

Campbell 2. d. 11

J. F. Campbell
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The Author was a
Schoolmaster in Isley
and this generally
gives the dialect
there used. So far
as it goes this is a
very good bit of work.

There are some quaint
passages e.g. page 81 Coig

A

PRONOUNCING GAELIC DICTIONARY:

TO WHICH IS PREFIXED

A CONCISE BUT MOST COMPREHENSIVE GAELIC GRAMMAR.

By NEIL M'ALPINE,

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"Without a considerable knowledge of Gaelic no person can make any proficiency whatever in philology."

Dr. Murray, late Professor of Oriental Languages, Edinburgh.

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KEY.

A has six sounds in the Key.

ā long, like *a* in fame, came, tame.

â, ä, ä², is the short sound of the last, as *a* in fate, rate, gate, final.

â is the sound of *a* in far, fâr, star, stâr.

ã is the short soft sound of the last; as, in farm, fârm.

a is the short and shut sound of *a*, as in can.

à is the nasal sound. The only sounds that approach this, in English, is *a* in palm, calm, psalm. It occurs uniformly before *m*, *mh*, and *n*—sometimes before *th*; as, in màthair, *mother*; àth, *a ford*; nathair, *a serpent*; math, *good, and its derivatives*; athar, *sky, firmament*;—in some words *n* is introduced for *r* in order to give it the nasal sound; as in cànnan, mànnan, mànnach, màrran, kàrr-an, màrr-ach; also mànr, màrr, *to obstruct*;—*ai* placed before *mh*, &c. has the same sound, or one nearly allied to *ai* in sprain, strain, brains, as the Scotch pronounce these words:—marked in the key sprèn, strèn, brèns.

â is the short nasal sound; é before *n*, &c. the short one of *ai* or *âc*.

â in participles—thus, tyâ sounds like short *u* or *ao* shorter a little, chyaô.

âo has nothing like it in English; a pretty correct idea may be formed of it by pronouncing the *u*, in the surname Burns, long; also *u* in gun, without touching the *-ns* in the first instance, and the *-n* in the latter. Bâo—gâo—the French *eu* is somewhat like it.

aô is the short sound of the last.

E has two sounds, long and short.

ē long, like *ee* in teem, seem; feed, hired

ê, ë, ê², is the short of the above.

è long, as *e* in there, pronounced long thér—the *η* of the Greeks, as the Scotch and Foreigners pronounce it.

é is the short sound of the last.

Before *v*, representing *mh* and *n*, it has a nasal sound—see a nasal changed into *ai*—also representing *ea* or *eu*; as Neumb or Nèamh, nèv, *Heaven*, neamh, nèv, *venom*.

I has one sound long and short; as, *y* in my, thy; mì, thì, short; as *i* in sight, might, sīt, mīt.

O has four sounds, long and short.

ō, as *o* in more, mōr, tone, tōn, pole, pōl.

ô, ö, ô², short sound of the above.

ô sounds like *o* in lord, lôrd, cord, kôrd.

õ is the short of the last; *o* shorter.

ò is the long nasal sound, occurring uniformly before *mh*, and sometimes before *n*; in many instances the nasal sound of *o* occurs otherwise placed; as, in mòd, *a court of justice*, being a contraction of momhad; also mò, contraction of momha, *greater*; also moit, *fastidiousness*; mothar, *a horrifying voice*; glothar, *gag*; mògharr bland. The true orthography is momhar, glomhar, &c.

ó is the short nasal sound of *o*. Even before *n*, *o* sounds like *o* in pole, sole, &c. sometimes; as, tonn, tōnn, *a wave*; *n* is introduced sometimes to give the nasal sounds merely; thus ònrachd, sònraich, òrr-achg, sòrr-èch; the same as ànrath, àrr-àh in a nasal.

U has a great number of sounds.

ū sounds as *u* in pure, cure, tune.

ù, ü, is the short sound of the last.

û sounds as *oo* in moor, cool, tool.

ũ is the short sound of the last.

û is the same as the French *u* nearly.

ú is the French short sound.

u the same as the *u* in under, or un- a prefix.

X is a contraction to save room, and represents the primitive sound *aô-gh'*, being a kind of a syllable and a half. See *-gh'*. *-Gh'*, an idea of this original sound. It is a kind of an ineffectual effort to disjoint your jaws without touching the palate or teeth with your tongue, and at the same time making a strong respiration. It is nearly akin to the Greek *χ*. It is not possible, without oral instruction, to convey an adequate idea of *-gh'*.

^{v2}, this representing *mh*, shews that the *v* is only slightly sounded, the object of *mh* being chiefly to give the nasal twang to the preceding vowel.

ll², lly', shews that the *ll* is liquified, as in filial, fê-lyal; for *ll* and *nn* initial, see *l* and *n* in the Grammar.

id, de.—This is represented by *ej*. It is said that it does not express the true sound. If not, Walker, and Fulton and Knight, must be wrong in pronouncing age, *āj*;

tedious, tēj-us, and tē-jus, tē-dyus. This sound, when not final, is often exhibited thus, deug, dyág.

én, énn, is often not marked at all, the last *n* being always liquified, énný'; sometimes marked én', ény', and nn' and nny'.

ty'.—This sound is found in Christianity, Kris-tyé-, or ché-an-é-té. The *t* is thus liquified often by putting *j* before it, thus, sagairt, sag-arjt, a *priest*; and sometimes by marking it *t'*.

ēu shews also the short sound of *a*, as in beag, bëug; ea is the short form of eu, which is always long; eu, ea, ei, are styled always diphthongs: With the exception of the very peculiar sound ao, I do not think there is such in the language, eu long, and its short sounds ea and ei, having both the vowels sounded.

Thus, feum, fā-um, the um being pronounced so quick, that they almost form one syllable. They form a syllable and a half, as is seen in ui and oi in buil, toil, bū'l, tō'l, i. e. bū-ul, tō-ul, being two syllables thrown almost into one.

The orthography of the Gaelic, shews more acuteness and ingenuity in its structure, than any other language the author knows any thing of. It is said, that mh and bh should give way to v;—no such thing!! Bh represents the simple form of v, and mh of v, following the nasal sound; and, besides, bh is only an occasional or accidental form: thus, bò, a cow; a' bho, uv-vhō, the cow.

ABBREVIATIONS IN THIS WORK.

A. after *v.* thus, *v. a.*, verb active.
a. adj. adjective.
Adv. adverb.
Arab. Arabic.
Ar. Arg. peculiar to Argyleshire.
Armst. Arm. Dr. Armstrong's excellent Gaelic Dictionary.
Art. m. article masculine; *art. f.* article feminine, or *a. m.* and *a. f.* or *art. fem.*
a. as. f. aspirated form or *a. f.*
Belg. for Belgic Language.
B. for Bible, also *Bi.*—*B. B.* Bedel's Bible.
Brit. British.
Buch. Buchanan's Hymns.
Campbell or Campb. Campbell's Poems.
Comp. comparative degree.
Chald. Chaldee.
Coll. collective noun.
Cond. St. Columbus's Conundrums.
Contr. contracted or contraction.
Corr. corrup. corrupted or corruption of.
D. Dan. Danish Language.
D. Buch. *D. B.* Dugald Buchanan.
Deg. degrees of comparison.
Def. def. v. defective verb.
Dem. pro. pron. demonstrative pronoun.
D. M'L. Dr. M'Leod's Glossary and Dict.
Fut. for future tense.
F. Fr. French.
G. MS. Gaelic Manuscript.
Gen. genitive.
Gill. Gillies's Gaelic Poems.
G. P. or Prov. Gaelic Proverbs.
Gr. Greek; *Gt.* Grant's Poems.
Har. for Harris.
Heb. Hebr. Hebrew.
H. S. High. Sc. Highland Society's Dictionary.
I. i. e. id est. that is.
ib. the same.
Imp. Impersonal.
Inten. Intensive.
Inter. or Int. interjection.
Interr. interrogative.
Ir. for pure Irish.—*Irish* for Irish Dialect.
Isd. Islands.
Is. Island of Islay, Argyleshire.
Isl. Icelandic.
It. Italian.
K. Kt. Kk. Rev. Mr. Kirk.
K. M. Kenneth Mackenzie.
Lat. L. Latin.
Leg. Popular Legends.

Lw. Lew. Isle of Lewis.
Lit. literally.
Lld. Llyyd. author of a huge manuscript.
Loch. Lochab. for Lochaber.
M. for Island of Mull.
m. masculine gender.
Md. Alexander Macdonald the Poet; also *Macd. Macdon.*
Macaul. Macaulay's History of St. Kilda.
Macf. Macfar. The Rev. Mr. Macfarlane's New Testament, Psalms, or Gaelic Vocabulary.
M'D. Macdougall's Poems, also *Macd.*
Mland. mainland of Argyle; also *Mld.*
Mt. Macint. Mackintyre's Songs.
Mart. Martin's Description of the Highlands.
Mas. masculine gender.
MacC. MacCruiminn, a poet.
M'G. MacG. MacGregor's Poems.
ML. M'L. Mr. Maclauchlan's translation of Homer, the best Gaelic translation in existence.
Mn. Martin's Highlands.
MS. MSS. manuscript, manuscripts.
Mur. Dr. Murray, late Professor of Oriental Languages, Edinburgh.
N. North, North Highlands; also *N. H.*
n. f. noun feminine.
n. m. noun masculine.
nom. for nominative case.
Obs. obsolete.
Oss. Ossian's Poems.
P. page; also past tense; participle.
P. E. part. expl. particle expletive.
pt. part. for participle.
Past. past tense.
Pers. Persic.
Perf. part. perfect participle.
Psh. Perthsh. Perthshire; also *P. S.*
Per. pro. pron. personal pronoun.
Pt. plural number.
Pref. prefix.
Pre. prep. pro. preposition and pronoun.
Pr. Prov. Gaelic Proverbs; also *G. P.*
Ps. Psalms of David.
Provin. Provincial word.
R. D. Robb Donn.
R. M'D., R. D., Ranald Macdonald.
S. Rev. Dr. Smith.
R. Rss. Rev. Dr. Ross's Psalms.
Sc. Scot. Scotch, Scottish.
Sh. Shaw, Rev. Dr. Shaw's Vocabulary.

<i>Sg.</i> popular Songs.	<i>T. Tl. Turn.</i> Peter Turner's compilation.
<i>Sg. sing.</i> singular number.	<i>V. v.</i> verb active; <i>n. v.</i> neuter verb.
<i>Sk.</i> Skye.	<i>v. n.</i> verb active and neuter.
<i>Sm.</i> Rev. Dr. Smith.	<i>Val.</i> Vallancey.
<i>Sp. Span.</i> Spanish.	<i>v. irreg.</i> verb irregular.
<i>St. Stew.</i> Stewart's Songs; also St. Kilda.	<i>Voc.</i> Vocabulary.
<i>Su. Suths.</i> Sutherlandshire; also Suthl.	<i>W. and W. H.</i> West Highlands.
<i>Syr.</i> Syriac.	<i>Wl. Wcl.</i> for Welsh.
<i>Trad.</i> Tradition.	<i>West, West H.,</i> West Highlands.
<i>Tl. Teut.</i> Teutonic, or Old German, or Gaelic.	

RUDIMENTS OF GAELIC GRAMMAR.

PART I. OF ORTHOGRAPHY. The Gaelic Alphabet has eighteen letters, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, l, m, n, o, p, r, s, t, u; of which five are vowels, a, e, i, o, u; the rest consonants.

OF VOWELS. A represents three different sounds; 1. a as in bar, as *càs*, predicament; short, as a in cat. The third sound is rather a peculiar one, being the short sound of ao (which see explained in the Key), and is generally before dh and gh, as *stadh*, agh, a *swalthe of grass*, a *heifer*,—in the articles and plural of nouns a sounds like u shut; as, an duine, un dùen'-aò, the man.

E has three different sounds; 1st, è like the Greek η, as pronounced in Scotland and on the Continent, or e long in *where*, whèr; 2d, sounds like ā in fame, as, rè an latha, *during the day*; 3d, e final has the sound of a (aù) in agh, a heifer, beannaichte, byann-èch-tyaò, *blessed*.

I sounds like ee in English when marked thus, ì, as sith, *sheeh*, peace; sinn, stretch, rìgh, rreeh, king; short, as ee in feet, bith, being, existence.

O has three different sounds both short and long; as o in lord, òl, drinking, gòrach, *foolish*; 2d, like o in fold; as, còs, a sponge, kòs—short when not marked; as, borb, *turbulent*; god, *toss the head*; 3d, lom, llòm, bare, like o in mote, a *particle of dust*. Before mh, and sometimes m and n, it has a nasal sound to which there is no similar sound in English. See the Key. o sounds aò or u shut in do, thy, mo, my,—(do, mo, should be du, mu).

U has four sounds long and short; long, as oo in moon; as, ùr, fresh, new; short, as, ugh, an egg, like oo in fool or u in bush. In gu, and rud, and cuthach, its shut sound, has, gaò, raòd, caò-huch. See Key.

DIPHTHONGS. There are thirteen of these, ai, ae, ao; ea, ei, eu; ia, io, iu; oi; ua, ui; of which, ao, eu, ia, ua, are always long;—ao, eu, are styled by our GRAMMARIANS, improper diphthongs, because, properly speaking, there are no diphthongs but themselves in the Gaelic, ia, &c. being

double sounds, (eā);—ae, never occurs but in Gael, a Highlander.

Ai sounds like i in *like*; or ãë. Ai sounds often aöë; as, gairm, a *call*, taibh, *bulls*, mairbh, *the dead*, airm, *arms*, gairbhe, *grosser*. The a in these and many other instances represents the short sound of ao, which is always long, as in *faobhar*, edge of a tool. It is, however, very often in this shape, very stupidly changed into o; as, clann, *clotinne*, faighidinn, *foighidinn*. By the bye, it is not using *us* in Argyle politely, to write this word foighidinn, seeing it is impossible to pronounce it fíjj-éj-ény², whereas others may, quite consistently, pronounce faighidinn, faò-éj-ény².

Ea like é; as, fear, fér or fé-ur (short), sometimes sounds ya; as, cealg, kyalag, *deceit*.

Ei is the short sound of eu generally, but sometimes sounds both vowels; as, fèidh, fäéy, *deer*; 2d, like ā; as, rèidh, rā, *plain*, level; but if spelt as it should be, reudh, there would be no occasion for making e thus, è.

Eo sounds yò; as ceò, *Kyaw*, mist.

Ia sounds eā; as fiar, (fëär,) oblique; but in cia, what? and lad, ia, is pronounced ā and è, kā, èd,—properly cè, eud.

Io generally sounds èu, the u being for the most part shut, as in under; as slor shè-ur or shè'r, ever; sometimes the io sounds like éu or ú of the French, as iongantas, éaöng-ant-as, *Wonder*. In some places the o is uniformly mispronounced ù,—hence such absurdities as grùthach for griobhach, grèv-ach, *the measles*.

Iu sounds ù or èü; as fiù, fū, or fëü; sometimes yū, as diùlt, dyùlt, *refuse*.

Oi is very apt to be mispronounced also,—hence, buin for boin, touch; uidhche for oidhche, *night*,—for the most part is mispronounced ù; as much for moch, early; fulbh for folbh, *go*; mult for molt, a *wedder*; uircean for oircean (or Toircean), a *pigling*; oi for the most part sounds both its vowels; thus, doigh, dôéy', method; sometimes it is used for ai; as goir for gair, gaur', crow as a cock; coinneal for cainneal,

a candle; sometimes the long sound of ai is improperly used for this; as maohais for maghais, maò-ash, procrastination or loitering in the fields; from magh, a plain.

Ua sounds both letters; as fuar, fùar, cold; before gh, th, dh, the a sometimes sounds aò; as sluagh, slùagh, a multitude.

Ao,—see ao in the Key.

Eu sounds both its letters properly, though said to be but one sound, like ā in fame,—see Key;—many words are spelt with eu in place of ia; thus ceud, a hundred, should be eiad, kēad, being the universal pronunciation:—also ceudna for ciadhna; also eu is mispronounced in many places ēa: as enu, ēau, in place of ē'n, a bird; seum, shēm, a petition, shēām; it has three sounds as at present retained in use,—thus, 1st, feum, fā-m or fā-um, need, use. 2d, beul, breug, feur, bé'll, brè'gg, fo'r, mouth, a lie; in these three words and others, e sounds like the Greek *η*, and u as in *ugly*, but pronounced quick.

TRIPHTHONGS are five; aoi, eoi, iai, uai, iui. They are pronounced often differently from the diphthongs from which they are derived;—thus, caoidh, kûéy', *to lament*; naoidh, núéy', *nine*, and not *naéy*, *naöey*'; they are all long,—occurring always in monosyllables and the first of polysyllables.

CONSONANTS are twelve in number; b, c, d, f, g, m, n, p, r, s, t, and h which is rather an aspiration; they have been classified thus,

Labials, b, f, m, p.

Palatals, c, g.

Dentals, d, t, s.

Linguals, l, n, r.

Of these b, c, d, f, g, m, p, s, t, are mutable or liable to be aspirated, in which state their simple or primary sound is either changed or lost; thus, staid, dh' fhan, pronounced stajj, ghan; bha, vrhâ, was, thuit, hüéjt, fell, &c.

LABIALS. B has a simple sound somewhat harder than b or p in English; as buain, shear; boin, touch; bh sounds like v; bhuaín, bhoin, *did shear, did touch*,—at the end of words, it is very wickedly murdered, in some places u; as searbh, sheru, in place of shervv, as properly pronounced in the Islands. In the middle of words it is often silent; as *soirbheas*, sôér-as, wind, success, easiness; *doirbheas*, dôér-as, *difficulty of accomplishment*.

F sounds as f in English; fh is silent except in fhuair, fhéin, hūáér, hāeo, *found, self*.

M the same as in English,—mh sounds v, never u, bh and mh initial, have a double sound; thus, a' bho, uv-vhó, his cow;

a bhalaich, uv-vhal-éch, *ye fellow, ye boor*; mh serves very often only to give a nasal sound to a o or o; not so in ràmh, tamh, ràv, tàv, au oar, rest; it is silent always in the prefix *comh*, but giving the nasal sound; also in dhomh, ghó, &c.

P sounds as in English, but f when aspirated—phaidh, fáéy', *did pay*.

PALATALS. C sounds like English K when initial; as ceann, kyaun, a head; *final* sounds ehg often; as, mac, machg, a son; tac, táchg, choke; ch sounds like χ Greek, or gh Irish, or ch in the surname Strachan, as the Scotch pronounce it.

G sounds as in English—for gh, see the Key.

DENTALS. D is more dental than the d in English; it is more a-kin to the Italian and French *d*; d preceded or followed by i sounds j or ch as in *child*; as, bhóid, vhöj, or vhöch, of Bute;—sounds g in the syllable achd, achg, dh initial sounds often like y, and sometimes like gh. See Key.

T sounds like the French or Italian *t* or *tt* initial; as, tamh, ttáv or uttáv almost; followed by i or e, it sounds like ch in *child* or *tí* in Christianity; as, teinn, tyäenn or cháënn', a *strait, predicament*; it is silent before h—thus, thoir, thalla, hóér, há'l-á, *give, come along*;—th final sounds generally h; as, sith, shéh *peace, fairy-like*.

S preceded or followed by i or e sounds sh; sean, shen, old; sion, shé'u, the blast; except is, uss, am, and; followed by d, t, l or n, it sounds nearly sh, or rather shj; as, stiúir, sjúir or ushtyuér, *steer, direct* slomh, shuév, *spin, snamh*, usnáv, *swim* sh initial sounds h; seòl, sàil, sheòl hjó'l, *did sail*.

LINGUALS. L has often a double sound, quite unlike any thing in English. The first l has this sound particularly; thus, tamh, a hand, sounds somewhat like llav or ulláv. This sound is very evident in the masculine genitive; thus, a litir, his letter, pronounced, ull-lé-tyér—again, a litir, her letter, pronounced, aò-lyét-tyér. It has the double sound followed by itself or a, o, u; as, fallan, *healthy*; lun, *full*;—ll either before or after e or i sounds as l in the English adjective *filial*, fè-lyal, or the Italian *gl*, or the French ll after ai, or gl in *seraglio*. Ll following a, o, or u, has a sound somewhat like ull, in *ultimate*, if you make the pronunciation dental instead of palatal.

2d, N sounds like the first n in opinion, ò-pény²nyun, or ò-p-ény²un, when preceded or followed by i or e; as, nigh, nyéh, *wash*; linn, llyénny', a *generation*; binn, bbénny', *melodious*. The e preceded ing a, ever gives this sound to the n; thus,

Ailpean, *Binnean*, *Cuilean*, *Ailp-ány'*, *Bénny'-ány'*, *Kú'l-ány'*, Alpine, a pinnacle, a whelp. Even in the genitive, the nasal sound of the *a* is retained though the very *a* is thrown out.—*Ailpein*, *Binnein*, *A'lp-áén'*, *bénn-áén'*, owing to the very absurd adherence, in every instance to the rule, *coal*, *ri coal*, &c.;—there is no rule without exception, and why not write these and similar nouns, *Ailpain*, *Cuilain*, *Binneain*. *2d*, *n* has a double initial sound, to which there is no similar sound in English; *nuadh*, *unnúá* or *unúágh*. This occurs in verbs in the imperative or masculine adjectives, the *n* being followed by *a*, *o*, or *u*. *3d*, *n* sounds *r* when followed by *m* or *c*, the object being to give the nasal sound to the vowel characteristic; *cnaimh*, *kráév* or *kréiv*, a bone; *mnà*, *mrta*, of a woman; *mánran* *màrr-an*, *dandering*,—lastly, when the next word begins with *c* or *g*, *an* and *nan*, the article sounds *ung* and *nung*; as *nan con*, of the dogs, *nung kon*; *an comh-naidh*, *ung kòn-nnè*, *habitually*.

R. *1st*, sounds like *r* in English; *2d*, preceded or followed by *i*, it has the French sound similarly placed; *còir*, *kóry'*, worthy, &c. Like the French, it has an initial double sound; thus, *A righ*, *ur-rèh*, *O king!*

H is rather a singular letter; it is used either expressed or understood, in almost every syllable of the Gaelic, and yet has no place in a genuine Celt's alphabet.

II. PARTS OF SPEECH. There are nine parts of speech; article, adjective, noun, pronoun, verb, *declinable*; *2d*, adverb, preposition, interjection, and conjunction, *indeclinable*. *1st*, The article is declined by gender, number, and case; and hence the reason, that this trifling thing has hitherto almost defied us, the Lexicographers, to define in our Dictionaries, otherwise than by styling it every thing that it is not.

Singular.

Plural.

Mas.	Fem.	Mas. and Fem.
Nom. An, am	an a'	na
Gen. An, a'	na,	nan, nam
Dat. An, a'	an a'	na

N.B. See An, am, a', articles in the Dictionary.

GENDERS are two, masculine and feminine: *1st*, nouns signifying males, the young of animals, as *lough*, *calf*, whether males or females, nouns having *o* in the last syllable; as *ceò*, *mist*, *soc*, *share*, are masculine; also, diminutives in *an*, abstracts in *as*, derivatives in *iche*, *air*, &c. and native trees, are masculine; as, *camán*, *club* or *bandy*, *ceartas*, *justice*, *marache*, a *seaman*, *dorsair*, a *door-keeper*, an *darach*, the *oak-tree*, are masculine; likewise, nouns having *a*, *o*, or *u*, for their characteristic, for the

most part, are masculine; as, *beachd*, *idea*, *judgment*, *bùchd*, *bulk*, *roc*, a *sunk rock*, &c.

FEMININES. Names signifying females, as *màthair*, a *mother*; names of countries, as, an *Fhraing*, an *Dùidse*, *France*, *Holland*, *Éirinn*, *Ireland*; names of musical instruments, as, *òirinn-òirinn*, *piano-forte*, *cruit*, a *harp*, *piob*, *bagpipes*, nouns ending in *aid*; as, *neasgaid*, *staid*, a *boil*, a *slate*; also derivatives in *achd*; as, *firinteachd*, *righteousness*, derivatives in *ag*; as, *nioghnag*, a *lass*, and abstracts in *e*, as *doille gile*, *blindness*, *whiteness*, from *dall*, *blind*, and *geal*, *white*, are feminine; also nouns sometimes adjectives in *ach* are feminine; as, *gruagach*, a *damsel*, an *spàgach*, the *splay-footed lady*, a' *mhùrlach*, the *woman with the ugly head of hair*, &c.

OBSERVATIONS. *Oganach*, a *young man*, *òlach*, a *curious fellow*, and many others ending in *ach* are masculine; also names of diseases ending in *ach* are feminine; as, a' *bhùidheach*, the *jaundice*, a' *ghriobhach*, the *measles*; also, an *triogh*, a' *bhreach*, the *hooping-cough*, the *small-pox*, are feminine. Many nouns of one syllable in *au*, as, *cuach*, *bruach*, *tuadh*, a *drinking cup*, a *bank*, a *hatchet*, are feminine.

Lastly, Some nouns are masculine in the nominative, and feminine in the genitive; as, *Cruinne*, the *globe of the earth*, *talamh*, *land*, the *earth*; *gu crìch na talmhainn*, to the extremity of the earth; *aghaidh*, *na cruinne*, the *face of the globe*; an *talamh*, the *earth*, the *globe*, masculine. *Boirionnach*, a *female*, *bàta*, a *boat*, and *mart*, a *cow*—set all rules at defiance.

DECLENSIONS AND NUMBERS. Though Gaelic Grammar naturally divides itself into six declensions, having that number of various modes of forming the genitive, yet grammarians have restricted themselves to two declensions. *1st*, Nouns having their characteristic vowels, *a*, *o*, *u*, forming the first; *2d*, Nouns whose last vowels are *e* or *i*, the second; which arrangement we, in the mean time, pretty nearly follow, meaning at some future period, to make a distinct *Treatise on Gaelic Grammar*. Nothing, indeed, can be more ludicrous than to see, even the ACUTE and LEARNED DR. ARMSTRONG gravely stating, that the verb has three Tenses, PRESENT, past, and future, though he, in common with his PREDECESSORS, has forgotten to give an instance of a PRESENT TENSE, for the COGENT REASON, that there is no SUCH THING in the language. Quite of piece with this, is the FIRST and second DECLENSION, and the VERB governing the nominative in place of the accusative.

1st DECLENSION, ACCORDING TO THE RE-

CEIVED MODE. 1st, General Rule. Nouns of the first declension, form the genitive by inserting *i* before the last letter; as, *padhadh*, thirst, a' phadhaidh, of the thirst; but feminines of one syllable add a final *e* commonly; as, *slat*, a rod, *cluas*, an ear, *lámh*, hand, *s'aite*, cluaise, *laimhe*, of a rod, of an ear, of a hand.

2d RULE. Nouns ending in *a*, *o*, *u*, *e*, *achd*, *eachd*, *iochd*, have their genitive alike, *i. e.* are indeclinable in the sing.; as, *trà*, a time, meal of meat; *crò*, a pen, a fold; *chlù*, fame, character; *duine*, a man, *beann-achd*, blessing; *beachd*, opinion, *lochd*, mercy.—*bo*, *cu*, &c. are irregular, and are, with all other anomalies, to be found nom. and gen. in their respective places in the Dictionary.

3d RULE. Nouns of one syllable ending in *dh*, *gh*, *th*, *um*, *rr*, take a final in the gen.; as, *stadh*, *bladh*, *stays*, *swathe* of grass, substance, *stadha*, *bladha*; *rath*, prosperity, *ratha*, *cath*, fight, *catha*; *ceum*, step, *ceuma*; *geum*, low, *geuma*; *barr*, *barra*, crop.

4th RULE. Nouns of one syllable in *ul*, *ur*, *us*, and *eun*, change *u* into *oi*; as, *beul*, *beoil*, mouth; *feur*, *feoir*, grass; *leas*, torch, *leois*; *deur*, *deoir*, tears; *meur*, *meoir*, fingers; *eun*, *coin*, birds; *geadh*, a goose, has *geoidh*, geese, *neul*, cloud, *wink*, *neoil*; *sgèul*, news, tale, *sgèoil*; also *leud*, breadth, *leoid*.

5th RULE. Words of one syllable in *ia*, change *ia* into *èi*; as, *iasg*, *èisg*, fish; *dias*, *dèis*, an ear of corn; *ciall*, sense, *cèill*; *c'iaibh*, the chest, pannier, *clèibh*, *cliaith*, *c'èith*, or *clèidh*, a shoal of fish, a harrow, a hurdle; *fiadh*, *fèidh*, a deer, *grian*; *grèine*, the sun; *iall*, *èille*, a thong; *sgìadh*, *sgèidh*, a wing, a shield; *sliabh*, *sleibh*, a tract of moorland, a hill; *Dia*, *Dè* and *Dèidh*, God, —*sliosaid* has *sleisde*, a thigh; *biadh*, food, has *bidh* in Perthshire, but for the most part in Argyle, *bidhich*; *sgian*, a knife, has *sginne*.

6th RULE. Words of one syllable whose vowels are *a*, *o*, or *u*, change them into *ui*; as, *àld*, a mountain stream, a ravine, *ùild*; *moll*, chaff, *mùill*; *alt*, a joint, *uilt*; but *alt*, method, is indeclinable; *bolg*, bellows; *bag*, *builg*; *ball*, a rope, an article, a spot, *bùill*; *caig*, awn, *cùig*; *car*, a turn, movement, *cuir*; *carn*, a heap of stones, *cuirn*; *clag*, a bell, *cluig*; *falt*, hair of the head, *fuill*; *molt*, a wedder, *nuilt*; *gob*, a beak, a bill, *guib*; *long*, a three-masted ship, *luinge*; *lorg*, a shepherd's staff; a trace, *luirg*; *òrd*, a sledge-hammer, *ùird*; *poll*, *mirce*, *puill*; *sonn*, a hero, *suinn*; *bonn*, a piece of money, the sole of the foot, &c. *buinn*; *toll*, a hole, *tuill*; *fonn*, an air, land, *fuinn*; *òl*, drink, has *òil*; all nouns end-

ing in *on*, are formed according to the general rule; as, *bròn*, sorrow, *bròin*; *ròn*, a seal, *ròin*; *geòn*, *geòin*, avidity; *seòl*, a sail, a way, has *stuit*; *ceòl*, music, has *ciuil*; some nouns in *io* lose *o* in the genitive; as, *ciòch*, nipple, *breast*, *elche*; *crioch*, criche, an end, *march*; *llon*, *lin*, a net, *lint*; *siol*, *sìl*, seed, oats; *slon*, blast, *sìne*; *o* before *g* in monosyllables add *i*, after the *o*, and *e* final; as, *fròg*, *fròige*, a dark ugly hole; *cròg*, *cròige*, a large hand; *bròg*, *bròige*, a shoe, a hoof; some nouns in *lo* add *a*; as, *bior*, a prickle, *biora*; *crios*, girdle, final, *criosa*; *fion*, wine, *fiona*.

To these rules there are few exceptions; *rainn* or *roinn*, a peninsula, *ranna*; *mathair*, *athair*, *seanair*, mother, father, grand-father, lose the *i*, *mathar*, &c.; so do all their compounds, such as *seannmhair*, *piuthar*, *athar*, *grandmother*, *maternal* aunt; *piuthar* has *peathar*; *leanabh*, *leinibh*; *talamh*, earth, *talmhainn*; *leaba*, *leabaidh*, a bed, has *leapa*; *gobhar*, a goat, has *goibhre*; *gobha* and *gobhainn*, a blacksmith, has *goibhne*. There is a number that form their genitive by *ach* or *rach*; as, *saothair*, toil, trouble, *saoithreach*; *cathair*, a chair, *caithreach*; *brea*, a trout, has *brice*; *cearc*, a hen, has *circe*; *ceann*, head, has *cinn*; *meann*, a kid, has *minn*; *peann*, a pen, has *pinn*; *leac*, a flag, has *lice*; *gleann*, a glen, a valley, has *glinn*; *meall*, a lump, mill; *geall*, a pledge, gill; *meall*, mill, *bumps*; *elach*, a stone, has *cloiche*; *cas*, a foot, has *coise*; *abhainn*, a river, has *aibhne*; *buidh-cann*, a bend, has *buidhne*; *mac*, a son, has *mìc*; *fear*, a man, husband, has *fìr*,—all these exceptions to the rules laid down, are to be found in their proper places in the Dictionary—each of polysyllables, is always changed into *ich* in the genitive; as *fìth-each*, *fìthich*, of a raven.

DATIVE. 1st. Nouns masculine have their dative and nom. sing. alike—the dative feminine is like the genitive. *Tobar*, nom. sing. mas. dative *tobar*;—*misneach*, nom. fem. gen. and dat. *mìsnich*.

NOTE. The dative fem. is like the nom. when the genitive is formed by contraction; as, *piuthar*, nom. and dat. genitive *peathar*; *sitheann*, venison; genitive *sithne*; dat. *sitheann*, like the nom. 2d, Words of one syllable drop *e* from the genitive; as, *cluas*, lamb, nom.; gen. *cluaise*, *laimhe*; dative, *cluais*, *laimh*. The accusative is sometimes like the nom. and sometimes like the genitive in Gaelic.

VOCATIVE. The vocative sing. of mas. monosyllables, is the genitive aspirated; as,

Nom. Cu, dog	Gen. coin	Voc. choin
Barð	baird	bhaird

2d RULE. Nouns *mas.* beginning with a vowel have their *voc.* and *gen.* alike; as, *nom. ord.* a hammer, *gen. ùird*, *voc. ùird*; *nom.* amaid, a female fool, *gen.* and *voc.* amaid; *nom. oganach*, young man, *gen.* and *voc. oganaich*. **3d.** Feminine nouns form their *vocative* by aspirating their *nominative*; as, *nom.* gealach, moon, *voc. ghealach*, O moon! *nom.* grian, the sun, *voc. ghrian*, O sun!

PLURAL NUMBER. The *nominative plural* is formed from the *nominative singular* by adding *an* (sometimes by way of surprising people by *ā*); as, *srad*, a spark of fire, *sradan*, sparks; *rioghachd*, a kingdom; *rioghachdan*, kingdoms.

SPECIAL RULES NOM. PL. **1st.** A few dissyllables in *ach*, form the *nom. plural* from the *gen. sing.* in *aich* by adding *ean*; as,

<i>Nom. Sing.</i>	<i>Gen. Sing.</i>	<i>Nom. Plur.</i>
CLARSACH,	Clarsaich,	Clarsaichean.
MULLACH,	Mullaich,	Mullaichean.

2d. For the most part nouns in *aich*, in the *genitive sing.* may have their *nom. plural* alike; as, *oglach*, a young man; *gen. sing.* and *nominative plural oglaich*, of a young man or of young men.

3d. Nouns in *ar* form their *plural* by throwing away the *ar* and adding *raichean*; as, *tobar*, a well; *piuthar*, a sister; *leobhar*, a book; *lobraichean*, wells; *peathraichean*, sisters; *leobhraichean*, books; *latha*, a day, has *lathèan*; *leaba*, a bed, has *leapaichean*.

4th RULE. Nouns that change *ea* into *i*, in the *genitive sing.*, have the *nom. pl.* like the *gen. sing.*; as, *fear*, fir, men or of a man; *meall*, mill, lumps; *geall*, gill, pledges; *ceann*, cinn, heads; *meann*, minn, kids; *peann*, pinn, pens, except *beann*, a hill, *beanntan*, hills; *gleann*, a valley, has *glènn*, and *gleanntan*, valleys; *sliabh*, has *sleibhteann*, hills' sides; *sabhall*, has *saibhlean*, barns; *bo*, a cow, has *ba*, cows, in Argyle—in Perth, *crodh*; some has *tan*, but very few; *reul*, a star, has *reultan*, stars; *lìon*, a net, a snare, has *lìontan*, nets; *gnìomh*, a deed, act, has *gnìomharan* and *gnìomhan*; as the *plural* of overseer, *gnìomhtan* or *grìmh*.

5th RULE. Words of one syllable has for the most part the *nom. plur.* like the *genitive singular*; as, *clag*, a bell, *cluig*, bells; *ball*, *buil*, spots, articles; *balls*; *bolg*, *bulg*, bellows, bags, walnuts; *cat*, *cuit* or *cait*, cats; *ceard*, *ceàird* and *ceardan*, tinkers; *sloc*, a pit, *stuit*, pits; *soc*, *suic*, shares; *toll*, *tuill*, holes;—some have two plurals; *màll*, *rent*, *màill* and *malta*; *baile*, *bailean*, towns; *canua*, a can, *canuichean*, cans.

GENITIVE PLURAL is like the *nominative sing.* in *monosyllables*; as, *bàrd*, a poet, *gen. pl. nam bard*, of the poets; except *bean*, a woman; *nam ban*, of the women; *cu*, a dog, *nan con*, of the dogs; *bo*, a cow, *nam bò*, (*pro. baw*, and *nom. sing. bā*), of the cows; *coara*, a sheep, *nan coaraich*, of the sheep; *sluagh*, a multitude, *nan sluagh*, of the multitudes, (*nan slogh* is nonsense); **2d.** also dissyllables that have *ean* in the *nom. pl.* have the same in the *gen. pl.*; as, *nom.* and *gen. plural*, *leapaichean*, *leobhraichean*, *tobhraichean*, beds, or of beds; books, or of books; wells, or of wells.

DATIVE PLURAL of words of one syllable, ends in *aibh* or *ibh*, excepting words ending in *bh* or *mh*, in which case, the *dative* is like the *nominative plural*; hence the absurdity of writing *na marbhaibh* in place of *mairbh*, tarbhaibh for *tairbh*. **Note.**—By way of being supertine in Gaelic scholarship, the best Celtic scholars write the tail *aibh*, supposing it were as long as your arm! **2d.** *dative plural* is derived from the *nom. plural*, when formed by *tean* or *tan*; as, *beanntan*, hills, *beanntaibh*, to the hills; *sleibhteann*, hill sides, *sleibhtibh*, *dative*. In like manner, *Cuantan*, *Cuantaibh*, *Oceans*; *fiadh*, a deer, has *feidh* in *nom.* and *dat. plural*; some prefer *sìgh* to *slauigh*, but we never used it; *baibh*, a fury, *damh*, an ox, a bullock; *ràmh*, an oar, *tàmh*, rest, have their *nominatives* and *datives plural* alike, *daimh*, &c. *Math*, a personage, has *Maithibh* in *nom.* and *dative plural*; *thàinig maithibh Bhaile-clìath mach 'nar coineamh*, the principal people of Dublin came out to meet us,—*Legend*.

VOCATIVE PLURAL is the *nom. plu.* aspirated; as, *beanntan*, hills, *bheanntan*, O hills! It is proper enough to write *bheannta* in the *vocative*, though very questionable as a *nom. plural*, compounds alone excepted; *caora-madaidh*, dog-berries, *caora-feulain*, ivy-berries; but always *caoran*, elder-berries, or berries generally.

There are some irregular nouns, such as, *bean*, a woman; *cu*, dog; *bo*, cow, which shall be declined at large.

SECOND DECLENSION. Though we have followed the arrangement of Armstrong and Stewart, for the most part, yet it is obvious to any person, that the classification of nouns given here, divides into six families or different modes of forming the *genitive*. See *Declension*.

Under the Second Declension, is classed all nouns having their last vowel *i*, and sometimes *e* final, and whose *genitive* is like the *nominative*, or is irregularly formed.

1st RULE. Nouns masculine of more than one syllable, whose last vowel is *i* or *e*, have the *genitive* like the *nominative*; as, *aimsir, f. weather*; *gen. in e* and *aimsireach*; *cealgair, a hypocrite*; *cladhaire, a coward* or *hero*; *gealltair, a coward*; *figheadair, a weaver*; *aimsreadair, a weather-glass*; *gruagadair, a barber*; *briathradair, a dictionary*; *elachair, a mason*; *crochadair, a hangman*; *eunadair, a fowler*; *deanadair, a doer* or *agent*.

2d RULE. Words of one syllable add *e* to the *nom.*; as, *ainm, a name, ainme*; *aire, a strail, aircce*; *àirc, an ark, àircce*; *elaise* or *clais, a furrow, claise*; *buil, result, successful termination, buite*; *tuil, a flood, tuile*.

1st Exception, *dàil, delay, credit*, has *dàllach*, or *dàlach*; *sàil, heel, sàlach*; *làir, lárach, a mare*; *dail, a meadow* or *plain*, *dalach*; but *sàil, salt-water*, has *saille*; *sùil, an eye*, has *sùla* and *sùlach*; *muir, sea*, has *mara*; *driom, a back, ridge*, has *droma*; *cuid, part*, has *codach*; *truid, a starling*, *smùid, a column of smoke*, *eruit, a harp*, follow sometimes the General Rule, and at other times *nom.* and *gen.* are the same. *Foail, flesh*, has *feòla*; *sròin, a nose, sròna*, and *sròine*; *mòine, peat-moss, mòna, mònach*, and *mòine*; *tòn, bottom, tòn* and *tòin*.

3d RULE. Feminine nouns of two syllables, in *air*, change *air* into *rach*; as, *cathair, cathrach, chair, gig*; *machair, machrach, a green extensive beach*; *saothair, toil, trouble, saothreach*; *nathair, a serpent, nathrach*; *faighir, a fair, faighreach*; *staighir, a stair, staighreach*; *còir, right*, has also, *còrach*; likewise, *mathair, mother*, has *mathar*; *piuthar* has *peuthar* and *piuthair*; *athair, father, athar*; *bràthair, bràthar, srathair, srathach*.

DINNEIR or **DINDEIR** has its *genitive* in *e* or *earach*; as, *dinneire* or *dinneireach*—so have *suiper, a supper*, and *inneir, dung*.

NI, RIGH, BRIGH, SITH RÈ, TÈ, TETHICH, have their *nom.* and *gen.* alike; but the following form their *genitives* irregularly; thus,

Nom.	Gen.
ABHAINN, <i>f. river</i> ,	Aibhne.
BANAIS, <i>f. wedding</i> ,	Bainnse.
COLLUNN, <i>f. body</i> ,	Cola, coluinne.
DUTHAICH, <i>f. a country</i> ,	Dùthcha.
FIACAIL, <i>f. a tooth</i> ,	Fiacla, fiacall.
GAMHAINN, <i>m. a steer</i> ,	Gamhna.
GUALLAINN, <i>f. a shoulder</i> ,	Gnaille, guaitne.
MAIDINN, <i>f. morning</i> ,	Maidne.
OBAIR, <i>f. a work</i> ,	Oibre, oibreach.
UILINN, <i>an elbow</i> ,	Uille, uikne.

DATIVE singular is like the *nominative*.

VOCATIVE singular is like the *nom.* when the nouns begin with a vowel—with a consonant, it is aspirated.

PLURAL NUMBER. **1st**, The *nom. plural* is formed from the *nom. singular* by adding *ean*; as, *cealgair, cealgairean, deceivers, &c.*

SPECIAL RULE. **1st**, Nouns forming their *genitives* irregularly, take their *plural* from the *genitives*; as,

Nom. Sing.	Gen. Sing.	Nom. Plu.
ABHAINN, <i>f.</i>	Aibhne,	Aibhnichean.
BANAIS, <i>f.</i>	Bainnse,	Bainnsean.
DUTHAICH, <i>f.</i>	Dùthcha,	Dùthchannan.
GAMHAINN, <i>m.</i>	Gamhna,	Gamhnan-na.
FIACHAILL, <i>f.</i>	Fiacla,	Fiaclan-an.
GUALAINN, <i>f.</i>	Gnaille,	Gnaillean, &c.
MAIDINN, <i>f.</i>	Maidne,	Maidnean.
NAMHAID, <i>m.</i>	Naimhde,	Naimhdean.
UILLINN, <i>f.</i>	Uilne, &c.	Uillean, uillean.

Caraid, a friend, has *Cairdean, friends*; sometimes, *aibhnean* and *uillean* also.

2d RULE. Nouns forming their *genitives* in *ach*, from *air*, form the *plural* by changing *ach* into *aich* and adding *ean*; as, *cathair, cathrach, caithrichean, chairs*; *lasair, lasraichean, machair, machraichean, beaches*; *measair, measraichean, dishes*; *nathair, nathraichean, serpents*:—*athair, father*; *mathair, mother*; *piuthar, sister*; &c. have *athraichean, fathers*; *maithrichean, mothers*; *nathraichean, serpents*, &c. *Cridhe, heart*, has *cridheachan*; *uisge, water*, has *uisgeachean, waters*; *cuid* has *codachean*.

3d RULE. Nouns in *eil, aile, ail, aile, ain, ein*, and *e*, for the most part add *lean*; *feill, féilltean, festivals*; *lèine, léintean, shirts*; *sàil, sàiltean, heels*; *càin, càintean, fines*; *dàil, dàiltean, delays*; *smointean, thoughts*; *baile, bailtean, towns*; *aithne, àithntean* and *futhanntan, commands*; *coille, coilltean, woods*; *failte, failtean, welcome*; but *fail* has *faillean, pallets, sties*; *caile* has *cailean, girls*; *sail, sàiltean, logs*.

4th RULE. Nouns in *uil, uile*, form their *plural* by *ean*, and sometimes by *tean*; as, *fuil, fuiltean*; *tuil, tuiltean*; *cuil, cuilt-ean, bloods, floods, corners*; *sùil, an eye*, has *sùilean*; *buille, a blow, buillean*

IRREGULARS.

Singular.	Plural.
Bo, <i>a cow</i> .	Ba, <i>cows</i> .
Cu, <i>a dog</i> .	Coin.
Fear, <i>a man</i> .	Fir, <i>men, husbands</i> .
Bean, <i>a wife</i> .	Mnà, <i>mothers</i> .
Nì, <i>a thing</i> .	Nithean (uichean).
Rìgh, <i>a king</i> .	Rìghre, <i>rightrean</i> .

Gen. Plur. Many words of one or more syllables have their *genitive* like the *nominative* singular and *plural*. **Nì, a thing**, has *nom.* and *gen. plur* *nithe, nitheannan* *rìgh, king*, has *rìghre, rightrean*.

FEMININE POLYSYLLABLES have commonly their nominatives and genitives plural alike; as, *linntean, generations*, or of *generations*; *crìdheachean, hearts*, or of *hearts*; *dùil, element*, has *dùill*,—*Dia nan dùil, the God of the elements*; all these irregularities are met with in their respective places in the Dictionary.

DATIVE AND VOCATIVE PLURAL. Words of one syllable form their *datives* by adding *ibh*—in all other cases they are like the nom.; the voc. being the aspirate form—*Cailleach-an, nuns*; *O chailleachan! O nuns!*

SEX BY THREE WAYS.

1st, By different Words.

Males.	Females.
Fleasgach, <i>st. ipling.</i>	Gruagach, <i>caillinn.</i>
Rìgh, <i>king.</i>	Banrighinn, <i>queen.</i>
Balach, <i>boy; boor.</i>	Caille, <i>girl; quean.</i>
Balachan, <i>boy.</i>	Calleag, <i>little girl.</i>
Boc, <i>buck.</i>	Eilid, <i>roe.</i>
Oide, <i>godfather, &c.</i>	Muime, <i>godmother.</i>
Coileach, <i>cock.</i>	Cearc, <i>hen.</i>
Athair, <i>father.</i>	Mathair, <i>mother.</i>
Dràc, tràc, <i>drake.</i>	Tunnag, <i>duck.</i>
Gille, <i>man-servant.</i>	Searbhanta, <i>maid.</i>
Fear, <i>man, husband.</i>	Bean, <i>woman, wife.</i>
Duine, <i>man, individual.</i>	Tè, <i>woman, individual.</i>
Oganaich, òigear, <i>young man.</i>	òigh, <i>virgin, lass.</i>
Tarbh, <i>bull.</i>	Bò, <i>mart, cow.</i>
Cù, <i>dog.</i>	Galla, <i>bitch.</i>
Each, <i>horse.</i>	Capull, <i>mare.</i>
Cullach, <i>hoar.</i>	Muc, <i>sow.</i>
Bràthair, <i>brother.</i>	Piuthair, <i>sister.</i>
Reith, <i>ram.</i>	Coara, <i>sheep.</i>
Muc, <i>sow.</i>	Nighean, <i>daughter.</i>
Gannra, <i>gander.</i>	Gèadh, <i>goose.</i>

SECOND AND THIRD METHOD is by prefixing *ban* and *banna* and *bain*; as, *Tigh-earn, Lord, proprietor*; *baintighearna, a lady, proprietor's lady*; *prionnsa, prince*; *banna-phrionnsa, princess*: Thirdly, by subjoining *fìrionn, male*, and *boirionn, female*; as, *uan fìrionn, uan boirionn, a he-lamb, a she-lamb.*

EXAMPLES OF THE SEVERAL NOUNS.

1st, Nouns of one syllable.

BARD, a poet.

Singular.	Plural.
N. Bàrd, <i>a poet.</i>	Baird, <i>poets.</i>
G. Bhàird, <i>of a poet.</i>	Bard, <i>of poets.</i>
D. Bàrd, <i>to a poet.</i>	Bhardaibh, <i>to poets.</i>
V Bhàird, <i>O poet.</i>	Bhardaibh, <i>poets.</i>

FEAR, a man.

Singular.	Plural.
N. Fear, <i>a man.</i>	Fir, <i>fearaibh, men.</i>
G. Fir, <i>of a man.</i>	Fear, <i>fearaibh.</i>
D. Fhear, <i>to a man.</i>	Fearaibh, <i>to men.</i>
V. Fhìr, <i>O man.</i>	Fheara, <i>fhearaibh.</i>

The nominative and dative plural of surnames, are alike.

SAME NOUN WITH THE ARTICLE.

Singular.	Plural.
N. Am fear.	Na fir, <i>fearaibh.</i>
G. An fhir.	Nam fear, <i>fearaibh.</i>
D. An 'n fhear.	Na fearaibh, <i>to the.</i>

A' CHLUAS, the ear, feminine.

A' chluas, <i>the ear.</i>	Na cluasan, <i>the ears.</i>
Na cluaise, <i>of the ear.</i>	Nan cluas, <i>of the ears.</i>
An 'n cluais, <i>to the ear.</i>	Na cluasaidh, <i>to the ears.</i>

COILEACH, a cock, masculine, two syll.

Coileach, <i>a cock.</i>	Coilich, <i>cocks.</i>
Choilich, <i>of a cock.</i>	Coileach, <i>of cocks.</i>
Coileach, <i>to a cock.</i>	Coilich, <i>to cocks.</i>

AN COILEACH, the cock.

An coileach, <i>the cock.</i>	Na coilich, <i>the cocks.</i>
G. A' choilich, <i>of the cock.</i>	Nan coileach, <i>of the cocks.</i>
D. An 'n choileach, <i>to the cock.</i>	Na coilich <i>to the cocks.</i>

DORUS, a door, masculine.

N. Dorus, <i>a door.</i>	Dorsan, <i>doors.</i>
G. Doruis, <i>of a door.</i>	Dorsan, <i>of doors.</i>
D. Dorus, <i>to a door.</i>	Dorsaibh, <i>to doors.</i>
V. Dhoruis, <i>O door!</i>	Dhorsan, <i>O doors!</i>

AN DORUS, the door.

An dorus, <i>the door.</i>	Na dorsan, <i>the doors.</i>
An doruis, <i>of the door.</i>	Nan dorsa, <i>of the doors.</i>
An 'n dorus, <i>to the door.</i>	Na dorsaibh, <i>to the doors.</i>

BUACHAILL, a herd, masculine.

Buachail, <i>a herd.</i>	Bhuachaillean, <i>herds.</i>
Bhuachail, <i>of a herd.</i>	Buachail, <i>of herds.</i>
Bhuachail, <i>to a herd.</i>	Bhuachaillean, <i>to herds!</i>
Bhuachail, <i>O herd!</i>	Bhuachaillean, <i>O herds!</i>

AM BUACHAILL, the herd.

Am buachail, <i>the herd.</i>	Na buachaillean, <i>the herds.</i>
A' bhuachail, <i>of the herd.</i>	Nam buachail, <i>the herds.</i>
An 'n bhuachail, <i>to the herd.</i>	Na buachaillean, <i>to the herds.</i>
Bhuachail, <i>O herd.</i>	Bhuachaillean-aibh, <i>O herds.</i>

FIABHRAS, fever, mas.

Fiabhras, <i>fever.</i>	
Fhiabhrais, <i>of a fever.</i>	
Fhiabhrais, <i>to a fever.</i>	
Fhiabhrais, <i>O fever!</i>	

AM FAIDH, *the prophet*, mas.

Am fàidh, <i>the prophet</i> .	Na fàidhean, <i>the prophets</i> .
An fhàidh, <i>of the prophet</i> .	Nam fàidhean fadh, <i>of the prophets</i> .
An 'n fhàidh, <i>to the prophet</i> .	Na fàidhibh, <i>to the prophets</i> .
Am fàidh, <i>O the prophet</i> .	O fhaidhean, <i>O prophets</i> .

NOTES. 1st, That nouns having the article, beginning with *s*, and followed by *t*, *n*, *r*, or a vowel, insert *t* between the article and the *gen.* and *dative singular*; 2d, That nouns *masculine* beginning with a vowel, insert *t* in the *nom. sing.*; nouns *feminine* insert *h* in the *genitive singular*; and also in the *nominative* and *dative plural* before the article. See *sop* and *sluagh* declined. 3d, That nouns *masculine*, beginning with a vowel, insert *t* between the article and the *nominative singular*, and *h* between the article and the *nominative* and *dative plural*. 4th, Nouns *feminine* with the article, beginning with a vowel, insert *h* between the article and the *genitive singular* and *nominative* and *dative plural*. See *oiteag* declined.

SOP, *a straw or wisp*—*s* before a vowel.

An sop, <i>the straw</i> .	Na suip, <i>the straws</i> .
An t-suip, <i>of the</i>	Nan sop, <i>of the</i>
An t-sop, <i>to the straw</i> .	Na sòpaibh, <i>to the</i>
O shuip, <i>O straw</i> .	Na suip, <i>O the</i>

Without the article, N. sop, G. suip, D. shup, V. shuip.—Plu. suip, sop, sòpaibh, shuip.

AN SLUAGH, *host or multitude*—*s* before *l*, *n*, *r*.

An sluagh, <i>a host</i> .	Na sluaigh, <i>the hosts</i>
An t-sluaigh, <i>of the</i>	Nan sluagh, <i>of the</i>
An 'n t-sluaigh, <i>to the host</i> .	Na sluaigh, <i>to the hosts</i> .

Without the article, N. sluaigh, G. sluaigh, D. sluagh, shluagh.—V. sluaigh, sluagh, N. sluaigh, G. shluagh.

IASG, *a fish*.—Note Second.

An t-iasg, <i>the fish</i> .	Na h-iasgan, <i>the fishes</i>
An éisg, <i>of the fish</i> .	Nan iasg, <i>of the fishes</i> .
An 'n iasg, <i>to the fish</i> .	Na h-iasgaibh, <i>to the fishes</i> .

OITEAG, *a blast of wind*.—Note Fourth.

An oiteag, <i>the blast</i> .	Na h-oiteagan, <i>the</i>
Na h-oiteig, <i>of the</i>	Nan oiteag, <i>of the</i>
An 'n oiteig, <i>to the blast</i> .	Na h-oiteagan, <i>to the blasts</i> .

TRA, *meal of meat, time*.—Rule First. (*Genitive*).

Trà, <i>meal</i> .	Trathannan-an, <i>meals</i> .
Trà, <i>of a meal</i> .	Trà, <i>of meals</i> .
Trà, <i>to a meal</i> .	Trathaibh, <i>to meals</i> .
Thrà, <i>O meal!</i>	Thrathaibh, <i>O meals</i> .

PAIDHEADH, *pay*;—*gen. idh*, beginning with a mutable.

Paidheadh, <i>pay</i> .	Seldom used in
Phàidhidh, <i>of pay</i> .	the plural.
Phaidheadh, <i>to pay</i> .	
Phàidhidh, <i>O pay!</i>	

BARR, *crop*;—nouns *adh*, *agh*, *rr*, &c.

Bàrr, <i>a crop</i> .	Barranan, <i>crops</i> .
Bharra, <i>of a crop</i> .	Bàrr, <i>of crops</i> .
Bharr, <i>to a crop</i> .	Bharraibh, <i>to crops</i> .
Bharr, <i>O crop</i> .	Bharraibh, <i>O crops</i> .

AN T-EACH, <i>the horse</i> ,— <i>ea</i> changed into <i>ei</i> .	
An t-each, <i>the horse</i>	Na h-eich, <i>the horses</i>
An eich, <i>of the horse</i>	Nan each, <i>of the</i>
An 'n each, <i>to the</i>	Na h-eich, <i>to the</i>
Eich, <i>O horse</i> .	Na h-eich, eachaibh, <i>O the horses</i> .

MEALL, *a lump*,—*ea* changed into *i*.

Meall, <i>a lump</i> .	Mill, <i>lumps</i> .
Mill, <i>of a lump</i> .	Meall, <i>of lumps</i> .
Mheall, <i>to a lump</i> .	Mill, meallaibh.
Mhill, <i>O lump</i> .	Meallaibh, <i>O lumps</i> .

CEARC, <i>a hen</i> , add <i>e</i> ,— <i>so breac, gleann, leac</i> .	
Cearc, <i>a hen</i> .	Cearcan, <i>hens</i> .
Circe, <i>of a hen</i> .	Cearc, <i>of hens</i> .
Chirc, <i>to a hen</i> .	Cearcaibh, <i>to hens</i> .
Chearc, <i>O hen!</i>	Chearcan, <i>O hens!</i>

OIGEACH, *an entire horse*, *fitheach*, &c.

Oigeach, <i>a stallion</i> .	Oigich, <i>stallions</i> .
Oigich, <i>of a stallion</i> .	Oigeach, <i>of stallions</i> .
Oigeach, <i>to a stallion</i>	Oigich, <i>to stallions</i> .
Oigich, <i>O stallion</i> .	Oigeacha, -aibh, <i>O stallions</i> .

CLIABH, *pannier*, *ia* changed into *èi*;—*so ciall, cliath*, &c.

Cliabh, <i>a pannier</i> .	Clèibh, <i>panniers</i> .
Chlèibh, <i>of a pannier</i>	Cliabh, <i>of panniers</i> .
Cliabh, <i>to a pannier</i> .	Clèibh, <i>to panniers</i>
Chlèibh, <i>O pannier</i> .	Chlèibh, <i>O panniers!</i>

Sgian, <i>a knife</i> .	Sgeanan, <i>knives</i> .
Sginne, <i>of a knife</i> .	Sgeanan, <i>of knives</i> .
Sgian, <i>to a knife</i> .	Sgeanaibh, <i>to knives</i> .
Sgian, <i>O knife</i> .	Sgeanan, <i>O knives</i> .

DEUR, <i>tear, drop</i> eu, into <i>eoin</i> , <i>sgeul</i> , &c.	
Deur, <i>a tear</i> .	Deoir, <i>tears</i> .
Deoir, <i>of a tear</i> .	Deur, <i>of tears</i> .
Deur, <i>to a tear</i> .	Deoir-aibh, <i>to tears</i>
Dheur, <i>O tear</i> .	Dheoir, <i>O tears</i> .

Cas, <i>a foot</i> ;—a into oi, <i>clach</i> , <i>cloiche</i> .	
Cas, <i>foot</i> .	Casan, <i>feet</i> .
Choise, <i>of foot</i> .	Cas, <i>of feet</i> .
Chois, <i>to foot</i> .	Casaibh, <i>to feet</i> .
Chas, <i>O foot</i> .	Chasan, <i>O feet</i> .

Clann, *children, offspring*, clainne or cloinne, in nom. plu.—sometimes clannaibh and clanna.

ALLT, *a mountain-stream* ;—a into ui, *ball*, *buill*.

Allt, <i>a stream</i> .	ùilt, <i>streams</i> .
Uillt, <i>of a stream</i> .	àlt, <i>of streams</i> .
Allt, <i>to a stream</i> .	àltaibh, <i>to streams</i> .
Uillt, <i>O stream</i> .	àltan, <i>O streams</i> .

Gob, *a beak, bill of a bird* ;—so, *long*, *ord* *molt*.

N. Gob, <i>a bill</i> .	Guib, <i>bills or beaks</i> .
G. Guib, <i>of a bill</i> .	Gob, <i>of bills or beaks</i> .
D. Gob, <i>to a bill</i> .	Gobaibh, <i>to bills</i> .
V. Ghuib, <i>O bill</i> .	Ghuib, Ghoban, <i>O bills, &c</i> .

SEOL, *a sail* ;—so eòil, —euil, *of music*.

Seòl, <i>a sail</i> .	Siuil, <i>sails</i> .
Siuil, <i>of a sail</i> .	Seòl, <i>of sails</i> .
Seòl, <i>to a sail</i> .	Seoltaibh, <i>to sails</i> .
Sheòl, <i>O sail</i> .	Sheòltaibh, <i>shivuil, O sails</i> .

BROG, *a shoe* ;—so eròg, fròg, bròn, ròn, òn.

Bròg, <i>a shoe</i> .	Brògan, <i>shoes</i> .
Bròige, <i>of a shoe</i> .	Bròg, <i>of shoes</i> .
Bròig, <i>to a shoe</i> .	Brògaibh <i>to shoes</i> .
Bhròg, <i>O shoe</i> .	Bhrògan, <i>O shoes</i> .

BRUACH, *a bank* ;—cuach, sluagh, luadh.

Bruach, <i>a bank</i> .	Bruachan, <i>banks</i> .
Bruaiche, <i>of a bank</i> .	Bruach, <i>of banks</i> .
Bruaich, <i>to a bank</i> .	Bhruachaibh, <i>to</i>
Bhruach, <i>O bank</i> .	Bhruachan-aibh, <i>O banks</i> .

CRIOCH, *end* ;—so eloch, slon, slol, llon.

Crioch, <i>an end</i> .	Criochan, <i>ends</i> .
Criche, <i>of an end</i> .	Crioch, <i>of ends</i> .
Crich, <i>to an end</i> .	Criochaibh, <i>to ends</i> .
Chrioch, <i>O end</i> .	Chriochan, <i>O ends</i> .

FION, *wine* ;—so crios, lios, sometimes fios.

Fion, <i>wine</i> .	Lios, <i>a garden</i> .
Fiona, <i>of wine</i> .	Liosa, <i>lis, of a garden</i> .
Flon, <i>to wine</i> .	Lios, <i>to a garden</i> .
Fhion, <i>O wine</i> .	Llios, <i>O garden</i> .

GEADH, *goose*, has geoidh, *geese*.

Geadh, <i>a goose</i> .	Geoidh, <i>geese</i> .
Geoidh, <i>of a goose</i> .	Geadh, <i>of geese</i> .
Geadh, <i>to a goose</i> .	Geoidh, <i>to geese</i> .
Gheoidh, <i>O goose</i> .	Gheoidh, <i>O geese</i> .

LEANABH, *a child* ; leaba, leapach, leapa.

Leanabh, <i>a child</i> .	Leanaba, <i>children</i> .
Leinibh, <i>of a child</i> .	— of <i>children</i> .
Leanabh, <i>to a child</i> .	— to <i>children</i> .
Leinibh, <i>O child</i> .	— O <i>children</i> .

EXCEPTIONS TO GEN. RULES.—Bean, *a woman, wife*.

Bean, <i>a woman</i> .	Mnathan, <i>women</i> .
Mhnà, <i>of a woman</i> .	Ban, <i>of women</i> .
Mhnaoi, <i>to a woman</i> .	Mhnathaibh, <i>to wo. men</i> .
Bhean, <i>O woman</i> .	Mhathaibh-an, <i>O women</i> .

A' BHEAN, *the woman*.

A' bhean, <i>the wife</i> .	Na mnathan, <i>the</i>
Na mnà, <i>of the wife</i> .	Nam ban, <i>of the</i>
An 'n mhnaoi, <i>to the wife</i> .	Namnathaibh, <i>to the wives</i> .
A bhean, <i>O wife</i> .	A mhathaibh-an, <i>&c</i> .

GOBHAR, *a goat*.

Gobhar, <i>a goat</i> .	Gobhair, <i>goats</i> .
Goibhre, <i>of a goat</i> .	Gobhar, <i>of goats</i> .
Gobhar, <i>to a goat</i> .	Gòbhraibh, <i>to goats</i> .
Ghobhar, <i>O goat</i> .	Ghòbhraibh, <i>O goats</i> .

CU, *dog, mas*.

Cù, <i>a dog</i> .	Coin, <i>dogs</i> .
Coin, <i>of a dog</i> .	Con, <i>of dogs</i> .
Chù cù, <i>to a dog</i> .	Coin, <i>to dogs</i> .
Choin, <i>O dog</i> .	Chonaibh, <i>O dogs</i> .

BO, *Cow, fem*.

Bo, <i>a cow</i> .	Ba, bà, <i>cows, kine</i> .
Boine, <i>of a cow</i> .	Bò, ba, <i>of cows, &c</i> .
Bhoin, <i>to a cow</i> .	Ba, <i>to cows</i> .
Bho, <i>O cow</i> .	Bha, <i>O cows</i> .

NOUNS ENDING in *l, m, n*,—plural by add. *tan*.

Lòn, <i>f. a marsh</i> .	Lòintean, <i>marshes</i> .
Lòin, <i>of a marsh</i> .	Lòn, <i>of marsh</i> .
Lòn, <i>to a marsh</i> .	Lòintibh, <i>to marsh</i> .
Lòin, <i>O marsh</i> .	Lointean -ibh, <i>O marshes</i> .

DIA, *God*.

Dia, <i>God</i> .	Dèe, Diathannan, <i>gods</i> .
Dè, Dhè, <i>of God</i> .	Dèe, <i>of gods</i> .
Dhua, <i>to God</i> .	Dhiathannaibh, <i>to gods</i> .
Dhè, <i>O God</i> .	Dheè, <i>O gods</i> .

SECOND DECLENSION,—as it is called, which see.

Sùil, <i>an eye</i> .	Sùilean, <i>eyes</i> .
Sùl and sùla, <i>of an eye</i> .	Sùl, <i>of eyes</i> .
Sùil, <i>to an eye</i> .	Sùilibh, <i>to eyes</i> .
Shùil, <i>O eye</i> .	Shùilibh, <i>O eyes</i> .

AN T-SUIL, *the eye.* See note, first page.
 An t-suil, *the eye.* Na suilean, *the eyes*
 Na sùl, *of the eye.* Nan sùl, *of the eyes.*
 An t-suil, *O the eye.* Na suilean, *O the eyes*

DÀIL, *credit, &c.* See *sàil, heel, làir, dàil, &c.*

Dàil, *delay, &c.* Dàltan, *delays, &c.*
 Dàlach, *of delay.* Dàil, *of delays.*
 Dàil, *to delay.* Dàltaibh, *to delays.*
 Dhail, *O delay.* Dhàltan, *O delays.*

MHUIR, *the sea.* See Anomalies.

A mhuir, *the sea.* Marannan, *muirtean,*
 Na mara, *of the sea.* Nam marannan, *of*
 An 'n mhuir, *to the* Na muirtean, *to the*
 Mhuir, *O the sea.* Na marannan, *O the*
seas.

CUID, *property, part.*

Cuid, *a part.* Codaichean, *parts.*
 Codaich, *of a part.* Codaichean, *of parts*
 Cuid, *to a part.* Codaichibh, *to parts.*
 Chuid, *O part.* Chodaichean, *O parts.*

CATHAIR, *a chair.* See *sothair, lasair, nathair, &c.*

Cathair, *a chair.* Cathraichean, *chairs*
 Cathrach, *of a chair.* Cathraichean, *of*
 Cathair, *to a chair.* Chathraichean, *to*
 Chathair, *O chair.* Chathraichean, *O*

NATHAIR, *a serpent.*

Nathair, *a serpent.* Nathraichean, *serpents.*
 Nathrach, *of a serpent.* Nathraichean, *of*
 Nathair, *to a serpent.* Nathraichean, *to*
 Nathair, *O serpent.* Nathraichean, *O*

MATHAIR, *a mother.* See *athair, piuthar, &c.*
 Màthair, *mother.* Mhàthraichean, *mothers.*

Màthar, *of a mother.* Mhàthraichean, *of*
 Mhàthair, *to a* Mhàthraichean, *to*
 Mhàthair, *O mother.* Mhàthraichean, *O*

PIUTHAR, *a sister.*

Piuthar, *a sister.* Peathraichean, *sisters.*
 Peathar, *of a sister.* Peathraichean, *of*
 Piuthar, *to a sister.* Pheathraichean, *to*
 Phiuthar, *O sister.* Pheathraichean, *O*

BAILLE, *a town.* See *àithne, smaoin, coille, &c.*

Baile, *a town.* Bailtean, *towns.*
 Bhaile, *of a town.* Bailtean, *of towns.*
 Baile, *to a town.* Bailtibh, *to towns.*
 Bhaile, *O town.* Bailtibh-an, *O towns.*

Aithne, *an injunction, or properly fàithne.*

Fàithne, *an injunction; fàithntean, injunctions.* Also with the article, an fhaithne, *the injunction; na fàithne, of the injunction; an 'n fhaithne, to the injunction; O fhaithne, O injunction!—Plural, Fathant-an, fàithntean, &c.*

BANAIS, *a wedding.* See *gamhainn, fàcail, &c.*

Banais, *a wedding.* Bainnsean, *weddings.*
 Bainnse, *of a* Bainnsean, *of*
 Banais, *to a wedding.* Bainnsibh, *to*
 Bhanais, *O wedding.* Bhainnsibh-an, *O*

GAMHAINN, *a steer.*

Gamhainn, *a steer.* Gambna, *steers.*
 Gamhna, *of a steer.* Gamhna, *of steers.*
 Gamhainn, *to a steer.* Gamhnaibh, *to*
 Ghamhainn, *O steer.* Gamhnaibh-a, *O*

DUTHAICH, *a country.*

Dùthaich, *a country.* Dùthchannan, *countries.*
 Dùthcha, *of a* Dùthchannan, *of*
 Dùthaich, *to a* Dùthchannan, *to*
 Dhùthaich, *O* Dhùthchannan, *O*

NOTE. You know that adding the *taibh* to any noun having more than one syllable is absolutely sheer nonsense—downright blarney. See Maidinn.

RIGH, *a king.* See Anomalies.

Righ, *a king.* Righre, *-rean, kings.*
 Righ, *of a king.* Righre, *-rean, of*
 Righ, *to a king.* Righribh, *to kings.*
 O righ, *O king.* Righre, *-ibh, O kings.*

AN ADJECTIVE is a word that expresses the nature or sort of a noun, or a name, and is declined as nouns in every particular.

I. DECLENSIONS, Marbh, *dead, lifeless, inanimate.*

Singular.

Plural.

M. & F. Asp. f. M. & F. Asp. f.
 Marbh, mharbh, marbha, mharbha.
 Mhairbh, mhairbh, marbha, mharbha.
 Marbh, mhairbh, marbha, mharbha.
 Mhairbh, mharbh, marbha, mharbha.

RULES FOR INFLECTIONS.—Singular Number.

THE NOMINATIVE of an initial consonant, when it is mutable, is aspirated for the feminine gender, and terminates like the masculine; thus, duine mòr, *a great man; bean mhòr, a great woman; mac*

math, a good son; *nighean mhath*, a good daughter; fear *glie*, a wise man; *tè ghlic* a wise female; an *t-amadan gòrach*, the silly fool; *anamaid ghòrach*, the silly fool; *duine còir*, a worthy man; but, *fir choire*, *mnàthan còire*, (when the article is prefixed. See Rule for article before adjectives), *worthy men*, *worthy women*; gen. *euid nam ban còire*; *euid nan daoine coire*; dat. *do na daoine còire*; *do na mnathaibh còire*; o *dhaoine còire*, o *mhathaibh-an còire*.

Oblique cases singular of each gender, are like those of the first declension, and follow the same rules of construction.

GENITIVE SINGULAR FEMININE, for the most part, is formed from the genitive singular masculine by throwing aside the aspirate form of the initial consonant, and monosyllables generally add *a* or *e* to the last letter, but when *a* or *e* is the final letter of the masculine it suffers no change throughout.

Nom. Sing. Masc.	Fem.	Gen. Sing. Masc.	Fem. ¹
Bàn, <i>pale</i> ,	bhàn,	bhain,	bhaine.
Bochd, <i>poor</i> ,	bhochd,	bhochd,	bochda.
Buan, <i>lasting</i> ,	bhuain,	bhuain,	buaine.
Cam, <i>crooked</i> ,	cham,	chaim,	caime.
Caomh, <i>gentle</i> ,	chaomh,	chaoimh,	caoimhe.
Crìon, <i>puny</i> ,	chrìon,	chrìon,	crìne.
Fènn, <i>weak</i> ,	fhan,	fhainn,	fainne.
Gann, <i>scarce</i> ,	ghan,	ghainn,	gainne.
Gearr, <i>short</i> ,	ghear,	ghearr,	gearra.
Saor, <i>cheap</i> ,	shaor,	shaoir,	saoire.

RULE II. Words of one syllable in *all* change *a* into *oi* (properly *ai*) in the genitive, masculine and feminine;—*om*, *onn*, *orb*, *orm*, change *o* into *ui*;—and *ea*, *eu*, and *ia*, into *ei*.

Dall, <i>blind</i> ,	dhall,	dhoill,	doille.
Mall, <i>slow</i> ,	mhall,	mhoill,	moille.
Crom, <i>bent</i> ,	chrom,	chruim,	cruime.
Lom, <i>bare</i> ,	llom,	lluim,	lluime.
Trom, <i>heavy</i> ,	throm,	thruim,	truime.
Donn, <i>brown</i> ,	dhonn,	dhuinn,	duinne.
Borb, <i>fierce</i> ,	bhorb,	bhuirb,	buirbe.
Gorm, <i>blue</i> ,	ghorm,	ghuirm,	guirme.
Dearg, <i>red</i> ,	dhearg,	gheirg,	deirge.
Deas, <i>ready</i> ,	dheas,	dheis,	deise.
Searbh, <i>sour</i> ,	shearbh,	sheirbh,	seirbhe.
Geur, <i>sharp</i> ,	gheur,	ghèir,	géire.
Liath-dh, <i>grey</i> ,	liath,	lèidh,	lèidhe lyāy'.ā.

Some change *ea* into *i*; as, *beag*, *bhige*, *teann*, *tight*, *tinne* or *teinne*, &c.; *breac*, *spotted*, *bhreac*, *bhrice*, *brice*; *geal*, *white*, *gheal*, *ghil*, *gile*;—but *eo* suffers no change; as, *beo*, *bheò*, *bhed*, *bed*, *lively*.

NOTE.—Adjectives beginning with a vowel suffer no *initial* change; as, *ait*, *odd*, *ait*, *ait*, *aite*. *aosda*, *aged*, *aosda*, *aosda*, *aosda*. *ùr*, *fresh*, *ùr*, *uir*, *uire*.

RULE III. Adjectives of more than one syllable do not generally add any thing to the genitive singular feminine; as,

Cinnteach, <i>sure</i> ,	chinnteach,	chinntich,	cinntich.
Eagallach, <i>dread</i> ,	egallach,	egallaich,	egalaich.

Excepting *Bodhar*, *deaf*, *odhar*, *dun*; as, *bodhar*, *bhodhar*, *bhuidhir*, *buidhir*, and *buidhire*, &c.

DATIVE. GENERAL RULE.—The dative singular masculine, without the article, as that of nouns, is like the nominative singular; and the DATIVE singular feminine is like the genitive masculine; as,

Nom. Sing.	Gen. Sing. Mas.	Dat. Sing. Mas.	D. S. Fem.
Bodhar,	bhuidhir,	bodhar,	bhuidhir.
Caol, <i>slender</i> ,	chaoil,	caol,	chaoil.
Donn, <i>brown</i> ,	dhuinn,	donn,	dhuinn.
Geal, <i>white</i> ,	ghil,	geal,	ghile.
Trom, <i>heavy</i> ,	thruim,	trom,	thruim.
Mear, <i>merry</i> ,	mhir,	mear,	mhire.
Deal, <i>dil, keen</i> ,	dhil,	deal,	dile.
ùiseil, <i>fond</i> ,	ùiseile,	ùiseil,	ùiseil.

VOCATIVE SING. is like the Nouns in all shapes.

N. S. F.	G. S. M.	V. S. M.	V. S. F.
Bhàn, <i>pale</i> ,	bhàin,	bhàin,	bhàin.
Bheag, <i>little</i> ,	bhig,	bhig,	bheag.
Theann, <i>light</i> .	thinn,	thinn,	theann.
Dhall, <i>blind</i> ,	dhoill,	dhoill,	dhall.
Gheal, <i>white</i> ,	ghil,	ghil,	gheal.
Throm, <i>heavy</i> ,	thruim,	thruim,	throm.
Mhall, <i>slow</i> ,	mhoill,	mhoill,	mhall.
Ghann, <i>scarce</i> ,	ghainn,	ghainn,	ghann.
Gheur, <i>acute</i> ,	ghéir,	ghéir,	gheur.
Ghorm, <i>blue</i> ,	ghuirm,	ghuirm,	ghorm.
Dhàn, <i>bold</i> ,	dhàin,	dhàin,	dhan.
Ghorm, <i>blue</i>	ghuirm,	ghuirm,	ghorm.
Dhonn, <i>dun</i> ,	dhuinn,	dhuinn,	dhonn.

PLURAL NUMBER of *Adjectives* of one syllable, adds *a* to the nominative singular masculine; and then follows the general rule for the rest of the cases. See examples, last page; as, fear mòr, *a great man*; fir mhòra, *great men*; bean mhor, *a great woman*; mnathan mòra, *great women*; eun mòr, eoin mhòra, geàdh mòr, geoidh mhòra, *a great GOOSE, great GEESE*.

The SECOND DECLENSION of *Adjectives*, like that of nouns, is characterised by *i*, and observes the same rules through all their variations, which, in both declensions, consist chiefly in changes of the initial form and terminations, depending on the circumstance, whether used with, or without, the article, and of what gender.

EXAMPLES.

Singular.	Plural.
Fear marbh, <i>a dead man</i> .	Fir mharbha, <i>dead men</i> .
Fhir mhairbh, <i>of a dead man</i> .	Feara, -aibh marbh, <i>of dead men</i> .
Fhear marbh, <i>to a dead man</i> .	Fearaibh marbha, <i>to dead men</i> .
O fhir mhairbh, <i>O dead man</i> .	Fhearbaibh -a marbha, <i>O dead men</i> .
Am fear marbh, <i>the dead man</i> .	Na fir mharbha, <i>the dead men</i> .
An fhir mhairbh, <i>of the dead man</i> .	Nam feara marbha, <i>of the dead men</i> .
An'n fear mharbh, <i>to the dead man</i> .	Na fearaibh marbha, <i>to the dead men</i> .

Bean mhath, *a good woman*. Mnathan matha, *good women*.

Mna maith, *of a good woman*. Ban matha, *of good women*.

Mnaoi mhalth, *to the good woman*. Mnaibh matha, *to good women*.

Bhean mhath, *O good woman*. Mnathan matha, *O good women*.

A' bhean mhath, *the good woman*. G. Na mna maith, *of the good woman*. D. An 'n mnaoi mhaith, *to the good woman*. V. A' bhean mhath, *O the good woman*.

PLURAL. Na mnathan matha, *the good women*. Nam ban matha, *of the good women*. Na mnathaibh or mnaibh matha, *to the good women*. O mna innatha matha, *O the good women*.

EUN BINN, *a melodious bird*.

Eun binn, <i>a melodious bird</i> .	Eoin bhinne, <i>the melodious birds</i> .
Eoin bhinn, <i>of a melodious bird</i> .	Eun binne, <i>of melodious birds</i> .
Eun bhinn, <i>to the melodious bird</i> .	Eoin eunaibh binne, <i>to melodious birds</i> .
Eoin bhinn, <i>O melodious bird</i> .	Eoin or eunaibh binne, <i>O, &c</i> .

A t-eun binn, *the melodious bird*. An eoin bhinn, *of the melodious bird*. An 'n eun bhinn, *to the melodious bird*. An t-eun binn, *O the melodious bird*!

BAD BEAG, *a little tuft*. Mase.

Bad beag, <i>a little tuft</i> .	Badan beaga, <i>little tufts</i> .
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Bhaid bhig, <i>of the little tuft.</i>	Badan beaga, <i>of little tufts.</i>
Bhad beag, <i>to a little tuft.</i>	Bhadaibh beaga, <i>to little tufts.</i>
Bhaid bhig, <i>O little tuft.</i>	Bhadaibh-a beaga, <i>O little tufts.</i>

Instead of changing a into ui, according to rule—bad, gad, slad, cab, stad, samh, damh, ramh, form their *gen.* baid, goid or gaid, slaid, caib, slaid, saimh, daimh, raimh.

GAISGEACH MOR, <i>a great or brave hero.</i>	
Gaisgeach mòr.	Gaisgich mhòra.
Ghaisgich mhòir.	Gaisgeach mhòra.
Gaisgeach mòr.	Gaisgich mhòra.
Ghaisgich mhòir.	Ghaisgichibh-can-e mhòra.

An gaisgeach mòr, *the great hero*; a' ghaisgich mhòir, *of the great hero*; an 'n ('n before a vowel) ghaisgeach mhòr, *to the great hero*; O ghaisgich mhòir, *O great hero!* Plural. Na gaisgich mhòra, *the great heroes*; nan gaisgeach mhòra, *of the great heroes*; na gaisgich mhòra, *to the great heroes*; na gaisgich mhòra, *O the great heroes!*

CATH FUSASACH, <i>a terrible battle or struggle.</i>	
<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
N. Cath fhuasach.	Cathan fhuasach.
G. Catha fhuasaich.	Cath fhuasach.
D. Chath fhuasach.	Cathaibh fhuasach.
V. Chath fhuasaich.	Chathanan fhuasaich.

NOTE. When the adjective precedes the noun qualified, it undergoes no change, save the *aspiration*; as, daor-shlaightire, *a thorough-paced villain*; Gen. daor-shlaightire; Voc. dhaor-shlaightire;—also, sàr-ghaisgeach, *a complete hero*; a shàr-ghaisgich, *ye complete hero*; saor-thobhàrtas, *a free offering*; a shaor-thobhàrtas, *ye free offering*.

COMPARISONS. There are only two comparisons in the Gaelic, known to ordinary scholars—in the vocabularies of extraordinary ones there are THREE, the third being a *secret*, they have failed to communicate to their less gifted brethren. The positive expresses the simple state, the comparative enlarges or diminishes *that* state. The superlative is made up by some adjunct to the comparative. There are two ways of forming the comparative; thus, teith, *hot*, teoithe, *hotter*, a's teoithe *air fad*, *uile gu teir*, *na dhuith uile*, is *hottest* of all—with the article, is teoithe *e so*, it is the *hotter of this*.—Few only admit of the last mode.

RULE 1. The comparatives of monosyllables are commonly the genitive singular feminine; as, bà, *pale*, baine, *paler*, a's baine *air fad*, *which is palest of any*;—so buan, *lasting*, buaine, *more lasting*, &c. gann, *scarce*, gainne, *scarcer*; borb, *turbulent*, buirbe, *more turbulent*; cam, *crooked*, caime, *more crooked*; dall, *blind*, doille, *blinder*; eomh, *mild*, caoinhe, *milder*; dàn, *presumptuous*, na's dàine, *more presumptuous*; crom, *bent*, cruime, *neo na's cruime*, *more bent*; daor, *dear in price*, daoire, *dearer*; crìon, *puny*, very little in size, na's crìne, *more trifling in size*; dearg, *red*, deirge, *redder*; deas, *prepared*, deise, *more prepared*; donn, *brown*, duinne, *browner*; lag, *faint*, laige, *fainter*, &c. with dubh, *fann*, *geal*, *gorm*, *liath*, *lom*, *trom*, *mall*, *marbh* *duibhe*, *fanna*, *gile*, *guirme*, *léidh*, *léidhe*, &c.

RULE 2. If the positive ends in *ach*, *each*, or *eil*, *idh*, it is formed by adding *e* final to the *gen. sing.*; as, cealgach, *deceitful*, cealgaiche, *more deceitful*; cinnteach, *certain*, cinnliche, *more certain*; also, banail, *feminine*, banaile, *more feminine*; càrdeil, *càrdeile*, *more friendly*; diadhaidh, *diadhaidhe*, *more pious*.

RULE 3. Adjectives of more than one syllable ending in *ta* and *da*, form the comparative by adding *-iche* or *cha*; as, curanta, *curantacha*, *more heroic*; bunanta, *bunantacha*, *more firm set*; ceanalta, *ceanaltacha*, *more tractable*; caranta, *amiable*, carantaiche, *more amiable*; farasda, *farasd-aiche*; stòlda, *stòldacha*, *more sedate*; màlta, *màltacha*; also, adjectives ending in *aith*, add either *e* final or *iche*; as, diadhaidh, *diadhaidhiche* or *diadhaidhe*; eusgaidh, *eusgaidhe* or *eusgaiche*, *more ready*, as a *lazy person*.

RULE 4. Adjectives ending *ar*, or, *na*, *da*, change into *aire*, *oire*, *uine*, and *aide*; as, gradhar, *gràdhaire*; ceòghar, *ceòghaire*, pro. kyô-ghury'-à, in some places perhaps, *ceòmhòire*; tana, *thin*, taine, *thinner*; fada, *long*, faide, *longer*; also fagasg, *has faisge*, *nearer*, and fagaighe; falamh, *has falaimhe*, and failmhe, *emptier*, fiar, *fiaire*, ciar, *cèire*, siar, *siaire*, grod, *groide*, *more rotten*.

ANOMALIES. Bodhar *has buidhre*, *deaf* odhar, *uidhre*, *more dun*; dorch, *duirche*, boidheach, *boidheche*, *prettier*; domhainn, *doimhne*, *deeper*; if the positive ends in *iudhe* the comparative is like it;—beò, *live*, *ly*, has beothaidh, or beoithe, *more lively*.

Beag, *little*, tugha, *less*.
Duilich, *sorry*, duileacha, *dorra*, *more sorry* difficult.
Fagasg, *near*, faisge, *fhaighe*, *nearer*.

Furas, -asda, *easy*, fasa, fhusa, fhasa, *easier*.
 Gearr, goirrid, *short*, giorra, *shorter*.
 Ionmhainn, } annsa, *more dear*, or *be*.
 Tagh, toigh, } *loved*.
 Dogh, doigh, dòcha, dàcha, *more probable*.
 Math, fearr-a, fhearra, *good*, *better*.
 Mòr, *great*, momha mò, *great*, *greater*.
 Olc, uilce, miosa, *bad*, *worse*.
 Teith, teoithe, *hot*, *hotter*.

All these variations and other deviations from general or particular rules, are found in their respective places in the Dictionary.

PRONOUNS are words used to avoid the too frequent repetitions of nouns; as, leig Iosa a sios a bheatha air ar son-ne, laidhe e 'san uaigh; dh'èirich e bho na mairbh, agus thig e a rithid a thoirt breith, 'se sin,

leig Iosa a sios—laidh Iosa—dh'èirich Iosa—thig Iosa, that is, *Jesus laid down*, *Jesus lay*, *Jesus rose*, *Jesus shall come*.

There are six kinds of pronouns; personal, relative, interrogative, adjective, indefinite and compound, admitting of gender, number and case; also of a simple, emphatic and aspirate form.

Singular.	Plural.
1. Mi, mhi, <i>I</i> .	sinn, <i>we</i> .
2. Tu, thu, <i>thou</i> .	sibh, <i>ye</i> or <i>you</i> .
3. E, eè, <i>he</i> —i, si, <i>she</i> , iad, siad, eud seud, <i>they</i> .	

EMPHATIC.

Mise, mhise,	sinn, sinn-ne.
Tusa, thusa.	sibh, sibhse.
Esan, ise, <i>he</i> , <i>she</i> .	iadsan, siadsan, eudsan, seudsan.

The forms of the personal pronouns governed by a transitive verb are,—

SIMPLE FORM.

EMPHATIC FORM.

	Singular.	Plural.
Mi,	mise, <i>me</i> ,	sinn, <i>we</i> .
Thu,	thusa, <i>thee</i> ,	sibhse, <i>you</i> .
E, i,	esan, ise, <i>him</i> , <i>her</i> ,	eudsan, iadsan, <i>them</i> .

NOTE. That *féin* is equivalent to the Latin syllabic adjective *met*, Greek *αὐτός*; conjunctive, English *self*, or *selves*; mi féin, mi fhéin, *myself*; mise fein, *I*, *my own self*; thu féin, *thyself*; e féin, *himself*; i féin, *herself*; siune fhéin, *ourselves*; *we ourselves*, sibh fhéin or féin, *yourselves*; eud fhéin. The common way in Argyle, and I think the proper mode, is, mi phéin, 'sibh phéin, eud phéin.—We have heard some say sibh pin. Pronouns of the first and second persons singular and all the plurals, are common gender; e, esan, *masc. i, ise, feminine*.

RELATIVE PRONOUNS are three: *who*, *which*, *that*, gen. and dat.

Sing. and Plur.

N. A, *who*, *which*, *that*.

G. An, *of whom*, *of which*, *of that*.

D. An, *to whom*, *to which*, *to that*.

Nach, (indeclinable) *who not*, *which not*, *that not*; an ti nach d' thig, *the one that will not come (plural) all that, those that*; na, *singular, that, which, what*; na nì, *that which will do*,—*plural, all that, those who or which, every one that, all those whom*; na chì mi, *all those whom I may see*. See *na, nach*, at great length exemplified in the Dictionary.

* *Eud, seud*, is the Argyle form of the pronoun, pronounced e' dd' shé' dd'—eu in the North and a part of Perthshire, sounds *ēā*.

ADJECTIVE PRONOUNS are *mo* or *mu*, *my*; *do* or *du*, *thy*; *a*, *her* or *his*; *plural*, *ar*, *our*; *bhur'* or *ar*, *your* or *yours*; *an*, *their* or *theirs* used before vowels and consonants, except *b, f, m, p*, which take *am*.

NOTE. These Pronouns never have the emphatic form of the personal pronouns, but are expressed with names in the following manner.

Singular.	Plural.
Mo lamh-sa,	ar lamh-ne.
Do lamh-sa,	bhur or 'ar lamh-sa.
A lamh-sa,	an lamh-sa.

If the noun be followed by an adjective, the emphatic form is annexed to the adjective or the last of two adjectives; as,

Mo chù luath-sa,	Mo chù luath, geal-sa.
Do chù luath-sa,	Do chù luath, geal-sa.
A chù luath-sa,	A chù luath, geal-sa.

* In some parts sibh, or as they mispronounce it, shùsh-āo, is used to old and young, but in the islands it is never used but as a mark of respect, answering to *sir* and *madam* in English, and thus applied to superiors, instructors, and seniors. Thou, thu thusa, is used to address equals and inferiors,—the inhabitants of Kintyre, *thou* and *thee*, even his MAJESTY. In three farms in Islay, the same is done to their parents, even contending that the Almighty is always so addressed, and that it is impious to pretend higher honours to men.

Before a vowel or *f* aspirated, *mo* and *do*, are written *m' d'*; as, *m'athair*, *m'hiolair*, *m' fhàine* or *m' fhàithne*, *my father*, *my eagle*, *my ring*; *d' ordugh*, *thy order*; *d' fhàithne*, *thy ring* or *mandate*, changed often to, *t' fhàithne*, *t' ordugh*.

DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS are three, so, *sinn*, *sìod*, *ad*; so, *this*; *sìod*, *yon*, *yonder*; *sinn*, *that*; (*sud*, *nonsense*); *gach*, *each*, *every*; *gach uile*, *every*, contracted *chuire* and *na h-uile*, *a chéile*, *each other*, are by some styled Distributive PRONOUNS. For a

particular exemplification of all these, see Dictionary.

INTERROGATIVE PRONOUNS are, *Dé*, *what*? (*in some cases sìod*); *deile*, *what else*? *cò*, *who*? *cia*, or *cè*, *which*? and *nach*, used negatively; as, *nach robh ean sìod*, *was he not yonder*? *càch*, *the rest*; *cuid*, *some*; *cuid eile*, *some other*; *eile*, *other*; *ce b'e*, *who-soever*; *ce b'e air bith*, *dè air bith*, *whoever*, *whatsoever*, *whatever*, are termed INDEFINITE PRONOUNS.

COMPOUND PRONOUNS are made up of prepositions; as, *ann mi*, *anamsa*, *in me*; *agamsa*, *at me*; (*aig* and *mi*) *in my possession*; *riumasa*, *to me*, *against me*, &c.

Singular.	Plural.	Singular.	Plural.
1. Agamsa, at me,	againn-ne, at us.	Orin-sa, on me,	oirinn-ne, on us.
2. Agadsa, at the,	agaibh-se, at you.	Ort-sa, on thee,	oirbh-se, on you.
3. { Aige-san, at him, } { Aice-se, at her, }	aca-sa, at them.	Airsan, on him, Urta-urra-se, on her, }	orra-san, on them.

ANN, in.

1. Annam, in me,	annsinn-ne, in us.	Asam, out of me,	asainne-ne, out of us.
2. Annad, in thee,	annaibh-se, in you.	Asad-sa, out of thee,	asaibh, out of you.
3. { Annsan, in him, } { Innte, in her, }	annta-sa, in them.	Asan, out of him, Aisde-se, out of her, }	asda-san, out of them.

AS, out of.

D' E' I', out of him, her.

DO, to.

1. Dhiom-sa, off me,	dhinne, off us.	Dhomh-sa, to me,	dhuinne, to us.
2. Dhiot-sa, off thee,	dhibh-se, off you.	Dhuit-se, to you,	dhuibh-se, to you.
3. { Dhoth-sa, off, to him, } { Dhiith-se, off, to her, }	dhiuth-sa, of them.	Dhaibh-san, to him, Dhi-se, off, to her, }	dhaibh-sa, to them.

EADAR, between.

FODHA, under.

Plural.	Singular.	Plural.
1. Eadarunn, between us.	Fodham-sa, under me,	foidhinne, under us.
2. Eadaruibh, between you.	Fodhad-sa, under you,	foidhibh-se, under you.
3. Eatorra-san, between them.	Fodha-san, under him, Foithe-se, under her,	fodha-san, under them. fotha-san, under them.

NOTE. The folly and absurdity of writing *fuidhe* for *foidhe*, is obvious from the compound of *foidh*, *i*, *e*, *fodham-sa*, *fodhad-sa*. It is only a mispronunciation, as *griobh-aeh* is mispronounced, *gruach*, *sìod* (*sud*) and if *fuidh* be continued *fudham-sa*, *fudhad-sa* must be adopted, to be consistent.

GU, to. *

1. Thugam-sa, to me,	thugainne, to us.
2. Thugad-sa, to thee,	thugaibh-se, to you.
3. { Thuige-san, to him, } { Thuice-se, to her, }	thuca-san, to them.

I.E, with.

1. Leam-sa, with me,	leinn-ne, or leinne, with us.
2. Leat-sa, with thee,	leibh-se, or leibhse, with you.
3. { Leis-sean, with him, } { Leithe-se, with her, }	leotha, (lòch-cha) leo-san, with them.

* Thugad, thugaibh, &c. are often used in the sense of, *here is at you*, *beware*, *take care!* *leave the way!*

BHO, O, *from*.

1. { Iomam-sa, } about me.	Bhuam-sa, } from me.
2. { Umam-sa, } about thee.	uam-sa, } from thee.
3. { Iomad-sa, } about him.	Bhuaithe-s, } from her.
4. { Uime-se, } about her.	Bhuaithe-se, } from her.
5. { Uimp-se, } about her.	Bhuaipe-se, } from her.
	uaip-se, } from him.
	Bhuaithe-san, } from him.
	uaith-san, } from him.

ROMH, ROIMH, *before*.

1. Romham-sa, before me.	Romhainn-ne, before us.
2. Romhad-sa, before thee.	Romhaibh-se, before you.
3. Roithe-se, } before her.	Rompa-san, before them.
4. Roimhe-se, }	

THROIMH, or TROIMH, *through and through*.

1. Thromham-sa, through me.	Thromhainn-ne, through us.
2. Thromhad-sa, through thee.	Thromhaibh-se, through you.
3. Throimhe-san, through him.	Thrompa-san, through them.
4. Thoimhe-se, through her.	

CARDINAL NUMBERS.

1 Aon, a h-aon.	43 Tri's da fhichead.
2 Dhà, a dhà.	44 Ceithir is da fhichead.
3 Tri.	45 Coig is da fhichead.
4 Ceithir.	46 Sè's da fhichead.
5 Còig.	47 Seachd is da fhichead.
6 Sè, sia.	48 Ochd is da fhichead.
7 Seachd.	49 Naoidh is da fhichead.
8 Ochd.	50 Leithchiad.
9 Naoidh.	51 Aon deug is da fhichead.
10 Deich.	&c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.
11 Aon deug.	60 Tri fichead.
12 Dha-dheug.	70 Deich is tri fichead.
13 Tri-deug.	80 Ceithir fichead.
14 Ceithir-deug.	90 Deich is ceithir fichead.
15 Còig deug.	100 Ciad, ceud.
16 Se deug.	200 Dà chiad.
17 Seachd deug.	300 Tri chiad.
18 Ochd deug.	400 Ceithir chiad.
19 Naoidh deug.	500 Coig ciad.
20 Fichead.	600 Sè ciad.
21 Aon 'ar or air 'f hichead.	700 Seachd ciad.
22 Dha air 'f hichead.	800 Ochd ciad.
23 Tri air 'f hichead.	900 Naoidh ciad.
24 Ceithir air 'f hichead.	1,000 Mìle, sè sin 10 ciad.
25 Còig air 'f hichead.	2,000 Da mhìle.
26 Se air 'f hichead.	3,000 Tri mìle.
27 Seachd air 'f hichead.	4,000 Ceithir mìle.
28 Ochd air 'f hichead.	5,000 Coig mìle.
29 Naoidh air 'f hichead.	6,000 Se mìle.
30 Deich air 'f hichead.	7,000 Seachd mìle.
31 Aoin deug air 'f hichead.	8,000 Ochd mìle.
32 Dha dheug air 'f hichead.	9,000 Naoidh mìle.
33 Tri deug air 'f hichead.	10,000 Deich mìle.
34 Ceithir deug air 'f hichead.	20,000 Fichead mìle.
35 Còig deug air 'f hichead.	30,000 Deich mìle fichead.
36 Se deug air 'f hichead.	40,000 Da fhichead mìle.
37 Seachd deug air 'f hichead.	50,000 Leithchiad mìle.
38 Ochd deug air 'f hichead.	60,000 Tri fichead mìle.
39 Naoidh deug air 'f hichead.	70,000 Deich is tri fichead mìle.
40 Da fhichead.	80,000 Ceithir fichead mìle.
41 Aon is da fhichead.	90,000 Deich is ceithir fichead mìle.
42 Dha's da fhichead.	100,000 Ciad mìle.

DUAL NUMBER.—There is, to all intents and purposes, a dual number in the Gaelic as well as the Greek; thus, we say, *an fhear*, one man; *da fhear*, two men, literally, two man; but when we arrive at the number three, *tri fir*, three men—with every thing else, *an each*, one horse; *da each*, two horses; but *tri eich*, ceithir eich, three horses, four horses.

Cardinals are formed by placing the article *an* before the numeral, and prefixing *-amh*, or *-eamh*; thus, *an coigeamh salm thar an fhichead*, an ocdamh salm thar an fhichead; *an naoidheamh salm thar an fhichead*, the twenty-fifth psalm, the twenty-eighth psalm, the twenty-ninth psalm, &c.—but the twentieth psalm, *am ficheadamh salm*, an deicheamh salm thar an fhichead, an da fhichead salm, an tri ficheadamh salm, an ceithir ficheadamh salm, an ciadamh salm; the thirtieth, the fortieth, sixtieth, eightieth, the hundredth psalm, &c. then, an deicheamh salm thar a' chiad, an ficheadamh thar a' chiad, &c. the hundred and tenth, and hundred and twentieth, psalms.

