

## THE

A R T 0 F

P O E T R Y,
Written in French by
Monsteur de BOILEAU IN FOUR CANTO'S.
TRANSLATED

## B Y

Sir WILLIAMSOAMES,
Since Revis'd by John Dryden, Ese.
GLASGOW:

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## THE

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## P O E T R Y.

## C A N TOI.

RASH author, 'tis a vain prefumptuous crime To undertake the facred art of rhyme; If at thy birth the flars that rul'd thy fenfe Shone not with a poetic influence:
In thy ftrait genius thou wilt ftill be bound, Find Phoebus deaf, and Pegafus unfound. You then, that burn with the defire to try
The dangerous courfe of charming poetry ; Forbear in fruitlefs verfe to lofe your time, Or take for genius the defire of rhyme: Fear the allurements of a fpecious bait, And well confider your own force and weight.

Nature abounds in wits of every kind,
And for each author can a talent find :
One may in verfe defrcibe an amorous flame,
Another fharpen a Short epigram:

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\text { A } 2
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Waller a hero's mighty acts extol;
Spenfer fing Rofalind in paftoral:
But authors that themfelves too much effeem,
Lofe their own genius, and miftake their theme;
Thus in times paft + Dubartas vainly writ,
Allaying facred truth with triffing wit,
Impertinently, and without delight,
Defcrib'd the Ifraelites trlumphant flight, And following Mofes o'er the fandy plain, Perifh'd with Pharaoh in the Arabian main. Whate'er you write of pleafant or fublime,
Always let fenfe accompany your rhyme: Falfely they feem each other to oppofe;
Rhyme mult be made with reafon's laws to clofe:
And when to conquer her you bend yout forte,
The mind will triumph in the noble courfe;
To reafon's yoke fhe quickly will incline, Which, far from burting, renders her divine:
But, if negleeted, will as eafily ftray,
And maftet reafon, which fhe fhould obey.
Love reafon then : and let whate'es you write
Borrow from her its beauty, force, and light. Moft writers, mounted on a refty mufe,
Extravagant, and fenfelefs objects chufe;
They think they err, if in their verfe they fall
On any thought that's plain, or natural:

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\dagger \text { Dubartas tranflated by Sylvefer. }
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Fly this exceff; and let Iralians be
Vain authors of falfe glitt'ring poetry.
All ought to aim at fenfe; but moft the vain
Strive the hard pafs, and flipp'ry path to gain:
You drown, if to the right of lef you fray ;
Reafon to go has often but one way.
Sometimes an author, fond of his own thought,
Purfues his object fill it's over-wtoughts
If he deforibes a houfe, he fhews the face,
And after walks you round from place to place;
Here is a Vifta, there the doors unfold,
Balcone's here are bulluftred with gold;
Then counte the roundes and ovals in the halls,
" $\dagger$ The feftoons, freezes, and the aftragals :"
Tir'd with his tedious pomp, away I run,
And fkipt o'er twenry pages to be gone.
of fuch defertiptions the vain folly fee,
And fhun their barren fuperfluity,
All that is needers carefully avold,
The mind once fatiff'd, is quiesly cloy'd:
He cannot write, who karws not to gíve o'er,
To mend one fault, he makes a hundred more:
A verfe was weak, you torn it mutch too froong, And grow obfeure, for fear you fhould be long. Some are not gaudy, butt are flat and dry ;
Not to be low, another foars too high.
$\dagger$ Verfe of Scoderg.

Would you of every one deferve the praife?
In Writing, vary your difcourfe and phrafe;
A frozen ftyle, that neither ebs or flows,
Inftead of pleafing, makes us gape and doze. Thofe tedious authors are efteem'd by none Who tire us, humning the fame heavy tone. Happy, who in his verfe can gently fteer, From grave, to light; from pleafant, to fevere : His works will be admir'd where-ever found, And oft with buyers will be compafs'd round. In all you write, be neither low nor vile: The meaneft theme may have a proper fyle.

The dull burlefque appear'd with impudence,
And pleas'd by novelty, in fpite of fenfe.
All, except trivial points, grew out of date ;
Parnaffus fpoke the cant of Billing fgate:
Boundlefs and mad, diforder'd rhyme was feen :
Difguis'd Apollo chang'd to Harlequin.
This plague, which firt in country towns began,
Cities and kingdoms quickly over-ran ;
The dulleft feriblers fome admirers found,
And the Mock-Tempeft was a while renown'd:
But this low fuff the town at laft defpis'd,
And fcorn'd the folly that they once had priz'd;
Diftinguifh'd dull, from natural and plain, And left the villages to Fleckno's reign.

[^0]Let not fo mean a file your mufe debafe; But learn from * Butler the buffooning grace: And let burlefque in ballads be employ'd; Yet noify bombaft carefully avoid, Nor think to raife (tho' on Pharfalia's plain) " $\dagger$ Millions of mourning mountains of the flain :" $\ddagger$ Nor, with Dubartas, bridle up the floods, And perriwig with wool the bald-pate woods. Chufe a juft ftyle ; be grave without conftraint, Great without pride, and lovely without paint : Write what your reader may be pleas'd to hear : And, for the meafure, have a careful ear, On eafy numbers fix your happy choice; Of jarring founds avoid the odious noife: The fulleft verfe and the moft labour'd fenfe, Difpleafe us, if the ear once take offence. Our ancient verfe, (as homely as the times,) Was rude, unmeafur'd, only tagg'd with rhymes: Number and cadence, that have fince been fhown, To thofe unpolifh'd writers were unknown. ** Fairfax was he, who, in that darker age,
By his juft rules reftrain'd poetic rage: Spenfer did next in paftorals excel, And taught the noble art of writing well:
To ftricter rules the ftanza did reftrain,
And found for poetry a richer vein.

- Hudibras. $\dagger$ Verfe of Brebeuf. $\ddagger$ Verfe of Dubartas** Fairfax in his tranflation of Godfrey of Bullen.

