A Full Answer from the Church of England, as it is now by Law Established, to the Weak Beasons in the Strong Box.

GODLY and WHOLSOME

DOCTRINE.

And Necessary for these Times:

BEING

The Second Part of the HOMILY concerning

HOLY GHOST;

Diffolving this DOUBT:

Whether all men rightly Challenge to themselves the Holy Ghost, or no?

John 17: Rom. 8.

UR Saviour Christ departing out of the World unto his Father, promised his Disciples to send down another Comforter, that should confered to be so for an odd, you shall well perceive the state of the true confered to be so for a rother dree to be so for a rother d into all truth; which thing to be faithfully and truly performed, the Scriptures do sufficiently bear witness; neither must we think that this Comforter was either promifed, or else given only to the Apostles, but also to the universal Church of Christ dispersed through the to the universal Church of Christ dispersed through the whole World. For unless the Holy Ghost had been alwayes present, governing and preserving the Church from the beginning, it could never have sustained so many and great brunts of Affliction and Persecution, with so little damage and harm as it hath: And the words of Christ are most plain in this behalf, saying, That the Spirit of truth should abide with them for ever, that he would be with them alwayes, (he meaneth by Grace, Vertue and Power,) even to the worlds end.

Also in the Prayer that he made to his Father a little before his Death, he maketh intercession not only

Also in the Prayer that he made to his Father a little before his Death, he maketh intercession not only for himself and his Apostles, but indifferently for all them that should believe in him through their words, that is to wit, for his whole Church. Again, Saint Paul salth, If any man have not the Spirit of Christ, the same is not his: Also in the words following, We have received the Spirit of Adoption, whereby we cry Abba, Father: Hereby then it is evident and plain to all men, that the Holy Ghost was given not only to the Apostles, but also to the whole body of Christs Congregation, although not in like Form and Majesty as he came down at the feast of Pentecost.

But now herein standeth the Controversie; whether all men do justly arrogate to themselves the Holy Ghost, or no? The Bishops of Rome have for a long time made a fore challenge thereunto, reasoning for themselves after this sort: The Holy Ghost (fay they) was promifed to the Church, and never forsaketh the Church: But we are the chief heads and principal part of the Church, therefore we have the Holy Ghost for ever, and whatsoever things we decree are undoubted Verities and Oracles of the Holy Ghost.

That we may perceive the weakness of this Argument,

That ye may perceive the weakness of this Argument, it is needfull to teach you, first what the true Church of Christ is, and then to conferre the Church of Rome therewith, to discern how well they agree together. The true Church is an universal Congregation or Fellowship of Gods saithful and elect People, Built upon the foundation of the Apostles and Prophets, Jesus christ himself being the chief corner stone: And it hath alwayes three Notes or Marks, whereby it is known; Pure and sound Dostrine, the Sacraments ministred according to Christs holy Institution, and the right use of Ecclesiafical discipline. This description of the Church, is agreeable both to the description of the Church, is agreeable both to the Scriptures of God, and also to the Doctrine of the ancient Fathers, so that none may justly find fault therewith. Now if ye will compare this with the Church of Rome, not as it was in the beginning, but as it is

Church, that nothing can be more. For neither are they built upon the foundation of the Apossles and Prophets, retaining the found and pure Doctrine of Christ Jesus; neither yet do they order the Sacraments, or else the Ecclesiastical Keyes, in such fort as he did first institute and ordain them: but have so intermined at their own. Traditions and Invention by termingled their own Traditions and Inventions, by chopping and changing, by adding and plucking away, that now they may feem to be converted into a new guise. Christ commended to his Church a Sacrament of his Body and Blood: They have changed it into a Sacrifice for the quick and the dead. Christ did mini-Sacrifice for the quick and the dead. Christ did minifter to his Apostles, and the Apostles to other men indifferently under both kinds: They have robbed the Laypeople of the Cup, saying, that for them one kind is sufficient. Christ ordained no other Element to be used in Baptism, but only Water, whereunto when the Word is joyned, it is made (as St. Augustine saith) a full and perfect Sacrament: They being wiser in their own conceit than Christ, think it is not well nor orderly done, unless they use Conjuration, unless they hallow the Water, unless there be Oyl, Salt, Spittle, Tapers, and such other dumb Ceremonies, serving to no use, contrary to the plain Rule of St. Paul, who willeth all things to be done in the Church unto Edification. Christ ordained the Authority of the Keys to Excommunicate notorious Sin-Authority of the Keys to Excommunicate notorious Sinners, and to absolve them which are truly Penitent: They abuse this power at their own pleasure, as well in curfing the godly with Bell, Book and Candles, as also in absolving the reprobate, which are known to be un-worthy of any Christian Society; whereof they that list to see Examples, let them search their Lives. To be short, look what our Saviour Christ pronounced of the Scribes and Pharisees in the Gospel, the same may be the Scribes and Pharifees in the Gospel, the same may be boldly and with safe Conscience pronounced of the Bisshops of Rome; namely, that they have forsaken, and daily do forsake the Commandments of God, to erect and set up their own Constitutions. Which thing being true, as all they which have any light of God's Word must needs consels, we may well conclude according to the rule of Augustine: That the Bishops of Rome and their Adherents are not the true Church of Christ, much less then to be taken as chief Heads and Rulers of the same.

