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FROM

## The Mafter of a Private School, to a Reverend Member of the General-Affembly, concern. ing the Education of Children, © $\sigma$.

Reverend Sir,

1HE Juft and Pious Regret which I have heard you fres quently make, that due Care was not taken for eftablifh* ing a more exact and regular Method in the Education of Youth, than what is generally practifed in moft Parts of this Kingdom ; and the great Intereft which I know you very defervedly have, among the leading Members of the General-Affembly of the Church, gives me fufficient Encouragement to commit the Subject-matter of this Letter to your generous Endeavours, for having the grofs Errors and Abufesherein pointed at, rectified in fuch manner, as may tend moft to the Glory of God, the good Education of Youth; and the general Satisfaction of their Parents; anid all. good People.

Sir, I am not vain enough to think my felf capable of projecting any Scheme anfwerable to theee excellent Ends, and will not therefore venture upon it; nor do I think that a Perfon of your Perretration, Experience and Judgement, ftands in need of any flender Help that I could afford you: But only I prefume to fend you this, as a Short Memorandum, left it might have efcaped your Thoughts, while you are now taken up with the Confideration of the great. and weighty Affairs of the Church:-

I told you formerly, how that, in my own ordinary Vocations: of School-teaching, I have been (and am ftill) difcouraged in ma-ny Refpects: Firft of all, from the general Dif-regard that is hat to our Profeffion, which brings even our Perfons under fuch Corstempt, at leaft with the unthinking fort of People; that a Btocikhead of a young Fellow, perhaps fit for nothing elfe, is thought good enough for a Schoot-mater, if he has but paft a-few Years im:
or about fome Colledge or other: And thus it is, that for want of fuitable Encouragement to able and good Teachers, fuch Dolts as the former, are too,too frequently imployed, to the ruin of Youth, Decay of Learning, and great Scandal of the Nation: For as the Sufficiency of a Building muft, in a great meafure, depend upon the firft Foundation; fo there are many Things which we ought to learn in our younger Days, that ifour Mafters be ignorant of them, we muft likewife go ignorant of thefe Things to our Graves; becaufe when we become Men, we think it beneath us to beftow our Time in learning fuch Things as we ought, and are prefumed to have learn'd when we were Children.

And from the fame Spring likewife proceeds another great Difcouragement, which we too often meet wish in our Teaching; and that is, a great miftake in the generality of Parents, that Women, and fuch like ignorant Pevfons, who know nothing of the Grounds or Reafons of either Spelling or Reading, but by a courfe of Time acquire fome habit of Reading by rote, are thought goodenough (forfooth) to teach Children, till atleaft they enter upon their watin; by which means, when their Childrencome to us, who. (modeftly fpeaking ) may be prefumed to know Tomething yet more of the Matter, we are at much more Trouble to make them forget the depraved habit they once got, and reconcile them to any regular fet Method, than ifthey had never learn'd their A. B. C. before.

But a third and moit unfurmountable Difficulty, which, to the vexatious Trouble of the Teacher, and very difcouraging Pain of the Learner, we are unavoidably obliged to grapple with daily, proceeds from the fcandaloufly Erroneous Printing of all manner of School-books whatfoever, which are printed here in Scotland, whether Latin or Englifh, even from the Shorter Catechifm, to the ClaffickAuthors and Grammar, upwards: And finding few or none of thefe Books to be printed by any other, but the Relict of Andrens Anderfon only; I made Enquiry feveral times, how this came about, but could never obtain any Satisfaction as to the Reafon of that Abufe, till that of late, I had occafion to hear of a Debate between her and the other Printers of Edinburgh, before the Privy Council, concerning a Monopoly of Printing, to which (it feems) She pretends Right, by vertue of fome Grant from K. Ch. II. not only as to School-books, but extending likewife to Bibles, New-Teftaments, and allParts thereof: Nor indeed did the A ccount which I had of the

## (3)

Debate, give me a clear Notion of the Matter, until I faw the printed Informations hinc inds upon that Head, to which I refer you for more particular Information: But left they may not come fo readily to your hand, I have excerpted out of the Printers Information the hereunta fubjoin'd Errata's in Mrs. Anderfon's New-Te ftament, and by my next you may expect a large Collection of many other Errata's, which I am for my own further Satisfaction, picking out of her Bibles, orc. fince that time; by which, in my humble Opinion, it will evidently appear, that alt thefe falfe Impreffions of her Bibles and New-Teftaments, ought to be utterly fuppreft by fome publick Act, without which it is hard to tell how far the Principles and Opinions of Well-meaning Country People, and ignorant Women, may be corrupted by them; befides the Scandal of having the Word of God (which is indeed the only Standard of all Truth) formangled and abufed, under the Colour of a pretended Monopa-: ly as to the Right of Printing.

