeps
Preside, *v. n.* to be set over, direct, manage
Presi'dency, *s.* superintendence
Presi'dent, *s.* one at the head of a society
Presi'dial, *Presi'diary*, *a.* relating to a garrison; having a garrison
Press, *v.* to squeeze; distress; urge, force

Press, *s.* an instrument for pressing; a crowd; case for clothes; instrument for printing; a forcing of men to military service
Press'gang, *s.* a gang of sailors that go about to press men into naval service
Press'ing, *part. a.* very urgent; squeezing
Press'ingly, *ad.* with force; closely
Press'man, *s.* a printer who works at a press; one who forces away
Press'money, *s.* money for pressed soldiers
Press'ure, *s.* force; affliction; an impression
Press't, *a.* ready; neat, tight—*s.* a loan
Presu'mable, *a.* that may be presumed
Presu'mably, *ad.* without examination
Presu'me, *v. n.* to suppose; affirm; venture
Presu'ming, *part. a.* supposing; confident
Presu'mption, *Presu'mptuousness*, *s.* a conjecture; confidence; supposition previously formed; arrogance; pride
Presu'mptive, *a.* presumed; supposed, as the *presumptive* heir; confident, arrogant
Presu'mptuous, *a.* haughty; irreverent
Presu'mptuously, *ad.* haughtily; proudly
Presuppo'sal, *s.* a supposal previously formed
Presuppo'se, *v. a.* to suppose beforehand
Presu'm'ise, *s.* surmise previously formed
Preten'ce, *s.* a pretext; an assumption
Preten'd, *v. a.* to allege falsely; to show hypocritically; to claim; to presume
Preten'der, *s.* one who claims or arrogates to himself what does not belong to him
Preten'sion, *s.* a claim; a false appearance
Preterim'per'fect, *a.* in grammar, the tense not perfectly past
Pre'terite, *a.* in grammar, the past tense
Preterin'g'ed, *a.* past and gone
Preternat'., *v. a.* to pass by, omit, neglect
Preternat'ion, *s.* the act of omitting
Preternat'ural, *a.* not natural; irregular
Preterp'fect, *a.* absolutely past
Preterp'ul'perfect, *a.* time relatively past, or past before some other past time
Pre'text, *s.* a pretence, false allegation
Pre'tor, *s.* a Roman judge; a mayor
Pre'torian, *a.* judicial; exercised by a pretor
Pre'ttly, *ad.* neatly, elegantly, agreeably
Pre'tiness, *s.* beauty without dignity
Pre'ty, *a.* neat, elegant, handsome
Pre'ty, *ad.* in some degree, nearly
Prevail, *v. a.* to be in force, overcome, persuade, have influence; have power
Prevail'ing, *a.* having most influence
Prev'alence, *s.* superiority; influence
Prev'alent, *a.* powerful, predominant
Prevar'icate, *v. n.* to cavil; to quibble
Prevarica'tion, *s.* double dealing; shuffle
Prevarica'tor, *s.* a caviller, a shuffler
Preven'ient, *a.* preceding; preventive
Preven't, *v.* to hinder, obstruct; guide
Preven'tion, *s.* act of going before; anticipation, hindrance, prejudice
Preven'tive, *a.* preservative, hindering
Pre'vious, *a.* antecedent; going before
Pre'viously, *ad.* beforehand; antecedently
Prey, *s.* something to be devoured; spoil
Prey, *v.* to feed by violence; to plunder; to corrode
Pri'apism, *s.* a preternatural tension

Price, *s.* value; estimation; rate; reward
Prick, *v.* to pierce, to spur—*s.* a puncture
Prick'et, *s.* a buck in his second year
Prick'le, *s.* a small sharp point; a thorn
Prick'leback, *s.* a small fish
Prick'ly, *a.* full of sharp points
Pride, *s.* inordinate self-esteem; haughtiness; insolent exultation; ostentation
Pride, *v.* *a.* to rate himself high; to make proud, *as*, to pride himself
Priest, *s.* one who officiates at the altar
Priestcraft, *s.* religious fraud
Priestess, *s.* a female priest
Priesthood, *s.* the office of a priest
Priestliness, *s.* the manner, &c. of a priest
Priestly, *a.* belonging to a priest; sacerdotal
Priestridden, *a.* managed by priests
Prig, *s.* a pert, conceited, little fellow
Prim, *a.* formal, precise, affectedly nice
Primacy, *s.* dignity or office of a primate
Primage, *s.* a duty paid to a master of a ship for the use of his stores, &c.
Primarily, *ad.* in the first intention
Primary, *a.* first in order, chief, principal
Primate, *s.* the chief ecclesiastic
Prime, **Primal**, *a.* early; first rate; first
Prime, *s.* the dawn; the morning; best part; spring of life; the flower or choice; height of health, beauty, or perfection
Prime, *v.* *a.* to put powder into the touch pan or hole of a gun, &c.; to lay the first colours on in painting
Primely, *ad.* originally, excellently, well
Primateship, *s.* dignity, &c. of a primate
Primer, *s.* the first book for children
Prime'm, *s.* an ancient game at cards
Prime'val, *a.* original; such as was at first
Primitive, *a.* ancient, original, formal
Primeness, *s.* state of being first; excellence
Primatively, *ad.* originally, primarily, at first
Prim'ness, *s.* formality, demureness
Primogen'ital, *a.* first-born; original
Primogen'iture, *s.* state of being first born
Primor'dial, *a.* existing from the beginning
Prim'rose, *s.* the name of a flower
Prince, *s.* a sovereign; a king's son; chief
Prim'cedom, *s.* the rank, estate, &c. of a prince; sovereignty
Prin'celike, *a.* becoming a prince
Prin'cely, *a.* royal, august, generous
Prin'cess, *s.* a sovereign lady; the daughter of a king; a prince's consort
Prin'cipal, *a.* chief, capital, essential
Prin'cipal, *s.* a head, a chief; one primarily engaged; a sum placed out at interest
Prin'cipality, *s.* a prince's domain
Prin'cipality, *ad.* chiefly; above the rest
Prin'ciple, *s.* analysis into constituent or elemental parts
Prin'ciple, *s.* a primordial substance; constituent part; original cause; motive; opinion
Print, *s.* mark made by impression; form, size, &c. of the types used in printing; formal method—*v.* to mark by impression
Print'er, *s.* one who prints books, &c.

Print'ing, *s.* the art or process of imprinting letters or words; typography
Print'less, *a.* that leaves no impression
Pr'ior, *a.* former, antecedent, anterior
Pr'ior, *s.* the head of a priory of monks
Pr'ofessor, *s.* superior of a convent of nuns
Prior'ity, precedence in time or place
Prior'ship, *s.* office or dignity of a prior
Pr'ory, *s.* a convent inferior to an abbey
Pr'sage, *s.* a kind of duty or custom
Prism, *s.* a kind of mathematical glass
Prismatic, *a.* formed like a prism
Prismat'ically, *ad.* in the form of a prism
Prismoid, *s.* a solid body like a prism
Pris'on, *s.* a goal, place of confinement
Prison'house, *s.* a kind of rural play
Pris'oned, *part.* shut up in prison
Pris'oner, *s.* a captive, one under arrest
Pris'tine, *a.* first, ancient, original
Prith'ce, abbreviation for *I pray thee*
Priv'acy, *s.* secrecy, retreat, taciturnity
Privado, *s.* a secret or intimate friend
Priv'ate, *a.* secret, alone, particular, not relating to the public, not open
Privat'e'r, *s.* a private ship of war
Privately, *ad.* secretly, not openly
Priva'tion, *s.* absence or loss of any thing; obstruction, &c.
Priv'ative, *a.* causing privation, negative
Priv'ilege, *s.* immunity, public right
Priv'ilege, *v.* *a.* to grant a privilege, exempt
Priv'ily, *ad.* privately, secretly
Priv'ity, *s.* private concurrence
Priv'y, *a.* private, secret, acquainted with
Prize, *s.* a reward gained, booty
Prize, *v.* *a.* to rate, esteem, value highly
Probabil'ity, *s.* likelihood, appearance of truth, evidence of argument
Prob'able, *a.* likely, or like to be
Prob'ably, *ad.* likely, in all likelihood
Probat, **Probate**, *s.* the proof of wills, &c.
Probat'ion, *s.* a proof, trial, novitiate
Probat'ional, **Probat'ionary**, *s.* serving for trial
Probat'ioner, *s.* one upon trial; a novice
Probe, *s.* a surgeon's instrument
Probe, *v.* *a.* to search, to try with a probe
Pro'bity, *s.* uprightness, honesty, veracity
Pro'blem, *s.* a question proposed for solution
Pro'blematical, *a.* uncertain, disputable
Probes's, *s.* the trunk of an elephant, &c.
Pro'cast, *s.* sauciness, petulance
Pro'cast'ic, *a.* forerunning, antecedent
Proce'dure, *s.* manner of proceeding
Proce'd, *v.* *n.* to go on; to arise from; to prosecute; to make progress, to advance
Proce'd'ing, *s.* a transaction; legal process
Proce'ring, *s.* tallness, height of stature
Pro'ces, *s.* course of law; order of things
Proce'ssion, *s.* a train marching in solemnity
Pro'chronism, *s.* an error in chronology
Pro'claim, *v.* to publish solemnly, to tell openly, to outlaw by public denunciation
Proclaim'ation, *s.* a public notice given by authority, a declaration of the king's will
Procliv'ity, *s.* propensity, readiness
Procliv'ous, *a.* inclined; tending
Procon'sul, *s.* a Roman governor

Procon'sulship, *s.* the office of a proconsul
 Procrastinate, *v.* to defer, delay, put off
 Procrastination, *s.* delay, dilatoriness
 Procreant, *a.* productive, pregnant
 Procreate, *v. a.* to generate, to produce
 Procreation, *s.* generation, production
 Procreative, *a.* generative, productive
 Procreator, *s.* a generator, begetter
 Proctor, *s.* an advocate in the civil law;
 an attorney in the spiritual court; the
 magistrate of the university
 Proctorship, *s.* the office of a proctor
 Procu'ent, *a.* lying down, prone
 Procurable, *a.* obtainable, acquirable
 Procurator, *s.* a manager, agent, factor
 Procure, *v.* to obtain, to manage, to pimp
 Procurer, *s.* an obtainer, pimp, pander
 Procures, *s.* a bawd, a seducing woman
 Prof'igal, *a.* profuse, wasteful, lavish
 Prof'igal, *s.* a spendthrift, a waster
 Prodigality, *s.* extravagance, profusion
 Prodigious, *a.* amazing, monstrous, vast
 Prodigiously, *ad.* amazingly, enormously
 Prodigy, *s.* a preternatural thing; a mon-
 ster; anything astonishing
 Prodition, *s.* treason, treachery
 Produce, *v. a.* to bring forth, yield, cause
 Produce, *s.* amount, profit, product
 Producent, *s.* one who exhibits or offers
 Product, *s.* the thing produced, work, effect
 Production, *s.* whatever is produced
 Productive, *a.* fertile, generative, efficient
 Pro'en, *s.* a preface, an introduction
 Profanation, *s.* the act of profaning, pol-
 luting, or violating any thing sacred
 Profane, *a.* not sacred; irreverent; polluted
 Profane, *v. a.* to violate, to pollute, to put
 to wrong use, to misapply
 Profanely, *ad.* irreverently, wickedly
 Profaneness, *s.* irreverence, impiety
 Profaner, *s.* one who profanes or pollutes
 Profess, *v.* to declare openly and plainly
 Profess'edly, *ad.* openly, avowedly
 Profession, *s.* a vocation, known employ-
 ment, calling; declaration, opinion
 Professional, *a.* relating to a particular
 profession
 Professor, *s.* a public teacher of some art
 Professorship, *s.* the office of a public
 teacher
 Prop'ose, *v. a.* to propose, offer, attempt
 Prop'ose, *s.* an offer made, essay, attempt
 Proficiency, *s.* improvement gained, &c.
 Proficient, *s.* one who has made good ad-
 vancement in any study or business
 Profile, *s.* the side-face, a half face
 Profit, *s.* gain, advantage, improvement
 Profit, *v.* to gain advantage, improve
 Profitable, *a.* lucrative, beneficial
 Profitableness, *s.* gainfulness, usefulness
 Profitably, *ad.* advantageously, gainfully
 Profitless, *a.* void of gain or advantage
 Profligacy, *s.* profligate behaviour
 Profligate, *a.* wicked, abandoned, debauch-
 ed, lost to virtue and decency, shameless
 Profligate, *s.* an abandoned wretch
 Prof'luence, *s.* progress, course
 Prof'luent, *a.* flowing forwards

Profound, *a.* deep, learned, humble, lowly
 Profundity, *s.* depth of place or knowledge
 Profuse, *a.* lavish, wasteful, overabounding
 Profuseness, *s.* lavishness, prodigality
 Profusion, *s.* prodigality, exuberance,
 plenty, abundance
 Prog, *s.* victuals, provisions of any kind
 Prog, *v. n.* to shift meanly for provisions
 Progenitor, *s.* an ancestor in a direct line
 Progeny, *s.* offspring, issue, generation
 Prognostic, *s.* a prediction, a token fore-
 running
 Prognostic, *a.* foretelling
 Prognosticate, *v. a.* to foretel, to foreshow
 Prognostication, *s.* the act of foretelling
 Prognosticator, *s.* one who foretels
 Prog'ess, *s.* a course; improvement
 Progression, *s.* regular advance, course
 Progressional, *a.* advancing, increasing
 Progressive, *a.* going forward, advancing
 Progressively, *ad.* by a regular course
 Prohibit, *v. a.* to forbid, deter, hinder
 Prohibition, *s.* an interdiction, &c.
 Prohibitory, *a.* implying prohibition
 Project, *s.* a scheme, contrivance, design
 Project, *v.* to scheme, contrive; jut out
 Projectile, *a.* impelled forward
 Projectile, *s.* a body put in motion
 Projection, *s.* act of shooting forwards;
 delineation; scheme, plan
 Projector, *s.* one who forms schemes, &c.
 Projecture, *s.* a jutting out
 Prolap'se, *v. a.* to extend out too much
 Prolate, *v. a.* to pronounce, to utter
 Prolate, *a.* oblate, flattened at the poles
 Prolation, *s.* pronouncement, delay
 Prolap'sis, *s.* an anticipation of objections
 Prolapsical, *a.* previous, antecedent
 Prolapsarian, *a.* wretched, vile, vulgar
 Prolific, Prolifical, *a.* fruitful, generative
 Prolix, *a.* tedious, not concise, dilatory
 Prolixity, *s.* tediousness, want of brevity
 Prolocutor, *s.* the speaker of a convocation
 Prolocutorship, *s.* the office of prolocutor
 Prologue, *s.* a speech before a stage play
 Prolong, *v. a.* to lengthen out, to put off
 Prolongation, *s.* a delay to a longer time
 Prolusion, *s.* a prelude; an essay
 Promens'ade, *s.* a walk, walking
 Prominence, *s.* a jutting out, protuberance
 Prominent, *a.* jutting or standing out
 Promiscuously, *ad.* with confused mixture
 Promiscuous, *a.* mingled, confused
 Promise, *v.* to give one's word, to assure
 Promiser, *s.* one who promises
 Promising, *part. a.* giving hopes
 Promissory, *a.* containing a promise
 Promontory, *s.* a headland, a cape
 Promote, *v. a.* to forward, advance, exalt
 Promoter, *s.* an advancer, encourager
 Promotion, *s.* encouragement, preferment
 Promove, *v. a.* to forward, to promote
 Prompt, *a.* quick, ready, propense, acute
 Prompt, *v. a.* to assist, to incite, to remind
 Prompter, *s.* one who helps a public speak-
 er, by suggesting the word to him, &c.
 Promptitude, *s.* readiness, quickness
 Promptuary, *s.* a magazine, a repository

Promulgate, *Promul'ge*, *v. a.* to publish, to teach openly
Promulgation, *s.* a publication, exhibition
Promulgator, *s.* a publisher, open teacher
Prone, *a.* bending downward, inclined
Pro'nence, *s.* an inclination; a descent
Prong, *s.* a fork, a pitch-fork
Pronominal, *a.* belonging to a pronoun
Pronoun, *s.* a word used for a noun
Pronounce, *v.* to speak, to utter, to pass judgment, to utter sentence
Pronouncer, *s.* one who pronounces
Pronunciation, *s.* the mode of utterance
Proof, *s.* trial, test, evidence; impenetrability; a rough sheet of print to be corrected
Proof, *a.* impenetrable, able to resist
Proofless, *a.* wanting evidence, unproved
Prop, *s.* a support, that which holds up
Prop, *v. a.* to support, to sustain, to keep up
Propagate, *v.* to generate, increase, extend
Propagation, *s.* a generation, production
Propel, *v. a.* to drive forward
Propen'd, *v. n.* to incline to any part or side
Propensity, *s.* tendency of desire
Propense, *a.* inclined, disposed, prone to
Propensity, *s.* inclination, tendency
Proper, *a.* peculiar, fit, exact; one's own
Properly, *ad.* fitly; in a strict sense
Property, *s.* peculiar quality; possession
Prophecy, *s.* a prediction, declaration
Proph'cy, *v. n.* to predict, to foretell
Prophet, *s.* a foreteller of future events
Prophetess, *s.* a female prophet
Prophet'ic, *a.* foretelling future events
Prophylactic, *a.* preventive, preservative
Pro'ne, *v. a.* to offer in kindness
Proximity, *s.* proximity, kindred
Proptiate, *v. a.* to induce to favour,
Propitiation, *s.* an atonement for a crime
Propit'atory, *a.* serving to propitiate
Propitious, *a.* favourable, kind, merciful
Propitiously, *ad.* favourably, kindly
Pro'plasm, *s.* a mould, a matrix
Propo'nent, *s.* one who makes a proposal
Proportion, *s.* an equal part, ratio, size
Proportion, *v. a.* to adjust parts, to fit
Proportionable, *a.* adjusted, such as is fit
Proportional, *a.* having due proportion
Proportional, *s.* a quantity in proportion
Proportionally, *ad.* in a stated degree
Proportionate, *a.* adjusted to something else that is according to a certain rate
Propo'sal, *s.* a proposition or design propounded to consideration or acceptance
Propose, *v. a.* to offer to the consideration
Proposition, *s.* a thing proposed; a sentence in which any thing is affirmed or decreed
Propositional, *a.* considered as a proposition
Propound, *v. a.* to propose, offer, exhibit
Proprietary, *s.* a possessor in his own right
Proprietary, *a.* belonging to a certain owner
Proprietor, *s.* a possessor in his own right
Pro'pugn, *v. a.* to defend, to vindicate
Propulsion, *s.* the act of driving forward
Prore, *s.* the prow or fore part of a ship
Prorogation, *s.* a prolongation; state of lengthening out to distant time

Protract, *v. a.* to protract, put off, delay
Protraction, *s.* the act of hursting out
Prosa'ic, *a.* belonging to or like prose
Proscribe, *v. a.* to censure capitally
Proscription, *s.* a doom to destruction; outlawry; confiscation of property
Proscriptive, *a.* proscribing
Prose, *s.* the usual way of speaking or writing, in opposition to verse
Pro'scute, *v. a.* to pursue, continue, sue
Prosecution, *s.* a pursuit; a criminal suit
Prosecutor, *s.* one who pursues any purpose, or pursues another by law
Pro'selyte, *s.* a convert to a new opinion
Prosemination, *s.* a propagation by seed
Proso'dian, **Pro'sodist**, *s.* one skilled in prosody or metre
Pro'sody, *s.* that part of grammar that teaches the sound and quantity of syllables, and the measures of verse
Prosopop'ia, *s.* a figure in rhetoric, by which things are made persons; personification
Pro'spect, *s.* a view, an object of view
Prospec'tion, *s.* act of looking forward
Prospective, *a.* viewing at a distance
Prospectus, *s.* the plan proposed
Pro'sper, *v.* to be successful, to thrive
Prosperity, *s.* good success, good fortune
Prosperous, *a.* successful, fortunate
Prospective, *s.* the act of looking forward
Prostranation, *s.* dejection, depression
Pro'stitute, *a.* vicious for hire
Prostitute, *s.* a public strumpet, a hireling
Prostitution, *s.* the act of prostituting
Prostrate, *a.* laid flat along, lying at mercy
Prostrate, *v. a.* to throw down, to lay flat, to cast one's self at the feet of another
Prostration, *s.* the act of falling down in adoration; dejection, depression
Pro'tect, *v. a.* to defend, to save, to shield
Protection, *s.* a defence, a shelter
Protective, *a.* defensive, sheltering
Protector, *s.* a defender, supporter, regent
Proten'd, *v. a.* to hold out, to stretch forth
Protest, *v.* to give a solemn declaration of opinion or resolution
Protest, *s.* a declaration against a thing
Pro'testant, *s.* one of the reformed religion, who protests against popery
Protestation, *s.* a solemn declaration, a vow
Prothonotary, *s.* a head register or notary
Pro'tocol, *s.* the original copy of a writing
Protomartyr, *s.* the first martyr, St Stephen
Pro'totype, *s.* the original of a copy
Protract, *v. a.* to draw out, delay, lengthen
Protraction, *s.* a delay, a lengthening out
Protractive, *a.* dilatory, delaying
Protru'de, *v.* to thrust forward
Protru'sion, *s.* the act of thrusting forward
Pro'tuberance, *s.* a swelling above the rest
Pro'tuberant, *a.* prominent, swelling
Proud, *a.* elated, arrogant, lofty, grand
Prou'dly, *ad.* arrogantly, ostentatiously
Prove, *v.* to evince; to try; to experience
Pro'vesible, *a.* that may be proved
Proveditor, **Provedore**, *s.* one who undertakes to procure supplies for an army

Prov'ender, *s.* food for brutes, hay, corn, &c.
 Prov'erb, *s.* a maxim; a common saying
 Proverbial, *a.* mentioned in a proverb
 Provid'e, *v.* to prepare; supply; stipulate
 Provid'ence, *s.* the care of God over created beings; divine superintendence; prudence, frugality, foresight
 Provid'ent, *a.* forecasting; cautious; prudent with respect to futurity
 Providen'tial, *a.* effected by Providence
 Providen'tially, *ad.* by the care of Providence
 Provin'ce, *s.* a conquered country; a country governed by a delegate; office; business; region; tract
 Provin'cial, *a.* relating to a province; rude
 Provin'cial, *s.* a spiritual or chief governor
 Provincial'ity, *s.* peculiarity of provincial language
 Provin'ciate, *v. a.* to turn to a province
 Provision, *s.* a providing beforehand; victuals, food; measures taken; terms settled
 Provisional, *a.* temporarily established
 Provis'o, *s.* a stipulation; a caution
 Provoca'tion, *s.* a cause of anger
 Provo'cative, *s.* any thing which revives a decayed or cloyed appetite
 Provo'ke, *v. a.* to rouse, enrage, challenge
 Provo'kingly, *ad.* so as to raise anger
 Prov'ost, *s.* the chief of any corporate body
 Provo'st, *s.* a military executioner
 Prow, *s.* the head or fore part of a ship
 Prow'ess, *s.* bravery, military courage
 Prowl, *v.* to rove over; wander for prey
 Proximate, *a.* next, near; immediate
 Proxime, *a.* immediate, next
 Proximi'ty, *s.* nearness; neighbourhood
 Proxy, *s.* a substitute or agent for another
 Pruce, *s.* Prussian leather
 Prude, *s.* a woman over-nice and scrupulous
 Prudence, *s.* wisdom applied to practice
 Prud'ent, *a.* practically wise, discreet
 Pruden'tial, *a.* upon principles of prudence
 Pruden'tials, *s.* maxims of prudence
 Prud'ently, *ad.* wisely, discreetly
 Prud'ery, *s.* overmuch nicety in conduct
 Prud'iah, *a.* affectively grave
 Prune, *s.* a dried plum—*v.* to lop trees, &c.
 Prunel'lo, *s.* a kind of silken stuff; a plum
 Prur'ience, *s.* an itching or great desire
 Prur'ient, *a.* itching, hot, eager
 Pry, *v. n.* to inspect officiously, &c.
 Psalm, *s.* a holy song, a sacred hymn
 Psalmist, *s.* a writer, &c. of psalms
 Psalmody, *s.* a singing of psalms
 Psalter, *s.* a psalm book, book of psalms
 Psaltery, *s.* a kind of harp for psalms
 Pseu'do, *a.* false, counterfeit, pretended
 Pseudo'logy, *s.* false speaking, lying
 Pshaw! *interj.* expressing contempt, &c.
 P'tisan, *s.* a cooling medical drink made of barley, decocted with raisins, &c.
 Pu'ber'ty, *s.* a ripeness of age, time of life in which the two sexes begin first to be acquainted
 Pubes'cent, *a.* arriving at puberty
 Pub'lic, *a.* common, not private; manifest

Pub'lic, *s.* the body of a nation; the people
 Publican, *s.* a toll-gatherer; a victualler
 Publication, *s.* the act of publishing
 Public'ity, *s.* notoriety
 Pub'licly, *ad.* openly, in full view
 Publish, *v. a.* to make known, to set forth
 Publisher, *s.* one who publishes a book
 Pu'celage, *s.* a state of virginity
 Puck, *s.* a supposed sprite or fairy
 Puck'et, *v. a.* to gather into plads or folds
 Pudd'et, *s.* a noise, bustle, tumult
 Pudd'ing, *s.* a sort of food; a gut
 Pudd'le, *s.* a small dirty lake, a dirty plash
 Pud'ency, Pudic'ity, *s.* modesty, chastity
 Pu'erile, *a.* childish, boyish, trifling
 Puer'ity, *s.* childishness, boyishness
 Pu'et, *s.* a kind of water fowl
 Puff, *s.* a small blast or breath of wind; a utensil used in powdering the hair; any thing light or porous; undeserved praise
 Puff, *v. a.* to swell with wind; to pant
 Puffin, *s.* a water fowl; a fish
 Puff'y, *a.* windy; fatulent; tumid; turgid
 Pug, *s.* a small Dutch dog; a monkey
 Pugh! *interj.* denoting contempt
 Pu'gil, *s.* a small quantity
 Pu'gilism, *s.* practice of boxing
 Pu'ime, *a.* young, younger; later in time; petty, small, inconsiderable, puny
 Pu'issance, *s.* power, force, might
 Pu'issant, *a.* powerful, mighty, forcible
 Puke, Pu'ker, *s.* a medicine causing a vomit; a vomit
 Pu'chritude, *s.* beauty, grace, comeliness
 Pule, *v. n.* to whine, to cry, to whimper
 Puikha', *s.* a Laplander's travelling sledge
 Pull, *s.* the act of pulling; pluck
 Pull, *v. a.* to draw violently, to pluck, to tear
 Pull'et, *s.* a young hen
 Pull'ey, *s.* a small wheel for a running cord
 Pullulate, *v. n.* to germinate; to bud
 Pulmonary, Pulmon'ic, *a.* pertaining to the lungs
 Pulp, *s.* any soft mass; soft part of fruit
 Pull'it, *s.* an exalted place to speak in
 Pulpy, *a.* soft, pappy, full of pulp
 Pulse'ion, *s.* an act of beating or moving with quick strokes against any thing opposing; also the beating of the pulse or arteries
 Pu'satory, *a.* beating like the pulse
 Pulse, *s.* motion of the blood; all sorts of grain contained in pods
 Pul'sion, *s.* the act of driving forward
 Pul'verize, *v. a.* to reduce to powder or dust
 Pul'vill, *s.* sweet scents—*v. a.* to perfume
 Pu'rice, *s.* a spongy stone, full of pores
 Pump, *s.* a water engine; a sort of shoe
 Pump, *v.* to work a pump, to throw out water by a pump; to examine artfully
 Pun, *s.* an equivocation, a quibble
 Pun, *v. n.* to quibble, to play upon words
 Punch, *s.* a pointed instrument, which, driven by a blow, perforates bodies; a liquor made by mixing spirit with water, sugar, and the juice of lemons or oranges; the buffoon or harlequin of the puppet-show; a short fat fellow

Punch, *v. a.* to bore a hole with a punch
Pun'ch-bowl, *s.* a bowl to make punch in
Pun'cheon, *s.* a tool; a cask of 84 gallons
Punchinello, *s.* a buffoon; a puppet
Punctilio, *s.* a nicety of behaviour
Punctilious, *a.* exact, nice, ceremonious
Puncto, *s.* ceremony; the point in fencing
Punctual, *a.* exact, nice, punctilious
Punctuality, *Punctualness*, *s.* exactness
Punctually, *ad.* exactly, scrupulously
Punctuation, *s.* the method of pointing
Punctulate, *v.* to mark with small spots
Puncture, *s.* a hole made with a sharp point
Pundit, *s.* a short and fat woman
Pungency, *s.* power of pricking; acridness
Pungent, *a.* pricking, sharp, acrimonious
Puniness, *s.* smallness, tenderness
Punish, *v. a.* to chastise, correct, afflict
Punishable, *a.* worthy of punishment
Punishment, *s.* any infliction imposed in vengeance of a crime; chastisement
Punition, *s.* punishment
Punk, *s.* a strumpet; a prostitute
Pun'ster, *s.* one who is fond of puns
Punt, *v. n.* to play at basset or ombre
Pu'ny, *a.* young; inferior; peaking; weakly
Pup, *v. n.* to bring forth puppies
Pupil, *s.* the apple of the eye; a scholar
Pupilage, *s.* minority; wardship; the state of being a scholar
Pu'pillary, *a.* pertaining to a pupil
Pup'pet, *s.* a small doll; a wooden image
Pup'petshow, *s.* a mock play by images
Puppy, *s.* a whelp; a saucy ignorant fellow
Pur, *v. n.* to murmur as a cat or leopard
Purblind, *a.* short-sighted, near-sighted
Purchase, *s.* any thing bought for a price
Purchase, *v. a.* to buy, to obtain at an expense; to expiate by a fine, &c.
Purchaser, *s.* one who makes a purchase
Pure, *a.* not sullied; chaste; unmingled
Pu'rely, *ad.* in a pure manner; merely
Purification, *s.* the act of cleansing, &c.
Purgative, *a.* cleaning downwards
Purgatory, *s.* a place in which the Papists suppose that souls are purged by fire from carnal impurities, before they are received into heaven
Purge, *s.* a medicine causing stools
Purge, *v.* to cleanse, clear, evacuate by stool
Purging, *s.* a cleansing; a looseness
Purification, *s.* the act of purifying, &c.
Purifier, *s.* a cleanser, a refiner
Purify, *v.* to make or grow pure; to clear
Puritan, *s.* a sectary pretending to eminent sanctity of religion
Puritanical, *a.* relating to puritans
Puritanism, *s.* the doctrine of the puritans
Purity, *s.* cleanness, chastity, innocence
Purl, *s.* a kind of lace; a bitter malt liquor
Purl, *v. n.* to flow with a gentle noise
Pur'licu, *s.* an enclosure, district, border
Pur'ling, *part. a.* running with a murmuring noise as a stream or brook does
Pur'line, *s.* inside braces to rafters
Purloin, *v. a.* to steal, to pilfer, to filch
Pur'party, *s.* a share, a part in a division

Purple, *a.* red tinged with blue
Purples, *s.* purple spots in a fever
Purplish, *a.* somewhat purple; like purple
Pur'port, *s.* a design, tendency, meaning
Pur'port, *v. a.* to intend, to tend to shew
Purpose, *s.* intention, design, effect
Purpose, *v. a.* to design, intend, resolve
Purse, *s.* a small bag to contain money, &c.
Pur'sproud, *a.* puffed up with money
Pur'ser, *s.* an officer on board a ship who has the care of the provisions, &c.
Pursuable, *a.* that may be pursued
Pursuance, *s.* process; prosecution
Pursuant, *a.* done in consequence or prosecution of any thing
Pursue, *v.* to chase, continue, proceed
Pursuit, *s.* the act of following; a chase
Pur'suivant, *s.* an attendant on heralds
Pur'sy, *a.* short-breathed and fat
Pur'tenance, *s.* the pluck of an animal
Purvey, *v.* to buy in provisions; to procure
Purveyance, *s.* provision; procurement of victuals
Purveyor, *s.* one who provides victuals
Pur'view, *s.* a proviso; a providing clause
Pur'ulence, *s.* generation of pus or matter
Pu'ulent, *a.* full of corrupt matter or pus
Pus, *s.* corruption, or thick matter issuing from a wound or sore
Push, *v.* to thrust, push forward, urge
Push, *s.* a thrust; attack; trial pimple
Pushing, *a.* enterprising; vigorous
Pusillanimity, *s.* cowardice, timidity
Pusillanimous, *a.* mean-spirited, cowardly
Puss, *s.* the term for a hare or cat
Pus'tule, *s.* a little pimple or wheal; a push
Pustulous, *a.* full of pustules, pimply
Put, *v.* to lay, place; repose; urge; state; unite; propose; form; regulate
Put, *s.* a rustic, a clown; a game at cards
Put'ative, *a.* supposed; reputed
Put'id, *a.* mean, low, worthless
Putrefaction, *s.* rottenness
Putrefactive, *a.* making rotten
Pu'trefy, *v.* to rot, to make rotten
Putrescent, *a.* growing rotten
Putrid, *a.* rotten, corrupt, offensive
Put'roc, *s.* a bird, the buzzard
Put'ty, *s.* a cement used by glaziers
Puz'le, *v. a.* to embarrass, to perplex
Pygmy, *s.* a dwarf; a fabulous person
Pyramid, *s.* a pillar ending in a point
Pyramidal, *Pyramidical*, *a.* in the form of a pyramid
Pyre, *s.* a pile on which the dead are burnt
Pyretics, *s.* medicines which cure fevers
Pyrites, *s.* a marcasite; a firestone
Pyromancy, *s.* a divination by fire
Pyrotechnical, *a.* relating to fireworks
Pyrotechny, *s.* the art of making fireworks
Pyrrhonism, *s.* scepticism; universal doubt
Pythagorean, *a.* relating to the doctrines of Pythagoras, on the transmigration of souls, and the situation of the heavenly bodies
Pyx, *s.* the box in which the Roman Catholics keep the host

Q.

QUACK, *v. n.* to cry like a duck ; to brag
Quack, *s.* a tricking practitioner in
 physic or any other art

Quack'ery, *s.* mean or bad acts in physic

Quadragesimal, *s.* pertaining to Lent

Quad'angle, *s.* a figure that has four right
 sides, and as many angles

Quadrang'ular, *s.* having four right angles

Qua'drant, *s.* the fourth part ; an instru-
 ment with which altitudes are taken

Quadrant'al, *s.* in the fourth part of a circle

Qua'drate, *s.* having four equal sides

Quadrat'ic, *s.* belonging to a square

Quadren'nial, *s.* comprising four years

Quad'rible, *s.* that may be squared

Quad'rifid, *s.* cloven into four divisions

Quadrilat'eral, *s.* having four sides

Quadrill'e, *s.* a game at cards

Quadrup'artite, *s.* divided into four parts

Quadrup'ed, *s.* a four-footed animal

Quadrup'le, *s.* fourfold, four times told

Quaff, *v.* to drink luxuriously or largely

Quaggy, *s.* boggy, soft, not solid

Quag'mire, *s.* a shaking marsh, a bog

Quail, *s.* a bird of game

Quail'pipe, *s.* a pipe to allure quails with

Quaint, *s.* nice, superfluously exact

Quaint'ly, *ad.* nicely, exactly ; artfully

Quake, *v. n.* to shake with cold or fear

Qualifica'tion, *s.* an accomplishment, &c.

Qual'ify, *v. a.* to make fit ; soften, modify

Qual'ity, *s.* nature relatively considered ;

property ; temper ; rank ; qualification

Qualm, *s.* a sudden fit of sickness ; a tem-
 porary rising of the conscience

Quail'mish, *s.* seized with sickly languor

Quanda'ry, *s.* a doubt ; a difficulty

Quanti'ty, *s.* bulk ; weight ; portion ; mea-
 sure of time in pronouncing syllables

Quantum, *s.* the quantity, the amount

Quarant'ine, *s.* the space of 40 days, during
 which a ship, suspected of infection, is

obliged to forbear intercourse or com-
 merce

Quar'el, *s.* a brawl, scuffle, contest

Quar'el, *v. n.* to debate ; scuffle ; find fault

Quar'el'some, *s.* inclined to quarrels

Quar'y, *s.* an arrow ; game ; stone-mine

Quar'ry, *v. n.* to prey upon, to feed on

Quart, *s.* the fourth part of a gallon

Quar'tan-ague, *s.* an ague whose fit re-
 turns every fourth day

Quarta'tion, *s.* a chymical operation

Quar'ter, *s.* a fourth part ; mercy ; station ;
 region ; a measure of eight bushels

Quar'ter, *v. a.* to divide into four parts ; to
 station soldiers ; to diet ; to bear as an

appendage to the hereditary arms

Quar'terage, *s.* a quarterly allowance

Quar'terdeck, *s.* the short upper deck

Quar'terly, *s.* once in a quarter of a year

Quar'ter-master, *s.* an officer who regulates
 the quarters for soldiers

Quar'tern, *s.* the fourth part of a pint

Quar'ter-staff, *s.* an ancient staff of defence

Quar'to, *s.* a book, of which every leaf is a
 quarter of a sheet

Quartz, *s.* a kind of stone

Quash, *v.* to crush, to squeeze ; to subdue
 suddenly ; to annul, to make void

Quash, *s.* a pompon, a kind of melon

Quas'dia, *s.* a medicinal bitter

Quater'nary, **Quater'nion**, **Quater'nity**, *s.*
 the number four

Qua'train, *s.* four lines rhyming alternately

Qua'ver, *v. n.* to shake the voice ; to vibrate
 —*s.* shake of the voice ; a musical note

Quay, *s.* a key for landing goods

Quean, *s.* a worthless woman, a strumpet

Queasy, *s.* fastidious, squeamish, sick

Queck, *v. n.* to shrink ; to show pain

Queen, *s.* the wife of a king

Queer, *s.* odd, strange ; original ; awkward

Queer'ly, *ad.* particularly ; oddly ; strangely

Quell, *v.* to crush ; subdue ; appease ; kill

Quelch'uechese, *s.* a trifle ; a kickshaw

Quench, *v.* to extinguish fire, allay, cool

Quer'chless, *s.* unextinguishable

Quer'el, *s.* a complaint to a court

Quer'ist, *s.* an asker of questions

Quer'po, *s.* a dress close to the body

Quer'ulous, *s.* habitually complaining

Que'ry, *s.* a question, an inquiry

Quest, *s.* a search ; an empanelled jury

Quest'ion, *s.* interrogatory, dispute, doubt

Quest'ion, *v.* to inquire, examine, doubt

Quest'ionable, *s.* doubtful, suspicious

Quest'ionless, *ad.* without doubt, certainly

Quest'man, *s.* a starter of lawsuits ; an in-
 quirer into misdemeanours, &c.

Questor, *s.* a Roman public treasurer

Questuary, *s.* studious of profit, greedy

Quib, *s.* a sarcasm, a bitter taunt

Quib'ble, *v. n.* to equivocate, to pun

Quib'bler, *s.* a punster, an equivocator

Quick, *s.* living ; swift, speedy, ready

Quick, *s.* living flesh ; any sensible part

Quick'en, *v.* to make or become alive ; excite

Quick'lime, *s.* lime unslaked

Quick'ly, *ad.* speedily, actively, nimbly

Quick'ness, *s.* speed, activity, sharpness

Quick'sand, *s.* a shifting or shaking sand

Quick'set, *s.* a sort of thorn of which hedges
 are made ; a living plant, set to grow

Quick'sighted, *s.* having a sharp sight

Quick'silver, *s.* mercury, a fluid mineral

Quid'dany, *s.* marmalade, confection of
 quinces made with sugar

Quid'dity, *s.* a quirk, cavil ; essence

Quies'cence, **Quies'cency**, *s.* rest, repose

Quies'cent, *s.* resting, lying at repose

Qui'et, *s.* still ; smooth—*s.* rest, repose

Qui'et, *v. a.* to calm, pacify, put to rest

Qui'etist, *s.* one who places religion in quiet

Qui'etism, *s.* tranquillity of mind

Qui'etly, *ad.* calmly, peaceably, at rest

Qui'etude, *s.* rest, repose, tranquillity

Qui'etus, *s.* a full discharge, rest, death

Quill, *s.* the strong feather of the wing
 Quil'let, *s.* a subtilty; nicety; quibble
 Quilt, *s.* the cover of a bed—*v. n.* to stitch
 one cloth upon another with something
 soft between them
 Quince, *s.* a tree and its fruit
 Quin'cunx, *s.* a form of plantation
 Quinquages'ima, *s.* Shrove-Sunday
 Quinqu'na, *s.* the drug Jesuit's bark
 Quin'sy, *s.* a disease in the throat
 Quint, *s.* a set or sequence of five
 Quin'tal, *s.* a hundred pound weight
 Quin'tessence, *s.* the spirit, chief force, or
 virtue of any thing; a fifth being
 Quin'tuple, *n.* five-fold, five times told
 Quip, *s.* a jest, a taunt—*v. n.* to rally
 Quire, *s.* twenty-four sheets of paper
 Quir'ister, *s.* a singer in concert
 Quirk, *s.* a subtilty, pun, smart taunt
 Quilt, *v. n.* to discharge, requite, give
 Quite, *ad.* completely, perfectly

Quit'rent, *s.* a small reserved rent
 Quits, *ad.* even in bet, upon equal terms
 Quittance, *s.* a receipt, a recompence
 Quiv'er, *s.* a case for arrows—*v. n.* to quake
 Quod'libet, *s.* a subtilty; a nice point
 Quoil, Quol'fure, *s.* a cap, a head-dress
 Quoin, *s.* a corner; wedge; instrument
 Quoit, *s.* an iron to pitch at a mark
 Quon'dam, *a.* having been formerly
 Quo'rum, *s.* a special commission of justices
 of the peace, &c. before whom all mat-
 ters of importance must be transacted
 Quo'ta, *s.* a share, rate, proportion
 Quota'tion, *s.* a citation, a passage quoted
 Quote, *v.* to cite an author, to adduce the
 words of another
 Quoth, *v. imperf.* for *say* or *said*
 Quodid'ian, *ad.* daily, happening every day
 Quo'tient, *s.* in arithmetic, is the number
 produced by the division of two given
 numbers the one by the other

R.

RABA'TE, *v. n.* to recover a hawk to
 the fist

Rab'bet, *s.* a joint in carpentry, a groove
 Rab'bi, Rab'bin, *s.* a Jewish doctor
 Rabbinical, *a.* relating to rabbies
 Rab'bit, *s.* a four-footed furry animal
 Rab'ble, *s.* an assemblage of low people
 Rab'id, *a.* mad, furious, raging
 Race, *s.* a family, generation; particular
 breed; running match, course; train
 Ra'ciness, *s.* the state of being racy
 Rack, *s.* an engine to torture with; ex-
 tremc pain; a frame for hay, bottles, &c.
 Rack, *v. n.* to torment, harass; defecate
 Rack'rent, *s.* rent raised to the utmost
 Rack'et, *s.* a noise; a thing to strike a ball
 Raco'o'n, *s.* an American animal
 Ra'cy, *a.* strong, flavoured; also, what by
 age has lost its luscious quality
 Ra'diance, *s.* a sparkling lustre, glitter
 Ra'diant, *a.* shining, brightly sparkling
 Ra'diate, *v. n.* to emit rays; to shine
 Ra'diated, *a.* adorned with rays
 Radia'tion, *s.* an emission of rays
 Rad'ical, *a.* primitive; implanted by nature
 Rad'ically, *ad.* originally, primitively
 Rad'icate, *v. n.* to root, to plant deeply and
 firmly
 Rad'ish, *s.* a root which is eaten raw
 Ra'dius, *s.* the semidiameter of a circle
 Raff, *v. n.* to sweep, to huddle
 Raff'le, *v. n.* to cast dice for a prize
 Raff'le, *s.* a casting dice for prizes
 Raft, *s.* a float of timber
 Rafter, *s.* the roof timber of a house
 Rag, *s.* worn out clothes, a tatter
 Ragamuffin, *s.* a paltzy mean fellow
 Rage, *s.* a violent anger, fury, passion
 Rag'ged, *a.* rent into, or drest in rags; rugged
 Rag'gingly, *ad.* with vehement fury
 Ragou't, *s.* meat stewed and high seasoned
 Ra'jah, *s.* the title of a Hindoo chief

Rail, *s.* a sort of wooden or iron fence
 Rail, *v.* to enclose with rails; to insult
 Rail'ery, *s.* slight satire, satirical mirth
 Ra'iment, *s.* a vesture, garment, dress
 Rain, *s.* water falling from the clouds
 Ra'nbow, *s.* an arch of various colours
 which appears in showery weather, furn-
 ished by the refraction of the sun-beams
 Ra'ndeer, *s.* a large northern deer
 Ra'ny, *a.* showery, wet
 Raise, *v. n.* to lift, to erect, to exalt, to levy
 Ra'sin, *s.* a dried grape
 Rake, *s.* a tool with teeth, by which light
 bodies are gathered up; a loose man
 Rake, *v.* to gather or clear with a rake
 to scour; to heap together; to search
 Ra'ker, *s.* one who rakes, a scavenger
 Ra'kish, *a.* loose, lewd, dissolute
 Ra'kehell, *s.* a wild, worthless, dissolute,
 debauched, sorry fellow
 Ra'ly, *v.* to treat with satirical merriment;
 to put disordered forces into order
 Ram, *s.* a male sheep
 Ram, *v. n.* to drive with violence
 Ram'ble, *s.* an irregular excursion
 Ram'ble, *v. n.* to rove loosely, to wander
 Ram'bler, *s.* a rover, a wanderer
 Ram'bling, *s.* the act of rambling
 Ramifica'tion, *s.* a division or separation into
 branches; a branching out
 Ram'ify, *v.* to separate into branches
 Ram'mer, *s.* an instrument to force the
 charge into a gun, or drive piles into
 the ground
 Ra'mous, *a.* consisting or full of branches
 Ransp, *s.* a leap, a spring
 Ramp, *v. n.* to climb; to leap about
 Ram'pant, *a.* exuberant, frisky, wanton
 Ram'part, Ram'pire, *s.* the wall round for-
 tified places; platform behind the parapet
 Ran, *preterite* of ram
 Ran'cid, *a.* strong scented; stinking

Ran'corous, *a.* malignant, malicious in the utmost degree
 Ran'cour, *a.* inveterate malignity
 Ran'dom, *a.* done by chance, without plan
 Ran'dom, *s.* want of direction, rule, or method; chance, hazard, roving motion
 Rand, *a.* border; seam; shred
 Rang, *preterite of ring*
 Range, *s.* a rank; excursion; kitchen grate
 Range, *v.* to place in order or ranks; rove
 Ra'nger, *s.* a rover, a forest officer
 Rank, *a.* rancid; coarse; high grown
 Rank, *s.* a line of men; class; dignity
 Rank, *v.* to place in a row, to arrange
 Ran'kle, *v. n.* to fester, to be inflamed
 Ran'sack, *v. a.* to plunder, to search
 Ran'som, *s.* a price paid for liberty
 Rant, *a.* an extravagant flight of words
 Rant, *v. n.* to rave in high sounding language
 Ran'tipole, *a.* wild, roving, rakish
 Ranun'culus, *s.* the flower crowfoot
 Rap, *s.* a quick smart blow
 Rapa'cious, *a.* seizing by violence, greedy
 Rapac'ity, *s.* addictedness to plunder
 Rape, *s.* a violent defloration of chastity; snatching away; a plant
 Rap'id, *a.* quick, swift, violent
 Rapid'ity, *s.* celerity, velocity, swiftness
 Rap'ier, *s.* a small sword for thrusting
 Rap'ier-fish, *s.* the fish called xiphias
 Rap'ine, *s.* act of plundering, violence
 Rap'tor, Rap'ter, *s.* a ravisher, a plunderer
 Rap'ture, *s.* ecstasy, transport; rapidity
 Rap'turous, *a.* ecstatic, transporting
 Rare, *a.* scarce; excellent; subtle; raw
 Ra'reshow, *s.* a show carried in a box
 Rarefac'tion, *s.* an extension of any body
 Ra'refy, *v.* to make or become thin
 Ra'rely, *ad.* seldom; slowly; accurately
 Ra'reness, Ra'rity, *s.* uncommonness
 Ra'rity, *s.* thinness, subtlety
 Ra'scal, *s.* a mean fellow, a scoundrel
 Rascal'ion, *s.* one of the lowest people
 Rascal'ity, *s.* the scorn of the people
 Ra'scally, *a.* mean, worthless
 Rase, *v. a.* to skim, to root up, to erase
 Rash, *a.* precipitate—*s.* a breaking out
 Rash'er, *s.* a thin slice of bacon
 Rash'ly, *ad.* violently, without thought
 Rash'ness, *s.* foolish contempt of danger
 Rasp, *s.* a berry; a large rough file
 Rasp, *v. a.* to rub or file with a rasp
 Ras'patory, *s.* a surgeon's rasp
 Ras'pberry, *s.* a berry of a pleasant flavour
 Ras'sure, *s.* scraping out of writing
 Rat, *s.* an animal of the mouse kind
 Ra'table, *a.* set at a certain value
 Rata'd'a, *s.* a delicious cordial liquor
 Ratan', *s.* a small Indian cane
 Rate, *s.* a price; degree; quota; parish tax
 Rate, *v. a.* to value; to chide hastily
 Rath, *a.* early, before the time—*s.* a hill
 Rath'er, *ad.* more willingly; especially
 Ratification, *s.* a confirmation
 Rat'ify, *v. a.* to confirm, settle, establish
 Ra'tio, *s.* a proportion, a rate
 Ratiocina'tion, *s.* a reasoning, a debate

Rat'ional, *a.* agreeable to reason; endowed with reason, wise; judicious
 Rational'ity, *s.* the power of reasoning
 Rat'ionally, *ad.* reasonably, with reason
 Rat'sbane, *s.* arsenic, poison for rats
 Rat'tle, *s.* empty talk; a child's plaything
 Rat'tle, *v.* to rattle, to scold, to make a noise
 Rat'tieheaded, *a.* giddy, not steady
 Rat'tlesnake, *s.* a kind of serpent
 Rattoo'n, *s.* a West-Indian fox
 Rav'age, *v. a.* to lay waste, ransack, pillage
 Rau'dy, *s.* hoarseness, a harsh noise
 Rau'cus, *a.* hoarse, harsh
 Rave, *v. n.* to be delirious; to be very fond
 Rav'd, *v. a.* to entangle; to untwist
 Rav'din, *s.* a half moon in fortification
 Ra'ven, *s.* a large black carrion fowl
 Rav'inous, *a.* voracious, hungry to rage
 Rav'in, *s.* prey, rapine, rapaciousness
 Rav'ine, *s.* a deep hollow pass
 Rav'ingly, *ad.* with distraction or frenzy
 Rav'ish, *v. a.* to violate, to deflower by force; to delight, to rapture, to transport
 Rav'ishment, *s.* violation; transport
 Raw, *a.* not subdued by fire; sore; chill
 Immature; unripe; not concocted
 Raw'boned, *a.* having large or strong bones
 Ray, *s.* a beam of light; a fish; an herb
 Raze, *s.* a root of ginger
 Raze, *v. a.* to overthrow; efface; extirpate
 Ra'zor, *s.* a tool used in shaving
 Ra'zure, *s.* the act of erasing
 Reaccess', *s.* readmittance
 Reach, *s.* power, ability, extent, fetch
 Reich, *v.* to arrive at, extend to; vomit
 Reaction, *s.* the reciprocation of any impulse, or force impressed
 Read, *v.* to peruse, to learn or know fully
 Read, *part. a.* skilful by reading
 Readep'tion, *s.* act of regaining, recovery
 Rea'der, *s.* one who reads; a studious man
 Read'ily, *ad.* with speed; expeditely
 Read'iness, *s.* promptitude; facility
 Rea'ding, *s.* a study, a lecture, a public lecture, predication; variation of copies
 Readmis'sion, *s.* the act of admitting again
 Readmit', *v. a.* to admit or let in again
 Read'y, *a.* prompt, willing; near, at hand
 Rea'firmance, *s.* a second confirmation
 Re'al, *a.* true, genuine—*s.* a Spanish coin
 Real'ity, *s.* truth, verity, real existence
 Re'alise, *v. a.* to bring into being or act
 Re'ally, *ad.* with actual existence, truly
 Realm, *s.* a kingdom, a state
 Ream, *s.* twenty quires of paper
 Rean'imate, *v. a.* to restore to life
 Reannex', *v. a.* to annex or join again
 Reap, *v. a.* to cut down corn; to obtain
 Rea'per, *s.* one who reaps and gathers corn
 Rear, *s.* the hinder troop, last class
 Rear, *v. a.* to raise up, to elevate, to rouse
 Rear-of'miral, *s.* the admiral who carries his flag at the main topmast head
 Rea'r'mouse, Ra'remouse, *s.* a bat
 Reascen'd, *v.* to climb or mount up again
 Rea'son, *s.* a faculty or power of the soul, whereby it distinguisheth good from evil; cause, principle, motive

Reason, *v.* to argue or examine rationally
Reasonable, *a.* endowed with reason ; just
Reasonableness, *s.* moderation, fairness
Reasoning, *s.* argument
Reassemble, *v. a.* to collect anew
Resume, *v. a.* to resume, to take again
Resumption, *s.* act of resuming
Reave, *v. a.* to take by stealth or violence
Rebaptize, *v. a.* to baptize again
Rebate, *v.* to blunt ; lessen—*a.* discount
Rebec, *s.* a three-stringed fiddle
Rebel, *s.* one who opposes lawful authority
Rebel, *v. n.* to oppose lawful authority
Rebellion, *s.* an insurrection or taking up arms against lawful authority
Rebellious, *a.* opposing lawful authority
Rebortion, *s.* the return of a loud bellowing sound
Rebound, *v.* to spring back, to reverberate
Rebuff, *s.* a quick and sudden resistance
Rebuff, *v. a.* to beat back, to discourage
Rebuild, *v. a.* to build again ; to repair
Rebuke, *v. a.* to reprehend ; to chide
Rebus, *s.* a word represented by a picture ; a kind of riddle
Recall, *s.* a calling over or back again
Recant, *v. a.* to retract an opinion
Recantation, *s.* a retracting an opinion
Recapitulate, *v. a.* to repeat again distinctly
Recapitulation, *s.* a detail repeated
Recapture, *s.* a second distress or seizure
Recede, *v. n.* to fall back, retreat, desist
Receipt, *s.* a reception ; an acquittance
Receivable, *a.* capable of being received
Receive, *v. a.* to take, to admit, to allow, to entertain ; to embrace intellectually
Receiver, *s.* one who receives
Recension, *s.* an enumeration, review
Recent, *a.* new, late, not long passed
Recently, *ad.* newly, freshly, lately
Receptacle, *s.* a place to receive things in
Receptary, *s.* the thing received
Receptibility, *s.* possibility of receiving
Reception, *s.* act of receiving ; admission ; treatment ; welcome ; entertainment
Receptive, *a.* capable of receiving
Recess, *s.* a retirement ; departure ; privacy
Recession, *s.* the act of retreating
Recharge, *v. a.* to change again
Recharge, *v. a.* to accuse in return, reattack
Recheat, *s.* recalling hounds by winding a horn when they are on a wrong scent
Recipe, *s.* a medical prescription
Recipient, *s.* a receiver ; a vessel to receive
Reciprocal, *a.* mutual, alternate
Reciprocate, *v. n.* to act interchangeably
Reciprocity, *s.* action interchanged
Recluse, *s.* a cutting off, a making void
Recital, **Recitation**, *s.* rehearsal, repetition, enumeration
Recitative, **Recitativo**, *s.* a kind of tuneful pronunciation, more musical than common speech, and less than song
Reck, *v. a.* to repeat, to enumerate
Reck, *v.* to heed, to mind, to care for
Reckless, *a.* heedless, careless, mindless
Reckon, *v.* to number ; esteem ; compute
Reckoning, *s.* an estimation, calculation

Reclamation, *s.* a recovery
Reclination, *s.* the act of reclining
Reclaim, *v. a.* to reform, correct, recal
Recline, *v. n.* to lean sideways or back
Reclose, *v. a.* to close again
Recluse, *v. a.* to open, unlock
Recluse, *a.* shut up, retired
Reclusion, *s.* state of a recluse
Recoagulation, *s.* a second coagulation
Recognition, *s.* a bond of record ; a badge
Recognise, *v. a.* to acknowledge ; to review
Recognition, *s.* acknowledgment
Recoil, *v. n.* to rush back, fall back, shrink
Recoiling, *s.* the act of coining anew
Recollect, *v. a.* to recover to memory, &c.
Recollection, *s.* a revival in the memory of former ideas ; recovery of notion
Recommence, *v.* to begin anew
Recommend, *v. a.* to commend to another
Recommendation, *s.* the act of recommending ; the terms used to recommend
Recommendatory, *a.* recommending
Recommit, *v. a.* to commit anew
Recompence, *s.* a requital, an amends
Recompense, *v. a.* to repay, to requite
Recompilment, *s.* a new compilation
Recompose, *v. a.* to settle or adjust anew
Reconcile, *v. a.* to make things agree, &c.
Reconcilable, *a.* that may be reconciled
Reconcilment, *s.* a reconciliation
Reconciliation, *s.* a renewal of friendship
Reconciliatory, *a.* tending to reconcile
Recondense, *v. a.* to condense anew
Recondite, *a.* profound, abstruse ; secret
Reconditory, *s.* a storehouse, a repository
Reconduct, *v. a.* to conduct back again
Reconnoltre, *v. a.* to view, to examine
Reconvence, *v. a.* to assemble anew
Record, *v. a.* to register ; to celebrate
Record, *s.* an authentic enrollment
Recorder, *s.* a law officer ; a sort of flute
Recover, *v.* to regain ; to grow well again
Recoverable, *a.* that may be restored, &c.
Recovery, *s.* a restoration from sickness
Recount, *v. a.* to relate in detail
Recover, *s.* an application for help, &c.
Reckant, *a.* cowardly, mean-spirited
Recreate, *v. a.* to refresh, delight, revive
Recreation, *s.* a relief after toil, diversion
Recrement, *s.* dross, filth, spume
Recriminare, *v. a.* to accuse in return
Recriminatio, *s.* an accusation retorted
Recriminatory, *a.* retorting accusation
Recrudescence, *a.* growing painful again
Recurt, *v. a.* to repair, replace, supply
Recruit, *s.* a new enlisted soldier ; supply
Rectangle, *s.* a right angle made by the falling of one line perpendicularly upon another, and which consists exactly of 90 degrees
Rectangular, *a.* having right angles
Rectifiable, *a.* capable of being set right
Rectifier, *s.* one who rectifies
Rectify, *v. a.* to make right, reform ; exalt and improve by repeated distillation
Rectilinear, *a.* consisting of right lines
Rectitude, *s.* a straightness ; uprightness
Rectory, *s.* a minister of a parish ; a ruler

- Rectorship, *s.* the office of a rector
 Rectory, *s.* a parish church, or spiritual living, with all its rights, glebes, &c.
 Recubation, Recumbency, *s.* the posture of lying or leaning; rest, repose
 Recumbent, *a.* lying, leaning, listless
 Recur, *v. n.* to have recourse to, &c.
 Recure, *v. a.* to recover, to regain
 Recurrence, Recursion, *s.* a return
 Recursing, *a.* returning from time to time
 Recurvation, *s.* a bending backwards
 Recusant, *s.* one that refuses any terms of communion or society
 Recuse, *v. a.* to refuse, to reject
 Red, *a.* of the colour of blood
 Redargue, *v. a.* to refute
 Redbreast, *s.* a small bird, a robin
 Redden, *v.* to make or grow red, to blush
 Reddishness, *s.* a tendency to redness
 Reddition, *s.* restitution
 Reddle, *s.* a sort of mineral; red chalk
 Rede, *s.* counsel, advice—*v. a.* to advise
 Redeem, *v. a.* to ransom, to relieve from any thing by paying a price; to recover, to atone for
 Redemable, *a.* capable of redemption
 Redeemer, *s.* one who ransoms or redeems, in particular the Saviour of the world
 Redeliver, *v. a.* to deliver or give back
 Redemption, *s.* a ransom, the purchase of God's favour by the death of Christ
 Redemptory, *a.* paid for ransom
 Redlead, *s.* a kind of coarse red mineral
 Redolence, Redolency, *s.* a sweet scent
 Redolent, *a.* sweet of scent, fragrant
 Redouble, *v. a.* to double again
 Redoubt, *s.* the outlook of a fortification
 Redoubtable, *a.* formidable, much feared
 Redoubted, *a.* much feared, awful
 Redound, *v. n.* to be sent back by reaction
 Redress, *v. a.* to set right, amend, relieve
 Redress, *s.* amendment; relief; remedy
 Redstreak, *s.* a sort of apple and cider
 Reduce, *v. a.* to make less; degrade, subdue
 Reduction, *s.* a subduing; a diminishing
 Reducible, *a.* possible to be reduced
 Reducing, *s.* the act of reducing
 Reductive, *a.* having the power to reduce
 Redundance, Redundance, *s.* a superfluity; superabundance, &c.
 Redundant, *a.* overflowing, superfluous
 Reduplicate, *v. a.* to double over again
 Reduplication, *s.* the act of doubling
 Reduplicative, *a.* doubling again
 Ree, *v. a.* to sift, to riddle—*s.* a small coin
 Reed, *s.* a hollow knotted stalk; a pipe
 Re-edify, *v. a.* to rebuild, to build again
 Reedy, *a.* abounding with reeds
 Reef, *v. a.* to reduce the sails of a ship
 Reek, *s.* a smoke, vapour—*v. n.* to smoke
 Reel, *s.* a frame on which yarn is wound
 Reel, *v.* to wind on a reel; to stagger
 Re-election, *s.* a fresh or repeated election
 Re-embark, *v. a.* to take shipping again
 Re-enforce, *v. a.* to send fresh forces
 Re-enforcement, *s.* fresh assistance
 Re-enjoy, *v. a.* to enjoy again or anew
 Re-enter, *v. a.* to enter again or anew
 Re-establish, *v. a.* to establish anew
 Reeve, Reeve, *s.* a steward
 Re-examine, *v. a.* to examine anew
 Refection, *s.* a refreshment after hunger, &c.
 Refectory, *s.* an eating-room
 Refect, *v. a.* to refuse, to repress
 Refer, *v. a.* to yield to another's judgment
 Reference, *s.* relation; view toward; allusion to; arbitration; mark referring to the bottom of a page
 Refine, *v. a.* to purify, to clear from dross
 Refinement, *s.* an improvement, &c.
 Refiner, *s.* a purifier, one who refines
 Refit, *v. a.* to repair, to fit up again
 Reflect, *v. a.* to throw back; to reproach
 Reflection, *s.* attentive consideration; censure; the act of throwing back
 Reflexive, *a.* considering things past
 Reflector, *s.* one who reflects
 Reflex, *s.* reflection—a. directed backward
 Reflexibility, *s.* a quality of being reflexible
 Reflexible, *a.* capable of being thrown back
 Reflexive, *a.* respecting something past
 Reflourish, *v. n.* to flourish anew
 Reflow, *v. n.* to flow back, to flow again
 Refluent, *a.* reflowing, flowing back
 Reflux, *s.* a flowing back, ebb of the tide
 Reform, *v.* to change from worse to better
 Reform, *s.* a reformation
 Reformation, *s.* change from worse to better
 Refract, *v. a.* to break the course of rays
 Refraction, *s.* variation of a ray of light
 Refractive, *a.* having power of refraction
 Refractoriness, *s.* a sullen obstinacy
 Refractory, *a.* obstinate, contumacious
 Refragable, *a.* capable of confutation, &c.
 Refrain, *v.* to hold back, forbear, abstain
 Refrainable, *a.* such as may be turned out of its course
 Refresh, *v. a.* to recreate, improve, cool
 Refreshment, *s.* food, rest, relief after pain
 Refrigerant, *a.* cooling, refreshing
 Refrigerate, *v. a.* to cool, to mitigate heat
 Refrigerative, *a.* able to make cool
 Refuge, *s.* shelter from danger or distress
 Refugee, *s.* one who flies for protection
 Refulgence, *s.* splendour, brightness
 Refulgent, *a.* bright, shining, glittering
 Refund, *v. n.* to pour back, repay, restore
 Refusal, *s.* a denial; right of choice; option
 Refuse, *v.* to deny, to reject, not to accept
 Refuse, *s.* worthless remains; dross
 Refuser, *s.* he who refuses or rejects
 Refutation, *s.* a refuting of an assertion
 Refute, *v. a.* to prove false or erroneous
 Regain, *v. a.* to recover, to gain anew
 Regal, *a.* royal, kingly
 Regale, *v. a.* to refresh, to gratify, to feast
 Regalement, *s.* entertainment, refreshment
 Regalia, *s.* the ensigns of royalty
 Regality, *s.* a royalty, sovereignty, kingship
 Regard, *v. a.* to value, to observe, to respect
 Regard, *s.* attention, respect, reverence
 Regardful, *a.* attentive, taking notice of
 Regardless, *a.* negligent, inattentive
 Regency, *s.* the government of a kingdom during the minority, &c. of a prince
 Regeneracy, *s.* state of being regenerate

Regeⁿerate, *v. a.* to reproduce, to produce anew, to make to be born anew
 Regen^erate, *a.* born anew by grace
 Regenera^tion, *a.* a new birth by grace
 Regen^erateness, *a.* state of being regenerate
 Reg^ent, *s.* a governor, a deputed ruler
 Reg^ent, *a.* governing, ruling
 Regen^era^tion, *s.* a budding out again
 Regⁱcide, *s.* the murderer of a king; the murder of a king
 Regⁱmen, *s.* a diet in time of sickness
 Regⁱment, *s.* a body of soldiers; rule, polity
 Regimen^tal, *a.* belonging to a regiment
 Regimentals, *s.* the uniform dress of a regiment of soldiers
 Regⁱon, *s.* a country; tract of land; space; place; rank; part of the body
 Regⁱster, *s.* a list, a record
 Regⁱster, *v. a.* to record in a register
 Registra^tion, *s.* act of inserting in the register
 Regⁿant, *a.* predominant, prevalent
 Regu^rge, *v. a.* to vomit up, to swallow back
 Reguⁱde, *v. n.* to retire
 Regu^ss, *s.* passage back; power of return
 Regres^sion, *s.* a returning or going back
 Regret^t, *v. a.* to repent, to be sorry for
 Regret^t, *s.* vexation at something past
 Regu^lar, *a.* orderly, agreeable to rule
 Regularⁱty, *s.* a certain order; a method
 Regularⁱly, *ad.* constantly, methodically
 Regu^late, *v. a.* to adjust by rule; to direct
 Regula^tion, *s.* a method, order, rule
 Regu^lator, *s.* that part of a machine which makes the motion equal
 Regu^lus, *s.* the finest part of metals
 Requ^rgiate, *v.* to throw or be poured back
 Rehabili^tate, *v. a.* to restore a delinquent to former rank, privilege, or right
 Rehe^ar, *v. a.* to hear again
 Rehear^al, *s.* a previous recital
 Rehear^as, *v. a.* to recite previously, to tell
 Reject^t, *v. a.* to refuse, to discard, to cast off
 Rejection^t, *s.* the act of casting off or aside
 Reign, *s.* the time of a king's government
 Reigⁿ, *v. n.* to rule as a king; to prevail
 Reimbod^y, *v.* to embody again
 Reimbur^se, *v. a.* to pay back again, to repair
 Reimpre^sion, *s.* a repeated impression
 Rein, *s.* part of a bridle—*v. a.* to curb
 Reins, *s.* the kidneys; the lower back
 Reinser^t, *v. a.* to insert a second time
 Reinsu^rre, *v. a.* to inspire anew
 Reinsta^l, *v. a.* to put again in possession
 Reinsta^te, *v. a.* to restore to its former state
 Reinvest^t, *v. a.* to invest anew
 Rejoice, *v.* to be glad; exult, exhilarate
 Rejoicⁿ, *v.* to join again; to meet one again; to answer to an answer
 Rejoinder, *s.* reply to an answer, reply
 Rel^eerate, *v. a.* to repeat again and again
 Reitera^tion, *s.* a repetition
 Rejud^ge, *v. a.* to re-examine, to review
 Rekindle, *v. a.* to set on fire again
 Relap^se, *v. n.* to fall back into sickness, &c.
 Relap^se, *s.* a fall into vice or error once forsaken; regression from a state of recovery to sickness

Rela^te, *v.* to recite; to have reference
 Rela^tion, *s.* narration; kindred; reference
 Rela^tive, *s.* a relation, a kinsman
 Rela^tive, *a.* having relation; respecting
 Rel^atively, *ad.* as it respects something else
 Relax^t, *v.* to be remiss, to slacken, to remit
 Relax^t, Relax^{ed}, *part.* loosened, slackened
 Relaxa^tion, *s.* a remission, diminution
 Relax^ative, *s.* that which has power to relax
 Relay^t, *s.* horses placed to relieve others
 Relen^se, *v. a.* to set free from restraint, &c.
 Relen^sate, *v. a.* to banish, to exile
 Relen^sation, *s.* exile, judicial banishment
 Relen^t, *v.* to feel compassion; to mollify
 Relen^tless, *a.* un pitying, unmerciful
 Rel^evant, *a.* relieving; relative
 Rel^evancy, *s.* state of being relevant
 Reliance, *s.* trust, dependence, confidence
 Relics, *s.* the remains of dead bodies
 Relict, *s.* a widow
 Relief, *s.* succour, alleviation; relieve
 Relie^ve, *v. a.* to succour; to change a guard
 Relie^vo, *s.* the prominence of a figure, &c.
 Religⁱon, *s.* a system of faith and worship
 Religⁱonist, *s.* a bigot to any religion
 Religⁱous, *a.* pious, devout, holy, exact
 Relin^quish, *v. a.* to forsake, quit, depart from, give up
 Relin^quishment, *s.* the act of forsaking
 Relish, *s.* a taste; liking; delight
 Relish, *v.* to season, to have a flavour
 Relu^ccent, *a.* shining, transparent
 Reluc^tance, *s.* unwillingness, repugnance
 Reluc^tant, *a.* unwilling, averse to
 Relu^cme, Relu^cmine, *v. n.* to light anew
 Rely^t, *v. n.* to put trust in, to depend upon
 Remaⁿ, *v.* to continue; await; to be left
 Remaⁿder, *s.* what is left, remains
 Remaⁿs, *s.* relics; a dead body
 Remaⁿd, *v. a.* to send or call back
 Rema^rk, *s.* observation, notice
 Rema^rk, *v. a.* to note, distinguish, mark
 Rema^rkable, *a.* observable, worthy of note
 Rema^rkably, *ad.* observably, uncommonly
 Remedⁱable, *a.* capable of remedy
 Rem^ediless, *a.* not admitting remedy
 Rem^edy, *s.* a medicine; reparation; cure
 Rem^edy, *v. a.* to cure, to heal; to repair
 Remem^ober, *v. a.* to bear in or call to mind
 Remem^orer, *s.* one who remembers
 Remem^orance, *s.* retention in memory
 Remem^orance, *s.* one who reminds
 Remig^rate, *v. n.* to remove back again
 Remig^ration, *s.* a removal back again
 Remiⁿd, *v. a.* to put in mind
 Reminⁱsce, *s.* the power of recollecting
 Remiss^t, *a.* slothful, slack, careless
 Remissⁱble, *a.* admitting forgiveness
 Remis^sion, *s.* abatement, cessation of intention; forgiveness, pardon
 Remissⁱly, *ad.* carelessly, negligently
 Remissⁱness, *s.* carelessness, negligence
 Remit^t, *v.* to relax; pardon a fault; send money to a distant place; slacken, abate
 Remit^tance, *s.* a sum sent to a distant place
 Remⁿant, *s.* a residue; what is left
 Remon^strance, *s.* a strong representation

Remon'strant, *s.* one that joins in a remonstrance
 Remon'strate, *v. n.* to show reason against
 Rem'ora, *s.* an obstacle; a let; a fish
 Remo'rse, *s.* sorrow for a fault, tenderness
 Remo'rseful, *a.* tender, compassionate
 Remo'rseless, *a.* cruel, savage, un pitying
 Remo'te, *a.* distant in time, place, or kin; foreign; not closely connected
 Remo'teness, *s.* distance, not nearness
 Remo'tion, *s.* the act of removing
 Remo'vable, *a.* such as may be removed
 Remo'val, *s.* a dismission from a post, &c.
 Remo've, *v.* to put from its place, to change place; to place at a distance; to go from place to place
 Remo'ved, *part. a.* separate from others
 Remou'nt, *v. n.* to mount again
 Remu'nerable, *a.* fit to be rewarded
 Remu'nerate, *v. a.* to reward, requite, repay
 Remu'nerative, *a.* giving rewards, &c.
 Remur'mur, *v.* to utter back in murmurs
 Ren'ard, *s.* the name of a fox
 Renas'cent, *a.* rising or springing anew
 Renas'cible, *a.* possible to be produced again
 Rencon'nter, *s.* a personal opposition; sudden combat; casual engagement, &c.
 Rend, *v. a.* to tear with violence; lacerate
 Ren'der, *v. a.* to return, repay; translate
 Ren'derous, *a.* a meeting appointed
 Rendit'ion, *s.* the act of yielding
 Ren'egade, Renega'do, *s.* an apostate
 Renew', *v. a.* to renovate, to repeat, to begin again
 Renew'able, *a.* capable to be renewed
 Renew'al, *s.* act of renewing, renovation
 Ren'fency, *s.* resistance, opposition
 Ren'tent, *a.* resisting, opposing, repelling
 Ren'net, *s.* an apple; the juice of a calf's maw, used in turning milk into curds
 Ren'ovate, *v. a.* to renew, to restore
 Renova'tion, *s.* the act of renewing
 Renou'nce, *v.* to disown; to abnegate
 Renow'n, *s.* fame, celebrity, merit
 Renow'ned, *part. a.* famous, eminent
 Rent, *s.* a laceration; annual payment
 Rent, *v. a.* to tear; to hold by paying rent
 Ren'tal, *s.* schedule or account of rents
 Ren'tharge, *s.* a charge on an estate
 Ren'ter, *s.* he that holds by paying rent
 Renu'merate, *v. a.* to pay back, to recount
 Renu'nciation, *s.* the act of renouncing
 Reordai'n, *v. a.* to ordain again or anew
 Reordina'tion, *s.* a being ordained again
 Repai'd, *part. of* repay
 Repai'r, *v.* to amend, to refit; to go unto
 Repai'r, *s.* a reparation, a supply of loss
 Repai'able, Rep'arable, *a.* capable of being amended or retrieved
 Repan'dous, *a.* bent upwards
 Reparation, *s.* act of repairing; amends
 Repar'ative, *a.* amending defect or loss
 Reparte'r, *s.* a smart or witty reply
 Repas's, *v.* to pass again, to pass back
 Repas't, *s.* the act of taking food; a meal
 Repay', *v. a.* to recompense, to requite
 Repea'l, *v. a.* to recall, abrogate, revoke
 Repea'l, *s.* revocation, recall from exile

Repea't, *v. a.* to recite, to do again
 Repea'tedly, *ad.* over and over, frequently
 Repea'ter, *s.* one who repeats; a watch
 Repel', *v.* to drive back; to act with force
 Repel'lent, *s.* an application that has a repelling power
 Repen't, *v.* to be sincerely sorry
 Repen'tance, *s.* a penitent sorrow for sins
 Repen'tant, *a.* sorrowful for sin
 Repercus', *v. a.* to beat or drive back
 Repercus'sion, *s.* the act of driving back
 Repercus'sive, *a.* rebounding, driven back
 Repertit'ious, *a.* found, gained by finding
 Rep'ertory, *s.* a book of records; a treasury
 Repetit'ion, *s.* a recital; repeating
 Repetit'ional, Repetitionary, *a.* containing repetitions
 Rep'ine, *v. n.* to fret, to be discontented
 Rep'iner, *s.* one that frets or murmurs
 Repla'ce, *v. a.* to put again in place
 Replan't, *v. a.* to plant anew
 Replen'ish, *v. a.* to stock, to fill; to finish
 Reple'te, *a.* full, completely filled
 Reple'tion, *s.* the state of being too full
 Replev'able, *a.* what may be reprieved
 Replev'in, Replev'y, *v. a.* to set at liberty any thing seized, upon security given
 Replication, *s.* a repercussion; a reply
 Reply', *v. a.* to answer, to rejoin
 Reply', *s.* an answer, return to an answer
 Repol'ish, *v. a.* to polish again
 Repor't, *s.* a rumour, account; loud noise
 Repor't, *v. a.* to tell, relate, noise abroad
 Repose, *s.* rest, sleep, quiet, peace
 Repose, *v.* to lay to rest, lodge, lay up
 Repos'ite, *v. a.* to lodge in a place of safety
 Reposit'ion, *s.* the act of replacing
 Repository, *s.* a storehouse, or place where any thing is safely laid up; a warehouse
 Repossess', *v. a.* to possess again
 Reprechen'd, *v. a.* to reprove, blame, chide
 Reprechen'sible, *a.* culpable, censurable
 Reprehen'sion, *s.* a reproof, open blame
 Reprehen'sive, *a.* given to reproof
 Represen't, *v. a.* to exhibit; describe; appear for another; tell respectfully
 Representa'tion, *s.* an image; description
 Represen'tative, *s.* a substitute in power
 Represen'tment, *s.* an image; a likeness
 Repress', Repres'sion, *s.* the act of crushing
 Repress', *v. a.* to crush, subdue, compress
 Repress'ive, *a.* able or tending to repress
 Reprie've, *s.* a respite after sentence of death
 Reprie've, *v. a.* to respite from punishment
 Repriman'd, *s.* a rebuke, reprehension
 Repriman'd, *v. a.* to chide, check, reprove
 Reprin't, *v. a.* to print a new edition
 Repri'sal, *s.* seizure by way of retaliation
 Reproa'ch, *v. a.* to censure, to upbraid
 Reproa'ch, *s.* censure, shame, disgrace
 Reproa'chable, *a.* deserving reproach
 Reproa'chful, *a.* scurrilous, shameful, vile
 Rep'robate, *s.* lost to virtue, abandoned
 Rep'robate, *s.* one abandoned to wickedness; a man lost to virtue
 Rep'robate, *v. a.* to disallow, to reject
 Reproba'tion, *s.* a condemnatory sentence
 Reprodu'ce, *v. a.* to produce again or anew

Reproduction, *s.* the act of producing anew
 Reproof, *s.* blame to one's face; rebuke
 Reprovable, *a.* deserving reproof or blame
 Reprove, *v. a.* to blame, to chide, to check
 Repulse, *v. a.* to prune a second time
 Rep'ile, *s.* a creeping thing; a mean person
 Republic, *s.* a commonwealth
 Republican, *s.* one who thinks a commonwealth without monarchy the best government
 Republican, *a.* placing the government in the people
 Repudiate, *v. a.* to divorce, to put away
 Repudiation, *s.* a divorce, rejection
 Repugn, *v.* to oppose, to withstand
 Repugnance, *s.* reluctance; contrariety
 Repugnant, *a.* disobedient; contrary
 Repul'sate, *v. n.* to bud again or anew
 Repulse, *s.* a being driven off, or put aside
 Repulse, *v. a.* to beat back, to drive off
 Repul'sion, *s.* act of driving off from itself
 Repul'sive, *a.* having power to beat back
 Repurchase, *v. a.* to buy again
 Respectable, *a.* honourable; of good repute
 Reputation, *s.* honour; character of good
 Repute, *v. a.* to account, to think, to hold
 Repute, *s.* character, reputation, credit
 Request, *s.* an entreaty, demand; repute
 Request, *v. a.* to ask, solicit, entreat
 Requiem, *s.* a hymn for the dead; rest
 Require, *v. a.* to demand, to ask a thing as of right; to make necessary; to need
 Requisite, *a.* necessary, needful, proper
 Requisite, *s.* any thing necessary
 Requisition, *s.* demand; application as of right for any thing
 Requit'al, *s.* a retaliation, a recompense
 Requite, *v. a.* to repay, to recompense
 Reward, *s.* the last troop of an army
 Re'sale, *s.* the second or subsequent sale
 Salute, *v. a.* to salute or greet anew
 Rescind, *v. a.* to cut off; to abrogate a law
 Rescission, *s.* an abrogation, a cutting off
 Rescribe, *v. a.* to write back or over again
 Rescript, *s.* the edict of an emperor
 Rescue, *v. a.* to set free from danger, violence, or confinement
 Rescue, *s.* a deliverance from restraint, &c.
 Research, *s.* an inquiry, strict search
 Resemblance, *s.* a similitude, a likeness
 Resemble, *v. a.* to be like; to compare
 Resent, *v. a.* to take as an affront, &c.
 Resentful, *a.* malignant, easily provoked
 Resentment, *s.* a deep sense of injury
 Reservation, *s.* something kept back
 Reserve, *s.* a store untouched; an exception
 Reserve, *v. a.* to keep in store, to retain, to lay up
 Reserved, *a.* modest, sullen, not frank
 Reservoir, *s.* a conservatory of water; a store
 Resettlement, *s.* the act of settling again
 Reside, *v. n.* to live in a place; to abide
 Residence, *s.* a place of abode; dwelling
 Resident, *a.* dwelling in a place
 Resident, *s.* an agent, a public minister
 Residentiary, *a.* holding residence
 Residual, *a.* relating to the residue or part remaining

Residuary, *a.* entitled to the residue of property, as, a *residuary* legatee
 Residue, *s.* the remaining part, what is left
 Resign, *v. a.* to give or yield up, to submit
 Resignation, *s.* a resigning, a submission
 Resignment, *s.* the act of resigning
 Resil'ah, *s.* an ancient patriarchal coin
 Resil'ence, *s.* a starting or leaping back
 Resil'ent, *a.* starting or springing back
 Res'in, Res'in, *s.* the fat sulphureous part of some vegetable, &c. which is either natural or procured by art
 Resinous, *a.* containing resin, or like resin
 Resist, *v. a.* to oppose, to act against
 Resistance, *s.* the act of resisting, opposition
 Resistible, *a.* that may be resisted
 Resistive, *a.* having power to resist
 Resistless, *a.* that cannot be resisted
 Resolvable, *a.* that may be analysed
 Resoluble, *a.* that may be melted
 Resolve, *v.* to inform; to solve; to melt; to analyze; to determine; to confirm
 Resolve, *s.* fixed determination, resolution
 Resolvedly, *adv.* with firmness and constancy
 Resolvent, *a.* having power to dissolve
 Resolute, *a.* determined, firm, steady
 Resolution, *s.* a fixed determination; constancy; act of clearing difficulties
 Resonant, *a.* resounding, echoing
 Resorb, *v. a.* to swallow up
 Resort, *v. n.* to have recourse to; to repair
 Resort, *s.* a meeting, assembly, concourse
 Resound, *v.* to echo, to sound; to celebrate
 Resort, *s.* a resort, an expedient
 Respect, *v. a.* to regard; to have relation to
 Respect, *s.* regard, reverence; motive
 Respectable, *a.* deserving of respect
 Respectful, *a.* full of outward civility
 Respectfully, *adv.* with a degree of reverence
 Respective, *a.* particular, relative
 Respiration, *s.* the act of sprinkling
 Restoral, *s.* restoration
 Respiration, *s.* the act of breathing; relief
 Respire, *v. n.* to breathe; to rest from toil
 Respite, *s.* a reprieve, pause, interval
 Resplendence, *s.* lustre, brightness
 Resplendent, *a.* bright, shining
 Resplendently, *adv.* brightly, splendidly
 Respond, *v. n.* to correspond, to answer
 Respondent, *s.* one who answers in a suit
 Response, *s.* an alternate answer, a reply
 Responsible, *a.* answerable, accountable
 Response, *s.* the act of answering
 Responsive, Response, *a.* answering
 Rest, *s.* sleep, repose, quiet, peace; support
 Rest, *a.* others, those not included
 Rest, *v.* to sleep; die; be still; lean; remain
 Restag'nant, *a.* remaining without flow, &c.
 Restag'nate, *v. n.* to stand without flow
 Restoration, *s.* the act of recovering to the former state
 Restem', *v. a.* to force against the current
 Restiff, Restive, Resty, *a.* unwilling to stir
 Restiveness, *s.* obstinate reluctance
 Restitution, *s.* the act of restoring
 Restless, *a.* without sleep, unquiet, unsettled, inconstant

Resto'ra'ble, *a.* what may be restored
 Restora'tion, *a.* replacing in a former state
 Resto'rative, *a.* able to recruit life, &c.
 Resto're, *v. a.* to relieve; to give back
 Restrai'n, *v. a.* to withhold, repress, limit
 Restraine'able, *a.* capable to be restrained
 Restrai'nt, *a.* an abridgment of liberty, &c.
 Restric't, *v. a.* to limit, to confine
 Restric'tion, *a.* confinement, limitation
 Restrict'ive, *a.* expressing limitation
 Restrin'gent, *a.* having power to bind
 Result, *v. n.* to fly back; to arise from
 Result, *a.* act of flying back; consequence
 Resu'm'able, *a.* what may be taken back
 Resu'm'e, *v. a.* to take back; to begin again
 Resum'ption, *a.* the act of resuming
 Resum'ptive, *a.* taking back
 Resurrec'tion, *a.* revival from the dead
 Resurvey', *v. a.* to review or survey again
 Resuscitate, *v. a.* to raise up again, renew
 Resuscita'tion, *a.* the act of raising up again
 from either sleep or death, &c.
 Retai'n, *v. a.* to divide into, or sell, in small
 quantities, or at second hand—*a.* sale by
 small quantities
 Retail'er, *a.* one who sells by small quan-
 tities
 Retai'n, *v.* to keep, to hire, to continue
 Retai'ke, *v. a.* to take again
 Retali'ate, *v. a.* to return, repay, requite
 Retalia'tion, *a.* return of like for like
 Retai'rd, *v.* to hinder, to delay; to stay back
 Retch, *v. n.* to strain, to vomit
 Reten'tion, *a.* act of retaining, memory
 Reten'tive, *a.* having power to retain
 Reticu'lar, Reti'form, *a.* in form of a net
 Reticu'lated, *a.* made of net-work
 Reti'na, *a.* one of the coats of the eye
 Retinue, *a.* a train of attendants
 Reti're, *v.* to retreat, to withdraw
 Reti'rad, *part.* a. secret, solitary, private
 Reti'rement, *a.* a private abode or habitation
 Reto'ld, *part.* related or told again
 Reto'ri, *a.* a glass vessel; a censure returned
 Reto'rt, *v. a.* to throw back; to return
 Retoss', *v. a.* to toss or throw back again
 Retouch', *v. a.* to improve by new touches
 Retrace, *v. a.* to trace back or over again
 Retrac't, *v. a.* to recal, recant, resume
 Retrac'tion, *a.* a recantation; change of
 opinion
 Retrac'tion, *a.* a withdrawing a question
 Retreat', *a.* a place of retirement or security
 Retreat', *v. n.* to retire, to take shelter
 Retren'ch, *v.* to cut off, confine, reduce
 Retren'chment, *a.* a reduction of expense
 Retribu'te, *v. a.* to pay back, to make re-
 payment
 Retribu'tion, *a.* a repayment, a requital
 Retribu'tive, Retribu'tory, *a.* repaying
 Retri've, *v. a.* to recover, repay, regain
 Retri'veable, *a.* that may be retrieved
 Retroces'sion, *a.* the act of going back
 Reproduc'tion, *a.* a leading back, &c.
 Retrograde, *a.* going backwards; contrary
 Retrogres'sion, *a.* the act of going back
 Retrospect, *a.* a looking on things past
 Retrospec'tion, *a.* a looking backwards

Retrospective, *a.* looking backwards
 Retun'd, *v. a.* to blunt, to turn the edge
 Retur'n, *v.* to come or go back; to return
 to repay; to send back; to transmit
 Retur'n, *a.* the act of coming back; profit
 repayment, restitution, relapse
 Retur'nable, *a.* allowed to be returned
 Reve'al, *v. a.* to disclose, lay open, impart
 Reve'lic, *a.* the military notice, by beat of
 drum, that it is time to rise
 Rev'el, *v. n.* to carouse—*a.* a noisy feast
 Revel', *v. a.* to retract, to draw back
 Revela'tion, *a.* a communication of sacred
 truths, &c. by a teacher from heaven
 Rev'eller, *a.* one who feasts with jollity
 Rev'elrout, *a.* a mob, an unlawful assembly
 Rev'elry, *a.* loose jollity, festive mirth
 Reven'ge, *a.* return of an injury or affront
 Reven'ge, *v. a.* to return an injury, &c.
 Reven'geful, *a.* vindictive, given to revenge
 Rev'enue, *a.* an income; annual profits
 Rever'b, *v. a.* to reverberate, to resound
 Rever'berate, *v.* to be driven back; to bound
 back; to resound
 Reverbera'tion, *a.* a beating or driving back
 Rever'beratory, *a.* returning; beating back
 Reve're, *v. a.* to reverence, to venerate, to
 honour with an awful respect
 Rever'ence, *a.* veneration, respect; a bow
 Rever'ence, *v. a.* to regard with respect
 Rever'end, *a.* venerable; deserving rever-
 ence; the honorary epithet of the clergy
 Rever'ent, *a.* humble; testifying veneration
 Reveren'tial, *a.* expressing reverence
 Rever'ie, Rev'ery, *a.* irregular thought
 Revers'al, *a.* a change of sentence
 Reverse, *v.* to subvert, repeal, contradict
 Reverse, *a.* the opposite side, vicissitude
 Reversed, *part.* a. repealed, inverted
 Revers'ible, *a.* that may be reversed
 Rever'sion, *a.* succession, right of succession
 Rever'sionary, *a.* to be enjoyed in succession
 Revert, *v.* to change, to return
 Revert'ible, *a.* that may be returned
 Revert, *v. a.* to put again in possession
 Revertiary, *a.* a place for vestments
 Rev'ibrate, *v. n.* to vibrate back
 Revict'ual, *v. a.* to stock with victuals again
 Review', *v. a.* to look back, to survey, to
 examine
 Review', *a.* a survey, re-examination
 Review'er, *a.* one who reviews
 Revile, *v. a.* to reproach, abuse, vilify
 Rev'isal, Revision, *a.* a re-examination
 Revise, *v. a.* to review, to overlook
 Rev'ise, *a.* a proof of a sheet corrected
 Revis'it, *v. a.* to visit again
 Rev'ival, *a.* recal from obscurity, &c.
 Revive, *v.* to return to life; renew; rouse
 Revivificate, *v. a.* to recal to life
 Revivify, *v. a.* to recal to life
 Reviv'ing, *part.* comforting, recovering
 Reu'nion, *a.* reuniting; a rejoining; co-
 hesion or concord
 Reun'ite, *v. a.* to join again, to reconcile
 Rev'ocable, *a.* that may be recalled
 Rev'ocate, *v. a.* to recal, to call back
 Revoca'tion, *a.* act of recalling; a repeal

Revo'ke, *v. a.* to repeal, reverse, draw back
 Revo'lt, *v. n.* to fall off from one to another; to rise against a prince or state
 Revolv'e, *v.* to perform a revolution; to consider, to meditate on

Revol'vency, *s.* constant revolution

Revolu'tion, *s.* a returning motion; a change of government in a state or country

Revolu'tionary, *a.* originating in a revolution

Revolu'tion, *s.* the turning of a flux of humours from one part of the body to another

Rewa'rd, *v. a.* to recompense, to repay

Rewa'rd, *s.* recompence given for good

Revo'rd, *v. a.* to repeat in the same words

Rhab'domancy, *s.* divination by a wand

Rhap'sodist, *s.* one who writes rhapsodies

Rhap'sody, *s.* irregular writings, &c.

Rhet'oric, *s.* oratory, the art of speaking

Rhetor'ical, *a.* pertaining to rhetoric

Rhetor'ically, *ad.* figuratively; like an orator

Rhetor'ician, *s.* one who teaches rhetoric

Rheum, *s.* a thin watery humour, occasionally issuing out of the glands of the mouth, &c.

Rheumat'ic, *a.* relating to the rheumatism

Rheu'matism, *s.* a painful distemper

Rheu'my, *a.* full of sharp moisture

Rhinoc'eros, *s.* a large beast in the East-Indies, armed with a horn on his nose

Rhom'b, *s.* a quadrangular figure

Rhom'bic, *a.* shaped like a rhomb

Rhom'boid, *s.* a figure approaching to a rhomb; a kind of muscle fish

Rhu'barb, *s.* a medicinal purgative root

Rhumb, *s.* a kind of spiral line

Rhyme, *s.* the consonance of verses, poetry

Rhyme, *v. n.* to agree in sound; make verses

Rhythm, *s.* metre, verse, numbers

Rhythm'ical, *a.* harmonical, musical

Riant, *a.* laughing, exciting laughter

Rib, *s.* a bone; a piece of timber in ships

Rib'ald, *s.* a loose, rough, mean wretch

Rib'al'dry, *s.* mean, brutal, obscene talk

Rib'and, Rib'bon, *s.* a fillet of silk

Rice, *s.* a kind of esculent grain

Rich, *a.* wealthy; precious; fertile; copious

Rich'es, *s.* plenty of money or possessions

Rich'ly, *ad.* wealthily, splendidly

Rich'ness, *s.* opulence, splendour; fertility

Rick, *s.* a pile or heap of corn, hay, &c.

Rick'ets, *s.* a distemper in children

Rick'ety, *a.* diseased with the rickets

Rid, *v. a.* to set free, clear, drive away

Rid'dance, *s.* deliverance, disencumbrance

Rid'den, *part. of ride*

Rid'dle, *s.* an enigma, any thing puzzling; a dark problem; a coarse or open sieve

Rid'dle, *v.* to solve; to sift by a coarse sieve

Ride, *v.* to travel on horseback, &c.

Rid'der, *s.* one who rides a horse, &c.

Ridge, *s.* the upper part of a slope, &c.

Rid'gel, Rid'geling, *s.* a ram half castrated

Rid'gy, *a.* rising in a ridge

Rid'icule, *s.* wit that provokes laughter

Rid'iculous, *v. a.* to expose to laughter

Rid'iculous, *a.* fit to be laughed at

Rid'ding, *s.* a district visited by an officer

Rid'dinghood, *s.* a hood to bear off rain

Ridot'to, *s.* an entertainment of music, &c.

Rife, *a.* prevalent; abounding

Riff'raff, *s.* the refuse of any thing

Rifle, *v. a.* to rob, to pillage, to plunder

Rift, *s.* a cleft, a breach—*v.* to split

Rig, *v. a.* to dress; to fit with tackling

Rigadoo'n, *s.* a kind of French dance

Rig'ging, *s.* the tackling, &c. of a ship

Rig'gish, *a.* wanton, lewd, whorish

Right, *a.* fit, suitable; straight; true

Right, *ad.* properly, justly, in truth, very

Right, *s.* justice; just claim; privilege

Right, *v. a.* to relieve from wrong

Righteous, *a.* just, virtuous, equitable

Right'ful, *a.* having a just claim; honest

Right'ly, *ad.* properly, honestly, exactly

Rig'id, *a.* stiff; severe, sharp, cruel

Rigid'ity, *s.* stiffness, want of easy elegance

Rig'idness, *s.* severity, inflexibility

Rig'let, *s.* a flat thin piece of wood commonly used by printers

Rig'our, *s.* cold; severity; strictness; rage

Rig'orous, *a.* severe, over-harsh

Rig'orously, *ad.* severely, without mitigation; scrupulously

Rill, Rill'et, *s.* a small brook or stream

Rim, *s.* a border, a margin, an edge

Rime, *s.* a hoar frost; a hole, a chink

Rim'y, *a.* steamy, foggy, misty

Rind, *s.* bark, husk—*v. n.* to husk, to bark

Ring, *s.* a circle; a circle of gold worn as an ornament; a sound as of a bell

Ring, *v. a.* to strike bells so as to make them sound; to fit with rings

Ring'dove, *s.* a kind of pigeon

Ring'er, *s.* one who rings

Ring'leader, *s.* the head of a mob or riot

Ring'let, *s.* a small ring; a circle; a curl

Ring'streaked, *a.* circularly streaked

Ring'tail, *s.* a kind of kite

Ring'worm, *s.* a circular tetter; a disease

Rinse, *v. a.* to cleanse by washing, &c.

Riot, *s.* an uproar, sedition, tumult

Riot, *v. n.* to revel, to raise an uproar

Rioter, *s.* one who makes a riot

Riv'orous, *a.* licentious, turbulent

Rip, *v. a.* to tear, to lacerate; to disclose

Ripe, *a.* complete, mature, finished

Ripe, Rip'en, *v. n.* to grow ripe; be matured

Rip'eness, *s.* maturity, perfection, fitness

Rip'ple, *v. n.* to lave or wash lightly over—*s.* agitation of water fretting on the surface

Rise, *v. n.* to get up, ascend; grow; increase

Rise, *s.* a beginning; ascent; increase

Risibility, *s.* the quality of laughing

Ris'ible, *a.* exciting laughter; ridiculous

Risk, *s.* a hazard, danger, chance of harm

Risk, *v. a.* to hazard, to put to chance

Rite, *s.* a solemn act of religion

Rit'ual, *s.* a book of religious ceremonies

Rit'ual, *a.* solemnly ceremonious

Rival, *s.* a competitor, opponent

Rival, *v. a.* to emulate; to oppose

Rivalry, *s.* competition; emulation

Rive, *v.* to split, to cleave, to be divided

Riv'el, *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles
 Riv'er, *s.* a land current of water bigger than a brook
 Riv'erdragon, *s.* a crocodile
 Riv'ergod, *s.* the tutelary deity of a river
 Riv'erhorse, *s.* the hippopotamus
 Riv'et, *s.* a fastening pin that is clenched
 Riv'et, *v. a.* to fasten strongly with rivets
 Riv'ulet, *s.* a small river, a brook
 Rixdol'lar, *s.* a German coin, value 4s. 6d.
 Roach, *s.* the name of a fish
 Road, *s.* a large way for travelling; path
 Roam, *v.* to wander, rumble, rove
 Roan, *a.* bay, sorrel, or black spotted
 Roar, *v. n.* to make a loud noise
 Roar, *s.* the cry of a wild beast, &c.
 Roast, *v. a.* to dress meat; to banter
 Roast, *s.* any thing roasted
 Rob, *v. a.* to steal, to plunder
 Rob'ber, *s.* a thief, a plunderer
 Rob'bery, *s.* theft by force or with privacy
 Robe, *s.* a dress of dignity
 Robe, *v. a.* to dress pompously; to invest
 Robust, *a.* strong, sinewy, violent
 Roc'ambole, *s.* a kind of wild garlic
 Roche-alum, *s.* a pure sort of alum
 Rock'et, *s.* a surplice; a fish
 Rock, *s.* a vast mass of stone; a defence
 Rock, *v.* to shake; to move a cradle
 Rock'et, *s.* an artificial firework; a plant
 Rockru'by, *s.* a sort of garnet
 Rock'salt, *s.* a mineral salt
 Rock'work, *s.* a building imitating rocks
 Rock'y, *a.* full of rocks; hard, stony
 Rod, *s.* a twig, instrument of correction
 Rode, *pref.* of ride
 Rodomonta'de, *s.* an empty noisy bluster
 Roe, *s.* the female of the hart; eggs of fish
 Roge'tion, *s.* the litany; supplication
 Roge'tion-week, *s.* the second week preceding Whitsunday
 Rogue, *s.* a vagabond, a knave, a wag
 Roguery, *s.* villainy, knavery, waggery
 Roguish, *a.* fraudulent, knavish, waggish
 Roist, *v. n.* to act at discretion; to bluster
 Roll, *v.* to move in a circle; to enwrap
 Roll, *s.* the act of rolling; a mass made round; a register; catalogue; warrant
 Roller, *s.* any thing turning on its own axis; a bandage; a fillet
 Roll'ingpin, *s.* a round smooth piece of wood to mould paste, &c.
 Roll'ingpress, *s.* a press for printing pictures, &c. on copperplates
 Rom'age, *s.* a tumult, a bustle
 Ro'man, *a.* pertaining to Rome
 Roman'ce, *s.* a fable, a fiction, a lie
 Roman'cer, *s.* a forger of tales, a liar
 Ro'manist, *s.* one who professes popery
 Ro'manize, *v. a.* to latinize; to convert to
 Romish or papistical opinions
 Roman'tic, *a.* wild, improbable, fanciful
 Ro'mish, *a.* Popish; belonging to Rome
 Romp, *s.* a rude untaught girl; rude play
 Romp, *v. n.* to play rudely and noisily
 Rom'ping, *s.* rude, noisy play
 Roudrau, *s.* a name applied to songs which end with the first part or strain repeated

Ron'ion, *s.* a fat bulky woman
 Root, *s.* an animal stunted in growth
 Root, *s.* the fourth part of an acre in square measure; a pole, or five yards and a half in long measure; the holy cross
 Roof, *s.* the cover of a house; the inside of the arch that covers a building; the palate or upper part of the mouth
 Roof, *v. a.* to cover with a roof
 Rook, *s.* a bird; a cheat; a piece at chess
 Rook, *v. n.* to rob, to cheat, to deceive
 Roo'kery, *s.* a nursery of rooks
 Room, *s.* space, extent; stand; chamber
 Roo'mage, *s.* space, place
 Roo'my, *a.* spacious, wide, large
 Roost, *s.* a perch on which birds rest
 Roost, *v. n.* to sleep as a bird; to lodge
 Root, *s.* that part of the plant, &c. which rests in the ground, and supplies the stems with nourishment; the first cause
 Root, *v.* to take root; radicate; destroy
 Roo'ted, *a.* fixed, deep, radical
 Roo'tedly, *adv.* deeply, strongly
 Rope, *s.* a thick hempen cord, string, halter
 Rope, *v. n.* to concrete into filaments
 Ro'pedancer, *s.* one who dances on ropes
 Ro'pemaker, *s.* one who makes ropes
 Ropewa'lk, *s.* a place where ropes are made
 Ro'piness, *s.* aropy or glutinous quality
 Ro'py, *a.* viscous, glutinous, tenacious
 Ro'quelaure, Ro'quelo, *s.* a man's cloak
 Ro'ral, *a.* dewy
 Ro'sary, *s.* a set of beads, containing 15 ave-marias, and 15 pater-nosters; a particular devotion addressed to the Virgin Mary
 Ros'cid, *a.* abounding with dew
 Rose, *s.* a fragrant flower
 Ro'seate, *a.* rosy, blooming, fragrant
 Ro'semary, *s.* a plant
 Ro'set, *s.* a red colour used by painters
 Ro'sewater, *s.* water distilled from roses
 Ros'in, *s.* inspissated turpentine
 Ros'tral, *a.* having some resemblance to the beak of a ship or rostrum
 Ros'trum, *s.* the beak of a bird; a pulpit
 Ro'sy, *a.* like a rose in bloom, fragrance, &c.
 Rot, *v.* to putrefy, to make putrid
 Rot, *s.* a distemper in sheep; putrefaction
 Ro'tary, Ro'tatory, *a.* whirling as a wheel
 Ro'tated, *a.* whirled round
 Ro'tation, *s.* a turning round; succession
 Rote, *s.* words uttered by mere memory; a harp, lyre—*v. a.* to fix in the memory
 Rot'gut, *s.* bad beer
 Rot'ten, *a.* putrid, not firm, not sound
 Rotun'd, *a.* round, circular, spherical
 Rotun'dity, *s.* roundness, circularity
 Rotun'do, Roten'do, *s.* a round building
 Rove, *v.* to ramble, to range, to wander
 Ro'ver, *s.* a wanderer, pirate; fickle person
 Rouge, *s.* a red paint
 Rough, *a.* not smooth, harsh, severe, stormy
 Rough'cast, *s.* a form in its first rudiments
 Rough'draw, *v. a.* to draw or trace coarsely
 Rough'en, *v.* to make or grow rough
 Rough'ly, *adv.* rudely, severely, boisterously
 Rough'ness, *s.* unevenness, harshness
 Rou'nceval, *s.* a kind of pea

Round, *a.* circular; plain; smooth; brisk
Round, *a.* a circle, sphere, district; rundle
Roundabout, *a.* ample; indirect; loose
Roundelay, *a.* a kind of ancient poetry
Roundhouse, *a.* the constable's prison
Roundly, *ad.* in a round form, plainly
Round-robin, *a.* a written petition or remonstrance, signed by several persons round a ring or circle

Rouse, *v.* to wake from slumber; excite
Rout, *a.* a multitude, rabble, tumultuous crowd; the confusion of an army defeated or dispersed

Rout, *v.* to defeat; assemble in crowds
Route, *a.* a road, way; march, journey
Routine, *a.* custom, practice
Row, *a.* a range of men or things
Row, *v.* to impel a vessel in the water with oars; to drive or help forward

Rowel, *a.* the point of a spur; an issue
Rowel, *v.* *a.* to keep open with a rowel
Row'er, *a.* one who manages an oar
Royal, *a.* kingly, becoming a king, regal
Royalist, *a.* an adherent to a king
Royally, *ad.* in a kingly manner, regally
Royalty, *a.* the office or state of a king
Rub, *v.* to scour, polish; fret; get through
Rub, *a.* friction; hindrance; difficulty
Rub'ber, *a.* one that rubs; a coarse file;
 two games out of three; a whetstone

Rub'bish, *a.* ruins of buildings; refuse
Ru'bify, *v.* *a.* to make red
Ru'bric, *a.* directions printed in prayer-books and books of law
Ru'by, *a.* a precious red stone; a blotch; the name of a type, such as this dictionary is printed from

Ructa'tion, *a.* breaking wind upwards
Rud'der, *a.* the part that steers a ship
Rud'diness, *a.* approaching to redness
Rud'dle, *a.* red earth
Rud'dy, *a.* approaching to red; yellow
Rude, *a.* rough, harsh; ignorant, artless
Ru'dely, *ad.* in a rude manner, violently
Ru'deness, *a.* incivility, boisterousness
Ru'diment, *a.* the first elements of a science; the first part of education

Rudimen'tal, *a.* relating to first principles
Rue, *v.* *a.* to grieve for, lament—*s.* an herb
Rue'ful, *a.* mournful, woful, sorrowful
Rue'ls, *a.* an assembly at a private house; a circle; a street

Ruff, *a.* a puckered linen ornament; a fish
Ruff, *v.* *a.* to trump at cards
Ruffian, *a.* brutal, savagely boisterous
Ruffian, *a.* a brutal fellow, a robber
Ruffe, *v.* to disorder, to fret; to plait
Ruffe, *a.* an ornament for the wrists
Rug, *a.* a coarse, nappy, woollen cloth
Rug'ged, *a.* rough; brutal, surly; shaggy
Rug'gedly, *ad.* in a rugged manner
Rug'gedness, *a.* roughness; asperity
Ru'gine, *a.* a surgeon's rasp
Rugo'se, *a.* full of wrinkles
Ru'in, *a.* fall, destruction, overthrow

Ru'in, *v.* to subvert, destroy, impoverish
Ru'inate, *v.* *a.* to bring to poverty, &c.
Ruina'tion, *a.* subversion; demolition
Ru'inous, *a.* fallen to ruin; mischievous
Ru'iously, *ad.* with ruin, destructively
Rule, *a.* government; sway; regularity
Rule, *v.* to govern, to control, to settle
Ruler, *a.* a governor; an instrument by which lines are drawn

Rum, *a.* a spirit drawn from sugar
Rum'ble, *v.* *n.* to make a hoarse low noise
Ru'minant, *a.* chewing the cud
Ru'minate, *v.* to chew the cud; to muse
Rumina'tion, *a.* a chewing the cud; meditation, reflection

Ru'minator, *a.* one that considers or thinks of a matter, or pauses on it
Rum'mage, *v.* to search places, to plunder
Rum'mer, *a.* a large glass, a drinking cup
Ru'mour, *a.* flying or popular report
Ru'mour, *v.* *a.* to report abroad; to bruit
Rump, *a.* the buttock, end of the back bone
Rumple, *a.* a rough plait; a wrinkle
Run, *v.* to move swiftly, flee, go away, vanish; melt; smuggle

Run, *a.* cadence; course; continued success
Run'agate, *a.* a fugitive, a coward
Run'dle, *a.* the step of a ladder; a round
Run'dlet, **Run'let**, *a.* a small barrel
Rung, *pref.* and *part.* of ring

Ru'nic, *a.* denoting the letters and language of the ancient northern nations
Run'nel, *a.* a rivulet, a small brook
Run'ner, *a.* one who runs; a shoot
Run'non, *a.* a paltry scurvy wretch
Runt, *a.* a dwarf animal; a small cow
Rup'ee, *a.* an Indian coin, value 2s. 4d.
Rup'tion, *a.* breach; solution of continuity
Rup'ture, *a.* a breach of peace; eruption
Ru'ral, *a.* belonging to the country
Rush, *a.* a plant; a worthless thing

Rush, *v.* *n.* to enter or move with violence
Rush'light, *a.* a candle with a rush wick
Rusk, *a.* a kind of biscuit or hard bread
Rus'set, *a.* reddish brown; coarse; rustle
Rus'set, *a.* a country dress

Rus'seting, *a.* a rough kind of apple
Rust, *a.* a red crust grown upon iron, &c.
Rustic, *a.* rural, rude, simple, plain
Rustical, *a.* rough, savage, brutal, rude
Rusticate, *v.* to banish into the country
Rusticity, *a.* rural appearance, simplicity
Rustily, *ad.* in a rusty manner; shabbily
Rustle, *v.* *n.* to make a low rattling noise
Rusty, *a.* covered with rust, impaired

Rut, *a.* the track of a cart-wheel, &c.; the copulation of deer, wild boars, &c.
Ruth, *a.* mercy, pity, tenderness
Ruth'ful, *a.* rueful, woful, compassionate
Ruth'less, *a.* cruel, pitiless, barbarous
Ru'tish, *a.* wanton, libidinous, lustful
Ry'al, *a.* a Spanish coin worth sixpence three farthings

Rye, *a.* a coarse kind of bread corn
Rye'grass, *a.* a kind of strong grass

S.