VERB is a word signifying to be, to do, or to suffer. In Gaelic there are two conjugations, the first comprehending all the verbs beginning with consonants except *f*; the second all beginning with *f*, or a vowel. 2. There are two voices, active and passive. 3. There are in Gaelic only, in common with the Hebrew and other Oriental languages, two TENSES, the PAST and the FUTURE; however, by a stroke of Gaelic generalship unknown in modern tactics, our Gaelic grammarians have discovered a present tense, but very wisely kept it a secret in their own bosoms.*

* Since the author is not in possession of this philosopher's stone, he will endeavour to shew the substitute, used by unextraordinary mortals for this tense,—want of attention to which, he conceives to be the great cause of all our English-Gaelic Dictionaries not answering their legitimate purposes, no more than an Esquimaux Almanack would.

THE PRESENT TENSE is formed by means of adjectives and nouns, and the verb *to be*. 2. By means of participles and the verb *to be* particularly the negative mood. 3. Often by means of the compound pronouns, with the negative particles, without the aid of any verb.

1st, *Is toigh leam*, I like, I love; *ma 's toigh leat*, if you like, if you love; *is fuath le Dia*, God hates; *cha 'n fhuath le Dia*, God does not hate, or, *is fuathach le Dia*, God hates, &c. *Is fiosrach mi*, I know; *am*

FIRST CONJUGATION.—VERB, Paisg.—

PAST TENSE.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Paisg mi, I did wrap, or wrapped.
2. Paisg thu, thou didst wrap, or wrapped.
3. Paisg e, i, he or she did wrap, or wrapped.
1. Paisg sinn, we did wrap, or wrapped.
2. Paisg sibh, ye or you did wrap, or
3. Paisg iad, they did wrap, or wrapped.

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Paisgidh mi, I shall or will wrap.
2. Paisgidh tu, thou shalt or wilt wrap.
3. Paisgidh e, i, he or she shall or will wrap.
1. Paisgidh sinn, we shall or will wrap.
2. Paisgidh sibh, ye or you shall or will
3. Paisgidh iad, they shall or will wrap.

INTERROGATIVE and NEGATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Cha do phaisg mi, I did not wrap.
2. Cha do phaisg thu, thou didst not wrap.
3. Cha do phaisg e, i, he or she did not
1. Cha do phaisg sinn, we did not wrap.
2. Cha do phaisg sibh, ye did not wrap.
3. Cha do phaisg iad, they did not wrap.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Nach do phaisg mi, did I not wrap?
2. Nach do phaisg thu, didst thou not wrap?
3. Nach do phaisg e, i, did he not wrap?
1. Nach do phaisg sinn, did we not wrap?
2. Nach do phaisg sibh, did ye not wrap?
3. Nach do phaisg iad, did they not wrap?

Sing. and Plur.

1. Mar do phaisg mi, if I did not wrap.
2. Mar do phaisg thu, if thou didst not wrap.
3. Mar do phaisg e, i, if he did not wrap.
1. Mar do phaisg sinn, if we did not wrap.
2. Mar do phaisg sibh, if ye did not wrap.
3. Mar do phaisg iad, if they did not wrap.

FUTURE TENSE.—INTERROGATIVE or NEGATIVE MOOD.

Singular.

1. Cha phaisg mi, I shall or will not wrap.
2. Cha phaisg thu, thou shalt or wilt not
3. Cha phaisg e, i, he shall or will not wrap

fiosrach thu, do you know? are you aware? *cha 'n fios domhsa ni sam bith ma dheibhinn*, I know nothing about him. 2d, *Tha e a' fiosrachadh*, he inquires; *am bheil e a' faicinn*, does he perceive? *tha e a' gràdh*, or, *ag ràdh*, he says. 3d, *Am math leat mise a dh' fholbh*, do you wish me to go? *cha mhath leam*, I do not wish, *cha 'n aithne dhomh*, I do not know, I do not recognise; literally, no good along with me, no knowledge to me. The limits of these outlines of grammar do not admit of shewing how the HEBREW and other languages form their PRESENT TENSES.

Plural.

1. Cha phaisg sinn, *we shall or will not wrap*
2. Cha phaisg sibh, *ye shall or will not wrap*
3. Cha phaisg iad, *they shall or will not wrap*

Sing. and Plur.

1. Nach paisg mi, *shall or will I not wrap.*
2. Nach paisg thu, *shall or will thou not*
3. Nach paisg e, i, *shall or will he not wrap*
1. Nach paisg sinn, *shall or will we not wrap*
2. Nach paisg sibh, *shall or will you not wrap*
3. Nach paisg e, i, *shall or will they not wrap*

Sing. and Plur.

1. Mar paisg mi, *if I shall or will not wrap.*
2. Mar paisg thu, *if thou shall or will not*
3. Mar paisg e, i, *if he shall or will not wrap*
1. Mar paisg sinn, *if we shall or will not wrap*
2. Mar paisg sibh, *if ye shall or will not wrap*
3. Mar paisg iad, *if they shall or will not*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.—PAST TENSE.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Phaisginn, *I might, could or should wrap*
2. Phaisgeadh tu, *thou mightst, couldst or shouldst wrap.*
3. Phaisgeadh e, i, *he might, could or should*
1. Phaisgeadh sinn, or } *we might, could or*
Phaisgeamaid, } *should wrap or have*
2. Phaisgeadh sibh, *ye might, could or should*
3. Phaisgeadh iad, *they might, could or should wrap, or have wrapped.*

FUTURE SUBJUNCTIVE.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Ma phaisgeas mi, *if I shall or will wrap.*
2. Ma phaisgeas tu, *if thou shalt or will*
3. Ma phaisgeas e, i, *if he shall or will wrap*
1. Ma phaisgeas sinn, *if we shall or will &c.*
2. Ma phaisgeas sibh, *if ye shall or will &c.*
3. Ma phaisgeas iad, *if they shall or will &c.*

Or,

Sing. and Plur.

1. Nam paisginn, *if I might or were to wrap.*
2. Nam paisgeadh tu, *if thou mightst or*
3. Nam paisgeadh e, i, *if he might or were*
1. Nam paisgeadh sinn, *if we might or were*
2. Nam paisgeadh sibh, *if ye might or were*
3. Nam paisgeadh iad, *if they might or*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Paisgeam-sa, *let me wrap.*
2. Paisg, or paisg thusa, *wrap thou.*
3. Paisgeadh e, i, *let him, her, or it wrap.*
1. Paisg, or paisgeamaid, *let us wrap.*
2. Paisgibh, *wrap ye or you.*
3. Paisgeadh iad, *let them wrap.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A phasgadh, *to wrap.*

PARTICIPLE ACTIVE.

A' pasgadh, *wrapping.*

PASSIVE VOICE.—INDICATIVE MOOD.

Paisgte, *wrapped.**Sing. and Plur.*

1. Phaisgeadh mi, *I was wrapped or folded.*
2. Phaisgeadh thu, *thou wert wrapped or*
3. Phaisgeadh e, i, *he or she was wrapped*
1. Phaisgeadh sinn, *we were wrapped or folded.*
2. Phaisgeadh sibh, *ye were wrapped or*
3. Phaisgeadh iad, *they were wrapped or*

FUTURE TENSE.—PASSIVE VOICE.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Paisgear mi, *I shall or will be wrapped.*
2. Paisgear thu, *thou shall or will be wrapped*
3. Paisgear e, i, *he, she or it shall or will be*
1. Paisgear sinn, *we shall or will be wrapped.*
2. Paisgear sibh, *ye or you shall or will be*
3. Paisgear iad, *they shall or will be wrapped*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.—

PAST TENSE.

Sing. and Plur.

1. An do phaisgeadh, or phasgadh mi, *was I wrapped?*
 2. An do phasgadh thu, *wert thou wrapped?*
 3. An do phasgadh e, i, *was he, she or it*
 1. An do phaisgeadh sinn, *were we wrapped.*
 2. An do phaisgeadh thu, *wert thou wrapped?*
 3. And do phaisgeadh e, i, *was he, she or it*
- Also,
- Cha do phaisgeadh mi, *I was not wrapped.*
 Cha do phaisgeadh sinn, *we were not &c.*
 Nach do phaisgeadh mi, *was I not wrapped?*
 Mar do phaisgeadh mi, *if I was not wrapped*
 Mar do phaisgeadh sinn, *if we were not &c.*

FUTURE.—INTERROGATIVE OR NEGATIVE.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Am paisgear mi, *shall I be wrapped?*
2. Am paisgear thu, *shalt thou be wrapped?*
3. Am paisgear e, i, *shall he, she or it be*
1. A paisgear sinn, *shall we be wrapped?*
2. Am paisgear sibh, *shall you be wrapped?*
3. Am paisgear iad, *shall they be wrapped?*

Also,

Cha paisgear mi, *I shall not be wrapped.*
 Cha paisgear sinn, *we shall not be wrapped.*
 Nach paisgear mi, *shall I not be wrapped.*
 Nach paisgear sinn, *shall we not be*
 Mar paisgear mi, *if I am not wrapped.*
 Mar paisgear sinn, *if we are not wrapped.*
 Nam paisgte mi, *if I were wrapped.*
 Nam paisgte sinn, *if we were wrapped.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.—PAST TENSE.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Phaisgeadh mi, *I might, could, would or should be wrapped.*

2 Phaisgteadh thu, *thou mightst, couldst, wouldst or shouldst, be wrapped.*

3. Phaisgteadh e, i, *he or she might, could, would or should, be wrapped.*

1. Phaisgteadh sinn, *we might, could, would or should be wrapped.*

2. Phaisgteadh sibh, *you might, could, would or should be wrapped.*

3. Phaisgteadh iad, *they might, could, would or should be wrapped.*

FUTURE TENSE.—SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

Ma phaisgear mi, *if I be wrapped.*

Ma phaisgear sinn, *if we be wrapped.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

1. Paisgtear or pasgar mise, *let me be wrapped.*

2. Paisgtear sinn, *let us be wrapped.*

PARTICIPLES.—Paisgte, *wrapped*; or, air a phasgadh, *he being wrapped*; or, air a pasgadh, *she being wrapped*; air do phasgadh, *you being wrapped.*

The same verb may be declined with the verb *to be*, for the **PRESENT TENSE**; thus,

Sing. and Plur.

1. Tha mi pasgadh, *I am wrapping, &c.*

2. Tha thu pasgadh, *thou art, &c.*

3. Tha e, i, pasgadh, *he wraps or is, &c.*

1. Tha sinn a' pasgadh, *we are wrapping.*

2. Tha sibh a' pasgadh, *ye are wrapping.*

3. Tha iad a' pasgadh, *they are wrapping.*

NOTE.—The *a'* for *ag* is left out after vowels.—All the rest of the tenses and moods may be thus gone through.

PRESENT TENSE.

Sing. and Plur.—*a'* pasgadh.

1. Tha mi, &c. *I am wrapping.*

2. Tha thu, *thou art wrapping.*

3. Tha e, i, *he, she, or it is wrapping.*

1. Tha sinn, *we are wrapping.*

2. Tha sibh, *ye are wrapping.*

3. Tha iad, *they are wrapping.*

*** PAST TENSE.**

Sing. and Plur.—*a'* pasgadh.

1. Bha mi, &c. *I was wrapping.*

2. Bha thu, *thou wert wrapping.*

3. Bha e, i, *he was wrapping.*

1. Bha sinn, *we were wrapping.*

2. Bha sibh, *ye were wrapping.*

3. Bha iad, *they were wrapping.*

* This verb and *faic*, *see*, have a **PRESENT TENSE**; thus, *chi mi*, *I see or shall see*; *chl thu dithisid*, *thou seest two*; *chi mi iad a' tighinn*, *I see them coming.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.—*a'* pasgadh.

1. Bithidh mi, &c. *I shall be wrapping.*

2. Bithidh thu, *thou shalt be wrapping.*

3. Bithidh e, i, *he shall be wrapping.*

1. Bithidh sinn, *we shall be wrapping.*

2. Bithidh sibh, *ye shall be wrapping.*

3. Bithidh iad, *they shall be wrapping.*

INTERROGATIVE.

Sing. and Plur.—*a'* pasgadh.

1. Am bheil mi, &c. *am I wrapping?*

2. Am bheil thu, *art thou wrapping?*

3. Am bheil e, i, *is he or she wrapping?*

1. Am bheil sinn, *are we wrapping?*

2. Am bheil sibh, *are ye or you wrapping?*

2. Am bheil iad, *are they wrapping?*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE.

PRESENT.—*a'* pasgadh.

Am bheil mi, &c. *am I wrapping?*

Am bheil thu, *art thou wrapping?*

Am bheil e, i, *is he or she wrapping?*

Am bheil sinn, *are we wrapping?*

Am bheil sibh, *are you wrapping?*

Am bheil iad, *are they wrapping?*

PAST.—*a'* pasgadh.

An robh mi, &c. *was I wrapping?*

An robh thu, *wast thou wrapping?*

An robh e, i, *was he or she wrapping?*

An robh sinn, *were we wrapping?*

An robh sibh, *were ye wrapping?*

An robh iad, *were they wrapping?*

FUTURE TENSE.—INTERROGATIVE and

NEGATIVE.

Sing. and Plur.

Am bi mi a' pasgadh, *shall I be wrapping?*

Am bi thu a' pasgadh, *shalt thou be*

Am bi e, i, a' pasgadh, *shall he be*

Am bi sinn a' pasgadh, *shall we be*

Am bi sibh a' pasgadh, *shall ye be*

Am bi iad a' pasgadh, *shall they be*

PRESENT.

Sing. and Plur.

Cha 'n 'eil mi a' pasgadh, *I am not wrapping.*

Cha 'n 'eil thu a' pasgadh, *thou art not*

Cha 'n 'eil e, i, a' pasgadh, *he is not*

Cha 'n 'eil sinn a' pasgadh, *we are not*

Cha 'n 'eil sibh a' pasgadh, *you are not*

Cha 'n 'eil iad a' pasgadh, *they are not*

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Cha robh sinn a' pasgadh, *I was not wrapping.*

Cha robh thu a' pasgadh, *thou wert not*

Cha robh e a' pasgadh, *he was not*

Cha robh sinn a' pasgadh, *we were not*

Cha robh sibh a' pasgadh, *you were not*

Cha robh iad a' pasgadh, *they were not*

FUTURE NEGATIVE.

Sing. and Plur.

Cha bhi mi pasgadh, *I shall not be wrapping.*
 Cha bhi thu pasgadh, *thou shalt not be*
 Cha bhi e, i, pasgadh, *he shall not be*
 Cha bhi sinn a' pasgadh, *we shall not be*
 Cha bhi sibh a' pasgadh, *you shall not be*
 Cha bhl iad a' pasgadh, *they shall not be*

PRESENT.

Sing. and Plur.

Nach 'eil mi pasgadh, *am I not wrapping?*
 Nach 'eil thu pasgadh, *art thou not*
 Nach 'eil e, i, pasgadh, *is he or she not*
 Nach 'eil sinn a' pasgadh, *are we not*
 Nach 'eil sibh a' pasgadh, *are you not*
 Nach 'eil iad a' pasgadh, *are they not*

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Nach robh mi pasgadh, *was I not wrapping?*
 Nach robh thu pasgadh, *wert thou not*
 Nach robh e pasgadh, *was he not*
 Nach robh sinn a' pasgadh, *were we not*
 Nach robh sibh a' pasgadh, *were you not*
 Nach robh iad a' pasgadh, *were they not*

FUTURE INTERROGATIVE AND NEGATIVE.

Sing. and Plur.

Nach bi mi pasgadh, *shall I not be wrapping?*
 Nach bi thu pasgadh, *shalt thou not be*
 Nach bi e, i, pasgadh, *shall he or she not be*
 Nach bi sinn a' pasgadh, *shall we not be*
 Nach bi sibh a' pasgadh, *shall you not be*
 Nach bi iad a' pasgadh, *shall they not be*

PRESENT.

Sing. and Plur.

Mar bheil mi pasgadh, *if I am not wrapping.*
 Mar bheil thu pasgadh, *if thou art not*
 Mar bheil e, i, pasgadh, *if he is not*
 Mar bheil sinn a' pasgadh, *if we were not*
 Mar bheil sibh a' pasgadh, *if you are not*
 Mar bheil iad a' pasgadh, *if they are not*

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Mar robh mi pasgadh, *if I was not wrapping.*
 Mar robh thu pasgadh, *if thou wert not*
 Mar robh e, i, pasgadh, *if he was not*
 Mar robh sinn a' pasgadh, *if we were not*
 Mar robh sibh a' pasgadh, *if you were not*
 Mar robh iad a' pasgadh, *if they were not*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Mar bi mi pasgadh, *if I shall not be wrapping.*
 Mar bi thu pasgadh, *if thou shalt not be*
 Mar bi e, i, pasgadh, *if he shall not be*
 Mar bi sinn a' pasgadh, *if we shall not be*
 Mar bi sibh a' pasgadh, *if you shall not be*
 Mar bi iad a' pasgadh, *if they shall not be*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.—PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Bhithinn a' pasgadh, *I would be wrapping*
 Bhithheadh tu pasgadh, *thou wouldst be*
 Bhithheadh e pasgadh, *he would be*
 Bhithheadh sinn a' pasgadh, *we would be*
 Bhithheadh sibh a' pasgadh, *you would be*
 Bhithheadh iad a' pasgadh, *they would be*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma bhitheas mi pasgadh, *if I shall be wrapping.*
 Ma bhitheas thu pasgadh, *if thou shalt be*
 Ma bhitheas e pasgadh, *if he shall be*
 Ma bhitheas sinn a' pasgadh, *if we shall be*
 Ma bhitheas sibh a' pasgadh, *if you shall be*
 Ma bhitheas iad a' pasgadh, *if they shall be*
 Am bithinn *would I be wrapping; am*
 bitheamaid, *would we be wrapping.*
 Cha bhithinn, *I would not be wrapping;*
 cha bhitheamaid, *we would not be wrapping.*
 Mar bithinn, *if I were not wrapping; mar*
 bithcamaid, *if we were not wrapping.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Bitheam-sa pasgadh, *let me be wrapping.*
 Bith 'bi thusa a' pasgadh, *be thou*
 Bitheadh e pasgadh, *let him be wrapping.*
 Bitheamaid a' pasgadh, *let us be wrapping.*
 Bithibh bi a' pasgadh, *be ye or you*
 Bitheadh iad a' pasgadh, *let them be*

INFINITIVE MOOD.—A bhith, bhith, to be.

THE PASSIVE VOICE of pasg with bi.

Pres. Tha mi paisgte, *I am wrapped;*
 tha thu paisgte, *thou art wrapped, &c;*
Past. Tense. Bha mi paisgte, *I was wrapped, &c.* *Future.* Bithidh mi paisgte, *I shall be wrapped.*

THE SECOND DECLENSION.

Aom, incline, prevail upon.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Dh'aom mi, *I inclined, or did incline.*
 Dh'aom thu, *thou inclinedst.*
 Dh'aom e, *he inclined.*
 Dh'aom sinn, *we inclined.*
 Dh'aom sibh, *you inclined.*
 Dh'aom iad, *they inclined.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Aomaidh mi, *I shall or will incline.*
 Aomaidh tu, *thou shalt or wilt incline.*
 Aomaidh e, *he shall or will incline.*
 Aomaidh sinn, *we shall or will incline.*
 Aomaidh sibh, *you shall or will incline.*
 Aomaidh iad, *they shall or will incline.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

An d'-chad, &c.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An d'aom mi, *did I incline?*
An d'aom thu, *didst thou incline?*
An d'aom e, i, *did he incline?*
An d'aom sinn, *did we incline?*
An d'aom sibh, *did you incline?*
An d'aom iad, *did they incline?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d'aom mi, *I did not incline.*
Cha d'aom thu, *thou didst not incline.*
Cha d'aom e, i, *he or she did not incline.*
Cha d'aom sinn, *we did not incline.*
Cha d'aom sibh, *ye did not incline.*
Cha d'aom iad, *they did not incline.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach d'aom mi, *did I not incline?*
Nach d'aom thu, *didst thou not incline?*
Nach d'aom e, i, *did he or she not incline?*
Nach d'aom sinn, *did we not incline?*
Nach d'aom sibh, *did ye not incline?*
Nach d'aom iad, *did they not incline?*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

An aom mi, *shall I incline?*
An aom thu, *shalt thou incline?*
An aom e, *shall he incline?*
An aom sinn, *shall we incline?*
An aom sibh, *shall ye incline?*
An aom iad, *shall they incline?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha'n aom mi, *I shall not incline.*
Cha'n aom thu, *thou shalt not incline.*
Cha'n aom e, *he shall not incline.*
Cha'n aom sinn, *we shall not incline.*
Cha'n aom sibh, *ye shall not incline.*
Cha'n aom iad, *they shall not incline.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach aom mi, *shall I not incline?*
Nach aom thu, *shalt thou not incline?*
Nach aom e, i, *shall he not incline?*
Nach aom sinn, *shall we not incline?*
Nach aom sibh, *shall ye not incline?*
Nach aom iad, *shall they not incline?*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Dh' aomain, *I would or could incline.*
Dh' aomadh tu, *thou wouldst incline.*
Dh' aomadh e, *he would incline.*
Dh' aomadh sinn, *we would incline.*
Dh' aomadh sibh, *you would incline.*
Dh' aomadh iad, *they would incline.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma dh'aomas mi, *if I incline.*
Ma dh'aomas tu, *if thou inclinest.*
Ma dh'aomas e, *if he inclines.*
Ma dh'aomas sinn, *if we incline.*
Ma dh'aomas sibh, *if you incline.*
Ma dh'aomas iad, *if they incline.*

IMP. MOOD. Aomam, *let me incline;*
aom, aom thusa, *incline thou;* aomadh e,
let him incline; aomamaid, *let us incline;*
aomaibh, *incline ye or you—*aomadh iad,
let them incline.

INFIN. A dh' aomadh, *to incline;* Part.
aomadh ag aomadh, *inclining.*

PASSIVE VOICE.—INDICATIVE MOOD.
Past Tense. Dh' aomadh mi, *I was pre-*
vailed upon; dh'aomadh thu, *you were*
prevailed upon; dh'aomadh e, *he was pre-*
vailed upon, &c.

NEG. OR INTER. MOOD. Cha d' aomadh
e, *he was not prevailed upon;* cha d' aom-
adh iad, *they were not prevailed upon.*

Nach D' aomadh e, *was he not prevailed*
upon; nach d' aomadh iad, *were we not pre-*
vailed upon.

FUTURE. Cha'n aomar mi, *thou, e, i, thou,*
he, or she shall not be prevailed upon; nach
aomar iad, *shall they not be prevailed upon.*

OF IRREGULAR VERBS.

The Irregular Verbs are reckoned ten;
seven of the first conjugation, viz. dean,
cluinn, beir, rach, ruig, thig or thalla, thoir,
or thobhair; and three of the second, viz.
faic, fuigh, abair.

THE FIRST CONJUGATION.

DEAN, *make.*

ACTIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OR INDI-
CATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

1. Rinn mi, *I made or did.*
2. Rinn thu, *thou madest or didst.*
3. Rinn e, *he made or did.*
1. Rinn sinn, *we made or did.*
2. Rinn sibh, *ye made or did.*
3. Rinn iad, *they made or did.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ni mi, *I shall or will make or do.*
Ni thu, *thou shalt or wilt make or do.*
Ni e, *he shall or will make or do.*
Ni sinn, *we shall or will make or do.*
Ni sibh, *ye shall or will make or do.*
Ni iad, *they shall or will make or do.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An do rinn mi, *did I make or do?*
 An do rinn thu, *didst thou make or do?*
 An do rinn e, *did he make or do?*
 An do rinn sinn, *did we make or do?*
 An do rinn sibh, *did ye make or do?*
 An do rinn iad, *did they make or do?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach do rinn mi, *did I not make?*
 Nach do rinn thu, *didst thou not make?*
 Nach do rinn e, *did he not make?*
 Nach do rinn sinn, *did we not make?*
 Nach do rinn sibh, *did ye not make?*
 Nach do rinn iad, *did they not make?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha do rinn mi, *I did not make or do.*
 Cha do rinn thu, *thou didst not make.*
 Cha do rinn e, *he did not make or do.*
 Cha do rinn sinn, *we did not make or do.*
 Cha do rinn sibh, *ye did not make or do.*
 Cha do rinn iad, *they did not make or do.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

An dean mi, *shall or will I make?*
 An dean thu, *shall or will thou make?*
 An dean e, *shall or will he make?*
 An dean sinn, *shall or will we make?*
 An dean sibh, *shall or will ye make?*
 An dean iad, *shall or will they make?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach dean mi, *shall or will I not make?*
 Nach dean thu, *shall or will thou not make?*
 Nach dean e, *shall or will he not make?*
 Nach dean sinn, *shall or will we not make?*
 Nach dean sibh, *shall or will ye not make?*
 Nach dean iad, *shall or will they not make?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha dean mi, *I shall or will not make.*
 Cha dean thu, *thou shalt or wilt not make.*
 Cha dean e, *he shall or will not make.*
 Cha dean sinn, *we shall or will not make.*
 Cha dean sibh, *ye shall or will not make.*
 Cha dean iad, *they shall or will not make.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Dheanainn, *I would or could make or do.*
 Dheanadh tu, *thou wouldst or couldst make*
 Dheanadh e, *he would or could make.*
 Dheanamaid, *we would or could make.*
 Dheanadh sibh, *ye would or could make.*
 Dheanadh iad, *they would or could make.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nan deanainn, *if I would or could make.*
 Nan deanadh tu, *if thou wouldst or couldst*
 Nan deanadh e, *if he would or could make.*
 Nan deanamaid, *if we would or could make.*
 Nan deanadh sibh, *if ye would or could*
 Nan deanadh iad, *if they would or could*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma ni mi, *if I shall or will make.*
 Ma ni thu, *if thou shalt or will make.*
 Ma ni e, *if he shall or will make.*
 Ma ni sinn, *if we shall or will make.*
 Ma ni sibh, *if ye shall or will make.*
 Ma ni iad, *if they shall or will make.*

Sing. and Plur.

Mar dean mi, *if I shall or will not make.*
 Mar dean thu, *if thou shalt or will not make*
 Mar dean e, *if he shall or will not make.*
 Mar dean sinn, *if we shall or will not make*
 Mar dean sibh, *if ye shall or will not make.*
 Mar dean iad, *if they shall or will not make*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Deanam, *let me make or do.*
 Dean, *make thou or do thou make.*
 Deanadh e, *let him make.*
 Deanamaid, *let us make.*
 Deanaibh, *make ye or you.*
 Deanadh iad, *let them make.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A dheanamh, a dheanadh, *to do or make.*

PARTICIPLE.

A' (for ag) deanamh, *doing or making.*

PASSIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OR

INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Rinneadh mi, *I was made.*
 Rinneadh thu, *thou wert made.*
 Rinneadh e, *he was made.*
 Rinneadh sinn, *we were made.*
 Rinneadh sibh, *ye were made.*
 Rinneadh iad, *they were made.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Nithear mi, *I shall or will be made.*
 Nithear thu, *thou shalt or wilt be made.*
 Nithear e, *he shall or will be made.*
 Nithear sinn, *we shall or will be made.*
 Nithear sibh, *ye shall or will be made.*
 Nithear iad, *they shall or will be made.*

INTERROGATIVE OR NEGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An do rinneadh mi, *was I made?*
 An do rinneadh thu, *wert thou made?*
 An do rinneadh e, *was he made?*
 An do rinneadh sinn, *were we made?*
 An do rinneadh sibh, *were ye made?*
 An do rinneadh iad, *were they made?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach do rinneadh mi, *was I not made?*
 Nach do rinneadh thu, *wert thou not made?*
 Nach do rinneadh e, *was he not made?*
 Nach do rinneadh sinn, *were we not made?*
 Nach do rinneadh sibh, *were ye not made?*
 Nach do rinneadh iad, *were they not made?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha do rinneadh mi, *I was not made.*
 Cha do rinneadh thu, *thou wert not made.*
 Cha do rinneadh e, *he was not made.*
 Cha do rinneadh sinn, *we were not made.*
 Cha do rinneadh sibh, *ye were not made.*
 Cha do rinneadh iad, *they were not made.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

An deanar mi, *shall or will I be made?*
 An deanar thu, *shall or will thou be made?*
 An deanar e, *shall or will he be made?*
 An deanar sinn, *shall or will we be made?*
 An deanar sibh, *shall or will ye be made?*
 An deanar iad, *shall or will they be made?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach deanar mi, *shall or will I not be made?*
 Nach deanar thu, *shall or will thou not be made?*
 Nach deanar e, *shall or will he not be made?*
 Nach deanar sinn, *shall or will we not be made?*
 Nach deanar sibh, *shall or will ye not be made?*
 Nach deanar iad, *shall or will they not be made?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha deanar mi, *I shall or will not be made.*
 Cha deanar thu, *thou shalt or wilt not be made.*
 Cha deanar e, *he shall or will not be made.*
 Cha deanar sinn, *we shall or will not be made.*
 Cha deanar sibh, *ye shall or will not be made.*
 Cha deanar iad, *they shall or will not be made.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Dheantadh mi, *I would or could be made.*
 Dheantadh thu, *thou wouldst or couldst be made.*
 Dheantadh e, *he would or could be made.*
 Dheantadh sinn, *we would or could be made.*
 Dheantadh sibh, *ye would or could be made.*
 Dheantadh iad, *they would or could be made.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nan deantadh mi, *if I would or could be made.*
 Nau deantadh thu, *if thou wouldst or couldst be made.*
 Nan deantadh e, *if he would or could be made.*
 Nan deantadh sinn, *if we would or could be made.*
 Nan deantadh sibh, *if ye would or could be made.*
 Nan deantadh iad, *if they would or could be made.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma nithear mi, *if I shall or will be made.*
 Ma nithear thu, *if thou shalt or wilt be made.*
 Ma nithear e, *if he shall or will be made.*
 Ma nithear sinn, *if we shall or will be made.*
 Ma nithear sibh, *if ye shall or will be made.*
 Ma nithear iad, *if they shall or will be made.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nan deanar mi, *if I shall or will be made.*
 Nan deanar thu, *if thou shalt or wilt be made.*
 Nan deanar e, *if he shall or will be made.*
 Nan deanar sinn, *if we shall or will be made.*
 Nan deanar sibh, *if ye shall or will be made.*
 Nan deanar iad, *if they shall or will be made.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Deantar mi, *let me be made.*
 Deantar thu, *be thou made.*
 Deantar e, i, *let him or her be made.*
 Deantar sinn, *let us be made.*
 Deantar sibh, *be ye made.*
 Deantar iad, *let them be made.*

PARTICIPLE.

Dcanta, deante, *done.*

CLUINN, *hear.*

ACTIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Chuala mi, *I heard or did hear.*
 Chuala thu, *thou heardest or didst hear.*
 Chual' e, *he heard or did hear.*
 Chuala sinn, *we heard or did hear.*
 Chuala sibh, *ye heard or did hear.*
 Chual' iad, *they heard or did hear.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Cluinnidh mi, *I shall or will hear.*
 Cluinnidh tu, *thou shalt or wilt hear.*
 Cluinnidh se, *he shall or will hear.*
 Cluinnidh sinn, *we shall or will hear.*
 Cluinnidh sibh, *ye shall or will hear.*
 Cluinnidh iad, *they shall or will hear.*

NEGATIVE OF INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An euala mi, *did I hear?*
 An euala thu, *didst thou hear?*
 An eual' e, *did he hear?*
 An euala sinn, *did we hear?*
 An euala sibh, *did ye hear?*
 An eual' iad, *did they hear?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach euala mi, *did I not hear?*
 Nach euala thu, *didst thou not hear?*
 Nach eual' e, *did he not hear?*
 Nach euala sinn, *did we not hear?*
 Nach euala sibh, *did ye not hear?*
 Nach eual' iad, *did they not hear?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha chuala mi, *I did not hear.*
 Cha chuala thu, *thou didst not hear.*
 Cha chual' e, *he did not hear.*
 Cha chuala sinn, *we did not hear.*
 Cha chuala sibh, *ye did not hear.*
 Cha chual' iad, *they did not hear.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

An cluinn mi, *shall or will I hear?*
 An cluinn thu, *shall or will thou hear?*
 An cluinn e, *shall or will he hear?*
 An cluinn sinn, *shall or will we hear?*
 An cluinn sibh, *shall or will ye hear?*
 An cluinn iad, *shall or will they hear?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach cluinn mi, *shall or will I not hear?*
 Nach cluinn thu, *shall or will thou not hear?*
 Nach cluinn e, *shall or will he not hear?*
 Nach cluinn sinn, *shall or will we not hear?*
 Nach cluinn sibh, *shall or will ye not hear?*
 Nach cluinn iad, *shall or will they not hear?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha chluinn mi, *I shall or will not hear.*
 Cha chluinn thu, *thou shalt or wilt not hear.*
 Cha chluinn e, *he shall or will not hear.*
 Cha chluinn sinn, *we shall or will not hear.*
 Cha chluinn sibh, *ye shall or will not hear.*
 Cha chluinn iad, *they shall or will not hear.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Chluinnin, *I could or would hear.*
 Chluinneadh tu, *thou couldst or wouldst hear.*
 Chluinneadh e, *he could or would hear.*
 Chluinneamaid, *we could or would hear.*
 Chluinneadh sibh, *ye could or would hear.*
 Chluinneadh iad, *they could or would hear.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma chluinneas mi, *if I shall or will hear.*
 Ma chluinneas tu, *if thou shalt or wilt hear.*
 Ma chluinneas e, *if he shall or will hear.*
 Ma chluinneas sinn, *if we shall or will hear.*
 Ma chluinneas sibh, *if you shall or will hear.*
 Ma chluinneas iad, *if they shall or will hear.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Cluinnear, *let me hear.*
 Cluinn, *hear thou or do thou hear.*
 Cluinneadh e, *let him hear.*
 Cluinneamaid, *let us hear.*
 Cluinnibh, *hear ye or you.*
 Cluinnear iad, *let them hear.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A chluinntinn, *to hear.*

PARTICIPLE.

A' cluinntinn, *hearing.*

PASSIVE VOICE.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Chualadh mi, *I was heard.*
 Chualadh thu, *thou wert heard.*
 Chualadh e, *he was heard.*
 Chualadh sinn, *we were heard.*
 Chualadh sibh, *ye were heard.*
 Chualadh iad, *they were heard.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Cluinnear mi, *I shall or will be heard.*
 Cluinnear thu, *thou shalt or wilt be heard.*
 Cluinnear e, *he shall or will be heard.*
 Cluinnear sinn, *we shall or will be heard.*
 Cluinnear sibh, *ye shall or will be heard.*
 Cluinnear iad, *they shall or will be heard.*

NEGATIVE OF INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An eualadh mi, *was I heard?*
 An eualadh thu, *wert thou heard?*
 An eualadh e, *was he heard?*
 An eualadh sinn, *were we heard?*
 An eualadh sibh, *were ye heard?*
 An eualadh iad, *were they heard?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach eualadh mi, *was I not heard?*
 Nach eualadh thu, *wert thou not heard?*
 Nach eualadh e, *was he not heard?*
 Nach eualadh sinn, *were we not heard?*
 Nach eualadh sibh, *were ye not heard?*
 Nach eualadh iad, *were they not heard?*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

An cluinnear mi, *shall or will I be heard?*
 An cluinnear thu, *shalt or wilt thou be*
 An cluinnear e, *shall or will he be heard?*
 An cluinnear sinn, *shall or will we be heard?*
 An cluinnear sibh, *shall or will ye be heard?*
 An cluinnear iad, *shall or will they be heard?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach cluinnear mi, *shall or will I not be heard?*
 Nach cluinnear thu, *shalt thou not be*
 Nach cluinnear e, *shall or will he not be*
 Nach cluinnear sinn, *shall or will we not be*
 Nach cluinnear sibh, *shall or will ye not be*
 Nach cluinnear iad, *shall or will they not be*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Chluinnteadh mi, *I could or would be heard.*
 Chluinnteadh thu, *thou couldst or wouldst*
 Chluinnteadh iad, *they could or would be*
 Chluinnteadh sinn, *we could or would be*
 Chluinnteadh sibh, *ye could or would be*
 Chluinnteadh iad, *they could or would be*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma chluinnear mi, *if I shall or will be heard.*
 Ma chluinnear thu, *if thou shalt or wilt be*
 Ma chluinnear e, *if he shall or will be heard.*
 Ma chluinnear sinn, *if we shall or will be*
 Ma chluinnear sibh, *if ye shall or will be*
 Ma chluinnear iad, *if they shall or will be*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Cluinn-tear mi, *let me be heard.*
 Cluinn-tear thu, *be thou heard.*
 Cluinn-tear e, *let him be heard.*
 Cluinn-tear sinn, *let us be heard.*
 Cluinn-tear sibh, *be ye heard.*
 Cluinn-tear iad, *let them be heard.*

THIG, NEO THALLA, come.

ACTIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Thàinig mi, *I came or did come.*
 Thàinig thu, *thou camest or did come.*
 Thàinig e, *he came or did come.*
 Thàinig sinn, *we came or did come.*
 Thàinig sibh, *ye came or did come.*
 Thàinig iad, *they came or did come.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Thig mi, *I shall or will come.*
 Thig thu, *thou shalt or will come.*
 Thig e, *he shall or will come.*
 Thig sinn, *we shall or will come.*
 Thig sibh, *ye shall or will come.*
 Thig iad, *they shall or will come.*

INTERROGATIVE OR NEGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An d' thàinig mi, *did I come?*
 An d' thàinig thu, *didst thou come?*
 An d' thàinig e, *did he come?*
 An d' thàinig sinn, *did we come?*
 An d' thàinig sibh, *did ye come?*
 An d' thàinig iad, *did they come?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach d' thàinig mi, *did I not come?*
 Nach d' thàinig thu, *didst thou not come?*
 Nach d' thàinig e, *did he not come?*
 Nach d' thàinig sinn, *did we not come?*
 Nach d' thàinig sibh, *did ye not come?*
 Nach d' thàinig iad, *did they not come?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' thàinig mi, *I came not or did not come.*
 Cha d' thàinig thu, *thou camest not or*
 Cha d' thàinig e, *he came not or did not*
 Cha d' thàinig sinn, *we came not or did not*
 Cha d' thàinig sibh, *ye came not or did not*
 Cha d' thàinig iad, *they came not or did*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

An d' thig mi, *shall or will I come?*
 An d' thig thu, *shalt or wilt thou come?*
 An d' thig e, *shall or will he come?*
 An d' thig sinn, *shall or will we come?*
 An d' thig sibh, *shall or will ye come?*
 An d' thig iad, *shall or will they come?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach d' thig mi, *shall or will I not come?*
 Nach d' thig thu, *shalt or wilt thou not*
 Nach d' thig e, *shall or will he not come?*

Nach d' thig sinn, *shall or will we not come?*
 Nach d' thig sibh, *shall or will ye not come?*
 Nach d' thig iad, *shall or will they not*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' thig mi, *I shall or will not come.*
 Cha d' thig thu, *thou shalt or will not come.*
 Cha d' thig e, *he shall or will not come.*
 Cha d' thig sinn, *we shall or will not come.*
 Cha d' thig sibh, *ye shall or will not come.*
 Cha d' thig iad, *they shall or will not come.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Thiginn, *I would come.*
 Thigeadh tu, *thou wouldst come.*
 Thigeadh e, *he would come.*
 Thigeamaid, *we would come.*
 Thigeadh sibh, *ye would come.*
 Thigeadh iad, *they would come.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nan d' thiginn, *if I had or would come.*
 Nan d' thigeadh thu, *if thou hadst or*
 Nan d' thigeadh e, *if he had or would come.*
 Nan d' thigeamaid, *if we had or would come.*
 Nan d' thigeadh sibh, *if ye had or would*
 Nan d' thigeadh iad, *if they had or would*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma thig mi, *if I shall or will come.*
 Ma thig thu, *if thou shalt or will come.*
 Ma thig e, *if he shall or will come.*
 Ma thig sinn, *if we shall or will come.*
 Ma thig sibh, *if ye shall or will come.*
 Ma thig iad, *if they shall or will come.*

Sing. and Plur.

Mar d' thiginn, *if I had or would not come.*
 Mar d' thigeadh thu, *if thou hadst or*
 Mar d' thigeadh e, *if he had or would not*
 Mar d' thigeamaid, *or Mar d' thigeadh sinn,*
if we had or would not come.
 Mar d' thigeadh sibh, *if ye had or would not*
 Mar d' thigeadh iad, *if they had or would*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Thigeam, neo thallam, *let me come.*
 Thig, neo thalla, *come thou.*
 Thigeadh, neo thalladh e, *let him come.*
 Thigeamaid, neo thallamaid, *let us come.*
 Thigibh, neo thallaibh, *come ye.*
 Thigeadh, neo thalladh iad, *let them come.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A thighinn, A theachd, *to come.*

PARTICIPLE.

A' tighinn, A teachd, *coming.*

BEIR, *bear, bring forth.*

ACTIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD.

:

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Rug mi, *I bore.*
 Rug thu, *thou borest.*
 Rug i, *she bore.*
 Rug sinn, *we bore.*
 Rug sibh, *ye bore.*
 Rug iad, *they bore.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Beiridh mi, *I shall or will bear.*
 Beiridh thu, *thou shalt or wilt bear.*
 Beiridh si, *she shall or will bear.*
 Beiridh sinn, *we shall or will bear.*
 Beiridh sibh, *ye shall or will bear.*
 Beiridh iad, *they shall or will bear.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An do rug mi, *did I bear?*
 An do rug thu, *didst thou bear?*
 An do rug i, *did she bear?*
 An do rug sinn, *did we bear?*
 An do rug sibh, *did ye bear?*
 An do rug iad, *did they bear?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha do rug mi, *I bore not or did not bear.*
 Cha do rug thu, *thou borest not or didst*
 Cha do rug i, *she bore not or did not bear.*
 Cha do rug sinn, *we bore not or did not*
 Cha do rug sibh, *ye bore not or did not*
 Cha do rug iad, *they bore not or did not*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach do rug mi, *did I not bear?*
 Nach do rug thu, *didst thou not bear?*
 Nach do rug i, *did she not bear?*
 Nach do rug sinn, *did we not bear?*
 Nach do rug sibh, *did ye not bear?*
 Nach do rug iad, *did they not bear?*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Am beir mi, *shall or will I bear?*
 Am beir thu, *shalt or wilt thou bear?*
 Am beir i, *shall or will she bear?*
 Am beir sinn, *shall or will we bear?*
 Am beir sibh, *shall or will ye bear?*
 Am beir iad, *shall or will they bear?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha bheir mi, *I shall or will not bear.*
 Cha bheir thu, *thou shalt or wilt not bear.*
 Cha bheir i, *she shall or will not bear.*
 Cha bheir sinn, *we shall or will not bear.*
 Cha bheir sibh, *ye shall or will not bear.*
 Cha bheir iad, *they shall or will not bear.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach beir mi, *shall or will I not bear?*
 Nach beir thu, *shalt or wilt thou not bear?*
 Nach beir i, *shall or will she not bear?*
 Nach beir sinn, *shall or will we not bear?*
 Nach beir sibh, *shall or will ye not bear?*
 Nach beir iad, *shall or will they not bear?*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Bheirinn, *I could or would bear.*
Beireadh tu, *thou couldst or wouldst bear.*
Bheireadh i, *she would or could bear.*
Bheireamaid, *we could or would bear.*
Bheireadh sibh, *ye could or would bear.*
Bheireadh iad, *they could or would bear.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma bheireas mi, *if I shall or will bear.*
Ma bheireas tu, *if thou shalt or wilt bear.*
Ma bheireas i, *if she shall or will bear.*
Ma bheireas sinn, *if we shall or will bear.*
Ma bheireas sibh, *if ye shall or will bear.*
Ma bheireas iad, *if they shall or will bear.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Beiream, *let me bear.*
Beir, *bear thou.*
Beireadh i, *let her bear.*
Beireamaid, *let us bear.*
Beiribh, *bear ye.*
Beireadh iad, *let them bear.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A bheirsinn, *A bheirith, to bear.*

PARTICIPLE.

A bheirsinn, *A breith, bearing.*

PASSIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OF INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Rugadh mi, *I was born.*
Rugadh tu, *thou wast born.*
Rugadh e, *he was born.*
Rugadh sinn, *we were born.*
Rugadh sibh, *ye were born.*
Rugadh iad, *they were born.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Beirear mi, *I shall be born.*
Beirear thu, *thou shalt be born.*
Beirear e, *he shall be born.*
Beirear sinn, *we shall be born.*
Beirear sibh, *ye shall be born.*
Beirear iad, *they shall be born.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Singular.

An do rugadh mi, *was I born?*
An do rugadh thu, *wert thou born?*
An do rugadh e, *was he born?*

Plural.

An do rugadh sinn, *were we born?*
An do rugadh sibh, *were ye born?*
An do rugadh iad, *were they born?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha do rugadh mi, *I was not born.*
Cha do rugadh thu, *thou wert not born.*
Cha do rugadh e, *he was not born.*
Cha do rugadh sinn, *we were not born.*
Cha do rugadh sibh, *ye were not born.*
Cha do rugadh iad, *they were not born.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Am beirear mi, *shall I be born?*
Am beirear thu, *shalt thou be born?*
Am beirear e, *shall he be born?*
Am beirear sinn, *shall we be born?*
Am beirear sibh, *shall ye be born?*
Am beirear iad, *shall they be born?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha bheirear mi, *I shall not be born.*
Cha bheirear thu, *thou shalt not be born.*
Cha bheirear e, *he shall not be born.*
Cha bheirear sinn, *we shall not be born.*
Cha bheirear sibh, *ye shall not be born.*
Cha bheirear iad, *they shall not be born.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Bheirteadh mi, *I could or would be born.*
Bheirteadh thu, *thou couldst or wouldst be born.*
Bheirteadh e, *he could or would be born.*
Bheirteadh sinn, *we could or would be born.*
Bheirteadh sibh, *ye could or would be born.*
Bheirteadh iad, *they could or would be born.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nam beirteadh mi, *if I could or would be born.*
Nam beirteadh thu, *if thou couldst or*
Nam beirteadh e, *if he could or would be*
Nam beirteadh sinn, *if we could or would*
Nam beirteadh sibh, *if ye could or would*
Nam beirteadh iad, *if they could or would*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma bheirtear mi, *if I shall be born.*
Ma bheirtear thu, *if thou shalt be born.*
Ma bheirtear e, *if he shall be born.*
Ma bheirtear sinn, *if we shall be born.*
Ma bheirtear sibh, *if ye shall be born.*
Ma bheirtear iad, *if they shall be born.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Singular.

Beirthear, Beirtear mi, *let me be born.*
Beirthear, Beirtear thu, *be thou born.*
Beirthear, Beirtear e, *let him be born.*

Plural.

Beirtheair, Beirteair sinn, *let us be born.*
 Beirtheair, Beirteair sibh, *be ye born.*
 Beirtheair, Beirteair iad, *let them be born.*

PARTICIPLE.

Air breith, *born.*

RACH OR THEIRIG, go.

ACTIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.*Sing. and Plur.*

Chaidh mi, *I went or did go.*
 Chaidh thu, *thou wentest or didst go.*
 Chaidh e, *he went or did go.*
 Chaidh sinn, *we went or did go.*
 Chaidh sibh, *ye went or did go.*
 Chaidh iad, *they went or did go.*

FUTURE.*Sing. and Plur.*

Théid mi, *I shall go.*
 Théid thu, *thou shalt go.*
 Théid e, *he shall go.*
 Théid sinn, *we shall go.*
 Théid sibh, *ye shall go.*
 Théid iad, *they shall go.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.**PAST.***Sing. and Plur.*

An deachaidh mi, *did I go?*
 An deachaidh thu, *didst thou go?*
 An deachaidh e, *did he go?*
 An deachaidh sinn, *did we go?*
 An deachaidh sibh, *did ye go?*
 An deachaidh iad, *did they go?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach deachaidh mi, *did I not go?*
 Nach deachaidh thu, *didst thou not go?*
 Nach deachaidh e, *did he not go?*
 Nach deachaidh sinn, *did we not go?*
 Nach deachaidh sibh, *did ye not go?*
 Nach deachaidh iad, *did they not go?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha deachaidh mi, *I did not go.*
 Cha deachaidh thu, *thou didst not go.*
 Cha deachaidh e, *he did not go.*
 Cha deachaidh sinn, *we did not go.*
 Cha deachaidh sibh, *ye did not go.*
 Cha deachaidh iad, *they did not go.*

FUTURE.*Sing. and Plur.*

An d' théid mi, *shall or will I go?*
 An d' théid thu, *shall or will thou go?*
 An d' théid e, *shall or will he go?*
 An d' théid sinn, *shall or will we go?*
 An d' théid sibh, *shall or will ye go?*
 An d' théid iad, *shall or will they go?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach d' théid mi, *shall or will I not go?*
 Nach d' théid thu, *shall or will thou not go?*
 Nach d' théid e, *shall or will he not go?*
 Nach d' théid sinn, *shall or will we not go?*
 Nach d' théid sibh, *shall or will ye not go?*
 Nach d' théid iad, *shall or will they not go?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' théid mi, *I shall or will not go.*
 Cha d' théid thu, *thou shalt or wilt not go.*
 Cha d' théid e, *he shall or will not go.*
 Cha d' théid sinn, *we shall or will not go.*
 Cha d' théid sibh, *ye shall or will not go.*
 Cha d' théid iad, *they shall or will not go.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.**PAST.***Sing. and Plur.*

Rachainn, *I would or could go.*
 Rachadh thu, *thou wouldst or couldst go.*
 Rachadh e, *he would or could go.*
 Rachamaid, *we would or could go.*
 Rachadh sibh, *ye would or could go.*
 Rachadh iad, *they would or could go.*

FUTURE.*Sing. and Plur.*

Ma théid mi, *if I shall or will go.*
 Ma théid thu, *if thou shalt or wilt go.*
 Ma théid e, *if he shall or will go.*
 Ma théid sinn, *if we shall or will go.*
 Ma théid sibh, *if ye shall or will go.*
 Ma théid iad, *if they shall or will go.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.*Sing. and Plur.*

Racham, neo theirigeam-sa, *let me go.*
 Rach, neo theirig thusa, *go thou.*
 Rachadh, neo theirigeadh e, *let him go.*
 Rachamaid, neo theirigeamaid, *let us go.*
 Rachaibh, neo theirigibh, *go ye.*
 Rachadh, neo theirigeadh iad, *let them go.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.*A' dhol, to go.***PARTICIPLE.***A' dol, going.***RUIG, or RIGHAIG, reach or arrive at.****ACTIVE VOICE.****AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD.****PAST.***Sing. and Plur.*

Ràinig mi, *I reached.*
 Ràinig thu, *thou reachedst.*
 Ràinig e, *he reached.*
 Ràinig sinn, *we reached.*
 Ràinig sibh, *ye reached.*
 Ràinig iad, *they reached.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ruigidh mi, *I shall or will reach.*
 Ruigidh thu, *thou shalt or wilt reach.*
 Ruigidh e, *he shall or will reach.*
 Ruigidh sinn, *we shall or will reach.*
 Ruigidh sibh, *ye shall or will reach.*
 Ruigidh iad, *they shall or will reach.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An do ràinig mi, *did I reach?*
 An do ràinig thu, *didst thou reach?*
 An do ràinig e, *did he reach?*
 An do ràinig sinn, *did we reach?*
 An do ràinig sibh, *did ye reach?*
 An do ràinig iad, *did they reach?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach do ràinig mi, *did I not reach?*
 Nach do ràinig thu, *didst thou not reach?*
 Nach do ràinig e, *did he not reach?*
 Nach do ràinig sinn, *did we not reach?*
 Nach do ràinig sibh, *did ye not reach?*
 Nach do ràinig iad, *did they not reach?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha do ràinig mi, *I reached not or did not reach.*
 Cha do ràinig thu, *thou reachedst not or*
 Cha do ràinig e, *he reached not or did not*
 Cha do ràinig sinn, *we reached not or did*
 Cha do ràinig sibh, *ye reached not or did*
 Cha do ràinig iad, *they reached not or did*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

An ruig mi, *shall I reach?*
 An ruig thu, *shalt thou reach?*
 An ruig e, *shall he reach?*
 An ruig sinn, *shall we reach?*
 An ruig sibh, *shall ye reach?*
 An ruig iad, *shall they reach?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach ruig mi, *shall I not reach?*
 Nach ruig thu, *shalt thou not reach?*
 Nach ruig e, *shall he not reach?*
 Nach ruig sinn, *shall we not reach?*
 Nach ruig sibh, *shall ye not reach?*
 Nach ruig iad, *shall they not reach?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha ruig mi, *I shall or will not reach.*
 Cha ruig thu, *thou shalt or wilt not reach.*
 Cha ruig e, *he shall or will not reach.*
 Cha ruig sinn, *we shall or will not reach.*
 Cha ruig sibh, *ye shall or will not reach.*
 Cha ruig iad, *they shall or will not reach.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Ruiginn, *I would reach.*
 Ruigeadh tu, *thou wouldst reach.*
 Ruigeadh e, *he would reach.*
 Ruigearmaid, *we would reach.*
 Ruigibh, *ye would reach.*
 Ruigeadh iad, *they would reach.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma ruigeas mi, *if I shall or will reach.*
 Ma ruigeas tu, *if thou shalt or wilt reach.*
 Ma ruigeas e, *if he shall or will reach.*
 Ma ruigeas sinn, *if we shall or will reach.*
 Ma ruigeas sibh, *if ye shall or will reach.*
 Ma ruigeas iad, *if they shall or will reach.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Ruigeam, *let me reach.*
 Ruig, *reach thou.*
 Ruigeadh e, *let him reach.*
 Ruigearmaid, *let us reach.*
 Ruigibh, *reach ye.*
 Ruigeadh iad, *let them reach.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A ruigsinn, A ruigheachd, *to reach.*

PARTICIPLE.

A ruigsinn, A' rioghachd, *reaching.*

THOIR OR THOBHAIR,* *give.*

AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Thug mi, *I gave or did give.*
 Thug thu, *thou gavest or didst give.*
 Thug e, *he gave or did give.*
 Thug sinn, *we gave or did give.*
 Thug sibh, *ye gave or did give.*
 Thug iad, *they gave or did give.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Bheir mi, *I shall or will give.*
 Bheir thu, *thou shalt or wilt give.*
 Bheir e, *he shall or will give.*
 Bheir sinn, *we shall or will give.*
 Bheir sibh, *ye shall or will give.*
 Bheir iad, *they shall or will give.*

* Thobhair is also written tobhair.

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An d' thug mi, *did I give?*
 An d' thug thu, *didst thou give?*
 An d' thug e, *did he give?*
 An d' thug sinn, *did we give?*
 An d' thug sibh, *did ye give?*
 An d' thug iad, *did they give?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach d' thug mi, *did I not give?*
 Nach d' thug thu, *didst thou not give?*
 Nach d' thug e, *did he not give?*
 Nach d' thug sinn, *did we not give?*
 Nach d' thug sibh, *did ye not give?*
 Nach d' thug iad, *did they not give?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach d' thug mi, *did I not give?*
 Nach d' thug thu, *didst thou not give?*
 Nach d' thug e, *did he not give?*
 Nach d' thug sinn, *did we not give?*
 Nach d' thug sibh, *did ye not give?*
 Nach d' thug iad, *did they not give?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' thug mi, *I did not give.*
 Cha d' thug thu, *thou didst not give.*
 Cha d' thug e, *he did not give.*
 Cha d' thug sinn, *we did not give.*
 Cha d' thug sibh, *ye did not give.*
 Cha d' thug iad, *they did not give.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Bheir mi, *I shall or will give.*
 Bheir thu, *thou shalt or will give.*
 Bheir e, *he shall or will give.*
 Bheir sinn, *we shall or will give.*
 Bheir sibh, *ye shall or will give.*
 Bheir iad, *they shall or will give.*

Sing. and Plur.

An d' thoir mi, *shall or will I give?*
 An d' thoir thu, *shalt or wilt thou give?*
 An d' thoir e, *shall or will he give?*
 An d' thoir sinn, *shall or will we give?*
 An d' thoir sibh, *shall or will ye give?*
 An d' thoir iad, *shall or will they give?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach d' thoir mi, *shall or will I not give?*
 Nach d' thoir thu, *shalt or wilt thou not?*
 Nach d' thoir e, *shall or will he not give?*
 Nach d' thoir sinn, *shall or will we not give?*
 Nach d' thoir sibh, *shall or will ye not give?*
 Nach d' thoir iad, *shall or will they not give?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' thoir mi, *I shall or will not give.*
 Cha d' thoir thu, *thou shalt or wilt not*
 Cha d' thoir e, *he shall or will not give.*
 Cha d' thoir sinn, *we shall or will not give.*
 Cha d' thoir sibh, *ye shall or will not give.*
 Cha d' thoir iad, *they shall or will not give.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Bheirinn, *I could or would give.*
 Bheireadh tu, *thou couldst or wouldst give.*
 Bheireadh e, *he could or would give.*
 Bheireamaid, *we could or would give.*
 Bheireadh sibh, *ye could or would give.*
 Bheireadh iad, *they could or would give.*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' thugainn, *I would not give.*
 Cha d' thugadh tu, *thou wouldst not give.*
 Cha d' thugadh e, *he would not give.*
 Cha d' thugamaid, *we would not give.*
 Cha d' thugadh sibh, *ye would not give.*
 Cha d' thugadh iad, *they would not give.*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' thoirinn, *I would not give.*
 Cha d' thoireadh tu, *thou wouldst not give.*
 Cha d' thoireadh e, *he would not give.*
 Cha d' thoireamaid, *we would not give.*
 Cha d' thoireadh sibh, *ye would not give.*
 Cha d' thoireadh iad, *they would not give.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma bheir mi, *if I shall or will give.*
 Ma bheir thu, *if thou shalt or wilt give.*
 Ma bheir e, *if he shall or will give.*
 Ma bheir sinn, *if we shall or will give.*
 Ma bheir sibh, *if ye shall or will give.*
 Ma bheir iad, *if they shall or will give.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Thoiream, thugam, *let me give.*
 Thoir, thug, *give thou.*
 Thoireadh e, thugadh e, *let him give.*
 Thoireamaid, thugamaid, *let us give.*
 Thoiribh, thugaibh, *give ye.*
 Thoireadh iad, thugadh iad, *let them give.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A' thoir, A' thobhairt, *to give.*

PARTICIPLE.

A' toint, A' tobhairt, *giving.*

* *D' Thug* is also written *Tug* by some of our best writers.

PASSIVE VOICE.

AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Thugadh mi, *I was given.*
Thugadh thu, *thou wdst given.*
Thugadh e, *he was given.*

Thugadh sinn, *we were given.*
Thugadh sibh, *ye were given.*
Thugadh iad, *they were given.*

Sing. and Plur.

An d' thugadh mi, *was I given?*
An d' thugadh thu, *wert thou given?*
An d' thugadh e, *was he given?*

An d' thugadh sinn, *were we given?*
An d' thugadh sibh, *were ye given?*
An d' thugadh iad, *were they given?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' thugadh mi, *I was not given.*
Cha d' thugadh thu, *thou wert not given.*
Cha d' thugadh e, *he was not given.*
Cha d' thugadh sinn, *we were not given.*
Cha d' thugadh sibh, *ye were not given.*
Cha d' thugadh iad, *they were not given.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Bheirear mi, *I shall be given.*
Bheirear thu, *thou shalt be given.*
Bheirear e, *he shall be given.*
Bheirear sinn, *we shall be given.*
Bheirear sibh, *ye shall be given.*
Bheirear iad, *they shall be given.*

Sing. and Plur.

An d' thoirear mi, *shall I be given?*
An d' thoirear thu, *shalt thou be given?*
An d' thoirear e, *shall he be given?*
An d' thoirear sinn, *shall we be given?*
An d' thoirear sibh, *shall ye be given?*
An d' thoirear iad, *shall they be given?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' thoirear mi, *I shall not be given.*
Cha d' thoirear thu, *thou shalt not be given.*
Cha d' thoirear e, *he shall not be given.*
Cha d' thoirear sinn, *we shall not be given.*
Cha d' thoirear sibh, *ye shall not be given.*
Cha d' thoirear iad, *they shall not be given.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Bheirtheadh mi, *I would be given.*
Bheirtheadh thu, *thou wouldst be given.*
Bheirtheadh e, *he would be given.*
Bheirtheadh sinn, *we would be given.*
Bheirtheadh sibh, *ye would be given.*
Bheirtheadh iad, *they would be given.*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' thugtheadh mi, *I would not be given.*
Cha d' thugtadh thu, *thou wouldst not be given.*
Cha d' thugtadh e, *he would not be given.*
Cha d' thugtadh sinn, *we would not be given.*
Cha d' thugtadh sibh, *ye would not be given.*
Cha d' thugtadh iad, *they would not be given.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma bheirear mi, *if I shall be given.*
Ma bheirear thu, *if thou shalt be given.*
Ma bheirear e, *if he shall be given.*
Ma bheirear sinn, *if we shall be given.*
Ma bheirear sibh, *if ye shall be given.*
Ma bheirear iad, *if they shall be given.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Thugthar mi, *let me be given.*
Thugthar thu, *be thou given.*
Thugthar e, *let him be given.*
Thugthar sinn, *let us be given.*
Thugthar sibh, *be ye given.*
Thugthar iad, *let them be given.*

FAIC, *see.*

ACTIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OR NEGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Chunna or Chonnaie mi, *I saw or did see.*
Chunna or Chonnaie thu, *thou sawest or*
Chunna or Chonnaie e, *he saw or did see.*
Chunna or Chonnaie sinn, *we saw or did*
Chunna or Chonnaie sibh, *ye saw or did*
Chunna or Chonnaie iad, *they saw or did*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Chi mi, *I shall or will see.*
Chi thu, *thou shalt or wilt see.*
Chi e, *he shall or will see.*
Chi sinn, *we shall or will see.*
Chi sibh, *ye shall or will see.*
Chi iad, *they shall or will see.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Am fac mi, *did I see?*
Am fac thu, *didst thou see?*
Am fac e, *did he see?*
Am fac sinn, *did we see?*
Am fac sibh, *did ye see?*
Am fac iad, *did they see?*

Singular.

Nach fhae mi, *did I not see?*
Nach fhae thu, *didst thou not see?*
Nach fhae e, *did he not see?*

Plural.

Nach f hac sinn, *did we not see?*
Nach f hac sibh, *did ye not see?*
Nach f hac iad, *did they not see?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha 'n f hac mi, *I did not see.*
Cha 'n f hac sinn, *we did not see.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Am faic mi, *shall I see?*
Am faic thu, *shalt thou see?*
Am faic e, *shall he see?*
Am faic sinn, *shall we see?*
Am faic sibh, *shall ye see?*
Am faic iad, *shall they see?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach fhaic mi, *shall I not see?*
Nach fhaic thu, *shalt thou not see?*
Nach fhaic e, *shall he not see?*
Nach fhaic sinn, *shall we not see?*
Nach fhaic sibh, *shall ye not see?*
Nach fhaic iad, *shall they not see?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha 'n fhaic mi, *I shall not see.*
Cha 'n fhaic sinn, *we shall not see.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Chithinn, *I would see?*
Chitheadh thu, *thou wouldst see?*
Chitheadh e, *he would see?*
Chitheamaid, *we would see.*
Chitheadh sibh, *ye would see.*
Chitheadh iad, *they would see.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma chi mi, *if I shall see.*
Ma chi thu, *if thou shalt see.*
Ma chi e, *if he shall see.*
Ma chi sinn, *if we shall see.*
Ma chi sibh, *if ye shall see.*
Ma chi iad, *if they shall see.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nam faicinn, *if I would or could see.*
Nam faiceadh thu, *if thou wouldst or couldst*
Nam faiceadh e, *if he would or could see.*
Nam faiceamaid, *or faiceadh sinn, if we*
would or could see.
Nam faiceadh sibh, *if ye would or could see.*
Nam faiceadh iad, *if they would or could*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Faiceam, *let me see.*
Faic, *see thou.*
Faiceadh e, *let him see.*
Faiceamaid, *let us see.*
Faicibh, *see ye.*
Faiceadh iad, *let them see.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A' dh' fhaicinn, Dh' fhaicsinn, *to see.*

PARTICIPLE.

A' faicinn, A' faicsinn, *seeing.*

PASSIVE VOICE.

AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Chonnacadh mi, *I was seen.*
Chonnacadh thu, *thou wast seen.*
Chonnacadh e, *he was seen.*
Chonnacadh sinn, *we were seen.*
Chonnacadh sibh, *ye were seen.*
Chonnacadh iad, *they were seen.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Chithear mi, *I shall be seen.*
Chithear thu, *thou shalt be seen.*
Chithear e, *he shall be seen.*
Chithear sinn, *we shall be seen.*
Chithear sibh, *ye shall be seen.*
Chithear iad, *they shall be seen.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Am facadh mi, *was I seen?*
Am facadh thu, *wert thou seen?*
Am facadh e, *was he seen?*
Am facadh sinn, *were we seen?*
Am facadh sibh, *were ye seen?*
Am facadh iad, *were they seen?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach facadh mi, *was I not seen?*
Nach facadh sinn, *were we not seen?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha 'n fhacadh mi, *I was not seen.*
Cha 'n fhacadh sinn, *we were not seen.*

FUTURE.

Singular.

Am faicear mi, *shall I e seen?*
Am faicear thu, *shalt thou be seen?*
Am faicear e, *shall he be seen?*

Plural.

Am faicear sinn, *shall we be seen?*
Am faicear sibh, *shall ye be seen?*
Am faicear iad, *shall they be seen?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach fhaicear mi, *shall I not be seen?*
Nach fhaicear sinn, *shall we not be seen?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha 'n fhaicear mi, *I shall not be seen.*
Cha 'n fhaicear sinn, *we shall not be seen.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Chiteadh mi, *I would seen.*
Chiteadh thu, *thou wouldst be seen.*
Chiteadh e, *he would be seen.*
Chiteadh sinn, *we would be seen.*
Chiteadh sibh, *ye would be seen.*
Chiteadh iad, *they would be seen.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nam faiteadh mi, *if I would be seen.*
Nam faiteadh thu, *if thou wouldst be seen.*
Nam faiteadh e, *if he would be seen.*
Nam faiteadh sinn, *if we would be seen.*
Nam faiteadh sibh, *if ye would be seen.*
Nam faiteadh iad, *if they would be seen.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma chithear mi, *if I shall be seen.*
Ma chithear thu, *if thou shalt be seen.*
Ma chithear e, *if he shall be seen.*
Ma chithear sinn, *if we shall be seen.*
Ma chithear sibh, *if ye shall be seen.*
Ma chithear iad, *if they shall be seen.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Faicthear, faicear e, *let it be seen.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Dh' fhaicinn, dh' fhaicsinn, *to see.*

FAIGH, *get.*

ACTIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Fhuair mi, *I got or did get.*
Fhuair sinn, *we got or did get.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Gheibh mi, *I shall or will get.*
Gheibh sinn, *we shall or will get.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An d' fhuair mi, *did I get?*
An d' fhuair sinn, *did we get?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach d' fhuair mi, *did I not get?*
Nach d' fhuair sinn, *did we not get?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha d' fhuair mi, *I did not get.*
Cha d' fhuair sinn, *we did not get.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Am faigh mi, *shall I get?*
Am faigh sinn, *shall we get?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach faigh mi, *shall I not get?*
Nach faigh sinn, *shall we not get?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha 'n fhaigh mi, *I shall not get.*
Cha 'n fhaigh sinn, *we shall not get.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Gheibhinn, *I would or could get.*
Gheibheadh tu, *thou wouldst or couldst get.*
Gheibheadh e, *he would or could get.*
Gheibheamaid, or gheibheadh sinn, *we would or could get.*
Gheibheadh sibh, *ye would or could get.*
Gheibheadh iad, *they would or could get.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nam faighinn, *if I would or could get.*
Nam faigheadh tu, *if thou wouldst or couldst get.*
Nam faigheadh e, *if he would or could get.*
Nam faigheamaid, or nam faigheah sinn, *if we would or could get.*
Nam faigheadh sibh, *if ye would or could get.*
Nam faigheadh iad, *if they would or could get.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma gheibh mi, *if I shall get.*
Ma gheibh thu, *if thou shalt get.*
Ma gheibh e, *if he shall get.*
Ma gheibh sinn, *if we shall get.*
Ma gheibh sibh, *if ye shall get.*
Ma gheibh iad, *if they shall get.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Faigheam, *let me get.*
Faigh, *get thou or do thou get.*
Faigheadh e, *let him get.*
Faigheamaid, *let us get.*
Faighibh, *get ye or do you get.*
Faigheadh iad, *let them get.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A dh' fhaotainn, A' dh' faghail, *to get.*

PARTICIPLE.

A' faotainn, A' faghail, *getting.*

PASSIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OF INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Fhuaradh mi, *I was found.*

Fhuaradh thu, *thou wert found.*

Fhuaradh e, *he was found.*

Fhuaradh sinn, *we were found.*

Fhuaradh sibh, *ye were found.*

Fhuaradh iad, *they were found.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Gheibhear mi, *I shall be got.*

Gheibhear thu, *thou shalt be got.*

Gheibhear e, *he shall be got.*

Gheibhear sinn, *we shall be got.*

Gheibhear sibh, *ye shall be got.*

Gheibhear iad, *they shall be got.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An d' fhuaradh mi, *was I found?*

An d' fhuaradh thu, *wert thou found?*

An d' fhuaradh e, *was he found?*

An d' fhuaradh sinn, *were we found?*

An d' fhuaradh sibh, *were ye found?*

An d' fhuaradh iad, *were they found?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach d' fhuaradh mi, *was I not got?*

Nach d' fhuaradh sinn, *were we not got?*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Am faighear mi, *shall I be got?*

Am faighear thu, *shalt thou be got?*

Am faighear e, *shall he be got?*

Am faighear sinn, *shall we be got?*

Am faighear sibh, *shall ye be got?*

Am faighear iad, *shall they be got?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach faighear mi, *shall I not be got?*

Nach faighear sinn, *shall we not be got?*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Singular.

Gheibhteadh mi, *I would be got.*

Gheibhteadh thu, *thou wouldst be got.*

Gheibhteadh e, *he would be got.*

Plural.

Gheibhteadh sinn, *we would be got.*

Gheibhteadh sibh, *ye would be got.*

Gheibhteadh iad, *they would be got.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nam faigtheadh mi, *if I would be got.*

Nam faigtheadh sinn, *if we would be got.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma gheibhear mi, *if I shall be got.*

Ma gheibhear thu, *if thou shalt be got.*

Ma gheibhear e, *if he shall be got.*

Ma gheibhear sinn, *if we shall be got.*

Ma gheibhear sibh, *if ye shall be got.*

Ma gheibhear iad, *if they shall be got.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Faighear, faighear e, *let it be got.*

ABAIR, say.

ACTIVE VOICE.—AFFIRMATIVE OF INDICATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Thubhairt mi, *I said or did say.*

Thubhairt thu, *thou saidst or didst say.*

Thubhairt e, *he said or did say.*

Thubhairt sinn, *we said or did say.*

Thubhairt sibh, *ye said or did say.*

Thubhairt iad, *they said or did say.*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Their mi, *I shall or will say.*

Their thu, *thou shalt or wilt say.*

Their e, *he shall or will say.*

Their sinn, *we shall or will say.*

Their sibh, *ye shall or will say.*

Their iad, *they shall or will say.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

An dubhairt or d' thuirt mi, *did I say?*

An dubhairt thu, *didst thou say?*

An dubhairt e, *did he say?*

An dubhairt sinn, *did we say?*

An dubhairt sibh, *did ye say?*

An dubhairt iad, *did they say?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach dubhairt mi, *did I not say?*

Nach dubhairt thu, *didst thou not say?*

Nach dubhairt e, *did he not say?*

Nach dubhairt sinn, *did we not say?*

Nach dubhairt sibh, *did ye not say?*

Nach dubhairt iad, *did they not say?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha dubhairt mi, *I said not or did not say.*
 Cha dubhairt thu, *thou saidst not or didst*
 Cha dubhairt e, *he said not or did not say.*
 Cha dubhairt sinn, *we said not or did not*
 Cha dubhairt sibh, *ye said not or did not*
 Cha dubhairt iad, *they said not or did not*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

An abair mi, *shall or will I say?*
 An abair thu, *shall or will thou say?*
 An abair e, *shall or will he say?*
 An abair sinn, *shall or will we say?*
 An abair sibh, *shall or will ye say?*
 An abair iad, *shall or will they say?*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach abair mi, *shall or will I not say?*
 Nach abair thu, *shall or will thou not say?*
 Nach abair e, *shall or will he not say?*
 Nach abair sinn, *shall or will we not say?*
 Nach abair sibh, *shall or will ye not say?*
 Nach abair iad, *shall or will they not say?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha 'n abair mi, *I shall or will not say.*
 Cha 'n abair thu, *thou shalt or wilt not say.*
 Cha 'n abair e, *he shall or will not say.*
 Cha 'n abair sinn, *we shall or will not say.*
 Cha 'n abair sibh, *ye shall or will not say.*
 Cha 'n abair iad, *they shall or will not say.*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Sing. and Plur.

Theirinn, *I would say.*
 Theirleadh tu, *thou wouldst say.*
 Theirleadh e, *he would say.*
 Theirleadh sinn, *we would say.*
 Theirleadh sibh, *ye would say.*
 Theirleadh iad, *they would say.*

Sing. and Plur.

Nach abairinn, abairinn, *would I not say?*
 Nach abaireadh, abradh tu, *wouldst thou*
 Nach abaireadh, abradh e, *would he not*
 Nach abaireamaid, abramaid, *would we not*
 Nach abaireadh, abradh sibh, *would ye not*
 Nach abaireadh, abradh iad, *would they not*

Sing. and Plur.

Nan abairinn, abairinn, *if I would say.*
 Nan abaireadh, abradh tu, *if thou wouldst*
 Nan abaireadh, abradh e, *if he would*
 Nan abaireamaid, abramaid, *if we would say*
 Nan abaireadh, abradh sibh, *if ye would say*
 Nan abaireadh, abradh iad, *if they would say*

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Ma their mi, *if I shall or will say.*
 Ma their tu, *if thou shalt or will say.*
 Ma their e, *if he shall or will say.*
 Ma their sinn, *if we shall or will say.*
 Ma their sibh, *if ye shall or will say.*
 Ma their iad, *if they shall or will say.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

Abaiream, abram, *let me say.*
 Abair, say thou.
 Abaireadh, abradh e, *let him say.*
 Abaireamaid, abramaid, *let us say.*
 Abairibh, abraibh, *say ye.*
 Abaireadh, abradh iad, *let them say.*

INFINITIVE MOOD.

A radh or a ghradh, *to say.*

PARTICIPLE.

Ag radh or a' gradh, *saying.*

PASSIVE VOICE.

AFFIRMATIVE OR INDICATIVE MOOD

PAST.

Thuirteadh e, *it was said.*

FUTURE.

Theirear e, *it shall be said.*

NEGATIVE OR INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

PAST.

An d' thuirteadh e, *was it said?*
 Nach d' thuirteadh e, *was it not said?*
 Cha d' thuirteadh e, *it was not said.*

FUTURE.

An abairear, abrar e, *shall it be said?*
 Nach abairear, abrar e, *shall it not be said?*
 Cha 'n abairear, abrar, e, *it shall not be said*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Theirteadh e, *it would be said.*
 Nan abairteadh e, *if it would be said.*

FUTURE.

Ma theirreir e, *if it shall be said.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD.

Abairear, abrar e, *let it be said.*

DEFECTIVE VERBS.

Defective Verbs are, orsa (orsus Latin and arsa is a cousin to aigeach) diugainn, *come along*; theabh, *had almost*; faodaidh, *I may*; imridh, feum, feumaidh, *is feudair, to be obliged, must, it behoves*, are rather impersonal verbs.

Sing. and Plur.

Orsa mise, *said I.*
 Orsa thusa, *saidst thou.*
 Orsa esan, *said he.*
 Orsa sinn-ne, *said we.*
 Orsa sibhse, *said you.*
 Orsa iadsan, *said they.*

Sing. and Plur.

Faodaidh mi, *I may.*
 Faodaidh thu, *you may.*
 Faodaidh e, *he may.*
 Faodaidh sinn, *we may.*
 Faodaidh sibh, *you may.*
 Faodaidh iad, *they may.*

INTERROGATIVE MOOD.

FUTURE.

Sing. and Plur.

Am faod mi, *may I?*
 Am faod thu, *mayest thou?*
 Am faod e, *may he?*
 Am faod sinn, *may we?*
 Am faod sibh, *may ye?*
 Am faod iad, *may they?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha 'n fhaod mi, *I may not.*
 Cha 'n fhaod thu, *thou mayest not.*
 Cha 'n fhaod e, *he may not.*
 Cha 'n fhaod sinn, *we may not.*
 Cha 'n fhaod sibh, *ye may not.*
 Cha 'n fhaod iad, *they may not.*

Sing. and Plur.

Am feum mi, iomair mi, *must I?*
 Am feum thu, or am iomair thu, *are you obliged, must thou?*
 Am feum e, or am iomair e, *must he?*
 Am feum sinn, or am iomair sinn, *must we?*
 Am feum sibh, or am iomair sibh, *must you?*
 Am feum iad, or am iomair iad, *must they?*

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD.

PAST.

Dh' fhaodainn, dh' fheumainn, dh' imrinn,
 folbh, *I might, could, &c. or I was obliged to go, or to have gone, or it behoved me to go, or to have gone.*
 Ma dh' fheumas mi, neo ma dh' imreas mi
 folbh, *if I be obliged, or if it behoves me to go.*

THEAB TUITEAM, *had almost fallen.*

INDICATIVE.

Sing. and Plur.

Theab mi tuiteam, *I had almost fallen.*
 Theab thu teateam, *thou hadst almost fallen.*
 Theab e, i tuiteam, *he or she had almost fallen.*
 Theab sinn tuiteam, *we had almost fallen.*
 Theab sibh tuiteam, *ye had almost fallen.*
 Theab iad tuiteam, *they had almost fallen.*

INTERROGATIVE AND NEGATIVE MOOD.

Sing. and Plur.

An do theab mi òl, *had I almost drunk?*
 An do theab thu òl, *hadst thou almost drunk?*
 An do theab e, òl, *had he almost drunk?*
 An do theab sinn òl, *had we almost drunk?*
 An do theab sibh òl, *had ye almost drunk?*
 An do theab iad òl, *had they almost drunk?*

Sing. and Plur.

Cha do theab mi òl, *I had not almost drunk.*
 Cha do theab thu òl, *thou hadst not almost*
 Cha do theab e òl, *he had not almost drunk.*
 Cha do theab sinn òl, *we had not almost*
 Cha do theab sibh òl, *ye had not almost*
 Cha do theab iad òl, *they had not almost*

Nach do theab mi' òl, *had or did I not almost drink.*

Nach do theab sinn òl, *had we not almost*
 Mar an do theab sibh òl, *ye had not almost*
 Ma do theab mi òl, *if I had not almost*
 Ma theab sinn òl, *if we had not almost*
 Theabadh a chall, *he had been almost lost*
 —literally, *his loss had been almost accomplished, he staked his life.*

DIUGAINN, *come thou along; diugainnibh come ye along.*

IS FHEUDAR, *it behoves.*

Is fheudar dhomh, *I must, or it behoves me*
 Is fheudar dhuit, *you must, or it behoves*
 Is fheudar dha, *he must, or it behoves him.*
 Is fheudhar dhith, *she must, or it behoves her*
 Is fheudhar dhuinn, *we must, or it behoves us*
 Is fheudar dhuibh, *ye must, or it behoves you*
 Is fheudar dhaibh, *they must, or it behoves them.*

THEIR LEAM, *I should suppose. (air leam, nonsense.)*

Their leam, *I should suppose or think.*
 Their leat, *you should suppose or think.*
 Their leisean, *he should suppose or think.*
 Their leinn, *we should suppose or think.*
 Their leibh, *ye should suppose or think.*
 Their leotha, *they should suppose.*
 Their le neach, *one should suppose.*
 Their le duine, *a man should suppose.*
 Their le neach, *a person should suppose.*
 Their leath-ise, *she should suppose.*

IS ÈIR, *it ought.*

Is èir dhomh folbh, *I ought to go.*
 Is èir dhuit folbh, *thou oughtest to go.*
 Is èir dha, dhith folbh, *he or she ought to go.*
 Is èir dhuinn folbh, *we ought to go.*
 Is èir dhuibh folbh, *ye ought to go.*
 Is èir dhaibh folbh, *they ought to go.*

Many verbs, particularly in the PRESENT TENSE, are made up of Nouns, Adjectives, and Compound Pronouns:—Is fhearr leam, *I prefer*; is fhearr leat, *you prefer*; is fhearr leatha, *she prefers*; is fhearr leinn, *we prefer*; is fhearr leibh, *you prefer*; is fhearr leotha, *they prefer*; but used impersonally, is fhearr dhomh, *I had better, &c.*; tha dùil 'am, *I suppose*; tha dùil aige, *he supposes or expects*; nach 'eil dùil againn, *do we not expect or suppose?* ma tha dùil agad, *if you suppose*;

tha sùil againn ris, *we expect him or it.*—
These are the proper methods of expressing
such ideas, and not the new-fangled manner
which modern Lexicographers invent.

Th' agam air, *he owes me.*
Th' agad air, *he owes you.*
Th' aige orm, *I owe him.*
Th' againn air, *he owes us.*
Th' agaibhse air, *he owes you.*
Th' aca air, *he owes them.*
Th' agam orra, *they owe me.*
Th' agam urra, *she owes me.*
Th' agam o rbh, *you owe me.*
Th' agam air Seumas, *James owes me.*
Th' aig Seumas orm, *I owe James.*

Tha mi ad chomain, *I am obliged to you.*
Tha thu nan comain, *you are obliged to*
them.
Tha e ad chomain, *he is obliged to you.*
Nach 'eil i ad chomain, *is she not obliged*
to you?

Is math leam thu thighinn, *I wish you to*
come.
Am math leat &c. mi, *do you wish me, &c.*
Nach math leat mi, *do you not wish me, &c.*
Mas math leat mi, *if you wish me, &c.*

Is math an airidh e air, *he well deserves it.*
Nach math an airidh e air, *does he not rich-*
ly deserve.
Mas math an airidh e air, *if he richly de-*
serves.
An airidh e air dithist, *does he deserve two?*
Am fiach leis, *can he condescend?*
Nach fiach leam, *will I not condescend?*
Tha 'mhiann orm, *I mean, I intend.*
Am bheil a mhiann ort, *do you mean or*
intend?
Ma tha mhiann ort, *if you mean or intend.*

Is éiginn domh, *I am under the necessity.*
Is éiginn duit, *thou art under the necessity.*
Is éiginn da, dith, *he or she is under the ne-*
cessity.
Is éiginn duinn, *we are under the necessity.*
Is éiginn duibh, *ye are under the necessity.*
Is éiginn daibh, *they are under the necessity.*

INTERROGATIVE AND NEGATIVE TENSES.
Nach éiginn domh, *am I not under the ne-*
cessity.
Cha 'n éiginn domh, *I am not under, &c.*

SUBJUNCTIVE.
Ma 's éiginn, dhomh, *if I am under the ne-*
cessity.

ADVERBS.
Gu is the sign,—gu math, *well.*
A bhàin, *downwards.*
A bhos, *on this side.*

A mach, mach, *outwards.*
Air astar, *afar.*
Air deireadh, *last, hindermost.*
Air toiseach, *first, foremost.*
Air thoiseach, *first, foremost.*
Am fad, *afar.*
Am fagasg, *near, at hand.*
An laimh, *in custody.*
An so, *here, in this place.*
An sìod, *yonder.*
An taic, *close by.*
An steach, *within.*
A stigh, stigh, *within.*
Barrachd, barr, *moreover.*
C'aite, *where.*
Fagasg, -us, *near at hand.*
Fail, far, *where, in which.*
Muigh, *out, outside.*
Ris, *exposed, bare.*
Shios, *down, below.*
Shuas, *up, upwards.*
Tarsuinn, *obliquely, down.*
Thall, *on the other side.*
Thar, *over, moreover.*
Thairis, *abroad, across.*
A leith-taobh, *aside.*
An aird, *upwards.*
An nall, *to this side.*
An nunn, *to the other side.*
An slos, *downwards.*
A suas, *upwards.*
Dè 'n taobh, *whither.*
Near, *eastwards.*
Niar, *westwards.*
Deas, *southwards.*
Tuath, *northwards.*
Ri bruthach, *upwards.*
Ri leathad, *downwards.*
Cheana, *already.*
Theana, *already.*
Chlisge, *instantaneously.*
Chòidheche, *ever.*
Riamh, *never.*
Gnàth, *always.*
Nis, *now.*
Air ball, *immediately.*
Air a mhionaid, *immediately.*
A latha, *by day.*
A dh' òidheche, *by night.*
Am fad 's, *whilst.*
Am feadh, *whilst.*
Am feasd, *ever, never.*
Am màireach, *to-morrow.*
Air uairibh, *sometimes.*
An ceartair, *just now.*
An dè, *yesterday.*
An athghoirid, *shortly.*
An déigh làimhe, *afterwards.*
An diugh, *to-day.*
An dràs, *for some time.*
An earar.—See Dictionary.

An la roimhe, *the other day.*
 An nochd, *to-night.*
 An rair, *last night.*
 An sin, *then, thereupon.*
 An so, *hereupon.*
 'Nuair, *when.*
 An ùiridh, *last year.*
 Aon uair, *once.*
 Dà uair, *twice.*
 Tri uairean, *thrice.*
 A so suas, *henceforward.*
 As-ur, *anew.*
 Cuin, *c'uine, when.*
 Thathast f hathast, *yet.*
 Idir, *at all.*
 Ma 'dheireadh, *at last.*
 Thal, *at long last.*
 O cheann fada, *long ago.*
 O cheann ghoirrid, *late'y.*
 O thoiseach, *from first.*
 Roimhe, *beforehand.*
 Seach, *rather than.*
 Seachad, *past.*
 Uair, *once on a time.*
 Uair eile, *once more.*
 Uaireiginn, *sometime.*
 Uair sam bith, *any time.*
 Ainmig, *seldom.*
 Annamh, *seldom.*
 Am bicheanntas, *often, generally.*
 An comhnaidh, *habitually.*
 An cumhnantas, *common'y.*
 Cia fhad, *how long, far.*
 Cia minig, *how often.*
 Cia tric, *how often.*
 Cia goirrid, *how short.*
 Fada, *long, tediously.*
 Fhadsa, *as long as.*
 Gu bràth, *for ever.*
 Gu la bhràth, *ever.*
 Gu dilinn, *to the close of time.*
 Gu sìorruith, *for evermore.*
 Gu suthainn, *for evermore.*
 Gu tric, *frequently.*
 O so suas, *henceforward.*
 Ach beag, *almost.*
 Air alt, *so that.*
 Air boil, *stark mad.*
 Air a chuthach, *stark mad.*
 Air chall, *out of sight.*
 Air chor, *in a manner.*
 Air choraiginn, *somehow or other.*
 A dh aon obair, *purposely.*
 A dh aindheoin, *in spite of.*
 Air ghleus, *in trim, tuned.*
 Air faontradh, *adrift.*
 Air iomroll, *astray.*
 Air iondrann, *amissing.*
 Air seachran, *astray.*
 Air mhisg, *drunk.*
 Air sgeul, *forthcoming.*
 Air bhrath, *forthcoming.*

A mhàinn, *only.*
 Amhuil, *like as.*
 An coinneamh cinn, *headlong.*
 An comhair cinn, *headlong.*
 An coinneamh cuil, *backwards.*
 An comhair cuil, *backwards.*
 An dèidh, an geall, *very much addicted to.*
 An nasgaidh, *gratis.*
 As an aghaidh, *outright.*
 Car air char, *topsy-turvy.*
 Deamar, *how.*
 Carson, *why.*
 Cha, *not.*
 Comhla, *together.*
 Cuideachd, *also.*
 Cia tuige, *wherefore.*
 D'ar righribh, *seriously, really, actually.*
 Mar leith, air leith, *severally, individually.*
 Gle, *very, enough.*
 Gu beachdaidh, *assured'y.*
 Gu buileach, *thoroughly.*
 Gu dearbh, *truly, indeed.*
 Gu deimhinn, *verily.*
 Gu fìor, *in truth.*
 Gu léir, *thoroughly.*
 Gu math, *in health.*
 Gu bochd, *sickly.*
 Gu leoir, *enough.*
 Gun chàird, *impartially.*
 Leith mar leith, *equally.*
 Mar gu, *as if.*
 Mar chomhla, *together.*
 Ma seach, *alternately.*
 Na, *not, let not.*
 An ceannacheile, *on an average, promiscu-
 cously.*
 Seadh, *yes, just so.*
 Thar a chèile, *at variance.*
 Thar cleann, *on an average.*
 Thiotamh, *momently.*
 Theagamh, *perhaps.*
 Thuilidh thuille, *moreover.*
 Uidh air n-uidh, *by degrees.*

PREPOSITIONS.

A, *out of, out.*
 Aig, *at.*
 Air, *on, after.*
 An, ann, *in.*
 Bharr, *off.*
 Car, *for.*
 Do, *of, to.*
 Eadar, *between.*
 Fo, fodha, *under.*
 Gu, gus, *to, into.*
 Le, *by, with.*
 Ma, *about.*
 O, bho, *from.*
 Rè, *during.*
 Ri, ris, *to.*
 Roimhe, *before.*

Seach, *past, to.*
 Thar, *thairis, above.*
 Thun, *to, towards.*
 Throimh, *through.*
 Troimh, *through.*
 Frid, *through.*
 Trid, *through.*
 Bhua, ua, *from.*

COMPOUND PREPOSITIONS.

Air beulthaobh, *in front.*
 Air culthaobh, *behind.*
 Air fad, *throughout.*
 Air feadh, *throughout.*
 Air son, *on account.*
 Am measg, *among.*
 An aghaidh, *against.*
 An dàil, *to meet.*
 An déigh, *after.*
 An déis, *after.*
 An lorg, *in consequence.*
 An tòir, *in consequence.*
 As leith, *in behalf of.*
 A bhrìgh, *because of.*
 A chum, *to, towards.*
 A dhith, *without.*
 A rèir, *according to.*
 A thaobh, *on account of.*
 A choir, *near to.*
 Do réir, *in proportion to.*
 Dh' ionnsuidh, *to, towards.*
 Ma choinneamh, *opposite to.*
 Ma thimchioll, *about.*
 As ceann, *above.*
 Rè, *during.*
 Timchioll, *about.*

INTERJECTIONS.

A bab, fie! *Pshaw! shame! abomination ordure!*
 A mach, out! *go about your business!*
 WONDER, òbh! òbh! ùbh, ùbh! *O dear! oy!*
 AVERSION, tut! fuich! *a bab! fie! pshaw!*
 DISGUST, àh! àh! *horrid! abominable!*
 SHAME, mo nàire is mo leàghadh! *my confusion!*
 LAUGHTER, hà, hà, hà! *ah!*
 DEMONSTRATION, feuch! faic! seall! *behold! see! look!*
 CALLING, tho-lò, thòidh, stop! *avast! also, stad, athaiseach! gu rèidh! na dean!*
 TERROR, Thugad, thugad, *leave off!*

PART. III.

SYNTAX OR CONSTRUCTION is the right arrangement of the words of a language into sentences, or phrases; its parts are two, *Concord and Government.*

CONCORD is the agreement one word has with another, in gender, number and person.

RULE I.—The article is placed immediately before its noun, unless the adjective precede

the noun, in which case the noun is always aspirated; as, *am ball, the rope; na fir, the men; but an droch dhuine, the bad man.*

RULE II.—An adjective and an article agree with their nouns in gender, number and case; as, *na daoine mòra, matha, the great, good men; do na nigheanan matha, O an duine maith, to the good young women, O the good man!*

RULE III.—The possessive pronouns, which before vowels are contracted, always precede the nouns, and the adjectives for the most part follow it; as, *m' athair, my father; do mhàthair, your mother; again, lann gheur, duine glie; a sharp blade; a wise man; but the adjectives generally precede the noun, if it be the verb beginning the sentence; as, is math an duine e, how good a man he is! is meanrachd te a gheibh e, happy is the woman that gets him.*

RULE IV.—The possessive *a*, in the feminine, before a vowel requires *h*; as, *a h-each, her horse; a h-anam, her soul; but in the masculine, the a is apostrophised before a vowel and fh; as, 'aghaidh, his face; 'thaire 'fhalt, his attention, his head of hair. See first page of Dictionary.*

RULE V. Numerals are placed before the nouns qualified; as, *tri mìosan, three months; naoidh fir, nine men; but the following are excepted: Rìgh Seumas a h-aon, Rìgh Uilleam a Ceithir, King James the First, King William the Fourth.*

RULE VI. When the possessive pronouns *ar, o, bhuir or, ur, your*, precede a noun, beginning with a vowel *n* is inserted between them, but the possessive *do* contracted is changed into *t'* before a vowel or *fh*; as, *t' aghaidh, thy countenance; t' fhaire, thy attention; as, ar n-athraichean, our fathers; bhuir n-aghaidhean, your countenances.*

RULE VII.—The nominative, which is often understood with the poets, is when expressed generally placed after the verb; as, *tha sinn, we are; chroch iad an duine, they hanged the man; dh' éirich iad, they rose; but the relatives a, na, nach, before it; as, na fir a thuir, the men that said; na chunnaic sinnun-ne, all those whom we saw; fear nach teich, a man that will not flinch.*

GOVERNMENT OF NOUNS.

RULE I.—A noun signifying a different thing governs another in the genitive; as, *inneal mairbh, an instrument of death; seòl teichidh, a way of escape.*

RULE II.—If a second noun follow the genitive, that second noun may be either in the nominative, or accusative, or genitive, or dative, but more often in the former; *tigh fear na bainne, or tigh fhir na bainne the bridegroom's house; ainm mac an rìgh,*

or ainm *mhic an rìgh, the name of the king's son.*

RULE III.—The article is placed before the noun governed in Gaelic, but in English before the one governing; as, *tigh an rìgh, the king's house*; *solus na gealaich, the light of the moon*; *airidh a' chinn, the height of his head.*

RULE IV.—Nouns without the article governing the genitive aspirate mutables; as, *Mae Dhòmhuill, tigh Sheumais, nighcan Phàrrraig, neo Gàdhlaig Dhùbh, dhona Phàrrraig, Donald's son, James's house, Peter's daughter, or Peter's melancholy, disastrous Gaelic.*

GOVERNMENT OF ADJECTIVES.

RULE I.—Adjectives of plenty and satiety are followed by *do* or *du* (and by way of surprising people *de*) either simple or compounded; as, *lan sìl, full of oats*; *buidheach do bhìadh, satisfied with food*; *sgìth do chàis, tired of cheese*; but, *gàinnaichte le Gàdhlaig Phàrrraig, quite disgusted with Peter's abominable Gaelic.*

RULE II.—Adjectives of merit or dispraise, remembrance, distance, acquaintance, and other affections of the mind, are generally followed by *air* simple or compounded; as, *airidh air peanas, deserving punishment*; *déidheil air fion, addicted to wine*; *eolach air Ian, acquainted with John*; *fad air folbh, far off.*

RULE III.—Adjectives of likeness or unlikeness, similarity, habits, duration, compassion, &c. require *ri*; as, *cosail ri Seumas, ri Parraig, like James, like Peter*; *r'a eòsnadh, habituated to earning*; *ri bliadhna, for a year*; *truacanta rithe, compassionate to her.*

RULE IV.—Adjectives of profit or disprofit, proximity, relationship, necessity or use, require *do*; *math dhuit, good for you*; *dona dhith, bad for her*; *fagas dhuinn, near us*; *dlùth dhaibh, nearly connected with them*; *càirdeach dhomh, nearly connected with me, &c.*;—but adjectives of measure qualified by the particle *ri* or *na*, require *na*, *than*; as, *na's mìse na mìl, sweeter than honey*; *na's luaithe na earb, swifter than a roe*; *na's fhearr na an t-òr, better than the gold.*

RULE V.—Superlatives require *do* or its compounds. *An tè 's fhearr do'n trì, the best of the three*; *an t-aon is naomhe dhiutha uile, the one most holy of the whole*; *am fear is mìosa 's an t-saoghal, the worst fellow in the universe.*

GOVERNMENT OF VERBS.

RULE I.—An active verb governs the accusative, which is always the same as the

nominative; as, *las an solus, kindle the light*; *caomhainn do shaothair, spare yourself the trouble*; *buail e, strike him*; *cha bhuail e mi, he shall not strike me.*

RULE II.—Neuter verbs require prepositions which govern the noun or pronoun following, according to their respective classes; as, *leig dhà, let him alone*; *gabh da, be'about him*; *tog ris a' bhruthach, ascend the acclivity*; *buail air, fall to*; *cum ris, keep up to him.*

RULE III.—Impersonal verbs require *le*; as, *seallar leinn, we beheld, we looked*; and *bu* aspirates the following word; as, *b'fhearr leam, I would prefer*; *bu mhise a rion e, it was I that did it*; *bu thuiteamas a bh'ann, it was an accident*; *bu dorcha, or bu dhoreha an oidhche, how dark the night was.*

RULE IV.—The insultives, which are always nouns, govern the genitive; as, *a thearbhadh cruaidh, to separate cattle*; *a dh'innseadh bhreug, to tell lies*; *a chumail feill, to observe holydays*; *a dh'mnseadh sgeoil, to report proceedings*; *a sheinn ciuil, to play on an instrument*; verbs beginning with a vowel or *f* require *d* aspirated; as, *a dh'òl fion, to drink wine*; *a dh'fholbh, to go.*

RULE V.—Present participles of active verbs govern the genitive or ablative; as, *a' coinneachadh fir, meeting a person*; *ag òl fiona, drinking wine*; *a' mathadh peacaidh, pardoning sin*; *a' ruith ciadtarruinn, distilling low-wines.*

RULE VI.—Past participles require *le* or its compounds, signifying *by means of, by the agency of*; as, *s'òlte, or, air a sheoladh le Seumas, directed by James*; *paigste le sreing, wrapped up with a cord*; *ceannsaichte leis a' chlaidhinn, subdued by the sword.*

GOVERNMENT OF ADVERBS AND PREPOSITIONS.

RULE I.—*Ra* or *ro*, *fior*, *sàr*, *làr*, aspirate the words beginning with a consonant, to which they are prefixed; *ramha'h, very well*; *gle mhòr, large enough*; *sàr-ghaisgeach, a complete hero*; *làr-bhuraidh, a complete numskull.*

RULE II.—The negative *cha*, which inserts *n* before a vowel or *f* aspirated, always aspirates *b, m, p, c, g*, and sometimes *d, t, s*; as, *cha bhuail mi, I will not strike*; *cha n-fhan e, he will not stay*; *cha n-hair e, it will not last*; *cha n-ann idir, not so at all*; *cha phaisg iad, they will not wrap*; *cha chaith e, it will not wear out or exhaust*; *cha ghuil e, he shall not weep*; but, *cha dean or dhean mi, I will not do*; *cha seas or cha sheas e, he will not stand*; *cha teich e, or cha theich e, he will not decamp.*

RULE III.—The prepositions *air*, &c. signifying *place* or *position*; *aig*, &c. signifying *contact*, like the Latin, govern the ablative, which is the same as the dative; as, *air chluais*, *by the ear*; *air laimh*, *by the hand*; *air tràigh*, *on the strand*; *air uairibh*, *at times*; *aig laimh*, *at hand*; *aig na dorsaibh*, *at the doors*; *aig saothir*, *toiling*, *at the trouble*.

