of ESSEX

At the Delivery of the

May it please Your Majesty,

HE Lords here present, together with divers other Peers of the Realm, taking notice that by Your late Proclamation Your Majesty has declared an Intention of Cailing a Parliament at Oxford; and observing from Histories and Records, how unfortunate many such Affemblies bave been, when Called at Places Remote from Your Capital City; as particularby the Congress in Henry the Second's Time, at Glarendon, three several Parliaments at Oxford in Henry the Third's Time; and that at Coventry in Henry the Sixth's Time; with divers others which have proved fatal to those Kings, and have been jollowed with great Mischiess on the Kingdom; and considering the present Posture of Affairs, the many Footonsies and Discontents which are among st the People, we have great Cause to Apprehend that the Configuences of the Sitting of a Parliament now at Oxford, may be as fatal to Your Mayeffy, and the Watton, as those others mentioned have been to the then Reigning Kings; And therefore we do conceive that, we cannot answer it to God, to Your Majesty or to the Peoples; if we being Peers of the Realm, should not on so important an Occasion, humbly offer our Advoice to Your Majesty, that, if possible, Your Majesty may be Prevailed with to after chis (as we apprehend) unseasonable Resolution. The Grounds and Reasons of our Opinion are contained in this own Petition which we humbly present to Your Majesty.

To the KING'S Most Excellent Majesty. The Hamble PETITION and Advice of the Lords undernamed; PEERS of the Realm.

Humbly sheweth,

which no stop or remedy could be provided, them. unless it were by Parliament, and an Union And Your Majesty on the 21th of April; in one Mind and Interest.

Hat whereas Your Majesty, hath been pleased, by divers Speeches and Mes-fages to Your Houses of Parliament, large demonstrated the said Dangers to be rightly to represent to them the dangers as great as we, in the midst of our fears, that threatned Your Majeffies Person, and could imagine them, and so pressing, that our the whole Kingdom, from the mischievous Liberties, Religion, Lives, and the whole and wicked Hots of the Papists, and the too Kingdom, would be certainly lost, if at fuddain growth of a Forein Power, unto speedy Provision were not made against

of all Your-Majetties Protestant Subjects 1679! having call'd unto Your Council many honourable and worthy persons, and de-



clar'd unto them and Your whole Kingdom, that being sensible of the Evil Effects of a single Ministry, or private Advices, or Forein Committees, for the general Direction of Your Affairs, Your Majesty would for the future refer all things unto that Council. And by the Constant Advice of them, together with the frequent Use of Your Great Council the Parliament, Your Majesty was resolved hereaster to Govern Your Kingdoms, we began to hope we should see an end of our Miseries.

But to our unspeakable Grief and Sorrow, we soon found our Expectations, frustrated; the Parliament then subfishing, was Prorogued and Diffolved before it could perfect what was intended for our Relief and Security. And though another was thereupon call'd, yet by many Prorogations it was put off till the 21th of Ottober last: And notwithstanding Your Majesty was then again pleas'd to acknowledge that neither your Person nor the Kingdom could be safe until the Matter of the Plot was gone through, it was unexpectedly Prorogued on the tenth day of this Month, before any sufficient Order could be taken therein. All their Just and Pious Endeavours to save the Nation were overthrown; The good Bills they had been industriously preparing brought to haught. The Discovery of the Irish Plot stifled. The Witnesses that came in frequently more fully to declare that both of England and Ireland, discouraged. Those-Forein Kingdoms and States, who by a happy Conjunction with us, might give a check to the French Power disheartned; even to such a Despair, of their own Security against the growing Greatness of that Monarch as we fear may induce them to take New Resolutions, and perhaps such as may be fatal to us. The Strength and Courage of our Enemies, both at home and abroad increased; and our selves lest in the utmostDanger of seeing our Country brought into utter Desolation. THE IN

In these great Extremities we had nothing under God to comfort us, but the hopes that Your Majesty being touched with the Groans of your perishing People, would have suffered the Parliament to meet at the day unto which it was Prorogued, and that no farther Interruptions should have been given to their Proceedings, in order to the saving of the Nation: But that sailed us too, when we heard that Your Majesty, by the private suggestions of some wicked Persons, Favourers of

Potery, Premoters of Frerch defigns, and Enemies to Yeur Majesty and the Kingdem (without the advice, and as we have good Reason to believe, against the Opinion of Your Privy Council) had been prevailed with to Dissolve it, and to call another to meet at Oxford, where neither Lords nor Commons can be in fafety, but will be daily exposed to the Swords of the Papifts and their adherents, of whom to many have crept into Your Majesties Guards. The Liberty of speaking, according to their Consciences will be thereby destroyed, and the Validity of all their Acts and Proceedings confifting in it left disputable. The straitness of the place no ways admits of such a Concourse of Persons as now follows every Parliament. The Witnesses which are necessary to give Evidence against the Popish Lords, such Judges, or others whom the Commons have Impeached, or had refolved to impeach, can neither bear the Charge of going thither, nor trust themselves under the Protection of a Parliament, that is itself evidently under the power of Guards and Souldiers. The the

The Premises considered, We your Majefty's Peritioners out of a just Abhorrence of fuch a dangerous and pernicious Counsel (which the Authors have not dared to ayow) and the direful apprehensions of the Calamities and Miseries that may ensue thereupon, do make it our most humble Prayer and Advice, that the Parliament may not fit at a place where it will not be able to act with that Freedom, which is necessary and essentiall to give unto their Acts and Proceedings, that Authority, which they ought to have amongst the people, and have ever had, unless impaired by some awe upon them (of which there wants not Presidents.) And that Your Majesty will be graciously pleased to order it to Sit at Westminster, it being the usual Place, and where they may Consult and Act with

Safety and Freedom.

And Your Petitioners Shall ever Pray,

Monmouth. Shaftesbury.

Kent Mordant.

Huntington. Eure.

Bedford. Gray.

Salisbury. Pagitt.

Clare: Howard.

Stamford. Herbert.

Essex. De la-mere.