SARA'OTH, *s.* hosts or armies

Sab'ath, *s.* the day of rest and worship

Sabbat'ical, *a.* resembling the sabbath

Sa'ble, *s.* a dark fur—*a.* black, dark

Sa'bre, *s.* a cymetar, short broad sword

Sabulosity, *s.* grittiness, sandiness

Sab'ulous, *a.* gritty, sandy, gravelly

Sacchariferous, *a.* producing sugar

Sac'charine, *a.* having the qualities of sugar

Sacerdo'tal, *a.* belonging to the priesthood

Sa'chem, *s.* the chief of an Indian tribe

Sack, *s.* a bag containing three bushels; *a.*

woman's loose robe; plunder, pillage;

Canary wine

Sack, *v. a.* to take by storm, pillage, plunder; to put in bags

Sack'but, *s.* a kind of pipe

Sack'cloth, *s.* a cloth for sacks

Sackpos'set, *s.* a posset made of milk, sack, and some other ingredients

Sac'rament, *s.* an oath; the Lord's supper

Sacramen'tal, *a.* constituting or pertaining to a sacrament

Sa'cred, *a.* holy, consecrated, inviolable

Sa'credness, *s.* holiness, sanctity

Sac'rifice, *v. a.* to offer up; destroy; devote

Sac'rifice, *s.* an offering made to God; any thing destroyed or finally quit

Sacrific'ial, *a.* pertaining to sacrifice

Sac'rilage, *s.* the robbery of a church

Sac'riligious, *a.* violating things sacred

Sac'riligiously, *ad.* with sacrilege

Sa'cring-bell, *s.* a bell rung before the host

Sa'crist, **Sa'cristan**, *s.* a sexton; a vestry-keeper; a church officer

Sa'cristy, *s.* the vestry room of a church

Sad, *a.* sorrowful, heavy, gloomy; bad

Sad'den, *v. a.* to make sad or gloomy

Sad'dle, *s.* a seat to put on a horse's back

Sad'dle, *v. a.* to put on a saddle; to load

Sad'dler, *s.* one who makes saddles

Sad'ducres, *s.* a sect among the Jews

Sad'dly, *ad.* sorrowfully, miserably

Sad'ness, *s.* mournfulness, melancholy

Safe, *a.* free from danger—*s.* a battery

Safekon'duct, *s.* a convoy, passport, guard

Sa'feguard, *s.* a defence, convoy, passport

Sa'fely, *ad.* without danger, without hurt

Sa'fety, *s.* freedom from danger; custody

Sa'ffron, *s.* a plant—*a.* yellow

Sag, *v.* to hang heavy; to load, to burden

Saga'cious, *a.* quick of thought or scent

Sague'ty, *s.* acuteness, keenness

Sag'athy, *s.* a kind of serge

Sage, *s.* a plant; a man of wisdom—*a.* wise

Sa'gely, *ad.* wisely, prudently

Sag'ittarius, *s.* one of the signs of the zodiac

Sag'ittary, *s.* a centaur

Sa'go, *s.* a nourishing sort of grain

Sa'lek, *s.* a Turkish kind of vessel

Said, *pret. and part. of say*; *aforesaid*, declared, shewed

Sail, *s.* a canvass sheet; ship; wing

Sail, *v.* to move with sails; pass by sea

Sa'lor, *s.* a seaman, one used to the sea

Sa'lyard, *s.* a pole to extend a sail with

Salm, *s.* hog's lair

Salm'foin, *s.* a sort of herb; trefoll

Saint, *s.* a person eminent for piety

Saint, *v.* to canonize; to appear very pious

Sa'nted, *a.* holy, pious; canonized

Sa'ntly, **Sa'ntlike**, *a.* holy, devout

Sake, *s.* final cause; purpose; account

Sa'ker, *s.* a kind of cannon; a hawk

Sala'cious, *a.* lustful, lecherous, wanton

Sala'c'ity, *s.* lechery, wantonness

Sa'ad, *s.* a food composed of raw herbs

Sa'amander, *s.* an animal like a lizard

Salamander'ine, *a.* like a salamander

Sa'ary, *s.* annual or periodical payment

Sale, *s.* the act of selling, vent, market

Sa'lable, *a.* fit for sale, marketable

Sa'lesman, *s.* one who sells made clothes

Sa'lework, *s.* work for sale; careless work

Sa'lient, *a.* leaping; panting; springing

Sa'line, **Sa'linous**, *a.* consisting of salt, saltish, brinish

Sa'lique-law, *s.* a law by which females were excluded from the crown of France

Sa'iva, *s.* spittle separated by the glands

Sa'ival, **Sa'ivary**, *a.* relating to spittle

Sa'ivate, *v. a.* to cause a spitting, &c.

Saliva'tion, *s.* a curing by spitting

Sa'low, *a.* sickly; yellow—*s.* a willow

Sa'ly, *s.* a frolic; flight; an eruption

Sa'ly, *v. a.* to make an eruption; issue out

Sa'lyport, *s.* a port to make sallies from

Salmagun'di, *s.* a mixture of chopped meat, pickled herrings, oil, onions, vinegar, &c.

Salmon, *s.* a delicious well-known fish

Salmontrou't, *s.* a trout of the salmon kind

Saloo'n, *s.* an elegant lofty hall

Salt, *s.* a well-known seasoning; wit

Salt, *a.* having the taste of salt

Sa'ltcellar, *s.* a sort of cup to hold salt

Sa'lt'er, *s.* one who salts or sells salt

Sa'lt'ern, *s.* a place where salt is made

Sa'ltish, *a.* somewhat salt, brinish

Sa'ltetre, *s.* a mineral salt, nitre

Salvability, *s.* possibility to be saved

Salv'able, *a.* possible to be saved

Sal'vage, *s.* a reward allowed for saving goods out of a wreck

Salva'tion, *s.* a reception to the happiness of heaven, preservation from eternal death

Sal'vatory, *s.* a place where any thing is preserved; a repository

Salu'brious, *a.* wholesome, promoting health

Salu'brity, *s.* wholesomeness, healthfulness

Salve, *s.* an emplaster, remedy, cure

Sal'ver, *s.* a piece of plate with a foot

Sa'vo, *s.* an exception; reservation; excuse

Salu'tary, *a.* wholesome; healthful; safe

Saluta'tion, *s.* act of saluting, greeting

Salu'te, *v. a.* to greet, to hail, to kiss

Salu'te, *s.* a salutation, greeting; a kiss

Salutiferous, *a.* bringing health, healthy

Samar'itans, *s.* a sect among the Jews

Same, *a.* identical, of the like kind
 Sa'meness, *s.* identity, not different
 Sam'let, *s.* a little salmon
 Sam'phire, *s.* a plant preserved in pickle
 Sam'ple, *s.* a specimen; part of a whole
 Sam'pler, *s.* a piece of girl's needle work
 Sam'able, *a.* remediable, curable
 Sa'mative, *a.* of a healing quality, &c.
 Sanctifica'tion, *s.* the act of making holy
 San'ctify, *v. a.* to make holy or virtuous
 Sanctimo'nious, *a.* saintly, appearing holy
 San'ctimony, *s.* holiness, devoutness
 San'ction, *s.* ratification; confirmation
 San'ctitude, San'ctity, *s.* holiness, goodness
 San'ctuary, *s.* a holy place, an asylum
 Sand, *s.* gravelly earth; barren land
 San'dal, *s.* a sort of slipper or loose shoe
 San'ders, *s.* a precious kind of Indian wood
 San'dever, *s.* the superfluous salt or recrement cast up in making glass
 San'dstone, *s.* a stone easily crumbled
 San'dy, *a.* full of sand, gritty; unsold
 Sane, *a.* sound in mind; healthy
 Sang, *pres. of sing*
 Sanguif'erous, *a.* conveying blood
 Sanguifica'tion, *s.* production of blood; conversion of the chyle into blood
 San'guifer, *s.* a producer of blood
 Sanguif'luous, *a.* flowing with blood
 San'guinary, *a.* bloody, cruel, murderous
 San'guine, *a.* blood red; warm, ardent
 Sanguin'eous, *a.* full of blood
 Sanguin'ity, *s.* ardour, heat, confidence
 San'hedrim, *s.* the chief council among the Jews, consisting of 70 elders
 Sa'nies, *s.* a watery serous excretion
 Sa'nious, *a.* running with thin matter
 San'ity, *s.* soundness of mind or body
 Sank, *pres. of sink*
 Sans, *pres. without, destitute of*
 Sap, *s.* the vital juice of plants
 Sap, *v.* to undermine, subvert, destroy
 Sap'id, *a.* tasteful, palatable, savoury
 Sa'pience, *s.* wisdom, knowledge, sageness
 Sa'pient, *a.* wise, sage, prudent
 Sap'less, *a.* wanting sap; dry; old; husky
 Sap'ling, *s.* a young tree full of sap
 Sapon'a'ceous, Sap'o'nary, *a.* soapy, like soap
 Sa'por, *s.* taste, a stimulating quality
 Sapp'hic, *a.* denoting a kind of verse
 Sapp'hire, *s.* a precious blue stone
 Sapp'h'rine, *a.* made of or like sapphire
 Sap'piness, *s.* succulence; simpleness
 Sap'py, *a.* juicy, succulent; weak
 Sa'saland, *s.* a Spanish dance
 Sa'rca'm, *s.* a keen reproach, taunt, gibe
 Sarcas'tic, Sarcas'tical, *a.* keen, taunting
 Sa'rco'net, *s.* fine thin woven silk
 Sa'rle, *v. a.* to weed corn
 Sarcoph'agous, *a.* eating or feeding on flesh
 Sarcoph'agus, *s.* a tomb or stone coffin
 Sarcos'tic, *a.* producing new flesh
 Sa'r'dine, Sa'r'donyx, *s.* a precious stone
 Sarsaparil'la, *s.* the name of a plant
 Sarse, *s.* a sort of fine lawn sieve
 Saab, *s.* a silk belt; a window that lets up and down by pulleys
 Saa'safra, *s.* a tree used in physic

Sat, the *preterite of sit*
 Sa'tan, *s.* the prince of hell, the devil
 Satan'ic, Satan'ical, *a.* devilish, infernal
 Sa'tchel, *s.* a small bag used by schoolboys
 Sate, Sa'tiate, *v. a.* to glut, to satisfy
 Sa'teless, *a.* insatiable
 Sa'tellite, *s.* a small or secondary planet revolving round a larger, as the moon round the earth
 Sa'tellir'ious, *a.* consisting of satellites
 Sa'tiate, *a.* glutted, full to satiety
 Sati'ety, *s.* the state of being filled, fulness
 Sat'in, *s.* a soft, close, and shining silk
 Sa'tire, *s.* a poem censuring vice, folly, &c.
 Satir'ic, Satir'ical, *a.* belonging to satire
 Sa'tirist, *s.* one who writes satires
 Sa'tirize, *v. a.* to censure as in a satire
 Satisfaction, *s.* the state of being pleased or satisfied; atonement, amends
 Satisfac'tive, *a.* giving satisfaction
 Satisfac'torily, *ad.* to satisfaction
 Satisfac'tory, *a.* giving satisfaction or content; atoning
 Sa'tisfy, *v.* to content, please, convince
 Sa'turnant, *a.* impregnating to the full
 Sa'turate, *v. a.* to impregnate till no more can be received or imbibed
 Sa'turday, *s.* the last day of the week
 Satur'ity, *s.* fullness, repletion
 Sa'turn, *s.* a planet; in chymistry, lead
 Satur'nian, *a.* happy; golden
 Sa'turnine, *a.* gloomy, grave; severe
 Sa'tyr, *s.* a sylvan god; a lustful man
 Sav'age, *a.* wild, cruel, uncivilized
 Sav'age, *s.* a barbarian, a man uncivilized
 Sav'agely, *ad.* barbarously, cruelly
 Savanna, *s.* an open meadow without wood
 Sauce, *s.* something to give relish to food
 Sau'cebox, *s.* an impertinent fellow
 Sau'cepan, *s.* a pan to make sauce in
 Sau'cer, *s.* a small plate for a teacup, &c.
 Sau'cily, *ad.* impudently, petulantly
 Sau'ciness, *s.* impudence, petulance
 Sau'cy, *a.* pert, petulant, insolent
 Save, *v.* to preserve from danger or ruin; to keep frugally—*ad.* except
 Sa'venll, *s.* a pan to save candle-ends on
 Sav'in, *s.* a plant; a species of Juniper
 Sa'ving, *a.* frugal—*conj.* excepting
 Sa'viour, *s.* the Redeemer; he who saves
 Sau'nter, *s. n.* to wander about idly, loiter
 Sa'vory, *s.* the name of a plant
 Sa'vour, *s.* a scent, odour, taste
 Sa'vour, *v.* to have a smell or taste; to like
 Sa'voury, *a.* pleasing to the smell or taste
 Savoy', *s.* a sort of colewort
 Sau'sage, *s.* a composition of meat, spice, &c.
 Saw, *s.* an instrument with teeth, for cutting boards or timber; a saying, a proverb
 Saw, *v. a.* to cut timber, &c. with a saw
 Saw'dust, *s.* a dust arising from sawing
 Saw'pit, *s.* a pit where wood is sawed
 Saw'yer, *s.* one who saws timber
 Saxifrage, *s.* a plant good against the stone
 Saxif'ragous, *a.* dissolvent of the stone
 Say, *v.* to speak, utter, allege, tell
 Say'ing, *s.* an expression; an opinion
 Scab, *s.* an incrustation over a sore

Scab'bard, *s.* the sheath of a sword
 Scab'by, *a.* diseased with scabs
 Scab'rous, *a.* rough, rugged, harsh
 Scaffold, *s.* a temporary gallery, a kind of stage erected on certain occasions
 Scalfolding, *s.* a support for workmen
 Scale'de, Scale'do, *s.* storming a place by raising ladders against the walls
 Scald, *v. a.* to burn with hot liquor—*s.* scab; scurf on the head
 Scale, *s.* a balance; the sign *Libra* in the zodiac; part of the covering of a fish; a ladder; means of ascent; line of distances; the gamut; a scalade
 Scale, *v. a.* to mount; scrape off scales
 Scal'ed, *a.* having scales like a fish; squamous
 Scaliness, *s.* the state of being scaly
 Scall, *s.* leprosy; morbid baldness
 Scal'lon, *s.* a kind of onion
 Scal'lop, *s.* a shellfish; indentation
 Scal'lop, *v. a.* to indent the edge, &c.
 Scalp, *s.* the skull; the bone that incloses the brain—*v. a.* to deprive the skull of its integuments
 Scal'y, *a.* covered with scales
 Scam'ble, *v.* to scramble; shift awkwardly
 Scam'mony, *s.* a concreted resinous juice
 Scam'per, *v. n.* to run with fear and speed
 Scan, *v. a.* to examine nicely; to canvas
 Scan'dal, *s.* a reproachful assertion, infamy
 Scan'dalize, *v. a.* to disgrace, reproach, defame; offend by some action
 Scan'dalous, *a.* opprobrious, shameful, vile
 Scan'dent, *a.* climbing, creeping
 Scan'ning, *s.* in poetry, the measuring of a verse to ascertain its number of feet, &c.
 Scant, *a.* parsimonious; scarce, not enough
 Scantiness, *s.* want of space, compass, &c.
 Scant'le, *v. a.* to divide into small pieces
 Scant'let, *s.* a small quantity or piece
 Scant'ling, *s.* timber cut to a small size
 Scan'ty, *a.* narrow, small; poor, niggardly
 Scape, *v. t.* to escape—*s.* a flight, evasion
 Scap'ular, *a.* relating to the shoulders
 Scar, *s.* the mark of a cut; a cicatrix
 Scar'amouch, *s.* a buffoon in motley dress
 Scarce, *a.* not plentiful, rare, uncommon
 Scarce, Scarce'y, *ad.* hardly, scantily
 Scarce'ness, Scar'city, *s.* want of plenty
 Scare, *v. a.* to frighten, affright, terrify
 Scar'crow, *s.* an image set to frighten birds
 Scart, *s.* a loose covering for the shoulders
 Scar'tskin, *s.* the outer skin of the body
 Scarification, *s.* an incision of the skin
 Scar'ify, *v. a.* to lance or cut the skin
 Scar'iet, *s.* a deep red colour; red cloth
 Scar'iet, *a.* of the colour of scarlet
 Scar'lettree'n, *s.* a garden plant
 Scarp, *s.* the slope on that side of a ditch which is next to a fortified place
 Scar'rus, *s.* a sea-fish
 Scate, *s.* an iron to slide with; a flat fish
 Scath, *v. a.* to waste, damage, destroy
 Scath'ful, *a.* mischievous, destructive
 Scatter, *v. a.* to spread thinly, to disperse
 Scav'enger, *s.* a cleaner of the streets
 Scel'erat, *s.* a villain, a wicked wretch

Scene, *s.* part of a play; an appearance
 Scen'ery, *s.* imagery; representation
 Scen'ic, *a.* dramatic, theatrical
 Scenog'raphy, *s.* the art of perspective
 Scent, *s.* a smell, odour; chase by smell
 Scep'tic, *s.* one who doubts of all things
 Scep'tical, *a.* doubting every thing
 Scep'ticism, *s.* universal doubt
 Scep'tre, *s.* the ensign of royalty borne in the hand
 Scep'tred, *a.* bearing a sceptre
 Sched'ule, *s.* a small scroll; an inventory
 Scheme, *s.* a plan, project, design
 Sche'mer, Sche'mist, *s.* projector, contriver
 Schism, *s.* a division in the church
 Schis'matic, *s.* one guilty of schism
 Schis'mat'ical, *a.* implying schism
 Schis'mat'ically, *ad.* in a schismatical manner; in the spirit of division
 Schis'matize, *v. n.* to commit the crime of schism; to make a breach
 Scho'lar, *s.* a disciple, a man of letters
 Scho'larship, *s.* learning, literature
 Scholastic, *a.* pertaining to the school
 Scholastic'ally, *ad.* according to the schools
 Scho'last, *s.* one who makes notes upon an author; a commentator
 Scho'lum, *s.* an explanatory note
 Scho'ly, *v. n.* to write expositions
 School, *s.* a place for education
 Scho'lifellow, *s.* a fellow student
 Scho'zman, *s.* one skilled in the niceties of academical disputation, and in divinity
 Scho'zmaster, *s.* he who teaches in a school
 Scho'zmistress, *s.* she who keeps a school
 Sciag'raphy, *s.* the section of a building to shew the inside thereof the art of dialling; the art of sketching
 Sciat'ic, *a.* belonging to a sun-dial
 Sciat'ic, Sciat'ion, *s.* the hip-gout
 Sciat'ical, *a.* troubled with the hip-gout
 Sci'ence, *s.* knowledge, art attained by precepts; the seven liberal arts are grammar, rhetoric, logic, arithmetic, music, geometry, and astronomy
 Scien'tial, *a.* of or pertaining to science
 Scientif'ic, *a.* that promotes knowledge, &c.
 Scin'tar, *s.* a sword with a convex edge
 Scin'tillate, *v. n.* to sparkle, to emit sparks
 Scintillation, *s.* the act of sparkling
 Sc'olist, *s.* one of superficial knowledge
 Sc'ulous, *a.* knowing superficially
 Scum'achy, *s.* a bauble with a shadow
 Se'ion, *s.* a small twig or shoot; a graft
 Seirrh'osity, *s.* an induration of the glands
 Seir'rhous, *s.* an indurated gland
 Seis'sible, Seis'sile, *a.* that may be divided
 Seis'sion, *s.* the act of cutting
 Seis'sars, *s.* a small pair of shears
 Seis'sure, *s.* a crack, rent, fissure
 Selerot'ic, *a.* hard; rough
 Scoat, *v. n.* to stop the wheel of a carriage
 Scoff, *v. n.* to deride or mock, to ridicule
 Scoff'ingly, *ad.* in contempt, in ridicule
 Scold, *v. n.* to chide; quarrel clamorously
 Scoll'op, *s.* a fish; an indenting
 Sconce, *s.* a branched candlestick; a small fort; a bulwark; the head

Sooner, *v. a.* to mulct, to fine
Scoop, *s.* a large ladle; a sweep
Scoop, *v. a.* to lade out; to cut hollow
Scope, *s.* intention; drift; aim; space
Scorbutic, *a.* diseased with the scurvy
Scorch, *v.* to burn, to be dried up
Score, *s.* a long incision; line drawn; account; motive; the number twenty
Scorious, *a.* drossy, foul, worthless
Scorn, *s.* contempt—*v.* to scoff, to despise
Scornful, *a.* contemptuous, insolent, proud
Scornfully, *ad.* contemptuously, insolently
Scorpion, *s.* a reptile with a very venomous sting; a sign of the zodiac
Scot, *s.* a Scotchman; shot; payment
Scotch, *v. a.* to cut slightly
Scotch, **Scotchish**, *a.* relating to Scotland
Scot-free, *a.* excused from paying his scot
Scot'somy, *s.* a swimming in the head
Scotticism, *s.* a Scottish idiom
Scovel, *s.* mops for sweeping an oven
Scoundrel, *s.* a mean rascal, a villain
Scour, *v.* to cleanse; scamper; purge
Scourer, *s.* one who scours; a purge
Scourge, *s.* a whip, a lash; punishment
Scourge, *v. a.* to whip, punish, chastise
Scout, *s.* one who is sent privily to observe the motions of an enemy
Scout, *v. n.* to go out privately to observe
Scowl, *v. n.* to frown, look angry or sullen
Scrag, *s.* any thing lean or thin; the neck
Scraggy, *a.* lean, thin; rough, rugged
Scramble, *v. n.* to catch eagerly; to climb
Scramble, *s.* eager contest for any thing
Scranch, *v. a.* to grind between the teeth
Scranrel, *a.* vile, worthless, grating
Scrap, *s.* a small particle, fragment, bit
Scrape, *v.* to pare lightly; erase; shave
Scrape, *s.* difficulty, perplexity, distress
Scrapper, *s.* an iron utensil; a vile fiddler
Scratch, *v. a.* to tear with the nails; to wound slightly; to draw awkwardly
Scra'ches, *s.* a disease in horses
Scraw, *s.* the surface or scurf
Scrawl, *v. a.* to draw or write badly
Scream, *v. n.* to make a loud shrill noise
Scream, *v. n.* to cry out as in terror, &c.
Screech, *v. n.* to shriek, to cry as an owl
Screechowl, *s.* an owl that hoots by night
Screen, *v. a.* to shelter, hide; sift, ridicle
Screw, *s.* one of the mechanical powers
Scribble, *s.* worthless bad writing
Scribbler, *s.* a petty author, a bad writer
Scribe, *s.* a writer; secretary; public notary
Scrine, *s.* a repository for writings
Scrip, *s.* a small bag; a schedule; a small writing
Scriptory, *a.* written; not delivered orally
Scriptural, *a.* contained in the bible
Scripture, *s.* the bible, the sacred writings
Scripturer, *s.* one who draws contracts, &c.
Scrofula, *s.* the disease commonly called the king's evil
Scrofulous, *a.* diseased with the scrofula
Scroll, *s.* a writing wrapped up
Scrotum, *s.* the membrane which contains the seminal organs
Scrub, *s.* a mean fellow—*v. a.* to rub hard

Scrubbed, **Scrubby**, *a.* mean, vile, sorry
Scruple, *s.* a doubt, a weight of 20 grains
Scruple, *v. n.* to doubt, to hesitate
Scrupulous, *a.* nicely doubtful; vigilant
Searchable, *a.* that may be searched
Scrutinee'r, *s.* an examiner, an inquirer
Scrutinize, *v. a.* to examine thoroughly
Scrutinous, *a.* captious; full of inquiries
Scrutiny, *s.* a strict search or inquiry
Scutol're, *s.* a case of drawers for papers
Scud, *v.* to flee; to pass quickly
Scuffle, *s.* a confused quarrel or broil
Sculk, *v. n.* to lurk secretly; to lie close
Scull, *s.* the brain-pan; a small ear
Sculler, *s.* a small boat with one rower
Scullery, *s.* a place to clean and keep dishes
Scullion, *s.* a kitchen drudge
Sculp, *v. a.* to carve; to engrave—*s.* a print
Sculptile, *a.* made by engraving
Sculptor, *s.* a carver or engraver
Sculpture, *s.* art of carving, carved work
Scum, *s.* what rises to the top of any liquor
Scum, *v. a.* to clear off the scum
Scurf, *s.* a dry scab; scale; adherent stain
Scurfy, *a.* having scurf or scabs
Scurile, *a.* low, mean, lewdly jocose
Scurrility, *s.* grossness of reproach, approbrious language, lewdness of jocularity
Scurrinous, *a.* railing, saucy, abusive
Scurvily, *ad.* vilely, basely, coarsely
Scurviness, *s.* meanness, sourness, baseness
Scurvy, *s.* a disease—a scabbed, vile
Scurvy-grass, *s.* a plant; spoonwort
Scut, *s.* the tail of a hare or rabbit, &c.
Scutcheon, *s.* the field or ground on which a coat of arms is painted; pieces of brass placed over locks
Scuttle, *s.* a wide shallow basket for coals; a small grate; a quick pace—*v.* to cut holes in the deck or sides of a ship
Scythe, *s.* instrument for mowing grass, &c.
Sea, *s.* the ocean, a large lake
Seaboard, *s.* dashed by the waves of the sea
Seaborn, *a.* produced by the sea
Sea-boy, *s.* a boy employed on shipboard
Seaboard, *s.* the sea-shore
Seacalf, *s.* the seal, a sea animal
Seachart, *s.* a map of the sea-coast
Seacoal, *s.* pit-coal brought by sea
Seacompass, *s.* the mariner's compass
Seafaring, *a.* employed or living at sea
Seagirt, *a.* encircled by the sea
Seagull, *s.* a waterfowl
Seal, *s.* the sea-calf; a stamp; confirmation
Seal, *v.* to fasten with a seal, ratify, close
Sealing-wax, *s.* wax used to seal letters, &c.
Seam, *s.* what joins two pieces together; a measure of eight bushels; a scar; talrow
Seam, *v. a.* to join together; mark, scar
Seamaid, *s.* the mermaid
Seaman, *s.* a sailor, mariner; merman
Seamanship, *s.* naval skill
Seamew, *s.* a fowl that frequents the sea
Seamless, *a.* having no seam
Seamstress, *s.* one who lives by sewing
Seam, **Seine**, *s.* a kind of large fishing net
Seis'nymph, *s.* a goddess of the sea
Seis'place, *s.* a sea representation

- Sea'port, *s.* a harbour or port for ships
 Sear, *v. a.* to burn—*a.* dry; no longer green
 Seare, *s. a.* to sift finely—*s.* a fine sieve
 Search, *s.* an inquiry, quest, pursuit
 Search, *v.* to examine, to inquire, to seek
 Sea'cloth, *s.* a large strengthening plaster
 Sea'room, *s.* room at sea; far from the shore
 Sea'rover, *s.* a pirate
 Seaser'vice, *s.* duty at sea
 Sea'shore, *s.* the coast of the sea
 Sea'sick, *a.* sick by the motion of the sea
 Sea'son, *s.* one of the four parts of the year, spring, summer, autumn, winter; a fit time; a time not very long
 Sea'son, *v.* to give a relish to; to mature
 Sea'sonable, *a.* opportune, at a proper time
 Sea'soning, *s.* that which gives relish to
 Seat, *s.* a chair; mansion; situation
 Seat, *v. a.* to place on seats; fix; place firm
 Sea'ward, *ad.* towards the sea
 Se'cant, *a.* dividing into two parts—*s.* a line
 See'de, *v. a.* to withdraw from; to leave
 Sece'sion, *s.* the act of withdrawing from
 Se'cle, *s.* a century, an age
 Seclu'de, *v.* to shut up apart, to exclude
 Seclu'sion, *s.* a secluding, a separating
 Se'cond, *a.* the next to the first; inferior
 Se'cond, *s.* one who accompanies another in a duel; supporter; 60th part of a minute
 Se'cond, *v. a.* to support; to follow next
 Se'condarily, *ad.* in the second order or degree; not primarily or originally
 Se'condary, *a.* not primary—*s.* a delegate
 Se'condhand, *a.* not original; not primary
 Se'condly, *ad.* in the second place
 Se'condrate, *s.* the second order in dignity, value, or strength
 Se'crecy, *s.* privacy, solitude, close silence
 Se'cret, *a.* concealed, private, unknown
 Se'cret, *s.* a thing unknown, privacy
 Se'cretarship, *s.* the office of a secretary
 Se'cretary, *s.* one who writes for another
 Se'crete, *v. a.* to hide, conceal; separate
 Se'cretion, *s.* a separation of animal fluids
 Se'cretitious, *a.* parted by animal secretion
 Se'cretly, *ad.* privately, in secret
 Se'cretness, *s.* quality of keeping a secret
 Se'cretory, *a.* performing the office of secretion
 Sect, *s.* men united in certain tenets
 Secta'rian, *a.* belonging to sectaries
 Sec'tary, *s.* a follower of a particular sect
 Secta'tor, *s.* a follower; an imitator
 Se'ction, *s.* a distinct part of a writing or book; act of cutting; the part divided
 Sec'tor, *s.* a geometrical instrument
 Sec'ular, *a.* not bound by rules, worldly
 Sec'ularize, *v. a.* to convert to common use
 Sec'ularly, *ad.* in a worldly manner
 Sec'undine, *s.* the after-birth
 Secu're, *a.* free from fear or danger, safe
 Secu're, *v. a.* to make certain, to protect, to insure
 Secu'rely, *ad.* without danger; carelessly
 Secu'rity, *s.* protection, defense, pledge
 Sedan', *s.* a neat close chair for carriage
 Seda'te, *a.* calm, quiet, still, serene
 Seda'tely, *ad.* calmly, without disturbance
 Seda'teness, *s.* calmness, tranquillity
 Sed'entary, *a.* sitting much, inactive
 Sedge, *s.* a growth of narrow flags
 Sed'gy, *a.* overgrown with narrow flags
 Sed'iment, *s.* what settles at the bottom
 Sedit'ion, *s.* a tumult, an insurrection
 Sedit'ious, *a.* factious, mutinous, turbulent
 Seda'ce, *v. a.* to tempt, corrupt, mislead
 Seda'cement, *s.* the act of seducing
 Seda'cible, *a.* capable of being deceived
 Seduc'tion, *s.* the act of seducing
 Seduc'tive, *a.* apt to seduce or mislead
 Sedu'city, *s.* assiduity, application, industry
 Sed'uious, *a.* assiduous, industrious; painful
 See, *s.* the diocese of a bishop
 See, *v.* to perceive by the eye, to deary, to behold, to attend; to converse with
 Seed, *s.* the organised particle produced by plants and animals, from which new ones are generated; original; race
 Seed, *v. a.* to bring forth seed
 See'drake, *s.* a kind of sweet seedy cake
 See'dling, *s.* a plant just risen from the seed
 See'dpearl, *s.* small grains of pearl
 See'dsman, *s.* a sower, he who sows seed
 See'dtime, *s.* the season for sowing
 See'dy, *a.* abounding with seed
 See'ing, *s.* sight; vision—*ad.* since that
 Seek, *v.* to look for; solicit; make search
 Seel, *v. a.* to close the eyes
 Seem, *v. a.* to appear, to have semblance
 See'ming, *s.* appearance, show, opinion
 See'mingly, *ad.* in appearance, in semblance
 See'mliness, *s.* decency, grace, beauty
 See'mly, *a.* decent, becoming, proper, fit
 Seen, *part. a.* perceived, skilled, versed
 Seer, *s.* one who foresees events; a prophet
 See'saw, *s.* a reciprocating motion
 Seeth, *v.* to boil; to stew; to decoct in hot liquor; to be hot
 Seg'ment, *s.* a part of a circle comprehended between an arch and a chord thereof
 Seg'regate, *v. a.* to separate or to set apart
 Segrega'tion, *s.* a separation from others
 Seigneu'rial, *a.* invested with large power
 Se'gnior, *s.* an Italian title for lord
 Se'gnory, *s.* a lordship; a jurisdiction
 Se'ner, *s.* a fisher with nets
 Se'izable, *a.* that is liable to be seized
 Seize, *v.* to take by force; to fasten on
 Se'zin, *s.* the act of taking possession
 Seizure, *s.* act of seizing, the thing seized
 Se'ldom, *ad.* rarely, not frequently
 Se'lect, *v. a.* to choose in preference to others
 Se'lect, *a.* nicely chosen; called out
 Se'lection, *s.* the act of choosing
 Se'lenography, *s.* a description of the moon
 Self, *pron.* one's self, the individual
 Self'ish, *a.* void of regard for others
 Self'same, *s.* numerically the same
 Se'ltion, *s.* a ridge of land between furrows
 Sell, *v. a.* to part with for a price
 Sell'ander, *s.* a scab in a horse's pastern
 Sell'er, *s.* one who sells, a vender
 Sell'vage, *s.* the edge of cloth, &c.
 Selves, *s.* the plural of self
 Sem'blance, *s.* resemblance, appearance
 Sem'ble, *v. a.* to represent, make a likeness

Sem^l, *a.* in composition, signifies half
 Semian^{ular}, *a.* half round ; a ring
 Semibreve, *a.* a note in music
 Sem^{icircle}, *a.* half a circle
 Semio^{cular}, *a.* half round
 Semio^{lon}, *a.* a point made thus (:)
 Semidiam^{eter}, *a.* half a diameter
 Semidiphane^{ity}, *a.* half transparency
 Semidiaph^{anous}, *a.* half transparent
 Semifu^{id}, *a.* imperfectly fluid
 Semibu^{nar}, *a.* resembling a half moon
 Sem^{inal}, *a.* belonging to seed ; radical
 Sem^{inary}, *a.* a seed plot ; original ; school
 Semina^{tion}, *a.* the act of sowing
 Semini^{fic}, *a.* productive of seed
 Semipellu^{cid}, *a.* imperfectly clear
 Semiperspici^{uous}, *a.* not quite plain
 Sem^{quaver}, *a.* in music, a note contain-
 ing half the quantity of a quaver
 Sem^{itone}, *a.* half a tone or note in music
 Sem^{vowel}, *a.* a consonant which makes
 an imperfect sound. Semivowels are six
 in number, f, l, m, n, r, s
 Sempit^{ernal}, *a.* everlasting, perpetual
 Sempit^{ernity}, *a.* duration without end
 Sen^{ary}, *a.* containing the number six
 Sen^{ate}, *a.* an assembly of counsellors who
 share in the government, a parliament
 Sen^{ator}, *a.* a member of the senate
 Send, *v. a.* to despatch ; to commission
 Senes^{tude}, *a.* old age, ancientness
 Senes^{cence}, *a.* a growing old ; decay
 Sen^{eschal}, *a.* a steward ; high bailiff
 Sen^{ile}, *a.* relating to old age
 Senil^{ity}, *a.* old age
 Sen^{ior}, *a.* older than another
 Senio^{ry}, *a.* priority of birth, eldership
 Sen^{na}, *a.* a physical purge
 Sen^{night}, *a.* a week
 Sensa^{tion}, *a.* perception by the senses
 Sense, *a.* faculty of perceiving ; meaning
 Sen^{seless}, *a.* wanting sense, stupid
 Sensibi^{lity}, *a.* quickness of sensation
 Sen^{sible}, *a.* having quick intellectual feel-
 ing ; convinced, persuaded ; of good sense
 Sen^{sibly}, *ad.* with sense ; judiciously
 Sen^{sitive}, *a.* having sense, but not reason
 Sen^{sual}, *a.* pleasing to the senses ; carnal
 Senso^{rium}, Sen^{sory}, *a.* the seat of sense,
 the organ of sensation
 Sensual^{ity}, *a.* addiction to carnal pleasures
 Sen^{sualize}, *v. a.* to render sensual
 Sen^{sually}, *ad.* in a sensual manner
 Sent, *part. pass.* of send
 Sen^{tence}, *a.* a determination ; a period
 Sen^{tence}, *v. a.* to condemn, to judge
 Senten^{tial}, *a.* comprising sentences
 Senten^{tious}, *a.* short and energetic
 Senten^{tiously}, *ad.* by witty or pithy sen-
 tences
 Sen^{tory}, Sen^{try}, *a.* a watch, a sentinel
 Sen^{tient}, *a.* perceiving—*a.* one perceiving
 Sen^{timent}, *a.* thought, notion, opinion
 Sentimen^{tal}, *a.* abounding with senti-
 ment ; expressing quick intellectual feel-
 ing ; affecting sensibility
 Sen^{tinel}, *a.* a soldier on guard
 Sep^{arable}, *a.* that may be separated

Sep^{arate}, *v. a.* to break, disunite
 Sep^{arate}, *a.* divided, disunited from
 Sep^{arately}, *ad.* apart, singly, distinctly
 Se^{poy}, *a.* an Indian native who is a soldier
 in the infantry of the East-India Com-
 pany
 Sepa^{ration}, *a.* a disjunction, divorce
 Sept, *a.* a clan, race, generation
 Septem^{ber}, *a.* the ninth month of the year
 Septen^{ary}, *a.* consisting of seven
 Septen^{nal}, *a.* lasting seven years
 Septen^{trion}, *a.* the north ; Charles's-wain
 Septen^{trional}, *a.* relating to the north
 Septen^{trionate}, *v. a.* to tend northerly
 Sep^{tic}, *a.* tending to produce putrefaction
 Septila^{teral}, *a.* having seven sides
 Septuagen^{ary}, Septuages^{imal}, *a.* consist-
 ing of seventy
 Septuagint, *a.* the old Greek version of the
 Old Testament, so called, as being sup-
 posed the work of 72 interpreters
 Septu^{ple}, *a.* seven times as much
 Sepul^{chral}, *a.* relating to burial, &c.
 Sepul^{chre}, *a.* a tomb, grave, monument
 Sepul^{ture}, *a.* interment, burial
 Sequa^{cious}, *a.* following ; attendant ; ductile
 Sequa^{cility}, *a.* ductility ; toughness
 Seq^{uel}, *a.* a conclusion ; consequence
 Seq^{uence}, *a.* a following order
 Seq^{uent}, *a.* following ; consequential
 Sequ^{eter}, *v. a.* to put aside ; deprive of
 Sequ^{estrable}, *a.* that may be separated
 Sequestra^{tion}, *a.* deprivation of profits
 Sequestra^{tor}, *a.* he into whose custody the
 thing in dispute is committed
 Seragl^{io}, *a.* a house where eastern concu-
 tines are kept
 Seraph, *a.* one of the orders of angels
 Seraph^{ic}, *a.* angelic, angelical
 Seraphim, *a.* the plural of Seraph
 Ser^e, Ser^e, *a.* withered ; no longer green
 Serena^{de}, *a.* music by lovers in the night
 Ser^{ene}, *a.* calm, placid, quiet, unruffled
 Ser^{enely}, *ad.* calmly, quietly, coolly
 Ser^{eneness}, Seren^{ity}, *a.* calmness, peace
 Seren^{itude}, *a.* calmness, coolness of mind
 Serf, *a.* a slave employed in husbandry
 Serge, *a.* a kind of thin woollen cloth
 Ser^{geant}, *a.* a petty officer in the army ;
 a degree in law next below a judge
 Series, *a.* sequence, succession, order
 Ser^{ious}, *a.* grave, solemn, important
 Ser^{iously}, *ad.* gravely, solemnly, in earnest
 Ser^{mon}, *a.* a pious instructive discourse
 Ser^{monize}, *v. a.* to preach a sermon
 Seros^{ity}, *a.* thin watery part of the blood
 Sero^{us}, *a.* thin, watery, adapted to serum
 Ser^{pent}, *a.* a snake ; a musical instrument
 Ser^{pentine}, *a.* winding like a serpent
 Serp^{itious}, *a.* diseased with a triter
 Serp^{igo}, *a.* a kind of tetter
 Ser^{rate}, Ser^{rated}, *a.* jagged like a saw
 Ser^{ving}, *a.* the act of driving close
 Ser^{vant}, *a.* one who serves another
 Serve, *v.* to attend at command, to assist
 Ser^{vies}, *a.* an office ; obedience, favour
 Ser^{viseable}, *a.* active, diligent, useful
 Ser^{vile}, *a.* slavish, mean, fawning

Servilely, *ad.* meanly, slavishly, pitifully
Servility, *s.* slavishness, meanness
Servicingman, *s.* a menial servant
Servitor, *s.* the lowest rank in a college
Servitude, *s.* slavery, dependance
Serum, *s.* the watery part of the blood
Sesquialteral, *a.* one and a half more
Sess, *s.* a rate, a tax; *cuss* charged
Session, *s.* a sitting of magistrates
Set, *v.* to place, to fix, to frame, to plant
Set, *part. a.* regular, in a formal manner
Set, *s.* a complete suit or assortment
Setaceous, *a.* bristly, set with strong hairs
Seton, *s.* an issue, or rowel
Settee, *s.* a long seat with a back
Setter, *s.* one who sets; a kind of dog
Settle, *s.* a seat, a bench with a seat
Settle, *v.* to fix, confirm, determine, sink
Settled, *a.* confirmed, determined
Settlement, *s.* act of settling; legal possession; subsidence; a colony; a jointure
Seven, *a.* four and three, one more than six
Sevenfold, *a.* repeated seven times
Sevenight, *Sevenight*, *s.* a week
Seventeen, *a.* ten and seven
Seventhly, *ad.* in the seventh place
Serventy, *a.* seven times ten
Sever, *v.* to force asunder, divide, disjoin
Severai, *a.* divers, many, distinct
Severally, *ad.* distinctly, separately
Severe, *a.* sharp, austere, cruel, painful
Severely, *ad.* painfully, afflictively, horribly
Severity, *s.* cruel treatment, rigour
Sew, *v. a.* to join with a needle and thread
Sewer, *s.* an officer who serves up a feast;
 a passage for water to run through
Sex, *s.* the distinction of male and female
Sexagenary, *a.* aged sixty years
Sexagesima, *s.* second Sunday before Lent
Sexagesimal, *a.* numbered by sixties
Sexangular, *a.* having six angles
Sexennial, *a.* lasting six years
Sextant, *s.* the sixth part of a circle
Sextile, *s.* the distance of 60 degrees
Sexton, *s.* an under officer of the church
Sextonship, *s.* the office of a sexton
Sextuple, *a.* sixfold, six times told
Sexual, *a.* relating to the sex
Shabbily, *ad.* meanly, reproachfully
Shabbiness, *s.* meanness, raggedness
Shabby, *a.* ragged, mean, slovenly, paltry
Shackle, *v. a.* to chain, to fetter, to link
Shackles, *s.* fetters, chains, gyves
Shade, *s.* a shadow; screen, shelter
Shade, *v. a.* to cover from light or heat
Shadow, *s.* a shade, faint representation
Shadow, *v. a.* to cloud, darken; represent
Shadowy, *a.* full of shade; gloomy
Shady, *a.* secure from light or heat; cool
Shaft, *s.* an arrow; narrow deep pit; a spire
Shag, *s.* a rough hair; rough cloth; a bird
Shagged, *Shaggy*, *a.* rough, rugged, hairy
Shagreen, *s.* a fish-skin remarkably rough
Shagreen, *v. a.* to provoke, to irritate
Shake, *v.* to tremble, to totter, to be agitated
Shake, *s.* a vibratory motion; concussion
Shall, an auxiliary verb, denoting future time

Shalloon, *s.* a slight woollen stuff
Shallop, *s.* a small vessel
Shallow, *a.* not deep; futile; silly
Shallow, *s.* a sand; a flat; a shoal
Shallowness, *s.* a want of depth or thought
Shalot, *s.* a kind of small onion
Shalt, second person of *shall*
Sham, *v. n.* to counterfeit, trick, cheat
Sham, *s.* a delusion, imposture, trick
Sham, *a.* false, counterfeit, fictitious
Shambles, *s.* a butchery, place to sell meat
Shambling, *a.* moving awkwardly
Shame, *s.* reproach, ignominy, disgrace
Shame, *v.* to make ashamed, to disgrace
Shamefaced, *a.* modest, bashful, sheepish
Shameful, *a.* disgraceful, ignominious
Shamefully, *ad.* disgracefully, infamously
Shameless, *a.* impudent, audacious
Shamoin, *Shamoin*, *s.* a wild goat
Shamrock, *s.* a three-leaved Irish grass
Shank, *s.* middle joint of the leg; the handle
Shape, *v. a.* to form, mould, image, create
Shape, *s.* a form, make, proportion
Shapeless, *a.* wanting regularity of form
Shapefulness, *s.* beauty of proportion or form
Shapely, *a.* well-formed, symmetrical
Shard, *s.* a piece of a pot; plant; fish; frith
Sharded, *a.* sheathwinged
Share, *s.* a portion; dividend; plough blade
Share, *v. a.* to divide, partake of, cut
Sharer, *s.* one who divides, a partaker
Shark, *s.* a voracious sea-fish; a sharper
Sharp, *a.* keen, piercing, acute, sour
Sharpen, *v. a.* to make keen; make quick
Sharper, *s.* a cheating tricking fellow
Sharply, *ad.* severely, keenly, afflictively
Sharpness, *s.* keenness; ingenuity; severity
Sharpset, *a.* eager, vehemently desirous
Sharpsighted, *a.* having quick sight
Shaster, *s.* the Gentoo scriptures
Shatter, *v.* to break into pieces; to impair
Shatterbrained, *a.* inattentive, giddy
Shave, *v. a.* to pare close with a razor, &c.
Shaver, *s.* one who shaves; a sharp dealer
Shaving, *s.* a thin slice pared off any thing
Shaw, *s.* a thicket, a small wood
Shawl, *s.* a kind of cloak
She, the female personal pronoun
Sheaf, *s.* a bundle of new cut corn; a heap
Shear, *v. a.* to strip or cut off with shears
Shearer, *s.* one that shears sheep, &c.
Shears, *s.* an instrument with two blades
Shearman, *s.* he that shears
Sheath, *s.* a scabbard, the case of any thing
Sheath, *Sheathe*, *v. a.* to put into a sheath
Sheathy, *a.* forming a sheath
Shed, *s.* a shelter made of boards, &c.
Shed, *v.* to spill, to scatter, to let fall
Shen, *s.* brightness, splendour—*a.* bright
Sheep, *s.* a well-known animal
Sheepcot, *Sheepfold*, *s.* an inclosure to pen sheep in
Sheepish, *a.* over-modest, bashful, timorous
Sheepshearing, *s.* the time of shearing sheep
 a feast made when sheep are shorn
Sheep's-eye, *s.* a loving sly look
Sheepwalk, *s.* a pasture for sheep
Sheer, *a.* clear, pure, unmingled

Sheet, *s.* linen for a bed; a sail; paper, &c.
 Sheet'ing, *s.* cloth for making sheets
 Sheet-an'-chor, *s.* the largest anchor
 She'kel, *s.* a Jewish coin, value 2s. 6d.
 Shelf, *s.* a board fastened against a wall,
 &c. to place things on; a sand bank in
 the sea; a rock under shallow water
 Shell, *s.* the hard covering of anything, &c.
 Shell, *v.* to strip off or cast the shell
 Shell'fish, *s.* a fish covered with a shell
 She'll'y, *s.* abounding with shells
 She'ter, *s.* a cover from injury; protection
 She'ty, *s.* a small Scottish horse
 She'ter, *v.* to defend, protect, give shelter
 She'ving, *s.* sloping, slanting
 She'vy, *a.* shallow; full of banks; rocky
 Shep'herd, *s.* one who tends sheep
 Shep'herdess, *s.* a lass that tends sheep
 Shep'herdy, *s.* the work of a shepherd
 Sherbet', *s.* mixture of acid, water, and sugar
 Sher'iff, *s.* a chief annual county officer
 Sher'iffalty, *s.* the office of the sheriff
 Sher'ry, *s.* a kind of Spanish white wine
 Shield, *s.* a buckler, defence, protection
 Shield, *v. a.* to cover, to defend, to secure
 Shift, *s.* an evasion; a woman's body linen
 Shift, *v.* to change, alter, practise evasions
 Shift'er, *s.* an artful person, a trickster
 Shift'less, *a.* wanting expedients to act, &c.
 Shil'ling, *s.* a silver coin, value 12 pence
 Shillishal'li, *s.* wavering, hesitating
 Shil'ly, *ad.* not frankly, not familiarly
 Shin, *s.* the fore part of the leg
 Shine, *v. n.* to gladden, to glitter, to be con-
 spicuous; to be glossy, gay, splendid
 Shine, *s.* fair weather; lustre, splendour
 Shin'ess, *s.* unwillingness, reservedness
 Shin'gles, *s.* a disease; a kind of tetter;
 thin boards, &c. to cover houses
 Shiny, *a.* bright, luminous, splendid
 Ship, *s.* a large vessel to sail on the sea
 Ship, *v. a.* to put on board a ship
 Ship'board, *ad.* on board or in a ship
 Ship'man, *s.* a sailor, a seafaring man
 Ship'ping, *s.* vessels for navigation
 Ship'wreck, *s.* loss of a ship by rocks, &c.
 Ship'wright, *s.* a ship carpenter or builder
 Shire, *s.* a division of the kingdom, a county
 Shirt, *s.* a man's under linen garment
 Shirt'less, *a.* wanting a shirt
 Shir'tah, Shir'tim, *s.* a sort of precious wood
 Shift'lecock, *s.* a plaything for children
 Shive, *s.* a slice of bread, a thick splinter
 Shiver, *v.* to quake, to tremble, to shatter
 Shoal, *s.* a crowd; shallow; sand bank
 Sho'ly, *a.* full of shoals or shallows
 Shock, *s.* a conflict, a concussion; an offence
 Shock, *v.* to shake violently; to disgust;
 to offend, to be offensive
 Shock'ing, *a.* disgusting, dreadful, violent
 Shod, *pref. and part. pass. of shoe*
 Shoe, *s.* the outer cover of the foot
 Sho'boy, *s.* a boy that cleans shoes
 Sho'inghorn, *s.* a horn to draw on shoes
 Sho'maker, *s.* one who makes shoes
 Sho'string, *s.* a ribbon to tie the shoes
 Shog, *s.* violent concussion—*v.* to shake
 Shone, the *pref. of shine*

Shook, the *pref. of shake*
 Shoot, *v.* to discharge a gun, &c. to gen-
 erminate; to push forward; to jet out;
 to move swiftly; to feel a quick pain
 Sho'ter, *s.* one that shoots, an archer
 Shop, *s.* a place for sale or for work
 Shop'board, *s.* a bench or table to work on
 Shop'keeper, *s.* one who sells in a shop
 Shop'lift'er, *s.* one who under pretence of
 buying takes occasion to steal
 Shop'man, *s.* a foreman, &c. in a shop
 Shore, Shorn, *pref. and part. of shear*
 Shore, *s.* coast of the sea, &c. a drain; but-
 tress; the support of a building
 Sho'reless, *a.* having no shore
 Short, *a.* not long; scanty; brittle
 Sho'rten, *v. a.* to make short, contract, lop
 Sho'rthand, *s.* compendious writing
 Sho'rtilved, *a.* not living or lasting long
 Sho'r'ly, *ad.* quickly, soon; concisely, briefly
 Sho'rtness, *s.* the quality of being short
 Short'sighted, *a.* defective in the sight
 Shot, *pref. and part. pass. of shoot*
 Shot, *s.* balls for guns, &c. a reckoning
 Shot'free, *a.* clear of the reckoning
 Shot'ten, *a.* having ejected the spawn
 Shove, *v.* to push by main strength, to push
 Shove, *s.* the act of shoving, a push
 Sho'v'el, *s.* an instrument for digging, &c.
 Sho'v'elboard, *s.* a game and table to play on
 Shough, *s.* a species of shaggy dog
 Should, *auxiliary v.* denoting supposition,
 duty, doubt, &c.
 Shou'lder, *s.* the joint that connects the
 arm to the body; a prominence
 Shou'lder, *v. a.* to put on the shoulder; jostle
 Shou'lderbelt, *s.* a belt for the shoulder
 Shou'lderknot, *s.* a knot of lace or ribbon
 worn on the shoulder
 Shout, *s.* a loud huzza of triumph, &c.
 Shout, *v. n.* to cry in triumph, &c.
 Show, *v.* to exhibit; prove; direct; teach
 Show, *s.* an exhibition; semblance; pomp
 Show'er, *s.* moderate or violent rain
 Show'er, *v. a.* to wet; scatter with liberality
 Show'ery, *a.* rainy, inclinable to showers
 Shown, *pref. and part. pass. of show*
 Show'y, *a.* splendid, gaudy, ostentatious
 Shrank, *pref. of shrink*
 Shred, *s.* a small piece, a fragment
 Shrew, *s.* a peevish clamorous woman
 Shrewd, *a.* cunning, smart, turbulent
 Shrew'dly, *ad.* cunningly, wittily, sily,
 with strong suspicion
 Shrick, *v. n.* to scream—*s.* an inarticulate
 cry of anguish or horror
 Shrift, *s.* confession made to a priest
 Shril, *a.* sounding with an acute, tremu-
 lous, or vibrating sound
 Shril'ness, *s.* sharpness of sound
 Shrimp, *s.* a small sea shellfish; a dwarf
 Shrine, *s.* a cabinet or case to hold relics, &c.
 Shrink, *v.* to contract itself; to express fear,
 pain, &c. by contracting the body
 Shrive, *v. a.* to hear at confession
 Shriv'el, *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles
 Shroud, *s.* dress of the dead; a shelter
 Shroud, *v.* to shelter, to conceal, to harbour

Shrovetide, *s.* the Tuesday before Lent
 Shroud, *s.* a shelter, a cover—*v.* to cover
 Shrouds, *s.* large ropes extended from the mast-head to the sides of a ship, to support the masts, and enable them to carry sail
 Shrub, *s.* a bush; spirit with acid and sugar
 Shrubbery, *s.* a plantation of shrubs
 Shrubby, *a.* full of or like shrubs
 Shrug, *v. a.* to contract or draw up
 Shrug, *s.* a contracting of the shoulders to signify contempt, pity, or aversion
 Shrunk, *Shrun'ken*, *part.* of *shrink*
 Shud'der, *v. n.* to quake with fear, &c.
 Shuffle, *v.* to dodge; to shift; to play mean tricks; to change the position of the cards; to move with an irregular gait
 Shuffle, *s.* a disordering of things; a trick
 Shufflecap, *s.* a kind of play or game
 Shuffler, *s.* he who plays tricks or shuffles
 Shun, *v. a.* to avoid, to endeavour to escape
 Shut, *v.* to close, confine, exclude, contract
 Shutter, *s.* a cover for a window, &c.
 Shuttle, *s.* an instrument used in weaving
 Shy, *a.* reserved, cautious, suspicious
 Sib, *a.* related by blood
 Sibylant, *a.* hissing
 Sibyllian, *s.* a hissing sound
 Sibyl, *s.* a pagan prophetess
 Siccation, *s.* the act of drying
 Siccity, *s.* dryness, want of moisture
 Dice, *s.* the number six at dice
 Sick, *a.* afflicted with disease; disgusted
 Sick, *v. n.* to sicken; to take a disease
 Sick'en, *v.* to make sick; disgust; decay
 Sick'le, *s.* a hook for reaping corn
 Sick'ly, *a.* not healthy, faint, weak
 Sick'ness, *s.* a disease, disorder of the body
 Side, *s.* the rib part of animals; the edge
 Side, *a.* not direct—*v. n.* to join with
 Sideboard, *s.* a side table on which conveniences are placed
 Side'long, *a.* lateral, oblique, not direct
 Side'ral, Side'ral, Side'rean, *a.* starry
 Side'rated, *a.* planet-struck; blasted
 Side'ration, *s.* a mortification; a blast
 Side'saddle, *s.* a woman's seat on horseback
 Side'sman, *s.* an assistant to a churchwarden
 Side'ways, Side'wise, *ad.* on one side
 Side, *v. n.* to walk sideways
 Siege, *s.* the besieging a fortified place
 Sieve, *s.* hair or lawn strained on a hoop
 Sift, *v. a.* to put through a sieve; to examine
 Sifter, *s.* he who sifts; a sieve
 Sigh, *s.* a mournful breathing, a sob
 Sight, *s.* the sense of seeing; a show
 Sightless, *a.* blind, not sightly; offensive
 Sightliness, *s.* handsomeness, seemliness
 Sightly, *a.* comely, seemly
 Sig'ill, *s.* a seal; a kind of charm
 Sign, *s.* a token, miracle, symbol, device
 Sign, *v. a.* to mark, to ratify by writing
 Sig'nal, *s.* a sign that gives notice, mark
 Sig'nal, *a.* memorable, remarkable
 Sig'nalise, *v. a.* to make remarkable
 Sig'nally, *ad.* remarkably, memorably
 Sig'nature, *s.* a mark, sign; among printers a letter to distinguish different sheets
 Sig'net, *s.* a seal, especially the king's

Significancy, *s.* meaning, force, energy
 Significant, *a.* expressive, important
 Significantly, *ad.* with force of expression
 Signification, *s.* a meaning by sign or word
 Significative, *a.* strongly expressive
 Sig'nify, *v.* to declare, to mean, to import
 Signior, *s.* a title of respect among the Italians and Turks
 Signiory, *s.* lordship; dominion
 Silence, *s.* stillness, taciturnity, secrecy
 Silence, *infer.* commanding silence
 Silent, *a.* mute, still, quiet, not speaking
 Silently, *ad.* without speech or noise
 Silic'ious, *a.* made of hair; flinty
 Sil'ique, Sil'iquous, *a.* having a pod
 Silk, *s.* a fine soft thread, spun by silk worms; any thing made of it.
 Sil'ken, *a.* made of silk; soft; tender
 Sil'kmercer, *s.* a dealer in silk
 Sil'kweaver, *s.* a weaver of silken stuffs
 Sil'kworm, *s.* the worm that spins silk
 Sil'ky, *a.* made of silk, soft, pliant
 Sill, *s.* the foot of a door-case, &c.
 Sil'labub, Sil'libub, *s.* a liquor made of milk, cider or wine, sugar, &c.
 Sil'liness, *s.* simplicity; weakness
 Sil'y, *a.* harmless, weak, simple, foolish
 Sil'van, *a.* woody, full of woods
 Sil'ver, *s.* a white hard metal
 Sil'ver, *a.* made of or like silver
 Sil'vermith, *s.* one who deals in silver, &c.
 Simar, *s.* a woman's loose robe
 Sim'lar, *a.* of a like form or quality
 Similarity, *s.* likeness, resemblance
 Sim'le, *s.* a comparison for illustration
 Similitude, *s.* likeness, comparison
 Sim'mer, *v. n.* to boil gently or slowly
 Sim'nel, *s.* a kind of sweet bread or cake
 Sim'on'acal, *a.* guilty of buying or selling ecclesiastical preferment
 Sim'ony, *s.* the crime of buying or selling church preferments
 Sim'per, *v. n.* to smile or look pleasantly
 Sim'per, *s.* a kind of pleasant smile
 Sim'ple, *a.* plain, artless; unmingled; silly
 Sim'ple, *s.* a single ingredient; an herb, &c.
 Sim'ple, *v. n.* to gather simples
 Sim'pler, Sim'plist, *s.* an herbalist
 Sim'pleton, *s.* a silly or simple person
 Simple'ity, *s.* plainness, weakness
 Sim'plify, *v. a.* to render plain
 Sim'ply, *ad.* without art, foolishly
 Sim'ular, *s.* one that counterfeits
 Sim'ulate, *v. a.* to feign, to counterfeit
 Sim'ulation, *s.* a dissembling, feigning
 Simultaneous, *a.* acting together
 Sin, *s.* a violation of the laws of God
 Sin, *v. n.* to violate the laws of God
 Since, *ad.* because that, before this; ago
 Sincere, *a.* pure, honest, uncorrupt
 Sincerity, *s.* purity of mind, honesty
 Sin'don, *s.* a fold, a wrapper
 Sine, *s.* a kind of geometrical line
 Sine'cure, *s.* an office which has revenue without any employment
 Sin'ew, *s.* a tendon, muscle, or nerve
 Sin'ewed, *a.* furnished with sinews, strong, firm, vigorous

Sin'ewy, *a.* nervous, strong, forcible
Sin'ful, *a.* not holy; wicked, profane
Sing, *v.* to form the voice to melody; to celebrate; to give praises to; to relate or mention in poetry
Singe, *v. a.* to scorch, to burn slightly
Singer, *s.* one skilled in singing
Single, *a.* alone, unmarried, individual
Sin'gleness, *a.* not duplicity; sincerity
Sin'gly, *ad.* individually, only, by himself
Sin'gular, *a.* only one; particular; rare
Singular'ity, *s.* any thing remarkable; a curiosity; a distinguished character
Singularly, *ad.* particularly; strangely
Sin'gult, *a.* a sigh
Sin'ister, *a.* bad, perverse, corrupt, unfair
Sin'ster, *a.* being on the left hand
Sink, *v.* to fall gradually, settle, decline
Sink, *s.* a drain, jakes, place of filth
Sin'less, *a.* exempt from sin, innocent
Sin'ner, *s.* an offender, a criminal
Sin'offering, *s.* an expiation for sin
Sin'oper, **Sin'opie**, *s.* a kind of red earth
Sin'uous, *a.* bending in and out
Sin'us, *s.* a bay of the sea; gulf; opening
Sip, *v.* to drink by small draughts
Sip, *s.* a small draught, small mouthful
Sip'hon, *s.* a pipe to draw off liquors
Sip'pet, *s.* a small top
Sir, *s.* a word of respect to men; a title
Sire, *s.* a father; a male
Sir'ens, *s.* sea-monsters who enticed men by singing, and then devoured them
Sir'ius, *s.* the great dog-star
Sir'name, *s.* the family name
Sirocco, *s.* the south-east, or Syrian wind
Sir'rah, *s.* a name of reproach and insult
Sir'up, *s.* vegetable juice boiled with sugar
Sis'ter, *s.* a woman born of one's parents
Sis'terhood, *s.* women of the same society
Sis'terly, *a.* like or becoming a sister
Sit, *v.* to repose on a seat; to incubate
Site, *s.* situation, local position
Since, *ad.* since; seeing that
Sithe, *s.* the instrument of mowing
Sit'ting, *s.* the act of resting on a seat
Sit'uate, **Situated**, *a.* placed; lying
Situa'tion, *s.* a position; condition; state
Six, *a.* twice three, one more than five
Six'fold, *a.* six times told
Six'pence, *s.* half a shilling
Six'score, *a.* six times twenty
Six'teen, *a.* six and ten
Sixth, *a.* the next after the fifth
Six'thly, *ad.* in the sixth place
Six'tieth, *a.* the tenth six times repeated
Six'ty, *a.* six times ten
Size, *s.* bulk; a glutinous substance
Si'zable, *a.* reasonably bulky
Si'zer, *s.* a student of the lowest rank at the university of Cambridge
Si'zy, *a.* glutinous, viscous, ropy
Skate, *s.* a flat sea-fish; a sliding shoe
Skate, *v. n.* to slide on ice with skates
Skenn, *s.* a short sword; a knife
Skein, *s.* a hank of silk, thread, &c.
Skel'eton, *s.* the bones of the body preserved as in their natural situation

Skel'tum, *s.* a villain, a scoundrel
Sketch, *s.* an outline; rough draught
Sketch, *v. n.* to trace the outlines; to plan
Skew, *v. n.* to squint; to look disdainfully
Skew'er, *s.* a sort of pin to truss meat
Skiff, *s.* a small light boat
Skiff'ul, *a.* knowing, experienced
Skil'fully, *ad.* with skill, dexterously
Skill, *s.* knowledge, experience, dexterity
Skil'ed, *a.* knowing, acquainted with
Skil'let, *s.* a small kettle or boiler
Skin, *v.* to take off the scum; pass lightly
Skim'mer, *s.* a ladle to take off the scum
Skim'milk, *s.* milk deprived of its cream
Skin, *s.* the hide, pelt; rind of fruit
Skin, *v. a.* to flay; to uncover; to heal
Skin'ker, *s.* one that serves drink
Skin'ner, *s.* a dealer in skins
Skin'ny, *a.* wanting flesh, thin, lean
Skip, *v.* to pass by quick leaps; to miss
Skip, *s.* a light leap or bound
Skip'jack, *s.* an upstart; a lackey
Skip'per, *s.* a ship-master or ship-boy
Skir'mish, *s.* a slight fight, a contest
Skirt, *s.* the edge, margin, extreme part
Skit, *s.* a whim; lampoon; insinuation
Skit'tles, *s.* the play of ninepins
Skit'tish, *a.* easily frightened; wanton; fickle
Skreen, *s.* a coarse sieve; a shelter
Skreen, *v. a.* to sift; to shade; to shelter
Skue, *a.* oblique, sidelong
Skulk, *v. n.* to hide; lurk in fear or malice
Skull, *s.* the bone that encloses the head
Sky, *s.* the heavens, the firmament
Sky'lark, *s.* a bird that soars and sings
Sky'light, *s.* a window in the roof
Sky'rocket, *s.* a kind of rising firework
Slab, *s.* a plane of stone; a puddle
Slab'ber, *v.* to drivel, to shed; to spill
Slab'by, *a.* flashy, dirty, thick, viscous
Slack, *a.* not tense, loose, remiss, relaxed
Slack, **Slack'en**, *v.* to be remiss, abate, flag
Slack, *s.* coal broken into small parts
Slack'ness, *s.* looseness; negligence
Slag, *s.* the dross or recement of metals
Slain, *part. pass.* of *slay*
Slake, *v.* to quench, extinguish, be relaxed
Slam, *s.* winning all the tricks at cards
Slam, *v. a.* to win all the tricks; to crush
Slan'der, *s.* false invective; reproach
Slan'der, *v. a.* to backbite, to scandalize
Slan'derer, *s.* one who belies another
Slan'derous, *a.* falsely abusive
Slant, *v. a.* to cast obliquely or sideways
Slant, **Slan'ting**, *a.* oblique, sloping
Slap, *v. a.* to strike with the open hand
Slap'dash, *ad.* all at once, suddenly
Slash, *v.* to cut; lash; strike at random
Slash, *s.* a wound; a cut in cloth, &c.
Slate, *s.* a gray fossil stone—*v. a.* to cover the roof
Sla'ter, *s.* one who covers with slates
Sla'tern, *s.* a negligent careless woman
Slave, *s.* one deprived of freedom
Slave, *v. n.* to drudge, to mool, to toil
Slav'er, *s.* to emit or smear with spittle
Slav'ery, *s.* the condition of a slave
Slaught'er, *s.* destruction with a sword

Slau'ghter, *v. a.* to massacre, to slay
 Slau'ghterhouse, *a.* a house in which beasts are killed by the butcher

Slau'ghterman, *a.* one employed in killing
 Sla'vish, *a.* servile, mean, base, dependant
 Sla'vishness, *a.* servility, meanness

Slay, *v. a.* to kill, butcher, put to death

Slea'y, *a.* thin, slight, wanting substance

Sled, Sledge, *a.* a carriage without wheels;
 a smith's large hammer

Sleek, Sleek'y, *a.* smooth, glossy, delicate

Slee'kness, *a.* smoothness, glossiness

Sleep, *a.* repose, rest, slumber—*v. n.* to rest

Slee'piness, *a.* drowsiness, heaviness

Slee'ping, *a.* the act of taking rest in sleep

Slee'pless, *a.* without sleep; watchful

Slee'py, *a.* drowsy, sluggish, causing sleep

Sleet, *a.* a kind of smooth small snow, &c.

Slee'ty, *a.* bringing sleet

Sleeve, *a.* the dress covering the arm

Slee'vebutton, *a.* a button for the sleeve

Slee'veless, *a.* having no sleeves

Sleight, *a.* dexterous practice, art, trick

Slend'er, *a.* thin, small, not bulky; sparing

Slept, *pret. of sleep*

Slew, *pret. of slay*

Slice, *v.* to cut into thin pieces, to divide

Slide, *v.* to glide on ice; pass unnoticed

Slide, *a.* a frozen place to slide on

Slight, *a.* small; worthless; not strong

Slight, *a.* neglect; contempt; artifice; scorn

Slight, *v. a.* to neglect, to disregard

Slight'ingly, *ad.* with disdain, negligently

Slightly, *ad.* negligently, scornfully; weakly

Sligh'tness, *a.* weakness; negligence

Slim, *a.* slender, thin of shape

Slime, *a.* any glutinous substance, mud

Slim'ness, *a.* slenderness, thinness of shape

Slimy, *a.* viscous, glutinous, ropy

Sif'ness, *a.* low cunning, craftiness, artifice

Sling, *a.* a missile weapon for stones; a

stroke; a throw

Sling, *v. a.* to throw by a sling, &c.

Slink, *v.* to sneak away; to cast its young

Slip, *v.* to slide; fall into error; to fall out

of the memory; convey secretly

Slip, *a.* a false step; mistake; twig; escape

Slip'board, *a.* a board sliding in grooves

Slip'knot, *a.* bow-knot, a knot easily untied

Slip'per, *a.* a morning shoe, a loose shoe

Slip'pery, Slip'py, *a.* glib; uncertain

Slip'shod, *a.* not having the shoe pulled up

Slip'slop, *a.* bad or insipid liquor

Slit, *v. a.* to cut any thing lengthwise

Slit, *a.* a long cut or narrow opening

Slit'er, *v. a.* to split—a branch torn off

Slits, *a.* the under parts of a cart

Slit'ber, *v.* to slaver, to wet with spittle

Sloe, *a.* the fruit of the blackthorn

Sloop, *a.* a small sea-vessel

Slop, *v. a.* to dash with water; drink hastily

Slope, *a.* a declivity, an oblique direction

Slope, *a.* oblique, not perpendicular

Slope, Slo'pewise, Slo'pingly, *ad.* obliquely

Slop'py, *a.* miry and wet, plashy

Sloth, *a.* slowness, idleness; an animal

Sloth'ful, *a.* idle, lazy, sluggish, inactive

Sloth'fully, *ad.* with sloth, lazily

Slouch, *a.* a downcast look; a man who looks heavy and clownish

Slouch'ing, *a.* walking awkwardly

Slow'en, *a.* one dirtily or carelessly dressed

Slow'enly, *a.* negligent, not neat; dirty

Slow'enly, *ad.* in a coarse inelegant manner

Slough, *a.* a deep miry place; the skin

which a serpent casts off periodically

Slough'y, *a.* miry, boggy, muddy

Slow, *a.* not swift; late; dull; tardy

Slow'y, *ad.* not speedily, not rashly

Slow'ness, *a.* want of velocity; deliberation

Slow'worm, *a.* a small worm or viper

Slut'ber, *v. a.* to do a thing lazily; to daut

Slubberdegul'ion, *a.* a mean dirty wretch

Sludge, *a.* mire, dirt mixed with water

Slug, *a.* an idler, a drone; a slow snail

Slug'ard, *a.* a drone, an idle lazy fellow

Slug'ish, *a.* dull, drowsy, lazy, slothful

Slug'ishly, *ad.* dully, not nimbly, sily

Sluice, *a.* a water-gate, a flood-gate

Sluice, *v. a.* to emit by flood-gates

Slum'ber, *v.* to sleep lightly, to doze

Slum'ber, *a.* light sleep, repose

Slum'berous, *a.* causing sleep, sleepy

Slung, *pret. and part. of sling*

Slunk, *pret. and part. of slink*

Slur, *a.* a slight disgrace—*v. a.* to tully, sell

Slut, *a.* a dirty woman; a word of contempt

Slut'ish, *a.* nasty, dirty, not cleanly

Slut'tishness, *a.* nastiness; dirtiness

Sly, *a.* meanly artful, secretly insidious

Sly'y, *ad.* with secret artifice, insidiously

Smack, *a.* taste, savour; a loud kiss

Small, *a.* little, slender; minute; petty

Small'coal, *a.* small wood coals used in light-

ing fires

Smal'craft, *a.* vessels less than ships

Smal'ness, *a.* minuteness; weakness

Small'pox, *a.* an eruptive malignant dis-

temper very contagious

Smallt, *a.* a beautiful blue substance

Smarag'dine, *a.* made of or like emerald

Smart, *a.* pungent, quick, acute, brisk

Smart, *v. n.* to feel quick lively pain

Smart'y, *ad.* sharply, briskly, witily

Smart'ness, *a.* quickness; liveliness; vigour

Smatch, *a.* a taste; tincture; a bird

Smat'ter, *a.* superficial knowledge

Smat'tering, *a.* a slight knowledge

Smear, *v. a.* to soil, daub, contaminate

Smear'y, *a.* dauby; adhesive

Smoke, *v. a.* to blacken with smoke

Smell, *v.* to perceive by the nose, &c.

Smell, *a.* the power of smelling, scent

Smelt, *pret. and part. pass. of smelt*

Smelt, *a.* a small sea-fish

Smelt, *v. a.* to extract metal from ore

Smelt'er, *a.* one who melts ore

Smert, *v. n.* to smile amorously, &c.

Smert, Smirk, *a.* nice, smart, jaunty, gay

Smick'et, *a.* a woman's under garment

Smile, *v. n.* to look gay, &c.; be propitious

Smile, *a.* a look of pleasure or of kindness

Smil'ingly, *ad.* with a look of pleasure

Smit, Smit'ten, *part. pass. of smite*

Smite, *v.* to strike; kill; destroy;

Smith, *a.* one who works in metal

Smith'ry, **Smith'y**, *s.* a smith's shop
Smock, *s.* the under garment of a woman
Smock-faced, *a.* beardless, maidenly, pale
Smoke, *s.* a sooty exhalation; a steam
Smoke, *v.* to emit smoke; burn; discover;
 use tobacco; dry in smoke; sneer or ri-
 dicule; smell out, find out
Smoke-dry, *v. a.* to dry in the smoke
Smoke'y, *a.* emitting or full of smoke, fumed
Smooth, *a.* even; plain; bland; mild
Smooth, *v. a.* to level; make easy; soften
Smoothen, *v. a.* to make even and smooth
Smoothly, *adv.* evenly; easily; calmly
Smoothness, *s.* evenness of surface; mildness
Smote, *pref. of smite*
Smother, *v.* to suffocate; to suppress
Smother, *s.* a smoke, thick dust; a state
 of suppression
Smug, *a.* nice, spruce, neat
Smuggle, *v. a.* to import or export goods
 without paying the customs
Smuggler, *s.* one who cheats the revenue
Smugly, *adv.* neatly, sprucely, nicely
Smugness, *s.* spruceness, neatness
Smut, *s.* spot with soot; mildew; obscenity
Smutch, *v. a.* to black with smoke
Smuttily, *adv.* smokily, blackly; obscenely
Smurty, *a.* black with smoke; obscene
Snack, *s.* a share, a part taken by compact
Snaffle, *s.* a bridle that crosses the nose
Snag, *s.* a jag; a protuberance; a tooth
Snagged, **Snaggy**, *a.* full of jaggs
Snail, *s.* a testaceous animal; a drone
Snake, *s.* a serpent of the oviparous kind
Snake-root, *s.* the name of a medicinal root
Snakey, *a.* serpentine; having serpents
Snap, *v.* to break at once, break short; bite
Snap-dragon, *s.* a plant; a kind of play
Snap-per, *s.* one who snaps
Snap-pish, *a.* eager to bite, surly, cross
Snap-pishly, *adv.* crossly, peevishly, tartly
Snap-sack, *s.* a soldier's bag, a knapsack
Snare, *s.* a gin, net, trap, engine
Snare, *v. a.* to entrap, to entangle
Snarl, *v.* to growl like a dog, &c.; to speak
 roughly; to entangle
Snarler, *s.* a surly captious fellow
Snatch, *v.* to seize hastily—*s.* a hasty catch
Snatch-block, *s.* a kind of pulley in a ship
Snatch'er, *s.* one who snatches hastily
Sneak, *v. n.* to creep slyly, to crouch
Sneak'er, *s.* a large vessel of drink
Sneak'ing, *a.* servile, mean, niggardly
Sneak'ish, **Sneak'up**, *s.* a paltry fellow; a
 cowardly creeping scoundrel
Sneap, *s.* a reprimand—*v. a.* to check; nip
Sneek, *s.* a latch or fastening to a door
Sneer, *s.* contempt—*v. n.* to show contempt
Sneeze, *s.* emission of wind audibly by the
 nose, occasioned by an irritation of the
 nostrils—*v. n.* to emit wind by the nose
Snick and Snec, *s.* a combat with knives
Snicker, *v. n.* to laugh wantonly or slyly
Sniff, *v. n.* to draw breath by the nose
Snig'gle, *v.* to fish for eels with a bait
Snip, *v. n.* to cut at once with scissors, &c.
Snipe, *s.* a small fen-fowl; a fool
Snip'pet, *s.* a small part, a share

Snip-snap, *s.* tart dialogue
Sniv'el, *v. n.* to run at the nose; to cry
 childishly
Sniv'eling, *a.* peaking, whining, pitiful
Snore, *s.* a noise through the nose in sleep
Snort, *v. n.* to blow through the nose as a
 high-mettled horse
Soot, *s.* the mucus of the nose
Snout, *s.* the nose of a beast, the nosel
Snow, *s.* water frozen in flakes; a small ship
Snow-ball, *s.* a lump of congealed snow
Snow-drop, *s.* a small white spring flower
Snow'y, *a.* white as snow, full of snow
Snub, *s.* a knot in wood; a jug, a snag
Snub, *v. a.* to check, to reprimand; to nip
Snuff, *s.* the burnt wick of a candle; pow-
 dered tobacco taken up the nose
Snuff, *v.* to crop; to scent; to draw breath
Snuff-box, *s.* a box in which snuff is carried
Snuffers, *s.* a utensil to snuff candles
Snuff'le, *v. n.* to speak through the nose
Snug, *a.* close, hidden, concealed, sly
Snug'gle, *v. n.* to lie close; to lie warm
So, *adv.* in like manner; thus; provided that
Soak, *v.* to steep in any liquid; to imbibe;
 to drain; to exhaust
Soap, *s.* a substance used in washing
Soap-boiler, *s.* one who makes soap
Soapy, *a.* having the quality of soap
Soar, *v. n.* to fly aloft, to rise high, to aim
 high, to be aspiring
Sob, *v. n.* to sigh convulsively in weeping,
 &c.—*s.* a convulsive sigh
So'ber, *a.* temperate, regular, serious
So'berly, *adv.* temperately, moderately, cool-
 ly, calmly; gravely, seriously
Sobriety, *s.* temperance in drink; calmness
Soc'age, *s.* an ancient tenure of lands
Soc'iable, *a.* inclined to company; familiar
Soc'iableness, *s.* inclination to company, &c.
Soc'ial, *a.* familiar, fit for society
Social'ity, *s.* sociableness
Society, *s.* fraternity; company; partnership
Socin'ian, *s.* a follower of Socinus
Socinianism, *s.* the opinions of L. and F.
 Socinus, who denied the proper divinity
 of Christ
Sock, *s.* something put between the shoe and
 stocking; the shoe of the ancient actors
Sock'et, *s.* any hollow that receives some-
 thing inserted; the receptacle of the eye
Sod, *s.* a turf, a clod
Soda, *s.* a fixed alkali
Sodal'ity, *s.* fellowship, fraternity
Sod'den, *part. pass. of seeth*; boiled
Sod'er, **Sod'ler**, *s.* a metallic cement
Sod'omite, *s.* one guilty of sodomy
Sod'omy, *s.* a very unnatural crime
Sofa, *s.* a splendid covered seat
Soft, *a.* not hard or rough; simple, gentle
Soft' interj. hold! stop! not so fast
Soft'en, *v.* to make soft or easy, to mollify
Softly, *adv.* gently, slowly, mildly, tenderly
Soft'ness, *s.* a quality of being soft; effeminacy
Soho'! interj. form of calling to one far off
Soll, *s.* dung, compost; earth, dirt
So'journ, *v. n.* to dwell awhile in some place
So'journer, *s.* a temporary dweller

Solace, *s.* comfort, pleasure; alleviation
 So'lar, So'lary, *a.* pertaining to the sun
 Sold, *pret. and part. pass. of sell*
 Sol'dan, *s.* a Mahomedan prince or sultan
 So'llier, *s.* one who fights for pay; a warrior
 So'llery, *s.* a body of soldiers; soldiery
 Sole, *s.* the bottom of the foot or shoe; a fish
 Sole, *v. a.* to furnish shoes with new soles
 Sole, *a.* single, alone; in law, unmarried
 So'leism, *s.* an impropriety of speech
 So'ly, *ad.* singly; only; separately
 So'lemn, *a.* awful; religiously grave, serious
 So'lemnity, *s.* a ceremony; affected gravity
 So'lemnization, *s.* the act of celebration
 So'lemnize, *v. a.* to dignify by formalities
 So'lemnly, *ad.* in a solemn manner
 So'lic'it, *v. a.* to excite; implore, ask
 So'licita'tion, *s.* importunity, an entreaty
 So'lic'itor, *s.* one who acts for another
 So'lic'itous, *a.* anxious; careful; concerned
 So'lic'itress, *s.* a woman who solicits
 So'lic'itude, *s.* anxiety; carefulness
 So'lid, *a.* not fluid; firm, true, compact
 So'lidity, *s.* fullness of matter, firmness
 So'lid'ian, *s.* one who holds faith only, not
 works, necessary to salvation
 So'loquy, *s.* a discourse, &c. to one's self
 So'litare, *s.* a neck ornament; a hermit
 So'litary, *a.* retired; gloomy; single
 So'litude, *s.* a lonely life or place; a desert
 So'lo, *s.* a tune played by one person
 So'stice, *s.* the tropical point of the sun
 o'stit'al, *a.* belonging to the solstice
 So'lvable, *a.* possible to be cleared by rea-
 son or inquiry; able to pay
 So'luble, *a.* capable of dissolution
 So'lubility, *s.* susceptibility of separation
 Solve, *v. a.* to clear, explain, resolve
 Sol'vency, *s.* an ability to pay debts
 Sol'vent, *a.* able to pay debts; dissolving
 Solu'tion, *s.* a separation; explanation
 Sol'u'tive, *a.* laxative, causing relaxation
 So'mat'ology, *s.* the doctrine of bodies
 So'm'bre, So'm'brous, *a.* dark, gloomy
 So'm'e, *a.* more or less; certain persons
 So'm'ebody, *s.* an indiscriminate person
 So'm'ersault, So'm'erset, Sum'merset, *s.* a
 high leap in which the heels are thrown
 over the head
 So'm'chow, *ad.* one way or other
 So'm'ething, *s.* not nothing; part
 So'm'etime, *ad.* once, formerly
 So'm'etimes, *ad.* now and then, not never
 So'm'ewhat, *s.* something, more or less
 So'm'ewhere, *ad.* in one place or other
 So'mnam'bulist, *s.* one who walks in his
 sleep
 So'mniferous, So'mnific, *a.* causing sleep
 So'm'olency, *s.* sleepiness, drowsiness
 Son, *s.* a male child, native, descendant
 Son-in-law, *s.* one married to one's daughter
 So'na'ta, *s.* a tune for instruments only
 Song, *s.* a composition in verse to be sung
 Song'ster, *s.* a singer of songs
 Song'stress, *s.* a female singer
 Son'iferous, *a.* giving or bringing sound
 Son'net, *s.* a short poem of 14 lines only
 Sonnet'ter, *s.* a small or petty poet

Sonorific, Sonoriferous, *a.* giving sound
 Sono'rous, *a.* loud or high sounding
 Soon, *ad.* before long, early, readily
 Soot, *s.* condensed or embodied smoke
 Sooted, *a.* smeared or covered with soot
 Soot'erkin, *s.* a kind of false birth, fabled
 to be produced by Dutch women from
 sitting over their stoves
 Sooth, *s.* truth, reality—*a.* pleasing
 Sooth, *v. a.* to flatter, to calm, to gratify
 Soothsay, *v. a.* to predict, to foretell
 Soothsayer, *s.* a foreteller, predictor
 Soothsaying, *s.* foretelling future events
 Sooty, *a.* smeared with soot, black, dark
 Sop, *s.* any thing steeped in liquor
 Sop, *v. a.* to steep in liquor
 Soph, *s.* an under graduate of two years
 So'phi, *s.* the emperor of Persia
 Sophical, *a.* teaching wisdom
 Sophism, *s.* a fallacious argument
 Soph'ist, *s.* a professor of philosophy
 Soph'ister, *s.* a fallacious disputant
 Sophis'tical, *a.* fallacious, deceitful
 Sophis'tically, *ad.* with fallacious subtilty
 Sophis'ticate, *v. a.* to adulterate, to debase
 Soph'istry, *s.* a fallacious reasoning
 Soporiferous, Soporific, *a.* causing sleep
 So'rcerer, *s.* a conjurer, magician, wizard
 So'rceress, *s.* a female magician, enchantress
 So'rcery, *s.* magic, enchantment, conju-
 ration, witchcraft, charms
 Sord, *s.* turf, grassy ground
 So'rdes, *s.* foulness, dregs
 So'r'did, *a.* foul, dirty, base, mean, covetous
 So'r'didly, *a.* meanly, poorly, covetously
 Sore, *s.* a place tender and painful, an ulcer
 So'rel, *s.* a buck of the third year
 So'rely, *ad.* with great pain or vehemence
 So'r'el, *s.* an acid plant; a reddish colour
 So'r'ily, *ad.* meanly, poorly, despicably
 So'r'row, *s.* grief, sadness, mourning
 So'r'rowful, *a.* mournful, grieving, sad
 So'r'ry, *a.* grieved; vile, worthless
 Sort, *s.* a kind, species, manner; class;
 degree of any quality; lot; set; suit
 Sort, *v.* to separate, cull; suit, conjoin, fit
 So'r'tance, *s.* suitableness; agreement
 So'r'tilege, *s.* the act of drawing lots
 So'r'timent, *s.* distribution, a parcel sorted
 Soss, *v. a.* to fall plump into; to sit lazily
 Set, *s.* a drunkard; dolt, blockhead
 So'tish, *a.* addicted to liquor; doltish
 So've'reign, *a.* supreme in power or efficacy
 —a monarch, a king, supreme lord;
 a gold coin, value twenty shillings
 So've'reignty, *s.* a state, &c. of a sovereign
 prince; supremacy, highest place
 Sought, *pret. and part. pass. of seek*
 Soul, *s.* the immaterial, immortal part of
 man; spirit; essence; vital principle
 Sound, *a.* healthy; right; stout, hearty
 Sound, *s.* any thing audible; a shallow sea
 Sound, *v.* to try depth with a plummet; exa-
 mine; celebrate by sound; make a noise
 Sou'nding, *a.* of a loud or magnificent sound
 Sou'ndings, *s.* places fathomable at sea
 Sou'ndly, *ad.* heartily; stoutly; rightly
 Soup, *s.* a decoction of flesh for the table

Sour, *a.* acid; austere; painful; cross
 Source, *s.* a spring; head; original cause
 Sou'rish, *a.* somewhat sour
 Sou'rily, *ad.* with acidity or acrimony
 Souse, *s.* a French penny
 Souze, *s.* a pickle made of salt and water
 Souze, *ad.* all at once, with sudden violence
 Souze, *v.* to steep in pickle; to plunge into water; to fall as a bird on its prey
 South, *s.* one of the four cardinal points; the part where the sun is to us at noon; the southern regions; the south wind
 South, *a.* southern—*ad.* toward the south
 Sou'thing, *a.* approaching to the south
 Sou'therly, *a.* from or toward the south
 Sou'thernwood, *s.* a plant
 Sou'thward, *ad.* toward the south
 Sow, *s.* a female pig; a large mass of lead
 Sow, *v.* to scatter, to spread; to propagate
 Sow'ins, *s.* flummery; oatmeal soured
 Sown, *part. of sow*
 Space, *s.* extension; quantity of time
 Spa'cious, *a.* wide, extensive, roomy
 Spade, *s.* a sort of shovel; suit of cards
 Spad'icous, *a.* of a light red colour
 Spad'ille, *s.* ace of spades at quadrille, &c.
 Spagy'ric, Spagy'rical, *a.* chymical
 Spag'yrist, *s.* one who professes chymistry
 Spake, the *pret. of speak*
 Spall, *s.* the shoulder
 Span, *s.* nine inches; any short duration
 Span, *v. a.* to measure with the hand extended; to measure
 Span'gle, *s.* a small plate of shining metal
 Spang'le, *v. a.* to besprinkle with spangles
 Spau'iel, *s.* a dog for sport; a cynohant
 Span'ish, *a.* of or pertaining to Spain
 Spar'ker, *s.* a small coin
 Spar'ner, *s.* the lock of a fusée or carabine
 Spar, *s.* marcasite; a small beam; a bar
 Spar, *v.* to shut, close; fight; quarrel
 Spar'able, *s.* a small nail used in shoe-heels
 Spare, *v.* to be frugal; to forbear, to forgive
 Spare, *a.* scanty; lean; superfluous
 Spar'rib, *s.* ribs of pork with little flesh
 Spar'ring, *a.* frugal, scanty, parsimonious
 Spark, *s.* a small particle of fire; a gay man
 Spar'kle, *s.* a small particle of fire or light
 Spar'kle, *v. a.* to emit sparks, shine, glitter
 Spar'ling, *s.* a small fish
 Spar'row, *s.* a small kind of bird
 Spar'rowhawk, *s.* a kind of small hawk
 Spasm, *s.* a convulsion; a cramp
 Spasmod'ic, Spasmod'ical, *a.* convulsive
 Spat, *s.* the young of shellfish—the *pret. of spit*
 Spa'tate, *v. a.* to range, to ramble at large
 Spat'ter, *v.* to sprinkle; asperse; spit
 Spat'terdashes, *s.* covering for the legs
 Spat'ula, *s.* an instrument used by apothecaries for spreading plasters
 Spav'in, *s.* a disease in horses
 Spaw, *s.* a mineral water
 Spawl, *s.* spittle, saliva
 Spawn, *s.* the eggs of fish, &c.; an offspring
 Spay, *v. a.* to castrate female animals
 Speak, *v.* to talk; to celebrate; pronounce
 Spea'kable, *a.* having power to speak

Spea'ker, *s.* one who speaks or proclaims
 Spea'king, *part. a.* talking, uttering words
 Spear, *s.* a long pointed weapon, a lance
 Spea'mint, *s.* a plant, a species of mint
 Spe'cial, *a.* particular; uncommon; chief
 Spe'cies, *s.* a kind, sort; class of nature
 Specific, *a.* that which distinguishes one sort from another; a particular quality
 Specific, *s.* a remedy for one disease
 Specifically, *ad.* according to the species
 Spec'ify, *v. a.* to particularize, to express in particular, to mention in express terms
 Spec'imen, *s.* an example, pattern; essay
 Spe'cious, *a.* showy; plausible; striking
 Spec'iously, *ad.* with fair appearance
 Speck, *s.* a spot of dirt, &c.—*v. a.* to spot
 Speck'le, *v. a.* to mark with small spots
 Speck'led, *a.* full of small spots
 Spec'tacle, *s.* a show, a gazing stock
 Spec'tacles, *s.* glasses to help the sight
 Spec'tator, *s.* a looker on, a beholder
 Specta'torship, *s.* the act of beholding
 Spec'tre, *s.* a frightful apparition, a ghost
 Spec'trum, *s.* an image; a visible form
 Spec'ular, *a.* having the qualities of a mirror; assisting sight; affording view
 Spec'ulate, *v.* to meditate, to contemplate
 Specu'lation, *s.* view; contemplation; mental scheme not reduced to practice
 Spec'ulative, *a.* contemplative; ideal
 Spec'ulator, *s.* one who forms theories
 Spec'ulum, *s.* a mirror, a looking glass
 Sped, *pret. and part. pass. of speed*
 Speech, *s.* articulate utterance, talk
 Speechless, *a.* deprived of speech, dumb
 Speed, *s.* quickness, celerity, haste—*v.* to make haste; to have success; to hasten
 Speed'ily, *ad.* quickly, hastily, readily
 Speed'y, *a.* quick, swift, nimble, ready
 Spell, *s.* a charm; a turn at work
 Spell, *v.* to form words of letters; to charm
 Spel'ter, *s.* a kind of semi-metal
 Spend, *v.* to consume, to expend, to waste
 Spen'dthrift, *s.* a prodigal, a lavish
 Sperm, *s.* the seed of animals
 Sperma'te, *s.* an unctuous substance drawn from the oil of large whales
 Spermatic, *a.* seminal, consisting of seed
 Spew, *v.* to vomit, to eject, to cast forth
 Sphe'cius, *s.* a mortification, a gangrene
 Sphere, *s.* a globe, orb; circumscribed
 Spher'ic, Spher'ical, *a.* round, globular
 Sphericalness, Spher'icity, *s.* roundness
 Sphe'roid, *s.* a body approaching to the form of a sphere, but not exactly round
 Spheru'dal, Spheru'dical, *a.* of the form of a spheroid
 Spheru'le, *s.* a small globe or sphere
 Sphinx, *s.* a famous monster, having the face of a virgin, and the body of a lion
 Spice, *s.* an aromatic substance, as nutmegs, mace, pepper, ginger, &c.
 Spi'cary, *s.* a repository of spices
 Spick and Span, *ad.* quite fresh, quite new
 Sp'icy, *a.* producing spice, aromatic
 Sp'ider, *s.* a well-known spinning insect
 Spig'ot, *s.* a peg put into the faucet
 Spike, *s.* an ear of corn; a great nail

- Spike**, *v. a.* to fasten or set with spikes, &c.
Spikenard, *s.* a fragrant Indian plant
Spill, *s.* a small quantity; thin bar, &c.
Spill, *v.* to shed, destroy, waste, lavish
Spilfer, *s.* a kind of fishing-line
Spin, *v.* to make yarn, thread, &c. by twisting any filamentous matter; to protract, draw out tediously, exercise the art of spinning
Spinach, *s.* a garden plant
Spinal, *a.* belonging to the back bone
Spin'dle, *s.* an instrument used in spinning any thing long and slender
Spin'dle-shanked, *a.* having slender legs
Spine, *s.* the back bone; a thorn
Spin'et, *s.* a small harpsichord
Spiniferous, *a.* bearing thorns, thorny
Spin'ner, *s.* one that spins, a spider
Spinosity, *a.* crumbliness, thorny perplexity
Spin'ous, *a.* thorny, full of thorns
Spin'ster, *s.* a woman that has not been married; a woman that spins
Spin'y, *a.* thorny, briary; perplexed
Spiracle, *s.* a breathing-hole, a vent
Spiral, *a.* turning round like a screw
Spirally, *adv.* in a spiral form
Spire, *s.* a curve line; a wreath; a steeple
Spire, *v. n.* to shoot up pyramidically
Spirit, *s.* the soul; a ghost; ardour; genius
Spir'it, *v. a.* to animate, to excite
Spirited, *a.* lively, vivacious, full of fire
Spir'it, *s.* inflammable liquors, as brandy, rum, &c.; liveliness, gaiety
Spiritless, *a.* dejected, depressed, low
Spir'itous, *a.* refined, fine, ardent, active
Spiritual, *a.* incorporeal; ecclesiastical
Spirituality, *s.* incorporeity; devotion
Spiritualization, *s.* an act of spiritualizing
Spiritualize, *v. a.* to apply to a religious sense
Spirituality, *s.* ecclesiastical body
Spir'ituous, *a.* vivid, airy, gay; distilled
Spirit, *v.* to stream; to throw out in a jet
Spir'y, *a.* pyramidal; wreathed, curled
Spir'ited, *a.* thickened, firm, gross
Spir'itude, *s.* grossness; thickness; firmness
Spit, *s.* a utensil to roast meat with
Spit, *v.* to put upon a spit; thrust through; eject from the mouth
Spitchcock, *s.* an eel cut up and roasted
Spite, *s.* malice, rancour, malignity
Sp'ite, *v. a.* to mischief, to vex, to offend
Spirit'ful, *a.* malicious, malignant, cross
Spirit'fully, *adv.* maliciously, malignantly
Spirit'le, *s.* the moisture of the mouth
Splash, *v. a.* to daub with water or dirt
Splash'y, *a.* wet; dirty, apt to daub
Splay-foot, *a.* having the foot turned inward
Spleen, *s.* the milt; spite, ill humour
Spleen'ed, *a.* deprived of the spleen
Spleen'ful, *a.* angry, fretful, peevish
Splen'dent, *a.* shining, glossy
Splen'did, *a.* showy, magnificent, sumptuous, pompous
Splen'dour, *s.* lustre, magnificence, pomp
Splen'etic, *a.* fretful, peevish, angry
Splen'tive, *a.* hot, fiery, passionate
Splice, *v. a.* to join ropes without a knot
Sp'lit, *s.* a thin wood used by surgeons
Sp'lin'ter, *s.* a thin piece of wood, bone, &c.
Split, *v. a.* to cleave, divide, part; crack
Sp'lut'ter, *s.* bustle, tumult
Sp'loit, *s.* pillage, plunder, booty
Spoil, *v.* to rob, to plunder; to corrupt
Spoil'er, *s.* a robber, a plunderer, a pillager
Spoke, *s.* the bar of a wheel—*pret. of speak*
Sp'o'ken, *part. pass. of speak*
Sp'o'keman, *s.* he who speaks for another
Spoil's'tion, *s.* act of robbery or privation
Spon'dee, *s.* a foot of two long syllables
Spon'sal, *a.* relating to marriage
Spon'sion, *s.* a becoming surety for another
Spon'sor, *s.* a surety; godfather, proxy
Spontaneous, *a.* voluntary, not compelled
Spontaneously, *adv.* voluntarily, freely
Spontoo'n, *s.* a kind of half-pike or halberd
Spool, *s.* a small reed to wind yarn upon
Spoon, *v. n.* to pass swiftly
Spoon, *s.* a vessel used in eating liquids, &c.
Spoof'ing, *s.* scudding; a sea phrase
Spoon'ful, *s.* as much as a spoon can hold
Sport, *s.* diversion of the field, as hunting, &c.; merriment, mock, mirth, play
Sport, *v.* to divert, frolic, game, trifle
Spo'tful, *a.* merry, ludicrous, done in jest
Spo'tive, *a.* gay, merry, playful, wanton
Spo'tsman, *s.* one who loves hunting, &c.
Spot, *s.* a blot, taint, disgrace; certain place
Spot, *v. a.* to corrupt, disgrace, maculate
Spot'less, *a.* pure, holy, immaculate, spotless
Spo'u'sal, *a.* nuptial, bridal, conjugal
Spouse, *s.* a husband or wife, married person
Spout, *s.* a wooden gutter, pipe, cataract
Spout, *v.* to pour or issue out with force
Sprain, *s.* a violent extension of the ligaments without dislocation of the joint
Sprang, *s.* the *preterite of spring*
Sprat, *s.* a small sea-fish
Srawl, *v. n.* to struggle; to tumble or creep
Spray, *s.* the extremity of a branch; foam of the sea, commonly written *ery*
Spread, *v.* to extend; cover over; stretch, disseminate, divulge
Spread, *s.* extent, compass, expansion
Sprent, *part.* sprinkled
Sprig, *s.* a small branch or spray
Spright, *s.* a spirit, shade, apparition; arrow
Sprightliness, *s.* liveliness, gaiety, vivacity
Sprigh'tly, *a.* gay, lively, vivacious
Spring, *v.* to grow; start; bound; fire a mine
Spring, *s.* a season of the year; elastic force; bound; fountain; cause; original
Springe, *s.* a gin, a noose to catch by a jerk
Spring'halt, *s.* a lameness by which a horse twitches up his legs
Spring'le, *s.* a springe, an elastic noose
Spring-tide, *s.* high tide at the new moon
Sp'rin'kle, *v.* to scatter in small drops, to scatter in small masses, to wash, to wet
Sprit, *s.* a shoot, a sprout
Spr'ite, *s.* a spirit, an incorporeal agent
Spr'it'sail, *s.* the sail on a ship's bowsprit
Sprout, *v. n.* to shoot by vegetation
Sprout, *s.* a shoot of a vegetable
Spruce, *a.* neat, trim—a kind of fir
Spruceb'e'r, *s.* a kind of physical beer
Spru'ceness, *s.* neatness without elegance

Spring, *pref. and part. of spring*
Sprunt, *v. n.* to spring up; to spring forward
Spud, *a.* a short knife
Spume, *s.* foam, froth—*v. n.* to foam
Spumous, **Spumy**, *a.* frothy, foamy
Spun, *pret. and part. pres. of spin*
Sponge, *a.* a soft porous substance, remarkable for sucking up water
Spun'ging-house, *a.* a ballist's house
Spun'gy, *a.* soft and porous like a sponge
Spunk, *a.* touchwood, rotten wood
Spur, *v.* to prick with a spur; to incite
Spur, *a.* a sharp point fixed to the heel; stimulus, incitement, instigation
Spur'gall, *v. a.* to wound or hurt with the spur
Spur'ious, *a.* counterfeit, not legitimate
Spur'ling, *s.* a small sea-fish
Spurn, *v.* to kick; reject, treat with contempt—a kick, insolent treatment
Spur'rier, *s.* one who makes spurs
Sput, *v. n.* to fly out with a quick stream
Sput, *a.* a start or sudden fit, a hurry
Sputa'tion, *s.* the act of spitting
Spu'tative, *a.* spitting much; inclined to spit
Sput'ter, *v.* to speak hastily; to spit much
Spy, *a.* one who watches another's motions
Spy, *v.* to discover at a distance; search
Spy'boat, *a.* a boat sent out for intelligence
Squab, *a.* a kind of sofa or couch
Squab, *a.* unfeathered; thick and short
Squab'lish, **Squab'by**, *a.* heavy; fleshy
Squab'ble, *a.* a low brawl, a petty quarrel
Squad, *a.* a company of armed men
Squa'dron, *a.* a part of an army or fleet
Squalid, *a.* foul, nasty, filthy; ill-favoured
Squall, *s.* sudden gust of wind; loud scream
Squall, **Squeal**, *v. n.* to scream suddenly
Squally, *a.* windy, gusty, stormy
Squa'mose, **Squa'mous**, *a.* scaly; rough
Squa'nder, *v. a.* to spend profusely; scatter
Square, *a.* having right angles; cornered; strong; stout; equal; honest; fair, &c.
Square, *a.* a regular figure; an instrument
Square, *v.* to form with right angles; fit
Squash, *s.* any thing soft; a sudden fall
Squat, *v. n.* to sit close to the ground
Squat, *a.* cowering down; thick and short
Squeak, *v. n.* to make a shrill noise, cry out
Squeak, *a.* a shrill quick cry
Sques'mish, *a.* weak-stomached; nice
Sques'sy, *a.* nice, squeamish, fastidious
Squeeze, *v. a.* to press, crush, oppress
Squelch, *s.* a flat fall on one side
Squib, *s.* a small paper pipe with wild-fire
Squill, *s.* a sea-onion; a fish; an insect
Squin'ancy, *s.* inflammation in the throat
Squint, *v. n.* to look obliquely or awry
Squire, *v. n.* to conduct a person—a title
Squ'rel, *a.* a small active animal
Squirt, *s.* a pipe to eject liquor
Squirt, *v.* to throw out in a quick stream
Stab, *s.* a wound with a sharp weapon; a blow
Stab, *v. a.* to pierce with a pointed weapon; to wound mentally by calumny
Stability, *s.* steadiness, fixedness, firmness

Sta'ble, *a.* fixed, constant; strong, firm
Sta'ble, *s.* a house for horses, &c.
Sta'biling, *s.* a house or room for beasts
Stack, *s.* a pile of hay, corn, or wood; a row of chimneys or funnels
Sta'die, *a.* a support, a crutch; a young tree left standing when a wood is cut
Stadt'holder, *s.* the chief magistrate of the united provinces of Holland
Staff, *s.* a stick; a prop; an ensign of office
Stag, *s.* a red male deer five years old
Stage, *s.* a theatre, place where any thing public is transacted; that part of a journey where a person takes fresh horses, &c.
Sta'ge-coach, *s.* a coach that travels by stages
Sta'gery, *s.* a scenic exhibition
Stag'gard, *s.* a four year old stag
Stag'ger, *v.* to reel; faint; hesitate; alarm
Stag'gers, *s.* vertigo in horses; madness
Stag'nant, *a.* not flowing or agitated
Stag'nate, *v. n.* to have no course or stream
Stagna'tion, *s.* a stop of course or motion
Staid, *part. a.* sober, grave, regular
Stain, *v. a.* to blot, maculate; disgrace
Stain, *s.* a blot, taint of guilt, shame
Stair, *s.* a step to ascend a house, &c. by
Sta'case, *s.* a whole set of stairs
Stake, *s.* a post; wager; pledge; hazard
Stake, *v. a.* to defend with stakes; wager
Stalac'tites, *s.* spar in the form of icicles
Stalac'tical, *a.* resembling an icicle
Stale, *a.* not fresh; old, worn out of notice
Stale, *v. n.* to make water
Staleness, *s.* oldness, not freshness
Stalk, *v. n.* to walk stately—a stem
Sta'kinghorse, *s.* a horse used by fowlers to conceal themselves from the game
Stall, *s.* a crib for horses, &c.; a booth
Sta'leon, *s.* a horse not castrated
Stam'ina, *s.* first principles of any thing; solids of a human body; threads of plants
Stamin'ous, *a.* consisting of threads
Stam'nel, *s.* a species of red colour
Stam'ner, *v. n.* to falter in one's speech
Stam'nering, *s.* an impediment in speech
Stamp, *s.* any instrument to make an impression; character, good or bad; a mark set upon things that pay customs
Stamp, *v.* to strike with the foot; to mark
Stanch, *a.* sound, firm; trusty; hearty
Stanch, *v. a.* to stop blood, &c. running
Stan'chion, *s.* a prop, a support
Stan'chless, *a.* that cannot be stopped
Stand, *v.* to be upon the feet, remain erect; halt; offer as a candidate; persist; abide
Stand, *s.* a station, post; halt; perplexity
Stan'dard, *s.* an ensign in war; a fixed weight; a measure; undoubted authority
Stan'del, *s.* a tree of long standing
Stan'ding, *s.* continuance; station; rank
Stan'ding, *part. a.* established, settled, lasting; stagnant; not transitory
Stan'dish, *s.* a case for pen and ink
Stang, *s.* a measure of land, a perch
Stan'hary, *s.* the mines and places where tin is digged and refined
Stan'nyel, *s.* the common stone-hawk
Stan'za, *s.* a set of verses

Sta'ple, *a.* a settled mart, an established emporium ; a loop of iron
Sta'ple, *a.* settled, established in commerce
Star, *a.* a luminous globe in the heavens
Star'board, *a.* the right side of a ship, &c.
Starch, *a.* a substance made of flour or potatoes to stiffen linen with—*a.* precise
Starch, *v. a.* to stiffen with starch
Sta'rched, *a.* stiffened with starch ; formal
Sta'rchly, *ad.* stiffly ; precisely
Stare, *v. n.* to look with wonder, &c.
Sta'rgazer, *a.* an astronomer or astrologer
Stark, *a.* stiff ; strong ; full ; simple, plain
Sta'rklly, *ad.* stiffly, strongly
Sta'rless, *a.* having no light of stars
Sta'rlight, *a.* lustre of the stars
Sta'rlike, *a.* bright ; pointed as a star
Sta'r'ling, *a.* a bird ; a defence to the piers of bridges in a river
Sta'rred, *a.* decorated with stars
Sta'rry, *a.* consisting of or like stars
Start, *v.* to rise or move suddenly ; propose
Start, *a.* a motion of terror, quick spring
Sta'rter, *a.* one that shrinks from his purpose
Sta'r'tish, **Sta'r'tlish**, *a.* apt to start
Sta'r'tle, *v.* to start by surprise or fright ; to fright, shock, impress with sudden terror
Sta'r'tup, *a.* a kind of high shoe ; one that comes suddenly into notice
Starve, *v.* to kill with hunger or cold
Sta'r'ving, *part.* dying with hunger
Sta'r'ving, *a.* a lean meagre person
Sta'tary, *a.* fixed, settled, determined
State, *a.* a condition, dignity ; a republic
State, *v. a.* to settle, separate, represent
Sta'tellness, *a.* grandeur, dignity, pride
Sta'tely, *a.* pompous, august, elevated
Sta'tely, *ad.* majestically, proudly
Sta'temonger, *a.* an over-busy politician
Sta'tesman, *a.* one employed in public affairs, one versed in the arts of government
Sta'tic, **Sta't'cal**, *a.* relating to weighing
Sta'tics, *a.* the science of weighing bodies
Sta'tion, *a.* act of standing, post, rank
Sta'tion, *v. a.* to place in a certain post, &c.
Sta'tionary, *a.* fixed ; not progressive
Sta'tioner, *a.* a dealer in paper, &c.
Sta'tionery, *a.* belonging to a stationer
Sta'tist, *a.* a statesman, a politician
Sta'tistics, *a.* that part of municipal philosophy which states and defines the situation, strength, and resources of a nation
Sta'tuary, *a.* a carver of images
Sta'tue, *a.* an image of metal, stone, &c.
Sta'ture, *a.* the height of any animal
Sta'tutable, *a.* acting according to statute
Sta'tute, *a.* an act of parliament, law, edict
Sta'tutory, *a.* enacted by statute
Stave, *v.* to break in pieces ; push off ; fight
Staves, *a.* the plural of Staff
Stay, *v.* to continue in a place ; stop ; prop
Stay, *a.* continuance in a place ; stop ; prop
Stay'd, *a.* settled, fixed, serious, grave
Stay'less, *a.* without stop or delay
Stays, *a.* bodice for women ; any support, &c.
Stead, *a.* place, room ; use ; help ; frame
Stead, *v. a.* to help, to support, to assist

Stead'fast, *a.* firm, fixed, constant, resolute
Stead'fastly, *ad.* firmly, constantly
Stead'iness, *a.* firmness, unvaried conduct
Stead'y, *a.* firm, not fickle, not wavering
Steak, **Stake**, *a.* a slice of flesh, a collop
Steal, *v.* to take by theft ; to pass silently
Stealth, *a.* the act of stealing, secret act
Steam, *a.* the vapour of hot liquor, &c.
Steel, *a.* a horse, horse for state, war, &c.
Steel, *a.* iron refined by fire ; a weapon
Steel, *v. a.* to point with steel ; to harden
Steely, *a.* made of steel, hard, firm
Steelyard, *a.* a kind of balance for weighing
Steen, *a.* a fictitious vessel of clay or stone
Steep, *a.* rising or descending with great inclination ; of a difficult ascent
Steep, *a.* a precipice—*v. a.* to soak in liquor
Steep'le, *a.* a turret of a church, a spire
Steep'y, *a.* steep, perpendicular, inclining
Steer, *a.* a young ox—*v.* to guide a ship
Steer'age, *a.* the act of steering ; an apartment before the great cabin of a ship, from which it is separated by a partition
Steer'man, *a.* he who steers a ship
Steganography, *a.* the art of secret writing
Stegotic, *a.* binding, making captive
Stellar, **Stell'ary**, *a.* relating to the stars
Stell'ate, **Stell'ated**, *a.* pointed as a star
Stelliferous, *a.* having stars
Stell'ify, *v. a.* to turn into a star
Stell'ion, *a.* a newt ; a spotted lizard
Stem, *a.* a stalk ; twig ; family, race, generation ; a ship's prow or fore part
Stem, *v. a.* to oppose a current, to stop
Stench, *a.* a stink, a bad smell
Stenography, *a.* short-hand writing
Stentorian, *a.* loud, uncommonly loud
Stentorophon'ic, *a.* loudly speaking or sounding
Step, *v. n.* to move with the feet, to walk
Step, *a.* footstep ; action ; round of a ladder
Step'dame, **Step'mother**, *a.* a mother-in-law
Step'daughter, *a.* a daughter-in-law
Stercora'tion, *a.* the act of dunging
Stereography, *a.* the art of drawing the forms of solids upon a plane
Stereom'etry, *a.* the art of measuring solid bodies to find their contents
Ster'eotype, *a.* a type-metal plate to print from at the letter-press
Ster'ile, *a.* barren, unfruitful, dry
Ster'ility, *a.* barrenness, unfruitfulness
Ster'ling, *a.* English coin ; standard rate
Ster'ling, *a.* genuine ; lawful English coin
Stern, *a.* severe of look or manners, harsh
Stern, *a.* the hindermost part of a ship
Stern'ly, *ad.* severely, harshly, rigidly
Ster'num, **Ster'num**, *a.* the breast bone
Sternuta'tion, *a.* the act of sneezing
Sternutative, *a.* apt to cause sneezing
Stew, *v.* to seeth slowly—*a.* a hot-house
Stew'ard, *a.* a manager of another's affairs
Stew'ardship, *a.* the office of a steward
Stib'ial, *a.* antimonial
Stick, *a.* a small piece of wood, a staff
Stick, *v.* to fasten on ; adhere ; scruple
Stic'kle, *v. a.* to contend with obstinacy to act a part between opposites