RULE IV.—But when signifying possession or property, they govern the accusative, which is uniformly like the nominative; as, *aige air Seumas*, *owed to him by James*; *aig bàrd air*, *owed by him to a poet*.

RULE V.—The prepositions *do*, *le*, *foidh*, (*fuidh* is out of fashion) *gu*, *gun*, *mar*, *ma*, *thromh*, or *tre*, generally aspirate mutables; as, *m'a cheann*, *about his head*; but *m'a ceann*, *about her head*; *gun fhios*, *not knowing*, *unawares*; *fo bhròn*, *under trouble*, *mourning*; *mar thonn*, *like a wave*; *thromh chruadal*, *through hardship*; *frìd*, or *trìd a' ghlinn*, *through the glen*.

RULE VI.—*Eadar*, *between*, governs the accusative, sometimes aspirate, and sometimes the simple form; as, *eadar talamh* or *thalamh* is *athar*, *between the earth and the sky*; *eadar bheag* is *mhòr*, or *eadar am beag agus am mòr*, *both great and small*.

RULE VII.—*Gu*, *gun* and *mar*, govern the ablative (or dative); *màr chraoibh*, *gun cheann*, *like to a tree*, *without a head*; but with the article the accusative (or nominative); as, *gun an ceann*, *without the head*; *mar a' chraobh*, *like unto the tree*; however, if the article be not immediately in contact with the noun, the dative or ablative is governed; as, *gu erich na talmhainn*, *to the extremity of the earth*.

RULE VIII.—Compound prepositions govern, generally, the genitive; as, *air feadh na dùthcha*, *throughout the country*; *air deireadh nan feachd*, *in the rear of the battle*; *a dh' ionnsaidh na h-aibhne*, *towards the river*.

INTERJECTIONS AND CONJUNCTIONS.

RULE I.—Sometimes interjections, which always govern the vocative, are followed by the possessives *mo*, *do*, and prepositions *air* and *do* expressed or understood; as, *Och! mo thruaigh*, *O! woe's me!* *mo ehreach*, *alas!* is *an-èibhinn duibh*, *woe unto you!* *mo nàire* (ort) *shame (on thee)*.

RULE II.—The conjunctions *agus*, *is* and *na*, couple like cases and moods; as, *a' nigh-eadh a làmh* is *a chas*, *washing his hands and his feet*; *thog iad sin ortsa* is *ormsa*, *they raise that report of you and me*; *thig neo cha d' thig iad*, *they shall come or stay*, (or *not come*); *thàinig sinn* is *dh' fhuirich sinn*, *we came and staid*.

RULE III.—The particles *cho* and *co*, may have the aspirated form or not after them; as, *cho chinnteach* or *cinnteach ris a bhàs*, or *co chinnteach*, &c. *as sure as death*; *cho fhoirbhidh*, or *cho foirbhidh*, *as perfect*, or *manly*, or *womanly*; *cho* or *co shoirbh* or *soirbh*, *as tractable*.

RULE IV.—*Mar*, *gar*, and *gu*, *gum*, before *b*, *f*, *m*, *p*,—*gun* before all other letters, precede the interrogative; as, *mar d' thig iad*, *unless they come*; *gu bheil sibh*, *that you are*; *gum faic sinn*, *that we shall see*; *gun d' thoir sinn*, *that we will bring*; but *nam* before *b*, *f*, *m*, *p*, or *nan* before all other letters, has after it that part of the verb ending in *-inn*; *nam faighinn*, *were I to get* or *to have got*; *nan d' thugainn*, *were I to give* or *to have given*.

EXERCISES.—VERB.

BI ANN, *to be with*, *in existence*, *being*.
Co th' ann, *who is it?* or *there?*
Co bh' ann, *who was it?* or *there?*
Tha mi ann, *I am there*.
Tha thu ann, *thou art there*.
Tha e, i ann, *he or she is there*.
Tha sinn ann, *we are there*.
Théid mi ann, *I will go there*.
Is urrainn domh, *I am able*.
Is urrainn duit e, *thou art able*.
An uilear domh, *must I or will I require?*
Am b' uilear domh, *would I not require?*
Mas uilear daibh, *if they require*.
Cha b' uilear domh, *I would require*, or *it is expedient*.
Ma's uilear domh, *if I would require*.
Cha ruig thu leas, *you need not*, or *require*.
Ma ruigeas mi leas, *if I require*.
Mar an ruig e leas, *if he will not require*.
An ruig e leas, *does it behove him?*
Nach ruig e leas, *need he not?*
Nach ruig thu leas, *needst thou not?*
Cha 'n urrainn domh, *I am not able*.
Ma's urrainn domh, *if I am able*.
Mar an urrainn duinn, *if we are not able*.
Co's urrainn, *who is able?*
'S ann domh is urrainn, *I am the man that is able*.
Am bheil e 'na urrainn, *is he able?*
An uilear dhomh fichead, *will I require twenty?*

SECOND CONJUGATION.

Verb beginning with *f*.

Dh' fhair mi, *I watched* or *kept watch*.
Dh' fhair thu, *thou watched* or *kept watch*.
Dh' fhair e, i, *he or she watched* or *kept*
Dh' fhair sinn, *we watched* or *kept watch*.
Dh' fhair sibh, *you watched* or *kept watch*.
Dh' fhair iad, *they watched* or *kept watch*.

Fairidh mi, *I will or shall watch.*
 Fairidh tu, *thou shalt or wilt watch.*
 Fairidh e, i, *he or she shall or will watch.*
 Fairidh sinn, *we shall or will watch.*
 Fairidh sibh, *ye shall or will watch.*
 Fairidh iad, *they shall or will watch.*
 An d' fhair mi, *did I watch or keep watch?*
 An d' fhair thu, *didst thou watch or keep*
 An d' fhair e, *did he watch or keep watch?*
 An d' fhair sinn, *did we watch or keep watch*
 An d' fhair sibh, *did you watch or keep*
 An d' fhair iad, *did they watch or keep watch*
 Cha 'n fhair mi, *I shall or will not keep watch*
 Cha 'n fhair thu, *thou shalt or will not watch*
 Cha 'n fhair e, i, *thou or he shall or will not*
 Cha 'o fhair iad, *they shall or will not watch*
 Am fair mi, *shall I watch or keep watch.*
 Am fair thu, *shalt thou watch or keep watch*
 Am fair e, i, *shall he or she watch or keep*
 Am fair sinn, *shall we watch or keep watch.*
 Am fair sibh, *shall ye watch or keep watch.*
 Am fair iad, *shall they watch or keep watch*
 Nach fair mi, *shall or will I not watch.*
 Nach fair thu, *shalt or wilt thou not watch.*
 Nach fair e, i, *shall or will not he or she*
 Nach fair sinn, *shall or will we not watch.*
 Nach fair sibh, *shall or will you not watch.*
 Nach fair iad, *shall or will they not watch.*
 Ma dh'f hair mi, *if I watched or kept watch*
 Ma dh'f hair thu, *if thou watched or kept*
 Ma dh'f hair e, *if he watched or kept watch.*
 Ma dh'f hair sinn, *if we watched or kept*
 Ma dh'f hair sibh, *if you watched or kept*
 Ma dh'f hair iad, *if they watched or kept*
 Mar fair mi, *unless I watch or keep watch*
 Mar fair thu, *unless thou watch or keep*
 Mar fair e, i, *unless he or she watch or keep*
 Mar fair sinn, *unless we watch or keep watch*
 Mar fair sibh, *unless you watch or keep*
 Mar fair iad, *unless they watch or keep watch*
 Dh' fhairinn, *I would, could or should watch*
 Dh' fhairadh tu, *thou wouldst or shouldst*
 Dh' fhairadh e, i, *he or she would or could*
 Dh' fhairamaid, *we would watch or keep*
 Dh' fhairadh sibh, *you would watch or keep*
 Dh' fhairadh iad, *they would watch or keep*
 Nach fairinn, *would I watch or keep watch?*
 Nach fairadh tu, *wouldst thou not watch?*
 Nach fairadh e, *would he not watch?*
 Nach faireamaid, *would we not watch?*
 Nach fairadh sibh, *would you not watch?*
 Nach fairadh iad, *would they not watch?*
 Am fairinn, *would I watch or keep watch?*
 Am fairadh tu, *wouldst thou watch or keep*
 Am fairadh e, i, *would he or she watch or*
 Am faireamaid, *would we watch or keep*
 Am fairadh sibh, *would you watch or keep*
 Am fairadh iad, *would they watch or keep*
 Cha 'n fhairinn, *I would not watch or keep*
 Cha 'n fhairadh tu, *thou wouldst not watch*
 Cha 'n fhairadh e, *he would not watch or*
 Cha 'n fhairamaid, *we would not watch or*

Cha 'n fhairadh sibh, *you would not watch*
 Cha 'n fhairadh iad, *they would not watch*
 Ma dh' fhairas mi, *if I shall or will watch.*
 Ma dh' fhairas tu, *if thou shalt or will*
 Ma dh' fhairas e, i, *if he or she shall or will*
 Ma dh' fhairas sinn, *if we shall or will*
 Ma dh' fhairas sibh, *if you shall or will*
 Ma dh' fhairas iad, *if they shall or will*
 A dh' fhairadh, *to watch.*

IMPERATIVE MOOD. Faiream-sa, *let me watch*; fair, fair thusa, *watch, watch thou*; fhairadh e, *let him watch*; faireamaid, *let us watch*; fhairadh sibh, *watch ye or you*; fhairadh iad, *let them watch.*
 Dh' fhairadh mi, *I was watched or dogged*
 Dh' fhairadh thu, *thou wast watched.*
 Dh' fhairadh e, i, *he or she was watched.*
 Dh' fhairadh sinn, *we were watched.*
 Dh' fhairadh sibh, *you or ye were watched*
 Dh' fhairadh iad, *they were watched.*
 Fairar mi, *I shall or will be watched.*
 Fairar thu, or tu, *thou shalt or wilt be*
 Fairar e, i, *he or she shall be watched.*
 Fairar sinn, *we shall or will be watched.*
 Fairar sibh, *ye or you shall or will be*
 Fairar iad, *they shall or will be watched.*
 An d' fhairadh mi, *was I watched or dogged?*
 An d' fhairadh thu, *wert thou watched?*
 An d' fhairadh e, i, *was he or she watched?*

VERB TO HAVE OR POSSESS.

Bh' agam, *I had or possessed.*
 Bh' agad, *you had or possessed.*
 Bh' aige, *he had or possessed.*
 Bh' aice, *she had or possessed.*
 Bh' againn, *we had or possessed.*
 Bh' agaibh, *you had or possessed.*
 Bh' aca, *they had or possessed.*
 Bithidh agam, *I will or shall have.*
 Bithidh agad, *thou wilt or shalt have.*
 Bithidh aige, *he will or shall have.*
 Bithidh aice, *she shall or will have.*
 Bithidh againn, *we shall or will have.*
 Bithidh agaibh, *you shall or will have.*
 Bithidh aca, *they shall or will have.*

INTERROGATIVE OR NEGATIVE MOOD.

An robh agam, *had I or did I possess?*
 An robh againn, *had we or did we possess?*
 Nach robh agad, *had you not or did you*
 Nach robh agaibh, *had ye or you not*
 Nach robh aige, *had he not*

Tuit or tachair do, *happen to.*

Thuit domh, *it has, or happened to me.*
 Thachair domh, *it has, or happened to me.*
 Thuit daibh, *it has, or happened to them.*
 Thuit duit, *it has happened to you.*
 Thuit duinn, *it has happened to us.*
 Thuit duibh, *it has happened to you.*
 Thuit daibh, *it has happened to them.*

SECOND CONJUGATION.

Eirich do, *happen to.*
 Dh' eirich dhomh or domh, *it has happened to me.*

Dh' èirich dhuit, *it has happened to thee.*
 Dh' èirich dha, *it has happened to him, &c.*
 Dh' èirich dhuinn, *it has happened to us.*
 Dh' èirich dhi, *it has happened to her.*
 Dh' èirich dhuibh, *it has happened to you.*
 Dh' èirich dhaibh, *it has happened to them*
 Ma'n èirich dhomh, *lest it should happen*
 Ma'n èirich dhuit, *lest it should happen to*
 Ma'n èirich dha, *lest it should happen to him*
 Ma'n èirich dhuinn, *lest it should happen to*
 Ma'n èirich dhuibh, *lest it should happen*
 Ma'n èirich dhaibh, *lest it should happen to*
 Eiridh dhomh, *it shall happen to me*
 Eiridh dhuit, *it shall or will happen to thee.*
 Eiridh dha, dhi, *it shall happen to him, &c.*
 Eiridh dhuinn, *it shall happen to us.*
 Eiridh dhaibh, *it shall happen to them.*
 An d' èiridh dhomh, *has it happened to me?*
 An d' èirich dhuit, *has it happened to thee?*
 An d' èirich dha, *has it happened to him?*
 An d' èirich, dhuinn, *has it happened to us?*
 An d' èirich dhuibh, *has it happened to you?*
 An d' èirich dhaibh, *has it happened to them?*
 Ma dh'èirich dhomh, *if it happened to me.*
 Ma dh'èirich dhuit, *if it happened to thee.*
 Ma dh'èirich dha, *if it happened to him.*
 Ma dh'èirich dhuinn, *if it happened to us.*
 Ma dh'èirich dhuibh, *if it happened to you.*
 Ma dh'èirich dhaibh, *if it happened to them*
 Nach d'èirich domh, *has it not happened*
 Nach d'èirich duit, *has it not happened to*
 Nach d'èirich da, *has it not happened to*
 Nach d'èirich duinn, *has it not happened to*
 Nach d'èirich dhaibh, *has it not happened to*
 Nach d'èirich dhaibh, *has it not happened to*
 Cha d'èirich domh, *it has not happened to*
 Cha d'èirich duit, *it has not happened to*
 Cha d'èirich dha, *it has not happened to*
 Cha d'èirich dhuinn, *it has not happened to*
 Cha d'èirich dhuibh, *it has not happened to*
 Cha d'èirich dhaibh, *it has not happened to*
 Cha'n èiridh dhomh, *it shall not happen to*
 Cha'n èiridh dhuit, *it shall not happen to*
 Cha'n èiridh dha, *it shall not happen to him*
 Cha'n èiridh dhuinn, *it shall not happen to*
 Cha'n èiridh dhuibh, *it shall not happen to*
 Cha'n èiridh dhaibh, *it shall not happen to*
 Is aithreach leam, *I regret, it repents me.*
 Is aithreach leat, *thou regrettest, it repents*
 Is aithreach leis, *he regrets, it repents him.*
 Is aithreach leinn, *we regret, it repents us.*
 Is aithreach leibh, *you regret, it repents ye*
 Is aithreach leatha, *they regret, it repents*
 Ma's aithreach leam, *if I regret or if I be*
 Ma's aithreach leat, *if I regret or be sorry.*
 Ma's aithreach leinn, *if we regret or be sor*
 Ma's aithreach leibh, *if ye regret or be sor*
 Ma's aithreach leis, *if he regret or be sorry.*
 Ma's aithreach leatha, *if they regret or be*
 An aithreach leam, *do I regret or am sorry?*
 An aithreach leat, *do you regret or art*
 An aithreach leis, *does he regret or is he sor*

An aithreach leinn, *do we regret or are we*
 An aithreach leatha, *do they regret or are*
 Cha b' aithreach leam, *I would not regret.*
 Cha b' aithreach leat, *thou wouldst not re*
 Cha b' aithreach leis, *he would not regret.*
 Cha b' aithreach leinn, *we would not regret*
 Cha b' aithreach leibh, *ye or you would not*
 Cha b' aithreach leatha, *they would not re*
 Cha b' aithreach dhomh, *I had no reason*
 Cha b' aithreach dhuit, *thou hadst not, &c.*
 An leir dhomh, *can I see or perceive?*
 An leir dhuit, *canst thou see or perceive?*
 An leir dha, *can he see or perceive?*
 An leir dhuinn, *can we see or perceive?*
 An leir dhuibh, *can you see or perceive?*
 An leir dhaibh, *can they see or perceive?*
 Cha leir dhomh, *I cannot see or perceive.*
 Cha leir dhuit, *thou canst not see or per*
 Cha leir dha, dhi, *he or she cannot see, &c.*
 Cha leir dhuinn, *we cannot see or perceive.*
 Cha leir dhuibh, *you cannot see or perceive*
 Cha leir dhaibh, *they cannot see or perceive*
 Ma's leir dhomh, *if I see or perceive*
 Ma's leir dhuit, *if thou see or perceive.*
 Ma's leir dha na dhi, *if he or she see, &c.*
 Ma's leir dhuinn, *if we see or perceive.*
 Ma's leir dhuibh, *if ye see or perceive.*
 Ma's leir dhaibh, *if they see or perceive.*
 Mar an leir dhomh, *unless I perceive.*
 Mar an leir dhuit, *unless thou see or per*
 Mar an leir dha, *unless he see or perceive.*
 Mar an leir dhuinn, *unless we perceive or*
 Mar an leir dhuibh, *unless you see or per*
 Mar an leir dhaibh, *unless they see or per*
 An leir dhomh, *can I see or perceive?*
 An leir dhuit, *canst thou see or perceive?*
 An leir dha, dhi, *can he or she perceive?*
 An leir dhuinn, *can we see or perceive?*
 An leir dhuibh, *can ye or you see or per*
 An leir dhaibh, *can they see or perceive?*
 Nach leir dhomh, *can I not see or perceive?*
 Nach leir dhuit, *canst thou not see or per*
 Nach leir dha, dhi, *can he or she not see or*
 Nach leir dhuinn, *can we not see or per*
 Nach leir dhuibh, *can ye not see or per*
 Nach leir dhaibh, *can they not see or per*
 An cuimhne leam, *do I recollect?*
 An cuimhne leat, *dost thou recollect?*
 An cuimhne leis, *leatha, does he re. collect?*
 An cuimhne leinn, *do we recollect?*
 An cuimhne leibh, *do ye recollect?*
 An cuimhne leatha, *do they recollect?*
 Nach cuimhne leam, *do I not recollect?*
 Nach cuimhne leat, *dost thou not recollect?*
 Nach cuimhne leinn, *do we not recollect?*
 Nach cuimhne leibh, *do ye not recollect?*
 Nach cuimhne leis, *does he not recollect?*
 Nach cuimhne leatha, *do they not recollect?*
 Ma's cuimhne leam, *if I recollect.*
 Ma's cuimhne leis, *if he recollect.*
 Ma's cuimhne leinn, *if we recollect.*
 Ma's cuimhne leibh, *if ye recollect*

Ma's cuimhne leotha, *if they recollect.*
 Is beag orin thu, *I hate you or you are disagreeable to me.*
 Is beag ort e, *thou hatest him*
 Is beag air e, *he hates him or is disagree*
 Is beag oirnn iad, *they hate them*
 Is beag oirbh iad, *ye or you hate them*
 Is beag orr' iad, *they hate them*
 Cha bheag orm thu, *I do not hate you.*
 Cha bheag ort iad, *you do not hate them.*
 Cha bheag air iad, *he does not hate them.*
 Cha bheag urr' iad, *she does not hate them.*
 Cha bheag oirnn iad, *we do not hate them.*
 Cha bheag oirbh iad, *you do not hate them.*
 Cha bheag orr' iad, *they do not hate them.*
 Nach beag orm e, *do I not hate him?*
 Nach beag ort e, *dost thou not hate him?*
 Nach beag air e, *does he not hate him?*
 Nach beag urr' e, *does she not hate him?*
 Nach beag oirnn e, *do we not hate him?*
 Nach beag oirbh e, *do ye not hate him?*
 Mar am beag orm, *unless I hate him.*
 Mar am beag ort e, *unless thou hate him.*
 Mar am beag air e, *unless he hate him.*
 Mar am beag urr' e, *unless she hate him.*
 Mar am beag oirnn e, *unless we hate him.*
 Mar am beag oirbh e, *unless you hate him.*
 Mar am beag orr' e, *unless they hate him.*
 Am beag orm e, i, *do I hate him or her?*
 Am beag ort e na i, *dost thou hate him or*
 Am beag air e na i, *does he hate him or her?*
 Am beag oirnn e na i, *do we not hate him?*
 Am beag oirbh e na i, *do ye hate him or*
 Am beag air e na i, *does he hate him or her?*
 Am beag urr' e na i, *does she hate him or*
 Am beag oirnn e na i, *do we hate him or*
 Am beag oirbh e na i, *do ye hate him or*
 Am beag orr' e na i, *do they hate him or*
 Is tagh leam e na i, *I love him or her, or he,*
or she is an object of choice with me.
 Is tagh leat e na i, *thou lovest him or her*
 Is tagh leis e na i, *he loves him or her*
 Is tagh leinn e na i, *we love him or her*
 Is tagh leibh e na i, *you love him or her*
 Is tagh leotha e na i, *they love him or her*
 An annsa leam e na i, *do I like him more*
than her?
 An annsa leat e, *dost thou love him more?*
 An annsa leis e, *does he like him better?*
 An annsa leinn e, *do we like him better?*
 An annsa leibh e, *do you like him better?*
 An annsa leotha e, *do they like him better?*
 Nach annsa leam e, *do I not like him better*
 Nach annsa leat e, *dost thou not like him*
 Nach annsa leis e, *does he not like him bet.*
 Nach annsa leatha e, *does she not like him*
 Nach annsa leinn e, *do we not like him bet.*
 Nach annsa leibh e, *do ye not like him*
 Nach annsa leotha e, *do they not like him*
 Cha tagh leam thu, *I do not like you or thee*
 Cha 'n annsa leat e, *thou dost not like him*
 Cha tagh leis e, i, *he does not like him or*
 Cha 'n annsa leinn e, *we do not like him*

Cha tagh leibh e, *you do not like him bet.*
 Cha 'n annsa leotha e, *they do not like him*
 Is fuath le Dia, *God hates or abhors.*
 Is fuath leam, *I hate or abhor.*
 Is fuath leat, *thou hatest or abhorrest.*
 Is fuath leis, *he hates or abhors.*
 Is fuath leinn, *we hate or abhor.*
 Is fuath leibh, *you hate or abhor.*
 Is fuath leinn, *we hate or abhor.*
 Is fuath leibh, *you hate or abhor.*
 Is fuath leotha, *they hate or abhor.*
 Cha 'n fhuath leam, *I do not hate or abhor*
 Cha 'n fhuath leat, *you do not hate or ab*
 Cha 'n fhuath leis, *he does not hate or ab*
 Cha 'n fhuath leatha, *she does not hate or*
 Cha 'n fhuath leinn, *we do not hate or ab*
 Cha 'n fhuath leibh, *you do not hate or ab*
 Cha 'n fhuath leotha, *they do not hate or*
 Is aithne or is fhaithne dhomh, *I know.*
 Is fhaithne dhuit, *thou knowest or*
 Is fhaithne dha na dhi, *he or she knows.*
 Is fhaithne dhuinn, *we know.*
 Is fhaithne dhuibh, *ye or you know.*
 Is fhaithne dhaibh, *they know.*
 Nach fhaithne dhomh, *do I not know?*
 Nach fhaithne dhuit, *dost thou not know?*
 Noch fhaithne dha na dhi, *does he or she*
 Nach fhaithne dhuinn, *do we not know?*
 Nach fhaithne dhuibh, *do ye not know?*
 Nach fhaithne dhaibh, *do they not know?*
 Ma's fhaithne dhomh, *if I know.*
 Ma's fhaithne dhuit, *if thou knowest.*
 Ma's fhaithne dha na dhi, *if he or she*
 Ma's fhaithne dhuinn, *if we know.*
 Ma's fhaithne dhuibh, *if you know.*
 Ma's fhaithne dhaibh, *if they know.*
 Cha 'n fhaithne dhomh, *I do not know.*
 Cha 'n fhaithne dhuit, *thou dost not know.*
 Cha 'n fhaithne dha, *he do s not know.*
 Cha 'n fhaithne dhuinn, *we do not know.*
 Cha 'n fhaithne dhuibh, *ye do not know.*
 Cha 'n fhaithne daibh, *they do not know.*
 An fhaithne dhomh-sa, *do I know?*
 An fhaithne dhuit, *dost thou know?*
 An fhaithne dha, *does he know?*
 An fhaithne dhuinn, *do we know?*
 An fhaithne dhuibh, *do ye know?*
 An fhaithne dhaibh, *do they know?*
 Mar an fhaithne dhomh, *unless I know.*
 Mar an fhaithne dhuit, *unless thou know.*
 Mar an fhaithne dha, *unless he know.*
 Mar an fhaithne dhuinn, *unless we know.*
 Mar an fhaithne dhuibh, *unless ye know.*
 Mar an fhaithne dhaibh, *unless they know.*
 Is àille leam, *I would fain wish.*
 Is àille leat, *thou would fain wish.*
 Is àille leis, leatha, *he or she would fain*
 Is àille leinn, *we would fain wish.*

Note.—Literally, unless it is knowledge to me; fhaithne signifies circle—therefore, cha 'n fhaithne dhomh, means, it is not within the circle of my knowledge.

Is àille leibh, *you would fain wish.*
 Cha 'n àille leam, *I would not fain wish.*
 Cha 'n àille leat, *thou wouldst not fain wish.*
 Cha 'n àille leis, *he would not fain wish.*
 Cha 'n àille leatha, *she would not fain wish.*
 Cha 'n àille leinn, *we would not fain wish.*
 Cha 'n àille leis, *you would not fain wish.*
 Cha 'n àille leatha, *they would not fain wish.*
 Cha 'n fhiach leam, *I will not condescend or stoop.*
 Cha 'n fhiach leat, *thou wilt not condescend*
 Cha 'n fhiach leis, *he will not condescend*
 Cha 'n fhiach leinn, *we will not condescend*
 Cha 'n fhiach leibh, *you will not condescend.*
 Cha 'n fhiach leatha, *they will not condescend.*
 Ma's fhiach leat, *if you condescend or stoop*
 Nach fhiach leis, *will he not condescend or*
 Nach fhiach leatha, *will they, &c.—See*
fhiach in the Dictionary.
 Cia mhomha orm thu, *I care as little for*
you.
 Cha mhomha urra mi, *she cares as little*
 Cha mhomha ort i, *thou carest as little for*
 Cha mhomha orra e, *they care as little for*
 Cha mhomha air i, *he cares as little for her.*
 Nach momha orm, *do I not care as little?*
 Nach momha orra, *do they not care as little?*
 Nach momha leat e, *dost thou not care as*
 Nach momha leatha, *do they not care as*
 Nach momha leinn iad, *do we not care as*
 Nach momha leatha, *does she not care as*
 Ma's momha leam, *if I care as much for*
 Ma's momha leat e, *if thou care as much*
 Ma's momha leinn, *if we care as much for*
 Am momha leat, *do you care as much for?*
 Am momha leinn, *do we care as much for?*
 Am momha leatha, *does she care as much*
 Am momha leibh, *do you care as much for?*
 Is coma leam thu, *I hate or dislike you.*
 Is coma leat e, *you hate him—never mind*
him.
 Is coma leis e, *he dislikes or hates him.*
 Is coma leatha mi, *they dislike or hate me.*
 Is coma leinn e, *we hate him or dislike him.*
 Is coma leatha e, *she dislikes him.*
 Is coma leibh iad, *you dislike them.*
 Is coma leatha e, *they dislike him.*
 An coma leam e, *do I dislike him?*
 An coma leat mi, *dost thou dislike me?*
 An coma leis i, *does he dislike her?*
 An coma leinn i, *do we dislike her?*
 An coma leibh iad, *do you dislike them?*
 An coma leatha e, *do they dislike him?*
 Is miann leam, *I wish or mean.*
 Am miann leat, *dost thou wish or mean?*
 Am miann leis, *does he mean or wish?*
 Am miann leinn, *do we wish or mean?*
 Am miann leibh, *do you wish or mean?*
 Is miann leam, *I wish or mean.*
 Th'a mhiann orm, *I mean or intend.*
 Am bheil a mhiann ort, *do you wish or in-*

Am math leat, do you wish, or is it your
Is fuathach leis, he hates or abhors.
Is fuathach leinn, we hate or abhor.
Is fuathach leibh, you hate or abhor.
Am fuathach leam, do I hate or abhor?
Am fuathach leat, do you hate or abhor?
Am fuathach leatha, do they hate or abhor?
Is aighearach leam, I am highly delighted.
Is aighearach leat, thou art highly delight-
Is aighearach leinn, we are highly delight-
Is aighearach dhomh, it is truly happy for
Is aighearach duit, it is truly happy for
Is aighearach dha, it is truly happy for him
Is aighearach dhuinn, it is truly happy for
Is a'ghearach dhaibh, it is truly happy for
Is aighearach dhaibh, it is truly happy for
An aighearach dhomh, is it happy for me?
Is miosa leam, I regret most, I think worse.
Is miosa leat, you regret most, you think
Is miosa leis, he regrets most, he thinks
Is miosa leinn, we regret most, we think
Is miosa leibh, ye regret most, he thinks
Is miosa leatha, they think worse or regret.
 Nach miosa leam, *do I not regret most?*
 Nach miosa leat, *dost thou not regret most?*
 Nach miosa leis, *does he not regret most?*
 Nach miosa leinn, *do we not regret most?*
 Am miosa leam, *do I regret most or think*
 Am miosa leinn, *do we regret most?*
 Is learnh leam, *I think it galling, I am*
piqued.
 Is learnh leat, *you think it galling or pi-*
 Is learnh leinn, *we think it galling or pi-*
 Nach learnh dhomh, *is it not galling to me?*
 Nach learnh duit, *is it not galling to you?*
 Nach learnh dhuinn, *is it not galling to us?*
 Nach aighearach dhomh, *is it not happy*
for me?
 Nach aighearach dhaibh, *is it not happy*
 B' aighearach dhuinn, *it were happy for you.*
 B' aighearach dhaibh, *it were happy for her.*
 B' aighearach dha, *it were happy for him.*
 Nach b' aighearach dhomh, *were it not hap-*
 Is ion domh a bhi, *I have great reason to be*
 Is ion duit a bhi, *you have great reason to*
 Is ion da, di, he or she *have great reason to*
 Nach ion duinn, *have we not great reason*
 Nach ion daibh, *have ye not great reason*
 Nach ion dhaibh, *have they not great reason*
 An ion domh, *have I great reason to be?*
 An ion duit, *have you great reason to be?*
 An ion duinn, *have we great reason to be?*
 Nach bu learnh duit, *were it not galling.*
 Is eagal leam, *I am afraid.*
 Is eagal leat, *thou art afraid.*
 Nach eagal leinn, *are we not afraid?*
 Nach eagal leibh, *are you not afraid?*
 Ni h-eagal leam, *I am not the least afraid.*
 Ni h-eagal leis, *he is not the least afraid.*
 Is mòr m' eagal, *I am very much afraid.*
 Is mòr t' eagal, *you are very much afraid.*

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NIP, v. criom¹, miog¹, caob⁷, teum⁶.

TIE, v. ceangail; tighten, teannaich; as, a fishing-hook, tap¹, stale², duil⁹, rail¹⁰, snaith¹¹, tip¹², &c. &c.

GATE, n. geata²; a wicket, eachladh¹, eliseach⁹, elisneach¹², cabharnach¹⁰, atuinne³, &c. &c.

The figures here refer to the places where the several words are used.

BRIATHRADAIR

GAIDHLIG AGUS BEURLA.

A, a

A, a, the first letter of the alphabet, called by the Irish *an fhalm*, the elm tree.

A', the gen. and dat. mas. and the nom. and dat. fem. of the article, the; used before three of the labials, b, m, p, and the two palatals, c, g, when aspirated; as, a' choin, of the dog; a' mhàthair, the mother; a' phàisde, of the child; a' ghruagach, the damsel; the fourth labial, f, takes an; as, an fhir, of the man; an fhaobruinn, of the large ankle; an fhradhaire, of the eye-sight; an fheantagach, the nettle; an fhiolair, the eagle.

The aspiration of the f, in these and similar instances, is the cause of many corruptions: hence, àile instead of faile, smell; radharc instead of fradharc, eye-sight; àradh in place of faradh, a ladder; àile nan tàirnean, instead of fail nan tàirnean, the print of the nails, &c.; but Dr. N. M'Leod has very properly restored fradharc, and many other words, to their correct orthography, paying no regard to the corrupt manner in which they were written formerly. In some places of Argyle, faile, the gen. is used in place of the nom. fail: 2. a', the sign of the present participle (for ag); used before consonants; as, a' fàs, growing; a' dùnadh, shutting; a' dol, going: 3. a', contraction for ann; as, a'd' cheann, in thy head.

A, á, pos. pro. his, her, hers, its: a mhac, his son; a nighean, his daughter; a mac, her son; a nighean, her daughter; elipsed before fh, and a vowel in the mas.; as, 'fhalt, his hair; 'aghaidh, his countenance: in the feminine an h is interposed between the pronoun and noun; as, a h-each, her horse; a h-eun, her bird. When a consonant comes after the fh, the pronoun is retained in the mas.; as, a fhlùiche, his, or its wetness; pronounced, ul-lùich-á: 2. a, sign of the infinitive; as, a bhuailadh, to strike; a cheangal an duine, to bind the man; 3. a,

ABARRACH

é, prep. out, out of; a tigh na daorsa, out of the house of bondage; a baile, out of town, from home: 4. a, sign of the vocative; as, éirich, a laoiach, rise hero: 5. a, relative pro. who, which, that, and what; as, a' bhean a bha, the woman who was; an eù a bha, the dog that was.

AB, àb, n. m. an abbot; an ni ni an dara h-aba subhach, ni e dubhach an t-aba eile, what makes the one abbot glad, makes the other abbot sad: abair tri uairean Mac an Àba, gun do ehab a dhù-adh, repeat thrice the surname, MacNabb without shutting your gab. Cond.

ABAB, ab-ab', int. fie! pshaw! shame! n. m. filth, dirt.

ABABACH, ab-ab'-ach, a. filthy, dirty.

ABABACHD, ab-ab'-ächg, n. f. filthiness, dirt.

ABABARDAICH, ab'-ab'-ardd-èch, n. f. a disgusting repetition of abab.

ABACHD, ab'-achg, contraction of abuidh-eachd, ripeness; pertness.

ABAID, àb'-àj, n. f. an abbey; a' triall thun na h-abaid, strolling to the abbey. St.

ABAIDEACHD, àb'-àj-achg, n. f. abbacy.

ABAIDEAL, ab'-èj-all, n. f. the colic. Lw.

ABAIDEALACH, ab'-èj-all-ach, a. griping.

ABAIDEALACHD, ab'-èj-al-achg, n. f. griping.

ABAIR, ab'-èr, v. say, affirm, express; na h-abair ach beag, is abair gu maith, say but little, and say that little well.

ABAIRT, ab'-art², n. f. babbling, recrimination, scolding. Is. Politeness, an idiom, Sh. Ir.

ABALT, àb'-allt, a. expert, proficient, masterly, very able. Isd.

ABALTACHD, àb'-allt-ächg, n. f. proficiency dexterity, uncommon skill; strength.

ABALTAICHE, àb'-allt-èch-à, n. m. a proficient, an adept, duine sgileil.

ABARDAIR, àb'-ar-ddar², n. m. a dictionary Sh.

ABARRACH, ab'-art-ach, a. indelicate, as a female; n. f. a bold masculine female.

ABARRACHD, áb'-arr-achg, *n. f.* indelicacy, as a female, immodesty; impudence, turbulence.

ABARTACH, áb'-árt-ach, *a.* talkative.

ABARTACHD, ab'-art-áchg, *n. f.* loquacity, unbecoming boldness, as a female.

ABARTAIR, ab'-art-ar', *n. m.* a babbler.

ABH, áv, *n. m.* a hose net, a hand net.

ABH, évf, *n. f.* the yelp of a terrier; obs. water; hence, abhuinn; *abh*, water, and *inne*, a channel,—a river in Germany.

ABHACHD, and ABHACHDAS, áv'-áchg, and -us, sport, diversion; *nar n-aobhar spors' is abhachdais, a cause of sport and diversion,—Ps.; ri ábhachd, ann an teaghlach a' Mhoireir, at our diversion in his Lordship's family. 2.*

ABHACHDACH, áv'-achg ach, *a.* joyful, merry; *gach creutair a' togail an cinn gu h-ábhachdach, all creatures lifting their heads joyfully. 10.*

ABHADH-CIUIL, áv'-k-küll, *n. f.* a musical instrument. *B.* innceal ciuil.

ABHAG, ávf'-ag, *n. f.* a terrier.

ABHAGAIL, ávf'-ag-al, *a.* terrier-like; *n. m.* yelping; snapping, carping; *a.* carping.

ABHAGAIS, av'-ag-as, *n. f.* a surmise, an evil report—*T.* surmise is *babhd*.

ABHALL, av'-all, *n. f.* an orchard; *a chraobh: a b' áirde 'san abhall thu, the highest tree in the orchard thou wert. St.* Sometimes *abhallghart*.

A BHAN, a-vàn', *ad.* downwards, *b.*

ABHARR, áv'-urr, *n. f.* a silly jest, joke.

ABHARRACH, áv'-urr-ach, *a.* given to silly jokes, or jesting. *Is.*

ABHARSAIR, áv'-ar-sar', *n. m.* Satan.

ABHCAID, áv'-achg-áj, *n. f.* silly gibe. *Lw. abhcaideachd, ludicrous gibing; pleasantry.*

ABHLAN, áv'-llan, *n. m.* a wafer; *B. abhlan coisrigte, a consecrated wafer, (cèirean).*

ABHRAS, áv'-rus, *n. m.* wool, cotton, lint, or any other materials for cloth manufacture.

ABHRASACH, av'-rus-ach, *a.* well supplied with materials for cloth manufacture.

ABHBASAICHE, áv'-rus-ébh-á, *n. m.* a cloth manufacturer.

ABHSADH, áv'-sá, *n. m.* a tug at a rope. *Sk.*

ABHUINN, av'-énn, *n. f.* a river, from *abh*, water, obs. and *inne*, a channel; *far an taine an abhuinn 's aan is mo s fuaim, where the river is most shallow, it makes the greatest noise.—Said to a vain-glorious fellow.*

ABHUIST, áv'-ésh, *n. f.* a habit, a practice, a custom; *mar a b' abhuist duit, as you were accustomed to be.*

ABLACH, ab'-llach, *n. c.* any thing mangled, a contemptible person.

ABLAICH, ab'-llébh, *v.* mangle, spoil

ABRACH, contraction of *abarrach*, and corr. of *cabrach*, belonging to Lochaber.

ABRAN, ab'-run, *n. m.* an oar-slip; clamhd-an, enot. *I. S.*

ABRAON, ab'-ráon, *n. m.* April. *Sh.*

ABSTOL, abs'-tull, *n. m.* an apostle.

ABSTOLACHD, abs'-tull-áchg, *n. f.* apostleship.

ABUCHADH, ab'-uch-á, and, ap'-uch-á, *n. m.* *pt.* state of ripening; maturing, mellowing, ripening.

ABUICH, ab' or ap'-ébh, *v.* ripen, mellow, mature; *a.* ripe, mellow.

ABUIDH, ab'-é, *a.* ripe, mature; *pert; duine abuidh, a pert meddling person.*

ABUIDHEACHD, ab'-é-áchg, *n. f.* ripeness, maturity; *pertness.* This word is written *abuicheachd*.

ACA, achg'-á, *comp. pro.* of them, with them, in their possession; their; as, *an tigh aca, their house; am fearann aca, their land. aca siod, in the possession of those; agus biodh uachdranachd aca, and let them have dominion, B.; theid aca air, they can master it; moran aca 'g ràdh, many of them say. S.*

ACAIN, achg'-áj, *n. f.* a stitch; a transient lacerating pain; is from an *acaid* a tha 'm lot, intense is the pain that is in my wound, *O.*; a stitch.

ACAIDEACH, achg'-aj-ach, *a.* painful, groaning.

ACAIN, áchg'-an', *n. f.* a moan, a sigh; *gun och na acain, without alas, or a moan.*

ACAIN, achg'-ur', *n. f.* an anchor; an acre. —North, a rick of corn; *acairpholl, a harbour. Sh.*

ACANAICH, áchg'-an-ébh, *f. n.* grief, *D.* sobbing, plaintive moaning.

ACARAN, achg'-ar-an, *n. m.* lumber. *N.*

ACARRA, achg'-urr-a, *a.* moderate in price lenient, indulgent; settled.

ACARRACHD, achg'-urr-achg, abatement, moderation, indulgence.

ACARSAIN, achg'-urr-sáj, *f. n.* a harbour, an anchorage; a haven; roads.

ACASTAIR, achg'-as-tar', an axle-tree. *S.*

ACFHUINN, achg'-énn, or -fhénn, *n. f.* apparatus, implements, utensils; *salve; tools; acfhuinn an t-saoir, the carpenter's tools; acfhuinn air son na coise, a salve for the foot (sore foot), 11; acfhuinn gunna, the lock of a gun (gleus); acfhuinn thogalach, the apparatus for distilling; harness; tackling; acfhuinn an cich, the horse's harness; acfhuinn na slaithe, the tackling of the fishing-rod.*

ACFHUINNEACH, achg'-fén-ach, &c. *a.* well equipped, well furnished with apparatus.

ACH, ách, *int.* oh! alas!

ACH, ach, *conj.* but, except, save; *ach mise, but me; ach esan, but him; (ir*

Lewis, a field, a meadow); *ach* cha'n 'eil breitheanas ann, *but there is no judgment*; *ach* beag, *almost, nearly*.

ACHADH, ach'-x, *n. m.* a corn field newly cut, or ready for reaping; *bha sinn a' ceangal sguab 'san achadh, we were binding sheaves in the field. B.*

ACHAIN, ach'-an', *n. f.* a supplication.

ACHANACH, ach'-an-ach, *a.* supplicatory. *R.*

ACHANAICH, äch'-an-ëch, *n. f.* an earnest entreaty, supplication, a solemn appeal or prayer; *v. n.* entreat, beseech earnestly; *ach* tha mi 'g *achanaich* ort, *but I solemnly entreat of you.*

ACHD, ächg, *n. m.* an act, a law, a statute; *achd* parlamaid, *an act of parliament*; an objection; 's mòr na *h-achdana* th' agad, *you have many objections*; air na *h-uil' achd*, *at all events*; *v.* enact.

A CHEUD, á chyädd, or a chëäd, *a.* the first; *a' cheud* bhcan, *the first woman.*

ACHLAID, ach'-lläi, *n. f.* chase, faoghaid.

ACHLAIS, ach'-lush, *n. f.* the arm-pit, hollow, or bosom; *raimh ga'n sniomh ann an achlais nan ärd thonn, oars twisting in the bosom of lofty waves.*

ACHLASAN, ach'-las-an, *n. m.* any thing carried under the arm; *achlasan* challum chille, *see, seud challum chille, St. John's wort.*

ACHMHASAN, ach'-vas-an, *n. m.* a reproof, a reprimand, a reprehension, rebuke.

ACHMHASANACH, ach'-vas-an-ach, *a.* reprehensive; prone to rebuke; reproachful.

ACHMHASANAICH, ach'-vas-an-ëch, *v.* reprove, rebuke, chide, reprimand, reprehend.

ACHMHASANAICHE, ach'-vas-an-ëch-ä, *n. m.* reprover, a rebuker, a reprimander.

ACHRANNACH, äch'-rän-äch, *a.* intricate; *achrannaich*, entangle, entwine, (amail). *Sh.*

ACRACH, achg'-rrach, *a.* hungry; in *Irish*, ocrach.

ACRAICH, achg'-rëch, *v.* drop anchor, moor, come to anchor.

ACRAS, achg'-rrus, *n. m.* hunger; appetite.

ACRASACH, achg'-rras-ach, *a.* hungry-looking, bespeaking poverty.

AD, *pro. 2. per.* thy, thine; ann *ad* chioibhlaibh, or *ad* ghialaibh, *in thy jaws.*

AD, add, *n. f.* a hat. *See Aia.*

ADAG, add'-ag, *n. f.* a shock of corn; the fish haddock; (*St.* stock).

ADAGAICH, add'-ag-ëch, *v.* gather into shocks, make shocks; *ag adagachadh*, *making shocks*; *stocking.*

ADH, ä'-gh', *n. m.* prosperity, success; *sonas is ädh ort, may happiness and success attend you*; *Is fearr ädh na ealain, good luck is better than a trade, than dexterity.*

ADHAN, ä'-un, *n. m.* a bye-word, a pro-

verb; *mu'n d' thuir, an t-adhan*, as the proverb says.

ADH-géir, (äine,) liver of fish. *Sk.*

ADHAL, ä'-ul, *n. m.* flesh hook. *Sh.*

ADHALTRACH, äö'-alt-rach, *a.* adulterous.

ADHALTRANNACH, äö'-ult-runn-ach, *n. m.* an adulterer; *a.* adulterous, guilty of adultery.

ADHALTRANNAS, äö'-alt-runn-us, *n. m.* adultery.

ADHAMH, äv, *n. m.* Adam, the happy man.

ADHARC, äö'-urk, or -archg, *n. f.* a horn.

ADHARCACH, äö'-ark-ach, *a.* horned.

ADHARCAN, äö'-ark-an, *n. m.* pee-wee, or lap-wing. *See sagharcan.*

ADHART, äö'-artt, *n. m.* the head of a bed, (1.) a bolster; front; *H.* progress.

ADHARTAN, äö'-artt-an, *n. m.* a pillow.

ADHLACADH, ä'-llachg-ä, *p.* burying; *n. m.* burial, interment. *B.*

ADHLAIC, ä'-llëchg, *v.* bury, inter.

ADHMHOL, ä'-voll, *v.* magnify. *B.*

ADHMHOR, ägh'-ur, -vur, *a.* prosperous, lucky, happy.

ADHMHORACHD, ägh'-vur-achg, *agh-ur-achg, n. m.* prosperity, luck, joyfulness.

AFRAICHE, ä'-frë-ë, *n. m.* preparation for battle.

AG, agg, *n. m.* doubt, hesitation.

AG, ug, sign of the present participle; as, *ag ràdh, saying*; *ag iarraidh, seeking*; *ag òl, drinking.*

AG, agg, for aig, joined to pronouns, and signifying possession; *agad, in your possession*; an tigh *agad, thy house*; a' bhean *agad, thy wife*; an tigh *agaibh, your house*; *againn, in our possession.*

AGADH, äg'-ä, an ox. *North.*

AGAIL, äg'-äl, *a.* doubtful, sceptical.

AGALACHD, äg'-al-achg, *n. m.* doubtfulness.

AGAIR, ag'-ur, *v. n.* accuse; *tha 'choimh-seas 'ga agairt, his conscience accuses him*; *crave*; *tha e 'g agairt orm, he craves me*; *prosecute*; *tha e 'g agairt, he prosecutes.*

AGAIRT, ag'-artt, *n. m.* prosecution; accusation; *p.* pursuing, craving; prosecuting; blaming.

AGALLAMH, ag'-al-uv, *n. m.* conference. *St.*

AGAN, ag'-um, *pre. and pro.* in my possession; an tigh *agamsa, my house.*

AGARRACH, ag'-urr-ach, *n. m.* pretender.

AGARTACH, ag'-artt-ach, *a.* litigious, vindictive, revengeful.

AGARTACHD, äg'-ärt-ächg, *n. f.* litigation; litigiousness.

AGARTAS, äg'-ärt-us, *n. m.* a suit at law, a plea, a suit.

AGH, äö'-gh', *n. f.* a heifer, a fawn.

AGHAIB, äö'-ëbb, *n. f.* an attempt, an essay, trial; *from aghaidh and ob*, an objection, (differs from oidhirp)

AGHAIBEACH, aŭ-ébb-ach, *a. persevering, industrious, indefatigable.*
 AGHAIBEACHD, aŭ-ébb-achg, *n. f. industry, perseverance, indefatigability.*
 AGHAIDH, aŭgh-é, and aŭ-é, *n. f. face, countenance, visage; reproach; thug e 'n aghaidh air, he reproached him; an aghaidh a chéile, against each other, contrary, opposed, at war; am aghaidh, against me; theigir air 'n aghaidh, go forward; cuir na 'n aghaidh, oppose, thwart him; cuir na h-aghaidh, oppose her; aghaidh ri aghaidh, face to face.*
 AOHANN, aŭ-unn, *n. m. frying-pan; 2. a goblet, a pan of any kind. H. S.*
 AGHASTAR, aŭ-star, *n. m. a horse halter. P.*
 AGUS, á'-ghus, and ag'-gus, *conj. and.*
 AHA, á'-há! *inter. aha!*
 AIBHEIS, ev'-esh, *n. f. a place full of fairies; a sea or ocean; a great quantity; the air, or atmosphere; an aibheis uile lán bhóchdan, the whole atmosphere full of goblins. Rd.*
 AIBHEISEACH, év'-esh-ach, *a. enormous, incredible, vast.*
 AIBHEISEACHD, év'-esh-achg, *n. f. enormity, incredibility, exaggeration.*
 AIBHEISEACHADH, év'-esh-ach-á, *p. exaggerating from envious motives; n. m. exaggeration.*
 AIBHEISICH, ev'-esh-éch, *v. exaggerate from envious motives.*
 AIBHIST, iv'-ésh-t, *n. f. an old ruin, 12.*
 AIBHISTEAB, iv'-ésh-t-ar², *n. m. the devil.*
 AIBHISTEARACHD, iv'-ésh-t-ar-achg, *n. f. demonism, the conduct of a devil.*
 AIBHLITIR, iv'-lét-ur², *n. f. the alphabet, an A, B, C. Ir.*
 AIAHSE, ev'-esh, *n. f. a spectre, böchdan.*
 AIAIDEAL, í'-béj-al, *n. f. the alphabet.*
 AIAIDEALACH, í'-béj-al-ach, *a. alphabetical.*
 AIC', AICE, AICE-SE, echg, echg'-á, echg'-á-shá, *pr. and pro. fem. in her possession, with her, in her; her, or hers; an tigh aice-se, her house; tha e aice-se, she has it in her possession.*
 AICHEADH, áech'-á, *n. m. denial, refusal; se 'n t-áicheadh maith dara poing is fhearr 'san lagh, a strenuous denial is the best point in law.*
 AICHEAMHAIL, áech'-uv-al, *n. f. vengeance, reprisals; na bheireadh aicheamhail duibh, that would make reprisals. M.*
 AICHEIDH, áech'-í, *v. deny, refuse, disavow, renounce; dh' áicheidh e 'chreidimh, he renounced or denied his religion.*
 AIDEACHADH, áj'-ach-á, *n. m. confession, acknowledgment, avowal; p. acknowledging, confessing, avowing; ag áideachadh a chionta, confessing his sin.*
 AIDEACHAIL, áj'-ach-al, *a. affirmat-iv; penitent, confessing.*

AIDH, áé, *n. m. and n. f. a guest, a stranger, 2.*
 AIDHEACHO, áé'-achg, *hospitality.*
 AIDHMHILLTEACH, ai'-vhél²-tyach, *n. m. a beast that steals from the pasture to feed on the growing corn.—Sk. a spendthrift.*
 AIDICH, áj'-éch, *v. confess, acknowledge, avow; dh' áidich e, he confessed.*
 AIDICHTE, áj'-éch-tyá, *pt. confessed, acknowledged, owned, admitted, allowed.*
 AIDMHEIL, áj'-val, *n. f. confession, profession, persuasion, religious belief; dé 'n aidmheil a tha e leantuin, what religious belief, or persuasion does he follow, or profess? v. believe, profess, confess, admit.*
 AIDMHEILEACH, áj'-vull-ach, *a. acquiescent, forthcoming; bithidh mise aidmheileach dhuitse, I will be responsible to you, or acquiescent.*
 AIDMHEILEACHD, áj'-vall-achg, *n. f. acquiescence, responsibility; acknowledgment.*
 AIDMHEILICHE, áj'-váll-éch-á, *n. m. a professor, one that follows some creed.*
 AIFRIONN, éff'-runn, *n. m. a chapel, (Rach) mass. Irish.*
 AIG, egg, *pres. at, near, near to, close by, in possession; aig baile, at home; aig na dorsaibh, at the doors; on account of, for, aig meud aigheir, on account of his excessive joy; in possession; bh' aig duine áraid dithist mhac, a certain man had two sons; tha dithist aige, he has two; cha'n 'eil mir aige, he has not a particle.*
 AIGEAL, áég'-al, *n. m. the bottom of the sea, the deep; thuit m' aigne 'san aigeal, my mind sunk into the bottom, into the abyss. Sk.*
 AIGEALACH, áég'-al-ach, *n. m. a sounder. 1.*
 AIGEAN, áég'-an', *n. m. the sea; an abyss; na shuidhe air an aigein dhórcha thugh, sitting on the dark misty deep; grunnad an aigein, the bottom of the abyss. Si.*
 AIGEANNACH, áég'-ann-ach, *n. f. a self-willed boisterous female; a self-willed, stubborn, mulish, uncontrollable.*
 AIGEANNACHD, áég'-ann-achd, *n. f. stubbornness, a turbulent disposition. Is.*
 AIGEANTA, áég'-ann-ta, *a. self-willed.*
 AIGEANTACH, áég'-annt-ach, *n. f. a turbulent female; a. stubborn, mulish.*
 AIGEANTACHD. *See Aigeannachd.*
 AIGHEAR, áé'-or-i-ghur', *n. m. joy; exultation, gladness, mirth, happiness.*
 AIGHEARACH, áé'-ghur'-ach, *a. exulting, joyous, gay, happy; odd, blach aighearach, an odd fellow.*
 AIGHEARACHD, áé'-ghur'-achg, *n. f. gladness, merriment, mirthfulness; oddness.*

AIGILEAN, áeg'-éil-an', *n. f.* a tagor horn. *H.*
AIGNE, áeg'-nyá, *pl. n.* and AIGNEAN, the
affections, disposition.

AIGNEACH, áeg'-nyach, *a.* lively, brisk.

AILBHINN, aíl'-vyčnn, *n. f.* flint.—*Bible*; a
projecting rock, *Is.* a projection; precipice; an deoir a' síleadh mar bhainne
na h-aílbhinn, *their tears dropping as
water from a projecting rock.* 17. *H.*
na shuidhe air aílhbhinn oilleil, *sitting on
a horrific precipice.*

AILEAN, áil'-an', *n. m.* a green, a plain.

AILEAR, ael'-ar', a porch, sgath-thigh. *B.*

AILGHEAS, áil'-ghus, fastidiousness, pride;
imperiousness; ailgheas dhaoine, *the pride
of men.* *S.*

AILGHEASACH, áil'-ghus-ach, *a.* fastidious;
proud, haughty; imperious, arrogant.

AILGHEASACHD, áil'-ghus-achg, *n. f.* fastidiousness, haughtiness; arrogance.

AILIS, áil'-esh, *n. f.* reproach. *D.*

AILL, áill, *n. f.* will, desire, pleasure; dé's
áill leibh, *what is your will? sir, madam;*
an ní a b' áill leam, *the thing that I
would wish, or desire;* ma 's áill leibh
so, *if you wish or desire this;* an áill leat,
do you wish? dean áille do'n éiginn, *let
willingness be of necessity.* 3. *A.*

AILL-BHILL, áill'-vbéill, *n. m.* bridle-bit. *Sh.*

AILLE, áill'-á, *n. f.* beauty, sublimity,
glory, dignity; áille thalmhaidh air cha
bhí, *no earthly beauty shall be found in
him.*—*Par.*; the deg. of comp. of áluinn,
handsome; ní's áille, *more, or most beau-
tiful, more handsome.*

AILLEACHD, áill'-achg, *n. f.* beautifulness,
handsomeness, sublimity.

AILLEAD, áill'-ud, *n. m.* degree of beauty.

AILLEAGAN, áill'-a-gan, *n. m.* a jewel.

AILLEALACHD, áill'-al-achg, *n. f.* modesty.

AILLEANN, áill'-unn, *n. f.* the herb elecampane—a young beau; a minion. *Ir.*

AILLEANTA, áill'-annt-a, *a.* delicate.

AILLEANTACHD, áill'-ant-achg, *n. f.* delicacy, bashfulness; is i ailleantachd maise
nam ban, *delicacy is the ornament of wo-
men.* *Ar.*

AILLEORT, áill'-ört, *a.* high-rocked. *H. R.*

AILLIONAIR, áill'-an-ar, *n. m.* a caterer. *Ir.*

AILLSE, áill'-shá, *n. m.* a fairy.

AILLSEAG, áill'-shag, *n. f.* a caterpillar.

AILPEAN, Alp'-an', *n. m.* a man's name.

AILPEANACH, Alp'-an'-ach, *n. m.* a Mac-
Alpine; choic is úill is Ailpeanaich;
ach cuin a tháinig Artaraich, *hills,
streams and M'Alpines are contemporaries,
but when did the M'Arthurs come.*

AIMBEART, em'-byart', *n. f.* poverty, *b.*

AIMBEAIRTEACH, em'-byart'-ach, *a.* poor.

AIMHEAL, éaf'-al, or évf'-al, *n. m.* mortification, pique, great vexation; fogh,
aimheal is fo sgios, *piqued and fatigued.*

AIMHEALACH, évf'-al-ach, *a.* galling, vexing to the utmost; mortifying.

AIMHEALACHD, évf'-al-achg, *n. f.* the greatest mortification, or vexation.

AIMHEALAICH, évf'-al-éch, *v.* gall, pique, mortify; vex; air 'aimhealachadh, *galled, vexed.*

AIMHINN, év'-enn, *n. f.* an oven, a stove:
In Irish, *amhann.*

AIMHINNICH, év'-enn-éch, *v.* stew, seethe.

AIMHLEAS, év'-llás, *n. m.* destruction, ruination, ruin; b'e sin car t-aimhleis, *that
would be your ruination;* ag iarraidh m'-
aimhleis, *bent on my destruction;* 12
perverseness; harm, mischief; a' labhairt
aimhleis, uttering perverseness. *B. A.*

AIMHLEASACH, év'-llás-ach, *a.* destructive,
hurtful, ruinous, injurious.

AIMHLEASCAND, év'-llás-achg, *n. f.* ruinousness, destructiveness; mischievousness.

AIMHLEATHAN, év'-llan', strait, narrow.

AIMHLEATHANACHD, év'-llan'-achg, *n.* narrowness, straitness, tightness.

AIMHREIT, év'-rát or év'-traj, *n. f.* entanglement, disorder, confusion, disagreement.

AIMHREITEACH, év'-rat'-ach, *a.* confused,
entangled; contentious; duine aimhreit-
each, *a contentious person.*

AIMHREITEACHD, év'-rat'- or -rāj-achg, *n. f.* degree of confusion, or disorder; quarrelsomeness.

AIMHREITICH, év'-rát'- or -rāj-éch, *v.* entangle, disorder, entwine as thread, put in confusion.

AIMHRIAR, év'-rēār, *n. f.* mismanagement. *N.*

AIMHRIOCHD, év'-rrúchg, *n. f.* disguise. 10.

AIMLIS, em'-lëshg, *n. f.* confusion, quarrel. *B.*

AIMLISGEACH, em'-llëshg-ach, *a.* quarrelsome.

AIMRID, ém'-rréj, *a.* barren, as women. *Bible.*

AIMRIDEACH, em'-rréj-ach, *a.* a barren woman.

AIMRIDEACHD, ém'-réj-achg, *n. f.* barrenness.

AIMSIR, ém'-shēr, (aim-sior) time; sea-
son; weather; a réir na h-aimsir a bhios
ann, *according to the weather we may
have.*

AIMSIREIL, ém'-shēr-al, *a.* temporal; cir-
tha na nithe a chithear aimsireil, *for the
things that are seen are temporal.* *B.*

AIN, én, same as aimh prefixed to words,
and answering to *un, in, &c.* in English.

AINBHEACH, én'-uv-ach, *n. m.* a debt, an obligation; fogh ainbheach dhuitse, *under
obligations to you;* from *ain* and *fiach*,
the *f* being changed into *bh.*—See Professor Murray's *V's.*

- AINBHIOS, éin'-uv-éss, *n. m.* ignorance; an *ainbhios* duit, *unknown to thee*, (*ain* and *fios*.)
- AINBHIOSACH, éin'-uv-éss-ach, *a.* ignorant of; unknown to.
- AINBHEIL, éin'-val, *n. f.* impertinence. *D.*
- AINBHFHIACH, éin'-uv-éäch', *n. m.* a debt.
- AINCHEARD, an-ér éin'-ehyard, *n. f.* a witticism, a jest.
- AINCHEARDACH, an'-ehyard-ach, *a.* jocose, sportive, witty, merry.
- AINCHEIST, an'-chyäsh't, *n. f.* dilemma.
- AINCHIS, éin'-chësh, *n. f.* fury, rage. *N.*
- AINDEOIN, éin'-nyan', compulsion, reluctance; defiance; a dh' *aindeoin* cò theireadh e, *in defiance of all that would oppose it. M. L's. Motto*; a dheòin na dh' *aindeoin*, *with, or without one's consent.*
- AINDEOINEACH, an'-dyòn'-ach, *a.* reluctant.
- AINDEOINEACHD, an'-dyòn'-achg, *n. f.* reluctance; obstinacy; unwillingness.
- AINDEISEAL, an'-dyäsh'-al, *a.* unprepared.
- AINDEANN, an'-drènn, *n. m.* fretfulness.
- AINEMH, éin'-uv, *n. f.* a flaw, blemish, defect, (*gaoid*.) *Bible*; ecilidh seire ain-eimh, *charity conceals faults or blemishes.*
- AINÉ, á'-nyà, *n. f.* the liver of fish; àin-can nam piocach, *the liver of coal-fish.*
- AINÉARTACH, éin'-art-éch, *n. f.* yawning.
- AINÉAS, éin'-as, *n. f.* passion, fury. 10.
- AINÉASACH, éin'-as-ach, *a.* furious, passionate.
- AINÉOL, éin'-éöl, *n. m.* unacquaintance; ann an tìr m' *aineöl*, *in the country where I am unacquainted*; a' dol air 'aineöl, *going where not known; a stranger*; cha'n fhaic *aineöl*, o'n lear na o'n fhasach, *a stranger from sea, or wilderness, will not behold*; is trom geum bò air a h-aineöl, *deep is the low of a cow on strange pasture. H.*
- AINÉOLACH, éin'-éöl-ach, *a.* ignorant, illiterate, unintelligent, rude.
- AINÉOLAS, éin'-éöl-as, *n. m.* ignorance; is trom an t-calach an t-*aineolas*, *ignorance is a heavy burden*; *boorishness.*
- AINFHEOIL, éin'-éöil, *n. f.* proud flesh.
- AINGEAL, éing'-al, or éin'-nyal, *n. m.* an angel.
- AINGEALACH, éing'-al-ach, *a.* angelic.
- AINGEALAG, éing'-al-ag, *n. f.* angelica. *M.*
- AINGEALTA, éing'-alt-à, *a.* perverse, wicked.
- AINGEALTACHD, éing'-alt-achg, *n. f.* perverseness, wickedness.
- AINGIDH, éing'-è, *a.* perverse, wicked.
- AINGIDHEACHD, éing'-è-achg, *n. f.* perverseness, wickedness, sin, viciousness.
- AINGLIDH, éing'-lé, *a.* angelic.
- AINICH, àin'-éch, *n. f.* panting. *Skyc.*
- AINID, éin'-éj, *a.* vexing.
- AINLEAG, éin'-lyag, *n. f.* a swallow, *Id.*; *ainleag* mhara, *a sea-martin.*
- A'INN, éin'-um, *n. m.* a name; an t-*ainm* gun an tairbhe, *the name without the benefit*; character; is fhasa deadh *ainn* a ehall, na chosnadh, *it is easier to lose a good character, than to gain one.*
- AINMEACHADH, éin'-nm-ach-à, *n. m.* and *p.* naming, appointing, denominating.
- AINMEACHAS, éin'-um-ach-us, *n. m.* a bare name; a nominal thing.
- AINMEALACHD, éin'-um-all-achg, *n. m.* celebrity, fame, reputation; notoriety.
- AINMEANNACH, éin'-um-ann-ach, *n. m.* a nominative, a denominator. *D.*
- AINMEIL, éin'-um-al, *a.* namely, celebrated, renowned; dh' fhas iad sin nan daoine, *ainmeil*, *those became men of renown. B.*
- AINMHIDH, éin'-vhè, *n. c.* a brute of the horse species; a beast.
- AINMHIDHEACHD, éin'-vhè-achg, *n. m.* brutality.
- AINMICH, éin'-um-éch, *v.* name; mention, fix upon; denominate; *ainmichte*, *named, &c.*
- AINMIG, éin'-um-ég, *a.* rare, scarce, seldom; is *ainmig* a thig e, *he seldom comes.*
- AINNEAMH. See *Annabh.*
- AINNEAMHAG, éin'-nuv-ag, *n. f.* a phoenix, 10.
- AINNEAL, éin'-nyal, *n. m.* a common fire.
- AINNEART, éin'-nyert, *n. m.* force, violence.
- AINNEARTACH, éin'-nyert-ach, *a.* oppressive.
- AINNEARTACHD, éin'-nyert-achg, *n. f.* force, violence, oppression.
- AINNIR, éin'-nyèr, *n. f.* a virgin, (*ainfhir*.)
- AINNIS, éin'-nyèsh, *a.* poor, needy. *Ps.*
- AINNISEACHD, éin'-nyèsh-achg, *n. f.* poverty.
- AINNIUGH, éin'-nyü, *n. m.* a sigh. *North.*
- AINSGEAN, éin'-sken, *n. f.* fury, rage.
- AINSBRIANTA, an-srèant'-a, *a.* unbridled, debauched, obstinate. *Sh.*
- AINTEAS, ann'-tyäs, *n. m.* inflammation, great heat, zeal. *Bible.*
- AINTEASACH, ann'-tyäs-ach, *a.* inflammatory, hot, violent.
- AINTEIST, ann'-tyäsh't, *n. m.* bad report.
- AINTEISTEANAS, ann'-tyäsh't-an-us, *n. m.* a bad character, false testimony. *A.*
- AINTEISTEIL, ann'-tyäsh't-al, *a.* discreditable.
- AINTETH, ann'-tyä, *a.* very hot. *L.*
- AIR, àr', *pre.* upon, on, of, concerning; iomradh air do ghliocas, *the fume of thy wisdom, B.*; air beinn, *on a mountain*; air sgàth, *for the sake of*; air ainm, *by name*; air bheagan, *possessing little*; air an aobhar sin, *for that reason, therefore*; air mo shonsa dhethi, *for my part, as far*

as I am concerned; *air éigin*, with much ado; *air a h-aon*, for one; *air seachran*, astray; *air falbh*, away, from home; *air uairibh*, sometimes; including in itself the same meaning as if joined to the pro. e; as, *tha eagal air*, he is afraid; *tha acras air*, he is hungry; *tha mòran aige air*, he owes him much; *air chor*, so that; *air chor eigin*, somehow or other; *duine air chor eigin*, some person or other; *air mhead* is gu'm bheil e, let it be ever so great; *cha d'fhuair mi ni air*, I got nothing for it; *dé tha cur air*, what is the matter with him? what ails him?

AIA, *är'*, v. plough; *iadsan a dh'aireas eucart*, they that plough iniquity. *Job*.

AIRBHINNEACH, *är'-vhen'-ach*, a. noble.

AIRC, *äerk*, n. f. strait, predicament, poverty; *saoi na airc*, a hero in distress. *O. A.*; 's maigra shineadh lamh na h-airce do eiridhe na eirce, woe to him who stretches poverty's hand to the hen's heart,—to the illiberal.

AIRC, *äerk*, n. f. an ark, a chest; *stad an äire*, the ark rested. *B*.

AIRCEIL, *äerk'-al*, poor, needy.

AIRCEAS, *äerk'-us*, n. f. poverty.

AIRCLEACH, *äerk'-lyach*, n. f. a cripple; *an dall air muin an aireich*, the blind on the back of the cripple.

AIRD, *ärj*, n. f. preparation, condition, state; *dé'n äird a dh'fhag thu air*, in what condition did you leave him, or it? *cuir äird air*, prepare;—quarter of the earth, compass, &c.; *O gach äird*, from every quarter; *an äird a deas*, the south; *an äird an iar*, the west; *an äird a tuath*, the north; *an äird an ear*, the east; *an äird an iar dheas*, the south west; *an äird an iar thuath*, the north west; *an äird an ear dheas*, the south east; *an äird an ear thuath*, the north east;—a plan or expedient; *gu'n deanadh e äird air a chur am charaibh*, that he would devise a plan or expedient, to put me in possession of it, 10; *an äird*, aloft, upwards.

AIRDE, *ärj'-ä*, height, stature, highness; *dé 'n äird a tha e*, what is his stature, or tallness? *äird nam beann*, the height of the mountains; *deg. more*, or most high.

AIRDEACHD, *ärj'-ächg*, n. f. highness.

AIRDEAD, *ärj'-ud*, n. f. degree of height.

AIRDEANNA, *ärj'-un-ä*, pl. a constellation.

AIRDEIL, *ärj'-al*, a. ingenious.

AIRE, *är'-ä*, n. f. attention, heed, notice; *thoir an aire*, attend, pay attention, observe; *more properly*, *thoir an fhaire*, be upon the watch.

AIREACH, *är'-äch*, n. m. a dairyman.

AIREACHAIL, *är'-ach-al*, a. attentive. *C*.

AIREACHAS, *är'-ach-us*, n. f. the business

of dairyman, summer pasture for black cattle.

AIREAMH, *är'-uv*, n. m. number; v. count, number, compute; *cò dh'airmheas duslach Iacob*, who can count the dust of Jacob. *B*.

AIREAMHACH, *är'-uv-ach*, a. numeral, relating to numbers; n. f. numerator, an accountant. *Ar*.

AIREAMHACHD, *är'-uv-achg*, n. f. numeration, computation; counting, numbering.

AIREAN, *aör'-an'*, n. f. a ploughman.

AIREANACH, *aör'-an'-ach*, a. agricultural.

AIREANACHD, *aör'-an'-ächg*, n. f. agriculture.

AIRFID, *är'-fěj*, n. f. harmony.

AIRFIDEACH, *är'-fěj-ach*, a. harmonious, ceòlmhor; n. m. a musician.

AIRFIDEACHO, *är'-fěj-achg*, n. f. harmoniousness, melodiousness.

AIRGHEAN, *är'-ghen*, n. f. a symptom.

AIRGIOD, *är'-gyud'*, n. m. money, silver; *se gaol an airgid freamh gach nìle*, the love of money is the root of all evil; *airgid beo*, quicksilver, mercury; *airgid caguilt*, hearth money; *airgid cinn*, reward money, poll money; *airgid ullamh*, ready money; *airgid caorach*, slate diamond; *airgid ruadh*, copper money.

AIRGIODACH, *är'-gyud-ach*, a. rich, silvery.

AIRIDH, *är'-è*, a. worthy, deserving, meritorious; *cha'n airidh mi*, I am not worthy; n. f. desert, merit; *is maith an airidh e*, he richly deserves it; *is ole an airidh*, it is a pity.

AIRIDH, *är'-è*, n. f. shealing; hill pasture in summer for black cattle; *bothan airidh*, a mountain booth, or hut.

AIRILLEACH, *är'-il-ach*, n. m. a sleepy person. *N*.

AIRLEIG, *äer'-lyèg*, n. f. strait; *tha mi 'n airleig*, I am in a strait.

AIRLEIGEACH, *äer'-lyèg-äch*, a. urgent.

AIRLIS, *äär'-lèsh*, n. f. earnest-penny, pledge.

AIRM, *aör'-um*, pl. of airm; arms, weapons; *airm theine*, fire arms; *airm thilgidh*, missive weapons; *gun airm*, without weapons.

AIRNE, *är'-nyä*, n. f. a sloe, a damascene; *in the Bible*, a kidney, reins, (dubhain.)

AIRNEACH, *är'-nyach*, a. full of sloes, kidneyed; n. f. murrain in cattle. *See Fàrrach*.

AIRNEIS, *äär'-nyash*, n. f. household furniture, moveables; household stuff. *B*.

AIR-NEO, *är'-nyö*, ad. else, otherwise; *air-neo an t-shleagh mu'n bheil do lamh*, otherwise the spear your hand grasps. *S*.

AIRSID, *är'-shěj*, n. f. unanimity. *Old*.

AIRSIDEACH, ar'-shéj'-ach, *a.* unanimous.
 AIRSNEAL, ársh-, or árs'-nyal, *n. m.* drowsiness; languor, depression of spirits; sadness; heaviness.
 AIRSNEALACH, ársh'-nyal'-ach, *a.* heavy, sad, drowsy, depressed, melancholy.
 AIRSNEALACHD, ársh'-nyal'-achg, *n. f.* drowsiness, sadness, melancholy sadness.
 AIR SON, ár'-son', *pr.* for, on account of, for the sake of; *air son nam firean, for the sake of the righteous; air mo shonsa, for me.*
 AIRTNEAL, ártý'-nyal. See Airsneal.
 AIS, ásh, *n. m.* back; this word is never used but in composition: *air t-ais, back, stand back; backwards; tháinig e air 'ais, he returned, he came back; tháinig i air a h-ais, she returned.*
 AISCEINICH, ash'-chám'-éch, *v.* retire, withdraw, back, go backwards. *H. S.*
 AISDE, éshj'-á, *pr.* out of her, or it.
 AISEAG, ásh'-ug, *n. m.* ferry; passage; *thar an aiseig, cross the ferry; fhuair e an t-aiseag a nasgaidh, he got his passage gratis, or free.*
 AISEAL, ásh'-ul, *n. f.* an axle-tree; fun, jollity, *Arm.*; *tarrunn aisil, lynch-pin.*
 AISEIRIGH, ásh'-ár'-é, *n. f.* resurrection, rising again, *aiscirigh nam marbh, the resurrection of the dead. Bible.*
 AISIG, ásh'-ég, *v.* ferry over, restore, transfer; *aisigidh e, he will restore, B.; aisig dhomh gairdeachas do shláinnte, restore unto me the joy of thy salvation; aisigte, ferried; restored.*
 AISINN, ásh'-énn, *n. f.* a rib, a dream.
 AISINNLEACHD, ash'-énn'-lyachg, *n. f.* a wicked contrivance, a wicked stratagem.
 AISINNLEACHDACH, ásh'-énn'-lyáchg'-ach, *a.* crafty, plotting, mischievous.
 AISIR, ash'-ér, *a.* defile, a path.
 AISLEAR, ash'-lyar', *n. m.* spring-tide.
 AISLING, ash'-lyéng, *n. f.* a dream. *B.*
 AISLINGICHE, ásh'-lyéng'-éch-á, *a.* dreamer.
 AISLINN, ash'-lyénn, *n. f.* a dream, a vision—a second generation, *lit. Islay.*
 AISLINNEACH, ash'-lyen'-ach, *a.* visionary.
 AISLINNICHE, ash'-lyén'-éch-á, *n. c.* dreamer.
 AISNEACH, ásh'-nyach, *a.* ribbed.
 AIT, áty', *a.* glad, happy, joyful; odd, funny; *ólach aít, an odd, or funny fellow.*
 AITE, áty'-á, *n. m.* a place, a situation; *áite comhnuidh, a dwelling-place; áite suidhe, a seat.*
 AITEACH, áty'-ách, *n. m.* agriculture, farming, cultivation of the land; *ri áiteach, cultivating, farming; an inhabitant; tha áitich innse-torrain fo gheilt, the inhabitants of Inistore are in terror, S. H.;*

a habitation; *air neul am bheil an áit-each fuar, on a cloud, is their cold habitation. Oss. H.*

AITEACHADH, áty'-ach-X, *p.* cultivating, improving; *ag áiteachadh an fhearainn, improving, or cultivating the land.*

AITEACHAS, áty'-ach-us, *n. m.* a colony; colonising; *ri áiteachas, improving waste land.*

AITEAL, áty'-áll, *n. m.* a glimpse; *fhuair mi aiteal dheth, I got a glimpse of him; a sprinkling; aiteal mine, a sprinkling of meal; a slight breeze; aiteal an earraich, the fanning breeze of spring, Oss.; a tinge; aiteal an óir, the tinge of gold, 10.; juniper; craobh aiteil, a juniper tree, B.; In. Is. craobh iubhair; dearcán aiteil, na dearcán iubhair, juniper berries.*

AITEALACH, áty'-all-ach, *a.* in glimpses; relating to juniper; in slight breezes.

AITEAM, áty'-um, *n. f.* a tribe, a people. In the islands, a wicked set of people.

AITEAMH, áty'-uv, *n. m.* a thaw; *v.* thaw; *tha e 'g aiteamh, it is thawing.*

AITEANN, áty'-unn, *n. m.* juniper. *Arm.*

AITEAR, á'-tyur², *n. m.* a husbandman.

AITEARACHD, á'-tyur²-achg, *n. f.* agriculture.

AITEAS, áty'-us, *n. m.* joy; gladness; fun, oddness; *faiteas, your oddness; aiteas an súil Ghorm-alluinn, gladness in the eye of Gormallin, O. A.; a chuireas aiteas orm, that will make me glad, Sm.; aiteas air na sleibhte uaine, joy on the green mountains, O. A.*

AITH, áech, *n. f.* a kiln; *aith aoil, a lime kiln. Is.*

AITHEAMH, áé'-uv, *a.* fathom; *fichead aitheamh, twenty fathoms.*

AITHEAMHAICH, áé'-uv'-éch, *v.* fathom.

AITHEORNACH, á'-éörn'-ach, *n. m.* land where barley was the last crop.

AITHGHEARR, á'-ghyáir, *a.* soon, brief; short; short-tempered; *tha e aithghearr, he is short-tempered; sgaoil sinn ého aithghearr, we dispersed so soon, 3; n. f. short time, or way; ann an aithghearr, in a short time; so an aithghearr, this is the short way, or road; short method, or abridgement.*

AITHINN, áé'-én', *n. m.* fire-brand (leus). *B.*

AITHIS, áé'-ésh, *n. f.* a reproach, check, *B.;* a fit means to do evil. *Islay.*

AITHLIS, ál'-ésh, *v.* imitate, mimic, *n. f.* mimicry; reproach, disgrace. *M. L.*

AITHLISEACH, ál'-ésh-ach, *a.* imitative.

AITHN, ány', *n. f.* a circle; *áithn an latha, broad day-light. See faithne.*

AITHN, ány', *v.* command, order, bid, enjoin; *dh' áithn an tighearn, the Lord commanded, enjoined, &c*

AITHNE, á'-nyá, *n. f.* commandment, injunction, charge; m' áitheanta, *my commandments. B.*

AITHNE, á'-nyá, or én'-nyá, *n. f.* knowledge, acquaintance; an aithne dhuit, *do you know?* 's aithne dhuit, *you know, thou knowest. Ps.*; cha'n aithne dhomh, *I know not.*

AITHNEACH, én'-nyäch, *a.* discerning, considerate, attentive; thu i glé aithneach, *she is considerate enough; n. m.* wood-rush, or wild leeks; acquaintance, or a guest; leis nach dragh aithneichean, *by whom acquaintances, or guests, were not counted a trouble. Mt.*

AITHNEACHADH, én'-ach-á, *n. m.* a slight degree; what is discernible: cuir aithneachadh an taobh so e, *put it a slight degree this way; p.* knowing, recognising, discerning: a dh' aithneachadh gliocais, *to know wisdom.*

AITHNEACHD, én'-ächg, *n. f.* discernment, knowledge; humanity.

AITHNICH, én'-éch, *v.* know, recognise, discern, perceive; dh' aithnich mi, *I knew or recognised; aithnichte, known, recognised; plain, obvious.*

AITHREACH, äér'-äch, *a.* giving cause to regret; cha'n aithreach lean, *I have no cause to regret, I do not regret it; b' aithreach leis an tighearn, it repented the Lord. B.*

AITHREACHAS, äér'-ach-us, *n. m.* repentance, regret, penitence: is amaideach a bhi cuir a mach airgid a cheannach aithreachais, *it is foolish to expend money on the purchasing of repentance.*

AITHRIS, äér'-ësh, *n. f.* imitation, mimicry; report, rehearsal; *v.* imitate; mimic; ag aithris ormsa, *imitating or mimicking me; rehearse, report, affirm; agus dh' aithris e na nithe sin uile nan éisdeachd, and he affirmed, or told all those things in their hearing. B.*

AITHRISÉACH, äér'-ësh-ach, *a.* imitative; traditinary, widely celebrated. *D.*

AITICH, áty''-éch, *v.* cultivate, till, improve; ag áiteachadh an fhearainn, *cultivating the land; dwell, inhabit; gach neach a dh' áitich column riamh, every one that ever dwelt in a body, D. B.; drop anchor, moor; dh' áitich an long, the ship anchored. Oss.; áitichte, cultivated, improved; inhabited.*

AITIDH, áty''-é, *a.* damp, moist, wet.

AITIDREACHD, áty''-è-ächg, *n. f.* moistness, dampness; moisture.

AITREABH, áty''-ruv, *n. f.* premises, standing; tigh is aitreabh, *mansion-house and premises; théid a'n aitreabh sìos, their buildings shall decay. B.*

AITREABHACH, áty''-ruv-ach, *a.* domestic,

belonging to premises; *n. m.* an inhabitant. *B. B.*

AITREABHAIL, áty''-ruv-ál, *a.* domestic. *T.* AL, áll', *n. m.* brood, offspring, young; generation; a solar dheare da cuid áil, *gathering berries for her young, O; ál stiallach, speckled offspring, B; an t-ál a tha ri teachd, the generation to come. Sm.*

ALACH, áll'-ach, *n. m.* brood; covey; litter; tribe; generation; trà thig an sealgair gun fhios air ál, *when the hunter comes unexpectedly on a covey; a' mhuc 's a cuid áil, the sow and her litter; bank of oars, set of nails.*

ALAG, al'-ag, *n. f.* hiccup, hard task.

ALAICH, áll'-éch, *v. n.* fall to, commence, attack; breed; dh' alaich iad air, *they fell to; they attacked him; is luath a dh' alaich iad, soon have they multiplied. H.*

ALBAINN, al'-ub-ènn, (*g. alba*) Scotland feadh na h-alba, *throughout Scotland.*

ALBANNACH, äll'-ub-ann-äch, *n. m.* a Scot, a Scotchman; *a. Scotch, Scottish.*

A LATHAIR, ul'-lá'-ur', *ad.* present, alive, in existence; tha e lathair, *he is present, he is alive; thoir a luthair a chèile iad, bring them face to face; ma bhitheas mi lathair, if I live.*

A LEAS, ul'-less', *ad.* cha ruigear a leas, *there is no need; cha ruig thu leas, you need not.*

ALLA, all'-á, *a.* wild, fierce. *O.*

ALLADH, all'-á, *n. f.* defamation, libel; used in the Bible either as good or bad fame, but never so in Argyle.

ALLABAN, all'-á-ban, *n. m.* wandering; more properly callaban.

ALLAIL, äll'-all, *a.* defamatory, detracting; in *H. S.* excellent, famous.

ALLABHUADHACH, all'-a-vüá-ach, *a.* victorious, but in disgrace.

ALLAMHARACH, äll'-vâr-ach, *n. m.* a foreigner; a straggler; *a. foreign, strange.*

ALLANHARACHD, äll'-var-ächg, *n. m.* straggling, loitering, wandering; savageness.

ALLSADH, äll'-sä, *n. m.* a jerk, a sudden inclination of the body.

ALLSAICH, äll'-séch, *v.* jerk; suspend; lean to one side.

ALLSPORAG, all'-spör-ag, *n. f.* the throttle of a cow, or any brute.

ALLSMUAIN, äll'-smüäin, *n. f.* great buoy.

ALLT, ällt, *n. m.* a river with precipitous banks; a river, a brook; *a. wild.*

ALLTACHD, ällt'-ächg, *n. f.* savageness. *S.*

ALLTAN, ällt'-an, *n. m.* a rill, a brook.

A LOS, ul'-lós, *adv.* about, intending; a los dol dachaidh, *intending, or about going home; a los falbh, with the intention of going.*

ALP, alp, *v.* dovetail. *See Ealp.*

ALT, ällt, *n. m.* a joint; as an *alt*, out of joint; a method; *ni sinn alt eile air*, we will use another method; *air na h-uile alt*, at all events; *v.* dovetail, indent.

ALTACHADH, ält'-ach-X, *n. m.* grace before meat; *altachadh beatha*, welcoming, saluting; *dh' altaich iad beath a chéile*, they saluted each other, *B.*; 's ann do'n láimh ghlain bu chóir altachadh, it is the clean hand that should salute—one rogue should not accuse a brother; the articulation of the joints.

ALTAICH, ällt'-éch, *v.* salute, join.

ALTAIR, ält'-ar², *n. m.* an altar.

ALTCHÉANGAL, ält'-chéng-al, *n. m.* articulation, inoculation, ceangal nan alt.

ALTRUM, ält'-rum, *n. m.* fostering, nursing, rearing; *v.* nurse, foster, rear; cajole.

ALTHLIGEACH, ält'-hlég-ach, *a.* crustacious, crusty; like shells.

ALUINN, äll'-énn, *a.* handsome, very beautiful, elegant, superb.

ALUINEACHD, äll'-én-ächg, handsomeness, beauty, elegance, superbiess.

AM, um, *per. pro.* their, used before words beginning with *b, m, f*, and *p*; as, *am fearg*, their wrath; *am máthair*, their mother; *am bainne*, their milk; *am páisd*, their child.

AM, um, *art. mas. sing.* used before *b, m, f*, and *p*, when not aspirated; as, *am baile*, the town; *am math-ghamhuinn*, the bear; *am fear*, the man; *am pósadh*, the marriage; used before two feminine nouns; *am boireannach*, *am mart*, the woman, the cow. 2.

AM, um, contraction of *ann am*; as, *am thigh*, in my house; *am meadhon*, *am mearachd*, in the middle, in the or, a mistake; 2. *interr. par.* used before *b, m, f*, and *p*; as, *am buall thu*, wilt thou strike? *am falbh thu*, wilt thou go? *am meas thu*, wilt thou esteem? 3. *am*, *um*, for *mo*, *my*; as, *ann am thigh*, in my house; *am*, *part. expl.* see *an part. expl.*

AM, äm, *n. m.* time, season; opportunity; fit time; *se so an t-äm*, this is the time; *am fear a ní 'obair na h-äm bithidh e na leth thamh*, he that executes his task in due time shall be half at rest; *gabh äm air sin*, watch an opportunity to do that; *ämsam bith*, any time; *tha 'n t-äm ann*, it is time, it is full time; *äm iomchuidh*, fit, or proper time, or season.

A MACH, um'-mäch, *ad.* out, out of; *thig a mach*, come out; *a mach air a chéile*, at variance; *int. mach! mach! out! out!* go about your business, sir, (or madam, if you please.)

AMACH, äm'-ach, *n. f.* a vulture. *Sh.*

AMADAN, äm-ad-an, *n. m.* a foolish man:

cha tuig an t-amadan, the foolish man understands not. *B.*

AMADANACH, äm'-a-dan-ach, *a.* foolish, silly-looking; *aodann amadanach*, a silly expression of countenance.

AMADANACHD, äm'-ad-an-achg, *n. f.* silliness; foolishness; the conduct of a fool.

AMADAN-MOINTICH, äm'-äd-an-mön-tyéch, *a.* dotterel; leth-amadan.

AMAIN, äm'-äj, *n. f.* a foolish woman.

AMAIDEACH, äm'-äj-ach, *a.* like a foolish woman; foolish, silly.

AMAIDEACHD, äm'-äj-achg, *n. f.* foolishness, folly, silliness.

AMAIL, äm'-al, *a.* seasonable, timely.

AMAILL, äm'-ëll, *v.* entangle; *dh'amail thu an lion*, you have entangled the net; obstruct, thwart, hinder.

AMAIS, äm'-ësh, *v. n.* hit; *amais so*, hit this; meet, *dh'amais sinn*, we met; find, light upon; *an d'amais thu air*, did you find it; *amaisidh na daoine is cha 'n amais na enoic*, men meet, but the hills do not—a churl; is sona an duine a *dh'amaiseas air glocas*, happy is the man that finds (that lights upon) wisdom.

ANALACHD, äm'-al-ächg, *n. f.* seasonableness, timeousness, due time.

AMALL, äm'-all, *n. m.* a muzzle-bar; cuibh, cuibh-mhor, one for four horses; gearr-chuibh, for two horses. *Is.*

AMAR, äm'-urr, *n. m.* the bed of a river; *amar na h-aímhne*, the bed of the river; *amar caol*, a narrow channel, *O.*; a trough, a mill-dam. *N.*

AMAS, äm'-us, *n. m.* power of hitting, aim; *chaill thu l'amas*, you have lost your power of hitting; *you have lost your aim*, or mark.

AMARLAID, äm'-ar-laj, *n. f.* a blustering female, a careless woman.

AMARLAIDEACH, äm'-ar-laj-ach, *a.* careless; blustering.

A MEASG, um'-mésq, *pre.* among.

AMH, äv, *a.* raw, unsodden, unboiled, unroasted.

AMHACH, ävf'-ach, *n. f.* the neck of a brute; a term of contempt for a person's neck.

AMHAIDH, ävf'-é, *a.* sour; as weather, lowering; gloomy.

AMHAIDREACHD, äv'-é-ächg, rawness, gloominess, sulkiness.

A MHAIN, uv'-vhàn', *ad.* alone, only; *cha'n e a mhain*, not only.

AMHAIN, ävf'-an', *n. m.* a entanglement by the neck; lying on the back without power of moving, as a horse.

AMHAIRC, év' or äv'-érchq, *v.* look, see, behold, observe, regard, attend; *am fear nach amhaire roimh*, amhaireidh e na dheigh, he that will not look before him,

must look behind him—look before you leap.

AMHARC, àv'-ark, *n. m.* look, appearance; is boehd an t-amhare th' air, *he has a miserable appearance*; view, sight; 'sau amhare, *in view, in sight*; a' dol as an amhare, *getting out of sight*; the vizzy of a gun; inspection.

AMHARCACH, àv'-àrk-ach, *a.* considerate, attentive, humane; bha sin amharcach uath, *that was very considerate of him.*

AMHARCAICHE, àv'-àrk-èch-à, *n. m.* a spectator.

AMHARUS, av'-ur-us, suspicion, doubt; is mòr m' amharus, *I very much suspect*; tha gun amharus, *yes, most undoubtedly, most unquestionably; decidedly so.*

AMHARUSACH, àv'-ur-us-ach, *a.* suspicious, doubtful; distrustful, ambiguous.

AMHARUSACHD, av'-ur-us-achg, *n. f.* distrustfulness, suspiciousness, ambiguousness.

AMHGHAR, àv'-ghar, *n. m.* affliction, tribulation, anguish, dismay, distress.

AMHGHARACH, àv'-ghar-ach, *a.* afflicted.

AMHLAIR, àv'-llar', *a.* silly inoffensive man. AMHLAIREACHD, àv'-llar'-achg, *n. f.* fooling away one's time; trifling conduct.

AMHLUADH, àv'-lā', *n. m.* confusion, dismay.

AMHLAISG, àv'-llèshg, *n. f.* bad beer.

AMHARACH, àv'-nàr'-ach, *a.* shameless.

AMHUIL, àv'-ul, *ad.* as, like as, even as; amhuil mar Nimord an sealgair eumhachdach, *just as, or even as Nimrod the mighty hunter.* *B.*; is amhuil sin a bhios na peacaich, *just so, or even so, shall the sinners be.* *Sm.* Written sometimes amhuidh; *n. f.* attention, regard; na biodh amhuil agad da, *never mind him, or it*; pay no attention to him, or it; air an amhuil cheudna, *in like manner.*

AMHUILT, àv'-ult', *n. f.* a hellish trick or stratagem; deceit.

AMHUILTEACH, àv'-ult'-ach, *a.* full of bad tricks, deceitful, wicked; full of stratagems.

AMHUILTEACHD, àv'-ult'-achg, *n. f.* extreme deceit, deceitfulness; degree of deceit.

AMHUILTEAR, àv'-ult'-ar', *n. m.* a stratagist, a cunning fellow.

AMHUILTEARACHD, àv'-ult'-ar'-achg, *n. f.* a trick; extreme deceitfulness.

AMLADH, am'-lā', *n. m.* impediment, obstruction, entanglement; *p.* entwining, entangling, retarding.

AMLAG, am'-lag, *n. f.* a curl, a ringlet.

AMLAGACH, am'-lag-ach, *a.* curled, in ringlets.

AMLAGAICH, am'-lag-èch, curl, make into ringlets.

AMRAIDH, am'-rè', *n. m.* cupboard. *Sc.*

AM MAIREACH, um'-màr'-ach, *ad.* to-morrow; am muigh, um-mùè, *out, outside.*

AN, un, *art. mas. sing.* used before all letters, except *b, f, m,* and *p,* which take *am*; as, an eù, *the dog*; an guth, *the voice—pronounced ung kù, ung gù.* It takes *t-* before vowels; as an t-each, *an t-eun, the horse, the bird*; takes *t-* in the gen. and dat. of nouns beginning with *st, sn, sr*; as, an t-sluaigh, an t-snàimh, *of the multitude, of the swimming.* The article is often used without being translated into English: 1. when the noun is followed by *so, siod, sin*; as, an eù so, *this dog*; am bealach so, *this breach, or gate-way*; 2. before a noun preceded by an adjective; as, is mòr an duine e, *is maith an duine e, he is a great man, he is a good man*; 3. before names of places; as, ann an Albainn, anns an Fhrainc, *in Scotland, in France.*

AN, un, *poss. pro.* their; as, an cuid, *their property*; used before all letters, except *b, f, m, p,* which take *am*; as, am baile, *their town*; am fearann; *their land*; am màthair, *their mother.*

AN, un, *rel. pro.* as, leis an d'fhàg mi e, *with whom I left it*; leis an d'fhalbh e, *with whom he went—contracted before prepositions 'n*; as, o'n d'fhàinig e, *of whom he is descended.*

AN, un, *int. pro.* as, an tu so, *is this you?* used before all letters, except *b, f, m, p,* which take *am*; as, am fae thu, *saw you, &c.*

AN, un, an *expletive particle*, placed before all verbs, excepting those beginning with *b, f, m, p,* which take *am*, as, gas an abair iad, *till they have said.*

ANABAISTEACH, an'-a-basht'-ach, *n. c.* an anabaptist, *a.* relating to an anabaptist.

ANABARR, an'-a-barr, *n. m.* excess, superfluity; sometimes written *anabharr.*

ANABARRACH, an'-a-barr-ach, *a.* exceeding, excessive, desperate, indispensable *anabarrach* feumail, *indispensibly or very necessary*; *anabarrach* aingidh, *desperately wicked—used as an adverb.*

ANABAS, an'-a-bass, *n. m.* dregs. *Bible.*

ANABASACH, an'-a-bass-ach, *a.* muddy.

ANABEACHDAIL, an'-a-bechg'-al, *a.* inattentive,—haughty: 2. not recollecting, not punctual.

ANABHIOACH, an'-a-vèr'-ach, *n. m.* centipede, whitloe, meall-coinein.

ANABHUIL, an'-a-vhùll, misapplication.

ANABLACH, an'-ab-lach, *n. m.* coarse flesh. 3.

- ANABLAS, an'-a-blas, *n. m.* insipidity, a bad or bltter taste, tastelessness, 10.
- ANABLASDA, ān-ā-blas'-dda, *a.* insipid, tasteless, of a bad taste.
- ANABLASDACHD, an-a-blas'-ddachg, *tastelessness, insipidity, insipidness.*
- ANABRAIS, an'-a-brash, *n. m.* lust, 10.
- ANABUICH, an-āb'-ēch, *a.* unripe. *Bible.*
- ANABUIDH, an'-a-bē, or ēch, unripe.
- ANABUIDHEACHD, an'-a-bē-achg, *n. f.* unripenses, immaturity, abortiveness. *Is.*
- ANABUIRT, ān'-a-būirt', *n. m.* frenzy, 20.
- ANACAIL, ān'-achg-ēl', *v.* manage, 1. defend.
- ANACAINNT, an-a-kāent', *n. f.* abusive language, reproaches, ribaldry. *B.*
- ANACAINNTEACH, ān-a-kāent'-ach, *a.* abusive in language, reproachful.
- ANACAIR, an'-achg-ur', *n. f.* sickness, disease.
- ANACAITH, an-a-kāē', *v.* squander, waste, be profuse or prodigal.
- ANACAITHEADH, an-a-kae'-X, *n. m.* extravagance, prodigality, waste, profusion, squandering.
- ANACAITHTEACH, an-a-kāē'-tyach, *a.* prodigal.
- ANACEART, an-a-kyārt', *a.* unjust, partial.
- ANACEARTAS, an-a-kyart'-us, *n. m.* injustice, unfairness.
- ANACHAOINN, an-a-chāon', *v.* deplore.
- ANACLEACHD, an-ā-klechg', *v.* discontinue the practice of.
- ANACLEACHDAINN, an-a-klechg'-ēn', *n. f.* want of practice, want of custom.
- ANACNEASDA, an-a-krésd'-ā, *a.* inhuman, cruel, barbarous, horrid.
- ANACNEASDACHD, an-a-krésdd'-achg, *n. f.* barbarity, inhumanity, cruelty.
- ANACOTHROM, an'-a-kōr-um, *n. m.* violence, oppression, unfairness.
- ANACOTHROMACH, an-a-kōr'-um-ach, *a.* uneven; unjust.
- ANACRACH, an'-achg-rach, *a.* sick; unwell.
- ANACREIDEACH, ān'-a-kra'j-āch, *n. m.* an unbeliever, infidel; *a.* unbelieving, irreligious.
- ANACRIOSD, an'-a-krésdd, *n. m.* antichrist.
- ANACRIOSDACHD, an'-a-krésdd-achg, *n. f.* paganism, heathenism, infidelity.
- ANACRIOSDAIL, an-a-krésdd'-al, *a.* unchristian, inhuman, cruel, barbarous.
- ANACRIOSDUIDH, an'-a-krésdd-ē, *n. m.* infidel, a pagan, a heathen.
- ANACUIBHEAS, an-a-kwēss', *n. m.* immensity, vastness, enormity; *a.* thing incredible.
- ANACUIBHEASACH, an-a-kwēss'-ach, *a.* enormous, desperate; *anacuibheasach* aingidh, *desperately wicked*; used as an adverb.
- ANACUIBHEASEACHD, an-a-kwēss'-achg, *n. m.* enormousness, immoderateness, territoriality.
- ANACUIMSE, an-a-kuēm'-shā, *n. f.* vastness, immensity, immoderateness, territoriality.
- ANACUIMSEACH, an'-a-kuēm'-shāch, *a.* vast, exaggerated, exorbitant, enormous.
- ANACUIMSEACHD, an'-a-kuēm'-shachg, *n. f.* exaggeration, immenseness, vastness.
- ANACUIMSICH, an'-a-kuēm'-shéich, *v.* exaggerate, make exorbitant.
- ANACUIMHNE, an-a-kuév'-ná, *n. f.* forgetfulness, negligence, want of memory.
- ANACUIMHNEACH, an-a-kuév'-nách, *a.* forgetful, negligent, inattentive.
- ANACUIMHNICH, an'-a-kuév'-nyéich, *v.* forget, disremember, neglect.
- ANACURAM, an-a-kūr'-am, *n. m.* negligence, carelessness, inattention.
- ANACURANACH, an-a-kūr'-um-ach, *a.* inattentive, regardless, negligent.
- ANAGEALTACH, ān-ā-gyālt'-āch, *a.* fearless.
- ANAGHLEUSTA, an-a-ghlāst'-ā, *a.* spiritless.
- ANAGNATH, an-a-ghrā, *n. m.* an ill habit, bad practice, or custom.
- ANAGNATHACH, an'-a-ghrā-āch, *a.* bad, irregular, unusual. *H.*
- ANAGHNEITHEIL, an'-a-ghrē'-al, *a.* pernicious, destructive, mischievous.
- ANAGHRADH, an'-a-ghrā-gh', *n. m.* doating, love. *H.*
- ANAGHRADHACH, an-a-ghrā-gh'-āch, *a.* loving excessively.
- ANAGHINN, an-a-ghrēnn', *a.* unkind, inelegant.
- ANAGOIREASACH, an-a-gaor'-as-ach, *a.* very needful, requisite; inconvenient, incommensurable.
- ANAINN, an'-ēnn, *n. f.* the eaves, or top of a wall.
- ANAIL, an'-ul, *n. f.* breath, breeze, rest; *anail na beatha, the breath of life. B.; anail na gaoithe, the breath of the wind; the breeze. O.; anail nan speur, the breath of the skies, i. e. the breeze. O.; leig t'-anail, rest, take your rest; leigibh ur n-anail, rest yourselves. Bible; is blàth anail na màthar, affectionate is the breath of a mother. 12.—Gen. Anailach.*
- ANAIMSIR, ān'-ém-shér', *n. f.* unseasonable storm, bad weather, tempest.
- ANAIMSIREIL, an-ém'-shér'-al, *a.* unseasonable, stormy, tempestuous.
- ANALAICH, an'-al-ēch, *n. v.* breathe.
- AN-AM, ān-ām', *n. m.* unseasonable time.
- ANAM, ān'-um, *n. m.* soul, spirit, breath.

