Answer to the Hermin

Quaker and his Neighbour, Concerning the MI

Quaker. Hee art an early man to day, methinks Neighbour, to have been abroad, and are coming back a ready

Neighb. I must be so now; Thave been to see my folks at work in the field; for he that will have business go forward, must be both at the begining and end of it himself; or else it will wont do; And the Weather of late hatb been pretty catching, which makes me willing to improve my time as well as I can; and according to the antient Proverb, To make Hay whil the Sunshines.

1. Thou art in the right on't, and I commend thee for thy industry: Well wilt come in, and smoak a pipe of Tobacco? Neigh. I don't care if I do; for now I have let my folks to work, I am a little at leifure; besides I have a mind to talk with and the refusing to do such kindness as have been defired of them, has

Que. With all my heart, Neighbour: Well; what is it thou

wouldst talk with me about?

Neigh. Abut! Why, I wou'd ask you, What's the best news? for I know you must hear it, if there be any, your business calls you so much abroad.

un Why truly Neighbour, as to news, I know none; for tho' I can t. as thee fays, but here a great deal, yet I feldom regard it afor, for there is scarce one in twenty, that is to be credited

Neigh. Nay, that's true enough: But what I intended was, What do you hear about the Tryal of the Gentleman for the Murcher of Mrs. Sarah Stout? It makes a great nose in the world, I affure you! I suppose you have heard it.

Qua No, Ididn't; for I was out of Town then, or else I believe I shoud. But I have read the Printed Account of it, which

I suppose is truth, because it is attested by the Judge.

Neigh. Yes, so it is, for I have read the Book, and heard the Tryal from the beginning to the end. Well, fince you have read it, what do you say to that Tryal?

Qua. Why, Ifay, the persons Indeted for that Murther, were

every one-acquitted

Neigh That's true enough every body knows: But do you

think they were acquitted fairly, or not?

2 Qua. Tis none of my place to confire the proceedings of the King's Courts of Justice; I believe the King defires Justice may be imparially administred, and I believe to that end the King makes choice of the best. Judges. But after all; to be plain with thee, I am of an Opinion Sarab Stout was Murther'd.

Neigh. If the Murther'e herfelf, the was Murther'd; fo that your words are equivocal. Do you think she was Murther'd by the Gentlemen that were Try'd torit?

Wondst have me to condemn those whom the Law has acquitted? Or, is t not p slible she may be Murther'd, and yet not Murcher d by them? And as to her Murthering herself, Thelive nothing of it.

Neigh That the was found dead in the water, that's plain; & if the d'd not throw herself in, the was thrown in by some body else: But there's no such thing appears, and therefore I be

fieve the Drowned herfeld

Sur What reason hath thee to think so. Neig'i. Reason enough: For fiest, That she was not Murder'd for Money, appears plainly, because there was fix Pounds found in her Pocket when the was taken up out of the water; and therefore it was not don by Thieves or Robbers, for they woved have taken away her Money at last, if they had not strips her too Nor did it appear upon the Tryal, that Mr. C. had any, Bonds or Mortgages of hers in his hands, by which he might make any Advantage: Nor had he got her with Child, by which any shame might have been prevented. And therefore, since he coud no interst in it, why should it supposed he did at all ! Nay, there had kindness past between'm that day, and in all probability might have been more. We don't hetr of any quarrel be-

tween'em, that might give him any distaste, or provoke him to fuch a barbarous villany: And to think that a Gentleman should Murther a young Woman that had a kindness for him, meerly for Murther's fake, appears to me a vety unreal mable thing

Qua. Thou feem'st to imply, Ithink, that Sarah Stout was murder'd by S. C. and I have already told thee, that I have sothing to say either to bim, or the others that were indicted for her Murder, for the Law has acquitted them, or othern ife I could easily ansmer all that thou hast said: I could tell thee, Toat be might have an interest in her death, tho' it did not appear in Court, that some men are so tenacious in receiving an affront, that miny have been killed for giveing it. Nay, the very kindnesses that some persons have done, has been the eccasion of their Death; procur'd the death of others: That there might be 'something desir'd of Sarah, that she was not willing tolgrant, is what might be, the she did not think it proper to make any one acquainted with it; and that such kindness being resused, might be a sussicient ground of revenge, to such persons as made no conscience of what they did, (for none but such persons could be guilty, of to barbarous a Crime. Now it appears by the Trail that one of the persons indicted, has pretended Love to her, which she refused; whit if he had stomached that refusal of hers to that degree, that he was refole'd to be revenged of her for it? Does not this appear ratio nal enough? And, does not the discourse of the Persons at the Inn, at the very time when either this murder was perpretrated, or very near it, seem to countenance this? Why else should one of them say, Her Bull ness was done, and, that he would pass his word her Courting days were over? And, thu to be spoken by pretended Strangers, that very Night she was murther d, was enough to have made it sufficious to me: And to consute what then h stafferted, that there could be no Interest in it; it being plaintbut there might be (I don't say there was) the interest of serving a Friend, which is counted by some (tho in as bad a Cause as this, a piece of generosity.