Stickler, *s.* a busybody; a scold in any public affair; an obstinate contender
Stick'y, *a.* viscous, adhesive, glutinous
Stiff, *a.* inflexible, harsh, formal, strong
Stiffen, *v.* to make or grow stiff, be hardened, grow obstinate, become unpliant
Stiffly, *ad.* rigidly, inflexibly, stubbornly
Stiffnecked, *a.* stubborn, contumacious
Stiffness, *s.* obstinacy, inflexibility
Stifle, *v.* to suffocate, suppress, extinguish
Stigma, *s.* a brand, a mark of infamy
Stigmatize, *v.* *a.* to mark with infamy
Stellar, *a.* belonging to the stile of a dial
Stile, *s.* steps into a field; pin of a sun-dial
Stiletto, *s.* a small dagger or tuck
Still, *v.* *a.* to silence, quiet, appease, distill
Still, *a.* silent, calm—*ad.* nevertheless
Still, *s.* a vessel for distillation; silence
Stillatious, *a.* drawn by a still
Stillatory, *s.* a still; a laboratory
Stillborn, *a.* dead in the birth, born lifeless
Stillness, *s.* calmness, quietness, silence
Stim, *s.* a walking supports used by boys
Stimulant, **Stimulative**, *a.* stimulating
Stimulate, *v.* *a.* to excite, egg on, spur on
Stimulation, *s.* an excitement, pungency
Sting, *v.* *a.* to pierce or wound with a sting
Sting, *s.* a sharp point with which some animals are armed; any thing that gives pain; the point in the last verse
Stinginess, *s.* covetousness, niggardliness
Stingo, *s.* fine old strong beer
Stingy, *a.* covetous, niggardly, avaricious
Stink, *s.* an offensive smell, a stench
Stinkpot, *s.* a kind of hand grenade, filled with a stinking composition
Stint, *v.* *a.* to bound, to limit, to restrain
Stipend, *s.* wages, salary, settled pay
Stipendiary, *s.* one who serves for a stipend
Stipple, *v.* to engrave in dots
Stipule, *a.* apt to stop blood; astringent
Stipulate, *v.* *a.* to contract, to settle terms
Stipulation, *s.* a bargain, a contract
Stir, *v.* to move, agitate, incite, rise
Stir, *s.* tumult, bustle, commotion
Stirious, *a.* resembling icicles
Stirrer, *s.* one in motion; an early riser
Stirrup, *s.* an iron for a horseman's foot
Stitch, *s.* to sew with a needle; join, unite
Stitch, *s.* a sharp pain in the side, &c.
Stive, *v.* *a.* to puff up close; to make hot
Stocardo, *s.* a thrust with a rapier
Stock, *s.* the trunk or body of a plant; a leg; linen for the neck; lineage; quantity; fund of money; frame of a gun, &c.
Stock, *v.* *a.* to store, to lay in store
Stockdove, *s.* a kind of wild pigeon
Stockfish, *s.* a cod dried without salt
Stocking, *s.* a covering for the leg
Stockjobber, *s.* one who deals in stock
Stocklock, *s.* a lock fixed in wood
Stocks, *s.* a prison for the legs; a frame of timber, &c. on which ships are built
Stoic, *s.* a philosopher of the sect of Zeno
Stoical, *a.* pertaining to the Stoics
Stoicism, *s.* the opinions of the Stoics
Stole, *s.* a long vest, a royal robe
Stolen, *part. pass.* of *steal*

Stomach, *s.* the ventricles of digestion; appetite; anger; sullenness; pride
Stomach, *v.* to resent, to be violently angry
Stomacher, *s.* an ornament for the breast
Stomachic, *a.* relating to the stomach
Stone, *s.* a mineral not ductile or malleable; a gem; a concretion in the bladder or kidneys; a weight of 14 lb. &c.; the case which contains the seeds of some fruits
Stone, *a.* made of or like stone
Stone, *v.* *a.* to pelt or kill with stones
Stoncast, *s.* distance to which a stone may be thrown
Stoncutter, *s.* a hewer of stones
Stonfruit, *s.* plums, apricots, peaches, &c.
Stonhorse, *s.* a horse not castrated
Stonpit, *s.* a quarry where stones are dug
Stonpitch, *s.* a hard insipid pitch
Stony, *a.* made of or full of stones, hard
Stood, *preterite* of *stand*
Stool, *s.* a seat without a back; an evacuation
Stoolball, *s.* a kind of game with balls
Stoop, *v.* *n.* to bend, to yield, to submit
Stoop, *s.* a measure of two quarts
Stop, *v.* *a.* to hinder, close up, obstruct
Stop, *s.* a pause or stand; prohibition; point in writing; regulation in music, &c.
Stopcock, *s.* a pipe made to let out liquor stopped by turning a cock
Stoppage, *s.* an obstruction, hindrance
Stopple, **Stopper**, *s.* that by which the mouth or hole of a vessel is stopped
Storax, *s.* the name of a tree and its gum
Store, *s.* plenty, abundance; a warehouse
Store, *v.* *a.* to furnish, replenish, lay up
Storehouse, *s.* a magazine, a treasury
Storied, *a.* furnished with stories; adorned with historical pictures
Stork, *s.* a bird of passage
Storm, *s.* a tempest; assault; sedition
Storm, *v.* to attack by open force, to rage
Stormy, *a.* violent, tempestuous
Story, *s.* a narrative, a tale; flight of roon
Stove, *s.* a hot-house; a place to make fire in
Stout, *a.* strong, brave, firm, intrepid, lusty
Stoutly, *ad.* boldly, lustily, obstinately
Stoutness, *s.* strength, fortitude, obstinacy
Stow, *v.* *a.* to lay up in order, and close
Stowage, *s.* a place where goods may be stowed or laid up; a being laid up
Strabism, *s.* squinting; act of looking askant
Straddle, *v.* *a.* to walk wide and awkwardly
Straggle, *v.* *n.* to wander dispersedly, to rove, to ramble; to exuberate
Straight, *a.* not crooked; right; narrow
Straight, **Straightways**, *ad.* immediately
Straighten, *v.* *a.* to make straight
Strain, *v.* to squeeze through something to force; to constrain
Strain, *s.* style of speaking; song; note; rank; character; turn; tendency
Strainer, *s.* an instrument for filtration
Strait, *a.* narrow, close, difficult, not wide
Strait, *s.* a narrow pass or frith; difficulty
Straiten, *v.* *a.* to make narrow, to confine
Straitly, *ad.* narrowly, strictly, rigorously
Straitness, *s.* a narrowness, rigour, distress

Sra'ke, *s.* a plate of iron; streak
 Strand, *s.* the sea-beach, verge of any river
 Strand, *v.* to drive or force on the shallows
 Strange, *s.* foreign, wonderful, odd
 Strange, *interj.* an expression of wonder
 Stra'ngely, *ad.* wonderfully, uncommonly
 Stra'nger, *s.* a foreigner, one unacquainted
 Stra'n'gle, *v. a.* to choke, suffocate, suppress
 Stra'n'gles, *s.* a disease in horses
 Stra'n'gury, *s.* difficulty of urine with pain
 Strap, *s.* a long narrow thong of leather
 Straps'do, *s.* chastisement with a strap
 Strap'ping, *a.* large, vast, well-grown
 Stra'ta, *s.* beds or layers of different matters
 Stra'tagem, *s.* an artifice in war; a trick
 Stra'th, *s.* a vale, a bottom
 Stra'tum, *s.* a bed or layer of earth, &c.
 Straw, *s.* the stalk on which corn grows
 Straw'berry, *s.* a fine summer fruit
 Straw'colour, *a.* of a light yellow colour
 Stray, *v. n.* to wander, rove, err, deviate
 Stray, *s.* any thing lost by wandering
 Streak, *s.* a line of colour, stripe, tract
 Streak, *v. a.* to stripe, variegate, dapple
 Streak'y, *a.* striped, variegated by lines
 Stream, *s.* a running water, a current
 Stream, *v.* to flow, issue continually, streak
 Strea'mer, *s.* an ensign, flag, pennon
 Strea'mlet, *s.* a small stream
 Street, *s.* a paved way between houses
 Strength, *s.* force, vigour, armament
 Streng'then, *v.* to make strong, to confirm
 Streng'thener, *s.* that which makes strong
 Stren'uous, *a.* bold, active, brave, zealous
 Stren'uously, *ad.* vigorously, zealously
 Strep'tent, *a.* making a loud hoarse noise
 Strep'terous, *a.* noisy, jarring, hoarse
 Stress, *s.* importance; violence, force
 Stretch, *v. a.* to extend, expand, draw out
 Stretch, *s.* extension, reach, struggle
 Stret'cher, *s.* any thing used for extension;
 the wood against which rowers set their
 feet; one who stretches; a support
 Strew, Strow, *v. a.* to spread by scattering
 Stri'e, *s.* small channels in cockle-shells, &c.
 Stri'ate, Stri'ated, *a.* formed in striae
 Strick'en, *part.* beaten, smitten, advanced
 Strick'le, *s.* that which strikes the corn in
 a measure to level it
 Strict, *a.* exact, rigorous, severe, confined
 Stric'tly, *ad.* exactly, rigorously, accurately
 Stric'ture, *s.* a contraction; a slight touch
 Stride, *s.* a long step—*v.* to make long steps
 Strid'or, *s.* a quick loud noise; a clap
 Strife, *s.* contention, contest, discord
 Strig'ment, *s.* scrapings, dross, filth
 Strike, *v.* to hit with a blow; impress; stamp;
 lower; make a bargain; be stranded
 Strike, *s.* a bushel; a dry measure
 Striking, *part.* *a.* affecting, surprising
 String, *s.* a slender rope; cord; series
 String, *v. a.* to furnish with strings; to file
 String'ed, *a.* having or produced by strings
 String'ent, *a.* binding, contracting
 String'halt, *s.* a disorder in horses
 String'y, *a.* fibrous, consisting of threads
 Strip, *v. a.* to make naked, to rob, to divest
 Strip, *s.* a narrow shred, a slip

Stripe, *s.* a streak in silk, cloth, &c.: a lash
 with a whip; a blow
 Stripe, *v. a.* to variegate with lines of dif-
 ferent colours
 Stripl'ing, *s.* a youth
 Strive, *v. n.* to struggle, labour, contend, vie
 Stroke, *s.* a blow, knock; sound of a clock
 Stroke, *v. a.* to rub gently or tenderly
 Stroll, *v. n.* to wander, to rove, to gad idly
 Stro'ller, *s.* a vagrant, wanderer, vagabond
 Strong, *a.* vigorous, hale, potent, cogent
 Strong'ly, *ad.* powerfully, vehemently
 Stro'phe, *s.* the first stanza of a poem
 Strove, *part.* of strive
 Struck, *part.* and *part. pass.* of strike
 Struc'ture, *s.* an edifice, building; form
 Strug'gle, *v. n.* to labour, to strive, to contest
 Strug'gle, *s.* labour, effort, contest, agony
 Stru'mous, *a.* having swellings in the
 glands; relating to the king's evil
 Strum'pet, *s.* a prostitute, a harlot
 Strung, *part.* and *part. pass.* of string
 Strut, *v. n.* to walk affectedly, to swell
 Stub, *s.* a log, a block—*v. a.* to root up
 Stub'bed, *a.* short and thick; truncated
 Stub'ble, *s.* stalks of corn after reaping
 Stub'born, *a.* obstinate, inflexible; rugged
 Stub'bornly, *ad.* obstinately, contumaci-
 ously, inflexibly
 Stub'nail, *s.* a nail broken off
 Stuc'co, *s.* a fine plaster for walls
 Stuck, *part.* and *part. pass.* of stick
 Stud, *s.* a stock of breeding mares; a button
 Stu'dent, *s.* a scholar, a bookish man
 Stud'ed, *a.* learned, versed in any study
 Stu'dious, *a.* diligent, contemplative
 Stu'diously, *ad.* diligently, carefully
 Stud'y, *s.* application to books and learning;
 deep thought; an apartment for books
 Stud'y, *v.* to muse, to contrive, to consider
 Stuff, *s.* furniture, goods; medicine; cloth
 Stuff, *v.* to fill, swell, feed gluttonously
 Stuff'ing, *s.* that by which any thing is filled;
 relishing ingredients put into meat
 Stultif'quence, *s.* foolish talk
 Stultify, *v. a.* to make foolish
 Stum, *s.* new wines used to raise fermenta-
 tion in dead and vapid wines
 Stum'ble, *v.* to trip in walking, to err, to slip
 Stum'bler, *s.* one that stumbles or mistakes
 Stump, *s.* the part of any solid body re-
 maining after the rest is taken away
 Stum'py, *a.* full of stumps, hard, strong
 Stun, *v. a.* to render stupid by a noise or
 blow; to confound
 Stung, *part.* and *part. pass.* of sting
 Stunk, *part.* of stink
 Stunt, *v. a.* to hinder from growth
 Stupe, *s.* warm medicaments for a sore, &c.
 Stupe, *v. a.* to foment; to dress with stupe
 Stupefaction, *s.* insensibility, stupidity
 Stupefac'tive, *a.* causing insensibility
 Stupe'n'dous, *a.* prodigious, wonderful
 Stup'id, *a.* dull, heavy, sluggish
 Stupid'ity, *s.* heaviness of mind, dulness
 Stup'idly, *v. a.* to make stupid, to benume
 Stup'or, *s.* a suspension of sensibility
 Stup'rate, *v. a.* to violate, ravish, deflower

Sturdiness, *s.* stoutness, hardness
 Sturdy, *a.* hardy, obstinate, strong, stout
 Sturgeon, *s.* the name of a fish
 Sturk, *s.* a young ox or heifer
 Stutter, *v. n.* to stammer, to speak badly
 Stutterer, *s.* one that stutters
 Stp, *s.* a hovel for hogs
 Stygian, *a.* hellish, infernal
 Style, *s.* manner of writing or speaking ; title ; method of reckoning the year, &c.
 Style, *v. a.* to call, to term, to name
 Styp'tic, *s.* an astringent medicine or lotion
 Styp'tic, *a.* astringent ; able to stop blood
 Sus'cible, *a.* easy to be persuaded
 Sus'live, *a.* having power to persuade
 Sus'uity, *s.* sweetness, pleasantness
 Sus'cid, *a.* sour in a small degree
 Sus'cid, *a.* pungent in a small degree
 Subac'tion, *s.* the act of reducing
 Subaltero, *a.* subordinate, inferior
 Subaltern, *s.* an inferior officer or judge
 Subalter'nate, *a.* succeeding by turns
 Subaqueous, *a.* lying under water
 Subchan'ter, *s.* the deputy of a precentor
 Subcaval'ian, *a.* lying under the arm-pit
 Subcutaneous, *a.* lying under the skin
 Subdeacon, *s.* in the Romish church, the deacon's servant
 Subdean, *s.* the vicar of a dean
 Subduple, *a.* containing one part of ten
 Subdiversify, *v. a.* to diversify over again
 Subdivide, *v. a.* to divide again
 Subdulous, *a.* cunning, artful, sly
 Subdu'al, *s.* the act of subduing
 Subdu'ce, Subduc't, *v. a.* to withdraw, to take away, to subtract
 Subduc'tion, *s.* the act of taking away
 Subdue, *v. a.* to conquer, to crush, to tame
 Subduple, Subduplicate, *a.* half, one of two
 Subducent, *a.* lying under
 Subject, *v. a.* to reduce to submission, to enslave, to make liable, to expose
 Subject, *a.* placed under ; liable, apt
 Subject, *s.* one who is under the dominion of another ; the matter treated of
 Subject'ion, *s.* state of being under a superior ; the act of subduing
 Subjective, *a.* relating to the subject
 Subingression, *s.* secret entrance
 Subjoin, *v. a.* to add at the end or after
 Subitaneous, *a.* sudden, hasty
 Subjugate, *v. a.* to conquer, to subdue
 Subjugation, *s.* a taming or subduing
 Subjun'ction, *s.* the act of subjoining
 Subjun'ctive, *a.* subjoined to something
 Sublary, *a.* done after the fall of man
 Sublimable, *a.* that may be sublimed
 Sublimate, *v. a.* to raise by chymical fire
 Sublimate, *s.* quicksilver, or any thing, raised by fire in the retort
 Sublimation, *s.* a chymical operation which raises bodies in the vessel by force of fire
 Sublime, *a.* high in place or style, lofty
 Sublime, *s.* the grand or lofty style
 Sublimely, *ad.* in a lofty manner, grandly
 Sublimity, *s.* height of place, style, or excellence ; loftiness of style or sentiment
 Sublingual, *a.* placed under the tongue

Sublu'nar, Sub'lunary, *a.* under the orb of the moon, terrestrial, earthly
 Submar'ine, *a.* lying or acting under the sea
 Submer'sion, *s.* the act of drowning
 Submiss', Submis'sive, *a.* humble, obsequious, gentle
 Submis'sion, *s.* a yielding to, obedience
 Submis'sively, *ad.* humbly, &c.
 Submit, *v. a.* to refer to judgement, to yield, to resign to authority ; to let down, to sink
 Submul'tiple, *a.* an even part
 Subnas'cent, *a.* growing out underneath
 Suboc'cupy, Suboc'cuple, *a.* one part of eight
 Subor'dinacy, Subor'dinancy, *s.* the state of being subject ; series of subordination
 Subor'dinate, *a.* inferior in order, subject
 Subor'dinately, *ad.* in a series regularly descending ; in an inferior degree
 Subordina'tion, *s.* a state of being inferior
 Subor'n, *v. a.* to procure by false means
 Suborna'tion, *s.* the crime of procuring any one to do a bad action
 Subpo'na, *s.* a writ commanding attendance in a court
 Subquad'ruple, *a.* containing a fourth part
 Subquin'tuple, *a.* containing a fifth part
 Subreptitious, *a.* fraudulently obtained
 Subscri'be, *v. a.* to sign, to attest, to consent to
 Subscriber, *s.* one who subscribes, &c.
 Subscription, *s.* any thing underwritten ; attestation or consent by underwriting the name ; money, &c. subscribed for carrying on any undertaking ; submission ; obedience
 Subse'cutive, *a.* following in train
 Subsequence, *s.* the state of following
 Subsequent, *a.* following, not preceding
 Subsequently, *ad.* so as to follow in train
 Subse'rv, *v. a.* to promote, to help forward
 Subserviency, *s.* instrumental fitness or use
 Subservient, *a.* instrumental ; servicable
 Subs'ide, *v. n.* to sink or tend downwards
 Subs'idency, *s.* tendency downward
 Subs'idary, *a.* assistant ; brought in aid
 Subs'idize, *v. a.* to furnish with a subsidy
 Subs'idy, *s.* an aid, tax, or tribute
 Subs'ign, *v. a.* to sign under
 Subsist, *v.* to continue ; to have means of living ; to feed ; to maintain
 Subsistence, *s.* real being ; competence
 Subsistent, *a.* having real being, existent
 Sub'stance, *s.* something existing ; essential part ; something real ; body ; wealth
 Substan'tial, *a.* real, solid, corporeal, strong
 Substantiality, *s.* corporeity, materiality
 Substan'tialize, *v. a.* to reduce to reality
 Substan'tially, *ad.* strongly, solidly, truly
 Substan'tiate, *v. a.* to make to exist
 Sub'stantive, *s.* a noun betokening a thing
 Sub'stantive, *a.* solid ; denoting existence
 Sub'stitute, *v. a.* to put in the place of another
 Sub'stitute, *s.* one acting for another
 Substratum, *s.* a layer of earth or any other thing that lies under another
 Substruction, *s.* an under building
 Subsub'sive, Sub'sultory, *a.* moving by starts
 Subten'd, *v. a.* to extend underneath

Subten'se, *s.* the chord of an arch
 Subterfluent, *a.* running under
 Subterfuge, *s.* an evasion, shift, trick
 Subterranean, Subterraneous, *a.* lying under the earth, placed below the surface
 Subterrany, *s.* what lies under ground
 Subtile, *a.* thin; nice, acute, cunning
 Subtily, *ad.* finely, artfully, cunningly
 Subtleness, *s.* fineness, rareness; cunning
 Subtilitate, *v. a.* to make thin
 Subtiliation, *s.* the act of making thin
 Subtility, *s.* thinness; cunningness, slyness
 Subtilize, *v. a.* to make thin, to refine
 Subtilization, *s.* superfluous acuteness
 Subtle, *a.* sly, artful, cunning
 Subtrac't, *v. a.* to take away part
 Subtraction, *s.* the act of taking away part from the whole
 Subven'tion, *s.* a supply, aid, relief
 Subver'sion, *s.* overthrow, ruin, destruction
 Subver'sive, *a.* tending to overturn
 Subvert, *v. a.* to overthrow, overturn, ruin
 Sub'urbs, *s.* buildings, &c. belonging to a city, but without the walls
 Succeda'neous, *a.* in the room of another
 Succeda'neum, *s.* that which is put to serve for something else
 Succer'd, *v.* to follow in order; to prosper
 Success', *s.* happy termination of any affair
 Successful, *a.* prosperous, fortunate
 Successfully, *ad.* prosperously, luckily
 Success'ion, *s.* a series of things or persons following one another; lineage; inheritance; order of descendants
 Successive, *a.* following in order
 Successively, *ad.* in uninterrupted order
 Successor, *s.* one who succeeds to another
 Succin'ct, *a.* tucked up; concise, brief
 Succinctly, *ad.* briefly, concisely
 Sue'cory, *s.* a plant, wild endive
 Sue'cour, *v. a.* to relieve, assist in distress
 Sue'cour, *s.* aid, assistance, relief
 Sue'culent, *a.* juicy, moist, full of juice
 Succumb'a, *v. a.* to sink under difficulty, yield
 Succus'sion, *s.* the act of shaking
 Such, *pron.* of that or the like kind
 Suck, *v.* to draw in; to extract moisture
 Suck'er, *s.* any thing that draws; part of a pump; a young twig or shoot
 Suck'et, *s.* a sweetmeat, a conserve
 Suck'le, *v. a.* to nurse at the breast
 Suck'ling, *s.* a sucking child, lamb, &c.
 Suction, *s.* the act of sucking up
 Sudation, *s.* sweat
 Sudatory, *a.* sweating—*s.* a sweating bath
 Sud'den, *a.* without notice, hasty, violent
 Sud'den, *s.* any unexpected occurrence
 Sud'denly, *ad.* in an unexpected manner
 Sudorific, *a.* provoking or causing sweat
 Suds, *s.* a lixivium of soap and water
 Sue, *v.* to prosecute by law; beg, entreat
 Sue't, *s.* fat, hard fat about the kidneys
 Sue'ty, *a.* consisting of or like suet
 Suffer, *v.* to bear, endure, permit, undergo
 Sufferable, *a.* that may be borne
 Sufferance, *s.* pain, patience, permission
 Sufferer, *s.* one who endures or suffers
 Suffering, *s.* pain suffered

Suffice, *v.* to be enough or sufficient
 Sufficiency, *s.* a being sufficient, competency, supply equal to want
 Sufficient, *a.* equal to; qualified for
 Sufficiently, *ad.* enough; tolerably
 Suffocate, *v. a.* to smother, stifle, choke
 Suffoca'tion, *s.* the act of choking
 Suffragan, *s.* a term applied to a bishop, as subject to his metropolitan
 Suffragant, *a.* assisting, concurring with
 Suffrage, *s.* a vote, voice, approbation
 Suffu'migate, *v.* to smoke underneath
 Suffu'migation, *s.* a fume raised by fire
 Suffu'se, *v. a.* to spread over with a tincture
 Suffu'sion, *s.* a spreading over; a dimness
 Sugar, *s.* the native salt of the sugar-cane
 Sugarplum, *s.* a kind of sweetmeat
 Sug'ary, *a.* sweet, tasting of sugar
 Sug'cent, *a.* relating to sucking
 Suggest, *v. a.* to hint, to prompt, to put in one's mind, to inform secretly
 Suggest'ion, *s.* a hint, intimation, notice
 Sug'glate, *v. a.* to beat black and blue
 Su'icide, *s.* self-murder; a self-murderer
 Su'llage, *s.* a drain of filth
 Su'ing, *s.* the act of soaking through
 Suit, *s.* a petition; set; courtship; retinue
 Suit, *v.* to fit, to become, to agree, to accord
 Suitable, *a.* agreeable to, according with
 Suite, *s.* series, retinue, company
 Suitor, Su'tor, *s.* a petitioner; a wooer
 Su'tress, *s.* a female petitioner
 Sullen, *a.* gloomy, dismal; obstinate
 Sullenly, *ad.* gloomily, angrily, intractably
 Sullenness, *s.* moroseness, malignity
 Sul'ty, *v. a.* to soil, tarnish, dirt, spot
 Sul'phur, *s.* brimstone, a fat unctuous mineral substance, inflammable by fire
 Sulphura'tion, *s.* act of dressing or anointing with sulphur
 Sulphu'reous, *a.* containing or like sulphur
 Sul'phury, *a.* partaking of sulphur
 Sul'tan, *s.* the Turkish emperor
 Sulta'na, Sul'taness, *s.* the Sultan's consort
 Sul'try, *a.* hot and close, hot and cloudy
 Sum, *s.* the whole of any thing; a certain quantity of money; a compendium
 Sum, *v. a.* to compute, comprise; collect
 Sum'less, *a.* not to be computed
 Sum'marily, *ad.* briefly, the shortest way
 Sum'mary, *a.* concise—*s.* an abridgment
 Sum'mer, *s.* the second season
 Sum'mer-house, *s.* a pleasure-house or arbour in a garden, used in the summer
 Sum'merset, *s.* a leap heels over head
 Sum'mit, *s.* the top, the utmost height
 Sum'mon, *v. a.* to call with authority, cite
 Sum'moner, *s.* one who summons or cites
 Sum'mons, *s.* a call of authority, citation
 Sum'pter, *s.* a horse of state; a packhorse
 Sum'ption, *s.* the act of taking
 Sum'ptuary, *a.* of or pertaining to expenses
 Sum'ptuous, *a.* costly, expensive, splendid
 Sum'ptuously, *ad.* expensively, splendidly
 Sum'ptuousness, *s.* expensiveness
 Sun, *s.* the luminary that makes the day
 Sun'beam, *s.* a ray of the sun
 Sun'burnt, *a.* tanned by the sun

Sun'day, *s.* the christian sabbath
 Sun'dry, *v. a.* to divide or part asunder
 Sund'al, *s.* a marked plate on which the shadow points the hour
 Sun'dry, *a.* several, various, more than one
 Sun'flower, *s.* a large yellow flower
 Sung, *pref.* and *part. pass.* of *sing*
 Sunk, *pref.* and *part. pass.* of *sink*
 Sun'less, *a.* wanting sun, wanting warmth
 Sun'ny, *a.* bright, clear, exposed to the sun
 Sun'rise, *s.* the beginning of morning
 Sun'set, *s.* the close of the day, evening
 Sun'shine, *s.* the radiant light of the sun
 Sun'shiny, *a.* bright with or like the sun
 Sup, *v.* to drink by sips; to eat supper
 Sup, *s.* a small draught of liquor
 Su'perable, *a.* that may be conquered
 Superabund', *v. n.* to be exuberant
 Superabund'ance, *s.* more than enough
 Superabund'ant, *a.* being more than enough
 Superadd', *v. n.* to add over and above
 Superaddit'ion, *s.* act of adding to something
 Superaddit'ient, *a.* coming unexpectedly
 Superannuate, *v.* to impair by age, &c.
 Superannuated, *a.* disqualified by age
 Super'b, *a.* grand, pompous, stately
 Super'bly, *ad.* in a superb manner, proudly
 Superca'rgo, *s.* a sea-officer to manage trade
 Superced'ential, *a.* above the firmament
 Supercil'ious, *a.* proud, haughty, arbitrary
 Supercil'iously, *ad.* contemptuously
 Superem'inance, *s.* superior excellence
 Superem'inent, *a.* eminent in a high degree
 Supererogant, Supererogatory, *a.* performed beyond the strict demands of duty
 Supererogate, *v. n.* to do more than duty
 Supererogation, *s.* doing more than duty
 Superex'cellent, *a.* uncommonly excellent
 Super'fice, *s.* the surface, the outside
 Super'ficial, *a.* lying on the surface; contrived to cover something; shallow
 Super'fices, *s.* the outside or surface
 Super'fine, *a.* eminently fine
 Super'flant, *a.* floating on the top
 Superflu'ity, *s.* more than enough
 Superfluous, *a.* exuberant, unnecessary
 Superflux, *s.* what is more than is wanted
 Superincumbent, *a.* lying or leaning on the top of something else
 Superinduce, *v. a.* to bring in as an addition
 Superintend', *v. a.* to oversee; to manage
 Superintendency, *s.* the act of overseeing
 Superintend'ent, *s.* a chief overseer
 Superior'ity, *s.* a being greater or higher, &c.
 Super'ior, *a.* higher, greater, preferable
 Superlat'ion, *s.* an exaggeration, excess
 Superlative, *a.* implying the highest degree
 Superlu'nar, *a.* placed above the moon
 Super'nal, *a.* coming from above; celestial
 Superna'tant, *a.* swimming above
 Supernat'ural, *a.* above nature; miraculous
 Supernumerary, *a.* above a stated number
 Superpurgat'ion, *s.* an over-purging
 Super'scribe, *v. a.* to write over, or on the outside of a letter, deed, writing, &c.
 Superscription, *s.* a writing on the outside
 Super'sede, *v. a.* to make void; to suspend

Superstit'ion, *s.* false devotion or religion
 Superstit'ious, *a.* addicted to superstition
 Superstrat'n, *v. a.* to overstrain
 Superstruc't, *v. a.* to build upon any thing
 Superstruction, *s.* edifice raised on any thing
 Superstruc'ture, *s.* what is built on another
 Supernat'urous, *a.* needless; superfluous
 Superv'ene, *v. n.* to come unexpectedly
 Superv'ient, *a.* added, additional
 Superven'tion, *s.* a coming on a sudden
 Superv'ise, *v. a.* to overlook, to oversee
 Superv'isor, *s.* an overseer, an inspector
 Sup'ine, *a.* lying with the face upwards
 Su'pine, *s.* a verbal noun in grammar
 Sup'inely, *ad.* drowsily, indolently
 Sup'inness, *s.* drowsiness, indolence
 Sup'page, *s.* what may be supped
 Sup'per, *s.* the evening repast, the last meal of the day
 Sup'perless, *a.* without a supper
 Supplant', *v. a.* to displace by stratagem
 Sup'ple, *a.* pliant, yielding, fawning
 Sup'plement, *s.* an addition to supply defects
 Supplemen'tal, Supplemen'tary, *a.* additional; such as may supply the place of what is lost
 Sup'pleness, *s.* pliancy, flexibility
 Sup'platory, *s.* what fills up deficiencies
 Sup'pliant, *a.* entreating, submissive
 Sup'pliant, Sup'plicant, *s.* a petitioner
 Sup'plicate, *v. n.* to implore, to entreat
 Sup'plication, *s.* an humble petition
 Supply', *v. a.* to relieve, serve instead of
 Supply', *s.* a relief of want, aid, support
 Suppo'rt, *v. a.* to sustain, endure, maintain
 Suppo'rt, *s.* a prop, maintenance, supply
 Suppo'rtable, *a.* tolerable; moderate
 Suppo'rter, *s.* one that supports; a prop
 Suppo'se, *v. a.* to imagine or believe without examination; to lay down without proof; to admit without proof
 Supposit'ion, *s.* position laid down; hypothesis; imagination yet unproved
 Supposit'ional, Suppo'sitive, *a.* hypothetical
 Supposit'itious, *a.* counterfeit, not genuine
 Supposit'itiousness, *s.* a being counterfeit
 Suppos'itory, *s.* a kind of solid clyster
 Suppress', *v. a.* to crush, subdue, conceal
 Suppres'sion, *s.* the act of suppressing
 Suppres'sive, *a.* suppressing, concealing
 Sup'purate, *v. a.* to generate pus or matter
 Suppura'tion, *s.* a ripening to pus or matter
 Sup'purative, *a.* digestive; generating matter
 Supputat'ion, *s.* a reckoning, calculation
 Suppu'te, *v. a.* to reckon, to calculate
 Supramund'ane, *a.* above the world
 Suprem'acy, *s.* the height of authority, &c.
 Supre'me, *a.* highest in dignity, &c.
 Supre'mely, *ad.* in the highest degree
 Su'ral, *a.* being in the calf of the leg
 Sur'ance, *s.* a warrant, a security
 Sur'base, *s.* a kind of skirt, border, or moulding, above the base
 Surcease, *v.* to stop, to cease, to leave off
 Surcha'rges, *v. a.* to overburden, &c.
 Sur'cingle, *s.* a girth, a girdle of a castrick

Surcle, *s.* a shoot, a twig, a sucker
Surcoat, *s.* a short coat worn over the dress
Surd, *a.* deaf, unheard; incommensurable
Sur'dity, *a.* deafness; dulness, heaviness
Sure, *a.* certain, confident; safe; firm
Sure, *Sur'ely*, *ad.* certainly, undoubtedly
Sur'ety, *s.* certainty, security, hostage, bail
Surf, *s.* the swell or dashing of the sea that beats against rocks or the shore
Surface, *s.* the superficies; the outside
Sur'felt, *v.* to make sick with eating, &c.
Surge, *s.* a swelling sea—*v. n.* to rise high
Surgeon, *s.* one who professes surgery
Surgery, *s.* curing by manual operation
Surgical, *s.* pertaining to the art and skill of a surgeon
Sur'gy, *a.* rising in billows; swelling
Sur'liness, *s.* gloomy moroseness, sour anger
Surly, *a.* morose, rough, uncivil, sour
Surm'ise, *s.* an imperfect notion, a suspicion
Surmount, *v. a.* to rise above; to conquer, to overcome, to surpass, to exceed
Surmountable, *a.* conquerable; superable
Surname, *s.* a family name, appellation
Surpass, *v. a.* to excel, exceed, go beyond
Surpassing, *part. a.* excellent in a degree
Surplice, *s.* a clergyman's white garment
Surplus, *s.* an overplus, a remainder
Surprise, *s.* the act of taking unawares; sudden confusion or perplexity
Surprise, *v. a.* to take unawares, astonish
Surprising, *part. a.* wonderful, astonishing
Surrender, *v.* to yield, to give one's self up
Surrender, *s.* the act of yielding or resigning
Sur'ption, *s.* a surprise, sudden invasion
Sur'ptitious, *a.* done by stealth or fraud
Sur'rogate, *s.* a deputy; a delegate
Surround, *v. a.* to encompass, to enclose
Sur'sold, *s.* the fourth power of any root
Sur'tout, *s.* a large upper coat, a great coat
Sur'vene, *v. a.* to supervene, to be added
Survey, *v. a.* to overlook, oversee, view
Sur'vey, *s.* a view, a prospect; measure
Surveyor, *s.* an over-er; a measurer
Survive, *v.* to live after, to remain alive
Surviver, *Survivor*, *s.* the longest liver
Survivorship, *s.* the state of a survivor
Susceptibility, *s.* the quality of admitting
Susceptible, *s.* susceptible, *a.* apt to take an impression; capable of admitting
Susception, *s.* the act of taking or admitting
Sus'pency, *s.* reception, admission
Sus'picious, *s.* one who admits or receives
Sus'cite, *v. n.* to rouse, to excite
Sus'pect, *v.* to fear, mistrust, think guilty
Suspen'd, *v. a.* to hang, to delay, to put off, to defer, to make to stop for a time
Suspen'se, *s.* an uncertainty, doubt, stop
Suspen'sion, *s.* a hanging up; a being suspended from an office; ceasing for a time
Sus'pensive, *a.* held in doubt
Sus'pensory, *a.* suspended, hanging by
Sus'picion, *s.* the act of suspecting
Sus'picious, *a.* inclined to suspect, liable to suspicion; giving reason to imagine ill
Suspiration, *s.* a sigh, a breathing deep
Suspire, *v. n.* to sigh, breathe hard or deep

Sustain, *v. a.* to bear, to support, to maintain, to help; to defend a position
Sustenance, *s.* maintenance; victuals
Susurra'tion, *s.* a whisper, a soft murmur
Sut'ler, *s.* one who sells victuals, liquors, &c.
Sut'le, *s.* the neat weight of commodities
Suture, *s.* a sewing of wounds; a joining
Swab, *s.* a kind of mop—*v. a.* to mop
Swab'ber, *s.* a cleaner of a ship's deck, &c.
Swad'dle, *v. a.* to swathe, to bind in clothes
Swad'dle, *s.* clothes bound round the body
Swag, *v. a.* to sink down by its weight
Swagger, *v. n.* to bluster, to bully, to brag
Swain, *s.* a country servant, a clown
Swallow, *s.* a small bird; the throat
Swallow, *v. a.* to take down the throat
Swarm, the *pret. of swim*
Swamp, *s.* a marsh, a fen, watery ground
Swampy, *a.* boggy, fenny, marshy
Swan, *s.* the name of a large water fowl
Swan'skin, *s.* a kind of fine soft flannel
Swapp, *ad.* hastily—*v. a.* to exchange
Sward, *s.* a green turf; the skin of bacon
Sware, the *pret. of swear*
Swarm, *s.* a great number of bees, &c.; a crowd—*v. n.* to breed multitudes
Swarthy, *a.* dark of complexion, tawny
Swash, *v. n.* to make a clatter or great noise
Swathe, *v. a.* to bind with rollers or bands
Sway, *v.* to bias, to govern, to have weight
Sway, *s.* power, rule, influence, direction
Sweal, *Swale*, *v. a.* to waste away, to melt
Swear, *v.* to utter an oath, declare or promise upon oath
Sweat, *v.* to emit moisture; toil, labour
Sweat'y, *a.* moist with sweat, tedious
Swede, *s.* a native of Sweden
Swedish, *a.* respecting the Swedes
Sweep, *v.* to clean with a besom; to carry with pomp; to carry off with violence
Sweep, *s.* the compass of any motion
Sweepings, *s.* what is swept away
Sweep'st, *s.* a large kind of net
Swep'stake, *s.* a man that wins all
Sweet, *a.* luscious to the taste; mild, soft, grateful, not stale, pleasing to any sense
Sweet'bread, *s.* the pancreas of a calf
Sweet'brair, *s.* a fragrant shrub
Sweet'en, *v.* to make or grow sweet
Sweet'ner, *s.* one who palliates, &c.
Sweet'heart, *s.* a lover or mistress
Sweet'ing, *s.* a word of endearment
Sweet'ish, *a.* somewhat sweet
Sweet'meat, *s.* delicacies made of fruit preserved with sugar
Sweet'scented, *a.* having a sweet smell
Sweetwilliam, *s.* a garden flower
Sweetwillow, *s.* a gale or Dutch myrtle
Swell, *v.* to grow bigger, look big; heighten
Swell, *s.* an extension of bulk; anger
Swelling, *s.* protuberance, prominence
Swelt'er, *v.* to be pained or dried with heat
Swelt'ry, *s.* suffocating with heat
Swept, *part. and pret. of sweep*
Swerve, *v. n.* to wander, to rove, to deviate
Swift, *a.* quick, nimble, ready, prompt
Swift'ness, *s.* speed, rapidity, quickness
Swig, *v. n.* to drink by large draughts

Swill, *v. a.* to drink luxuriously, inebriate
Swim, *v. a.* to float on water; to glide along
Swimming, *s.* moving on water; dizziness
Swimmingly, *ad.* smoothly, unobstructedly
Swindle, *v. a.* to impose upon the credulity of mankind by false pretences
Swine, *s.* a hog, a pig
Swineherd, *s.* a keeper of hogs
Swing, *v. a.* to wave loosely in the air
Swing, *s.* motion of any thing hanging loosely; unrestrained liberty
Swinge, *v. a.* to whip, chastise, punish
Swinging, *s.* great, huge
Swingle, *v. n.* to dangle; swing; beat flax
Swinish, *s.* resembling swine; gross
Swiss, **Switzer**, *s.* a native of Switzerland
Switch, *s.* a small flexible twig
Swivel, *s.* a thing to run upon; a gun
Swooper, *s.* a sweeper of a ship's decks
Swollen, **Swain**, *part. pass.* of *swell*
Sworn, *v. n.* to faint—*s.* a fainting fit
Swoop, *v. a.* to fly down hastily, like a hawk on its prey; prey upon, catch up
Swap, **Swap**, *s.* an exchange
Sword, *s.* a well-known military weapon
Swordcutler, *s.* one who deals in swords
Swordplay, *s.* violence, force
Swordman, *s.* a soldier, a fighting man
Swordplay, *s.* a gladiator, a fencer
Swear, *the pret. of swear*
Sworn, *part. pass.* of *swear*
Swum, *pret. and part. pass.* of *swim*
Swung, *pret. and part. pass.* of *swing*
Sycophant, *s.* a parasite, a flatterer
Syllabic, **Syllabical**, *s.* relating to syllables
Syllabication, *s.* the analyzing of words into syllables
Syllable, *s.* as much of a word as is uttered by the help of one vowel, or one articulation; any thing proverbially concise
Syllabus, *s.* the heads of a discourse
Syllogism, *s.* an argument of three propositions; as, every animal has life, George is an animal, therefore George has life
Syllogistical, *s.* consisting of a syllogism
Sylph, **Sylphid**, *s.* a kind of fairy nymph
Sylvan, (better *Silvan*), *s.* woody, shady
Sylvan, *s.* a wood-god, a satyr

Symbol, *s.* an abstract; compendium; type
Symbolical, *s.* representative, typical
Symbolize, *v.* to represent, to resemble
Symmetrical, *s.* one studious of proportion
Symmetrical, **Symmetrical**, *s.* proportionate
Symmetry, *s.* a due proportion or relation of parts to the whole; harmony
Sympathetic, *s.* having mutual sensation
Sympathize, *v. n.* to feel with or for another
Sympathy, *s.* mutual sensibility, fellow-feeling, compassion
Symphonious, *s.* harmonious, musical
Symphony, *s.* harmony of mingled sounds
Symptom, *s.* a sign, a token, an indication
Symptomatic, *s.* happening concurrently
Synagogue, *s.* a place of Jewish worship
Synalepha, *s.* a contraction of a syllable
Synarchy, *s.* joint sovereignty
Synchronism, *s.* a concurrence of events happening at the same time
Syncope, *s.* a fainting fit; a contraction
Synecopist, *s.* a contractor of words
Syndic, *s.* a deputy; magistrate, alderman
Syndicate, *v. n.* to pass sentence on, to judge
Syndrome, *s.* a concurrent action
Synecdoche, *s.* a figure of rhetoric, by which part is taken for the whole, or the whole for a part
Synod, *s.* an ecclesiastical assembly
Synodical, *s.* pertaining to a synod
Synonym, *s.* a word of the same meaning as some other word
Synonymous, *s.* of the same signification
Synopsis, *s.* a short view or epitome; an abridgment; a general view
Syntax, *s.* a system; that part of grammar which teaches the construction of words
Synthesis, *s.* the act of joining
Synthetic, **Synthetical**, *s.* conjoining, compounding
Syringa, *s.* a flowering shrub
Syringe, *s.* a pipe to squirt liquor with
Syrts, *s.* a quicksand, a bog
System, *s.* a method, theory, scheme
Systematic, *s.* one who observes system
Systematical, *s.* methodical, connected
Systole, *s.* the contraction of the heart
the shortening of a long syllable.

T.

TAWARD, **Tab'ard**, *s.* a herald's coat
Tab'by, *s.* a kind of silk—*s.* brindled; varied with different colours
Tab'by, *v. n.* to waste; be extenuated
Tabernacle, *s.* a sacred place, a place of worship; a temporary habitation
Tab'd, *s.* consumptive, wasted by disease
Tablature, *s.* painting on walls or ceilings
Table, *s.* any flat surface; an index
Table, *v.* to board; to set down regularly
Tablecloth, *s.* linen spread on a table
Tableman, *s.* a man at draughts
Tables, *s.* boards used for backgammon
Tablet, *s.* a small table; a small level surface; a medicine in a square form

Ta'bour, *s.* a small drum, a drum beaten with one stick to accompany a pipe
Tab'ular, *s.* formed in squares or laminæ
Tabulated, *s.* having a flat surface
Tache, *s.* a catch, a loop, a button
Tachygraphy, *s.* the art of quick writing
Tac'it, *s.* silent; implied or meant, though not expressed by words
Tac'itly, *ad.* silently; by implication
Taciturnity, *s.* habitual silence
Tack, *v.* to join, to unite; to turn a ship
Tack, *s.* a small nail; rope; turn of a ship
Tack'le, *s.* ropes of a ship; an arrow
Tack'ling, *s.* ropes and furniture of ships
instruments of action

Tac'tic, *a.* relating to the art of war
 Tac'tician, *a.* one skilled in tactics
 Tac'tics, *s.* the art of disposing any number of men into a proper form of battle
 Tac'tile, *a.* that which may be felt
 Tad'pole, *a.* a young shapeless frog
 Taff'eta, Taff'ety, *s.* a sort of thin silk
 Tag, *s.* a metal at the end of lace, &c.
 Tag, *v. a.* to fix on a tag; to join together
 Tail, *s.* the hinder or lower part, end
 Tail'or, *s.* one who makes men's clothes
 Taint, *v.* to stain, sully, infect, corrupt
 Taint, *s.* a tincture, stain, soil, infection
 Tainture, *s.* tinge, taint, defilement
 Take, *v.* to receive; seize; surprise; catch; exact; procure; suppose; captivate
 Ta'ken, *part. pass.* of take
 Tak'ing, *s.* seizure; distress, calamity
 Tal'bot, *s.* a sort of hunting dog between a bound and a beagle
 Tale, *s.* a kind of stone
 Tale, *s.* a story, narrative, fable; reckoning
 Tale'tearer, *s.* a malignant officious telltale
 Tal'ent, *s.* a certain weight or sum; faculty
 Tal'isman, *s.* a magical character
 Talk, *v. n.* to speak, prattle, reason; confer
 Tal'kative, *a.* full of prate; loquacious
 Tal'kativness, *s.* loquacity; garrulity
 Tal'ker, *s.* one who talks; a prattler, a boaster; a loquacious fellow
 Tal'king, *s.* the act or power of speaking
 Tall, *a.* high in stature, lofty; lusty
 Tal'liness, *s.* height of stature; procerity
 Tallow, *s.* the fat of beasts melted, suet
 Tal'lowchandler, *s.* one who makes and sells tallow candles
 Tal'lowish, *a.* having the nature of tallow
 Tal'ly, *s.* two sticks equally notched
 Tal'ly, *v.* to fit; to conform, to be suitable
 Tal'lyman, *s.* one who sells clothes, &c. to be paid by weekly payments
 Tal'mud, Thal'mud, *s.* the book containing the Jewish traditions
 Tal'on, *s.* the claw of a bird of prey
 Tam'arind, *s.* an acid Indian fruit
 Tam'arisk, *s.* a tree
 Tam'barine, *s.* a tambour; a fine sieve
 Tame, *a.* not wild; depressed, spiritless
 Tame, *v. a.* to subdue; make gentle; crush
 Tam'ely, *ad.* not wildly; mealy
 Tam'eness, *s.* gentleness, want of spirit
 Tam'per, *v. a.* to meddle with; to practise
 Tann, *v. a.* to prepare skins; become tawny
 Tang, *s.* a strong taste; relish; sound; tone
 Tan'gent, *s.* a line perpendicular to a radius
 Tan'gible, *a.* perceptible to the touch
 Tan'gle, *v.* to knit together; entrap, embroil, embarrass, ensnare
 Tank, *s.* a reservoir of water; a large basin
 Tan'kard, *s.* a drinking vessel with a lid
 Tan'ner, *s.* one who tans hides for leather
 Tan'-pit, *s.* a pit for a tanner's work
 Tan'ny, *s.* the name of a plant
 Tan'taller, *v. a.* to torment with false hopes
 Tan'tamount, *s.* equivalent, worth as much
 Taut'ry, *ad.* with haste, with full speed
 Tap, *s.* a gentle blow; a small pipe
 Tap, *v. a.* to touch lightly, pierce, breach

Tape, *s.* a sort of riband made of linen and yarn; a narrow fillet or band
 Tap'per, *s.* a wax candle—*a.* conical
 Tap'per, *v. n.* to grow smaller
 Tap'stry, *s.* a cloth woven with figures
 Ta'pis, *s.* tapestry, which formerly covered tables; hence a matter for discussion is said to be upon the *tapis*
 Tap'ster, *s.* one who draws beer, &c.
 Tar, *s.* the juice of pines or firs; a sailor
 Taran'tula, *s.* a venomous insect, whose bite is cured only by music
 Tardig'radous, *a.* moving slowly
 Tar'dily, *ad.* slowly, sluggishly, heavily
 Tar'diness, *s.* slowness, sluggishness
 Tar'dy, *a.* slow; late; unwary; criminal
 Tare, *s.* a weed; an allowance in weight
 Tar'get, *s.* a kind of buckler or shield
 Tar'gum, *s.* a paraphrase on scripture in the Chaldee language
 Tar'iff, *s.* a cartel of commerce
 Tar'mish, *v.* to sully, soil, lose brightness
 Tarpaw'ling, *s.* tarred canvass; a sailor
 Tar'rance, *s.* stay, delay, sojourn
 Tar'rrier, *s.* a small dog; one that tarrics
 Tar'ry, *v.* to stay, to loiter, to wait for
 Tar'ry, *a.* pertaining to tar
 Tart, *a.* sour; severe—*s.* a small fruit pie
 Tar'tan, *s.* a kind of woollen stuff
 Tar'tane, *s.* a small single-masted ship
 Tar'tar, *s.* a native of Tartary; wine lees
 Tar'tarean, *a.* hellish, infernal
 Tar'tareous, *a.* consisting of tartar; hellish
 Tar'tly, *ad.* sharply, sourly, severely
 Task, *s.* employment; business imposed
 Tar'tness, *s.* sharpness, acidity; ill-nature
 Tas'sel, *s.* an ornamental bunch of silk, &c.; a male hawk; an herb
 Tas'ses, *s.* armour for the thighs
 Taste, *v.* to try the relish; to feed; to enjoy
 Taste, *s.* the act of tasting; discernment; experiment; intellectual discernment
 Tas'tless, *a.* insipid, having no taste
 Tas'ter, *s.* one who tastes, a dram cup
 Tat'ter, *v. a.* to tear, to rend—*s.* a rag
 Tatter'demation, *s.* a ragged fellow
 Tat'tle, *v. a.* to prate, to talk idly
 Tat'tler, *s.* an idle talker, a prater
 Tatt'oe', *s.* beat of drum by which soldiers are warned to quarters
 Tav'ern, *s.* a house where wine is sold
 Taught, *pret. and part. pass.* of teach
 Taunt, *v. a.* to reproach, insult, revile
 Taunt, *s.* an insult, scoff, reproach
 Tau'ntingly, *ad.* in a reproachful manner
 Tau'rus, *s.* the second sign in the zodiac
 Tautolog'ical, *a.* repeating the same thing
 Tautology, *s.* a repetition of the same words
 Taw, *v. a.* to dress white leather—*s.* a child's play with marble bowls
 Taw'dry, *a.* ridiculously or meanly showy
 Taw'ny, *a.* yellow, like things tanned
 Tax, *s.* an impost, tribute, charge; censure
 Tax, *v. a.* to lay a tax; censure; charge
 Tax'able, *a.* that which may be taxed
 Taxa'tion, *s.* the act of loading with taxes
 Tea, *s.* a Chinese shrub, liquor made thereof
 Tea'board, *s.* a board for teacups, &c.

Teach, *v.* to instruct, to inform, to show
Tea'cher, *s.* an instructor; a preacher
Tea'cup, *s.* a small cup to drink tea from
Tead, **Tede**, *s.* a torch, a flambeau
Teague, *s.* a name of contempt used for an Irishman
Teal, *s.* a wild fowl of the duck kind
Team, *s.* a farmer's waggon; flock, number
Tear, *s.* water from the eye; rent; fissure
Tear, *v.* to rend in pieces; to rave, to fume
Tear'ful, *a.* weeping, full of tears
Tease, *v. a.* to comb wool, to scratch, vex
Tea'sel, *s.* a plant useful in dressing cloth
Teat, *s.* the dug of an animal
Technical, *a.* belonging to arts; not in common or popular use
Tecl'y, **Tech'y**, *a.* peevish, capitious
Tectonic, *a.* pertaining to building
Ted, *v. a.* to lay newly-mown grass in rows
Te Deum, *s.* a hymn used in the liturgy
Te'dious, *a.* wearisome, irksome; slow
Te'diously, *ad.* in a slow irksome manner
Teem, *v.* to bring forth young; to abound
Te'nful, *a.* pregnant, prolific, brimful
Te'e'less, *a.* unfruitful, not prolific
Teens, *s.* the years between 12 and 20
Teeth, *s.* plural of Tooth
Teeth, *v. a.* to breed teeth
Te'p'um'ent, *s.* a cover, the outward part
Teint, *s.* colour; shade; touch of a pencil
Tel'ary, *s.* spinning webs
Tel'eg'raph, *s.* a machine for the rapid conveyance of intelligence by signals
Te'less, *s.* a kind of magical charm
Tel'scope, *s.* a glass used for distant views
Tell, *v.* to utter, relate, count, betray
Tell'er, *s.* one who tells or counts, or relates
Tell'tale, *s.* an officious talkbearer
Te'me'rious, *a.* rash, careless, heedless
Te'mer'ity, *s.* rashness, unadvisedness, unreasonable contempt of danger
Tem'per, *s.* calmness of mind, moderation; due mixture of contrary qualities
Tem'per, *v. a.* to soften, mingle, make fit
Tem'perament, *s.* constitution; a medium
Tem'perance, *s.* moderation, patience
Tem'perate, *a.* moderate in degree of any quality; not excessive
Tem'perately, *ad.* moderately, calmly
Tem'perative, *a.* having power to temper
Tem'perature, *s.* constitution of nature; moderation, mediocrity, temperament
Tem'pest, *s.* a violent wind; a commotion
Tem'pestiv'ity, *s.* seasonableness
Tem'pest-tost, *a.* driven about by storms
Tem'pestuous, *a.* stormy, boisterous
Tem'plar, *s.* a student in the law
Tem'ple, *s.* a church; the side of the head
Tem'poral, *a.* measured by time; not eternal; secular; not spiritual
Tem'porally, *ad.* with respect to this life
Tem'porality, *s.* the laly; secular possessions
Tem'porary, *a.* lasting only for a time
Tem'perization, *s.* the act of complying with times and occasions
Tem'porize, *v. n.* to delay, to procrastinate; to comply with the times or occasions
Tempt, *v. a.* to entice to ill, to provoke

Tempta'tion, *s.* the act of tempting to ill
Tem'pter, *s.* one who tempts, an enticer
Tem'ulent, *a.* intoxicated, inebriated
Ten, *s.* the decimal number; twice five
Ten'able, *a.* that which may be held or kept
Tenacious, *a.* retentive; cohesive; grasping hard; holding fast an opinion or privilege
Tenaciously, *ad.* in a tenacious manner
Tenac'ity, *s.* a stiffness in opinion
Ten'ancy, *s.* any temporary possession of what belongs to another
Ten'ant, *s.* one who rents of another
Ten'antable, *a.* fit to be inhabited
Ten'antless, *a.* unoccupied, unpossessed
Tench, *s.* a river or pond fish
Tend, *v.* to watch; to move towards; aim at
Ten'dance, *s.* attendance, a waiting upon
Ten'dence, **Ten'dency**, *s.* a course; a drift
Ten'der, *a.* soft; easily pained; kind
Ten'der, *v. a.* to offer, to exhibit; to esteem
Ten'der, *s.* a proposal for acceptance
Ten'derhearted, *a.* compassionate, kind
Ten'derling, *s.* the first horns of a deer
Ten'derly, *ad.* gently, mildly, kindly
Ten'derness, *s.* susceptibility of impression; kind attention; scrupulousness; caution
Ten'dinous, *a.* sinewy, containing tendons
Ten'don, *s.* a sinew, a ligature of joints
Ten'dril, *s.* the clasper of a climbing plant
Ten'drillus, *a.* dark, gloomy
Ten'e'ment, *s.* any thing held by a tenant
Tenemen'tal, **Tenemen'tary**, *a.* to be held by certain tenure; usually let out
Ten'e'mus, *s.* continual need to go to stool
Ten'et, *s.* a position; principle; opinion
Ten'nis, *s.* a play with a racket and ball
Ten'on, *s.* a term in carpentry
Ten'or, **Ten'our**, *s.* continuity of state; sense contained; purport; sound in music
Tense, *s.* a variation of the verb to signify time—*a.* stretched, not lax
Ten'seness, *s.* a contraction, tension
Ten'sible, **Ten'sile**, *a.* capable of extension
Ten'sion, *s.* the act of stretching; not laxity
Ten'sive, *a.* giving a sensation of stiffness
Tent, *s.* a pavilion, moveable habitation; roll of lint put into a sore; red wine
Tenta'tion, *s.* trial, temptation
Ten'tative, *a.* essaying, experimental
Ten'ted, *a.* covered with tents
Ten'ter, *s.* an iron hook to stretch things on
Tenth, *s.* a yearly tribute from clergymen to the king; ecclesiastical tithes
Ten'u'ity, *s.* thinness, sleekness, exility
Ten'u'ous, *a.* thin, small, minute
Ten'u're, *s.* the manner or condition whereby tenements are holden
Tep'id, *a.* lukewarm, warm in a small degree; not zealous
Terce, *s.* a vessel containing 42 gallons
Terce'ma'jor, *s.* a sequence of three best cards
Ter'gem'inous, *a.* threefold
Ter'giversa'tion, *s.* a shift; evasion; change
Term, *s.* a boundary, limit; a limited or set time; word by which any thing is expressed; stipulation; time for seats of justice, and exercises at a university

- Term, *a.* to name, to call
 Ter'magant, *a.* a scolding bawling woman
 Ter'minable, *a.* admitting of bounds or limits; limitable
 Ter'minate, *v.* to bound, to limit, to end
 Ter'mina'tion, *a.* a limit, bound, conclusion
 Ter'miner, *a.* Oyer and Terminer, is a judicature where causes are determined
 Ter'mless, *a.* unlimited, undefined
 Ter'race, *s.* an open raised walk
 Terra'queous, *a.* composed of land and water
 Terre'ne, Terres'trial, *a.* earthly; worldly
 Ter'reous, Terres'trious, *a.* carthy
 Ter'rible, *a.* dreadful, formidable, frightful
 Ter'ribly, *adv.* dreadfully, violently
 Ter'rier, *s.* a dog; survey of lands; auger
 Ter'rific, *a.* dreadful, causing terror
 Ter'rif'y, *v. a.* to fright, to make afraid
 Territo'rial, *a.* belonging to a territory
 Ter'ritory, *s.* land, country, dominion
 Ter'ror, *a.* great fear, dread, cause of fear
 Ter'se, *a.* smooth; cleanly written; neat
 Ter'tian, *a.* returning every third day
 Tes'elated, *a.* variegated by squares
 Test, *s.* a vessel to try metals; examination
 Testa'ceous, *a.* consisting of shells
 Testament, *s.* a will; each of the volumes of the scriptures, as the *old* and *new* testament
 Testamen'tary, *a.* relating to a will
 Tes'tate, *a.* having made a will
 Testa'tion, *s.* witness, evidence
 Testa'tor, *s.* one who leaves a will
 Testa'trix, *s.* a woman who leaves a will
 Tes'ted, *a.* tried by a test; witnessed
 Tes'ter, *s.* a sixpence; the cover of a bed
 Tes'ticle, *a.* stone
 Tes'tifier, *s.* one who testifies
 Tes'tify, *v.* to witness, to certify, to prove
 Tes'tily, *adv.* fretfully, peevishly, morosely
 Testimo'nial, *s.* a certificate or attestation
 Testimony, *s.* evidence, proof; profession
 Testiness, *s.* moroseness, peevishness
 Tes'ty, *a.* fretful, peevish, apt to be angry
 Tete, *s.* a woman's false hair for the head
 Tete'-a-Tete, *s.* face to face; a private conversation between two
 Teth'er, *s.* a restraint for horses at pasture
 Tet'rad, *s.* the number four
 Tet'ragon, *s.* a square; a four-sided figure
 Tet'rarch, *s.* a Roman governor
 Tetra'rchate, Tet'rarchy, *s.* a Roman government of a fourth part of a province
 Tetru'stic, *a.* an epigram or stanza of 4 verses
 Tet'rical, *a.* froward, perverse, sour
 Tet'ter, *s.* a scab, a scurf; a ring-worm
 Teuton'ic, *a.* spoken by the ancient Germans
 Tew'el, *s.* a pipe at the back of a forge
 Tew'taw, Tow'tow, *v. a.* to beat, break
 Text, *s.* a sentence of scripture; that on which a comment is written
 Tex'thand, *s.* a large kind of writing
 Tex'tile, *a.* woven, that may be woven
 Text'uary, *s.* one ready in the text of scripture; a well informed divine
 Text'uary, *a.* contained in the text; serving as a text; authoritative
 Tex'ture, *s.* a web; manner of weaving
 Than, *conj.* a particle used in comparison
 Thane, *s.* an old title of honour
 Thank, *v. a.* to return acknowledgments for any favour or kindness
 Than'kful, *a.* full of gratitude, grateful
 Thanks, *s.* acknowledgment paid for favour or kindness
 Than'kless, *a.* ungrateful, unthankful
 Than'kgiving, *s.* a celebration of mercy
 That, *pron.* not this, but the other; which, who; the thing—*conj.* because
 Thatch, *s.* straw, &c. laid on the tops of houses to keep out the weather
 That'cher, *s.* one who covers with straw
 Than'maturgy, *s.* what may excite wonder
 Thaw, *v.* to melt, to dissolve
 Thaw, *s.* the dissolution of a frost
 The, *article*, denoting a particular thing
 The'atre, *s.* a place in which shows are exhibited; a play-house
 Theat'ric, Theat'rical, *a.* suiting a theatre
 Thee, the oblique case singular of *thou*
 Theft, *s.* the act of stealing; thing stolen
 The'ist, *s.* a deist
 Their, *pron. possessive* of *they*
 Them, *pron. pl.* the oblique case of *they*
 Theme, *s.* a subject, short dissertation, talk
 Themsel'ves, *pron. pl.* these very persons
 Then, *adv.* at that time, in that case
 Thence, *adv.* from that place, for that reason
 Then'ceforth, *adv.* from that time
 Thencefo'ward, *adv.* on from that time
 Theoc'racy, *s.* divine government
 Theocrat'ical, *a.* relating to theocracy
 Theodolite, *s.* a mathematical instrument used in surveying, taking heights, &c.
 Theog'ony, *s.* the generation of the gods
 Theolo'gian, *s.* a professor of divinity
 Theological, *a.* relating to theology
 Theologaster, *s.* a kind of quack in divinity
 Theo'logist, The'o'logue, *s.* a divine
 Theol'ogy, *s.* the science of divinity
 Theom'achy, *s.* a fight against the gods; opposition to the divine will
 Theo'rio, *s.* a large lute used by the Italians
 The'o'rem, *s.* a position laid down as an established truth; a given principle
 Theoret'ic, Theoret'ical, *a.* speculative
 The'orist, *s.* one given to speculation
 The'ory, *s.* a speculation, a scheme, a plan
 Therapeu'tic, *a.* teaching the cure of diseases
 There, *adv.* in that place; at that time
 Thereabou't, *adv.* near that place, nearly
 Thereaf'ter, *adv.* according to that
 Thereat', *adv.* at that, at that place
 Thereby', *adv.* by that, by means of that
 Therefo're, *adv.* for this reason; in consequence; in recompence for this or that
 Therefro'm', *adv.* from that, from this
 Therein', *adv.* in that, in this
 Thereinto', *adv.* into that, into this
 Thereof', *adv.* of that, of this
 Thereon', Thereupon', *adv.* on that, on this
 Thereto', Thereunto', *adv.* to that or this
 Therewith', *adv.* with that; immediately
 Therewith'a'l, *adv.* over and above; also
 Ther'iacal, *a.* medicinal, physical

Thermom'eter, *a.* an instrument for measuring the heat of the air, &c.
These, *pron. plural of this*
Th'e'is, *a.* a position; proposition; subject
Th'e'ury, *a.* the power of doing supernatural things by lawful means, as by prayer to God; a species of magic
They, *pron.* men, women, persons
Thick, *a.* not thin; gross, muddy, close
Thick, *ad.* frequently, closely, deeply
Thick'en, *v.* to make or grow thick; concrete, condense, be consolidated
Thick'et, *a.* a close knot or tuft of trees
Thick'ish, *a.* somewhat thick, dull
Thick'ness, *a.* density, closeness, dulness
Thick'skull, *a.* a dolt, a blockhead
Thick'et, *a.* close planted
Thief, *a.* one who steals another's property
Thie'fcatcher, *a.* one who takes thieves
Thieve, *v. n.* to steal, to practise theft
Thie'very, *a.* the practice of stealing
Thie'vish, *a.* given to stealing; secret, sly
Thigh, *a.* a limb of the body, including all between the groin and the knee
Thill, *a.* the shafts of a waggon or cart
Thill'home, *a.* a horse between the shafts
Thim'ble, *a.* a cap for the needle-finger
Thin, *a.* not thick; lean, slim, rare, small
Thine, *pronoun*, relating to thee
Thing, *a.* whatever is; not a person
Think, *v.* to have ideas, to fancy, to muse
Thi'king, *a.* imagination, judgement
Thi'ly, *ad.* not thickly, not numerously
Thin'ness, *a.* tenuity, scarcity, rareness
Third, *a.* the first after the second
Thi'r'dly, *ad.* in the third place
Thir, *v. a.* to pierce, to perforate
Thirst, *a.* the pain suffered for want of drink; eagerness, vehement desire, drought
Thirst, *v.* to feel want of drink, to be dry
Thi's'ty, *a.* suffering want of drink
Thir'teen, *a.* ten and three added
Thi'r'teenth, *a.* the third after the tenth
Thi'r'ty, *a.* thrice ten, twenty and ten
This, *pron.* that which is present
This'tle, *a.* a prickly weed growing in fields
This'tly, *a.* overgrown with thistles
Thi'th'er, *ad.* to that place, point, or end
Thi'th'erto, *ad.* to that end, so far
Thi'th'erward, *ad.* toward that place
Thole, *v. n.* to bear, to endure
Thong, *a.* a strap or string of leather
Thorn'e, *a.* belonging to the breast
Tho'ral, *a.* relating to the bed
Tho'rax, *a.* the inward part of the breast
Thorn, *a.* a prickly tree; a difficult point
Tho'r'nack, **Tho'r'nbut**, *a.* a sea-fish
Tho'rn'y, *a.* full of thorns; perplexing
Tho'rough, *a.* complete; passing through
Tho'roughfare, *a.* a passage through a place
Tho'roughly, *ad.* completely, fully
Tho'roughpaced, *a.* perfect, complete
Tho'roughstitch, *ad.* completely, fully
Thorp, *a.* a village
Those, *pron. plural of that*
Thou, the second pronoun personal
Though, *conj.* although, however
Thought, *pret. and part. pass. of think*

Thought, *a.* the act of thinking; idea, sentiment, reflection, solicitude, concern
Thou'ghtful, *a.* contemplative, careful
Thou'ghtless, *a.* airy, gay, careless; dull
Thou'ghtsick, *a.* uneasy with reflection
Thou'sand, *a. or a.* the number of ten hundred; proverbially, a great number
Thowl, *a.* a place or pin for oars to turn in
Thrack, *v. a.* to load, to burthen
Thra'dom, *a.* slavery, servitude
Thral, *a.* a slave; slavery, bondage
Thrap'ple, *a.* the windpipe of any animal
Thrash, *v.* to beat corn; to beat or drub
Thrash'er, *a.* one who thrashes; a fish
Thrasen'cal, *a.* boastful, bragging
Thread, *a.* a small line or twist of silk, flax, &c.; uniform tenour
Thread, *v. d.* to pass through with a thread
Thread'bare, *a.* deprived of the nap; trite
Thread'en, *a.* made of thread
Threap, *v. a.* to argue much, to contend
Threat, *a.* a menace, denunciation of ill
Threat'en, *v. a.* to menace, denounce evil
Three, *a.* two and one added
Three'cornered, *a.* having three corners
Three'fold, *a.* thrice repeated
Three'pile, *a.* an old name for good velvet
Three'score, *a.* thrice twenty, sixty
Thren'ody, *a.* a song of lamentation
Thresh'old, *a.* an entrance, a gate, a door
Threw, *pret. of throw*
Thrice, *ad.* three times, at three times
Thrift, *a.* profit, gain, parsimony
Thrift'ily, *ad.* frugally, parsimoniously
Thrift'less, *a.* profuse, extravagant
Thrift'y, *a.* frugal, sparing, not profuse
Thrill, *v.* to pierce, to penetrate; to tingle
Thrive, *v. n.* to prosper, to grow rich
Throat, *a.* the fore part of the neck
Throb, *v. n.* to heave, to beat, to palpitate
Throe, *a.* the pain of travail, &c.
Throne, *a.* the seat of a king or bishop
Throng, *a.* a multitude, a crowd
Throng, *v. n.* to crowd, press close together
Thro's'tle, *a.* the thrush; a singing bird
Throt'tle, *a.* the wind-pipe
Throt'tle, *v. a.* to choke, to suffocate
Throve, *preterite of thrive*
Through, *prep.* from end to end
Throu'hou't, *ad.* quite through, in every part, every where
Throw, *v.* to fling, cast, toss; repose
Throw'ster, *a.* one who twists or winds silk
Thrum, *a.* the ends of a weaver's thread
Thrum, *v. a.* to grate; to play coarsely
Thrush, *a.* a singing bird; a disorder
Thrust, *v.* to push, intrude, drive, stab
Thrust, *a.* an assault, hostile attack, push
Thry'd'llow, *v. a.* to plough a third time
Thumb, *a.* the first finger of the hand
Thumb, *v. n.* to handle awkwardly
Thum'b'tal, *a.* a sheath of leather for the thumb; a thimble
Thump, *a.* a dull, hard, heavy blow
Thum'per, *a.* any thing huge or great
Thum'pling, *a.* beating—a large
Thun'd'er, *v.* to emit with noise and terror, to make thunder; to publish any threat

- Thun'der**, *s.* a loud noise in the air, &c.
Thun'dertolt, *s.* lightning; fulmination
Thun'derclap, *s.* an explosion of thunder
Thun'deret, *s.* the power that thunders
Thun'dering, *a.* loud, noisy, terrible
Thun'derstruck, *a.* hurt or blasted by lightning; amazed, suddenly alarmed
Thuriferous, *a.* bearing frankincense
Thurs'day, *s.* the fifth day of the week
Thus, *adv.* in this manner, to this degree
Thwack, *v. a.* to strike, to thrash, to bang
Thwack, *s.* a heavy hard blow
Thwart, *a.* transverse, perverse, inconvenient, mischievous
Thwart, *v. a.* to cross, traverse, oppose
Thy, *pron.* of thee; belonging to thee
Thyself, *pron. recip.* belonging to thee only
Thyme, *s.* a fragrant plant
Tyar, **Tia'ra**, *s.* a diadem, dress for the head
Tib'bal, *a.* relating to a pipe or the shin
Tice, *v. a.* to draw, to allure, to tempt
Tick, *s.* a score, account, trust; bed-case
Tick, *v. a.* to run on score, to trust
Tick'en, **Tick'ing**, *s.* cloth for bed-cases
Tick'et, *s.* a token of right, on the delivery of which admission is granted
Tick'le, *v.* to cause to laugh by titillation
Tick'lish, *a.* easily tickled; unfixed; nice
Tick'tack, *s.* a game at tables; a noise
Tid, *a.* tender, soft, nice, delicate
Tid'der, **Tid'dle**, *v. a.* to use tenderly
Tide, *s.* ebb and flow of the sea; season
Tidewalter, *s.* a custom-house officer
Tidily, *adv.* neatly, readily
Tidiness, *s.* neatness, readiness, spruceness
Tidings, *s.* news, intelligence, information
Tidy, *a.* seasonable; neat, clever, spruce
Tie, *s.* a knot, fastening; obligation
Tie, *v. a.* to bind, to fasten, to hinder
Tier, *s.* a row or rank; a set
Tierce, *s.* a third part of a pipe; a thrust
Tiff, *s.* liquor, drink; a pet, a quarrel
Tiffany, *s.* a very thin kind of silk
Tig, *s.* a childish play
Tiger, *s.* a fierce beast of the lion kind
Tight, *a.* tense, close, not loose
Tighten, *v. a.* to straiten; make close
Tightly, *adv.* closely, neatly; not loosely
Tightness, *s.* closeness, not looseness
Tigress, *s.* the female of the tiger
Tike, *s.* a clown's name; a dog; a cur
Tile, *s.* burnt clay to cover houses with
Tiler, *s.* one whose trade is to cover houses with tiles; a freemason's porter
Tiling, *s.* the roof covered with tiles
Till, *s.* the money-box in a shop
Till, *conj.* to the time, to the degree that
Till, *prep.* to the time of
Till, *v. a.* to cultivate, plough, husband
Tillable, *a.* arable; fit for the plough
Tillage, *s.* the art of ploughing or culture
Tiller, *s.* a ploughman; handle of a rudder
Tilt, *s.* a cover of a boat; a military game
Tilt, *v.* to cover; turn up; fight; list up
Tim'ber, *s.* wood fit for building
Tim'bered, *a.* built, formed, contrived
Tim'ber-yard, *s.* a place for timber
Tim'bral, *s.* a kind of musical instrument
Time, *s.* the measure of duration, an age
Time, *v. a.* to regulate, measure, adapt
Timely, *a.* seasonable, timely, early
Timekeeper, **Timepiece**, *s.* a clock or watch that keeps good time
Timeless, *a.* unseasonable, immature
Timely, *a.* early, soon
Timely, *adv.* seasonably, sufficiently early
Timeserving, *a.* meanly complying with present power, mean, servile, obsequious
Tim'id, *a.* fearful, wanting courage
Timid'ity, *s.* fearfulness, timorousness
Timorous, *a.* fearful, bashful; nice
Tim'rously, *adv.* fearfully, with much fear
Tin, *s.* a kind of common white metal
Tin'cal, **Tin'car**, *s.* a kind of mineral
Tinct, *s.* a colour, stain, spot, die
Tin'cture, *s.* a colour; extract of drugs
Tin'cture, *v. a.* to imbue, tinge, colour
Tin'dler, *s.* any thing very inflammable
Tine, *s.* the tooth of a harrow; trouble
Tine, *v.* to kindle, to rage, to fight
Tin'man, *s.* a night officer of a forest
Tinge, *v. a.* to impregnate with a colour
Tingent, *a.* able to tinge or colour
Tin'gle, *v. a.* to feel a sharp pain; tinkle
Tin'ker, *s.* a mender of old brass, &c.
Tinkle, *v. a.* to make a sharp quick noise
Tin'king, *s.* a kind of sharp quick noise
Tin'man, *s.* a manufacturer of tin
Tin'ner, *s.* one who works in tin mines
Tin'sel, *s.* a sort of shining silk or cloth, &c.
Tint, *s.* a hue, stain—*v. a.* to tinge, to colour
Tiny, *a.* little, small, puny, diminutive
Tip, *s.* the top, end, point, extremity
Tip, *v. a.* to cover on the end, to top
Tip'pet, *s.* something worn about the neck
Tip'ple, *v. a.* to drink in luxury or excess
Tip'pler, *s.* a sottish drunkard
Tip'pling, *s.* frequent drinking, muddling
Tip'staff, *s.* an officer and his staff of justice
Tip'sy, *a.* drunk, fuddled, muddled
Tip'toe, *s.* the end of the toe
Tip'top, *a.* most excellent, perfect
Tire, *s.* a rank, row; furniture; apparatus
Tire, *v.* to fatigue, to harass; to dress the head; to feed or prey upon
Tiresome, *a.* wearisome, fatiguing
Tirewoman, *s.* a woman whose business is to make dresses for the head
Tiring-room, *s.* the room in which players dress for the stage
Tis'sue, *s.* cloth interwoven with gold, &c.
Tit, *s.* a small horse; a titmouse or tomtit
Tit'bit, *s.* a nice tit, nice food, delicate morsel
Tithe, *s.* the tenth part; the part assigned to the maintenance of the ministry
Tith'able, *a.* subject to payment of tithes
Tith'er, *s.* one who gathers or collects tithes
Tith'ing, *s.* a part of a parish, a district
Tithingman, *s.* a petty peace officer
Titillate, *v. a.* to tickle
Titillation, *s.* the act of tickling
Tit'le, *s.* an appellation, claim of right; the first page of a book telling its name and its subject; name of honour

Title, *v. a.* to name, to entitle, to call
Title-page, *s.* the page containing the title of a book

Titmouse, *s.* a small species of bird

Titmer, *v. n.* to laugh with restraint

Tittle, *s.* a small particle; a point, a dot

Tit-tat-tat, *s.* idle talk, prattle, gabble

Tumble, *s.* the act of stumbling

Tun, *a.* nominal, having only the name

Tutty, *s.* a cant word expressing speed, from *Tut-tut*, the note of a hunting horn

To, *prep.* noting motion towards, &c.

Toad, *s.* an animal resembling a frog; but the frog leaps, the toad crawls

Toadstone, *s.* a concretion supposed to be found in the head of a toad

Toadstool, *s.* a plant like a mushroom

Toast, *v. a.* to dry at the fire; to propose a health

Toast, *s.* bread toasted; a health proposed; a celebrated woman

Toaster, *s.* he who toasts; a utensil

Tobacco, *s.* a plant used for smoking

Tobacconist, *s.* a vender of tobacco

Tocsin, *s.* an alarming bell

Tod, *s.* a bush; a weight of 28lb. of wool

Toddy, *s.* a tree and its juice; a mixture of spirits, water, and sugar

Toes, *s.* the divided extremities of the feet

Toft, *s.* a place where a message has stood

Together, *ad.* not apart, in company

Toll, *v.* to labour, to work at, to weary

Tollet, *s.* a dressing-table

Tollsome, *a.* laborious, weary, heavy

Tollsomeness, *s.* weariness, laboriousness

Tokay, *s.* a kind of wine

Token, *s.* a mark, a sign, a remembrance

Told, *part.* mentioned, related

Toler, *v. a.* to draw by degrees; to decoy

Tolerable, *a.* supportable, passable

Tolerably, *ad.* supportably; neither well nor ill; passably; moderately well

Tolerance, *s.* the act or power of enduring

Tolerant, *a.* favourable to toleration

Tolerate, *v. a.* to allow, permit, suffer

Toleration, *s.* sufferance, permission

Toll, *s.* an excise of goods—*a.* to pay toll; to sound a bell; to annul

Tollbooth, *s.* a market; a prison

Toleration, *s.* the act of ambling or pacing

Tombhawk, *s.* an Indian hatchet

Tomb, *s.* a sepulchre for the dead, a vault

Tombless, *a.* wanting a tomb, unburied

Tombboy, *s.* a romping girl; a mean fellow

Tombstone, *s.* a stone laid over the dead

Tome, *s.* one volume of many; a book

Tomtit, *s.* a titmouse; a small bird

Ton, *s.* a measure of four hogheads; a weight of two thousand pounds

Tone, *s.* a note; accent; white; elasticity

Tong, *s.* the catch of a buckle

Tongs, *s.* a utensil to take up fire, &c.

Tongue, *s.* the organ of speech, language

Tonguetied, *a.* having a defect in speech

Ton't, *a.* elastic; relating to sounds

Ton'nage, *s.* a duty upon every ton

Tonsils, *s.* two round glands placed on the sides of the basis of the tongue

Ton'sure, *s.* act of clipping or shaving hair

Tontine, *s.* annuity on survivorship

Too, *ad.* overmuch, more than enough; also

Took, *preterite of take*

Tool, *s.* any instrument; a hireling

Tooth, *s.* a bone in the jaw; taste; prong

Too'thach, *a.* a pain in the teeth

Too'thless, *a.* wanting or deprived of teeth

Toothsome, *a.* palatable; grateful to taste

Top, *s.* the highest part or place; surface

Top, *v.* to rise above, to tip, to outgo

To'paz, *s.* a precious yellow gem

Top, *v. n.* to drink hard or to excess

To'per, *s.* a hard drinker, a sot, a drunkard

Top'ful, *a.* full to the brim or top

Topgallant, *s.* the highest mast and sail

Tophaceous, *a.* gritty, stony, sandy

Tophac'y, *a.* having the upper part too weighty for the lower; drunk

Top'ic, *s.* a general head; something to which other things are referred

Top'ical, *a.* local, confined to some place

Top'knot, *s.* a knot worn on the head

Top'most, *a.* uppermost, highest

Topog'raphy, *s.* a description of particular places, as of a parish, town, manor, &c.

Top'ping, *a.* fine, noble, gallant; wealthy

Top'ple, *v. n.* fall forward, tumble down

Top'sail, *s.* the sail below the topgallant sail

Topsy'turvy, *ad.* with the bottom upwards

Tor, *s.* a tower, turret, high pointed hill

Tore, *pres.* and sometimes *part. pass.* of *fear*—*a.* a dead kind of grass

Torch, *s.* a wax light larger than a candle

Torment, *v. a.* to put to pain, vex, harass

Torment, *s.* misery, anguish, torture

Tormenter, *s.* one who gives pain to others

Torn, *part. pass.* of *fear*

Tornado, *s.* a hurricane, a whirlwind

Torpedo, *s.* a fish whose touch benumbs

Torpid, *a.* motionless, numbed, not active

Torpid, *a.* numbed, sluggish, inactive

Torpidness, *s.* the state of being numbed

Tor'por, *s.* dullness, inability to move

Torrefaction, *s.* the act of drying by the fire

Tor'rely, *v. a.* to dry by the fire, to scorch

Tor'rent, *s.* a rapid stream, violent current

Tor'rid, *a.* violently hot, parched

Tor'sel, *s.* any thing in a twisted form

Tort, *s.* mischief, injury, wrong, calamity

Tortile, **Tortive**, *a.* twisted, wreathed

Tortoise, *s.* an animal covered with a hard shell, of which many curious toys are manufactured

Tortuosity, *s.* a wreath, flexure

Tortuous, *a.* twisted, whirling; injurious

Torture, *s.* pain, judicial torments, anguish

To'try, *s.* one who adheres to the ancient constitution of the state, and the apostolical hierarchy of the church of England

Toss, *v. a.* to throw, to agitate, to fling

Toss'pot, *s.* a toper, a drunken fellow

To'tal, *a.* complete—*a.* the whole

To'tally, *ad.* wholly, fully, completely

To'ter, *v. n.* to shake so as to threaten a fall

Touch, *v.* to join; affect; mark out; try

Touch, *s.* the sense of feeling—*test, proof*

Touch'hole, *s.* a small hole in fire-arms

- Touch'stone, *s.* a stone to prove metals; test
 Touch'wood, *s.* rotten wood that easily fires
 Tough'y, *a.* peevish, irritable, cross
 Tough, *a.* stiff; not brittle; viscous, ropy
 Tough'en, *v. n.* to grow tough
 Toupee', Toupe't, *s.* a kind of peruke; an artificial lock of hair; a curl
 Tour, *s.* a journey, travel; a revolution
 Tour'nament, *s.* a tilt, a mock encounter
 Tour'niquet, *s.* a bandage used in amputations, with a turning handle
 Touse, *v. a.* to haul, drag, pull, tear
 Tow, *s.* combed flax or hemp
 Tow, *v. a.* to draw by a rope, particularly through the water
 To'ward, *a.* ready to do; not froward
 To'ward, *ad.* near; in a state of preparation
 To'wards, *prep.* in a direction to; regarding
 Tow'el, *s.* a cloth to wipe hands on
 Tow'er, *s.* a high building; a fortress
 Tow'er, *v. n.* to soar; to fly or rise high
 Tow'ery, *a.* adorned or guarded with towers
 Town, *s.* any large collection of houses
 Town'clerk, *s.* an officer who manages the public business of a corporate town
 Town'house, *s.* a hall for public business
 Town'sman, *s.* one of the same town
 Tox'ical, *a.* poisonous, containing poison
 Toy, *s.* a plaything, a bauble; folly, sport
 Toy, *v. n.* to play, trifle; dally amorously
 Toy'shop, *s.* a shop where toys are sold
 Trace, *v. a.* to follow by the footsteps; to mark out; to follow with exactness
 Traces, *s.* the harness of draught animals
 Track, *s.* a mark left; a road; beaten path
 Track'ing-scout, *s.* a vessel drawn by a rope
 Track'less, *a.* untrodden; not marked out
 Tract, *s.* a region; quantity of land; continuity; course; treatise; small book
 Trac'table, *a.* manageable, docile
 Trac'tate, *s.* a small book; treatise; tract
 Trac'tile, *a.* that may be drawn out; ductile
 Trade, *s.* traffic, commerce; occupation
 Trade, *v.* to traffic, to deal, to sell
 Tra'der, *s.* a merchant, a dealer
 Tra'desman, *s.* a shopkeeper, a dealer
 Tra'dewind, *s.* the monsoon; the periodical wind between the tropics, which at certain times blows regularly one way at sea, and is of great service to navigators
 Tradition, *s.* oral account from age to age
 Tradition'al, Tradition'ary, *a.* descending by oral communication; unwritten
 Tradu'ce, *v. a.* to censure, to condemn, to calumniate, to represent as blamable
 Tradu'cement, *s.* obloquy; censure, scandal
 Tradu'cent, *a.* traducing; censuring
 Tradu'cer, *s.* a slanderer, a calumniator
 Tradu'cible, *a.* such as may be derived
 Traduc'tion, *s.* derivation; tradition
 Traffic, *s.* commerce, merchandising
 Traffic, *v. n.* to practise commerce, to trade
 Trag'acanth, *s.* a sort of plant or gum
 Trage'dian, *s.* a writer or actor of tragedy
 Trag'edy, *s.* a dramatic representation of any serious action; any dreadful event
 Tragic, Trag'ical, *a.* mournful, sorrowful; calamitous; relating to tragedy
 Tragicom'edy, *s.* a drama compounded of serious and humorous events
 Tragicom'ical, *a.* relating to tragicomedy
 Trajec't, *v. a.* to cast through; to throw
 Traj'ect, *s.* a ferry, a passage over
 Traj'ection, *s.* the act of darting through
 Trail, *v.* to draw along; to hunt by track
 Trail, *s.* any thing drawn behind, or to length; the track of a hunter
 Train, *v. a.* to educate; entice; breed; draw
 Train, *s.* an artifice; the tail of a bird; a retinue; a series; a procession; part of a garment that drags behind on the ground; a line of gunpowder
 Train of artill'ery, *s.* the cannon and warlike stores accompanying an army
 Trai'bands, *s.* the militia; the part of a community instructed in martial exercise
 Trai'oil, *s.* oil drawn from fat of whales
 Trait, *s.* a stroke, a touch; the outline
 Trai'tor, *s.* one who betrays his trust
 Trai'tor'ly, Trai'torous, *a.* perfidious, deceitful, treacherous
 Trai'tress, *s.* a woman who betrays
 Trai'cate, *v. n.* to deviate, to turn aside
 Tram'mel, *v. a.* to catch; to intercept
 Tram'mel, *s.* any kind of net; shackles for a horse; an iron to hang pots on
 Tram'ontane, *s.* strange, foreign, barbarous
 Tram'ple, *v.* to tread under foot, &c.
 Trans'act, *s.* the act of swimming over
 Trance, Trance, *s.* an ecstasy; a rapture
 Tran'ced, *a.* lying in a trance or ecstasy
 Tran'quil, *a.* quiet; undisturbed
 Tran'quillity, *s.* peace of mind; stillness
 Tran'quillize, *v. a.* to compose, to render calm
 Transac't, *v. a.* to manage, to conduct, to negotiate, to perform, to carry on
 Transac'tion, *s.* negotiation; dealing between man and man; affairs in hand
 Transcen'd, *v.* to exceed, to outgo, to excel
 Transcen'dence, Transcen'dency, *s.* unusual excellence; supereminence
 Transcen'dent, *a.* supremely excellent
 Transcen'dently, *ad.* supereminently
 Transcri'be, *v. n.* to write from an exemplar
 Tran'script, *s.* a copy from an original
 Transcur'dion, *s.* a ramble; passage through
 Tran'script, *s.* a cross able
 Transfer, *v. a.* to make over; to convey; to move; to transport
 Transfigura'tion, *s.* change of form; the miraculous change of Christ's appearance on the mount
 Transfig'ure, *v. a.* to change the figure
 Transfix', *v. n.* to pierce through
 Transforate, *v. a.* to make a hole through
 Transfor'm, *v.* to metamorphose, to change
 Transforma'tion, *s.* a change of form, &c.
 Transfreta'tion, *s.* a passage over the sea
 Transfu'se, *v. a.* to pour into another
 Transgress', *v.* to violate; pass over; offend
 Transgres'sion, *s.* a violation; crime, fault
 Transgres'sor, *s.* an offender; a law-breaker
 Transient, *a.* not lasting, momentary
 Transil'lence, *s.* a leap from thing to thing

Transit, *s.* the passing of a planet, &c.
Transit'ion, *s.* a change; removal; passage
Transitory, *a.* passing away speedily
Transla'te, *v. a.* to remove; convey; interpret
Transla'tion, *s.* removal; change; version
Transla'tor, *s.* one that turns any thing out of one language into another
Translu'cency, *s.* transparency; clearness
Translu'cent, **Translu'cid**, *a.* diaphanous
Transmar'ine, *a.* lying beyond sea; foreign
Transmu'te, *v. a.* to transmute, to change
Transmigrate, *v. n.* to pass from one country to another; to travel
Transmigration, *s.* passage from one state, place, or body, into another
Transmis'sion, *s.* the act of transmitting
Transmis'sive, *a.* transmitted; sent
Transmit', *v. a.* to convey; to make over to another; to send from one person or place to another
Transmit'tal, *s.* the act of transmitting
Transmu'table, *a.* capable of being changed
Transmuta'tion, *s.* the changing of one nature or substance into another
Transmu'te, *v. a.* to change from one nature or substance to another
Transom, *s.* a beam over a door or window
Transparency, *s.* translucence; clearness
Transpa'rent, *a.* clear; pellucid, pervious to the light; translucent; not opaque
Transpic'uous, *a.* pervious to the sight
Transpi'ce, *v. a.* to pierce through
Transpi're, *v.* to emit in vapour; to escape from secrecy to notice
Transpla'ce, *v. a.* to remove to another place
Transplan't, *v. a.* to plant in a new place
Transplen'dent, *a.* supereminently splendid
Transpo'rt, *v. a.* to banish; put into ecstacy
Transport, *s.* a vessel of carriage; rapture; ecstacy; conveyance; transportation
Transportance, *s.* conveyance, carriage
Transporta'tion, *s.* banishment for felony
Transporter, *s.* one that transports
Transpo'sal, *s.* a misplacing, a changing
Transpo'se, *v. a.* to put out of place, to change as to order
Transposi'tion, *s.* the act of misplacing
Transubstan'tiate, *v. a.* to change substance
Transubstan'tia'tion, *s.* change of substance
Transuda'tion, *s.* the act of passing in sweat
Transu'de, *v. n.* to pass through in vapour
Transver'sal, *a.* running crosswise
Transverse, *a.* being in a cross direction
Trap, *s.* a snare; ambush; plaything; play
Trap, *v. a.* to ensnare; to catch; to adorn
Trapan', *v. a.* to lay a trap for; to ensnare
Trapan', *s.* a cheat, a stratagem, a snare
Trapdoor, *s.* a door in the floor or roof
Trapes, *s.* a slutish woman, a slattern
Trap'pings, *s.* ornament, dress, finery
Trap'stick, *s.* a boy's plaything; a small leg
Trash, *s.* dross; dregs; a worthless thing
Trav'ail, *s.* to toil, to be in labour, to harass
Trav'ail, *s.* labour, toil, fatigue, labour in childbirth
Trav'el, *v. n.* to make journeys, move, go
Trav'el, *s.* a journey
Trav'eller, *s.* one who goes journeys

Trav'erse, *ad.* and *prep.* athwart, crosswise
Trav'erse, *a.* lying across, athwart
Trav'erse, *v.* to sail across, wander over, use a posture of opposition; examine
Trav'esty, *a.* ridiculous; burlesqued
Traumat'ic, *a.* useful to wounds; vulnery
Tray, *s.* a shallow trough of wood
Tray'trip, *s.* a kind of play, game, pastime
Trach'etous, *a.* faithless, perfidious, false
Trach'ery, *s.* perfidy, a breach of faith
Trache, *s.* a sort of medicine; molasses
Tread, *s.* a step with the foot; track, way
Tread, *v.* to set the foot; walk; cover; beat
Treadles, *s.* pieces of wood belonging to looms, &c. moved with the feet
Trea'son, *s.* disloyalty; treachery, rebellion
Trea'sonable, *a.* of the nature of treason
Trea'sure, *s.* hoarded wealth, riches
Trea'sure, *v. a.* to hoard, to lay up
Trea'surer, *s.* one who has charge of the money of a prince, state, corporation, &c.
Trea'sury, *s.* a place for money, &c.
Treat, *v.* to negotiate; handle; maintain
Treat, *s.* an entertainment given; pleasure
Trea'table, *a.* moderate, tractable; not violent
Treatise, *s.* a discourse, a written discourse
Treatment, *s.* usage good or bad
Treaty, *s.* a negotiation, contract of parties
Treb'le, *a.* threefold—*s.* a sharp sound
Tree, *s.* a large vegetable, rising, with one woody stem, to a considerable height
Treen, *s.* trees—*a.* made of wood
Trefoil, *s.* a three-leaved grass, clover
Treflage, *s.* pales to support espaliers
Tref's, *s.* a lattice-work of wood, &c.
Trem'ble, *v. n.* to shake, quake, shudder
Tremendous, *a.* dreadful, awful, horrible
Tremour, *s.* a quivering or shaking motion; the state of trembling
Trem'ulous, *a.* fearful, trembling, vibrating
Tren, *s.* a spear to strike fish with
Trench, *s.* a ditch; a defence for soldiers
Trench, *v. a.* to make a trench, to encroach
Trenchant, *a.* sharp, cutting, keen
Trencher, *s.* a wooden platter
Tren'tals, *s.* thirty masses for the dead
Trepan', *s.* a surgeon's instrument—*v. a.* to cut with a trepan; to perforate
Trephi'ce, *s.* a small trepan for one hand
Trepid, *a.* fearful, trembling; quaking
Trepida'tion, *s.* the state of trembling
Trespass, *s.* a sin, offence; unlawful entry
Tress'es, *s.* knots or curls of hair
Trestle, *s.* a frame to support any thing on
Tret, *s.* an allowance in weight for waste
Tre'tet, *s.* an iron stand with three legs
Trey, *s.* the three at cards or dice
Tri'able, *a.* capable of trial or examination
Tri'ad, *s.* three united; the number three
Tri'al, *s.* a test of virtue; examination
Tri'angle, **Tri'gon**, *s.* a figure of three angles
Tri'angular, *a.* having three angles
Tribe, *s.* a certain generation of people
Trib'let, *s.* a tool for making rings with
Tribulation, *s.* vexation, distress
Tribun'al, *s.* a court of justice; judge's seat
Tribune, *s.* a Roman officer

- Trib'utary**, *a.* paying tribute; subject unto
Trib'ute, *s.* a payment made in acknow-
 ledgment of dependence; a tax
Trice, *s.* a short time, moment, instant
Trick, *v. a.* to deceive; cheat; *s.* dress; adorn
Trick'ery, *s.* the art of dressing up; artifice
Trick'ing, *s.* dress; ornaments; a cheating
Trick'le, *v. n.* to fall or run down in drops
Tride, *a.* short; ready; swift; quick
Trident, *s.* a three-forked sceptre; a curve
Triden'ial, *a.* happening every three years
Trifallow, *v. a.* to plough the land three
 times before sowing
Trifle, *v. n.* to act with levity; be foolish
Trif'le, *s.* a thing of no moment or value
Trif'ler, *s.* one who acts or talks foolishly
Trifling, *a.* worthless, mean, shuffling
Triform, *a.* having a triple form or shape
Trig'ger, *s.* a catch of a wheel or gun
Tri'gon, *s.* a triangle, a term in astrology
Trigonomet'rical, *a.* relating or pertaining
 to trigonometry, or measuring triangles
Trigonom'etry, *s.* the art of measuring tri-
 angles either plain or spherical
Trilar'cal, *a.* having three sides
Trill, *s.* a quaver—*v. n.* to quaver, trickle
Trill'ion, *s.* a million of millions of millions
Trim, *a.* nice; neatly dressed up; spruce
Trim, *v. a.* to dress; shave; balance, &c.
Trim, *s.* dress; condition; ornaments
Trim'mer, *s.* a turncoat; a piece of wood
Trim'ming, *s.* lace, &c. on clothes
Trine, *a.* belonging to the number three
Trine, *s.* an aspect of planets placed in three
 angles of a trigon
Trin'ity, *s.* three persons in the Godhead
Trin'ket, *s.* a toy; thing of small value
Tri'o, *s.* a piece of music for three voices
Trip, *v.* to supplant; err; stumble; detect
Trip, *s.* a stumble; mistake; short voyage
Tripartite, *a.* divided into three parts
Tripe, *s.* the intestines, the guts
Triph'thong, *s.* a coalition of three vowels
Triple, *a.* treble, three times repeated
Trip'let, *s.* three of a kind, three lines
Triplicate, *a.* three as much, trebled
Triple'ty, *s.* trebleness, a threefold state
Tri'pod, *s.* a seat or stool with three feet
Tri'ply, *s.* a sharp cutting sand or stone
Trip'ping, *a.* nimble, passing quickly
Trip'tote, *s.* a noun used only in three cases
Trip'diary, *a.* performed by dancing
Trise'ction, *s.* division into three equal parts
Tris'tful, *a.* sad, melancholy, gloomy
Trisyll'able, *a.* consisting of three syllables
Trite, *a.* stale, worn out, common
Trith'elism, *s.* the worship of three gods
Trit'urable, *a.* possible to be pounded, &c.
Tritur'ation, *s.* a rubbing to powder
Triv'ial, *a.* inconsiderable; worthless
Tri'umph, *s.* joy or pomp for success; vic-
 tory, conquest; state of being victorious
Tri'umph, *v. n.* to rejoice for victory, ob-
 tain victory, celebrate a victory with
 pomp; to be insolent
Trium'phal, *a.* used in celebrating victory
Trium'phant, *a.* celebrating victory
Trium'vir, *s.* one of three in the same office
Trium'virate, *s.* a government by three men
Triu'ne, *a.* three joined in one
Troat, *v. n.* to cry like rutting bucks
Tro'car, *s.* a surgical instrument
Trocha'ic, *a.* consisting of trochees
Tro'chee, *s.* a foot in Latin poetry, con-
 sisting of a long and short syllable
Tro'chings, *s.* branches on a deer's head
Tro'chisch, *s.* trochisk, *s.* a kind of lozenge
Trod, **Tro'd'en**, *part. pass.* of tread
Troll, *v.* to roll, to turn round; to fish for
 pike with a rod which has a pulley
Tro'l'lop, *s.* a slattern, a slovenly woman
Troil'lope', *s.* a loose dress for women
Troop, *s.* a body of soldiers; a company
Troop, *v. n.* to march in a body or in haste
Troo'per, *s.* a horse soldier, a horseman
Trope, *s.* a figure in speech; turn; change
Troph'ied, *a.* adorned with trophies
Tro'phy, *s.* something taken in battle
Trop'ic, *s.* an astronomical line of the sun
Trop'ical, *a.* figurative; near the tropics
Trot, *v. n.* to ride in a trot, to walk fast
Troth, *s.* truth, faithfulness; a petty oath
Troth'plight, *a.* betrothed, espoused
Trou'ble, *v. a.* to perplex, to afflict, to sue
Trou'ble, *s.* disturbance; enmity, afflic-
 tion, molestation, vexation
Trou'blesome, *a.* vexatious, tiresome
Tro'ver, *s.* an action for goods found and
 not delivered to the owner on demand
Trough, *s.* any long thing hollowed
Troul, *v. n.* to move or utter quickly
Trounce, *v. a.* to punish, beat; sue; cheat
Trou'sers, *s.* breeches; hose; sailors breeches
Trout, *s.* a fish; an honest silly fellow
Trow, *v. n.* to imagine, to think, to trust
Trow, *interj.* denoting inquiry
Trow'el, *s.* a tool used by bricklayers
Troy'weight, *s.* a weight of 12 oz. to the lb.
Tru'ant, *s.* an absentee from school, &c.
Tru'ant, *a.* idle, lazy, loitering, careless
Truce, *s.* a temporary cessation of war
Truci'd'ation, *s.* the act of killing
Truck, *s.* traffic by exchange
Truck, *v. a.* to give in exchange
Truc'kle, *v. n.* to be in subjection; to creep
Truc'klebed, *s.* a bed with wheels to run
 under another; a bed for children
Truc'ulent, *a.* savage, terrible of aspect
Trudge, *v. n.* to jog on heavily, to labour
True, *a.* not false, certain, genuine; steady
Truehes'ted, *a.* honest, faithful, just
Trueloveknot, *s.* a particular kind of knot
True'penny, *s.* a worthy honest fellow
Tru'file, *s.* a subterraneous mushroom
Trug, *s.* a tray, hod, ancient measure
Tru'ism, *s.* a self-evident truth
Trull, *s.* a vagrant dirty strumpet
Tru'ly, *ad.* certainly, exactly, ready
Trump, *s.* a trumpet; the turn-up card
Trump, *v. a.* to win with a trump, force
Trump'ery, *s.* trifles, trash; idle talk
Trump'et, *s.* a kind of musical instrument
Trump'et, *v. a.* to sound one's praise, to
 proclaim
Trump'eter, *s.* one who sounds a trumpet
Trun'cate, *v. a.* to cut short, maim

Tur'cheon, *s.* a staff of command; a cudgel
Tur'cheon, *v. a.* to beat with a truncheon
Tur'dle, *v. n.* to roll, to howl along
Tur'dle, *s.* a round rolling thing
Tur'detail, *s.* a round-tailed dog
Trunk, *s.* the body of any thing; a sort of chest; the proboscis of an elephant, &c.
Trunkhose, *s.* a kind of large breeches
Trun'ions, *s.* the knobs on cannon, by which they are supported on carriages
Truss, *s.* a bandage for ruptures; a bundle of hay of 56 pounds weight
Trust, *v. a.* to pack close together
Trust, *s.* confidence, charge, care, credit
Trust, *v.* to confide in, to believe
Trustee, *s.* one entrusted with any thing
Tru'ty, *s.* honest, true, faithful, strong
Truth, *s.* honesty, reality, faithfulness
Try, *v.* to examine, to essay, to attempt
Tub, *s.* a vessel of wood of various sizes
Tube, *s.* a pipe; siphon; long hollow body
Tu'bercle, *s.* a small swelling, a pimple
Tu'berose, *s.* a sweet-smelling flower
Tu'berous, *s.* full of knots or swellings
Tu'bular, **Tu'bulated**, **Tu'bulous**, *s.* long and hollow, like a cylinder; fistular
Tuck, *s.* a long narrow sword; a net
Tuck, *v. a.* to lay close; to enclose under
Tuck'er, *s.* a small piece of linen that shades the breast of a woman
Tuck'et, *s.* a voluntary in music
Tue'day, *s.* the third day of the week
Tuft, *s.* a cluster of grass, hair, &c.
Tuftaf'ety, *s.* a shaggy kind of silk
Tuffy, *s.* adorned with or having tufts
Tug, *v.* to pull along, to draw; to contend
Tug, *s.* a pull with force, a great effort
Tu't'ion, *s.* guardianship; instruction
Tu'tip, *s.* the name of a flower
Tum'ble, *s.* a fall, downfall, accident
Tum'bler, *s.* one who shows feats of activity
Tum'bril, *s.* a dunghill; a dungcart
Tumef'act'ion, *s.* a swelling
Tumefy, *v. a.* to swell, to make to swell
Tu'mid, *s.* puffed up, swelled; pompous
Tu'mour, *s.* morbid swelling; affected pomp
Tu'mult, *s.* a riot, bustle, wild commotion
Tumultuous, *s.* turbulent, full of riot
Tun, *s.* a cask of four hogsheds, two pipes
Tu'nable, *s.* harmonious, musical, sweet
Tun'belly, *s.* having a large belly, fat
Tune, *s.* harmony; note; order; fit temper
Tune, *v. a.* to put into a musical state
Tu'neful, *s.* musical, harmonious, pleasing
Tu'ner, *s.* one who tunes, one who sings
Tu'nik, *s.* a child's upper garment
Tu'nicle, *s.* a cover, integument, skin
Tun'nage, *s.* contents of a vessel measured by the tun; a duty of so much per tun
Tun'nel, *s.* the shaft of a chimney; a funnel to bottle liquor; a net wide at the mouth and ending in a point
Tun'ny, *s.* the name of a sea-fish
Tup, *s.* a ram—*v. a.* to butt like a ram
Tur'ban, *s.* a Turkish cap made of fine linen wreathed about the head
Tur'berry, *s.* a right of digging turf
Tur'bid, *s.* thick, muddy, not clear

Tur'binated, *s.* twisted, spiral
Tur'bit, *s.* yellow precipitate; an herb
Tur'bot, *s.* the name of a delicate sea-fish
Tur'bulence, *s.* tumult, confusion
Tur'bulent, *s.* tumultuous, violent
Turf, *s.* a clod covered with grass
Turfy, *s.* full of or like turfs; green
Tur'gent, *s.* swelling, protuberant, tumid
Tur'gid, *s.* tumid, swelled, bloated
Turk, *s.* a native or inhabitant of Turkey
Tur'key, *s.* a large fowl well known
Turko's, **Turco's**, *s.* a kind of blue stone
Tur'merie, *s.* an Indian root which makes a yellow dye
Turmo'il, *v. a.* to labour hard, toil, weary
Turn, *v.* to transform, to change, to alter
Turn, *s.* the act of moving about, change
Tur'coat, *s.* a renegade, an apostate
Tur'ner, *s.* one who turns in a lathe
Tur'ney, *s.* the art of fashioning hard bodies into a round or oval form in a lathe; the articles so turned
Tur'ning, *s.* a winding, bending, curling
Tur'nip, *s.* a well-known esculent root
Tur'npike, *s.* a toll-gate on a road
Tur'nsip, *s.* one who turns a spit, a dog
Tur'nsile, *s.* a kind of whirling stle
Tur'pentine, *s.* a gum from the pine, &c.
Tur'pitude, *s.* inherent vileness, badness
Tur'ret, *s.* a small tower or eminence
Turtle, *s.* the turtle-dove; a tortoise
Tur'tle-dove, *s.* a species of dove or pigeon
Tur'can, *s.* one of the orders of architecture
Tush, **Tut**, *interj.* expressing contempt
Tusk, *s.* a fish; tang, very large tooth
Tu'telage, *s.* guardianship, protection, care
Tu'telar, **Tu'telary**, *s.* guarding, protecting, defensive, having guardianship
Tu'tor, *s.* one who instructs, a preceptor
Tu'torage, *s.* the office of a tutor, education
Tu'tress, *s.* a governess, an instructress
Tu'try, *s.* a refinement of *lapis columbaris* which sublimes to the top of the furnace in the manufacturing of brass
Tuz, **Tuzz**, *s.* a lock or tuft of hair
Twain, *s.* two, both—*ad.* in two, asunder
Twang, *s.* a sharp quick sound, an accent
Twang, *v. a.* to make to sound sharply
Twat'le, *v. a.* to prate, gabble, chatter
Tweak, *v. a.* to pinch, to squeeze
Twec'dle, *v. a.* to handle lightly or softly
Twec'zers, *s.* nippers, small placers
Twelfth, *s.* the second after the tenth
Twelfthide, *s.* the Epiphany or twelfth day
Twelve, *s.* two and ten, twice six
Twelvemonth, *s.* a year of solar months
Twen'ty, *s.* twice ten, a proverbial number
Twit'ill, *s.* a halbert; a pavior's tool
Twice, *ad.* two times, doubly
Twid'dle, *v. a.* to touch lightly
Twig, *s.* a small branch, switch, sprout
Twilight, *s.* the dubious or faint light before sun-rise and after sun-set
Twilight, *s.* deeply shaded; obscure
Twin, *s.* one of two produced together
Twin'born, *s.* born at the same birth
Twine, *v.* to twist, wrap about, wind
Twine, *s.* a twist, twisted thread; embrace

Twinge, *v. a.* to pinch, tweak, torment
Twinkle, *v. n.* to open and shut the eye
Twinkling, *s.* a motion of the eye; a light that seems every moment in and out
Twirling, *s.* the name of a twin-lamb
Twirl, *v. a.* to turn round quick
Twire, *v. n.* to flutter, to quiver, to twinkle
Twirl, *s.* circular motion, rotation, twist
Twist, *v. a.* to form by complication
Twist, *s.* a thread made by winding two together; a single string of cord; a contortion; a writh
Twit, *v. a.* to reproach, upbraid, sneer
Twitch, *v. a.* to snatch, to pluck forcibly
Twister, *v. a.* to make a noise like swallows
Twit'er, *s.* a disorder of passion, laughter
Two'fold, *a.* double—*ad.* doubly, twice
Two-handed, *a.* big, bulky, enormous
Two'pence, *s.* a penny twice told, small coin

Tym'bal, *s.* a kind of kettle-drum
Tym'pan, *s.* part of a printing-press; the pannel of a pillar or door
Tym'panum, *s.* a drum; part of the ear
Tym'pany, *s.* a dry windy dropsy
Type, *s.* an emblem; printing letter, stamp
Typ'ical, *a.* emblematical, figurative
Typ'ically, *ad.* in a figurative manner
Typog'raper, *s.* a printer, one who prints
Typograph'ical, *a.* belonging to printing
Typog'raphy, *s.* the art of printing
Tyrannic, *s.* like a tyrant
Tyrannicide, *s.* the act of killing a tyrant
Tyrannise, *v. n.* to play or act the tyrant
Tyrannous, *a.* arbitrary, cruel, despotic
Tyranny, *s.* cruel government; severity
Tyrant, *s.* a cruel despotic master; an absolute monarch governing imperiously
Ty'ro, *s.* a beginner; student; novice

U and V.