ANAMADACH, an'-ām-ād-äch, *a. lively.*
 ANAMADAICH, an-am'-ad-éch, *n. f. convulsions.*
 ANAMEASARRA, än-â-mès'-är-a, *a. intemperate, immoderate, lewd.*
 ANAMEASARRACHD, än-a-mès'-är-ächg, *n. f. intemperance, immoderateness.*
 ANAMEIDHIDH, an'-a-mèy'-è, *a. premature, abortive.*
 ANAMEIDHEACHD, an-a-mèy'-è-ächg, *pre-maturity, abortiveness.*
 ANAMEINN, än'-â-mèn', *perverseness. B.*
 AMAMEINNEACH, än-â-mèn'-äch, *a. perverse. B.*
 ANAMHARUS, an-áv'-är-us, *n. m. extreme distrust.*
 ANAMHRUSACH, an-áv'-rus-ach, *a. very distrustful, extremely jealous, very suspicious.*
 ANAMOCH, an'-am-ach, *a. late, unseasonable; n. m. the evening; 'san anamoch, in the evening. O. B.*
 ANAMIANN, an'-a-mëän, *n. m. sensuality.*
 ANAMIANNACH, än'-a-mëän-äch, *a. lustful.*
 ANAOIBHINN, än'-a-öév-èn', *a. joyless; woe-ful.*
 ANAOIBHNEAS, an'-a-öév-nyus, *woe, sorrow.*
 ANART, á'-närt, *n. m. pride. High. S.*
 ANART, än'-ärt', *n. m. linen.*
 ANASTA, an'-ast-a, *a. boisterous, stormy.*
 ANASTACHD, an'-ast-achg, *n. f. toil in bad weather; bad usage; boisterousness.*
 ANDANA, ann-dàn'-á, *a. presumptuous.*
 ANDANADAS and -ACHD, ann-dàn'-ächg, and -das, *n. f. presumption.*
 AN DE, un-dyá, or já, *ad. yesterday.*
 AN DEIGH, un-dyá-y', *ad. afterwards, (an deis, un jásh) an deigh so, afterwards, hereafter, after-hand.*
 AN DEIGH LAIMHE, un'-dyá-y'-láév-á, *ad. behind hand, in the back ground; afterwards.*
 ANOIADHACHD, ann-dyëá'-ächg, *n. f. ungodliness; for andiadhaidheachd.*
 ANDIADHAIDH, ann-dyëá'-è, *a. ungodly, unholy, wicked, perverse.*
 ANDIADHAIDHEACHD, ann-dyëá'-è-ächg, *n. f. ungodliness, unholiness, wickedness.*
 AN DIUGH, un'-dyü-gh', *ad. to-day.*
 ANDLIGHE, änn-ddlé'-á, *n. m. unjustness, undutifulness.*
 ANDLIGHEACH, änn-ddlé'-ach, *a. unjust, not due.*
 ANDOCHAS, änn-dóch'-us, *n. m. despondency, distrust, despair.*
 ANDOCHASACH, änn-dóch'-us-ach, *a. despondent, mistrustful, distrustful, despairing.*
 ANDOIGH, ann'-dóe, *n. f. bad condition.*
 ANDOLAS, ann-dól'-us, *n. m. sadness, discomfort, distress, unhappiness.*
 AN DRASD, un'-drásd, *ad. now; at this time.*

ANDUCHASACH, ann-dúch'-us-ach, *a. not hereditary.*
 ANDUINE, ann'-dun'-á, *n. c. a decrepid person, Is.; a wicked man, Irish.*
 ANEAGAL, an'-â-gal, *n. m. fearlessness.*
 ANEAGALACH, an'-â-gal-äch, *a. fearless.*
 ANEALAMH, än-éal'-uv, *a. inexpert.*
 ANEALANTA, än-éal'-ant-a, *a. unskillful.*
 AN-EANAR, un-ëän'-ur, *ad. two days hence; an-ónar, un-ön'-ur, three days hence; an-aonar, un-ün'-ur, four days hence, Is.; an-euraraís, un'-ëär-ásh, three days hence. N.*
 ANEARB, än-erb', *v. n. distrust, despair; mistrust, doubt, suspect.*
 ANEARBSA, an-erb'-sá, *n. f. despair, distrust.*
 ANEARBSACH, an-erb'-sach, *a. distrustful, despairing, despondent.*
 ANEARBSACHD, an-erb'-sachg, *n. f. distrustfulness, suspiciousness.*
 ANEIBHEINN, an'-â-vhén', *a. woeful, sad, depressed in spirits.*
 ANEIBHNEAS, an-áv'-nyus, *n. m. discomfort, unhappiness, grief, misery.*
 ANEIFEACHD, än-áf'-ächg, *n. m. inefficacy.*
 ANEIFEACHDACH, än-áf'-ächg-äch, *a. ineffectual, inefficient, inefficacious, weak.*
 ANEIREACHDAIL, an-är'-achd-al, *a. indecent, unseemly, unbecoming.*
 ANEIREACHDAS, an-är'-achg-us, *n. m. indecency.*
 ANFHAINNEACHD, an'-an'-ächg, *n. f. weakness, feebleness, infirmity, debility.*
 ANFHANN, an'-adh, *a. weak, feeble, infirm, debilitated, enfeebled.*
 ANFHANNAICH, an'-an'-éch, *v. weaken, enfeeble, debilitate.*
 ANFHARSUINN, an'-ärs-èn', *a. narrow, strait, tight, circumscribed.*
 ANFHAIGHIDINN, an'-í-ëj-ènn, *n. m. impatience.*
 ANFHIACHAIL, an'-éäch-al, *a. unworthy.*
 ANFHIOSRACH, an'-és-rach, *a. ignorant.*
 ANFHURAS, an-ür'-us, *n. m. impatience.*
 ANFHURASACH, an-ür'-as-ach, *a. impatient, discontented, fretful.*
 ANGLONN, an'-a-glönn, *a. brave, powerful; n. m. adversity, distress. Stewart.*
 ANTIOCHD, an-eúchg', *n. f. cruelty, oppression,*
 ANTIOCHDAIRE, an-eúchg'-ur'-á, *n. m. a tyrant.*
 ANTIOCHDMHOIREACHD, an-eúchg'-vur-üchg, *n. f. unmercifulness, cruelty, oppression, tyranny.*
 ANTIOCHDMHOR, an-eúch'-vur, *a. merciless, cruel, oppressive, tyrannical.*
 ANIOS, un-ësh', *ad. now, this time.*
 ANIUL, an'-éüll, *n. m. want of guidance.*
 ANN, änn, *pre. in existence; an hnn a bh*

ann, the race that was, or existed; *ann o shean*, in existence of old, *O.*; a *th' ann*, that exists, that is; *am bheil thu ann*, are you there? *are you in existence?* 2. in, within; *ann an tigh*, in a house; *ann am baile*, in a town; *ann am bheachd*, in my opinion: 3. stands for *ann e*, in him; *cha 'n 'eil coire sam bith ann*, there is no fault in him; 4. denoting emphasis; is *ann a thachair e gu maith dha*, it has (truly) happened well to him; contracted often *a'*; as, *a' d' chridhe*, for *ann ad chridhe*, in thy, or your heart; *annam*, *annad*, *annaibh*, in me, in thee, in you.

We follow Dr. N. McLeod, and Dr. Armstrong, in spelling *maith*,—the Irish spell it *maith*, and pronounce it *máech*.

ANNAMH, *ann'-uv*, *a.* rare, scarce; is *ann-amh* a leithid, his match is seldom met with; *gnothuch annamh*, a rare thing; *ad.* seldom; is *annamh* a thig thu, you seldom come.

ANNAMHACHD, *ann'-uv-ächg*, *n. f.* rareness, fewness; rareness of occurrence; scarceness.

ANNAS, *änn'-äs*, *n. m.* a rarity, a novelty, daintiness.

ANNASACH, *änn'-äs-äch*, *a.* novel, dainty, new, uncommon.

ANNASACHD, *ann'-as-ächg*, *n. f.* rareness, novelty, scarceness, fewness, uncommonness.

ANLAMH, *ann'-lav*, *n. f.* perplexity. *Rd. M.* **ANLANN**, *ann'-lann*, *n. m.* condiment; whatever is eaten with bread. &c. commonly called kitchen. *No. West*, *ainnelean*, *pro. énn'-lyun*.

AN NOCHD, *un-nöch'g*, *ad.* to-night, this night; *cha d' thig e 'n nochd*, he will not come to-night.

ANNS, *ann'-s*, *pre. in*, used always before the art. the; *anns a' bhaile*, in the town; *anns na mìosaibh*, in the months: often contracted 's, 'san, 'sa; as, 'sa bhaile, in the town; 'san arm, in the army.

ANNSA, *ann'-sä*, *n. m.* great attachment, or affection; a thug rùn agus *annsa*, that bestowed great love and affection, *O.*; also, the comp. and super. of toigh, beloved; is toigh leam thusa ach 's *annsa* leam esan, I love you, but he is more dear to me; cò is *annsa* leat, whom do you like above all others? b' *annsa* thusa na dearra grèine, more acceptable wert thou than sunbeams. *O.*

ANNSACHD, *änn'-säch'g*, the greatest attachment; best beloved object; is tu m' *annsachd*, thou art my best beloved. 17.

ANNSAOGHALTA, *ann-säö-ält-á*, *a.* covetous, greedy.

ANNSAOGHALTACHD, *ann'-säö-alt-ach'g*, worldliness, greed.

ANNSPIORAD, *an'-spér-ad'*, *n. m.* the devil. **ANNTLACHD**, *ann'-tläch'g*, nuisance, disgust, displeasure; indecency.

ANNTLACHDMHOIREACHD, *änn-tläch'g-vur'-ächg*, *n. f.* disgust, disagreeableness, nuisance.

ANNTLACHDMHOR, *änn-tlach'g-vur*, *a.* disagreeable, disgusting; unpleasant.

ANNRACH, *än'-rach*, *e. a.* wanderer; a weather-beaten person; *tha dorus Fhinn do'n anrach fial*, Fingal's door is open (liberal) to the wanderer, or weather-beaten stranger; is i do ghnùis do'n *anrach a' ghrian*, your countenance to the weather-beaten stranger, or wanderer, is the sun, *A. O.*; *a.* wandering, toiling in vain, disordered, stormy; d' fhalb *anrach*, thy streaming, or disordered hair. *O. Arm.*

ANNRADH, *än'-rà*, disorder, distress, disaster; *mac Morna 'se 'm meadhon anraidh*, the son of Morna in the midst of distress.

AN RAIR, *un'-rir'*, *ad.* last night. *Is.*

ANRIAGHAILT, *ann'-rèä-ält'*, *n. f.* disorder, confusion, uproar, tumult, riot.

ANRIAGHAILTEACH, *ann'-rèä-ält'-ach*, *a.* disorderly, confused, riotous, tumultuous.

AN ROIR, *an'-röör'*, *ad.* last night. *Pr.*

ANSHEASGAIR, *an'-häs-gair'*, restless.

ANSHEASGAIREACHD, *ann-häs'g-ar'-ach'g*, *n. f.* restlessness, *Is.*; rudeness, violence, *H.*

ANSHOCAIR, *an-hoch'g-ar'*, *a.* not properly fixed, unsettled, uneasy; *n. f.* sickness, restlessness; *uair anshocair*, unsettled weather.

ANSHOCH, *an'-hó*, *n. m.* discomfort, misery.

ANSHOCHAIL, *an'-hó-ail*, *a.* miserable, adverse.

ANSTROGH, *ann'-stró*, *n. m.* prodigality, waste.

ANSTROGHAIL, *ann'-stró-ail*, *a.* prodigal, wasteful; very wasteful.

ANSTRUINN, *ann-strüé'*, *v.* waste, spend, squander.

ANSTRUIDHEAR, *ann-strüé'-ar'*, *n. m.* a prodigal, a spendthrift, a squanderer.

ANSTRUIDHEAS, *ann-strüé'-as*, *n. m.* prodigality, squandering.

ANSTRUIDHEASACH, *änn-strüé'-as-ach*, *a.* wasteful, prodigal, profuse.

ANSTRUIDHEASACHD, *änn-strüé'-as-ach'g*, *n. m.* prodigality, wastefulness, extravagance.

ANTIGHEARN, *ann-tyé'-urnn*, *a.* a tyrant, an oppressor, a despot, (cuingire).

ANTIGHEARNAIL, *ann-tyé'-arn-ail*, *a.* oppressive, tyrannical, cruel.

ANTIGHEARNAS, ann-tyé'-arn-us, *n. m.* oppression, tyranny, cruelty.
 ANTIORRALACHD, ann'-tyérr-all-achd, discomfort, badness of climate, want of snugness.
 ANTOIRAIL, ann'-tyérr-al, *a.* uncomfortable.
 ANTOGAIK, ann-ttogg'-érr, *v.* lust after.
 ANTOGRADH, ann-tog'-rā, *n. m.* lust, concupiscence; a criminal propensity, anamiann; a keen desire; ioma gnè antoil-ibh, *many sorts of lusts*; concupiscence. *B.*
 ANTOIL, ann-töll', *n. m.* self-will; lust.
 ANTOILICH, ann'-töll-éich, *v.* lust after. *L.*
 ANTRATH, ann'-trā, *a.* unseasonable; *n. m.* an unseasonable time. *H.*
 ANTROCAIR, ann-tròchg'-érr', *n. f.* cruelty.
 ANTROCAIREACH, änn-tròchg'-ar-äch, *a.* cruel, merciless, unmerciful.
 ANTROCAIREACHD, änn-tròchg'-arr-achd, *n. f.* cruelty, unmercifulness.
 ANTRÖM, ann-tröm', *a.* grievous to be borne. *M.*
 ANTRÖMACHADH, ann-tröm'-ach-ā, *n. m.* aggravation, aggravating, aggravating.
 ANTRÖMAICH, ann-tröm'-éich, *v.* aggravate, oppress, overload; ag *antrömachadh* do chionta, *aggravating your guilt*.
 ANTRUACANTA, ann-trüächg'-annt-a, *a.* merciless.
 ANTRUACANTACHD, ann-trüächg'-annt-ächg, *n. f.* want of feeling, or compassion.
 ANTRUAS, ann-trüäs', *n. m.* want of pity.
 ANTRUIME, ann-trüēm'-ā, *n. f.* oppression, tyranny.
 ANUABHAR, an' üä-vur, *n. m.* excessive pride; luchd an *anuabhair*, *the excessively proud*.
 ANUAIBHREACH, an'-üäëy-rach, *a.* excessively proud—gentle, kind. *H. S.*
 ANUAILL, ann'-üäël, *n. f.* excessive pride; air mhòr *anuaille* is air bheag céille, *excessively proud and senseless*, *Sg.*; humility. *D.*
 ANUAILSE, ann-üäël'-shā, *n. f.* meanness, baseness.
 ANUAIR, an'-üäér, *n. f.* an unseasonable storm; bad weather in summer.
 ANUAIR, un'-nüär, *ad.* when; written often 'nuair.
 ANUALLACH, an'-üäll-ach, *a.* indifferent; not haughty, *D.*; *n. f.* an oppressive burden, *Ar.*
 A NUAS, à-nüäs', *ad.* down, downwards, from above; thig a *nuas*, *come down*.
 ANUASAIL, an'-üäs-al, *a.* low, mean.
 AN UIAIDH, un'-üèr-é, un'-üèr-éich, *ad.* last year.
 A NUNN, un'-nünn, *ad.* over, across; a *nunn* 's a nall, *hither and thither*.

Ao, äo, an inseparable preposition, answering to *an, in, dis, &c.* in English.
 AOBHACH, 'äo-vach. See Aobheach and Aobheil.
 AOBHAR, äo' vur, *n. m.* cause, reason, materials; *aobhar* bròin, cause of grief; cha'n 'eil *aobhar gearrain ann*, *there is no reason to complain*; air an *aobhar sin*, *therefore, for that reason*; *aobhar còta*, materials for making a coat; *aobhair bhròg*, materials for making shoes; gun *aobhar*, *without reason, or cause*; is mòr m' *aobhar*, *great is my reason*.
 AOBHARACH, äo'-vur-ach, *a.* causing, giving rise to.
 AOBHARRACH, äo'-vurr-ach, *c.* a young person, or beast, of good or bad promise; is maith an *t-aobharrach* an gamhainn sin, *that stirk promises well*; is tu an *t-aobharrach ciatach*, *you are a youth that promises well indeed*.
 AOBRUNN. See Foab and Foabrunn.
 AOOLTACH, äo'-kòlt-ach, *a.* unlike, dissimilar, unlikely, not like.
 AOOLTACHD, äo'-kòlt-achg, *n. m.* dissimilarity, improbability, unlikelyhood.
 AOCOSALACHD, äo'-koss-äll-ächg, *n. m.* unlikelyhood, improbability; *aocosa/achd* a ghnothuich sin, *the improbability of that thing*.
 AOCOSAIL, äo'-kos-al, *a.* improbable, unlikely, dissimilar.
 AODACH, äo'-ddach, *n. m.* cloth, clothes; *aodach* 'sa bheairt, *cloth in the loom*; cuir ort *t'aodach*, *put on your clothes*; *aodach leapa*, *bed clothes, bedding*; *aodaich*, *cloth*. See Eid.
 AODANN, äo'-ddunn, *n. m.* face, visage, countenance; a cron a bhios san *aodann*, *cha 'n f'heudar, a cleith, the blemish in the face, cannot be hid*; impudence; nach ann aige tha 'n *t-aodann*, *what impudence the fellow has*.
 AODANNACH, äo'-dunn-ach, *n. m.* the front of a bridle. *Sh.*
 AODHAIR, äö'-gh-ar', *n. m.* a herdsman.
 AODOCHA, äo'-dòch-a, *a.* less probable, less likely.
 AODOCHAS, äo'-dòch'-us, *n. m.* despair, despondency, distrust.
 AODOCHASACH, äo'-dòch'-us-ach, *a.* hopeless, despairing, despondent, distrustful.
 AODOCHASACHO, äo'-dòch'-us-achg, *n. f.* hopelessness.
 AOG, äogg, *n. m.* death, a skeleton; is tu an *t-aog duainidh*, *you are a miserable looking skeleton*; a' dol *aog*, *getting useless, getting vapid as liquor*.
 AOGAIL, äog'-al, *a.* death-looking.
 AOGASG, äo'-gusg, *n. m.* appearance, likeness.

AOGACHADH, ãogg'-ach-Ī, *n. m.* and *part.* getting lean, withering, fading, dying by inches. *Md.*

AOGNAICH, ãog'-nyċh, *v.* fade, wither.

AOIBH, ãoċv, *n. f.* a cheerful countenance.

AOIBHEALACHD, ãoċv-al-achg, *n. f.* cheerfulness, politeness.

AOIBHEIL, ãoċv'-al, *a.* cheerful, in good humour.

AOIBHINN, ãoċv'-ċnn, *a.* pleasant; ðigrídh *aoibhinn*, pleasant, or joyous youth. *Oss.*

AOIBHNEACH, ãoċv'-nyach, *a.* glad, happy, joyous.

AOIBHNEAS, ãoċv'-nyas, *n. m.* gladness; *aoibhneas* a shlighe, the gladness, or joy of his way. *B.*

AOIDH, ãoċ, *n. m.* a guest; *aidh. W.*

AOIDHEACHD, ãoċ'-achg, hospitality; *aidh-eachd. B.*

AOIDION, ãoj-dyċnn, *n. m.* a leak; and sometimes pronounced ãoj'-dyan.

AOIDIONACH, ãoj-dyan-ach, *a.* leaky.

AOIDIONACHD, ãoj'-dyan-achg, *n. f.* leaking.

AOIL, ãoċl, *v.* lime, plaster; manure, with lime.

AOIN, ũċn, *v.* unite, join; *air aonadh ris*, united to him.

AOINE, ũċn'-ā, *n. f.* a fast, *Ir.*; *di h-aoine*, Friday; *aoine na ceusta*, Good Friday.

AOINEADH, ũċn'-Ī, *n. m.* a steep promontory. *Md.*

AOIR, ãor', *v.* satirise, lampoon; *n. f.* a satire, a lampoon; ribaldry; sheet or bolt rope of a sail; fear gealtach 'san aoir, a timorous person holding the sheet. *N. Md.*

AOIREACHD, ãor'-āchg, *n. f.* calumny, a libel.

AOIRNEAGAN, ãor'-nyā-gan', *n. m.* wallowing, weltering.

AOIRNEAGAIN, ãor' nyā-gan', *v.* wallow, welter; 'ga aoirneagan 'na fhuil, weltering in his blood.

AOIS, ãosh, *n. f.* age; old age, antiquity; *cia aois thu*, what is your age? 's mairg a dh'iarradh an aoise, woe to him that wishes extreme old age; *airson 'aoise*, for its antiquity; *iarguin na h-aoise*, the evil effects of old age; agus bha Noah cōig ceud bliadhna a dh' aois, and Noah was five hundred years of age; ann an làn aois, in full age; 'nuair a thig thu gu h-aois, when you come to years, a set of people; *aois-ciuil*, musician, obs.

AOL, ãoll, *n. m.* lime; ath aoil, a lime-kiln; *aol shuirm, Ir.*; *aol gun bhàthadh*, quicklime, unslackened lime.

AOLACH, ãoll'-ach, *n. m.* human excrement, dung.

AOLAOAIR, ãoll-a-dār', *n. m.* a plasterer, a lime-burner.

AOLADAIREACHD, ãoll'-ad-ār2-āchg, plastering, burning lime.

AOLAIS, ãoll'-ash, *n. f.* indolence, *Sk.*; and leisg.

AOLAISDEACH, ãoll'-āshj-ach, *a.* lazy, sluggish.

AOLAR, ãoll'-ur, *a.* abounding in lime.

AOLMAN, ãoll'-man, *n. m.* ointment; olla.

AOM, ãom, *v.* incline, bend; bulge; be seduced by; *dh' aom i leis*, she was seduced by him; *aomaibh bhur cluas*, incline your ear, *B.*; *th' am balla 'g aomadh*, the wall bulges; *dh' aom e a thriall*, he bent his way, *Os.*; *aomaidh an aitreabh*, their buildings shall decay, or bulge. *B.*

AOMACH, ãom'-ach, *a.* inclining, tending, bending.

AOMACHD, ãom'-achg, *n. f.* inclination or tendency; aptness to bulge or belly out.

AOMADH, ãom'-Ī, *n. m.* inclination, or the act or state of inclining, bending, bulging, &c.; tendency.

AOMTA, ãom'-tyā, inclined, bent, bulged.

AON, ũn, *a.* one; alone, same, only, single; *aon bhean*, one woman; *aon eile*, another one, another; *aon sam bith*, any one; *gun h-aon eile*, he or she alone; *mar mise aon làth*, as I am some day or other; *aon seach aon*, without distinction; *m' aon chear*, my only hen; *is aon ni e*, it is all the same; 's esan, an t-aon duine air son sin, he is the best man in the world for that; 's e fein a tha 'na aon duine, it is he, himself that rules the roast—that is cook, mate and steward; *tri làithean bha e 'na aon*, three days he was all alone, *O.*; *gach aon*, every one; a lion aon is aon, one by one; *mar aon*, united, hand in hand; *gun aon duine*, without a single individual; *ann an aon tigh ruinne*, in the same house with us; 'san aon luing, in the same ship, *Sg.*; *do dh' aon seach a chéile*, to the one no more than to the other; *n. m.* and *f.* an individual, a person; *aon a thàinig a stigh*, an individual that came in; a person that came in.

AONACH, ũn'-ach, *n. m.* a green plain near the shore on a stony bottom; on a sandy bottom, machair, a green beach; a siubhail nan aonach ciar, travelling the dusky plains, *Os.*; a meeting; *aonach na sainnha*, the meeting of Martinmas. *C.*

AONACHADH, ũn'-ach-Ī, *pl.* uniting; *f. m.* union—galloping. *Mf.*

AONACHD, ũn'-āchg, *n. f.* union, unity, concord; *aonachd an spioraid*, the unity of the spirit; *comhnuidh a ghabhail*

cuideachd ann an aonachd, *to dwell together in unity.* B.

AONAIDH, ùn'-à, contraction of AONACHADH; air an aonadh, *united.* B.

AONADHARCACH, ùn-aù'-ark-ach, *n. m. a unicorn.* B.

AONAIRT, *see* Aoirneagan.

AONAICH, ù'-nyèch, *v. unite, join into one, add; aonaich mo chridhe, unite my heart.* B.

AONAICHTE, ùn'-echt-a, *pt. united, joined.*

AONAR, ùn'-urr, *a. alone, solitary, singular; duine 'na aonar, a man all alone, or a singular man; 'na aonar 'sa mhonadh, solitary in the hill; cha 'n 'eil thu ad aonar mar sin, you are not singular in that respect.*

AONARACH, ùn'-urr-ach, *a. solitary, lonely; forsaken.*

AONARACHD, ùn'-ur-ächg, *n. f. solitude, solitariness.*

AONARAN, ù'-nur-àn, *n. m. a hermit, a recluse, a person left alone, or forsaken; aonaran liath nan creag, the hoary hermit of the rocks.* O.

AONARANACH, ùn'-ur-an-äch, *a. like a hermit, solitary, lonely forsaken, in solitude, biodh an oidhche sin aonaranach, let that night be solitary.* B.

AONARANACHD, ùn'-ar-an-ächg, *n. f. solitude, solitariness, loneliness.*

AONBHARAIL, ùn'-var-àil, *n. f. unanimity.*

AONBHEACHD, ùn'-vyechg, *n. f. unanimity.*

AONBHITH, ùn'-vé, *n. f. co-essentiality.*

AONBHITHEACH, ùn'-vé-ach, *a. co-essential; co-substantial, of the same nature.*

AONCHAITHREACH, ùn'-chàir-ach, *n. m. a fellow-citizen; luchd aonchaitheach, fellow citizens.* Lu. b.

AONCHASACH, ùn'-chas-ach, *having a single stalk or stem, as an herb.*

AONCHRIDHEACH, ùn'-chrè-äch, *having like sentiments, unanimous.*

AONDATHACH, ùn'-dà-äch, *a. of one colour.*

AON DEUG, ùn'-dyäg, *a. eleven.*

AONFHILLTE, ùn'-èll²-tyá, *simple, sincere, foolish; a deanamh an duine aonfhillte glic, making the simple wise.* B. Ir.

AONFHILLTEACHD, ùn'-èll²-tyachg, *simplicity; le aonfhillteachd, with simplicity.*

AONGHIN, ùn'-ghènn, *n. m. an only child; mar aonghin mic, like an only begotten son.*

AONGHNEITHEACH, ùn'-ghrè-äch, *a. of one nature, of one kind; homogeneous.*

AONGHNEITHACHD, ùn'-ghrè-ächg, *n. f. homogeneousness.*

AONGHRADH, ùn'-ghrà, *n. m. the best beloved object; m' aonghradh, my best beloved.*

AONGHUTHACH, ùn'-ghù-ach, *a. having one voice or vote; consonous.*

AONINNTINN, ùn'-ènn-tyènn, *n. f. one mind, one accord; unanimity.*

AONINNTINNEACH, ùn'-ènn-tyènn-äch, *a. unanimous, of one mind, or intention.*

AON-MHAIDE, ùn'-vèj-à, *n. m. a simultaneous pull in rowing.*

AONMHAIRANTA, ùn'-var'-san'-ta, *n. m. a monopoliser.*

AONMHAIRANTACHD, ùn'-vhàr-sant-achd, *n. f. monopoly; exclusive sale of any thing.*

AONSGEULACH, ùn'-skéul-ach, *a. unanimous.*

AONSGOCH, ùn'-sköch, *n. f. swallow-wort.* Sk.

AONT, ùntt, *n. m. assent, admission, acquiescence; tha' mi a toirt aont do n' a tha thu 'g ràdh, I agree with, or I yield assent to what you say.* H. S.

AONTA, ùn'-tta, *n. f. a lease, licence.*

AONTACHADH, ùn'-ttàch-à, *p. acceding, admitting, consenting; tha mi 'g aontachadh, I accede, I admit, or allow; ag aontachadh leis an lagh, consenting to the law.* B.

AONTACHD, ùn'-ttachg, *n. f. acquiescence; agreement; admission.*

AONTAICH, ùn'-èch, *n. v. agree, yield, consent, admit; dh' aontaich i leis, she yielded; tha mi 'g aontachadh gu'm bheil, I admit that it is; thug i air aontachadh, she constrained him to yield, B.; na aontaich thusa leo, consent or acquiesce thou not; aontachaidh sinn leibh, we will consent unto you, B. H.; ma dh' aontacheas tu aon uair, once you consent or acquiesce.*

AORABH, àor'-uv, *n. m. constitution, mental or bodily; tha galar 'na aorabh, there is a disease in his constitution.*

AOSDA, àosd'-à, *a. somewhat aged, old aged, ancient, antiquated; an deigh dhomh fàs aosda, after I have become old. B.; a bhàird aosda na linn a thrèig, ye ancient bards of bye-gone ages.* A. O.

AOR, àor, *n. v. adore, worship; aoram dhuit, I shall worship thee.* Ps.

AORADH, àor'-à, *n. m. worship, adoration; p. adoring; ag aoradh dha, worshipping him.*

AOSDACHD, àosd'-achg, *n. f. agedness, &c.*

AOSDANA, àos-dàn'-a, *n. m. a poet, a hearer of ancient poetry.* O. A.

AOSMHOIREACHD, àos'-vur'-achg, *n. f. agedness; great age, properties of old age.*

AOSMHOR, àos'-vur, *a. old; aged.*

AOTROM, ðo'-trum, *a. light; giddy; creu-tair aotrom, a giddy creature.*

AOTROMACHADH, ðo'-trum-ach-X, *n. m. and p. ease, respite, as of a fever; alleviation, abatement, as of rain; tha'n t-uisge 'g aotromachadh, the rain abates; fhuair e aotromachadh o'n fhiabhrus, he got a slight respite, or crisis, or ease from the fever.*

AOTROMAICH, ðo'-trum-èch, *v. n. abate, as rain; alleviate, as disease; lighten, ease.*

AOTROMAN, ðo'-trum-an, *n. m. a bladder.*

AP, app, *n. f. an ape.*

APARR, app'-urr, *a. expert, (àbalt.) No.*

APARRAN, app'-urr-an, *n. m. an apron.*

AR, for ur, *pro. ar fearann, our land; takes n- before a vowel; ar n-each, our horse; ar n-athair, our father.*

AR, ar, *n. m. ploughing; bha na daimh ag àr, the oxen were ploughing, B.; ar meadhonach, second ploughing. Is.*

AN, àr, *n. m. slaughter; na fuilinn àr nan erioduidh, permit not the slaughter of the Christians; artreud, arséap, a retreat; battle; dàn an àir, the song of the battle-field; 'san àr, in the battle-field hence, aiséid, unanimity, from àr, war; and síd, peace, calm, or good humour.*

AR, ar, *n. m. a kidney, (dubhan,) geir nan àr no nan dubhan, the fat of the kidneys.*

ARABHAIG, ar'-a-vég, *n. f. strife. Sk.*

ARACH, àr'-ach, *n. m. tie, stall-tie for a cow, a collar; remedy, help; cha'n eil àrach air, there is no remedy, there is no help for it; cha robh àrach agamsa air, I could not help it. North; cha'n eil cothrom air; battle-field; 'na laidhe, 'san àraich, stretched on the battle-field; nach seachnadh le 'dheoin an àrach, who would not willingly shun the battle-field. Sm.*

ARACHAS, àr'-ach-us, *n. m. insurance.*

ARADAIR, an agriculturist. *See Airean.*

ARAICH, àr'-èch, *v. rear, maintain, support, nourish; is mairg a dh' araich thu, woe to the person that maintained you.*

ARAICHD, àr'-èchg, *n. f. treasure, or wealth in clothing; a lady or gentleman's clothes given to servants, a present, a perquisite.*

ARAICHDEIL, àr'-èchg-al, *a. precious; gnothuch araichdeil, a precious, or important affair.*

ARAIÐ, àr'-éj, *a. certain, particular, peculiar, special; duine araid, a certain person; gu h-araid, especially, particularly; gnothuch araid, an important or certain affair.*

ARAIDEACH, àr'-éj-ach, *a. joyous, glad. H.*

ARAIDEACHD, àr'-éj-ächg, *n. f. importance, singularity, particularity, peculiarity.*

ARAIÐH, àr'-è, for araid.

AR-AMACH, àr-am-äch', *n. m. rebellion, insurrection, mutiny, treason, conspiracy; rinn iad ar-amach, they rebelled. B. 12.*

ABAN, àr'-an, *n. m. bread; aran làthail, daily bread; livelihood; a tha cumail t' arain ruit, who gives you your livelihood; 2. cha bhi thu gun aran, you shall not want a livelihood; aran coirce, eaten bread; aran eòrna, barley bread; aran cruinneachd, wheaten bread; aran milis, ginger bread; aran peasearach, pease bread; aran seagail, rye bread; aran taisbeanta, shew bread.*

ARANAID, àr'-àn-áj, *n. f. bread basket.*

ARANACH, àr'-àn-äch, *n. f. bridle-rein.*

ARAON, à-ràon', *ad. both together; bheir an Tighearn solus d'an súilbh araon, the Lord will enlighten both their eyes, araon thusa agus esan, both of you.*

ARBHAR, arv'-ur, *n. m. sheaf-corn, standing corn. B.*

ARBHARACH, ar'-var-ach, *a. fertile in corn.*

ARBHARRACUD, àr'-varr-achg, *n. f. forming into line, embattling.*

ARBHARTAICH, ar'-vart-èch, *v. dispossess, disinherit, forfeit, confiscate; am fearann arbhartaichte, the confiscated or forfeited estates; arbhartaichte, forfeited.*

ARC, àrk, *n. f. the cork-tree.*

ARCAN, àrk'-an, *n. m. cork; a cork or stopple.*

ARCUINN, àrk'-ènn, *n. m. an udder. Sk.*

ARD, àrd', *a. high, lofty; supreme; tall; 's esan is àirde, he is the tallest, or the taller; beinn àrd, a lofty hill; answers to arch as a prefix in English; árdeaspuig, an archbishop; before an adjective as a prefix, supplies the place of an adverb; àrd-shona, supremely blessed; árdeibhneach, ecstatic, exulting in the highest degree—the English or any other people never separate their prefixes by hyphens.*

ARDACHADH, àrd'-ach-X, *n. m. and p. augmentation, increase; árdachadh tuarasdail, augmentation or increase of salary; promotion, elevation, exaltation; árdachadh nan amadan, the promotion of fools, B.; exalting, promoting, raising; extolling, praising; a' neach dh' árdaicheas e fein, islichear e, he that exaltech himself shall be abased.*

ARDAICH, àrd'-èch, *v. exalt, extol, raise, promote; elevate; Increase; árdaich a thuarasdail, increase his salary.*

ARDAIGNEACH, àrd'-æg-nyach, *a. nettlesome.*

ARDAINGEAL, àrd'-èn'-nyal, or -éng'-al, *n. f. an archangel, a supreme angel.*

ARDAMAS, árd'-am'-us, *n. m.* high aim, ambition.

ARDAN, árd'-an, *n. m.* an eminence, or rising ground; *na shuidhe air árdan, sitting on an eminence; pride, haughtiness, arrogance, wrath; an árdan faoin bha 'anam mòr, in unavailing wrath was his great soul, O.; dh' at árdan na chridhe, wrath swelled in his breast; gach aon árdan, every knoll or rising ground, A.; uabhar is árdan, pride and arrogance. B. id.*

ARDANACH, árd'-an-ach, *a.* high-minded, haughty, arrogant, prone to take offence; *spiorad árdanach, a haughty spirit.*

ARDANACHD, árd'-an-ächg, *n. f.* haughtiness, proudness, arrogancy, pride.

ARDATHAIR, árd'-á'-hyur, *n. m.* a patriarch. 1.

ARDBHAILE, árd'-vhäl'-á, *n. m.* a metropolis, a city; *esan a ghlasas árdbhaile, he that takes a city. B.*

ARDBHANDHUICHD, árd'-vänn-dyüchg, *n. f.* an archduchess.

ARDBHREITHEAMH, árd'-vhrä'-uv, *n. m.* a supreme judge; a chief justice.

ARDBHRIGHEAMH, árd'-vhrë'-uv, *n. m.* a supreme justice, or judge; lord of session.

ARDCHEANNABHARD, árd'-chyann'-vhärd, *a.* commander-in-chief, a supreme ruler or governor. *Is.*

ARDCHEANNARD, árd'-chyann'-ärd, *n. m.* a chief, a supreme head. *H. S.*

ARDCHEANNAS, árd'-chyann'-as, *n. m.* superiority, C.; dominion, pre-eminence, command.

ARDCHLACHAIR, árd'-chläch'-är', *n. m.* an architect, a master mason.

ARDCHLACHAIREACHD, árd'-chläch'-är'-ächg, *n. m.* architecture, business of a master mason.

ARDCHOMAS, árd'-chôm-us, *n. m.* discretionary power, despotic power, despotism.

ARDCHOMHAIRLE, árd'-chöiv'-url'-ä, *n. m.* supreme counsel, parliament, a synod.

ARDCHOMHAIRICHE, árd'-chöiv'-url'-ëch, *n. m.* a chief counsellor, a consul.

ARDCHUAN, árd'-chüan, *n. m.* the high sea.

ARDCHUNACHD, árd'-chüv'-achg, *n. f.* supreme power or authority.

ARDCHUNACHDACH, árd'-chüv'-achg-ach, *a.* high in dignity and authority.

ARDDHRUIDH, árd'-ghrüë, *n. m.* an archdruid.

ARDDORUS, árd'-dôr-us, *n. f.* a lintel.

ARDEASPUIG, árd'-äs-pëg, *n. m.* archbishop.

ARDEASPUIGEACHD, árd'-äsp-ëg-achg, *n. f.* archbishopric, office of a bishop.

ARDFHEAMANACH, árd'-em-än-äch, *n. m.* a high steward. *H. S.*

ARDFHEILL, árd'-äëll', *n. f.* a festival.

ARDFHIOSACHD, árd'-ëss'-ächg, *n. f.* vaticination, prophesying, predicting.

ARDFHAITHEAS, árd'-hläë'-us, *n. m.* supreme dominion.

ARDFLHATH, árd'-hlä', *n. m.* a monarch.

ARDFHUAIN, árd'-üäëm, *n. f.* bombulation.

ARDGHLEADHRAICH, árd'-ghlao'-rrëch, *n. f.* bombulation, loud noise.

ARDGHLONN, árd'-ghlönn, *a.* feat. *H. S.*

ARDGHNIONH, árd'-ghrëv, *n. m.* a feat, exploit, achievement; *treubhas.*

ARDGHUTHACH, árd'-ghü'-äch, *n. m.* clamorous, shouting loudly.

ARDHITH, ár'-yhe, *n. f.* war; havoc.

AROIARLA, árd'-ëär'-ä, *n. m.* first earl.

AROINBH, árd'-ën'-uv, *n. f.* eminence, excellence, high rank. *H.*

ARDINBHEACH, árd'-ën'-uv-ach, *a.* eminent, excellent, in high rank or office.

ARDIOLACH, árd'-ëül'-äch, *n. f.* loud shout, *H. S.*; acclamation.

ARDMHARAICHE, árd'-vhär'-ëch-ä, *n. m.* an admiral; *prìomh ardmharaiche, lord high admiral. H. S.*

ARDNHAIGHSTIREACHD, árd'-vhi'-styër-achg, *n. f.* supreme command or authority.

ARDMHAOR, árd' vaoir, *n. m.* a herald; *ardmhaor rìgh, a pursuivant. H. S.*

ARDNHILLIDH, árd'-vhëll'-ë, *n. m.* a heroic chief. *H.*

ARDNHOLL, árd'-vhöll, *v.* magnify, highly praise.

ARDNHOIREAR, árd'-voyr'-ar', *n. m.* an admiral, a lord president.

ARDRACH, árd'-rrach, *n. f.* an eight-oared galley, a boat.

ARDSGOIL, árd'-skol', *n. f.* classical education, philosophy; a high school.

ARDSGOILEAR, árd'-skol'-ar', *n. m.* a philosopher, an excellent scholar—a student.

ARDSGOILEARACHD, árd'-skol'-ar'-ächg, *n. f.* philosophy, choice education.

ARDSHAGART, árd'-häg-urt', *n. m.* a high priest.

ARDSHAGARTACHD, árd'-häg'ürt'-ächg, *n. f.* an high priesthood.

ARDSHEANADH, árd'-hen'-nä, *n. m.* a general assembly; parliament. *H.*

ARDSHEANAIR, árd'-hen'-är', *n. m.* a member of a general assembly; a member of any supreme council.

ARDSHONA, árd'-hon'-a, *a.* supremely happy.

ARDSHONAS, árd'-hon'-us, *n. m.* supreme bliss.

ARDTHRIATH, árd'-hryëäch', *n. m.* supreme, sovereign, a supreme ruler or lord, chief, or hero.

ARDUACHDRAN, árd'-úachg'-ran, *n. m.* a chief ruler or sovereign.
 ARDUACHDRANACHD, árd'-úachg'-ran-áchg, *n. f.* supreme rule or authority.
 ARDUGHDARRAS, árd'-ú-ddár-us, *n. m.* full authority, discretionary power.
 ARPENTAICH, ár'-funt-éeh, *v.* disinherit, dispossess, forfeit.
 ARGARRACH, ár'-gárr-ach, *n. m.* claimant.
 ARGUMAD, árg'-um-áj, *n. f.* an argument, a motive, a reason; lionainn mo bheul le h-argumaidibh, *I would fill my mouth with arguments. B.*
 ARGUMAIDEACH, árg'-um-áj-ách, *a.* argumentative, fond of arguments, prone to argue.
 ARGUMADICH, árg'-um-áj-éeh, *v.* argue, reason, debate; foil.
 ARITHIST, ár'-tré-éshít, } *ad.* again, a second time.
 ARIS, a'-rësh, }
 AALEAM, hár'-lyam; *I should think—more correctly, their team.*
 ARLOGH, ár'-laò, *n. m.* harvest-home, *I. féisd an arloigh. Arm.*
 ARM, árm, *n. m.* a weapon; the army; sgian, *arm a bu mhiann leis, knife, a weapon he was fond of. A.;* tha e 'san arm, *he is in the army;* chaidh e do'n arm, *he joined the army;* v. oil or grease, wool, ag armadh na h-olla, *anointing or greasing the wool.*
 ARMACH, árm'-ach, *a.* mailed, covered with armour; gach gaisgeach armach, *every mailed hero, Sm. Ar.;* a warrior; labhair an dubh armach, *the dark warrior spoke. Sg.*
 ARMACHD, árm'-achg, *n. f.* armour; arms; nigh iad an armachd, *they washed their armour;* armachd an t-soluis, *the armour of light. Bible.*
 ARMADH, árm'-á, *n. m.* oil or grease for anointing wool; p. anointing or greasing wool.
 ARMAICH, árm'-éeh, *v.* clothe with armour; gird on arms; armaichibh sibh féin, *arm yourselves. B.;* armaichte, *armed, clothed with armour.*
 ARMAILT, árm'-áilt', *n. m.* an army; ann an armailt, *in an army. Bible.*
 ARMAILTEACH, árm'-áilt-ách, *a.* belonging to an army; having great armies.
 ARMCHASMEACHD, árm'-chásh'-máchg, *n. f.* an alarm of battle.
 ARMCHLEASACH, árm'-chläs'-ach, *a.* expert in military exercise.
 ARMCHLISEACH, árm'-chlësh'-ach, *a.* expert in battle.
 ARM-COISE, árm'-kòsh'-á, *n. m.* infantry.
 ARM-OILEAN, arm-ul'-au', *n. m.* military discipline; drilling.

ARMTA, árm'-tyá, *p.* oiled, greased as wool.
 ARNTHAISG, árm'-háeshg, *n. m.* an armoury; a military magazine, *arm thigh.*
 ARMUN, árm'-munn, *n. m.* a hero, a warrior; air slios an armuinn, *on the warrior's side. O. S.*
 AROS, ár'-us, *n. m.* habitation, house; an loisgear aros nam Fiann, *shall the habitation of the Fingalians be burnt?*
 AROSACH, ar'-us-ach, *a.* habitable.
 ARPAG, arp'-ag, *n. f.* a harpy.
 ARPAG, arp'-ag, a triangular cake. *Is.*
 ARABHALACH, ár'-á-váll-ách, *n. m.* a traitor; a treacherous fellow; a person that conceals himself in a house to bear away tidings.
 ARRACHD, ár'-achg, *n. m.* spectre, *Md.*
 ARRAID, ár'-áj, *n. f.* toiling in vain.
 ARRAIDEACH, ár'-áj-ach, *a.* toiling and wandering to no purpose.
 ARRAIDEACHD, ár'-áj-áchg, *n. f.* toil, fatigue; wandering to no purpose.
 ARBAL, ár'-all, *n. m.* fastidiousness; moit, moinig, *foolish pride.*
 ARBALACH, ár'-ál-ách, *a.* fastidious. *Md.* moiteil, moingeil.
 ARNONNACH, ár'-ón-ách, *a.* fit, decent.
 ARUSG, ar'-usg, indecency. *No.*
 ARSA, ár'-sa, corruption of Orsa; *orsa mise, said I; orsa esan, said he. See Latin.*
 ASACHD, ár'-sáchg, *n. f.* antiquity. *Irish.*
 ARSAIDH, ár'-sê, *a.* old, decrepid.
 ARSAIDHEACHD, árs'-ê-áchg, antiquity.
 ARSADAIR, ár'-sa-dar', *n. m.* antiquarian.
 ARSEAP, ár'shèp, *n. f.* retreat.
 ARTAN, art'-an, *n. f.* a pebble; spioth-ag, *Ir.*
 ARTARACH, ártt'-ar-ach, *n. f.* a ship's boat; *M. S.*
 ARTREUD, ár'-itrádd, *n. m.* retreat, often transposed, *ratreud.*
 ATTHEINE, árt-há'-nyá, *n. f.* a flint. *Ir.*
 ARUINN, ár'-úinn, *n. f.* kidney; a forest.
 AS, ess, *pr.* out, of, from; as a'mhachair, *out of the field;* tha'n solus air dol as, *the light is going out, is extinguishing;* cuir as da, *kill him;* chaidh e as, *he escaped;* leig as, *let go;* a is used for as before consonants; a tigh na daorsa, *out of the house of bondage;* cha d'thug mi ni sam bith as, *I took nothing out of it;* dubh as, *blot out;* as a chéile, *loosened, disjoined, asunder.*
 AS, ás, *n. f.* an ass.
 ASAD, es-ud', out of thee; *asaibh, out of you.*
 ASAIBH, ASAIBHSE, es'-uv, es'-uv-shá, *pr.* and *pre.* out of you.
 ASAD, ás-áj, *n. f.* childbirth; delivery; v. deliver, be delivered; dh'asaideadh, *air inac i, she was delivered of a son.*

ASAIG, (acfhuin,) apparatus.

ASAINN, ASAINNE, es'-ènn, and -nya, out of us.

ASAIR, às'-ur, *n. m.* an herb, and a shoe-maker. *Ir.*

ASAL; às'-ul, *n. f.* an ass.

ASAM, ASAMSA, ess'-um-sá, out of me.

ASBHUAN, FASBHUAN, stubble.

ASCAIN, às'-kân', ascend. *Irish.*

ASCALL, às'-kall, *n. m.* loss, damage. *N.*

ASCAOIN, as'-káoìn, *a.* harsh, inclement, *v.* curse, excommunicate.

ASCAIRT, as'-káirt, *n. m.* tow, barrach, *m.*

ASGAILL, } às'-éll -áclt, arm-pit; retreat,
ASGAILT, } the embrace.

A SIOS, a-shēs', *ad.* down, downwards.

ASLACHADH, as'llach-á, *n. m.* supplication, entreaty; *p.* entreating, supplicating.

ASLAICH, as'-lléich, *v.* entreat, supplicate.

ASLONNACH, as'-lonn-ach, *a.* prone to tell. *Ir.*

ASP, ásp, *n. f.* an asp, nathair.

ASTAIL, ást'-ull, *n. m.* a contemptible fellow. *Is.*; a dwelling; a building. *Id.*

ASTAIRICH, ást'-ur-éich, *v. go,* get under way, as a ship or boat.

ASTAR, ást'-ur, *n. m.* a journey; distance; *astar mór,* a great distance; *astar thri láithean,* three days' journey; *astar math air falbh,* a considerable distance off; *fad air astar,* far away; away, as a ship; *a' dol fogh astar,* going under way; a gearradh a-hastair, cutting her way.

ASTARAICHE, ast'-ur-éich-á, *n. m.* traveller.

AS UR, es'-úr, *ad.* anew, afresh.

AT, at', *n. m.* a swelling, *v.* swell.

ATA, at'-a, *n. f.* a hat.

ATAICH, at'-éich, *v.* entreat, request. *Id.*

ATAIG, at'-ég, *n. m.* a stake, a palisade. *Id.*

ATAMACH, at'-ám-ach, *a.* fondling, indulgent, caressing, lenient, partial.

ATAMACHD, at'-ám-áchg, *n. f.* fondling, an unreasonable person; lenity, indulgence, partiality; *gun atamachd do dhuine seach duine,* without partiality to any one.

ATAMAICH, at'-dám-éich, *v.* fondle an unreasonable person, caress, fondle, indulge.

ATCUISE, áit'-kúsh'-la, *n. m.* aneurism, a disease of the arteries.

ATH, á, *n. m.* a ford; *áth na súl,* the corner of the eye, *M. L.*; *aig áthaibh Arnoin,* at the fords of Arnon; *is fhearr tilleadh am meadhon an áth,* na báthadh uile, it is better to turn in the middle of the ford than to drown yourself, (completely.)

ATH, á, *n. f.* a kiln; *air son mo chuidse do'n ghrán gabhadh an áth (áith) teime,* for my part of the grain, I will let the kiln take fire.

ATH, á, *a.* next, the next; an *ath uair,* the next time; 'san *ath dhorus,* in the next door; 'san *ath mhiosa,* in the next month; *v.* blush, flush; *ua seoid nach athadh an cruadail,* the heroes that would not flinch in time of danger; a prefix, signifying a second time.

ATHACH, á'-ách, *n. m.* a giant, famhair; *a.* bashful, blushing; *duine athach,* a person easily abashed.

ATHAILT, á'-áilty', *n. m.* a scar, mark; fail, sliochd.

ATHADH, á'-á, *n. m.* and *p.* a daunt, blush; *duine gun náire gun athadh,* a man without shame or confusion of face.

ATHAIR, á'-hyur', *n. m.* a father, an ancestor, *athair mhort,* parricide, murdering one's father.

ATHAIRAINMACH, á'-hyur'-én'-um-ach, *a.* patronymical, *H. S.*

ATHAIR CEILE, ár'-káil'-á, *n. m.* father-in-law.

ATHAIRGALACHD, á'-ur'-al-áchg, *n. f.* fatherliness, affectionateness, humanity, kindness.

ATHAIREIL, á'-ur'-al, *a.* fatherly, paternal.

ATHAIRICH, á'-ur'-éich, *v.* father, adopt.

ATHAIRLUS, á'-ur'-lús, *n. f.* ground ivy.

ATHAIRMHORT, á'-ur'-vhört, *n. m.* parricide.

ATHAIRMHORTACH, á'-ur'-vhört-ách, *a.* parricidal.

ATHAIRMORTAIR, á'-ur'-vhört'-ar', *n. m.* one that kills his father, parricide.

ATHAIRTHALMHAIN. See Cairthalmhainn, yarrow, milfoil.

ATHAIS, á'-ésh, *n. f.* leisure, ease, rest; opportunity; *air t' athais,* do at leisure, stop; a cheud athais a bhios orm, the first leisure I get, the first opportunity.

ATHAISEACH, á'-ésh-ach, *a.* slow, tardy, dilatory, leisurely.

ATHAISEACHD, á'-ésh-áchg, *n. f.* slowness, tardiness, dilatoriness, sluggishness, laziness.

ATHAISICH, á'-ésh-éich, *v.* get calmer; abate, as rain; get ease.

ATHAR, á'-ur, *n. m.* the evil effects or consequence of any thing; *bithidh tu an athar sin ri d' bhead,* you shall feel the evil effects of that during your life-time; *athar 'na griobhaich,* (grév-ách), the dregs or evil effects of the measles; athar óil,* the dregs of a debauch, or drink; *athar na deilginnich,† effects or dregs of the herpes or shingles.*

* In Skye, griobhlach, (grúl'-ach); in Invern. griobhrach, (grúr'-ách); in Kintyre, griobhach is pronounced gréff-ach, in many other parts of Argyle gruff and gra'-ach, —all derived from griobh.

† In Skye, pioeas; *Lw.* boiceannach; in

ATHAR, á-'hur, *n. m.* the air, atmosphere, the firmament; agus rinn Dia an t-athar, and God made the firmament; tha 'n t-athar doreha, the atmosphere is dark or hazy.

ATHARAIL, á-'hur-al, *a.* atmospheric, ethereal, relating to the air.

ATHAR AMHARC, á-'hur-áv'-urk, *n. m.* Aëroscopy, the observation of the air.

ATHAR EOLAS, á-'hur-éol'-us, *n. m.* Aëromancy, the art of divining by the air.

ATHAR IUL, á-'hur-éul, Aërology.

ATHARLA, á-'hur-la, *n. f.* a heifer, a quey. *P.*

ATHAR MHEIDI, á-'hur-vhé'-yh', *n. f.* a barometer.

ATHARRACH, á-'ur-ach, *a.* droll. *H.*

ATHARRACH, á-'ur-ach, *n. m.* alternative, change, alteration; another; cha 'n 'eil atharrach agad r' a dheanadh, you have no alternative; cha 'n 'eil math 'na atharrach, there is no good in a change; cha d' thàinig atharrach riamh, another never came; cha 'n emaithean atharraich th' air 'aire, it is not the interest of another he has in view.

ATHARRACHADH, á-'urr-äch, *n. m.* change, removal, alteration; atharrachadh giùlain, an opposite line of conduct; 's mòr an t-atharrachadh a thàinig air, there is a great change on him; *p.* changing, moving.

ATHARRAICH, á-'urr-éch, *v.* change, alter, translate, move, make an alteration; dh'atharraich iad an aodaich, they changed their garments or clothes; a shaor is a dh' atharraich sinn, that delivered and translated us, *B. A.*; atharraichte, changed, translated.

ATHARRACHAIL, á-'urr-äch-àil, *a.* changeable, changing, unsteady, given to change.

ATHARTHOMHAS, á-'urr-hov'-us, *n. m.* Aërometry; tomhas an athair.

ATHBHACH, á-'vach, *n. m.* strength. *Arm.*

ATHBHEACHD, á-'vhech, *n. m.* retrospect, a second thought, an after-thought, reconsideration, consideration.

ATHBHEACHDAICH, á-'vhech'-éeh, *v.* look steadfastly, a second time; reconsider.

ATHBHEOETHAICH, á-'vhyó'-éch, *v.* revive, refresh, re-animate, quicken; rekindle; athbheoethaich an gealbhan, rekindle the fire.

ATHBHEOTHACHADH, á-'vhyó'-äch-à, *n. m.* reviving, rekindling; reanimation; *p.* refreshing, reanimating, rekindling.

Bute, Cow. and L. Side, breac-bhoiceannach; in many other places, peigidh; Lochaber, breac-otrach.

ATHBHEOTHACHAIL, á-'vhyó'-äch-al, *a.* refreshing, causing to revive.

ATHBHUIOCHD, á-'vhlyóeh, *n. m.* second month after calving; dhaircadh as a h-athbhliochd a' bhò, the cow was lined the second month after calving.

ATHABHEITH, á-'vrá, regeneration; gus am bi thu air t' athbhreith, till you are regenerated or born again.

ATHBHAIATHAR, á-'vré-àr, *n. m.* a repetition, tautology, saying the same thing twice.

ATHBHAIATHACH, a-vréär'-ach, *a.* tautological, repeating the same thing. *H.*

ATHBHREATHRACHAS, á-'vréär'-äch-us, *n. m.* tautology, repetition.

ATHBHRIATHRAICHE, á-'vréär'-éch-à, *n. m.* a tautologist, one saying the same thing twice.

ATHBHROSACHADH, á-'vros'-näch-à, *n. m.* rallying or re-inspiring with courage, *H.*

ATHBHROSNAICH, á-'vros'-nnéch, *v.* re-inspire, re-encourage, resume courage.

ATHBHUAL, á-'vhuäl', *v.* re-strike, strike again, re-thrash; com' nach d' athbual thu do shleagh, why did you not strike again your shield? *Oss. Ar.*

ATHBHUALADH, á-'vhuäl'-à, *n. m.* repercussion; *p.* striking or thrashing a second time.

ATHBHUAXNAICH, á-'vüän'-néch, *v.* regain, recover, gain a second time.

ATHBHUIDHINN, á-'vü-hënn', *v.* regain, recover, retrieve, repossess, gain a second time; *n. m.* a second gaining or retrieving.

ATHCHAGAINN, á-'chägg'-ënn, *v.* chew, or ruminate a second time. *H.*

ATHCHAGNADH, á-'chägg'-nà, *n. m.* rumination, chewing again, chewing the cud again.

ATHCHAIRICH, á-'chür'-éch, *v.* re-mend.

ATHCHAITHTE, á-'chäé'-tyä, *p.* greatly worn out.

ATHCHAS, á-'chäs', *v.* retwist, retwine.

ATHCHEANNAICH, á-'chyann'-éch, *v.* repurchase, redeem; ag athcheannach na h-aimsir, redeeming the time. *Bible.*

ATHCHEANGAL, á-'chyé'-al, or chéng-al, *n. m.* rebinding, renewal of an agreement.

ATHCHEANGAIL, á-'ché'-èl, or cheng-èl, *v.* rebind, bind again, renew an agreement.

ATHCHEANNSAICH, á-'chyänn'-sséch, *v.* reconquer, subdue a second time; retrieve.

ATHCHEASNAICH, á-'chyäs'-nnéch, *v.* re-examine, examine or interrogate again.

ATHCHEASNACHADH, á-'chyäs'-näch-à, *v.* re-examination; *p.* re-examining.

ATHCHEUMAICH, á-'chyäm'-éch, *v.* retrace, repace, pace a second time. *II*

ATHCHEUMNACHADH, á'-chyâm-näch-Á, *n. m.* retracing; recapitulating.

ATHCHLAON, á'-chláon', *v.* relapse into error, deviate a second time.

ATHCHLAONADH, á'-chláon'-Á, *n. m.* relapsing into error, a second deviation.

ATHCHOG, a-chög', *v.* rebel. *M.*

ATHCHOISICH, á'-chösh'-éch, *v.* travel again, retrace, repass.

ATHCHOMAIN, a-chóm'-an', *n. f.* a second obligation; recompense, retaliation, requital. *D. D.*

ATHCHOMHAIRLE, á'-chöiv'-url'-á, *n. f.* a second thought, a second advice.

ATHCHOMHAIRLICH, á'-chov'-url'-éch, *v.* re-advise, re-admonish.

ATHCHOMHAIRLICHE, á'-chöiv'-url'-éch-tyá, re-advised, re-admonished.

ATHCHOSTUS, á'-chöst'-us, *n. m.* after-cost.

ATHCHRONAICH, á'-chrón'-éch, *v.* rebuke a second time.

ATHCHRUINNICH, á'-chrüén'-nyéch, *v.* re-gather, re-assemble, re-unite, rally as an army.

ATHCHRUINNICHTE, á'-chrüén'-nyécht-tyá, *p.* re-assembled, gathered again, rallied.

ATHCHRUTH, á'-chrü', *n. f.* change of form or appearance, transformation.

ATHCHRUTHACHADH, á'-chrü'-äch-Á, *n. m.* regeneration, transformation; *p.* recreating, regenerating, transforming.

ATHCHRUTHAICH, á'-chru'-éch, *v.* recreate, transform, regenerate.

ATHCHUIMNE, á'-chüév'-nyá, *n. f.* recollection, remembrance.

ATHCHUIMNICH, á'-chüév'-nyéch, *v.* recollect, remember, put in mind a second time.

ATHCUMIRICH, á'-chüém'-ér'-éch, *v.* pare a second time, pare minutely.

ATHCHUM, á'-chüm', *v.* shape a second time; keep a second time. *D.*

ATHCHUMADH, á'-chum'-Á, *n. f.* transformation; *p.* transform, reshape. *B.*

ATHCHUNN, á'-chunn', *v.* reshape, shape anew; transform. *Istay.*

ATHDHEALBH, á'-yhyäl'-uv, *v.* transform.

ATHDHEALBHADH, á'-yhyäl'-uv-Á, *n. m.* transformation, changing the shape. *H.*

ATHDHEANADACH, á'-yhen'-ad-ách, *a.* itinerant, circumlocutory. *H.*

ATHDHIOGHAIL, á'-yhyél'-él, *v.* retaliate, revenge, recompense evil for evil.

ATHDHIOGHLADH, á'-yhyél'-lÁ, *n. m.* retaliation, retribution, evil for evil; *p.* revenge a second time.

ATHDHIOGHALTACH, á'-yhyél'-tach, *a.* revengeful, vindictive; retributive.

ATHDHIOL, á'-yhyél', *v.* repay.

ATHDHIOLADH, á'-yhyél'-Á, *n. m.* requital.

ATHDHUIN, á'-yhyón', *v.* reshut.

ATHDHUID, á'-yhyón', *v.* reshut.

ATHDHUBLACHADH, á'-yhyúb'-läch-Á, *n. m.* redoubling, reduplication.

ATHDHUBLAICH, á'-ghüb'-läch, *v.* redouble.

ATHFHAS, á'-ás, *n. m.* aftergrowth.

ATHFHUARAICH, á'-üär'-éch, *v.* recool.

ATHFHUASGLADH, á'-üäsg'-lÁ, *n. m.* releasing or untying a second time; ransom.

ATHGHAMHNACH, á'-ghäv'-näch, *n. f.* a cow two years without a calf. *H. S.*

ATHGHIN, á'-ghén, *v.* regenerate, produce a second time.

ATHGHINEUMBINN, á'-ghén'-uv-én, *n. f.* regeneration, reproduction. *H.*

ATHGHLAC, a-ghlächg', *v.* retake, apprehend a second time.

ATHGHLAN, á'-ghlän, *v.* recleanse, polish, purify; *athghlanta*, recleansed.

ATHGHOIRRID, á'-ghaörr-éj, *n. f.* a short road, way, or method; *a.* short-tempered; *tha e athghaörrid*, he is short-tempered.

ATHIARR, á'-ärr, *v.* seek or search a second time.

ATHIARRTAS, á'-ärr-tas, *n. m.* a repetition in prayer; a second searching or seeking. *B.*

ATHLATHACHADH, á'-lä-äch-Á, *n. m.* procrastinating; procrastination; *athlathaich*, procrastinate. *H. S.*

ATHLEAGH, á'-lyaä, *v.* remelt.

ATHLEASACHADH, á'-lläs²-ach-Á, *n. m.* and *p.* reformation, amendment, *B.*; second dunging.

ATHLEASAICH, a-lläs²-éch, *v.* remind, reform, ameliorate, correct, re-dung.

ATHLOISG, á'-löeshg, *v.* re-burn.

ATHLORGAICH, á'-lörg'-éch, *v.* retrace.

ATHMHALAIRT, á'-vhäl'-ärt', re-exchange; *n. f.* a second exchange or bargain.

ATHNEARTACHADH, a-nnert'-äch-Á, *n. m.* re-strengthening, recruiting strength, re-inforcing.

ATHNEARTAICH, á'-nnert'-éch, *v.* re-strengthen, recruit, get new strength.

ATHNUADHACHADH, á'-nūä'-äch-Á, *n. m.* re-novation, renewal; *tre athnuadhach* bhur n-inntinn, by the renewing of your minds.

ATHNUADHAICH, á'-nnūä'-éch, *v.* renew; air chor a's gu'n athnuadhvichear t-öige, so that thy youth is renewed. *B. H.*

ATHTHILL, á'-hyell, *v.* return. *B.*

ATHREITICH, á'-rrä-tyéch, *v.* disentangle.

ATHROINN, á'-rraöén, *v.* subdivide.

ATHSGRIBH, á'-skrēv', *v.* transcribe, copy; *a dl' athsgriobh* daoine Heseclah righ Iüda, which the men of Heseclah king of Judah copied.

ATHSGRIBHADAIR, á'-skrēv'-ä-dar', *n. m.* a transcriber, one that copies.

ATHSGRIBHADH, á'-skrēv'-Á, *n. m.* a transcript, a copy; *p.* transcribing.

ATHSHEALBHACHADH, a-hyál'-väch-*À*, *n. m.* re-inheriting, re-possessing.
 ATHSHEALBHACH, a-hyál'-vèch, *v.* re-inherit, re-possess.
 ATHSHEALL, a-hyáll', *v.* look again.
 ATHSHEALLADH, à-hyáll'-*À*, *n. m.* the second sight, retrospect.
 ATHSMAOINEACHADH, a-smāon'-äch-*À*, re-fection, meditation.
 ATHSMAOINICH, a-smāon'-èch, *v.* think again, meditate,—written *athsmaintich* also.
 ATHSTUIA, a-stùér', reconduct, steer again.
 ATHTHEOIDH, a-hyòé', *v.* warm, or slimmer again.
 ATHTHILL, a-hyèll', *v.* return, come back.
 ATHTHOG, à'-hòg, *v.* rebuild, lift again.
 ATHTHOISICH, a'-hòsh-èch, *v.* recommence.
 ATHTHROAICH, à'-hryòr-èch, *v.* reconduct.
 ATHTHUTSLICH, à'-hùèsh-lyèch, *v.* relapse.
 ATHTHUIT, à'-hùt', *v.* fall again, relapse.
 ATHURACHADH, à-ùr'-ach-*À*, *n. m.* refreshment; *p.* reviving, refreshing, renovating.
 ATHURAICH, à-ùr'-èch, *v.* refresh, revive; *athùraichte*, *refreshed*, *revived*, *renovated*.
 ATMHOIREACHD, àt'-vur'-ächg, *n. f.*; *at-mhoireachd* Iordain, *the swelling of Jordan*.
 ATMHOR, at'-vur, *a.* swelled, turgid.
 ATUINN, a'-ttènn, *n. m.* a palasado, a raft; *a.* wicket; *cachladh* cabharnach, *clisneach*, *cliseach*, *cliaibhneach*, *I. S. Sk. P. R.* The letters here refer to the places where *cliseach*, *cabarnach*, &c. are used.

B

B, the second letter of the Gaelic alphabet, *beath* or *beith*, the birch-tree; it has two sounds; one like *b* in English, as, *baile*, *a town*, *beò*, *alive*; the other aspirated, as, *bhuail*, *vvhùal* *mi*, *I struck*. *Bh* often forms a syllable of itself; as, *marbh*, *mar-uv*; *garbh*, *gär-uv*, but pronounced quick. The article *an* is changed uniformly in the *nom.* into *am*, before this letter; as, *am baile*, and not, *an baile*.
 B', for *bu*; used before an initial vowel, or *f* aspirated; as, *b' fhearr leam*, *I would prefer*; *b' uamhasach an latha*, *terrible was the day*; *b' eòlach mise air*, *I was well acquainted with him*; *well did I know him*.
 BA! BA! bà bà, *int.* a lullaby; *bà! bà!* *mo leanabh*, *sleep*, *sleep, my child*.
 BA, bà, *n. f. pl.* cows, kine.

BA, bà, *a.* foolish, simple. *Lw.*
 BAB, báb, *n. m.* a child's excrement; hence *abab*; some parts of Perthshire, *biob*; dean do *bhab*.
 BABAG, bág'-äg, *n. f.* a filthy female; con-founded sometimes with *pabag*, a tassel.
 BABACH, báb'-äch, *a.* filthy, abominable.
 BABACHD, báb'-ächg, *n. f.* filthiness, abomination.
 BABBAN, habb'-an, *n. m.* a bobin. (Scotch.)
 BABHN, bäv'-ud, *n. m.* a surmise, a rumour.
 BABHDACH, bäv'-ud-äch, *a.* spreading a surmise or rumour.
 BABHDAIRE, bäv'-ud-är', *a.* a surmiser. *Is.*
 BABHDAIREACHD, bäv'-ud-är'-ächg, *n. f.* spreading rumours.
 BABHAID, bäv'-èj, *n. f.* a tassel. *Ar.*
 BABHAIDEACH, bäv'-aj-ach, *a.* tufted.
 BABHSGANNTA, bäv'-ask-annt-ä, *a.* boastful blustering, but easily frightened.
 BABHSGANNTACHD, bäv'-ask-ännt-ächg, *n. f.* cowardice; fright from false alarm.
 BABHUNN, bäv'-unn, *n. m.* bulwark, rampart; *brisidh iad a bábhuinn*, *they shall break her bulwarks*, *Bible*; *thugaibh fainear a bábhatnn bhreagh*, *mark ye her beautiful bulwarks*; *a fold*. *Ps.*
 BABHUNNACH, bäv'-unn-ach, *a.* well fenced with bulwarks, secure.
 BAC, bächg, *v.* hinder, restrain, obstruct; forbid; *na bac e*, *do not hinder him*.
 BAC, bächg, *n. m.* the fulcrum of an oar, *H.*; a sand bank, (Coll.); the notch of a spindle; *bac an righe*, *the bend of the arm*; *bac na h-easgaid*, *the hough*; *bac mòna*, *a peat-pit*; *bac na h-achlais*, *the arm-pit*; *bac a chruachainn*, *the hannah*.
 BACACH, bächg'-äch, *a.* lame, cripple.
 BACADH, bachg'-*À*, *p.* hindering, restraining.
 BACAG, bächg'-äg, *n. f.* a trip; *cuir cas bhacaig air*, *trip him*.
 BACAICHE, bächg'-èch-ä, *n. f.* lameness.
 BACAICHEAD, bächg'-èch-ud, *n. f.* degree of lameness, lameness.
 BACAIL, bächg'-al, *n. f.* a stop, hindrance, obstacle, interruption; *p.* stopping.
 BACAN, bächg'-an, *n. f.* a tether-stake, a hinge, *Arm.*; an *smeòrach air bacan*, *the mavis on a stake*. *Sg. Ar.*
 BACBHORD, bachg'-vhord, *n. m.* windward.
 BACH, bäch, *n. m.* drunkenness, *Md.*; *bach-thinneas*, *sickness occasioned by drinking*. *Md.*
 BACHALL, bäch'-äll, *n. f.* an old shoe, a slipper—a staff, a crosier. *Arm.*
 BACHLACH, bach'-lach, *a.* curled, in ringlets.
 BACHLAG, bäch'-läg, *n. f.* a shoot or blade, as that of lint, turnip, &c.

BACHOID, bäch'-áj, *n. f.* the boss of a shield.
 BAELAMH, bachg'-llav, *m. n.* hand-cuff.
 BACRACH, bachg'-rach, *n. m.* the name of a Druid that foretold the birth of our Saviour. *Armstrong.*
 BAD, bád, *n. m.* a tuft, a bunch, a cluster; a grove, clump, thicket; a flock; *bad coille, a clump of trees; gabhaidh sibh bad, you shall take a cluster, Bible;* a ragged garment; North, a plain, a spot; *v.* cut a tuft here and there; prune.
 BAG, bág, *a.* a bag, (teutonic,) a big belly.
 BAGAIÐ, bág'-áj, *n. f.* a corpulent female, *Is;* in the Bible, a cluster; *baguidean* searbh, *sour clusters.*
 BAGAIDEACH, bag'-aj, *a.* corpulent; clustered, full of clusters.
 BAGAILT, bág'-áilt, *n. f.* a cluster.
 BAGAIR, bag'-ur', *v. n.* threaten, denounce evil, terrify, appear like; *tha e bagairt an uisge, it appears like rain.*
 BAGAIRE, bág'-ur'-á, *n. m.* a corpulent man.
 BAGAIRT, bag'-áirt', *n. m.* a threat; *p.* threatening, denouncing; *cha d' théid plást air bagairt, no plaster is applied to a threat. M. In.*
 BAGANNTA, bag'-annt-a, *a.* corpulent, *b.*
 BANGANNTACHD, bág'-annt-achg, *n. f.* corpulency.
 BAGARRACH, bág'-urt-äch, *a.* prone to threaten, threatening, denouncing evil.
 BAGARRACHD, bág'-urt-achg, *n. f.* a habit of threatening, denouncing evil.
 BAGH, bá, *n. m.* a bay. *D.*
 BAGRADH, bág'-rā, *n. m.* a threat; *p.* threatening, denouncing evil.
 BAIBEIL, bi'-bal, *a.* terrible, enormous.
 BAIBH, biv, *n. m.* a terrible sight; an incredible thing; a fairy, a goblin.
 BAIBHEALACHD, biv'-ál-achg, *n. f.* enormousness, terribleness; exaggeration.
 BAIBHEIL, bi'-val, and baö'-val, *a.* incredible, enormous, terrible, exaggerated; *pris bhaibheil, an exorbitant price.*
 BAIDEAL, báj'-áll, *n. m.* a pillar of cloud, a cloud, *Is;* *baideal neòil, a pillar of cloud, Ps.;* a tower; *mo bhaideal ard, my high tower. Sm. A.*
 BAIDEALACH, báj'-all-ach, *a.* like a pillar, a tower; full of pillars of clouds.
 BAIDH, bí, *n. f.* a wave. *Irish.*
 BAIDREACH, báj'-rach, *a.* ragged; *n. f.* a ragged garment; *n. c.* a ragged person.
 BAIDSE, báj'-shá, *n. m.* a musician's fee at a country wedding. *N. Highlands.*
 BAIDSE, bèj'-shá, *n. f.* a voyage; an enormous load or cargo. *W. H.*
 BAIDSIRE, bèj'-shér-á, *n. m.* a voyager, an adventurer.

BAIDSIREACHD, bèj'-shér-achg, *n. f.* adventuring, cruising, sea-faring life.
 BAIGEAR, beg'-ar', *c. n.* a beggar, a mendicant, a pauper,—Teutonic. The Teutonic and Gaelic are the same. *Murray.*
 BAIGEARACHD, beg'-ar'-achg, *n. f.* begging, beggary. pauperism; indigence; begging; pleading.
 BAIGH, bàe or bi-yh', *n. f.* attachment, fondness, partiality, affection; *dh'fhebraich i le bàigh, she inquired affectionately; is mòr a bhaigh ris, great is his partiality for him. O. A.*
 BAIGHACH, bi'-äch, *a.* kind; *n. m.* a favourite.
 BAIGHEALACHD, bi'-all-achg, *n. f.* favour, partiality, kindness; benignity, fondness.
 BAIGHEIL, bi'-yhal, *a.* favourable; *bha thusa baigheil, thou hast been favourable, B.;* in Islay more frequently *sbaigheil.*
 BAIL, bàl, *n. f.* economy; the allowance in a mill to the poor. *Arm.*
 BAILBHE, bal'-uv-á, *n. f.* dumbness, muteness; deg. more or most mute or dumb.
 BAILBHEAG, bal'-uv-ag, *n. f.* poppy. *N.*
 BAILC, bàik, *n. f.* seasonable rain; genial showers, *Is;* a shower that comes suddenly.
 BAILCEACH, bàik'-äch, *a.* in seasonable showers—a strong robust man. *Irish.*
 BAILE, bá'-llá, *n. m.* a town; a village; *baile mòr, a city; baile bhòid, Rosshay, the town of Bute, lit; baile-marguidh, a market-town; baile-puirt, a sea-port town; home; am bheil t' athair aig baile, is your father at home? chaidh e o'n (bho 'n or as) bhaile, he went from home; am baile ad thall, yonder town; the town or village opposite; fear a bhaile, the gentleman or proprietor of the farm or village; a farm; tha baile aige, he has a whole farm; pl. bailte and bailtean; leig thusa bailtean treuna, thou hast thrown down mighty cities.*
 BAILEACH, bá'-l-ach, economical, *Arm.;* also used for buileach; "glanaidh e gu ro bhaileach," he will purge thoroughly. See Matthew. Dr. Smith, the king of Gaelic scholars, uses this word properly. Na tréig mi gu buileach, do not forsake me utterly; also, cha bhuain thu gu buileach, thou shalt not wholly reap. *B.*
 BAILGEANN, bal'-ég-unn, *a.* pie-bald, spotted, white-bellied; sometimes *bailgfhionn.*
 BAILISDEIR, bal'-eshj-ar', *n. m.* a babbler.
 BAILIDH, bá'-llyé, *n. m.* a magistrate. *Fr. Sc.*

- BAILIDHEACHD**, bá'-llyé-achg, *n. f.* magistracy.
- BAILTEACHAS**, báil'-tyach-us, *n. f.* planting towns; colonizing. *M. L.*
- BAINAN**, bán'-uv, *n. f.* a young pig; tha mhuc a teannadh ri bainbhídhleachd, *the sow is about pigging. Armstrong.*
- BAINNE**, bà-nyá, *n. f.* paleness, whiteness; deg. more or most pale or white.
- BAINNEASG**, ban'-ásk, *n. f.* a ferret, (*Peir-eid*,) *Ir.*
- BAINIDH**, bán'-é, and -éeh, *n. f.* fury, rage; tha cair bànaidh, *he is raging, he is quite furious. See lair bhàn.*
- BAINISG**, ban'-tshg, *n. f.* a little old woman. *Arm.*
- BAINNE**, bán'-nyá, *n. m.* milk; a drop; gach bainne, *every drop*; cha 'n eil bainne agam, *I have not a drop*; crodh bainne, *milk cattle*; bò bhainne, *a milk-cow*; bainne milis, *sweet milk*; bainne nùis, *biestings*; bainne binndichte, *curdled milk*; bainne lom, *skimmed milk*; bainne goirt na blàthach, *butter milk*; agus ghabh e im agus bainne, *and he took butter and milk. B.*
- BAINNEACH**, bán'-nyach, *a.* milky, lacteal.
- BAINNEACHAS**, bán'-nyäch-us, *n. m.* milkiness. *H.*
- BAINNEAR**, bán'-nyur', *a.* milky; *n. f.* fold for milking sheep, &c. *Lw.*
- BAINNEARDAICH**, bán'-ärt'-éeh, *n. m.* lazy, drops of rain falling now and then.
- BAINNSE**, bén'-shá, *gen.* of banais.
- BAINNSEACHAS**, bén'-shách-us, *n. f.* feasting at weddings; banquetting.
- BAINSECH**, bén'-shéeh, *v.* waste. *B. G.*
- BAINTIGHEARNA**, benj'-tyurn-á, *n. f.* a proprietor's lady; a lady.
- BAINTIGHEARNAS**, benj'-tyurn-us, *n. m.* the rule or sway of a lady; petticoat government. *M. L.*
- BAINTIGHEARNACHD**, bén'-tyurn-achg, *n. f.* ladyship.
- BAINTREACH**, benj'-ryach, *n. c.* a widow, a widower; is baintreach e, *he is a widow*; is baintreach i, *she is a widow*; pronounced in various places ban-trach, and benj'-ryach, and written often ban-trach, (*bandhireach-dibhireach, a forsaken person.*)
- BAIR**, báir', *n. f.* gaol; ràinig iad a bhàir, *they reached the gaol*; game at shinty; bhuidhinn iad báir, *they won a game*; strife. *M. L.*
- BAIRCINN**, báir'-kènn, *n. m.* side timbers for a house, *A.*; taobhain, *W. H.*
- BAIRD**, báirj, *n. m.* poets.—North, parks, fences.
- BAIRICH**, báir'-éeh, *n. f.* lowing of cattle.
- BAIRIG**, báir'-ég, *v.* bestow. *N.*
- BAIRLINN**, báir'-lyènn, *n. f.* summons of removal; an enormous wave.
- BAIRLINNICH**, *v.* serve with summons of removal.
- BAIRNEACH**, báir'-nyach, *n. f.* a limpet.
- BAIRNEACHD**, báir'-nyächg, *n. f.* judgment. *Ir.*
- BAIST**, *v.* báisht, *v.* baptize; baiste, baptized.
- BAISTEACH**, báshj'-ach, *n. c.* a baptist; *a.* baptismal, relating to baptism.
- BAISTEADH**, bash'-á, *n. m.* baptism; *p.* baptizing; 'ga bhaisteadh, *baptizing him.*
- BAITE**, bá'-tyá, *p.* drowned; quenched, extinguished; (*fig.*) overwhelmed; tha m' anam baite, *gu cráiteach ann am ehom, my soul is overwhelmed grievously within me. Ps. H.*
- BAITH**, bácheh, *n. f.* a lure, a decoy.
- BALACH**, báil'-ach, *n. m.* a fellow, a boor, a young man; a boy.
- BALACHAIL**, bal'-ach-al, *a.* clownish.
- BALACHAN**, bal'-äch-án, *n. m.* a boy, a little boy.
- BALACHANAS**, báil'-äch-an-us, *n. m.* boyhood.
- BALBH**, báil'-uv, *a.* dumb, mute, quiet, still; bha mi balbh tosdach, *I was mute and silent, Ps.*; caoin mar balbh dhruichd mhaduinn shèimh, *mild as the still dew of placid morning. O.*
- BALBHACHD**, báil'-uv-ächg, *n. f.* dumbness.
- BALBHAN**, báil'-uv-án, *n. c.* a dumb person.
- BALBHANACHD**, báil'-uv-án-ächg, *n. f.* interpretation, or communication of ideas by signs, dumb show; ri balbhanachd, *communicating ideas by signs.*
- BALC**, báik, *n. m.* balk, land-mark. *L.*
- BALCACH**, báik'-ach, *a.* splay-footed. *H.*
- BALCANTA**, bálk'-ánt-á, *a.* stout; firm.
- BALGATR**, báil'-ug-ur', *a.* fox, *H.*; siønnach.
- BALL**, ball, *n. m.* a member; ann ad leabhar sgrìobhadh sìos mo bhuill uile, *in thy book all my members were written, Ps.*; a spot; ball dubh, *a black spot*; any part of dress; tha 'n deadh bhall aodaich agad an sin, *you have an excellent part of dress there*; a rope; ball cainib, *a hempen rope*; ball acrach, *a cable*; ball dòrbhain, *a mole on the skin*; ball bùird, *a butt*; ball fanaid, *ball spòrs, a laughing-stock*; ball seirc, *a beauty spot*; ball sinnsireachd, *any old article of family furniture, an heir-loom*; ball coise, *a foot-ball*; ball spèil, *a hand-ball*; ball chrith, *tremor, tremor of the limbs*; ball-dhearg, *bay-coloured, H.*; ball tamailt, *an object of disgrace or reproach*; ball-sgiath, *a bossy shield*; Fionnghal nam ball sgiath, *Fingal of the bossy shield, Oss. A.*; ball-sampull, *an example. B.*

BALLA, ball'-a, *n. m.* a wall, a fence.
 BALLACH, bäll'-ach, *n. m.* spotted, speckled;
 laogh ballach, a spotted or speckled calf.
 BALLAIRE, bäll'-ur'-ä, *n. m.* a cormorant. *N.*
 BALLAN, bäll'-an, *n. m.* a teat; ballan na
 boine, the cow's teat; a tub, a vessel;
 ballan binndeachaidh, a cheese vat (fiodh-
 an), *H.*; ballan stiallach, a sort of pillory
 used of old in the Highlands; air ballan
 stiallach 'g ad sparradh, fastening thee to
 the pillory. *Arm.*
 BALLART, ball'-ärt, *n. m.* noise, fuss about
 one's family.
 BALLARTACH, ball'-ärt'-äch, *a.* boastful.
 BALT, bältt, *n. m.* the welt of a shoe; bor-
 der, belt; *pl.* built, baltan.
 BALTACH, bält'-ach, *a.* bordered, belted.
 BAN, ban, the *gen. plu.* of bean, a woman;
 b' ionanntach do ghrádh dhomhsa, a'
 toirt barrachd air grádh nam ban, thy
 love to me was wonderful, surpassing the
 love of women. *B.*
 BAN, bann, *a.* pale, wan, white, fair-hair-
 ed; n' ís báine, father, &c.; *n. m.* left
 hand side of a furrow, in ploughing.
 BAN, a prefix in compounds; bän before
 f aspirated, ban and bana in other in-
 stances; as, banfháidh, a prophetess;
 banacharaid, a female friend.
 BANABA, bänn-ab'-ä, *n. f.* an abbess.
 BANABHARAN, bann-a-vhar'-un, *n. f.* a ba-
 roness.
 BANABHARD, bänn'-a-vhárd, *n. f.* a poetess.
 BANACHADH, bän'-äch-ä, *n. m.* and *p.*
 whitening, growing pale or wan.
 BANACHARAD, bän'-a-chär'-ej, *n. f.* a fe-
 male friend, a female relation.
 BANACHEARD, ban'-a-chyárd', *n. f.* a gipsy,
 a tinker's wife.
 BANACHEILEADAIR, ban'-a-chyäl²-a-där',
n. f. an executrix, a female guardian.
 BANACHIOBAIR, ban'-a-chëbb-ar', *n. f.* a
 shepherdess.
 BANACHOIGREACH, bän-ä-chüëg-ryäch, *n.*
f. a female stranger.
 BANACHOMPANACH, bän'-a-chömp-an-ach,
n. f. a female companion.
 BANACHOMPANAS, bän'-a-chomp-an-us, *n.*
m. female companionship.
 BANACHRUITEAR, bän'-a-chrüt'-tyär', *n. f.*
 a female harper, a female minstrel.
 BANACHUISLEANAICHE, bän-a-chüsh'-lyan'-
 ech-ä, *n. f.* a female performer on a wind
 instrument.
 BANACHURADAIR, ban-a-chür'-a-där', *n. f.*
 an executrix, a female guardian.
 BANADHALTRANNACH, bann-a-ö'allt-runn-
 äch, *n. f.* an adulteress.
 BANAG, bän'-äg, *n. f.* a gríse, gealag.
 BANAGHAISGE, ban-a-ghäsg'-ä, *n. f.* surpris-
 ing feats or exploits of a female.
 BANAGHAISGEACH, bän'-a-ghäshg-äch, *n. f.*
 a heroine, an amazon, female warrior.

BANAGHOISTIDH, ban'-a-ghösh-të, *n. f.* a
 god-mother.
 BANAGHRUDAIR, ban'-a-ghrù-'dur', *n. f.*
 the landlady of an inn; a female brew-
 er, a hostess; cagar na banaghrudair, the
 ale-wife's whisper soon turns loud. *A.*
 BANAIBHISTEAR, bann-iv'-ësh-tär', *n. f.* a
 she-devil, a fury, a virago.
 BANAICH, bän'-ëch, *v.* to whiten, grow pale.
 BANAIL, bän'-al, *a.* modest, feminine, be-
 coming a female, comely.
 BANAIS, bän'-ësh, *n. f.* a wedding; fear
 na bainnse, the bridegroom; bean na
 bainnse; *gen.* bainnse.
 BANALACHD, bän'-äl'-ächg, *n. f.* modesty,
 behaviour becoming a female.
 BANALTRACHD, bän'-ält-rrächg, *n. f.* nurs-
 ing, fostering, cajoling, the business of a
 nurse; mach air bhanaltrachd, out a
 nursing.
 BANALTRADH, bän'-allt-traö, *n. f.* a nurse.
 BANALTRAICH, bän'-ält-rrëch, *v.* nurse.
 BANALTRUIM, bän'-ält-rüëm, *v.* nurse.
 BANALTRUM, bän'-allt-rum, *n. f.* a nurse.
 BANALTRUMAS, bän'-ält-rum-us, *n. f.* nurs-
 ing; cajoling.
 BANAMHAIGHSTIR, ban'-a-vhäsh-tyur', *n.*
f. a mistress; a schoolmistress.
 BANAMHAIGHSTIREAS, ban-ä-vhäsh-tyur'-
 us, the rule or sway of a mistress.
 BANMHARCAICHE, bän-ä-vhärk'-ëch-ä, *n.*
f. a female rider.
 BANAMHARCAS, bän-ä-vhärk'-us, *n. f.* a
 marchioness.
 BANAMHARSONTA, bann'-a-vhär-sunt-ä, *n.*
f. a female merchant.
 BANAMHOIREAR, ban'-a-vhoir-är', *n. f.* a
 noblewoman, the wife of a lord; ban must
 be prefixed almost in every case, when
 speaking of a female's country; ban-al-
 bannach, ban-sastunnach, ban-fhrang-
 ach, ban-dùidseach, a Scotswoman, an
 Englishwoman, a Frenchwoman, a Dutch-
 woman.
 BANAMHORTAIR, bann-a-vhört'-ar', *n. f.* a
 female that commits murder.
 BANAPHRIONNSA, bänn-a-frünn'-sä, *n. f.* a
 princess, a king's daughter.
 BANARACH, ban'-är'-äch, *n. f.* a dairy-maid.
 BANARACHAS, bän'-är'-äch-us, *n. f.* the of-
 fice of a dairy-maid or milk-maid.
 BANASTIGHE, bän-us-täë'-ë, *n. m.* house-
 wifery, female occupation.
 BANBH, bän'-uv, *n. m.* land unploughed
 for a year, an ancient name for Ireland.
 BANC, bänk, *n. m.* a balk, a bank. *Bib.*
 BANCHRUTHACH, bän'-chrù'-ach, *a.* pale,
 wan, pale-complexioned. *H.*
 BANDAIDH, bänd'-ë, *a.* modest, delicate,
 feminine.
 BANDIA, bän'-jëä, or dyëä, *n. f.* a goddess;
 ach mar an cendna gu cuirear teampull na
 bun-dë mòire Diana an neophris, but al-

that the temple of the great goddess Diana should be despised. Acts xix. 27.

BANDIABHOL, bann-jéā, or -dyēa'-val, *n. f.* a fury, a fiend of a female; a devil.

BANDIUCHD, bänn'-jüchg or -dyüchg, *n. f.* a dutchess, a duke's wife.

BANDRUIDH, bänn'-drüé, *n. f.* a sorceress.

BANFHUIDH, bänn'-äc, *n. f.* a prophetess; agus ghlac Miriam, a *bhanfháidh*, pluthar Aaroin tiompan 'na láimh, and Miriam, the prophetess, Aaron's sister, took a limbrei in her hand.

BANFHIGHEACH, a female weaver, pronounced benk-äch. *H. S.*

BANFHIOSAICHE, bann-ös'-éch-ä, *n. f.* a fortune-teller, a gipsy.

BANFHLATH, bänn'-hlä, *n. f.* a chief's lady.

BANFHUASGLACH, bän-üäs'-lach, *a. m.* menstrual; *bánfhuasgladh*, menstrual courses. *H. S.*

BANFHUAIGHICHE, bän'-üäc'-éch-ä, *n. f.* a sempstress, a milliner, a mantua-maker. *Is.*

BANFHUINEADAIR, bän-ün'-a-där, *n. f.* a female baker, a woman that bakes bread. *Bible.*

BANG, bäng, *n. f.* a drum; a' toirt fauin air banga, making a drum beat mysterly.

BANGAID, bäng'-äj, *n. f.* a feast at the christening of a child; a feast.

BANIARLA, bann'-cärl-ä, *n. f.* a countess.

BANIFRIONNACH, bänn'-f'-irunn-äch, *n. f.* a she-devil; a fury; a furious female, a virago.

BANLAOCH, bann-läoch', *n. f.* a heroine, an amazon, a virago.

BANLEIGH, bänn'-lläc'-yh', *n. f.* a female skilled in medicine.

BANLEOGHUNN, bänn'-lyö'-ghunn, *n. f.* a lioness.

BANLEOMHAN, bänn'-lyöv'-unn, *n. f.* a lioness.

BANLIGHICHE, bann-lic'-éch-ä, *n. f.* a female skilled in medicine.

BANN, bänn, *n. m.* a hinge; bann an doruis, the hinge of the door; a security; théid mise am bann-vibh dhuit, I can assure you, I will be bound; a chain, a tie, a bond, a cord; na boinn a b'aill leo iadhadh oirnn, the cords with which they would wish to surround us; a key-stone; cuir boinn anns a' bhalla, put key-stones in the wall; v. bind, tie, make firm with key-stones; balla air a dheadh bhannadh, a wall well secured with key-stones; bann-lámh, a hand-cuff; a manacle; bann duirn, a wrist-band; plu. boinn.

BANNAG, bänn'-äg, *n. f.* Christmas-eve, or the night before the 25th December; a present or treat given at Christmas.

BANNAL, bänn'-äll, a gang, a band, a troop;

a covey; bannal uchd ruadh, the red-breasted covey. *M. A.*

BANNALACH, bann'-all-ach, *a. in com-* panies, in troops, in gangs, in crowds.

BANNAOMH, bann'-növ, *n. f.* a female saint, a nun.

BANN CEIRDE, bann'-kürj-a, *n. m.* a deed of indenture. *H.*

BANNCHEANGAL, bänn'-che'-al, or cheng'-al, *n. m.* a bond, a cautionary bond. *H.*

BANNDALACH, bänn'-al-ach, *a. foppish.*

BANN DUERN, bann'-dür-én', *n. m.* wrist band.

BANNLAMH, bänd'-läv, *n. m.* a cubit, a hand-cuff, glas lámh.

BANNSHAON, bänn'-háor, *v. free*, license.

BANNTACH, bänn'-ttäch, *n. f.* a hinge, a bond or obligation.

BANNTAIR, bänn'-tar', a drawer of bonds.

BANN SEILBHE, bänn'-shyäl-uv, *n. m.* a deed of infetment; bann taisbeanaidh, a bail-bond.

BANOIDHRE, bann-äoér-ä, *n. f.* an heir-ess; *banoidhreachd*, an estate going to heirs female. *H.*

BANOGLACH, bän'-ög'-llach, *n. f.* a servant maid, a hand-maiden; searbhan.

BANRIDIRE, bänn'-rúj-ur'-ä, *n. f.* a baroness, the wife of a knight.

BANRIGH, bänn'-rē, a queen.

BANRIGHINN, bann'-rē'-ghënn, bär'-c'm, *n. f.* a queen.

BANSEALGAIR, bann-shyäl'-gar, *n. f.* a huntress.

BANSOLATRICE, bann-sol'-ar-éch-ä, *n. f.* a cateress.

BANSTUART, bann'-styü-art, *n. f.* a house-keeper, a stewardess.

BANTRACH, bann'-trach, *n. f.* a widow, a widower. *Prov.*

BANTRAIL, bann'-träil', *n. f.* a bond maid, a female slave, mean woman.

BANTUATHNACH, bann'-tuä-nach, *n. f.* a farmer's wife; a woman holding a farm.

BAOBACH, bú'-bach, *n. f.* panic; a terrible fright; a. panic-struck, terribly afraid; *n. f.* a female easily frightened.

BAOBAIRE, búb'-ur-ä, *n. m.* a panic-struck man, a man easily frightened.

BAOBH, or BAOIBH, báöv, and báov, *n. f.* a wicked mischievous female, a fury, a virago; cáineam is aoircam a bhaobh, a rinn an t-óran, let me satirise and lampoon the furious woman that made the song.

BAOBHACHD, báöv'-ächg, *n. f.* the conduct of a foolish woman.

BAODHAISTEACHADH, baö'-äsht-ach-ä, *n. m.* drenching and fatigue in bad weather.