Then D'Avenant came; who, with a new found att,
Chang'd all, fpoil'd all, and had his way apart:
His haughty mufe all athers did defpife,
And thought in triumph to bear off the prize,
Till the fharp-fighted critics of the times
In their mack-Gondibert expos'd his rhymes;
The laurels he pretended did refufe, Anddafh'd the hopes of his afpiring mufe. This head-ftrong writer, falling from on high,
Made following authors take lefs liberty.
Waller came laft, but was the firft whofe art
Juft weight and meafure did to verfe impart;
That of a well-plac'd word could teach the force,
And Thew'd for peetry a nobler courle:
His happy genins did our tongue refine,
And eafy words with pleafing numbers join :
His verles to good method did apply,
And chang'd harfh difcord to foft harmony. All own'd his laws : which, lang approv'd and try'd,
To prefent authors now may be a guide.
Tread boldly in his fteps, fecure from fear, And be, like him, in your expreflions clear. If in your verfe you drag, and fenle delay, My patience tires, my fancy goes aftray,
Andfrom your vain difcourfel tura my mind,
Nor fearch an author troublefome to find.
There is a kind of writer pleas'd with found, Whofe fuftian head with clouds is compars'd rqund,

No reafon can difperfe.'em with its light : Learn then to think, e'er you pretend to write, As your idea's clear, or elfe obfcure, Th' expreflion follows perfect, or Impure : What we conceive, with eafe we can exprefs;
Words to the notions flow with readinefs. Obferve the language well in all you write,
And fwerve not from it in your loftieft flight. The fmootheft verfe, and the exacteft fenfe Difpleafe us, if ill Englifh give offence:
A barb'rous phrafe no reader can approve; Nor bombaft, noife, or affectation love.
In fhort, without fure language, what you write,
Can never yield, us profit, or delight.
Take time for thinking; never work in haft;
And value not yourfelf for writing faft.
A rapid poem, with fuch fury writ,
Shews want of jadgment, not abounding wit.
More pleas'd we are to fee a river lead
His gentle frreams along a llow'ry mead,
Than from high banks to hear loud torrents roar,
With foamy waters on a muddy foore.
Gently make hafte, of labour not aftaid;
A hundred times confider what you've faid:
Polifh, repolifh, every colour lay,
And fometimes add s but oft'ner take away.
'Tis not enough, when fwarming faults are writ,
That here and thereare fcatter'd fparks of wit;

Each object mult be fix'd in the due place, And diff'ring parts have correfponding grace:
Till by a curious art difpos'd we find One perfect whole, of all the pieces join'd. Keep to your fubject clofe, in all you fay;
Nor for a founding fentence ever flray.
The public cenfure for your writings fear, And to yourfelf be critick moff fevere. Fantaftic wits their darling follies love;
But find you faithful friends that will reprove, That on your works may look with careful eyes, And of your faults be zealous enemies:
Lay by an author's pride and vanity,
And from a friend a flatterer defcry,
Who feems to like, but means not what he fays: Embrace true counfel, but fuppett falfe praife.
A fycophant will every thing admire;
Each verfe, each fentence fets bis foul on fire :
All is divine ! there's not a word amifs !
He fhakes with joy, and weeps with tendernefs;
He over-pow'rs you with his mighty praife.
Truth never moves in thofe impetuous ways:
A faithful friend is careful of your fame,
And freely will your heedlefs errors blame;
He cannot pardon a negletted line,
But verfe to rule and order will confine,
Reproves of words the too affected noife;
Here the fenfeflags and repetition cloys:

Your fancy tires and your difcourfe grows vain, Your terms improper; make them juft and plain. Thus 'tis a faithful friend will freedom ufe; But authors, (partial to their darling mufe, Think to protect it they have juft pretence, And at your friendly counfel take offence. Said you of this, that the expreflion's flat?
Your fervant, Sir ; you muft excufe me that, He anfwers you. This word has here no grace, Pray leave it out : that, Sir, 's the proper'ft place.
This turn I like not: 'tis approv'd by all.
Thus, refolute not from a fault to fall,
If there's a fyllable of which you doubt,
Tis a fure reafon not to blot it out.
Yet fill he fays you may his faults confute, And over him your pow'r is abfolute: But of his feign'd humility take heed; Tis a bait laid to make you hear him read: And when he leaves you, happy in his mufe, Reftlefs he runs fome other to abufe. And often finds; for in our feribling times No fool can want a fot to praife his rhymes:
The flatteft work has ever, in the court, Met with fome zealous ass for its fupport: And in all times a forward, feribling fop Has found fome greater fool to cry him up.

## C A $\mathrm{N}^{\prime} \mathrm{T}^{\mathbf{7}}$ II.

PASTORAL.

A$S_{\text {a fair nymph, whien rifing from her bed, }}$ With fparkling diamonds dreffes not het head;
But, without gold, or pearl, or cofly fcents, Gathers from neighb'ring fields her ornaments? Such, lovely in its drefs, but plain withal, Ought to appear a perfect Paforal: Its humble method nothing has of fierce, But hates the ratling of a lofty verfe!
There, native beauty pleafes, and excites, And never with harfh founds the ear affrights. But in this flile a poet often feent,
In rage throws by his wrual infrument, And vainly, (when diforder'd thoughts abound,) A midff the eclogue makes the trumpet found: Pan flies, alarm'd, into the neighbouring woods, And frighted Naiads dive into the lloods. Oppos'd to this another, low in trile, Makes fhepherds fpeak a language bafe and vile: His writings, flat and heavy, without found, Kiffing the earth, and creeping on the ground;

[^1]
## OFPOETRY.

You'd fiverr that Randal, in his ruftick ffrains, Again was quav'ring to the country fwains; And changitg, withoot care of found or dreffy; Strephon and Phillis, into Totn' and Befs. 'Twixt thefé extreams' 'tis hard to keep the right; For guides take Virgil, and read Theocrite : Be their juft writings, by the gods infirir'd, Your conflatht pattern, praetis'd and admir'd. By them alone you'll eas'ly comprehend How poets, without fhamet, may condefeend To fing of gardens, fields, offlow'rs, and fruit, To ftir up flepherds', and to tune the flure, of love's reward to tell the happy hourt; Daphne a tree, Narciffus made a flow'r, And by what means the éclogue yet has pow'r - To make the woods worthy a conqueror This of their writings is the grace and fight; Their rifings lofty, yer not out of fight.