VACANCY, *s.* a vacancy; relaxation
Va'cant, *a.* empty, free, disengaged
Va'cate, *v. a.* to annul, to make vacant
Vaca'tion, *s.* leisure, intermission, a recess
Vac'inate, *v. a.* to inoculate with vaccine matter for the cow-pox
Vaccina'tion, *s.* inoculation for the cow-pox
Vac'cine, *a.* of or belonging to a cow
Vacu'ation, *s.* an emptying, an evacuation
Vacu'ity, *s.* an emptiness, space unfilled
Vac'uous, *a.* empty, unfilled
Vac'uum, *s.* space unoccupied by matter
Va'de-mac'm, *s.* the title of a little book
Vagabond, *s.* a vagrant, a wanderer
Vaga'ry, *s.* a wild sudden frolic, a freak
Va'grant, *s.* an idle strolling person
Va'grant, *a.* wandering, unfixed, vagabond
Vague, *a.* wandering, indefinite, unsettled
Vail, *s.* a covering; a perquisite
Vail, *v.* to cover; to let fall; to yield
Vain, *a.* fruitless; meanly proud; idle
Vainglor'ious, *a.* vain without merit
Vainglor'y, *s.* empty pride, vanity, folly
Vai'nly, *ad.* without effect; foolishly
Va'iance, *s.* the hanging of a bed tester
Vale, *s.* a valley; money given to servants
Va'entine, *s.* a choice on Valentine's day
Vale'rian, *s.* the name of a plant
Va'let, *s.* a waiting servant, a footman
Valetudin'arian, *s.* a weak sickly person
Valetu'dinary, *a.* weakly, sickly, infirm of health
Va'llant, *a.* brave, stout, courageous, bold
Va'llantly, *ad.* with personal strength
Va'lid, *a.* conclusive, prevalent, efficacious
Va'lidity, *s.* certainty; value; force
Va'ley, *s.* a low ground between two hills
Va'lum, *s.* a fence, a trench, a wall
Va'lour, *s.* personal bravery, prowess
Va'lorous, *a.* brave, stout, valiant, heroic
Va'luable, *a.* precious, worthy of value
Valu'ation, *s.* an estimate of the value of a thing; appraisement; a set value
Val'ue, *s.* a price, worth, rate, high rate

Val'ue, *v. a.* to fix a price, to appraise
Valve, *s.* any thing that opens over the mouth of a tube, &c.; a folding door
Vamp, *s.* the upper leather of a shoe, &c.
Vamp, *v. a.* to mend old things; to piece
Van, *s.* the front line of an army; a fan
Van, *v. a.* to winnow, fan, sift, clean
Vandalic, *a.* barbarous, resembling the Vandals
Van'dalism, *s.* the state of the Vandals
Vane, *s.* a plate turned with the wind
Van'guard, *s.* the first line of an army
Van'ish, *s.* the name of a plant and nut
Van'ish, *v. n.* to disappear, to pass away
Van'ity, *s.* emptiness; arrogance; falsehood
Van'quish, *v. a.* to conquer, to subdue
Van'quisher, *s.* a conqueror, a subduer
Van'tage, *s.* gain, profit, superiority, particular convenience, opportunity, &c.
Van'tage-ground, *s.* superiority; state in which one has superior means of acting
Van'thrass, *s.* armour for the arms
Vap'id, *a.* spiritless, dead, flat, markish
Va'porous, **Va'pory**, *a.* full of vapours
Va'pour, *s.* fume, spleen, wind, steam
Va'pours, *s.* hysteric fits, whims, spleen
Vare, *s.* a wand or staff of office
Va'riable, *a.* changeable, inconstant, fickle
Va'riably, *ad.* inconstantly, changeably
Va'riance, *s.* disagreement, dissent
Vari'ation, *s.* change, difference, deviation
Va'riate, *v. a.* to diversify with colours
Vari'egation, *s.* a diversity of colours
Vari'ety, *s.* an intermixture; change
Va'rious, *a.* different, manifold, changeable
Va'rlet, *s.* a rascal, anciently a footman
Va'rnish, *s.* a shining liquid substance
Va'rnish, *v. a.* to set a gloss; to palliate
Va'ry, *v.* to diversify, to deviate, to change
Va'ry, *s.* a change, alteration, deviation
Vas'cular, *a.* consisting of vessels
Vase, *s.* a vessel with a foot; an ornament
Vas'sal, *s.* a subject, dependant, slave
Vas'salage, *s.* the state of a vassal, slavery

Vast, Vast'y, *a.* very great, enormous
 Vast, *a.* an empty waste, an empty space
 Vastly, *adv.* to a great degree, greatly
 Vat, *a.* a brewer's working tub, a fat
 Vatricide, *a.* a murderer of prophets
 Vaticinate, *v. n.* to prophesy, to foretell
 Vaticination, *a.* prediction, prophecy
 Vavasseur, *a.* a lord next in rank to a baron
 Vault, *a.* a cellar; an arch; a cave; a grave
 Vault, *v.* to leap, jump, tumble
 Vaultage, *a.* an arched cellar, &c.
 Vaulted, Vault'y, *a.* arched, like an arch
 Vaunt, *v.* to boast, to brag, to talk largely
 Vaunt, *a.* a boast, vain ostentation
 Vau'tmure, *a.* a false wall, breastwork
 Uberous, *a.* fruitful, copious, abundant
 Ubication, Ubicity, *a.* a relation to place
 Ubiquity, *a.* omnipresence; existence at the same time in all places
 Udder, *a.* the dugs of a cow
 Veal, *a.* the flesh of a calf killed
 Ve'cture, *a.* carriage, conveyance, removal
 Veer, *v.* to turn about, to turn, to change
 Vegetable, *a.* all sorts of plants
 Vegetate, *v. n.* to grow as plants
 Vegetation, *a.* growing like plants
 Vegetative, *a.* growing without life
 Veget'e, *a.* vigorous, active, sprightly
 Vegetive, *a.* having the nature of plants
 Ve'hemence, *a.* violence, eagerness, ardour
 Ve'herent, *a.* forcible, eager, earnest
 Ve'hicle, *a.* a carriage, a conveyance
 Veil, *v. a.* to cover, invest, hide, conceal
 Veil, *a.* a cover to conceal the face; disguise
 Vein, *a.* a tube in the flesh; course of metal in mines; current; turn of mind
 Velle'ity, *a.* the lowest degree of desire
 Ve'licate, *v. a.* to twitch, pluck, stimulate
 Vellication, *a.* a twitching or stimulating
 Vel'um, *a.* a fine kind of parchment
 Veloc'ity, *a.* speed, swiftness of motion
 Vel'vet, *a.* a silk with a fur or pile upon it
 Vel'vet, *a.* made of velvet, soft, delicate
 Velveteen's, *a.* a kind of stuff made in imitation of velvet
 Ve'nal, *a.* mercenary, base; in the veins
 Venal'ity, *a.* sordidness, prostitution
 Venat'ic, *a.* relating to hunting or chasing
 Vend, *v. a.* to sell; to set or offer to sale
 Vende'e, *a.* one to whom any thing is sold
 Ven'der, *a.* one who sells or puts off goods
 Ven'dible, *a.* salable, that may be sold
 Vendition, *a.* a sale, the act of selling
 Vene'e'r, *v. a.* to cover with thin wood, &c.
 Vene'ficial, *a.* poisonous; bewitching
 Ven'omous, *a.* poisonous, malignant
 Ven'enate, *v. a.* to poison, to kill by poison
 Ven'erable, *a.* worthy of reverence
 Ven'erate, *v. a.* to treat with veneration
 Veneration, *a.* a reverend or awful regard
 Ven'e'ral, *a.* relating to love, &c.
 Ven'ery, *a.* the sport of hunting; the pleasures of the bed
 Ven'eration, *a.* blood-letting, a bleeding
 Ve'ney, Ve'new, *a.* a turn, push, thrust
 Venge, *v. a.* to avenge, punish, chastise
 Ven'geance, *a.* punishment, revenge
 Ven'geful, *a.* vindictive, revengeful, spiteful

Ve'niable, Ve'nial, *a.* pardonable, allowed
 Ven'ison, *a.* a beast of chase; flesh of deer
 Ven'om, *a.* poison, poisonous matter
 Ven'omous, *a.* poisonous, malignant
 Vent, *a.* a hole, passage; sale; discharge
 Vent, *v. n.* to publish, sell, emit, let off
 Ven'tiduct, *a.* a passage for the wind
 Ven'tilate, *v. a.* to fan; examine, discuss
 Ventil'ation, *a.* the act of fanning or cooling; vent, utterance, refrigeration
 Ventila'tor, *a.* an engine to supply air with
 Ven'tricle, *a.* the stomach; any small cavity in an animal body, chiefly in the heart
 Ventri'quist, *a.* one who speaks so as that the sound seems to issue from his belly
 Ven'ture, *v.* to dare, to expose to hazard, to send on a venture
 Ven'ture, *a.* a hazard, hap, chance
 Ven'turesome, Ven'turous, *a.* daring, bold
 Ve'nus, *a.* one of the planets
 Verac'ity, *a.* honesty of report, truth
 Verb, *a.* one of the parts of speech, which signifies being, doing, or suffering
 Ver'bal, *a.* spoken, oral; verbose; literal
 Verbu'tim, *adv.* word for word, literally
 Ver'berate, *v. a.* to beat, strike, chastise
 Verber'ation, *a.* the act of beating, blows
 Ver'biage, *a.* verbosity; much empty writing or discourse
 Verbo'se, *a.* prolix, tedious
 Verbo'sity, *a.* exuberance of words
 Ver'dant, *a.* green; flourishing; beautiful
 Ver'derer, Ver'deror, *a.* a forest officer
 Ver'dict, *a.* a determination by a jury, &c.
 Ver'digris, *a.* the green rust of brass
 Ver'diture, *a.* a kind of pale-green colour
 Ver'dure, *a.* a green colour, greenness
 Verge, *a.* a rod; a dean's mace; brink
 Verge, *v. n.* to bend downwards, to tend
 Ver'ger, *a.* a mace-bearer in cathedrals, &c.
 Ver'ify, *v. a.* to justify, confirm, prove true
 Ver'ily, *adv.* in truth, certainly, really
 Verisim'ilar, *a.* likely, probable
 Ver'itable, *a.* agreeable to fact, true
 Ver'ity, *a.* truth, certainty, a true assertion
 Ver'juice, *a.* the liquor of crab-apples
 Vermic'e'll, *a.* a paste spun like threads
 Vermic'ular, *a.* acting like a worm; spiral
 Vermic'ulate, *v. a.* to inlay wood, &c.
 Ver'micule, *a.* a little grub or worm
 Vermic'ulous, *a.* full of worms or grubs
 Vermil'ion, *a.* a beautiful red colour
 Ver'min, *a.* any noxious animal
 Vermination, *a.* generation of vermin
 Vernac'ular, *a.* of one's own country
 Ver'nal, *a.* belonging to the spring
 Vernality, *a.* servile behaviour, meanness
 Ver'satile, *a.* turning round, variable
 Versat'ility, *a.* the quality of being versatile
 Verse, *a.* a piece of poetry; lays; paragraph
 Ver'sed, *a.* skilled, well practised
 Versification, *a.* the art of making verses
 Ver'sifier, *a.* a maker of verses
 Ver'sify, *v.* to make or relate in verse
 Ver'sion, *a.* the act of translating, translation, change, transformation
 Vert, *a.* every green tree in a forest
 Ver'tebral, *a.* relating to the back bone

- Ver'tebre**, *s.* a joint in the back-bone
Ver'tex, *s.* the zenith; the point over head;
the summit or upper part of any thing
Ver'tible, *a.* capable of being turned
Ver'tical, *a.* relating to the vertex
Verti'city, *s.* the act of turning about
Vertig'inous, *a.* turning round, giddy
Verti'go, *s.* a giddiness; a whirling motion
Ver'vain, *s.* the name of a plant
Ver'vel, *s.* a label tied to a hawk
Ver'y, *a.* real, true—*ad.* in a great degree
Ves'iculate, *v. a.* to blister; puff up; swell
Vesic'atory, *a.* a blistering medicine
Ves'icle, *s.* a small cuticle inflated; a blister
Ves'per, *s.* the evening-star; the evening
Ves'pers, *a.* evening service or prayers
Ves'sel, *s.* any utensil made to contain li-
quors; a ship, bark, &c.; a pipe for the
blood or humours in any animal body
Vest, *s.* an outer garment, a kind of coat
Vest, *v. a.* to dress, deck, invest, admit
Ves'tal, *s.* a pure virgin, a sacred virgin
Ves'tal, *a.* denoting pure virginity
Ves'tibule, *s.* the entrance of a house
Ves'tige, *s.* a footprint, trace, mark, sign
Ves'timent, *s.* a garment, part of dress
Ves'try, *s.* a room adjoining to the church,
in which consecrated things are reposit-
ed
Ves'ture, *s.* a garment, habit, dress
Vetch, *s.* a leguminous plant; a kind of pea
Vet'eran, *s.* old soldier; man long practised
Veterina'rian, *s.* one skilled in the diseases
of cattle
Vex, *v. a.* to plague, disquiet, torment
Vexa'tion, *s.* the act or cause of plaguing
Vexat'ious, *a.* afflictive, troublesome
Ug'liness, *s.* deformity, moral depravity
Ugly, *a.* deformed, offensive to the sight
Vfal, *s.* a small bottle—*v. a.* to bottle up
Vfand, *s.* meat dressed, meat, food
Viat'icum, *s.* provision for a journey; the
last rites used for a departing soul
Vibrate, *s.* to brandish, move to and fro
Vibra'tion, *s.* a moving with quick return
Vibrative, **Vibratory**, *a.* causing to vibrate
Vic'ar, *s.* a minister of a parish where the
cures are impropriated; a substitute
Vic'arage, *s.* the benefice of a vicar
Vica'rial, *a.* pertaining or relating to a vicar
Vica'rious, *a.* deputed, delegated
Vice, *s.* wickedness, offence; an iron press
Vice, in composition, signifies second in
rank, or a substitute
Vice-ad'miral, *s.* the second in command
Vice-ag'ent, *s.* one who acts for another
Vicegerency, *s.* the office of a vicegerent
Viceger'ent, *s.* one who is intrusted with
the power of a superior; a lieutenant
Vicechan'cellor, *s.* a second magistrate in
the universities of Oxford and Cambridge
Viceroy, *s.* one who governs a tributary
kingdom with regal authority, and is ac-
countable only to the king his master
Vic'inage, *s.* neighbourhood; places imme-
diately adjoining
Vic'inal, **Vic'ine**, *a.* near, adjoining to
Vicin'ity, *s.* neighbourhood, nearness
Vic'ious, *a.* addicted to vice, wicked, base

- Vici'stude**, *s.* a change, revolution
Vic'tim, *s.* a sacrifice; something destroyed
Vic'tor, *s.* a conqueror, a vanquisher
Victo'rious, *a.* conquering, vanquishing,
having obtained conquest
Victo'riously, *ad.* with conquest, success-
fully, triumphantly
Vic'tory, *s.* conquest, success, triumph
Vic'tuals, *s.* a provision of food, meat, stores
Vic'tual, *v. a.* to provide with food
Vic'tualler, *s.* a provider of victuals, &c.
Videl'icet, *ad.* to wit; that is. Generally
written viz.
Vie, *v. a.* to contend, contest, strive with
View, *v. a.* to survey, to examine, to see
View, *a.* a prospect, sight, show, survey
Vig'il, *s.* the eve of a holiday; watch
Vig'ilance, **Vig'ilancy**, *s.* watchfulness
Vig'ilant, *a.* watchful, circumspect, diligent
Vignett'e, *s.* a picture of leaves and flowers
Vig'orous, *a.* full of strength and life
Vig'our, *s.* force, strength, energy, efficacy
Vile, *a.* sordid, wicked, worthless, mean
Vil'ely, *ad.* shamefully, meanly, basely
Vil'ify, *v. a.* to debase, to defame, to abuse
Vill, **Villa**, *s.* a country seat, a village
Village, *s.* a small collection of houses
Villager, *s.* an inhabitant of a village
Vil'ain, *s.* a wicked wretch; a servant
Vil'ainous, *a.* base, vile, wicked, sorry
Vil'ainously, *ad.* wickedly, basely
Vil'any, *s.* wickedness, baseness, a crime
Vil'ous, *a.* shaggy, rough, hairy
Vil'incous, *a.* made of or like twigs
Vin'cible, *a.* conquerable, tamable
Vin'dicate, *v. a.* to justify, revenge, clear
Vindica'tion, *s.* a defence, justification
Vin'dictive, *a.* revengeful, malicious
Vindic'tive, *a.* revengeful, given to revenge
Vine, *s.* the name of a tree bearing grapes
Vin'egar, *s.* eager wine; any thing sour
Vineyard, *s.* a ground planted with vines
Vinous, *a.* having the quality of wine
Vin'tage, *s.* the time of making wine
Vin'tager, *s.* one who gathers the vintage
Vin'tner, *s.* one who sells wine, &c.
Vin'try, *s.* the place for selling wine
Viny, *a.* producing grapes
Viol, *s.* a stringed musical instrument
Vi'olable, *a.* that may be violated or hurt
Viola'ceous, *a.* resembling or like violets
Vi'olate, *v. a.* to injure, infringe, ravish
Viola'tion, *s.* infringement; a deflowering
Violence, *s.* force, outrage, injury
Vi'olent, *a.* forcible, extorted, outrageous
Vi'olet, *s.* the name of a sweet flower
Violin', *s.* a fiddle, a musical instrument
Vi'olist, *s.* a player on the viol or violin
Violoncel'lo, *s.* a musical instrument
Vi'per, *s.* a serpent; a mischievous person
Vira'go, *s.* a bold resolute woman
Vir'ent, *a.* green; not faded
Virge, *s.* a dean's mace, wand, rod
Vir'gin, *s.* a maid, a woman not a mother
Vir'gin, *a.* befitting a virgin; maidenly
Vir'ginal, *s.* a stringed musical instrument
Vir'ginal, *a.* maiden, maidenly, pertaining
to a virgin

Virginity, *s.* maidenhood, purity
 Virgo, *s.* the sixth sign in the zodiac
 Virile, *a.* manly, bold, courageous
 Virility, *s.* character of manhood; the power of procreating the species
 Virtual, *a.* effectual; powerful; prevalent
 Virtually, *ad.* effectually, not formally
 Virtuate, *v. a.* to make efficacious
 Virtue, *s.* moral goodness, valour, efficacy
 Virtuosos, *s.* one skilled in curiosities, &c.
 Vir'uous, *a.* morally good, efficacious, devout; having medicinal qualities
 Virulence, *s.* poison, venom, malignity, acrimony of temper, bitterness
 Virulent, *a.* malignant, poisonous, venomous, bitter
 Visage, *s.* the face, countenance, look
 Vis'cerate, *v. a.* to take out the bowels
 Vis'count, *s.* degree of nobility next an earl
 Vis'countess, *s.* the lady of a viscount
 Vis'cous, *a.* clammy, glutinous, ropy, sticky
 Visib'ility, Vis'ibleness, *s.* a visible state
 Vis'ible, *a.* apparent, open, conspicuous
 Vis'ibly, *ad.* openly, conspicuously, clearly
 Vis'ion, *s.* sight, a dream, a phantom
 Vis'ionary, *a.* imaginary, seen in a dream
 Vis'ionist, *s.* one disturbed in thought
 Vis'it, *s.* the act of going to see another
 Vis'itant, *s.* one who visits another
 Visitation, *s.* a judicial visit; the act of visiting; a judgement from heaven
 Vis'itor, Vis'itor, *s.* one who visits a neighbour or friend; an occasional judge
 Vis'ive, *a.* belonging to the power of seeing
 Vis'or, *s.* a mask, disguise, concealment
 Vis'ita, *s.* a long view or prospect between two rows of trees; an avenue
 Vis'ual, *a.* used in sight, exercising sight
 Vis'ual, *a.* necessary to life, essential
 Vital'ity, *s.* the power of subsisting in life
 Vitals, *s.* parts essential to life; essence
 Vitiate, *v. a.* to deprave, spoil, corrupt
 Viti'ation, *s.* depravation, corruption
 Vit'ious, *a.* corrupt, wicked, depraved
 Vit'uous, *a.* glassy, resembling glass
 Vit'rify, *v.* to change into or become glass
 Vit'riol, *s.* a kind of mineral salt
 Vit'riolate, *a.* impregnated with vitriol
 Vit'riolic, *a.* containing or resembling vitriol
 Vitu'perate, *v. a.* to censure, to blame
 Vitu'perative, *a.* belonging to blame
 Viva'cious, *a.* sprightly, gay, active
 Viva'city, *s.* sprightliness, liveliness
 Viv'acity, *s.* manner of supporting life
 Vives, *s.* a distemper among horses
 Viv'id, *a.* quick, active, lively, sprightly
 Viv'ific, *a.* giving life, making alive
 Viv'ify, *v. a.* to make alive, to animate
 Viv'igorous, *a.* bringing the young alive
 Vix'en, *s.* a she-fox; a scolding woman
 Vix, *ad.* a contraction of Videlicet
 Vir'ard, *s.* a mask to cover the face
 Vic'er, *s.* the Ottoman prime minister
 Vicer, *s.* a dangerous running sore
 Ulcera'tion, *s.* a breaking into sores
 Ulc'erosus, *a.* afflicted with sores
 U'cered, *a.* grown to be an ulcer
 Uig'uous, *a.* slimy, muddy, fenny

Ul'terior, *a.* lying on the further side
 Ul'timate, *a.* the very last, final, ending
 Ul'timately, *ad.* in the last consequence
 Ul'tima'tion, *s.* the last offer or concession
 Ul'tima'tum, *s.* the final resolution
 Ultramar'ine, *s.* a very fine blue
 Ultramar'ine, *a.* foreign, beyond the sea
 Um'ber, *s.* a yellow colour; a fish
 Um'bles, *s.* the entrails of a deer
 Um'bo, *s.* the point or top of a buckler
 Um'brage, *s.* shadow; offence, resentment
 Umbra'geous, Umbro'se, *a.* shady
 Umbrel'la, *s.* a cover from the sun or rain
 Um'pire, *s.* one who decides disputes
 Unab'ased, *a.* not humbled, not abused
 Unabashed, *a.* not ashamed, undaunted
 Unab'ated, *a.* undiminished
 Un'able, *a.* not able, weak, impotent
 Unab'olished, *a.* remaining still in force
 Unac'ceptable, *a.* disagreeable, unpleasing
 Unac'cepted, *a.* not accepted, not received
 Unac'companied, *a.* not attended, alone
 Unac'complished, *a.* unfinished; awkward
 Unac'countable, *a.* not to be accounted for, not subject, not controlled, not explicable
 Unac'countably, *ad.* strangely, oddly
 Unac'curate, *a.* not exact, incorrect
 Unac'customed, *a.* new, not usual, strange
 Unac'quainted, *a.* not known, unusual
 Unad'm'ired, *a.* not regarded with honour
 Unad'o'red, *a.* not worshipped; neglected
 Unad'vised, *a.* indiscreet, imprudent
 Unaff'able, *a.* haughty, proud, unsoeable
 Unaff'ected, *a.* not moved, open, real
 Unaf'f'd, *a.* not assisted, not helped
 Unaf'fianable, *a.* that cannot be alienated
 Unaff'iced, *a.* having no powerful relation
 Unaf'f'erable, *a.* that cannot be altered
 Unamu'sing, *a.* unpleasing; uninteresting
 Unanim'ity, *s.* agreement in mind, &c.
 Unan'ymous, *a.* being of one mind
 Unan'swerable, *a.* not to be refuted
 Unapp'al'led, *a.* not daunted, not dismayed
 Unapper'ceivable, *a.* not to be pacified
 Unap't, *a.* dull, unfit, improper, not qualified
 Unarg'ued, *a.* not disputed, not censured
 Unar'm'ed, *a.* having no armour or weapons
 Unar'tful, *a.* wanting skill or cunning
 Unar'ked, *a.* not asked, not desired
 Unasp'iring, *a.* not ambitious, humble
 Unass'al'able, *a.* not to be assuited
 Unass'isted, *a.* not assisted, not helped
 Unattai'nable, *a.* not to be gained or attained; being out of reach
 Unatten'pted, *a.* untried, not assayed
 Unatten'd'ed, *a.* having no retinue, alone
 Unav'al'able, Unav'al'ing, *a.* useless, vain
 Unavol'd'able, *a.* inevitable, not to be avoided or shunned
 Unau'thorised, *a.* without authority
 Unawa're, Unawa'res, *ad.* suddenly
 Unaw'ed, *a.* having no fear or dread
 Unba'r, *v. a.* to unbolt, to remove a bar
 Unba'r'bed, *a.* not shaven, bare
 Unba'ttered, *a.* not injured by blows
 Unbea'ten, *a.* not trodden, not beaten
 Unbecom'ing, *a.* indecent, unsuitable
 Unbe'st'ing, *a.* unbecoming, unsuitable

- Unbegot'ten, *a.* not generated, eternal
 Unbelief, *s.* infidelity, incredulity, irreligion, want of faith
 Unbeliever, *a.* an infidel, a wicked person
 Unbeneficed, *a.* not enjoying a benefice
 Unbenevolent, *a.* not kind, unmerciful
 Unbenign, *a.* malevolent, malignant
 Unbent, *a.* relaxed, unshrunk, unsubdued
 Unbesecming, *a.* unbecoming, unfit
 Unbewail'd, *a.* not lamented
 Unbias, *v. a.* to remove prejudice
 Unbid'den, *a.* uninvited, not bidden
 Unbigotted, *a.* free from bigotry
 Unbind, *v. a.* to loose, untie, separate
 Unblamable, *a.* not blamable, innocent
 Unblemished, *a.* free from blemish, &c.
 Unblest, *a.* wretched, unhappy, accursed
 Unblown, *a.* not yet blown, unopened
 Unbod'ied, *a.* freed from the body, incorporeal, immaterial
 Unbolt, *v. a.* to open or remove bolts
 Unbolted, *a.* coarse, not refined or sifted
 Unbonneted, *a.* having no hat or bonnet
 Unborn, *a.* not yet brought into life
 Unborrowed, *a.* not borrowed, genuine
 Unbosom, *v. a.* to reveal in confidence
 Unbought, *a.* obtained without money
 Unbound, *a.* wanting a cover; not bound
 Unbounded, *a.* unlimited, unrestrained
 Unbra'ce, *v. a.* to loose, relax, unfold
 Unbred, *a.* not taught, ill-educated
 Unbridled, *a.* not restrained, licentious
 Unbro'ke, *a.* not tamed or subdued
 Unbrotherly, *a.* not like a brother
 Unbuckle, *v. a.* to loose a buckle
 Unbuild, *v. a.* to raze, destroy, pull down
 Unbuilt, *a.* not yet erected, unfinished
 Unbur'ied, *a.* not interred; not honoured with the rites of funeral
 Unburnt, *a.* not consumed by fire
 Unburthen, *v. a.* to rid of a load, throw off
 Unbutton, *v. a.* to loose any thing buttoned
 Uncanon'ical, *a.* not canonical
 Unca'se, *v. a.* to uncover; take out; flay
 Uncatcht, *a.* not yet catched, not taken
 Uncertain, *a.* not certain, doubtful
 Uncertainty, *s.* dubiousness, contingency
 Unchain, *v. a.* to free from chains
 Unchangeable, *a.* not to be changed, fixed
 Unchar'itable, *a.* having no mercy or charity
 Unchar'itableness, *s.* a want of charity
 Uncha'te, *a.* lewd, lustful, impure
 Unchastity, *s.* lewdness, incontinence
 Unchew'd, *a.* not chewed, not eaten
 Uncircumcised, *a.* not circumcised
 Uncircumcision, *s.* a want of circumcision
 Uncircumspect, *a.* not cautious, careless
 Uncircumspectal, *a.* not important
 Unciv'il, *a.* unpolite, rude, unkind
 Unciv'ily, *ad.* unpolitely, not complaisantly
 Uncivilized, *a.* barbarous; indecent, rude
 Unclear'd, *a.* not purified, not refined
 Unclassic, Unclassical, *a.* not classical
 Uncle, *s.* a father's or mother's brother
 Unclean, *a.* not clean; wicked, lewd
 Uncleanliness, *s.* want of cleanness; sin
 Unclearly, *a.* filthy, dirty, unchaste
 Unclean'sel, *a.* not cleansed or purified
 Unclean'sh, *v. a.* to open the hand
 Unclean'sh, *v. a.* to strip, to make naked
 Unclog, *v. a.* to disencumber, exonerate
 Unclose, *v. a.* to open, set open, disclose
 Unclosed, *a.* free from clouds, clear from obscurity, not darkened
 Uncloseth, *v. a.* to open the closed hand
 Uncoil, *v. a.* to unfold, unravel, open
 Uncollect'd, *a.* not collected or brought together, not recollected
 Uncom'bed, *a.* not parted with a comb
 Uncom'ely, *a.* not comely, not graceful
 Uncom'fortable, *a.* dismal, gloomy
 Uncom'mon, *a.* not frequent, unusual
 Uncompact, *a.* not compact, not close
 Uncommunica'ted, *a.* not communicated
 Uncompell'd, *a.* not forced, not obliged
 Uncompos'd, *a.* simple; not intricate
 Uncompressed, *a.* not compressed, loose
 Unconceivable, *a.* not to be understood
 Unconceiv'd, *a.* not thought, not imagined
 Unconcer'n, *s.* negligence, indifference
 Unconcern'd, *a.* not anxious; easy
 Unconform, *v. a.* not conformable, unlike
 Uncon'scionable, *a.* unreasonable; unjust
 Uncon'scionably, *ad.* unreasonably
 Uncontro'lable, *a.* not to be controlled
 Uncouple, *v. a.* to separate, to let loose
 Uncour'teous, *a.* uncivil, unpolite, rude
 Uncour'tly, *a.* unpolished, awkward
 Uncouth, *a.* strange, unusual, odd
 Uncreat'e, *a.* not created; everlasting
 Uncreat'd, *a.* not yet created, not yet born
 Uncrop'ed, *a.* not cropped, not gathered
 Uncrow'ded, *a.* not crowded; at liberty
 Uncrow'n, *v. a.* to deprive of a crown
 Uncru'el, *a.* a torment; an anolating
 Unctuous, *a.* fat, oily, clammy, greasy
 Uncull'd, *a.* not gathered, not selected
 Uncul'pable, *a.* not deserving blame
 Uncultivated, *a.* not cultivated, not instructed, not civilized
 Uncurb'd, *a.* not restrained, licentious
 Uncurl, *v. a.* to loose from ringlets
 Uncurtail'd, *a.* not curtailed, not shortened
 Uncut, *a.* not cut, whole, entire
 Undam, *v. a.* to open banks; to loose
 Undaunted, *a.* not daunted, not depressed
 Undauntedly, *ad.* boldly, without fear
 Undazzled, *a.* not dazzled, unaffected
 Undeavour'd, *a.* not corrupted, pure
 Undecagon, *s.* a figure of eleven sides
 Undecay'd, *a.* not decayed, not worn
 Undec'eive, *v. a.* to inform justly; set right
 Undec'eivable, *a.* not to be deceived
 Undecid'd, *a.* not determined, not settled
 Undeck, *v. a.* to undress, strip, divest of
 Undefac'd, *a.* not disfigured, not blotted out
 Undefensible, *a.* not to be deceived
 Undefiled, *a.* pure; not polluted, not violated, not corrupted
 Undefinable, *a.* not to be marked out
 Undefin'd, *a.* not defined, unlimited
 Undeliberated, *a.* not carefully considered
 Undelighted, *a.* not pleased
 Unden'iable, *a.* that cannot be denied
 Undeplo'ed, *a.* not lamented or bewailed
 Undeprived, *a.* not corrupted, innocent

Un'der, *adv.* and *prep.* beneath, below
 Underbid', *v. a.* to offer less than the worth
 Underdo', *v. n.* to do less than is requisite
 Un'derfoot, *adv.* beneath
 Undergo', *v. a.* to suffer, to endure, to bear
 Undergrou'nd, *a.* a subterraneous place
 Un'derhand, *a.* sly, cunning, private
 Underived, *a.* not borrowed, original
 Underla'boured, *a.* a petty workman
 Underlay', *v. a.* to lay under; to support
 Underlie, *v. a.* to draw a line under
 Un'derling, *a.* an inferior agent; sorry fellow
 Undermine, *v. a.* to sap; to injure secretly
 Un'dermost, *a.* lowest, meanest, basest
 Underneath, *adv.* below, beneath
 Underog'atory, *a.* not derogatory
 Un'derpert, *a.* an inferior, subordinate, or unimportant part
 Un'derplot, *a.* a series of events proceeding collaterally with the main story of a dramatic representation, and subservient to it; a clandestine scheme
 Underrate, *v. a.* to rate or value too low
 Un'derrate, *a.* a price less than the value
 Undersell', *v. a.* to sell cheaper than another
 Undersong, *a.* chorus, burden of a song
 Understand, *v. a.* to comprehend fully
 Understand'ing, *a.* intellectual powers; skill
 Understand'ing, *a.* knowing, skillful
 Understand', *part.* of understand
 Un'derstrapper, *a.* an inferior agent
 Undertake, *v.* to engage in, to promise
 Undertaker, *a.* one who undertakes; a manager; one who provides necessaries for the interment of the dead
 Undertaking, *a.* an enterprise; business
 Undertenant, *a.* a secondary tenant
 Undertook', *pret.* of undertake
 Undervalue, *v. a.* to rate too low
 Undervent', *pret.* of undergo
 Underwood, *a.* bushes under timber trees
 Underwork, *a.* petty affairs; a base design
 Underwrite', *v. a.* to write under another
 Underwriter, *a.* an insurer, a subscriber
 Undescribed, *a.* not described, confused
 Undescried, *a.* undiscovered, not seen
 Undeserv'd, *a.* not merited, not incurred
 Undeserv'ing, *a.* not deserving, worthless
 Undesigned, *a.* not designed, not intended
 Undesigned, *a.* sincere, honest, upright
 Undestroy'd, *a.* not destroyed, not wasted
 Undeter'mined, *a.* unsettled, undecided
 Undevot'd, *a.* not devoted, not given up
 Undiaph'aneous, *a.* dull, not transparent
 Undid', *pret.* of undo
 Undigest'ed, *a.* not concocted, not digested
 Undig'ht, *v. a.* to put off
 Undiminished, *a.* not lessened, entire
 Undip'ped, *a.* not dipped; not plunged; dry
 Undirect'ed, *a.* not directed, not set right
 Undiscer'ned, *a.* not discerned, unseen
 Undiscer'nible, *a.* not to be discerned
 Undiscer'ning, *a.* injudicious, silly
 Undisciplined, *a.* un instructed, untaught
 Undiscoverable, *a.* not to be found out
 Undiscover'ed, *a.* not seen, unknown
 Undisguis'd, *a.* open, artless, sincere
 Undisturb'd, *a.* not disturbed, quiet

Undo', *v. a.* to ruin; to take to pieces
 Undone's, *a.* ruined, destroyed; not done, not performed
 Undoubt'edly, *adv.* without question or doubt; indubitably
 Undress', *v. a.* to take off the clothes
 Undulate, *v. a.* to roll as waves
 Undulation, *a.* a motion like waves
 Undutiful, *a.* disobedient, perverse
 Uneasiness, *a.* trouble, care, perplexity
 Uneasy, *a.* not easy, disturbed, painful
 Uneaten, *a.* not devoured or eaten
 Unedifying, *a.* not improving
 Unelect'ed, *a.* not elected, not chosen
 Unelect'ible, *a.* not worthy to be chosen
 Unemploy'ed, *a.* not employed in work
 Unendow'ed, *a.* not endowed, not graced
 Unenjoy'ed, *a.* not enjoyed, not possessed
 Unenlarg'ed, *a.* not enlarged, contracted
 Unenlight'ened, *a.* not enlightened
 Unentertain'ing, *a.* giving no delight
 Unenvi'd, *a.* exempt from envy
 Unequal, *a.* not even; not equal; partial
 Unequitable, *a.* not equitable, not just
 Unequivocal, *a.* not equivocal, plain
 Unerr'ing, *a.* certain, not mistaking
 Uness'ential, *a.* not essential; void of life
 Unestab'lished, *a.* not established, uncertain
 Uneven, *a.* not level, not even, not equal
 Unevenness, *a.* inequality, changeableness
 Unexact'ed, *a.* not exacted, not forced
 Unexam'ined, *a.* not examined, not tried
 Unexam'pled, *a.* without example
 Unexceptionable, *a.* not liable to objection
 Unexecut'ed, *a.* not performed, not executed
 Unexemplified, *a.* not known by example
 Unexercis'd, *a.* not exercised or practised
 Unexempt, *a.* not privileged, not free
 Unexhaust'ed, *a.* not spent, not drained
 Unexercis'd, *a.* not exercised, not cast out
 Unexp'and'ed, *a.* not spread out; confused
 Unexpected, *a.* not expected; sudden
 Unexper'enced, *a.* not versed or experienced
 Unexpedient, *a.* not fit, inconvenient
 Unexper't, *a.* wanting skill, awkward
 Unexplo'ed, *a.* not searched out, not tried
 Unexpressible, *a.* unutterable, ineffable
 Unexten'ded, *a.* having no dimensions
 Unextinguishable, *a.* not to be put out
 Unextinguish'd, *a.* not quenched or put out
 Unextirpated, *a.* not rooted out
 Unfa'd'ed, *a.* not withered, not decayed
 Unfa'd'ing, *a.* not liable to change colour
 Unfa'ir, *a.* not fair, dishonest, disingenuous
 Unfa'thful, *a.* treacherous, dishonest
 Unfa'lowed, *a.* not followed
 Unfa'ishonable, *a.* not modish, obsolete
 Unfa'ten, *v. a.* to unloose, unfix, open
 Unfa'ishonable, *a.* not to be sounded
 Unfa'thomed, *a.* not fathomed, not sounded
 Unfatigued, *a.* not fatigued, unwearied
 Unfa'vourable, *a.* not favourable, unkind
 Unfeared, *a.* not feared; despised
 Unfa'cible, *a.* impracticable, not to be done
 Unfeather'ed, *a.* naked of feathers, bare
 Unfeatur'd, *a.* wanting regular features
 Unfed', *a.* not supplied with food
 Unfeeling, *a.* insensible, without feeling

Unfel'gued, *a.* real, sincere, not pretended
 Unfelt, *a.* not felt, not perceived
 Unfen'ce, *v. a.* to take away a fence
 Unfert'ile, *a.* not fruitful, barren, bare
 Unfet'ter, *v. a.* to free from shackles
 Unfil'ial, *a.* unsuitable to a son, disobedient
 Unfil'led, *a.* not filled, not supplied
 Unfin'ished, *a.* wanting the last hand
 Unfir'm, *a.* infirm, weak, not stable
 Unfir', *a.* improper, unqualified, unsuitable
 Unfix', *v. a.* to loosen, separate, make fluid
 Unfix'ed, *a.* wandering, not settled, vagrant
 Unfl'ed'ed, *a.* not covered with feathers
 Unfold'ed, *a.* not subdued, not conquered
 Unfol'd, *v. a.* to expand, discover, display
 Unforbid'den, *a.* not forbidden, allowed
 Unforebo'ding, *a.* giving no omens or signs
 Unfor'ced, *a.* not compelled, not feigned
 Unforsee'n, *a.* not seen or known before
 Unfor'fited, *a.* not forfeited; preserved
 Unforgiv'ing, *a.* implacable, inexorable
 Unform'ed, *a.* not shaped, not modified
 Unforsee'ken, *a.* not deserted; supported
 Unfor'tified, *a.* not fortified, defenceless
 Unfor'tunate, *a.* unprosperous, unlucky
 Unfor'tunately, *ad.* without good luck
 Unfou'ght, *a.* not fought; not determined
 Unfou'nd, *a.* not found, not met with
 Unfou'nded, *a.* without authority or founda-
 tion; void of foundation
 Unfra'med, *a.* not formed, not fashioned
 Unfre'quent, *a.* not common, unusual
 Unfrequen'ted, *a.* rarely visited, rarely en-
 tered; not frequented
 Unfrien'ded, *a.* wanting friends, destitute
 Unfrien'dly, *a.* not benevolent, not kind
 Unfro'zen, *a.* not frozen, not congealed
 Unfru'tful, *a.* not fruitful, barren, waste
 Unfur'l, *v. a.* to expand, unfold, spread
 Unfur'nish, *v. a.* to deprive, strip, divest
 Unfur'nished, *a.* without furniture, &c.
 Ungal'n, Ungal'nly, *a.* awkward, uncouth
 Ungar'lished, *a.* not garlished, unadorned
 Ungar'ter'd, *a.* without garters; slovenly
 Ungath'ered, *a.* not picked, not cropped
 Unge'nerative, *a.* begetting nothing
 Unge'nerous, *a.* niggardly, mean, not li-
 beral, not noble, not ingenuous
 Unge'nial, *a.* not favourable to nature
 Unge'ntel', *a.* not gentle; unbecoming
 Unge'nile, *a.* harsh, rude, rugged
 Unge'nilemanlike, *a.* mean illiberal
 Unge'ntleness, *a.* indelicacy; harshness
 Unge'n'tly, *ad.* harshly, rudely, severely
 Unge'ometrical, *a.* not geometrical
 Ungil'ded, *a.* not overlaid with gold, &c.
 Ungird', *v. a.* to loose a girdle or girth
 Ungir't, *a.* loosely dressed, loose, free
 Unglo'rified, *a.* not honoured, not praised
 Ungod'dily, *ad.* wickedly, impiously
 Ungod'liness, *a.* impiety, wickedness
 Ungod'dy, *a.* wicked, irreligious, profane
 Ungor'ged, *a.* not filled, not sated
 Ungov'ernable, *a.* not to be ruled; wild
 Ungov'erned, *a.* licentious, unbridled
 Ungra'ceful, *a.* wanting beauty or air
 Ungra'cious, *a.* wicked, unacceptable
 Ungra'teful, *a.* unthankful, displeasing

Ungra'tefully, *ad.* with ingratitude
 Ungroun'ded, *a.* having no foundation
 Ungru'died, *a.* careless, inattentive, ne-
 gligent, undefended
 Un'guent, *s.* an ointment; a liquid salve
 Unhan'dsome, *a.* ungraceful, illiberal
 Unhan'dy, *a.* awkward, not dexterous
 Unhap'py, *a.* unfortunate, miserable
 Unha'rmed, *a.* unhurt, uninjured, safe
 Unhar'monious, *a.* unmusical, harsh
 Unha'rness, *v. a.* to untrace, to set loose
 Unha'tched, *a.* not brought forth
 Unhea'lthful, Unhea'lthy, *a.* sickly, morbid
 Unheard, *a.* not heard, unknown
 Unhee'ded, *a.* disregarded, not minded
 Unhee'dful, *a.* careless, inattentive
 Unhe'w'n, *a.* not hewn, not shaped
 Unhin'ge, *v. a.* to throw from the hinges
 Unhoar'd, *v. a.* to steal from the board
 Unho'sliness, *a.* profaneness, wickedness
 Unho'ly, *a.* profane, impious, wicked
 Unho'u'red, *a.* not treated with respect
 Unhoop', *v. a.* to divest or strip of hoops
 Unho'pe, *a.* having no room to hope
 Unho'pse, *v. a.* to throw from the saddle
 Unho'spitable, *a.* not kind to strangers
 Unhou'se, *v. a.* to drive out of habitation
 Unhou'sed, *a.* homeless, driven out
 Unhou'seled, *a.* without the sacrament
 Unhum'bled, *a.* not humbled, haughty
 Unhurt, *a.* not hurt, free from harm
 Unhur'tful, *a.* doing no harm; innocent
 Unhur'tfully, *ad.* without any harm
 Unhus'k, *v. a.* to take off the husk
 Un'icorn, *a.* a beast like a horse, said to
 have one horn; there is also a fish called
 a sea unicorn, about 18 or 20 feet long,
 with a head like a horse, and a horn in
 the middle of the forehead
 Un'iform, *a.* similar to itself; regular
 Unifor'mity, *a.* regularity; similitude
 Un'iformly, *ad.* in a uniform manner
 Unimag'inable, *a.* not to be imagined
 Unim'itable, *a.* not to be imitated
 Unimmor'tal, *a.* not immortal; frail
 Unim'pal'able, *a.* not liable to be impaired
 Unimpe'ched, *a.* not impeached, not ac-
 cused by public authority
 Unimpor'tant, *a.* not important, trifling
 Unimpor'tuned, *a.* not solicited, not asked
 Unimpro'ved, *a.* not taught, not improved
 Uninfa'med, *a.* not set on fire, not burnt
 Uninfor'med, *a.* uninstructed, ignorant
 Uningen'uious, *a.* illiberal, not honest
 Uninhab'itable, *a.* not fit to be inhabited
 Uninhab'ited, *a.* not inhabited, empty
 Unin'jured, *a.* not injured, unhurt, safe
 Uninspi'red, *a.* not canonical; not inspired
 Uninstruc'ted, *a.* not instructed, not taught
 Unintel'ligent, *a.* not knowing, not skilful
 Unintel'ligible, *a.* not to be understood
 Uninten'tional, *a.* not designed or intended
 Unin'terested, *a.* not having interest
 Unintermix'ed, *a.* not mingled, separate
 Uninterrup'ted, *a.* not interrupted
 Unintren'ched, *a.* not intrenched, exposed
 Uninves'tigable, *a.* not to be searched out
 Uninvi'ted, *a.* not invited, not asked

- Unjointed, *a.* disjointed, having no joint
 U'nion, *s.* the act of joining; concord
 Un'ique, *a.* sole; without an equal
 U'nison, *a.* sounding alone or the same
 U'nison, *s.* a string of the same sound
 U'nit, *s.* one; the least number, or the root
 of numbers
 Units'arian, *s.* one of a sect allowing divinity
 to God the father alone
 Un'ite, *v.* to join; agree; grow into one
 Un'itedly, *ad.* with union or consent
 Un'ition, *s.* the act or power of uniting
 Un'ity, *s.* concord, agreement
 Unjud'ged, *a.* not judicially determined
 Univer'sal, *a.* general, total, all
 Univer'sal, *s.* the whole
 Univer'salist, *s.* one who affects to under-
 stand all particulars
 Universal'ity, *s.* a universal state; gener-
 ality; extension to the whole
 Univer'sally, *ad.* without exception
 U'niverse, *s.* the general system of things
 Univer'sity, *s.* a general school of liberal
 arts and sciences
 Univ'ocal, *a.* having one meaning; certain
 Unjust, *a.* partial, contrary to justice
 Unjustifiable, *a.* not to be justified
 Unken'nel, *v. a.* to drive from a kennel
 Unkep't, *a.* not kept, not observed
 Unk'nd, *a.* not kind, not obliging
 Unk'ndly, *ad.* without kindness, &c.
 Unk'ndly, *a.* unnatural, unfavourable
 Unk'ndness, *s.* want of good will; ill will
 Unknightly, *a.* not becoming a knight
 Unk'nt, *v. a.* to unweave; open; separate
 Unkn'ot, *v. a.* to free from knots, to untie
 Unknow'ing, *a.* ignorant, not qualified
 Unknow'ing, *a.* not discovered, not known
 Unla'boured, *a.* not cultivated; sponta-
 neous; voluntary
 Unla'ce, *v. a.* to loose a thing laced up
 Unla'd, *v. a.* to unload, empty, put out
 Unla'ed, *a.* not placed, not fixed
 Unlament'ed, *a.* not lamented
 Unla'ch, *v. a.* to open a latch, to lift up
 Unlaw'ful, *a.* contrary to law, unjust
 Unlaw'fully, *ad.* in an unlawful manner
 Unlearn'ed, *a.* ignorant, not learned
 Unleav'ened, *a.* not fermented, not leavened
 Unless, *conj.* except; if not; but
 Unles'soned, *a.* not instructed, not taught
 Unlearn'ed, *a.* unlearned, ignorant
 Unlev'elled, *a.* not cut or made even
 Unlibid'inous, *a.* not lustful, chaste, pure
 Unlic'ensed, *a.* having no licence or leave
 Unlick'ed, *a.* not licked; shapeless
 Unli'ke, *a.* improbable, unlikely, not like
 Unli'kelihood, *s.* improbability
 Unli'kely, *a.* improbable—*ad.* improbably
 Unlin'ited, *a.* having no bounds, uncon-
 fined, not restrained
 Unlin't, *v. a.* to untwist; open; break
 Unloa'd, *v. a.* to disburden, to exonerate
 Unlock', *v. a.* to open a lock, to solve
 Unlook'ed-for, *a.* not expected, not foreseen
 Unlo'ose, *v.* to loose; to fall in pieces
 Unloveliness, *s.* unamiableness; ugliness
 Unlov'ely, *a.* unable to excite love
 Unluck'ily, *ad.* unfortunately, by ill luck
 Unluck'y, *a.* unfortunate; mischievous
 Unma'de, *a.* not created, deprived of form
 Unma'ked, *a.* complete, not maligned
 Unma'ke, *v. a.* to deprive of qualities
 Unman', *v.* to defect; to emasculate
 Unman'ageable, *a.* not manageable, rude
 Unman'aged, *a.* not broken, not tutored
 Unman'ly, *a.* unbecoming a human being,
 unsuitable to a man, effeminate
 Unman'nered, *a.* rude, gross, uncivil
 Unman'nerly, *a.* ill-bred, uncivil
 Unman'u'rod, *a.* not cultivated; poor
 Unma'rked, *a.* not regarded, unobserved
 Unma'rried, *a.* not married, single
 Unmas'k, *v.* to take or put off a mask
 Unmas'ked, *a.* not masked, open to view
 Unmas'tered, *a.* not conquered, not sub-
 dued, not reduced to subjection
 Unmat'ched, *a.* having no equal, matchless
 Unmean'ing, *a.* having no meaning
 Unmeas'urable, *a.* unbounded, infinite
 Unmeas'ured, *a.* not measured; plentiful
 Unmer't, *a.* not worthy, unfit, improper
 Unmel'ted, *a.* not melted, not dissolved
 Unmer'ciful, *a.* cruel, unconscionable
 Unmer'cifully, *ad.* without mercy
 Unmer'itable, *a.* having no merit, worth-
 less, undeserving
 Unmerited, *a.* not deserved
 Unmi'nded, *a.* not heeded, disregarded
 Unmi'ndful, *a.* negligent, inattentive
 Unmi'n'gled, *a.* not mixed, pure, separate
 Unmix'ed, *a.* pure, not mingled with any
 thing, not corrupted by additions
 Unmo'ied, *a.* not lamented
 Unmole'sted, *a.* free from disturbance
 Unmo'o'r, *v. a.* to heave up an anchor
 Unmo'tgaged, *a.* not mortgaged; clear
 Unmo'veable, *a.* not to be removed, fixed
 Unmo'ved, *a.* not moved, not affected
 Unmourn'ed, *a.* not mourned for
 Unmuff'le, *v. a.* to take off a covering
 Unmu'sical, *a.* not harmonious; harsh
 Unmur'der, *v. a.* to take off a murde
 Unna'med, *a.* not mentioned, not spoken of
 Unnat'ural, *a.* forced, contrary to nature
 Unnat'urally, *ad.* in opposition to nature
 Unnavigable, *a.* not to be navigated
 Unnec'essary, *ad.* without necessity
 Unnec'essary, *a.* needless, useless, trifling
 Unneighbourly, *a.* not neighbourly
 Unner'vate, Unner'ved, *a.* weak, feeble
 Unner've, *v. a.* to weaken, to enfeeble
 Unnum'bered, *a.* innumerable, not capa-
 ble of being numbered
 Unobey'ed, *a.* not obeyed; resisted
 Unobnox'ious, *a.* not liable, not exposed
 Unobser'vable, *a.* not to be observed
 Unobser'vant, *a.* inattentive, not observant
 Unobser'ved, *a.* not regarded, not attended to
 Unobstruc'ted, *a.* not hindered, not stopped
 Unobtain'ed, *a.* not acquired, not gained
 Unobtru'sive, *a.* not obtrusive; modest
 Unoc'cupied, *a.* not inhabited, unpossessed
 Unoffen'ding, *a.* harmless, innocent
 Unopen'ed, *a.* not opened, closely shut
 Unop'erative, *a.* producing no effect

Unopposed, *a.* not opposed, not withstood
 Unorganized, *a.* without organs or parts proper to nourish the rest
 Unorig'inated, *a.* unbegotten, ungenerated
 Unorthodox, *a.* not holding pure doctrine
 Unpack', *v. a.* to open things packed up
 Unpacked, *a.* not packed, not collected
 Unpaid, *a.* not paid, not discharged
 Unpainful, *a.* not painful, giving no pain
 Unpalatable, *a.* nauseous, disgusting
 Unparadise, *v. a.* to deprive of happiness
 Unparagoned, *a.* unequalled, unmatched
 Unparalleled, *a.* having no equal, &c.
 Unpard'nable, *a.* not to be forgiven
 Unpard'nablely, *ad.* beyond forgiveness
 Unpard'oned, *a.* not forgiven; not discharged
 Unparliamentary, *a.* contrary to the established regulation of a parliament
 Unpassable, *a.* admitting no passage
 Unpat'ned, *a.* not laid in pawn
 Unpeaceable, *a.* quarrelsome, troublesome
 Unpeg', *v. a.* to pull or let out a peg
 Unper'fected, *a.* not pensioned; neglected
 Unpeople, *v. a.* to deprive of inhabitants, to depopulate
 Unperceivable, *a.* that cannot be perceived
 Unperceived, *a.* not observed, not seen
 Unperfect, *a.* incomplete, imperfect
 Unperformed, *a.* not performed, not done
 Unperishable, *a.* lasting, not perishable
 Unperjured, *a.* free from perjury
 Unperplexed, *a.* not embarrassed, easy
 Unpetrified, *a.* not turned to stone
 Unphilosophical, *a.* not conformable to the rules of philosophy or right reason
 Unpierced, *a.* not pierced; sound, whole
 Unpillowed, *a.* wanting a pillow
 Unpin't, *v. a.* to open what is pinned or shut
 Unpinked, *a.* not pinked, not set off
 Unpitied, *a.* not pitied, not lamented
 Unpit'ying, *a.* having no compassion
 Unpleasant, *a.* not pleasant, uneasy
 Unpleasantly, *ad.* uneasily, uncivilly
 Unpleased, *a.* not pleased, not delighted
 Unpleasing, *a.* offensive, not pleasing
 Unpl'ant, *a.* not ceding to another
 Unploughed, *a.* not ploughed, not prepared
 Unpoet'ical, *a.* not according to the rules of poetry; not becoming a poet
 Unpolished, *a.* uncivilized; not smoothed
 Unpolite, *a.* not elegant of manners, unrefined, not civil
 Unpolluted, *a.* not defiled or corrupted
 Unpopular, *a.* not popular, disliked
 Unpractised, *a.* not skilled by use
 Unpraised, *a.* not celebrated, not praised
 Unprecedented, *a.* not having a precedent
 Unpreferred, *a.* not advanced or promoted
 Unprejudicate, *a.* not prepossessed
 Unprejudiced, *a.* free from prejudice
 Unprelatical, *a.* not becoming a prelate
 Unpremeditated, *a.* not studied beforehand
 Unprepared, *a.* not prepared, not fitted
 Unprepossessed, *a.* not prepossessed
 Unpressed, *a.* not pressed, not forced
 Unpretending, *a.* not claiming distinction
 Unprevented, *a.* not previously hindered
 Unprevailing, *a.* being of no force, vain

Unprin'cely, *a.* unsuitable to a prince
 Unprin'ciple, *a.* not instructed; wicked
 Unprinted, *a.* not printed, not published
 Unprof'ned, *a.* not profaned or violated
 Unprofitable, *a.* serving no purpose, useless
 Unprofitably, *ad.* uselessly, to no purpose
 Unprohibited, *a.* not forbidden, lawful
 Unprolific, *a.* not fruitful, barren
 Unpronounced, *a.* not spoken, not uttered
 Unpropitious, *a.* not favourable, inauspicious, unkind
 Unproportioned, *a.* not proportioned
 Unprop'ed, *a.* not supported by props
 Unprosperous, *a.* unsuccessful, unfortunate
 Unprotected, *a.* not protected, unsupported
 Unprovided, *a.* not secured; not furnished
 Unprovoked, *a.* not provoked or incited
 Unpublished, *a.* not given to the public
 Unpunished, *a.* not punished; free
 Unpurified, *a.* not cleansed, not purified
 Unpursued, *a.* not pursued, not followed
 Unqualified, *a.* not qualified, not fit
 Unqualify, *v. a.* to divest of qualification
 Unqueen, *v. a.* to divest of the rank and dignity of queen
 Unquelled, *a.* not quelled or subdued
 Unquen'chable, *a.* not to be quenched
 Unquenched, *a.* not extinguished
 Unquestionable, *a.* not to be doubted
 Unquestionably, *ad.* without doubt
 Unquestioned, *a.* not asked, not doubted
 Unquiet, *a.* disturbed, restless, dissatisfied
 Unrack'ed, *a.* not poured off the lees
 Unracked, *a.* not thrown together
 Unransacked, *a.* not plundered or pillaged
 Unravel, *v. a.* to disentangle; to explain
 Unraved, *a.* not shaven; rough; filthy
 Unreached, *a.* not reached, not attained to
 Unread', *a.* not read, not learned, untaught
 Unread'y, *a.* ungainly; awkward; not fit
 Unreal, *a.* not real, unsubstantial
 Unreasonable, *a.* exorbitant, immoderate
 Unreasonably, *ad.* not reasonably
 Unrave, *v. a.* to disentangle, to let loose
 Unrebutted, *a.* not rebutted; continued
 Unrebuttable, *a.* not blamable, innocent
 Unreceived, *a.* not received, not admitted
 Unreclaimed, *a.* not reformed, not tamed
 Unrecompensed, *a.* not recompensed
 Unreconciled, *a.* not reconciled
 Unrecorded, *a.* not recorded or registered
 Unrecounted, *a.* not related, not told
 Unrecrutable, *a.* not to be recruited; lost
 Unredeemed, *a.* not redeemed
 Unreduced, *a.* not reduced, not lessened
 Unrefracted, *a.* not refracted, not broken
 Unrefreshed, *a.* not cheered or relieved
 Unregarded, *a.* not healed, not respected
 Unregenerate, *a.* not regenerate; wicked
 Unreined, *a.* not restrained by the bridle
 Unrelenting, *a.* cruel, feeling no pity
 Unrelieved, *a.* not succoured, not eased
 Unremediable, *a.* admitting of no remedy
 Unremitted, *a.* not remitted, not abated
 Unrepented, *a.* not repented of
 Unrepenting, *a.* not penitent
 Unreplenished, *a.* not filled again
 Unreproached, *a.* not censured or upbraided

Unreproved, *a.* not censured, not blamed
 Unreques'ted, *a.* not asked, not desired
 Unrequitable, *a.* not to be requited
 Unresent'ed, *a.* not resented, forgiven
 Unreser'ed, *a.* frank, open, free
 Unresist'ed, *a.* not opposed; obeyed
 Unresist'ing, *a.* not making resistance
 Unresolv'ed, *a.* not determined, not solved
 Unrespec'tive, *a.* taking little notice
 Unrest, *s.* disquiet, want of tranquillity
 Unresto'ed, *a.* not restored, kept
 Unrestrained, *a.* not confined, loose
 Unreveal'ed, *a.* not revealed, not told
 Unreveng'ed, *a.* not revenged, forgiven
 Unrever'end, *a.* irreverent, disrespectful
 Unrevers'ed, *a.* not reversed; not repeated
 Unrevok'ed, *a.* not revoked, not recalled
 Unreward'ed, *a.* not rewarded, unpaid
 Unrid'dle, *v. a.* to solve a difficulty
 Unrip', *v. a.* to strip off the tackle
 Unrighteous, *a.* unjust, wicked
 Unrightful, *a.* not just or right, unjust
 Unrip', *v. a.* to cut open, to rip open
 Unripe, *a.* too early; not ripe; sour
 Unrivalled, *a.* having no rival or equal
 Unriv'et, *v. a.* to free from rivets, to loosen
 Unroll, *v. a.* to open or unfurl a roll
 Unroman'tic, *a.* not romantic
 Unroof', *v. a.* to strip off the roofs or coverings of houses
 Unroot', *v. a.* to tear from the root; to extirpate; to eradicate
 Unround'ed, *a.* not made round; uneven
 Unruffle, *v. a.* to cease from commotion
 Unru'y, *a.* ungovernable, licentious
 Unsa'fe, *a.* not safe, hazardous, dangerous
 Unsa'id', *a.* not uttered, not mentioned
 Unsa'lted, *a.* not salted, fresh, insipid
 Unsanctified, *a.* unholy, not consecrated
 Unsa'ted, *a.* not satisfied; insatiate
 Unsa'tisfied, *a.* not contented; not filled
 Unsatisfiable, *a.* not to be satisfied or pleased
 Unsatisfac'tory, *a.* not clearing the difficulty, not giving satisfaction
 Unsa'tisfying, *a.* tasteless, disgusting, insipid
 Unsay', *v. a.* to retract, to recall, to recant
 Unscholar'ic, *a.* not bred to literature
 Unschool'ed, *a.* not learned, uneducated
 Unscor'ched, *a.* not touched by fire
 Unscree'ned, *a.* not protected; uncovered
 Unscrow', *v. a.* to turn back a screw
 Unseal, *v. a.* to open any thing sealed
 Unseal'ed, *a.* not sealed, wanting a seal
 Unseam, *v. a.* to rip or cut open a seam
 Unseasonable, *a.* untimely, unfit, late
 Unseasoned, *a.* ill-timed; not salted
 Unseco'nded, *a.* not supported; left alone
 Unsecur'e, *a.* not secure, not safe
 Unseem'ly, *a.* indecent, uncomely
 Unseen, *a.* not seen, invisible; unskilled
 Unserviceable, *a.* of no advantage or use
 Unsett'le, *v. a.* to make uncertain
 Unsett'led, *a.* not steady, not fixed
 Unsever'ed, *a.* not divided, not parted
 Unshack'le, *v. a.* to loose from chains
 Unshak'able, *a.* not to be shaken, firm
 Unshaken, *a.* not moved, not shaken
 Unshap'en, *a.* deformed, mishapen, ugly

Unsheath, *v. a.* to draw from a scabbard
 Unshelter'ed, *a.* wanting protection
 Unship', *v. a.* to take out of a ship
 Unshock'ed, *a.* not frightened, unshaken
 Unshod', *a.* having no shoes, barefoot
 Unshorn, *a.* not shaven, not clipped
 Unshow'ered, *a.* not watered by showers
 Unshuff'ed, *a.* not tried; not parted by a sieve
 Unsig'htliness, *a.* disagreeableness to the eye; deformity
 Unsig'htly, *a.* disagreeable to the sight
 Unshew, *v. a.* to deprive of strength
 Unsin'ning, *a.* having no sin; perfect
 Unskillful, *a.* wanting art or knowledge
 Unskillfulness, *a.* want of art or knowledge
 Unskilled, *a.* wanting skill or knowledge
 Unslak'ed, *a.* not quenched, not put out
 Unsocial'able, *a.* not sociable, not kind
 Unsoil'ed, *a.* not polluted, not stained
 Unsold, *a.* not sold, not disposed of
 Unsoldierlike, *a.* unbecoming a soldier
 Unsolic'itous, *a.* not solicitous, not anxious
 Unsolid, *a.* not coherent or firm
 Unsophisticated, *a.* not adulterated
 Unso'rted, *a.* not properly separated
 Unsought, *a.* not seen; not searched
 Unsound', *a.* not sound; corrupted; dishonest; erroneous; not true; sickly
 Unsour', *a.* not made sour, not increase
 Unso'wn, *a.* not sown, having no seed
 Unspe'akable, *a.* not to be expressed
 Unspe'akably, *adv.* inexpressibly, ineffably
 Unspo'd', *a.* not despatched; unsuccessful
 Unspen't, *a.* not wasted, not diminished
 Unsphe're, *v. a.* to remove from its orb
 Unsplit, *a.* not split, not shed; preserved
 Unspoiled, *a.* not plundered, not marred
 Unspot'ed, *a.* not stained or spotted
 Unstable, *a.* inconstant, not fixed
 Unsta'nd, *a.* not steady, changeable
 Unsta'ined, *a.* not stained, not dyed
 Unsta'tutable, *a.* contrary to statute
 Unstan'ched, *a.* not staunch or stopped
 Unstead'ily, *adv.* inconstantly, inconsistently
 Unstead'y, *a.* irresolute, variable, inconstant
 Unste'fast, *a.* not fixed, not fast
 Unstin'ted, *a.* not limited, not confined
 Unstir'ed, *a.* not stirred, not shaken
 Unstrai'ned, *a.* easy, not forced; natural
 Unstring', *v. a.* to untie, to relax strings
 Unstuffed, *a.* unfilled, unfurnished
 Unsubdu'ed, *a.* not subdued, not conquered
 Unsubstan'tial, *a.* not solid, not real
 Unsuccessful, *a.* not successful, unlucky
 Unsug'ared, *a.* not sweetened with sugar
 Unsu'itable, *a.* not fit, not proportionate
 Unsu'itableness, *s.* unsuitness, incongruity
 Unsu'iting, *a.* not fitting, not becoming
 Unsu'ited, *a.* not fouled, not disgraced
 Unsu'ng', *a.* not recited in verse or song
 Unsun'ned, *a.* not exposed to the sun
 Unsuppo'rted, *a.* not sustained, not assisted
 Unsusceptible, *a.* not liable to admit
 Unsuspect'ed, *a.* not doubted or suspected
 Unsuspect'ing, *a.* not suspecting
 Unsuspi'cious, *a.* having no suspicion
 Unsu'stain'ed, *a.* not supported or propped
 Unsway'ed, *a.* not wielded, not swayed

Unsworn, *a.* not bound by any oath
 Untainted, *a.* not sullied, not tainted
 Untamed, *a.* not tamed, not subdued
 Untarried, *v. a.* to loose from intricacy
 Untasted, *a.* not tried by the palate, &c.
 Untaught, *a.* not taught, un instructed
 Untempered, *a.* not tempered or hardened
 Untenable, *a.* not capable of defence, &c.
 Untenanted, *a.* having no tenant, empty
 Untended, *a.* without attendance, alone
 Unterrified, *a.* not affrighted, dauntless
 Unthankful, *a.* ungrateful; displeasing
 Unthankfully, *ad.* without thanks
 Unthawed, *a.* not thawed, not dissolved
 Unthinking, *a.* thoughtless, careless
 Unthruy, *a.* not obstructed by prickles
 Unthought-of, *a.* not regarded, not heeded
 Unthreatened, *a.* not threatened or menaced; not terrified
 Unthrifty, *a.* a prodigal—*a.* wasteful
 Unthrifty, *a.* extravagant, lavish
 Unthriving, *a.* not thriving, not prospering
 Untie, *v. a.* to unbind, to loosen
 Untied, *a.* not bound, not fastened
 Until, *ad.* to the time that, &c.
 Untilled, *a.* not tilled, not cultivated
 Untimely, *a.* happening before proper time
 Untinged, *a.* not stained, not infected
 Untitled, *a.* having no title
 Unto, *prep.* the old word for *to*
 Untold, *a.* not related, not revealed
 Untouched, *a.* not touched, not affected
 Untoward, *a.* froward; vexatious
 Untrained, *a.* not properly instructed
 Untransparent, *a.* not transparent, cloudy
 Untried, *a.* not attempted, not tried
 Untrimmed, *a.* not trimmed, plain
 Untrod, *a.* not trodden down by the foot
 Untroubled, *a.* not disturbed; clear
 Untrue, *a.* not true, false, not faithful
 Untruly, *ad.* falsely, not according to truth
 Untruth, *a.* a falsehood, a false assertion
 Untunable, *a.* not musical, unharmonious
 Unturned, *a.* not turned, not changed
 Untutored, *a.* un instructed, untaught
 Untwined, *a.* untwisted, *v. a.* to separate things involved; to open what is wrapped
 Unvail, *v. a.* to throw off a veil, uncover
 Unvanquished, *a.* not vanquished; not conquered or overcome
 Unvaried, *a.* not changed, not varied
 Unvarnished, *a.* not covered with varnish
 Unveil, *v. a.* to disclose, show, discover
 Unveritable, *a.* not true, false, deceitful
 Unviolated, *a.* not injured, not broken
 Unused, *a.* not put to use, unemployed
 Unuseful, *a.* useless, serving no purpose
 Unusual, *a.* not common, rare, unfrequent
 Unutterable, *a.* inexpressible, ineffable
 Unwalled, *a.* having walls; open, bare
 Unwarily, *ad.* without caution, carelessly
 Unwarlike, *a.* not like or fit for war
 Unwarned, *a.* not warned, not cautioned
 Unwarrantable, *a.* not defensible, not allowed, not to be justified
 Unwarranted, *a.* not ascertained, uncertain
 Unwary, *a.* wanting caution; precipitate
 Unwashed, *a.* not washed; unclean

Unwasted, *a.* not diminished, not lessened
 Unwearied, *a.* not tired, indefatigable
 Unwearry, *v. a.* to refresh after weariness
 Unweighed, *a.* not weighed; not considered
 Unwelcome, *a.* not pleasing, not grateful
 Unwell, *a.* not well; slightly indisposed
 Unwep't, *a.* not lamented or grieved for
 Unwhipt, *a.* not whipped, not corrected
 Unwholesome, *a.* corrupt, not wholesome
 Unwieldy, *a.* unmanageable; bulky
 Unwilling, *a.* not willing, loth, not inclined
 Unwind, *v. a.* to untwist, to unwind
 Unwise, *a.* defective in wisdom, weak
 Unwit, *v. a.* to deprive of understanding
 Unwittingly, *ad.* without knowledge, without consciousness
 Unwitty, *a.* destitute of wit; coarse
 Unwon'ted, *a.* uncommon, unusual
 Unworthily, *ad.* without due regard
 Unworthy, *a.* not deserving; mean
 Unwound, *v. a.* to untwine, to untwist
 Unwritten, *a.* not written; traditional
 Unwrought, *a.* not manufactured
 Unwrong, *a.* not wrong, not pinched
 Unyielded, *a.* not yielded, not given up
 Unyoke, *v. a.* to loose from a yoke
 Vocabulary, *a.* a small dictionary or lexicon
 Vocal, *a.* of or belonging to the voice
 Vocally, *ad.* articulately; in words
 Vocation, *a.* a summons; employment
 Vocative, *a.* the case of nouns in grammar used in calling or speaking to
 Vociferate, *v. n.* to clamour; to make outcries; to exclaim
 Vociferous, *a.* clamorous, noisy, loud
 Vogue, *a.* fashion, mode; esteem, repute
 Voice, *a.* a vote; suffrage; sound emitted by the mouth; opinion expressed
 Void, *a.* empty, vain; null; unoccupied
 Void, *a.* an empty space, emptiness
 Void, *v. a.* to quit; emit; evacuate; annul
 Volant, *a.* flying, active, nimble, passing through the air
 Volatile, *a.* flying; evaporating; lively
 Vole, *s.* a deal at quadrille that draws the whole tricks to one party
 Volcano, *a.* a burning mountain that emits flames, stones, &c.
 Volery, Volary, *a.* a flight of birds
 Volition, *a.* the act and power of flying
 Volition, *a.* the act of willing or determining any particular action by choice
 Volley, *a.* a burst of shot
 Volley, *v. n.* to throw out
 Volt, *a.* a certain tread of a horse; a round
 Volubility, *a.* fluency of speech; mutability
 Voluble, *a.* fluent in words; active, nimble
 Volume, *a.* a book; any compact matter
 Voluminous, *a.* consisting of many volumes
 Voluntarily, *ad.* of one's own accord
 Voluntary, *a.* acting by choice, willing
 Voluntary, *a.* music played at will without any settled rule; volunteer
 Volunteer, *s.* a soldier of his own accord
 Voluptuary, *s.* one given up to luxury
 Voluptuous, *a.* luxuriant, extravagant
 Vomit, *v. a.* to cast out of the stomach
 Vomit, *s.* a medicine to cause to vomit

Vomit'ion, *s.* the act or power of vomiting
Vom'itive, **Vom'itory**, *a.* causing vomits
Voracious, *a.* ravenous, greedy to eat
Vo'trex, *s.* a whirlpool; a whirlwind
Vo'trical, *a.* having a whirling motion
Vo'tress, **Vo'tress**, *s.* a female votary
Votary, *s.* one devoted to any service, &c.
Vote, *v. n.* to choose or give by vote
Vo'ter, *s.* one who has a right to vote
Votive, *a.* given or done by vow; vowed
Vouch, *v.* to bear witness, to attest; to warrant; to maintain; to appear as a witness to give testimony
Vouch, *s.* a warrant, attestation
Vou'cher, *s.* who or what witnesseth
Vouchsafe, *v.* to condescend, to grant
Vow, *s.* a solemn and religious promise
Vow, *v.* to make a vow; to protest
Vow'd, *s.* a letter utterable by itself
Voyage, *s.* a travel by sea; a course; attempt; undertaking
Voyager, *s.* one who travels by sea
Up, *ad.* aloft; out of bed; above; not down
Up, *prep.* from a lower to a higher part
Upbra'd, *v. a.* to chide, reproach, charge
Upbra'dingly, *ad.* by way of reproach
Uphe'd, *part.* maintained, sustained
Up'hill, *a.* difficult, laborious, troublesome
Up'hoid, *v. a.* to lift on high, to support
Up'hoider, *s.* a supporter; an undertaker
Up'houlder, *s.* one who furnishes houses
Up'hol'tery, *s.* the articles made or sold by upholsterers
Up'land, *s.* higher ground—*a.* higher
Up'lay, *v. a.* to lay up, hoard up, preserve
Up'lift, *v. a.* to raise aloft, lift up on high
Up'most, *a.* highest, topmost, uppermost
Up'on, *prep.* not under; with respect to
Up'per, *a.* higher in place, superior to
Up'permost, *a.* highest in place, power, &c.
Up'raise, *v. a.* to raise up, exalt, advance
Up'right, *a.* straight up, erected; honest
Up'rise, *v. n.* to rise from a seat, to ascend
Up'roar, *s.* tumult, confusion, bustle
Up'shot, *s.* a conclusion, end, event
Up'side, *s.* the upper side, the upper part
Up'start, *s.* one suddenly raised to wealth, honour, &c. and who becomes proud and insolent—*v. n.* to spring up suddenly
Up'ward, *a.* directed to a higher place
Urban'ity, *s.* civility; elegance; politeness
Ur'chin, *s.* a hedgehog; a brat; a child
Ur'thra, *s.* the passage of the urine
Urge, *v. a.* to incite, to provoke, to press
Ur'gency, *s.* a pressure of difficulty
Ur'gent, *a.* pressing, earnest, importunate
Ur'ger, *s.* one who urges, one who incites
Ur'inal, *s.* a bottle in which urine is kept for inspection
Ur'inary, *a.* relating to the urine

Urine, *s.* water coming from animals
Urn, *s.* a vessel used for the ashes of the dead; a Roman measure of four gallons
Uroscopy, *s.* an examination of urine
Us, *oblique case of use*
Us'age, *s.* treatment custom, fashion
Us'ance, *s.* use, usury, interest for money
Use, *s.* usage, habit, custom, advantage
Use, *v.* to employ; to frequent; to treat
Us'eful, *a.* convenient, serviceable, profitable
Us'less, *a.* answering no end or purpose
Us'lessness, *s.* unfitness to any end
Us'her, *s.* an under-teacher; an introducer
Us'her, *v. a.* to introduce, to bring in
Usqueau'gh, *s.* an Irish compound distilled spirit drawn from aromatics; the Highland sort, by corruption, is called whisky
Us'tion, *s.* in surgery, a burning or searing with a hot iron; in pharmacy, preparing ingredients by burning them
Us'trious, *a.* having the quality of burning
Us'ual, *a.* common, customary, frequent
Us'ually, *ad.* commonly, customarily
Us'urer, *s.* one who practises usury
Us'urious, *a.* exorbitantly greedy, griping
Usur'p, *v. a.* to hold without right
Usur'pation, *s.* an illegal possession
Usur'per, *s.* one who is in possession of any thing that is another's right
Us'ury, *s.* money paid for the use of money
Utensil, *s.* an instrument for any use
U'terine, *a.* belonging to the womb
U'tility, *s.* usefulness; profit; convenience
U'th, *s.* a bustle, stir, noise, prodigy
Ut'most, *a.* highest, most extreme
U'to'plan, *a.* chimerical; imaginary
U'ter, *a.* outward; extreme; complete
U'ter, *v. a.* to speak; to vend, to publish
U'terable, *a.* that may be uttered or told
U'terance, *s.* pronunciation; sale
U'terly, *ad.* perfectly, completely, fully
U'termost, *a.* extreme; most remote
U'termost, *s.* the greatest degree or part
Vul'gar, *a.* mean, low, common, ordinary
Vul'gar, *s.* the common or lower people
Vulgar'ity, *s.* meanness, rudeness
Vul'gate, *s.* a Latin version of the bible authorised by the church of Rome
Vul'nerable, *a.* that may be wounded
Vul'serary, *a.* useful in curing wounds
Vul'pine, *a.* belonging to a fox, crafty
Vul'ture, *s.* the name of a bird of prey
Vul'turous, *a.* like a vulture; voracious
U'vula, *s.* the little piece of red spongy flesh suspended from the palate, between the two gaudules, and serving to cover the entrance of the windpipe
Uxo'rious, *a.* submissively fond of a wife
Uxo'riousness, *s.* conjugal dotage; fond submission to a wife

W.

Waif'ble, *v. n.* to move from side to side; to change direction
Wab'blingly, *ad.* totteringly

Wad, *s.* paper, tow, &c. to stop a gun-chARGE; a bundle of straw or other loose matter thrust close together

- Wa'dling, *s.* a coarse woollen stuff
 Wa'dle, *v. n.* to walk like a duck
 Wade, *v. n.* to walk through water, &c.
 Wa'fer, *s.* a thin dried paste for several uses
 Waft, *v.* to beckon; to carry over; to float
 Waftage, *s.* carriage by water or air
 Wafture, *s.* the act of waving or floating
 Wag, *s.* a merry droll fellow, a low wit
 Wage, *v. a.* to attempt; to engage in
 Wa'ger, *s.* a bett—*v.* to offer a wager
 Wa'ges, *s.* hire or reward given for service
 Wag'gery, *s.* wantonness, merry pranks
 Wag'gish, *a.* frolicsome, sportive, merry
 Wag'gle, *v. n.* to move from side to side
 Waggon, *s.* a four-wheeled carriage
 Wag'goner, *s.* one who drives a waggon
 Wag'tail, *s.* the name of a small bird
 Waif, *s.* goods found and not claimed
 Waif, *v.* to lament, to bewail, to grieve
 Wall, Wa'lling, *s.* lamentation, grief
 Wa'ful, *a.* mournful, sorrowful
 Wain, *s.* a sort of cart or waggon
 Wain'scot, *s.* a lining for rooms
 Waist, *s.* the middle part of the body
 Waistcoat, *s.* a part of a man's dress
 Wait, *v.* to expect, attend, stay, watch
 Wa'iter, *s.* an attendant, one in waiting
 Wa'iting, *part.* attending, serving
 Waits, *s.* nocturnal itinerant musicians
 Wake, *v.* to watch, not sleep, rouse
 Wake, *s.* a watch; merriment; track
 Wa'keful, *a.* not sleeping, watchful
 Wa'ken, *v.* to wake, to rouse from sleep
 Wake, *s.* a rising part in cloth, &c.; the
 outer timber in the sides of a ship
 Walk, *v.* to go on foot, to pass, to travel
 Walk, *s.* the act of walking, gait; a path
 Wa'ker, *s.* one that walks; an officer
 Wa'kingstick, *s.* a staff to walk with
 Wa'kmill, *s.* a fulling-mill
 Wall, *s.* a partition of brick or stone, &c.
 Wall, *v. a.* to enclose with a wall
 Waller, *s.* a bag, knapsack, double pouch
 Wa'leyed, *a.* having white eyes
 Wallop, *v. n.* to boll, to boll violently
 Wal'low, *v. n.* to roll in the mire, &c.
 Wa'nut, *s.* a large kind of nut
 Wa'tron, *s.* the sea-horse; the morse
 Wan'ble, *v. n.* to roll with sickness
 Wan, *a.* pale, sickly, languid of look
 Wand, *s.* a small stick, a long slender staff
 Wan'der, *v.* to rove, to go astray, to ramble
 Wan'derer, *s.* a rover, rambler, traveller
 Wane, *v. n.* to diminish, to decrease
 Want, *v.* to be without, to need; to fall
 Want, *s.* lack, need, deficiency; poverty
 Wan'ton, *a.* licentious, sportive, jovial
 Wan'ton, *s.* a strumpet, a lascivious person
 Wan'ton, *v. n.* to play lasciviously; to revel
 Wan'tonly, *ad.* in a lascivious manner
 Wan'ty, *s.* a surcingle; a leathern girth
 Wa'ped, *a.* dejected, crushed, borne down
 Wa'penteke, *s.* a division of a county, the
 same as a hundred or ten hundreds
 War, *s.* hostility, fighting, combat
 War, *v. n.* to make or carry on war
 Wa'rble, *v.* to quaver any sound; to sing
 Wa'rbler, *s.* a songster, a singing bird
 Ward, *s.* a garrison; district of a town
 custody; one under a guardian, &c.
 Ward, *v.* to act on the defensive; guard
 Wa'rden, *s.* a head officer; guardian
 Wa'rder, *s.* a keeper, guard, beadle
 Wa'rdmote, *s.* a ward-meeting
 Wa'rdrobe, *s.* a place where apparel is kept
 Wa'rdship, *s.* guardianship; pupillage
 Wa'rhonse, *s.* a house for merchandise
 Wares, *s.* goods or property to be sold
 Wa'rfare, *s.* military service and life
 Wa'rfare, *v. n.* to lead a military life
 Wa'rily, *ad.* cautiously, with timorous pru-
 dence, with wise forethought
 Wa'rlike, *a.* military, fit for war
 Wa'rlock, Wa'rluck, *s.* a male witch, a
 wizard, one conversant with spirits
 Warm, *a.* a little hot, zealous, 'arious
 Warm, *v. a.* to heat moderately
 Wa'rmingpan, *s.* a pan to warm a bed
 Warmth, *s.* a gentle heat, zeal, passion
 Warm, *v. a.* to caution, give notice, tell
 Wa'rning, *s.* previous notice, a caution
 Warp, *s.* the thread that crosses the woof
 Warp, *v.* to turn; to contract; to shrivel
 Wa'ping, *s.* act of turning aside from the
 true direction
 Warproof, *s.* valour known by proof
 War'rant, *s.* a writ of caption, authority
 War'rant, *v. n.* to justify; authorise; attest
 War'rantable, *a.* justifiable, defensible
 War'rantably, *ad.* justifiably, properly
 War'ranty, *s.* a deed of security for the per-
 formance of a contract; authority
 Wa'ren, *s.* a park or enclosure for rabbits
 Wa'rener, *s.* a keeper of a warren
 Wa'rrior, *s.* a soldier, a military man
 Wart, *s.* a cornuous excrescence; a small
 protuberance on the flesh
 Wa'ry, *a.* like or grown over with warts
 Wa'rworn, *a.* worn with war, battered
 Wa'ry, *a.* cautious, scrupulous, nice
 Was, *preterite* of be
 Wash, *v. a.* to cleanse with water
 Wash, *s.* the act of washing linen; dish-
 water, &c. given to hogs; a watery place
 Wash'ball, *s.* a ball made of soap, &c.
 Wash'erwoman, *s.* a woman who washes
 Wash'y, *a.* watery, damp; weak
 Wasp, *a.* a brisk stinging insect like a bee
 Was'pish, *a.* peevish, cross, touchy, fretful
 Was'sail, *s.* a drink made of roasted apples,
 sugar, and ale; a drunken bout
 Was'saller, *s.* a toper, a drunkard
 Wast, *second person singular* of was
 Waste, *v.* to diminish; spend; dwindle
 Waste, *a.* desolate, uncultivated, ruined
 Waste, *s.* a desolated uncultivated ground
 Wa'steful, *a.* destructive, lavish, prodigal
 Watch, *s.* a night-guard; a pocket-clock
 the time a seamen, &c. is upon guard
 Watch, *v.* to keep guard, to observe
 Wa'chbet, *a.* blue, pale or light blue
 Wa'chful, *a.* attentive, careful, vigilant
 Wa'ch-house, *s.* a place where the night-
 watch is set; a place of confinement
 Watchmaker, *s.* one who makes watches
 Wa'chman, *s.* a night-guard, a sentinel

Wa'tchword, *s.* a sentinel's night-word
Wa'ter, *s.* one of the elements; urine; lustre of a diamond; gloss on died silk
Wa'ter, *v.* to supply with water; to take in water; to shed moisture; to irrigate
Wa'terage, *s.* money paid for a journey taken by water or for water-carriage
Wa'tercolours, *s.* colours of a soft consistency used with gum-water
Wa'tercourse, *s.* a channel for water
Wa'tercreases, *s.* a plant of five species
Wa'terfall, *s.* a cascade, a cataract
Wa'terfowl, *s.* a fowl that swims in the water, and lives or breeds near it
Watergruel, *s.* food of oatmeal and water
Wa'tering-place, *s.* a town or village, usually on the sea-coast, noted, at certain seasons, for a numerous resort of persons to it. A modern cant term
Wa'terman, *s.* a boatman, a ferryman
Wa'termark, *s.* the mark of the flood
Wa'termill, *s.* a mill turned by water
Waterapph're, *s.* a precious stone
Wa'terwork, *s.* an hydraulic performance
Wa'tery, *a.* thin; abounding with water
Wa'tle, *v. a.* to bind with twigs; to plat twigs one within another
Wa'tles, *s.* hurdles made of willows, the parts of red flesh below a cock's hilt
Wave, *v.* to move loosely; put off, beckon
Wave, *s.* a billow at sea; inequality
Wa'ved, *a.* moved loosely; variegated
Wa'ver, *v. n.* to be unsettled, move loosely
Wa'vy, *a.* rising in waves; undulating
Wax, *s.* a thick tenacious substance extracted from the honeycomb of bees
Wax, *v.* to smear with wax; to grow
Wax'ed, **Wax'en**, *a.* made of wax; become bigger, increased
Wax'work, *s.* figures formed of wax, in imitation of the substances which they represent
Way, *s.* a road, passage; means, method
Way'farer, *s.* a passenger, a traveller
Way'faring, *a.* travelling, journeying
Waylay', *v. a.* to beset by ambush
Way'ward, *a.* froward, unruly; peevish
We, *pronoun plural of I*
Weak, *a.* feeble; pilant; unfortified
Wear'ken, *v. a.* to make weak, to enfeeble
Weak'ness, *s.* a defect, feebleness, failing
Weal, *s.* republic; happiness; prosperity; public interest; mark of a stripe
Weald, **Wald**, **Walt**, *s.* a wood or grove
Wealth, *s.* riches, money; goods, &c.
Wealth'y, *a.* opulent, rich, abundant
Wean, *v. a.* to deprive of the breast, &c.
Wear'on, *s.* an instrument of offence
Wear, *v.* to waste; to have on; to hold out
Wear, *s.* the act of wearing; a dam of water
Wear'er, *s.* one who wears any thing
Wear'iness, *s.* fatigue, lassitude, tediousness
Wear'ing, *s.* clothes; the act of wearing
Wear'some, *a.* tedious, tiresome
Wear'y, *v. a.* to tire, to harass—*a.* tired
Wes'and, **Wes'son**, *s.* the windpipe
Wes'sel, *s.* the name of a small animal
Weather, *s.* the state of the air; a storm

Weather, *v. a.* to pass with difficulty
Weatherbeaten, *a.* grown rough or tarnished, or harassed by bad weather
Weathercock, *s.* a vane on a spire
Weather'erge, *s.* the advantage of the wind; a thing that shows the weather
Weatherglass, *s.* a barometer
Weather'wise, *a.* foretelling the weather
Weave, *v. a.* to form by texture; to insert
Wea'ver, *s.* one who weaves cloth, &c.
Web, *s.* any thing woven; a film on the eye
Web'footed, *a.* palmipede; having films between the toes, as swans, geese, &c.
Web'ster, *s.* a weaver, one who weaves
Wed, *v. a.* to marry, to join in marriage
Wed'ded, *a.* married, attached to
Wed'ding, *s.* the marriage ceremony
Wedge, *s.* a body with a sharp edge
Wedge, *v. a.* to fasten with wedges
Wed'lock, *s.* the married state, matrimony
Wee, *a.* little, small, diminutive, puny
Wedn'esday, *s.* the fourth day of the week
Weed, *s.* a wild herb; a mourning habit
Wee'der, *s.* one who weeds or takes away
Wee'dhook, *s.* a hook to root up weeds
Wee'dy, *a.* abounding with weeds
Week, *s.* the space of seven days
Week'day, *s.* any day except Sunday
Week'ly, *a.* done, &c. every week
Weel, *s.* a whirlpool; a kind of trap for fish
Ween, *v. n.* to think, suppose, imagine
Weep, *v.* to shed tears, bewail, lament
Weep'er, *s.* a mourner; a white border of linen on the sleeve of a mourning dress
Wee'rish, *a.* insipid; watery; sour; aury
Weet, *v. n.* to know, to be sensible of
Wee'vil, *s.* a grub injurious to corn
Weft, *s.* a thing woven; the woof of cloth; goods which have no owner; gentle blast
Weft'age, *s.* a texture; the thing woven
Weigh, *v.* to try the weight of any thing; to heave up, to examine nicely; to judge
Weigh, **Wey**, *s.* a measure; weight
Weigh'd, *a.* examined by weight, &c.
Weight, *s.* the heaviness of any thing; importance; mass by which bodies are weighed; gravity; pressure, &c.
Weigh'tily, *ad.* heavily; ponderously; solidly; importantly
Weigh'tiness, *s.* heaviness; importance
Weigh'tless, *a.* light; having no gravity
Weigh'ty, *a.* heavy; important; strong
Weird, *a.* fatal; predicting; witchlike
Wel'come, *a.* received with gladness
Wel'come, *s.* kind reception
Wel'come, *v. a.* to receive with kindness
Wel'come, *interj.* used to a visitor
Wel'comeness, *s.* the act of making welcome, a kind reception; gratefulness
Wel'comer, *s.* one who bids welcome
Weild, **Weuld**, *s.* a dyer's weal for yellow
Weild, *v. a.* to beat one mass into another
Wel'fare, *s.* happiness, prosperity, success
Wel'kin, *s.* the visible regions of the air
Well, *s.* a spring, a source; a cavity
Well, *a.* not sick; happy; convenient
Well, *ad.* not amiss; rightly, properly
Well'aday, *interj.* denoting grief, &c.

- Wellbe'ing, *s.* prosperity, happiness
 Wellborn, *a.* not meanly descended
 Wellbred, *a.* polite, elegant of manners
 Wellborn'e, *interj.* denoting praise, &c.
 Wellfavoured, *a.* beautiful, handsome
 Wellmet, *interj.* denoting salutation, &c.
 Wellnigh, *ad.* almost, nearly, adjacent
 Wellset, *a.* well-made; stout built
 Wellspent, *a.* spent with virtue
 Well'spring, *s.* spring, fountain; source
 Wellwill'er, *s.* one who means well
 Wellwish', *s.* a wish of happiness, &c.
 Wellwish'er, *s.* one who wishes good
 Welsh, *a.* relating to Wales
 Welt, *s.* a border; *a.* a selvage; an edging
 Welt'er, *v. n.* to roll in blood, mire, &c.
 Wem, *s.* a spot; scar; fault
 Wem'less, *a.* unspotted, innocent
 Wen, *s.* a dangerous fleshy excrescence
 Wench, *s.* a young woman, a strumpet
 Wen'cher, *s.* a fornicator
 Wen'ching, *s.* following of bad women
 Wend, *v. n.* to go; turn round; pass from
 Wen'y, *a.* having the nature of a wen
 Went, *pref.* of *go*
 Wept, *pref.* and *part.* of *weep*
 Were, *pref.* of the verb *be*
 Wert, *second person singular of severe*
 We'sand, We'll, *s.* the windpipe; the larynx
 West, *s.* the region where the sun sets
 West, *ad.* to the west of any place
 West'ering, *a.* tending towards the west
 West'erly, *a.* towards the west
 West'ern, *a.* westerly, from the west
 Westward, *ad.* towards the west
 Wet, *a.* rainy, moist—*s.* water, rain
 Wet, *v. a.* to moisten; to make to drink
 Weth'er, *s.* a ram that is castrated
 Wet'ness, *a.* the state of being wet, rain
 Wet'shod, *a.* wet over the shoes
 Wet'tish, *a.* rather wet, rather moist
 Wex, *v. a.* to grow, increase, grow large
 Whale, *s.* the largest of all fish
 Wharf, *s.* a place to land goods at
 Wha'rfrage, *s.* rates for landing at a wharf
 Wha'ringer, *s.* a keeper of a wharf
 What, *pron.* that which; which part
 Whate'er, Whatsoe'er, *pron.* all that
 Wheal, *s.* a pustule; body of matter; insect
 Wheat, *s.* bread-corn, the finest of grains
 Wheat'ear, *s.* the name of a small bird
 Whea'ten, *a.* made of wheat corn
 Whee'dle, *v. a.* to entice by soft words
 Wheel, *s.* a circular body for various uses,
 that turns round upon an axis; revolution
 Wheel, *v.* to move on wheels; turn round
 Whee'lbarrow, *s.* a carriage of one wheel
 Whee'lwright, *s.* a maker of wheels
 Wheeze, *v. n.* to breathe with a noise
 Wheel, *s.* a protuberance; a shellfish
 Whelm, *v. a.* to cover; turn down; bury
 Whelp, *s.* the young of a dog, lion, &c.
 When, *ad.* at the time that, &c.
 Whence, *ad.* from what place, &c.
 Whene'soever, *ad.* from what place soever
 Whene'er, *ad.* at whatsoever time
 Where, *ad.* at which place, at what place
 Whereabou'ts, *ad.* near what place
 Whereas, *ad.* when on the contrary; at
 which place; the thing being so that
 Whereat, *ad.* at which
 Whereby, *ad.* by which
 Where'er, *ad.* at whatever place
 Whe'refore, *ad.* for what or which reason
 Wherein, *ad.* in which
 Whereinto, *ad.* into which
 Whereof, *ad.* of which; concerning which
 Wheresoe'er, *ad.* in what place soever
 Whereunto, *ad.* to or unto which
 Whereupon, *ad.* on or upon which
 Wherewithal, *ad.* with which, with what
 Wher'et, *v. a.* to hurry, to cease, &c.
 Wherry, *s.* a light river boat
 Wherry, *v. a.* to convey over in a boat
 Whet, *v. a.* to sharpen, to edge; to provoke
 Whet, *s.* the act of sharpening
 Wheth'er, *pron.* which of the two
 Whet'stone, *s.* a sharpening stone
 Whet'ter, *s.* a sharper of knives, &c.
 Whey, *s.* the serous part of milk
 Whe'y, Whe'yish, *a.* like whey; waterish
 Which, *pronoun relative*, that
 Whichsoe'er, *pron.* one or the other
 Whiff, *s.* a puff, blast, breath
 Whiffle, *v. n.* to prevaricate, shuffle, play
 Whiff'ler, *s.* a shuffler; sifter; marcher
 Whig, *s.* a partyman opposed to a tory
 Whig'gish, *a.* inclined to whiggism
 Whig'gism, *s.* the principles of the whigs
 While, *s.* time; a space of time
 While, Whiles, Whilst, *ad.* as long as
 Whilom, *ad.* formerly, once, of old
 Whim, Whim'sey, *s.* an odd fancy; caprice
 Whim'per, *v. n.* to cry lowly as a child
 Whim'pled, *a.* distorted with crying
 Whim'sical, *a.* capricious, freakish, fanciful
 Whim'wham, *s.* a gewgaw, toy, trifle
 Whim, *s.* furze, a prickly bush
 Whine, *v. n.* to lament in low murmurs;
 to make a plaintive noise; to moan ef-
 feminately
 Whin'ny, *v. n.* to make a noise like a horse
 Whin'y, *a.* abounding with whins
 Whin'yard, *s.* a large crooked sword
 Whip, *s.* an instrument of correction
 Whip, *v.* to cut with a whip; to lash, &c.
 Whip'cord, *s.* a cord for whiplashes
 Whip'hand, *s.* an advantage over another
 Whip'lash, *s.* the small end of a whip
 Whip'per, *s.* one who uses the whip
 Whip'saw, *s.* a large saw for two persons
 Whip'ster, *s.* a nimble fellow; a sharper
 Whipt, *for* whipped
 Whirl, Whir'ry, *v. n.* to turn round rapid-
 ly with noise
 Whirl, *v.* to turn or run round rapidly
 Whirl, *s.* a rapid turning or circumvolution
 Whirl'ig, *s.* a whirling plaything
 Whirl'pool, *s.* water moving circularly
 Whirl'wind, *s.* a storm moving circularly
 Whir'ring, *s.* a noise made by a bird's wing
 Whisk, *s.* a small besom; a child's tippet
 Whisk, *v. a.* to brush with a whisk; to run
 Whisk'er, *s.* hair on the lips; a mustache
 Whisk'ing, *part.* brushing; passing quick
 Whisky, *s.* a spirit distilled from barley

Whisper, *v. n.* to speak with a low voice
 Whisper, *s.* a low voice; a speaking softly
 Whis'perer, *s.* one who speaks low
 Whist, *s.* a game at cards—*interj.* be silent
 Whistle, *v.* to form a kind of musical modulation of the breath; to blow a whistle
 Whistle, *s.* a small wind-instrument
 Whit, *s.* a point, jot, tittle
 White, *a.* snowy, pale; pure—*s.* a colour
 Whittellivered, *a.* envious, malicious
 Whitten, *v.* to make or grow white
 Whiteness, *s.* the state of being white
 Whittopot, *s.* a kind of food from milk, eggs, white bread, sugar, spice, &c.
 Whithorn, *s.* a species of thorn
 Whittewash, *v. a.* to make white; clear
 Whittewash, *s.* a kind of liquid plaster to whiten the walls of houses; a wash to make the skin seem fair
 Whith'er, *ad.* to what place or degree
 Whittling, *s.* a small fish; a soft chalk
 Whittish, *a.* somewhat or rather white
 Whittleather, *s.* a leather drest with alum
 Whittlow, *s.* a swelling at the finger's end
 Whittster, *s.* a bleacher of linen, &c.
 Whittsun, *a.* observed at Whitsuntide
 Whittsuntide, *s.* the feast of Pentecost
 Whittie, *s.* a white dress for a woman; a knife
 Whiz, *v. n.* to make a loud humming noise
 Who, *pron. relative,* which person
 Who'er, *pron.* any one; whatever person
 Whole, *s.* the total; all of a thing
 Whole, *a.* all, total; restored to health
 Wholesale, *s.* the sale of a considerable quantity at once, not in small parcels
 Wholesome, *a.* contributing to health
 Whom, *accus. sing. and plural of who*
 Whomso'er, *pron.* any person whatever
 Whoop, *s.* a shout of pursuit; a bird
 Whoot, *v.* to shout; to insult with shouts
 Whore, *s.* a prostitute; a fornicatress
 Whoredom, *s.* playing the whore, adultery
 Whoremaster, *a.* one who keeps whores
 Whoreson, *s.* a bastard—*a.* spurious
 Whorish, *a.* unchaste, incontinent, loose
 Whorleberry, Whurt, *s.* bilberry, a plant
 Whore, *pron. poss. of who and which*
 Whoso'er, *pron.* any without exception
 Why, *ad.* for what reason or cause
 Wick, *s.* the cotton of a candle or lamp
 Wick'ed, *a.* given to vice, cursed
 Wick'edness, *s.* guilt, moral ill, vice
 Wick'er, *a.* made of small willows or sticks
 Wick'et, *s.* a small door; a small gate
 Wide, *a.* broad, remote, extended
 Wide, Wydely, *ad.* remotely, at a distance
 Wid'en, *v.* to make or grow wide
 Wid'geon, *s.* the name of a water fowl
 Wid'ow, *s.* a woman whose husband is dead
 Wid'ower, *s.* a man whose wife is dead
 Wid'owhood, *s.* the state of a widow
 Width, *s.* breadth or wideness
 Wield, *v. a.* to use with full power
 Wieldy, *a.* capable of being managed
 Wifery, *a.* made or drawn into wire
 Wife, *s.* a woman that is married
 Wifely, *a.* becoming a wife

Wig, *s.* a light cake; a periwig
 Wight, *s.* a man or woman—a. swift
 Wig'wam, *s.* an Indian cabin
 Wild, *a.* not tame; desert, savage, uncouth
 Wild, *s.* a desert, an uninhabited country
 Wild'er, *v. a.* to lose in a wilderness, &c.
 Wilderness, *s.* a wild uninhabited tract of land; a savage country; a desert
 Wildfire, *s.* gunpowder rolled up wet
 Wildgoosechase, *s.* a vain foolish pursuit
 Wilding, *s.* the name of a wild sour apple
 Wile, *s.* deceit, fraud, trick, shift
 Wilful, *a.* stubborn, tenacious, designed
 Wilfully, *ad.* obstinately, on purpose
 Wilk, *s.* a kind of periwinkle; a sea-snail
 Will, *s.* a choice, command, bequest
 Will, *v. a.* to command, direct, desire
 Wirling, *a.* inclined to any thing; desirous
 Wil'ow, *s.* the name of a tree
 Will-with-a-wisp, *s.* a Jack-with-a-lantern; a fiery vapour appearing in the night
 Wil'owy, *a.* abounding with willows
 Wilsome, *a.* obstinate, stubborn
 Wil'y, *a.* sly, cunning, full of stratagem
 Wim'ble, *s.* a tool for boring holes
 Wimb'le, *a.* active, nimble
 Wimp'le, *s.* a hood, a veil
 Wimp'le, *v. a.* to draw over
 Win, *v.* to gain by conquest or play
 Wince, Winch, *v. n.* to shrink from pain; to kick with impatience
 Winch, *s.* a handle to turn a mill or screw
 Win'cogpe, *s.* a small red flower, which, if it opens in the morning, betokens a fair day
 Wind, *s.* a flowing wave of air; breath
 Wind'egg, *s.* an imperfect egg
 Winder, *s.* who or what winds; a plant
 Windfall, *s.* fruit blown down by the wind
 an advantage coming unexpectedly
 Win'dflower, *s.* a flower; the anemone
 Win'dgon, *s.* a gun to discharge a bullet, by letting loose the air pent up within
 Winding, *s.* a turning about; a following
 Winding-sheet, *s.* a sheet in which the dead are wrapped, serving for a shroud
 Win'dlass, *s.* a machine for raising weights
 Win'dle, *s.* a spindle, reel, machine
 Win'dmill, *s.* a mill turned by the wind
 Win'dow, *s.* an opening in a house for light and air; the glass it contains
 Win'dpipe, *s.* the passage for the breath
 Win'dward, *ad.* towards the wind
 Win'dy, *a.* breeding wind; swelled; stormy
 Wine, *s.* the fermented juice of grapes, &c.
 Wing, *s.* that part of a bird used in flying; the side of an army; a fan to a winnow
 Wing, *v.* to furnish with wings; to fly
 Wing'ed, *a.* having wings; swift; wounded
 Wink, *v. n.* to shut the eyes; connive, hint
 Win'ner, *s.* one who wins, one who gains
 Win'ning, *a.* attractive—a. the sum won
 Win'now, *v.* to fan, to sift, to examine
 Win'some, *a.* merry, cheerful
 Win'ter, *s.* the cold season of the year
 Win'ter, *v.* to pass or feed in the winter
 Win'terly, Win'try, *a.* suitable to winter
 Win'y, *a.* like or having the taste of wine

- Wipe, *v. a.* to cleanse by rubbing; to clear
 Wipe, *s.* an act of cleansing; a blow; a reproof; a rub; a stroke; a bird
 Wire, *s.* a metal drawn out into threads
 Wifedrawer, *s.* one who makes wire
 Wis, *v. n.* to know—*ad.* verily, truly
 Wisdom, *s.* knowledge and judgement conducted by wisdom and discretion
 Wise, *a.* judging right; prudent, grave
 Wise, *s.* manner; way of being or acting
 Witsacre, *s.* a fool, dunce, simpleton
 Wisely, *ad.* judiciously, prudently, gravely
 Wish, *s.* a longing desire, a thing desired
 Wish, *v.* to have a strong desire, to long for
 Wisher, *s.* one who longs or wishes
 Wishful, *a.* showing desire, longing, eager
 Wishfully, *ad.* earnestly, with longing
 Wis'ket, Whis'ket, *s.* a basket, a scuttle
 Wisp, *s.* a small bundle of straw or hay
 Wist, *pret. and part. of* *is*
 Wistful, *a.* attentive, full of thought
 Wistfully, Wist'ly, *ad.* attentively
 Wit, *s.* quickness of fancy; a man of genius; understanding, judgement, sense
 To Wit, *ad.* namely, that is
 Witch, *s.* a woman given to unlawful arts
 Witchcraft, *s.* the practice of witches
 Witcraft, *s.* invention, contrivance
 Witha', *ad.* along with the rest; besides
 Withdraw', *v.* to draw back, retire, retreat
 Withdrawing-room, *s.* a room near another to retire to, usually called a drawing-room
 Withe, *s.* a willow twig; a band of twigs
 With'er, *v.* to fade, to pine or die away
 With'ers, *s.* the joint uniting the neck and shoulders of a horse
 Witho'd, *v. a.* to keep back, to refuse
 Within', *prep.* in the inner part
 Within'side, *ad.* in the inward parts
 Without', *prep.* not within compass of
 Withstan'd, *v. a.* to oppose, resist, restrain
 With'y, *s.* a willow, the shoot of a willow
 Witless, *a.* wanting understanding
 Wit'ling, *s.* a petty pretender to wit
 Wit'ness, *s.* testimony; an evidence
 Wit'ness, *v.* to bear testimony, to attest
 Wit'ness, *interj.* denoting an exclamation
 Wit'icism, *s.* a mean attempt at wit
 Wit'tily, *ad.* ingeniously, cunningly, artfully; with flight of imagination
 Wit'tingly, *ad.* knowingly, by design
 Wit'tol, Wit'tal, *s.* a contented cuckold
 Wit'tolly, *a.* cuckoldly, low, despicable
 Wit'ty, *a.* ingenious, sarcastic, smart
 Wive, *v.* to marry, to take a wife
 Wives, *s.* plural of *wife*
 Wir'ard, *s.* a conjuror, a cunning man
 Wizen, *v. n.* to wither; to become dry
 Wo, *s.* grief, sorrow, misery, calamity
 Woad, *s.* a plant used in dyeing blue
 Wo'ful, *a.* sorrowful, calamitous
 Wold, *s.* a plain open country; a down
 Wolf, *s.* a fierce beast; an eating ulcer
 Wolf'dog, *s.* a large dog to guard sheep
 Wolf'ish, Wolf'ish, *a.* fierce like a wolf
 Wolf'sbane, *s.* a poisonous plant
 Wom'an, *s.* the female of the human race
 Wom'anhater, *s.* one who hates women
 Wom'anhood, *s.* the qualities of a woman
 Wom'anish, *a.* suitable to a woman
 Wom'ankind, *s.* female sex; race of women
 Wom'anly, *a.* becoming a woman, not childish, not girlish
 Womb, *s.* place of generation
 Wom'en, *s.* plural of *woman*
 Won, *pret. and part. pass. of* *win*
 Won'der, *v. n.* to be astonished
 Won'der, *s.* amazement, admiration
 Won'derful, *a.* admirable, strange
 Won'derfully, *ad.* in a wonderful manner
 Won'derstruck, *a.* amazed, astonished
 Won'drous, *a.* marvellous, strange, surprising, admirable
 Wont, *v. n.* to be accustomed or used to
 Wo'n't, a contraction of *would not*, but used for *will not*
 Won'ted, *a.* accustomed, usual, used
 Woo, *v.* to court, to make love, to sue
 Wood, *s.* a forest; a place filled with timber trees; the substance of trees
 Wood'ashes, *s.* ashes of burnt wood
 Wood'bine, *s.* the honeysuckle
 Wood'cock, *s.* a bird of passage
 Wood'd, *a.* supplied or thick with wood
 Wood'en, *a.* made of wood; clumsy
 Wood'hole, *s.* a place where wood is laid
 Wood'land, *s.* land covered with woods
 Wood'louse, *s.* vermin about old wood
 Wood'man, *s.* a sportsman, a hunter, &c.
 Wood'note, *s.* a wild note; wild music
 Wood'nymph, *s.* a nymph of the woods
 Wood'offering, *s.* wood burnt on an altar
 Wood'pecker, *s.* the name of a bird
 Wood'pigeon, *s.* a wild pigeon
 Wood'roof, *s.* an herb
 Wood'sare, *s.* the froth on herbs
 Wood'y, *a.* abounding with wood; ligneous
 Woo'er, *s.* one who courts women
 Woof, *s.* the set of threads that crosses the warp; the weft; texture; cloth
 Wool, *s.* the fleece of sheep; short hair
 Wool'fel, *s.* a skin with the wool on
 Wool'fen, *a.* made or consisting of wool
 Wool'endraper, *s.* a dealer in woollen goods
 Wool'pack, *s.* a bag or pack of wool
 Wool'y, *a.* composed of or resembling wool
 Wool'staper, *s.* one who deals in wool
 Word, *s.* a single part of speech; promise
 Word, *v.* to express properly; to dispute
 Wore, *preterite of* *wear*
 Work, *v.* to labour; be agitated; raise, &c.
 Work, *s.* labour, toil, deed, employment
 Work'house, *s.* a receptacle for parish poor
 Workingday, *s.* a day for work
 Work'man, *s.* an artificer, a labourer
 Work'manlike, *a.* like a workman, skilful
 Work'manship, *s.* manufacture, skill, art
 Work'shop, *s.* a shop to work in
 Work'woman, *s.* one skilled in needlework
 World, *s.* the earth; mankind; universal empire; the manners of men
 Wor'idling, *s.* one who idolizes his money
 Wor'idly, *a.* human; bent upon this world
 Worm, *s.* an insect, grub; any spiral thing
 Worm'eaten, *a.* gnawed by worms; old

Wormwood, *s.* the name of a bitter herb
Wormy, *a.* full of worms, having worms
Worn, *part. pass.* of *wear*
Worm, *s.* a maggot; a worm in cows
Wor'ry, *v. a.* to tear, to mangle, to harass
Worse, *a.* more bad, more ill
Worship, *s.* dignity, eminence; term of honour; a religious reverence; adoration
Worshipful, *a.* respected for dignity, &c.
Worst, *a.* most bad, most ill, most wicked
Worst, *v. a.* to defeat, to overthrow
Worsted, *s.* woollen yarn; wool spun
Wort, *s.* an herb; ale or beer not fermented
Worth, *a.* deserving of, equal in value to
Worth, *s.* price, value, importance
Worthily, *ad.* suitably, justly, deservedly
Worthiness, *s.* worth, desert, excellence
Worthless, *a.* undeserving, unworthy
Worthy, *a.* deserving, valuable, noble
Worthy, *s.* a man deserving praise
Wot, *v. n.* to know, to be aware of
Wave, the *pret.* of *wave*
Wav'en, the *part.* of *wave*
Would, *pret.* of *will*
Wound, *s.* a hurt—*v. a.* to hurt by violence
Wound, *pret.* of *wind*
Wrack, *s.* ruin, destruction. See *Wreck*
Wrath, *s.* the pretended apparition of a person about to die
Wrangle, *s.* a perverse dispute; a quarrel
Wrangle, *v. n.* to dispute peevishly
Wrangler, *s.* a peevish disputative person
Wrap, *v. a.* to roll together; to contain
Wrapper, *s.* a cloth or paper cover, &c.
Wrath, *s.* extreme anger, vengeance
Wrath'ful, *a.* angry, raging, furious
Wrath'fully, *ad.* furiously, passionately
Wrath'less, *a.* free from anger, meek
Wreak, *v. a.* to revenge; to execute
Wreak, *s.* revenge, vengeance, passion
Wreak'ful, *a.* revengeful, malicious
Wreak'less, *a.* unrevenging, impotent
Wreath, *s.* a garland; any thing twisted
Wreath, *v. a.* to turn, to twist, to curl
Wreathy, *a.* spiral, twisted, curling

Wreck, *s.* a shipwreck; destruction, ruin
Wren, *s.* the name of a very small bird
Wrench, *v. a.* to pull by force, to wrest
Wrench, *s.* a sprain, violent twist; trap
Wrest, *v. a.* to twist by violence, to writh
Wrest, *s.* a distortion, a violence
Wrestle, *v. n.* to struggle for a fall
Wrest'ler, *s.* one skilled in wrestling
Wretch, *s.* a miserable or worthless person
Wret'ched, *a.* miserable, despicable
Wret'chedly, *ad.* despicably, meanly
Wret'chedness, *s.* misery, despicableness
Wrig'gle, *v. n.* to move to and fro
Wright, *s.* a workman; an artificer in wood
Wring, *v.* to twist, to squeeze, to press, to writh
Wring, *v.* to harass, to torture, to extort, to force by violence, to turn round by violence
Wrinkle, *s.* a crease in cloth, &c.
Wrinkle, *v. a.* to cause creases or wrinkles
Wrist, *s.* the joint of the hand to the arm
Wristband, *s.* the fastening of the shirt at the hand
Writ, *s.* scripture; a legal process, &c.
Writ, *pret.* of *write*
Write, *v.* to express by means of letters
Writer, *s.* an author; one who writes
Writhe, *v.* to distort, to twist, to wrest
Writing, *s.* any thing written with pen and ink; a composure; a book
Writingmaster, *s.* one who teaches to write
Writings, *s.* legal conveyances, &c.
Writ'en, *part. pass.* of *write*
Wrinkled, *a.* wrinkled, withered, shrunk
Wrong, *s.* injury, injustice; an error
Wrong, *v.* not right, unfit—*v. a.* to injure
Wrong, *Wrongly*, *ad.* amiss, improperly
Wrong'ful, *a.* unjust, dishonest, injurious
Wrong'fully, *ad.* unjustly, injuriously
Wrote, *pret.* of *write*
Wroth, *a.* angry, enraged, provoked
Wrought, *part. performed*; manufactured
Wrung, *pret. and part.* of *wring*
Wry, *a.* crooked, distorted, wrested
Wry'ness, *s.* a state of being wry

X.