BAODHAISTICH, baö'-äsht-éch, *v. drench*, give a miserable appearance; spoil one's clothes in bad weather. *Ids.*

BAOGAID, bāōg'-āj, *n. f.* a whim, caprice.
 BAOGAIDEACH, bāōg'-āj-ach, whimsical, capricious, odd, fanciful; *n. f.* a fanciful whimsical female.
 BAOGAIDEACHD, bāōg'-āj-ächg, *n. f.* whimsicality, fancifulness, oddity; capriciousness.
 BAUGH, bāō'-gh', *n. f.* a she-spirit.
 BAUGHAL, bāō'-all, *n. m.* danger, peril.
 BAUGHALACH, bāō'-äl-äch, *a.* dangerous, furious; destruction, dangerous, perilous, *b. Sh.*
 BAUIS, bāō'h, *n. f.* lust, lewdness, *b.*
 BAOISEACH, bāōsh'-ach, lewd, lustful.
 BAOIT, bāōt, *n. f.* a foolish, giddy female.
 BAOL, bāol, *n. m.* approximation, nearness in doing any thing; *v.* approach or come near doing any thing; *cha bhaol e air, it will not come near it.*
 BAOTH, bāoh, *a.* foolish, silly; *baoth bheus, immorality, folly; baoth chreidheamh, superstition; baoth shùgradh, foolish and profane jesting; baoth smaointinn, a foolish thought.*
 BARA, bār'-á, *n. m.* a barrow; *bara roth, a wheel barrow; bara laimhe, a hand barrow; a tumble, or inclination; chuir e bara dheth féin, he tumbled himself.*
 BARAIL, bār'-äl, *n. m.* opinion, belief, conjecture, supposition; *tha mi 'm barail, I suppose; ma 's math mo bharail'sa, if I judge aright; a réir mo bharail, to the best of my belief or judgment; dé do bharail, what do you think? what is your opinion? thoir dhomh do bharail, give me your opinion; tell me your sentiments about this matter; pl. baralaichean.*
 BARAISD, bār'-āshg, *n. f.* the herb borage.
 BARALACH, bār'-äl-äch, *a.* hypothetical, conjectural; *gen.* of barail.
 BARALACHADH, bār'-al-ach-ā, *p.* guessing, supposing, conjecturing.
 BARALAICH, bār'-al-éch, *v.* guess, suppose, conjecture.
 BARAN, bār'-un, *n. m.* a baron, a baronet.
 BARANACHD, bār'-un-ächg, *n. f.* a barony.
 BARANT, bār'-unt', *n. m.* a surety, or reliance; *is tu bu bharant dòchais dhomh, thou wast the surety of my hope or confidence. Ps.*
 BARANTACH, bār'-ant'-ach, *a.* confident, assured.
 BARANTAICH, bār'-ant-éch, *v.* warrant.
 BARANTAIL, bār'-ant-al, *a.* warrantable.
 BARANTAS, bār'-unt'-us, *n. m.* warrant, commission, power, authority; *barantas glacaidh, a warrant to secure or apprehend. Spanish, barrunto. Basque, barruntea.*

BARBAIR, bār'b'-ar', *n. m.* a barber. Lat. *barba*; French, *barbier*; Pers. *berber*.
 BARC, bār'k, *n. f.* a boat, a skiff; *chunnacas bare, a boat was seen, Ossian; v. rush, as water; muir mhòr a barcadh ma 'in cheann, a huge wave rushing on my head. H.*
 BARD, bārd', *n. m.* a poet, bard, a rhymist; *sheinn am bard, the bard sung; North, a dyke or fence; (Suth. sh.) a park, an inclosure.*
 BARDACHD, bārd'-ächg, *n. f.* ribaldry, poetry, satire; lampooning.
 BARDAIL, bārd'-al, *a.* satirical, poetical.
 BARDALACHD, bārd'-al-ächg, *n. f.* satire, ribaldry; unseemly language.
 BARDAINN, bārd'-én, *n. f.* summons of removal, (bairlinn.) *Per. shire.*
 BARGAIN, bārg'-ān', *n. f.* a bargain, a good pennyworth; *C. Br. bargin, French, Ital, &c. &c.*
 BARGAINICH, bārg'-an'-éch, *v.* bargain, buy.
 BARAIS, bār'-āsh, *n. m.* the ancient Gaelic name of Paris. *Arm.*
 BARLAG, bār'-llag, *n. f.* a rag, a tatter.
 BARLAGACH, bār'-llag-äch, *a.* ragged, tattered, full of rags or tatters.
 BARLUADH, bār'-lūā, *n. m.* a term in pipe music.
 BARP, bārp, *n. f.* a conical heap of stones; supposed to be memorials of the dead. *Skye.*
 BARR, bārr, *n. m.* crop; *tha 'n deadh bhàrr aca, they have an excellent crop; point, top, tip, end, extremity; bārr na snàthaid, the point, tip, or extremity of the needle; an sin chuir aingeal an tighearna a mach bārr a bhata, then the angel of the Lord put forth the end of the staff; excellence; thug sin bārr air na chualadh mi riamh, that exceeds or excels every thing I ever heard; a bhàrr air sin, besides, moreover; v. cut off the surface, crop, top; a' barradh na mòna, paring the peat moss; a' barradh a' bhuntata, cropping the potatoes; a' barradh nan craobh, pruning the trees; in Lu. cream; bārr a bhrisgin, silver weed, wild tansy.*
 BARRABHALL, bārr'-ā-vāll, *n. m.* bartizan, battlement; embrazure, obairdhion.
 BARRABHARD, bārr'-ā-vhārd, *n. m.* a chief poet; a poet laureate, a graduate in poetry.
 BARRABHORD, bārr'-ā-vhōrd, *n. m.* the deck of a vessel.
 BARRABHUIDH, bārr'-ā-vūē, *a.* yellow-topped, white-haired, fair-haired.
 BARRACAIDEACH, bārr'-ächg-āj-ach, *adj.* saucy.
 BARRACH, bārr'-ach, *n, m.* second tow; first tow, *bunnach*; third, *sgath*, (Scotch, *bairds*;) *a.* heaped; excessive. *H.*

BARRACHAOL, barr'-a-chaöl, *n. m.* a pyramid; *a. pyramidal, conical, tapering.*
 BARRACHD, barr'-ächg, *n. m.* more, surplus; *barrachd ortsa, more than you have; ma bhios barrachd agad, if you have any surplus or excess.*
 BARRACHDAIL, barr'-ächd-al, *a.* surpassing.
 BARRADHRIOPAIR, barr'-a-ghrèp-ur', *n. m.* a butler. *Irish.*
 BARRADH, barr'-ä, *n. m.* surface, cropping.
 BARRAIL, barr'-al, *a.* excellent. *M.*
 BARRAICHTE, barr'-ech-tyä, *p.* surpassing.
 BARRALL, barr'-äll, *n. m.* a shoe-tie. *Is.*
 BARRAN, barr'-än, *n. m.* any kind of coping on a fence; thorns, flags, &c.
 BARRFHIONN, barr'-unn, *a.* fair haired; written *barrunn*.
 BARRGHNIOMH, barr'-a-ghrèv, *n. m.* a work of supererogation, a transcendent exploit.
 BARRGHNIOMHACH, barr'-ghrèv-äch, *a.* superfluous.
 BARR-IAL, barr'-eäl', *n. m.* shoe tie. *B.*
 BARRMAIS, barr'-mäsh', *n. m.* a cornice.
 BARRMAISICH, barr'-mäsh'-éch, *v.* ornament.
 BAS, bäss, *n. f.* the palm of the hand; *buailibh bhur basaibh uile shluaigh, clap your hands all ye people, B; a spoke, a hollow. H.*
 BAS, häs, death; 's e rìgh nan namhas am bas, death is the king of terrors; cha 'n eagal bas ach ruaidh, death is no terror but defeat, O; faigh bas, die, starve; gheibh gach ni bas, every thing shall die.
 BASAICH, bas'-éch, *v.* die as a brute, starve; a ni sin a bhàsaicheas leis féin, that which dies of itself.
 BASAIL, bas'-al, *a.* mortal, deadly.
 BASALACHD, bas'-äl-ächd, *n. f.* mortality.
 BASARDAICH, bäss'-ard'-éch, *n. m.* clapping of hands of joy, acclamation, rejoicing.
 BASBAIRE, bas'-bur,-a, *n. m.* a fencer. *Ir.*
 BASCAID, bask'-äj, *n. f.* a basket; *Wel. basgad.*
 BASDAL, bäsd'-al, *n. f.* noise, glitter, merriment.
 BASDALACH, bäsd'-al-ach, *a.* cheering, gay; 'nuair thig an gloine basdalach, when the cheering glass comes round. *Mt.*
 BASDARD, bäsd'-ärd', *n. c.* basdard, *Teutonic.*
 BASGAIR, basg'-är', *n. f.* mournful, mournful clapping of hands.
 BASMHOR, bas'-vur, *a.* mortal, deadly, fatal, subject or liable to death.
 BASMHORACHD, bas'-vur-ächg, *n. f.* mortality, deadliness; fatality; air an aobh ar sin na rioghachadh am pceach ann bhur corp basmhor, therefore let not sin reign in your mortal body.

BASRAICH, bas'-rrech, *n. f.* mournful clapping of hands; is i a' basraich a' taomadh a h-osnaich air ceò, she wailing pouring her groanings on the mist.
 BATA, bat'-ä, *n. m.* a staff. *Teut. Fren.*
 BATA, bä'-ta, *n. f.* a boat; read always with a *mas. art.* in the *nom.*; am bata and not, a' bhata; stiuireadair a bhàta, the steersman or helmsman of the boat.
 BATAIL, bat'-äelt', *n. m.* a battle. *French.*
 BATAIL, bat'-ält', *n. f.* battle.
 BATAIR, bat'-ur', *n. f.* a cudgeller.
 BATH, bä, *v.* drown, quench, extinguish; bhàthadh e, he was drowned; bhàth i an gealbhan, she extinguished the fire, (by pouring water on it); bhàth e phathadh, he quenched his thirst.
 BATHADH, bä'-ä, *n. m.* a drowning, quenching, slaking, smothering, extinguishing.
 BATHACH, bä'-äch, *n. f.* cow-house, byre.
 BATHAIS, bä'-esh, *n. f.* forehead, front, impudence; nach ann aige a bha bathais, what impudence the fellow had.
 BATHAR, bä'-hur, *n. m.* merchandise, goods, wares; bathar òir agus airgid agus ehlach luachmhor, the merchandise of gold, and silver, and precious stones. *Rev.*
 BATHARBHORD, bä'-hur-vhòrd, *n. m.* a counter.
 BATHARNACH, bä'-ur-nach, *n. m.* a warehouse, a shop, a store-house.
 B'E for bu e; as, b'e sin iartras do ehiridhe, that was the desire of thine heart.
 BEACH, bech, *n. m.* a bee; chuartaich iad mi mar bheachaibh, they surrounded me as bees. *B.*
 BEACHACH, bech'-äch, *a.* waspish, abounding with bees.
 BEACHAID, bëch'-äj, *n. f.* a bee-hive. *Is.*
 BEACHAN, bech'-un, *n. m.* a wasp; beach-an each, a horse-fly.
 BEACHD, bechg, opinion, perception, idea, keen observation, judgment; distinct recollection; as a bheachd, out of his senses or judgment; ma 's math mo bheachdsu, if I have distinct conception or recollection; mòr na bheachd, having high ideas, or haughty; tha mi 'san aon bheachd, I am of the same opinion, I am still of the same opinion; aim or mark; geur slaigh-de laoich is ro-chinntiche beachd, the arrows of the hero of surest aim; am bheil beachd agad far (or fail) an d'fhàg thu e, have you a distinct recollection or perception of the place where you left it; gabh beachd air, pay particular attention, mark well; cha robh mi cho dorecha gun bheachd, I was not so ignorant and void of perception, O; air réir mo bheachdsu, in my opinion, or to the best of my opinion or recollection; cum sin ann do

bheachd, keep that steadily in view; 's e sin a bha 'm bheachd sa' an am, that is what I had in view at the time.—"Translating the Gaelic word for word is what spoils it." *Murray.*

BEACHDACHADH, bechd'-äch-X, *n. m.* meditation, contemplation; *p.* attentively and most minutely observing, paying the greatest attention; meditating, contemplating.

BEACHDAICH, bechg'-éch, *v.* attend, look steadfastly, perceive, observe; *cha bheachdaich stùil a h-àite, an eye cannot perceive or discern her place, S.;* review, criticise.

BEACHDAID, bechg'-äj, *n. f.* an observatory, a watch-tower.

BEACHDAIL, bechg'-al, *a.* keenly observant, attentive; sure in aim; *nach beachdail an t-stùil a th' aige, how keenly observant his eye is.*

BEACHDAIR, bechg'-urr, *n. m.* a keen observer, a reviewer or critic.

BEACHDAIREACHD, bech'-ar'-achg, *n. f.* criticising; reviewing.

BEACHDAIDH, bechg'-é, sure, certain, positive; *tha thu beachdaidh gu'm bi, you are quite certain it shall be so; gu bheachdaidh, most assuredly, most decidedly so.*

BEACHDALACHD, bechg'-äl-ächg, *n. f.* keenness and sureness of perception, great punctuality in observing, sureness of aim.

BEADACH, beud²-äch, *a.* impertinent, pert, petulant, pettish.

BEADACHD, beud²-ächg, *n. m.* impertinence, pertness, petulance; for *beadaidh-cachd.*

BEADAG, beud²-ag, *n. f.* a petulant female.

BEADAGAN, beud'-ä-gan, *n. m.* petulant man.

BEADAIDH, beud'-ag, *a.* impertinent, petulant, impertinent, pert, capricious, fastidious.

BEADAIR, beud'-ur, *v.* fondle, caress, indulge; cajole, coax.

BEADARRACH, beud'-urr-äch, *a.* fondled, caressed, spoiled as a child; fond of; pampered.

BEADRADH, beud'-rā, *n. m.* and *p.* fondling, toying, caressing; flirting; *a' beadradh r'a leannan, flirting with his sweetheart.*

BEAG, bëug, *a.* little; short; diminutive; disagreeable; trifling; *rud beag, a little thing; gnothuch beag, a trifling business or affair; duine beag, a diminutive person; ùine bheag, a short time; is beag orm thu, you are disagreeable to me, I hate you; is beag orm coimhthional luchd an uile, I abominate or hate the congregation of evil doers; iadsan air am beag sibh, they who hate you; is beag so, this is a (trifling) light thing,*

Bible; is beag an dolaidh, it is no great harm, he or she richly deserves it; n. m. little, nothing, any, the least, the young; *cha d'fhuair thu a' bheag, thou hast found nothing, B.; am bheil a' bheag do mhaith air, is it worth any thing; am beag is am mòr, both great and small; cha 'n fhaigh a' bheag bàs, nothing shall die; a' bheag a dh' aon ni is leatsa, any (the least), the least particle of what is thine, B. A.; is beag, almost; is beag 's nach do mharbh e mi, he almost killed me; rud chi na big, 'se ni na big; is rud chluinn-eas iad 's e chanas iad, what the young see, the young do; and what they hear they repeat—as the old cock crows the young cock learns; v. lessen, destroy.*

BEAGAICH, bëug'-éch, *v.* lessen; *a réir teircid nam bliadhnachan beagachaidh tu a luach, according to the fewness of years thou shalt diminish the price thereof, (lughdachaidh tu a luach.) Bible.*

BEAGAN, bëug'-an, *n. m.* a little, a few; *cha 'n 'eil bacadh air an Tighearn saoradh le mòran na le beagan, for there is no restraint with the Lord, to save by many or by few; a lion beagan is beagan, by degrees, by little and little; ni sinn e a lion beagan is beagan, we will do it by degrees; beagan eile, a little more; beagan cadail, a little sleep; air bheagan tuairim, possessing little sense; fan beagan ni's fhaide, stay a little longer; beagan uisge, a little water; air bheagan maith, worth little, of no great value, of no great interest.*

BEAGEAGALACH, bëug-ä'-gal-ach, *a.* fearless, bold, intrepid, undaunted.

BEAGNARACH, bëug'-när-äch, *a.* shameless, impudent, impertinent.

BEAGNARACHD, bëug'-när-ächg, *n. f.* shamelessness, impudence.

BEAIRT, byäert, *n. f.* a loom; eige 'sa bheairt, a web in the loom; harness; *da stend fo bheairt, two steeds in harness, Maclachline, Ar.; beairt thuairneir a lathe; a trace; beairtean, ship's rigging. M. L.*

BEAIRTEAS, byäert'-tyus, *n. m.* wealth, riches, abundance, opulence.

BEAIRTEACH, byäert'-tyach, *a.* rich, wealthy.

BEAIRTICH, byarrt'-éch, *v.* rig, trim, equip.

BEALACH, byäll'-ach, *n. m.* a gap, a breach in a wall or fence; a gate-way, a gate; gorge of a mountain; *tog am bealach, build the breach or gap.*

BEALAI DH, byäll'-é, broom. See *Mealaich*; bad *mealaich, a tuft of broom.*

BEALAMAS, byäl'-am-us, *n. m.* the refuse of a feast, the crumbs that fall from the table, from the mouth, (lit.) beul-amas.

BEALTUINN, byáll'-tènn, *n. f.* May-day.

BEAN, ben', touch, handle. *P.*

BEAN, ben'n, a woman, a female; *gen. mnà* and *mnatha*; *bean ghluin*, a midwife; *bean shiùbhlaigh*, a woman in child-bed; *bean-tighe*, a housewife, a landlady; *bean òsd*, the landlady of an inn; *bean baile*, the lady or proprietress of a village; *bean chinnidh*, a kinswoman; *bean chiche*, a wet nurse; *bean choimhreachd*, a bride maid, a maid of honour; *bean nigheadair-eachd*, a laundry maid, a washer-woman; *bean uasail*, a lady, a gentlewoman; *bean bhrathar athar*, a paternal uncle's wife; *bean brathar màthar*, a maternal uncle's wife; *bean bràthar*, a sister-in-law; *bean bhochd*, a female mendicant, pauper or beggar; *bean mic*, a daughter-in-law; *bean shith*, a female fairy.

BEANN, byann, *n. f.* a corner, a skirt; *bràigh lin*, air a ceithir beannaibh, a sheet by the four corners, Acts; attention, regard; na d' thoir beann air dé their e, pay no attention to what he says; a horn, I.; *gen. pl.* of beinn, a hill.

BEANNACH, byann'-äch, *a.* cornered, horned.

BEANNACHADH, byann-ach-à, *n. m.* a blessing, benediction, grace; iarr beannachadh, say grace; *p.* blessing.

BEANNACHD, byann'-ächg, *n. m.* a benediction, a blessing; *beannachd Dhia leat*, may the blessing of God attend you; *tha mo bheannachdas agad*, you have my benediction; compliments, respects; *thoir mo bheannachd*, bring my compliments or respects; farewell; *beannachd leat*, farewell, adieu; *fag beannachd aige*, leave him farewell, bid him adieu; *beannachd do t'anam* is buaidh, a blessing to thy soul and victory, O.; *beannachd a sheud* is shiubhail leis, may he fare as he deserves; *beannachd bàird*, the poet's congratulation.

BEANNACHDAIL, byänn'-ächg-äl, *a.* valedictory, also beannachdach.

BEANNACHDAN, byann'-ächg-an, *n. m.* an insect that strikes your finger when holding it.

BEANNAICH, byann'-èch, *v.* bless, salute, hail, invoke a blessing; *beannaich an Tighearn O m'anam*, bless the Lord, O my soul. *B.*

BEANNAICHTHE, byann'-èch-tyä, *n. f.* happy, holy, blessed; is beannaichte an duine sin nach gluais ann an comhairle nan aingidh, blessed is the man who walketh not in the counsel of the ungodly. *Ps.*

BEANNACH, byannt'-ach, *a.* mountainous, hilly; pinnacled, rocky.

BEANNACHD, byannt'-ächg, *n. f.* a mountainousness, hilliness, steepness.

BEANNTAIRE, byannt'-är-ä, *n. f.* mountaineer, a Highlander.

BEANTAINN, byannt'-ènn, *n. m.* an herb.

BEANTAG, byant'-ag, *n. f.* a fan, fasnag.

BEANTAINN, bent'-hen', *p.* touching. *Pro.*

BEASACH, ber'-äch, *n. f.* dog, fish, gobag.

BEARN, byärn, *n. f.* a small gap or breach; a fissure; *v.* notch, hack.

BEARNACH, byärn'-äch, *a.* having broken teeth, notched, hacked, full of gaps; *n. f.* a female with broken teeth.

BEARN, byär, *v.* shave, crop, *B.*; taunt, gibe, jeer.

BEARRA byarr'-a, a spear, a dart. *Sh.*

BEARRADAIR, byarr'-a-där, *n. m.* a barber, *B.*; *a.* giber, a taunting fellow.

BEARRADAIREACHD, byär'-a-där'-ächg, *n. m.* the occupation of a barber; gibling, jeering, taunting, criticising.

BEARRADH, byär'-ä, *n. m.* the brow of a hill; a precipice; na shuidhe air a' bhearradh ad, sitting on the brow of yonder hill.

BEARRAIDEACH, byär'-äj-ach, *a.* flighty, light-headed, giddy; nimble.

BEARRAIDEACHD, byär'-äj-ächg, *n. f.* flightiness, giddiness; light-headedness.

BEAT, byart, *n. m.* deed, act; chum a bhearta iongantach a dheanamh aith-nichte do chlann na daoine, to make known his wonderful acts to the sons of men. *Bible.*

BEATH, bä'-ä, *n. m.* a birch tree; birch, written beith also.

BEATHA, bé'-ä, *n. f.* life, food, livelihood; welcome, salutation; is amhuil aislinn's ar beatha, our life is like a dream; gheibh e' bheatha, he will get his livelihood; bhuir beathsa, a ghaighich, you are welcome, O heroes! dean a bheatha, welcome him; 'se slainte do bheatha, you'r quite welcome to it; fad làithean a bheatha, all the days of his life; bhuir beatha an dùth-aich, you are welcome to the country, you are welcome home; an e mo bheatha, am I welcome? bhoir duine beatha air éigin ach cha d' thoir e rath air éigin, a man may force a livelihood, but cannot force success or prosperity. *P.*

BEATHACH, bé'-ach, *n. m.* and *f.* an animal, a beast, a brute; term of contempt for a person.

BEATHACHADH, bé'-äch-à, *n. m.* livelihood, sustenance, maintenance; a benefice; fhuair am ministir òg beathachadh, the young clergyman got a living or a benefice; *p.* supporting, maintaining, feeding.

BEATHAICH, be'-èch, *v.* feed, nourish, maintain, support, cherish, feed; bheathaich e chuid eile, he fed the rest; beathaich mo chaoraich, feed my sheep, *B.*

beathaich thusa mise an diugh, is *beath-eachaidh* mise thusa am maireach, *feed you me to-day and I will feed you to-morrow.* A. B.

BEATHAICHTE, béa'-éch-tya, *p.* fed, nourished, supported, maintained.

BEATHALACHO, béa'-hal-achg, *n. f.* vitality.

BEATHANNAN, bé'-ann-un, *pl.* victuals.

BEATHAIL, bé'-hal, *a.* vital, living, pertaining to life.

BEIC, báechg, *n. m.* courtesy, obeisance; *v.* courtesy; *dean do bheic, make a courtesy, make your obeisance.*

BEICEIS, báechg'-ash, *n. f.* hopping, bobbing, skipping, frisking; *beic leumnach, prancing.*

BEICEASACH, báechg'-ash-ach, *a.* fond of hopping, bobbing; frisky.

BEICEIL, báechg'-al, *n. f.* and *p.* courtesying, hopping, frisking, prancing.

BEILBHEAG, báil'-uv-äg, *n. f.* a corn poppy.

BEILE, báil'-lyá, *n. m.* bit of bridle.

BEILEAN, báil'-lyán', *n. m.* a prating mouth, a little mouth.

BEILEANACH, báil'-an'-ach, *a.* prating; *n. f.* a prating, garrulous female; loquacious, talkative.

BEILEANACHD, báil'-an'-achg, *n. f.* half-impertinent prattle, or prating.

BEILEACH, báil'-ach, *n. f.* a muzzle for a horse, or any other brute; in Lewis, *beileag*; in other places, *meileag*.

BEILEICH, báil'-éch, *v.* muzzle, stop impertinent talk.

BEILEAG, báil'-ag, *n. f.* a muzzle; the outer coating of a birch tree. *H.*

BEILLEACH, báil'-ach, *a.* blubber-lipped, (borrach,) having thick lips. *H.*

BEIMCHEAP, bām'-chyāp, *n. f.* a whipping stock. *M. L.*

BEING, bāng, *n. f.* a bench plank of a bed.

BEINGIDH, bāng'-é and -éch, *n. f.* the front plank of a bed; a bank. *Is.*

BEINN, bānn', *n. f.* a mountain, a hill, a pinnacle; *mar an ceò thall air a bheinn, as the distant mist on the hill.* O.

BEINNEAL, bān'-nyal, *n. m.* binding of a sheaf of corn. *H.*

BEIA, bār², *v. n.* irreg. bear; lay hold of, capture, overtake, get out of sight with; *agus beiridh tu mac, and thou shalt bear a son; agus beiridh i mac agus bheir thu Iosa, mar ainm air; oir soaraidh e a shluagh féin o'm peacaibh, and she shall bring forth a son, and thou shalt call his name JESUS; for he shall save his people from their sins; agus rug e air ann an sliabh Ghilead, and he overtook him in the mount of Gilead; beir uam e! beir uam e! away with him! away with him! feuch bithidh maighdean torrach agus*

beiridh i mac, behold a virgin shall be with child and bring forth a son; mur beirear duine a ris cha fheud (fhoad) e rioghachd dhé fhaicinn, unless a man is born again, he cannot see the kingdom of God; beir air an uan, catch, or lay hold of the lamb; rug sinn orra ma leth an rathaid, we overtook them about half way; 'nuair chì thu bean oileanach beir urra, beir urra, oir, mar beir thusa urra, beiridh fear eile urra, when you see an accomplished lady (female) take her, take her; for unless you will, another will take her. B. A. &c.

BEIRBH, bār'-uv, *n. f.* Copenhagen; baile mòr Lochlainn, the chief city, capital, or metropolis of Denmark.

BEIRN, bār'-um, *barin*; deasgnain. *Ar.*

BEIRTE, bār'-tyá, *p.* born, brought forth.

BEIST, bāshj, *n. m.* and *f.* a beast, a brute, a beastly person; *béist dubh béist donn, an otter; béisd mhaol, a sea calf.* H.

BEISTEALACHO, bāshg'-áll-achg, *n. f.* beastliness, brutality, brutishness.

BEISTEAG, bāshj'-ag, *n. f.* an earth worm.

BEISTEIL, bāshj'-äl, *n.* beastly, brutish.

BEITH, bā²-ä, or bā, the second letter of the alphabet; birch.

BEITHIR, bā'-hyur', *n. f.* a prodigiously large serpent. There are most surprising stories about such large serpents in the Highlands. See Nathair; in *Luv.* a thunder-bolt; a very large skate, *M. L.*; a bear. *Ar.*

BEITIR, bā'-tyur, *a.* tidy, neat, clean. *Mf.*
BEO, byò, *a.* lively, active; *tha e gu math beo, he is pretty lively, or brisk; living, alive; air gaoith chithear suinn nach beò, on the wind are seen heroes that are not, that are no more, are dead, O.; ma bhitheas mi beò, if I live; mar is beò mise, cha 'n'cil tlachd agamsa ann am bàs a pheacaich, deir an Tighearn, as I live, saith the Lord, I have no pleasure in the death of the wicked; n. c. life time, the living; ri d' bheò, during your life time; cha'n fhaic thu ri d' bheò e, you shall never see him; nach beò e, is he not living? am bheil e beò, is he living? am beò dhuit, a Dheirg, are you living, or are you alive, O Dargo! gu ma fad beò an rìgh, long live the king! B. O.; am beò e, is he living? am beò 's na mairbh, the living and the dead; neas is beo mi, during my life time, while I live; annan tìr nam beò, in the land of the living; thoir beò, bring alive; beo-leatromach, quick with child; beo-dhùil, a living creature; beo-iobairt, a living sacrifice; beò-ghlac, take alive.*

BEOTHACHAN, byò'-ach-an, *n. m.* a little fire.

- BEOR, byòer, *n. f.* beer; *beòir* laidir, *strong beer*; *beòir chaol*, *small beer*.
- BEOLACH, byò'-làch, *n. f.* ashes with living embers, hot ashes.
- BEO-SHLAINTE, byòl'-hlàent'-tyà, *n. f.* life-rent; *tha' beo-shlainte aice dheth*, *she has a life-rent of it*; livelihood; *gabh do beò-shlainte dheth*, *take your livelihood of it*.
- BEOTHACH, byò'-äch, *n. c.* a beast, a brute.
- BEOTHACHADH, byò'-äch-à, *n. m.* and *p.* reanimation, refreshment; reanimating; kindling as a fire; enlivening; quickening.
- BEOTHACHAIL, byò'-äch-al, *a.* having a reanimating or quickening influence.
- BEOTHAICH, byò'-éch, *v.* kindle; reanimate, revive, quicken.
- BEOTHAIL, byò'-al, *a.* lively, active, brisk.
- BEOTHALACHD, byò'-all-achg, *n. f.* liveliness, smartness, briskness; agility, activity.
- BEUBAN, báb'-an, any thing mangled. *See* Eubainn, eu- and -bainne, a starvling.
- BEUDANAICH, báb'-an-éch, *v.* mangle.
- BEUC, béuehg, *v.* yell, bellow; *n. m.* a yell, an outcry, a bellow.
- BEUCAIL, béuehg'-ul, *n. m.* and *p.* yelling, bellowing; roaring.
- BEUD, bá'd, or bád', *n. m.* harm, hurt, mischief, pity, nothing; *cha 'n 'eil beud air*, *there's nothing the matter with him*; 's mòr am beud e, *it is a great pity*; *cha d' éirich beud da*, *no harm has happened to him*; *duan gun bheud*, *a poem without blemish*, *O.*; *cha d' fhuilinn e beud*, *he sustained no loss*; *druidear beul nam beud*, *iniquity shall shut her mouth*; *cha bhi beud ort*, *nothing will be wrong with you*.
- BEUDACH, bá'd'-äch, *a.* hurtful, blemished, guilty; fatal; *is beudach borb am buille*, *fatal and fierce is the blow*; *am fear a bhios beudach*, *cha sguir e dh' éigneachadh chàich*, *he that is guilty himself, tries to involve others*. *Os. Ar.*
- BEUDACHD, bá'd'-ächg, *n. f.* harm, hurt.
- BEUL, béul or bè'l, *n. m.* a mouth; *is tobar beatha beulan fhìrein*, *the mouth of a righteous man is a well of life*, *B.*; *air bheul a bhi deas*, *nearly prepared, or ready*; *beul an latha*, *dawn of day*; *beul na h-oidhche*, *dusk of the evening*; *an taobh beòil*, *the fore-part, or front*; *beul ri*, *about, near*; *beul ri trì mìosa*, *about three months*. *Bible, Arm.*
- BEULACH, béul'-ach (not bá'-lach), *a.* fawning, fair-spoken, plausible, prating.
- BEUL-CHRAABHADH, béul'-chráv-à', *hypocrisy, lip-religion*; *beul ghràdh*, *lip-love, flattery, dissimulation*; *cuir*, *a Thigh-*
- earna, faire air mo bheul*; *gleidh dorus mo bhilean*, *set, O Lord, a watch before my mouth, keep the door of my lips*. *B.*
- BEULACHAS, béul'-äch-us, *n. f.* fawning, flattering, artful speaking.
- BEULAG, béul'-äg, *n. f.* a gap, a fissure, *N.*; a fore tooth.
- BEUL-AITHRIS, béul'-äer-esh, *n. f.* tradition; *beul aithris nan seanar*, *the tradition of the elders*. *Bible.*
- BEULAObh, béul'-hàov, *n. m.* front, fore-side, presence; *written more correctly beulthaobh*. *See* Dr. N. M'Leod's *Col. beul phurgaid*, *a gargle*.
- BEULSTOC, béul'-stöch, *n. m.* a gunwale, *Islay*; in some places of Argyle, *beul-mòr*.
- BEULTHAOBH, béul'-haöv, *n. m.* front, presence; *beulthaobh an tighe*, *the front of the house*; *air mo bheulthaobh*, *in my presence*; *cuir air a bheulthaobh e*, *set it before him*.
- BEUM, bām, *n. m.* a cut, a gash, a stroke, a sarcasm or taunt; *cha ruig tha leas beum a thoirt*, *you not need taunt or gibe me*; *v.* strike; taunt; ring.
- BEUMACH, bām'-äch, *a.* sarcastic, bitter, destructive; *mar theine bheumach*, *like a destructive fire*, *Os. Ar.*; *aineolach beumach*, *ignorant and sarcastic*. *M. A.*
- BEUMNACH, bām'-nach, *a.* sarcastic, reproachful; *bilean beumnoch*, *reproachful lips*, *B.*; destructive; *buillean cothromach beumnach*, *well-aimed destructive blows*. *O. A.*
- BEUM SGEITHE, bām'-skä-ä, *n. m.* a striking the shield, the usual mode of giving challenge, or of sounding an alarm among the old Caledonians; *le beum sgeithe ghlaoidh iad comhrag*, *with a blow on the shield they called to battle*; *bhuail Treunmor beum sgeithe*, *Treunmor sounded an alarm*, *Oss. Arm.*; a severe sarcasm, a sly insinuation. *Is.*
- BEUM-SUL, bām'-söl, *n. m.* a blasting of the eye, an optical delusion. *Arm.*
- BEUR, bär, *n. m.* a pinnacle; *beur àrd*, *a lofty pinnacle*. *Ossian, Arm.* *See* bearradh,—wit.
- BEURLA, bär'-llä, *n. f.* the English tongue; *gnathbheurla na h-Eirionn*, *the vernacular dialect of the Irish*; *beurla Albannach*, *the Anglo-Scottish*; *a' bheurla leathan a' bheurla mhòr*, *the broad Scotch*; *Shassunnach*, *pure English*. *H. S.*
- BEURLACH, bär'-lläch, *a.* well versed in the English language, belonging to the English language.
- BEURRA, bär'-ä, *a.* eloquent and witty, well-spoken—genteel. *Arm.*
- BEURRACH, bär'-ach, *a.* witty, eloquent, *n. f.* prating female.

BEURRACHD, bairr'-ächg, eloquence, wit, waggery. *Is.*

BEURRADAIR, bairr'-ä-där', *n. m.* a wit, a wag; a satirist.

BEURRAN, bairr'-an, *n. m.* a witty, prating, garrulous, little fellow.

BEURADH-THEINE, bär'-ur'-hän'-nyä, *n. f.* a meteor, a falling star.

BEUS, bäs, *n. m.* and *f.* moral quality; manners; character; fo dheadh *bheus*, under a good character; fo dhroch *bheus*, under a bad character; conduct, doings; aithneachar leanabh le 'bheus, a child is known by his manners, *B.A.*; virtue; righ na beusa mòra, the king of lofty virtues, *O.*; custom, habit, practice, use and wont; gheibh thu *beus* is gnàth na dùthcha, you shall get what the use and wont of the country sanction, or what use and wont sanction, *Islay*; *beus* na tuath air am bithear is e a nithear, the habits or customs of your associates (farmers) you must follow; *beus* an àite anns am bithear's e nithear, the use and wont of the place you dwell in, must be conformed to. *P. sub.*

BEUSACHD, bäs'-achg, *n. f.* moral rectitude, modesty; manners, morals; inoffensive conduct.

BEUSAICHEAD, bäs'-éch-ud, *n. m.* degree of moral purity or modesty.

BEUSAIL, bäs'-al, *a.* See *Beusach*.

BEUSAN, bäs'-un, *n. m.* morals, manners; deadh *bheusan*, good morals; droch *bheusan*, bad morals.

BEUTAL, bät'-al, *a.* a cow; kine. *Ar. Fren.*

B'FHEARR, bbyàrr, (for bu f heàrr) it were better, it is preferable; b'fhearr leam, I would prefer; b'fhearr dhuit, it were better for you; b'fhearr dhomh, it would be, or it were better for me; b'fhearr dhoibh, (dhaibh, ghiv) it were better for them.

BH', uv, for bha, before a word beginning with a vowel; as, an duine a bh' ann, the man that was; a bh' ann is pronounced, uv'-vann. *Is.*

BHA, vvhâ, *pret. ind.* of bi, was, were, wert; an duine a bha, the man who was; a bha is thus pronounced uv'-vhâ, which is the reason for doubling the v.

BIAC, vvhächg, as *f.* of bac, to hinder; dhac e an duine, he prevented the man.

BHAGAIR, vvhäg'-ur, *pret. a.* of bagair, to threaten.

BHAIRD, vvhârj, as *f.* of bard, a poet; mac a bhàird, mächg uv'-vhârj, the poet's son, or the son of the poet.

BHARR, fàrr, *pre. off.* from off; bhàrr na talmhainn, from off the earth.

BHARRACHD, (a.) vvhàrr' achg, as *f.* of

barrachd, moreover, besides; a bharrachd air a cheud ghorta, besides the first famine; *pro. uv'-vhàrr-ächg.*

BHEACHD, vvhachg, as *f.* of beachd, an opinion; a réir mo bheachda, according to my opinion; mo bheachd, *pro. muv' vvhachg.*

BHEAG, vvhëug, as *f.* of beag, little; cha d' fhuair iad a bheag, they got little or nothing; uv'-vhëug.

BHEAIRT, bhyart', as *f.* of beart.

BHEAN, vvhen, as *f.* of bean, a woman; a bhean, uv'-vhen, his wife, or, O woman!

BHEANNAICH, vvnyänn'-éch, *pret. a.* of beannaich; an ti a bheannaich thu, the one that blessed you; uv'-vhyänn'-éch.

BHEIR, vvhàrr, *f. a.* of thoir, to give, grant, bestow; cò bheir comhrag, who is he that will give battle? *O.*

BHINN, vvhënn, of binn, melodious; and binn, a sentence, a decision; thoir binn a mach, give a decision, pronounce sentence.

BHLAIS, vvhläsh, *pret. a.* of blais, to taste; bhlais mi, I tasted.

BHO, vö, *pre.* this is the way all the Islanders pronounce the *pre.* O, whether single or compounded; thus, bhuam, vvhüäm, from me; bhuaite, vvhüäet, from you, at a distance from you; bhuainne, vvhüäen'-nyä, from us, at a distance from us; bhuaibh, vvhüäèb, from you, at a distance from you. *Dr. Smith* uses *bho* in his ancient Celtic Poems; but modern authors prefer *O*, uam, &c.

BHOBH, vvhö'-uv, *int.* O dear! strange; O bhobh, O dear! strange, *pro. öv'-vö-uv.*

BHOS, vvhös, *pre.* this side, on this side; oftener a lhös, *pro. uv'-vhös*; thall's a bhos, here and here, hither and thither.

BHUR, vur, more often är, *poss. pro.*; spiorad bhur n-inntinn, the spirit of your minds; gu'm fosglair bhur suilean, that your eyes shall be opened. *B.*

BI, bē, the verb to be, be thou or you; p. tha; tha gu dearbh, yes, indeed, it is so indeed; bithidh, shall be; bithidh iad an sin, they shall be there; bhithinn, I would be; bithibh, be ye or you. See *Gram.*; bithidh cron duine cho mòr ri beinn ma'n léir dha féin e, a man's fault will be as huge as a mountain before he himself can perceive it; bithidh na gobhair bodhar 'san fhobharradh, the goats are deaf in harvest.

B'I, bē, (for bu i) it was she; am b'i bha siod, was it she that was yonder.

B' IAD, béud and (béäd, *No.*) for bu iad, it was they; b' iad am fea-gar agus a

- mhadaoinn an ceud là, *the evening and the morning were the first day.*
- BIADH, bēā'-gh', *v.* feed, nourish, maintain; agus gu'm biadhar e ann am fearann duine eile, *and it shall be fed in another man's field, (land,)* B.; *v. n.* biadh orra e, *dole it out in small equal quantities, as short provision.*
- BIADH, bēā'-gh', *n. m.* food, provision, meat; duibhse bithidh e mar bhiadh, *to you it shall be for food; gen. bith and bithidh, pro. bē'-éch; some places, bē; biadh is aodach, food and clothing.*
- BIADHADH, bēā'-ā, *n. m.* feeding, doling out piece-meal.
- BIADHADH, bēā'-āō-gh', *p.* feeding, doling out piece-meal, or in small quantities, as short provisions, &c.
- BIADHCHAR, bēāch'-chur, *a.* productive; siol biadhchar, *substantial, or productive corn, corn that produces a good deal of meal.*
- BIADHCHARACHD, bēāch'-char'-āchg, *n. f.* productive quality, substance.
- BIADHTA, bēā'-tyā, *p.* fed, fattened.
- BIADHTACH, *n. f.* a kitchen.
- BIADHTACHD, bēāt'-āchg, *n. f.* hospitality, entertainment; 's bochd a bhiadhtachd so, *this is a poor entertainment.*
- BIADHTAICHE, bēāt'-ēch-a, *n. m. and f.* an entertainer, a host, or hostess; tha e na dheadh bhiadhtaiche, *he is a liberal host or landlord. Is.*
- BIADHTAICH, bēāt'-ēch, *feed, share.*
- BIADHAID, bēā'-āj, *n. f.* a pantry.
- BIAN, bēān, *n. m.* a wild animal's skin.
- BIANADAIR, bean'-ad'-ar', *n. m.* a carrier.
- BIASGACH, bēāsg'-āch, *n.* niggardy. *N.*
- BIAST, bēāst, *n. m. and f.* a beast; béist.
- BIATH, bēuv, *for bithibh, be ye. Po.*
- BIBHIDH, bē'-vhē, *n. m.* a very large fire, *Is.; from bith.*
- BICEIR, bēchg'-ar', *n. f.* a small wooden dish.
- BICHEANTA, bēch'-chyannt-ā, *a.* common, frequent, general, numerous. *Islay.*
- BICHEANTACHD, bēch'-chyannt-āchg, *n. f.* frequency, generality, commonness.
- BID, bēj, *n. f.* a chirp; *v.* pinch, nip. *Lw.*
- BIDEACH, bēj'-ach, *a.* little, small. *North.*
- BIDEACHD, bēj'-achg, *n. f.* littleness, smallness.
- BIDEAG, bēj'-ag, *n. f.* a small portion of any thing.
- BIDEAN, bēj'-an', *a.* point, a tip, a pinnacle, *Is.; a hedge, a fence. Stewart.*
- BIDEIL, bēj'-ull, *n. f.* chirping; bigeal.
- BIDH, bē'-gh', bē'-ēch, *gen. of Biadh, meat.*
- BIDSE, bēj'-shā, *n. f.* a bad woman.
- BIG, bēgg, *v.* chirp, be bickering
- BIG, bēgg, *n. m.* a chirp; *int.* mode of calling to chickens, big ! big ! *n. pl.* of beag, little, small, the young.
- BIGEIL, bēgg'-ul, *n. f.* chirping.
- BIGH, bē'-gh, *n. m.* a post; a pillar; eadar dà bhìgh an doruis, *between the posts of the door; eadar dà bhìgh a' gheata, between the portals or pillars of the gate.*
- BILE, bēl'-ā, *n. m.* a lip; a margin; a rim, brim, edge; do bhrìgh gur fearr do caoimhneas, gràidh na beatha, bheir mo bhilean cliù dhuit, *because thy loving kindness is better than life, my lips shall praise thee, Ps. 63.; bile nan sruthan ualgneach, the margin of the lonely brooks, Sm.; bile na h-ata, the brim or rim of the hat.*
- BILEACH, bēl'-ach, *a.* bordered, edged, having a margin; bileach choigeach, *marginold. H.*
- BILEAG, bēl'-ag, *n. f.* a leaflet, a blade; bileag fheòir, *a blade of grass; bileag bhaite, water-lily.*
- BILEARACH, bēl'-ār-āch, *n. f.* sweet, or sea-grass; on con. of Argyle, *bilean-ach.*
- BILEIL, bēl'-al, *a.* labial, belonging to the lips.
- BILISTEAR, bēll'-asht-ar', *n. m.* a mean fellow.
- BILLEACHD, bēll'-āchg, *n. f.* poverty.
- BIM, and b'im, or bē'm, or bēum, *for bithidh, I shall be in poetry. Ross. Ps.*
- BINEALTA, bēn'-alt-a, *a.* fine, elegant.
- BINN, bēnn' *a.* melodious, harmonious, musical; *n. f.* sentence, decision; bi sin a' bhinn a thug e mach, *that was the decision he gave; a chionn nach 'eil binn an aghaidh droch oibre 'ga cur an gnìomh gu luath, uime sin tha cridhe chloinn nan daoine làn shuidhichte air son òle a dheanamh, because sentence against an evil work is not speedily executed, therefore the heart of the sons of men is fully set in them to do evil. So. 8-11.*
- BINNEACH, bēnj'-āch, *a.* coagulation.
- BINNEACHADH, bēnj'-āch-ā, *n. m. and p.* making cheese; curdling; coagulating.
- BINNEAL, bēnj'-jāl, *n. m.* a head dress.
- BINNDICH, bēnj'-ēch, *v.* make cheese, curdle, coagulate.
- BINNE, bēn'-nyā, *n. f.* melody, music.
- BINNEACH, bēnn'-ach, *a.* light-headed, pointed, pinnacled, high-topped.
- BINNEAN, bēnn'-an', *n. m.* pinnacle, point; binnean an teampuill, *the pinnacle of the temple. B.*
- BINNEAD, bēnn'-nd, *n. f.* degree of melody.
- BINNIN, bēn'-ēj, *n. f.* runnet, stomach.

BINNIDEACH, bèn'-èj-ach, *a.* like runnet.
 BIOBHUAN, bèv'-vun or vuan, *a.* lasting; eternal.
 BIOBHUANTACHD, bèv'-vuant-ächg, *n. f.* eternity; quality of lasting long.
 BIOBULL, bëbb'-ull, *n. m.* the Bible.
 BIOBULLACH, bëbb'-ull-ach, *a.* Biblical.
 BIOD, bèd or béud, *v. n.* pique, gall, vex.
 BIOD, bëdd, *v.* bicker; canker.
 BIODAG, béud'-ag, *n. f.* a dirk, a dagger. It is impossible to pronounce this word; the *e* short and *u* shut pronounced quick.
 BIODAN, bëdd'-an, *n. m.* bickering fellow.
 BIODANACH, bëdd'-än-äch, *a.* bickering, cankering; *n. f.* a bickering, eternally scolding, or complaining female.
 BIODH, béaögh, 3 *per. sing. v.* bi for bith-eadh.
 BIOG, byüg, *v.* gripe; start.
 BIOGADH, byüg'-Ä, *n. m. p.* a griping; a starting, a sudden emotion, a whim.
 BIOGAIL, byüg'-al, *a.* lively, active, smart.
 BIOGARRA, bëgg'-úrr-a, *a.* mean, churlish.
 BIOGARRACHD, bëgg'-ur-achg, *n. f.* meanness, churlishness, inhospitality.
 BIOIRLINN, byúr'-llyënn, *n. f.* a pleasure-boat. *Is.*
 BIOLAIR, byúl'-ur', *n. f.* cresses, water-cresses.
 BIOR, bërr, *n. m.* a pointed small stick, a prickle; *v.* prick; gall, vex.
 BIORACH, bërr'-äch, *a.* pointed; sharp; *n. f.* a heifer, *Is.*; in *Sk.* a colt, loth; an instrument to prevent calves from suckling, *M. L. crócaich.*
 BIORAICH, bërr'-éch, *v. n.* make sharp; look steadfastly, stare most wonderful.
 BIORAICHEAD, bërr'-éch-ud', *n. m.* pointedness, degree of sharpness or pointedness.
 BIORAN, bërr'-an, *n. m.* a little stick.
 BIORANACH, bërr'-än-äch, *a.* full of little sticks, prickled, full of prickles.
 BIORAN DEAMHAINN, bërr'-an-dyö'v'-ënn, *n. m.* a pink, a minnow; (in Islay, *breac deamhainn. H.*)
 BIORAS, bërr'-as, *n. f.* water lily. *M. L.*
 BIORCHLUASACH, bërr'-chlüäs-äch, *a.* sharp-eared.
 BIORG, byúr'-ug, *v.* tingle, thrill, feel a tingling sensation.
 BIORGADAICH, byürg'-ad-éch, *n. f.* a thrilling or tingling sensation or feeling.
 BIORGANTA, byürg'-änt-ä, *a.* thrilling.
 BIORGANTACHD, byürg'-änt-ächd, *n. f.* degree of thrilling or tingling sensation; entanglement. *M.*
 BIORGUINN, byürg'-güënn, *n. f.* rending pain. *H.*
 BIORRAID, byúrr'-aj, *n. f.* a cap with a scoop on it, a head piece; an osier twig.

BIORRAIDEACH, byúrr'-aj-ach, *a.* scooped, conical.
 BIORSHUILEACH, byërr'-hüll-äch, *a.* sharp-sighted.
 BIORSAMAI, byúr'-sa-mä, *n. f.* a Roman balance for weighing small quantities; a steel-yard. *M. L.*
 BIOTA, bëtt'-a, *n. m.* a churn. *Skye.*
 BIOTAILT, bëtt'-äلت', *n. f.* victuals.
 BIA, bërr, *n. m.* the alarm note of the sol. and geese when attacked. *Martin.*
 BIRLINN, bërr'-lyënn, *n. f.* a barge or pleasure boat. *H. S.*
 BITH, bë, *n. f.* existence, being.
 BITH, bë, *n. m.* gum, tar, *N.*; *a.* quiet; bi cho bith ri uan, *be as quiet as a lamb.*
 BITH-BHUA, bë-vüän', *a.* eternal. *B.*
 BITH-BHUANTACHO, bë-vüänt'-achg, *n. f.* eternity, perpetuity. *B.*
 BITHEANTA, bë'-ant-a, *a.* frequent. *M. L.*
 BITHEANTACHO, bë'-ant-achg, *n. m.* frequency.
 BITHIS, bë'-ësh, *n. f.* vice, screw. *Inver.*
 BUITHEAS, bü'-as, *n. m.* libel, defamation of the worst kind and degree—fame.
 BUITHEASACH, bü'-äs-äch, *a.* defamatory, libelous in the highest degree possible.
 BUITHEASACHD, bü'-äs-ächg, *n. f.* defamatory or libelous nature or quality. *Arg.*
 BLABHDAIR, bläv'-ud-är', *n. m.* a babbler; yelling, howling, babbling. *D. M. L.*
 BLAD, bläd', *n. m.* an enormous mouth.
 BLADACH, bläd'-äch, *a.* wide-mouthed; *n. f.* a female with a large mouth.
 BLADAIRE, bläd'-ur-ä, *n. m.* a babbler.
 BLADAIRT, bläd'-ärt', *n. f.* babbling.
 BLADH, blaö'-gh', *n. f.* substance, meaning pith, energy.
 BLADHAIL, blaögh'-al, pithy, substantial.
 BLADHAR, blaö'-gh'-ghur, *a.* substantial, full of meaning, substance, or importance.
 BLAIGH, bläë'-yh', and blaöë'-yh, *n. f.* a part, a portion, a fragment, a small share.
 BLAIGHDEACH, bliij'-dyach, *n. f.* part, a portion, an instalment; *a.* in smalls, in portions.
 BLAIGHDEACHAS, bliij'-dyach-us, *n. f.* the act or state of being cut into small portions.
 BLAIGHLIN, blië'-gh'-llëu', *n. m.* a sheet.
 BLAIGHDEACHADH, bliij'-dyach-Ä, *p.* cutting asunder, or into fragments or small portions. *Is.*
 BLAIGHDICH, bliij'-dyëch, *v.* cut asunder or into small portions.
 BLAIS, bläësh, *v.* taste, try; 'nuair a bhlaiss e am fion, *when he tasted the wine. B.*
 BLAISEAMAICH, bläsh'-am-ächg, *n. f.* smacking with the lips.
 BLAISEAMAICH, bläsh'-äm-éch, *v.* smack with the lips; taste, try.

BLAITHE, blā-ē, *deg.* of blath, warm, affectionate, kind; ni 's blaithe, *more warm, more affectionate.*

BLAITHEACHADH, blāēt²-tyach-ā, *n. m.* a warming; feeling affection for; *p.* warming. *B.*

BLAITHTICH, blāēt'-tyēch, *v.* warm, heat.

BLANNDADH, blānd'-ē, *a.* stale as milk.

BLANNDAA, blānd'-ur, *n. f.* dissimulation.

BLAOM, blāom, *v. n.* stare with the greatest surprise, as when taken unawares, start.

BLAOMADH, blāom'-ā, *p.* a wonderful stare; *p.* staring, starting; foolish excitement. *H.*

BLAOMAIR, blāom'-ur', *n. m.* a fellow that stares like a fool; a fellow easily frightened; nonsensical talk. *H. S.*

BLAOMAIREACHD, blāom'-ur'-āchg, *n. f.* a habit of staring foolishly; starting.

BLAOMANNACH, blāom'-ann-āch, *a.* inconstant, variable, talking inconsistently.

BLAR, blār, *n. f.* a battle, engagement; battle-field; a cheud bhlār a chuir iad, *the first battle they fought*; a' dol sìos do'n bhlār, *going down to the battle-field*; fraoch nam blār, *the rage of battle, O*; ground, plain; a muigh air a bhlār, *out on the ground*; na shineadh air a' bhlār, *stretched on the ground*; chaidh e fcaidh a bhlār, *it spilled on the ground*; sgadachair na blāir, *the plains shall be covered or clothed*; réith a bhlār, *the plain of battle, M. L.*; thoir am blār ort, *away! go about your business*; blār mòna or mòine, *a peat-moss*; blār gealachaidh, *a bleach-field*; a cow with a white spot on the face; cuir a stigh a' bhlār, *put in the cow with the white face*; a white spot in the face, as a cow, a horse, &c. a white face; tha blār na h-aodann, *she has a white spot on her face*; a. white-faced, having a white spot in the face; an t-each blār, *the white-faced horse.*

BLAS, blāss, *n. m.* taste, savour, relish; a particle, the least part; am bheil blas air gealagan uibhe, *is there any taste in the white of an egg?* Job; cia milis leam' blas do bhriathran, *ni's milse tha iad na mil do m' bheul, how sweet are thy words unto my taste!* yea, sweeter than honey to my mouth, P. 119-103; is dona am blas a th' air, *it has a very bad taste*; cha 'n' eil blas deth an so, *there is not a bit or a particle of it here*; tha blas na meal air do phògan, *the taste of honey is on thy kisses*; do bheul air bhlās an t-siùcair, *thy lips are as sweet as sugar.* *Sgs.*

BLASAD, blāss'-ud', *n. m.* taste, a tasting; gun am blasad, *without tasting them. O.*

BLASADH, blās'-ā, *p.* tasting; *n. m.* the act of tasting.

BLASARDAICH, blāss'-ard'-ēch, *n. f.* smacking the lips, tasting with relish.

BLASDA, blāsd'-ā, *a.* delicious, sweet, savoury, tasteful; agreeable; eloquent; agus dean domh biadh blasda, *and make unto me savoury meat*; briathran blasda, *agreeable or eloquent words, or talk. B. Sgs.*

BLASDACHD, blāssd'-āchg, *n. f.* deliciousness, sweetness, savouriness, agreeableness.

BLASMHOA, blāss'-vur, *a.* See Blasda.

BLASPHOG, blāss'-f'og, *n. f.* a sweet kiss.

BLATH, blhā', *n. f.* bloom, blossom; flowers; ged nach d' thoir an crann-fige uath blāth; ged nach fias air an fhion-ain cinneas, &c.; gidheadh ni mise gaird-eachas anns an Tighearna; ni mi aoibhneas ann Dia mo shlainte, *although the fig-tree shall not blossom; neither shall fruit be in the vine; yet I will rejoice in the Lord, I will joy in the God of my salvation, Hab. iii, 17; folān bhlāth, in full bloom*; thig e mach mar bhlāth, *he shall come forth as a flower, Job*; consequence; effects; bithidh a bhlāth ort, *the consequence or effects will be seen in your case*; is léir a bhlāth ort, *the consequences are obvious in your case*; a. affectionate, tender, warm; is blāth anail na máthar, *affectionate is the breath of a mother*; tha e glé bhlāth, *he is affectionate enough.*

BLATHACH, blhā'-ach, *a. n. f.* butter-milk.

BLATHAICH, blhā'-ēch, *v.* warm.

BLATHAS, blhā'-us, or blā'-ās, *n. m.* warmth, kindness, affectionate disposition.

BLATHHAISEACH, blhā'-vhāsh-ach, *a.* in the bloom of youth.

BLATHOB AIR, blhā'-ōb-ēr', *n. f.* embroidery; blāthoibrich, *embroider. H. S.*

BLEACHDAIR, bléchg'-ur', *n. m.* a flattering fellow.

BLEATHGHLUINEACH, blā²-ghlūēn-ach, *a.* in-kneed, knock-kneed.

BLEID, blāj, *n. f.* a. importunity, sly kind of impertinent begging.

BLEIDEIL, blāj'-al, *a.* intrusive, begging in a sly way, troublesome.

BLEIDIR, blāj'-ēr *v.* beg in a genteel way, tease, importune, trouble.

BLEIDIRE, blāj'-ēr-ā, *n. m.* genteel beggar, a mean obtrusive fellow.

BLEIDIREACHD, blāj'-ēr'-āchg, *n. f.* importunity; genteel begging.

BLEITH, blhā, *v.* grind; *n. f.* grinding; gabh na elacha muilinn agus bleith min, *take the millstones and grind meal*; fuaim na bleith, *the sound of grinding. B.*

BLEITTE, blhā'-tyā, *p.* ground.

BLEODHAINN, bhlyô'-énn. *v.* milk, squeeze out of; also bleothainn.

BLEODHAN, bhlyô'-an, *n. m.* a wheel-barrow. *N. H.*

BLEODHANN, bhlyô'-un, *n. m.* milking, the act of milking cattle.

BLIADHNA, bhleá'-nhá, *n. f.* a year; is buaine bliadhna na nollaig, *a year is more lasting than Christmas. M. In.*

BLIADHNACH, bhleá'-nnach, *n. m. and f.* a year old, a yearling.

BLIADHNACHD, bhleán'-nächg, *n. f.* an annuity.

BLIADHNAIL, bhleán'-nal, *a.* yearly.

BLIAN, bléán, *n. f. m.* the groin, the belly; *v.* bask, as fish, &c. *Skye*; tarr-geal. *W. N.* meagre, lean; insipid.

BLIGH, blié, *v.* milk; 's ann as a ceann a bhlighear a bhò, *you milk a cow just as you feed her.*

BLOCHAN, bleúch'-an, *n. f.* marigold. *H.*

BLOCHD, bleuchg, *n. m.* milk. *Welsh*, blith, strippings, atthoirt.

BLOIGH, blaöégh', *n. f.* a part. *b. Ir.*

BLOIGHDICH, blaöéj'-jeh, *v.* cut into pieces.

BLOINIGEACH, blöén'-ég-ach, *a.* plump, fat, soft.

BLOINIGÉAN, blöén'-ég-au', *n. c.* a fat child.

BLONAG, blon'-ag, *n. f.* lard, fat.

BLOSG, blösk, *v.* sound a horn. *Glen M. M.*

BO, bö, *int.* to frighten children; *a.* strange.

BO, bö, *n. f.* a cow; *gen. sing.* boine; *plu. bö*, (*pro. baw.*)

BOBUG, böb'-ug, *n. m.* a fellow.

BOC, böchg, *n. m.* a he-goat, a roe-buck; *v.* leap, skip, as a buck. *M. L.*

Boc, böchg, *v.* swell, inflame.

BOCH, böch, *n. m.* ecstasy, great happiness, joy, rejoicing;—peculiar to the Islands.

BOCHAIL, böch'-al, *a.* happy, overjoyed.

BOCHALACHD, böch'-äl-ächg, *n. f.* extreme happiness or joy; *a.* liveliness.

BOCHD, böchg, *a.* poor, needy, necessitous; ni lámh na leisg bochd, *the hand of laziness maketh poor*; tha neach ann a leigeas air a bhi bochd, agus mòr shaibhreas aige, *there is that maketh himself poor, yet hath great riches*; coinnichidh am beairteach agus am bochd a chéile, is e'n Tighearna a rinn iad gu léir, *the rich and the poor meet together, the Lord is the maker of them all*; sad, melancholy; is bochd an gnothuch e, *it is a sad affair, it is a melancholy circumstance*; is bochd nach d'fhuaire sinn e, *it is a pity we did not get it*; dear; an duine bochd, *the dear creature, or good creature*; is bochd a thachair dha, *it has sadly happened to him*; tha e gu bochd, *he is not well, he is sick*; lean, lank; crodh bochd, *lean cattle*; *n. m. and f.* the poor, the parish poor; cuid do bhochd-

aibh na tìre, *some of the poor of the land. B.*; a' roinn airgid nam bochd, *distributing the poor's funds*; am bochd 's an nochd, *the poor and naked*; is fearr a bhi bochd na bhi breugach, *it is better to be poor than a liar—than be false*; leagh aith am bròn am bochd anam, *affliction or sorrow melts (dissolves) the wretched soul. O. A.*

BOCHD, böchg, *v.* swell, puff, get turgid.

BOCHDAINN, böchg'-énn, *n. f.* extreme poverty, poverty, distress, affliction, trouble, mischief, mishap; old Nick or old Pluto; chuir sin e gus a' bhochdainn, *that reduced him to poverty*; thàinig e gu bochdainn, *he was reduced to extreme poverty*; 's ann air a tha blàth na bochdainn, *he has every sign of extreme poverty about him*; thig am misgear, agus geòcair gu bochdainn, *the drunkard and the glutton shall come to poverty, B.*; chaidh a' bhochdainn uile ort an nìos, *you have gone to extremes now altogether*; thàinig bochdainn an rathad an teaghlaich, *the family was visited with affliction or sickness*; dé a' bhochdainn a rug ort, *what the mischief came over you* / mar bha bhochdainn an dàn domh, *as misfortune or bad luck would have it.*

BOCHDAN, böchg'-au, *n. m.* a hobgoblin, a scare-crow, an apparition.

BOC-ROIN, böchg'-ròen, *n. m.* a prawn, a shrimp.

BODACH, böd'-ach, *n. m.* an old man, a churl or niggardly fellow; cha 'n 'eil e 'na bhodach, *he is not a churl*; a mutchkin; bodach uisge bheatha, *a mutchkin of whisky*; bodach ruadh, *a codling*; a hobgoblin, a spectre; beiridh na bodaich ort, *the hobgoblins will lay hold of you*, will catch you; churlishness, meanness of spirit, niggardliness; 's e chuireadh am bodach a fear a bhiodh teann, *it (whisky) would drive meanness or niggardliness out of a miser or churl. M. In.*

BODHAG, bö'-häg, *n. f.* a sea-lark. *M. L.*

BODACHAIL, böd'-äch-al, *a.* churlish.

BODHAIG, böh'-häg, *n. f.* the human body. See Boghainn.

BODHAN, bö'-han, *n. m.* the ham, thigh. *M. L.*

BODHAIR, bö'-hyur', *v.* deafen, stun with noise; cha mhòr nach do bhodhair an t-òlach mi le 'raibheicil (raiceil as it is corrupted), *the fellow almost stunned me with his roaring*; na bodhair mi le d' dhrabhluin, *do not deafen or stun me with your absurdity*. Some pronounce drabhluin, draoluin and drowluinn, but in Islay we never murder a Gaelic word. *Scotch*, bother and bather.

BODHAR, bö'-hur, *a.* deaf, dull of hearing.

ach mar dhuine bodhar cha chluinn mise, but as a deaf man I do not hear; the deaf; tha na bodhair a cluinntinn, a ta na mairbh air an dùsgadh, agus tha an soisgeil air a shearmonachadh do 'na bochdaibh, the deaf hear, the dead are raised up, and the poor have the gospel preached unto them, B.; cluinidh am bodhar fuaim an airgid, even the deaf hear the clink of silver (money); bodhar fhead, a dull, heavy sound, as of whistling wind; bodhar fhuaim, a dull, heavy, hollow sound; cò a rinn am bodhar, who made the deaf. B.

BODHRADH, bòh'-ră, n. m. and p. deafening, tha thu air m'ò bhòdhradh, you deafen or stun me with your noise or opportunity.

BOG, bögg, a. soft, miry, moist, damp; aite bog, a place where a person or beast is apt to sink; soft, timid, spiritless; cha 'n 'eil ann ach duine bog, he is only a simple, timid, chicken-hearted, spiritless fellow; v. wag, boh, shake; tha 'n cù a' bogadh urbaill, the dog wags his tail; is fhearr an cù a bhogas urbaill na cù a chuireas dreang air, the dog that wags his tail is better than the one that girns; move or excite; 'nuair bhogadh an dram air, when the whisky would excite him.

BOGACHADH, bög'-ach-ă, n. m. and p. softening; steeping; moistening; getting more soft.

BOGADAICH, bögg'-ad'-êch, n. f. waving, tremour from heat or passion. H.

BOGADAN, bögg'-ad-an, n. m. waving, wagging, heaving; tha chraobh a' bogadan, the tree waves; wagging, bobbing.

BOGADH, bögg'-ă, p. moistening, softening; n. m. the state of sticking fast in the mire; chaidh a' bhò am bogadh, the cow stuck fast in the mire.

BOGAICH, bögg'-êch, v. soften, moisten, steep; bogaich an leathrach, steep the leather.

BOGAICHTE, bögg'-êch-tyă, p. softened, moistened.

BOGANACH, bögg'-ân-ăch, n. m. a soft, simple, booby-like fellow.

BOGARSAICH, bög'-ar-sâch, n. f. waving; wagging; bobbing.

BOGBHUINE, bögg'-vvhüen-nyă, n. f. a bulrush.

BOG-CHRIDHEACH, bögg'-chrê-ăch, a. chicken-hearted, faint-hearted.

BOGHA, bö'-ha, n. m. a bow, a bend, an arch; a sunk rock at sea; the wave, called a heaver; bogha saighead, an archer's bow; tha bogha air, it has a bend or bow; bogha na drochaid, the arch of the bridge; tha bogha mòr air a' bhalla, the wall has a great bow or bulge; fear

bogha, an archer; boghadaireachd, archery; mar bhogha air ghleus, like a bow on the stretch; bogha na fiodhlach, the fiddle-bow; tha bogha air a' gheig, the braneh has a bend; bogh-braoin, bogha ffois, a rain-bow; mar bhogha braoin a soillseachadh, as a rain-bow shining, O.; v. bow, bend, bulge; tha e 'boghadh a mach, it bulges out.

BOGHADAIR, bòh'-hăd-ăr', an archer.

BOGHADAIREACHD, bòh'-ha-dăr'-ăchg, n. f. archery.

BOGHAINN, bö'-hyenn, n. m. the human body, person; is ciatach a bhoghainn dhuine e, he is a handsome person; nach ann aig a tha bhoghainn, what a handsome body he has.

BO GHAMHNA OR GHAMHNACH, bö-ghăv'-na or -nach, n. f. a farrow cow.

BOGHAN, bö'-han, n. m. the calf of the leg; the ham.

BOGHSDAIR, bög'-ddară, n. m. a bolster.

BOGLACH, bögg'-llăch, n. m. a marsh, a quagmire, any place where a beast is apt to stick fast.

BOGAINN, bögg'-enn, n. m. a marsh. North.

BOGLUACHAIR, bögg'-lăch-ar', n. f. bull-rush.

BOGLUASGACH, bög'-llăsg-ăch, a. waving, floating; softly moving.

BOICEANN, böéchg'-ann, n. m. a goat-skin, a skin of any kind.

BOICEANNACH, böéchg'-ann-ăch, n. f. the small-pox, Suth-shire; in Luw. the shingles or herpes; an deilginneach, Islay.

BOICNEACHADH, böéchg'-nyach-ă, n. m. and p. belabouring most furiously; beating till the skin blisters.

BOICNICH, böéchg'-nyêch, v. belabour till the skin blisters; beat with all your might.

BOID, böéj, v. solemnly vow or promise; n. f. a solemn vow; gen. of the Bòid, the Island of Bute; cha 'n ann am Bòid uile tha 'n t-òic, ach an Cumradh bheag tha làmh ris, it is not in Bute alone that the mischief is, but in little Cumra just near it.

BOIDEACH, böéj'-ăch, a. pertaining to a vow.

BOIDEAN, böj'-un, pl. of bòid, vows; bòid-ean baistidh, baptismal vows.

BOIDHEACH, böé'-yach, a. pretty, beautiful, comely, handsome, neat.

BOIDHEACHD, böéch'-achg, n. f. beautifulness, handsomeness, elegance.

BOIDHCHE, böéch'-chă, n. f. beauty, degree of beauty, extreme beauty; 's e do bhoidhche a leòn mi, it is thy excessive beauty that has wounded me; comp. &c.

deg. more beautiful; *is ise* is *boidhche*, *she* is *the more or most beautiful*.

BOIDHCHEAD, *bòech'-chyuð*, *n. f.* degree of beauty; increase in beauty.

BOIDHRE, *bòer'-rà*, *deg. comp.* more or most deaf or dull of hearing, more commonly *buidhre*.

BOIDHREAD, *bòer'-ud*, *n. f.* degree of deafness.

BOIDICH, *bòj'-éch*, *v.* vow, promise; fore-swear solemnly; *bhòidich thu bòid do'n tighearn*, *thou hast solemnly vowed unto the Lord*; *thou hast vowed a vow*; *bòidean ehiaraig ris na fearaibh* is *bòid nam fear uile ri ciarag*, *like the swarthy maid who foreswore the men, as she had been fore-sworn by them*. *G. P.*

BOIDSEAR, *bòish'-àr*, *n. m.* a blockhead, a stupid fellow.

BOIDSEARACHD, *bòish'-àr'-àchg*, *n. f.* stupidity, the conduct of a blockhead.

BOIL, *bu'l*, *n. f.* madness in the extreme, rage, fury; highest degree of passion, frenzy; *c'arson a ghabh na cinnich boil*, *why did the heathen rage*, *P.*; *a chridhe laiste, le boil chatha*, *his soul highly inflamed with the fury of battle*, *S.*; *tha e air boil*, *he is furiously mad, he is under the influence of the greatest passion*; *fear na boile*, *the passionate man*, *Bible*; *'s ann a tha thu air boil*, *you are quite mad*; *'s ann orra a siod a bha bhoil*, *how mad or enraged those were*.

BOILICH, *bò'll'-éch*, *n. f.* ostentation, boasting, romancing; gargonading; telling fibs; *tha e cho làn do bhòilich* is *a tha'n ubh do'n bhiadh*, *he is so full of romancing as the egg is of substance*, (*meal*;) *thoir thairis do d' bhòilich*, *be done of your romancing or gargonading*.

BOILLSG, *bull'-èshg*, *n. f.* prattling. *M. L.*

BOILLSG, *bull'-èshg*, *v.* flash, gleam, shine with great lustre or glitter; *n. f.* effulgence, glitter.

BOILLSGEACH, *bull'-èshg'-ach*, *a.* flashing, gleaming, shining with effulgence.

BOILLSGEADH, *bull'-èshg'-à*, *n. m.* effulgence; *p.* gleaming, shining; beaming.

BOILLSGEANTA, *bull'-èshg'-annt-a*, *n. f.* gleaming, flashy, gaudy; fond of dress.

BOILLSGEANTACHD, *bull'-èshg'-annt-achd*, *n. f.* gaudiness; effulgence, flash.

BOILLSGEIL, *bull'-èshg'-al*, *a.* flashing, gleaming, gaudy, effulgent.

BOINE, *bòn'-nyà*, *gen. of bo*, a cow; *laogh na boine*, *the cow's calf*.

BOINEID, *bòen'-àj*, *n. f.* a bonnet.

BOINEANTA, *bòen'-nyant-a*, *a.* mild, gentle; stout, handsome. *M. In.*

BOINEANTACHD, *boin'-nyant-àchg*, *n. f.* mildness, gentleness, handsomeness.

BOINN, *baòinn*, *pl. of bann*, hinge, &c.

BOINNE, *bòen'-nyà*, *n. m.* a drop; *boinne taig*, *a drop of rain*. *Dr. M'Leod.*

BOINNEALAICH, *bòin'-nyal-èch*, *n. f.* dropping of rain before a shower.

BOIR, *bòer*, *n. m.* an elephant. *Irish.*

BOIRCHE, *bòerch'-chá*, *n. m.* an elk, a buffalo; a thick edge.

BOIREAL, *bòer'-al*, *n. m.* a joiner's brace.

BOIREAM, *bòer'-um*, *n. m.* a rumour, a surmise, creating a hubbub. *Islay.*

BOIREAMAIL, *bòer'-um-al*, *a.* spreading as a rumour or surmise; creating great interest.

BOIRIONN, *bòer'-unn*, *a.* female, of the feminine gender; feminine, belonging to a female.

BOIRIONNACH, *bòer'-unn-àch*, *n. f.* a female; *boirionnach bòidheach*, *a pretty female*; *fiotionnach* is *boirionnach*, *a male and a female*, *a man and a woman*; *boirionnach eireachdail*, *a handsome female*.

BOIRG, *bòer'-ég*, *n. m.* a little screwed-up mouth.

BOIRGEACH, *bòer'-ég-ach*, *a.* having a little prating mouth; *n. f.* a prating female.

BOIRGIRE, *bòer'-ég-ér-à*, *a.* fellow with a little screwed mouth, a tattler.

BOISCEAL, *baòesh'-kyal*, *n. m.* and *f.* a savage man or woman. *Ar.*

BOISE, *bòesh'-à*, *gen. of bas*, the palm of the hand.

BOISEAG, *bòsh'-ág*, *n. f.* a palm full of water; a blow with the palm or on the palm.

BOISEID, *bòsh'-ej*, *n. f.* a budget, a belt, a girdle. *H. S.*

BOISG, *baòeshk*, *v.* flash, gleam, dart, shine with effulgence.

BOISGEACH, *baòeshk'-ach*, *a.* flashing, shining, gleaming, effulgent; sparkling.

BOISGEALACHD, *baòeshg'-àl-àchg*, *n. f.* effulgence, radiance, glitter, brightness.

BOISGEANTA, *baòeshg'-annt-a*, *flashing*.

BOISGEANTACHD, *baòeshg'-annt-àchg*, *n. f.* luminousness, brightness; gleaming.

BOISGEIL, *baòeshg'-al*, *a.* bright, gleaming, beaming.

BOITEAL, *bòet'-al*, *n. m.* pride. *Arm.*

BOITEAN, *bòet'-an*, *a.* bundle or truss of straw or hay; some places, *boitea!*

BOITEANAICH, *bòet'-an'-èch*, *v.* make into bundles or trusses.

BOITIDH, *bòet'-é*, *n. m.* a sow; *int.* boitidh! boitidh! *Skye*; in *Argyle*, duradh! duradh!

BOITH, *bòych*, *n. f.* a hut, a mean cottage.

BOLADH, *bòll'-à*, *n. m.* smell, stink; *bòladh gràiniel*, *an abominable smell*.

BOLANNTA, *bòll'-annt-à*, *a.* excellent.

BO-LAOIGH, *bò'-laoigh*, *n. f.* a cow with a calf, a milch cow.

BOLB, bol'-ub, *n. f.* a sort of worm. *Ir.*
 BOLG, bōll'-ug, and bal'-ag, *n. m.* a pair of bellows; a womb; séid am *bolg*, *blow the bellows*; a *bolg* na maidne, *from the womb of the morning, S.*; *bolg* saighid, a quiver; a blister; a big belly; *v.* bulge, swell, puff, blister.
 BOLGACH, bōll'-ug-ach, *a.* bulging, jutting, having a large belly; *n. f.* corpulent female.
 BOLGAIRE, bōll'-ug-ur'-á, *n. m.* a man with a big belly; a glutton.
 BOLGAM, bōll'-ug-um, *n. m.* a mouthful of any liquid; *bolgam* bainne, *a mouthful of milk*; *bolgam* uisge, *a mouthful of water*.
 BOLGAN, boll'-ag-an, *n. m.* the calf of the leg; a little blister. *D. M.*
 BOLG-LOSRAINN, boll'-ug-llōsg-ēnn, *n. m.* a mushroom.
 BOLGAN-BEUCAN, boll'-äg-an-bèuchg-an, *n. m.* a fuzz-ball.
 BOLLÁ, bōll'-á, *n. m.* a net or anchor-buoy; a boll; *bolla* mine, *a boll of meal*; *bolla* buntata, *a boll of potatoes*.
 BOLLG, bōll'-usg, *v.* bluster, babble.
 BOLLGACH, bōll'-usg-ach, *a.* blustering, boasting; *n. f.* a blustering curious female.
 BOLLGGAIRE, bōll'-usg-ur'-á, *n. m.* blustering, swaggering, bullying fellow.
 BOLLGGAIREACH, bōll'-usg-arr-ächg, *n. f.* a habit of blustering or swaggering.
 BOLLGANTTA, bōll'-usg-annt-a, blustering, swaggering; bullying.
 BOLTRACH, bōll'-ttrach, *n. f.* smell, perfume, *H.*; a volume or bolt of smoke and fire, ashes, &c. *Is.*
 BOLTRACHAS, bōll'-trach-us, *n. f.* perfumery, fragrance.
 BONANACH, bōm'-an-ach, *a.* blustering. *D. M.*
 BONN, bōn'-n, *n. m.* a sole, a foundation, a piece of money; bottom or base; bomb of a sail; *bonn* leth chruin, *a half-crown piece*; *bonn* na bròige, *the sole of the shoe*; *thug e na buinn air*, *he took to his heels*; *cha 'n'eil mi bonn ann ad eisimeil*, *I am not the least in your reverence, I do not care a straw for you*; *thoir na buinn ort*, *make off! be off as fast as you can! take to your heels!* *fichead bonn airgid*, *twenty pieces of silver*; *bonn* na beinne, *the foot or base of the mountain*; *fo bhon-naibh ur cas*, *under the soles of your feet*.
 BONNACH, bōnn'-äch, *n. m.* a cake.
 BONNACHAIR, bonn'-ach-ur, *n. m.* a wandering greedy beggar.
 BONNANTA, bōnn'-annt-a, *a.* firm, stout.
 BONN-A-SE, bōn'-é-she, and shcā, *n. n.* a halfpenny; *lit.* a piece out of six.

BONNCHART, bōn'-chärt, balk; cnàimh criche; near Inverary, *cnocaid*.
 BONNTACH, bōn'-ttach, *n. f.* the thickest part of a hide for soles.
 BORR, bōrr'-ub, *v.* inflame; get enraged; *bhorb a' chas*, *his foot inflamed*; *bhorb i 'na aghaidh*, *she got enraged against him*.
 BORA, bōrr'-ub, *a.* turbulent; of a turbulent disposition; fierce, savage, cruel, boisterous; o'n iorguill *bhorb*, *from the fierce contest, S.*; *th' am fuaim mar an geamhradh borb*, *their sound is like the boisterous winter*; nochd a sluagh *borb* caoimhneas nach hu bheag dhuinn, *the barbarous people shewed us no small kindness*; is *borb* an duine e, *he is a passionate man*; *buirbe*, *fierceness, cruelty, turbulence*; also more or most fierce or furious.
 BORRACHD, bōrr'-ub'-ächg, *n. f.* turbulence, savageness, cruelty, fierceness.
 BORRACH, bōrr'-á, *p.* inflaming, as a limb; enraging, getting furious.
 BORRAS, borb'-us, *n. f.* strictness, rigour.
 BORRHHRIATHRACH, bōrr'-ub-vvhréarr'-äch, *a.* fierce speaking; furious.
 BOABUAN, bōrr'-vhan, *n. m.* a murmur; *a.* the purling of a streamlet; more often *mhorbhan*.
 BORRMANAICH, bōrr'-vhan-èch, *n. f.* murmuring; gurgling; muttering.
 BOBANAICH, bōrr'-ub'-nyéech, *v.* enrage, heave with anger. *See Borb*.
 BORRSMACHDAIL, bōrr'-ub-smächg-al, *a.* imperious, arbitrary.
 BORC, bōrk, *v.* blossom, sprout.
 BORD, bōrd'-d, *n. m.* table, board; plank; *ma'n bhòrd*, *about the table*; *aig ceann a' bhùird*, *at the head of the table*; *sgoil bhùird*, *a boarding-school*; *bùirdeasach*, *a boarder*; *cuir air 'bhòrd e*, *send him to a boarding-house*, *board him*; *chaidh iad air bòrd*, *they went on board the vessel*; *air bòrd*, *on board*; *thig air bòrd*, *come on board*; *am bòrd uaine*, *the green table*; *bòrd urchair*, *or an urchair*, *the mould board of a plough*; in *H. S.* *bòrd ùrhrainn*; *am bòrd mòr*, *the first service*; *tha e fo'n bhòrd*, *he is dead*. This phrase is peculiar to a part of Perthshire, but is quite common in Ireland; originating from a practice that obtains, among the lower classes there, of placing the corpse when confined under a table; groaning under bottles, tobacco, &c. *Friend*.
 BORD, bōrd'-d, *v.* board; *bhòrd iad an long*, *they boarded the ship*; *tack. H. S.*
 BORLUN, bōr'-llum, *n. m.* a sudden evacuation; a ridge of land. *Skye*.
 BORR, bōrr, *n. m.* a curled upper lip, a blubber lip, *Is.*; *v.* scent as a dog.

BORRACH, borra'-äch, *a.* blubber-lipped; *n.* *m.* mountain grass. *Skye.*

BORRADH, bört'-X, *n. m.* scent, smell.

BORRAN, börr'-an, little blubber-lip.

BOSD, bösd, *v.* boast, vaunt; *n. m.* boasting, vaunting, vain-glory; a trunk.

BOSDAIL, bösd'-al, *a.* boastful, vain, vaunting, boasting, inclined to boast.

BOSDALACHD, bösd'-äl-ächg, *n. f.* boastfulness, vain-glory; romance, swaggering.

BOSDAN, bösd'-an, *n. m.* a small trunk or box.

BOSDAIR, bösd'-ar', *n. m.* a swaggerer.

BOT, böt, *n. f.* a vote; *v.* vote.

BOT, böt, *n. f.* a house, bank of a river.

BOTH, bö, *n. m.* a plash, a hut. *H.*

BOTHAN, bö'-han, *n. m.* a hut, a booth, a tent; *bothan* an am fasgadh nam fuar bheann, *a hut in the shelter of the bleak mountains; rinn e bothain da spréidh, he made booths for his cattle; mar bhothan a ni am fear coimhead, as a booth that the keeper maketh. B. A.*

BOTRAMAID, bot'-ram-äi, *n. f.* a slattern.

BOTUINN, böt'-ënn, *n. f.* a boot.

BOTUINNEACH, bot'-ënn-èch, *a.* booted.

BRABHD, bräv'-ud, *n. f.* a bandy-leg; in Lochaber, browd.

BRABHDACH, bräv'-ud-äch, *a.* bandy-legged; *n. f.* a bandy-legged female.

BRABHDAIR, bräv'-ud-är, *n. m.* a bandy-legged man; a boaster. *Ar.*

BRACH, bräch, *n. m.* bear; *v.* malt.

BRACHADAIR, bräch'-a-där', *n. m.* a malt-man.

BRACHADH, bräch'-X, *p.* malting; fermenting, putrifying.

BRACHD, brächg, *n. m.* any thing fermenting, rubbish.

BRADACH, bräd'-äch, *a.* thievish, stolen, roguish; *tha thu cho bhreugach is a tha luch cho bhradach, you lie as the mouse pilfers, M. In.; measar sin mar ni bradach, it shall be reckoned as stolen goods. Ar.*

BRADAG, bräd'-ag, *n. f.* a thievish female.

BRADAIDH, bräd'-è, *n. m.* a thief, *D. M.; North, the devil.*

BRADAIDHEACHD, bräd'-è-ächg, *n. f.* theft, trickiness, *D. M. L.*

BRADALACH, bräd'-al-ächg, *a.* haughty, thievish. *Arm.*

BRADAN, bräd'-an, *n. m.* a salmon; a swelling in a person's skin.

BRADH, brä, *n. f.* a quern, a hand-mill; *is fheairde bradh a breacadh gu'n a brist-eadh, pick a quern, but do not break it; a quern is the better of being picked, without being broken.*

BRADHAIR, brä'-äd-är', *n. m.* a large fire. *Skye.*

BRAGH, brä'-gh, *n. m.* a burst. *H.*

BRAGHAD, brääd, *n. m.* neck, throat, the upper part of the neck; *a braghad gu séimh a soillseadh, her neck softly shining; ruisgidh brú braghad, the belly will strip the neck; losgadh braghad, the heart-burn. C. G. Ar.*

BRAGHADACH, brääd'-äch, *a.* belonging to the neck.

BRAGHADAICH, brä'-ad-èch, *n. m.* crackling; bursting; noise. *D. M.*

BRAGSAIDH, bräg'-sé, *n. m.* disease in sheep.

BRAICH, bräech, *n. f.* malt, (from brach, *v.*) *gen.* bracha.

BRAID, brij, *n. f.* a horse collar, *Arm.; bräid-chluaiscan, a pair of hems.*

BRAID, bräj, *n. f.* theft; *luchd braid, thieves, rogues.*

BRAIG, *v.* be infected with an epidemic or contagion; *fag; boast. Belgic.*

BRAIGH, bri'-yh', *n. m.* top, summit; *air bräigh an tighe, on the top of the house; bräigh na beinne, the summit of the hill; bräigh a chroinn, the mast head; bräigh a' ghlinne, the head or uppermost part of the glen; bräigh na leapa, the top of the bed; am bräigh na dùthcha, in the higher parts of the country; a cable. M. L.*

BRAIGH, bräé'-yh', *v.* give a crackling sound, as wood burning; crackle; burst; explode; crash.

BRAIGREACH, bri'-X, *n. m.* report, an explosion, crackling; a blow.

BRAIGHEARDAICH, bri'-ärt-èch, *n. f.* crackling; blustering; swaggering.

BRAIGHE, bri'-há,

BRAIGHDEAN, brij'-dyan, } *n. m.* and *f.* hostages, captives, pledges.

BRAIGHDEACH, bräj'-dyach, *n. m.* a horse collar. *D. M. L.*

BRAIGHDEANAS, brij'-dyän-us, *n. m.* bondage; the state of having a halter about the neck, lit.

BRAIGHEACH, bri-gh'-äch, *n. m.* a mountaineer, one that inhabits the mountains.

BRAIGHEACHD, bri'-gh-ächg, *n. f.* imprisonment, constraint, confinement.

BRAIGHDEAN, brij'-dyan', *n. m.* a calf's collar.

BRAIGHGHILL, bri-gh'-yèll, the goal, the ascendant, or pre-eminence; *thug thu braigh-ghill air na chualadh mi riamh, you surpass every thing I have ever heard; tha sin a' toirt braigh-ghill air na h-uile ni, that excels or exceeds every thing; fhuair e braigh-ghill ort, gun taing dhuist, he got the ascendant or pre-eminence, in defiance of you.*

BRAIGHLEACH, bräé'-llyach, *n. m.* the breast. *Lw.*

BRAIGH-CHRAINN, brí'-chrann, *n. m.* a top-mast.

BRAIGHID, bríj², or brí'-éj, *n. f.* a pair of hems; a collar about a thief's neck. *Islay.*

BRAIGHLEAB, brí'-gh'-lleab, *n. m.* wood-roof of a house; sarking. *Se.*

BRAIGHLEAG, brícl'-ag, *n. f.* a whortleberry.

BRAIGHLICH, bríl'-lyéch, *n. f.* noise, crackling; blustering, swaggering; *v.* make noise, crackle; bluster, swagger.

BRAIGH-SHEOL, brí'-hhyóll, *n. m.* a top-sail.

BRAIGH-SHLAT, brí'-hhlát, a topsail-yard. *See Long, a ship*

BRAIGHT, bríjt, *n. f.* an enormous large fire; a bon-fire; in old times, the fire that the Druids had on the top of mountains, (braigh-aite.) This word must be the true etymon of the English word *bright*. It is peculiar to Islay and other two of the islands. *See Dr. MacLeod's Collection; also Druidh.*

BRAIGHTSEAL, bríjst'-shyál, *n. m.* a fire on the top of a hill, as a beacon, (*old*;) now used for a large fire of any kind, particularly in time of rejoicing; a volley; a broadside; a billingsgate, or a terrible scolding of ladies; *s ann agaibh a th' am braightseal ciatach, what a fine blazing fire you have; a cheud bhrathtseal a leig iad, the first broadside or volley they fired; 's iad siod a thug am braightseal, what a billingsgate those ladies had.*

BRAILIS, brál'-ësh, *n. f.* worts.

BRAINN, bríenn, *n. f.* the belly; a bulging.

BRAIS, brásh, *n. f.* a fit, a convulsion; *tha na braisean tric, the fits return often.*

BRAISD, bróshj and bráshj, *n. m.* a broach.

BRAISE, brásh'-á, *n. f.* impetuosity; keenness; rashness.

BRAISEAD, brásh'-ad, *n. f.* degree of impetuosity; rashness; impetuosity, fervour, ardour; wantonness; forwardness.

BRAISEIL, brásh'-al, *a.* keen, impetuous, forward.

BRAISGEUL, brash-skéul', *n. m.* a romance.

BRAITHREARCHAS, brár'-hyur'-ach-us, *n. m.* brotherhood, friendship, partiality.

BRAN, brán, *n. m.* the name of Fingal's dog, the name of several rivers in the Highlands.

BRANNA, bránn'-a. *gen.* of brainn, the belly.

BRANNACH, bránn'-ach, *a.* corpulent, having a big belly; *n. f.* a corpulent female.

BRANNAIRE, brann'-ár'-á, *n. m.* a corpulent male.

BRANNAMH, bran'-nuv, *n. m.* a coat of mail.

BRANNDARA, brannd'-ár', *n. m.* a sort of a gridiron.

BRAOILEAG, bráodél'-ag, *a.* whortleberry.

BRAOISG, bráoeshg, *n. f.* a grin, a distortion of the mouth, as in contempt.

BRAOISGEACH, bráoeshg'-äch, *a.* grinning, gaping; having broken teeth, notched; *n. f.* a female with broken teeth; a grinning female.

BRAOISGEIL, bráoeshg'-éil, *n. f.* prating, prattling.

BRAOISGIAE, bráoeshg'-ér'-á, *n. m.* a grinning fellow, one that distorts his mouth in contempt.

BRAON, bráon, *n. m.* drop; *gach braon, da fhuil, every drop of his blood; drizzling rain; le braonaibh na h-oidhehe, with the drops of night; braon nan sion, the drizzling of the blast, Am.; light shower; v. drizzle, distill.*

BRAONACH, bráon'-äch, *a.* showery, drizzling; rainy; dewy; *'sa mhadainn bhráonach, in the dewy morning, M. L.; an duibhre braonach, the dewy gloom; falling in gentle showers.*

BRAONACHD, bráon'-ächg, *n. f.* drizzling rain; genial showers; showery weather.

BRAONAN, bráon'-an, *n. m.* an earth-nut; *braonan nan con, dog carmilion. H. S.*

BRAAS, bráas, *a.* keen, rash, impetuous, fervent, ardent, incautious; inconsiderate; *bras le d' bheul, rash with thy tongue; sruth bras, an impetuous current or torrent; each bras, a mettlesome horse; mar steud shruth bras, like an impetuous torrent, O. A.; bras-bhuileach, ready in dealing blows; bras-chaoín, quick and pleasant; bras chomhrag, tournament.*

BRAASILT, brásh'-áélt, *n. m.* a panegyric, eulogy.

BRAT, brát, *n. m.* hair cloth for a kiln, an apron, *Is;* a covering, a mantle, a veil; *crochaidh tu am brat, thou shalt hang the veil, B.; brat úrlair, a carpet; a garment; agus ghabh Shem agus Iaphet brat, and Shem and Japhet took a garment.*

BRAT BROIN, brát'-bróín, *n. m.* a mort-cloth.

BRATACH, brát'-tach, *a.* banner, flag, colours, ensign; *a' bhratach nihòr aig rìgh nan lann, the great banner of the king of swords; bratach aluinn rìgh nam magh, the beautiful banners of the king of fields. O.*

BRATAG, brát'-äg, *n. f.* the rough, or caterpillar.

BRATAICH, brát'-éch, *v.* kindle. *North.*

BRATH, brhā, *n. m.* knowledge, informa-

tion; pursuit of information; advantage by unfair means; ghabh e *brath* orm, *he took the advantage of me*; bi air *brath*, *be in pursuit of information*; am bheil *brath* agad e'air' am bheil e, *have you any idea or information where he is*? 's ann a tha *brath* amadain agad air, *you take the advantage of him as if he was a fool*; an d' fhuair thu a *bhrath*, *did you get any information of him*? 's ann aig Dia tha *brath*, *God alone knows*; tha mhian air *brath* ort, *he means to inform against you*; a' *brath* tighinn, *intending or meaning to come*; bha e a' *brath* mo bhualadh, *he was on the eve of striking me*; tha e air *bhrath*, *he is to be found*; cha bhi am bàrd air *bhrath*, *the bard shall not be found*.

BRATH, brhā, *v. betray, deceive, inform against*; agus an sin gabhaidh mòran oilbheum, agus *brathaidh* iad a chèile, and then shall many be offended and shall betray one another; esan a *bhrath* e, *he that betrayed him. B.*

BRATH, brách, conflagration, destruction; gu *bràth*, *for ever*; na tréig mi gu buileach na gu *bràth*, *do not forsake me utterly or for ever*; gu la *bhràth* cha n éirich Oscar, *Oscar shall never rise; literally, till the day of conflagration, (buid-ealaich) the day when the world is burnt up*; cha'n fhaic thu e gu *bràth*, *you shall never see him*; seachd bliadhna roimh'n *bhràth*, *this muir thar Eirinn re aon trà, seven years before the last day, the day of conflagration, the sea at one tide shall cover Ireland, Oss.*; cha ghluais e gu cruadail gu *bràth*, *he shall never move to the perils of war. Oss. H.*

BRATHDAIR, brhā-ad'-ār, *n. m. a traitor, a betrayer, a knave, an informer.*

BRATHADH, brhā'-ā, *p. betraying, informing; n. m. treachery, deceit.*

BRATHAIR, brhā'-hyur, *n. m. a brother; brathair athar, a paternal uncle; brathair màthar, a maternal uncle; brathair céile, a brother-in-law; brathair bochd, a friar.*

BRATHAIREACHAS, brhā'-hyur-äch-us, *n. m. brotherhood, fraternity; partnership.*

BRATHAIREALACHD, brhā'-hyur-hyäl-ächd, *n. f. brotherhood, brotherly attachment, fraternity, unanimity, harmony.*

BRATHAIREIL, brhā'-hyur-al, *a. brotherly, affectionate; agus nach do chuimhnich iad an eomheangail brathaireil, and that they have not remembered the brotherly covenant, Amos; bráthair mhort, fratricide.*

BRATH-FOILLE, brā'-laöcī'-lyā, *n. f. disguise, deceit.*

BREAB, brāb', *v. kick, stamp with the foot; n. m. a kick, a prance, a start.*

BREABARDAICH, brābb'-ärt-éch, *n. f. kicking, prancing, stamping, raging.*

BREABADAIR, brābb'-ād-ar', *n. m. a weaver. Skye.*

BREABAIL, brābb'-äl, *see Breab.*

BREABADH, brābb'-ā, *p. stamping, kicking.*

BREABAN, brābb-an, *n. m. a heel piece. Is.*

BREAC, brechg, and brüchg, *a. pie-bald; each breac, a pie-bald horse; bò bhrac, a party-coloured or speckled cow; fear breac, a man marked with the small pox; cù breac, a spotted or party-coloured dog; breac le neòtainibh, chequered with daisies.*

BREAC, brechg, or brüchg, *v. pick a millstone, bespangle, chequer, speckle; n. f. the small-pox; breac nam bò, breac a' chruidh, the cow-pox; breacadh seunain, freckles on the face; breac a mhuilinn, that modification of cloud called cirro-cumulus, Ar.; breac otrach, (the dung-hill-pox,) the shingles or herpes. It is hoped that no person will style this disease in such a manner after this. Deilg-ginneach is the proper and the Islay name for it; breac an t-sil, the white and grey wag-tail; breac beadaidh, the fish called louch.*

BREAC, brechg, or brüchg, *n. m. a trout.*

BREACADH, brechg-, or brüchg'-ā, *p. getting freckled; getting black and white; picking a millstone; breacadh teine, shin-freckles; breac-luirgneach, shin-freckled; breach shith, livid spots on the shin, hives; breacadh rionnaich, a dapple sky.*

BREACAG, brechg'-ag, or brüchg'-äg, *n. f. a pan-cake.*

BREACAIR, brechg'-ar', *n. m. the engraver's tool.*

BREACAN, brechg'-an, or brüchg'-an, *n. m. tartan, tartan plaid, a Highland plaid; a parti-coloured dress, used by the Celts from the earliest times. The breacan of the Highland king had seven different colours; the Druidical tunic had six; and that of the nobles four; breacan an fheilidh, the belted plaid; consisting of twelve yards of tartan, worn round the waist obliquely across the breast and over the left shoulder, and partly depending backwards.*

BREACHDAN, brechg'-an, *n. m. a custard, M. L.*

BREACARSAICH, brüch'-är-sšech, *n. f. twilight; middle state, particularly of health.*

BREACNAICH, brechg'-nyèch, *v. chequer, mix.*

BREACTA, bryèchg'-tya, *p. picked as a millstone; spotted; carved.*

BREAGH, brè or brya; No. bréa, *a. handsome, beautiful, fine; nighean bhreagh, a handsome young woman; latha breagh, a fine day; surprising; is breagh nach d' thàinig thu dhachaigh an àm, it is surprising you did not come home in time; gu breagh anamoch, pretty late in the evening.*

BREAGHACHD, brya'-hächg, *n. f. handsomeness; beauty, elegance; degree of beauty.*

BREAGHAICH, brya'-hèch, *v. adorn.*

BREAGHCHADH, brya'-chyd', *n. f. degree of beauty, superiority in beauty.*

BREAMAIN, bryem'-àn', *n. m. tail, train.*

BREAMAINEACH, bryem'-àn'-äch, *a. tailed, as a tail or train.*

BREAMAS, bryem'-as, *n. m. a blunder, mishap; misfortune; cha leighis aithreachas breamas, repentance cannot remedy a blunder; 's ann duit a dh'èirich am breamas, what a mishap has befallen you.*

BREANASACH, brem'-as-ach, *a. unfortunate, unlucky; blundering; bungling.*

BREANASACHD, brem'-äs-ächg, *n. f. unfortunate state or condition, fatality, misfortune.*

BREATH, brheyá, *n. f. a row, a rank. B.*

BREATHACH, brá'-hhach, *n. m. Welshman.*

BREATHAL, bryaöh'-hal, *n. f. raving, confusion of mind, terror, flurry.*

BREATHANAS, bryaöh'-hyan-us, *n. m. judgment, decision, retributive justice; from breith.*

BREATHAS, bráöh'-as, *n. m. fury, frenzy.*

BREATUNN, brät'-ttunn, *n. m. Britain.*

BREATUNNACH, brät'-ttunn-ach, *a. British; n. m. a Briton.*

BREATHNACHADH, bren'-nach-ä, *n. m. apprehension; conception, imagination.*

BREATHNAICH, bren'-nèch, *v. conceive, apprehend, suppose. Islay.*

BREID, bräjj, *n. m. a kerchief, a napkin, a piece of cloth of any kind, a woman's head dress, consisting of a square of fine linen, neatly pinned on the head; generally put for the female badge of marriage; v. spread peats. North.*

BREIDEACH, bryäjj'-ach, *a. like a kerchief, a woman wearing the bréid or badge of marriage.*

BREIGHIABH, brägg'-chëäv, *n. f. a wig. H. BREIGHIABHADAIR, brägg'-chëäv'-a-dar', *n. m. a wig-maker.**

BREIGRIOCHDAICH, brägg'-rrüchg-èch, *v. disguise, disfigure.*

BREILLEIS, bräll'-èsh, *n. f. confusion of mind, raving, delirium. Dr. M'Leod.*

BREINE, bräen'-nyá, *n. f. turbulence, a turbulent disposition; stink, stench.*

BREINEAD, bräen'-ad, *n. f. degree of turbulence, turbulence; rottenness, stench.*

BREINEAG, brän'-äg, *n. f. a turbulent female.*

BREINEAN, brän'-an, *n. m. a turbulent man.*

BREISLEACH, bräsh'-lyach, *n. f. raving, delirium, confusion of mind; chuir e 'm bhreislich mi, he quite confounded me; chaidh mi am bhreislich, I was confounded, I got quite bewildered; distraction of mind.*

BREISLEACHAIL, bräsh'-lyach-al, *a. confusing, confounding; delirious, causing delirium.*

BREISLICH, bräsh'-llèch, *v. confuse, confound, rave, talk inconsistently or incoherently.*

BREITH, brthā, *n. f. judgment, decision, sentence; breith air a phobull bhior thu, thou shalt judge the people; gu cinnteach tha Dia ann a tha toirt breith air an talamh, verily there is a God that judgeth in the earth; na b-aingidh anns a' bhreith, the wicked in the judgment; interpretation, meaning, signification; dè's breith do m' bhruadar, what is the interpretation of my dream; thoir breith air mo bhruadar, interpret my dream; birth; a dol air seacharan o'm breith, going astray from their birth; O bhreith gu bàs, from birth to death, from the cradle to the grave; sgult i 'bhreith cloinne, she left off child-bearing; overtaking, laying hold of, capturing, seizing; breith buidheachas, thanksgiving; air breith buidheachas, after giving thanks; breith luath lochdach, a rash unfair judgment; breith air éigin, a child scarcely alive when born; enforcement.*

BREITH, brthā, *p. bearing, seizing, carrying away, catching; a' breith air làimh orm, seizing me by the hand; cha b' fhad bha sinn a' breith orra, we soon overtook them; a' breith air a chéile, seizing each other, laying hold of each other; tha i a' breith cloinne, she is bearing children—a' breith uibhean, laying eggs; a' breith searraich, casting a foal; a' breith laoiigh, calving; a' breith uain, yeaving; a' breith oircean neo, thoircean, farrowing; a' breith chuileanan, whelping; a' breith phiseag, kitting.*

BREITHEACH, brä'-ach, *a. judicial, exact.*

BREITHEIL, brä'-ul, *n. f. raving, delirium.*

BREITHEAMH, brä'-uv, *n. m. a judge; an umpire; nach dean breitheamh na talmhainn uile ceartas, shall not the judge of all the earth do justice?*

BREITHEANAS, brhä'-an-us, *n. m. a judgment; decision, sentence; a just retribution for one's sins; thàinig breitheanas ort, a judgment came upon you; thàinig sin mar breitheanas ort, that came your way as a just retribution for your sins;*

oir seasaidh sinn gu léir am fianuis caithir breitheanais Chríost, *for we shall all stand before the judgment-seat of Christ*; is fírinne breitheanais an Tigh-earna; tha iad gu h-iomlan cothromach. Ní's mò ran iarraidh tha iad na'n t-ór, seadh, na móran do'n ór fhíorghlan, agus ní's míle na a' mhíl, seadh, na cúbh mheala, *the judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether. More to be desired are they than gold, yea, than much fine gold; sweeter also than honey and the honey comb.*

BREITHEANASACH, brá'-an-as-ach, *a. retri-* butive, as a just judgment.