> ELEQY.

The Elegy, that loves à mournful fitié, With unbound hair weep's at a furietral pité, It paints the lovers torménts, atid defighits, A miftrefs flatters; threatens', and invitt's: But well thefe rapturés if yourll malke us feé, You mult know love, as well ds poetry.

> "Virg. Eflog. 新:

I hate thofe lukewarm authors, whofe forc'd fire In a cold flyle defcribes a hot defire,
That figh by rule, and raging in cold blood
Their fuggifh mufe whip to an amorous mood:
Their feign'dtranfports appear but flat and vain :
They always figh, and al ways hug their chain,
Adore their prifon, and their fuff 'rings blefs, Make fenfe and reafon quarrel as they pleafe.
'Twas not of old in this affected tone
That fimooth Tibullus made his amorous moan;
Nor Ovid, when, infructed from above,
By nature's rules he taught the art of love.
The heart in elegies forms the difcourfe.

## O D E.

The ode is bolder, and has greater force. Mounting to heav'n in her ambitious flight, Amongf the gods and heroes takes delight; of Pifa's wrefllers tells the fin'owy force, And fings the dufty conqueror's glorious courfe:
To Simois ftreams docs fierce Achilles bring, And makes the Ganges bow to Britain's king. Sometimes fhe flies, like an induftrious bee, And robs the flow'rs by nature's chymiftry, Defcribes the flepherds dances, feafts, and blifs, And boafts from Phyllis to furprize a kifs, When gently fhe refifts with feign'd remorfe, That what fhe grants may feem to be by force :

Her generousfileat random oft will part, And by a brave diforder fhows her art. Unlike thofe fearful poets, whofe cold rhyme In all their raptures keep exacteft time, That fing th' illultrious hero's mighty praife (Learn writers !) by the terms of weeks and days; And dare not from leaft circumftances part, But take all towns by fricteft rules of art:
Apollo drives thofe fops from his abode; And fome have faid, that once the humorous god Refolving all fuch feriblers to confound For the fhort fonnet order'd this ftrict bound :
Set rules for the juft meafure, and the time, The eafy running, and alternate rhyme;
But, above all, thofe licences deny'd Which in thele writings the lame fenfe fupply'd;
Forbad an ufelefs line fhould find a place,
Or a repeated word appear with grace.
A faultefs fonnet, finifh'd thus, would be Worth tedious volumes of loofe poetry.
A hundred feribling authors, without ground Believe they have this only phoenix found: When yet th' exacteft fearce have two or three Amongft whole tomes, from faults and cenfure free, The reft, but little read, regarded lefs,
Are fhovel'd to the paftry from the prefs.
Clofing the fenfe within the meafur'd time,
'Tis hard to fit the reafon to the rhyme.

## EPIGRA: M,

The Epigram, with little art compos'd, Is one good fentence in a diftich clos'd.
Thefe points, that by Italians firft were priz'd;
Our antiont authors knew not, or defpis'd:
The vulgar, dazled with their glaring light,
To their falfe pleafures quickly they invite;
But public favour fo increas'd their pride,
They over-whelm'd Parnaffus with their tide.
The madrigal at firft was overcome,
And the proud fonnet fell by the fame doom;
With thefe grave Tragedy adorrf'd ber flights,
And mournful Elegy her funeral-rites:
A hero never fail'd 'em on the ftage,
Without his point a lover durft not rage;
The amorous fhepherds took more care to prove True to their point, than faithfal to their love.
Each word, like Janus, had a double face:
And profe, as well as verfe allow td it place:
The lawyer with conceit, adorn 'd his 'fpeech,
The parfon without quibling could not preach,
At laft affronted reafon look'd about,
And fromall ferious matters fhut 'em out:
Declar'd that none fhould ufe 'em without fhame,
Except a fcattering in the Epigram;
Provided that, by art, and in due time
They turn'd upon the thought, and not the thyme.
OF POETRY.

Thus in all parts diforders did abate;
Yet quiblers in the court had leave to prate :
Infipid jeffers, and unpleafant fools,
A corporation of dull punning drolls.
'T is not, but that fometimes a dextrons pufe
May with advantage a turn'd fenfe abufe,
And, op 2 word, may rrifle with addrefs;
But above all avoid the fond exceff,
And think not, whep your verfe and fenfe are lame,
With a dull point to tag your Epigram.
Each Poem his perfiction has a part;
The Britifh Kound in plainnefs fhows his art ;
The Ballad, tho' the pride of anticnt time,
Has often nothing but his bumorous rhyme;
The + Madrigal my fofter paffions move,
And breath the tender ecflafies of love:
S A T Y R,

Defire to thow itfelf, and not to wrong Arm'd virtue firlt with Satyr in its tongue,

Lucilins was the man who brayely bold,
To Roman vices did this mirror hold,
Protected humble goodnefs from reproach, Show'd worth on foot and rafcals in the coach:
Horace his pleafing wit to this did add,
And none uncenfar'd could be fool or mad;
$\dagger$ An old way of writing, which began and ended with she fume meafure,

Unhappy was that wretch, whofe name might be Squar'd to the rules of their fharp poetry. Perfius, obfcure, but full of fenfe and wit, Affected brevity in all he writ!
And Juvenal, learn'd as thofe times could be, Too far did ftretch his fharp hyperbole; Tho' horrid truths through all his labour fhine, In what he writes there's fomething of divine; Whether he blames the Caprean debauch, Or of Sejanus fall tells the approach, Or that he makes the trembling fenate come To the ftern tyrant, to receive their doom; Or Roman vice in coarfeft habit fhews, And paints an emprefs reeking from the ftews: In all he writes appears a noble fire; To follow fuch a mafter then defire. Chaucer alone, (fix'd on the folid bafe,) In his old ftyle, conferves a modern grace: Too happy, if the freedom of his rhymes offended not the method of our times. The Latin writers, decency negleet; But modern readers challenge our refpect, And at immodeft writings take offence, If clean expreffion cover not the fenfe. I love fharp Satyr, from obfcenenefs free; Not impudence, that preaches modefty: Our Englifh, who in malice never fail, Hence, in lampoons and libels, learnt to rail ;
OF POETRY.