To pick and cull out all the Errata's of her Grammars and Claffick Authrors, would make a Volume apart; but in regard they, fall not fo Naturally under the Cognizance of the General-Affembly, as that which immediatly concerns our Religion, I fhall give you no turther trouble at prefent about them.

I muf confefs I was once of the mind, that there ought to be not only a pafitiveRefraint on the Liberty of thePrefs; but likewife, that the ondy way to be fure of that Reftraint, was to have the fole power of.Primeng Confined to one or fome few more hands; and that deven thefe fhould print nothing without being fpecially kicenfet. But having happily faln upon, and perufed fome Pamphets written upon thatSubject in England, Iquickly chang'd my; Opirion as to all thefe Heads ; particularly a Pamphlet written by Mitton, that great Genius. of the Exidilb Nation, in Crommels Hays, againft a Bill then paffing in the Houfe of Commons a gainft the Freedom of Priating, erc. In which Pamphle lie makes it appear, that if that Bill fhould pars, it would fubvert and ruine the very thing which they intended to haveeftablifhed by it. And amongft many others of the fame kind, I have feen a very ingenions one Printed in the. Year 1700 , Intituled, $A$ Letter to a Mewter of Parliament, Jbewing, That a Reftrsint on the Prefs is inconfffent with tho Protefant Religion, and dangerous to the Libexties of the Nation ; which laft Pamphlet beisg more eafily had, I humbly prefume to rernmmend it +....

It is certain, That while theRight \& Liberty ofPrinting is confined to one fingle Perfon or Society, the Nation muft expect to be grolly impofed upon, both as to the Price and Quality of the Work, becaufe the Seller knows the Buyer cannot go by him; whereas on the contrary, when all Printers have an equal Right and Liberty to Print, and know, that he who blows beft will carry away theHorn, there muft arife a certain Emulation among them, to excel one another in the Goodnefs of their Work, and Reafonablenefs of their Prices, which will likewife of courfe produce an Improvement in the Art it felf: Yea, they will thereby become Checks on each others Work, and fave any other Perfon the Drudgery of Revifing the Correctnefs of any Books Printed by them; and being once thus indulged as to the Benefit of their Trade, they'll be much the warier, not to Printany thing that may offend either Church or State; whereas otherwife, they'll the more readily be tempted to Print any thing clandeftinely, for Bread to their Families.
But if after fuch a generalIndulgence any of them fhould be found tripping, their having fuch a difcretionary Liberty allowed them, would be an aggravation of their Guilt, and no doubt care would be taken to punifh them accordingly. Yea, evenin anyCafe, my humble Opinion is, that the Printer ought not to be blamed fo much as his Imployer, who may be prefumed to underftand the Nature, Contents, and Tendency of the Work better than the former; fo that if the Printer take care to print nothing but what he either underftands and will be anfwerable for himfelf, or what he has a writtet Warrant for, from fome well known Perfon of fufficient Credit and Reputation to anfwer for it, if call'd in queftion, I fhould humbly think that to be a better Security againft the lifcentioufnefs of the Prefs, than any prohibitory Law whatfoever.

> Nitimur in vetitum, femper cupimufq; negata.

From all which I conclude, That if there were fome publick Law againft all Arbitrary Reftraints upon any one Printer more than upon an other; making only all Authors, Publifhers andBookfellers, lyable for the Legality of what they Write and Sell ; and the Printers lyable only for the Correctnefs and Sufficiency of their Work, and for the difcovery of their Imployers, if quarrell'd; the Art of Printing would in a fhort time be vaftly improved; moft part of thofe Sums that are yearly Exported to England and Holland
for Books, would be faved to the Nation, by the Printing of thofe Books at home; the Nation would be much better ferved than now, with all forts of School-Books efpecially; and both the Teacher and Learner would have more facility and pleafure, in reading and performing their feveral Parts, than it is poffible for them to have with fuch paltry uncorrect Stuff, as the Books above complain'd of.