X'E'BECK, *s.* a small three-masted vessel navigated in the Mediterranean
Xenod'ochy, *s.* reception of strangers

Xeroph'agy, *s.* dry victuals
Xylog'raphy, *s.* the art of engraving on wood

Y.

YACHT, *s.* a small ship with one deck, richly adorned, and contrived for swiftness and pleasure
Yam, *s.* an American root
Yard, *s.* a ground enclosed adjoining to a house; a measure of three feet; supports for a vessel's sails
Yardwand, *s.* a measure of a yard
Yarn, *s.* spun wool; woollen thread
Yawl, *s.* a ship's boat—*v. n.* to bawl

Yawn, *v. n.* to gape; oscitate; open wide
Yaw'ning, *a.* sleepy, slumbering
Yclad', *a.* clad, clothed, adorned
Ycl'ed, *a.* called, named, denominated
Ye, *nominative plural* of *thou*
Yea, *ad.* yes, surely, certainly, truly
Yean, *v. n.* to bring forth young as sheep
Yean'ing, *s.* the young of sheep
Year, *s.* the term of twelve calendar months
Yean'ing, *a.* being a year old

Yearly, *ad.* once a year—a. lasting a year
Yearn, *v. n.* to feel great uneasiness
Yearning, *s.* an emotion of tenderness
Yolk, **Yolk**, *s.* the yellow part of an egg
Yell, *v. n.* to make a howling noise
Yell, *s.* a cry of horror or distress
Yellow, *a.* of a bright glaring colour, as gold
Yellowish, *a.* approaching to yellow
Yellows, *s.* a disease in horses
Yelp, *v. n.* to bark as a hound, &c.
Yeoman, *s.* a gentleman farmer; a freeholder; an officer in the king's court, &c.
Yeomanry, *s.* a collective body of yeomen
Yerk, *v. a.* to move with a spring
Yes, *ad.* a term of affirmation; yes, truly
Yest, **Yeast**, *s.* the froth in the working of new ale or beer; spume on a troubled sea
Yes'ty, *a.* frothy; smeared with yest
Yes'terday, *s.* the day last past
Yes'ternight, *s.* the night last past
Yet, *conj.* nevertheless, notwithstanding

Yet, *ad.* beside, still, at least, after all
Yew, *s.* a tree of tough wood
Yew'en, *a.* made of or resembling yew
Yield, *v.* to produce, to afford; to give up
Yoke, *s.* a bandage for the neck; a mark of servitude; a chain; bond; couple, pair
Yoke, *v. a.* to couple together; to enslave
Yo'kefellow, *s.* a companion in labour
Yon, **Yon'der**, *a.* being within view
Yore, *ad.* of long time past, of old time
Yon, *pronoun*, *oblique case of ye*
Young, *a.* youthful, not old; tender
Young, *s.* the offspring of any creature
Young'er, *a.* more young, not so old
Youn'gest, *a.* the most young of all
Young'ster, **Yon'ker**, *s.* a young person
Your, *pronoun*, *belonging to you*
Yourself, *pron.* even you, you only
Youth, *s.* one past childhood; tender age
Youthful, *a.* young, frolicsome, vigorous
Yule, *s.* the time of Christmas
Yux, **Yex**, *s.* the hiccough

Z.

ZACCHO, *s.* in architecture, the lowest part of the pedestal of a column
Zaff'ir, **Zaff'ir**, *s.* a fictitious mineral
Za'ny, *s.* a buffoon, a silly person, a merry andrew
Za'rich, *s.* a solid substance in which ornament is frequently found
Zeal, *s.* a passionate ardour; warmth
Zeal'ot, *s.* a person full of zeal; a fanatic
Zeal'otry, *s.* behaviour of a zealot
Zeal'ous, *a.* ardently passionate in a cause
Zeal'ously, *ad.* with passionate ardour
Ze'bra, *s.* an Indian beast; a kind of mule
Zech'i'n, *s.* a Venetian gold coin worth 9s.
Ze'deary, *s.* the name of a spicy plant
Ze'nith, *s.* that point in the heavens directly over our heads, opposite the Nadir
Zeph'yr, **Zeph'yrus**, *s.* the west wind
Zest, *s.* the peel of an orange squeezed into wine; a relish; a taste added
Zest, *v. a.* to heighten by added relish
Ze'ta, *s.* a Greek letter; a dining room
Zetet'ic, *a.* proceeding by inquiry; seeking
Zeu'gma, *s.* a figure in grammar, when a verb agreeing with divers nouns, or an adjective with divers substantives, is referred to one expressly, and to the other by supplement, as, Lust overcame shame, boldness fear, and madness reason

Zig'zag, *a.* turning short; winding
Zinc, **Zink**, *s.* a kind of fossil substance
Zo'cle, *s.* a small sort of stand or pedestal, being a low square piece or member, used to support a busto, statue, &c.
Zo'diac, *s.* a great circle of the sphere, containing the twelve signs
Zodi'acal, *a.* relating to the zodiac
Zone, *s.* a girdle; a division of the earth
Zo'ned, *a.* wearing a zone
Zoo'grapher, *s.* one who describes the nature, properties, and forms of animals
Zoo'graphy, *s.* a description of the forms, natures, and properties of animals
Zoo'log'ical, *a.* describing living creatures
Zoo'logist, *s.* one who treats of living creatures
Zoo'ogy, *s.* a scientific treatise of animals
Zo'ophytes, *s.* vegetables partaking of the nature both of plants and animals
Zoophor'ic, *s.* a statuary column, or a column supporting the figure of an animal
Zooph'orus, *s.* a part between the architraves and cornice, so called on account of the ornaments carved on it, among which are the figures of animals
Zoot'omist, *s.* one who dissects brute beasts
Zoot'omy, *s.* a dissection of the bodies of brute beasts

A VOCABULARY

OF

GREEK AND LATIN PROPER NAMES.

A.

<i>A'ta and A'tis</i>	<i>Abryp'olis</i>	<i>Achaby'tos</i>	<i>Acneph'nia</i>	<i>Adme'ta</i>
<i>Abace'ne</i>	<i>Abse'us</i>	<i>Achu'a</i>	<i>Acragall'i'dæ</i>	<i>Adme'tus</i>
<i>Ab'alus</i>	<i>Abain'thill</i>	<i>Achu'e'l</i>	<i>Ac'ragas</i>	<i>Ado'nia</i>
<i>Abu'na</i>	<i>Ab'corus</i>	<i>Achu'ium</i>	<i>Acra'tus</i>	<i>Ado'nis</i>
<i>Aban'tes</i>	<i>Abay'tos</i>	<i>Achuem'tenes</i>	<i>A'crias</i>	<i>Adranyp'tium</i>
<i>Aban'tias</i>	<i>Abay'tus</i>	<i>Achueme'nia</i>	<i>Acridoph'agi</i>	<i>Adra'na</i>
<i>Abant'ides</i>	<i>Abull'tes</i>	<i>Achuemen'ides</i>	<i>Acri'on</i>	<i>Adra'mum</i>
<i>Aban'tidas</i>	<i>Abyde'mus</i>	<i>Achu'us</i>	<i>Acrisio'neus</i>	<i>Adras'ta</i>
<i>Aban'tis</i>	<i>Aby'dos</i>	<i>Achu'la</i>	<i>Acrisio'nides</i>	<i>Adras'tia</i>
<i>Abarta'rea</i>	<i>Ab'yla</i>	<i>Achu'ara</i>	<i>Acris'tus</i>	<i>Adras'tus</i>
<i>Abar'linon</i>	<i>Ab'ylen</i>	<i>Achuaren'ses</i>	<i>Acri'tas</i>	<i>A'drin, or Adri-</i>
<i>Ab'arus</i>	<i>Abysin'la</i>	<i>Achu'rum</i>	<i>Acros'thon, or</i>	<i>n'um, or A-</i>
<i>A'bas</i>	<i>Acacal'tis</i>	<i>Achu'tes</i>	<i>Acro'thoos</i>	<i>driat'icum</i>
<i>Ab'isa</i>	<i>Acace'sium</i>	<i>Achelo'ides</i>	<i>Acrocera'nium</i>	<i>Adrianop'olis</i>
<i>Abasi'tis</i>	<i>Acac'hus</i>	<i>Achelo'rimum</i>	<i>Acrocoria'thus</i>	<i>Adria'nus</i>
<i>Abasse'na</i>	<i>Acade'mia</i>	<i>Achelo'us</i>	<i>A'cron</i>	<i>Adrime'tum</i>
<i>Abas'sus</i>	<i>Acade'mus</i>	<i>Acher'dus</i>	<i>Acropa'tos</i>	<i>Adymach'i'des</i>
<i>Ab'atos</i>	<i>Acalan'drus</i>	<i>Acher'imi</i>	<i>Acrop'olis</i>	<i>Æ'a</i>
<i>Abdalon'imus</i>	<i>Acali'e</i>	<i>Ach'eron</i>	<i>Acrot'atus</i>	<i>Æac'a</i>
<i>Abde'ra</i>	<i>Acarna'rehis</i>	<i>Acheron'tia</i>	<i>Ac'ta</i>	<i>Æac'idæ</i>
<i>Abde'ria</i>	<i>A'camas</i>	<i>Acheru'sia</i>	<i>Actæ'a</i>	<i>Æac'idæ</i>
<i>Abder'tes</i>	<i>Acarn'pis</i>	<i>Acheru'sias</i>	<i>Actæ'on</i>	<i>Æacus</i>
<i>Abde'rus</i>	<i>Acarn'tha</i>	<i>Actæ'tus</i>	<i>Actæ'us</i>	<i>Æ'ce</i>
<i>Ab'e'tæ</i>	<i>Acarn'thus</i>	<i>Achil'ias</i>	<i>Ac'te</i>	<i>Æc'a</i>
<i>Abella</i>	<i>Ac'ara</i>	<i>Achil'leus</i>	<i>Ac'tia</i>	<i>Æante'um</i>
<i>Aben'da</i>	<i>Ac'ria</i>	<i>Achille'a</i>	<i>Ac'tis</i>	<i>Æan'tides</i>
<i>A'bia</i>	<i>Acarna'nia</i>	<i>Achilleu'as</i>	<i>Actis'anes</i>	<i>Æan'tis</i>
<i>A'bil</i>	<i>Acarn'pas</i>	<i>Achille'is</i>	<i>Ac'tium</i>	<i>Æ'as</i>
<i>Ab'lia</i>	<i>Acarn'tha</i>	<i>Achil'les</i>	<i>Ac'tius</i>	<i>Æ'atus</i>
<i>Abis'ares</i>	<i>Acarn'thus</i>	<i>Achille'um</i>	<i>Ac'tor</i>	<i>Æchmag'ore's</i>
<i>Abis'aris</i>	<i>Ac'ara</i>	<i>Achil'vi</i>	<i>Acto'ides</i>	<i>Æch'mis</i>
<i>Abison'tes</i>	<i>Ac'cia</i>	<i>Achlade'us</i>	<i>Acto'ris</i>	<i>Æclep'sum</i>
<i>Abie'tes</i>	<i>Ac'ella</i>	<i>Acholo'e</i>	<i>Acu'phis</i>	<i>Ædes'sa</i>
<i>Abol'rica</i>	<i>Ac'cius</i>	<i>Accho'rhus</i>	<i>Acusilla'us</i>	<i>Ædic'ula</i>
<i>Aboc'ritus</i>	<i>Ac'cua</i>	<i>Acida'lia</i>	<i>Acuticus, M.</i>	<i>Ædiles</i>
<i>Abola'ni</i>	<i>A'ce</i>	<i>Acida'na</i>	<i>A'da</i>	<i>Ædip'us</i>
<i>Abol'us</i>	<i>Acera'tus</i>	<i>Acil'ia</i>	<i>Adæ'us</i>	<i>Æ'don</i>
<i>Abonit'chos</i>	<i>Acer'tus</i>	<i>Acil'ius</i>	<i>Adamante'a</i>	<i>Æ'dui, or He'du</i>
<i>Abora'ca</i>	<i>Acer'tus</i>	<i>Acilla</i>	<i>Ad'amas</i>	<i>Æ'ta</i>
<i>Aborig'ines</i>	<i>Acer'na</i>	<i>A'cis</i>	<i>Adamas'tus</i>	<i>Æ'tias</i>
<i>Abor'ras</i>	<i>Acer'ne</i>	<i>Ac'mon</i>	<i>Adas'pi</i>	<i>Æ'ga</i>
<i>Abra'da'tes</i>	<i>Acers'e'ones</i>	<i>Acmon'ides</i>	<i>Addepha'gia</i>	<i>Æ'ge</i>
<i>Abren'tius</i>	<i>A'ces</i>	<i>Acce'tes</i>	<i>Ad'dua</i>	<i>Æge'e</i>
<i>Abroc'omas</i>	<i>Acce'sines</i>	<i>Accon'tes</i>	<i>Adel'phus</i>	<i>Æge'on</i>
<i>Abrodia'tus</i>	<i>Acce'snus</i>	<i>Accon'teus</i>	<i>Adel'mon</i>	<i>Æge'um</i>
<i>Abro'nus</i>	<i>Acce'stus</i>	<i>Accon'tius</i>	<i>A'des, or Ha'des</i>	<i>Æge'us</i>
<i>Abrom'ycus</i>	<i>Acce'ta</i>	<i>Accontoba'tus</i>	<i>Adcandes'trius</i>	<i>Æge'leus</i>
<i>Ab'nota</i>	<i>Acce'tes</i>	<i>Acce'ris</i>	<i>Adher'bal</i>	<i>Æge'leum</i>
<i>Abrot'onum</i>	<i>Acce'tium</i>	<i>A'era</i>	<i>Adher'bas</i>	<i>Æ'gan</i>
	<i>Accestodo'rus</i>	<i>Acra'd'na</i>	<i>Adian'te</i>	<i>Æ'gas</i>
	<i>Accestori'des</i>	<i>A'cre</i>	<i>Adia'orix</i>	<i>Æge'tes</i>
	<i>Acce'tes</i>	<i>Acru'a</i>	<i>Adiman'tus</i>	<i>Æge'tas</i>

<i>Agaleon</i>	<i>Æne'us</i>	<i>Agall'a</i>	<i>Agore'a</i>	<i>Al'bula</i>
<i>Agæ'ria</i>	<i>Æne'tus</i>	<i>Agam'mate</i>	<i>A'gra</i>	<i>Albu'nea</i>
<i>Agos'ta</i>	<i>Ænia</i>	<i>Agam'e'des</i>	<i>Agro'i</i>	<i>Albur'nus</i>
<i>Agos'tus</i>	<i>Æni'acus</i>	<i>Agamem'non</i>	<i>Ag'ragas, or</i>	<i>Al'bus Pa'gus</i>
<i>Agla'le</i>	<i>Æni'ochi</i>	<i>Agamemno'nus</i>	<i>Ac'ragas</i>	<i>Albu'tius</i>
<i>Agla'lia</i>	<i>Ænoba'rhus</i>	<i>Agam'e'tor</i>	<i>Agrau'le</i>	<i>Alce'us</i>
<i>Agla'deus</i>	<i>Æn'ocles</i>	<i>Agamnes'tor</i>	<i>Agrau'lia</i>	<i>Alcum'enes</i>
<i>Agla'dus</i>	<i>Ænos</i>	<i>Aganip'pe</i>	<i>Agrau'los</i>	<i>Alcu'n'der</i>
<i>Agla'des</i>	<i>Ænum</i>	<i>Agape'nor</i>	<i>Agrasoni'tæ</i>	<i>Alcu'n'dre</i>
<i>Agla'ra</i>	<i>Æny'ra</i>	<i>Agare'ni</i>	<i>Agria'nes</i>	<i>Alcu'n'or</i>
<i>Agla'ra</i>	<i>Æolia, or Æ'olis</i>	<i>Agaris'ta</i>	<i>Agrie'ola</i>	<i>Alcath'oe</i>
<i>Aglin'us</i>	<i>Æolia, and</i>	<i>Agas'teles</i>	<i>Agri'gen'tum</i>	<i>Alcath'ous</i>
<i>Aglimo'rus</i>	<i>Æolides</i>	<i>Agas'tæ</i>	<i>Agri'num</i>	<i>Al'ce</i>
<i>Agli'na</i>	<i>Æolida</i>	<i>Agas'thenes</i>	<i>Agrio'nia</i>	<i>Alce'nor</i>
<i>Agli'net</i>	<i>Æolides</i>	<i>Agas'trophus</i>	<i>Agri'opas</i>	<i>Alces'te</i>
<i>Agliu'tes</i>	<i>Æolus</i>	<i>Agas'thus</i>	<i>Agri'ope</i>	<i>Alces'tis</i>
<i>Agli'ochus</i>	<i>Æora</i>	<i>Agatha'rchidas</i>	<i>Agri'pa</i>	<i>Al'cetas</i>
<i>Agli'pan</i>	<i>Æp'lius</i>	<i>Agatha'reus</i>	<i>Agripp'e'na</i>	<i>Al'chides</i>
<i>Agira</i>	<i>Æp'a</i>	<i>Agath'ias</i>	<i>Agri'ope</i>	<i>Alchim'acus</i>
<i>Agiroc'sa</i>	<i>Æp'ulo</i>	<i>Ag'atho</i>	<i>Agri'us</i>	<i>Alcib'iades</i>
<i>Agis</i>	<i>Æpy</i>	<i>Agathocle'a</i>	<i>Ag'rolas</i>	<i>Alcid'amias</i>
<i>Agisthus</i>	<i>Æpytus</i>	<i>Agath'ocles</i>	<i>A'gron</i>	<i>Alcidame'a</i>
<i>Agitum</i>	<i>Æqui, or</i>	<i>Ag'athon</i>	<i>Agro'tas</i>	<i>Alcidam'idus</i>
<i>Agium</i>	<i>Æqui'coli</i>	<i>Agathon'y'mus</i>	<i>Agro'tera</i>	<i>Alcid'amus</i>
<i>Agile</i>	<i>Æquime'tium</i>	<i>Agathos'thenes</i>	<i>Agyl'eus</i>	<i>Alci'das</i>
<i>Agiles</i>	<i>Ærias</i>	<i>Agathyr'num</i>	<i>Agyl'ia</i>	<i>Alci'des</i>
<i>Agile'tes</i>	<i>Ærope</i>	<i>Agathyr'al</i>	<i>Agyl'e'us</i>	<i>Alci'dice</i>
<i>Agilope</i>	<i>Æropus</i>	<i>Ag've</i>	<i>Ag'y'rus</i>	<i>Alcim'ede</i>
<i>Agoc'eros</i>	<i>Æs'acus</i>	<i>Agul</i>	<i>Agyr'um</i>	<i>Alcim'odon</i>
<i>Agon</i>	<i>Æas'pus</i>	<i>Agavus</i>	<i>Agyr'ius</i>	<i>Alcim'enes</i>
<i>Agos pot'amus</i>	<i>Æsar, or</i>	<i>Agdes'tis</i>	<i>Agyr'tes</i>	<i>Al'cinus</i>
<i>Agos'gie</i>	<i>Æsar's</i>	<i>Agela'stus</i>	<i>Agla'a</i>	<i>Alcin'oe</i>
<i>Agus</i>	<i>Æschines</i>	<i>Agela'us</i>	<i>A'jax</i>	<i>Al'cinor</i>
<i>Aggy</i>	<i>Æschiron</i>	<i>Agend'cum</i>	<i>Alsto'neus</i>	<i>Alcin'ous</i>
<i>Agypa'nes</i>	<i>Æchyl'des</i>	<i>Ag'e'nor</i>	<i>Alm'y'lus</i>	<i>Alci'o'neus</i>
<i>Agyp'ous</i>	<i>Æschylus</i>	<i>Ageno'rides</i>	<i>Al'us Locu'tius</i>	<i>Alci'phron</i>
<i>Agyp'til</i>	<i>Æculu'pius</i>	<i>Agel'nus</i>	<i>Alaban'da</i>	<i>Alci'pe</i>
<i>Agyp'tium</i>	<i>Æe'pus</i>	<i>Agcan'der</i>	<i>Al'abus</i>	<i>Alci'pus</i>
<i>Agyp'tus</i>	<i>Æer'nia</i>	<i>Ag'sias</i>	<i>Al'ea</i>	<i>Al'cis</i>
<i>Ælia</i>	<i>Æel'on</i>	<i>Agasila'us</i>	<i>Al'e'a</i>	<i>Alci'h'oe</i>
<i>Ælia'us</i>	<i>Æ'lon</i>	<i>Agasip'olis</i>	<i>Al'e'i</i>	<i>Alcema'on</i>
<i>Ælius, and</i>	<i>Æsonides</i>	<i>Agas'trata</i>	<i>Al'e'us</i>	<i>Alcemaon'idæ</i>
<i>Ælia</i>	<i>Æso'pus</i>	<i>Agas'tratus</i>	<i>Alago'nia</i>	<i>Alc'man</i>
<i>Ælio</i>	<i>Æs'tria</i>	<i>Aggram'mes</i>	<i>Ala'la</i>	<i>Alcme'na</i>
<i>Æli'rus</i>	<i>Æs'ula</i>	<i>Aggr'i'ne</i>	<i>Alalcom'ense</i>	<i>Alcy'one, or</i>
<i>Æmilia</i>	<i>Æy'etes</i>	<i>Ag'idæ</i>	<i>Ala'lia</i>	<i>Halcy'one</i>
<i>Æmilia'us</i>	<i>Æsymne'tes</i>	<i>Agila'us</i>	<i>Alama'nes</i>	<i>Alcy'o'neus</i>
<i>Æmil'ius</i>	<i>Æsym'nus</i>	<i>A'gis</i>	<i>Alaman'ni, or</i>	<i>Alcy'ona</i>
<i>Æmone'tus</i>	<i>Æthalides</i>	<i>Agla'a</i>	<i>Alaman'ni</i>	<i>Aldes'cus</i>
<i>Æmon</i>	<i>Æthiopia</i>	<i>Aglaon'ice</i>	<i>Ala'ni</i>	<i>Aldu'abla</i>
<i>Æm'ona</i>	<i>Æth'ius</i>	<i>Agla'ope</i>	<i>Al'ares</i>	<i>A'lea</i>
<i>Æmo'nia</i>	<i>Æthion</i>	<i>Agli'o'phon</i>	<i>Alari'cus</i>	<i>Al'e'bas</i>
<i>Æmonides</i>	<i>Æthra</i>	<i>Aglaos'thenes</i>	<i>[Al'arie]</i>	<i>Al'e'bion</i>
<i>Æmus</i>	<i>Æthusa</i>	<i>Aglauro's</i>	<i>Alar'dil</i>	<i>Alce'to</i>
<i>Æmyl'a</i>	<i>Ætia</i>	<i>Ag'laus</i>	<i>Alas'tor</i>	<i>Alce'tor</i>
<i>Æmylin'us</i>	<i>Ætion</i>	<i>Ag'na</i>	<i>Alazon</i>	<i>Alce'tryon</i>
<i>Æmy'il</i>	<i>Æthus</i>	<i>Ag'no</i>	<i>Al'ba Syl'vius</i>	<i>Alce'tus</i>
<i>Æmy'lus</i>	<i>Æt'na</i>	<i>Agno'dice</i>	<i>Alba'nia</i>	<i>Al'e'us Cam'pus</i>
<i>Ænoria</i>	<i>Æto'nia</i>	<i>Ag'non</i>	<i>Alba'nus</i>	<i>Alcema'ni</i>
<i>Æne'a, or</i>	<i>Æto'us</i>	<i>Agnoe'ides</i>	<i>Alb'ei</i>	<i>Al'e'mon</i>
<i>Æne'a</i>	<i>A'fer</i>	<i>Agona'lia, and</i>	<i>Albie'tæ</i>	<i>Alcema'dil</i>
<i>Æne'ades</i>	<i>Afra'nia</i>	<i>Agonia</i>	<i>Alb'i'ni</i>	<i>A'lena</i>
<i>Æne'adæ</i>	<i>Afra'nus</i>	<i>Ag'nes</i>	<i>Albinova'nus</i>	<i>A'leon</i>
<i>Æne'as</i>	<i>Africa</i>	<i>Ag'onis</i>	<i>Albinteme'tium</i>	<i>Al'se</i>
<i>Æne'a</i>	<i>Africa'nus</i>	<i>Agoni'us</i>	<i>Albi'nus</i>	<i>Al'e'cia</i>
<i>Æne'is</i>	<i>Africa'm</i>	<i>Agora'e'ritus</i>	<i>Al'i'don</i>	<i>Al'e'stum</i>
<i>Æne'ides</i>	<i>Agagria'ne</i>	<i>Agoran'oni</i>	<i>Al'bus</i>	<i>Al'e'tes</i>
<i>Æne'side'mus</i>	<i>Agalas'ses</i>	<i>Agora'nia</i>	<i>Albucil'a</i>	<i>Al'e'thes</i>

Ale'thia	Al'phios	Am'eles	Amphis'sus	Anaxip'olla
Ale'tidas	Alph'on	Amena'ous	Amphis'thenes	Anaxip'pus
Ale'trium	Alpi'nus	Ameni'des	Amphist'ides	Anaxir'hoe
Ae'tum	Al'pis	Amen'oicles	Amphis'tratus	Anax'is
Aleua'de	Al'sium	Ame'ria	Amphit'ea	Anax'o
Ae'us	Al'sus	Ame'stratus	Amphith'emis	Ance'us
A'lex	Altha'a	Ame'stris	Amphith'oe	Ance'ltes
Alexame'nus	Althem'enes	Ami'da	Amphitri'te	Ance'rius
Alexan'der	Alti'num	Amil'car	Amphitryon	Ancha'ria
Alexan'dra	Aftis	Am'ilos, or	Am'phitus	Ancha'rius
Alexan'dria	Alun'dum	An'ulus	Amphot'erus	Anchem'olus
Alexan'drides	Al'us, Al'ous,	Amim'one, or	Amphotryoni'a-	Anched'tes
Alexandri'na	and Ha'lus	Amy'mone	des	Ancher'mus
Alexandrop'olis	Alyac'tes	Amin'ca, or	Amphry'sus	Anch'ale
Alexa'nor	Al'ya	Ammi'n'ca	Amphrys'ides	Anch'ala
Alexa'rchus	Alyce'a	Amin'las	Am'pyx	Anch'alus
Alex'as	Alyce'us	Amin'us	Amas'e'tus	Anchimo'llus
Alex'ia	Aly'sus	Amin'oicles	Amat'ius	Anchin'oe
Alexic'acus	Alyxoth'ree	Amise'na	Amye'la	Anchises
Alexi'nus	Amad'ocus	Amis'las	Amye'le	Anchis'la
Alex'io	Am'age	Amis'sas	Amycl'e'us	Anchisi'ades
Alexip'pus	Amalthe'a	Amite'rnum	Amye'las	An'choe
Alexir'ces	Amalthe'um	Amitha'on, or	Am'ycaus	An'chora
Alexir'hoe	Am'ana	Amytha'on	Am'ydon	Anchu'rus
Alex'is	Aman'tes, or	Amma'lo	Amymo'ne	Ancl'e
Alex'on	Amanti'ni	Ammis'nus	Amy'n'tas	Ancy'le
Alfater'na	Ama'nus	Am'mon, and	Amyntis'nus	An'con
Alfe'nus	Amac'acus	Ham'mon	Amy'ris	An'cna
Al'gidum	Ama'rili	Ammo'nia	Amyr'e'or	An'cus Ma'rthus
Alfac'mon, and	Ama'r'tus	Ammo'ni	Amyr'ius	Ancy're
Halla'mon	Ambr'y'lis	Ammo'nus	Am'yrua	An'da
Ala'rtum	Amaryn'ceus	Ammo'thea	Amy'stis	Anda'ate
Ala'r'tus, and	Amaryn'thus	Am'n'us	Amytha'on	Anda'nia
Halla'r'tus	A'mas	Amni'us	Am'y'tis	Andeca'ria
Al'cis	Ama'sia	Amob'e'us	An'aces	An'des
Alle'nus	Amase'nus	Amome'tus	Anacha'rus	Ande'ides
Al'fite	Ama'sis	A'mor	Ana'cium	Andom'atis
Alle'i	Amas'tris	Amo'r'ges	Anac'reon	Andre'mon
Alimen'tus	Amas'trus	Amo'r'gos	Anacto'ria	Andrag'athus
Alin'de	Ama'ta	Am'pelus	Anacto'rhum	Andrag'athus
Alindo'la	Am'athus	Ampelu'sia	Anadyom'ene	Andra'coras
Alphe'ria	Amamaxpe'us	Amph'e'a	Anag'nia	Andram'ytes
Alirro'thus	Amax'ia, or	Amphila'us	Ana'tis	Andre'as
Al'ia	Amax'ita	Amph'anax	Anagryon'tum	An'driclus
Alie'nos	Amaze'nes	Amphiar'us	An'aphe	Andri'cus
Allob'roges	Amaz'ones, or	Amphiar'ides	Anaphly'stus	Andro'b'ius
Allob'ryges	Amazon'ides	Amphic'rates	Ana'pus	Androcle'a
Allo't'riges	Amazo'nia	Amphic'tyon	Ana'rtes	Andro'cles
Alu'tius	Amazo'nium	Amphic'le'a	A'nas	Androcl'i'des
Alo'a	Amazo'nus	Amphic'l'amus	Ana'fole	Andro'cius
Aoc'us	Ambar'i	Amphidro'mia	Anau'chidas	Androcy'des
Aoi'des, and	Am'benus	Amphige'nia	Anau'rus	Androda'mus
Aoi'die	Ambarve'lia	Amphilo'chus	Anax	Andro'geos
A'ope	Amblad'tes	Amphil'y'tus	Anaxag'oras	Andro'geus
Alop'ecce	Ambia'num	Amphim'achus	Anaxan'der	Andrag'one
Alop'eces	Amblati'num	Amphim'edon	Anaxan'drides	Androm'ache
Alo'pius	Ambiga'tus	Amphin'ome	Anaxa'rchus	Andromach'i'des
A'los	Ambi'orix	Amphin'omus	Anaxa'r'ete	Androm'achus
Alo'tia	Am'blada	Amphi'on	Anaxa'nor	Androm'adas
Alpe'nus	Ambra'cia	Amphip'oles	Anax'ias	Androm'eda
Al'pes	Ambra'cius	Amphil'y'olis	Anaxib'la	An'dron
[Alpe]	Am'br'i	Amphil'pyros	Anaxic'rates	Androni'cus
Alphe'la	Ambro'nes	Amphire'tus	Anaxida'mus	Androph'agi
Alphe'nor	Ambro'sia	Amphil'oe	Anaxi'las	Andropom'pus
Alphe'nus	Ambro'sius	Am'phis	Anaxila'us	An'dros
Alphesib'e'a	Ambr'y'on	Amphiste'rna	Anaxil'i'des	Andros'thenes
Alphesib'e'us	Ambr'y'sus	Amphil'ca	Anaximan'der	Andro'trion
Al'pheus	Ambul'i	Amphise'ne	Anaxim'enes	Anclon'ia

Anemo'sia	Anticle'a	Apam'ia	Ap'tera	Arch'e'tius
Anemo'sia	Anticles	Ap'aroi	Apule'ia	A'rchia
Aneras'tus	Anticli'des	Apatur'ia	Apule'ius	A'rchias
Anfin'omus	Anticragus	Apens'ros	Apu'lia	Archibi'ades
Angel'ia	Anticrates	Apel'la	Apusclida'mus	Archib'ius
Angell'on	Antic'ra	Apelles	Aquac'rius	Archida'mia
Ang'elus	Antid'omus	Apel'licon	Aquila'ria	Archida'mus
Angi'tes	Antid'otus	Apennid'us	Aquile'ia	A'rchidas
An'grus	Antigenes	A'per	Aquil'us	Archide'mus
Anguit'ia	Antigenidas	Ap'ro'pia	Aquil'ia	Archide'us
A'nia	Antig'ona	Ap'esus	Aqu'ilo	Archid'um
Anic'e'tus	Antig'one	Aph'aca	Aquilonia	Archiga'lus
Anic'la	Antigonia	Aphar'a	Aquin'us	Archig'enes
Anic'ium	Antig'onus	A'phar	Aquin'um	Archio'chus
Anic'ius Gal'ius	Antil'eo	Aphare'tus	Aquila'nia	Archime'des
An'igrus	Antilib'anus	Aph'reus	A'ra	Archim'us
A'ndo, and	Antil'ochus	A'phas	Araba'rches	Archipel'agus
A'nien	Antim'achus	Aphel'ias	Arabi'a	Archip'olis
Anito'rgis	Antim'us	Aph'esus	Arch'icus	Archip'pe
A'nus	Antinoe'ia	Aph'etæ	Arabis	Archip'pus
An'na	Antinop'olis	Aph'idæ	Ar'abs, and	Archit'ia
Annia'nus	Antin'ous	Aphid'na	A'rabus	A'rchon
An'nibal	Antio'chia	Aphid'nus	Ar'e'ca, and	Archon'tes
An'nibi	Antio'chis	Aphoe'tus	Ar'e'ca	A'rchyus
Annic'eris	Antio'chus	Aphr'ces	Arch'ne	Arch'y'tas
An'non	Antio'pe	Aphrodia'ia	Aracho'ida	Arch'e'neus
Anop'a	Antio'rus	Aphrod'ium	Arach'o'tæ, and	Arch'ius
An'or	Antip'ater	Aphrod'ite	Arach'o'ti	Archoph'y-lax
Ansiha'ria	Antipa'tria	Aphy'te	Arach'thias	Arch'ios
Ante'a	Antipat'ridas	A'pia	Aracil'ium	Arctu'rus
Ante'as	Antipat'ris	Apia'nus	Araco'sil	A'rdaus
Ante'us	Antiph'anes	Apica'ta	Aracyn'thus	Ard'a'nia
Antag'oras	Antiph'ates	Apic'ius	A'radius	Ardax'nus
Antal'cidas	Antiph'ilus	Apid'anus	A'ros	A'rdea
Antan'der	An'tipho	Ap'ina	A'rar	Arderi'ca
Antan'tros	Antiph'onus	Ap'ola	Ar'arus	Ardia'i
Antebro'gius	An'tiphus	A'pion	Arathy'rca	Ardon'a
Antel'us	Antipoc'nus	A'pis	Arat'us	Ardon'i'na
Antem'ne	Antip'olis	Apit'us	Arax'es	Ardul'ne
Ante'nor	Antis'sa	Apollina'reg	Arba'ces	Ardy'en'ses
Antenor'ides	Antis'thenes	Apollina'ris	Arba'la	A'r dys
An'teros	Antis'tius	Apollin'ides	A'rbeia	Arcac'idæ
Anthe'a	Antith'eus	Apoll'inis	A'rbiis	A'reas
An'theas	An'thum	Apoll'o	Arboc'a'ia	Areg'onis
Anthe'don	Antom'enes	Apolloc'rates	Arbus'cula	Arela'tum
Anthe'la	Anto'nia	Apollodo'rus	Arca'dia	Arel'lius
An'themis	Anto'nii	Apollonia	Arcad'ius	Aremor'ica
An'themon	Anton'na	Apollon'ades	Arcad'um	A're
An'themus	Anton'us	Apollon'ias	A'reas	Aren'acum
Anthemus'ia	Antonop'olis	Apollon'ides	A'reena	Areopagi'tæ
Anthe'ne	Anto'nus, M.	Apollon'ius	A'reens	Areop'agus
Anther'mus	Antor'ides	Apolloph'anes	Arcesila'us	A're'tæ
An'thes	Anu'tis	Apomy'os	A'rec'sius	A're'thanas
Anthespho'ria	An'xius	Aponia'na	A'recia	Anestor'ides
Anthesie'ria	An'xur	Apo'nus, M.	Arch'e'anax	A'reta
An'theus	An'yta	Ap'onus	Archæat'idas	A'retæ'us
Anth'a	An'yus	Apostroph'ia	Archag'athus	Aretaph'ila
An'thias	Anza'be	Apotheo'sis	Archau'der	Areta'les
An'thium	Aol'lius	Ap'pla v'ia	Archau'dros	A're'te
An'thus	A'on	Ap'pades	A'rche	A're'tes
An'tho	A'ones	Appa'nus	Archeg'etes	A'rethu'sa
Antho'res	Ao'ris	Appi' forum	Archela'us	Areti'num
Anthra'cia	Ao'ros	App'ius	Archem'achus	A're'tus
Anthrop'ius	Ao'ti	App'ula	Archem'orus	A'reus
Anthroph'agi	Ap'a'tæ	A'pries and	Archep'olis	Apes'thus
Anthyl'a	Ap'a'ma	A'prius	Archep'o'emus	Ang'e'us, and
Antian'dra	Ap'a'me	Apsin'thil	Arches'tratus	Ang'e'us
An'tias	Apame'a	Ap'sinus	Archet'imus	A'rgaius

Argath'ona	Ariste'us	Arris'nus	A'runs	Aste'ria
Argatho'nus	Aristag'oras	Ar'rius	Arun'tius	Aste'rión, and
A'rge	Aristan'der	Ar'rius, and	Arup'i'us	Aste'rius
Arg'e'a	Aristan'dros	A'rrius	A'r'xata	Astero'dia
Argen'num	Arista'rche	Arron'tius	Aryan'des	Asterop'eus
A'rges	Arista'rchus	Arsa'bes	Ar'ybas	Aster'ope, and
Arges'tratus	Aristata'nos	A'r'saces	Arypte'us	Astero'pea
Arg'e'us	Aris'teas	Arzac'ides	Asan'der	Asteru'sius
A'rgi	Aris'teas	Arsam'enes	Asbes'te, and	Astin'ome
Arg'i'a	Aris'teus	Arsam'etes	Ashys'te	Asti'ochus
A'rgias	Aris'thenes	Arsamoss'ta	As'bolus	Astru'a
Argile'tum	Aris'thus	Arsa'nos	Ascalaphus	Astru'us
Argil'ius	Aristi'bus	Arsa'nias	As'calon	As'tu
Argil'ius	Aristi'des	Arse'na	Asca'nia	As'tur
A'rgilus	Aristip'pus	A'r'es	Asca'ninus	As'tura
Arginu'se	Aris'tius	A'r'ia	As'eli	As'tures
Argi'ope	Aris'to	Arside'us	Ascle'pia	Asty'age
Argiphon'tes	Aristobu'la	Arsin'ce	Asclep'iades	Asty'ages
Argip'pei	Aristobu'lus	Artaba'nus	Asclepodo'rus	Asty'alus
Argi'va	Aristocle'a	Artabu'nus	Asclepodo'tus	Asty'anax
Argi'vi	Aris'tocles	A'r'tabri, and	Ascle'pius	Astyera'tia
A'rglus	Aristocli'des	Artabri'te	Ascle'stíon	Asty'damas
A'rgo	Aristoc'rates	Artacu'as	As'clius	Asty'damí'a
Argol'icus	Aristoc'reon	Artacu'na	Asco'lla	As'tylus
A'rgolis	Aristoc'ritus	A'r'tace	Asco'ninusLa'beo	Astymedu'sa
A'rgon	Aristode'mus	Artace'ne	As'cra	Astyn'ome
Argonau'te	Aristog'enes	Artac'ia	As'culum	Astyn'ous
A'rgus	Aristogi'ton	Artac'i	As'drubal	Asty'oche, and
Argyn'nis	Aristola'us	Artag'eras	Ascl'lio	Astyoch'i'a
A'rgyra	Aristom'ache	Artager'ses	A'sia	Astypala'a
Argyr'pides	Aristom'achus	Artax'nes	Asiat'icus	Astyp'hilus
A'rgyre	Aristome'des	Artapher'nes	As'ilas	Asty'ron
Argyr'ipa	Aristom'enes	Artax'ius	Asina'ria	As'ychis
A'ria	Aristonau'te	Artavus'des	Asina'rius	As'y'las
Aríad'ne	Aristoni'cus	Artax'a, and	As'ine	Asy'flus
Aris'e'us	Ariston'hies	Artax'ias	As'ines	Atab'ulus
Aria'ni, and	Ariston'us	Artax'ata	Asin'us Gal'lus	Ataly'ris
Arie'ni	Ariston'y'mus	Artaxer'xes	A'sius	At'ace
Arian'tas	Aristoph'anes	Artax'ias	Asna'us	Atalan'ta
Arian'nes	Aristoph'ili'des	Artayc'tes	Asop'hís	Ataran'tes
Ariara'thes	Aristo'phon	Artayn'ta	Asop'la	Ata'rbechis
Aribla'eus	Aris'tor	Artayn'tes	Asopi'ades	Ata'rgatis
Aric'ia	Aristor'hies	Artemba'res	Asop'la	Ata'rnea
Aric'na	Aristot'ides	Artemido'rus	Asop'us	A'tas, and
Aride'us	Aristot'imus	A'rtemis	Aspam'ithres	A'thas
Aric'nis	Aristox'enus	Artemis'ia	Aspara'gium	A'tax
Arges'um	Aris'tus	Artemis'i'um	Aspa'la	A'te
Ari'i	Aristyl'ius	Artemi'ta	Aspas'rus	Atella
Ari'ma	A'r'ius	A'rtemon	Aspas'tes	Atenoma'srus
Arimas'pi	A'r'menes	Artim'pasa	Aspath'nes	Atama'nes
Arimas'pias	Arme'nia	Artobaz'a'nes	Aspi'n'dus	Athamant'ades
Arimas'the	Armenta'rius	Artoch'im'es	As'pís	Ath'amas
Arima'zes	Armi'latos	Arto'na	Aspi'e'don	Athana'sius
Ar'moi	Armius'trium	Arto'nus	Aspore'nus	Ath'anís
Arim'inum	Armin'ius	Arton'tes	As'ra	A'theas
Arim'inus	Armor'ice	Artox'ares	Assabi'nus	Athe'na
Arimpha'i	A'r'ne	Artu'rius	Assa'nacus	Athe'ne
Arimus	A'rni	Arty'nes	Asseri'ni	Athens'a
Artobaz'a'nes	Arno'bias	Artyn'ia	As'gorus	Athens'um
Artoman'des	A'r'nos	Arty'siona	As'gorus	Athens'us
Artoma'r'dus	Ar'oa	Ar'us	Amyr'ia	Athensag'oras
Artome'des	Ar'oma	Arva'les	As'ta	Athens'is
Art'on	A'r'paul	Aru'eria	Astace'ni	Athe'nion
Ariovis'tus	A'r'pi	Arver'ni	As'tacus	Athen'ocles
A'ris	Arpi'num	Arvir'agus	As'tapa	Athenodo'rus
Aris'ba	Arre'i	Arvis'ium, and	As'tapas	A'theus
Aristan'etus	Archabaz'us	Arvi'us	Asta'rte	Ath'esis
Ariste'um	A'r'ia	Aruncule'us	As'ter	A'thos

Athral'ia	Avid'iusCas'sius	Bacchana'lia	Bargu'sil	Bel'ite
Athym'bra	Avic'nius	Bacchan'tes	Bar'ne	Beller'ophon
A'tia	Avi'vius	Bac'chi	Baris'ses	Belle'rus
Ati'pia	Aules'tes	Bacchi'ade	Bar'rium	Bellie'nus
Atil'ius	Aule'tes	Bac'chides	Bar'ruus	Bello'na
Ati'lia	Au'lis	Bac'chis	Bar'sne, and	Bellona'rti
Ati'na	Au'lon	Bac'chium	Bar'sne	Bellov'aci
Ati'nius	Aulo'nus	Bac'chius	Bar'sen'tes	Bellov'e'sus
Atin'ia	Au'lus	Bac'chus	Bar's'es	Be'lon
Athau'tes	Au'ras	Bacchy'fides	Basile'a	Be'lius
Atlant'ides	Aure'lia	Bacc'nis	Basili'de	Bena'cus
Atlant'ides	Aureli'anus	Ba'cis	Basil'ides	Benedict'ium
At'hus	Aure'lius	Bac'tra	Basilopot'amos	Ben'dis
Atos'sa	Aure'olus	Bac'tri, and	Bas'lis	Beneven'tum
At'rares	Aurin'ia	Bactria'ni	Basil'ius	Benthesic'yne
Atramy'tilum	Auro'ra	Bactria'na	Bas'ius	Bentolita'nus
At'rapes	Aurun'ce	Bac'tros	Bas'se	Be'r'bicus
A'trax	Ausch'ise	Ba'daca	Bassa'nia	Berecyn'thia
Atreba'tes	Au'ci	Ba'dia	Bassa'reus	Beren'ce
Atre'ni	Au'cer, and	Ba'dius	Bas'saris	Beren'cis
A'treus	Au'ceris	Baduben'ne	Bas'susAsid'ius	Ber'gion
Atri'de	Au'ci	Ba'dus, M.	Basta'rre, and	Bergis'tani
Atr'o'nus	Au'son	Be'tis	Baster'ne	Be'ris, and Ba'ris
Atropa'tia	Auso'nia	Be'ton	Bas'tia	Be'r'mus
At'ropes	Auso'nus	Ba'g'stame	Bas'ta	Be'roe
At'ta	Au'spices	Ba'g'stanes	Bata'vi	Beror'a
Atta'lia	Au'ster	Bago'as, and	Ba'thos	Beron'ice
At'talus	Auste'sion	Bago'sus	Bath'yclus	Bero'sus
Attar'ras	Autob'ulus	Bagoda'res	Bathy'flus	Berrho'a
Att'e'us Cap'ito	Autoch'thones	Bagoph'anes	Ba'tia	Be'sa
At'tes	Au'tocles	Ba'grada	Batin'tus	Besid'ius
At'this	Austoc'rates	Ba'ie	Bat'na, and	Bes'y'po
At'tica	Autol'olus	Ba'la	Banti'na	Be'si
At'ticus	Autol'yceus	Bala'erus	Ba'tis	Be'sus
At'tila	Autom'ate	Balana'grus	Ba'to	Be'stia
Attil'ius	Autom'edon	Bala'nus	Ba'ton	Be'tis
Atti'nas	Automedu'sa	Bala'ri	Batrachomyo-	Betu'ria
At'tiusPelig'nus	Autom'enes	Balbi'flus	mach'ia	Bi'a
Aty'ade	Autom'oli	Balbi'nus	Batt'ades	Bi'a'nor
A'tys	Auton'oe	Bal'bus	Bat'tis	Bi'as
Avari'cum	Autophrad'tes	Bala'eres	Bat'tus	Bibac'ulus
Avel'ia	Auxo'sia	Bale'tus	Bat'ulum	Bib'lia, and
Avent'ius	Ax'enus	Be'llus	Bat'ulus	Bil'ia
Aver'ius, or	Ax'ochus	Balis'ta	Bat'yflus	Bibil'na
Aver'na	Ax'ion	Ballon'oti	Bau'bo	Bib'lis
Aves'ta	Axio'tes	Balven'tius	Bau'cis	Bib'us
Aufe'la a'qua	Axio'thea	Ba'lyras	Ba'vius	Bibrac'te
Aufid'e'na	Ax'ius	Bamuru'te	Bau'li	Bib'ulus
Aufid'ia	Ax'ur, and	Ban'tis	Bazen'tes	Bic'es
Aufid'ius	Au'xur	Ban'tius, L.	Baz'ria	Bic'con
Aufid'us	Ax'us	Baph'yrrus	Be'thus	Bico'rulger
Au'ga, and	A'nan	Bap'tes	Bebri'acum	Bico'rnis
Au'ge, and	Az'ris	Bar'se	Bib'ryce	Bifo'rula
Au'ge's	Az'onax	Bar'athrum	Beb'ryces, and	Bif'rons
Au'geras	Azo'rus	Bar'tari	Bebryc'il	Bil'ibis
Au'ges, and	Azo'tus	Barba'ria	Bebryc'ia	Bima'ter
Au'gens		Barbos'thenes	Belemi'na	Bin'gium
Au'gias, and		Barbyth'ace	Belephan'tes	Bion
Au'gus		Ba'ra	Be'cia	Bir'hus
Au'gus		Barce'l, or	Bel'ge	Bisalt'e
Au'gile		Ba'rcite	Bel'gica	Bisalt'es
Au'gus			Bel'gium	Bisalt'is
Au'gure's			Bel'gus	Biscon'the
Au'gusta			Bel'ides	Bis'ton
Au'gust'ina			Bel'ides	Bis'tonis
Au'gustinus			Bel'sama	Bis'tus
Au'gustulus			Belina'rius	Bis'tyne
Au'gustus			Belisaf'da	Bithyn'ia
Avell'o'nus				

B.

Babil'ius
Babil'us
Bab'yion
Babyl'o'nia
Babyl'o'nii
Babyr'sa
Babyl'tace
Bacaba'sus
Bac'chus

Hir'las	Ho'rus	Bu'basus	Ca'b'arus	Ca'leon
Hir'ton	Borys'thenes	Bu'bon	Ca'ca	Ca'laris
Hitur'tum	Bos'phorus	Buceph'ala	Ca'ch'ales	Ca'lates
Hitur'itus	Bor'tia	Buceph'alus	Ca'cus	Calatha'na
Hitur'scum	Botis'is	Bucol'ica	Ca'cu'this	Calathior
Hitur'iges	Bovian'um	Bucol'scum	Ca'cyp'aris	Cal'athus
His'ia	Bovill'as	Buco'lion	Ca'di	Calat'ia
Hla'na	Brachma'nes	Bu'colus	Ca'dme'a	Calat'im
Hla'di	Bra'sia	Bu'dii	Ca'dme'is	Calat'vii
Hla'sus	Branchi'ades	Bud'i'ni	Ca'dmus	Calat'vius
Blandeno'na	Bran'chidis	Budo'rum	Ca'dra	Calaur'e'a, and
Blandu'sia	Branchy'lides	Bu'lis	Ca'du'ceus	Calaur'i'a
Blastophoen'ces	Bran'chius	Bulla'tius	Ca'dur'ci	Ca'd'bia
Blen'myes	Bra'sia	Bumel'lus	Ca'dus'ci	Ca'd'ce
Blen'na	Bra'sidas	Bu'nea	Ca'd'y'tis	Ca'd'chas
Hlic'ius	Braside'ia	Bu'nus	Ca'e'a	Calchedo'nia
Hlu'dum	Brau're	Bu'palus	Ca'e'las	Calchin'ia
Boadic'ea	Brau'ron	Buph'agus	Cae'lia	Ca'd'us Cae'lius
Bo'se, and Bo'en	Bren'ni, and	Bupho'nia	Cae'ilia'nus	Ca'e
Boe'grus	Bren'ni	Bupr'stum	Cae'il'i	Calcedo'nia
Boca'lias	Bren'us	Bu'ra	Cae'lius	Ca'e'nus
Boc'car	Bren'the	Bura'cius	Cae'li'na Tus'cus	Ca'les
Boc'choris	Bres'cia	Bur'chus	Cae'ubum	Ca'e'sius
Boc'chus	Bret'tii	Bur'sa	Cae'ulus	Ca'e'te
Boduagna'tus	Bria'reus	Bur'sia	Cae'd'ulus	Ca'e'tor
Bodu'ni	Bri'as	Bu'se	Cae'd'alex	Ca'lex
Boete'la	Brigan'tes	Busa'ris	Cae'lius	Callad'ne
Bo'bia	Briganti'us	Bu'ta	Cae'n'aro	Calla'ni
Boedro'mia	Briles'sus	Bu'teo	Ca'e'ne	Callid'us, M
Boerobis'tas	Bri'mo	Bu'tes	Cae'neus	Callig'ula, C.
Boeota'rchus	Bri'sis	Buthro'tum	Cae'n'ides	Ca'ripus
Boo'tia	Bri'ses	Buthyr'eus	Cae'n'ina	Ca'lis
Boo'tus	Bri'sus	Bu'toa	Cae'n'ot'ropes	Calles'chrus
Boe'thius	Britan'ni	Butor'ides	Cae'plo	Calla'ci
Bo'etus	Britan'nia	Bu'tos	Cae'pus	Ca'las
Bo'eus	Britan'nicus	Bu'tun'tum	Cae'pus	Callate'bus
Bo'ges	Britoma'r'tis	Bu'tus	Ca'e're, or Ca're's	Call'e'ni
Bo'gud	Britoma'rus	Bu'zy'ges	Ca'e'si	Calliete'ria
Bo'gus	Brit'ones	Byble'sia, and	Ca'e'sar	Ca'lia
Bo'i	Brize'lum	Bybas'sia	Cae'sar'e'a	Calli'ades
Bojoc'alus	Brix'ia	Byb'lia	Cae'sar'ion	Ca'lias
Bo'ia	Bri'zo	Byb'ili	Cae's'na	Callib'ius
Bo'be	Brocuba'us	Byb'lis	Cae'sen'ius	Callio'rus
Bolbiti'um	Bro'mius	Byll'ones	Cae's'tus	Callio'horus
Bol'gus	Bro'mus	Byr'chus	Ca'e'ia	Ca'licles
Bol'na	Bron'gus	Byr'sa	Ca'e'ius	Callicolo'na
Bollin'us	Bron'tes	Byza'cium	Ca'e'io	Callic'rates
Boll'sus	Bron'tus	Byzan'tium	Cae'o'nia	Callicrat'idas
Bolla'nus	Bro'teus	By'zas	Cae'o'nius	Callid'us
Bo'lus	Bro'theus	Byz'eres	Ca'e'obrix	Callid'romus
Bomlen'ses	Brac'teri	By'zes	Ca'e'ulum	Callige'tus
Bomil'car	Bruma'lia	Byz'ia	Ca'e'yx	Callim'achus
Bomon'ice	Brundu'stum		Caga'co	Callim'edon
Bo'na De'a	Brutid'ius	C.	Calat'nus	Callim'cles
Bono'nia	Bru'tii	Caan'thus	Ca'e'us	Calli'nos
Bono'dus	Bru'tulus	Caab'thus	Ca'e'ta	Calli'ope
Boon'ra	Bru'tus	Ca'ab'ades	Ca'us, and Ca'ia	Callipac'ra
Boo'tes	Bry'as	Ca'ab'ates	Ca'aber, Q.	Callipho'n
Boo'tus, and	Bryax'ia	Ca'ab'li	Ca'ab'ria	Callipho'n
Bo'otus	Bry'ce	Ca'ab'l'um	Ca'ab'rus	Callip'ides
Bo'ra	Bry'ges	Ca'ab'l'us	Ca'agur'i'ani	Callip'olis
Bore'ades	Bry'gi	Ca'ab'l'o	Ca'ag'uthis	Ca'lipus
Bo'reas	Bry'sea	Ca'ab'nos	Ca'ais	Callip'yges
Boreas'mi	Bubac'ne	Ca'ab'sus	Ca'amis	Callir'hoe
Bo'reus	Buba'ces	Ca'ab'ra	Ca'lam'ia	Callis'te
Bo'rges	Bu'baris	Ca'bi'ri	Ca'amos	Calliste'ia
Bo'roos	Bubast'i'acus	Ca'bi'ria	Ca'amus	Callis'thenes
Eordip'pa	Bubas'tis	Ca'bu'ra	Ca'bus	Callis'to

Callistonicus	Canda'via	Carche'don	Car'menus	Car'us
Callistratus	Candau'les	Carci'nus	Casmilla	Cay'ci
Callix'ena	Cand'o'pe	Card'ces	Caspe'ria	Cay'cus
Calix'entus	Ca'nens	Cardam'y'le	Casper'ula	Cayster
Ca'lon	Canepho'ria	Ca'r'dia	Caspia'na	Ce'a, or Ce'ea
Ca'lor	Can'ethum	Cardu'chi	Car'pi	Ce'ades
Cal'pe	Canicula'res dies	Ca'res	Car'pium ma're	Cecalli'nus
Calphur'nia	Canid'ia	Car'ena	Cassanda'ne	Cebaren'ces
Calphur'nus	Canid'ius	Car'es'us	Cassan'der	Ce'tes
Calpur'nia	Caninefa'tes	Carin'ia	Cassan'dra	Ce'bren
Cal'via	Canin'ius	Ca'ria	Cassan'dria	Cebre'nia
Calv'na	Canis'tius	Ca'rias	Cas'ia	Cebri'ones
Calvis'tus	Ca'nus	Car'i'ate	Cassi'o'pe	Cec'idias
Calusid'ius	Can'nos	Car'i'na	Cassope'a	Cecili'us
Calu'sium	Canop'icum	Car'i'ne	Cassiter'idies	Ce'cina
Cal'ye	Canopus	Car'ine	Cassivela'nus	Cecin'na, A.
Calycad'ius	Can'tabra	Car'inus	Cas'sius, C.	Cecro'pia
Cal'yce	Can'tab'ri	Caris'anum	Casso'tis	Cecrop'idæ
Calyd'ium	Canta'bria	Cur'ium	Casta'la	Cecrop'ides
Calyd'na	Can'tharus	Carma'nia	Car'tabus	Cecryph'alæ
Cal'ydou	Can'thus	Carma'nor	Casta'lia	Cedrea'tis
Calydo'nis	Can'tium	Ca'rose	Castali'us fons,	Ce'don
Calydo'nus	Canule'is	Carne'tus	or Casta'lia	Cedra'sti
Calym'ne	Canule'ius	Carmen'ta, and	Casta'nea	Ceg'lusa
Calynda	Canu'la	Carmen'tis	Castian'ra	Ce'i
Calyp'so	Canu'sium	Carmen'tales	Castor and	Ce'ladon
Camar'thum	Canu'sius	Carmen't'ia	Pol'lux	Ce'ladus
Camar'ina	Canu'tius	Ca'r'mides	Castro'tus	Ce'tæne
Cambau'les	Cap'aneus	Ca'r'maCardin'es	Castulo	Ce'tæno
Cambes	Capella	Car'na'sius	Catadu'pa	Ce'tee
Cambre	Cap'e'na	Carne'ades	Catamen'teles	Cele'ia, and
Cambu'nili	Cap'e'naa	Carne'a	Ca'tana	Ce'ia
Camby'ses	Cap'e'ni	Ca'r'nion	Catonia	Celeia'tes
Camela'ni	Ca'per	Ca'r'nus	Catare'ta	Celen'dre, and
Camel'ites	Cap'e'tus	Car'nu'tes	Ca'tenes	Celen'dris,
Cam'era	Capha'reus	Carpa'ia	Cathæ'a	and Celen'-
Camer'ium, and	Caph'ys	Carpe'sium	Cathari	deris
Camer'i-um	Ca'pio	Ca'r'pathus	Ca'tia	Cele'neus
Camer'nus	Cap'ito	Ca'pia	Catie'na	Celen'naCele'na
Came'rium	Capitol'i'us	Ca'pis	Catie'nus	Ce'ler
Camer'tes	Capitol'ium	Ca'r'po	Catili'na	Ce'leres
Camilla	Cappado'cia	Car'poph'ora	[Cat'lines]	Ce'lestium
Camilli, and	Cap'padox	Car'poph'orus	Catili'i	Ce'teus
Camill'us	Capra'ria	Ca'r'ro, and	Catili'us, or	Ce'tinus
Camill'us	Ca'prea	Ca'r'rus	Ca'tilus	Ce'tonius
Cam'ro	Caprice'rius	Car'rin'stes	Ca'tna	Ce'tus
Cam'rus, and	Caprifica'tis	Car'ru'ca	Ca'tus	Ce'tus
Cam'ra	Capri'na	Car'soli	Ca'ti	Celtibe'ri
Camissa'res	Caprip'edes	Carta'lias	Ca'to	Celtica
Cam'na	Ca'prius	Carte'ia	Ca'treus	Celtici
Camor'no	Capro'tina	Carthæ'a	Ca'tu'ta	Celtit'us
Campa'na Lex	Ca'prus	Carthaginen'ses	Ca'ti	Celtori'i
Campa'nia	Cap'ra	Cartha'go	Cetula'na	Celtes'cythæ
Campas'pe	Cap'sage	Cartha'go No'va	Catal'ius	Cem'menus
Camp'e	Cap'ua	Ca'r'thasis	Ca'tulus	Cem'pal
Camp'ia	Ca'pps	Carvili'us	Cavari'us	Cenæ'um
Campus Ma'r-	Ca'pps Sy'vius	Ca'rus	Cavari'nus	Cen'chree
tius	Carabac'tra	Ca'rya	Ca'rcasus	Cen'chreis
Cemulogi'nus	Car'abis	Ca'ryæ	Ca'rcon	Cen'chreus
Ca'na	Caracal'la	Ca'rystius	Ca'rcones	Cen'chrius
Can'ace	Carac'es	Ca'rytus	Ca'rdi, and	Cenep'olis
Can'ache	Carac'tacus	Ca'ryum	Ca'rdium	Cen'etium
Can'achus	Ca'rie	Ca'ry	Ca'vii	Ce'neus
Ca'rie	Car'e'us	Ca'ryæ	Caulo'nia	Cenimag'ul
Can'ari	Ca'r'dia	Ca'rystius	Ca'rnus	Cen'ina
Can'athus	Car'anus	Ca'ryum	Ca'rus	Cenoma'ni
Can'dace	Carau'sius	Ca'ryum	Ca'rus	Censo'res
	Ca'rbo	Ca'sius		Censori'us

Cen'sus	Cercy'ra, or Cor- cy'ra	Chalcio'us	Chelido'nia	Chry'sus
Centau'rus	Cerdy'rium	Chalcio'pe	Chelido'nia	Chry'sa, and
Centau'ri	Cerea'ria	Chalcis	Chelid'onia	Chry'se
Centau'rus	Ceres'ia	Chalcit'is	Chelone	Chrys'ame
Centot'rica	Ceres'sus	Chalcodon	Chel'onia	Chrysan'tas
Cen'tonis	Cer'etes	Chal'con	Chelonoph'agi	Chrysan'thus
Cen'tores	Cer'sia	Chalcus	Chelydo'rea	Chrysan'tia
Centor'ipa	Cer'silis	Chalde'a	Chem'nis	Chrys'aor
Centrif'ices	Cer'il	Chalde'i	Cher'na	Chryso'reus
Centro'nus	Ceril'ium	Chales'tra	Cher'ne	Chrysa'oris
Centum'viri	Cerint'hus	Chalonit'is	Cher'nion	Chry'sus
Centu'ria	Cerina'sus	Chal'ybes, and	Cher'nus	Chryse'is
Centu'ripa	Cer'nes	Cal'ybes	Cher'ope, and	Chryser'mus
Ce'ns, and Ce's	Ce'ron	Chalybonit'is	Ches'pes	Chry'ses
Ceph'alas	Ceropus'ades	Chal'ybs	Cheph'ren	Chrysi'ppe
Cephale'dion	Ceros'sus	Chama'ni	Cheremocr'ates	Chrysi'pus
Cephal'en	Cer'pheros	Chamav'iri	Cheris'ophus	Chry'sis
Cephale'na	Certhae'i	Chae'ne	Cher'ophon	Chrysoan'tides
Cephale'nia	Cersoble'tes	Cha'on	Cher'sias	Chryso'onus
Ceph'alo	Cer'tima	Cha'ones	Chersid'amas	Chrysol'eus
Cephalo'edia, and Cephalu'dium	Certoni'um	Chao'nia	Cher'sipho	Chryso'tium
Ceph'alon	Cervari'us	Chaonit'is	Cherson'esus	Chryso'olis
Ceph'alus	Cer'yces	Cha'os	Cherus'ci	Chryso'rhoas
Ceph'e'nes	Ceryc'ius	Char'adra	Chidna'i	Chryso'rhoas
Ce'pheus	Cerym'ica	Chara'dros	Chilla'rehus	Chrys'ostom
Cephis'ia	Ceryne'a	Char'adrus	Chil'ius, and	Chrysoth'e'mis
Cephis'ades	Ceryn'tus, or Ceryn'tes	Chares'tas	Chil'eus	Chryx'us
Cephisido'rus	Cesell'ius	Charandae'i	Chilo	Chtho'nia
Cephis'ion	Cesen'nia	Charax	Chilo'nia	Chtho'nus
Cephisod'otus	Cest'ius	Charax'es, and	Chime'ra	Chy'trum
Ceph'sus, and Cephis'eus	Cestr'ina	Charax'us	Chim'arus	Chari'tis
Ceph'ren	Cestr'ius	Char'es	Chime'rium	Ch'rya
Ce'pho	Ce'tes	Charicles	Chion'ara	Ch'ero
Ce'phon	Cethe'gus	Charicll'ides	Chion	Chich'yris
Ce'raea	Ce'ti	Charicle'mus	Chione	Ch'ones
Cera'ates	Ce'tius	Charila'us, and	Chionides	Cicu'ta
Cerau'tus	Ce'to	Charila'us, and	Chion'is	Cille'la
Ceram'bus	Ce'us, and Ce'us	Charil'ius	Chio'us	Cille'sa
Ceram'bus	Ce'yx	Char'ini, and	Chiron	Cilix
Ceram'num	Cha'a	Car'ul	Chione	Cilla
Cer'amus	Cha'bes	Cha'ris	Chio'e	Cilles
Ce'ras	Chab'enus	Char'is	Chio'reus	Cil'ius
Cer'sus	Cha'bria	Char'is	Chio'ris	Cil'nus
Cer'ata	Cha'brias	Char'ites	Chio'rus	Cilo
Cer'atus	Cha'bryis	Char'iton	Chosar'ina	Cim'ber
Cerau'nia, and Cerau'nii	Chab'ryis	Charma'das	Chos'pes	Cimbe'rius
Cerau'nus	Chas'an'tee	Cha'rme, and	Chobus	Cim'bri
Cerau'sus	Chare'as	Ca'rme	Choc'ades	Cim'bricum
Cer'ebion	Chare'demus	Char'mides	Choc'es	Cim'ius
Cer'terus	Chare'mon	Char'mus	Choc'ilus	Cimne'ri
Cer'capus	Cher'ophon	Char'mone	Chon'idias	Cim'meris
Cercas'orum	Cheres'tata	Char'mis	Chon'uphis	Cim'merium
Cer'e's	Cherlin'thus	Charmos'yna	Choras'mi	Cimo'lis, and
Cere'ne	Cherrip'pus	Char'motas	Chorin'eus	Cino'lis
Ceres'tes	Char'ro	Char'mus	Choro'bus	Cimo'lus
Cer'dides	Chero'nia, and	Cha'ron	Choromna'i	C'mon
Cer'cli	Cherone'a, and Cherro-ne'a	Charon'das	Chos'ros	Cine'thon
Cer'fna, and Cercin'na	Cherone'a	Charone'a	Chos'mes	Cinear'adas
Cercin'tum	Cher'nia	Charo'nium	Chos'metes	Cin'cia
Cer'cius	Chal'con	Char'ops, and	Chres'ophon	Cincinnati'us, L. Q.
Cerco'pes	Chalco'a	Char'opes	Chres'phon'tes	Cin'cius
Cer'cops	Chal'cea	Chary'das	Chrest'us	Cin'eas
Cer'eyon	Chalce'don, and	Chau'd, and	Chro'mia	Cin'eas
Cercy'ones	Chalcedo'nia	Chau'di	Chro'mios	Cin'eas
	Chalciden'ses	Chau'la	Chro'mis	Cin'ethon
	Chalcid'eus	Chau'rus	Chro'mius	Cin'ga
	Chalcid'ica	Chae'us	Chro'mus	Cinget'orix
	Chalcid'icus	Chales	Chro'nos	Cingulum

Cinla'ta	Cleobu'lus	Clella	Cogidu'nus	Consen'tia
Cinith'il	Cleochar'es	Clelia	Co'hibus	Consid'ius <i>Ag-</i>
Cin'na	Cleochar'ia	Cle'lhus	Co'hors	ius
Cin'nadon	Cleodas'tus	Cle'nas	Col'e'nus	Consili'um
Cin'namus	Cleodam'us	Cleod'icus	Colax'ais	Con'stans
Cinnif'ana	Cleodem'us	Cle'nia	Colax'es	Constan'tia
Cin'xla	Cleodora	Cle'nus	Col'chi	Constant'ina
Cin'yps, and	Cleodox'a	Cle'tho	Col'chis, and	Constantinop'o-
Cin'yphus	Cleog'enes	Cleac'na	Col'chos	lis
Cin'yras	Cleola'us	Cleu'tius	Colen'da	Constant'inus
Cios	Cleom'achus	Cleu'pes, and	Col'las	Constan'tius
Cipp'us	Cleomant'us	Cly'pea	Colla'tia	Con'sus
Cir'ce	Cleom'otus	Clu'sia	Collat'i'us	Consy'na
Circen'ses lu'di	Cleome'des	Clus'i fon'tes	Coll'i'na	Contades'dus
Cir'cius	Cleom'enes	Clus'olum	Collu'cia	Contu'bia
Cir'cus	Cle'on	Clu'sium	Col'o	Con'on
Ciris	Cleone, and	Clu'sius	Colo'ne	Co'os, Cos, Co'a,
Cirre'atum	Cle'ona	Clu'via	Colo'ne	and Co
Cir'ria, and	Cleo'ne	Clu'vius Ru'fus	Colo'nos	Cop'pe
Cyr'ria	Cleon'ica	Clym'ene	Col'ophon	Co'pais la'eus
Cir'tha, and	Cleon'icus	Clymene'ides	Colos'ie, and	Co'phas
Cir'ta	Cleon'is	Clym'enus	Colos'sa	Cophon'tis
Cisalpi'na Gal'lia	Cleon'y'mus	Clysonymu'sa	Colos'sus	Co'pla
Cis'a	Cleopa'ter	Clytemne'stra	Col'otes	Cop'il'us
Cis'eis	Cleopa'tra	Cly'tia, or	Col'pe	Cop'ol'us
Cisse'us	Cleopa'tris	Cly'tie	Colum'ba	Cop'rates
Cis'ta	Cleoph'anes	Cly'tius	Columel'ia	Co'p'reus
Cis'tie	Cleophan'thus	Cly'tus	Colum'ne Her-	Cop'tus, and
Cis'tides	Cleoph'es	Cnac'dum	eulis	Cop'tos
Cisse'e'sa	Cleoph'olus	Cnac'alix	Colu'thus	Co'ra
Cis'sus	Cleophon	Cnac'la	Coly'tus	Corace'sium,
Cissu'sa	Cleophy'lus	Cne'mus	Comage'na	and Coracen-
Ciste'ne	Cleopom'pus	Cne'us, or	Coma'na	sium
Cithe'ron	Cleoptol'emus	Cne'us	Coma'na	Coracoma'sus
Citharis'ta	Cleopus	Cnid'ium	Com'ari	Coral'ete
Cit'ium	Cleo'ra	Cnid'us, and	Com'arus	Coral'i
Civi'lis	Cleost'ratus	Gul'dus	Comas'tus	Coras'us
Citus	Cleopus	Cno'pus	Coma'tus	Coras
Cit'y'eum	Clepy'dra	Cnos'sa	Com'be	Co'rax
Cit'deus	Cle'ri	Cnos'sus	Combre'a	Corax'i
Cit'nes	Cles'ides	Co'ma'ni	Com'butis	Co'rbeus
Cit'nis	Cle'ta	Coas'tre, and	Com'etes	Co'r'bis
Cit'nus, or	Clib'anus	Coas'tre	Com'etho	Co'r'bulo
Cl'a'nis	Clide'mus	Cot'ares	Comin'ius	Co'ry'ra
Cl'a'rus	Clim'enus	Coc'alus	Comit'ia	Co'rduba
Clastid'ium	Clin'us	Cocce'lus	Com'ius	Co're
Clau'dia	Clin'ias	Coccy'gus	Com'modus	Cor'es'us
Clau'die	Clinisyp'ides	Co'cles, Pub. H.	Co'mon	Co'etus
Claudia'nus	Clin'us	Co'ctie, and	Com'pita'lla	Co'etas
Claudiop'olis	Clio	Co'ctim	Com'pastus	Co'flin'um
Clau'dius	Clisith'era	Coc'y'tus	Com'p'sa	Co'ria
Clavie'nus	Clisth'enes	Codom'anus	Co'mus	Corin'na
Clav'iger	Cli'te	Cod'ride	Com'cani	Corin'nus
Clav'sus	Clistarch'us	Codrog'olis	Conco'rdia	Corin'thus
Clazom'ene, and	Cli'te	Co'drus	Con'dalus	Coriola'nus
Clazom'ena	Clist'e'nia	Coc'il'us	Condocha'tes	Cor'oli, and
Cle'adas	Clistof'emus	Co'la	Condra'si	Cor'olia
Clean'der	Clitom'achus	Colal'ete	Condy'ria	Coris'sus
Cleandridas	Cliton'y'mus	Colasy'ria, and	Co'ne	Cor'itus
Cleand'ris	Clit'ophon	Colasy'ria	Conetodu'nus	Co'rmasa
Clearch'us	Clit'er	Co'lia	Confu'cius	Co'r'mus
Clearch'ides	Clit'o'ria	Co'l'ius	Conge'dus	Corne'lia
Cle'mens Ro-	Clitum'nus	Co'l'us	Co'ni	Corne'li
ma'nus	Clit'us	Co'l'us	Conisalt'us	Corne'cium
Cleo	Cloac'na	Co'ranus	Conis'ci	Corne'lius
Cle'obis	Cloan'thus	Co'ra	Coni'das	Co'r'niger
Cleobu'la	Clo'dia	Co'rus	Co'non	Cornu'tus
Cleobu'la	Clo'dius	Cog'amus	Consen'tes	Coro'e'bus

Coro'na	Cra'nli	Crisp'na	Curiosol'ite	Cynethus'sa
Corone'a	Cra'non, and	Crispi'nus	Cur'ium	Cyn'la
Coro'nis	Cran'non	Crit'ala	Cur'ius Denta'-	Cyn'iel
Coron'ta	Cran'tor	Crit'h'ela	tus	Cynis'ea
Coro'nus	Carassit'ius	Crithe'te	Cur'tia	Cy'no
Corrhag'ium	Cra'sus	Crit'ius	Cur'tilus	Cynoceph'ale
Co'roze	Cra'stinus	Crit'o	Cur'tius, M.	Cynoceph'ali
Co'rid	Crat'ais	Critobu'tus	Cur'us	Cynophon'tis
Co'risca	Crat'e'us	Critogna'tus	Cyane'i	Cynor'tas
Co'rsote	Cra'ter	Critola'us	Cutil'ium	Cyno'r'tion
Co'rsura	Crat'erus	Crit'us	Cyamoso'rus	Cy'nos
Corto'rus	Cra'tes	Crobi'alus	Cy'ane	Cynos'r'ges
Cory'nus	Crateside'a	Croby'yi	Cy'aneæ	Cynosse'ma
Corune'a'nus	Cratesip'olis	Croc'ale	Cy'aneæ, and	Cynosu'ra
Co'rus	Cratesip'idas	Cro'coe	Cy'anea	[Cyn'osure]
Coryban'tes	Crat'e'us	Crocodylo'phis	Cy'a'neus	Cy'o'thia
Corybas	Cra'teus	Croc'us	Cyanip'pe	Cyn'thius
Corybas'sa	Cra'this	Cro'cus	Cyanip'pus	Cyn'thus
Corybus	Crat'nius	Cro'mi	Cyarax'ea, or	Cynuren'ces
Cory'e'la	Cratip'pus	Crom'tis	Cyax'ares	Cy'nus
Cory'e'ides	Crat'y'lus	Crom'myon	Cybe'te	Cypari'e'ol, and
Cory'e'ius	Crau'sin	Crom'na	Cybele	Cypari'e'sia
Cory'cus	Crau'sis	Cro'mus	Cybe'la	Cypari'us
Cory'don	Craux'idus	Cro'nia	Cybe'la, and	Cyph'ara
Cor'yla, and	Crem'e'ra	Cro'nium	Cybe'la	Cyph'e'nius
Coryle'um	Crem'ma	Cro'phi	Cybe'la	Cyprus
Cor'yna	Crem'myon,	Crosse'a	Cybe'la	Cypsel'ides
Corymbifer	and Crem'-	Crot'alus	Cybe'la	Cyp'selus
Coryne'ta, and	myon	Cro'ton	Cybe'la	Cyran'nis
Coryne'tes	Crem'ni, and	Cro'tona	Cybe'la	Cyrria'na
Coryph'alum	Crem'nos	Crotoni'atis	Cybe'la	Cy're
Corythen'ces	Cremo'na	Cro'toplaa	Cybe'la	Cyrena'ica
Cor'yhus	Crem'idcs	Crot'opus	Cybe'la	Cyrenae'ici
Cory'tus	Cremut'ius	Cru'nos	Cybe'la	Cyre'ne
Cos	Cre'on	Cru'sis	Cybe'la	Cyri'ades
Cos'a, and Cos'-	Creon'tides	Crusta'meri	Cybe'la	Cyri'l'ius
sa, or Co'se	Croeph'ilus	Crustame'ria	Cybe'la	Cyr'ne
Cosco'nus	Crepe'rius Pol'-	Crustame'rium	Cybe'la	Cyr'nan
Cosin'gas	lio	Crustami'nium	Cybe'la	Cyrrae'i
Co'sis	Cres	Crustu'mium,	Cybe'la	Cyrrhade
Cos'mus	Cre'an, and	Crustu'nus,	Cybe'la	Cyrr'hes
Cos'sea	Cre'sa	and Crustur- ne'nus	Cybe'la	Cyrr'hus
Cos'us	Cre'sus		Cybe'la	Cyrr'ius
Cossu'tii	Cresphon'tes		Cybe'la	Cyrr'us
Costobol'	Cres'dus		Cybe'la	Cyrop'olis
Cos'yra	Crest'on		Cybe'la	Cy'ta
Co'tes, and	Cre'sus		Cybe'la	Cy'te'is
Cot'tes	Cre'ta		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ra
Co'thon	[Cre'te]		Cybe'la	Cy'there'a
Cotho'nea	Cre'te'us		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ris
Cot'iso	Cre'tea		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Coto'nia	Cre'tes		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Cot'ta	Cre'teus		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Cot'tice Al'pes	Creth'ela		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Cot'tus	Creth'eus		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Coty'e'um	Creth'ona		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Coty'ora	Cre'ticus		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Cotyle'us	Cre'tus		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Coty'lus	Creu'sa		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Co'tys	Creu'sis		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Coty'to	Cr'i'neus		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Cra'gus	Crinip'pus		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Crambu'sa	Cr'i'nis		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Cran'ai	Crin'us, and		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Cran'apes	Crim'us		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Uran'aus	Cr'no		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Ura'ne	Cr'neus		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron
Ura'ne'um	Cr'ison		Cybe'la	Cy'the'ron

D.

Da'ic, Da'ho.
Da'i
Da'ci, and
Da'ce
Da'cia
Da'ctyli

Dad'icea	Dare'tis	Del'phus	Diag'oras	Dionysip'olla
Dæd'ala	Dar'ta	Delphy'us	Dia'lla	Dionys'ius
Dæda'liou	Dar'tayce	Del'ta	Dial'tus	Dioph'anes
Dæd'alus	Dar'tice	Dem'ades	Diamastigo'sis	Diophan'tus
Dæ'mon	Dar'tus	Demæn'etus	Dia'na	Diopet'rus
Dæ'icles	Das'con	Demag'oras	Dian'sa	Diop'olla
Dæ'ides	Dasy'tilis	Demara'ta	Dia'sla	Dio'res
Dæim'achus	Das'cyllus	Demara'tus	Dica's	Diory'etus
Dæim'enes	Dæ'sea	Demæ'rehus	Dica'us	Dioscor'ides
Dæ'iphron	Dæ'slus	Demæ're'ta	Dice	Dioscor'us
Dæ'ira	Dassar'etæ	Demaris'te	Dicea'rehus	Dioscu'ri
Dæ'itia	Dassar'etæ	Demet'ria	Dico'neus	Dios'page
Dæima'tia	Dassar'eni	Demet'rias	Dico'mas	Dios'polis
Dæima'tius	Dassar'it'i	Demet'rius	Dic'tæ	Diot'me
Dæmage'tus	Dat'ames	De'mo	Dictam'num,	Diot'mus
Dæ'malia	Datapher'nes	Democan'sa	and Dicty'u'na	Diot'rephes
Dæ'mas	Dæ'tis	Democ'er'des	Dicta'tor	Dioxip'pe
Dæmasce'na	Dæ'tos, or	Democ'h'ares	Dictidles'ses	Dioxip'pus
Dæmas'cius	Da'ton	Democ'les	Dicty'na	Dip'e'm
Dæmas'cus	Dæ'ara	Democ'oon	Dic'tys	Diph'ilas
Dæmasip'pus	Dæu'lis	Democ'rates	Did'ius	Diph'ilus
Dæmasich'thon	Dæu'ni	Democ'ritus	Di'do	Diphor'idæa
Dæmasit'ratus	Dæu'nia	Demod'ice	Did'yma	Dipoc'ne
Dæmasith'yneus	Dæu'nus	Demod'ocus	Didyma'us	Dip'sas
Dæmas'tes	Dæu'rifer, and	Demoleus	Didyma'on	Dir'æ
Dæ'mida	Dæu'riæa	Demoleon	Didym'e	Dir'ce
Dæmip'pus	Decet'alus	De'mon	Did'ynum	Dircon'na
Dæ'mis	Decet'eum	Demonas'sa	Did'yurus	Dir'phia
Dæm'norix	Dec'elus	Demo'nax	Dien'ces	Disco'rdis
Dæ'mo	Decem'viri	Demon'i'ca	Dies'piter	Dithyran'bua
Dæm'ocles	Decet'ia	Demophan'tus	Digen'tia	Dit'tani
Dæmocr'ates	Decit'ius Sax'a	Demophil'us	Dig'ma	Diviti'acus
Dæmocr'ita	Decin'eus	Demoph'oon	Di'i	D'vus Fid'ius
Dæmocr'itus	De'cius	Demoph'oon	Dimag'sus	Dyl'lus
Dæ'mon	Decu'rio	Demoph'olis	Dina'rehus	Dobe'res
Dæmophan'tus	Deditam'enes	De'mos	Din'diochus	Doc'illa
Dæmophil'a	Dejan'ira	Demosthenes	Din'us	Doc'imus
Dæmophil'us	Deic'oon	Demost'ratus	Din'iche	Dodo'na
Dæmophon	Deldam'i'a	Dem'yus	Din'ias	Dodona'us
Dæmost'ratus	Deile'on	Deod'atus	Dinoch'ares	Dodo'ne
Dæmox'enus	Deil'ochus	Deo'la	Dinoe'rates	Dodon'ides
Dæmy'rias	Deim'achus	De're	Dinod'ochus	Do'û
Dæ'na	Dej'oces	Der'bices	Dinom'enes	Delabel'ia
Dæn'æ	Dei'ochus	Der'ce	Di'non	Dolicha'on
Dæn'al	Dei'one	Derce'nus	Dinos'thenes	Dol'iche
Dæn'sides	Deio'neus	Der'ceto, and	Dinos'tratus	Do'lius
Dæn'ala	Deiope'ia	Der'ce'tis	Dio'clen	Dolome'na
Dæn'aus	Deiot'arus	Der'cyllias	Di'ocles	Do'ton
Dæn'dari, and	Deiph'ila	Der'cyllus	Diocletia'nus	Dakou'ci
Dandar'idæa	Deiph'o'e	Der'cynus	(Dioc'etian)	Dol'opes
Dæn'don	Deiph'obus	Der'si	Diodo'rus	Dolo'pia
Dæpu'tius	De'iphon	Derusie'i	Dio'ctus	Do'lopa
Dæ'ochus	Deiphon'tes	Desud'ala	Dioe'enes	Domid'æus
Dæp'us	Deip'yle	Deuca'liou	Dioe'nia	Domin'ica
Dæphne'us	Deip'yus	Deuca'tius	Dioe'nus	Domit'ia
Dæp'ne	Deip'yus	Deu'dorix	Dioigne'tus	Domitia'nus
Dæphnepho'ria	Dei'don	Dexam'ene	Diome'da	(Domit'ian)
Dæp'nis	De'lia	Dexam'enus	Diome'des	Domit'il'ia
Dæp't'nus	Deil'ades	Deixip'pus	Diome'don	Domit'ius
Dæp'nta	De'lium	Dexith'ea	Di'on	Dona'tus
Dæ'rape	De'llus	Dex'ius	Dione'sa	Donlla'us
Dæ'riand	Delma'tius	Di'a	Dio'ne	Donu'ca
Dærd'nia	De'los	Diactor'ides	Diony'sia	Dony'sa
Dærdan'ides	Delmin'ium	Dir'us	Dionys'i'ades	Dorac'te
Dærdan'um	Del'phi	Diadumenia'-	Dionys'ius	Do'res
Dærdanus	Del'phicus	nus	Dionys'ides	Dor'ica
Dærdaris	Delphin'ia	Di'agon, and	Dionysiodo'rus	Dor'eus
Dæ'rea	Delphin'ium	Di'agum	Dionys'ion	Dorien'ses

Dor'eus	Du'nax	E'pioncus	Emo'da	Epig'o'nus
Dor'eus	Dura'tius	E'lon	Emped'ocles	Ep'i'l, and Epe'i
Dorila'us	Du'rius	E'pioncs	Empem'amus	Epil'aris
Du'riou	Duro'nia	Eio'neus	Empo'clus	Epimel'ides
Du'ris	Duum'viri	Elaton'tas	Empo'ria	Epim'enes
Doris'eus	Dyagon'das	Elc'a	Empo'sa	Epimen'ides
Du'rium	Dyarden'ees	Elc'us	Ence'l'adus	Epime'theus
Du'rius	Dy'mae	Elagaba'tus	Enche'l'cus	Epime'this
Dorsen'us	Dymae'l	Elal'tes	En'dela	Ep'o'chus
Du'ro	Dy'mas	Elai'us	Ende'ra	Ep'ione
Du'rus	Dym'nus	Elaphia'a	Endym'ion	Epiph'anes
Dory'anus	Dynam'ene	El'aphus	En'e'ti	Epipha'nias
Dory'clus	Dyn'aste	Elaphebo'lia	Engy'am	Ep'rus
Dorylar'um, and	Dy'ras	Elapto'ninus	Enien'ces	Epist'rophus
Dorylar'us	Dyras'pes	Elc'ra	Enio'peus	Epit'ades
Dor'yias	Dyrach'ium	Elate'a	Enip'eus	Ep'ium
Doryla'us	Dysau'les	Elc'rus	Enis'pe	Ep'ona
Dorys'us	Dyscine'tus	El'aver	En'na	Ep'o'peus
Dos'ci	Dysor'um	E'lea	En'nia	Epor'dorix
Dost'ades	Dyspor'tii	Elc'etra	En'ninus	Ep'ulo
Dosse'nus		Elc'etm	En'nomus	Ep'y'ides
Dot'adas		Elc'etrides	Ennosige'us	Ep'y'tus
Do'to		Elc'etryon	En'ope	Equan'us'ta
Dot'us		Elc'i	En'ops	Equic'olus
Doxan'der	E'anes	Elc'e'us	En'os	Equi'ria
Drac'nus	Ea'nus	E'leon	Enosich'thon	Equot'u'ticum
Dra'co	Ea'rinus	Eleon'tum	Enotoco'rte	E'racon
Dracon'tides	Ea'sum	Elephan'tis	Entel'ia	E'ra'ca
Dra'cus	Ed'dome	Elephantoph'agi	Entel'ius	Eras'nus
Dran'ces	Ebu'ones	Elephantoph'ag'i	Eny'alus	Erasip'pus
Drangla'na	Eb'usus	Elephc'nor	Eny'alus	Erasit'ratus
Dra'pes	Ectab'ana	Elepo'rus	Eny'o	E'ra'to
Drep'ana, and	Ecechir'ia	E'leus	E'one	Eratost'henes
Drep'anum	Echec'rates	Eleu'chia	E'os	Eratost'ratus
Drim'achus	Echeda'mila	Eleusin'ia	E'ous	E'ra'tus
Dripol'ides	Echel'atus	Eleu'tis	Epa'gri	Erebe'sus
Dri'os	Ech'e'us	Eleu'ther	Epaminon'das	Ere'b'us
Dro'i	Echem'brotus	Eleu'therse	Epant'e'l	Erech'theus
Dromae'us	Eche'mon	Eleuth'e'ria	Epaphrod'i'tus	E'ren'ri
Drom'ici	Ech'ennus	Eleu'the	Ep'aphus	E're'mus
Dro'pion	Echenn'us	Eleutherocil'i-	Epasmac'tus	E'ren'a
Druen'tius, and	Ech'e'phron	ces	Epel'olus	E're'sa
Druen'tia	Echep'olus	Elc'ius	Ep'i	Erech'thides
Dru'geri	Eches'tratus	Elion'ia, and	Ep'e'us	Ere'sus
Dru'ides	Echel'ta	El'aca	Ep'h'esus	Ere'tria
[Druide]	Echevethen'ses	Elime'a	Ep'h'ete	Ere'tum
Dru'illa Liv'ia	Echid'na	Elispha'sii	Ep'hil'tes	Ereuth'ion
Dru'io	Echido'rus	Elis'sa	Ep'h'ori	Erg'ane
Dru'ius	Echin'ades	Elis'sus	Ep'h'orus	Ergen'na
Dry'ades	Echi'non	Ello'pia	Ep'h'yra	Ergias
[Dry'ade]	Echi'nus	Elor'us	Ep'icus'te	Ergin'us
Dryanti'des	Echinus'sa	E'los	Ep'icor'ides	Ergi'us
Dryan'tides	Echi'on	Elpe'nor	Epich'aris	Eribo'ra
Drym'e'a	Echion'ides	Elpin'oe	Epiche'r'mus	Erib'otes
Dry'mo	Echlo'ninus	Elu'na	Ep'icles	Erico'tes
Dry'mus	Ech'o	El'yces	Ep'clides	Erich'tho
Dry'ope	Ede'sa, Ede'sa	Elymas'is	Epic'rates	Erichtho'nus
Dryope'ia	Edi'sa	El'ynd	Epict'e'tus	Eri'cl'um
Dry'opes	E'don	El'yms	Epic'u'rus	Eri'cl'us
Dry'opis, and	Edo'ni	El'yus	Epic'ydes	Eri'cl'us
Dryop'ida	Edy'tius	El'ysum	Epida'm'us	Eri'cl'us
Dry'ops	E'dion	Ema'thia	Epida'ph'oe	Eri'cl'us
Dryp'etis	Egel'idus	Ema'thion	Epida'u'ria	Eri'cl'us
Duce'tius	Ege'ria	Ema'thon	Epida'u'rus	Eri'cl'us
Duili'ia	Egesar'tus	Em'baturm	Ep'd'us	Eri'cl'us
Dul'cius Ne'pos	Eges't'us	Em'boli'ma	Ep'd'us	Eri'cl'us
Dul'ch'ium	Eger'ta	Em'er'ia	Epig'enes	Eri'cl'us
Dum'nox	Egna'tia	Ema'sa, and	Epig'eus	Eri'cl'us
	Egna'tius	Em'ia	Epig'oni	Eri'cl'us

Eriph'anis	Euba'tas	Eu'aymos	Eu'rytus	Fenestella
Eriph'idas	Eu'b'ius	Eu'oras	Euse'bia	Fera'lia
Eriphy'le	Euba'a	Eupa'gium	Euse'b'ius	Perenta'num,
E'ria	Euba'icus	Eupa'mon	Eu'sepus	and Fera'ti-
Erisich'thon	Eu'bote	Eupa'amus	Eusta'thus	tum
Er'ichus	Eu'botes	Eu'pator	Euta'a	Fere'trius
Erix'o	Euba'ie	Eupato'ria	Eutel'idas	Fero'nia
Ero'chus	Euba'id'ides	Eupel'thes	Euter'pe	Fescen'nia
Ero'pus, and	Euba'ius	Eu'phas	Euthy'e'rates	Fes'tus
Ab'ropas	Euce'rus	Euphan'tus	Euthy'e'mus	Fibre'nus
E'ros	Euche'nor	Euphe'me	Euthy'mus	Fide'na
Eros'tratus	Eu'chides	Euphe'mus	Eutrap'elus	Fiden'tia
Ero'tia	Euell'des	Eupho'rbus	Eutro'pius	FYdes
Erru'ca	[Euclid]	Eupho'rión	Eutych'es	Fidic'ule
Er'se	Eu'e'ius	Euphra'nor	Eutych'ide	Fid'ius D'fus
Erymas	Eu'crate	Euphra'tes	Eutych'ides	Fin'bria
Er'xias	Eu'crates	Eu'phron	Euxan'thus	Fi'r'mus
Eryb'lum	Eu'critus	Euphros'yna	Eu'xenus	Fiscell'us
Eryci'na	Eucte'mon	Euphe'a	Euxi'nus Pon-	
Eryman'this	Eucte'stli	Eu'polis	tus	Flac'cus
Eryman'thus	Eude'mon	Eupom'pus	Euxip'pe	Flac'ellia
Erym'ne	Eudam'id'as	Eurianas'sa	Euxi'dias	Fla'lia
Erym'neus	Eu'damius	Eurip'ides	Euxi'thes	Flamin'ia
Erymus	Eude'mus	Euri'pus	Exag'onus	Flamin'ius, or
Erythe'a	Eudo'cia	Euro'mus	Exom'astres	Flamin'ius
Eryth'ni	Eudoc'imus	Euro'pa		Fla'via
Erythre	Eudo'ra	Europe'us		Flavin'num
Erythrus	Eudo'rus	Eu'ropus		Flavin'ia
Eryth'ron	Eudox'ia	Euro'tas		Fla'vius
Eryth'ros	Eudox'us	Euro'to		Fla'ra
E'ryx	Euel'thon	Eu'rus		Flora'lia
Eryx'o	Eume'ridas	Eury'ale		Flora'nus
Eser'nus	Eumen'rus	Eury'alus		Fla'rus
Esquill'e, and	Eve'nus	Euryb'ates		Flu'e'nia
Esquill'us	Evephe'nus	Euryb'ia		Flu'ia
Esed'ones	Ev'erus	Euryb'ades		Fonte'ia
Es'sul	Ever'getes	Euryb'ius		Font'eus Cap-
Estia'a	Ever'getes	Eurycle'a		ito
Es'ula	Euga'nei	Euryc'les		Fo'r'mbe
Etear'chus	Eu'geon	Euryc'rates		Forma'num
Ete'ocles	Euge'n'ius	Eurycrat'idas		Fo'r'max
Ete'oclus	Euhem'erus	Euryd'amias		Fo'ro Ap'pli
Eteocre'te	Eu'hydram	Euryd'amie		Fortu'na
Ete'ones	Eu'hrys	Eurydam'idas		For'uli
Eteo'nus	Evip'pe	Eurydice		Fo'rum Ap'pli
Eteon'cus	Evip'pus	Euryga'nia		For'm Philo'ti-
Ete'she	Eulun'ene	Eury'leon		ne
Etha'tion	Eumac'h'ius	Eury'ochus		Frant'el
Ethe'leum	Eumae'us	Eurym'achus		Frage'la
Ethe'mon	Eumede's	Eurym'e'de		Frage'ne
Eth'oda	Eume'lis	Eurym'edon		Franta'ni
E'tias	Eume'lius	Eurym'enes		Frige'ius
E'tis	Eu'melius	Eurym'ome		Pris'ti
E'arn'ria	(King)	Eurym'omus		Front'ius
Et'ylius	Eu'menes	Eury'one		Front'o
Evad'ne	Eum'e'nia	Eu'rypon		Fru'sino
Ev'ages	Eumen'id'es	Euryp'yle		Fu'cinus
Evag'oras	Eumenid'ia	Euryp'ylos		Fu'd'ius
Evag'ore	Eume'n'ius	Eurys'thenes		Fu'fius Gem'i-
Ev'an	Eumol'pe	Eurys'then'ides		nus
Evander	Eumol'p'ides	Eurys'theus		Fulgina'tes
Evangel'us	Eumol'pus	Eu'ryte		Fulg'ius
Evangel'ides	Eumen'id'es	Eury'te		Ful'linum, and
Evant'hes	Eum'e'us	Eury'tele		Ful'ginum
Evare'chus	Eum'e'pius	Euryth'e'mis		Ful'via
Ev'as	Euno'nia	Euryth'ion, and		Ful'vius
Ev'ax	Eunom'us	Eury'tion		Funda'mus
Eu'ages	Eu'nus	Eu'rytis		Fun'di
				Fu'tio

F.

Fab'aris	Fab'ia	Fab'ian'us	Fab'ius	Fab'ra	Flora'lia	Flora'nus	Fla'rus	Flu'e'nia	Flu'ia	Fonte'ia	Font'eus Cap-	ito	Fo'r'mbe	Forma'num	Fo'r'max	Fo'ro Ap'pli	Fortu'na	For'uli	Fo'rum Ap'pli	For'm Philo'ti-	ne	Frant'el	Frage'la	Frage'ne	Franta'nd	Frige'ius	Pris'ti	Front'ius	Front'o	Fru'sino	Fu'cinus	Fu'd'ius	Fu'fius Gem'i-	nus	Fulgina'tes	Fulg'ius	Ful'linum, and	Ful'ginum	Ful'via	Ful'vius	Funda'mus	Fun'di	Fu'tio
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Fu'ri
Fur'na
Fur'nos
Fur'rus
Fur'nus
Fus'cus
Fu'dus

G.

Gab'les
Gab'aza
Gabe'ne, and
Gabb'ne
Gabi'e'us
Ga'b'il
Gabi'na
Gabin'ia
Gabinia'nus
Gabin'us
Ga'des, and
Gad'ira
Gadita'nus
Gaes'te
Gatu'la
Gatu'licus
Gala'b'il
Galactoph'ag'i
Gale'sus
Galan'tia
Gal'ata
Gal'atie
Galate'a, and
Galathe'a
Gala'tia
Galax'ia
Gal'ba
Gale'nus
Gale'ole
Gale'ria
Gale'rius
Gale'sus
Galile'a
Gallintha'dia
Gal'li
Gal'lia
Gallen'a'us
Galle'us
Gallina'ria
Gallip'olis
Gallugre'cia
Gallo'nus
Gal'us
Gamax'us
Gamel'ia
Gandar'te
Gan'gama
Gangar'idæ
Gan'ges
Gannas'cus
Gan'ymede
Ganyme'des
Garet'icum
Garaman'tes
Garaman'tis
Gar'amas
Gar'atas
Gare'ate

Gareath'yra
Garga'nus
Garga'phia
Ga'rgara
Ga'rgaris
Gargit'us
Garil'us
Gar'tes
Garum'na
Gast'ron
Gath'oe
Gatho'atas
Gau'lus, Gau'-
leon
Gau'rus
Ga'us, Ga'os
Geben'na
Gedro'ida
Gega'n'il
Ge'la
Gel'nor
Gel'lia
Gel'lias
Gel'lius
Ge'lo, Ge'lon
Ge'loi
Gelo'nes, Gelo'-
ni
Ge'los
Gemin'us
Gem'inus
Gena'bun
Gena'ni
Gena'na
Gen'ius
Ge'nus
Gen'seric
Gen'tius
Gen'ua
Genu'cius
Genu'sus
Genu'tia
Georg'ica
[Georg'ice]
Gephy'ra
Gephyr'iel
Gera'nia
Geran'thre
Geres'ticus
Ger'githum
Gergo'bia
Ge'rlon
Germa'nia
German'icus
Germa'ni
Ger'thæ
Geron'thre
Ger'us, and
Ger'thus
Ge'ryon, and
Gery'ones
Ges'sate
Ges'sus
Ge'ta
Ge'te
Getu'lia
Gigan'tes
Gigartum

Gig'is
Gif'do
Gif'lo
Ginda'nes
Gin'des
Gin'ge
Ging'u'mum
Gip'plus
Gis'co
Glad'ato'rii
Gla'nis
Gla'ph'yræ, and
Gla'ph'yræ
Gla'ph'yrus
Glauc'ce
Glaucip'pe
Glaucip'pus
Glauc'on
Glauc'on'ome
Glauc'opis
Glauc'us
Glauc'tias
Glic'con
Glic'sus
Glyc'era
Glyc'erium
Gly'con
Glym'pes
Gna'tia
Gn'dus
Gnos'sis, and
Gnos'sia
Gnos'sus
Gohant'io
Go'bar
Gob'ares
Gob'ryas
Gol'gl
Gom'phi
Gona'tus
Gond'ades
Gonip'pus
Gon'ni Gono'-
cond'ylus
Gonos'sa
Gonus'sa
Gordia'nus
Go'r'dium
Go'r'dius
Gorga'sus
Go'rge
Go'rgias
Go'rgo
Go'rgones
Gorgo'nia
Gorgo'nus
Gorgoph'one
Gorgoph'ora
Go'rgus
Gorgyth'ion
Go'r'tus
Go'r'tyn, and
Go'r'tys, and
Gortyna
Gortyn'ia
Gotho'nes
Got'thi
Gna'chus

Grad'vus
Gra'ci
Gra'cia
Gra'cia Mag'na
Gra'cius
Gra'cus
Gra'fus
Gra'ficus
Gra'nus
Gra'the
Gra'tia'nus
Gratidia
Gra'tion
Gra'thus
Gra'vil
Grav'ice
Gra'vius
Grego'rius
Gri'n'nes
Gro'phus
Gro'fus
Gryne'um, Gry-
ni'um
Gryne'us
Gy'arus, and
Gy'arus
Gy'as
Gyge'us
Gy'ge
Gy'ges
Gy'es
Gylip'pus
Gymna'sia
Gymna'sium
Gymne'sie
Gymnetes
Gymnosophris'-
te
[Gymnoso-
phists]
Gyna'ceas
Gynecothe'nas
Gyn'des
Gythe'um

H.