Neigh. I consess what you urge has more weight in it, than I at first imagin'd: But the I whink this was sworn, yet it was

afterwards confuted by leveral Witnesses; which think ap-

pears by the Trial Printed at la ge.

Qua. Had that been done, it would have given great satisfaction but to me, and several more, but all that ever I could find of it in the Printed Tryal (for I have alrealy sold thee I did not hear it) is that the Persons charged with it, absolutely deny it; which no doubt they would do, had they been never so guilty. There was two Witnesses possition to the very words, and against this, they have nothing to fy, but that they possitively deny it; and yet are forc'd to acknowledge, there was some discourse of Sitah Stoue; but so far from what the Witnesses depo-sed, that it was not possible they should so mistake em. And thee may so likewise observe, That the Vi in ses not only deposed this, but that the stouble that was upon their Spirits, by reason of these words, (after they had heard of Sarah Stout's Death) was so great, that they could not rest till they had reveal'd it: For Martha Gurry deposes, That she was so troubled in Mind she could not rest Night nor Day : And that the told her Husband, It he would not tell of it, (that is

100 00 1 to be only love to Truth and Fustice, that put Gurry and his Wife up discovering these VVords, and not a y Malice or Prejudice; for their Interest lay on the contrary side: They might have expected those men to have been their Quests again, had they not disclosed this; which now they could not expect: And therefore I do not doubt at all, but what they deposed was the truth. Which, I must tell thee, looks very suspiciously in my. Judgment.

Neigh. This does indeed bear a little hard upon 'em; but vet I think I have formething to offer, that will take off the force of very good worth and quality appear d in their behalf, and declar'd'em to be men of an unsported Reputation; One says, He

believes five thousant oun ever since by was the year's old, and never knew him but a civilized man, given to no debauchers. Another favs. He has known him twenty Years, that he has a general good Character among his Neighbours, for a man fair in his practice, an borest man, and a man of a good Conversation. Another, as to another of em. a person of Quality testifies, not only that He was almaies reckun'd an ain his practice, but has the general chaone will provided for by his Father, has racter of a good nat. good place; and in good practice; and cona good Estate, an Action Another person of well, and has the er testifies both as to him fequently nor!

baracter of an bo and Mr. M. than dd not have been guilty of Juch an ill thing, to have And as to the other, feveral Gentlemengive 1 e Character of him, and fay, They believe money could not tempt him to do any Act of that kind. But what I have farther to offer, is that which I think is more convincing; and that is, That it is not at all probable that Gentlemen that were not either mad, or drunk, or both should be so sool ish and impressent, as to discourse publickly ju the presence of the coral Parl and in present, as to discourse publickly in the presence of several Persons, after that rate that is sworn against these, if they giver hal, or delign d to have a hand in such a thing: Could bey possibly abandon themselves to so much inconsideration, as not to think that such Discourses might be remembred to their prejudice, and tend to the discovery of themselves as the Murtherers? These must be granted to be sensible men, well skill'd in the Law; and therefore well knew the danger fuch Discourses would expose them to; and knowing all this, it would argue them to be guilty of the highest degree of madness and folly to talk at that rate.

And, as to what thee thing if is so unanswerable, to wit, That unless they were mad, or drink, or both, they would never have exposed themselves by discoursing as they did so publicaly; to that I have a sussion answer; First, That they did so discourse, there is the Prisoners themselves does in part acknowledge it; for he says, page 14 of thep inted Tryal, Possibly I might say these words, My triend may be in with her, but softens it with saving. It was in jocular conversation. But Thirdly, Norwithstandfoscers it with faring. It was in jocular convertation. But initially, returning analing their denying it, and making their publick differentials, a plea for there innocence (which by the way, might be one reason of their talking so publick) yet the Fudge in his charge to the Fury. Seems not to make the least question of the words being spoken, as I think indeed he had no reason, and tells the fury. They talked at a strange rate; and that they were very strange expressions; and so leaves it to the fury; which has all that he could be so that I do not find that these words restified by strays on his was all that he could do. So that I do not find, that those words restified by Jurry, or his wife, to wit; That he, business was done. That there was an end of courting days. And, That a friend of theirs was even with her by this time. Were at all invalidated: And I am sure thee and I must own, that (as the Judge said) They were very strange exoress us, considering the time when they were spoken.