Sir, To infift on the innumerable Inconveniencies that would attrand the making a fpecial Licenfe neceffary for every thing that fhould be printed, would be a needlefs piece ofSupererogation, when that point is fo well clear'd in the above mention'd Pamphlets.
If I have meddled farther than becomes one in my low Sphere, I ask pardon for it; but in the mean time, I hope you may, upon feriousConfideration of the Hints here given, think of fome Remedy for the grofs Abufes that are now put upon all forts of People, by falfe and uncorrect Printing. I know not how far the General $A f$ fembly's own Power may reach immediatly as to this Matter; but I hope they may at-leaft be induced to reprefent it effectually, either to the Privy Council, or to the Parliament, or to both. So, wifhing a happy Iffue to your grave Confultations, I prefume to fubrcribe my felf,

March 26.
$1705^{\circ}$

## Reverend Sir,

Your most bumble Servant,
Philologus Philomusus.
E R R A T A

Of the New Teftament Printed by the Relict of Andrew Anderfon 1703, and prefently Sold in her Shop: Wherein Four whole Lines are left out in the following Places, viz. $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Matthew Chapter V. Verfe } 47 . \\ \text { Mark Chapter VI. Verfe 20. }\end{array}\right\}\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Mark Chapter XIV. Verf. } 16 . \\ \text { Colossians Chap.II.Verf. } 20 .\end{array}\right.$

M A T T H E W:

v. 12. and when Jefus, $r_{0}$ but when Jefus: co 9. $v_{0}$ 12. they that be fick, $r_{0}$ they that are fick, $c .9 . v .26$. and the fame thereot, $r$. and the fame hereof, $c \cdot g \cdot v: 31$. but they when they departed, $r_{0}$ but they when they were departed, Ef for in all the country, $x_{0}$

## ERRATA．

In all that country， ven $_{23} 3$ multitdde，$r$ ．mul－ titures，$c_{0} 10, v, 32$ ．him will I allo confefs， rshim will conefs alfr，$c_{0}$ rr．$v$. ta which was to come，$r$ ．which was for to come，co 12．v．20，and a fmoaking flax ro and morking fixs．v．42．fhall rife up ia judgement，$r$ ．fliall rife up in the judge－ ment，$v$ ，so．will of Eather，$r$ ．will of my Father，$c_{0} 13 v_{0}$ 28．he faith unto them， $r_{i}$ he faid untothem，$\tau_{0} 3_{20}$ is leaft of ali fouds，$r_{0}$ is the leaft of all feeds；$c_{2}$ i4 $t_{0}$ 28．and he faid，$r$ ，hefaid．co．15．$u$ ， 3 h．he lame to walk，$r$ ．the lame to walk，c． 16 ． \％．4．and there fhall be to fign given，${ }^{r}$ ？ and there Pall no，fign be given，$v, 7$ ．be－ canfe we have no bread，$r$ ．becaufe we have taken na bread，$v, 23$ come in bis king dom， $r_{1}$ coming in his kingdom，$c_{\text {a }}$ 1＇9．$w, 23$－ he jingdom，$r_{\text {o }}$ the kingdon，$c_{\text {c．}} 20$ \％\％ 3 ． aud when he went out，$x_{0}$ and he went out， $w_{1} 18$ ，behold we ap to Jerufatem，res betiold we go up to Jerufalem，$c: 28: v:$ ge tell the daughter of $\overline{Z i o n}, r$ ，tell ye the daughter of Zron，v：24：I likewife，$r=1$ in likewile，$c$ ： 22：v：7：and whin the King，it，bat whet the King，va 34 ：had heard how that he，$r_{3}$ had hèard thathe，$\varepsilon: 23: v: 12$ ：and 反e that humbleth himfelf，$r:$ and he that fhall hum－ ble himfelf，v：20：who therefore Thallfwear， $r$ ：whofo therefore fhall fwear，v：23：weighty， $r$ ：weightier，$v: 26$ and the platter，$r$ ：and platter，va，32．fill $u p, r_{3}$ fill yeup，$c_{2} 24: v:$ 3o：fhall the tribes，$r$ ：fhall all the tribes，$c$ ： 25：－v：26：and gathered，$r:$ and gather，ws 43：and in prifon，r：fick and in prifon， c：26；v；18：go ye into，$f$ ：gointo，v：62． it that，$r$ ：it which，$v: 67$ ：mand，$r:$ hands， f： $27: v$ 6：for usto，$r$ ；for to，v： 10 ：had appointed，$r$ ：appointed：
MARK:

C：is v：\％i：ofakjas，$r$ ；of a ski $2, v: 19$ ： net，$r$ ：nets，$\tau: 3 ; v, 35:$ and my mother， $r:$ and mother，$c ; 4: v: 22$ ；that fhall，$x:$ which flatl，$v$ ：28；crom，$r$ ：corn，＇थ： 310 when it was ${ }_{2} r$ ，when it is，$c: 5: v: 19:$ but faid，$r$ ；but faith，$c: 6: v ; 4 ;$ and Jefus faid wnto him，$r$ ，but Jefus faid unto them，$v: 5$ ： conld do there，ri could there do，vi7：called f，calleth，v；zo（a whole line left out）$v: 2 \sigma^{\circ}$ ； their fake，r＇s their fakes，v； $33^{\circ}$ faw him， r：faw them，v， 50 faid，＋faith；$c_{0} 7 v_{s} 7$ doatrine，$r$ doctrines，\％ 33 finger，$r$ fip gers， $6,9 v_{0} 3$ white $2, r$ white as，v？
and Jefushaith，$r$ Jelisfaid，T． 3 I he killed， $r$ he is killed，$v_{y} 35$ fervant to all，$r$ fervant of alt，c： 10.017 and he leneeled，$r$ and kneel－ ed，$v_{i} 24$ anfiwreed，$n$ anfwereth；v． $2 \%$ Lard，$r$ Lo，$c, 12$ n 43 caft in more，$r$ ．caft more in，$c, 13 v 1$ and buildings，and what buifdings， $0,14 v, 14$ ge fliall go in，$r$ he
 and he faith，$r$ he faith，$v .44$ the fame，$r$ that fame，$v 60$ they $r$ thefe，$v 69$ the maid，$r$ a maid，$\subset 15 \quad v .15$ and Pilate，$r$ and fo Piate，v． 35 he calleth for Elias， $i$ he calleth Elias，co 16 v 5 right hand， $r$ right file．

## LU゙KE．

Ci 1 v． 7 becaufe Elizabeth，r，becaufe that Elizabeth，$v$ io at time，$r$ at the time， v． 20 not be able， r notable， $\mathrm{\nabla}_{23} 2$ themi－ niffration，this miniffration，ciq＊； 22 bèfore： the Lord，$r$ to the Lord，$v 25$ ，was a jutt， $r$ was jutr，$\forall 3 \in$ Panuet，r Phanuel，$r: 38$ aff thato I alil them that，\＆ 3 faidet faith，$V$ 17 his wheat，r the wheat，c 4 v 36 the commanđeth；r the commandeth c $_{x}$ y 30 the Saribes，$r$ their Scribes，ic： 6 v 41 per－ ceiveth，$r$ perceiveft， 442 anh thou fialt $t_{\text {a }}$ rand then fhalt thou，c $7^{i} y$ ． $3^{6}$ and he fata r and fat， 49 they they that，it they that c $8{ }^{6} 6$ poffeffed with devils，r poffeffed of the devils， C 12 V I to his difciples r unto his difciples，v 22 take ye no thought， $r$ take no thought，$V 41$ ．unco all，$r$ to all． c 13 マ 7 that fig－tree， r this fig－tree．

## IO H－N．

C： 6 v： 16 into the fea，$r$ ：unto the fex：$v: 42$ ；from heaven，$r$ ：for from heaven； C：12：v：1：from dead，$r$ ：from the dead： c： $13: v: 10$ ：white，$r$ ：white $v: 33$ ：now I fay unto you，$r$ for fo now I fay unto yous． v：34：and I have loved you，$r$ ：as 1 have loved you：c： 15 v： 20 your $\pi_{3}$ ，yours：cs 18 $v_{0} 17$ and the faid，$r_{0}$ and they faide $c_{i} 19$ v．27\％difcipe，$r$ difetple．