Ha'bis
Hadrianop'olis
Hadria'nus
Hadriat'icum
Hæ'mon
Hæ'monia
Hæ'mus
Hæ'pes
Hagnag'ara
Hag'no
Hale'sus, and
Hale'sus
Hal'ala
Haley'one
Hal'es
Hale'sus
Ha'lia
Hallac'mon
Hallac'tus
Hallarnas'us
Hall'e'ie

Hall'eis
Hallin'ede
Hallirrho'tius
Hallither'sus
Ha'llus
Hallon'nes
Hal'mus
Halmydes'us
Haloc'rates
Halo'ne
Halonne'sus
Halo'tia
Halo'tus
Ha'lus
Halys'tus
Halyn'tes
Ha'ly
Halys'ia
Hamadry'ades
Hamax'ia
Hamil'car
Hamil'us
Ham'mon
Han'nibal
Ha'rcalo
Harmate'ia
Ha'rmatia
Harmo'dius
Harmo'nia
Harmon'idæ
Ha'rpagus
Harpal'ice
Harpal'ion
Ha'rpalus
Harpal'yce
Harpal'yus
Ha'rpassa
Ha'rpassus
Harpoc'rates
Harpy'ie
[Har'pies]
Haru'spex
Has'drubal
Hate'rius
Hau'stanes
Hef'dole
He'be
Hebe'sus
He'brus
Hec'ale
Hecale'sia
Hecame'de
Hecate'us
Hec'ate
Hecate'sia
Hecatomb'ia
Hecatomphe'-
nia
Hecatomp'olis
Hecatomp'ylos
Hec'tor
Hec'uba
Hed'ia
Hedon'scum
Hed'ui
Hedym'eles
Heg'eochus
Heg'e'mon

Hegesí'anax	Heraclí'des	Hesí'odus	Híp'pola	Horto'na
Hegesí'as	Heraclí'des	Hesí'one	Hippo'ochus	Ho'rus
Hegesí'ochus	Heraclí'tus	Hespe'ria	Hippo'pyte	Hostil'ia
Hegesín'ous	Heraclí'tus	Hesperí'des	Hippo'pytus	Hostilí'us
Hegesíp'pus	Heraclí'tus	Hes'peris	Hippom'achus	Hyacin'this
Hegesíp'yte	Heraclí'tus	Hesperítis	Hippom'edon	Hyacin'thus
Hegesí'stratus	Heraclí'tus	Hes'perus	Hippom'enes	Hy'ades
Hegestorí'des	Heraclí'tus	Hes'tia	Hippomel'gi	Hyag'nis
Hel'ena	Heraclí'tus	Hestia'a	Hip'pon, and	Hy'ala
Hel'e'nia	Heraclí'tus	He'sus	Hip'po	Hyam'polis
Hel'e'nor	Heraclí'tus	He'sych'ia	Hippo'na	Hyant'hes
Hel'enus	Heraclí'tus	He'sychí'us	Hippo'nax	Hyant'is
Hel'e'ni Lu'cus	Heraclí'tus	Hetric'ulum	Hippom'ates	Hyat'bia
Hel'ades	Heraclí'tus	Hetrú'ria	Hippom'elum	Hy'us
Hellas'te	Heraclí'tus	Hetríp'pa	Hippom'ous	Hy'bia
Helic'on	Heraclí'tus	Hetríp'pam	Hippop'odes	Hybre'as
Hel'ice	Heraclí'tus	Hiber'nia, and	Hippot'ratas	Hybr'anes
Hel'icon	Heraclí'tus	Hyber'nia	Hippot'ades	Hy'cara
Heliconí'ades	Heraclí'tus	Hibril'des	Hippotas, or	Hy'da, and
Helico'nis	Heraclí'tus	Hiceta'on	Hip'potes	Hy'de
Heliodo'rus	Heraclí'tus	Hicet'as	Hippoth'oe	Hyd'ara
Hellogaba'us	Heraclí'tus	Hicem'pal	Hippoth'oon	Hyd'arnes
Helip'olis	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hippothoon'tis	Hydas'pes
Helis'on	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hippoth'ous	Hy'dra
Helí'us	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hippo'tion	Hydra'otes
Helix'us	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hippo'tis	Hydropho'ria
Hellan'ice	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hipp'us	Hydrun'tum,
Hellan'icus	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'sides	and Hy'drus
Hellano'rates	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hydra'us
Hel'ias	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hel'le	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hel'ten	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helle'nes	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hellespont'us	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helló'pia	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helló'tia	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helo'ris	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helo'rum, and	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helo'rus	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hel'os	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helo'te, and	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helo'tes	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helve'tia	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helve'til	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hel'via	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hel'vil	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Helv'na	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hel'vius Cin'na	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hel'vius	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hema'thion	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hemith'ea	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
He'mon	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
He'mus	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hemath'ion	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hemith'ea	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
He'mon	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
He'mus	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hem'eti	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Hen'ochi	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heph'es'tia	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heph'es'til	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heph'es'tio	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heph'es'tion	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heptaph'o'nos	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heptap'olis	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heptap'ylos	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
He'ra	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heracle'a	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heracle'ia	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heracle'otes	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra
Heracleum	Heraclí'tus	Hic'era	Hip'tis	Hy'dra

Hyphæus	Ior'ni	Imanen'tius	Iphimedi'a	Itho'ne
Hyp'sa	Ic'etas	Im'aus	Iphim'edon	Ithoma'ia
Hyp'e'a	Ich'ne	Im'barus	Iphimedu'sa	Ithyphal'ius
Hypse'nor	Ichnu'sa	Imbrac'ides	Iphin'oe	Ito'nia
Hypse'us	Ichonu'phis	Imbras'ides	Iphin'ous	Ito'nus
Hyslerate'a	Ichthyoph'agi	Im'brusus	I'phis	Itare'a
Hysic'rates	Ich'thya	Im'b'reus	Iphit'ion	Itu'rum
Hysip'yle	Icl'i'us	Imbriv'lum	Iph'itus	It'yus
Hyrcania	Ic'hus	Im'b'rius	Iph'thime	Ityræ'i
Hyrcanum	I'cos	Im'b'ros	Ips'e'a	I'tys
ma're	Icti'nus	In'achi	I'ra	Ju'ta
Hyrcanus	I'da	Ina'chia	Irenæ'us	Jude'a
Hyr'ia	Ide'a	Inach'idæ	Ire'ne	Jagan'tes
Hyr'i'cus, and	Ide'us	Inach'ides	Ire'sus	Jugur'tius
Hyr'eus	Id'alus	Ina'chium	I'ris	Jugur'tha
Hyrina	Idanthyr'eus	In'achus	I'rus	Ju'lia
Hyr'neto, and	Ida'rues	Inam'ames	I'sadas	Julia'nus
Hyr'netho	I'das	Inar'time	Ise'a	[Ju'lian]
Hymethum	Id'e'a	In'arus	Ise'us	Ju'li
Hyr'tacus	Ides'sa	Incita'tus	I'samus	Juliomag'us
Hys'ia	Iditar'i'us	Indathyr'eus	Isan'der	Julio'polis
Hys'pa	Id'mon	In'dia	Ise'pis	Ju'lis
Hys'sus, and	Idom'enc	Indig'etes	I'sar, and I'sara	Ju'lius Cæ'sar
Hys'd	Idomenc'us, or	Indig'eti	Ise'us	Iu'lus
Hystasp'es	Idom'eneus	In'dus	Ise'rchus	Ju'nia
Hystie'us	Ido'then	I'no	Ise'ria	Ju'no
	Idri'eus	I'no'a	Iseur'ius	Junona'ia
	Idu'teda	I'no'ra	Iseur'us	Juno'nes
	Idu'me, and	I'no'us	Isehe'nda	Juno'nia
	Idume'a	In'subres	Ischola'us	Juno'nis
I'a	Idy'ia	Intapher'nes	Ischom'achus	Ju'piter
Iac'hus	Jen'ius	Interam'na	Ischop'olis	Justi'nus
Ia'der	Je'ra	Interca'tia	Isleger'des	Jutor'na
Iak'mus	Jer'icho	Inter'rex	I'sia	Juvenalis
Ial'menus	Jerom'us, and	Ie'ui Cas'trum	I'siaco'rum	[Ju'venal]
Ial'yus	Jeron'y'mus	Iy'cus	I'ortus	Juven'tas
Iam'be	Jeru'salem	I'o	Isido'rus	Juver'na, or
Iamblicus	Ie'te	Iob'ates, and	[Ie'idore]	Hiber'nia
Iam'enus	Ige'ni	Ioba'tes	I'e'a	Ixit'ate
Iam'ide	Igna'tius	I'obes	I'e'marus, and	Ixi'on
Janic'ulum	Ial'ra	Jocas'ta	I'e'mara	Ixon'ides
Ian'ra	I'i'ra	Iola'ia	I'eme'ne	
Ian'the	Iieca'ones, and	Iolas, or Iola'us	I'eme'nias	L.
Ian'thea	Iiecaonen'es	Iol'chos	I'emen'ides	
Ia'nus	Iier'da	Iole	I'eme'nus	Lan'der
Iap'etus	Ii'ia, or Rhe'a	I'on	I'ec'rates	Lan'rchus
Ia'pis	Ii'nel Lu'di	I'one	I'e'a	Lal'ria
Iapp'ia	Ii'acus	I'ones	I'e'ce	Lal'ria
Ia'pyx	Ii'ades	I'onla	I'e'sus	Lal'dacus
Ia'rhas	Ii'as	I'onium Ma're	I'e'ter, and	Lal'dalon
Ia'rhas, and	Ii'ion	I'opas	I'e'trus	La'beo
Ia'rhas	Ii'one	I'ope, and	I'e'thnia	Labe'rius
Ia'rdanus	Ii'o'neus, or	Iopp'a	I'e'thmus	Labi'cum
Ia'rides	Ii'oneus	Iophon	I'e'thmus	Labe'nus
Ia'sion, and	Iie'sus	Jorda'nes	I'itar'otia	Labine'tus
Ia'sius	Iithy'ia	Jornan'des	I'e'tria	Labe'b'ius
Ia'son	Ii'um, or Ii'ion	I'os	I'etroy'olis	Labi'o'rigi
Iasus	Iiliber'is	Jose'phus Fla'-	I'e'us	Labo'tas
Ibe'ria	Iilip'ula	v'ius	I'e'lia	Labra'deus
Ibe'rus	Iilicurg'is	Jovia'nus	[I'e'ly]	Labyria'thus
Ibi	Iiyr'icum, and	[Jo'cian]	I'al'ica	Lac'e'na
Ihis	Ii'yris, and	Iphanas'sa	I'al'icus	Lacedæ'mon
Ih'yus	Ii'yrin	Iph'ichus, or	I'al'us	Lacedæ'mones
Ic'ria	Iiyr'icus Si'nus	Iph'icles	I'al'rpris	[Lacedæ'mo'ni-
Ic'rium ma're	Ii'yrus	Iphic'rates	I'e'a	ans]
Ic'rius	Ii'ua	Iphid'amus	I'em'ales	Lacedæ'mo'nii
Ic'arus	I'us	Iphidemi'a	I'ib'aca	Lacer'ta
Ic'cius	I'yrig's	Iphigen'ia	Ithob'alus	Lach'ares
Ic'elos				

Lach'es	Lam'pon,	La'rve	Lem'nos	Leu'cophrys
Lach'eds	Lam'pos, or	Larym'na	Lemo'vil	Leucop'olis
Lac'idias	Lam'pus	Larys'tum	Lem'ures	Leu'cos
Lac'id'es	Lampo'nia, and	Las'sia	Lemu'ria, and	Leuco'sia
Lacin'ia	Lampo'nium	Las'sus, or	Lemura'lia	Leucosyr'ti
Lacinien'ses	Lampo'nias	La'sus	Lene'us	Leucothoe, or
Lacin'ium	Lamprid'ius	Las'thenes	Len'tulus	Leuco'thea
Lac'mon	Æ'lius	Lasthe'nia, or	Le'o	Leu'otra
La'co	Lam'prus	Lasthen'a	Leoco'rlon	Leu'ctrum
Lacob'riga	Lam'psachus, and Lam'psa-	Lat'agus	Leoc'rates	Leu'cus
Laco'nia, La-	chum	Latera'nus	Leod'amas	Leucya'nias
con'ica, and		Plau'tus	Leod'ocus	Levi'nus
Lacedæ'mon	Lampe'ria	Late'rium	Leog'oras	Leontych'ides
Lac'rates	Lam'pus	Lati'lia	Le'o	Lexo'vil
Lac'rines	La'mus	Lati'a'ris	Leo'na	Liba'nus
Lactan'tius	Lam'yru	Lati'ni	Leon'atus	Lib'anus
Lac'ter	Lanas'sa	Latin'ius	Leon'idas	Libent'ina
Lac'ydes	Lan'ora	Lati'nus	Leon'tium, and	Li'ber
Lacy'dus	Lan'cia	La'tium	Leont'ni	Lib'era
La'das	Lan'dia	Lat'mus	Leontoceph'alus	Libera'lia
La'de	Lan'gia	La'thus	Leont'on, or	Libert'as
La'des	Langoba'r'di	Lato'na	Leontop'olis	Libe'thra
Lae'lape	Lanu'vium	Lato's	Leontych'ides	Libeth'rides
Læ'lia	Lacoba'tus, or	Lato'us	Le'o	Lib'ici, Libe'cii, or Li'tri
Lælia'nus	Lab'otas	Latop'olis	Leos'thenes	Libit'na
Læ'lius, C.	Lac'o'on	La'treus	Leotych'ides	Li'to
La'na, and	Lao'damas	Lauda'mia	Lep'ida	Li'bon
Lea'na	Laudam'a	Laver'na	Lep'idus, M.	Libophant'ces
Læ'neus	Lao'dice	Lau'fella	Æmili'us	Libur'na
Læ'pa Mag'na	Lao'dice'a	Lavin'ia	Lephyr'tium	Libur'nia
Læ'rtes	Lao'dice'ne	Lavin'ia	Lep'nus	Libur'nides
Læ'rthus Diog'-	Lao'dochus	Lavin'ium, or	Lepon'tii	Libur'nium
enes	Laog'o'nus	Lavin'um	Le'preos	ma're
Læstry'gones	Laog'oras	Lau'ra	Le'prium	Libur'nus
Læ'ta	Laog'ore	Laurenta'lia	Lep'tines	Lib'ya
Læto'ria	Laon'edon	Lauren'tes a'gri	Lep'tis	Lib'yceum ma're
Læ'tus	Laomedon'teus	Lauren'tia	Le'ria	Lib'yceus, and
Læ'vi	Laomedont'i'a-	Laurent'ni	Le'rina, or	Lib'y'tis
Lævi'nus	das	Lauren'thus	Plana'sia	
Laga'ria	Laon'ome	Lauren'tium	Le'na	Li'by
La'gia	Laonome'ne	Lau'ron	Le'ro	Liby'ssa
Lag'id'es	Laoth'oe	Lau'ron	Le'ros	Li'ctes
Lagin'ia	La'ous	La'us Pompe'ia	Le'tos	Li'cha
La'gus	Lap'athus	La'usus	Le'tus, or	Li'chus
Lagu'sa	Laph'ria	La'u'tium	Le'tos	Li'ches
Lagy'ra	Laphys'tium	La'ndes	Le'thes	Li'cin'ia
La'ndes	Lap'id'eus	Lea'i	Lestry'gones	Li'cin'ius
La'nas	Lap'ithe	Lea'na	Leta'nium	Li'cin'us
La'is	Lap'ithæum	Lean'der	Lethæ'us	Licym'nus
La'ius	Lap'itho	Lean'dre	Le'the	Li'de
Lai'age	Lap'ithus	Lean'drias	Le'tus	Liga'rius
Laius'sis	La'ra, or La-	Lea'rchus	Leva'na	Lige'a
Lam'achus	ran'ia	Lebade'a	Leu'ca	Liger, or Lige'-
Lam'al'mon	Laren'tia, and	Leb'edus, or	Leu'cas	ris
Lambra'us	Lauren'tia	Leb'edus	Leuca'sion	Lig'oras
Lam'brus	La'rcs	Lebe'na	Leucas'pis	Lig'ores
La'mia	La'rga	Lebin'thes, and	Leucan'tes	Ligu'ria
Lam'acum	La'rgus	Lebyn'thos	Leu'ce	Liguri'nus
bell'um	Lari'des	Leche'um	Leu'ci	Li'gus
La'mbe	Lari'na	Lecl'ythus	Leucip'pe	Ligustice Al-
La'mias Æ'lius	Lari'num	Lecl'e'a	Leucip'ides	pes
Lami'rus	Lari'sa	Le'dus	Leucip'pus	Lig'yres
Lam'pedo	Lari'sus	Le'gio	Leu'cola	Ligy'r'gum
Lampe'tia	La'rias	Le'tus	Leu'con	Li'la'a
Lam'peto, and	La'rios	Le'laps	Leuco'ne	Lilybe'um
Lam'pedo	Laro'nia	Le'eges	Leucon'es	Limu'a
Lam'peus, and	La'rtius Flo'rus	Le'lex	Leucon'oe	Limu'nia
Lam'pus	Lartolæ'tani	Leman'nus	Leucop'etra	Li'm'ne

Limnæ'um	Locr'us	Lycin'nia	M.	Ma'la Fortu'na
Limnæti'dia	Locr'us	Lycel'cus		Male'a
Limni'ace	[Locr'us]	Lyc'ius	Ma'ce	Ma'lia
Limnæ'nia	Locr'ia, or	Lycome'des	Ma'car	Ma'tho, or
Limon	Luce'ria	Lyc'on	Maer'cus	Ma'tho
Lince'di	Lucc'ius	Lyc'one	Maer'ia	Ma'til
Lindus	Lu'ceres	Lyc'ophon	Maer'is	Ma'tis
Lir'gones	Luce'ria	Lycop'olis	Maced'us	Ma'tia, or
Linter'na pa'rus	Luce'tius	Lycop'us	Maced'o	Ma'tia
Linter'num	Lucia'us	Lyc'o'rias	Macedo'nia	Ma'thus
L'ous	[Luce'cia]	Lyc'o'ria	Macedon'icus	Ma'tios
L'odes	Lu'cifer	Lyc'o'rmas	Maced'ia	Ma'tius
Lip'ara	Lucil'ius	Lyc'o'rmas	Ma'cer Æmyl'- lus	Mama'tus
Lip'aris	Lucil'ia	Lycosu'ra	Machæ'ra	Mamer'cus
Liph'um	Luc'ia	Lyc'tus	Machan'idæ	Mamer'thes
Lipod'rus	Lu'cius	Lycur'gides	Machan'idæ	Mamert'ina
Liquen'tia	Lucr'tia	Lycur'gus	Machæ'on	Mamert'ini
Lirce'us	Lucr'e'tis	Lyc'us	Ma'era	Mamil'ia
Lir'ope	Lucr'e'tius	Lyd'e	Maer'ius	Mamil'i
L'ris	Lucr'inum	Lyd'ia	Maer'ius, M.	Mamil'ius
Lisin'las	Lucr'inus	Lyd'ias	Ma'cro	Mammæ'a
Lis'on	Lucia'tius	Lyd'ius	Macro'bii	Mamur'ius Ve- tu'rius
Lis'us	Lucul'ia	Lyd'us	Macro'bii	Mamur'ra
Lis'ta	Lucul'ius	Lyg'damids, or	Macro'chir	Manas'tabal
Lit'abrum	Lu'cumo	Lyg'damus	Macro'nes	Manas'tus
Lit'ana	Lu'cus	Lyg'il	Macro'rhum	Manda'ne
Litav'cus	Lugdunum	Lyg'us	Maculo'us	Manda'nes
Liter'num	Lu'na	Lym'ire	Mader'tes	Mande'ia
Lithobol'ia	Lu'pa	Lym'ix	Mader'tes	Mand'o'nus
Lithrus	Luper'cal	Lynce'tæ	Mad'yres	Man'drocles
Lito'bium	Lupercal'ia	Lynce'tes	Meander	Man'dron
Lityer'us	Luper'cl	Lynce'tus	Meand'ria	Mandu'bii
Liv'ia Drusill'a	Luper'cus	Lynce'us	Maer'us	Mandubet'ius
Livilla	Lu'pian, or	Lync'des	Ma'di	Ma'nes
Livine'us	Lu'pia	Lyn'cus, Lyn- ce'us, or Lynx	Ma'lius	Mane'tho
Livius Andro- ni'cus	Lu'pus	Lyn'dus	Ma'macte'ria	Ma'nda
Lix'us	Lusit'ania	Lyn'cus	Maen'ades	Manif'ia
Lo'bon	Lus'o'nia	Lyr'cus	Maen'ia	Manif'ius
Lo'ceus	Lus'ticus Bru- tia'us	Lyrce'us	Maen'ius	Man'imi
Lo'cha	Luta'tius Cat'u- lus	Lyrce'a	Maen'on	Man'ia
Lo'chias	Lute'rius	Lyrnes'us	Meo'nia	Man'lius Tor- qua'tus
Lo'cri	Lute'tia	Lysan'der	Meon'idæ	Man'us
Lo'cria	Luto'rius	Lysan'dra	Meon'idæ	Mansu'ctus
Locus'ta	Lys'us	Lysan'ias	Meon'is	Mantine'a
Locr'tius	Lys'us	Lys'e	Max'tis	Mantine'us
Lo'lia Paull'na	Lys'us	Lys'ades	Ma'otis Pa'rus	Man'tius
Lollia'us	Lyb'us, or	Lysianax'a	Ma'da Syl'va	Man'to
Loll'ius	Lybis'sa	Lys'anax	Ma'via	Man'tus
Lond'num	Lyc'abas	Lys'tas	Ma'vius	Maracan'da
[Lond'on]	Lycab'etius	Lys'tes	Ma'vus	Mar'atha
Longare'us	Lyc'e'a	Lysid'ice	Magel'ia	Mar'athon
Longim'anus	Lyc'e'um	Lysim'ache	Mag'etæ	Mar'athos
Longim'anus	Lyc'e'us	Lysim'achia	Ma'gi	Marcel'ia
Longoba'rdi	Lycamb'es	Lysim'achus	Ma'gus	Marcell'ius
Longula	Lycan'on	Lysime'tia	Mag'na Græ'cia	Ammid'ius
Longun'tica	Lycan'nia	Lysim'ee	Magnen'tius	Marcel'us
Lo'rdi	Lyc'as	Lysip'pe	Mag'nes	Ma'rcia
Lo'ryma	Lycas'te	Lysip'pus	Magne'sia	Marci'na
Lo'tis, or Lo'tos	Lycas'tum	Lys'is	Ma'go	Marcianop'olis
Lotoph'agi	Lycas'tus	Lysistratus	Ma'gon	Marcia'us
Lo'us, and	Lyc'ce	Lysith'eus	Magont'iacum	Ma'rcius Sall'i- nus
A'ous	Lyc'ces	Lys'tus	Ma'gus	Marcoman'ni
Lu'a	Lyc'e'um	Lys'ta	Maher'bal	Ma'r'cus
Lu'ca	Lychal'des	Lys'nia	Ma'ia	Ma'r'di
Lu'cagus	Lyc'ia		Majes'tas	Ma'r'dia
Luca'ni	Lyc'idæ		Majoria'us	
Lucania	Lycin'na		Major'ica	

Mardo'nius	Mati'nius	Megil'la	Mener'rates	Metani'ra
Ma'rdu	Matis'co	Megis'ta	Mened'e'mus	Metapon'tum
Mareo'tia	Matra'tia	Me'ta Pompo'- nius	Menege'tas	Metapon'tus
Margin'ia, and Marga'nia	Matro'na	Megis'tia	Mene'la	Metap'o'rus
Margi'tes	Matrone'lia	Mela'næ	Mene'la'us	Metel'la
Mari'aba	Matti'ad	Melan'pus	Mene'nus	Metel'li
Mari'ia, or Ma'ria	Matu'ta	Melanchla'ni	Men'ephron	Metel'rma
Mariam'ne	Ma'vora	Melan'chrus	Me'nes	Methi'on
Maria'ne Fos'- se	Mau'ria	Me'ane	Menthe'l	Metho'dius
Marian'dinum	Maurita'nia	Mela'neus	Pe'r'tus	Metho'ne
Maria'nus	Mau'rus	Melan'ida	Menes'teus, or Mene'theus	Methy'drium
Mari'ca	Mauru'sil	Mela'nion	Mener'theus, or Mene'theus	Methym'na
Mari'cus	Mauso'tus	Melanip'pe	Mener'thus	Methodu'sa
Mari'na	Maxen'tius	Melanip'pides	Mene'tas	Metil'li
Mari'nus	Maximilia'nus	Melanip'pus	Men'etas	Metif'ius
Mari'nus	Maximilia'na	Melanox'yi	Menip'pa	Metiochus
Mar'ion	Maxim'us	Melan'thi	Menip'pides	Me'tion
Ma'ria	(Mar'win)	Melan'thius	Menip'pus	Me'tis
Maria'sa	Max'imus	Melan'tho	Men'nis	Metis'cus
Mari'us	Mag'nus	Melan'thus	Men'otus	Me'tius
Mari'ta	Maz'aca	Me'las	Mene'otus	Metor'cla
Ma'rius, C.	Maza'cca	Mela'ger	Mene'ceus	Me'ton
Ma'rinnachus	Maze'us	Meleng'rides	Mene'tes	Me'tope
Marmaren'es	Maze'us	Me'les	Mene'tus	Me'tra
Marmar'ica	Maz'eras	Melesan'der	Men'on	Metrob'ius
Marmar'idæ	Max'ces, and Mazy'ges	Melosi'enes, or Melo'sigena	Menop'hilus	Me'trodes
Marma'ron	Mecha'neus	Me'lia	Men'ta, or Min'the	Metrodoru's
Ma'ro	Mece'nas, or Mece'nus	Melibo'us	Men'tes	Metroph'anes
Marobod'ul	Medi'teus	Melicer'ta	Mentis'sa	Metrop'olla
Ma'rou	Medu'ca	Meligu'nis	Men'to	Me'tus
Morone'a	Medu'rida	Mel'ia	Men'tor	Meva'nla
Marpes'ia	Mede'a	Meli'sa	Men'y'tus	Me'vius
Marpes'ia	Mede'caste	Meli'sa	Me'ra, or Mar'm	Mexen'tius
Marpes'us	Med'ia	Meli'sus	Mercu'rius [Mer'cury]	Mice'a
Mar'res	Me'dias	Me'ta	Mer'ones	Mic'paa
Marra'vium, or Marra'bium	Med'icus	Melte'ne	Mer'merus	Mic'y'thus
Mars	Mediomat'ices	Mel'tus, Accu- sator of Socrates	Mer'mnades	Midas
Marse'us	Medi'trina	Me'tus	Mer'oe	Mide'a of Argos
Ma'rsala	Medo'acus, or Medu'acus	Melican'drus	Mer'ope	Mide'a of Beotia
Ma'roe	Melobith'yni	Mel'la Anna'us	Me'rops	Mile'nion
Ma'rsi	Melob'riga	Melob'osis	Me'ros	Mile'sii
Marsig'ni	Me'don	Me'lon	Mer'ula	Mile'sius
Marsy'aba	Medon'tias	Me'los	Mesal'ates	Mile'tia
Ma'rtia	Medusa'na	Mel'pia	Mesa'bius	Mile'tium
Ma'rtia	Metull'ina	Melpom'ene	Messa'pia	Mile'tus
Martia'lis	Me'dus	Memas'eni	Messa'bius	Mil'as
[Me'trin]	Medu'sa	Mem'nia	Mesem'bria	Mil'chus
Martin'us	Megab'izi	Mem'mius	Me'se'ne	Mil'nius
Marti'na	Megaby'rus	Mem'non	Mesome'des	Mil'o'nus
Martinia'nus	Megacles	Mem'phis	Mesopota'mia	Mil'tades
Ma'rtius	Megac'lides	Memphi'tis	Messa'la	Mil'to
Maral'tus	Mape'ra	Me'na, or Me'nes	Messali'na	Mil'tus
Massy'fil	Mega'leus	Mena'cas	Messali'nus	Mil'yas
Maxim'us	Megale'sia	Menal'cas	Messa'na	Mimallones
Max'ia Eub	Mega'lla	Menal'cidas	Messa'pia	Mim'as
Max'aga	Megalop'olis	Menalip'pe	Mes'atis	Mimmer'mus
Massag'etes	Megame'de	Menalip'pus	Me'se	Mim'cius
Massa'na	Megan'dra	Menan'der	Mesa'is	Mim'darus
Massa'ni	Megapen'thes	Mena'pli	Messa'ne, or Messa'na	Mine'ides
Mass'icus	Meg'ara	Men'apis	Messa'nia	Mine'va
Massil'ia	Mega'reus	Me'nas	Mes'tor	Minerva'lia
Massy'ia	Meg'aris	Menche'res	Mes'tus	Min'io
Masu'rius	Mega'rus	Men'des	Mes'ula	Min'us
Ma'tho	Megathenes	Mene'les	Mes'tus	Mino'a
Matie'ni	Me'ges	Mene'rides	Metagit'nia	Mino'ia

Mí'nos	Molyc'rión	Mutí'nos	Nacr'olus	Nem'esis
Minotaur'us	Momem'phis	Mut'ius	Nahr'rahl	Nem'e'dus
Min'the	Mo'mus	Mutu'nus, or	Nal'ades	Nemora'lia
Mintur'næ	Mo'e'ra	Mut'nos	Na'is	Nem'etes
Minu'tia	Mo'na	Mutus'ce	Nape'm	Neobu'le
Minu'tius	Mone'ses	Myag'rus, or	Naph'ilus	Neocessa'ria
Min'yæ	Mone'sus	My'odes	Nar	Neoch'abis
Min'yas	Mone'ta	Myc'ale	Nar'bo	Ne'ocles
Min'yæus	Mon'ima	Mycal'esus	Narbonen'da	Neog'enes
Min'yia	Mon'imus	Myc'e'næ	Narc'e'us	Neom'oria
Min'ytus	Mon'odus	Mycer'ius	Narcis'sus	Ne'on
Mir'aces	Mon'e'cus	Myciber'na	Na'rgara	Neontí'chos
Misc'num	Mon'o'leus	Myc'ithus	Nar'sid	Neoptol'emus
Misc'nus	Monoph'itus	My'con	Na'ria, or	Ne'oris
Mith'e'us	Mont'us	Myc'one	Na'rna	Ne'pe
Mith'rus	Monoph'age	My'don	Narthe'cis	Nepha'lia
Mithracen'ces	Moer'yhus	Myc'nos	Nary'cia	Neph'e'le
Mithrada'tes	Mon'yimus	Myc'phoris	Na'rses	Nepher'ita
Mithre'nes	Mo'phis	Myg'don	Nasanno'nes	Ne'phus
Mithrida'tes	Mop'sium	Mygd'o'nia	Nas'cio, or	Ne'pia
Mithrida'tis	Mop's'pia	Myg'donus, or	Na'tio	Ne'pos
Mithrotarza'nes	Mop'sus	Myg'don	Nas'cia	Neptol'ius
Mityl'e'ne, and	Morgan'tium	Mylas'ia	Nasid'ie'nus	Nep'thys
Mityl'e'næ	Mo'ini	My'les	Nasid'ius	Neptu'nia
Mi'tys	Moritas'gus	My'le, or My'las	Na'so	Neptu'ndum
Mi'æl	Mo'rius	Myli'ta	Nas'sus, or	Neptu'nus
Mnasal'ces	Mo'r'pheus	Myn'dus	Na'sus	Neptu'nus
Mnas'das	Mors	My'nes	Nas'us	[Nept'us]
Mnas'icles	Mo'r'ys	Myn'les	Nata'lis	Nere'ides
Mnasip'idas	Mo'sa	Myo'nia	Nat'ta	[Ne'reids]
Mnasip'us	Mos'chi	Myr'na	Na'va	Nere'ius
Mnasith'eus	Mos'chion	Myri'nus	Nau'colus	Ne'reus
Mnas'son	Mos'chus	Myr'ios	Nau'cles	Ner'iphus
Mnasyl'um	Mosel'la	Myrmec'ides	Nau'crates	Ner'itos
Mne'mon	Mo'ses	Myrmid'ones	Nau'cratis	Ne'rius
Mnemos'yne	Mosych'us	My'ron	Na'vius Ac'tius	Ne'ro
Mnesa'rchus	Mosyne'ci	Myronia'nus	Nau'lochus	Nero'nin
Mnesid'amus	Motho'ne	Myron'ides	Naupac'tus, or	Nertobrig'ia
Mnesila'us	Moty'a	Myr'rha	Naupac'tum	Ner'vaCocce'ius
Mnesim'ache	Mucia'nus	Myr'silus	Nau'pla	Ner'vil
Mnesim'achus	Mu'cius	Myr'sus	Nau'plius	Ner'ulum
Mnes'ter	Mu'cere	Myr'tea Venus	Nau'ra	Nessa'a
Mnes'theus	Mu'ciber	Myr'tea, a City	Nausic'æ	Nesim'achus
Mnes'tia	Mu'cra	Myrt'ius	Nau'sicles	Ne'sis
Mnes'tra	Mu'vius Pons	Myr'tum	Nausim'enes	Nes'sus
Mne'vis	Mum'inius	Ma're	Nausith'oe	Nes'toles
Moapher'nes	Muna'tius	Myrtun'tium	Nausith'ous	Nes'tor
Mo'dia	Mun'da	Myrtu'sa	Nau'tes	Nesto'rius
Mo'dia	Mun'tus	Mys	Nax'os	Nes'tus, or
Mo'nus	Munych'us	Myscel'ius, or	Nes'ra	Nes'sus
Moerag'etes	Mure'na	Miscel'ius	Nes'thus	Ne'tum
Mo'e'ris	Mur'cus	Myr'tis	Neal'ces	Ne'turi
Mo'di	Murgan'tia	Myr'tale	Neal'ces	Nies'a
Mo'fon	Murhe'nus	Mys'tes	Nean'thes	Nicag'oras
Mozon'ides	Mur'tia	Mys'ia	Neap'olis	Nican'der
Mo'sia	Mus	My'son	Nes'rehus	Nica'nor
Mole'ia	Mu'a Anto'nus	Myth'ecus	Nebro'des	Nica'rehus
Mol'ione		Myt'ie'ne	Netroph'ones	Nicarthis'des
Mo'lo	Mu'sæ	My'us	Nech'os	Nica'tor
Molo'is	Muss'us		Nectane'bus,	N'co
Moloch'us	Muso'nus Ru'fus		and Nectan'abis	Nicepho'rium
Molos'd		N.		Nicepho'rius
Molce'sis, or	Muste'la	Naharza'nes	Necys'ia	Niceph'orus
Moloe'sis	Muthul'ius	Nabatha'a	Ne'is	Nicem'us
Moles'nus	Mu'tia	Na'bis	Ne'ius	Nies'tas
Molpa'dia	Mut'ilia	Nadag'ara	Ne'lo	Nicete'ria
Mol'pus	Mu'tina	Na'nia	Nem'e'a	Nic'ia
Mo'lus	Mut'nes	Nar'vius	Nemesia'nus	Nic'ias

Nicē/ppe	Noricum	Oasis	Oenūsse	Oenotōrides
Nicē/pus	Northip/pus	Oax'es	Oēonus	Oenēd'ritus
Nī'co	No'rtia	Oax'us	Oē'oe	O'nium
Nicoch'ares	No'thus	Obultro'nus	Oē'ta	O'niba
Nic'odēs	No'nus	Oca'ica, or	Oē'yus, or	Onoch'onus
Nico'rates	No'tum	Oca'lia	Oē'yum	Onomac'ritus
Nico'reon	No'tus	Ocea	Oē'lus	Onoma'rehus
Nicod'e'mus	Novat'us	Ocean'ides, and	O'ē	Onomastō'ides
Nicod'e'rus	Noviod'unum	Oceanit'ides	Ogdol'apis	Onomas'tus
Nicod'romus	No'vius Pris'eus	Oce'anus	Ogdol'rus	On'ophas
Nicola'us	Non'nus	Ocel'lus	Og'mius	On'ophis
Nicom'acha	Nox	Ocel'lum	Og'oā	Onosan'der
Nicom'achus	Nuce'ria	O'cha	Ogol'nia	On'ythes
Nicom'e'des	Nulth'ones	Oche'sius	Og'yges	Opa'lia
Nicom'e'dia	No'ma Pom-pil'us	O'chus	Ogy'gia	Oph'eas
Nī'con	Numa'na	O'e'nus	Ogy'ris	Oph'e'tes
Nico'nia	Numan'tia	Oerice'ulum	Oic'leus	Opher'sis
Nic'ophron	Numant'ina	Oerid'ion	Oil'eus	O'phia
Nicop'olis	Numa'tius	Oeris'ia	Oil'des	Ophil'on
Nico'strata	Rem'ulus	Octacil'lus	O'fanc	Ophil'o'nus
Nico'stratus	Num'e'nes	Octa'ria	Ola'nus	Ophiu'sa
Nicot'e'as	Num'e'nus	Octavia'nus	O'l'ba, or O'l'bus	O'pēl
Nicot'e'les	Num'e'nus, or	Octa'rius	O'l'da	O'pis
Nī'ger	Neome'nia	Octol'ophum	O'l'buis	Opl'ilus
Nigid'ius Fig'u-lus	Num'e'nus	Ocy'alus	Olin'ium	Oy'iter
Nigr'i'tas	Numeria'nus	Ocy'ete	Ole'aros, or	Opl'm'us
Nileus	Nume'rius	Ocy'oe	O'l'ros	Opit'erg'ni
Nī'lus	Num'i'cus	Odena'tus	Ole'atrum	Opl'tes
Nin'nus	No'mida	Odes'sus	O'len	Oy'pā
Nin'nus	Numid'ia	Odl'nus	O'l'enus, or	Oppia'nus
Nin'ias	Numid'ius	Odl'tes	O'enum	Oppid'ius
Nī'nus	Nu'mitor	Odas'oer	O'gays	Oy'p'us
Nin'yas	Numito'rius	Odoman'ti	Oligy'r'tis	Opa
Nī'phe	Numo'nus	Od'ones	Oll'e'thus	O'pas
Nī'phe'sus	Nunco'reus	Od'ryse	Oll'in'gi	Opta'tus
Nī'phe'tes	Nun'dina	Ody'sea	O'l'ius	Oy'timus
Nī'phe	Nun'dinus	[Ody'ssey]	Olor'ico	O'ra
Nī'reus	Nur'us	Olag'rus, and	Oll'm'us	Orac'ulum
Nī'sa	Nur'acia	O'ager	Olin'te	Orac'a
Nī'se'a	Nur'da	Oean'tis, and	Olophyr'us	Or'asus
Nī'sia	Nur'tia	Ocan'tia	Olym'peum	Orbe'lus
Nī'se	Nyct'eis	O'ax	Olym'pia	Orbil'lus Pupil-lus
Nī'sibis	Nyct'e'lus	O'ba'lia	Olym'plas	Orbe'na
Nī'sus	Nyct'eus	O'b'alus	Olympiodel'rus	O'reades
Nī'y'ros	Nyctim'ene	O'b'ares	Olym'pus	Orcha'lis
Nī'te'tis	Nyctim'us	O'cha'lia	Olym'pus	O'rhamus
Nī'to'ris	Nymb'e'um	O'clides	Olympu'sa	Orchom'enus, or Orchom'e-num
Nī't'ia	Nym'phe	O'cleus	Oly'nthus	O'reus
No'as	[Nymphs]	O'eume'nus	Oly'ras	Orcyn'ia
Noe'mon	Nymph'e'um	O'dipo'lia	Oly'son	Ordes'sus
Noctilu'ca	Nymph'e'us	O'dip'us	Oma'rius	O're'ades
No'la	Nymphid'ius	O'e'me	Omb'l	[O'reads]
Nomenta'nus	Nym'phis	Oenan'tes	Omb'ri	O'reas
Nom'ades	Nymphod'orus	O'ne	Omb'ole, or	O're'te
No'mie	Nympholep'tes	O'nea	Hom'ole	O're'te
Nomen'tum	Nym'phon	O'neus	Omphag'ia	O're'te
No'mi	Nyp'sius	O'ndes	Omphale	O're'te
No'mius	Ny'sa, or Ny'sa	O'noe	Omphalos	O're'te
Nona'cris	Nyae'us	O'nom'aus	Ome'um, or	O're'teum
No'nus	Ny'as	O'non	O'e'neum	Orest'i'des
Non'nus Mar-cel'us	Nys'ades	O'no'na	Ona'rus	O're'te
No'pia, or	Nys'i'ros	O'no'ne	Onas'imus	O're'te
Cno'pia	Nys'sa	O'no'pia	Onas'tas	O're'te
No'ra		O'no'pides	Oncher'tus	O're'te
No'rax		O'no'pion	One'ion	O're'te
No'rba		O'no'tri	One'mus	O're'te
Norba'rus, C.		O'no'tria	Onesip'pus	O're'te
		O'no'trus	One'sius	O're'te

O.

Oarus
Oarus

Orib'asus	O'treus	Palame'des	Pantagnos'tus	Parys'ades
Ori'cum, or	Otro'da	Palan'tia	Pantas'yas	Parysa'tia
Ori'cus	O'tus	Palati'nus	Panta'leon	Pasa'rgada
Ori'ens	O'tys	Palan'tium	Panta'u'chus	Pa'scus
Ori'gen	Orib'i'us	Pa'cis, or Pa'le	Pan'teus	Pa'sicles
Ori'go	[Orid']	Pa'les	Panthe'a	Pasce'rates
Ori'nus	Ovin'a	Palfo'rius Sa'ra	Pan'theon	Pasph'ae
Oriob'ates	Ovin'ius	Pal'ci, or Pa-	Pan'theus, or	Pasith'ea
Ori'on	Oxar'tes	la'ci	Pan'thus	Pasit'igris
Ori'sus	Oxid'ates	Palifia	Pan'thides	Pas'saron
Oriul'a Liv'a	Ox'imes	Palinu'rus	Pantho'ides	Pasie'nus
Ori'te	Ox'onus	Palisco'rum, or	Panticape'um	Pa'sus
Orithy'a	Ox'us	Palico'rum	Pantic'apes	Pa'tara
Orit'ias	Oxy'ares	Pal'lades	Pantil'ius	Pata'vium
Orian'dus	Oxyes'nus	Palis'dium	Pany'asis	Pater'culus
O'rmenus	Oxyd'raes	Palis'dius	Pany'asus	Patri'thes
O'roa	Ox'yus	Pallante'um	Pape'rus	Pat'mos
O'roeus	Oxyu'thus	Pallan'tias	Paph'ages	Pa'tre
Oroi'thon	Oxy'orus	Pallan'tides	Pa'phia	Pa'tro
O'roitus	Oxyryn'chus	Pal'ias	Paphlaga'nia	Pa'trocli
Oros'pades	Ox'nes	Pal'les	Pa'phos	Pa'trocles
Orny'tion	Ox'obe, or	Pal'ma	Pa'phus	Patro'clus
Oro'bia	Ox'oli	Palmy'ra	Pap'asus	Patrocli'des
Oro'des		Palphu'rius	Pa'pias	Pa'tron
Oros'tes		Pami'sos	Pap'nia'nus	Pa'trous
Orom'edon		Pam'menes	Papin'ius	Patu'dus
Oran'tas	Pactia'nus	Pam'mon	Papir'a	Pan'la
Oron'tes	Pac'chus	Pam'pa	Papir'ius	Paul'ina
Oroph'e'nes	Pa'ches	Pam'philus	Pap'yus	Paul'nus
Oro'pus	Pach'nus	Pam'phos	Papy'rus	Pau'lus Almy'l-
Oros'ius	Paco'nus	Pam'phyla	Parabyr'ton	lus
O'rphus	Pac'orus	Pamphil'a	Paradi'sus	Pa'vor
Oros'i'ce	Pacto'rus	Pan	Parat'ace	Pausa'nias
Ore'a	Pact'yes	Panace'a	Parato'nium	Pas'das
Ore'i'us	Pac'tyes	Panac'tius	Par'ali	Pax
Oreil'ochus	Pacu'vius	Pan'ares	Par'alus	Pax'os
O'rines	Pader'i	Panaris'te	Para'sia	Pe'as
Oreip'pus	Padu'a	Panathene'a	Parad'ius	Peda'us
O'rsalus, M.	Pa'dus	Pancha'a,	Pa'rem	Peda'cia
Orthag'oras	Padu'sa	Pancha'a, or	Par'is	Peda'ni
O'rthe	Par'an	Pancha'ia	Paris'ades	Peda'nus
Ortho'a	Par'dius	Pan'da	Paris'il	Peda'sus
O'rthia	Perna'ni	Pan'dama	Par'isus	Pedi'adis
O'rthrus	Par'on	Panda'ria	Par'ium	Pe'dias
Orty'gia	Par'ones	Pan'darus	Pa'rma	Pe'dius Blar'us
Orty'gius	Pao'nia	Pan'dates	Parmen'ides	Pe'do
O'rus	Paeon'ides	Pande'mus	Parnu'nic	Peda'nus
Oryan'der	Par'os	Pan'dia	Parnas'us	Pe'dum
O'ryx	Par'sos	Pand'ion	Pa'rnes	Pegas'ides
Oschopho'ria	Past'um	Pando'ra	Parnes'sus	Peg'asis
Os'ci	Pato'vium	Pando'sia	Pa'rui	Peg'aeus
Os'dus	Pat'usCiclu'na	Pan'drosos	Pa'ron	Pel'agon
Os'eus	Pag'ase, or	Pan'enus, or	Parore'ia	Pela'rge
Osir'ius	Pag'asa	Pa'nus	Pa'ros	Pela'gi
Os'iris	Pag'asus	Pange'us	Partha'cia	Pela'gia, or
Os'mil	Pa'gus	Pan'asis	Partha'nus	Petasp'otis
Os'phagus	Palac'ium, or	Pan'o'nium	Parthamis'iris	Pelas'gus
Oshoe'ne	Palac'tium	Pa'nus	Partha'on	Pelethro'nid
Os'sa	Palae'a	Panno'nia	Parthe'nix, mod	Pe'leus
Os'tia	Paleap'olis	Panomph'us	Parthe'nii	Pell'ades
Osto'rius	Palae'mon, or	Pan'ope, or	Parthe'nia	Pe'lias
Osyman'dyas	Pal'emmon	Panope'a	Parthe'nion	Pell'des
Otaci'us	Palae'aphos	Pan'opes	Parthe'nus	Pell'g'ni
Ota'nes	Paleph'atus	Pano'peus	Pa'rthenon	Pell'g'us
O'tho, M. Sal'-	Palep'olis	Panop'ion	Parthenope'us	Pelina'us
vius	Palae'os	Panop'olis	Parthen'ope	Pelina'um
Othryo'neus	Palesti'na	Panop'rius	Pa'rthia	Pe'lion
O'thrys	Palesti'nus	Pan'sa C.	Parthye'ne	Pe'dium

Pho'lus	Pic'to'ni	P'i'thus	Pos'us	Polyme'de
Pho'rbus	Pic'tum	Pit'tacus	Pos'e'de	Polym'edon
Pho'rceus, or	Pi'era	Pit'thes	Pos'u'i	Polyme'la
Pho'reys	Pic'te, or Pic'ti	Pit'the'is	Pos'u'on	Polymnet'es
Pho'rmió	Picta'ri, or	Pit'theus	Pos'u'nia	Polymnet'or
Pho'rmiis	Pic'tones	Pitua'nus	Pos'us	Polyn'ces
Pho'rneus	Picta'vium	Pitula'ni	Pos'u'on	Polyn'ce
Phoro'nis	Pic'tor	Pity'e's	Pos'u'a	Polype'mon
Phoro'nium	Picam'nus, and	Pitya'sus	Polemocra'tia	Polype'rchon
Photi'nus	Pilum'nus	Pityone'sus	Pol'emou	Polyphe'mus
Pho'thus	Pi'cus	Pityu'a	Pol'ias	Polyphe'tes
Phox'us	Pide'rus	Pi'us	Pell'e'a	Polyp'e'tes
Phraa'tes	Pid'ytes	Placen'tia	Pell'ore'tes	Polys'tratus
Phraa'tes	Pi'elus	Placideia'nus	Pell'oma	Polytech'nus
Phra'da'tes	Pi'era	Placid'ia	Polis'tratus	Poly'tion
Phragan'de	Pie'na	Placid'ius	Poll'tes	Polytime'tus
Phraha'tes	Pier'idés	Plana'sia	Pollis'trium	Poly'yphon
Phranic'stes	Pi'ris	Planci'na	Pollis'ea	Poly'tropus
Phrao'nes	Pi'rus	Plan'cus	Pol'la Argenta'- ria	Polyx'ena
Phra'sicles	Pi'tas	Plaut'e'a	Pollen'tia	Polyxen'idés
Phras'imus	Pi'pus	Plat'e's	Poll'io	Polyx'enus
Phra'sius	Pilum'nus	Plata'nus	Poll'is	Polyx'o
Phratapher'nes	Pim'pia	Pla'to	Poll'ius Felix	Polyze'lus
Phriape'r'tius	Pimpra'na	Plau'tia	Pollu'tia	Pomaxe'thres
Phrix'us	Pin'are	Plau'tius	Pollu'tia	Pome'tia
Phron'ima	Pina'rius	Platu'nus	Pollux	Pome'ti
Phron'tis	Pin'darus	Plauti'la	Poll'is	Pometi'na
Phru'ri	Pin'darus	Plau'tus	Poll'us	Pome'tis
Phry'ges	Pinden'sus	Plo'des	Pollus'ca	Pompe'a
Phry'ia	Pin'dus	Plo'one	Polya'nus	Pompeia'nus
Phry'ne	Pin'na	Plemmy'r'ium	Polya'nus	Pompe'i, or
Phry'nicius	Pin'thias	Plem'mus	Polya'rehus	Pompe'um
Phry'nis	Pi'on	Pleura'tus	Polyb'idés	Pompe'opolis
Phry'no	Pio'nia	Pleu'ron	Polyb'us, or	Pompe'us
Phry'sus	Pim'us, or	Plexau'rc	Polybus	Pompe'us
Phth'i'a	Pir'eus	Plexy'rus	Polyba'e'a	Nu'ma
Phthio'de	Pir'e	Plin'ius Secun'- dus	Polyba'e'tes	Pompe'ia
Phy'a	Pirith'ous	Plinth'ne	Polyba'e'tes	Pompi'us
Phy'cus	Pi'rus	Plista'rehus	Polyba'tes	Pompis'cus
Phyl'ace	Pi'sa	Plis'thanus	Polyba'tes	Pompo'nia
Phyl'acus	Pi'se	Plis'thenes	Polyca'on	Pompo'nus
Phyla'rehus	Pise'us	Plis'thus	Polyca'te	Pompe'ia'nus
Phyl'us	Pisan'der	Plisto'anax	Polych'ares	Pompe'ia'nus
Phyle	Pis'a'tes, or	Plisto'nax	Polycle'a	Pompe'i'us
Phyleis	Pisac'i	Plisto'nax	Polycles	Pom'pus
Phyle'us	Pisau'rus	Plis'ton'ces	Polycle'tus	Pon'tia
Phyl'ira	Pise'nor	Plis'tus	Polyclitus	Pon'ticum
Phyl'la	Pis'eus	Plo'te	Polyclitus	ma're
Phyllis'tia	Pis'us	Plo'tina	Polycre'ta, or	Pon'ticus
Phyll'eus	Pis'idia	Plo'tinop'olis	Polycri'ta	Pont'us
Phyll'is	Pis'idice	Plo'tinus	Polycritus	Pont'us
Phyll'us	Pi'dis	Plo'tius	Polyct'or	Pon'tus
Phyllod'oce	Pisistrat'idés	Pluta'rehus	Polyd'amus	Pon'tus
Phyll'os	Pisistrat'idés	[Plu'tarch]	Polydam'na	Pon'tus Eux'i'- nus
Phyl'tus	Pis'tratus	Plu'tia	Polyde'tes	Popu'l'us
Physcel'la	Pi'so	Plu'to	Polydeuce'a	Poplic'nia
Phys'cion	Pise'nia	Pluto'nium	Polydo'ra	Poppe'a Sabi'na
Phys'cos	Pis'irus	Plu'tus	Polyd'mon	Poppe'us Sald'i'- nus
Phys'con	Pis'tor	Plu'vius	Polydo'rus	Populo'nia
Phys'cus	Pi'tus	Plu'teria	Polyg'us	Por'cia
Phys'eus	Plauth'nes	Plu'gus	Polygn'us	Pore'orax
Phy'tal'idés	Pit'ane	Poll'ius	Polygn'us	Por'ina
Phy'ton	Pithecu'sa	Podali'us	Polyhym'nia, and Polym'- nia	Pore'scle'ne
Phyx'ium	Pith'eus	Poda'ree	Polyid'us	Porphyr'ion
Pi'a, or Pia'lia	Pi'tho	Poda'rees	Polyi'us	Porphyr'ius
Pi'eus	Pithola'us	Poda'res	Polyi'us	
Pice'ni	Pischo'leon	Poda'rges	Polyi'us	
Pice'nia	Pi'thon	Poda'rgus		

Po'rima	Procl'ide	Psam'mis	Pyr'rhidæ	Redi'e'ulus
Porsen'na, or	Proconne'eus	Psa'phis	Pyr'rho	Red'ones
Po'rena	Proco'pius	Psa'pho	Pyr'rhus	Regi'les
Por'tia, and	Pro'cris	Pse'cas	Pys'te	Regilla'nus
Por'tius	Procrustes	Pse'phis	Pythag'oras	Regi'les
Por'tinus	Procu'la	Psy'che	Pyth'eas	Reg'ulus
Portunna'lia	Proculi'us	Psych'rus	Py'thes	Re'mi
Portun'us	Pro'ulus	Psy'lli	Pyth'eus	Rem'u'sus
Por'us	Pro'dicus	Pte'leum	Pyth'ia	Hermu'ria
Pos'idæ	Proer'na	Pterela'us	Pyth'ias	Re'mus
Poside'um	Proer'ides	Pte'ria	Pyth'ion	Re'sus
Posi'don	Pro'etus	Prolede'rma	Pyth'ius	Reudig'ni
Posido'nia	Pro'eyon	Ptolema'eum	Py'tho	Rha'cia
Posidon'ius	Pro'ge	Ptolema'eus	Pythoch'a'ris	Rha'cius
Pos'i'o	Pro'ius	[Pto'om]	Pyth'ocles	Rhaco'tis
Posthu'mia	Prom'achus	Ptolema'is	Pythod'orus	Rhadaman'thus
Posthu'mius	Promath'ides	Pro'tycus	Pythola'us	Rhadamit'us
Postver'tia	Promath'ion	Pro'tus	Py'thon	Rha'dius
Postu'mius	Prom'edon	Public'us	Pythoni'ce	Rha'ceum
Potam'ides	Promena'a	Publie'la	Pythoni'sa	Rha'th, or
Pot'amion	Prome'thei	Public'ola	Py'tna	Ra'ti
Pothi'us	Prome'theus	Pub'lius	Py'talus	Rha'tia
Pos'thos	Prome'this, and	Pulche'ria		Rham'nes
Posida'a	Promethi'des	Pu'nicum bel- lum		Rham'nes
Pos'i'na	Prom'ethus	Pu'pius		Rham'sin'tus
Posit'ius	Prom'ulus	Pu'pilius		Rham'us
Pos'nic	Pronap'ides	Pu'pilius		Rha'nds
Proac'tium	Pro'nax	Pute'oli		Rha'ros
Pro'cia	Pron'oe	Pynae'p'ia		Rhaec'poris
Proene'te	Pron'omus	Pyd'na		Rhe'a
Pro'e'sus	Pron'ous	Pyg'ela		Rhe'tas, or
Pro'eti	Pron'uba	Pyg'mali		Rhe'tus
Pro'etor	Proper'tius	Pyg'mali		Rhe'dones
Proeto'rius	Proper'tides	Pyg'mallion		Rhe'gium
Proetu'tium	Propo'itis	Pyl'ades		Rhe'gus'ci
Prat'inas	Propyle'a	Py'lie		Rhe'mi
Praxag'oras	Proschy'stus	Pylæm'enes		Rhe'ne
Prax'ias	Proser'pina	Pylag'ore		Rhe'nd
Praxid'amas	[Proser'pine]	Pyla'on		Rhe'nus
Praxid'ace	Proso'p'is	Pyla'oge		Rheon'tes
Prax'illa	Prosyn'na	Pyla'rica		Rhe'sus
Praxiph'anes	Protag'oras	Py'las		Rhetog'enes
Prax'is	Protagor'ides	Pyle'ne		Rhet'ico
Praxit'cles	Pro'tei Colum'- ne	Pyl'eus		Rheu'us
Praxith'ea		Pyl'leon		Rhexe'nor
Preu'genes	Protesila'us	Py'lo		Rhexit'ius
Prexas'pes	Pro'teus	Py'los		Rhla'nus
Prism'ides	Prothe'nor	Py'lus		Rhid'ago
Pr'amus	Proth'eus	Py'ra		Rhimot'acles
Pra'pus	Proth'ous	Pyra'mon		Rhi'on
Prie'ne	Pro'to	Pyra'mos		Rhi'pha, or
Pri'ma	Protopene'a	Pyrechi'mes		Rhi'phe
Pri'on	Protop'enes	Pyra'mus		Rhid'phus'i
Priac'il'ia	Protopeni'a	Pyrene'i		Rhid'phe'us
Pri'e'us	Protopedu'sa	Pyrena'us		Rhi'um
Pri'stis	Prox'enus	Pyre'ne		Rhod'anus
Priver'us	Pruden'tius	Pyrg'i		Rho'de
Priver'num	Prum'nides	Pyrg'ion		Rho'dia
Pro'ba	Pro'sa	Pyrg'o		Rhology'ne, or
Pro'bus, M.	Pruse'us	Pyrgot'cles		Rhodogu'ne
Pro'e'sus	Prus'idæ	Pyrgus		Rho'dope, or
Proch'yta	Prym'no	Pyrip'pe		Rhodo'pis
Procl'ius	Pryt'anes	Py'ro		Rho'dus
Procl'ia	Pryt'anis	Py'ros		Rho'bus
Procl'ius	Psam'athe	Pyro'nia		Rho'eus
Pro'lea	Psam'athos	Py'rha		Rho'o
Pro'cles	Psammen'tus	Py'rhius		Rhot'eum
Pro'e'ne	Psammeth'us	Py'rhius		Rho'eus

Q.

Quader'na	Rhe'tas, or
Qua'di	Rhe'tus
Quadratu's	Rhe'dones
Quadrifrons, or	Rhe'gium
Quadriceps	Rhe'gus'ci
Questo'rus	Rhe'mi
Qua'ti	Rhe'ne
Qua'rius	Rhe'nd
Quer'ens	Rhe'nus
Quie'tus	Rheon'tes
Quinctia'nus	Rhe'sus
Quincti'lia	Rhetog'enes
Quinctias, T.	Rhet'ico
Quindecim'viri	Rheu'us
Quinquat'ria	Rhexe'nor
Quinquenna'les	Rhexit'ius
Quintilia'us	Rhla'nus
[Quintilian]	Rhid'ago
Quintili'us Va'- rus	Rhimot'acles
Quintif'ia	Rhi'on
Quintili'us, M.	Rhi'pha, or
Quin'tius	Rhi'phe
Quintus Cur'- tius	Rhid'phus'i
Quirina'lia	Rhid'phe'us
Quirina'lis	Rhi'um
Quir'ius	Rhod'anus
Quir'tes	Rho'de

R.

Rabir'ius	Rho'dia
Racil'ia	Rhology'ne, or
Raex'ces	Rhodogu'ne
Ramil'es	Rho'dope, or
Ram'nes	Rhodo'pis
Ran'da	Rho'dus
Ra'po	Rho'bus
Rasip'olis	Rho'eus
Raven'na	Rho'o
Rav'ola	Rhot'eum
Rea'te	Rho'eus

Rhoas'ces	Sa'hus	Sal'vian	Satas'pes	Scou'lus
Rho'sus	Saba'ta	Salvidie'nus	Sa'the	Scoun'brus
Rhoza'na, or	Saba'tinus	Sal'vius	Satharna'nes	Scop'as
Roxa'na	Sab'bas	Sama'ria	Satic'ula, and	Scop'ium
Rhoza'ni	Sabel'la	Sambu'los	Satic'ulus	Scordis'ci, and
Rhute'ni, and	Sabel'li	Sa'me, or Sa'-	Sa'tis	Scordis'ce
Ruthe'ni	Sabi'na	mos	Satrape'ni	Scot'ius
Rhyn'dacus	Sabi'ni	Sa'mla	Satric'um	Sotus'ia
Rhyn'thon	Sabinu'nus	Sarni'te, or	Satrop'aces	Scribo'nia
Rhy'pe	Sabi'nus Au'lus	Amol'te	Sat'ura	Scribonia'nus
Ripha'i	Sa'bis	Sarni'tes	Saturel'um, or	Scribon'ius
Riphe'us	Sab'racce	[Sarni'tes]	Satur'cum	Scylace'um
Rixan'are	Sabri'na	Sarn'nium	Sature'us	Scylax
Rob'go, or	Sab'ura	Sarno'dium	Saturna'la	Scyl'la
Rubi'go	Sabura'nus	Sa'mos	Satur'nia	Scylla'um
Roder'cus	Sab'rata	Samos'ata	Saturn'us	Scyl'las
Ro'ma	Sa'bus	Samothra'ce, or	Satur'nus	Scyl'lis
[Rome]	Sac'ades	Samothra'cia	Satur'us	Scyl'lus
Roma'ni	Sa'ce	Sa'mus	Sat'urum	Scylu'rus
Roma'nus	Sa'cer	Sa'na	Sat'yru'us	Scyp'pium
Romi'us	Sachal'tes	San'as	[Sat'yr]	Scy'ras
Rom'ula	Sacra'ni	Sanchoni'athon	Sav'era	Scy'nos
Romu'lidæ	Sacra'tor	Sanda'ce	Saufe'us Tro'-	Scythæ
Rom'ulus	Sacrat'vir	Sanda'llum	gus	Scythæ, or
Ro'mus	Sad'ales	San'danis	Sa'vo, or Sava'na	Scy'tha
Ros'cus	Sa'dus	San'danus	Saurom'ate	Scyth'ia
Rosili'anus	Sady'ates	Sand'ion	Sau'rus	Scyth'ides
Ro'sius	Sag'ana	Sandrocot'tus	Sa'vus	Scythi'us
Roxa'na	Sag'aris	San'gala	Sa'iches	Scyth'on
Roxola'ni	Saght'a	Sanga'rius, or	Scw'a	Scythop'olis
Rube'llus	Sagun'tum, or	San'gari	Scw'va	Sebas'ta
Ru'bi	Sagun'tus	Sangu'lius	Scw'vola	Sebas'tia
Ru'bleon	Sa'is	Sanny'lon	Scal'plum	Sebenny'tus
Rub'eus	Sa'ia	San'tones, and	Scaman'der	Sebe'tus
Rap'pa	Sa'acon	San'tonie	Scaman'drus	Sebus'a'ni, or
Rubi'go	Salamini'la	Sa'on	Scanda'ria	Segusa'ni
Ru'bra sa'xa	Salamis	Sape'i, or Sa-	Scandina'via	Secta'nus
Ru'brius	Salam'i'na	phæ'i	Scanti'la	Sedita'ni, or
Ru'dis	Sala'pia, or	Sa'por	Scapt'eyle	Sedenta'ni
Ru'fe	Sala'piz	Sapo'nes	Scap'tia	Sedu'ni
Ruff'ius	Sa'ara	Sap'pho, or	Scap'tus	Sedu'sii
Ruff'ius	Sala'ria	Sa'pho	Scap'ula	Seges'ta
Ruff'ius	Sala'sci	Sap'tine	Scat'illi	Seges'tes
Ru'fus	Sale'us	Sarac'eni	Scorphi'a, or	Seg'ni
Ru'gii	Sale'ni	Saran'ges	Scor'pion	Seg'onax
Ru'minus	Salenti'ni	Sarapa'ni	Scou'rus	Segon'tia, or
Runci'na	Saler'num	Sar'apus	Scod'anus	Segun'tia
Rupi'us	Salga'neus, or	Sar'asa	Scodem'tus	Segont'i'aci
Rus'cius	Salga'nea	Saras'pades	Sche'dia	Sego'via
Rusco'nia	Sa'lli	Sarlanaga'lus	Sche'dius	Segun'tum
Ruse'le	Salina'tor	Sa'ruli	Sche'ria	Seja'nus JE'tia
Rus'pina	Sa'llus	Sa'rdes	Schor'neus	Sel'us Scra'bo
Rute'ni	Sallust'ius	Sardin'ia	Scho'neus, or	Sela'dia
Rusticus	[Sall'ust]	Sa'rdis, or Sa'r-	Sche'no	Sclen'us
Ru'tia	Salmachis	des	Scl'athis	Scl'e'ne
Ru'tilus	Salmo'ne	Sarlon'icus	Scl'athos	Seleuce'na, or
Rudi'us Ru'-	Salmo'neus	Sarias'ter	Scl'dros	Seleu'cis
fus	Salmus	Sarina'tia	Scl'lus	Seleuci'a
Ru'tuba	Salmydes'us	Sarmen'tus	Scl'nis	Seleu'cidæ
Ru'tubus	Sa'lo	Sa'rolus	Scin'thi	Seleu'cis
Ru'tuli	Salo'me	Sa'ron	Scl'o'ne	Seleu'cus
Ru'tupe	Sa'lon	Saron'icus St'-	Scip'adm	Sel'ge
	Salo'na, or	nus	Scip'io	Sclim'us
	Salo'ne	Sarpe'don	Scl'ra	Scl'onus, or
Sa'ha	Saloni'na	Sarras'tes	Sclra'dium	Scl'onus
Sal'achus, or	Saloni'nus	Sarsan'tia	Scl'ras	Selle'is
Sal'acron	Salo'nus	Sa'rdina	Scl'ron	Scl'li
	Sal'piz	Sa'ron	Scl'rus	Scl'p'ria

S.

Sem'ele	Sibur'tius	Sinuer'sa	Socicles	Stenoc'rates
Semigerma'nd	Sibyl'lae	Siph'nos	Socle'rates	Sten'tor
Semigun'tus	Sic'ca	Sipon'tum, <i>Sip'pua</i> , or <i>Se'pua</i>	Sosig'enes	Steph'anus
Semir'amis	Sicam'brl, or	Sip'ylum, and	So'sil	Ster'ope
Sem'nones	Sygam'brl	Sig'yus	Sos'illus	Ster'opes
Semo'nes	Sica'ni	Sig'yus	Sosip'ater	Stedich'orus
Semosan'ctus	Sica'nia	Sire'nes	So'sis	Stertin'ius
Sempro'nia	Sic'ella	[<i>Sire'nes</i>]	Sosis'tratus	Stesag'oras
Sempro'nius	Sicel'ides	Sir'ia	So'sius	Stesile'a
Semur'rium	Sichar'us	Sir'ius	Sos'thenes	Stesim'brotus
Se'na	Sicil'ia	Sir'mum	Sot'ratus	Sthen'ele
Sena'tus	Siclin'us Den-	Sisam'nos	Sot'ades	Stien'eius
Sen'na, or Se'na	ta'tus	Sir'apho	So'ter	Sche'nis
Sen'eca, L. An-	Sic'mus	Sir'enes	Sote'ria	Sthe'no
na'tus	Sic'orus	Sisag'na	Soter'icus	Sthenoboe'a
Senecio Clau-	Sic'ali	Sisigam'bis, or	So'this	Stil'be, or Stil'-
dus	Sic'yon	Sisigam'bis	So'thon	bia
Sen'ones	Sicyn'ia	Sisoco'r'tus	So'thus	Stil'icho
Sen'thus	Sic'de	Sisyphus	So'us	Stil'po
Septe'rio	Sid'ro	Sital'ces	Sos'men	Stim'leon
Septim'ius	Sidic'num	Sith'ides	Spa'co	Stiph'ius
Septimule'us	Sid'on	Sit'hon	Spa'rta	Stoher'us
Sep'yra	Sido'nis	Sitho'nia	Spa'rtaeus	Stoech'ades
Se'yuana	Sido'nus Apol-	Sit'us	Spa'rta, or	Sto'icl
Se'quand	lina'ris	Sit'ones	Spa'rti	[<i>Sto'ics</i>]
Sequin'us	Sig'a	Sme'nus	Sparta'ni, or	Strabo
Sera'pio	Sigam'um, or	Smer'dis	Spartia'te	Strata'rchas
Sera'pla	Sige'um	Smilax	Spartia'nus	Strat'o, or Strati-
Serbo'nis	Sig'nia	Smilis	Spe'chia	ton
Ser'na	Sigoves'us	Smindy'r'ides	Spe'n'dus	Stratocles
Serenia'nus	Sigy'ni, Sig'u-	Smint'heus	Spe'n'don	Stratonice
Ser'vius Sa-	na, or Sigyn'-	Smy'r'na	Sperchi'us	Stratoniceus
moniceus	nae	Soa'na	Spermatoph'agi	Stro'n'gyle
Se'res	Sila, or Syl'a	Soa'nda	Spe'n'dus	Stroph'ades
Serge'tus	Sila'na Julia	Soa'nes	Spe'n'don	Stroph'ides
Ser'gia	Sila'nus	Soc'rates	Sperchi'us	Stro'phius
Ser'gius	Sila'ria	Soc'mas	Sphe'rus	Struthoph'agi
Ser'giolus	Sile'nus	Sogdia'na	Sphinx	Seru'thus
Ser'phus	Silice'ae	Sogdia'nus	Spl'o	Stry'ma
Ser'myla	Sil'ius Ital'icus	Sogdia'nus	Spho'drias	Stry'mo
Sern'us	Sil'phium	Sol'oe, or Sol'i	Sphragid'ium	Stry'mon
Ser'on	Silva'nus	Sola'is	Spich'us	Stymph'al'a, or
Serto'rius	Silv'ius	Solon	Spith'arus	Symph'ia
Servae'us	Simbriv'ius, or	Solo'nium	Spith'ar	Symph'ia
Servie'nus	Simbra'vius	Sol'us	Spitame'nes	Styg'ne
Servil'ia	Simet'ius, or	Sol'yma, and	Spithob'ates	Sty'ra
Servilla'nus	Syme'thus	Sol'yne	Spithrida'tes	Sty'rus
Servillus	Sim'las	Som'nus	Spole'tium	Styz
Servius Tul'ius	Sim'ilis	Son'chis	Spor'ades	Suando'nes
Se'sara	Sim'mias	Sont'ates	Spor'na	Sura'tri
Sesost'ris	Simo	Sop'ater	Spor'rus	Sublic'us
Ses'tius	Sim'ois	So'phax	Stabe'rius	Sub'ota
Ses'tus, or Ser-	Simoi'sus	Sophe'us	Sta'tice	Sabur'a
tus	Sim'on	Soph'o'cles	Stag'ira	Sa'cro
Sesuvil	Simon'ides	Sophonis'ba	Sta'tius	Sa'cia
Set'abdis	Simple'cius	So'phron	Staph'yus	Sa'cro'nes
Se'thon	Sim'ulus	Sophron'icus	Stasand'er	Sa'cro'nes
Se'tia	Si'mus	Sophronis'cus	Stasile'us	Sa'cro'nes
Se've'ra	Sim'yra	Sophro'nia	Statil'ia	Sa'cro'nes
Se've'rianus	Sim'di	Sophro'lyne	Statil'ius	Sa'cro'nes
Se've'rus	Singa'l	Sop'hia	Stat'ius	Sa'cro'nes
Seu'thes	Si'mis	So'ra	Stat'ra	Sa'cro'nes
Sex'tia	Sim'naces	Sone'tes, and	Stat'us	Sa'cro'nes
Sex'tilia	Sim'nacha	Sone'te	Stasicle'tes	Sa'cro'nes
Sex'til'ia	Sim'oe	Sora'nus	Sta'tor	Sa'cro'nes
Sex'til'ius	Sim'on	Sorex	Stella'tes	Sa'cro'nes
Sex'tus	Sino'pe	Sor'tia	Ste'lio	Sa'cro'nes
Sex'tus	Sin'oria	Sot'ia Gal'ia	Ste'na	Sa'cro'nes
Sib'ul	Sin'til	Sotir'ius	Stenoboe'a	Sa'cro'nes

[illegible]

Themis'ta, or Themis'tis	Thesmoth'etæ	Therian'tus	Timag'oras	Ti'tyrus
Themis'tios	Thes'pia	Thro'nium	Timan'dra	Tit'yus
Themis'tus	Thesp'iadæ	Thry'on	Timan'drides	Titopol'emus
Themistocles	Thesp'ades	Thry'us	Timan'thes	Titan'rus
Themistog'enes	Thes'pis	Thucyd'idæ	Timan'thus	Timo'lus
Therocle'a	Thes'pius, or	Thulis'to	Timare'ta	Toga'ta
Ther'ocles	Thes'tius	Thule	Timas'tion	Tol'mides
Ther'octus	Thespro'tia	Thur'ine, or	Timasith'eus	Tolo'sa
Theroclym'enus	Thespro'tus	Thur'ium	Timas'tus	Tolum'nus
Theror'itus	Thessa'lia	Thur'ius	Time'stius	To'lus
Therod'amas, or	Thessa'lon	Thus'cia	Timoch'aris	Toma'mm
Thiod'amas	Thessall'otis	Thy'a	Timocle'a	Tom'arus
Thiodoc'tes	Thessalonica	Thy'ades	Timoc'rates	Tom'isa
Theodore'tus	Thes'salus	Thy'amis	Timoc'reon	To'mos, or
Theod'oret]	Ther'te	Thy'ana	Timode'mus	To'mis
Theodor'itus	Thes'tia	Thyast'ra	Timola'us	Tom'yris
Theodo'ra	Thesi'adam, and	Thyba'ral	Timole'on	To'nea
Theodo'rus	Thesi'ades	Thyes'ta	Timol'us	Tongli'i
Theodo'stius	Thes'tias	Thyest'es	Timon'achus	Topa'zos
Theod'ota	Thes'tis	Thym'bra	Timon	Top'iris, or
Theodo'tian	Thes'tius	Thymbre'us	Timoph'anes	Top'rus
Theod'otus	Thes'tor	Thym'bris	Timoth'eus	Tor'ini
Theogn'etes	Thes'tyllis	Thym'bron	Timox'enus	Toro'ne
Theog'uis	Thes'tis	Thym'eie	Tin'gis	Torqua'ta
Theomn'es'tus	Thetu'dis, or	Thym'i'athis	Ti'phia	Torqu'us
Th'eon	Thet'his	Thymoch'ares	Ti'phys	Tor'us
Th'eon'oe	Thi'a	Thymoc'tes	Ti'p'ysa	Tor'ync
Th'eope	Thi'as	Thyod'amas	Tire'dias	Toxarid'ia
Theoph'ane	Thim'bron	Thyo'ne	Tiriba'ses	Tox'eus
Theoph'anes	Thiod'amas	Thyo'neus	Tirida'tes	Toxic'rates
Theoph'ania	This'be	Thy'otes	Ti'ris	Tru'ba
Theoph'ilus	This'ias	Thy're	Ti'ro	Trach'alus
Theophras'tus	This'ea	Thy'rea	Ti'ryn'thia	Trach'as
Theopol'emus	Thoon'tium	Thy'reus	Ti'ryn'thus	Trachin'ia
Theopomp'us	Tho'as	Thyr'ion	Tiss'am	Trachon'idæ
Theophylac'tus	Tho'e	Thyr'rag'etæ	Titag'oras	Tr'e'gus
Theo'rius	Thoen'yris	Thys'sos	Tissam'enes	Trajanop'olis
Theot'imus	Tho'lus	Thy'us	Tissar'drus	Traja'nus
Theox'ena	Thon	Ti'asa	Tissarch'us	Tral'les
Theox'enia	Thon'is	Tibare'ni	Tis'arus	Transiber'ina
Theox'enus	Thon'on	Tiber'i'us	Tis'ias	Trape'us
Th'e'ra	Thot'ea	Tib'eria	Tisiph'one	Trasul'us
Therac'bus	Thoot'es	Tib'erias	Tisiph'onus	Tras'us Mon-
Therac'enes	Thora'nus	Tibe'rius	Tis'sa	ta'nus
Therap'ne, or	Thor'ax	Tib'e'sis	Tissam'enus	Treba'tius
Therap'ne	Thor'ria	Tibul'us	Tissaph'eres	Trebellia'nus
Th'e'ras	Thor'max	Ti'bur	Tit'us'a	Trebelli'us
Therip'idas	Tho'rus	Tibar'tus	Ti'tan	Trebell'us
Ther'itus	Tho'us	Tibar'tus	Ti'tana	Tre'b'ia
Ther'ma	Thun'ce	Tich'us	Tit'nes	Tre'b'ius
Therm'don	Thun'ces	Tic'ida	[Ti'tane]	Trebo'nia
Thermop'ylæ	Thurs'cia	Tic'onus	Ti'tan'ides	Trebo'nus
Ther'mus	[Thrace]	Tid'us	Titan'ides	Treb'ula
Therod'amas	Thurs'idæ	Ties'sa	Tit'anus	Tre'rus
Th'e'ron	Thurs'cis	Ti'fata	Ti'tarc'stus	Tre'eri
Therpan'der	Thurs'was	Tifer'num	Tit'enus	Tris'cia
Thersan'der	Thursid'eus	Tig'asis	Tithenid'ia	Tris'cia
Thersil'ochus	Thurs'sius	Tigelli'nus	Tithe'us	Tribal'is
Thersip'pus	Thurs'o	Tigell'ius	Tic'la	Trib'oci
Thersit'es	Thursybul'us	Tigra'nes	Tidia'na	Tribu'ni
Thesbi'tes	Thursyll'eus	Tigranocer'ta	Titia'nus	Tricast'ni
Thescl'dæ	Thursyll'us	Ti'gros	Tic'il	Tric'ce
Thes'is	Thursym'achus	Tig'ris	Tichraus'tes	Tricla'ria
Thes'cus	Thursym'e'des	Tiguri'ni	Tidin'us	Trice'na
Thes'dæ	Thursym'e'nus	Tilate'i	Tit'ius	Trieter'ica
Thes'idæ	Thurs'ius	Time'a	Tio'r'mus	Tribol'ius
Thes'idæ	Thurs'ia	Time'us	Ticu'rius	Trina'ria, or
Thesmoph'ora	Thursip'o'na	Timag'enes	Ti'tus	Trina'ria

Trinobantes	Ture'sis	Valentinianus	Vercingetorix	Vien'na
Trioc'ala, or	Tu'rius	[Valentin'ian]	Vergil'ia	Vilia
Tri'ocla	Tu'rus	Vale'ria	Vergasillau'nus	Vill'ius
Tri'opas, or	Tu'rones	Valeria'nus	Vergel'ius	Viminal'is
Tri'ops	Tur'plo	[Vale'rian]	Vergil'ius	Vincen'tius
Triphyl'ia	Turad'ius	Vale'rius	Vergin'ius	Vin'cius
Triphi'lis	Tusca'nia, and	Val'erus	Vergium	Vinda'lius
Triph'ius	Tus'cia	Val'gius	Vergobret'us	Vindic'ci
Tri'polis	Tus'ci	Vanda'ilil	Ver'itus	Vindemia'tor
Triptol'emus	Tusculu'm	Vang'ones	Verodoc'tus	Vin'dex Ju'lius
Tri'quetra	Tusc'ulum	Van'nus	Veroman'dui	Vindic'us
Trismegis'tus	Tus'cus	Var'nus	Vero'na	Vindonis'sa
Tri'tia	Tur'cum ma're	Varde'l	Vero'nes	Vinic'ius
Tritoge'nia	Tu'ta	Va'ria	Veron'ica	Vindif'ius
Tri'ton	Tu'tia	Vari'ni	Verrug'nus	Vin'ius
Tri'tonis	Tu'ticum	Varis'ti	Ver'nes, C.	Vin'nus
Triven'tum	Ty'ana	Va'rius	Ver'ritus	Vipes'nia
Tri'via	Tyn'neus, or	Var'ro	Ver'ritus	Vir'bius
Tri'via an'trum	Ty'ane'us	Va'rus	Verru'go	Virgil'ius
Tri'via lu'cus	Tyand'tis	Vasco'nes	Ver'tico	[Vir'gil]
Tri'vicum	Ty'bris	Vaticu'nus	Vertico'rdia	Virgin'ia
Trium'viri	Ty'bur	Vatin'ius	Vertis'cus	Virgin'ius
Tro'ades	Ty'che	Vatle'nus	Vertum'nus	Viria'thus
Tro'as	Tych'ius	U'bil	Verula'nus	Viridom'aru
Troch'ois	Tych'ius	Ucal'egon	Ve'rus	Virp'laca
Troete'ne	Ty'de	U'culis	Ves'tius, or	Vir'ro
Trog'lius	Ty'deus	Ved'tius	Ves'u'lius	Vir'tus
Troglody'tes	Tydid'es	Ve'dius Pol'lio	Ves'cia'num	Visc'lius
Tro'gus Pom'pe'us	Tym'ber	Vege'tius	Vespasi'anus	Visc'ius
Tro'ja	Tym'bus	Ve'la	[Vespa'sian]	Vite'lla
Tro'ilus	Tympha'nia	Vela'nus	Vescula'rius	Vitel'lius
Tromenti'na	Tympha'ni	Velen'tes	Ves'eria	Vit'ia
Prope'ia Dru'di	Tyndar'ides	Velen'to	Ves'rius, and	Vit'ricus
Troph'imus	Tyn'daris	Ve'll	Ves'vus	Vitro'cius
Troph'o'nus	Tyn'darus	Vej'ovis, or Ve-		Vit'ula
Tros	Tyn'ichus	ju'piter		Ulpia'nus
Tros'ulum	Typhus, or	Vela'brum		[Ulp'ian]
Tro'tum	Typhon	Vela'nus		U'lubus
Truentum, or	Tyrann'ion	Ve'lla		Uly'sses
Truent'ium	Tyrann'ius	Ve'lla		Um'ber
Tryph'erus	Ty'ras, or Ty'ra	Vell'na		Um'bra
Tryphiodo'rus	Ty'res	Vell'num		Um'bria
Try'phon	Tyrida'tes	Vellocas'i		Umbr'gius
Trypho'na	Tyr'il, or Ty'rus	Velliter'na		Um'bro
Tu'bero	Tyritotes	Vell'tus		Un'ca
Tuc'ca Plau'tius	Ty'ro	Vell'ari		Un'chas
Tuc'cia	Ty'ros	Vell'eda		Undecim'viri
Tu'cia	Tyrrhe'ide	Velle'ius		Uncl'i
Tu'der, or	Tyrrhe'ni	Vena'trum		Unx'ia
Tuder'tia	Tyrrhe'num	Ven'edi		Voco'nia
Tu'dri	Tyrrhe'nus	Ven'eli		Voco'nus
Tug'ni, or	Tyr'rheus	Ven'eti		Voco'n'tia
Tug'ni	Tyr'als	Vene'tia		Vog'eus
Tuguri'nus	Tyrtu's	Ven'etus		Volagin'ius
Tula'to	Ty'rus, or Ty're	Venil'ia		Vols'na
Tull'ig'i	Tys'ias	Veno'nus		Volas'dum
Tull'ia		Ventid'ius		Volater'ra
Tull'iola		Ven'ti		Vol'ce, or
Tull'ius		Venu'lius		Vol'ge
Tuna'ta, or		Venu'lius		Volog'es
Tu'nis		Venus'sa, or		Volog'esus
Tun'gr'i		Venu'sium		Vols'ens
Turs'nius		Vera'gr'i		Vol'ci, or
Tur'bo		Vera'nia		Vol'ci
Tur'deta'ni		Vera'nus		Volsin'um
		Verbig'enus		Voltin'ia
		Vercel'ia		Volum'noz Fa-
				num

U & V.

Volu'm'nia	Vulca'nus	Xen'ares	Za'grus	Zeng'ma
Volu'm'nus	[Vul'can]	Xen'etus	Zal'ates	Ze'us
Volu'm'nus	Vulca'tus	Xe'nus	Zaleu'cus	Zeuxid'amus
Volup'tas, and	Vul'so	Xen'ades	Za'ma, or	Zeux'idas
Volu'pia	Vul'tura	Xe'nus	Zag'ma	Zeuxip'pe
Volusc'nus	Vulture'us	Xenocle'a	Za'meis	Ze'u'xis
Volusid'nus	Vultu'rius	Xenocles	Zamol'xis	Ze'u'xo
Volu'tus	Vultur'uum	Xenocli'des	Zan'cle	Zil'ia, or Ze'il
Vol'usus	Vultur'nus	Xenoc'rates	Zan'thenes	Zipor'ces
Vo'lux	Valsi'num	Xenod'amus	Zan'thicles	Ziab'eris
Voma'nus	Uxellodu'num	Xenod'ice	Za'rax	Zmil'aces
Vono'nes	Ux'il	Xenod'ochus	Zarble'nus	Zo'ibus
Vopis'cus	Uxis'ama	Xenoph'anes	Zarias'pes	Zoi'pus
Vora'nus	U'rita	Xenoph'ilus	Za'thes	Zo'na
Votic'nus		Xen'ophon	Zeb'ua	Zon'arus
Ura'nia	X.	Xenopith'i'a	Ze'la, or Ze'lia	Zoph'orus
Ura'nii, or U'rii		Xer'xes	Ze'les	Zopyr'io
U'ranus	Xan'the	Xeu'xes	Ze'lus	Zopyr'ion
Urbic'ua	Xan'thi	Xu'thus	Ze'no	Zop'yrus
Ur'bicus	Xan'thia	Xy'chus	Zeno'bia	Zoroas'ter
U'ria	Xan'thica	Xyn'ias	Zen'ocles	Zos'mus
U'rites	Xanthip'pe	Xynsich'ia	Zenodo'rus	Zos'ine
Ursid'ius	Xanthip'pus		Zenodo'tia	Zoste'ria
Uscu'na	Xan'tho	Z.	Zenod'otus	Zothraus'tes
Usip'etes, or	Xanthopu'lus	Zab'atus	Zenoth'emis	Zygan'tes
Usip'li	Xan'thus	Zab'dice'ne	Zenoph'anes	Zyg'ena
Usti'ca	Xan'ticles	Zabir'na	Zephy'rion	Zyg'ia
U'tica	Xantip'pe	Zab'ulus	Zeph'yrus	Zygom'ala
Vulcana'lia	Xantip'pus	Zacyn'thus	Zeph'yram	Zygop'otia
Vulca'ni	Xenag'oras	Zagru'us	Zeryn'thus	Zygr'te
Vulca'nus	Xena'rchus		Ze'thea, or Ze'tus	

☞ A word printed in Italics, and enclosed in crotchets, denotes that it is the preceding word Anglicised.

A VOCABULARY

OF

SCRIPTURE PROPER NAMES.

A.

A'alar	Ab'ishag	Adade'zer	Agabus	Aho'liab
Aa'ron	Abish'al	Adadrim'mon	A'gag	Ahol'abah
Aa'ronite	Abish'ahar	A'dah	A'gagite	Abolib'amah
Abad'don	Abish'aloon	Ada'ah	A'gar	Ahu'mai
Abad'as	Abish'ua	Adail'a	Ag'ee	Ahu'zam
Abag'tha	Ab'ishur	Ad'am	Agge'us	Ahu'zab
A'bal	Ab'isum	Ad'ama, or	Agrip'pa	A'i
Ab'ana	Ab'ital	Ad'amah	A'gur	A'fah
Ab'arim	Ab'itub	Ad'ami	A'hab	A'fath
Ab'aron	Ab'ied	Ad'ami-Ne'keb	Ahar'ah	A'ja, or
Ab'da	Ab'ner	A'dar	Ahar'al	A'jah
Ab'di	A'bram, or	Ad'asa	Ahas'al	A'jalom
Ab'dias	A'braham	Ad'atha	Ahasue'rus	A'jeleth-Sha'-
Ab'diel	Ab'salom	Ad'beel	Aha'va	har
Ab'don	Abu'bus	Ad'dan	A'haz	A'in
Abed'nego	Ac'ad	Ad'dar	Ahaz'ai	A'irus
A'bel	Ac'aron	Ad'di	Ahaz'fah	Ak'ub
A'bel-Bethnab's-	Ac'atan	Ad'din	Ah'ban	Akrab'him
achab	Ac'cho	Ad'do	A'ber	Alam'melech
A'bel-Ma'im	Ac'cos	Ad'dus	A'bi	A'ameth
A'bel-Meho'lath	Ac'cos	A'der	Ah'ah	A'amoth
A'bel-Mis'raim	Ac'dama	Ad'ida	Ah'am	A'climus
A'bel-Shir'tim	A'chab	A'diel	Ahle'zer	A'ema
Ab'esan	A'chad	A'din	Ah'bud	A'e'meth
Ab'esar	Acha'ia	Ad'ina	Ah'jah	A'exan'der
A'bez	Acha'chus	Ad'ino	Ah'kam	Alexan'dra
A'bi	A'chan	Ad'inus	Ah'lud	Alexan'dria
Abi'a, or Abi'ah	A'char	Ad'itha	Ahim'aaz	Alexan'drion
Abia'bon	A'chaz	Aditha'im	Ahim'an	A'lah
Abi'assaph	Ach'bor	Ad'lal	Ahim'elech	A'lon
Abi'athar	Achilach'arus	Ad'mah	A'himoth	A'lon
A'bib	A'chim	Ad'matha	Ahin'adab	A'lon-Bac'huth
Abi'dah	Achim'elech	Ad'na, or	Ahin'oam	Almo'dad
Ab'ldan	A'chior	Ad'nah	Ah'o	A'mon
A'biel	Achi'ram	Adon'ias	Ah'ra	A'mon-Dibla-
Abie'zer	A'chish	Adonib'e'zek	Ah'ram	tha'im
Abiez'rite	Achi'tob, or	Adonij'ah	Ah'ramites	A'nathan
Ab'ignil	Ach'itub	Adon'kam	Ah'samach	A'oth
Abiha'll	Achi'tophel	Adon'ram	Ahish'ahur	Alphe'us
Abi'hu	Ach'metha	Adonize'dek	Ah'sham	Altane'us
Abi'hud	A'chor	Ado'ra	Ah'shar	Altas'chith
Abi'jah	Ach'sah	Adora'im	Ahith'ophel	A'tekon
Abi'jam	Ach'shaph	Ado'ram	Ah'tub	A'vah, or A'i'-
Abil'ne	Ach'zib	Adram'melek	Ah'ud	van
Abim'ael	Ac'ipha	Adramyt'thum	Ah'lab	A'lush
Abim'elech	Ac'itho	A'dria	Ah'tai	A'mad
Abim'adab	Acu'a	A'driel	Aho'e, or	Amad'athus
Abim'oam	A'cub	Adu'el	Aho'ah	A'mal
Abi'ram	A'da	Adul'lam	Aho'ite	Amal'da
A'bisad	A'dad	Adum'mim	Aholah	Am'alek
	Ad'ada, or	Aed'ias	Ahol'ba, or	Am'alekites
	Ad'adah	Ag'aba	Ahol'bah	

A'man	An'tipas	Arid'atha	Ashu'ath	Ass'phion
Am'asa	Antip'atris	Ar'eh	A'shur	Ar'ara
Amar'i'ah	An'tipha	A'riel	Ashu'rim	Ar'areel
Am'asa	Anto'nia	Arimathe'a	Ash'urites	Azar'i'ah
Amas'sai	Antoth'i'jah	A'rloch	A'sia	Azar'as
Amashi'ah	An'tothite	Aris'ai	Asib'as	A'zas
Amathe'ls	A'nub	Arista'rchus	A'siel	Azazi'ah
Am'athis	Apame'a	Aristobu'lus	A'sipha	Azbar'areth
Amazi'ah	Apel'les	A'rkitas	As'kelon	Ar'buk
A'mi	Aphara'im	Armaged'don	As'maveth	Aze'kah
Amit'tal	Apha'rsothchite	Arme'nia	Asmode'u's	A'zel
Amiz'abad	Apha'rsites	A'rmon	Asmone'ans	A'zem
Am'mah	A'phek	A'rnan	As'nah	Azephu'rith
Ammad'atha	Aphe'kah	A'rnepher	Asnap'per	Aze'tas
Am'mi	Aphaer'ema	A'rmon	As'o'chis	As'gad
Ammid'loi	Apher'ra	A'rod	A'som	Azi'a
Am'miel	Aphi'ah	Ar'odi	As'patha	Az'ei
Am'mihud	Aph'rah	Ar'oer	A'sphar	A'ziel
Ammin'adab	Aph'ses	A'rom	Asphar'asus	Azi'za
Ammlshad'dai	Apoc'alyptis	A'rpad, or	A'riel	As'maveth
Am'mon	Apoc'rypha	A'rphad	Assabi'as	As'mon
Am'monites	Apollo'nia	Arphax'ad	Assal'imoth	As'noth-Ta'ban
Am'non	Apol'los	Artaxer'xes	Assan'as	A'zor
A'mok	Apol'lyon	A'rtemas	Asside'ans	Azo'tus
A'mon	Ap'palm	A'rvid	As'sir	Az'riel
Am'orites	App'hia	A'rvidites	As'sos	Az'rikam
A'mos	App'hus	Ar'uboth	Assyr'ia	Azu'bah
Amphil'olis	Ap'pli-Po'rum	Aru'mah	As'taroith, or	A'zur
Am'pilas	Aq'uila	A'rsa	Ash'taroith	As'uran
Am'raun	A'ra	A'sa	Asta'rte	As'nah
Am'ramites	A'rab	Asad'as	As'tath	As'zan
Am'ran	Ar'abah	As'ael	Asup'pim	As'zur
Am'raphel	Arabat'tine	As'abel	Asyn'critus	
Am'zi	Arab'ia	Asaf'ah	A'tad	
A'nab	A'rad	As'ana	A'tarah	
An'ael	A'radite	A'saph	Ats'rgatis	Be'al, or Bel
A'nah	Ar'adus	As'aphar	A'taroith	Be'al'ah
Anaba'rath	A'rah	As'ara	A'ter	Be'al'ath
Anaf'ah	A'ram	Asar'eei	Aterez'as	Baalath'beer
A'nak	A'ran	Asar'el'ah	A'thack	Baalbe'rith
An'skims	Ar'arat	Asbar'areth	Athai'ah	Be'al'le
An'amim	Arau'nab	As'enlon	Athai'ah	Be'al-Gad'
Anam'elech	A'rba, or A'rbah	As'as	Athari'as	Be'al-Ham'on
A'nan	A'rbai	Ased'a	Athens'bius	Be'al-Har'nan
An'ani	Arbe'la	Aschid'a	Ath'ens	Be'al-Ha'zor
Anan'ah	A'rbitis	As'enath	Athens'ians	Be'al-Her'mon
Anan'as	Arbo'nai	A'ser	Ath'iai	Be'ali
Anan'iel	Archela'us	As'e'rar	A'troth	Be'alim
A'nath	Archestratus	Ashald'ah	A'ttal	Be'al's
An'athoth	A'rchevites	A'shan	A'ttal'a	Be'al-Me'on
An'athothite	A'rchi	Ash'bea	A'ttalus	Be'al-Pe'or
An'drew	Archist'aroith	Ash'bel	Atthar'ates	Be'al-Per'azim
Andron'e'us	Archip'pus	Ash'belites	A'ra	Be'al-Shal'isha
A'nen, or A'nen	A'rchites	Ash'dod	A'aran	Be'al-Ta'mar
A'ner	Arcu'rus	Ash'dothites	A'ven	Be'al-Ze'bub
A'nes	A'rdath	Ash'doth-Pis'-	Au'gia	Be'al-Ze'phon
A'neth	A'rdites	gah	Augus'tus	Be'ana, or
An'iam	A'rdon	A'shean	A'vim	Be'anah
A'nim	Are'lli	A'sher	A'vites	Be'anan
An'na	Are'lites	Ash'imath	A'vith	Be'anath
An'naas	Areop'agite	Ash'kenaz	Aurni'tis	Baan'as
An'nas	Areop'agus	Ash'nah	Aurn'u's	Be'ara
Annu'us	A'res	A'shon	Aute'us	Be'asha
A'nus	A'retas	Ash'penaz	Azaz'lus	Basi'ah
Antilib'anus	A'reus	Ash'riel	A'zah	Be'bel
An'tioch	A'rgob	Ash'taroith	A'zal	Be'bi
Anti'ochis	A'rgol	Ash'temoth	Azali'ah	Bab'ylon
Anti'ochus	Arid'ai	Ashter'athites	Azani'ah	Bab'ylonian

B.

Ba'ca	Beb'al	Be'sor	Be'tah	Be'tal	Ca'jah
Bace'nor	Bech'er	Be'tah	Be'ten	Be'tal	Ca'pamus
Bach'rites	Becho'rath	Be'ten	Be'ten	Be'taleel	Ca'ool
Bacchu'rus	Bach'dileth	Bethab'ara	Bethab'ara	Be'tak	Caldec's
Bach'uth-Af'- ion	Be'dal	Bethab'arah	Bethab'arah	Be'ter, or Boe'ra	Caldec'ans
Bago'as	Bedel'ah	Beth'anath	Beth'anath	Be'th	Ca'leb
Bag'oi	Bedel'adai	Beth'anoth	Beth'anoth	Be'th	Ca'ltas
Bahu'runitze	Bedel'arus	Beth'any	Beth'any	Be'tas	Calamod'alus
Bahu'rinn	Bedel'eth'mus	Bethar'ahah	Bethar'ahah	Be'h'ri	Cal'meth
Ba'jith	Bedel'sebub	Beth'aram	Beth'aram	Be'h'kar	Cal'no
Bakbak'er	Be'er	Betha'rbel	Betha'rbel	Be'h'tha	Cal'phi
Bak'buk	Boe'ra	Betha'ven	Betha'ven	Be'h'than	Cal'vary
Bakbuki'ah	Boe'rah, or Be'rah	Bethaz'maveth	Bethaz'maveth	Be'h'thna	Cal'mon
Ba'laam	Be'rah	Bethbasime'on	Bethbasime'on	Be'h'vai	Ca'na
Bal'adan	Beere'lim	Bethba'ra	Bethba'ra	Be'h'dad	Ca'naan
Be'lah	Be'e'ri	Bethba'rah	Bethba'rah	Be'h'eam	Ca'naanites
Be'lak	Beer'laha'iroi	Beth'basl	Beth'basl	Be'h'gah	Can'dace
Bal'amo	Be'e'roth	Beth'bir'el	Beth'bir'el	Be'h'gal	Can'neh
Bal'amus	Be'e'rochites	Beth'car	Beth'car	Be'h'ha, or Be'h'hah	Can'veh
Baltha'sar	Be'e'r'etha	Bethda'gon	Bethda'gon	Be'h'han	Caper'naum
Ba'mah	Beesh'terah	Bethdi'latha'im	Bethdi'latha'im	Be'h'shan	Capharna'um
Be'moth	Be'hemoth	Beth'el	Beth'el	Be'h'hal	Caphi'ra
Ba'moth-Ba'al	Be'kah	Beth'elite	Beth'elite	Be'h'ha	Caph'tor
Be'mi	Be'la	Beth'e'mek	Beth'e'mek	Be'h'na	Caph'torim
Be'nd	Be'lah	Be'ther	Be'ther	Be'h'nul	Caph'torim
Benad'as	Be'laites	Bethes'da	Bethes'da	Be'h'sha	Cappado'cia
Ben'arus	Be'l'emus	Beth'e'zel	Beth'e'zel	Be'h'avith	Caraba'sion
Ben'us	Be'l'gai	Bethga'der	Bethga'der	Be'h'lam	Ca'rehamis
Benab'bas	Be'l'al	Bethga'mul	Bethga'mul	Be'h'ti'a	Ca'rehemiab
Bar'achel	Be'l'madim	Bethha'cerim	Bethha'cerim	Be'h'tron	Ca're'ah
Barachi'ah	Be'l'men	Bethha'ran	Bethha'ran	Be'h'tyn'a	Ca'ria
Barachi'as	Belshaz'zer	Bethhog'lah	Bethhog'lah	Be'h'th'jah	Ca'ria
Be'ak	Belshaz'zar	Bethho'ron	Bethho'ron	Be'h'th'jah	Ca'ria
Be'ce'nor	Be'na'kib	Bethje'r'moth	Bethje'r'moth	Be'h'tha	Ca'ria
Be'go	Benam'mi	Bethle'h'e'm	Bethle'h'e'm	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Barhu'mites	Benet'erak	Beth'lehem	Beth'lehem	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bar'iah	Benja'a'kam	Beth'lehemite	Beth'lehemite	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Barje'us	Ben'haded	Beth'moon	Beth'moon	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Barjo'na	Benha'il	Bethma'achah	Bethma'achah	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Be'ricos	Benha'nan	Bethma'raboth	Bethma'raboth	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Be'rabas	Ben'jamin	Bethme'on	Bethme'on	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Be'radis	Ben'amites	Bethnim'rah	Bethnim'rah	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Be'rabas	Ben'au	Betho'ron	Betho'ron	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Be'rtacus	Ben'u'i	Bethpa'let	Bethpa'let	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Barthol'omew	Be'no	Bethpaz'zer	Bethpaz'zer	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bartime'us	Benoni	Bethp'or	Bethp'or	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Be'ruch	Benso'beth	Beth'phage	Beth'phage	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Barul'ad	Be'on	Beth'phelot	Beth'phelot	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bar'cana	Be'or	Beth'rabah	Beth'rabah	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Ba'shan, or Bar'an	Be'ra	Beth'rapha	Beth'rapha	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Ba'shan-Ha'- voth-Fa'ir	Be'rachah	Beth'rehob	Beth'rehob	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bash'math	Be'rach'i'ah	Bethsa'ida	Bethsa'ida	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bash'ish	Be'rah	Beth'samos	Beth'samos	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bash'math	Be'rod	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bas'a	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bas'tal	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bat'ane	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bath'aloth	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bathab'him	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bath'sheba	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bath'shus	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Bav'al	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Beal'ah	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Be'aloth	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria
Be'an	Be'ri	Beth'shan	Beth'shan	Be'h'tus	Ca'ria

Char'aca	Cir'ama	Da'rkon	Floro'tuah	El'ika
Char'asim	Ci'sai	Da'than	Flu'nus	El'im
Cha'reus	Ci'teu	Dath'emah, or	Echat'ana	Elim'elech
Cha'rea	Ci'tims	Dath'imam	Ecclesiast'es	Ello'enai
Cha'rmit	Clau'dia	Da'vid	Ecclesiast'icus	Ello'nas
Char'ran	Clau'dius	De'tir	E'dar	El'iphal
Char'eba	Clem'ent	Deb'orah	E'den	Eliph'alch
Che'tur	Cle'opas	Decap'olis	E'der	Eliph'alet
Chesteria'omer	Cle'ophas	De'dan	E'des	Eliphaz
Che'lal	Clo'e	De'dantra	E'dias	Elis'abeth
Che'clas	Col'dus	Deha'vites	E'dom	Elise'us
Che'lians	Colho'zeh	De'kar	E'domites	El'sha, or
Che'lub	Col'thus	De'lah	E'drel	El'shah
Che'lus	Colos'se	De'lahah	Eg'lah	Elish'ama
Che'lod	Colos'sians	De'mas	Eg'laim	Elish'aphat
Che'lub	Con'ah	Deme'trius	Eg'lon	Elish'eia
Che'u'bal	Cononi'ah	Der'be	Egypt	Elishu'a
Che'u'bar	Co's	Des'sau	Egyptian	Eli'imus
Chem'arims	Cor	Deu'el	E'hi	Eli'u
Che'mosh	Co'rbe	Deuteron'omy	E'hud	Eli'ud
Chena'anah	Co're	Dis'na	E'ker	Elir'aphan
Chen'ani	Cor'inth	Dib'laim	Ek'rebel	El'sur
Chenan'ah	Corin'thians	Dib'lath	Ek'ron	El'kanah
Che'phar-Ha-	Corne'lius	Dib'on	Ek'ronites	Ek'koshite
am'monal	Co'sam	Dib'on-Gad	E'la	El'asar
Cheph'irah	Cou'tha	Dib'ri	El'adah	Elmo'dam
Che'ran	Coe'ti	Dib'zahab	E'lah	El'naam
Che'ross	Cres'cens	Did'yimus	El'am	El'nathan
Che'rethims	Crete	Dik'lah, or	El'amites	Elo'i
Che'rethites	Cro'tians	Du'dah	El'asah	E'lon
Che'rich, or	Cris'pus	Dif'ean	E'lah	E'lonites
Che'rich	Cr'shan	Din'nah	Elbeth'el	E'lon-Beth ha-
Che'rub	Ca'shan-Risha-	Dif'mon	E'cia	nan
Che'salon	thas'im	Dimo'nah	El'dash	E'loth
Che'sel	Cu'shi	Din'ah	El'dad	El'pael
Che'sil	Cu'theans	Din'altes	El'ead	El'pael
Che'sud	Cy'amon	Din'hahah	El'e'ch	El'seran
Chesul'oth	Cy'prus	Dionys'i'us	El'e'sah	El'tekah
Che'tim	Cyre'ne	Diot'rephes	El'e'zer	El'teketh
Che'zib	Cyre'nian	Di'shan	El'eazu'rus	El'tekon
Chi'don	Cyre'nus	Di'shon	El'e'be-Is'rael	El'tolad
Chi'gab	Cy'rus	Dir'ahab	Elu'therus	E'bul
Chil'lon		Do'eus	El'euzai	Elu'zal
Chil'mad		Dod'al	El'ha'nan	El'yasa
Chim'ham		Dod'anin	E'li	El'ymas
Chi'os		Dof'avah	El'hab	El'zahad
Chir'leu		Do'do	El'wah	El'zaphan
Chir'lon		Do'eg	El'wadas	Emaleu'el
Chis'loth-Ta'-		Doph'lah	El'wahun	Em'ims
bor		Do'ra	El'wah	Eman'u'el
Chit'tim		Dod'eus	El'wah	Em'maus
Chi'un		Dorym'enes	El'wah	Em'mor
Chlo'e		Dosith'eus	El'waki	E'nam
Cho'ba		Do'thalim	El'wam	E'nan
Chora'sin, or		Do'than	El'was	En'dor
Chora'shan, or		Drusil'ia	El'wasaph	E'neus
Chora'sin		Do'mah	El'wasib	Enegla'im
Chosame'us		Do'ra	El'wasis	Enemes'tar
Chote'ba			El'watha, or	En'e'lias
Christ'ians			El'wathah	Engan'aim
Chu'sa, or			El'wath	En'geli
Chu'za			El'wad	Enhad'dah
Chush'an-Rish-			El'wai	Enhak'hore
atha'im			El'waz	Enha'zor
Chu'sl			El'waba	Ennah'pat
Clic'ia			El'wath'eph	E'noch
Cin'nereth, or			El'wu	E'non
Cin'neroth			El'wah	E'nos

D.

E.

E'neh	E'vi	Ge'mul	Ge'zer	He'da
Enrim'mon	E'vilmero'dach	Ge'reb	Ge'zerites	He'dad
Enro'gel	Euf'nathan	Ge'r'im	G'fah	He'da'de'zer
En'shemeth	Euo'dias	Ge'r'mites	Gib'bar	He'dad-Rim'mon
Entap'puah	Euphra'tes	Gash'mu	Gib'bethon	He'dar
Ep'aphras	Eupo'cras	Ge'tam	Gib'ea	He'dashah
Epephrod'i'tus	Euroc'lydon	Gath-He'pher	Gih'eah	Hadar'sa
Epen'e'tus	Eur'tychus	Gath-Rim'mon	Gib'eath	Hadar'tah
E'phah	Ex'odus		Gib'eon	Had'did
E'phal	E'zar	Gau'lan	Gib'eonites	Had'lal
E'pher	Ez'bai	Gau'lon	Gib'ites	Hado'ram
E'phesdam'mim	Ez'bon	Ge'za	Giddal'ti	Had'rach
Ephe'sian	Eze'kiel	Ge'zahar	Gid'del	Ha'gab
Eph'e'rus	Ezek'ias	Ge'zahra	Gid'eon	Hag'sabah
Eph'lal	E'zel	Ge'zathites	Gid'oon	Hag'ai
E'phor	E'zem	Ge'zor	Gid'oon	Ha'gar
Eph'phatha	E'zer	Ge'zra	Gid'om	Hagare'nes
E'phraim	Ezer'ias	Ge'ztes	Gih'on	Ha'garites
E'phraimites	Ez'ias	Ge'z'tes	Gil'alal	Hag'gal
Eph'ratah	E'donge'ber	Ge'z'am	Gil'boa	Hag'geri
Eph'rath	E'nite	Ge'ba	Gil'ead	Hag'el
Eph'rathites	E'ra	Ge'bal	Gil'eadite	Hagg'ah
E'phron	Ez'ra	Ge'har	Gil'gal	Hag'gites
E'ran	Ez'rahite	Ge'ber	Gil'oh	Hag'gith
E'ranites	Ez'ri	Ge'bim	Gil'oolite	Ha'i
Eras'tus	Ez'riel	Gedal'ah	Gim'on	Hak'katan
E'rech	Ez'ril	Ged'dur	G'nath	Hak'koz
E'ri	Ez'ron, or	Ged'er	Gih'metho	Haku'o'ha
E'sa	Her'ron	Gede'rah	Gih'methon	Ha'lac
Esa'ias	Ez'ronites	Ge'erites	Gir'gashi	Ha'lah
E'sarhad'don		Gede'roth	Gir'gashites	Hal'hal
E'sau		Gederotha'im	Gir'pa	Ha'li
E'drus		Gedir	Git'tah-He'pher	Hallo'esh
E'dre'lon		Gedoy	Git'taim	Ha'man
E'e'chon		Geba'd	Git'tes	Ha'math, or
Ee'hria		Ged'loth	Git'tish	He'math
E'ek		Gemal'ti	Git'ronite	Ha'mathite
Eel'baal		Gemari'ah	Gni'dus	Ha'math-Ze-bah
Eel'ban		Gene'zar	Ge'ath	Ham'math
Eel'col		Genes'areth	Ge'an	Hammed'atha
E'shean		Gen'esia	Gol'gotha	Ham'elech
E'shek		Genne'us	Gol'ah	Hammo'eketh
Esh'kalon		Genu'bath	Goll'ath	Ham'mon
Esh'toi		Gen'dies	Go'mer	Ham'onah
Esh'tau'ites		Ge'on	Gomor'rah	Ha'mon-Gog
Esh'tem'oa		Ge'ra	Ge'pherwood	He'mor
Esh'temoth		Ge'rah	Ge'ngas	Ha'moth
Esh'ton		Ge'rar	Ge'rtyna	Ha'moth-Dor
Es'ti		Ge'ssa	Ge'shen	Ham'ur
Esmach'ah		Ge'gashl	Gothon'el	Ha'mul
Eso'ra		Ge'gashites	Go'zan	Ha'mulites
Es'ril		Ge'gers'e'nes	Ge'ba	Ham'utal
Es'rom		Ge'izim	Ge'ela	Hanam'eel
Ese'e'nes		Ge'rin'ians	Gud'godah	Ha'nan
Es'thad		Ge'r'e'ans	Gu'ni	Hanan'eel
Es'ther		Ge'shom	Gu'nites	Han'ani
Es'tam		Ge'shon	Gurba'al	Hanan'ah
Es'tam		Ge'shonites		Ha'nes
Es'than		Ge'shur		Han'el
Eth'anim		Ge'sem		Han'nah
Etho'pia		Ge'shan		Han'nathon
Etho'plan		Ge'shem		Han'niel
Eth'ma		Ge'shur		Ha'noch
Eth'nan		Gesh'uri		Ha'nochites
Eth'ni		Gesh'urites		Ha'nun
Eua'bus		Ge'thur		Hanhars'im
Eubu'lus		Gethol'as		
Eve		Gethsem'ane		
		Ge'u'el		

Ha'ra	Har'ubah	Hier'ed	Hu'shim	James
Har'adah	He'ber	Hier'emoth	Hu'soth	Ja'min
Har'dah	He'berites	Hieric'lus	Huz'ab	Ja'minites
Ha'ran	He'brows	Hier'mas	Hydas'pes	Jam'lech
Ha'rarite	He'bron	Hieron'yimus	Hymene'us	Jam'naan
Harbo'na	He'bronites	Higga'lon	I & J.	Jam'n'a
Ha'reph	Heg'ai	Hi'len		Jam'nites
Ha'reth	He'ge	Hikl'ah	Ja'akan	Jan'na
Ha'rhas	He'lah	Hi'lai	Ja'akan	Jan'nes
Ha'rhasa	He'lum	Hin'norn	Jaak'otah	Jano'ah
Ha'rhur	Hel'bah	Hi'rah	Ja'a'a	Jano'hah
Ha'rim	Hel'bon	Hi'ram	Ja'al'ah	Ja'num
Ha'rriph	Helch'i'ah	Hirec'nus	Ja'al'am	Ja'phet
Ha'rnepher	Hel'dai	Hisk'i'ah	Ja'anai	Ja'pheth
Ha'rod	Hel'eb	Hit'tites	Jaarec'agim	Ja'ph'ah
Ha'rodite	He'led	Hi'rutes	Jaasan'i'ah	Ja'ph'let
Har'och	He'lek	Ho'ta, or	Ja'ason	Ja'ph'leti
Ha'orite	He'lekites	Ho'bah	Jaas'el	Ja'pho
Har'osheth	He'lem	Ho'bab	Jaaz'ah	Ja'rah
Ha'rsha	He'leph	Hodal'ah	Jaaz'ar	Ja'reb
Ha'rum	He'lez	Hodiv'i'ah	Jaaz'ah	Ja'red
Haru'maph	He'li	Ho'dish	Jaaz'el	Jaresh'ah
Haru'phite	Hel'kal	Hode'va	Ja'al	Ja'rha
Ha'ruz	Hel'kath	Hode'vah	Ja'bek	Ja'rib
Hasad'i'ah	Hel'kath-Haz'-	Hodi'ah	Ja'besb	Ja'rmouth
Hasenu'ah	zurim	Hodi'jah	Ja'bez	Jaro'ah
Hashab'fah	Helk'as	Hog'lah	Ja'bin	Ja'sael
Hashab'nah	He'lon	Ho'ham	Ja'b'neel	Ja'shem
Hashabon'fah	He'man	Ho'len	Ja'b'neh	Ja'shen
Hashbad'ana	He'math, or	Holefer'nes	Ja'chan	Ja'sher
Ha'shem	Ha'math	Ho'lon	Ja'chin	Jashob'eam
Hashmo'nah	Hem'dan	Ho'man, or	Ja'chinites	Jash'ub
Hash'ub	He'na	He'man	Ja'cob	Jash'ubi-Le'-
Hashu'bah	Her'adad	Hoph'ni	Ja'cob	hem
Hash'um	He'noch	Hoph'rah	Ja'da	Jash'ubites
Hashu'pha	He'pher	Hor	Jaddu'a	Jas'el
Has'rah	He'pherites	Ho'ram	Ja'don	Ja'son
Hasena'ah	Heph'zibah	Ho'reb	Ja'el	Jaas'bus
Hasu'pha	He'ram	Ho'rem	Ja'gur	Ja'tal
Ha'tach	He'res	Horbagid'gad	Jah	Jath'n'el
Ha'thah	He'resh	Ho'ri	Jahel'el	Ja'tir
Ha'tita	Her'mas	Ho'rims	Jahel'el	Ja'van
Ha'til	Her'mes	Ho'rites	Ja'hath	Ja'zar
Hatt'i'pha	Hermon'enes	Ho'rmah	Ja'haz	Ja'zer
Hat'tush	Her'mon	Horona'im	Jahaz'ah	Ja'zel
Hav'ilah	Her'monites	Hor'onites	Jahazi'ah	Ja'ziz
Ha'voth-Ja'ir	Her'od	Ho'sa, or Has'ah	Jahaz'el	Id'har
Hau'ran	Hero'dians	Hose'a	Jah'dai	Id'leam
Haz'ael	Hero'dias	Hoshai'ah	Jah'diel	Idne'jah
Haza'iah	Hero'dian	Hosh'ama	Jah'do	Idn'i'ah
Ha'zar-A'd'dar	He'seb	Hoshe'a	Jah'leel	Id'ri
Ha'zar-E'nan	He'sed	Ho'tham	Jah'leelites	Id'habod
Ha'zar-Gad'dah	Hesh'bon	Ho'than	Jah'mai	Ico'nium
Ha'zar-Hat'ti-	Hesh'mon	Ho'thir	Jah'tah	Id'alab
con	Heth'lon	Huk'kok	Jah'zeel	Id'bash
Haza'roth	He'eki	Hul'dah	Jah'zeelites	Id'do
Ha'zar-Shu'el	Hezek'i'ah	Hum'tah	Jah'zerah	Id'uel
Ha'zar-Su'sah	He'zer, or	Hu'pham	Ja'hziel	Idume'a
Ha'zar-Su'sim	He'zir	Hu'pharmites	Ja'ir	Idume'ans
Ha'zel-Elpo'ni	He'zion	Hup'pah	Ja'irites	Je'arim
Haz'erim	Hez'rai	Hu'plim	Ja'irus	Jeat'rai
Haze'roth	Hez'ro	Hu'rai	Ja'kan	Jeberoch'ah
Ha'zer-Shu'sim	Hez'ron	Hu'ram	Ja'keh	Je'bus
Ha'zeon-Ta'-	Hez'ronites	Hu'ri	Ja'kim	Jebu'si
mar	Hid'dai	Hu'shah	Jak'kim	Jeb'usites
Ha'ziel	Hid'dekel	Hu'shadi	Ja'lon	Jecam'fah
Ha'zo	Hi'el	Hu'sham	Jam'bres	Jecoli'ah
Ha'zeor	Hierag'olis	Hu'shathite	Jam'uri	Jeconi'ah

Jechon'as	Jephun'nah	Jer'reclites	Jo'ra	Is'pah
Jeda'ia	Je'rah	I'gal	Jo'rad	Is'rael
Jeda'lah	Jerham'ee	Igda'lah	Jo'ram	Is'raelites
Jedde'us	Jerham'ee'lites	Igesb'arim	Jo'rdan	Is'rachar
Jed'du	Jer'echus	Ig'eal	Jo'r'bas	Istalcu'rus
Jede'lah	Je'red	Iib'sam	Jo'rim	Is'ui
Jedi'ael	Jer'emai	Jid'laph	Jo'rkoarn	Is'uiles
Jed'idah	Jerem'ah	Jim'la, or Im'la	Jos'abad	It'al, or Ith'al
Jedid'ah	Jer'emoth	Jim'na, or	Jos'aphat	It'aly
Jed'iel	Jer'emouth	Jim'nah	Josaph'as	Ith'amar
Jed'uthun	Jer'emv	Jim'nites	Jo'se	Ith'el
Jer'li	Jer'iah	I'jon	Jos'eiech	Ith'mah
Jer'zer	Jer'ihal	Jiph'tah	Jos'ee	Ith'nan
Jer'zerites	Jer'icho	Jiph'tabel	Jo'seph	Ith'ra
Je'gar Sahadu'- tha	Jer'iel	Ik'kesh	Jo'ses	Ith'ran
Jeha'ee	Jer'i'jah	I'lai	Josh'abad	Ith'ream
Jeha'ee'el	Jer'imoth	Illy'cum	Jo'shah	Ith'rites
Jehaz'el	Jer'ioth	Im'lah	Josh'aphat	It'tah-Ka'din
Jehde'lah	Jerobo'am	Im'mah	Joshavi'ah	It'tal
Jeh'e'el	Jer'odon	Im'mer	Joshbek'asha	Iture'ah
Jehze'ekel	Jer'oham	Im'na, or Im'- nah	Joshu'a	I'vah
Jeh'ab	Jerub'baal	Im'rah	Josi'ah	Ju'bal
Jeh'i'el	Jerub'sebeth	Im'ri	Josi'as	Ju'cal
Jeh'eli	Jeru'salem	In'dia	Josib't'ah	Ju'da
Jehish'al	Jeru'sha	Jo'ab	Josiph'ah	Ju'dah
Jehisk'ah	Jess'iah	Jo'achaz	Jo't'phas	Ju'das
Jeho'adah	Jeshai'ah	Joda'nus	Jo't'bah	Jude
Jehoad'dan	Jesh'anah	Jo'ah	Jo't'batia	Jude'a
Jeho'ahaz	Jeshar'elah	Jo'ahaz	Jo'tham	Ju'dith
Jeho'ash	Jeshet'rah	Jo'akim	Jo't'bad	Ju'el
Jeho'adah	Jeshet'vah	Joan'na	Jo't'achar	Ju'lia
Jeho'anam	Je'sher	Joan'nan	Jo'radak	Ju'lius
Jehof'achin	Jesh'imon	Jo'ash	Iphede'iah	Ju'piter
Jehoi'ada	Jeshbi' ai	Jo'atham	I'ra	Jushab'hesed
Jehoi'akim	Jeshohaf'ah	Joazab'dus	I'rad	Jus'tus
Jehoi'arib	Jesh'ua	Job	I'ram	Jut'tah
Jehon'adah	Jesh'urun	Jo'bab	I'ri	Iz'char
Jehon'athan	Jesh'ah	Jo'ch'ebed	Iri'jah	Iz'har
Jeho'ram	Jesim'el	Jo'da	Ir'nahash	Iz'harite
Jehoshab'eath	Je'se	Jo'el	I'ron	Iz'rahite
Jehosh'aphat	Je'sua	Jo'el	I'r'ee	Iz'rahite
Jehosh'eza	Je'ui	Jo'elah	Irshe'mish	Iz'rah'ah, or Iz'rah'ah
Jehosh'ua	Je'uiles	Jo'zer	I'ru	Iz'reel
Jeho'vah	Je'sus	Jo'zeah	I'saac	Iz'ri
Jeho'vah-Nis'i	Je'ther	Jo'z'il	Iza'lah	Iz'rites
Jeho'vah-Sha'- lom	Je'theth	Jo'na	Iz'cah	
Jeho'vah-	Je'th'lah	Johan'nan	Iscar'lot	
Sham'mah	Je'thro	John	Iz'dael	
Jeho'vah-Tsid'- kenu	Je'tur	Jo'nada	Izh'tah	
Jehoz'abad	Je'uel	Jo'akim	Izh'buk	
Je'hu	Je'ush	Jo'arib	Izh'bi-He'nob	
Jehub'bah	Je'uz	Jo'keam	Izh'bosebeth	
Je'hucal	Jew	Jo'kim	I'zhi	
Je'hud	Jew'ess	Jo'keam	Ishi'ah	
Jehu'di	Jew'ry	Jo'keam	Ishi'jah	
Jehudi'jah	Jezan'ah	Jo'kshan	Ish'ma	
Je'hush	Je'abel	Jo'k'tan	Ish'mael	
Je'i'el	Jeze'us	Jo'k'teel	Ish'macilites	
Jekab'zeel	Je'zer	Jo'na	Ishma'ah	
Jekame'am	Je'zerites	Jon'adab	Ishme'rai	
Jekam'ah	Jez'ah	Jo'nah	I'shod	
Jeku'thiel	Je'ziel	Jo'nan	Ish'pan	
Jem'ma	Jez'lah	Jo'naa	Ish'tob	
Jemu'el	Jez'our	Jo'athan	Ish'ua	
Jeph'tah	Jezrah'i'ah	Jo'nath-E'lem-	Ish'ual	
	Jez'reel	Recho'chim	Ismach'i'ah	
	Jez'reelite	Jo'pa	Ismah'ah	

K.