BREITH-DHITIDH, brhá'-yhéit-é, *n. f. sen-* tence of condemnation.

BREITHNEACHADH, brá'-nyach-á, *n. m. ap-* prehension, idea. *High. So.*

BREITHNICH, brá'-nyech, *v. conceive.*

BREITICH, brá'-tyéich, *v. swear. H. S.*

BREO, bryò, *n. m. a fire, a flame. H. S.*

BREOCHADH, *n. m. any tender or fragile* thing, *Skye; sprechdaínn.*

BREOC, bryóich, *v. patch. H. S.*

BREOITE, bryó'-tyá, *a. frail, weak, feeble,* infirm, sickly, indisposed.

BREOITEACHD, bryó'-tyáchg, *n. f. infirmi-* ty, weakness, debility, frailty, feeble-ness; tha mi breòite ùnn, *I am weak, feeble and sickly. Sm.*

BREOLADH, bryól'-láj, *n. m. dotage. M. L.*

BREOTH, bryó', *v. putrify, rot, corrupt.*

BREOTHADH, bryó'-á, *n. m. corruption, be-* ginning to corrupt, or get useless; rot-ting.

BREUG, brèug, (not brāg) *gen. bréig, pro.* brāg, *n. f. a lie, a falsehood, an untruth;* saor m' anam o bhilean nam breug, *deliver my soul from lying lips; fhuaradh 'sa bhréig e, he was found out in a lie;* ann an dòchas na beatha maireannaich a gheall Dia do nach comasach breug a dheanadh roimh chruthachadh an t-saoghail, *in hope of eternal life, which God, that cannot lie, promised before the world began; v. pacify, lull, flatter, en-* tice; breug am páisde, *pacify, lull, or soothe the child; breug leat e, flatter or cajole him away with you; 'ga bhreug-* adh mar gu 'in biodh leanabh ann, *ca-* joling, soothing, or caressing him as if he was a child.

BREUGACH, brèug'-ach, *a. lying, false, de-* ceitful; tha e cho bhreugach is a th' an cat cho bhradach, *he is as great a liar as the cat is a thief; tha thu breugach, you* are a liar; nach breugach thu, *how much* you lie; *n. f. a lying female.*

BREUGADH, brèug'-á, *p. cajoling, flatter-* ing, lulling, pacifying, soothing, caress-
ing.

BREUGAICH, brèug'-èch, *v. belie, falsify,* give the lie, disprove, gainsay; *n. f. thug* e a' bhreugaich dhomh, *he belied me to the face; bhreugaich e mi, he belied me;* breugaich e, *belie him.*

BREUGAIRE, brèug'-ur'-á, *n. m. a liar; is* fearr duine bochd na breugaire, *a poor man is better than a liar; éisidh am breugaire ri teanga an aimhleis, a liar* giveth ear to a naughty tongue, *P. 17-4;* is fearr breugaire fianuis, *a liar re-* quires a voucher, one that is belied or contradicted is the better of a witness.

BREUGAIREACHD, brèug'-ur'-áchg, *n. f. the* habit or vice of telling lies; the practice of belying or contradicting.

BREUGAN, brèug'-un, *n. p. lies, false-* hoods.

BREUG-CHRABHADH, brèug'-chiáv-á, *n. m.* hypocrisy, pretensions to religion; breug-
chrábhach, hypocritical, deceitful.

BREUGLAICH, brèug'-llèch, *v. foreswear,* perjure, gainsay. *Armstrong.*

BREUGNACHADH, brèug'-nnach-á, *p. bely-* ing, falsifying, contradicting.

BREUGNACHTE brèug'-nnèch-tyá, *p. be-* lied, falsified, contradicted.

BREUGRIOCHDAIRE, brèug'-rryúichg-ur'-á, *a* disguiser, a pretender, a traitor.

BREUGRIOCHD, brèug'-rryúichg, *n. f. dis-* guise.

BREUN, bránn, *a. of a turbulent, boister-* ous disposition; bold, indelicate, as a female; putrid, filthy, loth, grod.

BREUNADH, bránn'-á, *p. becoming* putrid.

BREUNACH, bránn'-ach, *n. f. a turbulent,* indelicate, or immodest female.

BREUNACHD, bránn'-áchg, *n. f. turbulence,* indelicacy; rottenness, putridness.

BREUNAIR, bréann'-ur', *n. m. a turbulent* man.

BRIAGH, bréá, *prov. for* breagh.

BRIAN, bréánn, the name Brian.

BRIATHAR, bhréár'-ur, *n. m. a word, a verb;* a saying, an assertion; dh'iarr an sear-
monaiche briathra taitneach fhaotainn; agus bha a ní sgríobhadh ceart, briathra na fírinne, *the preacher sought out accept-* able words; and that which was written was upright, even words of truth; tha briathra na daoine glíce mar bhioraibh, *the words of the wise are as goads, Exc.;* (brih-athar,) *the essence of the father.* *M. L.*

BRIATHRACH, bréár'-ách, *a. wordy, talka-* tive, verbose, loquacious.

BRIATHRACHAS, bréár'-rách-us, *n. m. wor-* diness, wit, eloquence, verbosity.

BRIATHRADAN, bréár'-ad-an, *n. f. a voca-* bulary.

BRIATHRADAIR, bréár'-ad-ár', *n. m. a dic-* tionary, a lexicon.

BBIATHRADAIRACHD, bréar'-ad'-ar-áchg, *n. f.* lexicography; a lexicographer's work.

BBIATHRAICH, bréar'-réch, *v.* affirm, assert, maintain. *H. S.*

BBIATHRAIL, bréar'-al, *a.* verbal, in a word.

BIB, brébb, *n. m.* a small sum of money, a dribble, an item; am bheil thu brath am brí sin a phaidheadh, *are you going to pay that trifling sum? Is.*; a bribe; brí nach do ghabh, *who has not received a bribe. B.*

BIBEARACHD, bré'-ar'-áchg, *n. f.* payment in small sums, trifling sums of money.

BRIC, bréchg, *gen.* of breac, *plu.* of breac, a trout.

BRICEAN, bréchg'-an', *n. m.* a sprat, or small trout; bricean baintighearn, *a weag-tail*; bricean beithe, *a linen. H. S.*

BRIDE, bréjj'-á, contraction of brighide; Bright, latha fhéill bríde, *Candlemas, St B-idge's days.*

BRIDEAG, bréjj'-ág, *n. f.* the jaws of a brute.

BRIDEACH, bréjj'-ach, *a.* a dwarf; cha bhrídeach air an fhaich e, *he is not a dwarf on the battle-field. Old Song. Arm.*

BRIDEAN, bréjj'-an', *n. m.* the sea-piet; cho luath ris a bhrídean 'san traigh, *as swift as the sea-piet on the sea-shore.*

BRIG, brégg, *n. f.* a heap, a pile; *v.* pile, build as a pile of peats, &c.; a' brígeadh na móna, *building the peat-stack. Mull.*

BRIGH, bré'-yh', *n. f.* substance, essence, elixir, juice, sap; chaill na h-úbhlan am brígh, *the apples lost their juice or sap*; feoil gun bhrígh, *beef without substance*; meaning, interpretation; briathran gun bhrígh, *words without meaning*; innis domh brígh mo bhrúadair, *tell me the interpretation of my dream*; a' eaitheadh mo bhrígh, *dissolving my substance, Job*; is deacair brígh do sgeoil, *sad is the substance (subject) of thy tale, O.*; b'e so a' du bhrígh d'an dán, *this was the substance of their tale, Sm.*; caitheidh cumha gun bhrígh, *mourning consumes without avail, Arm. O.*; do bhrígh, *a bhrígh, by virtue of, because, Bible*; pith, energy; thuir triath Eirinn bu mhór brígh, *said Ireland's chief of mighty energy. Oss.*

BRIGHEALACHD, bréyh'-all-áchg, *n. f.* substance, vigorousness, juiciness, pithiness.

BRIGHEAMH, bhré'-uv, *n. m.* a judge; from brígh, *interpretation.*

BRIGHEIL, bré'-gh'-al, *a.* substantial, juicy, pithy, full of meaning, sap or energy.

BRIGIS, brégg'-esh, *n. f.* breeches. *M. Inf.*

BRIGHINN, bré'-hyunn, *n. f.* seasoning, any fat; delicacies, dainties.

BRIGHINNEACHADH, bré'-hyun-ách-á, *n. m.* the act of seasoning; the act of feeding with dainties or delicacies.

BRIOG, brégg, *v.* stab, thrust, *N.*; cut round; *n. m.* confinement, restraint. *D. M'L.*

BRIOGACH, brégg'-ach, *a.* mean, miserly, spiritless, avaricious, sordid.

BRIOGACHD, brégg'-achg, *n. f.* sordidness, meanness, want of spirit, shabbiness.

BRIOGADAICH, brégg'-ad-éich, *n. m.* sordidness, avarice, meanness; ludicrous capering. *D. M'L.*

BRIOGAIN, brégg'-aj, *n. f.* a little, elderly, morose, miserly female.

BRIOGAIDEACH, brégg'-áj-ách, *a.* elderly, little and mean, as a female.

BRIOGAIRE, brégg'-ur-á, *n. m.* a sordid, shabby fellow; a miser; a churl.

BRIOGAIREACHD, brégg'-ur-áchg, *n. m.* sordidness, meanness, avarice, want of spirit.

BRIOGHAS, brú'-gh'-us, *n. f.* fervour of passion, dalliance; fondness.

BRIOGHASACH, brúgh'-as-ach, *a.* fond.

BRIOGHNOIREACHD, brhè'-vur-áchg, *n. f.* substantiality; the state of being full of meaning.

BRIOGHMHOR, bré'-gh'-'vur, *a.* full of substance, or meaning, or energy.

BRIOLAG, brúl'-lag, *n. f.* an illusion. *D. M.*

BRIONGLAID, breug'-llāj, *n. f.* a bickering sort of squabble; wrangling, disagreement.

BRIONGLAIDEACH, bryung'-llāj-ách, *a.* squabbling, bickering, wrangling, quarrelsome.

BRIONNACH, bryunn'-ách, *a.* party-coloured and shining, or glittering; pretty; flattering; lying. *A. D. M.*

BRIONNACHD, bryunn'-áchg, *n. m.* variety of colours, glitter; flattery, falsehood. *D. M.*

BRIONNEL, bryunn'-al, *n. f.* flattery, fawning, *Sm.*; toying, caressing, flirting.

BRIONSHULEACH, bryunn'-hūl-ách, *a.* having a bright shining quick eye.

BRIOS, bréss, *n. m.* the state of being half intoxicated; mockery. *A. M. D.*

BRIOSAD, bréss'-aj, *n. f.* a girdle, a belt. *Arm.*; a witch, a sorceress. *Ir.*

BRIOSAIDEACH, bréss'-áj-ách, *a.* belted.

BRIOSG, brésg, *v.* start, jerk; move, or come alive, as a child in the womb; oir, feuch, co luath as a thàinig fuaim do bheannaichaidh am chluasaibh, *bhriosg an naoidhean, le h-aobhneas am bhroinn, for, to, as soon as the voice of thy salutation sounded in mine ears, the babe leaped in my womb for joy*; move, as the flesh of an animal immediately after being slaughtered; crumble.

BRIOSGAIL, *n. f.* sudden start or movement,

the state of coming alive; *p.* moving, starting, coming alive.

BRIOSGADH, brèssg²-à, *p.* jerking, starting, moving.

BRIOSGAID, brèssg²-àj, *n. f.* a biscuit.

BRIOSGANNTA, brèssg²-annt-à, *a.* apt to start, move, jerk, or start.

BRIOSGARDAICH, brèssg²-ard-èch, *n. f.* starting or jerking movement, as the flesh of an animal after being flayed; starting, moving.

BRIOSGURNEACH, brèss²-urn-ach, *a.* ludicrous, *H.*; ait, dhrabhluinneach.

BRLOT, brètt, } *n. m.* the language

BRLOTAL, brètt²-al, } of birds, a flock of wild fowls, in pursuit of the fry of fish; a meeting or company where every one is speaking; nonsensical talk; clit-chat, tattle, chattering; flattery.

BRIS, brèssh, *v.* break, fracture.

BRISD, brèshj, *v.* break, fracture, become insolvent, or a bankrupt; splinter.

BRISDEACH, brèsshj²-ach, } *a.* apt to

BRISTEACH, brèssht²-ach, } break, brittle, interrupted, confused, unsettled, as weather; uair bhrisdeach, *unsettled weather.*

BRISDEADH, brèsshj²-à, *n. m.* a break, a breach, a fracture; an eruption; an out-breaking; *p.* breaking, fracturing; *brisdeach* cridhe, *a heart-break*; *brisdeadh* ecile, *derangement*; *brisdeadh* a mach, *an eruption, an outbreaking, a rebellion, an insurrection.*

BRISG, brèsshg, *v.* brittle, apt to break; as flesh—tender, fine; as a horse, mettlesome; as a person—ready, not stingy, active, lively, brisk.

BRISGE, brèsshg²-à, *n. f.* readiness, aptness, activity; tenderness; brittleness.

BRISGRACHD, brèsshg²-achg, *n. f.* brittleness, readiness, aptness; tenderness, activity, cleverness.

BRISGEAD, brèsshg²-udd, *n. f.* brittleness, degree of brittleness, tenderness; briskness, &c.

BRISGEAN, brèsshg²-àn, *n. m.* the part of tripe called the brisket or gristle; the root of wild tansy or silver weed; moor grass, garbhach, fineach.

BRISLEAN, brèssh-lìyan, *n. m.* wild tansy, *pr.*

BRIST, brèsshjt, *v.* break, fracture. *Pr.*

BRISTE, brèssht²-à, *p.* broken, made a bankrupt, insolvent, bruised; tha mo chridhe briste, *my heart is broken*; is dlùth an Tighearn dhaibhsan a tha briste 'nan cridhe; agus saoraidh e iadsan, *a tha bruite 'nan spiorad, the Lord is nigh unto them that are of a broken heart, and saveth such as be of a contrite spirit*; is iad iobairtean Dhé spiorad briste; air

cridhe briste agus bruite, a Dhé, cha dean thusa tair, *the sacrifice of God is a broken spirit; a broken and a contrite heart, O Lord, thou wilt not despise.*

BRITINNEAS, brèjt²-èn-nus, *n. f.* the measles. *Ir.*

BROBH, bröv, round rooted, basdard cypress. *Ir.*

BROC, bröchg, *n. m.* a badger; *gen.* bruic.

BROCACH, bröchg²-äch, *a.* marked with the small pox; speckled in the face; greyish, like a badger.

BROCAIL, bröchg²-èil, *v.* mangle. *North.*

BROCAIRE, bröchg²-ur²-à, *n. m.* a fox-hunter, a destroyer of vermin in the Highlands.

BROCAIREACHD, bröchg²-ur²-ächg, *n. f.* the occupation of fox-hunter, &c. *H. S.*

BROCHAILL, bröch²-all, *n. m.* the name of the Banner of Gaul, the son of Morni. *Ar. Ir.*

BROCHAN, bröch²-an, *n. m.* porridge, pottage; deoch bhrochain, *gruel*; sodar brochan, *thick gruel*; brochan bainne, *milk-pottage*; a phoite bhrochain, *the pottage or porridge pot*; brochan do ghall-pheasair, *pottage of lentils*; agus bhrùich Iacob brochan, and Jacob sod pottage. *Bible.*

BROCHANACH, bröch²-an-äch, *a.* well supplied with porridge or pottage; bi gu cur-aiiceach, brögach, brochanach 'sa gheamhradh, *be thou well capped, well shod, and well supplied with gruel in winter.* *G. P.*

BROCHLACH, bröch²-läch, *n. f.* a woman. *H.*

BROCHLAID, bröch²-llä, *n. m.* trash. *Arm.*

BROCHLAINN, bröch²-llènn, *n. f.* a badger's den; any stinking place.

BROD, bröd²-d, *n. m.* the choice part of any thing, the choice quality of any thing; brod an t-sil, *the best part of the oats*; a lid; brod na poite, *the lid of the pot*; a box or ladle handed round in church for collecting alms; a small board; brod gheadh, *a goose that has a brood, a dam*; *v.* level or smooth land with the spade after the first ploughing; poke, probe, rouse.

BRODADH, bröd²-à, *p.* levelling land, poking.

BROD, bröd, *n. m.* pride, arrogance, haughtiness; *M.* land *Arg.* a brood, a crowd.

BRODAIL, bröd²-d²-al, *a.* proud, haughty, arrogant; tha e cho bhrödail ris a mhaemhalachd, *he is as proud as Lucifer, or old Pluto, or, as he is called in the North, Ian.*

BRODALACHD, bröd²-al-ächg, *n. f.* arrogance, haughtiness, extreme pride.

BROD-IASG, bröd²-d²-èäsg, *n. m.* needle-fish.

BRODUNN, bröd²-d²-ènn, *n. m.* a goad, a staff.

BROG, brögg², *n. m.* a probe, a poker; *v.*

- n. poke, probe, stir, stimulate; bestir yourself.
- BROG, bròg'g, *n. f.* a shoe; cuir ort do bhrògan, *put on your shoes*; hoof; bròg an eich, *the hoof of the horse*; evil consequence; buailidh e bròg ort fathast, *you will feel the bad effects of that hereafter*; bhual an t-earrach so bròg oirnn, *we have felt the sad effects of this untoward spring*; bròg f hiodh, *a clog, a sandal*; bròg na cuthaig, *butter-wort*; a. sorrowful. *H. S.*
- BROGACH, bròg'g'-ach, *a.* well shod; strong-hoofed.
- BROGACH, bròg'g'-ach, *n. m.* a boy, a lad. *North.*
- BROGAICH, bròg'g'-èch, *v.* shoe; approach.
- BROGAIL, *see* Broigell.
- BROGAIRE, bròg'g'-ur'-à, *n. m.* a cobbler, a shoe-mender.
- BROGAIREACHD, bròg'g'-ur'-àchg, *n. f.* shoe-mending, cobbling.
- BROID, bròèjj, *v.* embroider. *O. R.*
- BROIDIREACHD, bròèjj'-èrr-àchg, *embroidering.*
- BROIGEALACHD, bròèg'-al-àchg, *n. f.* activity, liveliness, as an old man or woman.
- BROIGEIL, bròèg'-al, *a.* tho old, stout, lively, and active; hale, hearty, applied to old people always.
- BROIGEANTA, bròèg'-annt-à, *a.* active, lively, spirited, sturdy.
- BROIGEANTACHD, bròèg'-annt-àchg, *n. f.* liveliness, activity, sturdiness, alacrity.
- BROIGHEAL, broy'-ghyal, *a.* cormorant, sgarbh.
- BROIGHLICH, bràèll'-èch, *n. f.* *prov.* for braighlich, the crackling of wood on fire; swaggering; *braigh, the top*, the place where the Druids had their bon-fires, and the consignative, la 'lich, &c. to make, to make noise; the Irish pronounce ai, for the most part aòe, but the Highlanders pronounce it iè; hence, dhoibh in place of dhaibh; broinn instead of brainn; broighlich in place of braighlich, (brìèl'-èch.)
- BROHEAN, bròl'-an', *n. m.* manyplies or king's hood in an animal, (braigh'-la.)
- BROILEANACH, bròèl'-àn'-ach, *a.* many-plied.
- BROILLEACH, bròèl'-llyàch, *n. m.* the breast, the bosom; front; *a broilleach mar chobhar nan stuadh, her bosom like the foam of the waves, (mountain-high waves)*; an urrainn duine teine a ghabhail 'na bhròilleach agus gun eudach a bhì air a losgadh, *can a man take fire in his bosom and his clothes not be burnt?* *Prov.*; 'na bhròilleach, *in his bosom*, *Exd.*; folachaidh an leisgein a làmh na
- bhròilleach; uiread as eum a bheòil cha tobhair e i, *a slothful man hideth his hand in his bosom, and will not so much as bring it to his mouth again.*
- BROIN, bròèn, *gen.* of bròn, mourning; *v.* mourn, lament, deplore.
- BROINEACH, bròèn'-àch, *n. f.* a ragged woman, a ragged garment or vesture; a ragged, tattered.
- BROINEAG, bròèn'-àg, *n. f.* a rag, a tatter, a shred.
- BROINEAGACH, bròèn'-àg-àch, *a.* ragged, tattered.
- BROINN, *prov.* for brainn, a belly.
- BROISDE, bròshg'-à, *n. m.* a braoch. *Is.*
- BROISO, bròeshg, *v.* excite. *Arm.*
- BROIT, bròèt, *n. f.* bosom; cuir ad bhròit, *e, put it in thy bosom.* *North H.*
- BROLLACH, bròll-àch, *n. m.* breast. *Irish.*
- BROLLACHAN, bròll'-ach-an, *n. m.* any thing entangled or entwined.
- BROLLUINN, bròll'-ènn, *n. m.* steam, stench; meeting of currents. *North.*
- BROMACH, bròm'-ach, *n. m.* a colt. *N.*
- BRON, bròn, *n. m.* mourning, sorrow, wailing, weeping; grief, lamentation; mourning dress or habiliments; 's e so fath mo bhròn, *this is the cause of my lamentation or sorrow*; fo bhròn, *sorrowing, lamenting*; is beannaichte iadsan a tha ri bròn oir gheibh iad sòlas, *blessed are they that mourn for they shall be comforted*, *M. 5-4*; thionndaidh thu dhomhsa mo bhròn gu dabhsadh, *thou hast turned for me my mourning into dancing*, *P. 50-11*; oladh aoibhneas an àite bròin, *the oil of joy for mourning*; tha iad am bron, *they are wearing mournings*; is fear dol do thigh a' bhròn, *na dol do thigh na cuir-me*; oir 'se sin crìoch na uile dhaoine; agus gabhaidh am beò g' a chridh' e, *it is better to go to the house of mourning, than to the house of feasting*; for that is the end of all men; and the living will lay it to his heart.
- BRONACH, bròn'-ach, *a.* sad, mournful, melancholy, grievous, sorrowful; mean.
- BRONAG, bròn'-ag, *n. f.* a sorrowful woman.
- BRONBHAT, bròn'-vvhrät, *n. m.* a mort-cloth.
- BRONNAG, bròn'n'-ag *n. f.* a gudgeon.
- BROSDAN, bròsd'-an, *n. m.* a spunk, little sticks to kindle the fire.
- BROSG, bròsk, *v.* bestir yourself, excite.
- BROSGADH, bròsg'-à, an exhortation, an excitement.
- BROSLACH, bròsg'-llach, *a.* lively, active, brisk.
- BROSLAICH, bròsg'-llèch, *v. n.* excite, bestir yourself; flatter, coax, cajole.
- BROSGUIL, brosg'-èl, *v.* flatter, coax.

BROSGUL, brösg'-ul, *n. m.* flattery. *Skye.*

BROSNAHADH, brös'-nnach-á, *n. m.* incitement, provocation, exhortation; also a piece of Highland music; encouragement; *pt.* spurring, exciting.

BROSNAICHL, bross'-nach-al, *a.* instigating, encouraging.

BROSNAICH, bross'-nnéich, *v.* excite, provoke, bestir, encourage; gu cinnteach cha'n fhaic iadsan am fearann a mhionnaich mi d' an aithrichibh, ni mò a chi neach air bith dhiubhsan a bhrósnaich mi, surely they shall not see the land which I swear unto their fathers, neither shall any of them that provoked me see it.

BROT, brött, *n. m.* broth; *a.* fat. *North.*

BROTH, brith, *n. m.* an eruption on the skin.

BROTHLAINN, brith'-llénn, *n. f.* heat and stink; disagreeable heat.

BAU, brú, *n. f.* a big belly, as a woman with child; a belly, a bulge; tha brú air a' bhalla, the wall bulges; a womb.

BRUACH, brúach, *n. m.* a bank, a border, edge, brim, a steep, a precipice; bruach an uillt, the bank of the river; air na bruachan so, about these borders; ma na bruachaidh so, about these borders; bruach dhuine, a boor of a fellow, a stupid fellow; a small rising ground.

BRUACHAIRE, bruach'-ar'-á, *n. m.* a sullen fellow; a hoverer.

BRUADAIR, brúad'-dár, *v.* dream, see a vision; bhruadair mi an rair, I dreamed last night; bhruadair mi gu'm faca mi, I dreamed that I saw.

BRUADAR, brúad'-ar, *n. m.* a dream, a vision; agus air faotainn rabhaidh o Dhia ann am brúadar, and being warned of God in a dream. *Bible.*

BRUADARAICHE, brúad'-ar-éich-á, *n. m.* a dreamer.

BRUADRACH, brúad'-rrach, *a.* visionary.

BRUAILLEAN, brúaly'-lyan, *n. m.* disturbance, noise, tumult, trouble, offence; cò a tha cur bruillean ort, who is troubling or offending you; duine gun bhruillean, an inoffensive man; 's mòram bruillean a dhùisg thu, you have created a tumult; mar bhruillean thonn air driom a chuain, as the tumult of waves on the height of the ocean—tha bruillean air aghaidh nan tom, there is boding gloom on the face of the bushes. *H. S.*

BRUAILLEANACH, brúaly'-an'-äch, *a.* troublesome, riotous, tumultuous; noisy, disturbing; causing disturbance; annoying, grieved, vexed.

BRUAILLEANACHD, brúaly'-an'-ächg, *n. f.* troublesomeness, the state of giving trouble or being troubled.

BRUAN, brüan, *n. m.* short-bread, a cake made with butter, &c. to keep children quiet; a crumb, a morsel; *v.* crumble, pulverise, crush.

BRUANACHD, brüan'-ächg, *n. f.* continued breaking or smashing; fragments.

BRUANAG, brüan'-ag, *n. f.* a little cake.

BRUANSAIL, brüan'-skul, *v.* make a deep erasing, crushing noise; make a grating noise; crumble, break into fragments.

BRUANSAL, brüan'-skal, *n. f.* a crumbling noise; a grating noise.

BRUANSPEALT, brüan'-spyält, *n. m.* splinter; *v.* smash, hack, hew.

BRUCACH, brüchg'-äch, *a.* speckled in the face, as a sheep; gloomy, lowering, as weather; latha brucach, a gloomy lowering day; coara bhrucach, a speckled sheep, a black-faced sheep.

BRUCACHD, brüchg'-ächg, *n. f.* gloominess.

BRUCANAICH, brüchg'-an-éich, *n. f.* peep of day, the dawn; bi an so 'sa bhrucanaich, be here at peep of day. *Is.*

BRUCHD, brüchg, *n. m.* a disruption, or rushing forth, as a multitude; a bulge; a sudden rushing forth, a belch, a rift; rinn e brüchd, he belched or rifted; thàinig brüchd do na daoine a mach, a rush of the people came forth; a heap, or great quantity; thuit brüchd do 'n mhòine, a great quantity of the peats fell; a rush, a gush; thàinig brüchd do 'n uisge a mach, a gush of the water came forth.

BRUCHD, brüchg, *v.* rush forth, sally, bulge, belch, rift; bhrüchd na daoine a mach, the men rushed forth; tha e, brüchdail, he is belching, or rifting; gush; bhrüchd 'fhuil a mach, his blood gushed or poured out.

BRUCHDADH, brüchg'-á, *p.* rushing; bulging; belching; rifting; gushing.

BRUCHDAIL, brüchg'-al, *n. m.* rushing; belching; rifting; a gush.

BRUCHLAG, brüch'-llag, *n. f.* a mean hovel.

BRU-CHORC, brü-chörk', } *n. m.* stool-
BRU-CHORCAN, brü-chörk-an, } bent, or
dirk grass.

BRUTHAISTE, brü'-äsh-t-á, brose, brothas. *Inver.*

BRU-DHEARG, brü'-yhyérg, *n. m.* robin red-breast.

BRUICH, brüéich, *v.* boil, seethe, simmer, sod; *a.* boiled, seethed, simmered; *n. f.* boiling; the state of being boiled; the act of boiling; bruich e, boil it; tha e bruich, it is boiled; is dona a' bhruich a th' air, it is not well boiled; *p.* boiling; tha e 'ga bhruich, he is boiling it.

BRUCHEIL, brüéich'-al, *a.* sultry, warm. *FF.*

BRUID, brüj, *n. f.* captivity; chaidh thu

- suas iobad ard; thug thu bruid am braighdeanas, *thou hast ascended on high, thou hast led captivity captive*, Ps. lxxviii, 18; anguish; great anxiety; tha thu 'gam ehumail ann am bruid, *you keep me in great anxiety, or anguish*; v. give the hint, by touching, touch; bhruid e mi, *he gave me the hint*, —he touched me; poke, probe; a' bruid-cadh fo'n bhruaich, *probing under the bank of the river*.
- BAUID, brùj, *n. m.* a brute, a beast, a brutal person.
- BRUIDEALACHD, brùj'-äl-ächg, *n. f.* brutality; brutishness, beastliness; coarseness.
- BRUIDEIL, brùj'-äl, *a.* brutal, beastly.
- BRUIDEADH, brùj'-X, *n. m.* touch, by way of a hint; a hint; p. stabbing, thrusting; poking; probing.
- BRUIDHINN, brùj'-ënn, *n. f.* talk, speech, report; conversation; tha mi a' cluinn-tinn bruidhinn, *I hear a talk or conversation*; bruidhinn mhòr, *loud talk*; tha leithid sin do bhruidhinn a meas dhaoine, *there is such a report among people*; chualadh mi bruidhinn fada uain, *I heard talking at a great distance*; v. *n.* speak, say, talk; bruidhinn ris, *speaking to him*; bhruidhinn mi ris, *I spoke to him*, I talked to him; bha mi a' bruidhinn ris, *I was talking to him*; com' ain b' 'chiach leat bruidhinn ris, *why would you condescend to speak to him?* cha 'n 'eil agad ach a bhi 'bruidhinn, *talk on as long as you like, blab on*; p. talking, speaking; a' bruidhinn r'a chèile, *speaking to each other*.
- BRUIDHNE, brùj'-nyä, *gen.* of bruidhinn; fear na mòr bhruidhne, *the talkative man*. Bible.
- BRUIDHNEACH, brùj'-nyach, *a.* talkative, blabbing; loquacious; 's e siod am fear bruidhneach, *what a garrulous talkative fellow he is*; sgathaidh an Tighearn na bilean miadalach uile, agus an teanga bhruidhneach, *the Lord shall cut off all flattering lips, and the tongue that speaketh proud things*. P. xii, 3.
- BRUIDHNEACHD, brùj'-nyächg, *n. f.* talkativeness, garrulity, loquaciousness.
- BRUIDLICH, brùj'-llëch, *v.* stir up. H. S.
- BRUILLEADH, brùj'-X, *p.* bruising; crushing; *n. m.* a crush, a squeeze, a bruising.
- BRUILIDH, brüll'-ë, *a* man of clumsy figure, and of awkward unwieldy motion.
- BRUILL, brüll, *v.* crumble, bruise, crush; brüllidh mi do chnàmhan, *I will crush your bones to atoms*; squeeze.
- BRUINEARD, brucn'-ard, *a.* high-crested Ar.
- BRUINNE, brùj'-ä, breast, waist. R. M.
- BRUITE, brùt'-tyä, *p.* (of bruth) bruised, broken, oppressed, sad, crushed; daoine bruite truagh, *poor oppressed men*, Ps. carson osnaich bhruite ad chliabh, *why the sad sigh from thy bosom*, O.; iadsan a tha bruite 'na spiorad, *they who are contrite in their spirit*, B.; fuil bhruite, *extravasated blood*; tha m' anam bruite am eom, *my soul is oppressed within me*. Ps.
- BRUTH, brhü, *n. m.* the dwelling of fairies in a hill; a house half under the surface; a cave.
- BRUTH, brhü, *v.* bruise, crush, pulverise; pound; agus cuiridh mi naimhdeas eadar thusa agus a' bhean agus eadar do shìol-sa agus a' sìol-sa; agus bruthaidh esan do cheann agus bruthaidh tusa a shìol-sa, and I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed, it shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel.
- BRUTHACH, brhü'-hach, *n. m.* an acclivity, ascent, a steep, a hill side, a precipice; a' dol a suas am bruthach, *ascending the acclivity or ascent*; thoir am bruthach ort, neo thoir na buinn ort, *take to your heels, be off!* thug e am bruthach air, *he took to his heels*; le bruthach, downwards; ri'bruthach, ascending, upwards; fo chreig a bhruthaich, *under the rock of the steep*; ruithidh an taigear fein le bruthach, *the haggis itself will run downwards*. Ossian, A. S. B.
- BRUTHACHAIL, brhü'-ach-äl, *a.* steep, full rising grounds or eminences.
- BRUTHADAIR, brhü'-ha-dar', *n. m.* a pounder, a pestle; a bruiser or crusher.
- BRUTHADH, brhü'-X, *n. m.* a contusion, a bruise; p. bruising, crushing; pound ing.
- BRUTHAINN, brhü'-ënn, *n. f.* sultry heat.
- BRUTHAINNEACH, brhü'-ënn-ach, *a.* sultry; warm; aimsir bhruthainneach, *sultry weather*.
- BRUTHAINNEACHD, brhü'-ënn-achg, *n. f.* sultriness.
- BU! bû, *inf.* a sound to excite fear in children.
- BU, bað, *pret. indic.* of the verb to be; bu i, bu e, bu iad, contracted b'i, b'e, b' iad, it was he, it was she, it was they, pronounced bbë, bè, bèud or bëäd; it is always contracted before f aspirated; as, b' fhearr leam, b' fhasa, I would prefer, it would be easier; pronounced byärr, bbäsä; b' fhearr a bhi gun bhrèith na bhi gun teagasg, *it would be better not to have been born than to want instruction*; b' fhearr gun toiseachadh na sgur gu'n chrìochnachadh, *it would be better not to*

begin than to stop without finishing; b' fheart a bhi gun fhàine na fàine luachrach, better to be without a ring, than wear a rush-ring; d, g, m, p, are aspirated after bu; as, bu dhana e, how daring he was; bu gheur e, how sharp it was, &c.; bu mhiosa e, it was worse, he was worse; bu phailt iad, they were plentiful; b, m, p, l, take a double sound in these cases; thus, bu phailt, buv'-fhàilt; bu mhiosa, buv'-vhèss'-á; bu bhoichd, buv'-vhöchg; bu leathan, bul'-lá-hun; a laoiach an sòlas nam fleagh bu mhòr (buv'-vhòr) 's an am cruaidh, hero, who wast great in the joy of feasts, and in time of trial. Oss.

BUABHAILL, búäiv'-all, *n. f.* a cow-stall. *Ir.*

BUABHULL, buav'-vul, *n. m.* a unicorn; ach mar adharc buabhuill, àrdachaidh tu m' adharsa, but my horn shall thou exalt, as the horn of a unicorn, Ps. 92-10; a cornet, a wind instrument; le h-iolach agus le fuaim a bhuabhuill, with shouting, and with the sound of the cornet.

BUAC, búächg, *v.* work lime and gravel into mortar; work clay, &c.; in Irish, unbleached linen cloth. See Buaiachd.

BUACADH, búächg'-á, *p.* working lime, clay, &c.

BUACHAILE, búäch'-èlly'-á *n. m.* a cow-herd, a herd.

BUACHAILLEACHD, búäch'-èlly'-ächg, *n. f.* herding, tending cattle, the occupation of a herd.

BUACHAILLICH, búäch'-èlly'-èch, *v.* tend, herd, watch, or keep cattle.

BUACHAR, búäch'-ur, *n. m.* cow-dung, dung.

BUACHAIR, búäch'-èrr, *v.* bedaub with dung.

BUADH, búä'-gh', *gen. plu.* of buaidh.

BUADHACH, buä'-gh'-ach, *a.* victorious, triumphant; highly gifted; having inherent qualities to effect something wonderful.

BUADHACHADH, búägh'-ach-á, *n. m.* the act of gaining the ascendant; *p.* succeeding well in any thing; conquering, overcoming.

BUADHACHAIL, búä-gh'-äch-al, *a.* triumphant, victorious, overcoming, subduing.

BUADHACHAS, búä-gh'-ach-us, *n. m.* the ascendancy, and superiority; success, victory.

BUADHAICH, búä-gh'-èch, *v.* overcome, gain the victory, prevail, subdue, overthrow, subject, triumph.

BUADHAICNE, buä'-gh'-èch-á, *n. m.* a victor.

BUADHAIL, búä-gh'-al, *a.* victorious, triumphant.

BUADHALACHD, búä-gh'-al-ächg, *n.* superiority, ascendant, mastery.

BUADHMHOIREACHD, búäiv'-vur-ächg, *n. f.* the mastery, ascendant, superiority; victoriousness.

BUADHMHOR, búäiv'-vur, *a.* triumphant, victorious, successful, gaining the ascendant.

BUAGHAIR, buä'-har, *n. m.* a herd; thach-air orra buaghair bhò, a cow-herd met them. *Legend. Arm.*

BUAGHALLAN, búä-gh'-ghallan, *n. m.* groundsel, ragwort, or ragweed, buagh-allan buidhe.

BUAIC, búäächg, *n. f.* the wick of a candle or lamp.

BUAICEACH, búäächg'-ach, *a.* giddy. *M. L.*

BUAICHD, búäächg, *n. f.* cow dung, with which green linens are steeped preparatory to bleaching.

BUAIDH, búäiv'-gh', *n. f.* victory, conquest, success, palm; thugadh buaidh am f hianuis 'sa bhlàr; thog gaisgich an ruaig is lean, victory was obtained in my presence on the battle-field; heroes took up the pursuit and followed, Oss.; endowments, qualifications, talents, accomplishments; deadh bhuaidheanan naduir, excellent, natural endowments or talents; deadh bhuaidheanan inntinn, excellent mental endowments or talents; virtue, attribute; tha buaidh air an uisge bheatha, whisky has a virtue in it; faigh, neo thoir buaidh, obtain the victory, or conquer; a bhuidh-inn buaidh 'sa comhstri, who gained the victory in the strife; beannaich do t' anam is buaidh, a blessing to your soul and success, Oss.; fear nam buadh, the man of talents or accomplishments; ma gheibh sinn buaidh, if we triumph or obtain the victory; buaidh chaitheam, a triumphant shout or song of triumph; a deanamh buaidh chaitheam, triumphing. *Bible.*

BUAIDHEAR, búäiv'-yuhär², a conqueror, a victor.

BUAIDHEARACHD, búäiv'-yhar'-ächg, triumph, victory; coming off victoriously.

BUAIGHEAL, búäiv'-ghyall, *n. f.* a cow-stall. *Is.*

BUAIL, búäil, *v. n.* strike, beat, smite; bhuail e mi, he struck or smote me; thrash, as sheaf corn; beetle, as lint; tha iad a buailadh 'san t-sabhal, they are thrashing in the barn; tha iad a' buailadh an lin, they are beetling the lint; attack, fall to, belabour; bhuail iad oirnn, they attacked us; bhuail thuige Deargo, Deargo rushed or moved towards him; bhuail iad thun na beinne, they rushed towards the mountain; they betook themselves to the mountain; bhuail e chruaidh na

taobh, *he thrust his steel into her side*; *buaillibh clarsach, strike up the harp*; a chuid fhear a *bhuail an tìr, the first man that touched the land, Oss. A.*; *bhuail iad thun a chèile, they attacked each other*; *bhuail iad thun a chladaich, they rushed towards the shore*; knock; *buaill an dorus, knock at the door.*

BUAILE, *būā'-llá, n. f.* a fold for black cattle; a bhò a's miosa a tha 'sa *bhuaile* 's i a's airde geum, *the worst cow in the fold gives the loudest low*; *buaitlean spréidhe, herds of cattle*; ba 'sna *buaitlean, cows in the folds. Bible.*

BUAILEACH, *būāl'-äch, a.* belonging to a fold.

BUAILTE, *buaél'-tyá, p.* struck, thrashed.

BUAILTEACH, *būāél'-tyäch, a.* subject to, liable to; *buaitleach do iomadh cunnart, subject to, or liable to many dangers*; apt to strike, or quarrelsome; cha 'n 'eil e 'na dhuine *buaitleach, he is not a quarrelsome fellow*; gun bhi *buaitleach, not given to strike. B. A.*

BUAILTEACH, *būāél'-tyach, n. m.* booth, or huts for shealings; bothagan airidh.

BUAILTEAN, *būāél'-tyan, n. m.* that part of a flail that strikes the corn, (sùist.)

BUAILTEAR, *būāél'-tyár, n. m.* a thrasher.

BUAIN, *būāén, n. f.* reaping, harvest; a' dol thun na buana, *going to the reaping or harvest*; a' *bhuain eòrna, barley harvest, B.*; am na buana, *harvest time, or reaping time*; cut, pull; a' *buain na mòna, cutting the peats*; a' *buain shlat, cutting twigs*; a *buain chnù, pulling or gathering nuts. Is.*

BUAIN, *būāén, v.* reap, shear, cut, hew, pluck, pull; cha *bhuain thu gu buileach, thou shalt not wholly reap, Ruth.*; am fear nach dean cur ri là fuar, cha dean e *buain ri là teth, he that will not sow on a cold day, will not reap on a warm one*; *buain a' chraobh so, hew or cut down this tree.*

BUAINE, *būāén'-nyá, comp. deg.* of buan, lasting, durable; lasting; is buaine na gach nì an nàire, *shame is more lasting than any thing else*; durability, durableness; *buaine an nì so, the durableness or perpetuity of this thing.*

BUAINEAD, *būāén'-ad, n. m.* degree of durability or lastingness; durability.

BUAINTE, *būāén'-tya, a.* shorn, reaped, cut, pulled.

BUAIR, *būāēr, v.* trouble or make muddy, as water; *bhuair thu 'n t-uisge, you have made the water muddy*; tempt, allure, provoke, annoy, tease, disturb; 'nuair a *bhuair bhuir n-aithrichean mi, agus a dhearbhadh mi, when your fathers tempted me and provoked me. Ps.*

BUAIREADAIR, *būāēr'-ad-ār, n. m. and f.* a tempter.

BUAIREADH, *būāēr'-X, n. m.* a temptation, provocation, disturbance, annoyance; severe trial; an diugh ma dh' éisdeas sibh r'a ghuth, na cruaidhichibh bhuiridhe, mar anns a chonsachadh, mar ann an là a' *bhuairidh anns an fhàsach, to-day if ye will hear his voice, harden not your hearts, as in the provocation, and as in the day of temptation in the wilderness.*

BUAIREANTA, *būāēr'-ant-á, a.* tempting.

BUAIREAS, *būāēr'-as, n. m.* tumult, an uproar, confusion, disturbance, trouble, ferment; fo *bhuairas, troubled, annoyed*; a' cur *bhuairas* a meas na daoine, *creating a disturbance or tumult among the people*; confusion of mind; fionn a *bhuairis, wine that disturbs the mind. On.*

BUAIREASACH, *būāēr'-äs-äch, a.* annoying, disturbing, creating a tumult; inflaming the passions, tumultuous, provoking; deoch *bhuairasach, drink that inflames, or maddens*; duine *bhuairasach, a man that annoys or disturbs, a tumultuous fellow.*

BUAIREASACHD, *būāēr'-äs-ächg, n. f.* turbulence of temper or disposition; tumultuousness; turbulence, boisterousness; storminess.

BUAIRTE, *būāért'-tyá, p.* disturbed, confused; troubled or made muddy, as water; tempted, enraged, provoked.

BUALADH, *būāl'-X, n. m.* thrashing, beating; *p. striking, beating, knocking.*

BUALAIDH, *būāl'-é, n. f.* cow-stall. *N. H.*

BUALACHD, *būāl'-ächg, n. f.* a drove.

BUALTRACH, *bual'-trach, n. f.* cow dung.

BUANASDAIR, *būām'-äsd'-är, n. m.* a block-head, a turbulent fellow.

BUANASDAIREACHD, *būām'-äsd-är'-ächg, n. f.* stupidity; turbulence; boasting. *H.*

BUAN, *būān, a.* lasting, durable; cruaidh mār am fraoch, *buan mar an giuthas, hard as the heather, lasting as the pine, or fir-tree*; tedious; rathad *buan, a tedious road or way.*

BUANACHADH, *buan'-äch-X, n. m. and p.* perseverance, continuing, persevering; lasting; 'n am brosnachadh nach 'eil mo shùil a' *buanachadh, in their provocation, doth not mine eye continue? Job.*

BUANAICH, *būān'-äch, v.* continue, abide, endure, last, persevere.

BUANAICHE, *būān'-äch-á, n. m. and f.* a shearer, a reaper.

BUANAS, *būān'-as, n. m.* durability.

BUANNA, *būān'-ná, n. m.* a billet-master; an idler, a straggler; sè *buannachan*

deug Mhic Domhnuill, *MacDonald of the Isles' sixteen billet-masters*; Trad. in the islands. See Domhnull.

BUANNACHAIL, bŭän'-näch-al, *a. beneficial, gratis, as a billet; useful.*

BUANNACHAS, bŭän'-näch-us, *n. f. free quarters of soldiers, in place of rent.*

BUANNACHD, bŭän'-nächd, *n. f. benefit, profit, gain, emolument.*

BUANNACHDACH, bŭän'-nächg-äch, *a. profitable, beneficial, useful.*

BUANNACHDAIL, bŭän'-nächg-al, *a. beneficial, profitable, useful.*

BUANNAICH, bŭän'-nnèch, *v. gain, profit, acquire, win, reap benefit from.*

BUANTAS, bŭänt'-as, *n. f. duration.*

BUAR, bŭär, *n. m. cattle, kine. Bible.*

BUARACH, bŭär'-äch, *n. f. cow's fetters; shackles on the hind legs of a cow while milking.*

BUATH, bŭä, *n. m. madness, rage. M. Lach.*

BUB, bŭbb, *v. blubber, as a child; weep in a most melancholy way.*

BUBAIL, bŭbb'-äl, *n. f. blubbing.*

BUBAIRE, bŭbb'-ur'-ä, *a person that blubbers.*

BUBAIREACHD, bŭbb'-ur'-ächg, *n. f. blubbing.*

BUBARSAICH, bubb'-är-ssech, *n. f. blubbing.*

BUCACH, bŭchg'-äch, *n. m. a boy. N. H.*

BUCAID, bŭchg'-äj, *n. f. a pimple; a bucket.*

BUCAIDEACH, bŭchg'-äj-äch, *a. full of pimples.*

BUCHD, bŭchg, *n. m. bulk, size; the cover of a book. H. S.*

BUCHAINN, bŭch'-én', *a. melodious, binn.*

BUCHALLACH, bŭch'-al-äch, *a. nestling.*

BUCULL, bŭchg'-al, *n. m. a buckle.*

BUIGIRE, bŭég'-ér-ä, *n. m. the puffin. St. Kilda.*

BUDHAILT, bŭ'-äélt, *n. f. recess in a wall; a wall press in a cottage.*

BUGHALL, bbŭ'-all, *n. m. a pot-hook.*

BUICEAN, bŭéchg'-an², *n. m. a pimple, a pustule; a little buck.*

BUICEANACH, bŭéchg'-an²-äch, *a. full of pimples or pustules; breaking out in pimples.*

BUIOEAL, bŭjj'-äll, *n. m. a cask, an anker, North, a bottle; mar bhuideal anns an toit, as a bottle in the smoke. R. Ps.*

BUIDEALAICH, bŭjj'-all-èch, *n. f. a conflagration; a blaze; 's ann an sin a tha bhuidealaich, what a conflagration is there; chaidh e 'na bhuidealaich, it blazed.*

BUIDEALAIR, bŭjj'-al-är', *n. m. a butler. Bible.*

BUIDEALAIREACHD, bŭjj'-all-är'-ächg, *n. f. the office of a butler; butlership.*

BUIDHE, bhŭ'-è, *a. yellow, of a gold colour fast buidhe, yellow hair; glad; adv. fain, gladly; bu bhuidhe leis na ruigs ith-eadh, he would fain eat the husks or peelings.*

BUIDHEACH, bhŭ'-äch, *a. pleased, satisfied, contented; grateful, thankful; cha 'n 'eil e buidheach, he is displeased; bi buidheach, be grateful or thankful; bu choir dhuit a bhi buidheach, you should be grateful; tha mi buidheach, I am satisfied.*

BUIDHEACH, bhŭ'-yh'-ach, *n. f. the jaundice.*

BUIDHEACHAS, bhŭ'-äch-as, *n. m. thanksgiving, gratitude; thanks; thoir buidheachas, return thanks, express your gratitude; ach buidheachas do Dhia a tha toirt dhuinne na buadha, tre ar Tigh-earna Iosa Criosda, but thanks be to God, who giveth us the victory, through our Lord Jesus Christ; the state of being bought, but the bargain not concluded; abeyance; fo bhuidheachas, neo ann am buidheachas, in abeyance.*

BUIDHEAG, bhŭ'-äg, *n. f. a goldfinch.*

BUIDHEAGAN, buë'-ag-an, *n. m. the yolk of an egg.*

BUIDHEANN, bhŭ'-yhyunn, *n. f. a company, a troop, a gang, band, a party; buidheann shaighdearan, a company or party of soldiers; pl. buidhnean, buidhnichean, parties, &c.; rinn na Caldean-aich trì buidhnean, the Chaldeans made out three bands.*

BUIDHINN, bhŭë'-ënn, *n. m. gain, profit, emolument; quarrying stones; is dona a bhuidhinn a th' air na clachan sin, these stones are not properly quarried.*

BUIDHINN, bhŭë'-ënn, *v. n. gain, win, acquire, get the better of; bhuidhinn sinn bàir, we gained a game; quarry.*

BUIOHINNEACH, bhŭë'-ënn-äch, *n. f. a quarry.*

BUIDHNE, bhŭë'-nyä, *gen. of buidhinn, gain; a troop, a band.*

BUIDHNEACH, bhŭë'n'-nyach, *a. in troops or companies; numerous; na laoiach bhuidhneach, mhòr, the high-minded, numerous heroes. Mt. H. S.*

BUIDHNICH, bhŭë'n'-nnèch, *v. arrange into companies.*

BUIDHRE, bhŭë'-rrä, *deg. more or most deaf; n. f. deafness, degree of deafness.*

BUIDSEACH, bŭjsh'-ach, *n. m. and f. a witch, a wizard; is buidseach i, she is a witch; is buidseach e, he is a wizard.*

BUIDSEACHAS, bujsh'-äch-us, *n. m. witchcraft, sorcery.*

BUIDSEACHD, bŭjsh'-ächg, *n. f. witchcraft, sorcery.*

BUIGE, bùég'-à, *n. f.* softness; humidity; effeminacy; *deg. of bog; n's buige, softer, more effeminate.*

BUIGEAD, bùég'-ud, *n. f.* degree of softness, softness.

BUIGILEAO, bùég'-é-läg, *n. f.* a crab after casting the shell; a soft unmanly person; *North, a quagmire, suil-chrith.*

BUIL, bù'l, *n. f.* consequence, effect, result; *bithidh a bhuil duit, the consequence or result must be obvious in your case; is léir a bhuil, the result is obvious; buil gach aon taisbein, the effect of every vision; tha a bhuil sin air, the effect of that is obvious on him or it; an rud a nithear gu ceart chitear a bhuil, when a thing is properly done, the result must tell; use, application, completion, end; a thoirt gu buil fhacail, to complete or fulfil his word; a bheir a dhroch inneachdan gu buil, who will bring his wicked devices to pass. Bible; dean deadh bhuil deth, make good use of it, apply it properly; buil cheart a dheanadh dheth, to make proper improvement or application of it.*

BUILEACH, bù'l'-äch, *a.* complete, whole, total, entire; *gu buileach, entirely, completely, wholly; adv. wholly, entirely, completely; is buileach a dh'fhairslich e ort, it has most completely defied you; is buileach a chaidh thu dholaidh, you are entirely ruined.*

BUILEACHADH, bù'l'-äch-X, *pt.* bestowing; granting; improving; finishing completely; *a' buileachadh ort, bestowing on you.*

BUILG, bu'l'-ég, *v.* bubble, blister, rise, as fish in the water; rise to the fly; *a builgeadh, bubbling; pl. of bolg, bellows; distemper in cattle. N. H.*

BUILGEADH, bù'l'-ég-X, *p.* bubbling, blistering.

BUILGEAG, bu'l'-ég-ag, *n. f.* a blister, a bubble.

BUILGEACACH, bu'l'-ég-ach, blistered.

BUILGEAN, bu'l'-ég-àn, *n. m.* a blister. *D. M. L.*

BUILICH, bu'l'-éch, *v. n.* grant, bestow, improve; *gach ni a bhuilich Dia ort, every thing God hath bestowed on thee; finish completely; builich an latha, finish the day completely.*

BUILIONN, bu'l'-unn, *n. f.* a loaf.

BUILIONNAICHE, bu'l'-unn-éch-a, *n. m.* a baker.

BUILLE, bùlly'-à, *n. m.* a stroke, blow, a knock; *buille air son buille, blow for blow. B.*

BUILLEACH, bùlly'-äch, *a.* apt to strike.

BUILSGEAN, bùlly'-skyan', *a.* the heart-middle, the centre; *am buillsgean an*

teine, in the heart-middle, or centre of the fire.

BUIMEALAIR, bùém'-al-ar, *n. m.* a booby, a blockhead, a clumsy fellow.

BUIN, bùën and bōën, *v. n.* touch, handle, be related to, belong to; meddle; *na buin da sin, do not touch that; buinidh iad da chèile, they are related to each other; 's ann do Dhia a bhuineas slainte, to God belongs salvation, B.; 's ann do 'n Tighearn Dia a bhuineas an t-slighe o'n bhàs, and to the Lord God belongs the issues from death, P. lxviii, 20; deal with; tear from; buin gu eaoimhneil ri m'ghoal, deal gently with my love; cha bhuinte bho 'gaol i, she could not be torn from her love, Oss. Ar.; cò dha a bhuineas so, to whom does this belong? cha bhuin e dhuitse, it does not belong to you; comhairle clag Seàinn, an rud nach buin duit na buin da, the advice of the bell of Seoin,—the thing that does not belong to you, meddle not with.*

BUINNE, bùën'-nyà, *n. m.* the meeting of many currents, confluence; a pool in a river; *air buinne rèidh, on a smooth pool. M.*

BUINNE, bùën'-nyà, *n. m.* a statue, a bust; one that stands stock-still; *is tu am buinne, you stand stock-still, like a statue. Islay. See Domhnall.*

BUINNEACH, bùën'-nyäch, *n. f.* a diarrhoea, dysentery; a flux; *a contemptible, abominable; duine buinneach, a contemptible person.*

BUINNIRE, böën'-nyur-à, a footman. *H. S.*
BUINNTEACH, bùënn'-tyach, *n. f.* leather for soles; the thickest part of a hide.

BUIR, bùér, *v.* bellow, as a bull; roar.

BUIRBE, bùér'-ub-à, *n. f.* turbulence, a fierce, boisterous temper; boisterousness; rage, fury.

BUIRBEACHD, bùér'-ub-ächg, *n. f.* turbulence, extreme degree of rage or wrath, boisterousness, savageness.

BUIRBEIN, bùér'-ub-èn, *n. m.* a cancer. *Ir.*

BUIRO, bùrj, *plu.* of burd, tables.

BUIRDEISEACH, bùrj'-ash-äch, *n. m.* and *f.* a boarder, an idler, *Is.*; a burgess, a citizen, *H. S.*; an inhabitant; *buirdeisich sgiathach nan speur, the winged inhabitants of the sky. Md. Ar.*

BUIRE, buireadh, bùér'-X, *n. m.* a rutting place of deer; burst of grief, a wailing; *bhris uaith buire, she broke a loud burst of grief. Oss.*

BUIRICH, bùér'-éch, *n. f.* roaring as a bull, bellowing; wailing.

BUL, bùll, *n. m.* a pot-hook. *M.*

BUN, bùnn, *n. m.* a stock, a stump; root; bottom; *bun na craoibh, the root or stump of the tree; bun na beinne, the*

bottom of the hill; bun an urbaill, the rump; bun na h-athrach, the foot of the altar; splon as a' bhun e, root it out; dependance, trust, confidence; na dean bun a gairdean feòla, place no dependance or confidence in an arm of flesh; dean bun a Dia, place your confidence in God; cha 'n fhàg e bun na barr, he will leave neither root or branch, B.; bun as ciunn, upside down, topsy-turvy; am bun an tighe, taking care of the house; an bun nan caorach, tending or taking care of the sheep; asad a rinn ar sinnsir bun, in thee our father's placed confidence; bun eich, an old stump of a horse.

BUNACH, bŭn'-ach, *n. m.* coarse tow.

BUNACHAR, bŭn'-ach-ur, *n. m.* dependance, confidence, trust; na dean bunachar sam bith a sin, place no dependance on that; cha 'n 'eil bunachar eile agam, I have nothing else to depend on. *Islay.*

BUNACHAINNT, bun'-a-chäennt, *n. f.* etymology.

BUNACHAS, bun'-äch-us, *n. f.* principle. *H.*

BUNADAS, bun'-a-das, *n. m.* origin, foundation, stock.

BUNAICH, bun'-éch, *v. n.* depend on; found.

BUNAILT, bun'-älyt', *n. f.* constancy, steadiness, inflexibility; firmness.

BUNAILTEACH, bŭn'-älyt'-ach, *a.* stationary, fixed in one place; established, sure, steady; am bheil e bunailteach 'san aite sin, is he stationary or established in that place? attentive; bunailteach aig' a ghnothuch, attentive to his business.

BUNAILTEACHD, bun'-älyt'-ächg, *n. f.* constancy, firmness, steadiness; fixedness; inflexibility.

BUNAIT, bŭn'-äjt, *n. f.* foundation.

BUNAITTEACH, bŭn'-äjt'-ach, *a.* stationary, fixed, steadfast, immovable.

BUNAITTEACHD, bŭn'-äjt'-ächg. *See* Bunailteachd.

BUNAITICH, bun'-äjt'-éch, *v.* settle, fix your abode, inherit, inhabit.

BUNAMAS, bŭn'-am-us, *n. m.* discernment.

BUNAMHAS, bŭn'-a-vvhäs, *n. m.* a buttock.

BUNANTA, bun'-ant-a, *a.* strong, stout, firm, well set, having a good foundation.

BUNASACH, bun'-as-ach, *a.* steady, firm.

BUNCHIALL, bun'-cheäll', *n. m.* a moral meaning; bun dubh, the bottom of a corn stack.

BUN-LUCHD, bŭn'-luchg, *n. p.* original inhabitants.

BUNNDAIST, bunn'-däsht, *n. f.* a perquisite, a bounty; grassum, *M. L.*; North, fee, wages.

BUNTATA, bŭn'-tä'-ttä, *n. m.* potatoes; sup-

posed to signify bun-taghta; literally, a choice root.

BURABHUACHAILL, bŭr'-a-vhŭäch-äil, *n. f.* the sea-bird called the Holland auk; more properly murabhuachail; literally, sea-herd.

BURACH, bŭr'-äch, *n. m.* searching or turning up the earth; delving, digging.

BURAICH, bŭr'-äch, *v.* dig lightly and irregularly.

BURAICHE, bŭr'-éch-ä, *n. m.* a hoe, a mattock; a delver, a digger.

BURAIDH, bŭr'-é, *a.* mouldy, as land; easily dug or delved.

BURAIDHEACHD, bŭr'-é-ächg, *n. f.* mouldiness.

BURBAN, bur'-ub'-an, *n. m.* wormwood.

BURD, bŭr'd, *n. m.* a hum.

BURDAN, bŭr'd'-an, *n. m.* a humming noise, grumbling, muttering.

BURDANACH, bŭr'd'-än-äch, *a.* humming, grumbling, muttering, prone to grumble.

BURMAID, bŭr'm-äi, *n. m.* wormwood. *B.*

BURN, bŭr'n, *n. m.* fresh water; säil is burn, salt water and fresh water; ni burn salach làmhan glan, foul water makes clean hands. *Gaelic Proverbs.*

BURNACH, bŭrn'-ach, *a.* watery.

BURRAIDH, bŭrr'-é, *n. m.* a blockhead, a fool.

BURRAIL, bŭrr'-a'l, *v.* romp, as children; play rudely.

BURRAIS, bŭrr'-ash, *n. m.* a caterpillar. *Bible.*

BUREALADH, bŭr'-al-ä, *n. m.* and *p.* romping; rude play, noisy play.

BURRALL, bŭrr'-all, *n. m.* a deep-toned howl, or weeping; wailing, burst of grief.

BURRALACH, bŭrr'-al-ach, *a.* crying; apt to whine or howl.

BURRALAICH, bŭrr'-al-éch, *n. f.* continued howling, wailing, or lamentation.

BURRACAD, bŭrr'-ächg-äjj, *n. f.* a stupid female; a silly woman.

BURT, bŭrt', *n. m.* mockery, sport. *No.*

BUS, büs, *n. m.* a mouth of a beast; a mouth with very large lips; a large mouth.

BUSACH, büs'-äch, *a.* blubber-lipped; *n. f.* a female having large lips.

BUSAG, büs'-äg, *n. f.* a ludicrous name for a smacking kiss; a smacking kiss.

BUSACHD, bus'-ächg, *n. f.* the deformity of blubber-lips.

BUSAIRE, büs'-är'-ä, *n. m.* a man having blubber-lips; a sullen fellow.

BUSG, büsg, *v.* thread a fishing hook. *Bute, Scotch.*

BUSGADH, busg'-ä, *n. m.* threading or tying a hook.

BUSGAID, büsk'-äi, *n. m.* bustle. *H. S.*

BUISINN-IALL, bŭsh'-enn2-ěall, *n. m.* a horn for holding tallow.

BUTA, bŭt'-ă, *n. m.* a bird; difference in price; difference, surplus; *Dutch*, banta; *Sax.* bota.

BUTH, bhŭ, *n. m.* a shop, *Is.*; a tent; a cot; shuidhich e 'bhŭth, *he pitched his tent*; chomhnuich iad am bŭthaibh, *they dwell in tents*, *B.*; sròl as a' bhŭth, *crape from the shop*; *North*, an ant-hill.

BUTHAINN, bhu'-hyèn', *n. m.* long straw used for thatch; *v.* thump, beat lustily. *N.*

C

C, c, the third letter of the alphabet; called call, or caltuinn, the hazel tree; or, as the Irish pronounce it, coll, or coltuinn. It has a peculiar influence on the article; thus, an cù, *the dog*, pronounced ung'-kù; an amaran, *the shinty*, pronounced ung'-kâm-an; nan con, *of the dogs*, pronounced kôn.

C sounds like kk often; ending a syllable, for the most part, sounds chg; as, tac, rac, pro. tächg, rächg.

C' for cia, ca, *pron. interr.*; thus, c'aite, *where?* c'aite am bheil thu, *where art thou?* c' ainm a thoirt, *what is your name?* for cia e an t'aite, &c.

CA, kkă, *adv.* where; că'm bheil thu, *where art thou?* că an d' thoir mi e, *where shall I bring it?* că an d' fhuair thu e, *where did you get it?* că nis am bheil doghath, *where now is thy sling?*

CAB, kăbb, *v.* notch, as the edge of a bladed weapon; hack, indent; *chab* thu an sgian, *you have notched the knife*.

CAB, kabb, *n. m.* a mouth with broken teeth, or ill set with teeth; a notch, a gap.

CABACH, kăbb'-ăch, *a.* having broken teeth; notched, gapped; *n. f.* a female with broken teeth.

CABADH, kăbb'-ă, *p.* indenting, notching; indenting the edge.

CABAG, kăbb'-ăg, *n. f.* a cheese; *Scotch*, kebboch; *Ir.* cábag.

CABAG, kăbb'-ăg, *n. f.* a female with broken teeth; a hacked instrument, as a knife, &c.; a tattling, prating female.

CABAIRE, kăbb'-ur'-ă, *n. m.* a fellow with broken teeth; tattler, a prating fellow.

CABAIREACHD, cab'-ăr'-ăchg, *n. f.* the practice of tattling or prating.

CABAIS, kăbb'-ăsh, *n. f.* the prating, prating, or babbling.

CABALL, kăb'-all, *n. m.* a cable; *Arabie*, kebl, a rope, a cord; *Hebrew*, cabal, to be tied.

CABAR, kăbb'-ăr, *n. m.* a rafter on the roof of a house; an antler or a deer's horn; *cabar féidh*, *the antler of a deer*, *Song*; *gu cabarach*, *well supplied with antlers*, *Mackint.*; *Scotch*, keabar; *Com.* keber; *Arm.* ceibir. *Arm.*

CABARACH, kabb'-ăr'-ăch, *a.* well supplied with antlers or rafters; *n. pl.* deer; an déigh *chabarach*, *in pursuit of deer*, *Oss.*; a thicket; *mar astar dall an cabarach*, *as a blind man's progress through a thicket*. *Proverbs.*

CABH, kavf, *v. n.* drift; *tha cur is cabhadh ann*, *it is snowing and drifting*.

CABHADH, kavf'-ă, *n. m.* the drift; *pt* drifting; an slobadh.

CABHACHAN, kavf'-ach-an, *n. m.* the bird, cuckoo-titterer.

CABHAG, kavf'-ag, *n. f.* haste, hurry, speed, strait, difficulty.

CABHAGACH, kavf'-ăg'-ach, *a.* hasty; fast-speaking; hurried, impatient, abrupt, sudden.

CABHAGACHD, kăvf'-ăg'-ăchg, *n. f.* hastiness.

CABHARNACH, kav'-arr-nach, *n. f.* a wicket, (*cachladh*) a bar-gate, gate-way. 30.

CABHLACH, kav'-llach, *n. f.* a fleet; *na chabhhlach dhorchas*, *in his dark fleet*. *Oss.*

CABHLAICHE, kavf'-llêch-ă, *n. m.* an admiral.

CABHRUICH, kav'-roêch, *n. f.* flummery; in *Scotch*, sowens; continent of *Argyle*, *Cowry*.

CABHSAIDH, kav'-ssê, *a.* snug, comfortable.

CABHSAIDHEACHD, kav'-sse-achg, *n. f.* snugness, too much fondness for comfort.

CABHSAIR, kav'-ssar', *n. m.* pavement, a causeway, paved path or walk. *Cowsair*, *C. A.*

CABHSAIREACHD, kav'-sar'-achg, *n. m.* the business of making pavements or causeways.

CABHSAIRICHE, kav'-săr'-êch-ă, *n. m.* a paver.

CABHSANNTA, kav'-sannt-a, *f.* fond of comfort, effeminate, unmanly.

CABHTAIR, kav'-tăr', *n. f.* an issue in the body; in some places cowtair.

CABRUIL, kav'-ul, *n. m.* a creel for catching fish, a hose net; àbh.

CABLAID, kăb'-llăj, *n. f.* turmoil, tumult.

CABLAIDEACH, kăb'-llăj'-ăch, *a.* tumultuous.

- CABRACH**, kab'-rrach, *a.* belonging to Lochaber; brádh *chabrach*, a Lochaber quern; *n. f.* a bold masculine female; a thicket; *n. m.* a deer; *cabrach nan enoc*, the deer of the hill. *Sm.*
- CAC**, kächg, *n. m.* excrement, ordure; *v.* void, go to stool; *a.* filthy, dirty.
- CACH**, kách, *pron.* the rest; árd ro *chách*, high above the rest, *Oss.*; *cách* a chéile, each other; thoir do *chách* e, give it to the rest; tháinig e ro *chách*, he arrived before the rest; a measg *chách*, among the rest.
- CADAQH**, kad'-ä, *n. m.* tartan for hose; còta do *chadadh* nam ball, a coat of the spotted tartan. *Mackintyre.*
- CADAL**, käd'-äl, *n. m.* sleep, slumber; is seimh do *chadal*, gentle is thy sleep, *O.*; tha e 'na *chadal*, he is sleeping; an *cadal* duit, are you sleeping? *chaidh* iad a *chadal*, they went to sleep, they went to bed; cha do *chadail* mi neul, I have not slept a wink; *cadal* deilgneach, the tingling sensation in a torpid limb.
- CADALTACH**, käd'-alt-äch, *a.* sleepy.
- CADALTACHD**, käd'-ält-ächg, sleepiness.
- CAOALTAICHE**, käd'-ält-éch-ä, *n. m. and f.* a dormant creature, such as the serpent, &c. &c.
- CADH**, ká, *n. m.* an entry, a pass, a partition. *C. A.*
- CADHAG**, ká'-äg, *n. f.* a wedge; *gein. Sk.*
- CAGAIL**, kag'-él, *v.* cover fire, to keep it from extinguishing, *Arran.* (small); neo *cagail* an teine, secure the fire; improperly used for save, spare, *coamh-ainn.*
- CAGAILT**, kág'-élty', *n. f.* the hearth; corra-*chagailt*, the sulphurous hue seen in ashes on a frosty night.
- CAGAINN**, kág'-énn, *v.* chew, champ, gnaw, masticate.
- CAGAR**, kag'-ur, *n. m.* a whisper, secret.
- CAGARSAICH**, kag'-ar-ssèch, *n. f.* whispering.
- CAGAIR**, kág'-ér, *v.* whisper, listen.
- CAGNADH**, kag'-nä, *n. m.* mastication; *pt.* chewing, champing, gnawing.
- CAIBE**, kaöéV'-ä, *n. m.* a mattock, a spade.
- CAIBEAL**, kib'-al, *n. m.* a tomb, a chapel; a family burying place.
- CAIBHTINN**, käéf'-tyénn, *n. m.* a captain.
- CAIBIDEAL**, kéb'-éj-al, *n. m.* a chapter.
- CAIDIL**, käj'-él, *v.* sleep, repose.
- CAIDIR**, kaj'-ér, *v.* embrace, hug; indulge in, fondle, caress, cherish, *Ps.*; olc ni 'n *caidir* thu, thou shalt not indulge in iniquity. *Ps.*
- CAIDREAMH**, kaj'-rruv, the embrace, the bosom; ann an *caidreamh* a chéile, in the embrace or bosom of each other; fondling; familiarity.
- CAIDREAMHACH**, käj'-ruv-äch, *a.* mutually embracing, familiar, social; *n. m. and f.* a friend, a companion, a bosom friend.
- CAIGEAN**, käég'-an, *n. f.* a brace, two tied together, a couple, a pair; a group.
- CAIGNICH**, käég'-nnyèch, *v.* join two and two.
- CAIL**, käl, *n. m.* constitution, energy, strength, pith; tha a *chàil* air falbh, his constitution wears away; gun *chàil*, without strength or energy; power of motion; 's an tigh chaol gun *chàil*, in the narrow house, without power of motion, lifeless; mo *chàil* a' trèigsinn, my constitution or strength failing, *Oss. Ar.*; chàill iad càil an claisleadh, they lost their sense of hearing, *Md.*; cha'n 'eil càil do bhiadh agam, I have no appetite for food, *H.*; chum molaidh gleusaibh binn a càil, to praise, attune your voice. *D. B.*
- CAILC**, käèlk *n. f.* chalk; *v.* chalk line.
- CAILEABH**, ka'Y-av, *n. m.* partition, *R. M. D.* In Islay, caileadh, partition.
- CAILE**, ka'Y-ä, *n. f.* a girl, a vulgar girl; *caile bhalach*, a romp.
- CAILEACHD**, ka'Y-ächg, *n. f.* endowments.
- CAILEAG**, ka'Y-äg, *n. f.* a girl, a lassie.
- CAILEIGINN**, kä'Y-é-génn, *n. m.* some, somewhat, something, a small matter; tha *cailiginn* do mhaith air, it is worth something.
- CAILEIL**, kä'Y-äl, *a.* quean-like.
- CAILIDEAR**, ka'Y-éj-ar, *n. m.* Rheum, snot. *Sh.*
- CAILINN**, ka'Y-énn, *n. f.* a damsel, a maid; *cailinn* ro mhaiseach, a very handsome damsel; chum beathachadh do *chailinn*, for the maintenance of thy maidens. *Bible. Ir.*
- CAILL**, käèlly', *v.* lose, suffer loss; forfeit; (a testicle obs.); hence *Cailteanach. Armstrong.*
- CAILLEACH**, käèly'-lyäch, *n. f.* a nun, an old woman; the last handful of standing corn in a farm; the circular wisp on the top of a corn-stalk; *cailleach* oidhche, an owl, a spiritless fellow; *cailleach* dhubb, a nun.
- CAILLEACHAIL**, käèlly'-äch-äl, *a.* old-wifish.
- CAILLEACHANTA**, käèlly'-äch-änt-a, *a.* old-wifish.
- CAILLEAG**, käèl'-ag, *n. f.* a cockle, husk of lint.
- CAILLTE**, käèly'-tyä, *pt.* lost, ruined, damned.
- CAILLTEACH**, käèlly'-tyäch, *a.* ruinous, losing; causing loss.
- CAILLTEACHD**, käèlly'-tyächg, *n. f.* ruination, degree of loss or detriment, loss.
- CAILLTEANACH**, käèly'-tyan-ach, *n. m.* a eunuch.

CAIMDEAL, kaemj'-jal, *n. f.* tedious way of speaking; an objection (*fadtharainn-eachd*).

CAIMDEALACH, kaemaj'-ja-lach, *tedinus*, drawing.

CAIME, kãem'-ã, *n. m. n. f.* crookedness, degree of crookedness; blindness of an eye.

CAINE, kãem'-ã, *deg.* more or most crooked; *tha am bata ni's caine, the staff is more crooked.*

CAIMEAN, kãem'-an' *n. f.* a mote; *dùrdan. Is.*

CAIN, kãcu, *v.* traduce, revile, dispraise, backbite, slander, satirise; *caineam* is *aoiream a' bhaoibh rinn an t-òran, let me revile, lampoon, or satirise the fury that composed the song; n. f.* a fine; payment in kind, given to a blacksmith; *chuir iad cain air, they fined him; a.* white, fair; *eu cain, a white dog, tribute; dh'òladh e chàin a bh'aig Pàrr-aig air Eirinn, he would drink the tribute that Ireland paid St. Patrick.*

CAINEAA, kãcn''-ub, *n. f.* hemp, (*Is.*) canvas, *M. L.*; written more often and properly, *caineab.*

CAINEABACH, kãcn'-ub-ach, *n. f.* rope-yarn.

CAINEADH, kãcn'-al, *n. m.* traducing, slandering; *pl.* scolding, traducing, slandering, back-biting.

CAINEAL, kãcn'-al, *n. m.* cinnamon.

CAINGIS, kãeng'-esh, *n. f.* Pentecost, Whitsuntide.

CAINEAG, kãcn'-ag, *n. f.* a hamper(cisean), *Sk.*; mote, *H.*

CAINNT, kãcnnty', *n. f.* talk, language; speech; conversation, discourse; *pl.* saying, speaking, talking; conversing; discoursing.

CAINTEACH, kãcnty'-ach, *a.* loquacious, talkative.

CAINTEAL, kãcnty'-al, *n. m.* a press, a crowd. *H.*

CAINTEAR, kãcnty'-ar', a speaker, an orator. *H.*

CAIR, kãry', *n. f.* a grinning expression of countenance; the ripple of the sea; a gum; an image, *M. L.*; *v.* mend, repair; *air a charadh, mended.*

CAIRBH, kãer'-uv, *n. f.* carcase, a dead body (*closach*); *cairbh spréidhe neogh-loinn, the carcase of unclean cattle.*

CAIRBHINN, kãer'-vvenn, *n. f.* the carcase of a person; *cairbhinn an rìghrean, the carcases of their kings. Bible.*

CAIRHEISTE, kãer'-asht-ã, *n. f.* baggage, luggage (*Lewis*): rent-service (*borlan-achd, West H.*) *Sk.*; flogging. *N.*

CAIRC, kãer'k, *n. f.* strait, predicament,

Is.; 's e bha 'na chaire, *he was in a curious predicament; hurry-burry.*

CAIRD, kãrj, *n. f.* cont. for *cairdeas*, gun chàird, without partiality, without lenity, *Ps. Metre.*; kindness; *fasgadh* is *caird, shelter and kindness. Sg.*

CAIRDEACH, kãrj'-ach, *a.* related, connected; *tha iad cairdeach da chèile, they are connected or related to each other; do na h-uaislean tha thu cairdeach, you are related to the gentry. Sg. A.*

CAIRDEALACHD, kãrj'-all-achg, *n. f.* friendliness, benevolence, kindness, goodness, good-will.

CAIRDEAN, kãrj'-unn, *n. m.* and *f. pl.* friends, relations; in the shape of *cousins, bad.*

CAIRDEAS, kãrj'-us, *n. m.* friendship, relationship, connexion, fellowship.

CAIRDEIL, kãrj'-al, *a.* friendly, kind, tender; related, connected; *gu cairdeil, kindly.*

CAIREAN, kãry'-an', *n. m.* the gum, palate; *tha caithlean am chàirean, there is a seedling in my gum; do m' chairean ni's milse, to my palate sweetener. Bible.*

CAIRFHIADH, kãer'-fã-gh', *n. m.* a hart, stag.

CAIRGE, kãr'-eg-ã, *dat.* of *carraig*, a headland, a natural quay; *tha am bata tighinn thun na cairge, the boat is coming to point.*

CAIRICH, kãr'-ech, *v.* mend, repair, order, lay to one's charge; sooth, cajole; inter, bury; *cairich an altair, repair their altar; na cairich am peacadh oirne, lay not their sins to our charge, Bible; cairich r' an taobh e, place it aside them; cairich air falbh e, cajole him away; chairich iad 's an uaigh e, they laid him in the grave, they interred him.*

CAIRIDH, kãr'-c, *n. f.* a weir; *cairidh a caradh an eisg, a weir to deceive the fish. Song.*

CAIRMEAL, kãry'-mal, *n. m.* wild liquorice; *corra-meille, wild pease. Dr. ARMSTRONG* says, that we, the Islanders, were accustomed to make mead of it. *Pennant.*

CAIRNEACH, kãrry'-nyach, *n. f.* a quarry, or any place like it; *scairneach, a deserted quarry, or place like an old quarry. Obs. ospray. Shd.*

CAIRNEAN, kãem'-an', *n. m.* egg-shell. *Arm.*

CAIRT, kãrty', *n. f.* a cart; *roth na cart-ach, the cart wheel; bark, chart; cairt dharaich, the bark of an oak tree; v. tan, cart; cairt an leathrach, tan the leather; cairte, tanned, carted; leathrach cairte, tanned leather; cleaned; tha bhathaich*

- cairte*, the byre is cleaned; a card; ag lomairt air na cairtean, playing at cards.
- CAIRTEAL, kárty'-al, *n. m.* a quarter. *N.*
- CAIRTEALAN, kaert'-al-un, *n. p.* lodgings; more properly *cairtealan*, places for temporary residence.
- CAIRTEAR, kaert'-ár', *n. m.* a carter, a waggoner.
- CAIR-THALMHAINN, káer-hav'-vhenn, *n. f.* millfoil, yarrow.
- CAIRTIDH, káert'-e, *a.* swarthy, tawny, bark-coloured, tanned.
- CAIRTIDHEACHD, kaert'-e-áchg, *n. f.* swarthinness.
- CAIS, kásh, *v.* twist, twine; *cais* an t-sreang, twist the line or string; *caiste*, twisted, twined.
- CAISBEART, kash'-art, *n. m.* shoes, stockings, boots, &c.
- CAISE, kásh'-shá, *n. m.* cheese; pailteas do dh'lm is do *cháise*, plenty of butter and cheese.
- CAISE, kásh'-á, steepness; *caise* a bhrúth-aich, the steepness of the ascent; shortness of temper; 'se do *chaise féin* a's coireach, it is your own crossness that is the cause; impetuosity, rapidity; *caise* an t-sruth, the impetuosity of the current; shortness of time, haste; cha d'thig e an *caise*, he will not come in a hurry; *deg.* more or most rapid, passionate, &c.; tha 'n sruth nì's *caise*, the stream or current is more or most rapid.
- CAISEACH, kásh'-ach, *a.* well supplied with cheese.
- CAISEAD, kash'-ud, *n. m.* degree of rapidity; passion; steepness, impetuosity, &c.
- CAISEAL, kásh'-al, *n. m.* bulwark. *Shd.*
- CAISEAMACHD, kásh'-ám-áchg, *n. f.* beating time to music with the foot. *Islay.*
- CAISEAN, kash'-án', *n. m.* and *f.* a short-tempered person; a curl or dewlap, *H. S.*; *caisean* uchd, breast-stripe of a sheep, roasted at Christmas, and smelled by all in the house, to keep away fairies for the rest of the year, *H. S.* In Islay, any time, but never for the sake of fairies.
- CAISEANACHD, kásh'-án'-áchg, *n. f.* fretfulness, peevishness, bickering, shortness of temper.
- CAISEARBHAIN, kásh'-ar-vhon, *n. m.* the herb dandelion.
- CAISFHIONN, kásh'-unn, *a.* white-footed.
- CAISO, káeshg, *n. f.* Easter, the passover; di-dònaidh *càisg*, Easter Sunday; a feast.
- CAISO, káeshg, *v.* restrain, check, stop, still, quiet; *càisg* an cù, stop or restrain the dog; staunch; *càisg* an fhuil, staunch the blood.
- CAISIAL, cash'-éal, *n. m.* shoemaker's strap.
- CAISLEACH, kásh'-lyäch, *n. m.* a ford, a foot-path, a smooth place. *H. S.*
- CAISLEACHADH, kash'-lyäch, *n. m.* and *pt.* stirring up a feather bed, shaking; dubbing.
- CAISLICH, kásh'-lyèch, *v.* shake, stir, rouse.
- CAISMEACHD, kash'-mächg, *n. f.* the quick part of a tune on the bag-pipes; an alarm to battle; a war-song.
- CAISREABHACHD, kásh'-ruv-áchg, *n. f.* juggling. *Ld.*
- CAISREAG, kásh'-rräg, *n. f.* a ringlet, a curl.
- CAISREAGACH, kásh'-rräg-ách, curled.
- CAISTE, kásh'-tyä, *pt.* twisted, curled, twined; snath *caiste*, sewing thread.
- CAISTEAL, kásh'-tyäl, *n. m.* a castle, a garison, a tower; a turreted mansion.
- C'AITE, káty', *ad.* where, in what place; *c'ait* an robh thu, where have you been? *c'áite* am bheil e, where is he? *c'áite* an d' fhuair thu e, where got you it?
- CAITEAG, káty'-ag, *n. f. a.* a basket for trouts, *Is.*; a leather pot, *Sh.*; a small bit, *H. S.*; a place to hold barley, &c. in, a barn, *D. M. L.*; (in Islay, cat). Cat eòrna, sil, buntata, &c.
- CAITEAN, káty'-an', *n. m.* shag, or nap of cloth; *caitean* air an aodach, the cloth is shaggy; the ripple of the sea; a ruffled surface.
- CAITEANACH, káty'-án-ách, *a.* nappy, shaggy, ruffled, rough with a slight breeze.
- CAITEAS, káty'-us, *n. m.* caddice; scrapings of linen, applied to wounds.
- CAITH, khäé, *v.* spend, waste, wear, consume, exhaust; squander; *chait* e 'shaibhreas, he squandered his wealth; *chait* e 'aodach, he has worn his clothes; a' *caitheadh* casaig, wearing a long coat; *chait* a' choinneal, the candle is consumed; *cailtheadh* e, it is exhausted; casting, shooting; a' *cailtheadh* chlach, casting stones at; a' *cailtheadh* air comharras, shooting or aiming at a mark.
- CAITH, káech, *n. f.* seeds or husks of corn; *gen. catha*; *sugh na catha*, the juice of the seeds for making slummary or sowens.
- CAITH, khäé, *v.* winnow corn; more often *cath*.
- CAITHEACH. See Caithteach, prodigal, wasteful.
- CAITHEADH, khäé'-aagh', *pt.* spending, wearing; *n. m.* consumption, wasting, dying by inches.
- CAITHEAMH, khäé'-uv, *n. m.* consumption. *Prov.*
- CAITHE-AIMSIR, khäé'-á-ém-shur, *n. m.* pastime.

CAITHE-BEATHA, khäé'-bhé-ä, *n. m.* moral conduct, conversation; behaviour; conduct, mode of living.

CAITHEAS, käé'-hur, *a.* well bestowed, just. *N. II.*

CAITHLEACH, kal'-äch, *a.* husks, chaff. *Bible.*

CAITHLEAN, kal'-än', seedling; *caithlean* 'na fhiachail, *a seedling between his teeth.*

CAITHLEANACH, kal'-an'-ach, *a.* seedy, husky; *min caithleanach, meal full of seedlings.*

CAITHREAM, cäé'-um, *n. f.* beating, as a drum, at regular intervals, *Is.*; joyful sound, shout of triumph and rejoicing; *chum caithream a dheanamh ann ad chliù, to rejoice in thy praise;* a loud shout of any kind; *is caithream bròin am beul ar bàird, and the shout of death in the mouth of our bards. Sm. II.*

CAITHREAMACH, käér'-um-äch, *a.* beating at regular intervals; shouting for grief or joy.

CAITHRIS, käér'-ësh, *n. f.* excessive fatigue from watching incessantly; the state of being exhausted and worn out by watching; watching.

CAITHRISEACH, kaer'-ësh-ach, *a.* fatigued by continual watching; restless; wanting regular rest; worn out by watching.

CAITHRINN, kar'-ënn, *n. f.* refuse of straw taken out of corn after being thrashed.

CAITHRINNACH, käér'-enn-äch, *v.* shake straw before bundling it, or making it into trusses.

CAITHTE, käé'-tyä, *pt.* spent, worn out, consumed, exhausted, lean, lank.

CAITHTEACH, käé'-tyäch, *a.* apt to wear or waste one's strength; *caithteach air duine, apt to exhaust or wear one down soon;* wasteful, lavish, prodigal, profuse; *duine caithteach, a wasteful or prodigal person.*

CAITHTEACHD, käé'-tyachg, *n. f.* liability to be worn out; state of wearing or exhausting; waste, prodigality, profusion.

CAITHTICHE, käé'-tyéch-ä, *n. m.* a spend-thrift.

CAL, käll, *n. m.* cole-wort, greens, cabbage; (Scotch) kail; *cäl ceannan, a dish of potatoes and greens mashed together; cäl ceairsleach, cabbage; cäl colaig, colty-flower.*

CALA, kall'-ä, *n. m.* land in the distance, as at sea; *thog sinn cala, we descried land;* a harbour, a haven, a port; *cha d'thug thu do long gu cala fhathast, you have not brought your ship into harbour yet;* *thog sinn cala air an treas là, we descried land on the third day;* *cala-dhireach* an long, *slack-sheet;* written *caladh* also.

CALA-DHIREACH, käll'-a-yhër-äch, *adv.* slack-sheet; right before the wind; in a secondary sense, in a straight line; *cala-dhireach* an aghaidh a chélle, *diametrically opposite.*

CALAICH, käll'-éch, *v.* moor, anchor.

CALAMAN, käll'-äm-än, *n. m.* a dove, a pigeon.

CALANAS, käll'-än-us, *n. m.* spinning; working at wool, flax, hemp, &c. manufacturing.

CALBH, käll'-uv, *n. m.* a twig, an osier, headland; gushing of water, *N. A.*; bald. *Irish.*

CALBHAIK, kal'-uv-ur, *a.* greedy of food. *Suth. Sh.*

CALC, käll, *v.* caulk, drive, rain, push violently.

CALCABH, kalk'-ä, *n. m.* caulking, cramming; *pt.* cramming, caulking, driving.

CALCAIRE, käll'-ur-ä, *n. m.* a caulker, a rammer.

CALG, käll'-ag, *n. m.* awn, refuses of lint, beard of barley; a spear; bristles of pigs, &c.

CALGACH, kal'-ug-ach, *a.* prickly, bristly.

CALG-DHIREACH, kal'-ug-yhër'-ach, *adv.* straight. *Ir.*

CALL, källi, *n. m.* loss, detriment, damage, privation; *is mòr mo chall ris, great is my loss by it;* *much have I lost by it;* *pt.* losing, dropping; *a' call air, losing by it;* *a' call airgid, dropping money.*

CALLAG, käll'-ag, *n. f.* the bird called the diver; the guillemot; *eun dubh a' chrudlain.*

CALLAICH, käll'-éch, *v.* tame, domesticate.

CALLAID, käll'-äj, *n. f.* a partition; a hedge; *an ti a bhriscas callaid, teumaidh nathair e, he that breaketh a hedge, a serpent shall bite him, Bible;* (*loitidh nathair e*); a wig, *Mf.*; *a.* a fence.

CALLAIDEACH, käll'-äj-ach, *a.* surrounded, fenced.

CALLAIDH, käll'-é, *a.* domesticated, tame; *beathaichan callaidh, domesticated animals.* In Irish, active, agile, beothail.

CALLAIDHEACHD, käll'-é-achg, *n. f.* tameness.

CALLAN, käll'-än, *n. m.* noise, absurd hammering at any thing; hardness of the hands from working with spades, oars, &c.; callosity; a corn.

CALLDA, same as Callaidh.

CALLDACH, käll'-dach, *a.* losing, ruinous; *n. f.* loss, damage, detriment.

CALLDACHD, kalld'-ächg, *n. f.* loss, damage.

CALM, kal'-um, *n. m.* a pillar, a thick-set stout-built person; a prop.

CALMA, kal'-um-á, *a.* thick-set, brawny.

CALMACHD, kal'-um-ächg, *n. f.* stoutness.

CALMARR, kal'-um-arr, *n. m.* one of Fin-gal's heroes.

CALMARRA, kal'-um-art-a, *a.* brawny, thick-set, well-made.

CALP, kál'-up, *n. m.* the calf of the leg; the principal at interest; *calp* is *riadh*, *principal and interest*; a hawlyard.

CALP, kal'-up, *n. f.* a rivet nail.

CAM, kām, *a.* blind of an eye; *tha e cam*, *he is blind of an eye*; crooked, bent; *maide cam*, *a crooked or bent stick*; *n. f.* a female blind of an eye; *v.* bend; *curve cham thu am maide*, *you bent the stick*; make crooked.

CAMACAG, kām'-ächg-äg, *n. f.* a trip; cas-bhacaig.

CAMAG, kām'-äg, *n. f.* a curl, a ringlet, a crook, clasp; the temple; *bhuail e 'sa chamaig e*, *he struck in the temple*; a comma in writing.

CAMAG-GHARRAIDH, kam-äg-gharr'-é, *n. f.* the hollow above the temple; the temple.

CAMAN, kam'-an, *n. m.* a shinty, a club for golf or cricket; golf-club.

CAMANACHD, kam'-án-ächg, *n. f.* playing at golf or shinty.

CAMART, kam'-ärt', *n. f.* a wry-neck. *N.*

CAMH, kāv, *n. m.* the dawn. *Bible Ref.*

CAMHANACH, kav'-an-ach, *n. m.* the dawn. *Bible.*

CAMP, kámp, *n. m.* a camp. *Teut. Bible. T. Baag.*

CAMPACHADH, kámp'-ach-ā, *pt.* encamping; *tha aingeal Dè a' campachadh*, *the angel of the Lord encamps*, *Ps.*; *n. m.* encampment.

CAMPAICH, kámp'-èch, *v.* encamp, surround.

CAMPAR, kámp'-ur, *n. m.* vexation, uneasiness, grief; *na cuireadh sin campar ort*, *let not that vex you*.

CAMPARACH, kámp'-ur-ach, *a.* galling, vexing, sad.

CAMSHRON, kam'-hrön, *n. f.* a crooked nose.

CAMSHRONACH, kam'-hron-ach, *a.* having a crooked nose; *n. m.* and *a.* Cameron, Cameronian.

CANAS, kam'-as, *n. m.* a bay, a creek, the space between the thighs; *a'n camas Chluba nan ioma stuadh*, *in the bay of Cluba of many waves*; a mould for making bullets. *Arab.*

CAN, kan, *v.* say, affirm, speak, express, sing; *canaibh òran*, *sing a song. B.*

CANA, kán'-a, *n. f.* a little whale. *Skye, &c.*

CANABHAS, kan'-a-vas, *n. m.* canvas, sack-cloth. *Lat.*

CANACH, kan'-ach, *n. m.* moss-cotton, down; mountain-down; a sturgeon.

CANACH', kán'-ach, *gen.* of Càin; *a' pàigh na canach*, *paying the fine or tribute*.

CANAIN, kán'-án', *n. f.* language, speech, dialect.

CANAINICHE, kán'-an-èch-á, *n. m.* a linguist.

CANGLUINN, käng'-llun', *n. f.* vexation, aimheil.

CANNA, kánn'-á, *n. m.* a can; *cantharus*, *Latin.*

CANNACH, kánn'-äch, *n. m.* sweet-willow, myrtle.

CANNTAIREACHD, kánn'd'-ar'-ächg, *n. f.* humming a tune; chanting, singing; warbling.

CANRAN, kárr'-an, *n. m.* bickering, scolding, and reflecting incessantly; grumbling.

CANRANACH, kan'-ran-ach, *a.* bickering, fretful.

CAOB, küb, *n. m.* a lump, as in thread; a bite, and also a nip, *N. H.*; *v.* bite; nip, crim.

CAOCH, káoch, *a.* void, hollow; *falamh.*

CAOCHAG, káoch'-ag, a nut without the kernel; blind man's buff; *falach fead.*

CAOCHAIL, káoch'-èlly, *v.* change, alter; putrefy; *chaochail e a ghnúis*, *he changed his countenance, B.*; expire, die, give up the ghost; *chaochail e*, *he yielded up the ghost. B.*

CAOCHAN, káoch'-an, *n. m.* fermented worts; in Scotch, wash; *tosgaid chaochain*, *wash vat*; a gurgling streamlet; a purling rill, purling noise, like worts fermenting.

CAOCHLACH, káoch'-llach, *a.* changeable.

CAOCHLADH, káoch'-llá, *n. m.* change, alteration; *pt.* changing, putrefying.

CAOCHLAIDEACH, káoch'-lláj-äch, *a.* changeable, variable; *vair chaochluideach*, *changeable or variable weather*; fickle, inconstant, whimsical; *duine caochlaid-each*, *a fickle or inconstant person*.

CAOCHLAIDEACHD, káoch'-lláj-ächg, *n. f.* changeableness, variableness; inconstancy, mutability, fickleness.

CAOG, káog, *v.* wink, connive.

CAOGAD, káog'-ad, *n. f.* for coigead, fifty. CAOGADH, káog, *n. m.* a wink; *pt.* winking; *a' caogadh sùl 'na biom*, *let me not wink with the eye. Ross. Ps.*

CAOIDH, kúé'-yh', *v.* lament, weep, wail for loss of; *n. m.* lamentation, wailing, weeping; *pt.* lamenting, wailing, weeping.

CAOILE, káoèl'-á, *n. f.* want of fodder for cattle, leanness, dearth; *bhàsaich an*

- crodh leis a' *chaoile*, *the cattle starved for want of fodder*; narrowness, straitness, slenderness.
- CAOILEAD, kãoëll'-ud, *n. f.* degree of narrowness, smallness; fineness, as linen, yarn, &c.
- CAOILLEAN, kãoëll'-an', *n. m.* a twig, slag. *N. H.*
- CAOILTEAN, kãoëll'-tyun, *pl.* of caol, a sound, a strait, a narrow; a' seòladh thro na *caoiltean*, *sailing through the sounds or straits*.
- CAOIMHEACH, kúev'-ach, *a. kind*; *n. m.* a friend.
- CAOIMHNEALACHD, kaöen'-nyal-ächg, *n. f.* kindness; courteousness; agreeableness to the touch.
- CAOIMHNEAS, kaöen'- or kãöev'-nyas, *n. m.* kindness, mildness; affability; a kind turn.
- CAOIMHNEIL, kaoen'-nyal, or kaöev'-nyal, *a. kind*, mild, affable, courteous, benevolent.
- CAOIN, kãoën, *v. n.* weep, lament, mourn, deplore, wail; regret; *a. kind*, tender; seasoned, as hay, sheaf-corn, fish, &c. *n. f.* sward; *caoin uaine*, *green sward*; rhind; bhrisd e *caoin* an leathraich, *he broke the rhind of the leather, Is.*; the right side; *caoin* is as-*caoin*, *the right and wrong side. Sk.*
- CAOINEACHADH, kãoin'-äch-X, *n. m.* seasoning or drying hay, fish, &c.; exposure to the sun's heat for the purpose of drying.
- CAOINEADH, kãoën'-X, *n. m.* and *pl.* weeping, wailing, mourning; lamenting, lamentation.
- CAOINEAR, kaöen'-ur, *n. m.* sheer indifference.
- CAOINEARACH, kaöen'-äch, *a. indifferent*, careless.
- CAOINEIS, kaöen'-as, *n. m.* taking off, gibing, jeering.
- CAOINEISEACH, kaöen'-ash-ach, *a. indifferent*, apt to gibe, jeer, or take off.
- CAOINEISEACHD, kaöen'-ash-achg, *n. f.* assumed indifference; fastidiousness; foolish pride.
- CAOINICH, kãoën'-äch, *v. dry*, season, expose to dry, as hay, fish.
- CAOIN-SHUARACH, kãoën'-hũar'-ach, *a. indifferent*.
- CAOIN-SHUARACHD, kãoën'-huar'-ächg, *n. f.* indifference.
- CAOINTEACH, kãoënt'-ach, *n. f.* a female fairy or water-kelpie, whose particular province it was to forewarn her favourite clans of the approach of death in the family, by weeping and wailing opposite the kitchen door; *a. weeping*, mourn-
- ing; *bha acain caointeach*, *his moan was mournful. Sm.*
- CAOIR, kãoir, *n. f.* a foam with sparks of fire in it, as in a stormy sea; a flame, accompanied with noise; a fiery flame; na tonnan na *caoir*, *the waves like flame. Oss. C.*
- CAOIREALL, kaöir'-all, *n. m.* one of Fingal's bards; loud and continual speaking.
- CAOIRTHEACH, kãoir'-hach, *a. flaming*, fiery; *sruth caoirtheach bho chruaich nam beann*, *a fiery stream from the brow of the mountain. Oss.*
- CAOL, kãoll, *a. slender*, thin; lean, lank, attenuated; narrow; *n. m.* a narrow; a sound, a strait, a frith; *caol lla*, *the sound of Islay*; an *caol* Muileach, *the sound of Mull*; the small parts; *caol an droma*, *the small of the back, the spine*; *caol an dùirn*, *the wrist*; *caol na coise*, *ceangail a' chaoil*, *bind him hand and foot*; an tigh *caol*, *the narrow house, the grave.*
- CAOLACH, kãol'-ach, *the worst part of corn*; the herb, fair flax. *Ir.*
- CAOLAICH, kãol'-äch, *v. make narrow*, taper.
- CAOLAN, kãol'-an, *n. m.* gut, tripe.
- CAOLAS, kãol'-as, *n. m.* a sound, a strait.
- CAOMH, kùv, *a. kind*, mild, beloved, meek, gentle; *labhair e gu caomh ris a ghruagaich*, *he spoke kindly to the damsel*; *cha chaomh leam e*, *he is not dear to me*, *I do not like him*; a dearly beloved person; an tog mi mo shiùil 's gun *chaomh* am fagus, *shall I hoist my sails without a friend being near, Sm.*; kindness, hospitality; *caomh mo theach*, *the hospitality of my house. D. B.*
- CAOMHACH, kùv'-äch, *n. m.* a friend. *Sm.*
- CAOMHACHAS, kùv'-ach-us, *n. m.* chambering; sensuality, dalliance.
- CAOMHALACHD, kùv'-äl-ächg, *n. f.* kindness of disposition; kindness; urbanity.
- CAOMHAIL, kùv'-al, *a. kind*, friendly.
- CAOMHAINN, kùv'-ënn, *v. spare*, save, economise, reserve; *caomhainn e gus an màireach*, *reserve it till to-morrow*; na *caomhainn e*, *do not spare it.*
- CAOMHANTACH, kùv'-ant-ach, *a. sparing*, economical, frugal, saving; stingy.
- CAOMHANTACHD, kùv'-ant'-ächg, *n. f.* economy, frugality; a saving disposition, parsimony.
- CAOMHNAOH, kùv'-nã, *n. m.* economy, frugality, parsimony; *pl.* saving, sparing, reserving.
- CAOR, kãor, *n. f.* a fiery wave, as in a storm; the berry of the mountain ash.
- CAORA, kãor'-ã, *n. f.* a sheep; *caoirich*, more than one sheep; *gen. caorach*; ri

taobh na caorach, *at the side of the sheep*; berries; caora bada miann, *the stone brambles*; caora feullain, *ivy berry*; caora madaidh, *dog-berry*; caora-biadh-ag, *crow-berries*; caora dromain, *elder berries*.