## ACTS

C． $14 v_{3}$ Apofte，I Apaftes 615 y 10 we reable，$r$ ，were able $v 29$ and fornication， $r$ and from fornication，$v 33$ to the Apoftle $r$ unto the Apoltles，$v 37$ take with himJohn， $\mathfrak{r}$ ，take witb them $\mathrm{Joh}_{2}$ ． one from the other，$I$ afunder one from the other $v 40$ and Paul took Silas，I，and Paul choofe Silas，$f 16$ v 5 and fo was the Church es，frand fo were the Churches，$w$ to gain

## $E R R A T A$.

$r$ gains, $81,7 v 3$ and this Jefus, $r$ and that this Jefus, 5 in an uproar, $r$, on an uproar, $v 24$ there, in feing he, ' $r$, therein, feing that he, v 26 and he hath, $r$, and hath. ibid. things, $r$, times, $v 34$ tinto them, $r$, unto him $i 18 v 17$ Goallio, $r$, Gallio $c \not 19 v 19$ many allo of them, r. many of them allo $v 22$ unto, rinto, $\varepsilon 20 \pm 30$ from your own felves, $r$, of yourown telves, $\subset 2!v .25$ from that which is ftranglect, ri, from that ftrangled. $c 22 v$ i hear.my defence, $r$, hear ye my defence, $v$ ro thee all things, $r$, thee of all things, $v 29$ he bonnd him, $r$, he had bound $1 \mathrm{im}, v 30$ the council, 5 , their council r-24v 27 Pontius, r Portius, ibid. in Feiix room, r, into Felix room, $c$ 2s $v$ o down to Cefarea, r, down.unto Cefarea val they accufe, $r$, thefe actufe, $c, 26 v$ io chief prieft
 $v 7$ into. Crete, $r$, under Crete, $u$ o came into $r$ came unto $v 18$ and $b: i n g, r$, and we being. ROMANS
C. 1 v. 4 hy, $r$, by, $v, 11$ ye, $r$, you, $v_{0}$ 27 women, $r$, woman. C. $2, v, 1$, thing, $r$. things, $v$, ic. mart, $r$. one. $2 \cdot 15$ works of faw, $r$. work of thelaw, $v .20$ knowledgle, r. knowledge, ibid. of the law, $r$. in the law. v. 25, th, $r$. the, $v .26$ this uncircumcifion, $r$. his uncircumcifion. C. 3 v. 25 remiffions of lin ${ }^{+}$, r. remiffion of fins, $v .30$ circumfion, r. circumcifion, C. 4 v. 4 wokrth, ro worketh, v. 19 years, $r$. year, C. 5 \%. 3 tribuld. tion, $r$. tu bulations, $v .12$ that have fisined, that all have finned, $v, 13$ where, $r$. uhen, C. $6 v . t 3$ inftruments of righteowinets unto 'fin, $r_{0}$ inftruments of unrightcoll gefs $42 t 0$ fiu, C. $8 v .30$ he alfo glerified, r. al.o be glorifie', C. 9 v. 10 Rebacca, $r$. Rebecca, $\pi .29$ Sotiom, $r_{0}$ Sodoma, ibid. Gomorab, $r_{0}$ Gomorrha, v. 33 and a rock, $r$, and ruck C. $10 \mathrm{v}: 20$ manifieft, $r$. manifef, C. 11 v : 2'Efaias, $r$ : Elias, $v: 6$ grace fs, $r$ : grace is, ibid: then it is, $r$; then is it, $₹: 21$ But if God, $r:$ For if God, $2: 25$ part hapened, $n:$ part is hapened, $\mathrm{C}: 12 \mathrm{v}: \mathrm{i}$ 號 the Saints, $r$ : of Saints, C: is $v$ : i he higher power, $r$ : the higher powers, $v: 3$ do thou which, $r$ : do that which, $v, 7$ fear no, 1 : fear to, $v$ ii: time for us to awake, $r$ : time to awake: $C$, is $v$ : 24 come unto, $r$; come to: $v: 28$ have fealed them, $r$ : have fealed to them, C : is: $v: 4$ gave, $r$ : give, v: 7 and fitluw prifoners,
$r$ : and-my fellow prifoners, wi ii Herodian, r: Herodion.