Whosoever (saith he) do dissent from the Scriptures concern-Augusting the Head, although they be found in all places where the contra Pechurch is appointed, yet are they not in the Church. A plain tiliani Doplace, concluding directly against the Church of Rome. nat. Epi. Where is now the holy Ghoss which they so stoutly do cap. 4. claim to themselves? Where is now the Spirit of Truth, that will not suffer them in any wise to err? If it be possible to be there where the true Church is not. it be possible to be there where the true Church is not, then is it at Rome : Otherwise it is but a vain brag, and nothing elie.

70hn 10. Fobn 8.

Fohn 16.

Mat. 5.

Mat 14.

Dialog. lib.

chrysoit. sup. Mat.

Subel. Ennead. 9. lib. 7:

Pal. 60.

Saint Paul (as ye have heard before) faith; If any And man have not the Spirit of Christ, the same is not his. by turning the words, it may be truly faid: If any man be not of Christ, the same hath not the Spirit. Now to difcern who are truly his, and who not, we have this Rule given us, That his Sheep do alwayes hear his voice. And St. John faith, He that is of God heareth God's Word. Whereof it followeth, that the Popes not hearing Christs voice, as they ought to do, but preferring their own Decrees before the express Word of God, do plainly argue to the World, that they are not of Christ, nor yet possessed with the Spirit. But here they will alledge for themselves, that there are divers necessary points not expressed in holy Scripture, which were lest to the Revelation of the Holy Ghost, who being given to the Church according to Christs Promise, hath taught many things from time to time which the Apostles could reach the time to time, which the Apostles could not then bear, To this we may easily answer by the plain words of Christiteaching us that the proper Office of the HolyGhost is not to institute and bring in new Ordinances contrary to his Doctrine before taught; but shall come and declare those things which he had before taught; so that it might be well and truly understood. When the Holy Ghost, saith he, shall tome, he shall lead you into all truth. What truth doth he mean? Any other than he himself had before express. John 15. fed in his Word? No; for he faith, He shall take of mine, and shew unto you. Again, He shall bring you in remembrance of all things that I have told you. It is not then the duty and part of any Christian, under pretence of the Holy Ghoft, to bring in his own Dreams and Phanya-fies into the Church: But he must diligently provide that his Doarine and Decrees be agreeable to Christ's holy Testament. Otherwise in making the Holy Ghost the Author thereof, he doth blaspheme and belye the Holy Ghost to his own Condemnation. Now to leave their Doctrine, and come to other onts. What shall we think or judge of the Pope's

in ollerable Pride? The Scripture saith, That God resisteth the proud, and sheweth grace to the humble. Also it pronounceth them Blessed which are poor in Spirit, promising, that they which humble themselves shall be exalted. And Christ our Saviour willeth all his to learn of bim, because he is humble and meek. As for Pride, St. Gregory saith, it is the Root of all Mischief. And St. Augusting judgment is this; that it maketh men Devils. Can any man then, which either hath or shall read the Popes Lives, justly say, that they had the Holy Ghost within them? First, As touching that they will be termed United the Ribbits and Heads of all Christian Churches through them? First, As touching that they will be termed Universal Bishops, and Heads of all Christian Churches through the World, we have the judgment of Gregory expressly against them, who writing to Mauritius the Emperour, pist. 75.78. Condemneth John Bishop of Constantinople in that behalf; calling him the Prince of Pride, Lucifer's Successor, and Resur.