CAORAN, kâor'-an, *n. m.* a fragment of peat.

CAORNAO, kâorn'-ag, *n. f.* a wild hive, a battle, a fray, a squabble.

CAORUNN, kâor'-unn, mountain ash or rowan tree; rowan berries; the wood of the mountain ash.

CAUTHACH, kâo'-äch, *n. m.* madness, insanity; confounded with cuthach, *hydrophobia*.

CAPALL, kap'-ull, *n. f.* a mare, in some places a horse, a colt. *Dr. Stew. Dirg.*

CAPAL-COILLE, kap'-ull-kaöll-lyá, *n. m.* the great cock of the wood; caperkilly.

CAR, kâr, *n. m.* for Caraid in poetry; mossy soft ground; a reub an câr (ca-raid) dha 'n robh' ghràdh, *that tore the friend whom she loved*; Latin, carus dear.

CAR, kâr, *prep.* during, for the space of; car tiotaibh, *for a moment*; car oidheche, *for the space of a night*; car uair, *for a time*; car miosa, *for a month*; car greais, *for a while*; car ùine bhig, *for a short time*.

CAR, kâr, *n. m.* a turn, a twist, a bend; meandering; an car a bhios 'san t-sean mhaide is duilich a thoirt as, *the bend or twist that is in an old stick, is not easily made straight*; trick, fraud, deceit; gach car a th' ann is cleas, *all his wiles and tricks*, Ps.; thug e an car as am, *he cheated me, he outwitted me*; car a mhuiltean, *a somerset*; car air char, *lopsy-turvy*; contact, direction; gach nì a thig ad charaibh, *every thing that comes your way, or direction*; an caraibh a chéile, *in contact with each other, in mutual contact*; thug thu mo char is mo leth char asam, *you have cheated me in earnest, to all intents and purposes*; aon 'na caraibh, *bend in their direction, in their way*; an caraibh a bhrocluinn, *in the direction of its den*, Is. Oss.; motion, movement; na cuir car dheth, *do not move it*; gun aon char a chur deth, *without movement, without stirring it*; a string of beads, pearls, &c.; car chneap, *a string of beads*; car neamhuinn, *a string of pearls*.

CAR, kâr, *n. m.* a mossy plain, a fen; mar channach càir, *like the moss cotton Song*.

CAKA, kâr'-a, for caraid; gu eluinn mi mo chàra, *that I may hear my friend*.

CARACH, kâr'-ach, *a. deceiving, deceitful*;

tha 'n soaghal so carach, *this world is deceitful*; fear carach, *a deceitful person*; cho carach ris a mhadadh ruadh, *as wily as a fox*; whirling, circling; mceag òsnaich charach, *amid the circling breeze*. Oss.

CARACHADH, kâr'-äch-X, *pt.* moving, stirring.

CARACHD, câr'-ächg, *n. f.* wrestling, sparring; deceitfulness; carachd an t-saoghail so, *the deceitfulness of this world*.

CARADH, kâr'-X, *n. m.* condition, state; is truagh mo chàradh, *sad is my condition*; is dona an càradh a dh' f hàg thu air, *you have left him in a sad condition*; *pt.* mending, repairing, dressing; placing.

CARADH, kâr'-X, *pt.* cheating, deceiving.

CARAICH, kâr'-èch, *v.* move, stir, turn; na carach e, *do not stir it*; cha charaich thu as an so, *you shall not move hence*; charaich iad, *they moved*.

CARAIN, kâr'-èj, *n. m.* a male friend or relation; banacharaid, *a female friend or relation*.

CARAIÐ, kâr'-äj, *n. f.* a pair, a brace, a couple, a married couple.

CARAIÐICH, kâr'-äj-èch, *v.* join together in pairs or couples.

CARANASG, kâr'-a-mäsk, *n. m.* confusion.

CARBAD, kâr'-ud, *n. f.* a chariot; araon carbad is mare-shluagh, *both chariot and horsemen*, B.; a bier.

CARBAD, kâr'-ad, *n. m.* a jaw bone; buail am balach air a charbad is buail am bàlgair air an t-sròin, *strike the clown on the jaw, and the dog on the nose*. G. P.

CARBADAIR, kâr'-ad-air, *n. m.* a chariot-teen.

CARBH, kâr'-v, *n. f.* a ship or boat, built after a particular fashion. Is.

CARBHAIDH, kâr'-è, *n. f.* caraway.

CARBHANACH, kâr'-än-äch, *n. m.* a carp. Is.

CARCAIR, kark'-ur, *n. m.* a prison, Bible; Latin, a sink, or sewer. North Highlands. Inn. IV.

CARD, kârd', *n. f.* a card; *v.* card wool, &c.

CARD, kârd, *n. m.* an English gallon, or two Scotch pints; a quarter of a yard.

CARDAIR, kârd'-är, *n. m.* carder.

CARDAIREACHD, kârd'-är-ächg, *n. f.* carding.

CARLAS, kâr'-lus, *n. f.* excellence. Smith's Poems.

CARN, kâr'n, *n. m.* a heap of stones; kairn raised over the tombs of heroes; cuiridh mise clach ad charn sa, *I will befriend you yet*; *pl.* cuirn; *v.* heap, pile, accumulate; a carnaidh airgid, *accumulating silver or wealth*.

CARN, karn, *n. m.* a horning. *Irish.*
 CARNACH, kárn'-ách, *n. f.* a stony place, a rocky.
 CARNADH, kárn'-A, *pt.* heaping, piling; *channadh le Daorghlas an t-seilg, the game was piled up by Dorglas.*
 CARNAG, kárn'-ag, *n. f.* a small fish, *Sk.*; a she terrier. *N.*
 CARNAID, kárn'-áj, *n. f.* flesh colour. *Mack.*
 CARNANAICH, kárn-an-éich, *p.* Highlanders. *Arm.*
 CARR, kárt, *n. m.* the scurvy, scab, mange; duine aig an bheil carr, *a man that has the scurvy, Bible*; scall or leprosy; plaigh 'na carra, *the plague of the leprosy, Bible*; a dray, a sledge; each anns a' charr, *a horse in the dray or sledge.*
 CARRACH, kárr'-ach, *a.* scorbutic, itchy, mangy; having an uneven surface; am fear a bhios carrach 'sa bhaile so, bithidh e carrach 'sa bhaile ad thall, *he that is scabby or mangy in this town, will be mangy every where*; crustaceous, as potatoes.
 CARRACHAN, kárr'-ách-an, *n. m.* a little, old fashioned fellow; the fish called the lump, frog-fish, or chub, *greasaiche*; carrachan cnuacach, *rock fish or conger-eel.*
 CARRAGH, kárr'-a, *n. m.* an erect stone, raised as a monument; a monument; a pillar; far an d'ung thu an carragh, *where thou didst anoint the pillar. Bible*; thamhaig nan carragh, *yespectres of the rock. Oss.*
 CARRAID, kárr'-áj, *n. f.* fatigue and anguish from watching a sick person dear to one; conflict, trouble; carraid nan slon, *the conflict of the elements, O.*; le carraid ghéir, *with sore distress or fatigue. Sm.*
 CARRAIDEACH, kárr'-áj-ach, *a.* fatigued and sorely distressed from watching a sick person; grieved and fatigued; troublesome; afflicting.
 CARRAIDEACHO, kárr'-áj-áchg, *n. f.* fatigue.
 CARRAIO, kárr'-ég, *n. f.* a headland, a cliff, a rock jutting into the sea, serving as a quay or fishing station; a rock; carraig mo neart, *the rock of my strength, Sm.*; mar thuinn macharraig, *as waves round a cliff, Oss.* In common speech never used for creig.
 CARRAN, kárr'-an, *n. m.* scurvy grass.
 CARRAN-CREIGE, kárr-an-kráig'-á, *n. m.* fish called a lump.
 CARRSAN, kárr'-san, *n. m.* a wheezing in the throat, catarrh.

CARRSANACH, kárr'-sán-ach, *a.* subject to catarrh, wheezing, hoarse.
 C'ARSON, kár'-son', *adv.* why, wherefore; Carson a ghabh na clinnich boil, *why did the heathen rage.*
 CART, kárt, *n. m.* a quart, a quarter, a lippy. *North H.*
 CART, kárt, *v.* clean, as stable, &c.
 CARTADH, kárr'-A, *n. m.* act of cleaning a stable, byre, sty, &c.; tanning.
 CARTAN, kárr'-an, *n. m.* a heath-mite.
 CARHANNACH, kárr'-han-ách, *a.* kind, polite.
 CARHANNACHD, kárr'-hann-ach, *n. f.* politeness.
 CARHANTA, kárr'-hant-a, *a.* kind, polite.
 CARHANTACHD, kárr'-han-tachg, *n. f.* politeness.
 CAR-TUATHAIL, kárr'-túá-al, *n. m.* a wrong turn; unprosperous course.
 CAS, kás, *v. n.* twist, wreath, bend, curl; a' casadh an t-snáth, *twisting the thread*; chas e ma láimh e, *he wreathed it about his hand*; gnash, grin, gape; make mouths; chas e 'fhiachlan, *he gnashed with his teeth*; chas e bheul, *he gaped with his mouth, Bible*; near, approach; a casadh air a' bhalle, *approaching the town*; be angry with, enrage; chas e ris, *be enraged against him, he got angry with him*; brandish; chas e 'shleagh, *he brandished his spear. O.*
 CAS, kás, *n. f.* foot, leg, stem, haft, handle, shaft; taobh do chois, *the side of your foot*; cas na sgine, *the haft of the knife*; cas an úird, *the shaft or handle of the hammer*; aig cois na beinne, *at the foot of the hill*; a. short-tempered, irritable, passionate; duine cas, *an irritable or passionate man*; headlong; steep; abrupt; sruth cas, *a headlong stream, an impetuous or rapid current*; cas air a chéile, *close upon each other*; bruthach neo aonach cas, *a steep or headlong acclivity or ascent*; eager; cas gu comhrag, *eager for battle*; gu cas, *quickly, Sm. Oss.*; curled; cúl faineach cas, *curled, wreathed hair, Gil.*; deg. caise.
 CAS, kás, *n. m.* dilemma, predicament; hardship; distress, difficulty, emergency; anns gach cas, *in every emergency*; cha 'n e an cas, *it is not the difficulty*; 's ann dhuit is léir mo chás, *thou seest my distress.*
 CASACH, cás'-ách, *n. f.* the outlet of a lake, (in *Su. Os.*); a ford; a hook-line.
 CASACHDAICH, kás'-áchg-éich, *n. f.* cough; casf huezdaich. *Islay.*
 CASAD, kás'-ad, *n. f.* a cough; *v.* cough.
 CASADAICH, kás'-ád-éich, *n. f.* cough; gripes in cattle, making them strike the belly with their feet.

- CASADH, kās'-ā, *n. m. and pt.* grinning, twisting, approaching; gnashing; gaping.
- CASAG, kās'-ag, *n. f. i.* long coat.
- CASAIÐ, kās'-aj, *n. f.* complaint, accusation; *v.* accuse, complain, lodge a complaint; chasaid e orm, *he lodged a complaint against me*; a' casaid, *lodging a complaint*.
- CASAIÐEACH, kas'-āj-āch, *a.* prone, or apt to complain.
- CASAIR, kas'-ur, *n. f.* sea drift. *Sk.*
- CASAN, kas'-an, *n. m.* a path, a walk.
- CASBHRAT, kas'-vhrat, *n. m.* a carpet.
- CAS-CHROM, kās'-chrōm', *n. f.* a plough of a curious make, like a spade. *Skye.*
- CASGADH, kās'-g-ā, *pt.* stopping, staunching; a' casgadh 'na fola, *staunching the blood*; an fhuil a ruith gun luibh 'ga casgadh, *the blood flowing without an herb to staunch it*.
- CASGAIR, kās'-g-er, butcher, slaughter.
- CASGAIRT, kas'-g-ārt, *n. m.* massacre, slaughter; casgairt ort féin, *may death take you*.
- CASGRADH, kas'-g-rā, *n. f.* slaughter; mheasadh sinn mar choaraich eum a casgraidh, *we were esteemed as sheep for the slaughter*; *Bible, (slad).*
- CASGOIL, kās'-g-ēl', *n. f.* dilemma, predicament; ann an casgoil, *in a dilemma. Is.*
- CASLACH, kās'-llach, *n. f.* a tribe. *Irish.*
- CASNAID, kas'-nāj, *v.* split wood. *Id.*
- CASPANACH, kās'-p-an-ach, *a.* parallel. *Ir.*
- CASRUISGT, kās'-rūsht, *a.* barefooted.
- CAT, kat, *n. m. and f.* a cat; faodaidh an cat amharc air an rìgh, *a cat may look at a king*; Gr. kata; Lat. catus; Teut. katt; heap of potatoes, corn, &c. *N.* catag.
- CATAICH, kāt'-ēch (tālaich), *v.* tame. *Lw.*
- CATH, kkā, *n. m.* a battle, a fight; struggle; chuir iad cath ris, *they struggled against him, Sm.*; an teichinn féin o'n chath, *should I myself desert the battle*.
- CATH, kā, *v.* winnow, fan; a' càthadh san t-sabhal, *winnowing in the barn*; in many parts of the continent of Argyle, a gréidheadh 'san t-sabhal; *n. m.* seeds, (caith).
- CATHACH, kā'-āch, *n. m.* a warrior; seachd cathaich, *seven warriors. Tradition.*
- CATHACHADH, kā'-ach-ā, *p.* fighting, struggling; a' cathachadh riut, *struggling against you*.
- CATHAG, kā'-ag, *n. f.* a daw, a jackdaw.
- CATHAICH, ka'-ēch, *v.* fight, contend, struggle.
- CATHAIR, kā'-hyur', *n. f.* a chair, a gig, Islay; a city, a town, a throne; cathair an rìgh, *the king's throne; gen. cath-*
- rach*; each na cathrach, *the gig horse*; cathair breathanais, *judgment seat, tribunal.*
- CATHAN, kā'-ān, *n. m. abb.* yarn on the warping machine, crann-dealbh.
- CATHMHOR, kā'-vhor, *a.* husky, chaffy; 'se am fobharadh gaothmhor a ni an coirce cathmhor, *it is the windy harvest that makes the oats husky*.
- CAT-LUCH, kāt'-lūch, *n. m.* a mouse-trap. *Lw.*
- CATBAN, kat'-ran, *n. m.* the fourth of a stone of cheese, butter, wool, &c. *Is.*
- CE, kā, *int. pron.* who, which, what; adv. c'e do lamh, *shew me your hand, reach me your hand*.
- CE, kā, *n. m.* the earth; an cruine cē, *the globe, the earth, the world*.
- CEABHAR, kēv'-ur, a slight or gentle breeze; the state of being slightly intoxicated.
- CEACH, kēch, *int.* expression of dislike.
- CEAD, kād', *n. m.* leave, permission, license, liberty; farewell, adieu; iarr cead, *ask liberty or leave*; gun do chead a' ghabhal, *without asking your permission*; an d' fhuair thu cead, *have you got liberty?* thoir dhomh cead, *give me leave*; le'r cead, *with your permission*; tha le'r cead, *yes, sir or madam, or with your permission*; thoir a chead da, *set him about his business*; cead dol da-chaidh, *permission to go home*; cead fuireachd, *liberty to remain*; gun chead, *without permission*.
- CEADACHAIL, kād'-ach-āl, *a.* allowable, permissible, permissive.
- CEADAICH, kād'-ēch, *v.* permit, allow, grant, give permission; na ceadaich dha, *do not permit him*; am bheil thu ceadaichadh, *do you permit? do you grant liberty?* ceadaichte, *permitted, granted, permissive*.
- CEADHA, kā'-ā, *n. m.* quay, part of a plough.
- CEAIRD, kyūrj, or kyārj, *n. f.* trade, occupation, handicraft, employment; dè's ceaird duit, *what is your occupation?* *B.*
- CEAIRDEALACHD, kyūrj'-āl-āch, *n. f.* skillfulness; tradesman-like manner.
- CEARDEIL, kyūrj'-al, *a.* mechanical, tradesman-like, business-like.
- CEAIRD, kyārj, *gen.* of ceard, a tinker.
- CEAIRSLE, kyārsh'-llā, *n. f.* a clew.
- CEAIRSLEACH, kyārsh'-lyach, *a.* like a clew.
- CEAIRSLICH, kyārsh'-llich, *v.* make clews, wind, form into clews, coil.
- CEAL, kyē'll, *n. m.* hue of the countenance; is bochd an ceal a th'ort, *you have a miserable expression of countenance. In Irish, death*.
- CEALAICH, kyē'll'-ēch, *v.* eat, *Kirk. Ps. Ir*

CEALAIDEACH, kyé'll-áj-ach, *n. m.* and *f.* a miserable looking person.

CEALG, kyáll'-ag, *n. f.* hypocrisy; *prov.* for ceilg.

CEALGACH, kyáll'-ug-ach, deceitful, hypocritical, treacherous, cunning, crafty, wily.

CEALGAIB, kyall'-ug-ar', *n. m.* a hypocrite, a cheat, a rogue, a deceiver.

CEALGAIREACHD, kyáll'-ug-ár'-achg, *n. f.* hypocrisy, treachery, deceit, dissimulation; roimh gach ní, bithibh air ar faicill o thaois ghoirt nam Pharasach, eadh-an cealgaireachd, first of all, beware ye of the leaven of the Pharisees, even hypocrisy; basachaidh dòchas a chealgair, the hope of the hypocrite shall perish.

CEALL, kyáll, *n. f.* a church. *Irish.*

CEALLAIRE, kyall'-ár-á, *n. m.* head or superior of a church or monastery. *Ir.*

CEALLTAIR, kyáll'-lt-ár', *n. m.* gray-cloth. *No.*

CEANALTA, kycn'-ált-á, *a.* docile, tractable, amiable, kind, mild, pleasant, urbane, polite.

CEANALTACHD, kyén'-alt-achg, *n. m.* docility, tractableness; mildness of disposition, urbanity, politeness.

CEANALTAS, kycn'-alt-us, *n. m.* same as ceanaltachd.

CEANFHIONN, kyén'-unn, *a.* gray-faced, as a beast; grayish.

CEANGAIL, kyéng'-él', kyén'-nyál, *v.* tie, bind, fetter, fasten, restrain; (from ceann and iall) ceangailte, bound; restrained; tied, fastened.

CEANGAL, kyéng'-al, &c. *n. m.* tie; fastening; obligation, a bond, a knot; ceangal posaidh, betrothment; ní thu ceangal posaidh, thou shalt betroth a wife, Bible; fo cheangal aig duine sam bith, under restraint to any one; am fear a cheanglas a's e a shiubhlas, he that ties his bundle fast may walk without stopping, *G. P.*; pl. ceanglaichean and ceangaltaichean.

CEANGLAICHE, kyéng'-lléich-á, *n. m.* a binder.

CEANN, kyänn, *n. m.* a head, point; end, limit; period, expiration; extremity; genius, ingenuity; chief, master, commander, attention; headland; hilt; thog tuinn an cinn, waves reared their head; sleagh is géire ceann, a spear of the sharpest point; ceann nan laoch, the chief of the heroes; an ceann bliadhna, at the expiration of a year; an ceann dà latha, at the expiration of two days; ma cheannaibh nan crann, about the top of the trees; bi ad cheann mhath dha, be kind to him, (be good to him); 'na dhroch cheann duit, very bad for you;

is dona an ceann sin duit, that is against your health; bha e na dhroch cheann da, he behaved very ill to him, he used him ill, he was a bad master to him; a' dol air cheann gnothuich, going on business; cha 'n eil an droch cheann aige, he is not destitute of genius; air cheann da tighinn dachaidh, preparatory to his coming home; an ceann a sè deug, at long last; an ceann a chéile, mixed, assembled; an ceann thri miosan, at the expiration of three months; 's ann agad a tha 'n ceann, how shrewd you are! shiubhail mi lla bho cheann gu ceann, I travelled Islay, from one extremity to the other; na cuir ceann na leithid sin, do not attempt such a thing; thoir an ceann deth, behead him; a chur ceann air stri, to conclude the strife, *O.*; am a bheir ar namhghar gu ceann, a time that will bring our troubles to a close, *M. L.*; ceann 'na ciche, the nipple; an ceann tiotaibh, in a little while; an ceann tacaín, in a little while; ceann nan laon, the hilt of the sword, *O.*; dè an ceann a rinn e ruit, what attention did he shew you? gus an liath do cheann, tell you are grey-headed; liath thu mo cheann, your conduct has made my head grey; ghabh e an saoghal ma cheann, he took the range of the wide world; as ceann an athair, above the firmament; an ceann shios, the farthest off extremity; an ceann shuas, the upper end or extremity. *Oss. B. Arm. Is. C.*

CEANNABHARD, kyann'-a-vhård, *n. m.* and *f.* commander-in-chief, commander, a leader; ceannabhard means, literally, the head bard, the bards formerly being among the commanders of armies; see M'Dhomhnaill; ceannard must be a corruption of ceannabhard.

CEANNACH, kyänn'-ach, *n. m.* a present, a reward, compensation; a bribe; ceannach geal uair thig an sneachd, a white present when the snow comes; cha cheannach air an ubhl an gog, the egg is no compensation for the noise (cackling); pt. purchasing, buying; a cheannach fiodh, to purchase timber.

CEANNACHD, kyann'-ächg, *n. f.* merchandise, commerce, traffic; agus di sibh ceannachd 'san tìr, and ye shall traffic in in the land; oir is f'hearr a ceannachd na ceannachd airgid, for her merchandise is better than the merchandise of silver Bible.

CEANNAICH, kyann'-éch, *v.* purchase, buy, redeem; traffic; a cheannaich sinn cho daor, which we so dearly purchased; ceannaichte, purchased, bought.

CEANNAICHE, kyann'-éch-á, *n. m.* a pur-

- chaser, a buyer, *West; North*, a merchant (marsanta).
- CEANN-AIMSIR, kyann-em'-shér, *n.m.* term, period; epoch, date, era.
- CEANNAIRE, kyann'-äerk, *n. f.* rebellion, sedition, mutiny, insubordination.
- CEANNAIRCEACH, kyann'-äerk-ach, *a.* rebellious, seditious, mutinous; perverse; stubborn.
- CEANNAIRE, kyann'-ar'-ä, *n. m.* a horse-driver, *Lw.*; a hammer. *Shaw.*
- CEANN-AODHAIS, kyann'-äov'-ur, *n. f.* a prime or first cause.
- CEANNAODACH, kyann'-äod-ach, *n.m.* head-dress.
- CEANNARD, kyann'-ard, *n. f.* a lofty head, also a commander, a leader, a chief.
- CEANNARDACH, kyann'-ard-ach, *a.* high-headed.
- CEANNARDACHD, kyann'-ärd-ächg, *n.f.* arrogance; superiority, chieftainship. *D. M. L.*
- CEANNAS, kyann'-as, *n. f.* superiority, pride. *M. L.*
- CEANNASACH, kyann'-äs-äch, *a.* proud, aspiring.
- CEANNASACHD, kyann'-as-ächg, *n. f.* ambition, pride.
- CEANNASG, kyann'-äsg, *n. f.* hair-lace. *Irish.*
- CEANNLADIR, kyann'-läj-er, *a.* stubborn, mulish, headstrong, self-willed.
- CEANN-CINNE, kyann'-kyenn-é, *n. m.* a chieftain; also ceann-feadhna, ceann-finne, a chieftain.
- CEANNSACHADH, kyann'-säch-ä, *pt.* subduing; subjecting; keeping under authority.
- CEANNSACHD, kyann'-ssächd, *n. f.* subordination, authority, government; temperance.
- CEANNSAICH, kyann'-ssäch, *v.* subdue; conquer, quell, train; ceannsaichte, subdued, quelled.
- CEANNSAL, kyann'-sal, *n. f.* subjection.
- CEANNSALACH, kyann'-sal-ach, *a.* authoritative.
- CEANNSALACHD, kyann'-säl-ächg, *n. f.* sway.
- CEANN-SIMID, kyann'-shém'-ej, *n. m.* tadpole.
- CEANN-TIRE, kyann'-tyér'-ä, *n. m.* a peninsula, headland, promontory, land's end; Kintyre.
- CEANN-TOTA, kyann'-tot'-a, *n. m.* bench-piece.
- CEANN-UIDHE, kyann'-üé, *n. m.* journey's end, destination; hospitable landlord. *Mt.*
- CEAP, káp², *n. m.* a last; a clog or stumbling-block on a beast's foot; the stocks; a snare; do leag iad ceap, they laid a snare, *Ps.*; *v.* intercept, stop, obstruct; ceap e, intercept or stop him; carp.
- CEAP, kepp, a cap; Chaldee, ceip, a cap.
- CEAPADH, káp'-ä, *pt.* intercepting, catching, carping; a cheapadh chuireag, catching flies.
- CEAPAIRE, káp'-ur'-ä, *n. m.* bread covered with butter; and sometimes overlaid with cheese.
- CEAPANTA, káp'-ant-ä, *a.* carping; snatching, carping.
- CEARB, kerb, or ker'-ub, *n. f.* a skirt, corner; a rug e air chuib, he laid hold of a skirt; a defect, a blemish; òran gun chearb, a song without blemish or defect.
- CEARBACH, ker-ub'-äch, *a.* ragged, imperfect, unfortunate; is cearbach nach robh thu so, it is a pity you were not here; is cearbach an gnothuch e, it is an unfortunate affair.
- CEARBAN, ker'-ub-an, *n. m.* the sail-fish; cearban feoir, the plant crow-foot.
- CEARC, kerk, *n. f.* a hen; cearcan, hens; cearc fhrangach, a turkey hen; cearc fhraoich, moor hen; cearc thomain, a partridge.
- CEARCALL, kerk'-äll, *n. m.* a hoop; circumference; cearcall fuileach rè 's i làn, the bloody circumference of the full moon. *Oss.*; gad chuireadh tu cearcall air Albainn, though you should include all Scotland.
- CEARCALLACH, kerk'-all-ach, *a.* hooped.
- CEARD, kyárd', *n. m.* a tinker; a black-guard; ceard airgid, silversmith; ceard òir, goldsmith; ceard staoin, tinsmith; ceard umha, coppersmith.
- CEARDACH, kyárd'-ach, *n. f.* a smithy; forge.
- CEARDAIL, kyárd'-al, *a.* tinker-like.
- CEARDALACHD, kyárd'-al-ächg, *n. m.* shameful conduct; ingenuity. *Arm.*
- CEARDAMAN, kyárd'-am-an, *n. m.* a hornet; a dung-beetle.
- CEARN, kyárn, *n. m.* corner; quarter; region; cearnan iomallach, remote corners; shuagh bho gach cearn, people from every quarter; co an cearn do 'n t-saogh-al am bheil e, in what quarter of the globe is he?
- CEARNACH, kyárn'-ach, *a.* angular, cornered, square; victorious, *Ir.*; *n. m.* a pane of glass.
- CEARR, kyärr, *a.* wrong, awkward; an taobh cearr, the wrong side; chaidh e cearr, he went wrong; adv improperly; is cearr a fhuair thu, you have acted very improperly.
- CEARRA, kyärr'-ä, *n. f.* impropriety, wrongfulness.

CEARRACH, kyärt'-ach, *a. dexterous, H.S.; n. m. a gamester.*

CEART, kyart, *a. right, just, upright, proper, fair, correct; tha thu ceart, you are quite correct; bha Noah 'na dhuine ceart agus iomlan, Noah was a just man and perfect; exact, precise; very, identical; a cheart duine, the very man, the identical man; an ceart ni a bha dhl orm, the very thing I wanted; an 'sa cheart la, on the very same day; an ceart uair, this moment; adv. equally, just; exactly, precisely; ceart cho math neo maith, equally well; ceart mar thuirt tu, exactly as you said, precisely as you said; ceart mar sin, just so, precisely so; ceart mar nach d' thugadh Dia fainear, just as if God did not observe; is ceart cho math leam, I like equally well; ceart mar gu'm bitheadh, just as if it were; n. m. justice, propriety; is rinn 'se an ceart, and he executed justice, Isl. Oss. B. Ps.; cur ceart, put to rights, rectify, correct, adjust.*

CERTACHADH, kyärt'-ach-à, *n. m. amendment; pt. rectifying, correcting, amending, putting to rights; adjusting, trimming; ceartaichean, little domestic jobs.*

CEARTACHAIL, kyärt'-ach-al, *a. rectifiable.*

CEARTACHAIR, kyärt'-ach-ur', *n. m. a rectifier, adjuster, corrector, regulator.*

CEARTAICH, kyart'-éch, *v. rectify, adjust, amend, put in order, or to rights.*

CEARTAICHE, kyart'-éch-à, *n. m. a corrector.*

CEARTAS, kyärt'-us, *n. m. justice, equity; dean ceartas, decide or give sentence impartially; is siad ceartas agus breith-eanas aite taimh do rìgh chaitheach, justice and judgment are the habitation of thy throne; do bheir se ceart breith air do shluagh, he shall pronounce a righteous judgment upon thy people. B. Ross.*

CEARTCHREIDEAMH, kyart'-chraùj'-à, *n. m. soundness of faith, orthodoxy; ceart-chreideach, orthodox, sound in the faith.*

CEARTAIR, kyart'-ar' (ceart'-uair), *adv. this moment.*

CEASACH, kās'-àch (stair or staolre), *a. temporary bridge or foot-path over bogs. Is.*

CEASAD, kās'-ad, *n. m. repining, grumble at your lot or your share of any thing; discontent; confounded with (casaid); a' ceasad, repining, grumbling.*

CEASADACH, kās'-ad-ach, *a. repining, whining, discontented, displeased with one's share; (quite different from casaidach).*

CEASNACHADH, kās'-nàch-à, *n. m. an ex-*

amination; *pt. examining, interrogating, catechising.*

CEASNACHAIL, kās'-nach-al, *a. interrogatory; inquisitive; impertinent.*

CEASNAICH, kās'-nnèch, *v. examine; catechise, interrogate, question; ceasnaichte, catechised.*

CEATHACH, kē'-àch, *n. m. mist, fog (ceò); an ceathach a seòladh, the mist gliding; mar cheathach (ceò) air beanntaibh, as mist on the hills. Ossian.*

CEATHAIRNE, kyaù'-àern-à, *peasantry, (Tuath).*

CEATHAIRNEACH, kaù'-àern-ach, *n. m. a sturdy fellow; a freebooter, a robber, a hero.*

CEATHAIRNEACHD, kaù'-àern-acbg, *n. f. heroism.*

CEATHRAMH, ker'-rur, *a. the fourth; an ceathramh mìosa, the fourth month; an ceathramh bhliadhna, the fourth year.*

CEATHRAR, kērr'-ur, *a. four; ceathrar mac, four sons; ceathrar nighean, four daughters; n. m. and f. four; thainig ceathrar a stigh, four came in.*

CEIG, kàeg', *n. m. a kick; v. kick, clot. No.*

CEIGEAN, kàeg'-àen, *n. m. a squat fellow; a turd. Ar.*

CEIL, kà'l', *v. n. conceal, hide, screen, shelter; ma cheileas sinn fhuil, if we conceal his blood. Bible.*

CEILE, kà'l'-à, *n. m. and f. a spouse; a match; husband; a wife; céile a h-òige, the husband of her youth; a céile, her husband, her spouse; a chéile cadail, the wife of his bosom; as match, it is never used but with per. pronouns; as a chéile, asunder, disjoined; a chum a chéile, towards each other; dh'f huathaich iad a chéile, they hated each other; miadhail m' a chéile, fond of each other; cuir r'a chéile iad, join them, make them fight; bho chéile, asunder, separate; tha tro- Cair agus firinn a' comhlachadh a chéile, mercy and truth meet each other; tha ceartas agus sìth a' pògadh a chéile, justice and peace have kissed each other; a' brosnachadh a chéile, mutually urging each other; thoir bho chéile iad, separate them; cum bho chéile iad, keep them separate; mar chir mheala sìlidh do bhilean, a chéile, as the honey-comb, thy lips drop, O spouse! Bible; a' gabhal da chéile, belabouring each other; thar a chéile, at variance; across; amcasg a chéile, mixed, confused, huddled; chaidh iad am bad-aibh a chéile, they fought tooth and nail.*

CEILEAR, kà'l'-ar, *n. m. warble, warbling.*

CEILEARACH, kà'l'-ar-ach, *a. warbling,*

CEILEIR, kǎ'í-ér, *v.* warble, sing sweetly; mar smeórach a' ceilearadh, *warbling like a mavis*; cluinnidh Goll an ceileir 'na cheò, *Gaul shall hear their warbling in amazement*.

CEILEIRICHE, kǎ'í-ér-éch-á, *n. m.* a warbler.

CEILICH, kǎ'í-léch, *v.* participate, eat, *Ross Ps.*

CEILIDH, kǎ'í-lé, *n. f.* visit; air chéilidh, *on a visit*; gossiping; cha robh c'Ucach nach robh bradach, *there never was a person fond of gossiping, but would steal*; pilgrimage, sojourning; neas a bhios tu an cèilidh an t-saoghail, *while your earthly pilgrimage lasts*.

CEILTICH, kǎ'í-tyech, *n. p.* Celts, Gaidh-il.

CEILTINN, kǎ'í-tyénn, *n. f.* and *pl.* concealing, hiding.

CEILTIDH, kǎ'í-tyé, *a.* wise, sober, (bad). *S. D.*

CEILTE, kǎ'í-tyá, *pl.* concealed, hid, secret.

CEILTEACH, kǎ'í-tyach, *a.* fond of gossiping or visiting; *n. f.* a gossiping female.

CEIN, kǎén', *a.* distant; fad air falbh.

CEIR, kǎér, *n. m.* wax; *v.* seal, wax; cèir an litir, *seal or wax the letter*.

CEIREACH, kǎér'-ach, *gen.* of céir, *a.* wax-cn.

CEIREAN, kǎér'-an', *n. m.* a wafer.

CEIREAN, kǎér'-an, *n. f.* a plaster, poultice.

CEIRSLÉ, for ceairsle, a clew.

CEIRTE, kǎér'-tyá, *pl.* sealed, waxed.

CEIS, kǎsh, *n. m.* a case, hamper. *North.*

CEIS-CHRANN, kǎsh'-chrann, herb, polypody.

CEISD, kǎshij, *n. f.* a question, doubt, anxiety; agus cha robh a mhisneach aig neach air bith o sin suas ceisd a chur air, *and no man after that durst ask him any question, Mark xii. 34*; tha gun cheisd, *yes, undoubtedly, yes, indeed*; a beloved object, darling; tha, a cheisd, *yes, darling*.

CEISDEILACHD, kǎshij'-al-achg, *n. f.* questionableness.

CEISDEIL, kǎshij'-al, *a.* questionable, beloved.

CEISDEABHAR, kǎshij'-llov'-ár, *n. m.* catechism.

CEITEAN, kǎjt'-an', *n. m.* month of May beginning of summer, *W.*; *North*, fair weather, a favourable season; ceitean na h-dìnsich, *from April 19th to May 12, H. S.*; *a.* belonging to May, &c.

CEITEANACH, kǎjt'-an'-ach, *n. m.* the size larger than a cuddly of the coal-fish.

CEITHEABHACH, kǎ'-hyur-rav-ach, *a.*

four-oared; *n. f.* a quadrereme, or four-oared boat; sgioba na ceithearrabhach, *the crew of the four-oared boat, or quadrereme*.

CEITHIR, kǎ'-hyur', *a.* four.

CEITHIRCHASACH, kǎ'-hur-chas-ach, *a.* four-footed, quadruped; *n. c.* a quadruped, or four-footed animal.

CEITHIR-CHEARNACH, kǎ'-hyur-chyarn-ach, quadrangular, quadratic.

CEITHIR-DEUG, kǎ'-hyur-jäg or dyäg, *a.* fourteen.

CEITHIR-FILLTE, kǎ'-hyur-fèljt-tya, *a.* four-fold.

CEITHIR-OISINNEACH, kǎ'-hyur-osh-énn-ach, *a.* square, quadrangular, having four squares.

CEITHIR-SHLISNEACH, kǎ'-hyur-hllësh-neach, *a.* four-sided, quadrilateral.

CEO, kyô, *n. m.* mist, fog; amazement; chaidh e 'na cheò, *he got quite amazed*; Goll 'na cheò, *Gaul in his cloud*, lit. *mist. Sm.*

CEOB, kyôb, *n. m.* drizzly rain; *N.* a nook.

CEOBAN, kyôb'-an, *n. m.* drizzly rain.

CEOBANACH, kyôb'-an-ach, *a.* drizzling, misty.

CEOBHAINNE, kyô'-vhan'-nyá, *n. m.* drizzling rain.

CEODHAR, kyô'-yhur, *a.* misty, foggy, obscure.

CEOL, kyôll, *n. m.* music, melody, harmony.

CEOLAN, kyôl'-an, *n. m.* a hum-drum of a person; one quite bewildered; a tender strain of music. *Oss.*

CEOL-CHUIRAM, kyôll'-chûrm, *n. m.* a concert.

CEOLMHOIREACHD, kyôl'-vhûr-achd, *a.* melodiousness, harmony, harmoniousness.

CEOLMHOR, kyôl'-vhur, *a.* tuneful, harmonious, melodious.

CEOLRAIDH, kyôll'-rî, *n. f.* the muses.

CEOTHMHOIREACHD, kyô'-vhur-ächg, *n. f.* mistiness.

CEOTHMHOR, kyô'-vhur, *a.* misty, foggy.

CEOTHRAGACH, kyô'-rräg-äch, *v.* a drizzling rain; *a.* drizzly, misty, foggy.

CEOTHRAOACH, kyô'-ag-ach, *n. f.* drizzleness.

CEOTHANACH, *see* Ceothragach.

CEUD, kǎd, *n. m.* a hundred; a first hundred; ceud fear, *a hundred men*; a cheud fhear, *the first man*.

CEUDACH, kǎd'-äch, *a.* centuple, in hundreds.

CEUDAMH, kǎd'-uv, *a.* the hundredth.

CEUDBHILEACH, kǎd'-vhill-ach, *a.* the herb centuary; lus nan ceud bhile.

CEUDFAITHNE, kyéad'-fâ-nya, *n. m.* first principles; *a.* sense, faculty.

CEUDNA, *kēān'-na*, and *kyeud'-na*, *adv.* also; *mar an ceudna*, also; the one formerly mentioned, the same; *an duine ceudna*, the same man, the identical man; *mar an ceudna*, an duine so, likewise this man; *air an dòigh cheudna*, in like manner.

CEUDNACHD, *kēād'-nachg*, sameness, identity.

CEUD-TARRUINN, *kēād'-tar-ēnn*, *n. m.* first drawing. singlings.

CEUD-THOISEACH, *kēād'-hosh-ach*, *n. m.* first principles, commencement.

CEUM, *kām*, *n. m.* a step, a pace, a degree; *v.* step, walk, pace; move; *tri cheum-anan*, three paces; *cheum e gu mòr ma cuart*, he walked majestically about, *M'Lach. Ar.*; *tha e ceum nì's fhaide mach*, he is a degree farther removed in connection.

CEUS, *kās*, *v. a.* crucify, torture.

CEUSADAIR, *kās'-ad-ar'*, a tormentor.

CEUSADAIREACHD, *kās'-ad-ar'-achg*, *n. f.* crucifying.

CHA, *bhā*, *neg. part.* not; *cha bhuail mi*, I shall not strike; *cha dean mi*, *cha dean thu*, I will not do, thou wilt not; *cha d'èisd mi*, I did not listen. Takes 'n before *f* aspirated and a vowel; *cha 'n fhaod thu*, you must not; (*pro.*) *chānn'-fod-ù*; *cha 'n iarr mi*, I will not ask; (*pro.*) *chan'-nēār-mē*; *cha 'n 'eil eadar an t-amadan agus an duine glie ach tairgse mhaith a ghabhail*, 'nuair a gheibh e i, there is no difference between the wise man and the fool, but to accept a good offer when in his power; *cha mhae mar an t-athair thu*, you are not a son worthy of your father; after *cha*, *b*, *m*, *f*, *g*, and *t*, are aspirated; *cha d' thèid e dhachaidh*, will not go home; *cha d' thig fuachd gu h-earrach*, *cruaidh chās*, na droch cheannach, cold, hardships, and bad bargains come not till spring; *f* takes 'n and *d'*; *cha 'n fhidir an sathach an seang*; 's mairg a bhiodh na thrail do 'n bhroinn, the satiated will not sympathise with the starving; *wo to him who is a slave to his belly*; *cha 'n fhiach duine gun sibht gun seòltaichd*, a man without thrift and ingenuity is good for nothing; *cha 'n 'eil ann ach bò mhoal odhar agus bò odhar mhaol*, it is only a cow without horns that is dun, and a dun cow without horns—six of the one, and half a dozen of the other; *cha mhòr nach do mharbh e mi*, he almost killed me.

CHAGAINN, *chāg'-ēnn*, *part.* of *caigainn*, did chew.

CHAIIDH, *chāē'-yh'*, *pt.* of *theirig*, go; *theirig dhachaidh*, go home; *chaidh e dhachaidh*, he went home; *theid e dhachaidh*, he shall go home.

CHAILL, *chāēll*, *pt.* *chāēll e*, he lost.

CHAIN, *chāēn*, *pt.* *chāēn e*, he translated.

CHAIICHI, *chāēr'-ēch*, *pt.* did mend or repair.

CHAIISG, *chāēshg*, *pt.* did stop or appease.

CHAITH, *chāē*, *pt.* did spend or consume.

CHAOCHAIL, *chāoch'-ēlly'*, *pt.* did change or die.

CHAOHAINN, *chāov'-ēnn*, *pt.* did spare.

CHAS, *chās*, *pt.* did twist; gape or gnash.

CHADAICH, *chyād'-ech*, *v.* did permit or allow.

CHEANA, *chyena*, *adv.* already, before, now; *rinn e sin cheana*, he did that already; *am fear a mharbh a' mhàthair cheana*, bheireadh e beò a nis i, he who killed his mother a little ago, would fain have her alive now. *Pro.*

CHEILE, *chyāll'-ā*, *asp. fem.* of *céile*; *mo chéile*, my spouse; *pron. both*; *rinn sin le chéile*, both did that; as a *chéile*, a-sunder. See *Céile*.

CHI, *chē*, *ful. ind.* of *faic*, see, behold; *chi mi triuir*, I shall see three.

CHINNTE, *chēnt'-ā*, *as. f.* *cinnte*; *air chinnnte*, most assuredly, decidedly so.

CHIONN, *chyúnn*, *prep.* because, as; *chionn gun do bhoine e ruinn gu fiall*, because he dealt bountifully with us; *chionn nach do chreid iad*, as they did not believe. *Bible.*

CHO, *chōē*, *adv.* so, as; *cho dalma*, so presumptuous; *cho chruaidh ris an stailinn*, as hard as steel; *cha robh mi cho bròn-ach 's cho dall*, I was not so mournful and blind. *Ossian.*

CHOIDHCHE, *chūē'-chā*, *adv.* for ever, never; *cha till e choidhche*, he shall never return; a so suas choidhche, henceforth and for ever.

CHOINNICH, *chōu'-nēch*, *pt.* met; *choinnich iad cheana*, they met already.

CHUALA, *chual'-ā*, *pt.* heard, did hear.

CHUIR, *chūēr*, *pt.* *chuir sinn siol*, we sowed corn; *chuir e sneachd*, it snowed; *chuir sinn iad*, we invited them; *chuir sinn an so e*, we placed it here; *chuir sinn air folbh (or falbh, if you please) e*, we sent him off.

CHUM, *chûm*, *pt.* come; *chum sinn iad*, we kept or detained them; *chum an soitheach e*, the dish contained it.

CHUM, *chum*, *prep.* for, towards; in order that; *chum an duine*, to or towards the man; *conj.* for the purpose of, in order that; *a chum mo sgrios*, for the purpose of killing me, or destroying me; more often and properly, *thun*.

CIA, *kāē*, *int. pron.* *cia aois thu*, how old are you? *cia b'e air bith do d' sheirbhisich aig am faighear e*, with whomsoever of thy servants it may be found, *Bible*

cia as duit, whence? *cia* minig, *cia* tric, how often? *cia* mheud, how many? *cia* mheud a th' ann, how many are there of them?

CIABH, *kěäv*, *n. f.* lock of hair, tress; thuit i is sgaoil a ciabh air làr, she felt, and her locks spread on the ground, *Oss.*; *v.* tease, gall, vex; tha e 'gain chiabhadh, he is teasing me.

CIABHACH, *kěäv'-ach*, *a.* having ringlets, tressy.

CIABHAG, *kěäv'-ag*, *n. f.* a lock, or tress of hair.

CIAL, nonsense, for ciobhal, a cheek, a brim.

CIALL, *kěáll*, *n. m.* sense; meaning; prudence; as a *chéill*, out of his senses, mad, deranged; duine gun chiall, a madman, a senseless fellow; ceann na céille, the prudent man; a darling; a chiall mo chridhe, my darling; a chiall do 'na fearaibh, my beloved of all men; *glac ciall*, be easy, do not forget yourself; *dè 's ciall duit*, what do you mean? *dè 's ciall do na daoine*, what do the people mean? *dè 's ciall da sin*, what is the meaning of that? *dè 's ciall do m' aislinn*, what is the interpretation of my dream? understanding, wisdom; tha e dhì céille, he lacks understanding; air bheag céille, possessing little understanding, Bible; 'se an ciall ceannaichte is fhearr, bought wisdom is best; wisdom gained by experience is best; air call a chéille, losing his senses, doting. *B.*

CIALLACH, *kěáll'-ach*, *a.* sensible, sedate, prudent, rational; dean do ghnóthuch gu ciallach, do your business rationally; ceilidh duine ciallach masla, a prudent man covereth shame. *B.*

CIALLACHAIL, *kěáll'-ach-al*, *a.* significant.

CIALLAICH, *kěáll'-éch*, *v.* signify, mean; *dè tha sin a' ciallachadh*, what does that mean?

CIALLRADH, *kěáll'-ră*, *n. m.* a full sentence. *Ir.*

CIAN, *kěän*, *n. m.* long time; is ioma cian o nach robh e 'n so, it is a long time since he was here, *C.*; gu cian nan cian, for ever, from all eternity; a tedious, long, dreary; is cian an oidhche, tedious or dreary is the night; bu chian leinn guin am buillean, painful was the noise of their blows, &c.; *adv.* as long as, while, whilst; cian a bhios mi beò, while I live. *S.*

CIANAIL, *kěän'-al*, *a.* solitary, dreary, tedious, forlorn; sad, lamentable, mournful.

CIANALACHD, *kěän'-ăl-ächg*, *n. f.* tediousness, dreariness, loneliness; solitariness; sadness.

CIANALAS, *kěän'-ăl-us*, *n. m.* dreariness, sadness, melancholy; a' cur dhinn air cianalas, banishing dreariness, or melancholy, or sadness.

CIAR, *kěär*, *a.* dun, sable; roan; dusky, dark, brown; sléibhte nan earba ciar, the hills of the dusky roes; *n. m.* dusk, gloominess; ciar nan carn, the gloom of the rocks, *Oss. Ar.*; *v.* grow dusky; am feasgar a' ciaradh, the evening getting dusky. *O.*

CIARADH, *kěär'-X*, *n. m.* and *pt.* dusk of the evening, growing dusky; 'sa chiaradh, in the dusk.

CIARALACH, *kěär'-ăl-ach*, *a.* quarrelsome.

CIAT, *kěät*, *n. m.* pleasure, love; ciut mhòr, great pleasure or love. *Smith.*

CIATACH, *kěät'-äch*, *a.* handsome, goodly, seemly; personable; beautiful; luach (pris) chiatach, goodly price, *B.*; duine ciatach, a handsome person; a Chonnail chiataich, ye handsome Connal.

CIATAICH, *kěät'-éch*, *n. f.* love; delight; pleasure; cha 'n 'eil ciataich sam bith aig e dheth, he has no great affection for him or it.

CIATAICHEAD, *kěät'-éch-ad*, *n. f.* handsomeness, degree of beauty, elegance, or beauty; a' dol an ciataichead, improving in elegance, beauty, &c.

CIBH, *kě*, *n. m.* a wreath of snow. *Sk.*

CIBHEAR, *kěff'ur*, *n. m.* drizzle, drizzling rain.

CIBHRINN, *kěv'-rrenn*, *n. m.* counterpane, coverlet; in Skye, Ciohraig.

CICHE, *kěch'-ă*, *gen.* of a pap, breast; ceann na ciche, the nipple.

CIDHIS, *kě'-yhēs*, *n. m.* a mask. *Ir. Arm.*

CILEAN, *kěl'-an*, *n. m.* a large cod. *Skye.*

CILL, *kěll'y*, *n. f.* a church-yard, a burying-ground; in *H. S.* a cell, a church.

CILLE, *kěll'y'-ă*, *gen.* of Cill; prefixed to places signifying burying-places; Cille-bhrìde, Kilbride, &c. before a vowel or fh, Cill, as Cill-fhinn.

CILLTEAN, *kěll'y'-tyun*, *pl.* burying grounds.

CINN, *kěnn'*, *n. pl.* heads; *v. n.* grow, increase; vegetate, multiply; result from, happen, grow taller.

CINNEADAIL, *kěnn'-ad-al*, *a.* clannish.

CINNEADALACHD, *kěnn'-ad-al-ächg*, *n. f.* clannishness, attachment to one's clan.

CINNEACH, *kěnn'-ach*, *n. m.* a heathen nation.

CINNEADH, *kěnn'-nyX*, *n. m.* clan, kin, tribe; surname; kindred; fear cinnidh, a namesake; (bean chinnidh, also.)

CINNEAS, *kěnn'-as*, *n. m.* growth; vegetation; produce, crop, production; increase; fruit.

- CINNEASACH, kēnn²-ās-ach, *a.* productive, germinative; vegetative; fruitful.
- CINNEASACHD, kēnn²-as-āchg, *n. f.* fruitfulness, vegetativeness; vegetation, growth.
- CINNSEAL, kēnn²-shall, *n. m.* contact; a' dol an cinnseal gabhaidh, *getting in contact with danger*; is coma leam dol 'na chinnseal, *I do not like to get in contact with it*; origin, commencement.
- CINNTE, kēnn²-ā, *n. f.* assurance, certainty; cha 'n 'eil cinnte nam beul, *there is no certainty in their lips, Smith*; air chinnle, *certainly, most assuredly, decidedly so*.
- CINNTACH, kēnn²-tyāch, *a.* certain, positive, assured, confident; unerring; exact; plain, evident, obvious; chò chinnteach ris a' bhàs, *as sure as death*; saighide cò cinnteach 's am bàs, *arrows as sure as death, Oss*; nach cinnteach a lamh, *how unerring his hand is*; am bheil thu cinnteach, *are you quite sure?* tha mi làn chinnteach, *I am completely certain*.
- CINNTACHD, kēnn²-tyachg, *n. f.* unquestionableness, sureness of aim; positiveness; assurance; demonstration; confidence, reliance.
- CINNTADAIR, kyēnn²-ad-ar', an insurer.
- CINNTALAS, kyenn²-tyal-us, *n. f.* certainty.
- CINNTINN, kyēnn²-tyēnn, *p.* growing, increasing.
- CIOB, kēbb, *n. m.* moor-grass, *Mt.*; North, tow; in *Is.* sponge; *a.* spongy, porous; moine chioib, *spongy or porous peats or turf*; *v.* bite. *H.*
- CIOBHAIL, kē'-ull, *n. m.* jaw-bone, *Argyle*; jaw-bones, eiohhlan.
- CIOBAIR, kēbb'-ār', *n. m.* a shepherd.
- CIOBAIREACHD, kēb'-ār'-āchg, *n. f.* herding sheep.
- CIOCH, kē'-ch, *n. f.* pap, breast of a woman; cìoch a mhuineil, neo bhraghaid, *the udder*; cìoch an t-sluigein, *the sac that propels the food into the gullet*.
- CIOCRACH, kē'chg-rach, *a.* longing as a female; greedy, voracious.
- CIOCRAS, kē'ch'-rus, *n. m.* absurd longing of a female; earnest longing, greediness.
- CIOD, (Latin, quid) kud, *int. pro.* what; de, which is ten hundred times more common in the Highlands, is a few thousand years older.
- CIOGAILT, kyúg'-alt', *n. f.* tickling.
- CIOGAILTEACH, kyúg'-alty'-ach, *a.* ticklish, critical; gnothuch ciogailteach, *a critical affair*.
- CIOLAM, kyul'-um, *n. f.* an Irish vessel.
- CION, kēm, *n. f.* a wool card. *Armstrong*
- CIONACH, kēm'-ach, *n. m.* a prisoner, a captive. *Bib.*
- CIONACHAS, kēm'-ach-us, *n. m.* captivity. *Bible. Ir.*
- CIOBAL, kēmb'-al, *n. m.* a cymbal; a bed. *Ps. Ar.*
- CIOBOLL, kēmb'-oll, *n. m.* a bundle of straw. *Skye.*
- CION, kyun, *n. m.* want, defect; also *corr.* of gion; cion léirsinn, *want of sight, defect of vision*; cion faobhair, *bluntness*.
- CIONN, kyunn, mispronunciation of ceann; air mo chionn, *waiting me*; air chionn da tighinn dachaidh, *waiting him when he comes home*; as do chionn, *above you, over your head*.
- CIONNAS, kyunn'-us, *inter. pro.* how? by what means? a dh' fhaicinn, cionnas, a a dh' ainmicheadh e iad, *to see how he would name them. Bible.*
- CIONFA, kyun'-fā', *n. m.* cause, reason. *Sm.*
- CIONT, kyunt, *n. m.* fault, guilt, crime.
- CIONTACH, kyunt'-ach, *a.* guilty, criminal, at fault, sinful; gun chionta, *blameless*.
- CIONTACH, kyunt'-ach, *n. m.* and *f.* a defaulter.
- CIONTACHADH, kyunt'-ach-ā, *n. m.* and *pl.* transgressing, sinning; le ciontachadh am aghaidh, *with trespassing against me*.
- CIONTACHD, kyunt'-āchg, *n. f.* degree of guilt, guiltiness; sinfulness.
- CIONTAICH, kyunt'-ēch, *v. sin*, transgress; chiontaich iad am aghaidh, *they sinned against me. B.*
- CIORA, kyēr'-ā, *n. f.* a pet sheep. *Skye.*
- CIORRAM, kyur'-um, *n. m.* a maim, a defect in a person's body.
- CIORRAMACH, kyur'-am-ach, also kērr'-um-ach, *a.* maimed, deformed, mutilated; *H. S.* painful.
- CIOSNACHADH, kēss'-nnach-ā, *pl.* subduing, conquering; appeasing; oppressing.
- CIOSNACHAIL, kēss'-nach-al, *a.* overpowering, made to pay tribute.
- CIOSNAICH, kēss'-nnēch, *v.* subdue; overpower, conquer.
- CIOTACH, kē'tt'-ach, *a.* left-handed, defective.
- CIOTACHD, ke'tt'-āchg, *n. f.* left-handedness.
- CIOTAG, kē'tt'-ag, *n. f.* the left hand.
- CIPEAN, kē'p'-an' *n. m.* a tether-stake.
- CIR, kēr', *n. f.* a comb; part of a key; the cud; tha bhò a' enàmh a cir, *the cow is chewing the cud*; a honey-comb; *v.* comb; curry; tease, as wool.
- CIREAN, kyēr'-an', *n. m.* erect, cock's comb.
- CIREANACH, kyēr'-an'-ach, *a.* crested.
- CIS, kēsh, *n. f.* tax, tribute; thoireadh Cu-

chulín dhomh cis, *let Cuchulín yield me tribute.*

CISEAN, kēsh'-an', *n. m.* a hamper. *Is.*

CISIRE, kēsh'-ēr-ā, *n. m.* tax-gatherer.

CISIREACHD, kēsh'-ēr-achd, *n. f.* tax-gathering.

CIS-LEAGADAIR, kēsh'-llāg'-ad-ār', *an assessor.*

CIS-MHAOR, kēsh'-vhāor, *n. m.* a tax-gatherer.

CISTE, kēsh'-tyā, *n. f.* a chest; a coffin.

CITH, kē, *n.* fury; *Oss.* (fear) particle. *Suths.*

CITHEACH, kē'-ach, *a.* furious. *Ossian.*

CIUCHARAN, kyūch'-ar-an, *n. m.* a low-voiced lamentation; plaintive moaning.

CIUIN, kyūén, *a.* mild, gentle; amiable, meek; agus bha 'n duine Maois ro-chiūin, *and the man Moses was very meek; still, calm, quiet; fearless ciuín, a still or calm evening; smooth, agreeable to the touch; (aodach ciuín, smooth cloth, North); Per. v. calm.*

CIUINE, kyūén'-ā, mildness, meekness, gentleness; *deg. nī's ciuine, more or most meek, gentle, &c.*

CIUINEACHAOR, kyūén'-ach-ā, *p.* calming, appeasing, pacifying, quieting.

CIUINEACHD, kyūén'-achg, *n. f.* mildness, &c. calm.

CIUINEAS, kyūén'-us, *n. m.* mildness, meekness, gentleness.

CIUINICH, kyūén'-éch, *v.* pacify, appease, assuage, still, calm; *chiūinich e, he stilled or calmed; ciuínichte, stilled, calmed, appeased.*

CIURTEACH, kyūr'-tyach, *a.* extremely painful, agonizing; torturing the mind.

CIURR, kyūr'r, *v.* torture, agonize, *Is.*; hurt. *Bible.*

CIURRAIL, kyūr'r-al, painful in the extreme.

CLAB, klāb, *n. m.* an enormous mouth.

CLABACH, klāb'-ach, *a.* having a large mouth; *n. f.* a large-mouthed female.

CLABAIRE, klāb'-ār'-ā, *n. m.* a babbler.

CLABAR, klāb'-ar, *n. m.* a mill-clapper.

CLABAR, klāb'-ur, *n. m.* a puddle; mire, dirt.

CLABASTAR, klāb'-ast-ar', *n. m.* a brawler; *clabastair cìochàrain, the frog-fish; greasaiche. Sk.*

CLACH, clach, *n. f.* a stone; a stone weight; *gen. cloiche; dat. chloich.* In Irish, cloch; *v.* stone, punish by stoning; *clach-bholg, a rattle; clach-chinn, a head grave stone; clach-fhaobhrachaidh, a hone, a sharpening or whet-stone; clach-mheallain, hail.*

CLACHACH, clach'-ach, *a.* stony, rocky, pebbly.

CLACHAIR, clach'-ār, *n. m.* a mason.

CLACHAIREACHD, clach'-ār'-achg, *n. f.* masonry, mason-work, architecture.

CLACHAN, clach'-an, *n. m.* stepping-stones; a village, a hamlet, where a church is; said to have been Druidical places of worship.

CLACHARAN, clach'-ar'-an, *n. m.* a wag-tail; a stone-chatterer, *Is.*; stepping-stones. *Dr. M'L.*

CLACH-BHUAIDH, clach'-vhuāe-yh', *an* a-mulet, a charm; a gem.

CLACH-BHRATH, chlach'-vhrā', *n. f.* rock-ing-stone.

CLACH-CHRICH, clach'-chrēch', *n. f.* march-stone; enaimh, enaimh-erich.

CLACH-FHUAIL, clach'-fhāél, *n. f.* gravel-stone.

CLACH-GHEURACHAIDH, chlāch'-yhgār'-ache, *n. f.* a hone, a whet-stone, sbarping-stone.

CLACH-GHUITÉIR, clach'-yhūet'-ār', kennel-stone.

CLACH-GHLUIN, clāch'-ghlūén, *n. f.* an a-mulet.

CLACH-INNE, clach'-ēnn'-ā, *n. f.* a kennel-stone.

CLACH-LIORHAIDH, clach'-lēv'-ē, *n. f.* grind-stone, a polishing-stone; *Persh. clach leanraidh.*

CLACH-MHILE, clach'-vhēl'-ā, *n. f.* a mile-stone.

CLACH-MHUILINN, clach'-vhūl'-ēn', *n. f.* mill-stone.

CLACH-MHULLAICH, clach'-vhull'-ēh, *n. f.* top-stone.

CLACH-NA-CINEAMHUINN, clach'-nna-kén-uv-ēnn, *n. f.* fatal-stone, the stone on which the ancient Caledonians inaugurated their kings. *Armstrong.*

CLACH-NA-SUL, clach-na-sūl', *n. f.* the apple of the eye.

CLACH-NEART, klach'-nyert', *n. f.* putting-stone.

CLACH-OISEAN, klach'-ōsh'-an', *n. f.* corner-stone.

CLACH-SMIOR, klach'-smiyūr, *n. f.* emery.

CLAD, klād, *n. m.* a wool-card; *v.* card wool. 10.

CLADACH, klād'-ach, *n. m.* shore, beach; stony shore, or beach; any thing scattered; *cha shuaicheantas còrr air cladach, a heron on the shore is no novelty. P.*

CLADAN, klād'-dan, *n. m.* a flake of snow; bur.

CLADANACH, klād'-an-ach, *a.* flaky, like but.

CLADH, klād'-gh', *v.* spawn, as fish; *tha na bradain a' cladh, the salmon are spawning; n. m.* the act of spawning; church-yard.

CLADHACH, klād'-ach, *pt.* digging, delving,

- poking; a' *cladhach* fo'n bhruaich, *poking under the bank of the river*; *n. m.* act of digging.
- CLADHAICH, klað-gh'-èch, *v.* dig, delve, poke.
- CLADHAIRE, klað-gh'-àr'-à, *n. m.* a coward; gu'n robh còta dubh air cealgair na còta dearg air *cladhair*, *may a hypocrite never wear a black coat, nor a coward a red one*; a hero formerly, the one superintending the burying of soldiers in an army; now, grave-digger.
- CLADHAIREACHD, klað'-ar'-ächg, *n. f.* cowardice.
- CLADRACH, klad'-rrach, *n. m.* any thing scattered.
- CLADRAICH, klad'-rèch, *v.* scatter.
- CLAG, klläg'-g, *n. m.* a bell; a crash.
- CLAGASAICH, klägg'-ar-sich, *n. f.* crashing, crashing noise; dangling, waving.
- CLAG-THIGH, klägg'-hächg, *n. m.* a belfry, steeple.
- CLAIDHEAN, kläj'-än', *n. m.* an absurd hammering at any thing; dangling.
- CLAIDHEANH, kllí'-yhev, *n. m.* a sword; murdered into kllé'-é, in many places; *pl. claidhmhicéan*, klliv'-èch-un, *swords*; *claidheamh mor*, a broad sword; *claidheamh crom*, a sabre; *claidheamh coal*, a small sword; cha 'n 'eil f' hios dè'n *claidheamh* a bhios 'san truaill gus an tairnear e, *it is not known what sword is in the sheath or scabbard, till it is drawn*.
- CLAIDHEAMHAIR, cliv'-vhär', *n. m.* swordsman.
- CLAIDHEAMHAIREACHD, klliv'-var-ächg, *n. f.* swordsmanship; more correctly, *claidhmhaireachd*.
- CLAIDREACH, kläj'-rach, *a.* fatiguing.
- CLAIDRICH, klaj'-rèch, *v.* fatigue, shatter.
- CLAIGEACH, kläég'-ach, *n. m.* a steeple. *Irish.*
- CLAIGIONN, kläég'-unn, *n. m.* a skull, scalp; the best field of arable land in a farm.
- CLAIGIONNACH, kläég'-unn-ach, *a.* headstall of a bridle, halter, &c.; best arable land of a district.
- CLAIR, klläer, *n. m. p.* lids.
- CLAIS, klläsh, *n. f.* a furrow, a trench.
- CLAISIRE, klash'-ér-à, *n. m.* trencher.
- CLAISDEACHD, kläshj'-achg, *n. f.* sense of hearing, hearing; ann am *chlaisdeachd*, in my hearing, (*cluas éisdeachd*); chaill e a *chlaisdeachd*, he lost his sense of hearing.
- CLAISEACH, klash'-ach, *a.* furrowed, trenched.
- CLAISTINN, kläsh'-tyenn, *pt.* hearing. *North.*
- CLAMBAR, klamb'-är, litigiousness, wrangling; evil report, private slander.
- CLAMHAIR, kläv'-är, *v.* scratch, shrug.
- CLAMHAS, kläv'-us, *n. m.* clamour, unfounded report, clatter; brawling.
- CLAMHASAIL, kläv'-ssal, *a.* brawling, clattering.
- CLAMBRACH, klamb'-ar-äch, *a.* litigious, fond of law; wrangling, slandering.
- CLAMHRADH, kläv'-räh, *pt.* scratching, shrugging.
- CLAMHUINN, kläv'-enn, *n. m.* sleet, flinnee. *D. B.*
- CLANN, klan'n, *n. m. and f.* children, offspring, descendants; a clan; cha robh duine cloinne aice, *she had no children*, *B.*; a *chlann* nan sonn, *ye descendants of heroes*; *clann an Toisich*, the Mackintoshes; *clann Ràmail*, the clan Rannalds; *clann diolain*, bastard children; *clann an cloinne*, their children's children; (*Teutonic*, klein); a curl, a ringlet; na *clannaibh*, in curls, in ringlets, *Song*; *v.* curl.
- CLANNACH, klann'-ach, *a.* fruitful; curled, in ringlets; Anna *chlannach*, *Anne*, with the many ringlets. *Song.*
- CLANNAICH, klann'-ech, *v. n.* beget children.
- CLAOIDH, klúe'-yh', *v.* cloy, exhaust, over-fatigue; fag; overcome with fatigue; mar *chlaidheas* teine coillteach, *as fire overcomes wood*, *Sm.*; *n. m.* fatigue, excessive fatigue; *pl.* fagging, fainting; mortifying; *claidhibh* ar buill, *mortify your members*. *Bible.*
- CLAOIDHTE, klúety'-tya, *pt.* exhausted with fatigue.
- CLAOIDHTEACH, klúety'-tyach, *a.* exhausting one's strength; fatiguing, fagging, fainting, overcoming; spending.
- CLAOIDHTEACHD, klúety'-tyächg, *n. f.* exhaustion, fagging or exhausting; fatigue.
- CLAOINE, kláoén'-à, *n. f.* inclination, squintness.
- CLAON, kláon, *v.* incline, go aside, rebel; *chláon* iad uile, *they have all gone aside*; move aslant or obliquely; mar a' ghriana' tha *claonadh* 'sa ghleann, *like the sun that moves aslant in the glen*, *Oss.*; *a.* squint, oblique, slanting; meandering; llnne a tha *claon* 'sa ghleann, *a pool or stream that is meandering in the valley*, *Oss.*; squint-eyed; fear *claon*, *a man that squints*; (*Lat. et Gr. clino*).
- CLAONADH, kláon'-äh, *n. m. and pt.* squinting, slanting, meandering, inclining, bending; mar sgàile a *claonadh* sìos, *like a shadow declining*, *Sm.*; *a.* inclination; oblique motion.

CLAONBHAIGH, klāon'-vhāe-yh', *n. f.* partiality. *B.*

CLAONBHORD, klāon'-vhörd, *n. f.* desk, inclined plain, a sloping table.

CLAONBHREITH, klāon'-vhrä², *n. f.* partiality, an unfair judgment or decision.

CLAR, klār, *n. m.* lid of a chest; stave of a cask, harp, &c. *Oss.*; *Bible*, plank, table; *v. n.* maintain, contradict, oppose; a *claradh* orm, *contradicting or maintaining stoutly*; 's ann tha e a' *claradh* orm, *he stoutly contradicts me.*

CLARACH, klār'-ach, *n. f.* clumsy female.

CLARAG, klār'-ag, *n. f.* a fore or front-tooth; frame of a fishing line; *clarag dorgh. Lewis.*

CLARAICH, klār'-ech, *n. f.* wooden partition or floor.

CLARSACH, klār'-ssach, *n. m.* a harp; cho caoin ri *clarsaich*, *as melodious as a harp.*

CLARSACH-URLAIR, klār'-sach-ūr-llar, *n. f.* an old woman in gentlemen's families, kept for the purpose of telling stories; a witch.

CLARSAIR, klār'-sar', *n. m.* a harper, minstrel.

CLARSAIREACHD, klār'-sār'-achd, *n. f.* harping, music.

CLEACHD, klechg, *v.* practise, accustom, inure, habituate, use; *chleachd mi a bhl, I was accustomed to be*; *chleachd mi mòran deth f haotainn, I was accustomed to get much of it*; habit, *Oss.*; curl. *B.*

CLEACHDACH, klechg'-ach, *a.* customary, practised; habitual; curled; *cleareach* rather.

CLEACHDUINN, klechg'-ënn, *n. f.* habit, practice, custom; is dona *chleachduinn sin, that is a bad practice or custom*; *deadh chleachduinn, a good custom or practice.*

CLEACHDTA, or CLEACHDTE, klechg'-tya, *pt.* accustomed, practised, inured; trained; used; *cleachdta ri olc, accustomed to do evil.*

CLEANHNAS, kllev'-nus, *n. m.* sexual intercourse, carnal connexion; confounded shamefully with CLIAMHUIÑNAS, consanguinity, relationship by marriage.

CLEARC, klerck, *n. f.* a curl, a ringlet, a lock of hair; *v.* curl, make into ringlets, arrange.

CLEARCACH, klerk'-ach, *a.* curled in ringlets.

CLEAS, kläss², *n. m.* trick, craft, feat, gambol; a stratagem; Cuchullainn nan cleas, *Cuchullin full of stratagems. Oss.*

CLEASACH, kläs²'-sach, *a.* playful, full of tricks.

CLEASACHD, kläss²'-ächg, *n. f.* play, sport, diversion, as jugglers, legerdemain, sleights; ri *cleasachd, playing, sporting*; dh' éirich iad gu *cleasachd, they rose up to play*; *cleasachd dhaoine, the sleights of men. Bible, Arm.*

CLEASAICHE, kläs²'-éch-ä, *n. m.* a juggler, a cunning fellow; a conjuror.

CLEASANTA, kläs²'-änt-a, *a.* tricky, playful.

CLEASANTACHD, kläs²'-ant-ächg, *n. f.* frolicsomeness.

CLEATHA, klä²'-ha, *n. m.* a club or clumsy stick, a goad, a rib, a stake.

CLEID, klāj, *n. f.* a flake, a clot.

CLEIDEACH, klāj'-ach, *a.* clotted, shaggy.

CLEIDEAG, klāj'-ag, *a.* clot, a flake.

CLEIDEAGACH, klāj'-äg-ach, *a.* clotted, shaggy, ragged, full of clots or tatters.

CLEIR, klār', *n. f.* the clergy; a presbytery. Welsh, *clêr*; Arm. *cloer*; Spanish, *clero*.

CLEIREACH, klār'-ach, *a.* a clerk; a beadle, or church officer. *Argyle.*

CLEIREANACH, klār'-än-äch, *a.* a sword. *Per² Arm.*

CLEIT, klājt, *n. m.* a ridge or reef of sunk rocks, *Isl.*; a quill, a feather, *Skye*; eaves, *Arm.*; a rocky eminence. *H. Society.*

CLEITH, klilhā, *v.* conceal, hide; *n. m.* concealment, secrecy; cha 'n 'eil *cleith* air an olc ach gun a dheanadh, *the best way to conceal evil is not to commit it, P.*; (Hebrew, *chele*, Chall *klei*).

CLEOC, klley'-öchg, *n. m.* a cloak, a mantle.

CLÍ, kllē, *n. m.* strength, energy; locomotion, vigour, pith; gun *chlí*, *without power of motion*; duine gun *chlí*, *a man without energy or vigour*; force; chunnaic e ghaoth gun *chlí*, *he saw the wind without force. Oss.*

CLÍ, kllē, *a.* left, left-handed; slow, awkward; feeble; an taobh *clí*, *the left side*; a dh' ionnsaidh na laimhe *clí*, *to the left side*; *clí 'sa comhrag, lame or feeble in the strife*; labhair *clí*, *speak humbly. Oss.*

CLIABH, klěäv, *n. m.* a strait-jacket, a strait-vest of wicker-work, for a madman; hence, 's ann a tha 'n t-òlach ann an cliabh, *the fellow is mad*, said to people who have bad Gaelic; in a secondary sense, a creel or hamper; the chest, the breast; a taomadh ma *chliabh*, *pouring it on his breast*; *cliabh* guthainn, *boodice of a gown.*

CLIABHACH, klěäv'-ach, *a.* like baskets, chested; belonging to the chest.

- CLIAHSGEITHREACH, kleav'-skār'-ach, *a* vomit.
- CLIA-LU, klēā'-llū, *n. m.* all the fingers in motion playing on the bagpipes.
- CLIAMHUINN, klēāv'-eun, *n. m.* a brother-in-law, *Isl.* In the Bible, a son-in-law; (cliabh-dhuine, *Arm.*)
- CLIAMHUINNEAS, klēāv'-un-nyūs, *n. m.* relationship by marriage; consanguinity, friendship.
- CLIAIR, klēār, *n. m.* a poet; a brave man; full nan clíar, *the blood of the brave.*
- CLIAIRICHE, klēār'-ēch-ā, *a* singer. *Id.*
- CLIAITA, klēat'-a, *a* meadow, *N.*; *a* burr. *Lw.*
- CLIAITH, klēā, *n. f.* a harrow, a hurdle, as when fulling cloth; *a* latice or casement, *B.*; *a* worm in distillation; stann cleith, *worm vat*; *a* shoal of fish; *clíath* sgadan, *clíath* bhradan, *clíath* phiocach, *a* shoal of herrings, *a* shoal of salmon, and *a* shoal of coal-fish; some style, *seal*, *a* creel of herrings, &c. (bravo, *PARRAIO* &—!) *darning of stockings*, (*Armstrong* says); *weir for salmon.* *Lw.*
- CLIAITH, klēā, *v.* harrow; tread, as the male, in poultry; *a' clíathadh* nan cearc, *treading the hens*; *darn.* *Armstrong.*
- CLIAITHACH, klleu'-ach, *n. f.* the side of any thing; *ri clíathach na lunge*, *at the side of the ship*; *ri d' clíathaich*, *at your side.*
- CLIAITH-SHEANACHAIS, klēā'-hen'-ach-ush, *n. f.* *a* genealogical table. *Lewis.*
- CLIBISH, klēb'-ésht, *n. f.* *a* misadventure.
- CLIBISTEACH, klēb'-ésht'-ach, *a* awkward.
- CLICH, klēchg², *n. m.* *a* hook; *a* bad trick.
- CLIOB, klēbb, *n. m.* *an* excrescence.
- CLIOBAG, klēbb'-ag, *n. f.* *a* filly. *Irish.*
- CLIOBAIN, klēbb'-an', *n. m.* *an* excrescence, *a* dew-lap; any thing dangling.
- CLIOBAIRE, klēbb'-ār'-a, *n. m.* *a* clumsy person; *a* simpleton.
- CLIOSPACH, klēsp'-ach, *a* lame, not active.
- CLIP, klēpp, *n. m.* *a* large hook, *a* hand-hook, for taking large fish, too heavy for the line into *a* boat; *a* stratagem, deceit, cunning; *v. n.* hook, pilfer; snatch, steal.
- CLIS, klēsh, *a* quick, active; lively, nimble, agile, speedy, clever, handy; *n.* leap.
- CLISEACH, klēsh'-ach, *n. f.* *a* wicket.
- CLISBEACH, klēsh'-byach, *a* unsteady.
- CLISG, klēshg, *v.* start, startle, leap through fear; *chlisg e*, *he startled.*
- CLISGEACH, klēshg'-ach, *a* skittish, apt to startle, timid, fearful.
- CLISGEADH, klēshg'-ā, *n. m.* *a* startle, *a* start; *pl.* starting, leaping; *bi an so an clisgeadh*, *be here instantly*; *chlisg féidh* is earba 'san f'hraoch, *deer and roe startled in the heath.* *Oss.*
- CLISNEACH, klēsh'-nyach, *n. f.* *a* wicket, (cachladh;) *a* mouth never at rest. *MacIntyre.*
- CLIU, klū, *n. f.* praise, renown; fame, reputation; character; *fo dheadh chliu*, *under a good character*; *cha 'n éireadh mo chliu na bhás*, *my fame would suffer by his death*, *my praise would not be enhanced by his death*, *Ossian.* Welsh, *clod*; Greek, *kleos.*
- CLIUCH, klūchg, *n. f.* *a* stratagem, *a* hellish trick, deceit; *v.* mend nets. *Lewis.*
- CLIUCHDACH, klūchg'-ach, deceitful, cunning, *Is.*; *n. f.* *a* deceitful female.
- CLIUCHDAIRE, klūchg'-ur-ā, *n. m.* *a* stratagist, *a* cunning fellow; mender of nets.
- CLIUCHDAIREACH, klūchg'-ar'-āchg, *n. f.* deceitfulness, cunningness; mending nets. *Lewis.*
- CLUD, klūd'd, *n. f.* *a* small trifling hand.
- CLUDAN, klūd'-an, *n. m.* *a* trifling stroke or blow.
- CLUITEACH, klū'-tyach, *a* praise-worthy, laudable, commendable; famous, celebrated, renowned, extolled; praised; Finghall *clíuiteach*, *celebrated Fingall*; is *clíuileich an onair na 'n t-òr*, *honour is more commendable than gold.*
- CLUITHACHADH, klū'-ach-ā, *pl.* praising, extolling, celebrating, lauding, renowned, exalting.
- CLUITHAICH, klū'-ēch, *v.* praise, laud, extol, commend, exalt; celebrate.
- CLUIMHOR, klū'-tur, praise-worthy.
- CLIU-THOILTEANNACH, klū'-hōelly'-tyánn-ach, *a* praise-worthy, commendable.
- CLO, klō, *n. m.* cloth, home-made cloth.
- CLO, klō, *n. m.* *a* slumher, dozing, lethargy; sometimes *clō-cadail.*
- CLOBHA, klō'-ā, *n. m.* *a* pair of tongs.
- CLO-BHUAIL, klō'-vvūāél, *v.* print (bad).
- CLOCA, klōchg'-ā, *n. m.* *a* cloak, mantle; better than *cleoca.*
- CLOCAIRE, klōchg'-ur-ā, *n. m.* *a* rogue, *a* deceitful fellow, *a* dissembler; pretend-er.
- CLOCAIREACH, klōchg'-ur'-achg, *n. f.* disimulation.
- CLOCH, klōch, *n. f.* *a* goggle-eye, *Isl.*; stone. *Ir.*
- CLOCHAR, klōch'-ur, *n. m.* wheezing in the throat.
- CLOCHARRA, klōch'-urr-ā, *a* goggle-eyed.
- CLO-CADAIL, klō'-cād-él, *n. m.* slumber, dozing.
- CLOD, klod', *n. m.* *a* clod; *v.* clod (Teuto-nic.)

CLODHADAIR, klò'-ad-àr', *n. f.* printer.

CLODHADAIREACHD, klò'-ad-ar'-achg, *n. f.* printing.

CLOGAN, klòg'-ad, *n. m.* a helmet, a cap, a head-piece. In *H. S.* a cone, a pyramid.

CLOGAIS, klog'-ash, *n. f.* a wooden shoe.

CLOIMH, klòc'-yh', *n. f.* scab, mange, itch.

CLOIMH, klòc'-è, *n. f.* down, feathers, plumage; in some places, wool.

CLOIMHTEACH, klò'-tyach, *n. f.* down, feathers.

CLOIS, klòsh, *n. f.* march weed.

CLOS, klòss, *n. m.* rest, repose, stillness, quietness; gabh clos, *rest, be still, or quiet.*

* CLOSACH, klos'-ach, *n. f.* a carcass, carrion.

† CLOSAICH, klos'-èch, *v.* get lank or gaunt, as a half-starved brute.

CLOSAID, klòs'-àj, *n. f.* a closet, a study.

CLUAIN, klüäen, *n. f.* pacification, quietness; cuir cluain air an leanabh, *pacify the child, appease the child.*

CLUAIN-LIN, klüäen-llén', *n. f.* corn-spurry.

CLUAINTEAR, klüäen'-tyar, *n. m.* a flatterer, a cajoler, a hypocrite, a cunning fellow.

CLUAINTEARACHD, klüäen'-tyar'-achg, *n. f.* fawning; cajoling, flattery, hypocrisy, intrigue.

CLUAISEAN, klüäsh'-an, *n. m.* a blow on the ear; porringer.

CLUANAG, klüän'-äg, *n. f.* an islet in a river, a small piece of choice pasture, a meadow.

CLUARAN, klüär'-an, *n. m.* a thistle, fountain; a sponge, còs, clob.

CLUARANACH, klüär'-än-äch, *a.* thistly, fungous.

CLUAS, klüäs, *n. f.* an ear; handle of a dish.

CLUASACH, klüäs'-äch, *a.* eared, having handles.

CLUASAG, klüäs'-äg, *n. f.* pillow, pin-cushion.

CLUAS-CHUIUL, klüäs'-chü'l, *n. m.* a musical ear.

CLUAS-LIATH, kluas'-lèä, *n. f.* herb, colt's foot.

CLUD, klüd, *n. m.* patch, a rag, clout; *v.* patch.

CLUDADH, klüd'-X, *pt.* patching, mending.

CLUDAIR, klüd'-är'-ä, *n. m.* patcher, cobler.

CLUICH, klüèch, *n. m.* play, sport, game, school vacation; *v.* play, sport.

CLUICHEADAIR, klüèch'-ad-ar, *n. m.* a player.

CLUICUEALACHD, klüèch'-al-ächg, *n. f.* playfulness.

CLUICHEIL, klüèch'-al, *a.* playful, sportive.

CLUTGEAN, klüèg'-än', *n. m.* an ear-ring, or pendant, a cluster; any thing dangling.

CLUINN, klüènn, *v.* hear, listen, hearken, attend; an tì a shuidhich a' chluas, nach cluinn e, *he that planted the ear, shall he not hear?* an sin cluinnidh mise, *then shall I hear?* chuala mi, *I heard;* nach cluinn thu, *do you not hear?* cluinnidh sinn, *we shall hear.*

CLUINNTE, klüènn'-tyä, *pt.* heard, attended to.

CLUINNNTINN, klüènn'-tyenn, *pt. pres.* hearing.

CLUIP, klüèp, *n. f.* deceit. See Cuip.

CLUPAID, klup'-èj, *n. f.* swollen throat in cattle.

CNAC, krächg, or kun'-äg, *v.* crack. *Teu-tonic.*

CNAG, krág, *n. f.* a peg, a pin, a knob; hold-pin of a boat (putag), *Skye;* *v.* thump, knock, rap.

CNAGACH, kunäg'-äch, *a.* knotty, knobby.

CNAGACHD, kunag'-achg, *n. f.* knobbiness, knottiness.

CNAGAID, krág'-äj, *n. f.* an old maid; an old cow with stumps of horns.

CNAGAIRE, krag'-ür-ä, *n. f.* a gill, a noggin, No.; a gill; in Lewis, Frangach, *i. e.* a Frenchman.

CNAID, kréj, *v.* scoff; *n. f.* a jeer, a scoff, magadh.

CNAINH, krièv, *n. m.* a bone; bones, enàmhan; cnàimh an droma, *the spine, the back bone;* cnàimh na lurga, *the shin bone;* cnàimh a ghobhail, *the share bone;* cnàimh criche, and cnàimh, *a balk, or land-mark, Is.* also a matter of dispute.

CNAIMHEACH, kriv'-ach, a rook, ròcaideach.

CNAIMHTEACH, knáv'-tyäch, *a.* digestive, corrosive.

CNAMH, kräv, *v.* chew, ruminate, digest; a' cnàmh a chìr, *chewing the cud;* chnàmh e a bhiadh, *he digested his food;* corrode, consume; chnàmh an t-iarrunn, *the iron corroded;* chnàmh an ghalbhan, *the fire consumed or wasted;* genitive plu. of cnàimh; ri taobh nan cnàmh, *at the side of the bones.*

CNAMHACH, kräv'-ach, *a.* bony, having large bones; corrosive, consuming.

CNAMHAO, kräv'-äg, *n. f.* refuse of any thing, any thing deprived of its substance; corn spoiled by cattle.

CNAMHAIRNEACH, kräv'-är'-nyach, *n. f.* a transparent small fish, found on all the coast of the islands; sprats of the mackerel, a skeleton; a raw-boned fellow.

CNAMHAN, kräv'-an, *n. m.* unceasing bickering.

- CNAMHARLACH, kráv'-ar-lach, *n. m.* a hard boned, cadaverous person; a stalk. *H.*
- CNAP, krápp, *n. m.* a lump, a knob, a potato, a thump; *v.* thump; 'gam *chnap-adh*, *thumping me.*
- CNAPACH, kráp'-ach, *a.* lumpy, knobby.
- CNAPAIRE, kráp'-ur-á, *n. m.* a thumper; a stout article; a stout fellow.
- CNAPAN, kráp'-an, *n. m.* a little lump.
- CNAPANACH, kráp'-an-ach, *a.* lumpy.
- CNAPARA, kráp'-arr-á, *a.* stout, sturdy; falling with a thumping noise.
- CNAP-STARRA, kráp'-starr-á, *a.* obstruction; ball on the end of a spear.
- CNATAN, knat'-an, *n. m.* a cold, cough, *N. H.*; more properly, *ceatan.*
- CNEAD, kréd, *n. f.* a sudden sign or moan, as when one gets a blow unexpectedly; nothing; *cha bhi cnead ort, nothing will be wrong with you*; *cha 'n'eil cnead air, nothing is wrong with him*; *v.* sigh, moan.
- CNEADAIL, kréd'-ul, *pf.* sighing and moaning heavily and quickly.
- CNEADH, more properly *creidh*, a wound.
- CNEAMB, krév, *n. m.* wild garlic; *cnemh muc fíadhaich*, hart's tongue; *elecampa-ne*; written, *creamh.*
- CNEAP, krépp, *n. m.* a button; *cnepan*, buttons.
- CNEAPADAIR, krépp'-a-där, *n. m.* button-maker.
- CNEAS, kréss, *n. m.* bosom, breast, waist.
- CNEASDA, krés'-d-á, *a.* humane; moderate.
- CNEASDACHD, krés'-dächg, *n. f.* humanity; piety.
- CNEASNAICH, krés'-nyéeh, *v.* squeeze and shake a person.
- CNEASNAIDH, krés'-nné, *a.* delicate, slender.
- CNEASNAIDHEACHD, krés'-nné-ächg, *n. f.* delicacy.
- CNEATAN, krétt'-an, *n. m.* a cold, coughing.
- CNEATAS. See *Cneidsinn*, knitting, tape.
- CNEIDH, kréé'-yh', *n. f.* wound, hurt.
- CNEIDSINN, kréjsh'-énn, *n. m.* knitting, tape.
- CNO, for Cnú, *a.* a nut, a filbert.
- CNOC, kröchg, *n. m.* a knoll, an eminence.
- CNOCACH, kröchg'-ach, *a.* hilly, rugged.
- CNOCAID, kröchg'-áj, *n. f.* a land-mark, balk.
- CNOCATAE, kröchg'-ar', *n. m.* a loiterer, saunterer.
- CNOCAN, kröchg'-an, *n. m.* a hillock, a knoll.
- CNOC-FAIRE, kröchg'-fär'-á, *n. m.* an alarm post.
- CNOD, kröd, *n. m.* a patch; *v.* patch.
- CNOID, krój, *n. m.* a splendid present. *Skye.*
- CNOIDH, kröeyh, *n. f.* great pain. *Skye.*
- CNOIDHFHIACHALL, kröé'-yh-ächg'-all, *n. f.* gum-boil.
- CNOIMH, kröé'-yh', *cruigh*, *n. f.* a maggot.
- CNOIMHEAG, knó'-ág, *n. f.* a maggot; *nig-gardly female.*
- CNOMHAGAG, *Sk.* (conachag, a conch) guth-le-gùg. *Luig.*
- CNOT, krótt, *v.* husk barley, oar-slip. *Sk.*
- CNOTAG, krott'-äg, *n. f.* husking mortar.
- CNU, krú, *n. f.* a nut, a filbert; *cnu-f hrang-ach*, a walnut; *cnu-dharaich*, an acorn; *cnu-bhachair*, a mulacca nut.
- CNUACHD, krüächg, *n. f.* a lump; *v.* thump.
- CNUACHDACH, krüächg'-äch, *a.* lumpy; shrewd.
- CNUACHDAIRE, krüächg'-ar'-á, *n. m.* shrewd man.
- CNUAS, krüäs, *v.* gather eatables; quash.
- CNUASACHD, kruas'-achg, *n. m.* gathering eatables.
- CNUASAICH, kruas'-éeh, *v.* gather, ponder
- Co, kô, *int. pro.* who; *cò an so*, who is this? *cò e*, who is he? *cò i*, who is she? *adv.* as; *cò mòr*, so big; *cò bheag*, as little; *cò leathann*, as broad; used for comh; as, *eo-aontaich*, yield assent, consent, admit, permit.
- Co-aONTACHADH, kó-áon'-tach-X, *n. m. p.* consent, acquiescence, agreement, consenting, agreeing.
- Co-aONTAICH, kó-áon'-ttéeh, *v.* acquiesce, yield.
- COB, kôb, *n. m.* plenty, pailteas. *Irish.*
- COBHAIK, kôb'-ér, *n.* relief; *v.* relieve, aid, help.
- COBHAN, koff'-an, (I think,) a chest, coffin. *B.*
- COBHAB, kô'-ur, *n. m.* froth, foam, sillabub.
- COBHARTACH, kô'-art-ach, *n. m.* any property coming on shore, supposed by every genuine Celt to be a God-send; *a.* helping.
- Coc, köchg, *v.* cock; hold up in defiance; *coc do bhonnaid*, cock your bonnet. *Teutonic.*
- Coca, kawhg'-á, *conj.* or *pro.* whether, which of the two; *coca a dh' f holbhas na dh' fhanas tu*, whether you go or stay.
- COCAIRE, kawhg'-ur'-á, *n. m. & f.* a cook, *Ger.* coeh; is math an *cocaire* an t-acras, hunger is a good cook.
- COCBULL, cöeh'-ull, *n. m.* husk, skin of a snake.
- COCHULLACH, cöeh'-ull-ach, *a.* capsular, husky.
- CODACH, kod'd'-ach, *gen.* of cuid; *air son mo chodachsa dheth*, for my part of it.
- CODHAIL, kau'-al, *n. f.* meeting, reproach; *am chodhail, to meet me*; *thoir codhail da*, reproach him.
- COC, kúgg, *v. n.* war, fight; jibe, jeer;

- chog iad, they reared, Bible; tha e a' cogadh air, he jibes or jeers him.*
- COGADH, kōgg'-ā, *n. m.* war, warfare: *pl.* warring; jibing; *thun cogaidh, for war.*
- COGALL, kōg'-ull, just cockle, peasair chapull.
- COGAIS, kōgg'-āsh, *n. f.* a prodigious large, red, carbuncled nose (like a boiled lobster,) *St. Kilda, Rum, Egg, Canna, Mull, Coll, Jura, Islay, Giogha;* also the cog of a wheel; a ludicrous name for a large pinch of snuff, *ib.*; in Skye, just a nose; in Lewis, the nasal canal; in Ross-shire and Caithness, the cork of a bottle; in Inverness, a huge frog; in some parishes of the Continent of Argyle and Perthshire, conscience.
- Note.*—In the shape of conscience, it is only applied to the male sex. The consciences of all Highland ladies, whether M——— or not, is universally COIMHEAS. In Arran, it signifies the throttle.
- COICHEID, kōēch'-āj, *n, f.* an objection, obstruction; *cò chuir coicheid, who objected?*
- COICHEIDEACH, coych'-āj-ach, *a.* objective, hindering.
- COIDHEAS, kōē'-yheas, more frequently pronounced and written Coingeis, *tha mi coingeis, I do not care; it is no matter to me.*
- COIG, kōēg, *a.* five; *còig-deug, fifteen.* In many outlandish places, *oi* is frequently pronounced, or rather mispronounced, *ūē*; hence *sud* instead of *slod*, (*shēdd*) *druim*, in place of *driom*, (*ddrēm*) the back; but in the islands of Argyle, every word is pronounced just as ADAM spoke it.
- COIGEACH, kōēg'-ach, *n. f.* a hand; from *còig. MSS.*
- COIGEAD, kōēg'-ud, *n. m.* fifty; *a.* fifty.
- COIGEAMH, kōēg'-uv, *a.* the fifth.
- COIGEAR, kōēg'-ur, *n. m. & f.* five persons.
- COIGNEAR, kōēg'-nyur, *n.* five persons.
- COIGREACH, kōēg'-ryach, *n. m.* stranger, foreigner.
- COIGREACHAIL, kōēg'-rryach-al, *a.* strange, foreign.
- COIG-SHLISNEACH, kōēg'-hlēsh-nyach, *a.* pentagonal, pentilateral; *coig-thaobh-ach, more properly.*
- COILCEADHA, kōēlg'-kyānn-ā, *n. p.* bed materials. *Oss.*
- COILEACH, kull'-ach, *n. m.* a cock; *coileach frangach, a turkey cock; coileach-coille, wood cock; coileach dubh, a black cock; coileach fraoich, heath cock;*
- coileach tomain, a cock partridge; coileach ruadh, a red grouse cock.*
- COILEACH-GAOTH, kull'-ach-gāoēch, *n. m.* weather-cock, a vane.
- COILEAR, kōll'-ār', *n. m.* a collar, neck. *French, &c.*
- COILEID, koll'-āj, *n. f.* noise, stir, hubbub. *Skye.*
- COILLE, kaōly'-lyā, *n. f.* wood, forest; *coiltean, woods.*
- COILLEANTA, kaōly'-lyannt-ā, *a.* tall, straight, and slender.
- COILLEARNACH, kuly'-ar-nach, *a.* shrubbery.
- COILLTEACH, kaōlly'-tyach, *n. f.* woodland, a celt, a wild.
- COILLTEACHAIL, kaōlly'-tyāch-al, *a.* woody; savage, wild; sylvan; uninhabited.
- COILLTEAR, kaōly'-tyār', *n. m.* a saunterer, wanderer.
- COILLTEIL, kaōly'-tyal, *a.* wild, woodland.
- COIMEAS, koym'-ās, *n. m.* comparison, parable, an equal, a match; *gun a choimeas ann, without his equal or match; a. like.*
- COIMEAS, koym'-ēss, *v. n.* compare, liken.
- COIMEASG, koym'-ēsg, *v.* mix, mingle.
- COIMH, kōē, a prefix, answering *con.* and *com.* in English, placed before words beginning with the two vowels *e* and *i*, unless when the pronunciation requires it.
- COIMHEACH, kōē'-ach, *a.* foreign, strange, shy, unkind; *duine coimheach, a strange person, or a shy person; terrible; gnoth-uch coimheach, a terrible affair; n. a stranger; aig na coimhich, with strangers.*
- COIMHEAD, kōi'-ūdd, *v.* see, look, *Lochaber;* preserve, keep; watch; *n. m.* preserving inspection; a weaver's laze. *Islay.*
- COIMHEARSNACH, kōē'-ar-snach, *n. m.* a neighbour.
- COIMHEARSNACHD, kōē'-ar-snāchg, *n. f.* neighbourhood, vicinity; vicinage; neighbourly conduct.
- COIMHEICHEAS, kōē'-ēch-us, *n. f.* estranged affection, want of hospitality, sourness of disposition.
- COINGHEALL, kōē'-ghyall, *v.* fulfil an engagement, perform your promise.
- COINGHEALLADH, kōē'-ghyāil-ā, *n. m.* performance of one's promise, fulfilment.
- COIMHIDEACHD, kōē'-ēj-āchg, *n. f.* accompanying, escorting; attending; *luhd-coimhidaeachd, an escort, a suite, a levee, a retinue.*
- COIMHLEAPACH, kōē'-llepp-ach, *n. m.* and *f.* a bed-fellow.