## I. CORINTHIANS

C: 1 v:2 on, r: upon, $2: 23$ Chriff, $r$ Chriff, C: $2 v: 1$ came unto, $:$ came to $v: 9$ neither hath it,entred, $r$ : neither have entred, C: $3 v$ : is their'ctaltipef, $r$ : their own craftinefs, C: 5 : io the world, r : this world, C : ' 6 v : is'Meat is, $r$ : Meats, ibid. meat, $f:$ meats.v; i 7 to the Lord, $r:$ unto the Lprd, $\mathrm{C}: 7 v: 2$ neverthelefs avoid, $r:$ neverithelels to avoid, $v$ : 5 riot, one another, $r$ : not one the other, v: 32 you be without, $x$ : you without, v: 35 that ye, r: that you, :C: 9 v : i are ye not, - a ke notyou, $\mathrm{y}: 27$ it under fubjection, $r$ : it into fubjection, C : io $\mathrm{v}: \mathrm{i}_{3}$ Temptation make away, r: Temptation alfo make away, $v$ : zo other, rothers, C, ii V , 2 unto you, $r$, to you, C, i3 v, 2 not Chagj-
 6 in truth, $r$ in the truth, $C, 14 \vee$, io them wishout fignjication, $r$, them are without figvification, $v, 28$ and God, $r$, and to God. 11. CORINTHIANS

C, 2 v, 3 I come, $r$, I came, $v, 4$, ye fhpuld $r$, yout thould, $C, 3, r$, io that which was, i, which was", C, $4, v, 2$ but by the, $r$, but'by, v , is us by Jefus, $r$, ius, alfo by Jefus, $C, 6 \mathrm{v}$, if be feparat,r,be ye fepárat, v, ißAnd, I will, $r$ And will $\mathrm{C}, 7 \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{i} 5$ and as his, r , and his, $\mathrm{C}, 8 \mathrm{r}$, 3 I hear, $r$, I bear, $v, 4$ we fhould, $r$, we would, $v, 7$, utterance, $r$, in utterance, $v$, it , be an equality, $r$, be equality, $C, 9, v, 5$, not of Covetouffels, $r$, and not as of Covetoufnefs, $\nabla, 6$ he that foweth, $r$, he which foweth, $v$, ii being entiçed, r, being enriched, C. lo $\mathbf{v}, 9$ that I might, $r$, that I may, $v$, is labour, r, labours, C, ii v, 2 with a Gedly, r, with Godly, v, 4 ye had nor, r, ye lave not, $v$, i2. that.will ido, r, that 1 will do, C, i2 v, 7 ruclation, r, revelations, ibiit given unto, me, $r$, given to me, $v, i 3$, whas was it, $r$, what is it, $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{i}_{3} \mathrm{v}, 7$ that we fhould, $r$, thas ye should.

## GALATIANS

$\mathrm{C}, 2, \mathrm{v}$. i6 by he works, $r$, by the work $\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{C}$, 3 v , is of the promife, $r_{\text {, }}$ of promife, $v, 2 z$ both concluded, $r$, hath cuucluded.

EPHESIANS, C, iv, 20 and to fet him, $r$, and fet him, $C, 2, r, 8$ ye are, $r$, are ye, $\mathbf{v}$, is to make of himself in $t w a i n, r$, to make in himfelf of twain,

## $E R R A T A$ ．

PHILIPPIANS，C．ir，if 1 Iam fent，$r$ ， 1 amlet， $\mathrm{v}, 29$ for to you，$r$ ，for unto you， $\mathbf{C}, 2$ v，$i$ bowels of mercies，$r$ ，bowels and imercies，$v$ ，i6 the world of life，$r$ ，the word of life，C； $4 \mathrm{v}, 6$ be ye careful， r ，be careful， ： $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ ，io for I rejoyced，$r$ ，but I rejoyced．
－COLOSSIANS，C， $3 \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{K}$ ，cometh upon， ir，cometh on，$r$ ，io And having，$r$ ，And have， $\boldsymbol{\tau}$ ，ii bond on free，$r$ bond nor free：

I THESSALONIANS，C 2 v is who have killed r who both killed $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{v}$ io we walk or fleep $r$ we wake or fleep $v$ is And efteem $r$ And to efteem