Serm. 3. de the Fore runner of Antichrist. St. Bernard also agreeing thereunto, saith; What greater Pride can there be, than that One man should preserve his own judgment before the whole Congregation, as though be only had the Spirit of God? And Chrysostom pronounceth a terrible Sentence against them Chrysoftom pronounceth a terrible Sentence against them, affirming plainly, that who foever feeketh to be chief in Earth, shall, find Confusion in Heaven, and that he that striveth for the Supremacy, shall not be reputed among the Servants of Christ. Again he saith: To desire a good work, it is good, but to covet the chief degree of Horour, it is meer vanity. Do not these places sufficiently convince their outragious Pride, in usurping to themselves a Superiority above all other, as well Ministers and Rishops, as Kings also and Emperiority. flers and Bishops, as Kings also and Emperours? But as the Lyon is known by his Claws, so let us learn to know these men by their deeds. What shall we say of him that made the noble King Dandalus to be tied by the neck with a Chain, and to lye flat down before his Table, there to gnaw bones like a Dog? shall we think

death, confrary to the Law both of God, and also of Nature? Shall we say that he had God's Holy Spirit within him, and not rather the Spirit of the Devil? Such a Tyrant was Pope Paschal the Second. What shall we say of him that came into his Popedom like a Fox, that reigned like a Lyon, and dyed like a Dog? Shall we fay that he had the Holy Spirit of God within him, and not rather the Spirit of the Devil? Such a Tyrant was Boniface the Eighth. What shall we say of him that made Henry the Emperour, with his Wife and his young Child, to fland at the Gates of the City, in the rough Winter, bare-foot and bare-legged, only cloathed in Linfey-woolfey, eating nothing from morning to night, and that for the space of three days? Shall we say that and that for the space of three days? Shall we say that he had God's Holy Spirit within him, and not rather the Spirit of the Devil? Such a Tyrant was Pope Hildebrand, most worthy to be called a Firebrand, if we shall term him as he hath best deserved. Many other Examples might here be alledged. As of Pope Foan the Harlot, that was delivered of a Ghild in the high street, going solemnly in Procession. Of Pope Julius the Second, that wilfully cast St. Peter's Keys into the River Tiber. Of Pope Orban the Sixth, that caused five Cardinals to be put in Sacks, and cruelly drowned. Of dinals to be put in Sacks, and cruelly drowned. Of Pope Sergius the Third, that persecuted the dead Body of Formosushis Predecessor, when it liad been buried eight years. Of Pope John the sourceath of that name, who having his Enemy delivered into his hands, caused him first to be stripped stark naked, his beard to be shaven, and to be hanged up a whole day by the hair, then to be set upon an Ass, with his face backward toward the Tail, to be carried round about the City in ward the Tail, to be carryed round about the City in despite, to be miserably beaten with Kods, last of all to be thrust out of his Countrey, and to be banished for ever. But to conclude, and make an end, ye shall briefly take this short Lesion; Wheresoever ye find the Spirit of Arrogancy and Pride the Pride th Spirit of Arrogancy and Pride, the Spirit of Envy, Hatred, Contention, Cruelty, Murder, Extortion, Witchcraft, Necromancy, &c. affure your felves that there is the Spirit of the Devil, and not of God, albeit they pretend outwardly to the World never fo much Holiness. For outwardly to the World never so much Holines. For as the Gospel teacheth us, the Spirit of Jesus is a good Spirit, an holy Spirit, a sweet Spirit, a lowly Spirit, a merciful Spirit, sull of Charity and Love, sull of Forgiveness and Pity, not rendring evil for evil, extremity so extremity; but overcoming evil with good, and remitting all Offence, even from the Heart. According to which rule if any man live uprightly, of him it may be safely pronounced, that he hath the Holy Ghost within him: If not, then it is a plain token that he doth usurp the name of the Holy Ghost in vain.

him: If not, then it is a plain token that he doth usurp the name of the Holy Ghost in vain.

Therefore (dearly beloved) according to the good Counsel of St. John, Believe not every Spirit, but first try them whether they be of God, or no. Many shall come in my name (saith Christ) and shall transform themselves into Angels of Light, deceiving (if it be possible) the very Elect. Mat. 24 They shall come unto you in Sheeps Cloathing, being inwardly cruel and ravening Wolves. They shall have an outward shew of great holiness and Innocency of Life, so that ye shall hardly, or not at all discern them. But the rule that ye must follow, is this; to judge them by their fruits. Which, if they be wicked and naught, then is it unpossible that the Tree of whom they proceed should be good. Such were all the Popes and Presates of Rome for the most part, as doth well appear in the story of for the most part, as doth well appear in the story of their Lives; and therefore they are worthily accounted Luk. 6. among the number of false Prophets and false Christs, which deceived the World a long while.

The Lord of Heaven and Earth defend us from their Tyranny and Pride, that they never enter into his Vineyard again to the disturbance of his filly poor Flock; but that they may be utterly Confounded and put to Flight that he had Gods Holy Spirit within him, and not rather the Spirit of the Devil? Such a Tyrant was Pope in all parts of the World. And he of his great Mercy in all parts of the World. And he

FINIS.