Neigh. But hoes it not plainly appear that she was melancholly? And, might she not in a melanchelly humour, being under some great temperation, fing herself into the water

Qua. I cannot deny, indeed, but that such a thing might be: but there is a great Qua. I cannot deny, indeed, but that such a thing might be: but there is a great deal of difference between What might be, and Wait was? For no such thing was provide: It is did not appear me was me ancholly, by he sending for S. C. to dinner; nor and his bid we: warm'd. These did not appear to be Actions of a melanchooly or distracted person. At a sto her being drowned, that nither is not so evident; for it appears that there was no water in her body; and it is a common opinion, that when persons are thrown into the water doad, they won't sink as it seems she did not.

Neigh. But I think nothing could be made out nore clearly, than that Mrs. Sarah was in love with Mr. C and would willingly have whatited and have lain with him that night: but he resulting to somether, and going to his Lodging at Mr. Barefoot's, she went and drowned herse for Sothat there is not only her melancholly proved, but the cause of it is emise: And I have heard, that love melancholly is the most dan-

but the cause of it livewise: And I have heard, that love melancholly is the most dari-

Qua. I do not fee this fo clearly made out, as you feemest to imagine. Sarah was young Woman, and of good fortune; and f he lik'd not to have any of our Friends, there were Husbands enough to be had, without courting a married Man: And yet ev'n

tindneses from him: If induced be haviold her (as I think if the case had been so, he might very week have dine) wat he could so but a limine at her impudence to desire such a think of him; that she made he self thereby a shame rother Sex, a scondal to her Prosessing, and a regreach to her Relations; that there were other Men enough to faitisfy her toglish grotisty ber inclinations. Or if he had said to her, as another good Man did, and so had exho ted ber to mortist those warry respectively grotisty ber inclinations. Or if he had said to her, as another good Man did, and so had exho ted ber to mortist those write deficious, that could not but issue in the extension of the stress should be gratisted; and that however they might think to conceast it from the eye of the Wald, yet that their wickedness, we method, Sarah might had some reason to define sair of obtaining her ends of him, (if any such end she had.

But for ought appears to a the case of the weight otherwise; and Sarah had more reason,

not tentpt one of 'em to do such a to hope, than to dispair, by those Topicks that were us'd to her that night: For, the Objections were only That it was an accident that had obliged him to take up his lodgings in ansther place; that the family where he was so obliged to lye, was sitting up for him; that his staying at her house under these circumstances, would in probability, provoke the consure of the Town and Country; That therefore (only) he could not stay whatever his inclina-tion otherwise might he. Now I arreal to thee, whether there be any thing en these Objections that might cause Sarah to despair, if she had any such desires of obtaining them: Here was no positive denyal, no mension of the unlawfulness of it; but only there happened an accident which rendered it not so convenient that time, as it might be another.

Neigh. But since you believe that the Gentleman gave her no occasion to despair of ob. which you believe the did not; I say then, what reason can you have to think, that he should murder her, who, as you suppose, gave her so much hopes of obtaining her desire

Qua. I know not what reason thee hast to ask me such a question, for I never said that I thought he murder d her, nor any other of the ters inditted for it. I do indeed believe she did not murder her self, because I see no reason I have to think so; and I have she what those reasons alledged, are not sufficient to cause me to change my epinion. And I affirm there are some circumstances relating to persons indicted, that to me took very suspicious. There is one thing that I think would give a great deal of light into the business, which I indeed wonder a was never enquired into, neither by the Judges, the King's Council, nor the Grand Jury. But yet when I confider how long that Tiyal lasted, and what great variety of Evidence there was, it is no wonder at that Tiyal lasted, and what great variety of Evidence there was, it is no wonder at all that something might be omitted; but that which Lintended was this, Thee may; remember, (for thou it seemest was at the Tryal) that Sarah VValker deposes, That when sie went up stairs, to warm the bed, she left her mistress and S, C. in the room together; and about a quarter of an hour after, she heard the door sout, and when she came down, there was neither of them in the house. Now, methinks it would have been necessary to have enquir'd, Whether Sarah went out with him; and if so, hore far, and where they parted? For Sarah VValker says nothing of hearing the door shut, but once; and then she thought he was going with his Letter. I think a fuller account of his leaven her, might have been given much mere light into the matter. But being omitted at the Tryal, I only mention this, as my particular thoughts. However I cannot be satisfy'd at all about the Tryal, more especially fince I have read the Hertford Letter newly come out; at the latter end of which, the Author, after having Lernary's in the Tryal. Viz.