Kab'zeel
Ka'des
Ka'desh,
Ca'desh
Ka'desh-Bar' nea
Kad'miel
Kad'monites
Ka'fal
Ka'nah
Kare'ah
Ka'raaa
Ka'rkor
Ka'rnadm
Ka'rtah
Ka'rtan
Kat'tah
Ke'dar
Ke'demah

Red'emoth	La'dan	Lys'ias	Mah'lal	Mass'as
Ke'desh	La'el	Lys'tra	Mah'il	Mathu'sala
Kehef'athah	La'had		Mah'lites	Ma'tred
Ke'lal	Lahad'rol	M.	Mah'lon	Ma'tri
Kela'iah	Lah'man		Maian'eas	Mat'tan
Kel'lal	Lah'mas	Ma'acah	Ma'kas	Mat'tanah
Kemuel	Lah'mi	Ma'achah	Ma'ked	Mattan'ah
Ke'nah	La'ish	Maach'athi	Make'loth	Mat'tatha
Ke'nan	La'kum	Maach'athites	Makke'dah	Mattath'as
Ke'nath	La'mech	Maad'al	Mak'tesh	Mattena'i
Ke'naz	Laodice'a	Mandi'ah	Ma'nchi	Mat'than
Ken'ites	Laodice'ans	Ma'i	Mal'cham	Mat'that
Ken'izites	Lap'idoth	Maal'eh-Acrab'-	Malchi'ah	Matthe'ias
Kerenhap'puch	Lase'a	blin	Mal'chiel	Matth'ew
Ke'rioth	La'shah	Ma'nnai	Mal'chielites	Matth'as
Ke'ros	Lasha'ron	Ma'arath	Malchi'jah	Mattith'ah
Ketu'rah	Las'thenes	Manse'ah	Malchi'ram	Mazh'as
Ke'zia	Las'arus	Mans'ah	Malchishu'ah	Maz'aroth
Ke'ziz	La'ah	Ma'ath	Mal'chom	Me'ah
Kib'roth-Hat-	Leb'anah	Ma'az	Mal'chus	Mea'ni
ta'avah	Leb'anon	Maus'ah	Mal'cleel	Men'rah
Kib'zaim	Leb'aoth	Mab'dai	Mal'las	Mebu'nal
Kid'ron	Lebbe'us	Mac'alon	Mal'lothi	Mech'erath
Ki'nah	Lebo'nah	Mac'abees	Mal'luch	Mech'erathite
Kir	Le'chah	Maccabe'us	Mama'ias	Ne'dad
Kirhar'aseth	Le'hahim	Macedo'nia	Mam'mon	Med'alah
Kir'heresh	Le'hi	Mach'benah	Mamnitanaf'-	Me'dan
Kir'iath, or	Lem'uel	Mach'bena'i	mus	Med'eba
Kir'jath	Le'shem	Ma'chi	Mam're	Medes
Kir'jath-A'rba	Let'tus	Ma'chir	Mamu'eus	Me'dia
Kir'jath-A'im	Letu'shim	Ma'chirites	Man'aen	Me'dian
Kir'jath-A'rim	Le'vi	Mach'mas	Man'abath	Me'e'da
Kir'jath-A'rius	Lev'athan	Machnade'bai	Man'ahem	Megid'do
Kir'jath-B'al	Le'vis	Machpe'lah	Mana'heshites	Megid'don
Kir'jath-Hu'-	Le'vites	Mach'heloth	Manasse'us	Meha'li
zoth	Levir'eus	Ma'cron	Manas'seh	Mech'abe.
Kir'jath-Je'a-	Leum'mim	Mad'al	Manas'ses	Meh'i'da
rim	Lil'anus	Madi'abun	Manas'sites	Me'hir
Kir'jath-San'-	Lil'nah	Madi'ah	Ma'neh	Mehol'athite
nah	Lil'ni	Ma'dian	Ma'ni	Mehu'jael
Kir'jath-Se'pher	Lil'nites	Madman'nah	Man'na	Mehu'man
Kir'loth	Lignaf'oes	Ma'e'us	Mano'ah	Mehu'nim
Kish'i	Lig'ure	Mag'bish	Ma'och	Mehu'nims
Kish'ion	Lik'hil	Mag'dala	Ma'on	Meja'rkon
Ki'shon, or	L'i'us	Mag'dalen, or	Ma'onites	Mek'onah
Ki'son	Loom'mi	Magdale'ne	Ma'ra	Melat'ah
Kith'lish	Lod'ebur	Mag'diel	Ma'rah	Mel'chi
Kit'ron	Lo'is	Ma'geg	Mar'alah	Melch'ah
Kit'tim	Lo-Ruha'mah	Ma'gor-Mis'sa-	Maranath'a	Melchi'as
Ko'a	Lo'tan	bib	Ma'trus	Mel'chiel
Ko'hath	Lothasu'bus	Mag'piash	Mardoche'us	Melchis'edek
Ko'hathites	Lo'son	Ma'halah	Marc'shah	Melchishu'a
Kolai'ah	Lu'blin	Ma'halath-Le-	Mar'isa	Mele'a
Ko'rah	Lu'bims	an'noth	Ma'mnooth	Melech
Ko'rahites	Lu'cas	Ma'halath-	Ma'roth	Mel'licu
Ko'rathites	Lu'difer	Mas'chil	Mars	Mel'ita
Kor'ites	Lu'eius	Mahal'aleel	Ma'rana	Mel'tus
Ko're	Lu'dim	Ma'hali	Ma'rtena	Mel'tar
Kusha'iah	Lu'hith	Mahana'im	Ma'rtha	Mem'phis
	Luke	Ma'haneh-Dan	Ma'ry	Memu'can
	Lyt'la	Ma'hanem	Mas'chil	Men'ahem
	Lycas'nia	Mahar'ai	Mas'cloth	Me'nan
	Lyc'ca	Ma'hath	Ma'hal	Me'ne
	Lyc'ia	Ma'havites	Mas'man	Me'nith
	Lyd'da	Ma'haz	Mas'moth	Men'othal
	Lyd'ia	Maha'zieth	Mas'rekah	Meon'emem
	Lysa'nias	Ma'hersha'al-	Ma'sa	Meph'ath
	Lys'ia	hash'bar	Mas'ah	Mephiz'oseth

L.

La'adah
La'adan
La'ban
La'bana
La'chish
Lacu'nus

Me'rah	Mig'dol	Mose'rah	Na'sor	Nib'bas
Me'rah	Mig'ron	Mo'ses	Na'than	Nib'shan
Me'ra'loth	Mil'amim	Moso'lam	Nathan'a'el	Nica'nor
Me'ran	Mik'loth	Moso'roth	Nathan'as	Nicod'e'mus
Me'ari	Milkne'iah	Mosul'lamon	Na'than-Me'-	Nicola'itanes
Me'arites	Milala'l	Mo'za	lech	Nic'o'las
Me'ra'ha'im	Mil'cah, or	Mo'zah	Na've	Nicop'olia
Me'ru'rias	Mil'cha, or	Mup'plim	Na'um	Ni'ger
Me'red	Mil'chah	Mu'shi	Nazare'nes	Nim'rah
Me'emoth	Mil'com	Mu'shites	Nazareth	Nim'rim
Me'rus	Mile'tus	Muthlab'ben	Naz'arite	Nim'rod
Me'r'bah	Mile'tum	Mya'dus	Ne'ah	Nim'shi
Me'r'bah-Ka'-	Mil'lo	My'ra	Nenp'olis	Nin'eve
desh	My'na	Mys'ia	Nenr'ah	Nin'eveh
Merib'baal	Min'anin	Mytele'ne	Nei'al	Nin'evides
Mer'imoth	Mio'ni		Neba'joth	Ni'san
Me'rodach-Bal'-	Mio'nith		Neba'lat	Ni'sroch
adan	Mip'hkad		Ne'bat	Nodif'ah
Me'rom	Mir'lam	Na'am	Ne'bo	No'ah, or No'e
Me'ron'othite	Mir'ma	Na'amah	Nebuchadne'-	No'bah
Me'roz	Mis'gab	Na'aman	zar	No'dab
Me'ruth	Mish'a'el	Na'amathites	Nebuchodon'o'-	No'eba
Me'sech	Mish'al	Na'amites	sor	No'ga, or
Me'sha	Mi'sham	Na'arah	Nebuchadre'-	No'gah
Me'shach	Mish'eal	Na'aral	zar	No'hah
Me'shech	Mish'ma	Na'aran	Nebushas'tan	Nom
Meshelem'ah	Mishman'na	Na'arath	Nebuzar'adan	Nom'ades
Mesher'abel	Mish'raites	Na'ashon	Ne'cho	No'phah
Merher'abel	Mis'par	Na'asson	Neco'dan	Nume'nus
Meshilla'mith	Mis'pereth	Na'athus	Nedab'ah	Nym'phas
Meshil'memoth	Mis'pha	Na'tai	Neg'moth	
Mesho'bah	Mis'phah	Nabaz'rias	Nehel'amite	
Meshu'lam	Mis'raim	Nabathe'ans	Nehem'ah	
Meshu'lemith	Mis'rephoth-	Na'bathites	Ne'hun	Obad'ah
Me'sobah	ma'im	Na'both	Nebush'ta	O'bal
Me'sobaite	Mith'cah	Na'chon	Nebush'tah	O'bed
Mesopota'mia	Mith'nite	Na'chor	Nebush'tan	O'bed-E'dom
Mess'ah	Mith'ridath	Na'dab	Ne'el	O'beth
Messi'as	Mityle'ne	Nadab'atha	Ne'keb	O'bil
Me'te'rus	Mi'zar	Nag'ge	Neko'da	O'both
Me'theg-Am'-	Mis'yah	Naha'hel	Nema'el	O'chiel
mah	Mis'yeh	Nahal'lai	Nema'elites	Ocide'lus
Meth'redath	Mis'raim	Na'hakel	Ne'yb'eg	Oc'ina
Methu'sael	Mis'rah	Na'ham	Ne'phi	Oc'ran
Methu'selah	Mna'son	Naham'ani	Ne'phis	O'ded
Methu'sela	Ne'ab	Nahar'ai	Ne'phish	Odo'l'am
Meu'nim	Me'abites	Na'hash	Nephish'esim	Odonat'rics
Mez'ahab	Mood'iah	Na'hath	Neph'thali	O'had
Mi'amim	Mock'mur	Nah'tel	Neph'thalim	O'hel
Mib'har	Mock'ram	Na'habi	Neph'tulim	O'amus
Mib'sam	Mo'din	Na'hor	Nephu'sim	O'ivet
Mib'zar	Mo'eth	Nah'thon	Nep'thoah	Olym'phas
Mi'cah	Mo'adah	Na'bun	Ne'ra	Olym'pas
Mica'iah	Mo'lech	Na'idus	Ne'reus	Omas'e'rus
Mi'cha	Mo'li	Na'im	Ne'rgal	O'mar
Mi'chael	Mo'lid	Na'in	Ne'rgal-Shere'-	Om'ri
Mi'chah	Mo'loch	Na'loth	zer	O'nam
Mi'chal	Mo'lock	Nane'a	Ne'ri	O'nan
Mich'mas	Mom'dis	Na'oni	Ner'ah	Ones'imus
Mich'mash	Moosi'as	Na'phish	Ne'ro	Onesiph'o'rus
Mich'methah	Mo'rashite	Naph'isi	Nethan'eel	Oni'ares
Mich'ri	Mo'rashite	Naph'thali	Nethan'ah	Oni'as
Mich'tam	Mo'rdecai	Naph'thar	Neth'aimis	O'no
Mid'din	Mo'reh	Naph'tuhim	Neto'phah	O'nus
Mid'ian	Mo'resheth-	Narcis'sus	Netoph'a'hi	On'ycha
Mid'ianites	Gath	Nas'bas	Netoph'athites	O'nyx
Mig'dalel	Mori'ah	Na'shon	Nes'ah	O'phel
Mig'dal-Gad	Mose'ra	Ne'sib	Ne'eb	O'pher

Sa'd'ducces	Sa'rid	Shaash'gas	She'leph	Shim'ronites
Sa'doc	Sa'ron	Shabbeth'al	She'lesh	Shim'ron-Me-
Sahadu'tha-Je'-	Saro'thi	Shach'la	Shel'omi	ron
gar	Sarse'chim	Shad'dai	Shel'omith	Shim'shai
Sa'la	Sa'roch	Shad'drach	Shel'omoth	Shi'nab
Sa'lah	Sa'tan	Sha'ge	Shelu'miel	Shi'nar
Salasaf'al	Sathrabu'nes	Shahaz'imath	She'ma	Shi'on
Sala'thiel	Sathrabuza'nes	Shal'techeth	Shem'nah	Shi'phi
Sa'rah	Sav'aran	Sha'lem	Shemai'ah	Shiph'mite
Sa'rchah	Sa'vias	Sha'lim	Shemari'ah	Shiph'ra
Sa'arnis	Saul	Sha'lisha	Shem'eber	Shiph'rath
Sa'lem	Sor'va	Sha'lum	She'mir	Ship'tan
Sa'lim	Sche'chem	Shal'mai	Shemi'da	Shi'sha
Sa'lai	Scribes	Shal'man	Shemi'daltes	Shi'shak
Sa'lu	Scyth'lans	Shalmans'er	Shem'inith	Shit'rai
Sa'lum	Scythopolis	Sha'ma	Shemir'arnoth	Shit'tah
Sallu'mus	Scythopolitans	Shamar'ah	Shemu'el	Shit'tim-Wood
Sa'lma, or	Se'ba	Sha'med	Shena'zar	Shi'za
Sa'lmah	Se'bat	Sham'ner	Sho'air	Sho'a
Sa'mon	Se'eacah	Sham'gar	She'pham	Sho'ah
Salmone	Sechem'as	Sham'huth	Shephati'ah	Sho'bab
Sa'lon	Se'chu	Sha'mir	She'phi	Sho'bach
Salo'me	Secun'dus	Sham'ma	She'pho	Sho'bal
Sa'lu	Sedec'as	Sham'mah	Shephu'phan	Sho'bal
Sa'lum	Se'gub	Sham'mai	She'rah	Sho'bek
Sam'uel	Se'ir	Sham'moth	Shereid'ah	Sho'bi
Sama'ias	Se'irath	Shammu'a	She'resh	Sho'cho
Sama'ria	Se'la	Shammu'ah	Shere'zer	Sho'choh
Samar'itans	Se'la-Ham'mah-	Shamshem'i	She'shach	Sho'harn
Sam'atus	le'koth	Sha'pham	She'shai	Sho'mer
Same'ius	Se'lah	Shu'phan	She'shan	Sho'phach
Sam'gar-Ne'bo	Se'led	Sha'phat	Shesh'azar	Sho'phan
Sa'mi	Selem'as	Sha'pher	She'thar	Shoshan'nim
a'mis	Selen'cia	Shar'ai	She'thar-Doz'-	Shoshan'nim-
Sam'lah	Semachi'ah	Shar'alim	nai	E'duth
Sam'mus	Semai'ah	Sha'rar	She'vah	Shu'a
Sa'mos	Semaf'as	Share'zer	Shib'boleth	Shu'ah
Samothes'cia	Sem'el	Sha'ron	Shib'mah	Shu'al
Sump'sames	Semel'eus	Sharonite	Shi'chren	Shu'bael
Sam'son	Se'mis	Sharu'henn	Shigga'lon	Shu'harn
Sam'uel	Sen'nah	Shash'al	Shi'hor	Shu'hamites
Sanasar'arus	Se'neh	Sha'shak	Shi'hoor-Lib'-	Shu'hites
San'ash	Se'nir	Sha'veh	nath	Shu'lamite
Sanbal'lat	Sennache'rib, or	Shu'veth	Shi'lin	Shu'mathites
San'bedrim	Sennach'erib	Shu'ul	Shi'li	Shu'namite
Sansan'nab	Sen'nah	Shu'ulites	Shi'him	Shu'noon
Sa'phat	Seo'rim	Shau'sha	Shi'lem	Shu'ni
Saphati'as	Se'phar	She'al	Shi'lemites	Shu'nites
Sa'pheth	Seph'arad	Sheal'tiel	Shi'loh, or Shi'lo	Shu'pham
Sa'phir	Sepharva'im	Sheari'ah	Shilo'ah	Shu'phamite
Sopphi'ra	Seph'arvites	Shearja'shub	Shilo'ni	Shup'pim
Sarab'as	Sephe'la	She'ba, or	Shilonites	Shu'shan
Sa'rah, or Sa'ral	Se'rah	She'bah	Shil'shah	Shu'shan
Saral'ah	Sers'lah	She'barn	Shim'ea	E'duth
Sara'ias	Se'rad	Shetan'ah	Shim'eam	Shu'thalites
Saram'ael	Ser'gius	Sheb'arim	Shim'eath	Shu'thelah
Sar'amel	Se'ron	She'bat	Shim'athites	Si'a
Sa'raph	Se'rug	She'ber	Shim'el	Si'aka
Sarched'omus	Se'sis	Shet'na	Shim'eon	Si'ba
Sa'rdeus	Se'sthel	Shet'uel	Shim'hi	Shi'bachal
Sa'rdis	Se'thar	Shecan'ah	Shi'mi	Shi'boleth
Sa'rdites	Se'ther	She'chem	Shim'ites	Shi'bah
Sa'rdine	Sex'tus	She'chemites	Shim'ma	Shi'radim
Sa'rduus	Shaalab'bin	Shed'eur	Shim'mon	Si'chem
Sa'rdoonyx	Shaal'bim	Shehar'ah	Shim'rath	Shi'dim
Sa'rea	Shaal'boulte	She'lah	Shim'ri	Si'de
Sarep'ta	Sha'aph	She'lanites	Shim'rith	Si'don
Sa'rgon	Shaars'im	Shelem'ah	Shim'ron	Sig'onoth

Si'ha	Syc'lus	Tel'abih	Tim'nite	Uri'jah
Si'hon	Syc'ne	Tel'ah	Tymon	Urim
Si'hor	Syn'agogue	Tel'alim	Timo'theus	U'ta
Si'las	Syn'tiche	Telas'ar	Tim'othy	U'thal
Si'la	Syr'acuse	Tel'em	Tiph'sah	U'thi
Si'oa	Syr'ia	Tel'hare'tha	Tyras	U'zal
Si'oah, or	Syr'ia-Ma'a'rah	Tel'ha'ra	Tyrathites	U'zal
Si'oam	Syr'ian	Tel'mela	Tir'hakah	Uz'a, or Uz'ah
Si'oe	Syr'ion	Tel'melah	Tir'hanah	Uz'en-She'rah
Silva'nus	Syrophenic'ia	Te'ma	Tir'ia	Uz'i
Silvaku'e		Te'man	Tir'shatha	Uzi'ah
Sin'e		Tem'and	Tir'zah	Uzi'el
Sin'eon		Te'manites	Tish'bite	Uz'f'elites
Sin'eonites		Tem'eni	Ti'van	
Si'mon		Te'pho	Ti'za	
Sim'ri		Te'rah	Ti'zite	
Si'na		Te'raphim	To'ah	
Si'nal		Te'resh	Tobi'ah	
Si'alim		Terti'us	Tobi'as	
Sin'ites		Tertull'us	To'b'el	
Si'on		Te'ta	Tobi'jah	
Siph'moth		Te'trarch	To'b'it	
Sip'pai		Thadde'us	To'chen	
Si'rach		Tha'hesh	Toga'rnah	
Si'rah		Tha'mah	To'hu	
Si'rion		Tha'mar	To'i	
Sisama'i		Tham'natha	To'la	
Sis'era		Tha'ra	To'lad	
Sis'm'nes		Thar'ra	To'laites	
Sit'nah		Thar'shish	To'l'bones	
Si'ran		Tha'di	To'phal	
Smyr'na		Tha'bez	To'phet	
So'choh		Theco'e	To'u	
So'coh		Thelas'ar	Trachoni'tis	
So'di		Theler'as	Trig'olis	
Sod'om		Theoc'anus	Tro'as	
Sod'omites		Theod'otus	Trogy'lum	
Sod'oma		Theoph'ilus	Troph'imus	
Sod'omon		The'ras	Tryphe'na	
Sop'ater		Ther'meleth	Trypho'sa	
Soph'ereth		Thessalon'ca	Tu'bal	
So'rok		Ther'salus	Tu'bal-Cain	
Sosip'ater		Theu'das	Tub'eni	
Sos'thenes		Thim'nathath	Tych'icus	
Sos'tratus		This'be	Tyran'nus	
So'tai		Thom'as	Tyrus	
Spain		Thom'oi		
Sta'chys		Thrase'as		
Stac'te		Thum'mim		
Steph'anas		Thyat'ra		
Ste'phen		Tib'ath		
Su'ah		Tibe'rias		
Su'ba		Tibe'rius		
Su'bal		Tib'ni		
Suc'coth		Ti'dal		
Suc'coth-Be'-		Tig'lath-Pile'-		
noth		ser		
Sura'athites		Tik'vah		
Su'dias		Tik'vath		
Suk'kims		Tylon		
Su'sa		Time'us		
Su'sanchites		Tim'na		
Susan'nah		Tim'nath		
Su'si		Tim'nathah		
Syc'amine		Tim'nath-He'-		
Syc'ne		res		
Sy'char		Tim'nath-Se'-		
Sy'chem		rah		

T.

Ta'anach
Ta'anach-Shi'lo
Tab'baath
Tab'bath
Ta'beal
Tab'beel
Tabell'ius
Tab'erah
Tab'itha
Ta'ber
Tab'rimon
Tach'monites
Tad'mor
Ta'han
Ta'hanites
Tahap'enes
Ta'hath
Tah'pene
Tah'ra
Tat'tim-Hod'-
shi
Tal'itha-Cu'mi
Tal'mai
Tal'mon
Tall'as
Ta'mah
Ta'mar
Tam'mus
Ta'nach
Tan'humeth
Ta'nis
Ta'phath
Taph'nes
Ta'phon
Tap'puah
Ta'rah
Ta'ralah
Ta'rela
Ta'rpelites
Ta'rshis
Ta'rshish
Tarshi'di
Ta'rus
Ta'rak
Ta'rtan
Tat'nai
Te'bah
Tetali'ah
Te'beth
Tehaph'nehes
Tehi'nah
Te'kel
Tek'oa, or
Tek'oah
Tek'oites

Z.

Zaana'im
Za'anah
Zaanan'nim
Za'avah
Za'bad
Zabadi'as
Zabadi'as
Zab'bal
Zab'bud
Zabdi'e'us
Zab'di
Zab'di'na
Zab'diel
Za'bud
Zab'ulon
Zac'cai
Zac'car
Zachari'ah
Zachari'as
Za'cher
Zacche'us
Zadok
Za'ham
Za'ir
Za'laph
Zal'mon
Zalmo'nah
Zalmun'nah
Zam'bis
Zam'ori
Za'moth
Zameum'minus
Zano'ah
Zaphnathpa'-
ne'ah
Za'phon
Za'ra
Za'races
Za'rah
Zarai'as
Za'reah
Za'reathites
Za'red
Za'rephath
Za'retan
Za'reth-Sha'ha
Za'rithes
Za'rtanah
Za'rthan
Zath'oe
Zathu'i
Zath'ihu

U & V.

Vajer'atha
Van'ah
Vash'ni
Vash'di
U'al
U'el
U'al
U'lam
U'la
Um'mah
U'ni
Voph'd
U'phas
Upha'rain
U'ba-ne
U'ri
Uri'ah
U'ras
U'riel

Za'tu	Zemara'im	Ze'reth	Zi'lah	Zo'ar
Za'van	Zem'arise	Ze'ri	Zi'pah	Zo'ba, or
Za'va	Zemi'ra	Ze'ror	Zi'phai	Zo'bah
Zehad'ah	Ze'nau	Zeru'ah	Zim'mah	Zobe'bah
Ze'bah	Ze'nau	Zerub'babel	Zim'ram, or	Zo'har
Zeba'im	Ze'rim	Zeru'ah	Zim'ran	Zo'heleth
Zeh'edee	Zephan'ah	Zervi'ah	Zim'ri	Zon'ana
Zeh'na	Ze'phath	Ze'tham	Zi'na	Zo'peth
Zeholim	Zeph'athah	Ze'than	Zi'on, or Si'on	Zo'phah
Zebu'da	Ze'phi, or	Ze'thar	Zi'or	Zo'phai
Ze'bul	Ze'pho	Zi'a	Zi'phah	Zo'phar
Zebulon	Ze'phon	Zi'ba	Ziph'ion	Zo'phim
Zebulonites	Zeph'onites	Zi'con	Ziph'ites	Zo'rah
Zechari'ah	Ze'rah	Zib'ion	Zi'phron	Zo'rathites
Ze'dad	Zerah'ah	Zib'ri	Zi'por	Zo'reah
Zedek'ah	Zera'a	Zid'dim	Zippo'rah	Zo'rites
Zech	Ze'rau	Zidki'jah	Zib'ri	Zorob'abel
Ze'lah	Ze'rad	Zid'na, or	Zi'ra	Zu'ar
Ze'lek	Ze'rad	Si'ion	Zi'rah	Zu'riei
Zelophehad	Zerai'ah	Zido'nians	Zi'na	Zurishad'dai
Zelo'tes	Zer'erath	Zi'ba	Zo'an	Zu'sin.a
Zel'mah	Ze'resh	Zik'lag		

CONCISE ACCOUNT

OF THE

HEATHEN DEITIES, &c

A **IPARIS**, a Scythian priest of Apollo
Abraxas, a goddess of voyages, &c.
Abrethous, a surname of Jupiter
Abrion, a very voluptuous Grecian
Ab'yla, a famous mountain in Africa
Acac'tha, a nymph beloved by Apollo
Acas'tus, the name of a famous hunter
Acc'tus, one of the priests of Bacchus
Acha'menes, the first king of Persia
Acha'tes, a trusty friend of Aeneas
Ach'eron, a son of Sol and Terra
Achil'les, son of Peleus, king of Thrace,
 a Greek who signalized himself in the
 Trojan war, but was at length killed by
 Paris with an arrow
Acidalia, and **Arina'ta**, names of Venus
Acid'alus, a famous mountain of Boeotia
A'cis, a Sicilian shepherd, killed by Poly-
 phemus, because he rivalled him in the
 affections of Galatea
Ac'mon, a famous king of the Titans
Acte'tus, the genius of drunkards
Acte'on, a celebrated hunter
Adme'tus, a king of Thessaly
Ado'nis, a youth remarkably beautiful, be-
 loved by Venus and Proserpine
Adras'tea, the goddess Nemesis
Ad'acus, one of the infernal judges
Ad'ga, Jupiter's nurse, daughter of Olenus
Ad'geus, a king of Attica, giving name to
 the Aegean sea by drowning himself in it
Ad'ina, a particular favourite of Jupiter
Ad'is, a Gorgon, whom Pallas slew
Ad'le, one of the three Hesperides
Ad'gon, a wrestler famous for strength
Ad'gyptus, son of Neptune and Lydia
Ad'lo, one of the three Harpies
Ad'ras, the son of Anchises and Venus
Ad'rius, the god of the winds
Ad'us, one of the four horses of the sun
Aescula'pus, a Roman god of riches
Aescula'pius, the god of physic
Aithal'ides, a son of Mercury
Aithon, one of the four horses of the sun
Aitna'us, a title of Vulcan
Ait'ius, the son of Endymion and Diana
Agamem'non, the generalissimo of the
 Grecian army at the siege of Troy
Aganip'pe, daughter of the river Permessus,
 which flows from mount Helicon
Age'vor, the first king of Argos

Agone'ria, the goddess of industry
Agela'tus, and **Agasila'us**, names of Pluto
Agia'ia, one of the three Graces
A'jax, one of the most distinguished princes
 and heroes at the siege of Troy
Alba'nea, a grove in Italy
Alci'des, a title of Hercules
Alcin'ous, a king of Corcyra
Alc'oneus, a giant killed by Hercules
Alci'ope, a favourite mistress of Neptune
Alcme'na, the wife of Amphitryon
Alec'to, one of the three Furies
Alec'tryon, a favourite of Mars
Al'mus, and **Alum'us**, titles of Jupiter
Alo'a, a festival of Bacchus and Ceres
Aloe'us, a giant who warred with Jupiter
Amalthe'a, the goat that suckled Jupiter
Ambarva'lia, sacrifices to Ceres
Ambro'sia, the food of the gods
Am'mon, a title of Jupiter
Amphiar'us, the son of Apollo and Hy-
 permestra, and a famous singer
Amphim'edon, one of the suitors of Pen-
 elope
Amphi'oon, a famous musician
Amphitri'te, the wife of Neptune
Amyn'tor, a king of Ephrus
Anac'reon, a lyric poet of Greece
Ana'tis, the goddess of prostitution
Anes'us, a king of Arendia
Andro'geus, the son of Minos
Androm'ache, the wife of Hector
Androm'eda, the daughter of Cepheus and
 Cassiope, married to Perseus
Angro'na, the goddess of silence
An'na, the sister of Pygmalion and Dido
Antae'us, son of Neptune and Terra
An'teros, one of the names of Cupid
Antever'ta, a goddess of women in labour
Anth'a, and **Argi'va**, titles of Juno
Anu'his, an Egyptian god with a dog's head
Aon'ides, the name of the Muses
Apatu'ria, and **Aphrodi'tes**, titles of Venus
A'pis, son of Jupiter and Niobe
Apol'o, the god of music, poetry, &c.
Arch'ne, a city of Thessaly
Arctu'sa, the daughter of Nereus
Argent'us, **Aescula'pus**, gods of wealth
A'r'go, the ship that conveyed Jason and
 his companions to Colchis, and which is
 reported to have been the first ship of war

A'rgonauts, the companions of Jason
A'rgus, son of Aristor, said to have had a hundred eyes; also an architect, who built the ship Argo

Ariad'ne, daughter of Minos, who, from love, helped Theseus out of the Cretan labyrinth, but, being afterwards deserted by him, was married to Bacchus, and made his priestess

Arimas'pi, a warlike people of Scythia

Arion, a lyric poet of Methymna

Ariste'us, the son of Apollo and Cyrene

Aristom'eues, a cruel Titan

A'rtemis, the Delphic sibyl; also Diana

Ascl'apia, festivals of Æsculapius

Asco'lia, a feast in honour of Bacchus

Aste'ria, a daughter of Ceus

Astrape'us, and Ataby'rus, titles of Jupiter

Astræ'a, the goddess of justice

Astrof'ogus, a title of Hercules

Asty'anax, the only son of Hector

As'typala'r'a, daughter of Phoenix

A'te, the goddess of revenge

Atlan'tes, a savage people of Ethiopia

At'las, a king of Mauritania

At'ropos, one of the three Fates

Aver'nus, a lake on the borders of hell

Aver'nus, a god of the Romans

Auge'as, a king of Elis, whose stable of 3000 oxen was not cleansed for 30 years, yet Hercules cleansed it in one day

Avis'tuper, a title of Priapus

Au'rea, a name of Fortuna

Auto'rea, the goddess of the morning

Auto'leon, a general of the Crotonians

Autum'nus, the god of fruits

BACCHANALIA, feasts in honour of Bacchus

Bac'chus, the god of wine

Bap'ta, the goddess of shame

Barba'ta, a title of Venus and Fortuna

Bass'areus, a title of Bacchus

Bau'cis, an old woman, who, with her husband Philemon, entertained Jupiter and Mercury in their travels through Phrygia

Beller'ophon, son of Glaucus, king of Eph'ra, who underwent numberless hardships, for refusing an intimacy with Sthenobora, the wife of Proetus, king of Argos

Belli'potens, a surname of Mars

Bello'na, the goddess of war

Berecyn'thia Ma'ter, a title of Cybele

Beren'ice, a Grecian lady, who was the only person of her sex that was permitted to see the Olympic games

Ber'odon, a giant killed by Jupiter

Bib'la, the wife of Duilius, who first instituted a triumph for a naval victory

W'ceps, and W'frons, names of Janus

Biaut'or, a name of Mars

Bith'on, a remarkably strong Grecian

Bol'y'na, a nymph rendered immortal for her modesty and resistance of Apollo

Bo'na De'a, a title of Cybele and Fortuna

Bo'nus Dæ'mon, a title of Priapus

Bo'reas, the son of Astræus and Heribela, generally put for the north wind

Bre'vis, a title of Fortuna

Bris'reus, a monstrous giant, son of Cælus and Terra

Br'imo, and Bubas'tis, names of Hecate

Brise'is, the daughter of Brises, priest of Jupiter, given to Achilles upon the taking of Lyrnessus in the Trojan war

Bron'tes, a maker of Jupiter's thunder

Bro'theus, son of Vulcan, who threw himself into mount Etna, on account of his deformity

Broma'lia, feasts of Bacchus

Bubo'na, the goddess of oxen

Bus'ris, son of Neptune, a cruel tyrant

Byb'lis, the daughter of Miletus

CABA'RNI, priests of Ceres

Cald'ri, priests of Cybele

Ca'trus, a god of Phaselis

Ca'cus, son of Vulcan

Cad'mus, son of Agenor and Telephesia, who, searching in vain for his sister, built the city of Thebes, and invented 16 letters of the Greek alphabet

Cadu'ceus, Mercury's golden wand

Ca'ca, and Conserva'trix, titles of Fortuna

Cæc'ulus, a robber, son of Vulcan

Cæ'nurus, a title of Jupiter

Cal'chas, a famous Greek soothsayer

Callis'to, the daughter of Lycon

Callio'pe, the Muse of heroic poetry

Calyy'so, daughter of Oceanus and Thetis, who reigned in the island of Ogygia, and became enamoured of Ulysses

Cam'bles, a gluttonous king of Lydia

Camb'y'sis, the son of Cyrus, and king of the Medes and Persians

Came'niæ, a name given to the Muses

Ca'nes, a title of the Furies

Cano'pus, an Egyptian god

Ca'rdus, a household goddess

Carmen'ta, a name of Thetis

Ca'rina, a Roman goddess

Carya'tis, a title of Diana

Cas'pil, a people of Hyrcania, who were said to starve their parents to death when 70 years old, and to train up dogs for war

Cassan'dra, daughter of Priam, endowed with the gift of prophecy by Apollo

Castal'ides, the Muses, from the fountain

Castalius, at the foot of Parnassus

Cas'tor, son of Jupiter and Leda, between whom and his brother Pollux immortality was alternately shared

Ca'thus, a tutelary god to grown persons

Cæ'rops, the first king of Athens

Celæ'no, one of the Harpies

Cen'taurs, children of Ixion, half men, half horses, inhabiting Thessaly

Ceph'alus, son of Mercury and Hersa

Ce'pheus, a prince of Arcadia and Ethiopia

Cerau'nus, a title of Jupiter

Cer'berus, a dog or monster with three heads, which guarded the gates of hell

Ceres'lia, festivals in honour of Ceres

- Ce'ra, the goddess of agriculture
 Ce'rus, or Se'rus, the god of opportunity
 Cha'ces, festivals in honour of Vulcan
 Char'ites, a name of the Graces
 Cha'ron, the ferryman of hell
 Chime'ra, a strange monster of Lycia, which was killed by Bellerophon
 Chi'ron, the preceptor of Achilles
 Chro'nis, a cruel son of Hercules
 Chrysae'rius, a surname of Jupiter
 Chry'sis, a priestess of Juno at Argos
 Cir'ce, a very noted enchantress
 Cir'ria, a cavern of Phocis, near Delphi, whence the winds issued which caused a divine rage, and produced oracular responses
 Clau'sia, a name of Venus
 Clau'sius, or Clu'sius, a name of Janus
 Cleome'des, a famous wrestler
 Cl'o, the Muse presiding over history
 Clo'tho, one of the three Fates
 Clytemne'stra, daughter of Jupiter and Leda, killed by her son Orestes, on account of her adultery with Egisthus
 Coc'y'tus, a river of hell flowing from Styx
 Coli'na, the goddess of hills
 Compta'ria, games of the household gods
 Co'mus, the god of laughter and jollity
 Conco'rdis, the goddess of peace
 Conserva'tor, and Cus'tos, titles of Jupiter
 Con'sus, a title of Neptune
 Cort'na, the covering of Apollo's tripod
 Coryban'tes and Cure'tes, priests of Cybele
 Cre'on, a king of Thebes
 Cr'anus, a priest of Apollo
 Cr'anus, a Trojan prince, very amorous
 Cra'sus, a rich king of Lydia
 Cro'ning festivals in honour of Saturn
 Cres'tus, a famous Athenian parasite
 Cu'ria, a goddess of new-born infants
 Cu'pid, the son of Mars and Venus, and god of love, smiles, &c.
 Cy'bele, the wife of Saturn
 Cyclo'pes, Vulcan's workmen, with only one eye in the middle of their forehead
 Cy'enus, a king of Liguria; also a son of Neptune, who was invulnerable
 Cyll'e'nus, and Camil'us, names of Mercury
 Cynoceph'all, a people of India, said to have heads resembling those of dogs
 Cyn'tia and Cyn'thus, Diana and Apollo
 Cypariss'e'a, a title of Minerva
 Cy'pris, Cythere'a, titles of Venus
- marriage night, for which they were doomed to draw water out of a deep well with sieves
 Daph'ne, a nymph beloved by Apollo
 Da'rda'nius, the founder of Troy
 Da're's, a very ancient historian who wrote an account of the Trojan war
 De'a Syr'ia, a title of Venus
 De'cima, a title of Lachesis
 Dejan'i'ra, the wife of Hercules
 Deidami'a, daughter of Lycomedes, king of Seyros, by whom Achilles had Pyrrhus, whilst he lay concealed in woman's apparel at her father's court
 Delope'ia, a beautiful attendant on Juno
 Delph'o'be, the Cumean sibyl
 Delph'o'bus, a son of Priam and Hecuba
 De'ia, and De'ius, Diana and Apollo
 De'los, the island where Apollo was born
 Del'phi, a city of Phocis, famous for a temple and an oracle of Apollo
 Del'phicus, Didym'e'us, titles of Apollo
 Dem'ades, an Athenian orator
 Der'idors, a people near the Caspian sea, who punished all crimes with death
 Deuca'lon, son of Prometheus, and king of Thessaly, who, with his wife, Pyrrha, was preserved from the general deluge, and repopled the world
 Deter'ra, a goddess of breeding women
 Ding'oras, a Rhodian, who died from joy, because his three sons had on the same day gained prizes at the Olympic games
 Dia'na, the goddess of hunting, chastity, &c.
 Di'do, daughter of Belus, and queen of Carthage, who burned herself through despair, because Aeneas left her
 Di'es, and Dies'piter, titles of Jupiter
 Dindyme, Dindyme'ne, titles of Cybele
 Diome'des, a king of Atolia, who gained great reputation at Troy, and with Ulysses carried off the Palladium; also a tyrant of Thrace
 Dio'ne, one of Jupiter's mistresses
 Dionys'ia, feasts in honour of Bacchus
 Dioscu'ri, a title of Castor and Pollux
 Di'm, a title of the Furies
 Dis, a title of Pluto
 Disco'rdis, the goddess of contention
 Domidu'ca, a title of Juno
 Domidu'cus, and Domit'us, nuptial gods
 Dom'i'na, a title of Proserpine
 Dry'ades, nymphs of the woods

ECHION, a companion of Cadmus

- Ech'o, daughter of Aer and Tellus, who pined away for love of Narcissus
 Edon'ides, priestesses of Bacchus
 Edu'ca, a goddess of new-born infants
 Ege'ria, a title of Juno, and a goddess
 Elee'tra, daughter of Agamemnon and Clytemnestra, who instigated Orestes to revenge their father's death on their mother and her adulterer Egisthus
 Elele'us, and Eleuthe'rius, titles of Bacchus
 Eleusin'ia, feasts in honour of Jupiter
 Elo'ides, nymphs of Bacchus
 Empu'se, a name of the Gorgons
- DÆDA'LION, the son of Lucifer
 Dæd'alus, an artificer of Athens, who formed the Cretan labyrinth, and invented the auger, axe, glue, plumbline, saw, and masts and sails for ships
 Da'mon, the sincere friend of Pythias
 Da'mon Bo'nus, Dithyram'bus, and Dionys'us, titles of Bacchus
 Dan'ae, the daughter of Acrisius, king of Argos, seduced by Jupiter
 Dana'ides, the 50 daughters of Danaus, king of Argos, all of whom, except Hypermnestra, killed their husbands on the

Endymion, a shepherd of Caria, who, for his intimacy with Juno, was condemned to a sleep of thirty years; Diana visited him by night in a cave of mount Latmus

Enirilius, a title of Mars

Eryx, the same as Bellona

Ereus, the artist of the Trojan horse

Epigones, the sons of the seven worthies, who besieged Thebes a second time

Epitheneas, sacrifices to Bacchus

Epistropheus, and **Erycina**, titles of Venus

Epizephrii, a people of Locris, who punished those with death that drank more wine than physicians prescribed

Ereaso, the Muse of love-poetry

Erebus, an infernal deity, son of Chaos and Nox; also a river of hell

Erepsa, a river whose waters inebriated

Erichonius, a king of Athens, who was very deformed in his feet, and invented coaches to conceal his lameness

Erynias, a common name of the Furies

Eros, one of the names of Cupid

Erosiratus, he who, to perpetuate his name, set fire to the temple of Diana at Ephesus

Eteocles and **Polynices**, sons of Oedipus, who violently hated and killed each other

Evadne, daughter of Mars and Thebe, who from affection threw herself on the funeral pile of her husband Catenus

Eufrates, a person remarkable for shuffling, duplicity, and dissimulation

Eumenides, a name of the Furies

Euphrosyne, one of the three Graces

Europe, the daughter of Agenor, who, it is said, was carried into Crete by Jupiter in the form of a white bull

Euryale, one of the three Gorgons

Eurydice, the wife of Orpheus

Euryome, a horrid infernal deity

Euterpe, the Muse presiding over music

Euthymus, a very famous wrestler

FABULA, the goddess of lies

Fabulinus, a god of infants

Fama, the goddess of report

Fascium, a title of Priapus

Fates, the three daughters of Nox and

Erebus, **Clotho**, **Lachesis**, and **Atropos**, entrusted with the lives of mortals

Fauna, and **Faunus**, names of Cybele

Faunus, the son of Mercury and Nox, and

father of the Fauns, rural gods

Febrina, a goddess of purification

Februa, **Florida**, **Fluonia**, titles of Juno

Febrinus, a title of Pluto

Felicitas, the goddess of happiness

Ferculus, a household god

Feretrius, and **Palmarior**, titles of Ju-

piter

Feroia, a goddess of woods

Fessoia, a goddess of wearied persons

Fidius, the god of treaties

Fiamines, priests of Jupiter, Mars, &c.

Flores, the goddess of flowers, &c.

Fluviales, or **Potamides**, nymphs of rivers

Fornax, a goddess of corn and bakers

Fortuna, or **Fortune**, the goddess of happiness

Furies, the three daughters of Nox and

Acheron, **Alecta**, **Megera**, and **Tis-**

phone, who were armed with snakes

and lighted torches

GALATEA, daughter of Nereus and Doris, passionately beloved by Polyphemos

Gall, castrated priests of Cybele

Gallus, or **Alectryon**, a favourite of Mars

Gamelia, a title of Juno

Ganges, a famous river of India

Ganymede, the cup-bearer of Jupiter

Gelini, a people of Scythia, who used to

paint themselves in order to appear more

terrible to their enemies

Genetrix, a name of Venus

Genia, guardian angels

Genius, a name of Priapus

Gerion, a king of Spain, who fed his oxen

with human flesh

Glaucopis, a name of Minerva

Glaucus, a fisherman, made a sea-god by

eating a certain herb; also the son of

Hippolochus, who exchanged his arms

of gold for the brazen ones of **Diomedes**

Gnosia, a name of Ariadne

Gordius, a husbandman, but afterwards

king of Phrygia, remarkable for tying a

knot of cords, on which the empire of

Asia depended, in so very intricate a

manner, that Alexander the Great, un-

able to unravel it, cut it to pieces

Gorgons, the three daughters of **Phorcus**

and **Cete**, (**Euryale**, **Medusa**, and **Sche-**

no), who could change into stones those

whom they looked on; **Perseus** slew the

chief of them

Gorgoporus, a title of Pallas

Graces, three daughters of Jupiter and **Eury-**

nomene, (**Aglais**, **Euphrosyne**, and **Tha-**

lia), attendants on Venus and the Muses

Gratrus, a title of Mars

Gyges, a rich king of Lydia; also a shep-

herd, who, by means of a ring, could

render himself invisible

HADES, a title of Pluto; also **Orcus**,

Tartarus, Hell, or the condition of

the dead

Hamaxobii, a people of Scythia, who lived

in carts, and removed from place to place

as necessity required

Harmois, a famous artist of Troy

Harpalyce, a most beautiful maid of Argos

Harpies, three monsters, **Aello**, **Celeno**,

and **Ocyrops**, with faces of virgins, bod-

ies of vultures, and hands armed with

monstrous claws

Harpocrates, the Egyptian god of silence

Hebe, the goddess of youth

Hebrus, a river in Thrace

Hecalus, a title given to Jupiter by The-

seus

Hecate, Diana's name in hell

- Hec'tor**, a son of Priam and Hecuba, and the most valiant of all the Trojans
- Hec'uba**, the wife of Priam
- Heg'e'sias**, a philosopher of Cyrene, who described the miseries of life with such a gloomy eloquence, that many of his auditors killed themselves through despair
- He'cena**, the wife of Menelaus, the most beautiful woman in the world, who, running away with Paris, occasioned the Trojan war
- Hef'enus**, a son of Priam and Hecuba
- Hef'icon**, a famous mountain near Parnassus, dedicated to Apollo and the Muses
- Hera'ia**, sacrifices to Juno
- Her'cules**, the son of Jupiter and Alcmena, remarkable for his numerous exploits and dangerous enterprises
- Herbe'ia**, the wife of Ascreus
- Her'mæ**, statues of Mercury
- Her'mes**, a name of Mercury
- Herm'one**, daughter of Mars and Venus, married to Cadmus; also a daughter of Menelaus and Helena, married to Pyrrhus
- He'ro**, a beautiful woman of Sestos in Thrace, and priestess of Venus, whom Leander of Abidos loved so tenderly, that he swam over the Hellespont every night to see her
- Herod'otus**, a very famous historian of Halkarnassus
- Herop'h'ila**, the Erythrean sibyl
- Hers'ia**, the wife of Romulus
- Hes'perus**, or Vesper, the evening star
- Hesper'ides**, daughters of Hesperus, Ægle, Arethusa, and Hesperethusa, who had a garden of golden apples watched by a dragon, which Hercules slew
- He'sus**, a name of Mars among the Gauls
- Hip'pias**, a skilful philosopher of Elis
- Hippocam'pi**, Neptune's horses
- Hippocrene**, a fountain at the bottom of mount Helicon, dedicated to Apollo, &c.
- Hippol'ytus**, the son of Theseus and Antiope, or Hyppolyte, who refused intimacies with his stepmother, Phædra. He was restored to life by Æsculapius, at the request of Diana, after having been killed by his chariot horses
- Hippo'na**, the goddess of horses and stables
- Histo'ria**, the goddess of history
- Horten'sia**, one of the names of Venus
- Ho'rus**, a title of the sun
- Hostili'na**, a goddess of corn
- Hy'ades**, the five daughters of Atlas; Phæola, Ambrosia, Eudora, Coronis, and Polyxo
- Hy'bla**, a mountain in Sicily, universally celebrated for its thyme and bees
- Hy'dra**, a serpent which had seven heads, killed by Hercules in the lake Lerna
- Hyge'ia**, the goddess of health
- Hy'fius**, the son of Hercules and Dejanira
- Hy'men**, the god of marriage
- Hyper'ion**, son of Cœlus and Terra; also the sun
- Hypsig'yle**, a queen of Lemnos, who was banished for saving her father, Thoas, when all the other men of the island were murdered by the women
- IAC'CHUS**, a name of Bacchus
- Jan'itor**, and Juno'nus, titles of Janus
- Ian'the**, the beautiful wife of Iphis
- Ja'nus**, the first king of Italy, son of Apollo; also a god of new-born infants
- Jap'etus**, a son of Cœlus, or Titan
- Jar'ras**, a king of Gætulia
- Ja'son**, a Thessalian prince, son of Æason, who by Medea's help brought away the golden fleece from Colchis
- Ica'rius**, an Athenian, who was put to death by some shepherds for having given them wine, which they supposed to be poison
- Ic'arus**, the son of Dedalus, who, flying with his father out of Crete into Sicily, and soaring too high, melted the wax of his wings and fell into the sea, thence called the Icarian sea
- I'da**, a mountain near Troy
- Ide'a**, Ma'ter, a name of Cybele
- Ide'i** Dac'tyli, priests of Cybele
- Ide'ia**, a name of Venus
- Id'mon**, a famous soothsayer
- Ido'thea**, Jupiter's nurse
- Id'one**, the eldest daughter of Priam
- Ili'ssus**, a river in Attica
- Ilus**, the son of Tros and Callirhoë, from whom Troy was called Ilion
- Impera'tor**, a name of Jupiter
- In'achis**, and I'is, names of Io
- I'no**, daughter of Cadmus and Hermione, and wife of Athamas
- Intercl'o'na**, a goddess of breeding women
- Interhu'ca**, and Ju'ga, titles of Juno
- In'uus**, and In'ubus, names of Pan
- I'o**, daughter of Inachus, who was worshipped as a goddess by the Egyptians, under the name of Isis
- Jocas'ta**, the daughter of Creon, who unwittingly married her own son Œdipus
- Iph'iclus**, the twin-brother of Hercules
- Iphigen'ia**, daughter of Agamemnon and Clytemnestra, who, standing as a victim ready to be sacrificed to appease the rage of Diana, was by that goddess carried to Tauris, and made her priestess
- I'phis**, a prince of Cyprus, who hanged himself for love; also a daughter of Lygdamus
- Iph'itus**, son of Praxinides, who instituted Olympic games to Hercules
- I'ris**, a messenger of Juno, who turned her into the rainbow
- I'tys**, the son of Tereus and Progne, murdered and served up by his mother at a banquet before Tereus, in revenge for his having deflowered her sister Philomela
- Ju'no**, the sister and wife of Jupiter
- Ju'no Infer'na**, a name of Proserpine
- Juno'nes**, guardian angels of women
- Ju'piter**, the supreme deity of the Pagan world

Ju'piter Secun'dus, a name of Neptune
Ju'piter Ter'tius, Infer'nus, or Styg'ius,
several appellations given to Pluto

Juven'tas, a goddess of youth; a title of
Hebe

Ixi'on, the son of Phlegias, who was fas-
tened to a wheel perpetually turning
round, for boasting that he had lain
with Juno

LACH'ESIS, one of the three Fates
Lacin'ia, and Lucif'ia, titles of Juno
Lactu'ra, or Lactu'f'na, a goddess of corn
Læstrig'iones, cannibals of Italy, who roast-
ed and ate the companions of Ulysses

La'ius, a king of Thebes, killed unwittingly
by his own son Oedipus

La'mie, a name of the Gorgons

Læ'oön, a son of Priam, and high-priest
of Apollo; he and his two children were
killed by serpents

La'pis, or Lapid'eus, titles of Jupiter

La'rus, sons of Mercury and Lara, wor-
shipped as household gods

Laters'nus, a household god

Laver'na, a goddess of thieves

Leau'der. See Hero

Le'da, daughter of king Theopius and wife
of Tyndarus

Lemoni'ades, nymphs of meadows, &c.

Le'næ, priestesses of Bacchus

Le'na, a marsh of Argos, famous for a
Hydra killed there by Hercules

Le'the, a river whose waters caused a total
forgetfulness of things past

Leta'na, a goddess of new-born infants

Libi'd'na, the goddess of funerals

Li'ous, the son of Apollo and Terpsichore

Lis'na, a fourth Fury

Lisib'ria, the goddess of pleasure

Lu'cifer, son of Jupiter and Aurora, made
the morning star; also the arch-devil

Lu'na, Diana's name in heaven

Luper'alia, feasts in honour of Pan

Luper'ci, priests of Pan

Lyca'ön, a king of Arcadia

M'A'IA, loved by Jupiter, and by him
turned into a star to avoid Juno's
rage

Ma'ia, a goddess of women in labour

Man'tura, a goddess of corn

Mantur'na, and Me'na, nuptial goddesses

Mari'na, Me'fania, Mer'curis, Miloni'tis,
and Mur'cia, titles of Venus

Mars, the god of war

Mausol'us, a king of Caria, who had a
most magnificent tomb erected to him
by his wife Artemida

Mede'a, a wonderful sorceress

Meditri'na, a goddess of grown persons

Medu'sa, the chief of the three Gorgons

Mega'ræ, one of the three Furies

Megale'n'ia, festivals in honour of Cybele

Mega'ræ, the wife of Hercules

Melan'ra, a name of Venus

Me'lie, nymphs of the fields

Me'lius, a name of Hercules

Melo'na, the goddess of honey

Melpom'ene, the Muse of tragedy

Mem'non, a king of Ethiopia

Menela'ia, a festival in honour of Menelaus

Menela'us, the husband of Helena

Men'tha, a mistress of Pluto

Men'tor, the governor of Telemachus

Mer'cury, the messenger of the gods, in-
ventor of letters, the god of eloquence,
merchandise, and robbers

Mer'ope, one of the seven Pleiades

MFda, a king of Phrygia, and the son of
Gordina, who, entertaining Bacchus,
had the power given him of turning
whatever he touched into gold

Mi'lo, a wrestler of remarkable strength

Mima'tones, attendants on Bacchus

Min'er'va, the goddess of wisdom

MF'nos, a king of Crete, made, for his jus-
tice, a judge of hell

Mis'taur, a monster, half-man half-beast

Min'ya, a name of the Argonauts

Mnem'osyne, the goddess of memory

Mo'mus, the god of railery

Mone'ta, a title of Juno

Mo'rpheus, the god of sleep, dreams, &c.

Mors, the goddess of death

Mul'ciber, a title of Vulcan

Mu'sæ, nine daughters of Jupiter and

Mnem'osyne, mistresses of all the scienc-
es, presidents of musicians and poets,
and governesses of the feasts of the gods;
Calliope, Clio, Erato, Euterpe, Melpo-
mene, Polyhymnia, Terpsichore, Tha-
lia, and Urania

Mu'ta, the goddess of silence

NÆ'NIA, the goddess of funeral songs

Na'lades, the nymphs of rivers, &c.

Narcis'us, a very beautiful youth, who,
falling in love with his own image in
the water, pined away into a daffodil

Na'tio and Nun'dina, goddesses of infants

Neme'a, a country of Elis, famed for a
terrible lion killed there by Hercules

Nem'esis, the goddess of revenge

Nep'tune, the god of the sea

Ne'reides, sea nymphs

Ne'rin, the wife of Mars

Niorph'orus, a title of Jupiter

N'rus, the first king of the Assyrians

N'obe, the daughter of Tantalus and wife
of Amphion, who, preferring herself to
Latona, had her fourteen children killed,
and wept herself into a statue

No'milus, a name of Apollo

Nox, the most ancient of all the gods

Nuptia'ia, a title of Juno

Nyct'e'tius, a name of Bacchus

Nym'phæ, certain female deities among
the ancients

O'PSEQUENS, a title of Fortuna

Occu'tor, the god of harrowing

Oce'anus, an ancient sea-god

Oxy'ete, one of the three Harpies

Oed'ipa, the son of Laius and Jocasta,
and king of Thebes, who solved the rid-

- die of the Sphinx, unwittingly killed his father, married his mother, and afterwards ran mad and tore out his eyes
- Olym'pus, a title of Jupiter
- Olym'pus, a mountain in Thessaly, the highest and most beautiful in the world, and the residence of the gods
- Om'phale, a queen of Lydia, with whom Hercules was so enchain'd, that she made him submit to spinning and other unbecoming offices
- Ope'rus, a name of Pluto
- Opi'fena, a title of Juno
- Ope, a name of Cybele
- Oreo'na, a goddess of grown persons
- Oreo'tes, the son of Agamemnon, and constant friend of Pyrrhus
- Ori'on, a great and mighty hunter
- O'rphcus, son of Jupiter and Calliope, who had great skill in music, and was torn in pieces by the Mænades for disliking the company of women after the death of his wife Eurydice
- Oryth'ia, a queen of the Amazons
- Os'ris, son of Jupiter and Niohe, married to Is, and worshipped by the Egyptians under the form of an ox; called also Apis
- PACTOLUS**, a river of Lydia, with golden sands and medicinal waters
- Pe'an, and Phoebus, names of Apollo
- Pales, the goddess of shepherds
- Pal'lis, feasts in honour of Pales
- Palla'dium, a statue of Minerva, on the preservation of which the fate of Troy depended
- Pallas, a name of Minerva
- Pan, the god of shepherds
- Pando're, the first woman made by Vulcan, and endowed with gifts by all the gods and goddesses; she had a box containing all manner of evils, with hope at the bottom
- Pan'ope, one of the Nereides
- Pa'phia, a title of Venus
- Pa'rice, a name of the Fates
- Par'is, or Alexander, son of Priam and Hecuba, a most beautiful youth, who ran away with Helena, and occasioned the Trojan war
- Parna'sus, a mountain in Phocis, famous for a temple of Apollo, and being the favourite residence of the Muses
- Partin'da, a nuptial goddess
- Pastoph'ori, priests of Isis
- Pat'arcus, a title of Apollo
- Patell'na, a goddess of corn
- Patula'cius, a name of Janus
- Patul'ius, a name of Jupiter
- Paren'tia and Pol'na, goddesses of infants
- Peg'asus, a winged horse belonging to Apollo and the Muses
- Pelo'nia, a goddess of grown persons
- Pena'tes, small statues or household gods
- Pene'lope, daughter of Icarus, celebrated for her chastity and fidelity during the long absence of Ulysses
- Per'seus, son of Jupiter and Danaë, who performed many extraordinary exploits by means of Medusa's head
- Phœcæa'ni, ancient gods of Greece
- Phœ'ceon, the son of Sol and Clymene, who asked the guidance of his father's chariot for one day, as a proof of his divine descent; but, unable to manage the horses, he set the world on fire
- Phœ'lica, feasts of Bacchus
- Philam'mon, a skilful musician
- Philom'ela, daughter of Pandion, king of Athens, who was ravished by her brother-in-law Tereus, and changed into a nightingale
- Phin'cus, son of Agenor, and king of Pa'lagonia; also a king of Thrace
- Phleg'ethon, a boiling river of hell
- Phle'gon, one of the four horses of Sol
- Phleg'ys, a people of Boeotia, destroyed by Neptune on account of their piracies and other crimes
- Phœ'be, a name given to Diana
- Phœ'bus, a name of Apollo
- Phœ'nix, son of Amyntor
- Picum'nus, a rural god
- Pilum'nus, a god of breeding women
- Pir'dus, a mountain of Thessaly
- Pi'tho, a goddess of eloquence
- Plei'ades, the seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione; Asterope, Celæno, Electra, Mælyone, Maia, Merope, and Taygete
- Plu'to, the god of hell
- Plu'tus, the god of riches
- Pollux, brother of Castor
- Polyd'amus, a famous wrestler
- Polyd'rus, a famous prophet and physician
- Polyhym'nia, the Muse of rhetoric
- Polyph'e'mus, a monstrous giant
- Pomo'na, the goddess of fruits and autumn
- Pos'don, a name of Neptune
- Præc'est'na, a name of Fortuna
- Præ'tes, a title of Jupiter and Minerva
- Præxi'des, a famous statuary
- Pri'am, son of Laomedon, and father of Paris, Hector, &c.
- Pria'pus, the god of gardens, &c.
- Prome'theus, the son of Iapetus, who animated a man, that he had formed of clay, with fire, which, by the assistance of Minerva, he stole from heaven
- Propyla'ia, a name of Hecate
- Proserpine, the wife of Pluto
- Pro'teus, a sea-god, who could change himself into all shapes
- Psy'che, the goddess of pleasure
- Py'lades, the constant friend of Orestes
- Py'ræmus and Thir'be, two lovers of Babylon, who killed themselves by the same sword
- Pyrr'is, one of the four horses of the sun
- Py'rhus, son of Achilles, remarkable for his cruelty at the siege of Troy
- Py'thon, a huge serpent produced from the mud of the deluge, which Apollo killed, and in memory thereof instituted the Pythian games
- Pytho'nisa, the priestess of Apollo

QUAD'RIFRONS, a title of Janus
Qu'ies, a goddess of grown persons
Quib'tis, and **Quib'tus**, names of Pluto
Quinqu'aria, feasts of Pallas

R**ECTUS**, a title of Bacchus
Re'dux, and **Re'gia**, titles of Fortuna
Reg'na, a title of Juno
Rhadaman'thus, an infernal judge
Rhe'a, a title of Cybele
Rhe'a Syl'via, the mother of Romulus
Rof'go, a goddess of corn
Rom'ulus, the first king of Rome
Ru'mina, a goddess of new-born infants
Runc'na, the goddess of wedding
Rus'na, a rural deity

S**ABA'ZIA**, feasts of Proserpine, &c.
Sa'lli, the twelve frantic priests of Mars
Salmo'neus, a king of Elis
Sa'lus, the goddess of health
San'cus, a god of the Sabines
Sa'tor and **Sorrit'or**, rural gods
Saturna'lia, feasts of Saturn
Satur'nus, or **Sa'turn**, son of Cœlum and Terra

Sa'tyrs, the attendants of Bacchus, horned monsters, half-men, half-goats
Scy'ron, a famous robber of Attica
Se'la and **Sege'tia**, goddesses of corn
Se'lli, priests of Jupiter
Sen'ta, a goddess of married women
Sera'pis, a title of Apis
Sile'nus, the foster-father and companion of Bacchus, who lived in Arcadia, rode on an ass, and was every day drunk
Si'mis, a famous robber killed by Hercules
Sisy'phus, the son of Æolus, killed by Theseus, and doomed, for his perfidy, to roll incessantly a huge stone up a mountain

Sol, a name of Apollo
Som'nus, the god of sleep
Sphinx, a monster, born of Siphon and Echinda, who destroyed herself because Œdipus solved the enigma she proposed
Sta'ta, a goddess of grown persons
Sten'tor, a Grecian, whose voice is reported to have been as strong and as loud as the voices of fifty men together
Sthe'no, one of the three Gorgons
Styx, a river of hell
Sus'da, a nuptial goddess
Summa'nus, a name of Pluto
Syl'vanus, a god of the woods and forests
Sy'rent, sea monsters

T**ACTTA**, a goddess of silence
Tan'talus, a king of Paphlagonia, who was doomed to everlasting thirst, as a punishment for his barbarity
Ta'r'tarus, the place of the wicked in hell

Tau'rus, the bull under whose form Jupiter carried away Europa
Telch'ines, priests of Cybele
Telem'achus, the only son of Ulysses
Tem'pe, a most beautiful valley in Thessaly, the resort of the gods, &c.
Ter'minus, the god of boundaries
Terpsich'ore, the Muse of dancing, &c.
Ter'ror, the god of dread and fear
Thal'ra, the Muse of comedy
The'seus, king of Athens, and one of the most celebrated heroes of antiquity
Thes'pis, the first tragical poet
The'tis, the daughter of Nereus and Doria, and goddess of the sea
Thyr'sus, the rod of Bacchus
Ti'phys, the pilot of the ship Argo
Tisiph'one, one of the three Furies
Ty'tan, son of Cœlum and Terra
Tma'rius, a title of Jupiter
Tr'i'ton, Neptune's trumpeter
Trito'nia, a name of Minerva
Tro'ilus, a son of Priam and Hecuba
Troy, a city of Phrygia, destroyed by the Greeks, after a siege of ten years
Tutel'ina, a goddess of corn
Ty'to, one of the Nereides

V**ACU'NA**, the goddess of idle persons
Vagita'nus, a god of little infants
Vallo'nia, a goddess of vallies
Ven'fia, a wife of Neptune
Ve'nus, the goddess of love, beauty, &c.
Vergil'ia, a title of the seven Peliades
Vertice'rdia, a name of Venus
Vertum'nus, the god of the spring
Ves'ta, the goddess of fire
Vias'te, deities of the highways
Via'tia, the goddess of wanderers
Virginem'is, a nuptial goddess
Vir'go, a name of Astrea and Fortuna
Viri'lis, and **Viac'ta**, titles of Fortuna
Vir'ula, the goddess of mirth
Uly'ses, the son of Laertes and Anticlea, and king of Ithaca, who by his subtlety and eloquence was eminently serviceable in the Trojan war
Un'xia, a title of Juno
Volu'na, a goddess of corn
Ura'nia, the Muse of astronomy
Vul'can, the god of subterraneous fires

X**AN'THUS**, one of the horses of Achilles, born of the harpy Cæroeno; also a river of Troas

Z**AGRÆUS**, a title of Bacchus
Zeph'yrus, the son of Æolus and Aurora, who passionately loved the goddess Flora, and is put for the west wind
Ze'tus, the son of Jupiter and Antiope, very expert in music

A COLLECTION

OF

QUOTATIONS AND PHRASES

FROM THE

LATIN, FRENCH, ITALIAN, AND SPANISH LANGUAGES.

Compiled expressly for this Edition of Johnson's Dictionary.

ABBREVIATIONS.—*Lat.* Latin: *It.* Italian: *Fr.* French: *Sp.* Spanish: *Pr.* Proverb.

A.

- Ab alio expectes, alteri quod feceris, Lat.* Expect from one person that which you have done to another
- A barbe de fol on apprend à raire, Fr. Pr.* Men learn to shave on the chin of a fool
- Abbatia, Fr.* Stakes driven in the ditch of a fort to prevent a storm
- Ab inconvenienti, Lat.* From the inconvenience. *Argumentum ab inconvenienti,* An argument to show that the consequences of a measure will prove inconvenient
- Ab initio, Lat.* From the beginning
- Abnormis sapiens, Lat.* A mother-wit
- Ab ovo usque ad mala, Lat.* From the beginning to the end of the entertainment
- Absentem laedit cum ebrio qui litigat, Lat.* He injures the absent who quarrels with a drunken man
- Abundat dulcibus vitiis, Lat.* He abounds with pleasant faults
- Ab uno disce omnes, Lat.* From a single instance you may infer the whole
- Acerrima proximorum odia, Lat.* The hatred of the nearest relations is the most bitter
- Acribus initiis, incurioso fine, Lat.* Alert in the beginning, negligent in the end
- Actum est de republica, Lat.* It is all over with the state
- Actum ne agas, Lat.* Do not that which has been done already
- Actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea, Lat.* Guilt springs not from the act done, but from the mind of the agent
- Ad captandum vulgus, Lat.* To catch the rabble
- Adco in teneris consuescere multum est, Lat.* Such are the advantages of early instruction
- Adieu la voiture, adieu la boutique, Fr. Pr.* Farewell the carriage, and farewell the shop
- Adhuc sub judice lis est, Lat.* The affair is not yet decided
- Ad infinitum, Lat.* To infinity
- Ad Græcas balendas, Lat.* Never
- Ajustez vos flutes, Fr.* Adjust your differences
- Ad ogni uccello, suo nido e bello, It. Pr.* Every bird thinks its own nest beautiful
- Adolescentem verecundum esse decet, Lat.* A young man ought to be modest
- Ad referendum, Lat.* To be further considered
- Adscriptus glebæ, Lat.* Attached to the soil
- Adspice venturo lætentur ut omnia sæcio, Lat.* See how every thing rejoices at the prospect of this era
- Ad valorem, Lat.* In proportion to the value
- Aggreditur melendo, Lat.* The remedy is worse than the disease
- Æquo animo, Lat.* With an equal mind
- A fortiori, Lat.* With stronger reason
- Aide-toi, le ciel t'aidera, Fr.* Help yourself, and Heaven will help you
- A la bonne heure, Fr.* Well-timed; at an early hour
- A la mode, Fr.* According to the fashion
- Al buon vino non bisogna frasca, It. Pr.* Good wine needs no bush
- Aleator, quantum in arte melior, tanto est nequior, Lat.* A gambler is the more wicked, as he is the greater a proficient in his art
- Alias, Lat.* Otherwise; as Robinson, *alias* Robinson
- Alia tentanda via est qua me quoque possum tollere humo, Lat.* Another way must be tried to raise my grovelling name
- Aliibi, Lat.* Elsewhere. In law, a plea of absence from the locus *criminelis*
- Alieni appetens, sui profusus, Lat.* Covetous of other men's property, prodigal of his own
- A l'improviste, Fr.* Unawares

Alquando bonus dormitat Homerus, Lat. Sometimes even good Homer nods
Alma mater, Lat. A benign mother
Al molino, ed alla sposa, sempre mancha qualche cosa, It. Fr. A mill and a woman are always in want of something
Al piu tristo porco vien la miglior pera, It. Fr. The poorest hog has the best pear
Alterum alterius auxilio eget, Lat. The one needs the help of the other
Amabilia Insania, mentis gratissimus error, Lat. A delightful insanity; a most pleasing wandering of the mind
Ambiguis in vulgum spargere voces, Lat. To scatter ambiguous rumours among the mob
A mensâ et thoro, Lat. From bed and board; divorced
A merveille, Fr. To a wonder
Amicus certus in re incertâ cernitur, Lat. A real friend is discovered in a trying case
Amicus Plato, amicus Socrates, sed magis amica veritas, Lat. Plato is my friend, Socrates is my friend, but Truth is more my friend
Amor patriæ, Lat. The love of our country
Amoto queramus seria ludo, Lat. Setting jesting aside, let us now attend to serious matters
Anglicè, Lat. In English
Anguis in herbâ, Lat. A snake in the grass
Animasque in vulnere ponunt, Lat. They inflict the wound and die
Animum rege, qui nisi pareat imperat, Lat. Govern your mind, which, unless it obeys, will command
An nescis longas regibus esse manus? Lat. Do you not know that kings have long hands?
Annus mirabilis, Lat. The year of wonders
Antiquâ homo virtute ac fide, Lat. A man of ancient virtue and fidelity
A posteriori, Lat. From the effect to the cause
A priori, Lat. From the cause to the effect
A-propos, Fr. To the point; seasonably; in due time
Arbiter elegantiarum, Lat. The arbitrator of elegancies; the master of the ceremonies
Arcana imperiî, Lat. State secrets
Argillâ quidvis imitaberis udâ, Lat. Moist clay will take any shape
Argumentum ad hominem—ad ignorantiam—ad iudicium—ad verecundiam, Lat. An argument to the man—founded on your adversary's ignorance—founded on proofs drawn from the foundations of knowledge—to modesty
Argumentum baculinum, Lat. Club law
Artis est celare artem, Lat. The perfection of art is to conceal art
Assault, Law Lat. An action on a verbal promise
tort et a travers, Fr. At cross purposes; at random

Aude aliquid brevibus Gyaris et carcere dignum, si vis esse aliquis, Lat. Attempt something worthy of transportation or imprisonment if you wish notoriety
Audendo magnus tegitur timor, Lat. Fear is often concealed under a show of daring
Audi alteram partem, Lat. Hear the other party; hear both sides
Au fond, Fr. To the bottom
Au pis aller, Fr. At the worst
Aura popularis, Lat. The gale of popular favour
Aurum per medios ire satellites, et perumpere amat saxa, potentius lectu fulmineo, Lat. Gold, more powerful than the thunderbolt, loves to force its way through guards, and to break through solid walls
Auri sacra fames, Lat. The accursed appetite for gold
Aut Cesar aut nullus, Lat. He will either be Cesar or nobody
Aut insanit homo, aut versus facit, Lat. The fellow is either a madman or a poet
Auto da fe, Sp. An act of faith; the broiling or burning a heretic
Aviendo pregonado vino, venden vinalgre, Sp. Fr. After having cried up their wine, they sell vinegar
A vinculo matrimonii, Lat. From the bond or tie of marriage
Aussôtôt dit aussôtôt fait, Fr. Pr. No sooner said than done
Autrefols acquit, Fr. Formerly acquitted

B.

Beau monde, Fr. The fashionable world
Beaux Esprits, Fr. Wits
Bella femina che ride, vuol dir borsa che piange, It. Pr. The smiles of a fine woman are the tears of the purse
Bellum internecivum, Lat. A war of mutual extermination
Bella matronis detestata, Lat. Wars hated by matrons
Belle parole e cattivi fatti ingannano savj e matù, It. Pr. Fair words butter no parsnips
Beneficia usque eo leta sunt dum videntur exsolvi posse; uti multum antevenerè, progratâ, odium redditur, Lat. Favours are only acceptable in so far as they can be repaid; when they go beyond that point, the only return they produce is hatred
Ben vengas si vengas solo, Sp. Pr. Thou comest well if thou comest alone.—Spoken of a misfortune
Bocotum in crasso jures nêre natum, Lat. You would swear he is by birth a Bocotian
Bonâ fide, Lat. In good faith; in reality
Bon avocat, mauvais voisin, Fr. Pr. A good lawyer is a bad neighbour
Bon gré, mal gré, Fr. Will he, nill he
Bon jour, bonne œuvre, Fr. The better day, the better deed

Boni pastoris est tondere pecus non deglubere, Lat. It is the part of a good shepherd to shear his flock, not to flay them
Bonis nocet, quisquis pepererit malis, Lat. He injures the good who spares the bad
Bonne bouche, Fr. A delicate bit
Bonne renommée vaut mieux que ceinture dorée, Fr. Pr. A good name is better than a golden girdle
Brevi esse laboro, obscurus fio, Lat. I labour to be concise, and I become obscure
Brutum fulmen, Lat. A harmless thunderbolt

C.

Cæcus iter monstrare vult, Lat. A blind man wishes to show the road
Cacothès, Lat. An evil custom. Thus, *cacothès carpendi—loquendi—scribendi*, A rage for collecting—talking—scribbling
Calamitosus est animus futuri anxius, Lat. Dreadful is the state of that mind which is deeply concerned about the future
Canaille, Fr. The rabble; the offscouring or dregs of the people
Cantabit vacuum coram introne viator, Lat. The traveller with an empty purse may sing before the footpad
Capias, Law Lat. A writ to authorize the seizure of the defendant's person. Its parts are two, a *capias ad respondendum*, for the purpose of making him answerable to a suit; and a *capias ad satisfaciendum*, to compel him to obtemper the judgement of the court
Caput mortuum, Lat. The worthless remains
Carpe diem quam minime credula postero, Lat. Enjoy the present hour, reckless of the morrow
Carte blanche, Fr. A blank sheet of paper; an unconditional submission
Causa latet, vis est notissima, Lat. The cause is concealed, the effect is notorious
Caveat actor—caveat emptor, Lat. Let the doer—let the buyer beware
Cedant arma togæ, Lat. Let arms yield to eloquence
Cede Deo, Lat. Submit to Providence
Cedite Romani Scriptores, cedite Græci, Lat. Yield ye Roman, yield ye Grecian writers
Celui-là est le mieux servi, qui n'a pas besoin de mettre les mains des autres au bout de ses bras, Fr. That man is best served who has no occasion to put the hands of others at the ends of his arms
Ce monde est plein de fous, Fr. The world is full of fools
Ce n'est pas être bien aise que de rire, Fr. Laughter is not always a proof of a mind at ease
Cent ore di malinconia non pagano un quattrino di debito, It. Pr. A hundred hours of vexation will not pay a farthing of debt

C'est une autre chose, Fr. It is quite a different thing
Ce qu'on nomme libéralité, n'est souvent que la vanité de donner que nous aimons mieux que ce que nous donnons, Fr. What is commonly called liberality is frequently nothing more than the vanity of giving, which we love better than the thing given
Certiorari, Law Lat. To be made more certain: to order the record from an inferior to a superior court
C'est fait de lui, Fr. It is all over with him
C'est le crime qui fait la honte, et non pas l'échafaud, Fr. It is the crime, not the scaffold, that constitutes the shame
C'est une grande folie de vouloir être sage tout seul, Fr. It is great folly to think of being wise alone
Chacun à son goût, Fr. Every one to his taste
Chasse-cousin, Fr. Bad wine given to drive away poor relations
Chef d'œuvre, Fr. A master-piece
Chi non sa niente, non dubita niente, It. The man who knows nothing doubts nothing
Chi t'ha offeso non te perdona mai, It. The man who has injured you will never forgive you
Cœlebs quid agam? Lat. Being a bachelor what shall I do?
Cornes jucundus in via pro vehiculo est, Lat. An agreeable companion upon the road is as good as a coach
Cornis in uxorem, Lat. Civil to his wife
Commotus ferret plebecula bile, Lat. Their rage being once excited, the mob are furious
Comme il faut, Fr. As it should be
Communia proprie dicere, Lat. To express common things with propriety
Commune bonum, Lat. A common good
Communibus annis, Lat. One year with another
Compositum jus lingue animi, Lat. Law and equity
Compos mentis, Lat. A man of sane mind
Con amore, It. With love
Concordes stabili fatorum numine Parce, Lat. The Destinies united by the unalterable power of the Fates
Concordia discors, Lat. A jarring concord
Congé d'élire, Fr. A leave to elect
Contra bonos mores, Lat. Against good morals
Contrastimulum calces, Lat. You kick against a spur
Coram Domino Rege, Lat. Before our Lord the King
Corps diplomatique, Fr. The diplomatic body
Corpus delicti, Law Lat. The body of the crime
Corruptio optimi pessima, Lat. The abuse of the best thing is the worst
Coup de grace, Fr. The finishing stroke
Coup de main, Fr. A bold effort

Comp d'œil, Fr. A rapid glance of the eye
Coute qui coute, Fr. Let it cost what it may

Credat Judeus Apella, Lat. Let the circumcised Jew believe that

Credebant hoc grande nefas, et morte piandum, si juvenis vetulo non assurrexerat, Lat. They esteemed it a great impiety, and worthy of death, if a youth did not rise up to an old man

Crescit amor nummi quantum ipsa pecunia crescit, Lat. The love of pelf increases with the pelf

Crimen læsæ majestatis, Lat. High treason

Cui bono? Cui malo? Lat. To what good—to what evil, will it tend?

Cujuslibet rei simulator atque dissimulatur, Lat. A hypocrite

Cul de sac, Fr. The bottom of a bag

Curæ leves loquuntur, ingentes stupent, Lat. Light griefs are loquacious; deep sorrow has no tongue

Currente calamo, Lat. With a running pen

Custos rotularum, Lat. The keeper of the rolls and records of the peace

D.

D'accord, Fr. Agreed; in tune

Da locum melioribus, Lat. Give place to your betters

Dabit Deus his quoque finem, Lat. Providence will also put an end to these

Damnant quod non intelligunt, Lat. They condemn what they do not understand

Dans l'art d'intéresser consiste l'art d'écrire, Fr. In the art of interesting consists the art of writing

Data, Lat. Things given or granted

Dat veniam corvis, vexat censura columbas, Lat. Censure acquits the crow and condemns the dove

Debouchure, Fr. The mouth or opening of a strait or river

Decies repetita placebit, Lat. Though ten times repeated it will still please

Decipimur specie recti, Lat. We are deceived by fair appearances

De facto—de jure, Lat. From the fact—from the law

Défaut de la cuirasse, Fr. He was attacked on his weak side

De gaieté de cœur, Fr. Sportively

Degeneres animos timor arguit, Lat. Fear is the indication of a degenerate mind

De haute lutte, Fr. By a violent struggle

Delectando pariterque monendo, Lat. By imparting at once pleasure and instruction

Delenda est Carthago, Lat. Carthage must be destroyed.—The words of Cato

Delirant reges, plectuntur Achivi, Lat. The madness of kings inflicts suffering on the people

De mortuis nil nisi bonum, Lat. Let nothing be said of the dead but what is favourable

De non apparentibus et non existentibus

est ratio, Lat. Respecting things non-apparent and non-existent the inference is the same

Deofavente—juvante—volente, Lat. With God's favour—help—will

Dépôt, Fr. A store or magazine

Dernier ressort, Fr. A last resource

Desideratum, Lat. A thing desired

Despere in loco, Lat. To play the fool at the right time

Desunt cætera, Lat. The remainder is wanting

Detour, Fr. A circuitous march

Detur digniori, Lat. Let it be given to the more worthy

Deus nobis hæc otia fecit, Lat. God has given us this leisure

Dies faustus—inaustus, Lat. A lucky—an unlucky day

Dieu et mon droit, Fr. God and my right

Difficilis, querulus, laudator temporis acti, Lat. Repulsive, querulous, and the eulogist of times gone by

Difficile est plurimum virtutem revereri qui semper secundâ fortunâ sit usus, Lat. The man who has been always fortunate cannot easily have a great reverence for virtue

Digitis monstrari et dicier hic est, Lat. To be pointed out by the finger, and to have it said, There he goes

Dignus vindicæ nodus, Lat. A plot worthy of such an unraveller

Dii Penates, Lat. Household gods

Disce docendus adhuc, Lat. Learn, with a disposition still to acquire knowledge

Discite justitiam moniti, et non temnere divos, Lat. Be admonished to learn justice and reverence for the gods

Diseur de bon mots, Fr. A sayer of good things; a witling

Disjecti membra poetæ, Lat. The scattered remains of the poet

Divide et impera, Lat. Divide and govern

Dociles imitandis turpibus et pravis omnes sumus, Lat. We are all easily taught to imitate what is base and wicked

Doctrina sed vim promovet insitam, Lat. Learning only serves to bring forward the natural force of the mind

Dogli di donna morta dura in fin alla porta, It. Fr. Sorrow for a dead woman goes no farther than the door

Dolce cose a vedere, e dolci inganni, It. Things sweet to see, and sweet deceptions

Domus et placens uxor, Lat. Thy house and pleasing wife

Dos d'âne, Fr. A shelving ridge

Double entendre, Fr. A double meaning

Doux yeux, Fr. Soft glances

Droit d'aubaine, Fr. The right of escheat

Droit des gens, Fr. The law of nations

Du fort au faible, Fr. From the strong to the weak; one with another

Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori, Lat. It is sweet and glorious to die for one's country

Dulcis inexpertis cultura potentis amici : expertus metuit, Lat. To the inexperienced the intimacy of a great man is delightful: the more knowing dread its consequences

Dum tacent clamant, Lat. Their silence speaks aloud

Dum vitant stulti vitia, in contraria currunt, Lat. Fools are ever in extremes

Dum vivimus, vivamus, Lat. Let us live while we live

Durante bene plachto, Lat. During our good pleasure

Durante vita, Lat. During life

Durum ! sed levius ut patientiâ quicquid corrigere est nefas, Lat. It is hard !—but patience renders unavoidable evils tolerable

Dux femina facti, Lat. A woman was the leader of the deed

E.

Ea sub oculis posita negligimus : proximorum incuriosi, longinquos sectamur, Lat. We neglect the things under our noses, and, regardless of what is within our reach, pursue what is remote

Eau benite de cour, Fr. Court promises

Ece homo, Lat. Behold the man

Effodiantur opes irritamenta malorum, Lat. Riches, the provocatives of evil, are dug from the bowels of the earth

Effutire leves indigna tragoedia versus, ut festis matrona moveri jussa diebus, Lat. It is as unworthy of tragedy to stoop to the low mimic follies of a farce, as of a matron to dance on a holiday

E flammâ cibum petere, Lat. To obtain a livelihood by desperate means

Ego nec studium sine divite venâ, nec rude quid prosit video ingenium, Lat. Study without genius, and genius without study, are equally unprofitable

Ego spem pretio non cino, Lat. I do not buy hope with money

Egregii mortalem alique silentiâ, Lat. A man of uncommon silence and reserve

E meglio sdrucciolar co' piedi che colla lingua, It. Fr. It is better one's foot make a slip than one's tongue

En batterie, Fr. Said of a battery when the cannon are higher than the breast-wall

Enfants gâtés—trouvés, Fr. Spoiled children—foundlings

Enfans perdus, Fr. Lost children ; the forlorn hope

Enfilade, Fr. A row

En suite, Fr. A vessel is said to be armed *en suite* when she carries only her upper tier of guns ; her lower deck and hold being filled with stores

En habiles gens, Fr. Like able men

En masse—en foule, Fr. In a body—in a crowd

En plein jour, Fr. In broad day

En revanche, Fr. In return

Entre deux vins, Fr. Half seas over

Entre nous, Fr. Between ourselves

En vieillissant on devient plus fou et plus sage, Fr. As we get old we become at once more foolish and more wise

Ex nomine, Lat. On that account

Eripuit fulmen cœlo, mox sceptrâ tyrannis, Lat. He first snatched the thunder-bolt from the clouds, then the sceptre from tyrants. (Turgot's motto for Dr Franklin)

Esprit de corps, Fr. The corporation-spirit

Est modus in rebus, sunt certi denique fines, quos ultra citraque nequit consistere rectum, Lat. There is a medium in all things, and there are certain limits on either side of which rectitude cannot exist

Est brevitate opus, ut currat sententia, Lat. To give our sentiments effect we must be concise

Esto perpetua, Lat. Be thou perpetual

Est quoddam prodire tenus si non datur ultra, Lat. It is something to proceed thus far, if it be not permitted to go further

Esuriente leoni ex ore excerpere prædium, Lat. To tear the prey from the mouth of a hungry lion

Et credis cineres curare sepultos ? Lat. And do you suppose that the ashes of the dead feel cares ?

Et genus et virtus, nisi cum re vilior aliquid est, Lat. Birth and virtue, unless accompanied by riches, are held more worthless than sea-weed

Et mihi res, nonne rebus, submittere conor, Lat. I endeavour to make events yield to me, not submit myself to events

Et qui nolunt occidere quemquam posse volunt, Lat. Even those who would not themselves shed blood, wish to have the power of life and death

Et quocunque volunt animam auditoris agunto, Lat. Let them raise the mind to what height they please

Etre pauvre sans être libre, c'est le pire état ou l'homme puisse tomber, Fr. To be poor without being free is the worst state into which man can fall

Et sic de similibus, Lat. And so of the like

Ex cathedrâ, Lat. From the chair

Excerpta, Lat. Extracts

Ex concessu, Lat. From what has been admitted

Ex curiâ, Lat. Out of court

Exempta juvat spinis e pluribus una, Lat. Better one thorn plucked out than all remain

Ex facto jus oritur, Lat. The law arises out of the fact

Ex humili magna ad fastigia rerum extollit, quoties voluit fortuna jocari, Lat. Fortune often in jest raises a fool to the very pinnacle of fortune

Ex nihilo nihil fit, Lat. Nothing produces nothing

Ex officio, Lat. By virtue of his office

Ex parte, Lat. On one part

Ex pede Herculem, Lat. Judge of the size of the statue of Hercules by the foot
Experimentum crux, Lat. A decisive experiment
Experto crede, Lat. Believe an experienced man
Expertus metuit, Lat. The man of experience dreads it
Ex tempore, Lat. Out of hand—without study
Extinctus amabitur idem, Lat. The same man, when dead, shall be beloved

F.

Facetiarum apud prepotentes in longum memoria est, Lat. The powerful hold in long remembrance an ill-timed pleasantry
Facile est inventis addere, Lat. It is easy to add to things already invented
Facile princeps, Lat. The admitted chief; decidedly the first
Facinus quos inquinat aequat, Lat. Guilt levels those whom it stains
Facit indignatio versus, Lat. My indignation makes me a poet
Façon de parler, Fr. A manner of speaking
Fac simile, Lat. Do the like: an engraved resemblance of a man's hand-writing
Fix populi, Lat. The drops of the people; the swinish multitude; the canaille
Fallentis semita vitæ, Lat. The deceitful path of life
Fallit enim vitium specie virtutis et umbrâ, Lat. Vice deceives under the shape and shadow of virtue
Falsus honor juvat et mendax infamia terret, quem nisi mendosum et mendacem? Lat. Whom do false honour and calumny deter, except the vicious man and the liar?
Fare—fac, Lat. Speak—do
Fas est et ab hoste doceri, Lat. It is allowable to derive instruction even from an enemy
Favete linguis, Lat. Attend while the business is proceeding
Felices ter et amplius quos lrupta tenet copula, Lat. Thrice happy they who are bound together by an indissoluble tie
Felix quem faciunt aliena pericula cautum, Lat. He is happy who can learn prudence from the dangers of others
Felix qui potuit rerum cognoscere causas, Lat. Happy is the man who is able to penetrate the causes of things
Felo de se, Latæ Lat. A suicide
Femme couverte—sole, Fr. A married—an unmarried woman
Fere naturæ, Lat. Of a wild nature: applied to those animals which are the common property of all
Fere libenter homines id quod volunt credunt, Lat. Men readily believe what they wish to be true
Ferme ornée, Fr. A decorated farm

Fête champêtre, Fr. A rural feast
Flat justitia, ruat cælum, Lat. Let justice be done though the heavens should fall
Fictæ voluptatis cause sint proximæ veris, Lat. Let the fictitious sources of pleasure be as near as possible to the true
Fides sit penes auctorem, Lat. Let the author be responsible
Filius nullius, Lat. The son of nobody; a bastard
Fille de chambre, Fr. A chambermaid
Fille de joie, Fr. A woman of pleasure
Flagrans bello—delicto, Lat. During hostilities—taken in the fact
Flectere si nequeo superos, Acheronta movebo, Lat. If I cannot influence the gods I will move all hell
Forcundi calices quem non fecere disertum? Lat. Whom has not the inspiring bowl made eloquent?
Fornum habet in cornu, longe fuge, dummodo risum excutiat sibi, non hic culquam parcat amico, Lat. He has hay on his horn; avoid him, far, provided he can raise a laugh to himself, he cares little at whose expense
Forsan et hæc olim meminisse juvabit, Lat. The remembrance of these things will perhaps prove a source of future pleasure
Fortem posce animum, mortis terrore carentem, Lat. Pray for a strong mind, superior to the fear of death
Fortes fortuna juvat, Lat. Fortune favours the bold
Fortuna multis dat nimium, nulli satis, Lat. To many fortune gives too much, to nobody (as justice) enough
Fraises, Fr. Pointed stakes used in fortification
Fruges consumere nati, Lat. Men born only to consume food
Fuit illud, Lat. Troy is no more
Fulgente trahit constrictos, gloria curru non minus ignotos generosis, Lat. Glory hurries on, bound to her dazzling chariot, the nameless no less than the noble
Fungar vice cotis acutum reddere quæ ferum valet, exors ipsa secandi, Lat. I shall perform the office of a whet-stone, which can make iron sharp, though it be itself incapable of cutting
Fuyez les procès sur toutes choses: la conscience s'y interesse, la santé s'y altère, les biens s'y dissipent, Fr. Above every thing avoid law-suits: they affect your conscience, impair your health, and dissipate your property

G.

Garrat aniles ex re fabellas, Lat. He prattles old wives' gossip rather pertinently
Gaudetque viam fecisse ruinâ, Lat. He rejoices to have made his way through ruin
Gaulois, Fr. Old French

Gens d'église—de guerre—de condition—
de peu, *Fr.* Churchmen—military men
—people of rank—the meaner sort of
people

Genus irritabile vatum, *Lat.* The irritable
tribe of poets

Genus, et proavos, et que non fecimus ipsi,
vix ea nostra voco, *Lat.* Birth, and an-
cestry, and whatever we ourselves have
not achieved, can hardly be called our
own

Gibier de potence, *Fr.* A gallows-bird

Gorge, *Fr.* A narrow pass

Goutte à goutte, *Fr.* Drop by drop

Græculus esuriens ad cælum jussus, *Uitt.*
Lat. Bld a poor hungry Greek go to hea-
ven, and he'll try

Gratis anhelans, multa agendo nihil agens,
Lat. Out of breath to no purpose, and
very busy about nothing

Gratum est quod patriæ civem populoque
dedisti, *Lat.* It is agreeable to have given
a citizen to the country and the state

Grave virus munditiæ populi, *Lat.* The
virulent poison has corroded the healthy
part

Gravis ira regum semper, *Lat.* The anger
of kings is always terrible

Grisette jolie, *Fr.* A pretty waiting-woman

Grossièreté, *Fr.* Grossness, rudeness, brut-
ality

Guerre à outrance, *Fr.* "War to the knife."
(Palafox)

Gutta cavat lapidem, non vi sed sæpe ca-
dendo, *Lat. Fr.* The drop hollows the
stone, not by the force, but the frequen-
cy with which it falls

H.

Habet aliquid ex iniquo omne magnum
exemplum quod contra singulos, utili-
tate publica repperitur, *Lat.* Every
great example of public punishment is
productive of a certain degree of individ-
ual injustice, which, however, is com-
pensated by the promotion of the public
good

Hæc nugæ in seria decent mala, *Lat.* This
trifling will lead to serious mischief

Hæredis fletus sub personâ risus est, *Lat.*
Fr. The weeping of an heir is laughter
under a mask

Hæres hæredem alterius, velut unda su-
pervenit undam, *Lat.* Heir follows on
the heels of heir as wave urges wave

Hæret lateri lethalis arundo, *Lat.* The
deadly arrow sticks in his side

Hanc veniam petimusque damusque vicis-
sim, *Lat.* In turn we both give and re-
ceive this indulgence

Haro, *Fr.* Hue and cry

Haud facile emergunt quorum virtutibus
obstat res angusta domi, *Lat.* They will
not easily rise in the world, whose talents
are depressed by poverty

Haud passibus æquis, *Lat.* With unequal
steps

Hauteur, *Fr.* Height; haughtiness

Haut goût, *Fr.* High flavour

Hen! quam difficile est crimen non pro-
dere vultu! *Lat.* How difficult a mat-
ter it is not to betray guilt by the coun-
tenance!

Hic est, aut nusquam, quod quaerimus,
Lat. Here, or no where, is the object of
our search

Hic murus æthereus esto, nil conscire sibi,
nullâ pallescere culpâ, *Lat.* Let this be
thy brazen wall of defence, to be con-
scious of no crime, and to turn pale at
no accusation

Hic patet ingens campus, *Lat.* Here is a
field open for genius

Hinc illic lachrymæ, *Lat.* Hence proceed
these tears

Hic saltem accumulæ donis et fangar
inani munere, *Lat.* Let me at least be-
stow on him these last offerings, and
perform an unavailing duty

Hoc age, *Lat.* Do this

Hoc fonte derivata clades in patriam po-
pulumque fluxit, *Lat.* Destruction, pro-
ceeding from this source, overwhelmed
the country and the state

Hominis error, insipientis vero in errore
perseverare, *Lat.* Any man may err, but
a fool only will persevere in error

Homo sum; humani nihîl a me alienum
puto, *Lat.* I am a man, and deem no-
thing which relates to man foreign to
my feelings

Homunculî quanti sunt! cum recogito
Lat. Now I recollect how considerable
in number these little men are

Honestâ quædam scelera successus facit,
Lat. Success make some sorts of wicked-
ness appear honourable

Honi soît qui mal y pense, *Fr.* Evil be to
him that evil thinks.—(The motto of
the Garter)

Honos alit artes, *Lat.* Honour fosters the
arts

Hors de combat, *Fr.* Out of condition to
fight

Hortus siccus, *Lat.* A dry garden; a col-
lection of the leaves of different plants
preserved in a dried state

Hotel-Dieu, *Fr.* The house of God; the
name of an hospital

Huc propius me dum doceo insanire omnes,
vos ordine adite, *Lat.* Come to me
in order; that I may prove to you that
all mankind are mad

Huc versatile ingenium sic pariter ad om-
nia fuit, ut natum ad id unum decres,
quodcumque agerit, *Lat.* This man's
mind was so versatile, that you would
have pronounced him born for the very
thing which he might be doing at the
time

I.

Idit eò quò vis qui perdidit sonam, *Lat.*
The man who has lost his purse will go
where you please

- Idem velle et nolle, ea demum firma amicitia est, Lat.* Firm friendship consists in having the same desires and aversions
- I deinens, et seivas curru per Alpes, ut pueri placeas et declamatio fias, Lat.* Go, madman, and rush over the rugged Alps, that you may please children, and furnish the topic of a declamation
- Id genus omne, Lat.* All persons of that description
- Ignarissimus quisque, et, ut res docuit, in periculo non ausurus, nimio verbis et lingua feroces, Lat.* Every poltroon who proved his cowardice in the hour of danger was afterwards in his talk a perfect hero
- Igneus est illis vigor, et celestis origo seminibus, Lat.* Their seed boasts an ethereal vigour and a heavenly origin
- Ignis fatuus, Lat.* A foolish fire; the meteor or electrical phenomenon called "Will-o'-the-wisp"
- Ignoti nulla cupido, Lat.* No desire is felt of a thing unknown
- Ignotum per ignotius, Lat.* That which is unknown by something still more unknown
- Il aboye tout le monde, Fr.* He snarls at every body
- Il a la m r a boire, Fr.* He has the sea to drink: he has a prodigious task to perform
- Il a le vin mauvais, Fr.* He is quarrelsome in his cups
- Il est plus ais  d' tre sage pour les autres, que pour soi-m me, Fr.* It is easier to be wise for another than for one's self
- Il est plus honteux de se d cevoir de ses amis, que d'en  tre tromp , Fr.* It is more discreditable to distrust one's friends than to be deceived by them
- Il faut attendre le boiteux, Fr.* We must wait for the lame man: we must wait for the truth which comes haltingly behind
- Il faut  tre r serv  m me avec son meilleur ami, lorsque cet ami t moigne trop de curiosit  pour p n trer votre secret, Fr.* It is prudent to be on the reserve even with your best friend when he shows himself too anxious to discover your secret
- Illos intra muros peccatur et extra, Lat.* Errors are committed both within and without the walls of Troy
- Ille dolet vere quae sine teste dolet, Lat.* Her grief, who grieves unseen, is sincere
- Ille crucem sceleris pretium, hic diadema, Lat.* One man is crucified for a crime which raises another to a throne
- Ille potens sui letusque degit, cui licet in diem dixisse Fieri, Lat.* That man lives happily, and in full control over himself, who from day to day can say *I have lived*
- Ille mores gravis incubat, qui notus omnibus ignotus moritur sibi, Lat.* Death must press heavily on that man, who, though but too well known to others, dies at last ignorant of himself
- Il n'a pas invent  la poudre, Fr.* He was not the inventor of gunpowder
- Il n'a ni bouche, ni  p ron, Fr.* He has neither wit nor courage
- Il n'appartient qu'aux grands hommes d'avoir de grands d fauts, Fr.* Great defects belong only to great men
- Il n'y a point au monde un si p nible m tier que celui de se faire un grand nom; la vie s'ach ve avant qu' nn ait a peine  bauch  son ouvrage, Fr.* The most difficult thing in the world is trying to make one's self a great name; for death comes ere the task be hardly begun
- Il sabe muda conscio,   nescio no, Sp.* A wise man changes his mind, a fool never
- Il vino e una mezza corda, It.* Wine brings out the truth
- Il volto sciolto, gli pensieri stretti, It.* The countenance open, the thoughts strictly confined
- Il y a des gens qui ressemblent aux vaudevilles, qu'on ne chante qu'un certain temps, Fr.* Some men's fame resembles a popular ballad which, after being some time chanted in the streets, is forgotten
- Il y a des reproches qui louent, et des louanges qui m disent, Fr.* Some reproaches are a commendation, and some praises detraction
- Imitatores, servum pecus! Lat.* Ye imitators, a servile herd!
- Imperium, flagitio acquiritum, nemo unquam bonis artibus exercevit, Lat.* The power criminally acquired is never beneficially exercised
- Imperium in imperio, Lat.* A government within a government
- Imprimatur, Lat.* Let it be printed
- Improbis crescent divitiae, tamen curae nescio quid semper abest rei, Lat.* Wicked wealth increases, yet the possessor is not content, and something is still wanting to his wishes
- Improbis aliena virtus semper formidolosa est, Lat.* To the wicked the virtues of other men are always an object of terror
- Impromptu, Lat.* Without study
- Incedimus per ignes suppositos cineri doloso, Lat.* We tread on fires concealed under deceitful ashes
- Incidit in Scyllam qui vult vitare Charybdim, Lat.* In attempting to avoid a lesser he falls into a greater evil
- Indige. Vivendi rect  qui prorogat horam, rusticus expectat dum defluat annus, Lat.* Begin. The man who puts off reformation from day to day is like the peasant who, in order to pass dryshod, sat down on the bank to wait till the river run by
- Incoctum generoso pectus honesto, Lat.* A mind imbued with generous and honourable qualities
- In commendam, Lat.* In trust or recommendation

Index expurgatorius, Lat. A purifying index

Indocti discant, et ament meminisse periti, Lat. Let the unskilful learn, and the learned improve their recollection

In esse; in posse, Lat. In being; possible. (Logical forms of expression)

Inest sua gratia parvis, Lat. Little things have their own peculiar grace

In formâ pauperis, Lat. In the form of a poor man

In foro conscientie, Lat. Before the tribunal of conscience

Ingenio stat sine morte decus, Lat. The honours of genius are eternal

Iniquissimam pacem justissimo bello antefero, Lat. I prefer the most disadvantageous peace to the justest war. (The favourite maxim of Mr Fox)

Innuendo, Law Lat. An oblique hint or insinuation

In nullum repabilem usum ambitiosâ loquelâ inclauit, Lat. He became famous for an ambitious verbosity of no use to the state

In pertusum ingerimus dicta dollum, Lat. We sling our sayings into a cask bored through

In petto, It. In reserve

In propria personâ, Lat. In person

In puris naturalibus, Lat. Stark naked

Insanus omnis furere credit ceteros, Lat. Fr. Every madman believes that all other persons are mad

Insita hominibus natura violentie resistere, Lat. To resist violence is implanted in the nature of man

Instar omnium, Lat. One example may suffice for all

In te omnis domus inclinata recumbit, Lat. Upon thee the whole fortunes of our house depend

Interdum vulgus rectum videt, Lat. Sometimes the rabble discern what is right.

Inter nos, Lat. Between ourselves

In terrorem, Lat. In terror

In transitu, Lat. In passing

Intuta quæ indecora, Lat. Those things which are disgraceful are unsafe

Invidiâ Siculi non invenère tyranni tormentum majus, Lat. The Sicilian tyrants never devised a greater punishment than envy

Invidiam placare paras virtute relicta? Lat. To shun detraction would you fly from virtue?

In vino veritas, Lat. There is truth in wine

Invitâ Minervâ, Lat. Without the aid of genius

Ipsæ dixit, Lat. He himself said it: dogmatism

Ipsa facta—jura, Lat. In the fact itself—by the law itself

Iras et verba locant, Lat. They hire out their passions and their words. (Spoken of the Knights of the Long Robe)

Is maxime divitiis utitur, qui minime di-

vitis indiget, Lat. He makes the best use of riches, who has the fewest wants to which they minister

Ita me Dii ament, uli sim nescio, Lat. As the gods shall judge me, I know not where I am

Iter pigrorum quasi sepes spinarum, Lat. The way of the sluggard is as a hedge of thorns

J.

Jacta est alea, Lat. The die is cast

Jactitatio, Lat. A boasting. Also a law term, e. g. Jactitation of marriage

J'ai eu toujours pour principe de ne faire jamais par autrui ce que je pouvois faire par moi-même, Fr. I have always laid it down as a principle never to do that by another which I can do for myself

Jam redit et Virgo, redeunt Saturnia regna, Lat. Astræa (the goddess of justice) and the golden age are now returning

Jamne igitur laudas, quod de sapientibus alter ridebat—sclat contrarius alter? Lat. Can you then praise that which caused one philosopher to laugh and another to cry?

Jamuis claudis, Lat. With shut doors

Jeu de mots—d'esprit—de théâtre, Fr. A play on words, or pun—a witticism—a stage-trick

Joco di mano, joco villano, It. Fr. Practical jokes belong to the vulgar

Jucunda atque idonea dicere vitæ, Lat. To describe whatever is pleasant and proper in life

Jucundi acti labores, Lat. Past labours are pleasant

Judex damnatur cum nocens absolvitur, Lat. Guilt attaches to a judge when the guilty are suffered to escape

Judicium parium, aut leges terre, Lat. The judgement of our peers, or the laws of the land. (From Magna Charta)

Jura neget sibi nata, nihil non arroget armis, Lat. Let him deny that laws were made for him, and claim every thing by force of arms

Jure divino—humano, Lat. By divine—by human law

Jus civile—gentium, Lat. The civil law—the law of nations

Justum bellum quibus necessarium, et pia arma quibus nulla nisi in armis relinquitur spes, Lat. War, when necessary, is just, and, in the case of those whose sole hope is in arms, to draw the sword is a pious act

Justitie partes sunt non violare homines; verecundie non offendere, Lat. Justice consists in doing men no injury; decency in giving them no offence

Justum et tenacem propositum virum, non civium ardor prava jubentium, non vultus instantis tyranni, mente quatit solidâ, Lat. Neither the clamours of the misguided multitude, nor the frowns of

a threatening tyrant, can shake the steady resolution of that man whose mind is under the influence of justice and principle

Juvenile vitium regere non posse impetum, Lat. It is the fault of youth that it cannot govern its own violence

K.

Kalendæ Græcæ, Lat. Latter-Lammas.
Ad Kalendas Græcæ, Never

Kalendis querit ponere, Lat. He wishes to lay out his money against the first of next month

L.