II THESSALONIANS C 2 vittoubled either by Spirit r troubled rieither by Spirit $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ v 5 you heaits r your hearts v i3 be ye not $r$ benot

I TIMOTHY Cvg for ungodiy $r$ for －the ungodly．C 3 V 4 ruleth his own houfe $r$ ruleth well his own houre C $5 . r 6$ that loveth pleafure $r$ that liveth in pleafure，

## 2d：TIMOTH＇Y

－C $2 \mathbf{v} 8$ t the gefpel，$r$ my gofpel，v 16 unrigodlinefs，$r$ ungodlinefs， $\mathrm{c} 3 \nabla 8$ mind， $r$ minds，$c 4 \vee 13$ but efpecially，$r$ efpecial－ －Iy，$V 21$ Pudens，$r$ and Pudens．

## TITUS

C $3 .{ }_{3}$ time，$r$ times， $\mathbf{v} 10$ circu－ fion $r$ circumcifion，c 2 V 14 all our iniqui－ ty，$r$ all iniquity，c3 v 7 by grace，$r$ by his grace．

PHILEMON， $\mathrm{V}_{13}$ bond， r bonds． HEBREWS．
$\mathrm{C}_{\text {，}}$ i v 10 foundation，$r$ foundations，छु for work，$r$ Works， $\mathrm{C}, 3 v$ in heart，$r$ hearts， $4 v 16$ in the time，$r$ in time，C， $6 v_{4}$ gift， $r$ gifts．$v_{17}$ confimed，$r$ confirmed ${ }_{2} \subset v_{9}$ received，$r$ receiveth $v$ is receive $r$ receiv－ $c \mathrm{~d}, v 20$ perfect $r$ prieft，$\subset 8 v$ 7．the firft，$r$ that firft，$v 8$ and with the houfe of Judah， 5 and the houfe of Judah，${ }^{c}, q v i o d r i n s, r$ ， dioks 21 Sprinkled likewife with， 5 ，

Sprinkled with．$\subset$ 10 v 29 worth， r ，worthy， v 22 greater fight，${ }^{5}$ great fight， C IIV 23. and they were not afraid，$r$ ，and they not afraid，c 12 V 9 to the Father，$r$ ，unto the Father．

## J：A MES <br> C $\{$ vif fraint，$r$ rain， ift 2 PETER，

CI $\mathrm{v}_{3}$ Criftr Chifif，C 2 マ 10 peole， ： people c $3_{3}$ v their r your． $\mathrm{v}_{3}$ or putting Lor of putting c 4 v 16 in r on 2d PETER
C I $\nabla 10$ make ye out，$r$ make your， The Firft Epiftle general of JOHN：
C 3 マ 22 know，read keep，c 4 マ 3 it is in the world，$r$ is it in the world：

The Second Epiftle of J O H N：
C ：v 4 rejoycé，rrejoyced， v 12 and to Speak，rand Sp＝ak：

The Third Epiftle of 1 OHN
V 12 hath a good，$r$ hath good，
JUDE．
V i brother to James，$r$ brother of James． R EVELATION
CIv18 and death，$r$ and of death ข＇ 19 write thefe things，$r$ write the things $c 2$ $v 13$ for amongft，$r$ among $c 4 v 10$ and the four，$r$ the four $v$ g for haft flain，$r$ waft flain $66 v$ of three meafures of wheat， 5 three meafures of barley v，I faw，r and I faw c $6 v i$ Nepbthalini，$r$ Nepthali $v 9$ clothed in；$r$ clothed with \＆ 977 like gold， $r$ of gold $v_{17}$ in vifion，$r$ in the vifion $v$ 19．did hurt，$r$ do hurt a $10 v s$ hands，$r$ hand $v 11$ people，$r$ peoples $c 12 v 11$ his，$r$ their $v 12$ inhabitants，rinhabiters $v 15$ her be carrited，$r$ her to be carried $c 14 \mathrm{~V}_{2}$ great thunders，$r$ a great thander $v 13$ ppiris， f Spirits $616 v^{2}$ hath，$I$ had 618 थ 4 her plagues，$r$ of her plagues，$v i 2$ pelarle， 5 pearls $v i 2$ manner of veffels $r$ manner veffels

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