If this Gentlewoman was not Drowned, as the Destors and Surveying Lernary's in the Tryal. Viz.

If this Gentlewoman was not Drowned, as the Doctors and Surgeons for the Prisoners seem to infinuate, the Suery then will be, How she came to her End? With submission to better Judgments, I shall here offer my private Sentiments concerning it? I am induced to believe, she was knocked down with a Blow on her left Ear, from the large Settlement of Flood there, which, as Mrs. It inplon Swears, was as much as her Hand ould cover, and more; after she was fell'd to the Ground by the Blom, it is pro-Hand could cover, and more; after she was fell'd to the Ground by the Blow, it is probable, with the Grize of a strong Hand she was Throtled, from the Stagnation of Blood on both sides of her Neck, under her Ears, which Mr. John Dimsdale Jun. Swears there was; and from the settlement of Blood on her Brest, I am inclined to believe, That the Person that throtled her; to support his Hand, that he might Gripe the stronger, rested his Arm on her Brest, which occasioned the Stagnation there. His remarks are which disturbed the whole Court; and how a VVine-Cooper in Scuthwark, who came days as an Evidence for the Priloners, sell into a sort of Distraction; and all the time down as an Evidence for the Prisoners, fell into a sort of Distraction; and all the time of the Tryal was mightily discomposed in his Mind, so that he was fain to be tyed in Bed, yet would often ask how the Tryal went, and whether they were like to be cleared and would often tell the People about him, that he had done a very bad thing, but would

not confess what, the often urged to it.

Neigh. The Tryal lasted many hours, and many Witnesses were examined, and both fudge and Fury were so satisfy a with the tediousness thereof, that it was impossible to think of every thing. But it did appear plainly, the her Body had no violence offer'd to et; that it sunk in the water as low as the Stakes would give it leave; that Mr. C-r went immediately ont of the house to the Glove and Dolphin, and from thence to his cwn lodgings; from whence he went out no more that night: And, by comparing all what the Witnesses said, as to point of time, it was impossible he should do it; and what the water has been all the said as to point of time, it was impossible he should do it; and what he was the said as to point of time, it was impossible he should do it; and what he was the said as was impossible to be done, we may be sure was not done: So that I think the fury brought in a very honest verdict, especially as to him. As to the other Gentlemen, they appear all to be of fair reputations, and I could heartily wish, no such words had been spoken; and then I think, that they neither could not have been under the least suspicion of guilt, tho' I am still of the mind they are all innocent.

Qua. For my part, I do'nt accuse em; and for their own sakes wish they may be so.
But tho' they be all as truly innocent as the has pronounc'd them; why may not Sarah have been murdered by some other persons, and from some other motives that we know nothing of? For she had not without reason, by her sober and blameless conversation, according to the same of the sa quir'd the reputation of a verious and modest young woman from our whole Town; and I appeal to thee, whether ever thou sawest any one action, by which she might forseit it; or this might lay any imputation upon her? And not only accounted vertueus, but prov'd

for dy'd so by the following Certificate.

Hertford. April, 28: 1699.

whose Names are here under-written, having examined the Body of Mrs. Sarali Y Stout, Deceased, do find the Uterus perfectly Free and Empty, af of the natural Intellines, Abdomen, Lungs or Cavity of the Thorax.

John Dimídale, Sun John Dimídale, Sun. Samuel Camlin.

Robert Dimídale. William Coatsworth. Daniel Phillips.

Neigh For my part, I must do her memory that justice, however the came by her death

Neigh. For my part, I must do her memory that justice, however she came by her death as to declare I never knew her guilty of any unbecoming action, though I have known her from her child-hood: She was not indeed so brisk and siry as other young Women are;

but that I always attributed to her being one of your opinion.

Qua. Well, Neighbour, I have told thee my Sentiment, of it: And tho' I neither do, nor can accuse any 3 yet I believe she never made away with her self: But by what means the self is the second of the sec The came by her D ath, we must leave to Him, who in His due time, will bring to Light all tie sud len works of Darkness; with every secret thing, whether it be Good, or whe-

London, Prin he Author, and Sold by the Book-sellers of London and Westminster, 1699.