La beauté sans vertu est un fleur sans parfum, Fr. Beauty without virtue is a flower without perfume

Labitur et labetur in omne volubilis ævum, Lat. The river runs now, and will continue to run through every succeeding age

Labor omnia vincit, Lat. Labour conquers every thing

Laborum dulce lenimen, Lat. The sweet solace of our labours

La confiance fournit plus à la conversation que l'esprit, Fr. Confidence contributes more to conversation than wit or talent

La durée de nos passions ne dépend pas plus de nous que la durée de notre vie, Fr. The duration of our passions depends no more upon ourselves than the duration of our lives

Latus sum laudari a te viro laudato, Lat. It gives me pleasure to be praised by you, the object of so much praise

La faim chasse le loup du bois, Fr. Hunger drives the wolf from the wood

L'affaire s'achemine, Fr. The business is going forward

La langue des femmes est leur épée, et elles ne la laissent pas rouiller, Fr. The tongue is the woman's sword, and she never suffers it to rust

La maladie sans maladie, Fr. Hypochondriasis

La moquerie est souvent une indigence d'esprit, Fr. Jestings often indicates a want of understanding

La mort est plus aisée sans y penser, que la pensée de la mort sans péril, Fr. Death, when it comes without previous reflection, is more easy than the thought of death without danger

L'amour de la justice n'est en la plupart des hommes que la crainte de souffrir l'injustice, Fr. The love of justice is in most men nothing more than the fear of suffering injustice

L'amour propre est le plus grand de tous les flatteurs, Fr. Self-love is the greatest of all flatterers

Langage des halles, Fr. Billingsgate

La patience est amère; mais le fruit en est

doux, Fr. Patience is bitter, but the fruit of it is sweet

Lapsus linguae, Lat. A slip of the tongue
L'art de vaincre est celui de mépriser la mort, Fr. The art of conquering is that of despising death

Latet anguis in herbâ, Lat. There is a snake in the grass

Latitat, Law Lat. He lurks: a writ of summons, by which the defendant is obliged to be in a state of concealment

Latus regnes evidum domando spiritum, quam si Libyam remotis Gadibus jungas, et uterque Poenus serviat uni, Lat. By subduing your craving appetites you may acquire a more extensive empire than if you united Libya with Spain, and both the Carthages were subject to thy authority alone

Laudatur temporis acti, Lat. A praise of past times

Laudibus arguitur vini vinosus, Lat. A drunkard is discovered by the praises he bestows on wine

La vertu n'iroit pas si loin, si la vanité ne lui tenoit compagnie, Fr. Virtue would not go so far if vanity did not bear it company

Le bonheur et le malheur vont d'ordinaire à ceux qui ont le plus de l'un où de l'autre, Fr. Good and bad fortune generally fall to the lot of those who have, respectively the most of either

Le dessous des cartes, Fr. The under side of the cards.—*Il est au dessous des cartes, He is in the secret*

Le diable est aux vaches, Fr. There is the devil to pay

Le grand œuvre, Fr. The philosophers stone

Le jeu est le fils de l'avarice, et le père du désespoir, Fr. Gaming is the child of avarice and the father of despair

Le monde est le livre des femmes, Fr. The world is the book of women: they profit more by observation than books

L'empire des lettres, Fr. The republic of letters

Le pays du mariage a cela de particulier, que les étrangers ont envie de l'habiter, et les habitants naturels voudroient en être exilés, Fr. The land of marriage has this peculiarity, that foreigners would willingly settle in it, and its natural inhabitants as gladly be exiled from it

Le plus sage est celui qui ne croit point l'être, Fr. The wisest man is he who does not think that he is so

Le roi le veut, Fr. The king wills it, (the form of passing a bill.) *Le roi s'avise, The king will consider, (the form of refusal)*

Le savoir faire, Fr. Address

Le savoir vivre, Fr. The knowledge of life
Les eaux sont basses chez lui, Fr. His finances are low

Les femmes sont extrêmes; elles sont mail

- leures où pères que les hommes, *Fr.* Women are always in extremes, and are either better or worse than men
- Les murailles ont des oreilles, *Fr.* Walls have ears
- Le travail éloigne de nous trois grands maux, l'ennui, le vice, et le besoin, *Fr.* Labour rids us of three great evils, ennui, vice, and poverty
- Levis perpassi sumus, si flenda patimur, *Lat.* We have suffered but slightly if we have only suffered that which we should weep for
- Leve sit quod bene fertur onus, *Lat.* That load which is cheerfully borne becomes pleasant
- Le vrai moyen d'être trompé, c'est de se croire plus fin que les autres, *Fr.* The sure way to be deceived is to believe ourselves more cunning than the rest of the world
- Lex non scripta—scripta, *Lat.* The common—the statute law
- Lex talionis—terre, *Lat.* The law of retaliation—the law of the land
- Libertas ultima mundi quo steterit ferienda loco, *Lat.* The remaining liberty of the world was, on that precise spot, to be extinguished
- Litera scripta manet, *Lat.* The written letter remains
- Locum tenens, *Lat.* A deputy or substitute
- Locus sigilli, *Lat.* The place of the seal. (L. S.)
- Longa est injuria, longa ambages, *Lat.* The injury is great and the story long
- Longa mora est quantum noxi sit ubique repertum, enumerare, *Lat.* It would be tedious to relate the quantity of guilt which was every where discovered
- Longum est iter per precepta, breve et efficax per exempla, *Lat.* Instruction by precept is tedious, by example short and effectual
- Lucri bonus odor ex quolibet re, *Lat.* The smell of gain is good whencesoever it proceeds
- Lucus à non lucendo, *Lat.* Cicero derives the word *lucus* (a sacred grove) from no light penetrating thither—viz. a non *lucendo*
- L'ultima che si perde e la speranza, *It. Fr.* The last thing that is lost is hope
- L'une des marques de la médiocrité de l'esprit est de toujours conter, *Fr.* One of the marks of mediocrity of understanding is to be always telling stories
- M.**
- Maeste virtute esto, *Lat.* Proceed in virtue
- Magna Charta, *Lat.* The Great Charter. (Anno 1215)
- Magna est veritas et prævalebit, *Lat.* The truth is powerful and will ultimately prevail
- Magni nominis umbra, *Lat.* The shadow of a great name
- Magnum est vectigal parsimonia, *Lat.* Economy is itself a great income
- Maison de ville, *Fr.* The town-house
- Maître des hautes œuvres, *Fr.* The hangman
- Maître des basses œuvres, *Fr.* The nightman
- Maître d'hôtel, *Fr.* A house steward
- Maledicus a maledico non distat nisi occasione, *Lat.* The slanderer differs from the evil-doer only in the want of opportunity
- Malè parva malè dilabantur, *Lat.* Things ill-gotten are as badly expended
- Malè si mandata loqueris, aut dormitabis aut ridebis, *Lat.* If you speak your part ill, I shall either laugh or fall asleep
- Mal à propos, *Fr.* Ill-timed
- Malum in se—malum prohibitum, *Lat.* An evil in itself—a thing evil because forbidden
- Mandamus, *Late Lat.* We order: a writ issued to a corporation, commanding them to restore a person to office
- Mars gravior sub pace latet, *Lat.* A more severe war lurks under the show of peace
- Materiem superabat opus, *Lat.* The workmanship surpassed the materials
- Mauvaise honte, *Fr.* False modesty
- Maximus in minimis, *Lat.* Very great in very trifling things
- Me non oracula certum, sed mors certa facit, *Lat.* I am delivered from doubt, not by responses of oracles, but by the certainty of death
- Medio tutissimus ibis, *Lat.* The safest course will be in the middle
- Memento mori, *Lat.* Remember death
- Memorabilia, *Lat.* Things to be remembered
- Mendici, mimi, balatrones, *Lat.* Beggars, players, and scoundrels
- Mens agit at molem, *Lat.* Mind informs the mass
- Mens sibi conscia recti, *Lat.* A mind conscious to itself of rectitude
- Metiri se quemque suo modulo ac pede verum est, *Lat.* It is right that every man should measure himself by his own model and standard
- Mezzo termine, *It.* A middle course
- Minutiae, *Lat.* Trifles: minute parts
- Mirabile dictu, *Lat.* Wonderful to tell
- Miseri succurre disco, *Lat.* I learn to relieve the wretched
- Miserum est aliorum incumbere fœmæ, *Lat.* It is a wretched thing to depend on the fame of others
- Minimus, *Late Lat.* We send: a writ to commit an offender to prison
- Molita tempora fandi, *Lat.* The favourable moments for speaking
- Monstrum nullâ virtute redemptum a vitiis, *Lat.* A monster whose vices are not counterbalanced by a single virtue
- Mors omnibus communis, *Lat.* Death is common to all
- Mors sola fatetur, quantula sint hominum

corpuscula, Lat. Death alone unfolds the littleness and insignificance of the human body

Mot du guet, Fr. A watchword

Mots d'usage, Fr. Phrases in common use

Multa gemens, Lat. Groaning deeply

Multa putans, sortemque animo miseratus iniquam, Lat. In anxious reflection, and struck with compassion of so sad a state

Multum ablodit imago, Lat. The picture is by no means like

Multum in parvo, Lat. Much in little

Munus Apolline dignum, Lat. An offering worthy of Apollo

Mutatis mutandis, Lat. After making the necessary changes

Mutato nomine, de te fabula narratur, Lat. Change the name, and the story will apply to yourself

Mutum est pictura poema, Lat. A picture is a poem without words

N.

Nam ego illum perisse duco cui quidem perit pudor, Lat. I consider that man as utterly lost in whom the sense of shame is extinguished

Nam vitia nemo sine nascitur, Lat. No man is born without faults

Natio comoda est, Lat. The nation is a company of players

Natura lo fecit, è poi ruppe la stampa, It. Nature formed him, and then broke the mould

Naturam expellas furca, tamen usque recurret, Lat. You may attempt to drive away nature by violence, but she will still return

Ne cede malis, Lat. Do not yield to misfortune

Nec Deus interdt nisi dignus vindice nodus, Lat. Let not a god be introduced, unless the difficulty be worthy of such intervention

Necesse est ut multos timeant, quem multi timent, Lat. They whom many dread, must live in terror of many

Necessitas non habet leges, Lat. Necessity has no law

Nec me pudet, ut istos, fateri nescire quod nesciam, Lat. I am not ashamed, as some men are, to confess my ignorance of that which I do not know

Nec pluribus impar, Lat. Not an unequal match for numbers

Nec scire fas est omnia, Lat. It is not permitted to know all things

Nec sibi sed toto genitum se credere munda, Lat. To think that he was born, not for himself, but for the whole world

Nec vixit male qui natus moriensque fefellit, Lat. Nor has he spent his life badly who, from the cradle to the grave, hath passed it in privacy

Nel mondo non è felice, se non quel che muore in fasce, It. Pr. There is no one

happy in this world but he that dies in his swaddling-clothes

Nem. con., Abbreviation for *nenime contradiçente*. *Nem. dia.,* Abbreviation for *nenime dissentiente*, *Lat.* Without opposition.—Of these phrases, which are, in fact, synonymous, the former is used in the House of Commons; the latter is exclusively confined to the House of Peers

Nemo mortaliu omni bus horis sapit, Lat. No man is wise at all times

Nemo repente fuit turpissimus, Lat. No man ever became incurably vicious at once

Nemo vir magnus sine aliquo afflatu divino unquam fuit, Lat. All great men are in some degree inspired

Ne pueri gladium, Lat. Pr. Trust not a sword to the hand of a boy

Neque enim quies gentium sine armis, neque arma sine stipendiis, neque stipendia sine tributis, Lat. The peace of nations cannot be maintained without armies; armies cannot be supported without pay; pay cannot be made good without taxes

Neque semper arcum tendit Apollo, Lat. Apollo does not always bend his bow

Ne quid falsi dicere audeat, ne quid veri non audeat, Lat. Let him not presume to utter any falsehood, but be bold in the promulgation of truth

Ne quid nimis, Lat. Too much of one thing is good for nothing

Nescit vox missa reverti, Lat. A word once uttered can never be recalled

Ne sutor ultra crepidam, Lat. Let not the shoemaker go beyond his last

Nihil legebat quod non excerperet, Lat. He picked something out of every thing he read

Nihil tam absurdum, quod non dictum sit ab aliquo philosophorum, Lat. There is no absurdity which has not been maintained by some philosopher

Nil conscire sibi, nulla pallescere culpa, Lat. To be conscious of no crime, and to turn pale at no accusation

Nil desperandum Teucro ducit, et auspice Teucro, Lat. We must despair of nothing, under the guidance and conduct of Teucer

Nil dictu foedum visuque hæc limina tangat intra quæ puer est, Lat. Let nothing offensive to the eye or the ear be seen or heard under the roof where a boy resides

Nil fuit unquam tam dispar sibi, Lat. Nothing was ever so unlike himself

Nil habet infelix paupertas durius in se, quam quod ridiculos facit homines, Lat. The greatest hardship of poverty is, that it tends to make men ridiculous

Ni l'un ni l'autre, Fr. Neither the one nor the other

Nisi Dominus frustra, Lat. Unless the Lord be with you all your efforts are vain

Nisi prius, Lat. Unless before : a judicial writ by which the sheriff is to bring a jury to Westminster Hall on a certain day, "unless before" that the Lords Justices go into his county to hold assizes

Noceat empti dolare voluptas, Lat. Pleasure, bought at the expense of pain, is injurious

Nocturnâ versate manu, versate diurnâ, Lat. Let these be your studies, by night and by day

Nolle prosequi, Lat. To be unwilling to proceed.—This is used when a plaintiff, having commenced an action, declines to proceed therein

Nolo episcopari, Lat. I do not wish to be made a bishop

Nom de guerre, Fr. A war-name; a travelling title

Non assumpsit, Lat. He did not assume.—A plea in personal actions, when the defendant denies that any promise was made

Non constat, Lat. It does not appear

Non culvis hominâ contigit adire Corinthum, Lat. Every man cannot go to Corinth

Non ego mordaci distinxî carmine quemquam, Lat. I have not attacked any one in satirical composition

Non ego ventosæ venor suffragia plebis, Lat. I do not hunt for the votes of the inconstant rabble

Non est vivere, sed valere vita, Lat. Life is not mere existence, but the enjoyment of health

Non fumum ex fulgore sed ex fumo dare lucem, Lat. Not to elicit smoke from splendour, but splendour from smoke

Non nostrum tantas componere lites, Lat. It is not for us to adjust such grave disputes

Non obstante, Lat. Notwithstanding : a dispensing power in patents

Non omnia possumus omnes, Lat. We cannot all of us do every thing

Non omnis moriar, Lat. I shall not altogether die

Non si malè nunc et olim sic erit, Lat. If matters go on badly at present they may take a more favourable turn hereafter

Non sum qualls eram, Lat. I am not now what I once was

Non tali auxilio, nec defensoribus istis, tempus eget, Lat. The present occasion does not require such auxiliaries or such defenders

Noscitur ex sociis, Lat. He is known by his companions

Nota Bene (N. B.), Lat. Mark well

Nous ne trouverons guère de gens de bon sens, que ceux qui sont de notre avis, Fr. We seldom find persons of good sense but such as are of our opinion

Nudum pactum, Lat. A naked agreement

Nuge canore, Lat. Melodious trifles

Nulla venenato libera mista joco est, Lat.

My paper is free from any venomous jest

Nullius addictus jurare in verba magistri, Lat. Being bound to swear to the dogmas of no master

Nullum numen abest, si sit prudentia, Lat. Possessed of prudence, no protecting divinity is wanting

Nullum tempus occurrit regi, Lat. No time impedes the king

Nunquam aliud natura, aliud sapientia didit, Lat. Nature and sound philosophy are never at variance

Nunquam libertas gratior extat quam sub rege pio, Lat. Liberty is never more grateful than under a patriotic king

Nunquam non paratus, Lat. Always ready

Nusquam tuta fides, Lat. Our confidence is nowhere safe

O.

Obiter dictum, Lat. A thing said by the way, or in passing

Obscuris vera insolvens, Lat. Involving truth in dark terms

Obscurum per obscurius, Lat. Explaining something obscure by what is more obscure

Obsequium amicos, veritas odium parit, Lat. Obsequiousness procures friends, truth hatred

Occupet extremum scabies, Lat. The devil take the hindmost

Oderint dum metuant, Lat. Let them hate, provided they fear

Odi profanum vulgus, et arceo, Lat. I loathe and repulse the profane vulgar

Odium theologicum, Lat. A theological hatred

Ogni medaglia ha il suo reverso, It. Fr. Every medal has its reverse

Omne ignotum pro magnifico, Lat. Every thing unknown is held as magnificent

Omne solum fori patria, Lat. To a brave man every soil is his country

Omne tulit punctum qui miscuit utile dulci, Lat. He has gained every point who has combined the useful with the agreeable

Omnia Castor emit ; de fiet ut omnia vendet, Lat. Castor now buys every thing ; it must soon happen that he will sell every thing

Omnia suspendens naso, Lat. A perpetual sneerer

Omnibus invidias, Zoile ; nemo tibi, Lat. Zoilus, thou mayest envy all the world ; no man envies thee

On commence par être dupe ; on finit par être fripon, Fr. They begin by being fools, and end in becoming knaves

On ne donne rien si libéralement que ses conseils, Fr. Men give nothing so liberally as their advice

On ne se blâme que pour être loué, Fr. Men only blame themselves for the purpose of being praised

Onus probandi, Lat. The weight of proof ; the burden of proving
Opere pretium est, Lat. It is worth while
Opinionum commenta delet dies, nature judicia confirmat, Lat. Time obliterates speculative opinions, but confirms the judgements of nature
Opprobrium medicorum, Lat. The reproach of the faculty
O si sic omnia, Lat. O that he had always spoken thus
O tempora, O mores! Lat. O the times and the manners
Otium cum dignitate—sine dignitate, Lat. Ease with—without dignity
Ouvrage de longue haleine, Fr. A long-winded business
O vere Phrygiæ, neque enim Phryges, Lat. Mere old women in the shape of men

P.

Pabulum Acherontis, Lat. Food for the churchyard
Palman qui meruit ferat, Lat. Let him who has won it bear the palm
Papier mâché, Fr. Chewed paper
Pari passu, Lat. By a similar gradation
Par negotia, neque supra, Lat. Neither above nor below his business
Par nobile fratrium, Lat. (ironically) A noble pair of brothers
Par pari refero, Lat. I return like for like
Par signe de mépris, Fr. As a token of contempt
Pars minima sui, Lat. The frittered remnant of the man or thing
Parthis mendacior, Lat. A greater liar than a Parthian
Particeps criminis, Lat. An accomplice
Parturiunt montes, nascetur ridiculus mus, Lat. The mountain is in labour, and a ridiculous mouse is brought forth
Parvum parva decent, Lat. Little things are suitable to a little man
Pas à pas on va bien loin, Fr. Step by step one goes a long way
Passato il pericolo, gabbato il santo, It. Fr. When the danger is past the guardian saint is derided
Passim, Lat. Every where
Pater patriæ, Lat. The father of his country
Patriâ quæ exul se quoque fugit? Lat. What exile from his country is able to escape from himself?
Patriæ pietatis imago, Lat. An image of paternal tenderness
Peccavi, Lat. I have sinned
Peine forte et dure, Fr. A strong and severe pain
Pendente lite, Lat. While the suit, or contest, is depending
Pertus toto diviso orbe Britannia, Lat. The Britons separated from almost the whole world
Per fas et nefas, Lat. Through right and wrong
Precursatorem fugito, nam garrulus

idem est, Lat. Shun the inquisitive, for they will blab
Periculose plenum opus aleæ, Lat. A work full of hazard and danger
Peritune parcite chartæ, Lat. Spare the paper that is fated soon to perish
Permitte divi cætera, Lat. Entrust the rest to the gods
Per saltum, Lat. By a leap
Per se, Lat. By itself
Pessimum genus laudicorum laudantes, Lat. Flatterers are the worst species of enemies
Peu de gens savent être vieux, Fr. Few persons know how to be old
Philosophia stemma non inspicit, Lat. Philosophy does not look into genealogies
Pluries, Lat. Lat. At several times
Plus aloës quam mellis habet, Lat. He has more gall than honey
Plus apud nos vera ratio valet quam vulgi opinio, Lat. Let sound reason weigh more with us than popular opinion
Poeta nascitur non fit, Lat. Nature, not study, must form a poet
Poi! me occidistis, amici, Lat. By heaven, you have destroyed me, my friends
Ponton, Fr. A temporary bridge for an army
Posse comitatus, Lat. The power of the county
Possunt quia posse videntur, Lat. They are able because they think they are so
Post cineres gloria vera venit, Lat. Fame comes too late to our ashes
Postulata, Lat. Things required
Potentiam cautis quam acerbis conciliis tutius haberi, Lat. Power is more safely retained by cautious than severe counsels
Pour comble de bonheur, Fr. As the height of happiness
Pour qui ne les croit pas, il n'est pas des prodiges, Fr. There are no miracles to the man who does not believe in them
Pour s'établir dans le monde, on fait tout ce que l'on peut pour y paraître établi, Fr. When a man has to establish himself in the world, he makes every effort in his power to exhibit himself as already established
Premunire, Lat. Lat. A writ issued against those individuals who have held illegal communications with the see of Rome, and by which they are put out of the protection of the law
Prendre la lune avec les dents, Fr. Pr. To aim at impossibilities
Primâ facie, Lat. On the first view, or appearance
Primo viæ, Lat. The first passages; the intestinal canal
Primum mobile, Lat. The main spring; the first impulse
Principiis obsta, Lat. Oppose the first appearance of evil
Pro aris et focis, Lat. For our religious and civil liberty

Probitas laudatur et alget, Lat. Honesty is praised and starves

Pro bono publico, Lat. For the public good

Pro et con, Lat. For and against

Pro hinc vice, Lat. For this turn

Proicit ampullas et sesquipedalla verba, Lat. He throws away his turgid phrases and his words a foot and a half long

Proprium humani ingenii est odisse quem laeserit, Lat. It is in the nature of man to hate the individual he has injured

Pro re natâ, Lat. For a special business

Pro salute animæ, Lat. For the health of the soul

Prosperum et felix acclius virtus vocatur, Lat. Successful villainy is called virtue

Pro tempore, Lat. For the time

Proximus ardet Ucalegon, Lat. Your neighbour's house is on fire

Punica fides, Lat. Carthaginian faith; treachery

Purus Deus, non plenas, adspicit manus, Lat. The Supreme Being looks not to full, but to clean hands

Q.

Quæ fuerant vitia mores sunt, Lat. What were once vices are now the manners of the day

Quære peregrinum, vicinula ranca reclamat, Lat. Tell that to the marines, sailors won't believe you

Querenda pecunia primum, virtus post nummos, Lat. We must first of all get money, and virtue may then follow as it best may

Qualis ab incepto processerit et sibi constet, Lat. Let him proceed as he began, and be consistent with himself

Quamdiu se bene gesserit, Lat. As long as he shall conduct himself properly

Quando ullum invenimus parem? Lat. When shall we look upon his like again?

Quanto mayor e la fortuna, tanto e menor segura, Sp. Pr. The most exalted fortune is the least secure

Quantum, Lat. How much

Quantum mutatus ab illo! Lat. How changed from what he once was!

Querelle d'Allemand, Fr. A drunken fray

Qui Bavian non odit, amet tua carmina, Mævi, Lat. He who does not hate Bavian may be pleased with thy poems, Mævius

Quicquid est illud, quod sentit, quod sapit, quod vult, quod viget, coeleste et divinum est, ob eamque rem æternum sit necesse est, Lat. That which thinks, understands, wills, acts, is something celestial and divine, and, therefore, must necessarily be eternal

Quicquid præcipies, esto brevis, Lat. Whatever precepts you give, be short

Quid de quoque viro, et cui dicas, nepe caveo, Lat. Take especial care what and to whom you speak of any individual

Quid dignum tanto feret hic promissor hiatu? Lat. What will this promiser bring forward worthy of so great a boast?

Quid domini facient, audent cum talia fures? Lat. What will their masters not do, when low villains thus presume?

Quid nunc? Lat. What now?—Applied to a news-hunter

Quid pro quo, Lat. What for what; tit for tat

Quidquid delirant reges plectuntur Achivi, Lat. Whatever folly kings may commit, the people suffer for it

Quid rides? mutato nomine, de te fabula narratur, Lat. Why do you laugh? Change but the name and the story is told of yourself

Qui nil molitur inceptè, Lat. Who labours nothing absurdly or fruitlessly

Quique sui memores alios fecere merendo, Lat. Those whose memory lives in their merits

Quis custodiet ipsos custodes? Lat. Who shall guard the guards themselves?

Quis tulcrit Gracchos de seditione querentes? Lat. Who can endure the Gracchi complaining of sedition?

Qui vive? Lat. Who lives, or goes there?

Quoad hoc, Lat. To this extent

Quo animo? Lat. With what purpose, or intention?

Quocunque trahunt fata, sequamur, Lat. Wherever the Fates direct us, let us follow

Quodcumque ostendis mihi sic, incredulus odi, Lat. Whatever you show me of this sort I detest and disbelieve

Quo me cunque rapit tempestas, deferor hospes, Lat. To whatever quarter the storm may blow, it bears me as a willing guest

Quorum, Lat. Of whom: one of the *quorum*. This description of a justice of peace is taken from the words of his *dedimus*

Quos Deus vult perdere, prius dementat, Lat. Those whom God has a mind to destroy he first deprives of their senses

Quo teneam vultus mutantem Protea nedo? Lat. In what knot shall I hold this Proteus so often changing his countenance

Quot homines, tot sententiæ, Lat. So many men, so many opinions

Quo warranto? Law Lat. By what warrant? A writ lying against the person who has usurped any franchise or liberty against the king

R.

Rara avis in terris, nigroque similisimo cygno, Lat. A rare bird in the earth, and very like a black swan: a prodigy

Rarâ felicitate temporum, uidi sentire quæ vellis, et quæ sentias dicere licet, Lat. Such being the singular happiness of the

clines, that men's thoughts and words were equally unrestrained
Hari nantes in gurgite vasto, Lat. Swimming dispersedly in "the vasty deep"
Raro antecedentem acclivum deservit pede pona claudo, Lat. Justice, though moving with tardy pace, has seldom failed to overtake the wicked in their flight
Ratio justificat—suasoria, Lat. The reason which justifies—persuades
Reculer pour mieux sauter, Fr. Pr. To go back in order to leap the better
Reductio ad absurdum, Lat. A reducing a position to an absurdity. (A phrase in logic)
Re infectâ, Lat. Without attaining his end
Religentem esse oportet, religiosum nefas, Lat. A man should be religious, but not superstitious
Requiescat in pace, Lat. May he rest in peace
Res augusta domi, Lat. Narrow circumstances at home
Respice finem, Lat. Look to the end
Res publicæ, Lat. The commonwealth
Revenons à nos moutons, Fr. Let us return to our sheep
Ride si sapi, Lat. Laugh if you are wise
Rien n'empêche tant d'être naturel, que l'envie de le paraître, Fr. Nothing hinders a person so much from being natural, as the desire of appearing such
Rien n'est beau que le vrai, Fr. Nothing is beautiful but truth
Risu inepto res ineptior nulla, Lat. Nothing is more contemptible than silly laughter
Risum teneatis, amici? Lat. Can you refrain from laughter, my friends?
Rôle d'équipage, Fr. A list of the crew
Ruse contre ruse, Fr. Diamond cut diamond
Ruse de guerre, Fr. A stratagem

S.

Sæpe stylum veritas, Lat. You must often correct your compositions
Salus populi suprema est lex, Lat. The supreme law is the welfare of the people
Salvo jure—pudore, Lat. Saving the right—without offence to modesty
Sang froid, Fr. Indifference; apathy
Sapient dominabitur astris, Lat. The wise man will govern the stars
Satis superque, Lat. Enough, and more
Sauve qui peut, Fr. Save himself who can
Scinditur incertum studia in contraria vulgus, Lat. The doubtful multitude is divided by contrarious opinions
Scire tuum nihil est, nisi te scire hoc sciat alter, Lat. Your knowledge is worth nothing unless others know that you possess it
Scribimus indocti doctique poemata passim, Lat. Learned or unlearned we are all scribbling verses

Sed nunc amoto queramus seria ludo, Lat. Putting wit and railery out of the question, let us now attend to graver matters
Semper avarus eget, Lat. The covetous man is ever in want
Sempre il mal non vien per nuocere, It. Pr. Evil does not always come to injure
Se non è vero è ben trovato, It. If it be not true it is at least well feigned
Seriatim, Lat. In order
Sero venientibus ossa, Lat. The last comer shall have the bones
Serum est cavendi tempus in mediis malis, Lat. The season of caution is past when we are in the midst of evils
Sic itur ad astra, Lat. Such is the way to immortality
Sic passim, Lat. So every where
Sic transit gloria mundi, Lat. Thus the glory of the world passes away
Sic vos non vobis, Lat. Thus you do not labour for yourselves
Sic foret in terris rideret Democritus, Lat. Were Democritus on earth he would laugh
Silent leges inter arma, Lat. Laws are silent in the midst of arms
Si mens non levis fulset, Lat. If my mind had not been perverted
Simplex munditiis, Lat. Simple and elegant
Sine die—invidiâ—odio, Lat. To an indefinite time—without envy—hatred
Sine quâ non, Lat. An indispensable condition
Si nous ne nous flattons pas nous-mêmes, la flatterie des autres ne nous pourrôit nuire, Fr. If we did not flatter ourselves, the flattery of others would not be prejudicial to us
Singula de notis anni prædantur cunctis, Lat. Each passing year robs us of something
Sit mihi fas audita loqui, Lat. Let me be permitted to state what I have heard
Si vis me flere, dolendum est primum ipsi tibi, Lat. If you wish me to weep, you must yourself shed tears
Sit tibi terra levis, Lat. May the earth lie lightly on thy grave
Sol-disant, Fr. Self-called
Solitudinem faciunt, pacem appellant, Lat. They make a country a desert, and then say they have given it peace
Solvuntur tabule, Lat. The defendant is acquitted
Spargere voces in vulgum ambigua, Lat. To scatter deceptive rumours among the mob
Spem pretio non emo, Lat. I do not buy expectation at a fixed price
Sprete injuria formæ, Lat. The injury of despising her beauty
Stans pale in uno, Lat. Standing on one leg
Stat magni nominis umbra, Lat. He stands the shadow of a mighty name

Status quo, vel, status quo ante bellum, Lat. The state in which both parties were before the war

Stavo bene, nisi per star meglio sto qui, It. I was well, but endeavouring to be better, I am here

Stemmata quid faciunt? Lat. Of what value are pedigrees?

Stillicidium casus lapidem cavat, Lat. The drop falling from the eaves will at last hollow a stone

Stratum super stratum, Lat. Layer above layer

Statuis labor est ineptiarum, Lat. It is folly to bestow labour on trifles

Sua culque voluptas, Lat. Every man has his own pleasures

Suaviter in modo, fortiter in re, Lat. Gentle in the manner, but vigorous in the deed

Sub poena, Lat. Under a penalty

Sub silentio, Lat. In silence

Suggestio falsi, Lat. The suggestion of a falsehood

Sui generis, Lat. Of its own kind

Summum nec metuas diem, nec optes, Lat. Neither fear nor wish for your last day

Summum bonum, Lat. The chief good

Summum jus summa injuria, Lat. The rigour of the law is the rigour of oppression

Sum quod eris, fui quod es, Lat. I am what thou wilt be; I have been what thou art

Sunt superis sua jura, Lat. The gods have their own laws

Suo Marte, Lat. By his own exertion

Suo sibi gladio hunc jugulo, Lat. With his own sword do I cut this fellow's throat

Supercedens, Law Lat. A writ to stay proceedings

Suppressio veri, Lat. The suppression of truth

Suum cuique, Lat. Let every man have his own

Suus cuique mos, Lat. Every one has his particular habit

T.

Tabula rasa, Lat. A smoothed tablet

Tedium vite, Lat. A weariness of life; ennui

Tam Marte quam Minervâ, Lat. Equally by his courage and genius

Tantene animis celestibus ira? Lat. Can such wrath inhabit heavenly minds?

Tant mieux, Fr. So much the better—
Tant pis, So much the worse

Tantum series juncturaque pollet, Lat. Of so much force are system and connexion

Tel brille au second rang, qui s'éclipse au premier, Fr. A man may shine in the second rank who would be eclipsed in the first

Tel maître, tel valet, Fr. Like master, like man

Telum imbellis sine lectu, Lat. A feeble weapon thrown without effect

Tempora instantur, et nos mutamur in illis, Lat. The times are perpetually changing, and we change with the times

Tempus edax rerum, Lat. Time that devours all things

Tempus omnia revelat, Lat. Time discloses all things

Teres atque rotundus, Lat. A man smooth and round in himself

Terre filius, Lat. A son of the earth: an Oxonian phrase

Tertium quid, Lat. A third something

Tertius e celo cecidit Cato, Lat. A third Cato hath dropt from the clouds

Timeo Danaos et dona ferentes, Lat. I fear the Greeks, even when they offer presents

Timidus se vocat cautum, parcum sordidus, Lat. The coward calls himself a cautious fellow, and the miser an economist

Tirer le diable par le queue, Fr. To pull the devil by the tail

Toga virilis, Lat. The gown of manhood

Tolluntur in altum, ut lapsu graviore ruant, Lat. They are raised high that their fall may be the heavier

Toties quoties, Lat. As often as

Toto celo, Lat. By the whole heavens—as opposite as the poles

Totus mundus agit histrionem, Lat. "All the world's a stage"

Tourner cosaque, Fr. To turn a man's coat; to disgrace him

Tous frais faits, Fr. All expenses paid

Tout le monde se plaint de sa mémoire, et personne ne se plaint de son jugement, Fr. Every man complains of his memory, but no man complains of his understanding

Tria juncta in uno, Lat. Three joined in one

Truditur dies die, Lat. One day is pressed onward by another

Tua res agitur, paries cum proximus ardet, Lat. Your affairs are in hazard when the next house is on fire

Turpe est aliud loqui, aliud sentire; quare turpius aliud scribere, aliud sentire? Lat. It is disgraceful to speak one thing and think another; how much baser is it to write one thing and think another!

U.

Uberrima fides, Lat. A full growth of confidence; an implicit faith

Ubi jus incertum, ibi jus nullum, Lat. Uncertainty destroys law

Ubi mel, ibi apes, Lat. Where honey is, there you will find bees

Ubi supra, Lat. Where above-mentioned

Ultima ratio regum, Lat. The last reasoning of kings; (arms)

Una salus victis nullam sperare salutem, Lat. The only hope for the conquered is to expect no safety

Unguibus et rostro, Lat. With talons and beak

Unguis in ulcere, Lat. A claw or nail in the wound

Un homme d'esprit seroit souvent bien embarrassé sans la compagnie des sots, Fr. A man of wit would be often embarrassed without the company of fools

Uni equus virtuti, Lat. Friendly to virtue alone

Uno avulso non deficit alter, Lat. When one is plucked away another shall not be wanting

Un sot trouve toujours un plus sot qui l'admire, Fr. A fool always finds a greater fool to admire him

Urben lateritiam invenit, marmoream reliquit, Lat. He found the city (Rome) built of bricks, and left it constructed of marble. (The boast of Augustus)

Ut ameris, amabilis esto, Lat. That you may be loved, be deserving of love

Ut possidetis, Lat. As you possess, or as you now are. (A phrase in diplomacy)

Ut quimus, quando ut volumus non licet, Lat. We must act as we can when we cannot act as we wish

Ut saepe summa ingenia in occulto latent! Lat. How often are men of the greatest genius lost in obscurity!

V.

Vacuus cantat coram latrone viator, Lat. The traveller who has an empty purse sings before the footpad

Vade mecum, Lat. Go with me: a constant companion

Vae victis! Lat. Wo to the vanquished!

Valeat quantum valere potest, Lat. Let it prevail as far as it may

Valeat ac plaudite, Lat. Farewell and applause

Videttes, Fr. Milit. Term. Sentinels on horseback

Veluti in speculum, Lat. As if in a mirror

Venalis populus, venalis curia patrum, Lat. The people are venal, and the senate is equally venal

Vendidit hic auro patriam, Lat. This man sold his country for gold

Venerat! occurrere morbo, Lat. Meet the approaching disease

Veniet manus auxilio quae sit mihi, Lat. The hand of help will yet come to me

Ventre factus, Law Lat. The writ for summoning a jury

Veni, vidi, vici, Lat. I came, saw, conquered

Ventre affamé n'a point d'oreilles, Fr. Pr. A hungry belly has no ears

Vera incesu patuit dea, Lat. The goddess was known by her graceful walk

Veritatis simplex oratio est, Lat. The language of truth is simple

Versate diu, quid ferre recusent, quid valeant humeri, Lat. Often try what weight your shoulders can, and what they cannot bear

Versus, Lat. Against. (A term used in a lawsuit)

Vestigia nulla retrorsum, Lat. There are no traces backward

Vetera extollimus, recentium incuriosi, Lat. We extol the ancients, regardless of those of later date

Vice versa, Lat. The terms being exchanged

Victrix causa Diis placuit, sed victa Catoni, Lat. The victorious cause was espoused by the gods, the vanquished by Cato

Vide ut supra, Lat. See the preceding statement

Vi et armis, Lat. By main force

Vincit amor patriae, Lat. The love of our country prevails

Vires acquirit eundo, Lat. She acquires strength in her progress. (Spoken of Fame)

Virtus est mediâ vitiâ et utrinque reductum, Lat. Virtue lies in the middle between two vices, and is equally remote from either extreme

Virtutem videant, intrescantque relictâ, Lat. Let them (the wicked) discern virtue, and pine away at having forsaken her

Vis inertia, Lat. A property of matter

Vitae postcena colant, Lat. They conceal that part of life which is passed behind the scenes

Vitam impendere vero, Lat. To stake one's life for the truth

Vitiant artus aegræ contagia mentis, Lat. When the mind is ill at ease the body is in a certain degree affected

Vivâ voce, Lat. By or with the living voice

Vive la bagatelle, Fr. Success to trifling

Vivere si nequis rectè, dicere peritis, Lat. If you know not how to live well, leave the society of those who do

Vivida vis animi, Lat. The lively vigour of genius

Voilà une autre chose, Fr. There's quite a different matter

Vous y perdez vos pas, Fr. You will lose your labour

Vox et preterea nihil, Lat. A voice and nothing more

Vox faucibus hæsit, Lat. The voice stuck in the throat

Vox populi, vox Dei, Lat. The voice of the people is the voice of God

Vultus est index animi, Lat. The countenance is the index of the mind

Z.

Zonam perdit, Lat. He has lost his purse

Zonam solvere, Lat. To loosen the virgin zone or castus

A

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE

OF

REMARKABLE EVENTS,

Compiled expressly for this Edition of Johnson's Dictionary.

B. C.	
4008	The world was created in autumn, and in the 707th year of the Julian period *
3879	Cain and Abel offered sacrifice to God
3472	Noah began to build an ark
2461	A conjunction of the planets
2352	The world destroyed by an universal deluge
2238	Celestial observations first made at Babylon
2221	The Chaldean monarchy founded by Nimrod
2207	The Chinese monarchy founded, according to some historians
	The kingdom of Egypt commenced about this time
2090	The kingdom of Sicyon began
2059	A solar eclipse observed in China
	The kingdom of Assyria founded at this time
1985	God made a covenant with Abraham
1976	Chedorlaomer subdued the kings of Sodom
1961	Sodom destroyed by fire, and the rite of circumcision instituted

* The Julian period is the product of three Cycles, the Solar, Lunar, and Indiction, or of 28, 19, and 15 years, which amount to 7980. The first year of the Christian era corresponds to the 4714th of the Julian Period. If, therefore, we add 4713 to any given year of this era, the sum will be the year of the period required. Thus, 4713 + 1821 = 6534, the year of the Julian Period corresponding to 1821. Hence it appears, that, according to our computation, the Julian Period extends to 706 complete years beyond the creation, or the world was created in the 707th year of this period. The celebrated Joseph Scaliger was the inventor of this system of years, which has been very generally adopted by Chronologists. It comprehends all time; and the different epochs, eras, and computations may be referred and adjusted to it. We must remark, too, that the common reckoning, with regard to the period of the creation, is erroneous. By a careful comparison of the successive intervals of time, as specified in the Old Testament, with the most authentic monuments of antiquity, it will be found that the world was created 4007 years before the Christian era. It may also be useful to mention the particulars of two other eras, in common use in history and chronology. These are the Institution of the Olympiads and the Founding of Rome. According to Cato, whose opinion has been adopted and followed by Solinus, Eusebius, Dionysius Halicarnassensis, &c. Rome was founded in the year 750, and, according to Polybius, in the year 751 B. C. Neither of these computations has been generally received. Varro fixes this event 753 years B. C. and in the 23d year of the Olympiads; which determines the Olympiads to have commenced in the year 776 B. C., being the date of the conquest of Choroebus. The Greek writers uniformly reckoned from this latter event, and not from the Institution of the Games by Iphitus. The Olympic Games were celebrated after the revolution of four years; and it is to be observed, that every year of the Olympiads is understood to have commenced on the 1st of July of that year to which it is opposed in the Chronological Tables. Sir Isaac Newton, unsupported by antiquity, and trusting to a conjecture of his own, fixes the building of Rome at the epoch of the 38th Olympiad, or about 627 years B. C.

- B. C.
- 1935 Abraham offered up his son Isaac in sacrifice
- 1856 The kingdom of Argos established under Inachus
- 1824 Jacob received his father's blessing, and went, the year following, to Haran
- 1822 Memnon, the Egyptian, said to have invented letters, fifteen years before the reign of Phoroneus
- 1806 The shepherd kings were banished from Egypt
- 1792 Joseph sold and carried into Egypt
- 1772 Seven years of famine began
- 1699 The book of Genesis concluded
- 1641 The oppression of the Israelites in Egypt
- 1637 Pharaoh's cruel edict against the Israelites
- 1582 The chronology of the Marbles of Paros (commonly called the Arundellian Marbles) begins with this year, fixing here the arrival of Cecrops in Attica, which other writers have placed twenty-six years later
- 1571 Moses born
- 1556 The kingdom of Athens founded by Cecrops
- 1555 The departure of the Israelites out of Egypt
- 1518 The books of Moses written
- 1515 The Israelites took possession of Canaan
- 1509 Joshua divided the land of Canaan
- The Jubilean Cycle of forty-nine lunar-solar years instituted
- 1503 The supposed deluge of Deucalion
- 1496 The council of Amphictyons established at Thermopylae
- 1495 The Panathenaea first celebrated at Athens
- 1493 Cadmus said to have carried letters into Greece
- 1490 Sparta built by Lacedaemon
- 1480 Troy supposed to have been built by Dardanus
- 1406 Iron found on Mount Ida by the Dactyli
- Minoë said to have reigned in Crete
- 1356 The Eleusian mysteries introduced at Athens by Eumolpus
- 1344 The kingdom of Mycenæ began about this time
- 1326 The Isthmian games instituted at Corinth by Sisyphus
- 1325 The Egyptian calendar year began July 29
- 1307 The Olympic games instituted by Pelops
- 1300 The Lupercalia instituted in Arcadia
- 1252 The city of Tyre built
- 1243 A colony of Arcadians conducted by Evander into Italy
- 1233 Carthage founded by the Tyrians
- 1225 The Argonautic expedition. This Newton places in the year 937
- 1215 The war of the Epigoni
- 1213 The rape of Helen by Theseus
- 1184 The city of Troy taken and demolished by the Greeks
- 1152 Ascanius built the city of Alba Longa
- 1141 The Amazons burnt the temple of Ephesus
- 1125 Mephres reigned over Upper Egypt, from Syene to Heliopolis
- 1094 Thebes built by the Boeotians
- 1117 Samson destroyed 3000 Philistines
- 1115 The mariner's compass said to have been known in China
- 1104 The expedition of the Heraclidae into Peloponnesus
- 1102 The kingdom of Sparta commenced
- 1070 The kingdom of Athens ended
- 1069 Saul is made king of Israel, and, by the hand of Jonathan, obtains a great victory over the Philistines
- 1060 Samuel the prophet died
- 1050 David besieged and took Jerusalem
- 1048 David removed the ark to Mount Zion
- 1044 Migration of the Ionian colonies
- 1034 Absalom rebelled against his father
- 1026 Hiram, king of Tyre, sent ambassadors to David
- 1016 Solomon began to build a temple to the Lord at Jerusalem, in the fourth year of his reign
- 1008 Solomon's temple finished and dedicated
- 996 Solomon prepared a fleet on the Red Sea to send to Ophir
- 979 The kingdom of Israel divided
- 960 The wars of the Centaurs with the Lapithæ
- 958 Oedipus kills his father Laius
- 911 Elijah the prophet flourished

- B. C.
- 907 Benhadad, king of Syria, defeated by Achah
- 896 Jehoshaphat obtained a signal victory over the Philistines
- 884 Iphitus and Lycurgus restored the Olympic Games
- 872 The art of sculpture in marble found out
- 864 Carthage enlarged by Dido
- 824 Cephren reigns in Egypt, and builds another great Pyramid
- 821 Nineveh taken by Arbaces
- 814 The kingdom of Macedon began
- 799 The kingdom of Lydia began, and lasted 249 years
- 787 Amos prophesied
- 786 The Corinthians invented Triremes
- 776 The era of the Olympiads commenced
- 772 Necepsos and Pelesiris invent Astrology in Egypt
- 760 The Ephori established at Lacedæmon
- 758 Syracuse built by Archias of Corinth
- 753 Rome built, according to the computation of Varro
- 750 The rape of the Sabine women
- 747 The era of Nabonassar commenced on the first day of Thoth, i. e. February 26
- 721 Salmanassar, king of Assyria, carried the ten tribes into captivity
- 711 Sennacherib, king of Assyria, slain
- 710 Lycurgus brings the poems of Homer into Greece
- 708 Habakkuk prophesied
- 705 Corcyra (Corfu) founded by the Corinthians
- 702 Ecbatana built by Deioces about this time
- 690 Holofernes assassinated by Judith
- 684 Athens governed by annual Archons
- 675 The Jews conquered by Asserhaddon, and Manasseh carried captive to Babylon
- 670 Byzantium built seventeen years later than Chalcedon
- 669 The combat between the Horatii and Curiatii
- 655 Psammeticus becomes king of all Egypt
- 648 The Thoth of this year was on February 1, having shifted its position twenty-five days in 100 years
- 634 Cyaxares besieged Nineveh, and was defeated by the Scythians, who remained masters of Asia during twenty-eight years
- 629 The government of Corinth usurped by Pericles
- 627 The forty years of Ezekiel, chap. iv. 6. began
- 625 The Pentateuch found by Hilkiah
- 624 Draco, Archon of Athens, published his laws
- 610 Pharaoh-Necho began the canal between the Nile and the Red Sea, but could not finish it
- 606 The first captivity of the Jews by Nebuchadnezzar
- 603 Nineveh, the capital of Assyria, destroyed by Cyaxares
- 603 Daniel interpreted Nebuchadnezzar's dreams
- 600 Jeremiah prophesied. Cyrus born
- 596 Ezekiel prophesied. The Scythians expelled Asia
- 594 Solon made Archon at Athens
- 591 The Pythian games established in Greece, and tragedy first acted
- 588 The temple of Solomon burnt. The first irruption of the Gauls into Italy
- 585 A total eclipse of the sun, which had been predicted by Thales, puts an end to a battle between the Medes and Lydians
- 581 The Isthmian games restored
- 580 Money first coined at Rome
- 571 Nebuchadnezzar took and destroyed Tyre after a siege of thirteen years
- 569 Daniel interpreted Nebuchadnezzar's dream, according to Josephus
- 568 The Nemean Games restored
- 566 The first census at Rome—81,700 citizens
- 561 Pisistratus made himself tyrant of Athens
- 558 Cyrus, after a long siege, took Babylon
- 556 The first edict to rebuild the temple
- 559 Daniel's vision, chap. xl. Cyrus dies. Cambyses reigns
- 525 Cambyses conquered Egypt. A comet appeared in China, near Antares, and extended to the Milky-way
- 520 The second edict to rebuild the temple. Zechariah and Haggai prophesied
- Harmodius and Aristogiton slew Hipparchus, the son of Pisistratus, tyrant of the Athenians
- 511 Darius took Babylon, after a siege of nineteen months
- 509 The consular government began in Rome

- B. C.
507 The second census in Rome—130,000 citizens
506 Persena, king of Hetruria, made war on the Romans
503 The triumph, called Ovation, began in Rome
498 The first dictator (Lartius) created at Rome
497 The festivals, called Saturnalia, instituted at Rome; the number of citizens being 150,000
496 The Latins defeated near Regillus
493 Tribunes created at Rome. The Piræus built by the Athenians
490 The battle of Marathon, September 28
486 The Agrarian law first proposed at Rome by Cassius
484 Aristides banished from Athens. Egypt reduced by Xerxes
483 Questors first created at Rome
480 The affair of Thermopylæ, and the naval action of Salamis
479 The battles of Platæa and Mycæ, September
479 A law was proposed in Rome for electing the magistrates by tribes
Sophocles presented his tragedies
468 Syracuse delivered from its tyrants
460 The Roman tribunes contended with the consuls about making laws
458 Q. Cincinnatus made dictator
Etiect of Artaxerxes to rebuild Jerusalem. Ezra returns into Judæa
456 The Secular Games celebrated at Rome for the first time
454 The Roman senate sent deputies for a copy of the laws of Greece
451 The Decemviri published the laws of the Twelve Tables
449 The Decemviri banished
445 Military tribunes with consular power created
Nehemiah returned to rebuild the walls of Jerusalem
Herodotus read his history at Athens
443 Censors created at Rome
442 Profound peace throughout the whole earth
439 The Metonic Cycle began, July 15
431 Began the Peloponnesian war, which lasted twenty-seven years
430 A plague over the known world
The history of the Old Testament finishes about this time
426 The plague raged at Athens
419 A conspiracy of the slaves at Rome detected
418 The Lacedæmonians defeated the Argives and Mantineans
410 The history of Thucydides ended, and that of Xenophon begun
406 The Athenians defeated the Lacedæmonians at Arginæ
405 The Athenians defeated by Lysander at Ægospotamos
404 The city of Athens taken by Lysander, and the Peloponnesian war concluded
401 The famous retreat of the 10,000 Greeks from Babylon under Xenophon
390 The Gauls marched to Rome and besieged the Capitol
387 The number of effective men in Rome 152,583
377 The cities of Greece conspired against, and defeated the Lacedæmonians at Naxos
371 The battle of Leuctra, July 8, in which the Lacedæmonians were defeated
368 Eudoxus carried the celestial sphere into Greece
367 The Gauls defeated by Camillus
366 Plebeians first made consuls at Rome
363 The battle of Mantinea, in which Epaminondas was killed
362 M. Curtius threw himself into a chasm made by an earthquake in the Forum
359 Philip defeated the Athenians near Methone
The obliquity of the ecliptic 23° 49' 10"
357 Aristotle observed (April 4) the moon's transit over Mars
356 Alexander the Great born: a comet appeared seventy days: the temple of Diana burnt by Erostratus
350 A plebeian chosen to the censorship at Rome
346 Philip admitted into the council of the Amphictyons
343 A pestilence at Rome
340 Timoleon defeated the Carthaginians
338 Philip defeated the Athenians at Cheronea
336 A plebeian admitted to the prætorship
Philip of Macedon killed by Pausanias
335 A temple built on Mount Gerizim
334 Persians defeated by Alexander at Granicus, May 22
333 Persians again defeated at Issus in Cilicia, in October
332 Alexander took Tyre, and marched to Jerusalem

B. C.

- 331 Battle of Arbela: Darius defeated, October 2
 330 Alexander took Babylon, Susa, Persepolis, &c.
 328 Alexander crossed the Caucasus, and marched into India
 324 Alexander's dominions divided after his death
 320 Ptolemy carried 100,000 Jews captives into Egypt
 312 The era of the Seleucidae commenced
 311 The Appian way, aqueducts, &c. constructed at Rome
 309 Hamilcar defeated and slain at Syracuse
 303 Demetrius rebuilt Sicyon, Corinth, &c.
 295 The first sun-dial erected at Rome by Papirius Cursor
 290 Painting was brought to Rome by Fabius
 285 The Septuagint translation made about this time
 283 The college and library of Alexandria founded
 Dionysius began his astronomical era, June 26
 281 Lysimachus defeated and killed by Seleucus. The Tarentine war begins. The Achaean league begins
 280 Pyrrhus defeated the Romans
 279 The Romans defeated Pyrrhus. A new census at Rome—278,222 citizens
 275 Pyrrhus was defeated by the Romans, who seized on his camp
 269 Silver money first coined at Rome
 267 Ptolemy made a canal from the Nile to the Red Sea
 265 A census at Rome—292,224 citizens
 264 The commencement of the first Punic war. The chronicle of Paros composed
 260 Provincial questors instituted at Rome
 250 Hannibal defeated the Romans
 241 Peace concluded between the Romans and Carthaginians
 240 Comedies first acted at Rome
 233 Original MSS of Aeschylus, Euripides, and Sophocles, lent by the Athenians to Ptolemy for a pledge of fifteen talents
 232 The Agrarian law revived. The Gauls revolted
 230 Eratosthenes observed the obliquity of the ecliptic to be $23^{\circ} 51' 30''$
 225 The Romans defeated the Gauls with great slaughter
 219 Hannibal subdued all Spain to the Iberus (Ebro)
 The art of surgery introduced into Rome
 218 The commencement of the second Punic war
 Hannibal crossed the Alps with a great army
 217 Romans defeated at Thrasymenus (Perugia)
 216 Romans defeated at Cannae, May 21
 212 The two Scipios slain: Siege of Capua
 209 Marcellus defeated Hannibal
 208 Asdrubal invaded Italy, and was defeated
 206 Gold first coined at Rome
 202 Scipio defeated Hannibal at Zama, October 19
 196 Roman senators first sat in the orchestra at the Scenic Shows
 192 Antiochus seized upon Greece, and sent his daughter Cleopatra into Egypt
 187 Scipio Africanus banished Rome
 179 T. Sempronius Gracchus destroyed 300 cities in Hither Spain
 171 The second Macedonian war began
 169 The comedies of Terence performed at Rome
 165 Judas Maccabaeus, having previously defeated the Syrians, purified the temple of Jerusalem
 162 Hipparchus began his astronomical observations at Rhodes
 159 Time measured at Rome by water
 150 The third Punic war commenced
 147 A census at Rome—322,000 citizens
 146 Carthage destroyed by Scipio
 Hipparchus observed the Vernal Equinox, March 24, at mid-day
 143 Hipparchus began (Sept. 29) his new Cycle of the Moon, consisting of 111,035 day
 Romans declared war against Philip, king of Macedon
 Learning restored at Alexandria
 137 The history of the Apocrypha ends
 135 Numantia in Spain destroyed by Scipio
 124 A census at Rome—390,736 citizens
 123 The Roman senate ordered Carthage to be rebuilt
 113 The Cimbri and Teutones expelled Italy
 108 The Romans were defeated by the Cimbri
 100 Saturninus revived the Agrarian law

B. C.

- 94 The Mithridatic war commenced
- 91 The Maric war commenced in Italy
- 88 Sylla proscribed Marius
- 86 Sylla took Athens, and defeated Archelaus in Brestia
- 85 A census at Rome—464,000 citizens
- 82 Sylla plundered the temple of Delphos, defeated Marius, committed the greatest cruelties at Rome, and was created Dictator
- 79 Sylla abdicated the Dictatorship
- 73 Lucullus defeated Mithridates in several battles
- 69 The Capitol rebuilt. A census at Rome—450,000 citizens
- 66 Pompey triumphed over Mithridates. Catiline's conspiracy
- 59 A new Agrarian law was proposed by Cæsar
- 58 Cæsar banished by Clodius
- 55 Cæsar invaded Great Britain
- Ptolemy, king of Egypt, was restored to his kingdom
- 54 Cæsar invaded Great Britain a second time
- 53 Crassus defeated by the Parthians
- 52 Clodius murdered by Milo
- 49 Cæsar proclaimed Dictator
- 48 The battle of Pharsalia, and commencement of the Antiochian era
- 47 The Alexandrian library destroyed
- 46 Cæsar defeated Cato, Scipio, and Julia
- 45 The Julian year commenced, January 1
- 44 Cæsar slain in the senate-house
- 43 Octavius, Antony, and Lepidus, formed a Triumvirate. The battle of Mutina
- 42 The battle of Philippi
- 40 Herod received the kingdom of Judæa from the Romans
- 37 Pompey gained the empire of the sea
- 56 Pompey defeated in a naval engagement
- 32 The senate declared war on Anthony and Cleopatra
- 31 The battle of Actium, in Epirus, September 2
- 29 Augustus triumphed three days in Rome, and the temple of Janus was shut
- A census at Rome—4,101,017 citizens
- 27 The Pantheon at Rome built
- 24 Augustus invested with absolute power
- 22 The conspiracy of Mureno against Augustus
- 19 Herod rebuilt the temple of Jerusalem
- 17 Augustus revived the Secular Games
- 14 A great conflagration at Rome
- 13 Augustus assumed the office of *Pontifex Maximus*
- 10 Herod built the city of Cesarea
- 8 Augustus corrected the calendar. A census at Rome—4,233,000 citizens
- 6 Tiberius appointed governor of Armenia
- 5 *The Saviour of the World* born in September or December
- 4 A comet appeared in China, near the star Hokou

A. D.

The First Century of the Christian Era.

- 1 Cæsar made peace with the Parthians
- 3 Cinna's conspiracy detected
- 6 A great famine at Rome
- 8 Jesus Christ disputed with the Jewish doctors
- 14 Augustus died at Nola, August 19, and was succeeded by Tiberius. A census at Rome—4,037,000 citizens
- 19 Germanicus died at Antioch. Calphas nominated High-priest of the Jews
- 27 A conflagration at Rome
- 33 *The Saviour of the World* crucified at Jerusalem, Friday, April 3. (This is put four years earlier by some Chronologists.)
- 37 Tiberius died at Misenum, near Bæle, March 16, and was succeeded by Caligula
- 38 Paul introduced to Peter and James at Jerusalem
- 39 St Matthew writes his gospel
- 41 Caligula murdered by Chærens, and succeeded by Claudius
- 44 St Mark writes his gospel. Peter imprisoned, and James put to death
- 47 Secular Games celebrated at Rome
- 49 The first council held at Jerusalem
- 50 London built by the Romans about this time
- 51 Caractacus carried in chains to Rome
- 60 The Christian religion first published in Britain

A.D.

- 64 A conflagration at Rome. The First Persecution of the Christians
- 66 The martyrdom of St Peter and St Paul about this time
- 67 Vespasian defeated the Jews and took Josephus prisoner
- 70 Titus besieged and took Jerusalem, burnt the temple, and put an end to the war in Judæa.
- 79 The cities of Herculaneum and Pompeii destroyed by an earthquake and an eruption of Vesuvius, November 1
- 83 Agricola reduced South Britain to the form of a Roman province
- 95 The Evangelist John banished to Patmos
- 94 The Second Persecution of the Christians under Domitian
- 99 Julius Severus appointed Governor of Britain

The Second Century of the Christian Era.

- 102 Pliny, præconsul of Bithynia, sent Trajan an account of the Christians
- 107 The Third Persecution of the Christians under Trajan
- 114 Trajan's Column erected at Rome. Armenia became a province of the Roman empire
- 115 The Jews in Cyrene murdered about 200,000 Greeks and Romans
- 117 Hadrian's expedition into Britain
- 121 Hadrian built a wall between Carlisle and the river Tyne
- 130 Hadrian rebuilt Jerusalem
- 134 Urbicus's wall built between Edinburgh and Dumbarton Frith
- 146 The worship of Serapis introduced at Rome
- 165 The Fourth Persecution of the Christians under Marcus Aurelius Antoninus
- 168 A plague over the known world
- 171 Montanus propagated his heresy
- 181 Commodus made peace with the Germans
- 188 The Capitol, &c. of Rome destroyed by lightning
- 191 A great part of Rome destroyed by fire
- 195 Byzantium besieged by Severus. Disputes prevailed concerning Easter
- 200 Severus conquered the Parthians

The Third Century of the Christian Era.

- 201 Symmachus published a version of the Bible
- 203 The Fifth Persecution of the Christians under Severus. An eruption of Vesuvius
- 207 Fifty thousand of Severus's troops died of the pestilence
- 209 In Britain Severus built a wall on the ruins of Hadrian's
- 212 The Christian faith introduced into Scotland
- 210 Caracalla died and the Britons revolted. The Septuagint found in a cask
- 224 The Romans agreed to pay an annual tribute to the Goths
- 232 A school of Platonic Philosophers established at Alexandria
- 236 The Sixth Persecution of the Christians under Maximin. Religious rites were greatly multiplied during this century
- 250 The Seventh Persecution of the Christians under Decius
- The Eighth Persecution of the Christians under Gallus
- 254 A great eruption of Mount Atna
- 258 The Ninth Persecution of the Christians under Valerian. At this time took place the famous controversy respecting the validity of the baptism of heretics
- 262 Earthquakes in Europe, Asia, and Africa, and three days of darkness
- 264 The Franks ravaged several parts of the Roman empire
- 269 The Romans defeated the Goths and Germans with great slaughter
- 275 The Romans under Aurelian defeated Zenobia and took Palmyra
- 284 The Diocetian Era commenced on August 29, or September 17. The Romans sent ambassadors to China
- 290 The Gregorian Codex published
- 297 Diocetian destroyed Alexandria

The Fourth Century of the Christian Era.

- 303 The Tenth Persecution of the Christians under Diocetian
- 307 A considerable part of Rome destroyed by fire. Three Emperors reigning at the same time
- 309 The Christians persecuted in the East
- 310 Constantine divided Britain into four Governments
- 312 A pestilence all over the East. The Indiction began
- 316 Arius publicly taught his errors
- 321 Sunday appointed to be observed
- 323 Constantine became master of the empire. The first general council at Nice

A.D.

- 328 Byzantium made the seat of the Roman empire
- 331 The Heathen Temples demolished throughout the whole Roman empire
- 341 The Gospel propagated in Ethiopia by Frumentius
- 351 The Heathens were first called Pagans
- 358 An earthquake overturned 150 cities in Asia and Greece
- 361 Julian restored the Heathen superstition
- 363 Julian in vain attempted to rebuild Jerusalem
- 364 Britain was harassed by the Scots, Picts, and Saxons. The Roman Empire divided into two parts, called the Eastern and Western Empire
- 373 The Bible translated into the Gothic tongue
- 379 The Cycle of Theophilus commenced
- 382 Theodosius persecuted the Arians
- 387 Arcadius celebrated the Quinquennales
- 390 A fiery column seen in the air during thirty days
- 395 The Roman Empire invaded by the Huns and Goths

The Fifth Century of the Christian Era.

- 401 Alaric, king of the Goths, overran Europe
- 405 The Pelagian heresy published
- 409 The Goths took and plundered Rome, August 24
- 415 The Persecution of the Christians in Persia
- 420 The French monarchy founded
- 421 The Salla law promulgated. A violent persecution of the Christians in Persia
- 426 The Romans abandon Britain, never to return
- 428 The Pelagian heresy propagated in Ireland
- 432 Patrick sent to preach the Gospel in Ireland
- 437 Cyril's Cycle of 55 years commenced. The first Persecution of the Christians by the Vandals
- 443 The books of the Manichæans burnt at Rome
- 446 The Britons in vain implored the aid of the Romans against the Scots and Picts
- 449 The first embarkation of the Saxons for England arrived in the Isle of Thanet
- 452 Venice built
- 463 Victorian's Paschal Cycle of 532 years commenced
- 475 The Saxons defeated by the Romans. 300 British Nobles murdered by Hengist
- 476 Odoacer made himself master of Rome, and the Western Empire ended
- 482 Zeno published the famous decree of union, to reconcile some parties in the church
- 486 Clovis defeated the Romans at Soissons
- 491 The Roman Pontiff asserted his supremacy
- 496 Christianity embraced in France
- 500 The Saracens ravaged Syria and Phœnicia

The Sixth Century of the Christian Era.

- 503 The Pope resisted the lawful magistrate
- 504 The Pandects published in December
- 506 The Jewish Talmud published
- 507 Clovis defeated Alaric near Poitiers
- 510 Paris made the capital of the French dominions
- 513 The Persian and Saracen kings embraced the Christian religion
- 515 The fleet of Vitallian destroyed by burning mirrors, invented by Proclus, a mathematician
- 519 The West Saxon kingdom established in England
- 527 The fourth Saxon kingdom of Essex founded in England
- 529 The Code of Justinian published, April 16
- 533 Belisarius sent into Africa to make war on the Vandals: He took Carthage
- The Digests of the Roman Code published by Justinian, December 30
- 537 Rome surrendered to Belisarius
- 542 Belisarius defeated the Persians. Prince Arthur murdered in Cornwall
- 546 Totila, king of the Goths, took Rome
- 551 The manufacture of silk introduced into Europe
- 559 The Heptarchy began in England
- 561 Belisarius accused of treason and disgraced
- 569 The Turks first mentioned in history
- 580 Chosroes, king of Persia, defeated: He died of grief
- 581 Latin ceased to be spoken in Italy
- 584 The origin of Fiefs in France
- 593 Chosroes, having been dethroned, was restored by Mauricius
- 595 The Lombards besieged Rome and ravaged Italy

A.D.

597 Augustin and 40 Benedictine monks arrived in England to preach the Gospel

The Seventh Century of the Christian Era.

- 604 St Paul's church in London founded by Ethelbert, the fifth king of Kent
 606 Power of the Popes increased. The Court of Chancery instituted in England
 609 The Jews in Antioch revolted, and massacred the Christians
 611 The church and abbey of Westminster founded by Sbert, king of the East Saxons
 612 Mohammed began to publish his errors
 613 Clovis reigned over all France
 617 Edwin defeated Ethelred in the battle of Retford
 628 An academy founded at Canterbury
 635 The Saracens invaded Egypt and Palestine
 641 The famous Alexandrian library destroyed, and Egypt conquered by the Saracens
 643 The university of Cambridge founded by Sigebert, king of East Anglia
 653 The Saracens took Rhodes and destroyed the Colossus.
 653 Glass invented by a bishop, and brought into England by a Benedictine monk
 676 The Saracens made peace with Constantine, and agreed to pay an annual tribute
 685 The Britons totally subdued by the Saxons
 690 Pepin engrossed the power of the French monarchy
 693 The Picts in Britain embraced the Christian religion

The Eighth Century of the Christian Era.

- 703 Justinian set out on Thrace, and marched to Constantinople
 706 Justinian defeated by the Bulgarians
 713 The Moors overturned the monarchy of the Visigoths in Spain
 714 Charles Martel governed all France
 719 Boniface, an Anglo-Saxon, propagated the Christian religion in Germany
 727 Ina, king of Wessex, began the tax called Peter's pence
 732 The Saracens defeated by Charles Martel. Institution of the Pope's Nuncio
 746 Pestilence in Europe and Asia for the space of three years
 749 The empire of the Saracens divided into three parts
 751 The dynasty of the Abbasids succeeded the Omayyads in Africa
 755 The temporal dominion of the Pope commenced
 762 Bagdat became the capital of the empire of the Saracens
 778 Charlemagne restored learning in France
 781 The Slavonians banished out of Greece. The worship of Images re-established
 787 The Danes, for the first time, arrived in England
 788 Pleadings in Courts of Justice instituted
 797 Seventeen days of unusual darkness
 800 Charlemagne proclaimed at Rome, in December, Emperor of the West

The Ninth Century of the Christian Era.

- 806 The first descent of the Normans into France
 814 Leo ordered the images in churches to be demolished
 816 Learning encouraged among the Saracens by Almamun
 825 The kingdom of Denmark embraced the Christian religion. Benimula observed the obliquity of the ecliptic to be 23° 35'
 826 The king of Denmark dethroned for his attachment to the Christian religion
 827 The Almagest of Ptolemy translated into Arabic by the order of Almamun
 828 The kingdoms of Navarre and Arragon founded
 840 Kenneth, king of the Scots, extirpated the Picts
 842 Image-worship restored. Germany separated from the empire of the Franks
 851 The Normans invaded England. The Moors defeated the Spaniards
 857 The Scots were defeated by the Britons
 868 Egypt became independent of the Caliphs of Bagdat
 870 The Danes ravaged England
 871 Ethelred fought nine pitched battles with the Danes in one year
 874 Iceland peopled by the Norwegians. The Danes invaded Scotland
 878 Alfred compelled the Danes to retire out of England
 886 The university of Oxford founded by Alfred
 888 The French monarchy divided between Louis and Carloman
 890 Alfred divided England into Counties, and composed his Code of Laws
 891 The Danes again invaded England. The first land-tax in England

The Tenth Century of the Christian Era.

- 903 The Normans ravaged France
 913 The Danes seized on the crown of England

A.D.

- 923 Fiefs established in France
- 980 Henry subjected the Danes to the payment of tribute
- 941 Arithmetic brought into Europe
- 945 The Turks ravaged Thrace, and the Danes invaded France
- 965 The power of the monks great in England about this time
- 965 About this time the Danes invaded England and Scotland under Sueno
- 987 The Carolingian race in France ended
- 991 The Arabic numeral ciphers introduced into Europe by the Saracens
- 994 The Danes and Norwegians invaded England
- 996 The empire of Germany declared to be elective

The Eleventh Century of the Christian Era.

- 1002 Ethelred massacred the Danes in England, November 13
- 1007 Alhazranus observed the obliquity of the ecliptic to be $23^{\circ} 35'$
- 1012 Ethelred granted an annual tribute to the Danes
- 1014 Sueno, king of Denmark, made himself master of England
- 1023 The Caliph of Egypt ravaged Palestine, and plundered the temple of Jerusalem
- 1028 Canute conquered Norway
- 1036 The kingdom of Norway began
- 1043 The Russians came from Scythia and landed in Thrace
- 1050 The Greek church separated from the Latin
- 1055 The Turks took Bagdat, and overturned the empire of the Caliphs
- 1066 The conquest of England by William duke of Normandy
- 1069 The Danes landed in England, September 11
- 1070 The feudal law introduced into England
- 1080 Domesday-book in England began
- 1087 William the Conqueror ravaged France
- 1095 The first Crusade to the Holy Land is resolved on
- 1097 Godfrey of Bouillon took Nicæa. The Christians defeated the Saracens
- 1098 The Christians took Antioch, June 3. The order of St Benedict instituted
- 1099 Jerusalem taken by the Crusaders. Godfrey elected king of Jerusalem

The Twelfth Century of the Christian Era.

- 1104 Baldwin defeated the Saracens and took Ptolemais (St Jean d'Acre)
- 1109 The Crusaders took Tripoli, June 10
- 1110 Learning revived at Cambridge. Writing on paper common about this time
- 1118 The order of Knights Templars instituted
- 1119 Louis le Gros defeated by Henry at Brenneville. The Turks defeated at Antioch
- 1125 Baldwin overcame the Saracens near Antioch. Germany afflicted with the plague
- 1137 The Pandects of Justinian found in the ruins of Amalfi
- 1138 The Scots invaded England, but were defeated
- 1139 A civil war in England
- 1141 The factions of the Guelphs and Ghibelines prevailed about this time
- 1145 The Koran translated into Latin
- 1159 Insurrections in Scotland. War between England and France
- 1162 The affairs of the Crusaders on the decline in Palestine
- 1172 Henry, king of England, subdued Ireland
- 1173 William, king of Scotland, taken prisoner at Alnwick
- 1174 William acknowledged the kingdom of Scotland a fief of the crown of England
- 1181 The laws of England digested by Glanville
- 1183 Seven thousand Albigenses massacred by the inhabitants of Berry
- 1187 Saladin, having defeated the Christians in many battles, took Jerusalem, Oct. 3.
- 1189 The kings of England and France set out for Palestine
- 1190 The Teutonic order of knights instituted at Ptolemais (St Jean d'Acre)
- 1192 King Richard made prisoner by the Emperor Henry VI.
- 1195 The Saracens invaded Spain, and defeated Alphonso king of Castile, July 18
- 1198 The Fifth Crusade. The order of the Holy Trinity instituted

The Thirteenth Century of the Christian Era.

- 1204 The Sixth Crusade. Constantinople taken by the Venetians and French, April 12
- 1209 The works of Aristotle imported into Europe, and the year following burnt at Paris
- 1210 A violent persecution against the Albigenses
- 1211 The king of England subdued Wales
- 1215 A contest between King John and his barons. Magna Charta signed, June 15
- 1220 Astronomy and geography brought into Europe by the Moors about this time
- 1223 All the slaves in France franchised by Louis VIII.
- 1227 An expedition of all the European powers to Palestine

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- 1231 The *Almagest* of Ptolemy translated from the Arabic into Latin
 1236 The first eruption of the Tartars into Russia, Poland, &c.
 1239 A writing of this year's date, on paper made of rags, still remains
 1241 The Hanseatic league formed
 1250 The Christians defeated by the Saracens in Egypt. Painting revived in Florence
 1260 Alfonso of Spain ordered all public records to be written in the vulgar tongue
 1263 The Norwegians invaded, in August, the western coasts of Scotland
 1264 The battle of Lewes between King Henry and his barons
 1273 The Austrian family raised to the imperial throne
 1279 The Mortmain Act passed in England, in November
 1282 Eight thousand French massacred at the Sicilian Vespers, March 30
 1291 A contest between Bruce and Baliol for the crown of Scotland. Crusades ended
 1293 A regular succession of Parliaments in England from this year
 1297 The Coronation Chair and the Records of Scotland carried off by Edward
 1298 The English defeated the Scots at Falkirk. The Ottoman empire founded
 1300 Edward invaded Scotland. The Khan of Tartary defeated the Sultan of Egypt

The Fourteenth Century of the Christian Era.

- 1302 The mariner's compass invented or improved by Flavio
 1303 The Scots defeated three English armies in one day near Roslin
 1306 Edward of England invaded Scotland, and was opposed by Bruce
 1307 Coal first used in England
 1314 The Scots defeated the English at Bannockburn, June 24
 1321 A civil war in England
 1323 A truce between England and Scotland for thirteen years
 1328 Edward renounced all claims of superiority over Scotland
 1330 Gunpowder invented by a monk of Cologne
 1331 The art of weaving cloth brought from Flanders to England
 1332 Edward Baliol invaded Scotland, and defeated the Scots at Duplin
 1340 Copper money first used in Scotland and Ireland
 1342 The siege of Algiers, where powder was used
 1344 The Madeira Islands discovered by Macham. Gold first coined in England
 1346 The battle of Cressy and defeat of the French, August 26
 1347 The Admiralty Court, Doctors' Commons, instituted. Edward took Calais
 1349 The order of the Garter instituted
 1356 The French defeated at Poitiers, and King John made prisoner, September 19
 1362 Pleadings in England were decreed to be in English, not in French
 1370 Chivalry flourished about this time
 1371 The family of Stuart began to reign in Scotland
 1377 Wickliffe's doctrines condemned in England
 1381 Bills of exchange first used in England
 1383 Cannon first used in the English service by the governor of Calais
 1384 The first navigation act — no goods to be exported or imported in foreign bottoms
 1387 The first Lord High Admiral was appointed
 1388 The Scots defeated the English at Otterburn
 1391 The Papal power and authority abolished in England by act of Parliament
 1393 The doctrine of John Huss propagated in Bohemia

The Fifteenth Century of the Christian Era.

- 1402 Tamerlane defeated Bajazet at Angora, July 28
 1403 Great guns first used in England at the siege of Berwick
 1411 The university of St Andrew's in Scotland founded by bishop Wardlaw
 1415 John Huss condemned and executed. The French defeated at Agincourt
 1424 The king of Scots obtained his liberty, after 16 years' imprisonment in England
 1428 The English besieged Oricans, but were repulsed by Joan of Arc
 1431 Henry, king of England, crowned king of France
 1440 The art of printing invented in Germany by John Gottenburgh
 1447 The Turks frequently defeated by Scanderbeg, who gained 22 battles over them
 1448 A bloody contest between York and Lancaster. The Vatican founded
 1453 The Turks took the city of Constantinople. The Greek empire ended
 1455 The battle of St Alban's, in England, May 31
 1457 Glass first manufactured in England
 1460 Purbachius and Regiomontanus found the obliquity of the ecliptic to be 23° 27'
 1462 The first book printed, viz. the Vulgate Bible
 1468 Warwick's conspiracy against King Edward
 1469 The battle of Banbury, July 26
 1470 The battle of Stamford, March 14. Edward attainted and Henry restored

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- 1471 The battle of Barnet. Edward restored. The battle of Tewkesbury
 1473 The study of the Greek language introduced into France
 1478 Waltherus observed the obliquity of the ecliptic to be $23^{\circ} 30'$
 1483 A conspiracy in England against Richard
 1485 The battle of Bosworth, August 22
 1487 The Court of Star-Chamber instituted in England
 1488 The Cape of Good Hope discovered by Vasco da Gama
 1489 Geographical maps and sea-charts brought into England
 1490 The study of the Greek tongue introduced into England
 1492 America discovered by Christopher Columbus
 1493 Algebra taught at Venice. The venereal disease introduced into Europe
 1497 North America discovered by Americus. Di Gama's expedition to the East Indies
 1500 Brazil discovered by the Portuguese. Florida discovered by John Cabot

The Sixteenth Century of the Christian Era.

- 1505 Shillings first coined in England
 1513 War between England and Scotland. The battle of Flodden, September 9
 1515 The first Polyglot Bible printed at Alcalá
 1517 The Reformation began in Germany. Five books of the Annals of Tacitus found
 1518 New Spain and the Straits of Magellan discovered
 1521 The title of *Defender of the Faith* conferred on Henry VIII.
 1525 Francis taken prisoner at the battle of Pavia, February 24
 1529 The diet of Spire against the Reformers, March 15
 1530 The diet of Augsburg, June 25. The union of the Protestants at Smalcald
 1532 The Court of Session instituted in Scotland
 1533 The papal authority abolished in England
 1535 The Reformation introduced into Ireland
 1536 King James of Scotland's expedition to France
 1539 The Bible printed in English. The monasteries suppressed in England and Wales
 1540 The variation of the compass discovered by Sebastian Cabot. Copernicus observed the obliquity of the ecliptic to be $23^{\circ} 28' 8''$. The Jesuits established
 1542 The English invaded Scotland, and defeated the Scots at Solway Moss, Nov. 23
 1545 The English defeated by the Scots at Ancrum-Muir. The Council of Trent began, December 13, and lasted eighteen years
 1546 A league against the Protestants. The heresy of Socinianism sprang up in Italy
 1547 The Scots defeated by the English at Pinkie, September 10
 1550 Peers' eldest sons first permitted to sit in the House of Commons
 1552 Books of astronomy and geometry destroyed in England
 1553 Popery restored in England by Queen Mary. Servetus burnt at Geneva
 1557 The Emperor Charles V. retired to a monastery, Feb. 24
 1558 The reformed religion authorised in England
 1560 The Presbyterian form of government established in Scotland
 1561 Queen Mary arrived in Scotland, after an absence of thirteen years
 1566 The thirty-nine articles of the church of England established
 1567 Queen Mary espoused Bothwell
 1568 The Queen of Scots imprisoned in England. The reformed religion tolerated in the Low Countries
 1571 The Turks defeated at the battle of Lepanto, October 7
 1572 The massacre of the Protestants at Paris, August 24
 1580 The world circumnavigated by Sir Francis Drake
 1582 The Julian Calendar reformed by Gregory, and New Style introduced into Catholic countries, October 5 being reckoned October 15
 1584 Raleigh discovered Virginia. The Prince of Orange murdered at Delft, June 30
 1586 Babington's conspiracy against Queen Elizabeth
 1587 Queen Mary beheaded. Drake burnt 100 sail of ships in the bay of Cadiz
 1588 The Spanish Armada destroyed, July 27
 1589 A conspiracy against James, king of Scotland, by the Popish Lords
 1590 Telescopes invented by Jansen, a spectacle-maker in Germany
 1592 Presbyterian church government established in Scotland by act of Parliament
 1593 Tycho Brahe observed the obliquity of the ecliptic to be $23^{\circ} 29' 25''$
 1597 Watches brought to England from Germany
 1598 Tyrone's insurrection in Ireland. The edict of Nantz
 1600 Gowrie's conspiracy. The English East India Company established

The Seventeenth Century of the Christian Era.

- 1602 Decimal arithmetic invented at Brugges
 1603 James I. (VI. of Scotland) King of Great Britain

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- 1605 The gunpowder-plot discovered, November 5
 1608 Galileo discovers, with a telescope, the satellites of Jupiter
 1610 Henry IV. of France murdered by Ravaillac
 1614 Logarithms invented by Napier of Merchiston
 1619 Discovery of the circulation of the blood by Dr W. Harvey
 1625 Charles I. King of Great Britain
 1626 League of the Protestant Princes against the Emperor
 1627 The barometer invented by Torricelli, and the thermometer by Danielius
 1632 Gustavus Adolphus killed in the battle of Lutzen
 1638 The Solemn League and Covenant established in Scotland
 1641 The Irish rebellion and massacre of the Protestants, October 23
 1642 Civil war in England. Battle of Edge-hill. Archbishop Laud beheaded
 1644 Cromwell defeated the royal army at Marston Moor, July 3
 1645 King Charles I. totally defeated at Naseby, June 1
 1647 Charles I. delivered up by the Scots to the English commissioners
 1649 King Charles I. beheaded, January 30
 1650 The Marquis of Montrose beheaded. The battle of Dunbar
 1651 The battle of Worcester, September 2. Charles II. defeated
 1654 Cromwell assumes the Protectorship
 1658 Cromwell dies, and is succeeded by his son Richard
 1660 Restoration. Charles II. King of Great Britain
 1661 Argyle beheaded. Hevelius observed the obliquity of the ecliptic to be $23^{\circ} 29' 7''$
 1662 The Royal Society instituted in England by Charles II.
 1665 The plague raged in London, and carried off 68,000 persons
 1666 Great fire in London, which continued three days, and destroyed 13,000 houses
 1668 The peace of Aix la Chappelle
 1678 The Habeas Corpus Act passed in England
 1679 The Covenanters defeated at Bothwell Bridge, June 22
 1683 The judicial assassination of Lord Russell and Algernon Sydney
 1685 James II. King of Great Britain. Monmouth taken and beheaded
 1686 The Newtonian philosophy first published in England
 1688 The Revolution in Great Britain. King James abdicates the throne, Dec. 23
 1689 William and Mary crowned. Episcopacy abolished. Battle of Killbuck
 1690 The battle of the Boyne gained by William over James
 1692 The massacre of Glencoe, January 31 (O.S.) Battle of Steenkirk
 1695 Namur taken by King William, June 25
 1696 The Assassination Plot in England discovered, February 14
 1697 The peace of Ryswick, September 10 (O.S.)
 1699 The Scots attempt to establish a colony at Darien
 1700 The Spanish monarchy transferred to the house of Bourbon

The Eighteenth Century of the Christian Era.

- 1701 Death of James II. at St Germain. First king of Prussia crowned
 1702 Anne Queen of Great Britain. The French fleet destroyed at Vigo
 1704 The battle of Blenheim, August 2. St Petersburg founded by Peter the Great
 1707 The articles of Union ratified by the Scottish parliament
 1708 Battle of Oudenarde. The French defeated by Marlborough
 1709 Battle of Pultowa, June 30. Battle of Malplaquet, September 11
 1713 The peace of Utrecht, signed March 30
 1714 George I., Elector of Hanover, King of Great Britain
 1715 Rebellion in Scotland. Battle of Sheriffmuir. The Pretender lands
 1717 The Turks totally routed at Belgrade by Prince Eugene
 1718 Charles XII. of Sweden killed at the siege of Frederickshall in Norway
 1720 The South Sea scheme began, April 7, and ended September 23. The kingdom of Sardinia granted to Victor Amadeus, Duke of Savoy
 1722 Peter I. of Russia assumes the title of Emperor
 1723 Bishop Atterbury banished, May 27. Regent Duke of Orleans dies
 1724 Death of the Czar, Peter the Great. Protestants persecuted in France
 1727 George II. King of Great Britain. Innoculation successfully tried on criminals
 1731 Treaty between Great Britain, the Emperor, and King of Spain, July 22
 1737 Roult-Khan (Nadir Shah) proclaimed King of Persia, September 29
 1739 Nadir Shah conquers the greater part of the Mogul empire
 1740 Frederick III. (the Great) King of Prussia. Maria Theresa Queen of Hungary
 1741 Carthagens taken by Admiral Vernon, June 19
 1743 The French defeated by the allies at Dettingen, June 6
 1744 War declared against France by Great Britain, March 31. Commodore Anson arrived at St Helen's, having completed his voyage round the world

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- 1745 The battle of Fontenoy, April 30 (O.S.) Cape Breton taken by the British. Rebellion in Scotland in July. King's forces defeated at Gladsmuir, Sept. 21
- 1746 The royal forces defeated at Falkirk, January 17. Battle of Culloden, April 16. Lords Balmorloo and Kilmarnock beheaded, August 18
- 1747 Lord Lovat beheaded, April 9. The allied army defeated at Lafeldt. Admiral Hawke defeated the French fleet. The Prince of Orange made Stadtholder
- 1748 Peace of Aix la Chapelle, between Great Britain, France, Spain, Austria, Sardinia, and Holland
- 1750 Westminster bridge finished, after the labour of twelve years
- 1751 Death of Frederick Prince of Wales, son of George II.
- 1752 New Style introduced into Britain, September 3 being reckoned September 14
- 1753 British Museum established at Montague House
- 1756 War declared between Great Britain and France, May 18
- 1757 Darnley's conspiracy against Louis XV. The Prussians defeat the French and Austrians at Rossbach, November 5. The King of Prussia master of Silesia
- 1759 The battle of Minden, August 1. Battle of the Heights of Abraham, in which General Wolfe is killed and the French are defeated: Quebec falls, Sept. 17
- 1760 George II. died, and was succeeded by his grandson, George III., October 25
- 1761 Pondicherry taken by the English, January 15
- 1762 The Havannah surrendered to the English, August 12
- 1763 Peace between Great Britain, France, and Spain, signed at Paris, February 10
- 1764 Parliament granted £10,000 to Mr Harrison for discovering the longitude by his time-piece. Sujah Dowlah defeated. Byron's discoveries in the South Sea.
- 1765 The Regency Bill passed in England, May 15
- 1766 American Stamp Act repealed, March 18. Death of the Pretender
- 1767 Wallis and Carteret made discoveries in the South Seas
- 1768 The Royal Academy of Arts established at London. Bougainville made discoveries in the Pacific Ocean. Violent commotions in Poland
- 1769 Captain Cook made discoveries in the Pacific Ocean
- 1770 An earthquake at St Domingo. Blackfriars' bridge opened
- 1771 Emigration of 500,000 Tourgouths from the Caspian Sea to the frontiers of China
- 1772 Revolution in Sweden. Poland dismembered by Russia, Prussia, and Austria
- 1773 Cook made a second voyage, and sailed to 71° 10' south latitude. Jesuits suppressed by a Papal bull, dated August 25
- 1774 Louis XVI. King of France. American war commenced, November 15
- 1775 The action at Bunker's Hill, June 7
- 1776 The Americans declared themselves independent, July 4
- 1778 Surrender of Burgoyne at Saratoga, October 7
- 1778 League between the French and Americans, October 30
- 1779 Siege of Gibraltar. Captain Cook killed at Owhyhee
- 1780 Sir G. Rodney defeated the Spanish fleet near Cape St Vincent, January 16. The Protestant Association petition for the repeal of the Popish bill, and dreadful riots in London, June 2. Americans defeated at Camden, Aug. 16. General Arnold deserts, September 24. Major André hanged, October 2
- 1781 Lord Cornwallis defeated the Americans at Guilford, March 15. Battle off the Dogger-Bank, August 5. Surrender of the British at York-town, October 18
- 1782 Sir G. Rodney defeated the French fleet off Dominica, April 12
- 1783 Preliminaries of peace, and the independence of America declared, January 20
- 1784 The memory of Handel commemorated. Peace between Britain and Holland
- 1785 Treaty of alliance between Austria, France, and Holland
- 1786 Commercial treaty between England and France, September 26
- 1787 The Assembly of the Notables convened at Paris, February 22. Warren Hastings impeached for misdemeanors in the government of India, May 21
- 1788 Prince Charles Edward died at Rome, January 31. Illness of the King, and the Regency bill debated in the Commons, December 10
- 1789 The opening of the States General at Versailles, May 5. The French Revolution began. The Bastille taken, July 14. The King of France accepts the declaration of the Rights of Man, October 6. Decree for dividing France into 83 departments
- 1790 Titles of nobility suppressed in France, February 24
- 1791 Gustavus III., King of Sweden, assassinated, March 29. The Tuilleries forced by an armed mob, who insulted the King of France, June 20. The King of France flies, and is arrested at Varennes, June 22. The Convention at Pillnitz, signed June 20. The King and Queen forced to take refuge in the National Assembly. The Swiss guards massacred, August 10. The royal family imprisoned in the Temple, August 14. Massacre of state-prisoners at Paris, September 2 and 3. France declared a Republic, September 21

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- 1792 Dumourier defeated the Austrians at Jemappe, November 5.
- 1793 Louis XVI. condemned by a majority of five voices, and beheaded, January 21. The Alien Bill passed. War declared against France, February 1. Dumourier defeated by the Prince of Colbourg, March 1. The Royalists successful in a battle in La Vendée, July 12. Mr Thomas Muir, advocate, transported for sedition, August 20. Toulon surrendered to Lord Hood, August 28. Queen of France condemned and beheaded, October 15.
- 1794 Skirring, Gerald, Margat, and Palmer, sentenced to transportation for sedition, January. The Habeas Corpus act suspended, May. Lord Howe defeated the French fleet, June 1. Battle of Fleurus, June 26. Robespierre guillotined, July 28. The Jacobin club abolished, October 18. Trials of Hardy, Horne Tooke, Thelwall, &c. for treason, November. Marriage of the Prince of Wales with the Princess Caroline of Brunswick, December 30.
- 1795 Holland overrun by the French. The Stadtholder takes refuge in England, January. Warren Hastings, after a trial of seven years, acquitted, April 25. Mungo Park sailed for the river Gambia, May 22. Louis XVII. died in prison at Paris, June 8. The French defeated off L'Orient by Admiral Lord Bridport, June 23. The Emigrant army destroyed at Quiberon. Belgium united to the French Republic, September 30. Poland divided between Russia, Austria, and Prussia, November 25.
- 1796 Battle of Lodi, May 11. The French overran Italy. General Washington resigned the Presidency of the United States, September 17.
- 1797 Sir John Jervis, afterwards Earl St Vincent, defeated the Spanish fleet, Feb. 14. A mutiny in the British fleet at Portsmouth and the Nore, May and June. The Scots Militia Bill passed, July. Dutch fleet defeated by Admiral Duncan, October 11. Peace between France and Austria signed at Campo Formio, October 17. Frederick William III. King of Prussia.
- 1798 Rebellion in Ireland, May, June, &c. The French fleet destroyed at Aboukir, August 1. French landed in Ireland, August 22. Surrendered, September 11. French fleet defeated by Sir J. B. Warren, October 12. Mr Pitt's Income Tax, of 10 per cent., December 3. Habeas Corpus suspended, December 28.
- 1799 Union with Ireland proposed, January 22. War between France and Austria. Seringapatam taken, and Tipoo Saib killed, May 4. Buonaparte defeated by Sir Sidney Smith at St Jean d'Acre, May 21. Expedition against Holland, August 27. Buonaparte declared First Consul for ten years, December 25.
- 1800 Union with Ireland agreed to in Parliament, February. King's life attempted by Hatfield, May 15. Battle of Marengo, June 14. Cisalpine Republic established, June 17. Malta taken by the English, September 5. Battle of Hohenlinden, December 3. Life of the First Consul attempted by the *Infernal Machine*, December 24.
- The Nineteenth Century of the Christian Era.*
- 1801 The first meeting of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, January. Mr Pitt resigns, and is succeeded by Mr Addington (now Lord Sidmouth), February 9. British landed in Egypt, March 8. Battle of Alexandria and death of Abercrombie, March 21. Battle of Copenhagen and destruction of the Danish fleet, April 2. Cadix surrendered to the British, May 11. Alexandria capitulated, August 27. Peace between Great Britain and France, October 1.
- 1802 Mutiny in Bantry Bay, January 15. Governor Wall executed for the murder of Ben. Armstrong, committed thirty years before, 30. Christian religion re-established in France, March 2. Definitive treaty with France signed at Amiens, 27. Planet Pallas discovered by Dr Olbers, 28. Parliament voted £10,000 to Dr Jenner for the discovery of Vaccination, first made known in 1798, June 3. Buonaparte declared Consul for life, July. The Prince of Orange renounces the Stadtholdership, August.
- 1803 Colonel Despard and six of his associates executed for high treason, February 21. War with France, May 16. Habeas Corpus suspended, and martial law proclaimed. Scindia defeated by General Wellesley, August 10. The British troops entered Delhi, and the Great Mogul put himself under the protection of General Lake, September. St Domingo given up to the Blacks, Nov. 19.
- 1804 Murder of the Duke d'Enghien, March 21. Mr Pitt again Premier, May 10. Buonaparte proclaimed Emperor, 20. Francis II. relinquishes the title of Emperor of Germany, and assumes that of Emperor of Austria.
- 1805 Mungo Park sailed on his second expedition to Africa, Jan. 30. The Spaniards declare war against Britain. Napoleon crowned king of Italy, May 26. Sir R. Calder defeated the combined French and Spanish fleets July 22. Gre-

- A.D. gorian calendar restored in France, September 9. Battle of Trafalgar and death of Nelson, October 21. Battle of Austerlitz, December 2.
- 1806 Cape of Good Hope taken by Sir D. Baird, January 8. Mr Pitt died, 23. New ministry, headed by Lord Grenville and Mr Fox, February 14. Resolutions passed for the abolition of the slave trade, June. Battle of Maida, July 4. Mr Fox died at Chiswick, September 13. Battle of Jena, or Auerstadt, October 14. Parliament dissolved, 19. The confederation of the Rhine; and the electors of Saxony, Bavaria, and Wirtemberg assume the title of King.
- 1807 Russians defeated at Eylau, February 8. Mr Percival chancellor of the exchequer, March 2. Russians totally defeated at Friedland, June 14. Peace of Tilsit, June. Copenhagen bombarded, and the Danish fleet surrendered to the British, September 7. The English troops evacuate Egypt in October. Portugal taken possession of by the French. The Prince Regent and royal family emigrate to the Brazils, November 29. Jerome Buonaparte king of Westphalia.
- 1808 Buonaparte prohibits all commerce with Great Britain, January 11. • French enter Rome and seize on the government, February 2. Charles IV. abdicated his throne in favour of his son Ferdinand VII., March 19. Murat made king of the two Sicilies, and Joseph Buonaparte king of Spain. Ferdinand VII. sent to Paris. The Junta of Seville declares war against France, May. Battle of Vimeira; French defeated, August 21. Convention of Cintra, 30. Finland surrendered to Russia, November 7.
- 1809 Battle of Corunna, and death of General Sir John Moore, Jan. 16. Duke of York resigns his office as commander-in-chief, March 20. French fleet destroyed in Basque Roads, April 12. Battle of Aspern, or Essling, May 21. Battle of Talavera, July 27. Walcheren taken by the British, 31. Evacuated, November 24. A Jubilee, being the 50th year of his Majesty's reign, October 25. Mauritius surrendered to the British, December 3.
- 1810 Empress Josephine divorced, January 16. Marriage of Napoleon with the Archduchess Maria Louisa, April 1. Sir F. Burdett committed to the Tower, 6. Treaty of peace between Austria and France. Holland united to the French empire. Bernadotte chosen Crown Prince of Sweden, August 21. Battle of Busaco, September 27. First meeting of the Spanish Cortes, 28. Napoleon issued a decree to burn all British merchandise, October 19. Lucien Buonaparte landed in this country.
- 1811 Prince of Wales appointed Regent, Jan. 10. Dreadful massacre of Mamelukes at Grand Cairo, March 1. Battle of Barossa, 5. King of Rome born, 28. Battle of Albuera, May 16. Eruption of a volcano in the sea, off St Michael, June 10. Java surrendered to the British, August 8. Riots at Nottingham, November 16.
- 1812 Ciudad Rodrigo taken, January 19. Earthquake at Caracas, March 26. Badajoz taken, April 6. Volcano in St Vincent's, 30. Perceval, Premier, assassinated by Bellingham, May 11. Russia and Sweden declare war against France. Battle of Salamanca, July 22. Madrid taken by the British, August 12. French entered Smolensko, 18. Siege of Cadiz raised, 25. Seville taken by the British, 27. Battle of Borodino, or Moskwa, September 7. The French entered Moscow, 14. Passage of the Berezyna, where the French lost 20,000 men, Nov. 8. Buonaparte arrived in Paris at midnight, Dec. 18.
- 1813 Russians entered Hamburg, March 18. Confederacy between Russia, Prussia, and Bavaria, against France. Empress Maria Louisa Regent in absence of Napoleon, April 15. Inquisition abolished in Spain. Battle of Lutzen, May 2. Official return of the casualties sustained by the French and their allies during the Russian campaign: Killed, 24 generals, 2000 staff and other officers, and 204,400 rank and file: Prisoners, 45 generals, 3441 staff and other officers, and 233,222 rank and file: 1131 pieces of cannon, 63 standards, 1 marshal's staff, 100,000 muskets, and 27,000 ammunition waggons were taken. Catholic Bill thrown out by a majority of 4, May 24. Battle of Vittoria, June 21. San Sebastian taken by storm, August 31. Battle of Dresden and death of Moreau, September 4 and 5. Battle of Leipzig, in which Buonaparte lost 80,000 men, and 180 pieces of cannon, October 19. Fall of Pampluna, 31. Surrender of Dresden, November 23. Wellington crossed the Nive and defeated Soult, December 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13.
- 1814 Wellington took possession of Bourdeaux, March 8. Allied sovereigns entered Paris, 31. Abdication of Buonaparte, April 5, who was sent to Elba, 28. The French, under Soult, defeated at Toulouse, April 10. Louis XVIII. entered Paris, May 3. Peace between England and France, 30. Allied sovereigns entered London, June 8. L.50,000 a-year voted to the Princess of

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- Wales, who accepts only £35,000, July 5. She embarks for the continent August 9. City of Washington taken by General Ross, 24. A general peace concluded. Islands of St Lucia, Tobago, Malta, the Mauritius, and the Cape of Good Hope, ceded to Britain. Norway annexed to Sweden, November 4. Treaty of peace between England and America, December 24.
- 1815 The order of the knighthood of the Bath enlarged, January 2. Property-tax abandoned, February 10. Buonaparte landed from Elba at Cannes, March 1 and entered Paris, 21. Buonaparte left Paris to meet the allied forces, May 2. Battles of Ligny and Quatre Bras, June 16. *Battle of Waterloo*, June 18. Paris capitulated to the allied powers, July 3. Guadeloupe taken by the British, 10. Napoleon gave himself up to the British, and is sent to St Helena, August 7. Murat (king of Naples) shot at Pizzo, October 13. Treaties of general peace signed at Paris, November 20. Marshal Ney shot for treason, December 5.
- 1816 Jury court for civil cases in Scotland opened, February 2. St John's, Newfoundland, destroyed by fire, 10. An attempt to renew the Property-tax lost in the Commons by a majority of 37. Princess Charlotte married to Prince Leopold of Saxe-Cobourg Saalfeld, May 2. Shock of an earthquake felt through Scotland, August 13. Lord Exmouth attacked and destroyed the town and fort of Algiers, 27. Riots in London, December 2.
- 1817 Watson, senior, Thistlewood, Preston, and Hooper, arrested for high treason, February 9. New silver coinage issued, 13. James Monroe President of the United States of America. Habeas Corpus suspended, March 4. Waterloo bridge opened, June 18. A proclamation issued, ordering the new gold coin called a Sovereign to pass current for 20s., July 5. Dey of Algiers assassinated, September. The Princess Charlotte died in child-birth, having been delivered of a still-born male child, November 6.
- 1818 The Habeas Corpus Suspension Act repealed, January 31. The Regalia of Scotland found in Edinburgh castle, February 5. The tomb of Robert the Bruce discovered at Dunfermline, March 7. Imprisonment for debt abolished in the state of New York, June 12. Congress at Aix-la-Chapelle, September 20. France evacuated by the Army of Observation, November. Her majesty Queen Charlotte died at Kew, November 17.
- 1819 Kotzebue assassinated, April 2. The old law of wager of battle abolished. Dreadful plague at Tunis, June 5. Numerous meetings for parliamentary reform, 23. A comet seen in July. £50,000 granted to emigrants to the Cape of Good Hope, July 12. Steam vessel arrived from America, 13. Congress at Carlsbad, August 1. Great meeting for reform at Manchester, dispersed by yeomanry, when several were killed, and upwards of a hundred wounded, 16.
- 1820 A revolution in Spain, January 1. Death of George III., in the 82d year of his age, and 80th of his reign, 29. George IV. proclaimed, 31. Assassination of the Duke de Berri, February 13. Indictment against Queen Caroline, for alleged misconduct abroad, 15. Her name omitted in the Liturgy, 15. Florida ceded to the United States, 22. A conspiracy against His Majesty's ministers discovered in London, 23. Massacre at Cadix by the soldiery, March 10. Disturbances in Glasgow and its neighbourhood, April 1. The Radicals engage a party of cavalry at Bonnyvale, 5. Thistlewood and his associates executed, May 1. Report of the secret committee brought up by Lord Harrowby, July 4. Bill of pains and penalties introduced by Lord Liverpool, 4. Trials for treason at Glasgow, 25. Hardie and Baird executed at Stirling for high treason, September 8. Carbonari suppressed by the Austrian government in Italy, 16. The Hecla and Griper, Captain Parry, arrived in Leith from a voyage of discovery in the Polar Sea, being frozen in during winter 1819-20, in lat. 74° N. Long. 112° W., November 3. Bill of pains and penalties against the Queen abandoned, after a trial of 51 days, 8. Sovereigns of Russia, Austria, and Prussia, meet at Troppau, 10. Parliament prorogued, 23. Suicide of Henry king of Hayti, December 12.
- 1821 Sir F. Burdett sentenced to three months imprisonment, and fined £2000, for a letter addressed to his constituents on the proceedings at Manchester, February 8. Death of Napoleon Buonaparte, May 5. George IV. crowned in Westminster Hall, with great pomp and splendour, July 19. Queen Caroline died at Handenburgh-house, August 7, and was interred, by her own desire, in the family vault at Brunswick, 25. During the funeral procession in London, serious riots, in which two men were killed and several wounded. His Majesty visits Ireland, where he is received with every demonstration of loyalty and attachment.

A BRIEF LIST OF MEN OF GENIUS AND LEARNING.

Compiled expressly for this Edition of Johnson's Dictionary.

B.C.

- 907 Homer, the first Profane Writer and Greek Poet. *A. Chapman, Pope, Omeron*
Hesiod, the Greek Poet, supposed to live near the time of Homer. *Rieu, Hawks*
600 Sappho, the Greek Lyric Poetess. *A. Faucher*
556 Æsop, the Greek Fabulist. *Crosal*
474 Anacreon, the Greek Lyric Poet. *Faucher, Addison, Moore*
435 Pindar, ditto. *West, Green, Pye*
407 Aristophanes, the Greek Comic Poet. *A. White, Mitchell*
Euripides, the Greek Tragic Poet. *Franklin, Potter*
400 Socrates, the founder of Moral Philosophy in Greece
391 Thucydides, the Greek Historian. *Smith, Hobbes*
359 Xenophon, the Historian. *Smith, Spelman, Ashley, Fieking*
348 Plato, the Greek Philosopher. *Sydenham*
350 Aristotle, the Greek Philosopher. *Hobbes, Pye, Gillies*
315 Demosthenes, the Athenian Orator. *Leland, Francis*
277 Euclid, the Mathematician. *A. Simson, Playfair, Leslie*
204 Archimedes, the Greek Geometrician
184 Plautus, the Roman Comic Poet. *Thornton*
159 Terence, of Carthage, the Latin Comic Poet. *Colman*
124 Polybius, the Historian. *Hampton, Fildard*
54 Lucretius, the Roman Poet. *Creech*
44 Julius Caesar, author of Commentaries. *Duncan*
43 Cicero, the Roman Orator and Philosopher. *Guthrie, Melmoth*
34 Sallust, the Roman Historian. *Gordon, Rowe, Stuart*
19 Virgil, the Roman Epic Poet. *Dryden, Pitt, Wharton, Ring*
8 Horace, the Roman Lyric Poet and Satirist. *Francis, Bosworth*

A.D.

- 17 Livy, the Roman Historian. *Ray, Baker*
19 Ovid, the Roman Elegiac Poet. *Garth*
64 Seneca, the Philosopher. *L'Estrange*
65 Lucan, the Roman Epic Poet. *Rowe*
95 Quintilian, the Roman Rhetorician. *Guthrie*
99 Tacitus, the Roman Historian. *Gordon, Murphy*
104 Martial, the Epigrammatist. *Hay*
119 Plutarch, of Greece, the Biographer. *Dryden, Langhorne*
128 Juvenal, the Roman Satirist. *Dryden, Gifford*
140 Ptolemy, the Egyptian Geographer and Astronomer. *A.*
180 Lucian, the Greek Satirist. *Dimastale, Dryden, Franklin, Carr*
193 Galen, the Greek Physician and Philosopher
273 Longinus, the Greek Critic. *Smith*
407 Chrysostom, a Father of the Church
415 Macrobius, the Roman Grammarian
524 Boethius, the Roman Poet and Platonic Philosopher. *Bellamy, Preston*
735 Beke, a Northumbrian monk, wrote the History of the Anglo-Saxons
901 King Alfred : History, ethics, poetry
1259 Matthew Paris, a monk of St Alban's : History
1292 Roger Bacon, England : Natural Philosophy, Literature, Theology
1321 Dante Alighieri, Florence : Poetry
1400 Geoffrey Chaucer, London : The Father of English Poetry
1572 John Knox, the Scottish Reformer : History of the Church of Scotland
1582 George Buchanan, Scotland : History, Psalms of David, Politics
1598 Edmund Spenser, London : Faery Queene
1616 William Shakspeare, Stratford-upon-Avon : Tragedies, Comedies
1622 Napier of Merchiston, Scotland : Logarithms
1626 Lord Bacon : Natural Philosophy, Literature in general
1634 Ben Johnson, London : Fifty-three Dramatic Pieces
1657 Dr William Harvey discovered the circulation of the blood
1674 John Milton, London : Paradise Lost, Regained, and other Pieces
1680 Samuel Butler, England : Hudibras
1685 Thomas Otway, London : Tragedies, Comedies, and other Poems
1691 Honourable Robert Boyle, Ireland : Natural Philosophy and Divinity

A.D.

- 1691 Sir George M'Kenzie, of Roschaugh : Antiquities, History, Law
 1694 Archbishop Tillotson : Sermons
 1701 John Dryden, England : Tragedies, Comedies, Satires, Virgil
 1704 John Locke, England : Philosophy, Divinity, Politics
 1714 Gilbert Burnet, Edinburgh, Bishop of Salisbury : History, Divinity
 1719 Joseph Addison, England : Spectator, Poems, Politics
 1727 Sir Isaac Newton : Geometry, Astronomy, Optics
 1729 Dr Samuel Clarke : Mathematics, Divinity, Criticism
 William Congreve : Dramatic Pieces
 1744 Alexander Pope, London : Poems, Translation of Homer
 1745 Dr Jonathan Swift, Dublin : Poems, Politics, Letters
 1748 James Thomson, Scotland : Seasons, Castle of Indolence, Dramatic Pieces
 1751 Henry St John, Lord Bolingbroke : Metaphysics, Politics
 1754 Henry Fielding : Tom Jones, Joseph Andrews, &c.
 1761 Samuel Richardson : Clarissa, Pamela, Sir Charles Grandison, &c.
 1768 Reverend L. Sterne, Ireland : Sentimental Journey, Tristram Shandy, &c.
 1770 Mark Akenside, England : Pleasures of Imagination, and other Poems
 Dr Tobias Smollett, Scotland : Novels, Poems, Plays, Translations
 1771 Thomas Gray, Professor of Modern History, Cambridge : Poems
 1774 Oliver Goldsmith : Poems, Essays, and other Pieces
 1776 David Hume, Scotland : History, Metaphysics
 1779 William Warburton, Bishop of Gloucester : Theology, Criticism
 1780 Sir William Blackstone, London : Commentaries on the Laws of England
 1782 Lord Kames, Scotland : Elements of Criticism, Sketches of the History of Man, &c.
 1784 Dr Samuel Johnson, England : English Dictionary, Biography, Miscellanies
 1787 Dr Robert Lowth, Bishop of London : Criticism, Divinity, Grammar
 1788 James Stuart, Esq., known by the name of "Athenian Stuart"
 Reverend John Logan, Scotland : Sermons, Poetry
 1789 Dr William Cullen : Practice of Physic, &c.
 1790 Dr Benjamin Franklin, Boston, New England : Electricity, Natural Philosophy, Miscellanies
 Dr Adam Smith, Scotland : Theory of Moral Sentiments, Wealth of Nations
 1792 Sir Joshua Reynolds, England : Discourses on Painting
 1793 Principal Robertson, Edinburgh : History
 1794 Edward Gibbon, England : History
 1796 Robert Burns, Scotland : Poems
 1796 Dr Thomas Reid, Glasgow : Metaphysics
 1797 Edmund Burke, Statesman and Political Writer
 1799 Dr Jos. Black, Professor of Chemistry, Edinburgh : Chemistry and Philosophy
 Lord Monboddo : Origin and Progress of Language, Ancient Metaphysics, &c.
 1800 William Cowper, England : Poems, Translation of Homer
 Dr Hugh Blair, Edinburgh : Rhetoric, Sermons
 1802 Dr Erasmus Darwin : Poetry, Physiology
 1804 Dr Jos. Priestley : Natural Philosophy, Theology, Politics, Miscellanies
 1805 Dr William Paley : Theology and Moral Philosophy
 1808 Hurd, Bishop of Worcester : Theological Works, Critical Dissertations, Dialogues
 1810 Richard Porson : Classical Criticism
 1811 Richard Cumberland : Dramatic Pieces, Essays, and Epic Poetry
 John Leyden, M. D. : Poetry, Miscellanies
 1812 John Home Tooke : Diversions of Purley, Politics
 John Clerk, of Eldon, Esq. : Naval Tactics
 1816 Richard Watson, Bishop of Llandaff : Theology, Chemistry, Miscellanies
 Richard Brinsley Sheridan, Ireland : Dramatic Pieces
 1817 Madame de Staël, Paris : L'Allemagne, Miscellanies
 1819 John Wolcot (called Peter Pindar) : Satirical Poetry
 Professor Playfair, Scotland : Illustrations of the Huttonian Theory, Outlines of Natural Philosophy, Miscellanies
 James Watt, the great improver of the Steam Engine : Miscellanies
 1820 Dr Thomas Brown, Professor of Moral Philosophy, Edinburgh : Metaphysics, Poetry
 1821 Dr James Gregory, Professor of the Practice of Physic, Edinburgh : Conspectus Medicinæ Theoreticæ, Miscellanies

Note.—The date is the period of the death of the individuals recorded in this list. The age in which they flourished is marked by *A.*, and is only inserted when the time of their deaths cannot be correctly ascertained. At the end of the lines are given, in *Italics*, the names of those who have published the best English translations.