Pleafant detraction, that by finging goes From mouth to mouth, and as it marches grows!
Our freedom in our poetry we fee,
That child of joy, begot by liberty.
But, vain blafphemer, tremble, when you chufe God for the fubject of your impious mufe:
At laft, thofe jefts which libertines invent
Bring the lewd author to juft punifhment, Ev'n in a fong there muft be art, and fenfe ; Yet fometimes we have feen, that wine, or chance Have warm'd cold brains, and given dull writers mettle,
And furnifh'd out a fcene for Mr. S
But for one lucky hit, that made thee pleafe,
Let not thy folly grow to a difeafe,
Nor think thyfelf a wit; for in our age
If a warm fancy does fome fop engage;
He neither eats or fleeps, 'till he has writ,
But plagues the world with his adulterate wit.
Nay, 'tis a wonder, if, in his dire rage,
He prints not his dull follies for the flage;
And, in the fropt of all his fenfelefs plays,
Makes " David Logan crown his head with bays.

- D. Logan a Graver.

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## CANTOII.

## TRAGEDY.

THERE's not a monfter bred beneath the fky But, well difpos'd by art, may pleafe the eye:
 From an ill object makes a good defign. Thus, to delight us, Tragedy, in tears For* Oedipus, provokes our hopes, and fears: For parricide Oreftes afks relief; And to encreafe our pleafure, caufes grief. You then, that in this noble art would rife, Come; and in lofty verfe difpute the prize. Would you upon the ftage acquire renown, And for your judges fummon all the town? Would you your works for ever fhould remain, And, after ages paft, be fought again?
In all you write, obferve with care and art
To move the paffions, and incline the heart. If, in a labour'd act, the plealing rage
Cannot our hopes and fears by tums engage, Nor in our mind a feeling pity raife; ,
In vain with learned fcenes you fill your plays: Your cold difcourfe can never move the mind Of a ftern critic, nat'rally unkind;
*Writ by Mr. Dryden.

Who, juflly tir'd with your pedantic flight, or falls afleep, or cenfures all you write.
The fecret is, attention firft to gain ;
To move our minds, and then to entertain: That, from the very op'ning of the fcenes, The firft may fhow us what the author means. 'm tir'd to fee an aetor on the ftage
That knows not whether he's to laugh, or rage; Who, an intrigue unravelling in vain, nftead of pleafing, keeps my mind in pain: d rather much the naufeous dunce fhould fay Jownright, my name is Heetor in the play;
Than with a mafs of miracles, ill join'd, Gonfound my ears, and not inftruet my mind,
The fubject's never foon enough expreft; lour place of action muft be fix'd, and reft.
A Spanifh poet may, with good event, in one day's fpace whole ages reprefent ; There oft the heroof a wandring flage egins a child, and ends the play of age: sut we, that are by reafon's rules confin'd, Vill, that with art the poem be defign'd, That unity of action, tine, and place Keep the ftage full, and all our labours grace. Write not what cannot be with eafe conceiv'd; ome truths may be too ftrong to be believ'd.
foolifh wonder cannot entertain :
ly mind's mot mov'd, if your difcourfe be vain.

You may relate, what would offend the eye: Seeing, indeed, would better fatisfy;
But there are objects, that a curious art
Hides from the eyes, yet offers to the heart.
The mind is moft agreeably furpriz'd,
When a well-woven fubject, long difguis'd,
You on a fudden artfully unfold,
And give the whole another face, and mold.

* At firt the Tragedy was void of art ;

A fong; where each man danc'd, and fung his part,
And of god Bacchus roaring out the praife
Sought a good vintage for their jolly days:
Then wine, and joy, were feen in each man's eyes,
And a fat goat was the beff finger's prize.
Thefpis was firft, who, all befmear'd with lee,
Began this pleafure for pofterity :
And with his carted actors, and a fong, Amus'd the people as he pafs'd along.
Next, Aefchylus the diff'rent perfons plac'd,
And, with a better mafque his players grac'd:
Upon a theatre his verfe exprefs'd,
And fhow'd his hero with a bufkin drefs'd.
Then Sophocles, the genius of his age,
Increas'd the pomp, and beauty of the ftage,
Ingag'd the chorus fong in every part, And polifh'd rugged verfe by rules of art:

[^2]le, in the Greek, did thofe perfections gain Which the weak Latin never could attain. ur pious fathers, in their prieft-rid age, As impious, and prophane, abhorr'd the fage:
troop of filly pilgrims, as 'tis faid, Poolifhly zealous, fcandaloufly play'd Inftead of heroes, and of love's complaints)
The angels, god, the virgin, and the faints.
At laft, right reafon did his laws reveal, And fhow'd the folly of their ill-plac'd zeal, ilenc'd thofe nonconformitts of the age, Ind rais'd the lawful heroes of the flage: Snly th' Athenian mafque was lay'd afide,
And chorus by the mufic was fupply'd. ngenious love, inventive in new arts, Mingled in plays, and quickly touch'd our hearts :
This paffion never could refiftance find, 3ut knows the fhortef paffage to the mind. faint then, I'm pleas'd my hero be in love; 3ut let him not like a tame fhepherd move: Let not Achilles be like Thyrfis feen, or for a Cyrus fhow an * Artamen;
That, Atruggling oft, his paffions we may find,
The frailty, not the virtue of his mind.
ff romance heroes fhun the low delign;
Let to great hearts fome human frailties join:

- Artamen, the name of Cyrus in Scuderies romanee.

Achilles mult with Homer's hẹat engage; For an affront I'm pleas'd to fee him rage.
Thofe little failings in your hero's heart
Show that of man and nature he has part :
To leave known rules you cannot be allow'd;
Make Agamemnon covetous, and proud,
Aeneas in religions rites aultere,
Keep to each man his proper character. Of countries and of times the humours know;
From diff'rent climates, diff'rent cultoms grow: And frive to fhun their fault, who vainly dreff An aptique hero like fome modern afs; Who make old Romans like our tinglifh move, Show Cato fparkih, or make Brutus love.
In a romance thofe errors are excus'd:
There 'sis enough that, reading, we're ames'ds
Rules too fevere would then be ufelefs found;
But the frict fcene muft have a jufter bound:
Exact decorum we muft always find.
If then you form fome hero in your mind,
Be fure your image with itfelf agree;
For what he firft appears, he ftill muft be. Affected wits will nat'rally incline
To paint theirfigures by their own defign:
Your bully poets, bully heroes write ;
Chapman, in Buffy D'Ambois took delight, And thought perfection was to huff, and fight.

Wife nature by variety does pleafe ;
Cloath diff 'ring partions in a diff'ring drefs :
Bold anger, in rough haughty words appears,
Sorrow is humble, and diffolves in tears. Make not your * Hecuba with fury rage, And fhow a ranting grief upon the flage; Or tell in vain bow the rough Tanais bore His feven-fold waters to the Euxine fhore: Thefe fwolo expreflions, this affecled noife Shows like fome pedant, that declaims to boys. In forrow, you muft fofter metbods keep; And, to excite our tears, yourflf muft weep: Thofe noify words witb which ill plays abound, Come not from bearts that are in fadnefs drown'd.

The theatre for a young poet's Rhymes Is a bold venture in our knowing times: An author cannot cas'ly purchafe fame; Critics are always apt to bifs, and blame: You may be judg'd by every afs in. town, The privilege is bought for half a crown. To pleafe, you mult a buodred changes try ; Sometimes be humble, then mult foar on high: In noble thoughts mutt every where abound, Be eafy, pleafant, folid, and profound: To thefe youmulf furprifing teuches join, And fhew us a new wonder in each line;

## Seneea trag.

That in a juft method well defign'd, May leave a ftrong impreffion in the mind, Thefe are the arts that Tragedy maintain:

## THE EPIC.

But the Heroic claims a loftier ftrain.
In the narration of fome great defign, Invention, Art, and Fable all muft join : Here Fietion muft employ its utmoft grace; All muft affume a body, mind, and face: Each Virtue a divinity is feen;
Prudence is Pallas, Beauty Paphos queem. 'Tis not a cloud from whence fwift lightning fly;
But Jupiter, that thunders from the Iky :
Nor a rough form, that gives the failor pain;
Butangry Neptune, ploughing up the main :
Echo's no more an empty airy found;
But a fair nymph that weeps her lover drown'd.
Thus in the endlefs treafure of his mind,
The poet does a thoufand figures find, Around the work his ornaments he pours, And frows with lavifh hand his op'ning flow'rs.
'Tis not a wonder if a tempeft bore
The Trojan fleet againft the Lybian fhore;
From faithlefs Fortune this is no furprife,
For every day 'tis common to our eyes;
But angry Juno, that fhe might deftroy, And overwhelm the reft of ruin'd Troy:

That Aeolus with the fierce goddefs join'd, Op'ned the hollow prifons of the wind, Till angry Neptune, looking o'er the main, Rebukes the tempeft, calms the waves again, Their veffels from the dang'rous quick-fands fteers;
Thefe are the fprings that move our hopes and fears. Without thefe ornaments before our eyes, Th' unfinew'd poem languifhes, and dyes ; Your poet in his art will always fail, And tell you but a dull infipid tale,
In vain have our miftaken authors try'd Thefe ancientornaments to lay afide, Thinking our God, and prophets that he fent, Might act like thofe the poets ф̧id invent, To fright poor readers in each line with hell, And talk of Satan, Afhtaroth, and Bel;
The myfteries which Chriftians muft believe,
Difdain fuch faifting pageants to receive:
The Golpel offers nothing to our thoughts But penitence, or ponifhment for faults;
And mingling falfhoods with thofe myfteries, Would make our facred truths appear like lyes,
Befides, what pleafure can it be to hear,
The howlings of repining Lucifer,
Whofe rage at your imagin'd hero flies,
And oft with God himfelf difputes the prize?
Taffo, you'll fay has done it with applaufe;
It is not here I mean to judge his caufe :

Yet, tho' out age hirs fo extolld his mame, His works had trever gain'd immortal fame,
If holy Godfrey in his ectulfes
Had only conquer'd Satan on his knees;
If Tancred, and Armida's pleafrng forts,
Did not bis melancholy theme adorn.
'Tis not, that Chriftian poems ought to be
Fill'd with the fietions of idolatry;
But in a common fubjeet to rejeat
The gods, and heathen ornaments negleet;
To banifh Tritons who the feas invade,
To take Pan's whilfe, or the Fates degrade,
To hinder Charon in his leaky boat
To pafs the fhepherd with the man of note,
Is with vain feruples to difturb your mind,
And fearch perfection you can never find:
As well they may forbid us to prefent
Prudence or juffice for an ornament,
To paint old Janus with his frone of brals,
And take from Time his feythe, his wings and glafs,
And every where, as 'twere idolatry,
Banifh deferiptions from our poetry.
Leave 'em their pious follies to parfue;
And let our reafon fuch vain fears fubdue:
And let us not, amongt our vanities,
Of the true God create a god of lyes.
In fable we a thoufand pleafures fee,
And the fmooth names feem made for poetry;

1s Hector, Alexander, Helen, Phillis, Hyffes, Agamemnon and Achilles: in fuch a croud, the poet were to blame To chufe king Chilp'eric for his hero's name. fometimes, the name being well or ill apply'd, Will the whole fortune of your work decide. Would you your reader never fhould be tir'd ? chufe fome great hero, fit to be admir'd, in courage fignal, and in virtue bright, Let ev'n his very failings give delight; Let his great actions our attention bind, ike Caefar or like Scipio, frame his mind, 3nd not like Oedipus his perjur'd race; A common conqueror is a theme too bafe, Thufe not your tale of accidents too full; Too much variety may make it dull: Achilles' rage alone, when wrought with fkill, qbundantly does a whole lliad fill. Be your narrations lively, fhort, and fmart ; n your defcriptions fhow your nobleft art: There 'tis your poetry may be employ'd; Yet you muft trivial aecidents avoid.
Nor imitate that \#fool, who, to defcribe The wondrous marches of the chofen tribe, plac'd on the fides, to fee their armies pafs, The fifhes ftaring through the liquid glafs;

[^3]Defcrib'd a child, who with his little hand, Pick'd up the fhining pebbles from the fand. Such objects are too mean to ftay our fight;
Allow your work a juft and nobler flight. Be your beginning plain; and take good heed Too foon you mount not on the airy fteed: Nor tell your reader, in a thund'ring verfe, " * I fing the conqueror of the univerfe." What can an author after this produce? The lab'ring mountain muft bring forth a moufe. Much better are we pleas'd with his $\dagger$ addrels Who, without making fuch vaft promifes, Says, in an eafier ftile and plainer fenfe, " I fing the combats of that pious prince, "Who from the Phrygian coalt his armies bore,
"And landed firft on the Lavinian fhore. His op'ning mufe fets not the world on fire, And yat performs more than we can require: Quickly you'll hear him celebrate the fame, And future glory of the Roman name; Of Styx and Acheron defcribe the floods, And Caefars wandring in th' Elyfian woods: With figures numberlefs his fory grace, And every thing in beauteous colours trace. At once you may be pleafing and fublime;
I hate a heavy melancholy Rhyme:
*The firt line of Scuderie's Alaric, $\dagger$ Virgil's Encids*

I'd rather read Orlando's Comic tale, Than a dull author always fliff and ftale, Who thinks himfelf difhonour'd in his ftile, If on his works the Graces dobut fmile.
Tis faid, that Homer, matchlefs in his art, Stole Venus' girdle, to ingage the heart : His works indeed vaft treafures do unfold, And whatfoe'er he touches turns to gold: All in his hands new beauty does acquire; He always pleafes and can never tire.
A happy warmth he every where may boalt $;$
Nor is he in too long digreffions loft:
His verfes without rule a method find,
And of themfelves appear in order join'd;
All without trouble anfwers his intent;
Each fyllable is tending to th' event.
Let his example your endeavours raife :
To love his writings, is a kind of praife.
A poem, where we all perfections find,
Is not the work of a fantaftic mind:
There muft be care, and time, and 1 kill, and pains ;
Not the frrft heat of unexperienc'd brains.
Yet fometimes artlefs poets, when the rage
Of a warm fancy does their minds engage, ay Puff'd with vain pride, prefume they underftand, And boldly take the trumpet in their hand; Their fuftian mufe each accident confounds;
Nor can fhe fly, but rife by leaps and bounds,

Till their fmall fock of learning quickly fent, Their poem dies for want of nourifhment:
In vain mankind the hot-brain'd fools decries,
No branding cenfures can anveil his eyes; With impudence the laurel they invade, Refolv'd to like the monfers they have made. Virgil, compar'd to them is flat anddry;
And Homer underfood nos poetry; Againft their merit if this age rebel, To future times for juftice they appeat. But waiting till mankind Ghall do 'em right, And bring their works triumphantly to light; Neglected heaps we in by-cornerslay, Where they become to worms and moths a prey; Forgot, in duft and cobwebs let 'em refl, Whilft we return from whence we firt digreft.

The great fuccefs which Tragic writers found,
In Athens fift the Comedy renown'd,
Th' abufive Grecian there, by pleafing ways, Difpers'd his natral malice in his plays: Wiffom, and withue, honour, wit, and fenfe, Were fubjef to buffooning infolence:
Poets were publiokly approv'd, and fought, That vice extoll'd, and virtue fet at nought; And Secrates himfelf, in that loofe age, Was made the paftime of a feoffing flage. At laft the public toek in hand the eaufe, And cur'd this madnefs by the pow'r of laws,d

Forbsd at any vime, ov any place,
To name the perfon, ox defcribe the face.
The ftage its antient fury thus let fall, And Comedy diverted without gall :
By mild reproofs, recower'd minds difeas'd, Ind, fparing perfons, innocently pleas'd. Qach one was nicely fhown in this new glafs, Ind fmil'd to think he was not meant the afs, 1 mifer oft would langh the firf, to find 1 faithful draught of his own fordid mind; ind fops were with fuch care and cunning writ, They lik'd the piece for which themfelves did fit, Zou then, that would the Comic laurels wear,
To ftudy nature be your only care:
Who e'er knows man, and by a curious art
Jifcerns the hidden fecrets of the heart ;
He who obferves, and nat'rally can paint The jealous fool, the fawning fycophant,
$a$ fober wit, an enterprifing afs,
a humorous Otter, or a Hudibras;
Lay fafely in thefe noble lifts engage, and make'em aet and Speak upon the flage: arive to be natural in all you write, Ind paint with colours that may pleafe the fight. Wature in various figures does abound; ind in each mind are diff'rent humours found? - glance, a touch, difcovers to the wife; ut every man bas not difcerning eyes,

All-changing Time does alfo change the mind; And diff 'rent ages, diff'rent pleafures find: Youth, hot and furious, cannot brook delay,
By flattering vice is eas'ly led away;
Vain in difcotrfe, inconftant in defire, In cenfure, rafh; in pleafures, all on fire.
The Manly Age does fteadier thoughts enjoy;
Pow'r, and ambition do his foul employ :
Againft the turns of fate he fets his mind;
And by the pat the future hopes to find. Decrepit Age, ftill adding to his fores,
For others heaps the treafure he adores.
In all his actions keeps a frozen pace;
Paft times extols, the prefent to debafe :
Incapable of pleafures youth abufe,
In others blames, what age does him refufe.
Your actors mult by reafon be control'd;
Let young men feak like young, old men like old:
Obferve the Town, and fudy well the Court;
For thither various charaters refort;
Thus 'twas great Johnfon purchas'd his renown,
And in his aft had born away the crown;
If lefs defirous of the peoples praife,
He had not with low farce debas'd his plays;
Mixing dull buffoonry with wit refin'd,
And Harlequin with noble Terence join'd.
When in the Fox I fee the tortoife hift,
I lofe the author of the Alchymift.

## The Comic Wit, born with a fmiling air,

 Muft Tragic grief, and pompous verfe forbear; Yet may he not, as on a market-place, With bawdy jefts amufe the populace: With well-bred converfation you mult pleafe, And your intrigue unravel'd be with eafe: Your action ftill fhould reafon's rules obey, Nor in an empty feene may lofe its way. Your humble file muft fometimes gently rife; And your difcourfe fententious be, and wife: The pafions muft to nature be confin'd, And fcenes to fcenes with artful weaving join'd: Your wit muft not unfeafonably play; But follow bus'nefs, never lead the way. Obferve how Terence does this error fhun ; A careful father chides his am'rous fon :Then fee that fon, whom no advice can move,
Forget thofe orders, and purfue his love:
'Tis not a well-drawn pifture we difcover;
'Tis a true fon, a father, and a lover.
I like an author that reforms the age;
And keeps the right decorum of the flage,
That always pleafes by juft reafon's rule:
But for a tedious droll, a quibling fool, Who with low, naufeous bawdry fills his plays;
Let him begone, and on two treffels raife Some Smithfield flage, where he may act his pranks, And make Jack Puddings feeak to mountebanks.

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## C A N T O IV.

IN Florence dwelt 2 dector of renown, The fconrge of God, and terror of the town, Who all the cant 'of phyfic had by heart, And never marder'd but by rules of art. The public mifchief was his private gain ; Childron their flaughter'd parents fought in vain : A brother here his poifon'd brother wept; Some bloodlefs dy'd, and fome by opium flept. Colds, at his prefence, would to frenzies turn; And agues, like malignant fevers, burn. Hated, at laft, his practice gives him o'er : One friend, unkill'd by drugs, of all his ftore, In his new country-houfe affords bim place, ${ }^{\text {'T }}$ Twas a rich abbot, and a building afs : Here firft the doctor's talent came in play, He feems inficir'd, and talks like * Wren or May: Of this new portico condemns the face, And turns the entrance to a better place; Defigns the ftair-cafe at the other end. His friend approves, does for his mafon fend, He comes; the doctor's arguments prevail. In fhort, to finifh this our huna'rous tale, He Galen's dang'rous fcience does reject, And fromill doctor turns good architeot.

- The king's architocts.

In this example we may have cur qart: Rather be mafon, ('tis an ufeful art?) Than a dull poet; for that trade accorf, Admits $n$ no mean betwixt the beft and worft. In other fciences, without difgrace
A candidate may fill a fecond place; But poetry no mediun can admit, No reader fuffers an indiff'rent wit: The ruin'd ftationers againft bim bawl, And Herringman degrades him from his ftall. Burlefque, at leaft our laughter may excite; But a cold writer never can delight. The Counter-Scuffle has more wit and art, Than the Itiff fornaal ftile of Gondibert. Benot affected with that empty praife Which your vain flatterers will fometimes raife, And when you read, with ecttafie will fay, "The finifh'd piece! the admirable play !" Which when expos'd to cenfure and to light, Cannot indure a critic's piercing fight. A hundred authors fates have been foretold, And Sh---le's works are printed, but not fold. Hear all the world ; confider every thought ;
A fool by chance may frumble on a fault:
Yet, when Apollo does your mufe impire,
Be notimpatient to expofe your fire;
Nor imitate the Settles of our times,
Thofe tuneful zoaders of their own dull thymes,

Who feize on all th' acquaintance they can meet, And ftop the paffengers that walk the ftreet ; There is no fanctuary you can chufe For a defence from their purfuing mufe. I've faid before, be patient when they blame; To alter for the better is no fhame. Yet yield not to a fool's impertinence: Sometimes conceited fceptics void of fenfe, By their falfe tafte condemn fome finihn'd part, And blame the nobleft flights of wit and art. In vain their fond opinions you deride, With their lov'd follies they are fatisfy'd; And their weak judgment, void of fenfe and light, Thinks nothing can efcape their feeble fight: Their dang'rous counfels do not cure, but wound; To gun the ftorm, they run your verfe aground;' And thinking to efcape a rock, are drown'd. Chufe a fure judge to cenfure what you write, Whofe reafon leads, and knowledge gives you light, Whofe fteady hand will prove your faithful guide, And touch the darling follies you would hide: He , in your doubts, will carefully advife, And clear the mift before your feeble eyes, ${ }^{\prime}$ Tis he will tell you, to what noble height A generous mufe may fometimes take her flight; When, too much fetter'd with the rules of art, May from her ftricter bounds and limits part ; But fuch a perfect judge is hard to fee, And every rhymer knows not poetry;

Nay fome there are, for writing verfe extol'd, Who know not Lucan's drofs from Virgil's gold.

Would you in this great art acquire renown: Authors, obferve the rules I here lay down. In prudent leffons every where abound; With pleafant, join the ufeful and the found. A fober reader, a vain tale will flight; He feeks as well inftruction, as delight. Let all your thoughts to virtue be confin'd, Still off'ring noble figures to our mind :
(like not thofe loofe writers who employ Their guilty mufe, good manners to deftroy; Who with falfe colours ftill deceive our eyes, And fhow us vice drefs'd in a fair difguife. Yet do I not their fullen mufe approve Who from all modeft writings banif love; That flrip the play-houfe of its chief intrigue, And make a murderer of Roderigue:
The lightef love, if decently expreft, Will raife no vitious motions in our breaft. Dido in vain may weep, andalk relief;
\#blame her folly, whil'ft 1 fhare her grief. A virtuous author, in his charming art,
To pleafe the fenfe needs not corrupt the hearty His heat will never caufe a guilty fire: To follow virtue then be your defire.

[^4]In vain your art and vigour are expreft; Th'oblcene expreffion fhows th' infected breaft. But above all, bafe jealoufies avoid, In which detracting poets are employ'd :
A noble wit dares lib'rally commend; And forns to grudge at bis deferving friend. Bafe rivals, who true wit and merit hate, Caballing ftill againft it with the great, Malicioully afpire to gain remawn By ftanding up, and palling others down. Never debafe yourfelf by treacherous ways, Nor by fuch abject methods feek for praife:
Let not yaur only bus'nels be to write ; Be virtuous, juft, and in your friends delight.
'Tis not enough your poems be admir'd;
But ftrive your converfation be defir'd:
Write for immortal fame; nor ever chule
Gold for the object of a gen'rous mufe.
I know a noble wit may, without crime,
Receive a lawful tribute for his time:
Yet I abhor thofe writers, who defpife
Their honour; and alone their profit prize :
Who their A polla bafely will degrade, And of a noble fcience, make a trade.
Before kind reafon did her light difplay,
And government taught mortals to obey,
Men, like wild beafts, did nature's laws purfiue,
They fed on berbs ${ }_{2}$ and drink from rivers drew;

Their brutal foree, on luft and rapine bent, Committed murders wiflhout punifhment: Reafon at laft, by her adl-conquering arts, Reduc'd thefe favages, and tun'd their hearts; Mankind from bogs, and woods, and caverns calls, And towns and cities fortifies with walls: Thus fear of juftice made proud rapine ceafe, And fhelter'd innocence by laws and peace.

Thefe benefits from poets we receiv'd, From whenceare rais'd thofe fictions fince belies'd, That Orpheus, by his foft harmonioas fraias Tam'd the fierce tygers of the Thracian plains; Amphion's notes, by their melodious pow'rs, Drew rocks and woods, and rais'd the Theban tow'rs:
Thefe miracles from numbers did arife, Bince which, in verfe Heav'n taught his myfteries, and by a prieff, poffefs'd with rage divine, ${ }^{\text {an }}$ pollo fpoke from his prophetic flrine. boon after Homer the old heroes pras's'd, And noble minds by great examples rais'd; Then Hefiod did his Grecian fwains incline
To till the fields, and prume the bounteons vine.
Thus ufeful rules were by the poet's aid, to eafy numbers, to rude men convey'd, ind pleafingly their preoepes did impart; irft charm'd the ear, and then en gag'd the heart :
The mufes thus their reputation rais'd, ind with juff gratitude in Greece were prais'd.

With pleafure-mortals did their wonders fee, And facrific'd to their divinity:
But want, at laft bafe flatt'ry entertain'd, And old Parnaffus with this vice was flain'd; Defire of gain dazling the poets eyes, Their works were fill'd with fullome flatteries,
Thus needy wits a vile revenue made,
And verfe became a mercenary trade.
Debafe not with fo mean a vice thy art :
If gold muft be the idol of thy heart, Ply, fly th' unfruitful Heliconian Atrand,
Thofe ftreams are not enrich'd with golden fand:
Great wits, as well as warriours, only gain Laurels and bonours for their toil and pain : But, what? an author cannot live on fame, Or pay a reck'ning with a lofty name:
A poet to whom fortune is unkind,
Who when he goes to bed has hardly din'd;
Takes little pleafure in Parnaffirs' dreams, Or relifhes the Heliconian ftreams.
Horace had eafe and plenty when he writ,
And free from cares for money or for meat,
Did not expect his dinner from his wit.
'Tis true; but verfe is cherifh'd by the great,
And now none famifh who deferve to eat :
What can we fear, when virtue, arts, and fenfe,
Receive the fars propitious influence;

When a fharp-fighted prince, by early grants Rewards your merits, and prevents your wants ?
Sing then his glory, celebrate his fame ;
Your nobleft theme is his immortal name.
Let mighty Spencer raife his reverend head,
Cowley and Denham ftart up from the dead;
Waller his age renew, and off'rings bring,
Our monarch's praife let bright-cy'd virgins fing ;
Let Dryden with new rules our ftage refine,
And his great models form by this defign:
But where's a fecond Virgil to rehearfe
Our hero's glories in his Epic verfe?
What Orpheus fing his triomphs o'er the main, And make the hills and forefts move again ; Show his bold flect on the Batavian fhore,
And Holland trembling as his cannons roar;
Paint Europe's balance in his Iteady hand, Whilft the two worlds in expectation ftand Of peace or war, that wait on his command ?
But, as I fpeak, new glories ftrike my eyes,
Glories, which Heav'n itfelf does give, and prize,
Bleffings of peace ; that with their milder rays
Adorn his reign, and bring Saturnian days :
Now let rebellion, difcord, viee, and rage,
That have in patriots forms debauch'd our age,
Vanifh, with all the minifters of hell ;
His rays their pois'nons vapours fhall difpel:

44 THEART OFPOETRY.
'Tis he alone our fafety did create,
His own firm foul fecur'd the nations fate, Oppos'd to all the soutrevs of the ftate. Authors, for him your great endeavours raife;
The loftieft numbers will but reach his praife. For me, whofe werfe in Satyr has beep bred, And never darf Henoic neafires tread;
Yet you fhall fee me, in that famous field
With eyes and voice my beft affiftance yield;
Offer you leffons, that my infant mufe
Learnt, when the Horaoe for her guide did chufe:
Second your zeal with wifhes, heart, and eyes,
And afar off hold up the glorious prize.
But pardon too, if, zealous for the right,
A ftrict oblerver of each noble flight,
From the fine gold I feparate th'allay,
And fhow how hafty writers fometimes flray :
Apter to blame, than knowing how to mend;
A fharp, but yet a neceffary friend.

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[^0]:    * The Mosk-Tempeft, 2 play, written by Mr. Duffet.

[^1]:    - Flute-pipe.

[^2]:    - The beginning and progrefs of Tragedies.

[^3]:    - St. Amant.

[^4]:    - The Cid, trangated into Englifr.