- COIMHSEAS, kōev'-shas, *n. f.* conscience, (comhaois-fhios or fhás.)
- COIMHSEASACH, kōev'-shás-ach, *a.* conscientious, conscionable.
- COIMHSEASACHD, kōev'-shas-áchg, *n. f.* consciousness.
- COIMHLIÖN, cóé'-llén, *v.* fulfil, fill up, accomplish, perform a promise.
- COIMHLIÖN, kóél'-lyan, *a.* and *adv.* as often as, as many as; equal in number.
- COIMHTHÖNAIL, cóé'-heun-al, *n. m.* assembly, gathering, collecting; collection.
- COIMPIAE, kóém'-pér-á, *n. m.* and *f.* an equal in rank.
- COIMPIEACHD, kóém'-pér-áchg, *n. f.* equality in rank, a commonwealth, commonweal.
- COIN, kóén, *n. m. pl.* dogs; coin-fhodair, *fleas.* We must not tell the island where this word is used, otherwise our M— friends would kill us.
- COIN-BHRAGHAD, kóén'-vhrád', *n. pl.* king's evil.
- COINEAN, kóén'-an', *n. m.* a rabbit, a coney.
- COINGEIS, kóéng'-ásh, *a.* indifferent, quite careless; *tha mi coingeis, I am quite indifferent, I do not care; is coingeis cóca, it is no matter; is coingeis dhuit, it is no matter to you, it is all the same to you; an coingeis có aca a bheir mi leam, is it indifferent which of them I take?*
- COINGHEALL, kóén'-nyall, *n. m.* a loan.
- COINGHEALLACH, kóén'-nyall-ách, *a.* accommodating, lending, helping, kind, ready to lend.
- COINGHEALLAICH, kóén'-nyall-éch, *v.* lend, accommodate.
- COINIGIN, kóén'-é-gin, *n. f.* a rabbit warren.
- COINNE, kóén'-nyá, *n. f.* meeting, assignation, reproach; *cha 'n fhaigh mi coinne air son m'athar, I will never be reproached on account of my father; picnic party, North; v. imitate, follow the example of; an ann a' coinne riumsa a tha thu, is it imitating me you are?*
- COINNEACH, kóén'-nyach, *a.* fog, moss, cinnnteach.
- COINNEAL, kaón'-nyall, *n. f.* a candle; *pl.* cinnnlean.
- COINNEALAICH, kóén'-nyal-éch, *v.* brandish, flourish, *coinnealaich bata, brandish a stick.*
- COINNEAL-BHATH, kun'-nyal-vhá, *v.* excommunicate; Irish, cuir a mach a comunn.
- COINNEAMH, kóén'-uv, *n. f.* meeting, assembly.
- COINNICH, kóén'-nyéich, *v.* meet, assemble, oppose.
- COINNLEAN BIANAIN, teine-thionnachaim.
- COINNLEIR, kaóél'-lyar', *n. m.* a candlestick.
- COIP, koyp, *n. f.* a heap of foam or froth.
- COIR, kóer, *a.* decent; easy minded, worthy; *duine coir, a decent or worthy man.*
- COIR, kóer, *n. f.* right, equity, justice, integrity, honesty; propriety; *a' cumail na corach rium, doing justice to me; maintaining my right; rinn thu chóir, you have acted with propriety; chartár; coirichean an fhearainn, the charter of the land; proximity, nearness, contiguity; a' chóir a' bhaile, near the town; na d' thig am chóir, don't come near me; mar bu chóir dhuit, as you ought; coir-bhreith, birth-right; authority; le coir, with authority.*
- COIRB, kóerb, *v.* corrupt; coirbte, abandoned.
- COIRCE, kóerk'-á, *n. m.* oats.
- COIRCEAG, a bee-hive; caomag properly.
- COIRIE, kur'-á, *n. m.* blame, fault, defect, wrong, hurt, harm; sin, guilt, crime.
- COIRE, kóer'-a, *n. m.* a cauldron, kettle, a place resembling a cauldron; a dell; whirlpool; *coire-bhreacain, the Jura whirlpool.*
- COIREACH, kur'-ách, *a.* in fault, blameable; *n.* a defaulter; *criomachair an coireach, blame the defaulter; the guilty.*
- COIREAMAN, kur'-am-an, *n. m.* coriander.
- COIRICH, kur'-éch, *v.* blame, reprove.
- COIREAL, kur'-al, *n. m.* loud tone of voice, as a person scolding, or in a passion.
- COIRNEACH, kóer'-nyach, the bird kingfisher.
- COIRNEAL, kóern'-all, *n. m.* colonel.
- COIRSBHEART, kosh'-art, *n. m.* greaves, shoes, &c.
- COISE, kóesh'-á, of a foot.
- COISEACHD, kósh'-áchg, *n. f.* pedestrianism, walking; travelling on foot.
- COISG, kóshg, *v.* staunch; quiet, still; caisg.
- COISICH, kósh'-éch, *v.* walk, travel on foot.
- COISICHE, kósh'-éch-á, *n. c.* a traveller, pedestrian.
- COISINN, kósh'-énn, *v.* gain, earn, win; deserve.
- COISRIG, kósh'-rég, *v.* consecrate, sanctify; *coisrigte, consecrated; uisge coisrigte, holy water.*
- COISTE, kóshj'-tyá, *pt.* spent, exhausted, worn.
- COITE, kóéjt'-á, *n. f.* a punt, or small boat; hut.
- COITCHEANN, kóéjt'-chyann, *a.* public, ex-

- posed to many callers, as a house near the highway.
- COITCHEANNAS, kōjēt'-chyann-as, *n. f.* exposure, state of being subject to many calling; a public situation, as a house.
- COITTEACHADH, kōjt'-ach-a², *pt.* pressing to accept any thing; contending, as in an argument.
- COITEAR, kōjēt'-ar', a cottager, cotter.
- COITICH, kōēt'-éch, *v.* press, contend, maintain.
- COL, koll, *n. m.* incest; *v.* restrain, hinder.
- COLBH, koll'-uv, *n. m.* front of a bed; plank, pillar; our aigeach friends murder it, calbh.
- COLG, koll'-ug, *n. m.* fierce, determined look; confounded with calg often.
- COLGARRA, koll'-ug-urr-á, fierce-looking, stern.
- COLGARRACHD, koll'-ug-urr-achg, *n. f.* sternness; new-year's eve; an absurd hammering at any thing.
- COLLAINN, koll'-énn, *n. f.* new year's eve, &c.
- COLLUNN, koll'-unn, *n. f.* the body, the trunk.
- COLPACH, kōlp'-ach, *n. f.* heifer; biorach.
- COLTACH, koll'-tach, *a.* like, probable, likely.
- COLTAIB, kollt²'-ur, *n. m.* a coultter.
- COLTAS, kollt'-as, *n. m.* appearance, resemblance.
- COM, kōm, *n. m.* the trunk of the body, chest, the region of the viscera.
- COM', kōm, *n. m. adv.* why, wherefore; *com'* am b'fhiaich leat, *why would you condescend?—never mind.*
- COMA, kōm'-á, *a.* indifferent, not caring; disagreeable, hateful; is coma leam thu, *I hate you, you are disagreeable to me;* nach coma leatsa, *what is that to you—never you mind;* is coma dhomhsa còc, *it is no matter to me—I am quite indifferent;* is coma leis an rìgh Eòghan, *is coma le Eòghan co dhùibh, the king hates Hugh, and Hugh does not care a straw for that.*
- COMAIN, kōm'-an', *n. f.* obligation, favour received; tha mi mòran ad chomain, *I am much obliged to you;* cha 'n' eil mi ad chomain, *I am not obliged to you;* cha b'e do chomain e, *I did not deserve that at your hand;* comain do làimh fein, *tit for tat;* fogh chomain agadsa, *under obligations to you;* comain an uile a ni, *reprisals, evil for evil. Sm.*
- COMAITH, kōm'-éch, *n. f.* messing, mess; eating out of the same dish.
- COMANACHADH, kōm'-án-ach-Á, *n. m.* sacrament; communion; celebration of the Lord's supper; luchd comanachaidh, *communicants.*
- COMANAICH, kōm'-an-éch, *v.* communice.
- COMARADH, kōm'-ar-Á, *n. m.* any thing thrown on the shore; booty.
- COMARAICH, kōm'-arr-éch, *n. f.* protection. *Mf.*
- COMAS, kōm'-us, *n. m.* ability, capability, permission; authority, power; virility; orra-chomais, an amulet to deprive a person of his virility; power, licence.
- COMASACH, kōm'-as-ach, *a.* able, capable, powerful; in good worldly circumstances.
- COMASACHD, kōm'-as-achg, *n. f.* capability.
- COMEIRCE, kom'-erk-a, *n. m.* dedication. *Irish.*
- COMH, kó, for *con.* and *com.* in English; written often co, and signifies equality, fellowship; air chomh-bidhich is leapariumsa, *having the same meat and bed as I have;* comh-aighe, *fellow-feeling.*
- COMHAIMSIREACH, kó-ém'-shèr-ach, *a.* at the same time; contemporary; *n. c.* a contemporary.
- COMHAIMSIREIL, ko-ém'-shèr-al, *a.* contemporary.
- COMHAIR, kó'-ér, *n. m.* direction, tendency; an comhair a chinn, *headlong, forward;* an comhair a chuil, *backwards.*
- COMHAIRLE, kó'-urly²-á, advice, counsel.
- COMHAIRLICH, kó'-urly'-éch, *v.* advise, counsel, admonish, put on one's guard.
- COMHAIRLICHE, kó'-urly-éch-á, *n. m.* an adviser, admonisher, monitor, counselor.
- COMHAIB, kó'-aùèb, *n. f.* contention about rights; *v.* contend about rights, or time to do something.
- COMHAOIS, kó'-aòsh, *n. m.* and *f.* eelings, a contemporary; one of the same age.
- COMH-AONTAICH, kó'-unt'-éch, *v.* yield assent, agree, accede, accord.
- COMHARRA, kó'-urr-á, *n. m.* mark, sign, token, symptom; sexual mark.
- COMHARRAICH, kó'-urr-éch, *v.* mark, observe, point out; comharrachte, singular, noted.
- COMHARTAICH, kó'-art-éch, *n. f.* barking, tabhuun.
- COMH-BHANN, kó'-vhan', *n. m.* bond.
- COMH-BHUAIL, kó'-vhùäèl, *v.* strike mutually.
- COMH-CHOMUNN, ko'-chóm-dunn, *n. m.* fellowship.
- COMH-CHRUINNEACHADH, kó'-chrüènnach-Á, collection, assembly, congregation.
- COMH-CHRUINNICH, kó'-chrüènn-éch, *v.* gather, assemble, collect, congregate.
- COMH-CHUDTHROM, kó'-chúd-hróm, *n. m.* equiponderance, equilibrium, equal weight.

- COMHDACH, kó'-ddach, *n. m.* clothing, dress; a proof, evidence; *mar chomhdach air sin, as a proof of that; dè 'n comhdach bh' air, what dress had he on?*
- COMHDAICH, kó'-ddèch, *v.* dress, cover, clothe, shelter; prove, witness.
- COMH-DHAINNICH, kó'-ghènn-èch, *con-*firm.
- COMHDHALTA, kó'-àlt-a, *n. c.* foster-brother or sister; a Highland cousin.
- COMHDHALTAS, kó'-allt-us, *n. m.* relationship of fosterage; sucking the same breast.
- COMH-DHEUCHAINN, kó'-ghèch'-ènn, *n. f.* competition, rivalry, trial of valour.
- COMHDHUIN, kó'-ghùn, *v.* conclude, close, end.
- COMHDHUNADH, kó'-ghun-à, *n. m.* conclusion.
- COMH-EIGNICH, kó'-àeg-nnèch, *v.* force, compel.
- COMHEUD, kuv'-vhèdd, *adv.* how many.
- COMHFHARPAIS, kó'-arp-ash, *n. f.* competition, emulation; gibing, jeering, taking off.
- COMHFHARPAISEACH, kó'-arp'-ash-ach, *a.* imitative.
- COMH-FHOGHAR, kó'-aò'-ur, *n. m.* a consonant; mutual stroke and sound, resound.
- COMH-FHREAGAIR, kó'-rràg'-ur', *v.* suit, re-echo; *chomh-fhreagair gach tulm is cnoc, every hill and knoll resounded, re-echoed, Sm.*
- COMHFHÀEAGAIRT, kó'-rràgg'-àrt'y', *n. f.* a re-echo, correspondence, uniformity, agreement.
- COMHFHREAGARRACH, kó'-rràgg'-arr-ach, *a.* correspondent.
- COMHFHUILINN, kó'-ùll'-ènn, *v.* sympathize.
- COMHFHULANNAS, kó'-ùll'-unn-us, *n. m.* fellow-feeling, sympathy, fellow-suffering.
- COMHFHURTACHD, kó'-urt-àchg, *n. m.* comfort, consolation; aid, help.
- COMFHURTAICH, kó'-urt-èch, *v.* comfort, aid.
- COMFHURTAIR, kó'-urt-àr', *n. m.* a comforter.
- COMH-GHAIR, kó'-ghàér, *n. f.* conclamation.
- COMH-GHAIRDEACHAS, kó'-ghàir-ach-us, *n. f.* congratulation, mutual joy.
- COMH-IOMLAID, kó'-ém-làj, *n. f.* commutation.
- COMH-IONNAN, kó'-èün-un, *a.* equal, same.
- COMH-IONNANAS, kó'-èün-ann-us, *n. f.* equality.
- COMHLA, kó'-lla, *ad.* together, along with, in company; *thigibh comhla, come to-*
- gether; falbh comhla riutsa, come along with me.*
- COMHLACH, kó'-llach, *n. f.* straw, fodder.
- COMHLAICH, kó'-llèch, *v.* meet, intercept.
- COMHLADH, kó'-llá, *n. f.* door, shutter.
- COMHLANN, kó'-llann, *n. f.* duel, combat.
- COMHLOAG, kó'-llörg, *n. m.* result, effort.
- COMHLUADAIR, kó'-lùad-ar, *n. m.* conversation.
- COMH-MHOTHACH, kó'-vhó'-èch, *v.* sympathize; *comh-mhothachadh, sympathy, sympathising.*
- COMHNADH, kó'-na's, *n. m.* help, assistance.
- COMHNADALACH, kó'-na-dull-ach, *a.* conversable; *duine còir comhnadalach, a decent conversable man.*
- COMHNADAIL, kó'-na-dull, *n. m.* conversation, conference, dialogue, talking together; (*comhna-dail*.)
- COMHNARD, kó'-nàrd, *a.* level, plain, even; *rathad comhnard, a level or even road or surface; n. m. a plain.*
- COMHNUICH, kó'-nnèch, *v.* dwell, inhabit, reside; more often, *gabh comhnuidh.*
- COMHNUIDH, kó'-nnè, *n. m.* habitation, a residence; *an comhnuidh, habitually.*
- COMH-OBAIR, kó'-òb'-ur', *n. f.* same employment.
- COMH-OIBAICH, kó'-aòèb-rèch, *v.* co-operate.
- COMH-OIBRICHE, kó'-aòèb-rèch-à, *n. m.* co-operator, coadjutor; fellow-labourer.
- COMH-OIGHRE, kó'-aòè'-irrà, *n. m.* co-heir.
- COMHPHAIRT, compairt, partnership.
- COMHRADH, kó'-irrà, *n. m.* conversation, dialogue.
- COMHRAG, kó'-ragg, *n. m.* fight, as bulls, &c.
- COMHRAIO, kó'-règg, *v.* fight, as black cattle.
- COMHSAICH, kó'-sèch, *v.* contend, dispute.
- COMH-SGOILEAR, kó'-sköll-àr', *n. m.* school-fellow.
- COMH-SHEIRM, kó'-hàrm', *n. m.* harmony.
- COMH-SHEONRAICHE, kó'-hyòm'-rìoch-à, *n. m.* a room companion or chum.
- COMH-SHINTE, kó'-hyènn'-tyá, *a.* parallel.
- COMH-SHIOBAITH, kó'-hèò'-rruèch, *a.* co-eternal.
- COMH-SHURUTH, kó'-hrrù', *n. m.* confluence.
- COMH-SHUIRICH, kó'-huèr-èch, *n. f.* rivalry.
- COMH-SHUIRICHE, kó'-huèr'-èch-a, *a.* rival.
- COMHSPAID, kó'-spàj, *n. f.* a quarrel.
- COMHSPAIDEACH, co'-spaj-ach, *a.* quarrelsome, contentious; ill-natured.
- COMH-SPAIDAN, kó'-spàèrn', *n. f.* emulation.
- COMHSTACH, kó'-stach, *a.* obliging, accom-

- modating, useful, convenient; *n. f.* a concubine, a whore
- COMHSTATH, kó'-sta, *n. m.* a loan, an accommodation, obligation, favour.
- COMH-STRI, kó'-strév, *n. f.* strife; emulation, rivalry, mutual striving.
- COMH-THRUAS, kó-hrúás', *n. m.* sympathy, pity.
- COMH-THULGADH, kó-húlg'-á, *n. m.* agitation.
- COMPANACH, kómp'-an-ach, *n. m.* companion.
- COMPANACHD, kómp'-an-achg, *n. f.* companionship.
- COMPAIRT, kómp'-árty', *n. f.* partnership.
- COMPAIRTEACH, kómp'-árty'-ach, partaking.
- COMPAIRTEACHD, kómp'-árty'-achg, *n. f.* participation.
- COMPAIRTICH, kómp'-árty'-éch, *v.* participate, partake.
- COMPANAS, kómp'-an-us, *n. f.* partnership, society, friendship, fellowship; intercourse.
- COMUNN, kóm'-unn, *n. m.* society, club, company; fellowship, intercourse, association.
- COMUNNAICH, kóm'-unn'-éch, *v.* associate.
- CONA, kón'-a, *n. m.* moss crops.
- CONABLAICH, kón'-abb-lach, *n. m.* any thing mangled.
- CONABLAICH, kón'-abb-lléch, *v.* mangle, disfigure, lacerate; conabliachadh, mangling, &c.
- CONACHAG, kón'-äch-ag, *n. f.* a conch. (Greek.)
- CONACHAIR, kón'-äch-aér, *n. c.* a sick person, who neither gets better or worse in health.
- CONAIRT, kón'-árty', *n. f.* barking of many dogs; scolding on a high key.
- CONALTRACH, kón'-alt-rach, *a.* conversable.
- CONALTRADH, kón'-alt-rá, *n. m.* conversation, talk.
- CONAN, kón'-an, *n. m.* one of the Fin-galians; peevish person.
- CONANACHD, kón'-an-ächg, *n. f.* venery Lochaber.
- CONAS, kón'-us, *n. m.* furze, whins; strife, l.
- CUNASACH, kón'-us-ach, *a.* fretful, peevish, short-tempered, apt to take offence.
- CONASG, kón'-ask, *n. m.* whins, furze.
- CONDASACH, koud'-as'-ach, *a.* furious; air boil.
- CONDRACHD, kónd'-drachg, *n. f.* mischief, mishap; *condrachd ort, mischief take you!*
- CONDUAL, cón'-dual, *n. m.* embroidery. *Ir.*
- CONFHADH, kón'-á, *n. m.* the raging of the sea; fury, the greatest rage.
- CONGHAIR, kón'-a-ghäer, *n. f.* uproar, fury.
- CONLACH, Irish pronunciation of Comh-lach.
- CONN, kónn2, *n. m.* water-band of a hank of yarn; *da-chonn, heer-band*, band for two cuts of yarn. In Skye, principle: *duine gun chonn, a man without principle or sense.*
- CONNADH, kónn2'-á, *n. m.* fuel, firewood, *eual chonnaidh, a faggot of firewood.*
- CONNSAICH, for Comhsaich, co-sathaich, quarrel, dispute, contend.
- CONNSPAID, for Comhspaid, dispute.
- CONNSPEACH, kónn'-speech, a wasp.
- CONNSPUNN, kónn'-spunn, *n. f.* hero, *gaisg-each.*
- CONNTRAIGH, kónn'-träe-yh', *n. f.* neap-tide.
- CONNUIBH, kónn'-üev, *n. m.* hornet, ceardaman.
- COP, köp, *v.* capsize; *n. m.* a cup.
- COPADH, köp'-á, *pt.* capsizing.
- COPAGACH, köp'-ag-ach, *n. f.* the herb, dock.
- COPAN, köp'-an, *n. m.* a cup; the pan of the head; any thing curved.
- COPAR, kop'-par, *n. m.* copper.
- COR, kör, *n. m.* condition, state, situation; *is truagh mo chor, sad is my condition; dé's cor da, what is become of him? air na h-uile cor, by all means; cò a dh'fhidreas mo chor, who will feel for my condition, who will sympathize with me? s'e sin mo chor, that is my condition; air chor, so that; custom; cor na talmhainn, the custom of the land; cha dean mi e air chor sam bith, I will not do it on any account; air chor air bith, anywise, by no means; air chor is gun d' thig thu, on condition that you come.*
- CORA, kòr'-á, more befitting; *bu chòra dhuit dol dachaidh, it is more befitting that you should go home.*
- CORACH, kòr'-ach, *gen.* of Còir, of right, justice, rectitude; *slighe na còrach, the path of rectitude or justice.*
- CORACHA, same as Còra, more befitting.
- CORC, kòrk, *n. f.* a butcher's cleaver or knife; Scotch whittle.
- CORAM, kòr'-um, *n. m.* a faction or association; a bad set of people.
- CORC, kòrk, *n. m.* a fairy bull, a water bull; *laogh coreach, a calf having small ears, like his father the corc*, (ominous of evil); *n. f.* hemp, caineab.
- CORCAN-COILLE, kòrk'-an-kully'-a, *n. m.* bullfinch.
- CORCUR, kòrk'-ür, *n. m.* crimson, scarlet.
- CORD, kòrd'd, *v.* agree, settle, accord, adjust, arrange; used for Sginnieh too.
- CORDADH, kòrd'-á, *n. m.* agreement, settlement, good terms or understanding.

- CORN, kôrn, *n. m.* a bale of cloth; a drinking-horn; *v.* fold cloth.
- CORNADH, kôrn'-á, *pl.* folding cloth.
- CORNAIRE, kôrn'-ár'-á, *n. m.* a folder.
- CORN-CAISIL, kôrn'-kash-él, *n. m.* wall penny wort.
- CORON, kor'-on, *n. m.* a crown, a chaplet.
- CORP, korpp, corpse, the body.
- CORPANTA, korp'-annt-á, *a.* corpulent, bulky.
- CORPANTACHD, korp'-annt-achg, *n. f.* corpulence.
- CORPARRA, korp'-urt-a, corporeal, not spiritual.
- CORP-SHNASAIR, korp'-hunás-ar'-á, a body polisher; a statuary.
- CORP-SGIAN, korp'-skéán, *n. f.* a scalpel, or doctor or dissector's knife.
- CORP-SGIANADAIR, korp'-skéán-ád-ar', *n. m.* a dissector, an anatomist, a doctor.
- CORP-SGIANADAIREACHD, korp'-skéán-rd-aer-achg, anatomy, dissection, fear-rann-sachaidh cuirp; also, corp-rannsachair.
- CORR, kôrr, *n. m.* odds, excess, surplus, overplus, remainder; *thoir dhomhsa an còrr, give me the surplus;* a heron, a stork, a hern; *còrr air cladach, a heron on the sea shore;* also, *corra* chrithich, *corra bhàn*, a heron, &c.; *adj.* singular, extraordinary, odd; *bliadhna chòrr, an extraordinary year;* *duine còrr, a singular person, an eminent person.*
- CORRA-BEAGA, cor'-a-beug-á, tiptoe; North, corra-blod.
- CORRA-CHAGAILT, kôrr'-a-chag-alt', *n. f.* sulphureous hue in dying embers, salamander.
- CORRACH, kôrr'-ach, *a.* steep, precipitous; *àite corrach, a steep place;* passionate.
- CORRACH, kôrr'-ach, *n. f.* fetters; Langaid. (Irish.)
- CORRACHEANN, kôrr'-a-chyann, *n. m.* a giddy head.
- CORRACHEANNACH, korr'-a-chyann-ach, light-headed, giddy, inconstant.
- CORRAG, kôrr'-ag, *n. f.* fore-finger; left-hand stilt of a plough.
- CORRA-MARGAIDH, kôrra'-mārg-é, *n.* the rabble, the offscouring of the people. *B.*
- CORRA-MAOTHAR, kôrra'-mað-har, *n. m.* the sea-pike, seòrsa éisg. *Islay.*
- CORRAN, korr'-an, *n. m.* a shearing-hook or sickle; semi-circular bay; point of land, like a hook or sickle.
- CORRANACH, kôrr'-an-ach, *n. f.* funeral-cry. *Ir.*
- CORRA-CHEOSACH, kôrr'-a-chyós-ach, *n. f.* cheslip.
- CORRA-MEILLE, kôrra'-māly'-a, *n. m.* wild liquorice.
- CORRAMHEUR, kôrr'-a-vhérr, *n. f.* little finger.
- CORRALACH, kôrr'-a-lach, *n. m.* remainder, excess, surplus, overplus, odds.
- CORR-SHUOAN, korr'-hùg-an, *n. f.* twist-handle.
- CORRUICH, korr'-èch, *n. f.* offence, rage, anger, ire, wrath; *tha corruich air, he is offended;* *na gabh corruich, be not offended.*
- CORSA, kôr'-sá, *n. m.* coast; *air còrsa na Frainge, on the coast of France.*
- CORSAIR, kôr'-sár, *n. f.* a coaster, cruiser.
- CORSAIREACHD, kôr'-sàir-achg, *n. f.* coasting, cruising.
- COR-SHIOMAIN, kôr'-hèmm'-an³, *n. f.* twist-handle.
- COS, an Irish foot, ditto, with a lump on it, coich.
- COS, kôs, *n. m.* a sponge, *l.*; crevice, hole. *O.*
- COSACH, kôs'-ach, *a.* spongy, porous.
- COSACHD, kôs'-achg, *n. f.* sponginess, porousness.
- COSAICHE, kôs'-èch-á, *n. f.* degree of sponginess, &c.
- COSAIL, kôs'-al, *a.* likely, like, similar.
- COSALACHD, kôs'-al-achg, *n. f.* likeness, similarity.
- COSD, kôsdd, *v.* spend, waste, wear. *Tru.*
- COSDAIL, kosdd'-al, *a.* expensive, extravagant.
- COSDALACHD, kôsdd'-āl-achg, *n. f.* expensiveness.
- COSDAS, kosdd'-us, *n. f.* expense, expenditure, cost; waste, profuseness.
- COSLAS, kos'-las, *n. m.* appearance, likeness.
- COS-NARUIDH, kôs'-dná-bé, *n. m.* walking companion. *No.*
- COSAMAL, kôs²-a-mal, *n. f.* refuse of meat, straw, &c.
- COSNACH, kôs²-nach, *n. c.* a labourer, hired servant.
- COSNADH, kôs'-nā, *n. m.* earning, winning.
- COTA, kaut'-á, *n. m.* coat, petticoat. (Teut.)
- COTA-BAN, kaut'-a-bān, *n. m.* groat, fourpence; fourpence land; leirtheas, two of them; ochdamh, four; ceithrea, eight.
- COTA-MOR, kô²-a-mòr, a great coat.
- COTHAICH, kô²-èch, *v.* maintain, contend, strive.
- COTHLAM, kô'-hlām, *v.* mix different sorts of wool, as black and white.
- COTHLAMADH, kô'-hlām-ā, *n. m.* mixture of wools.
- COTHONNACH, kô²-hōnn-ach, *n. f.* froth, spray, foam; comh-thonn, beating of waves together; hence the surname Colquhoun.
- COTHROM, kôr'-um, *n. m.* justice, fair play; a dol a dh' ionnsuidh a chothrom, *going to seek justice; opportunity; a'*

cheud *cothrom* a gheibh mi, *the first opportunity I get*; thoir *cothrom* na Féinne dhomh, *give me fair play*; comfortable circumstances; tha e ann an *cothrom* math, *he is in comfortable circumstances*; weights. *Loch*.

COTHROMACH, kōr'-um-ach, *just, honest, B.*; parallel, even with, of the same size; rich, wealthy; duine *cothromach*, *a just man, or a man in easy circumstances*.

COTHROMAICH, kōr'-um-èch, *v. make even with*; make of the same size; a *cothromachadh* na sleata, *sizing the slates*; a *cothromachadh* nam bròg, *paring the shoes*; weigh, tomhais. *Lochaber*.

COTA-IOCHDAIR, kōt'-èchg'-ér, *n. m. under petticoat*.

CRABHACH, krāv'-ach, *a. very religious, very devout, very pious, austere*.

CRABHADAIR, krāv'-a-dēr', *n. m. a monk, an austere religionist, devotee*.

CRABHADH, krāv'-ā, *n. m. monkish piety*.

CRABHAT, krāv'-att, *n. m. a cravat*; Fr. *cravate*.

CRACAIREACHD, krachg'-ar-achg. *n. f. conversation. Se.*

CRADH, krā'-gh', *n. m. torment, torture*; *v. torture*; rè a laithean uile *cràdhar* an t'aingidh, *the wicked man travaileth with pain (shall be tortured) all his days*.

CRADHGREADH, krā'-yhe, *n. m. shell-drake, a shell-duck*.

CRADHSHLAT, krā'-hlat, *n. f. a sort of pillory or tread-mill, used by the old Gael*; anguish, torment; O, mo *chràdshlat!* *alas, my torment, (common.)*

CRAO, krāgg, *n. f. a large hand*; also, *eròg*.

CRAICEANN, kraichg'-unn, *n. m. skin, hide*; murdered into *CRICEONN*.

CRAINN, kràënn, *n. f. the queen of the hive*; an ugly old woman, *Islay*; a pig. *No.*

CRAITEACH, krā'-tyach, *a. intensely painful, torturing, tormenting*; causing great pain.

CRAITEACHD, krā'-tyāchg, *n. m. painfulness*.

CRAMBAID, kramb'-āj, *n. m. a cramp*; objection.

CRAALIDH, krā'-lī, *v. crawl, sprawl*; *cralladh*, crawling, sprawling, (*cràdh-laidh*.)

CRANN, krann, *n. m. a plough*; cuir na h-eich 'sa *chrann*, *yoke the horses in the plough*; bar, bolt; cuir an *crann* air an dorus, *bolt the door*; a mast; *crann* na luinge, *the ship's mast*; full of a barrel of fresh herring; in the shape of a tree (obsolete); a lot; chance, risk, ballot; thàinig an *crann* air, *he was chosen by ballot*; cha 'n 'eil cuid na *crann* agad 'sa

ghothuch so, *you have neither part nor lot in this affair*, Bible, *Islay*; side, partiality, interest; tha Dia Jehovah air mo *chrann*, *the Lord, Jehovah is on my side, is in my interest*; eò bhios air do *chrann*, *who shall be your friend*; ma bhios tusa air mo *chrann*, *if you befriend or side me*; gabh cuid do *chroinn*, *take your chance*; ma s'e sin do *chrann*, *if that be your lot*; *crann-mòr*, neo, meadhoin, *main-mast of a ship*; *crann-uisge*, spreoid dall, *a bowsprit*; *crann deiridh*, *mizen-mast*; *crann-fige*, *fig-tree*; *crann-fiona*, *a vine*.

CRANN, krann, *v. bar, bolt, barricade*; wither, decay, wear off; wind; a' *crannadh*, *withering, dying by inches*; *crann* an dorus, *bolt or bar the door*.

CRANNAG, krann'-ag, *n. f. pulpit*; cross-trees.

CRANNALACH, krann'-al-ach, *n. f. a wreck*; chaidh i' na *crannalach*, *she was wrecked, (as a ship)*; ruins of any thing.

CRANN-ATHAIR, krann'-ā-hur, the constellation called the bear; the seven stars in it; *crann-arair. Mull.*

CRANNCHUR, krann'-ach-ur, *n. m. lot, ballot*; fate, destiny, predestination; casting of lots, choosing by ballot; ma s'e sin mo *chrannchur*, *if that be my fate or destiny*; cuir *crannchur*, *refer to the lot*.

CRANN-COTHROMACHAIDH, krann-kōr'-am-āch-è, meidh, balance.

CRANNDÀIDH, krannd'-è, *a. excessively cold and withering, as weather in the spring of the year*.

CRANNDÀIDHEACHD, krannd'-é-achg, *n. f. cold withering weather, the withering blast*.

CRANN-DEALBH, krann'-dya'-uv, *n. m. weaver's warp, or warping machine*.

CRANNTACHAN, krann'-tach-an, *n. m. churn-stick*.

CRANN-TARA, krann'-tar-a, *n. m. a beam of gathering, as a signal for battle*.

CRANNTARRUNN, krann'-tarr-unn, *n. f. a tree-nail, or the wooden pegs in ship-building*.

CRANNTARSUINN, krann'-tars-ènn, *n. m. diameter*.

CRANN-TOISICH, krann-tùsh'-èch, *n. m. fore-mast*.

CRAOBH, krāov, *n. f. a tree*; globules or bells on whisky, or any other liquid; *v. spread, gush out and ramify at the same time*; 'fhuil a' *craobhadh* na thalamh, *his blood gushing and ramifying*; propagate, shoot forth.

CRAOBHACH, krāov'-ach, *a. full of trees*; in ramifying gushes, as blood; 'fhuil *craobhach*, *his streaming blood*.

- CRAOBHAIDH, krāov'-é, *a.* tender, nervous. *N.*
- CRAOBHARNACH, krāov'-arn-ach, *a* shrubbery, a hedge of thorn, whins, &c.
- CRAOBH-EALP, kraov'-éalp, *v.* ingraft, graft.
- CRAOBH-MALPAIRE, krāov'-yap-ar á, *n. m.* an ingrafter, fear ealpaidh chraobh.
- CRAOBH-SGAOIL, kraov'-skāoél, *v.* branch, ramify, spread, propagate.
- CRAOBH-SGAOILEADH, krāov'-skāoél-a², *n. m.* propagation; *pf.* publishing, spreading.
- CRAOS, krāos, *n. m.* an enormous mouth.
- CRAOSACH, krāos'-ach, *a.* wide mouthed; voracious; *n. f.* a wide-mouthed female.
- CAOSAIRE, krāos'-ar'-á, *n. m.* wide-mouthed fellow.
- CRAOSNACH, kraos'-nnach, *n. f.* particular kind of spear, (sleagh.) *Dr. Smith.*
- CRASGACH, krāsg'-ach, *a.* crawling or walking, as a person feeling torturing pain; branching, as stamped cloth.
- CRASGAOIL, krā'-sgāoél, *v.* spread hands and feet, as a person feeling torturing pain; *n. f.* sprawling, crawling; torture.
- CRATH, krahā, *v.* shake, agitate; *crath* do cheann, *shake your head*; tremble, quiver, brandish, flourish; *chrath* e a bhata, *he flourished his staff*; coinnealaich; *v. n.* besprinkle, sprinkle, wave; *crath* uisge air, *besprinkle it with water*; wave; *crath* ris, *wave to him*; a *crathadh*, shaking, brandishing, waving.
- CRE, krā, *n. m.* the body; keel. *M. L.*
- CREABHAICHEAN, krév'-échg-ān', *n. m.* a bandy.
- CREACH, krech, *v.* harrow a nest, rob birds of their young; despoil, plunder, rob, ruin, pillage; *chreach* thu mi, *you have ruined me*; *n. f.* pillage, spoil, plunder, ruination, devastation; *mo chreach*, *mo chreach*, *my complete ruination!* alas! and alas!
- CREACHADAIR, krech'-a-dār, *n. m.* despoiler, pillager, freebooter, depredator, robber.
- CREACHAN, krech'-an, *n. m.* a large, ribbed cockle, a drinking shell; far an nall an t-slige *chreachain*, *hand over the drinking shell.*
- CREADH, kré, *n. f.* clay, (No. crēā); plaster with clay; bedaub.
- CREAGACH, krāgg'-ach, *a.* rocky, craggy, rough, cliffy; from creig; *gen. creige.*
- CREAGAO, krāgg'-āg, *n. f.* sea perch; *creagag* uisge, *a water perch*; never conger.
- CREAMH, krév, *n. m.* garlick, leeks.
- CREAN, krén', *v. n.* suffer for; *cò a chrean-as air sin*, *who shall suffer for that?*
- creante*, dearly bought or suffered for. *Isles.*
- CREANAICH, krén'-éach, *v.* tremble, shiver, start, feel a tremour or thrilling.
- CREANGAN, kreng'-an, *n. m.* a deep wound.
- CREAPAL, krēmp'-all, hinder. *H. S.*
- CREATHALL, krā²'-all, *n. f.* a cradle.
- CREATRACH, krā²'-rach, *n. f.* wilderness, fásach.
- CREIC, krāéchg², *v.* sell, dispose of; trade.
- CREID, krāojj, *v.* believe, rely; be convinced.
- CREIDEACH, krāojj'-ach, *n. m.* a believer.
- CREIDEADH, krāojj'-aō-gh', *n. m.* faith, belief, persuasion, religious tenets, *Argyle*; in Ireland, creideamh.
- CREIDEAS, krāojj'-as, *n. m.* credit, esteem.
- CREIDEASACH, krāojj'-as-ach, *a.* respectable; responsible, creditable; in good repute, credible.
- CREINTE, kraojj'-tyā, *pf.* believed; confirmed.
- CREIG, krāgg, *n. f.* a rock; taobh na creige, *aside the rock*; a precipice, quarry.
- CRÉIM, krām, *v.* pick, nip, nibble, gnaw.
- CREAMEARTAICH, *n. f.* picking; *pf.* picking.
- CREIS, krāesh, *v.* grease; *n. f.* grease.
- CREITHIRE, for Greighire, a gnat; from greigh, uncommon heat of the sun.
- CREOTH, kryò *n.* hurt, wound. *Skye.*
- CREOITHICHE, kryò'-tyèch-á, *n. m.* an invalid or sick person, getting well one day, and worse the next.
- CREOTHAR, kró'-ar, *n. m.* a woodcock. *Irish.*
- CREOHLUINN, król'-llénn, *n. f.* a bier, 20; sickly person. *Is.*
- CREUBH, krāv, *n. m.* body; *v.* dun, (not *English*.)
- CREUBHACH, krāv'-ach, *n. m.* withered wood or branches; fire-wood; dry sticks.
- CREUBHAG, krāv'-ag, *n. f.* a beloved little female.
- CREUCHD, krāchg, *n. m.* wound; *v.* hurt.
- CREUCHDACH, krāchg'-ach, *a.* full of sores, wounded, hurtful, sore distressed.
- CREUCHDAIRE, krāchg'-ur-á, *n. m.* an invalid.
- CREUD, krādd, *int. pron.* how, *Irish*; *n. m.* a creed, belief; *tha barrachd a's chreud* is a phaidir aige, *he knows more than his creed and rosary, he has had intercourse with the devil, he is a wizard.*
- CREUTAIR, krāit'-ār', *n. c.* a creature, a being.
- CRITHAIR, krēā'-ér, *v.* sift, sieve; examine.
- CRITHAR, krēā'-ar, *n. m.* a sieve.

CRIATHRACH, krēār'-äch, *n. f.* marshy ground.

CRIATHRACHAIL, krēār'-rach-all, *a.* marshy.

CRIATHRADH, krēār'-A, *n. m.* the process of sifting; *pl.* sifting; shrugging.

CRIDHE, krīd'-ā, *n. m.* heart; presumption; *dè a' chridhe bh' agad, how dare ye presume!* cha 'n 'eil a chridhe agad, *you dare not*; a chiall mo chridhe, *my dearest dear*; a mhic cridhe, *my dear, Sir!* a n'ic cridhe, *my dear, Madam!* literally, the son and daughter of my heart; f hir mo chridhe, *my dear fellow*; cha 'n 'eil a chridhe neo dh' anam agad, *you dare not for your life*; cha dean cridhe misgeach breug, *the drunken soul tells no lies*; nach ann aige tha an cridhe, *how hardened he is!* bha mi mar mo chridhe airson sin, *I did my utmost for that*; bha e mar a chridhe, *he was very keen for it.*

CRIDHEALAS, krhrē'-al-us, *n. m.* kind or hearty reception, as a host; state of being touched with drink.

CRIDHEIL, krhē'-al, *a.* hearty, kind, cheerful.

CRINBHRIATHRACH, krēn'-vhrēār'-ach, *a.* silly. *MSS.*

CRINE, krē'-nyā, *n. m.* excessive littleness, meanness; also, more or most trifling or diminutive.

CRINLEIN, krēn'-lyēn, *n. m.* small writing-desk. *Ir.*

CRIOCH, krē'ch, *n. f.* boundary, frontier, land-mark; ma na crìochan, *about the borders or boundaries*; end, conclusion, close; cuir crìoch air, *finish it, kill him*; tha 'n lath' a tighion gu crìch, *the day comes to a close*; intention, design.

CRIOCHNACH, krhrē'-nnach, *a.* come to the years of maturity or discretion. *Is.*

CRIOCHNAICH, khrē'-néch, *v.* finish, close; expire, die; chrìochnaich e an ràir, *he expired last night*; conclude.

CRIODHÒAICH, krēdd'-ēch, *v.* pat or stroke affectionately.

CRION, krēm, *v.* nip, pick, nibble.

CRIONAG, krēm'-ag, *n. f.* a very small bit.

CRIONAGAICH, krēm'-ag-ēch, make very small bits; nip, nibble, tease, gall.

CRIONB, krēmb, *v.* nip; make small bits.

CRIONBANTA, krēmb'-ant-ā, *a.* niggardly mean.

CRIONBANTACHD, krēmb'-ant-achg, *n. f.* meanness, niggardliness, want of spirit.

CRIONBAIRE, krēmb'-ār'-a, *n. m.* a miser, churl.

CRION, krēn, *a.* very little or diminutive, very trifling; *v.* wither, fade; chrìon e, *it faded.*

CRIONACH, krēn'-ach, *n. m.* withered branches, fire-wood; eual chrìonaich, *faggot of fire-wood.*

CAIONNA, krēnn'-a, } attentive to the
CRIONNTA, krēnn'-ā, } minutest articles
of gain; wise, prudent.

CRIONNACHD, krēnn'-achg, } wisdom, pru-
CRIONNTACHD, krēnn'-achg, } dence, mi-
nuteness, sagacity.

CRIOFAG, krēpp'-ag, *n. f.* a clew of yarn.

CRIOS, krēss, *n. m.* girdle, belt, strap, zone; the waist; *v.* gird, belt.

CRIOSADAIR, krīd'-ad-ar, *n. m.* belt-maker

CRIOSRAICH, krēss'-rrēch, *v.* gird, bind, swathe.

CRIOSD, krēssdd, *n. m.* Christ, our Saviour.

CRIOSDACHD, krēssdd'-achg, *n. f.* Christianity, Christendom; feadh na Crìosd-achd, *throughout Christendom*; benignity.

CRIOSDAIL, krēssd'-al, *a.* Christian-like.

CRIOSDALACHD, krēssd'-al-achg, *n. f.* a Christian behaviour and disposition.

CRIOSDUIDH, krēssd'-ē, *n. m.* a Christian.

CRIOS-GUAILNE, krēss'-gūāel-nyā, *n. m.* shoulder-belt.

CRIOSLACH, krēss'-llach, *n. m.* a girdle, belt.

CRIOSLAICH, krēss'-llēch, *v.* gird, tighten, bind.

CRIOS-MUINEIL, krēss'-mūēn-al, *n. m.* neck-lace.

CRIOS-NEIMHE, krēss'-nyēv-a, *n. m.* the zodiac.

CRÌOT, krētt, *n. m.* an earthen vessel. *N.*

CRÌOTHACH, krē'-ach, *n. m.* the aspen or trembling poplar.

CRÌOTHNAICH, krē'-nnēch, *v.* tremble.

CRÌOTH-THALMHAINN, krē'-hhal-vēn, *n. f.* an earthquake.

CRÌOTHUNN, krē'-unn, *n. m.* poplar-tree.

CRÌOPLACH, krēup'-lach, *a.* cripple, a decrepid person; *Teut.* cruppall.

CRÌOPLAICH, krēup'-lēch, *v.* cripple.

CRITH, krhē, *v.* tremble, be in a tremour; *n. f.* a tremour, ague; trembling.

CRITH-CHEOL, krhē'-chyól, *n. f.* quavering.

CRITH-CHEIDEADH, krhē'-chraōjj-ā, *n. m.* & *f.* Quakerism; crith-cheideach, a Quaker.

CRITH-EANACH, krhē'-an-ach, *a.* tremulous, trembling; am fiabhruis crith-eanach, *the ague.*

CRITH-REOTHADH. See Liathnach, hoar-frost.

CRO, krō, *n. m.* a fold; crò-chaorach, *a sheep-fold*; a hut; the eye of a needle.

CROC, krōchg, *n. p.* antlers of deer; *v.* pound. *N.*

CROCACH, krōchg'-ach, *a.* antlered; *n. f.* an antlered machine, to keep calves from sucking.

CROCH, krōch, *n. m.* saffron red, dearg.

CROCH, kröch, *v.* hang, suspend; depend; *chroch iad e, they hanged him; croch an eòta, suspend the coat; an crochadh ris, depending on it.*

CROCHADAIR, kröch-a-där, *n. m.* a hang-man.

CROCHAIRE, kröch-är'-ä, a villain, rogue. CRODH, krö'-gh, *n. p.* black cattle, kine; in Perthshire, plural of bò, cows, ba.

CRODHA, krö'-ä, *a.* valiant, gaisgeil.

CRODHAN, krö'-an, *n. m.* parted hoof.

CROG, krögg, *n. f.* a large hand; a paw.

CROGACH, krög'-ach, *a.* having large hands or paws; *n. f.* a female having large hands.

CROGAIN, krögg'-äj, *n. f.* a beast having small horns.

CROGAIR, krög'-ër, *v.* handle awkwardly; bungle.

CROGAIRE, krög'-är'-ä, *n. m.* a man having large hands; a bungler.

CROGAISICH, krög'-ar-söch, *n. f.* rough handling; bungling, spoiling.

CROGAN, krög'-an, *n. m.* a little dish.

CROGAN, krög'-an, *n. f.* a little horn.

CROIC, kröéchg, *n. f.* difficulty, hardships, a hard task; *cha chröic sin air, that is no task to him; foam, froth.*

CROICH, kroych, *n. f.* a gibbet, gallows, cross.

CROID, krojj, *n. m.* a handsome present.

CROIDH, kröé'-yh', *v.* house corn; pen or fold cattle; a *croidheadh* an arbhair, *housing the corn; (in Harris,) a' dluithheadh an arbhair; a 'croidheadh nan caorach, penning or folding the sheep.*

CROIDHFHIÖNN, kröe'-yh''eunn, *a.* white-hoofed.

CROIDHLEON, kröé'-yh'-llyon, *n. m.* a ring or circle of children; game of touch.

CROINN, kräöen, *n. p.* masts; ploughs, &c.

CROINNACH, kräöenn-ach, *n. f.* gibbe, or old worn-out animal.

CROIS, krösh, *n. f.* a yarn reel; a misfortune, a mishap; *v.* reel or wind yarn.

CROISGILEID, krojsh'-gél-äj, child's head-dress. *N.*

CROISLIN, krosch'-llén, the line that measures a circle across; diameter. *Irish.*

CROIS-TARRA, krösh-tär'-ä, *n. m.* a signal of defiance, before commencing battle.

CROIT, kröët', *n. f.* a hunch-back; eminence.

CROIT, kraöët', *n. f.* a croft, a pendicle of land.

CROITEAR, kraöët'-är', *n. m.* crofter.

CRO-LEARA, krö-leb'-ä, *n. f.* a bier to carry a wounded person.

CROM, kröm, *v.* bend, stoop, decline; descend, bow; *tha a' ghrian a' cromadh, the sun descends; crom do chean, bend or*

bow your head; a. bent, crooked, sloping, curved, not straight; n. m. a circle. Ossian.

CROMADH, kröm'-ä, *n. m.* roof; *fo chromadh an tighe, under the roof of the house; pt. bending, stooping, bowing.*

CROMAG, kröm'-ag, *n. f.* a peg or catch, a tache, a hook to hang on.

CROM-AISINN, kröm'-ash-ënn, *n. f.* little rib.

CROMAN, kröm'-an, *n. m.* a hawk; kite; the *S* of a plough; hip-bone; hoe; *crom an donais, a bungler, dolt.*

CROM-NAN-GAD, kröm'-na-gad'd, *n. m.* a sort of lazy plough.

CROM-LEAC, kröm'-llechg, *n. f.* a druidical altar; flag supported by three pillars.

CRON, krön, *n. m.* fault, defect, harm, blame, imputation of wrong.

CRONAICH, krön'-éch, *v.* hurt with an evil eye; reprove, chide, check, reprimand; *chronaich e mi, he reprimanded me.*

CRONAIL, krön'-al, *a.* offensive, hurtful.

CRONALACH, krön'-al-achg, *n. f.* offensiveness, hurtfulness; perniciousness.

CRONAN, krön'-an, *n. m.* purling of a streamlet; purring of a cat; murmuring noise.

CRONANACH, krön'-an-ach, *a.* purring, purling.

CRONANAICH, krön'-an-éch, *n. f.* a continued slow, gurgling, humming, buzzing, purring sound; a dirge; a bass.

CRON-SEANACHAIS, krön'-shen-ach-ësb, *n. m.* anachronism.

CROS, kross, *v.* forbid, go across; *air a' chrosadh, forbidden, set round.*

CROSAG, kross'-ag, *n. f.* frame of a fishing-line.

CROSANACH, kross'-an-ach, *a.* perverse.

CROSANACHD, kross'-än-ächg, *n. f.* bickering, picking a quarrel, as children.

CROSDA, krossd'-a, *a.* perverse, fretful; froward, peevish, ill-natured, cankering.

CROSDACHG, krosd'-ächd, *n. f.* fretfulness, perverseness, ill-nature.

CROSGACH, krosg'-ach, *a.* traverse, across, diagonal, put cross-ways.

CRUACH, krüäch, *n. f.* a stack of hay or peats; heap above the brim of a vessel; pile or heap; *v.* pile, heap; *'ga chruachadh, heaping it, making into stacks.*

CRUACHAN, krüäch'-an, *n. m.* the hip; *os ceann a' chruachain, above the hip; a conical hill; a bill in Argyle.*

CRUADAL, krüäd'-d'-al, *n. f.* hardship, distress, difficulty; hardihood; never virtue.

CRUADALACH, kruad'-d'-al-ach, *a.* hardy, capable of enduring hardship or pain; *duiue cruadalach, a hardy, energetic*

person, distressing, moving, nì cruadalach, a distressing thing.
 CRUADALACH, kräü'd'-all-achg, *n. f.* hardship, hardihood; endurance, bravery.
 CRUADHACH, kräü'-ach, *gen.* steel.
 CRUADHAICH, krau'-éch, *v.* harden, dry; *a' cruadhachadh, hardening, drying.*
 CRUADHAS, krau'-as, *n. m.* hardness, rigour.
 CRUADHLACH, krüäl'-äch, *n. m.* hard bottom; (boglach, soft bottom); rocky place. *H. S.*
 CRUAIDH, krüäé'-yh', *a.* hard, firm; *àite cruaidh, a hard or firm place*; distressing, woeful, painful; *nì cruaidh, a distressing thing*; scarce, hard; *bladhna chruaidh, a scarce year*; narrow-minded, niggardly, parsimonious; *duine cruaidh, a niggardly, parsimonious, or narrow-minded person.*
 CUAIDH, krüäé'-yh', *n. f.* steel, anchor; *cruaidh agus dearg, steel and fire, straw and fire used to light a torch. M. L.*
 CRUAIDH-GHLEACHD, kruäé'-yh-ghlechg', *n. f.* agony.
 CRUAS, krüäs, *n. m.* hardness; niggardliness; hardship; difficulty. *Cont. of Cruathas.*
 CRUB, krüb, *v.* crouch, cringe, squat, sit; *n. f.* a lame foot; nave; part of a mill; a halt.
 CRUBACH, krüb'-äch, *a.* lame of a leg.
 CRUBAICHE, krüb'-éch-ä, *n. f.* lameness; a halt.
 CRUBAN, krüb'-an, *n. m.* a crab-fish; cringing or crouching attitude.
 CRUDHA, krü'-a, *n. f.* horse-shoe, hoof.
 CRUIDH, krüé'-yh', *v.* shoe, as a horse or wheel of a cart, coach, &c.
 CRUIDHTE, krüé'-yh'-tya, *pt.* shod as a horse.
 CRUIME, krüém'-ä, *n. f.* a bend, curvation, crookedness; more or most bent.
 CRUIMEAL, krüém'-al, *n. c.* a tall bent person.
 CRUINN, krüënn, *n. m.* a circle; *a.* round, globular, circular, rotund; *maide cruinn, a round stick*; *tha'n saoghal cruinn, the world is globular*; assembled, collected, gathered, as people; *tha'n pobull cruinn, the people are assembled*; scant, somewhat scant or short; *tha'm bàrr gu math cruinn, the crop is somewhat scant or short.*
 CRUINNE, krüënn'-nyä, *n. m.* roundness, rotundity, circularity; the globe, the world; *gu crìch na cruinne, to the ends of the earth*; *cha' n' eil do leithid 'sa chruinne, your match is not on the face of the globe.*
 CRUINNE-CR, krun-nyä-kä, *n. m.* the globe, the world, the universe.
 CRUINNEACHADH, krüënn'-nyäch-ä, *n. m.*

an assembly, a gathering; *pt.* gathering, collecting, adding.
 CRUINNEACHD, krüënn'-nyachg, *n. m.* wheat.
 CRUINNEADAIR, krüënn'-ä-däir, *n. m.* a geometrician, fear tohmhais a chruinne.
 CRUINNEADAIREACHD, krüënn'-ä-där'-achg, *n. f.* geometry, spherics, geography.
 CRUINNEAG, krüënn'-nyäg, *n. f.* a neat, tidy female.
 CRUINNEAN, krüënn'-nyan, *n. m.* all the fingers put together; the quantity the fingers can hold.
 CRUINNEALAS, krunn'-äl-äs, *n. m.* tidiness, economy.
 CRUINNEIL, krüënn'-al, *a.* tidy, economical.
 CRUINNICH, krüënn'-nyèch, *v.* gather, collect; assemble, accumulate, convene draw close, round.
 CRUINNICHTE, krüënn'-éch-tyä, *pt.* collected.
 CRUINNIRE, krüënn'-är-ä, *n. m.* a turner. *H.*
 CRUINNLEUM, krüënn'-lyäm, *n. m.* a bound.
 CRUINTE, krüd'-tyä, *pt.* crowned, finished.
 CRUISGEAN, krüèshg'-an', *n. m.* a lamp.
 CRUISLE, krüèsh'-llä, *n. m.* a mausoleum. *Sm.*
 CRUIT, krüët, *n. f.* a harp; hunch-back, a cringing attitude; *cruit chiuil, musical instrument.*
 CRUITIRE, krüit'-ër-ä, *n. m.* a hunch-backed person; a harper, musician.
 CRUITHEAR, krüé'-ar, *n. m.* a creator.
 CRUITHNEACH, krüënn'-ach, *n. m.* a Pict.
 CRUITHEACHD, krüé'-achg, *n. m.* the universe, the exact figure, the identity of a person.
 CRUN, krün, *n. m.* a crown, five shillings, crown of the head; a garland of flowers.
 CRUNADH, krün'-ä, *n. m.* coronation; *crünadh an rìgh, coronation of the king. pt. crowning.*
 CRUN-EASPEIG, krün'-äs'-pèg, *n. m.* a mitre.
 CRUNLUADH, krün'-lūä, *n. m.* a quick measure in highland music, a seal.
 CRUP, krüp, *v.* contract, shrink.
 CRUPADH, krüp'-ä, *n. m.* contraction; *pt.* contracting; *crupadh-feithe, a spasm.*
 CRUTH, krü, *n. m.* shape, form, appearance, expression of countenance.
 CRUTHACH, krü'-äch, *a.* identical, exactly, like, resembling; *cho chruthach, so identical.*
 CRUTHACHADH, krü'-äch-ä, *n. m.* the creation, the universe; *pt.* creating.
 CRUTHADAIR, kru'-ä-där, *n. m.* a creator.

- CRUTH-ATHARRAICH, krū-ā'-harr-éch, *v.* change shape, transform, transfigure; *cruth-atharrachadh*, transformation, transfiguration; *pl.* transforming.
- CRUTHLACH, kru'-llach, *n. c.* a tall bent person; a ghost, a fairy.
- CU, kù, *n. m.* a dog; dogs, coin; of the dog, a' choin; nan con, *of the dogs*; *cù eunaich*, a pointer or spaniel; *cù luirge*, a blood-hound, a beagle; *cù uisge*, a Newfoundland dog.
- CUACH, kùach, *n. f.* a Norwegian wooden cup; a drinking cup, bowl of a nest; *cuach pharaig*, plantain, a fold, plait; *v.* plait, fold.
- CUACHACH, kùach'-ach, *a.* curled, plaited.
- CUAILEAN, kùāl'-an, *n. m.* a cue, plaited hair.
- CUAILE, kùāl'-lyá, *n. m.* a club, bludgeon.
- CUAIN, kùāen, *n. f.* a litter of pigs, whelps, &c.
- CUAIRSG, kùāershg, *v.* roll, wrap, fold.
- CUAIRSGEACH, kùāershg'-ach, *n. f.* a wrapper.
- CUAIRT, kùāirt, *n. f.* a circuit, a round, a circle, a circumference; *luchd faire air chuairtibh*, watchmen on their rounds; a *cheud chuairt*, the first round; pilgrimage, sojourn; *cha 'n 'eil annainn ach luchd cuairt air thalamh*, we are only sojourners on the earth; *fear-cuairt*, sojourner, a pilgrim; a trip, a tour, an excursion; *chaidh sinn air chuairt do'n ghalltach*, we went on an excursion to the Low Country; circumlocution, *cainnt gu'n chuairt*, language without circumlocution; (MacL.) circulation; *cuairt na fola*, the circulation of the blood; *theirig ma'n cuairt*, go round, get round about; *ma'n cuairt do dheich bliadhna*, about ten years; (*has an ob-scene meaning in song-books*).
- CUAIRTEACH, kuærjt'-ach, *a.* surrounding; circumambient, circuitous, circulating.
- CUAITEAR, kùāert'-ār, *n. m.* a tourist, a sojourner, a pilgrim.
- CUAIRTICH, kùāerjt'-éch, *cuartaich*.
- CUAIRT-GHAOITH, whirlwind. (bad, bad).
- CUAIRTLINN, kùāerjt'-llyen, *n. f.* a whirlpool.
- CUAIRT-RADH, kùāerjt'-rrá, *n. f.* circumlocution.
- CUAL, kùāl, *n. m.* a faggot, *cual chonaidh*, a faggot of fire-wood.
- CUALA, kùāl'-á, part of cluinn; an *cuala thu*, heard you!
- CUALAG, kùāl'-ag, *n. f.* a hard task, a burden; *cha chualag sin air*, that is no task to him; burden.
- CUALLACH, kùāl'-ach, *n. f.* herding; agus e a' cuallach na spreidhe, and he tending or herding the cattle—a corporation, society; family. *H. S.*
- CUAN, kùān, *n. m.* an ocean; an *cuán-t-siar-siar*, the Atlantic Ocean, or Western Ocean; an *cuán deas*, the Southern Ocean; an *cuán-sèimh*, Pacific Ocean; an *cuán tuath*, the Northern Ocean.
- CUANAL, kùān'-al, a social band; a group of children living on the best of terms; a choir.
- CUANNA, kùānn'-a, *a.* snug, comfortable.
- CUANTAICHE, kùān'-ttéch-ā, *n. m.* a rover.
- CUABAN, kuar'-an, *n. m.* a sandal, a bandage on a wounded finger, &c.
- CUARSGAG, kuarsk'-ag, an eddy; a curl.
- CUARTAG, kùārt'-ag, *n. f.* an eddy, curl.
- CUARTAICH, kuart'-éch, *v.* surround, enclose, encompass, environ, go about, circumnavigate, circumsolve; a *cuartachadh*, surrounding, encircling, &c.
- CUA, kùb, *v.* feel the utmost torment of mind; coop, cringe.
- CUAA, kùb'-ā, a bed; *cuba-chuill*, bedroom. *N. H.*
- CUBAID, kùb'-āj. *n. f.* a precentor's desk—in the North, a pulpit, Crannag.
- CUBAIR, kùb'-ar', *n. m.* a cooper.
- CUBHAG, kù'-ag, *n. f.* a cuckoo, guthag.
- CUBHAIDH, kù'-é, *a.* hereditary, having a just claim to; *cha bu chubhaidh dhuit*, you have no family right to it; *tha thu mar bu chubhaidh dhuit*, you are just as one would expect from the offspring of such parents; decent, fit, befitting; *mar bu chubhaidh do mhnàthan pòsda*, as befitting married women. (Bible).
- CUBHAIDH, kù'-rre, *a.* fragrant; *faile cubhraidh do 't'anail*, a fragrant flavour of thy breath; giving a pleasant smell.
- CUBHRAIDHEACHD, kù'-rè-échg, *n. f.* fragrance.
- CUCHAILTE, kùch'-ajlte, *n. m.* residence.
- CUCHAIR, kùch'-ér, a hunter, sealgair.
- CUDAINN, kùd'-ènn, *n. f.* sprat of coal-fish six months old; a tub.
- CUDTHRON, kùd'-hròm, *n. m.* weight, heaviness, importance.
- CUDTHROMACH, kùd'-huòm-éch, *a.* weighty, important, momentous; 's ann a tha sin gnothach cudthromach, that is a momentous affair.
- CUDTHROMACHD, kùd'-hròm-achg, *n. m.* weighing.
- CUIBH, kùēv², *a.* muzzle-bar or splinter; *cuibh-mhòr*, one for four horses; *geatracuibh*, one for two horses; (Islay, Lochaber, Cowal—Mainland of Argyre), Amall.
- CUIBHEAS, kwees, *n. m.* moderation; *cha 'n eil sin na chuibheas*, that is beyond all bounds, all moderation; *cha 'n eil thu*

ad *chuibheas*, you are not easily dealt with; (more expressive,) *ye'r nae canny*.
CUIBHEASACH, *kwees'-ach*, *a.* easily dealt with.

CUIBHREACH, *küer'-ryach*, *n. m.* bondage, trammels; harness of a plough horse; from *cuibh*.

CUIBHRICH, *küev'-rêch*, *v.* trammel, entangle, put in bonds or irons; discom- mode.

It is proper to note here, that every word ending *ich* and *inn*, is pronounced, in many parts of the Highlands, *ig*; even on the continent of Argyle, *inn* and *ann* are half murdered *ing* and *ang*, which when contracted, is *ag* and *ig*; the Islanders of Argyle, however, never mangle or murder a single Gaelic word.

CUIBHAIIONN, *küev'-runn*, *n. f.* a lot of land; a portion, share; allotment, (from *cuibh* and *roinn*).

CUID, *küj'*, *n. c.* part, portion; property, share; 'se so mo *chuidse*, this is mine; this is my property; a' *chuid* a' 's mò, the greater part, the majority, the generality; *cuid* do chroinn, your chance, your lot; mò *chuidse* dheth, my part of it; *cuid* oidhche, a night's entertainment, night's lodging; *cuid* an tràth, what serves for a meal of meat; mò *chuid* do'n t-saoghall, my all, my part and portion; *gen.* codach; air son mo chodachsa, for my part of it; *cuid* duine chloinne, the share of one of a family; cha d' thoir muir na monadh a' *chuid* o dhuine sona, dangers by sea or land cannot deprive a fortunate man of his lot; used for his, her: a *chuid* mac, his sons; a *cuid* mac, her sons; used as an *indef. pro.* *cuid* do na daoine, some of the men; a' *chuid* eile, the rest;—*privates*.

CUIDEACHADH, *küj'-ach-à*, *n. m.* assistance, aid, succour, help; *pt.* assisting, aiding, succouring, relieving.

CUIDEACHD, *küj'-achg*, *n. f.* company, society; am *chuideachd*, in my company or society; intercourse; a company, a society; *cuideachd* shaighdearan, a company of soldiers.—CUIDE-RI, a bawdy word.

CUIDEACHD, *küj'-achg*, *conj.* also, likewise; thàinig esan *cuideachd*, he came also; *adv.* in company, accompanying; *cuideachd* rium, along with me.

CUIDEACHDAIL, *küj'-achg-al*, *a.* social.

CUIDEALAS, *küj'-äl-äs*, *n. m.* conceitedness.

CUIDEIL, *küj'-al*, *a.* conceited, *prim*.

CUIDHEAL, *küë'-gh'al*, *n. f.* a wheel, coil.

CUIDHILL, *küëll*, *v.* wheel, lash lustily; coil, roll, make a coil.

CUIDHTE, *küë'-tya*, *a.* quits, rid of.

CUIDHTICH, *küë'-tyèch*, *v.* quit, abandon.

CUIDHTICHTE, *küë'-tyèch-tya*, *pt.* forsaken, quit of.

CUIDICH, *küj'-èch*, *v.* assist, aid, help, succour; *cuidichte*, helped, assisted, aided.

CUIDREACH, *küj'-rojach*, *a.* in partnership.

CUIFEIN, *küëff'-an'*, *n. m.* wad of a gun.

CUIG, *còig*, murdered hollow.

CUIGEAL, *küëg'-al*, *a.* distaff; *cuigeal* is *feairsid*, *distaff* and *spindle*; *cuigeal* nan logan, neo nam ban sith, the herb, reed-mace.

CUIL, *kü'l*, *n. f.* a corner, a nook, niche.

CUILBHEART, *kü'l'-a-vhyart*, *n. f.* wile, deceit.

CUILBHEARTACH, *kü'l'-a-vhyart-ach*, *a.* wily.

CUILBHEARTACHD, *ku'l'-a-vhyart-achg*, *n. f.* wiliness.

CUILBHEIR, *kü'l'-e-vär*, *n. f.* a gun, fowling piece.

CUILC, *küleg*, *n. f.* reed, cane.

CUILCEARNACH, *küleg'-ar-nach*, *n. f.* a place overgrown with reed or bulrushes.

CUILE, *kü'l'-a*, *n. f.* a store-room. *N.*

CUILEACHAN, *ku'l'-ach-an*, basket. *North.*

CUILEAG, *ku'l'-ag*, *n. f.* a fly.

CUILEAN, *ku'l'-an'*, *n. m.* whelp, cub, pup, used by some blockheads for MY DEAR.

CUILTHINN, *ku'l'-ènn*, *a.* handsome. *Ir.*

CUILGEAN, *küleg'-an*, *n. m.* particle of awn.

CUILGEANACH, *küleg'-an-ach*, *a.* prickly.

CUILIDH, *ku'l'-è*, and *èch*, *n. f.* a press, a lockfast place; cellar; cha bhle an àird na 'n lseal, nach faic sùil an llich; is cha bhle an cùil na 'n cuilidh, nach faic sùil a' Mhuilich; there cannot be any thing in the sky or earth, but the Ilay men's eye can behold; nor can any thing in a corner or lockfast place, escape the eye of a Mullman—Ullumh Ileach.

CUILIONN, *ku'l'-unn*, *n. m.* holly; craobh chuillinn, a holly-tree; cuillionn mara, sea-holly; some places—tragha.

CUILLIDH, *külyl'-è*, *n. m.* a horse; cuir an cuillidh 'san f hèin, yoke the horse in the cart, Strathtay.

Dr. Armstrong, an excellent, if not the best of judges, says the people of this district speak the purest Gaelic; Feun, used in Scripture for cart, is not used so (excepting Arran) in Argyle.

CUILTEACH, *külyl'-tyach*, *a.* dark, dismal, full of ugly nooks; *n. f.* a skulking female; in *Irish*, a bed, a bakehouse, and a Culdee.

CUILTEAB, *külyl'-tyar*, *n. m.* smuggler,

- skulker, *cuiltearachd*, skulking, smug-
gling.
- CUIME, kùém'-á, *inf. pro. of whom? a-*
bout whom? respecting whom? about
what?
- CUIMHNE, kùév²n'-ná, *n. f. memory, re-*
collection, remembrance; an cuimhne
leat, do you recollect? is cuimhne leam,
I distinctly recollect; chachuimhne leam,
I do not recollect; ma's cuimhne leat,
if you recollect; ma's math mo chuimhne,
if I recollect aright; a rèir cuimhne
dhomhsa, to the best of my recollec-
tion; cum ad chuimhne, keep in remem-
brance.
- CUIMHNEACH, kùév²n'-ach', *a. mindful.*
- CUIMHNEACHAIL, kùév²n'-ach-al, *a. keep-*
ing in mind; cò e an duine gu 'm bith-
eadh tusa cuimhneachail air, what is
man that thou shouldst be mindful of
him?
- CUIMHNEACHAN, kùév²n'-ach-an, *n. m. a*
memorial; token of respect or grati-
tude.
- CUIMNICH, kùév²n'-éch, *v. n. remember,*
bear in mind, recollect, be mindful.
- CUIMNICHE, kùév²n'-éch-á, *n. m. a re-*
membrancer, a recorder, a chronicler.
- CUIMIA, kùém'-ér', *a. tidy, trim, neat, as*
a female; equally filling, exactly of the
same size, well proportioned; short, con-
cise.
- CUIMREACHD, kùém'-ér-achg, *n. f. neat-*
ness, symmetry; proportion, same size.
- CUIMRICH, kùém'-ér-éch, *v. size, as slate;*
make of the same size; pare, as shoes.
- CUIMSE, kùémsh'-a, *n. f. moderation; ni*
gun chuimse, a thing without modera-
tion; dean cuimse air siod, aim at that;
sufficiency, enough, the cuimse agamsa,
I have enough or sufficiency.
- CUIMSEACH, kùém'-shach, *a. moderate,*
indifferent, tha e cuimsheach 'na leoir,
he is but very indifferent indeed; be-
fitting, suitable to one's case; is cuim-
seach dhuit sin, it is but proper that
you should be so.
- CUIMSICH, kùém'-shéch, *v. aim, hit; a'*
cuimseachadh air comharra, aiming or
shooting at a mark, or object.
- CUIN, or more properly CUIN, kùén', *adv.*
when? at what time?
- CUING, kùéng, *n. f. the asthma, or short-*
ness of breath; tha e làn cuing, he is
quite asthmatic (N. cuing-analae), ty-
ranny; fa chuing agadsa, under your ty-
rannical sway; bondage.
- CUINGEACH, kuéng'-ach, *asthmatic.*
- CUINOIL, kùéng'-al, *a. tyrannical, arbi-*
trary.
- CUINGE, kùéng'-á, *a. more or most nar-*
row or narrow-minded; n. f. exceeding
narrowness, cuing-fhuail na uisge, a
stranguary.
- CUINGEAD, kùéng'-ad, *n. m. narrowness.*
- CUINGICH, kùéng'-ech, *v. tyrannize,*
straiten.
- CUINN, kùénn', *v. coin.*
- CUINNEADH, kùénn'-a², *a. coin; p. coin-*
ing.
- CUINNEAG, kùénn'-ag', *n. f. water-pitcher;*
in Scotch, a water stoup; in Kintyre, a
churn.
- CUINNEAN, kùénn'-an', *n. m. nostril.*
- CUINNLEAN, kùénn'-lyan', *n. m. stubble.*
- CUINNSEAR, kuénn'-shár, *n. m. a sword.*
- CUINTE, kùénn'-á, *pt. coined.*
- CUIP, kùép, *v. whip, lash; n. f. a whip, a*
stratagem, or trick, deceit.
- CUIR, kùér', *v. sow, snow; tha iad a' cur,*
they are sowing; tha e a' cur is cabhadh,
it is snowing and drifting; put, place,
lay; cuir an sin e, lay or place it there;
send, despatch; cuir fios, send word;
cuir an umhail, cuir an amharus, sus-
pect; cuir amach air, set at variance,
be at variance; cuir feadh a' chéile,
mix; cuir seachad, lay by, hoard; cuir
an céill, declare, profess; cuir air folbh,
send, send away; cuir air aghaidh, send
forward, forward; cuir as da, kill
him; cuir as, extinguish; cuir umad,
put on, dress yourself; cuir dragh air,
put him to inconvenience; molest, trou-
ble; cuiridh mise riut, I can manage or
master you; cha chuir e air, it will not
in the least annoy him; cuir dreang ort,
girn; cò a tha' cur ort, who molests you?
cuir amach leobhar, publish a book; cuir
dàil, delay, prorogue; cuir an suarachas,
slight, make light of; cuir air laidh-
thuige, make the ship lie-to; cuir cam-
par, ruffle, vex; cuir 'sna casan, take to
your heels; cuir am mearachd, put
wrong, misadvise, misdirect; cuir am
fiachaibh, bind one to act in a given
manner; cuir mar fhiachaibh, make
one believe, pretend; cuir alladh air,
libel him; cò a tha' cur ort, who annoys
or accuses you? cuir am mothadh, ren-
der useless, ruin the well being of; cuir
stad air, stop him or it; cuir, invite;
cuir e, invite him; cò a chuir thu, who
invited you?
- CUIA, kùér, *gen. of ear; also pl. twist,*
tumble; na cuir a chuir a dheth, the
tumbles he got.
- CUIACINN, kùérk'-einn, *n. m. head-dress.*
H. S.
- CUIREADH, kùér'-a², *n. m. an invitation;*
thig gun chuireadh, obtrude; thoir
cuireadh dhaibh; invite them.
- CUIREALL, kùér'-al, *n. m. a kind of pack-*
saddle. H.

CUIREID, kŭēr'-āj, *n. m.* a wile, stratagem, as a girl; coquettish conduct.

CUIREIDEACH, kŭēr'-āj-ach, *a.* coquettish, wily; *n. f.* a coquette; a flirt or wily girl.

CUIREIDEACHD, kŭēr'-āj-achg, *n. f.* flirtation.

CUIRM, kŭērm, *n. f.* a feast, banquet.

CUIRMIRE, kŭērm'-ūr-á, *n. m.* an entertainer, a host, or one that gives a feast.

CUIRNEACHADH, kŭērn'-äch-á, *n. m.* an envelope, a cover; *pl.* covering.

CUIRNEAN, kŭērn'-an', *n. m.* the head of a pin, (*Islay*); a dew drop, a heap, *H.*

CUIRNICH, kŭērn'-éch, *v.* cover, envelope.

CUIRP, kŭērp, of a corpse; dead people.

CUIRT, kŭērt, *n. f.* a court, palace, privilege, honour, favour; fhuair e cuirt air, *he has gained favour or privilege*; area, yard; cuirt ma choinneamh an tighe, *an area opposite the house*.

CUIRTE, kŭirtj'-á, *pl.* planted, sowed, set.

CUIRTEALACHD, kŭērt'-ál-achg, *n. f.* courtliness.

CUIRTEAR, kŭērt'-ar, *n. m.* a courtier.

CUIRTEIS, kŭērt'-ash, *n. f.* currying favour, ceremony; gallantry.

CUIRTEISEACH, kŭērt'-ash-ach, *a.* ceremonious.

CUIRTEIL, kŭērt'-al, *a.* courtly; petted.

CUIRTINN, kŭērt'-enn, *n. f.* a curtain.

CUIS, kŭsh, *n. f.* the side which one takes in a game, particularly in playing at golf or cricket; ease, cause, matter, point discussing, or subject of dispute; cha 'n e sin a' chùis, *that is not the case, that is not the matter in dispute, or the subject of discussion, the point at issue*; millidh tu chùis, *you will spoil the business, affair or matter*; bithidh, e air cùis na còrach, *he will support the cause of right or humanity*; cùis a h-aislinn, *the subject of her dream, Sg.*; fate; bu chùis dhomh anart is uaigh, *my fate would be the winding-sheet and the grave*; cuis-dhlitidh, *ground of condemnation*; cuis ghearrain, *ground of complaint*; cuis fharmaid, *an object of envy, an enviable object*.

CUISIRE, kŭsh-ur'-á, *n. m.* a client, one that employs a lawyer, casuist.

CUISEACH, kŭsh'-ach, *n. m.* rye-grass.

CUISEAG, kŭsh'-ag, *n. f.* a stalk of rye-grass.

CUISLE, kŭsh'-lá, *n. f.* a vein, a layer of ore, as in a mine; an artery; rapid stream or current in the sea.

CUISLEACH, kŭsh'-lach, *n. f.* a lancet, lance.

CUISLEANACH, kŭsh'-lyan-ach, an Irish piper.

CUISNICH, kŭsh'-nèch, *v.* freeze, reodh. *Ir.*

CUITH, kŭē, *n. m.* a wreath of snow; pit.

CUL, kŭll, *n. m.* the back of any thing; hair of the head; cùl buidh dualach, *yellow curled hair*; air do chùl, *behind you*; bithidh mise air do chùl, *I will be behind you, i. e. ready to support you*; gu cùl, *thoroughly, completely*; is tu an cù gad chùl, *you are a dog every inch of you*; cuir cùl ris, *reject him*, cuir cùl rithe, *reject her*; cùl ri cùl, *back to back*.

CULACH, kŭl'-ach, *a.* fat, plump, *N.*

CULAG, kŭl'-ag, *n. f.* grinder or back tooth, a peat.

CULAI DH, kŭll'-è, *n. f.* materials, apparatus; na biodh a' chulaidh agam, *were I to have the materials*; condition; clothes, (*Bible*); subject, object; culaidh magaidh, *an object, or subject of merriment*; culaidh bhùird, *a butt*.

CULARAN, kŭl'-ar-an, *n. m.* a cucumber. *Shaw.*

CUL-CHAIN, kŭl'-chàen', *v.* backbite, detract, slander; cùl-chàineadh, *detractation, calumny*.

CUL-CHUIDEACHD, kŭll'-chŭjj'-achg, *n. m.* rearguard, reserve, company to assist.

CULLACH, kŭll'-ach, *n. m.* a boar, *I.*; a polecat (*Mull*); a stirk, eunuch. *S. D.*

CULLAICH, kŭll'-ech, *v.* line, as a boar.

CUL-SGRIORN, kŭll'-skrèv, *v.* direct, address, as a letter; cùl-sgrìobhte, *addressed or directed*; cùl-sgrìobhadh, *direction*.

CUL-SHLEAMHNAICH, kŭl'-hlev'-nèch, *v.* backslide, apostatize.

CUL-TAIC, kŭll'-tāechg', *n. m.* support, prop, a patron; patronage, support.

CULTHAOBH, kŭll'-hāov, *n. m.* back, back parts; prep. behind; culthaobh an tighe, *behind the house*; culthaobh is beulthaobh, *back and front, front and back part*.

CUL-THARRUINN, kŭll'-hārr'-enn, *n. f.* a sly insinuation, *I.*; retraction. *H.*

CUM, kŭm, *v. n.* keep, hold; cum so, *hold or keep this*; contain, as a dish; cumaidh an soitheach so e, *this dish will contain it*; withhold; cum uaith a thurasdal, *withhold his wages*; refrain; cum o 'n òl, *refrain from drinking*; cum air do laimh, *restrain thy hand*; cum a mach, *hold forth, maintain, contend*; cum ris, *keep up to him, do not yield to him*; celebrate or observe, as holidays; a cumail latha a feill, *celebrating holidays*—shape, frame, on continent of Argyle; but in the Islands, (*CUNN*;) detain, obstruct.

CUMA, kŭm'-á, *n. m.* shape, form, figure, pattern, more properly *cunna*.

CUMACHDAIL, kŭm'-achd-ál, *a.* well-shaped.

- CUMAIL, kũm'-al, *n. f.* detention, maintenance; keeping; *p.* celebrating.
- CUMAN, kũm'-an, *n. m.* milking pail.
- CUMASG, kũm'-ask, *n. f.* a tumult, ùtaig.
- CUMHA, kũv'-a, *n. m.* an elegy, eulogy or poem in praise of the dead, also an epic poem; mourning, lamentation; *cumha* fir Araís, *the elegy of the Chief of Aros.*
- CUMHACHD, kũv'-achg, *n. m.* power, might, strength, energy, ability, authority, commission, permission, influence.
- CUMHACHDACH, kuv'-achg-ach, *a.* powerful, having great sway or influence; *duine cumhachdach*, *a man of great influence or sway*; mighty, strong, able.
- CUMHACHDAIR, kum'-achg-ár', *n. m.* a commissioner, a delegate, agent.
- CUMHANN, kũv'-unn, *a.* narrow, strait, narrow-minded; contracted; *n.* strait.
- CUMHASAG, kuv'-as-ag, *n. f.* an owl; *cailleach oidheche*, also *chumhachag.*
- CUMHNANT, kũv'-nant, *n. m.* a covenant, a league, bargain, contract; an engagement; compact, agreement; a réir ceannaibh a' *chumhnant*, *agreeable to the terms of engagement*; an *cumhnant* rinn e riutha, *the covenant, contract or compact he made with them.*
- CUMHNANTACH, kũv'-nant-ach, *a.* stingy, unaccommodating; *duine cruaidh cumhnantach*, *a niggardly, stingy fellow.*
- CUMHNANTAICH, kuv'-nant-éch, *v.* covenant.
- CUMHRADH, kũv'-rã, *n. m.* a good bargain.
- CUNG, kũng, *n. f.* a medicine, drug; *droch chungan*, *bad medicine.*
- CUNGAIDH, kũng'-è, *a.* medicine, materials; na biodh a *chungaidh* agam, *if I had the materials*; iogredieots; means.
- CUNGAISICH, kũng'-ash-éch, *v.* subdue, conquer, subjugate, overcome.
- CUNGLACH, kũng'-lach, *n. m.* narrow place or range, a narrow defile.
- CUNN, kũnn, *v.* shape, frame, count; *cunn* an còta, *shape the coat.*
- CUNNA, kunn'-a, *n. f.* shape, form, figure; construction. *Islands.*
- CUNNABHALLACH, kunn'-a-vhall-ach, *a.* well shaped, well formed, well proportioned, as a person; affording means of support.
- CUNNABHALLACHD, kunn'-a-vhall-achg, *n. f.* proportion of limbs; handsomeness.
- CUNNABACH, kunn'-ar-ach, *n. m.* cheap bargain; (has an obscene meaning).
- CUNNART, kunn'-art, *n. m.* danger, risk, jeopardy; *cuir an cunnart*, *risk, endanger, take chance.*
- CUNNARTACH, kunn'-art-ach, *a.* dangerous.
- CUNNRADH, kunn'-rã, *n. m.* cheap bargain.
- CUNNT, kunn't, *v.* count, enumerate.
- CUNNTAIR, kunn't-ér, *n. m.* counter, an arithmetician; enumerator, accountant.
- CUNNTAS, kunn't-as, *n. m.* number, arithmetic; tha e *cunntas*, *he is working at arithmetic*; an account; paidh do *chunntas*, *pay your account*; a' *cunntas*, *settling, numbering.*
- CUNNAIL, kunn'-al, *n. f.* an objection.
- CUP, an English eup, cop, copan.
- CUPLAICH, kũp'-lèch, *v.* couple, &c.
- CUPULL, kũp'-ull, *n. f.* a pair.
- CUR, kũr, *n. m.* sowing; an a *chuir*, *seedtime*; a fall of snow; *cur* is cabhadh, *a fall of snow and drift*; pl. *snowing, sowing*; tha e a' *cur*, *he is sowing, &c.*
- CURA, kũr'-a, *n. m.* a protector, a guardian; protection, guardianship; bithidh e 'na *chùra orra*, *he will be a protector to them*, (Latin *cura*, care).
- CURACH, kũr'-ach, *n. f.* a canoe, coracle.
- CURACHD, kũr'-achg, *n. f.* the quantity sown, or to be sown, seminary.
- CURAOAIR, kũr'-dair, *n. m.* curator.
- CURAIIDH, kũr'-è, *n. m.* a hero, champion.
- CURAINN, kũr'-enn, *n. f.* plaiding, (felt).
- CURNAICH, kũrn'-ech, *v.* cover, envelope.
- CURAM, kũr'-am, care, anxiety, charge, responsibility; air mo *chùramsa*, *under my charge*; na biodh *curam ort*, *never you mind*; is beag mo *chùram*, *air a shon sin*, *I feel no uneasiness on that score*; bithidh iad fo *chùram*, *they will feel anxiety or anxious.*
- CURAMACH, kũr'-am-ach, *a.* careful, solicitous, anxious; attentive.
- CURANTA, kũr'-ant-a, bold, heroic.
- CURANTACHD, kũr'-ant-achg, *n. f.* bravery.
- CURR, kũrr, *n. m.* corner, site, pit. *H. S.*
- CURRACHD, kurr'-achg, *n. m.* women's cap or head-dress; *curraichdean*, *caps, &c.*; *currachd* na cubhaig, *hare-bell, blue-bottle.*
- CURRACHDAG, kurr'-achg-ag, *n. f.* peat-heap.
- CURRAN, kurr'-an, *n. m.* a carrot; *currain bhuidh* is *currain ghealla*; *carrots and parsnips*; *horse panniers for corn, &c.*
- CURRACAG, kurr'-achg-ag, *n. m.* lapwing or pee-wee, sagharcan.
- CURSA, kũr'-sa, *n. m.* course; seòl do *chùrsa*, *steer your course*; career, layer; *cursa* ma seach, *layer about.*
- CUS, kũs, *n. m.* enough; superfluity; many. *N.*
- CUSP, kũsp', *n. f.* a kibe, chilblain.
- CUSPACH, kũsp'-ach, *a.* kibed, as a heel.
- CUSPAIR, kusp'-ar', *n. m.* a mark to aim at, an object of any kind.

CUSPAIREACHD, kùsp'-är'-achg, *n. f.* intermeddling, officiousness; aiming, marking.

CUSPAIRICH, kùsp'-är'-èch, *v.* meddle, aim.

CUSPUINN, kùsh'-ènn, *n. f.* custom, tribute, import, tigh-cuspuinn, *Custom-house.*

CUT, kùt, *v.* gut, as fish.

CUTACH, kùt'-ach, *a.* bob-tailed, curtailed, docked; *n. f.* little woman.

CUTAICH, kùt'-èch, *v.* curtail, dock.

CUTAG, kùt'-ag, *n. f.* a short spoon, or tobacco pipe.

CUTAG, kùt'-ag, *n. f.* a circular kiln.

CUTHACH, kù'-ach, *n. m.* hydrophobia.

D

D, d, the fourth letter of the Gaelic alphabet, denominated by the Irish dair, (pronounced ddaóir,) the oak-tree; hence darach, the wood of an oak-tree.

D', for do, thy, or your, used before words beginning with a vowel or fh-; as, *d'* each, *thy horse*; *d'* fhear, *thy husband*, always pronounced, and very often written T'; as, *t'* athair, *f'* fhear, *your father, your husband*; *2d*, *d'* for do, to; *do* chloinn, *to children*; *3d*, sign of pret.

DA, dà, to him; their *dà e*, *give it to him*; their *dhaibh*, *give it to them*; *2d*, *d'a*, for do a; as, *d'a mhathair*, *d'a leanabh*, *to his mother, to his child.*

DA, dà, *adj.* two; *dà bhean*, *two women, two females*; *dà sheachdainn*, *two weeks*; *dà-adhareach*, *two-horned, bicornous*; *dà-cheannach*, *two-headed, bicipitous*; *dà-chorpach*, *bicorporal.*

DABHACH, dàv'-àch, *n. f.* a mashing-tun, or vat; Fingall's mother; a huge lady; urchair an doill m' an *dabhaich*, *a throw, or blow at a venture.*

DABHAN, dàv'-an, *n. m.* pitcher. *Ir.*

DABHAG, dav'-usg, *n. m.* a deer. *H. S.*

DABND, dav'-ud, *n. m.* sauntering.

DABHDAIL, dàv'-ud-ul, *n. m.* and *part.* prowling, sauntering, loitering.

DABHLADHNACH, dàv'-vhléan'-ach, *n. c.* a two year old beast; used of cattle, murdered in some parts—*dò-vhléan'-ach.*

DABHOCH, dàv'-òch, *n. f.* a farm, capable of pasturing three hundred cattle. *Skye.*

DACHA, dàch'-a, more likely, for dòcha.

DACHAIDH, dàch'-è, *n. f.* a home, dwelling place; residence, domicile; *ga dhachaidh fhein*, *to his own home*; *adv.* homewards; a *dol dachaidh*, *going homewards, going home.*

DACHASACH, dà'-chàs-àch, *a.* two-footed; *n. c.* a biped; *gach dàchasach a th'agam*, *every biped I have.*

DAD, dàdd', } any thing, aught, no
DADUM, dàdd'-um, } thing; cha'n 'eil dad
maith air, *it is not worth any thing*; *dè*
th' ort, *what is wrong with you?* cha'n
'eil dad, *nothing is wrong with me*;
dad a's leatsa, *ought of thine.*

DADHAS, dà'-us, *n. m.* a fallow deer.

DAGA, dagg'-à, *n. f.* a pistol; *daga* diollaid, *a holster, a blunderbush.* *Saxon.*

DAIBH, ddìv, to them; their *daibh*, *give them*; near Inverary, *ddi.*

DAIBHAIR, ddìv'-èry', *adj.* adverse, destitute; *daibhir na saibhir gu'n robh mo chor*, *let my fate be either prosperous or adverse*; *n. m.* the common, or worst pasture of a farm; *Innis*, the best pasture.

DAIBHEID, ddév'-aj, *n. m.* self-command, circumspection; *daibheideach*, *self-denying.*

DAIBHREAS, ddìv'-rus, *n. m.* poverty.

DAICHALACHD, dàèch'-all-àchg, *n. f.* plausibility, false appearance.

DAICHEIL, dàèch'-al, *a.* plausible, like a hero, but a coward; is minig a bha an Donas *daicheil*, *the Devil has been found often plausible.*

DAIGHNEACH for dainneach, from dainn, a rampart.

DAIL, dàl, *n. f.* a field—collar *Nasg. H. S.*

DAIL, dà'l, *n. f.* delay; preparation; interval, intermediate space; *thig gun dàil*, *come without delay*; *dàil eadar an dà làmhainn*, *the intermediate space of the couples*; trust, credit; *dàil shè miosan*, *credit for six months*; contact; is eoma leam dol 'na *dàil*, *I don't like to get in contact with him, or to have anything to do with it*; feumaidh sinn rudaiginn an *dàil* an dònaich, *we must have something in preparation for the Sabbath*; cuir *dàil*, *delay, procrastinate*; their *dàil*, *give on trust, or credit.*

DAIL-CHUAICH, dà'l'-chùàèch, *n. f.* an herb.

DAIMH, ddìv², *n. pl.* oxen, bullocks.

DAIMH, dàèv, *n. f.* connexion, affinity, relationship; *dlùth an dàimh*, *nearly connected*; *fada mach an dàimh*, *distantly related*; *dàimhich*, *blood relations.*

DAIMHALACHD, dàèv'-all-ach, *n. f.* relationship, kindred spirit, habits, and disposition.

DAIMHEIL, dàèv'-al, *a.* kindred, fond of relations, affectionate; nearly related.

DAINN, dàènn, *n. f.* a rampart, barrier; hence, dainneach, a fort, fortification; and dannarra, not easily prevailed upon.

DAINGNEACH, dèng'-nyach, } *n. f.* a for-
DAINNEACH, dènn'-ach, } tress, a fort,
castle.

- DAINGEANN, } dàcnn'-unn, *adj.* firm, strong,
DAINNIONN, } unmoveable, tight.
DAINNICH, } dàc'n'-nyèch, *v.* fortify, con-
DAINGNICH, } firm, establish, tighten.
DAINEACHAS, dàcnn'-ach-as, *n. m.* assur-
ance, confirmation, perfect security.
DAIR, dàer, *n. m.* the state of being lined
as a cow; air dàir, *a-bulling*.
DAIR, dàèr, or dàer, *v.* line, as a bull;
dàirte, *lined, in calf*.
DAIS, dàsh, *n. m.* a mow in a barn of sheaf
corn, or a pile of seasoned fish; *v.* mow,
pile as seasoned fish.
DALL, dàll, *a.* blind; *n.* blind person; *v.*
blind, dazzle; 'gam dhalladh *blinding*
me.
DALLAG, dàll'-äg, *n. f.* a young dog-fish—a
shrew-mouse, a leech. *H. S.*
DALLANACH, dàll'-an-ach, *n. f.* a large fan;
a volley or broadside; blindness from
excessive drinking; air an dallanaich,
(blin' fu') *completely intoxicated; leig*
iad dallanach, they fired a volley or
broadside.
DALLARAN, dàll'-ar-an, *n.* a bewildered
person.
DALLTA, dàll'-tà, *n. m.* the very same case,
or way, or method; *adv.* in the way, ve-
ry same manner; *dallta* sheumais, *just*
as James would have acted; dallta an
fhir nach mairean, just as he that is no
more would have done.
DALMA, dàllm'-ä, *adj.* audacious, bold.
DALMACH, dàllm'-ächg, *n. f.* audacity,
presumption, impertinence, forwardness.
DALTA, dàllt'-ä, *n. c.* a foster child, step-
son, step-daughter, god-son.
DAM, däm, *n. m.* mill-dam (linne mhuil-
inn), reservoir, conduit. *Teutonic*.
DAMAIN, däm'-ënn, *v.* damn, curse—*Bible*;
damainte, *accursed, most abandoned*.
DAMH, däv, *n. m.* an ox, bullock; stag;
a mast. *Oss.*; a joist; *damh* suirn, *a*
kiln-joist. Is.; *a Gaelic Doctor. H. S.*;
damhan-eallaich, a spider; lion an damh-
ain-eallaich, a cobweb.
DAMHAIS, däv'-èsh, *v.* dance, caper.
DAMHSA, däv'-sä, *n. m.* dancing, a ball.
DAMHSAIR, däv'-säry, *n. m.* a dancer, ca-
perer.
DAMNADH, däm'-nä, *n. m.* damnation, *pt.*
damning; *damnar e, he shall be damned*. *B.*
DAN, dân, *adj.* resolute, intrepid; pre-
sumptuous; *cha dân leam innseadh*
dhuit, I do not think it presumptuous in
me to tell you; cho dân is a chaidh e air
'aghaidh, he went forward so resolutely.
DAN, dân, *n. m.* destiny, fate, decree, pre-
destination; *ma tha sin an dân, if that*
be ordained; bha sin an dân domh, that
was my fate; song, poem; sean dân le
H-Ossian, Ossian's ancient poems; is duil-
ich cuir an aghaidh dân, to oppose fate
or destiny, is difficult; ma tha e an dân
domh a bhi beo, if it be destined for me
to live.
DANACH, dân'-ach, *a.* poetical, of poetry.
DANACHD, dân'-achg, *n. f.* poetry; bold-
ness.
DANADAS, dân'-add'-as, *n. m.* presumption,
familiarity; audacity, boldness, assur-
ance; *agus mar an ceudna o pheacadh*
danadais cum t-oglach air 'ais, and also
from sins of presumption keep back thy
servant. Psalms.
DANAICH, dân'-èch, *v.* defy, dare. *Arm.*
DANNARRA, dänn'-arra, *a.* mulish, stub-
born, obstinate, contumacious, opinion-
ative.
DANNARRACHD, dänn'-arr-achg, *v. f.* stub-
bornness, obstinacy, boldness, resolu-
tion.
DANTACHD, dânt'-ächg, *n. f.* fatalism.
DAOCH, dàoch, *n. f.* disgust; deisthinn.
DAOI, ddùè, *a.* wicked; foolish. *Smith*.
DAOIMEAN, dàè'-mon, *n. m.* diamond.
Eng.
DAOINE, dàòen'-ä, *n. f.* men, people;
mòran dhaoine, many people; ameach
'nan daoine, among the people.
DAOINEACHD, dàòen'-achg, *n. f.* popula-
tion.
DAOIRE, dàòer'-ä, *more or most dear; n.*
extreme dearth; ni's daoire, dearer.
DAOL, dàol, *n. f.* a chafer, beetle.
DAOLAG, dàol'-ag, *n. f.* little chafer.
DAONNA, dàon'-na, *a.* human; humane;
an cinne daonna, *mankind*.
DAONNACHD, dàon'-nächg, *n. f.* humani-
ty; fear na daonnachd, *the humane man*.
St.
DAONNAN, dàonn'-an, *adv.* always, conti-
nually, habitually, at all times.
DAOR, dàor, *a.* high priced, dear, costly;
scant, scarce; *bliadhna dhaor, a year of*
scarcity; also, most abandoned; com-
plete, corrupted; daor shlaughtire, a
most abandoned rascal; daor mheair-
leach, a most abandoned thief; daor
bhodach, a complete churl; daor bhal-
ach, a complete boor.
DAORSA, dàor'-sä, *n. f.* famine, dearth;
bondage, captivity; *ar clann ann an*
daorsa, our children in bondage or cap-
tivity. Bible.
DA-PHEIGHINN, dà-ffä'-ënn, *n. f.* two pence
Scots; ancient coin.
D'AR, dār, *pre. and pro.*; do ar; into our;
d'ar cloinn, *to our children*.
D'AR-RIGHRIBH, dār-rē-ry'-uv, *adv.* in ear-
nest; seriously; *an ann d'ar righribh*
a tha thu, are you serious? are you in
earnest? you are not joking? literally,

- is it to our kings you are speaking? (*daridheadh* is nonsense.)
- DARA, dar'-ā, *a.* second; the second; an *dara uair*, the second time.
- DARACH, dā'-rach, *n. m.* oak timber.
- DARAG, dar'-āg, *n. f.* stump of a tree.
- DABARACH, dar'-ar-ach, *n. f.* a volley; stunning noise.
- DARNA, dār'-na, *a.* second; either the one or the other; an *darna cuid*, either of the two; an *dara té*, the second woman.
- DASAN, dās'-un, *pre.* and *pro.* to him; their *dásan e*, give it to him.
- DATH, dā, *v.* colour, tinge, dye; *n. m.* dye, colour, tinge.
- DATHADAIR, dā'-add-ār, *n. m.* dyer.
- DATHADAIREACHD, dā'-add-ār-āchg, *n. f.* the process of colouring; trade of a dyer.
- DATHAIL, dā'-al, *a.* well-coloured.
- DE, jǵā, or dyā, *int. pro.* what? used in all the Oriental languages as an interrogative, or a personal pronoun; *dē sin*, what is that? *dē b'aillē leat*, what is your will?
- DEE, jǵā, or dyā, *gen.* of *Dia*, God.
- DE, jǵā, *adv.* an *dē*, yesterday.
- DEACAI, jǵechg'-aj, *n. f.* corsets; boddice.
- DEACAIR, dyechg'-ur, *a.* difficult, sore.
- DEACAIREACHO, dyechg'-ur-āchg, *n. f.* difficulty.
- DEACH, dyech, *pret. int.* of *v.* theirig; an *deach e dhachāidh*, has he gone home? more often *deachaidh*.
- DEACHAMH, dyéch'-uv, *n. m.* tythe, tenth.
- DEACHD, dyechg or dyúchg, *v.* indite, dictate, inspire, *B.*; make completely certain; assure positively, *Islay*; *deachdta*, completely certain; *gu deachdta*, most certain'y, most assured'y.
- DEACHDAIR, dyechg'-uir-a, *n. f.* dictator, &c.
- DEADH, dyāo, *a.* very good, excellent; placed always before the noun it qualifies; *deadh bheusan*, excellent morals, &c.
- DEADHAINM, dyaū'-én-um, *n. m.* good name.
- DEAGAL, dyā²g'-ul, twilight. *Irish.*
- DEAL, dyal, *n. f.* a leech, teat ballan (*Is. gioll*); *a.* keen, eager; more properly *deil*; *cho deil* is a *tha e aig'* a ghnóthuch, so enthusiastic at his business.
- DEALACHADH, dyal'-ach-ā, *n. m.* separation, divorce; a division, *pt.* separating, divorcing.
- DEALACHAIL, dyal'-ach-al, *a.* causing separation; that may be separated, separable.
- DEALAICH, dyāl'-ēch, *v. n.* separate, divide, part with; *eha dhealaich mī ris*, I will not part with it.
- DEALAN, dyal'-an, *n. m.* cross-bar on a door.
- DEALAN-DE, dyal'-an-jǵā, *n. m.* a butterfly.
- DEALANACH, dyal'-an-ach, *n. m.* lightning.
- DEALAS, dyal'-as, *n. m.* the keenness of a woman spinning or in household affairs.
- DEALASACH, dyal'-as-ach, *a.* keen, eager.
- DEALBH, dyal'-uv, *n. m.* warping, abb; figure, image, form; ghoid Rachel na dealbhan, Rachel had stolen the images; shape, form, conformation; agus bha'n talamh gun dealbh, and the earth was without form; order, arrangement; ghnóthuch gun dealbh, an absurd thing; is beag dealbh a th' air, it is out of order or arrangement; cuir air dealbh neo cuir dealbh air, arrange, adjust, put in order.
- DEALBH, dyal'-uv, *v.* warp, make abb of; form, shape; ma'n do dhealbh thu an talamh agus an cruinne, ere thou hadst formed the earth and the world; devise, plot, contrive; glacar iad 'sna innleachdan a dhealbh iad, let them be taken in the devices they have imagined; tha i a' dealbh, she is warping or making abb.
- DEALBHACH, dyall'-ach, *a.* handsome, well-shaped; likely, probable; *n. f.* abb; snàth air crann-dealbh figheadair, 12.
- DEALBHADAIR, dyall'-vadd-ar, *n. m.* deviser, framer, former; warper.
- DEALBHADAIREACHD, dyall'-vadd-ar-āchg, *n. f.* warping; delineation, framing, shaping.
- DEALBHADH, dyall'-ā, *p.* delineating, forming, shaping, contriving.
- DEALBH-CHLUICH, dyal'-uv-chlūēch, *n. f.* play, stage-play, drama. *H. S.*
- DEAL-EACH, dyal'-ech, *n. f.* horse-leech; gioll-tholl.
- DEALG, dyal'-ag, *n. f.* stocking-wire, a skewer, a bodkin; hair-pin, a prickle.
- DEALGACH, dyallg'-ach, *a.* prickly, thorny.
- DEALGAN, dyall'-ug-an, *n. m.* collar-bone; (in Bible, spindle, fearsaid.)
- DEALRACH, dyal'-rach, *a.* shining, brilliant, refulgent, resplendent, radiant, bright.
- DEALRADH, dyall'-rā, *n. m.* effulgence, refulgence, splendour, lustre, radiance; *pt.* gleaming, shining, beaming.
- DEALAIR, dyall'-ur', *v.* shine, beam, gleam.
- DEALRAICH, dyall'-rrēch, *v.* shine, beam, gleam, glitter, flash, emit rays.
- DEALT, dyāllt, *n. m.* rain glittering on the grass; dew, drizzle.
- DEALTAIR, dyāly'-tār' *v.* glitter, gild.
- DEALTRADH, dyalt'-rā, *n. m.* glitter, besprinkling; *pt.* bedropping; varnishing.
- DEAMHAN, dyōv²-an, *n. m.* devil, demon.
- DEAMHAS, dyév'-as, *n. m.* sheep-shears.
- DEAN, dyèn, *v.* make, do, act, perform; suppose, imagine, think; dean urnuigh, pray; dean deifir, hasten, make haste;

dean gu rèidh, do at leisure; dean moill, delay, stop; dean fuasgladh, deliver, release; dean gairdeachas, rejoice; dean uail, boast, brag; dean strì or strìobh, try, strive, compete; dean rèite, make peace, reconcile; tha mi a deanadh, I suppose; am bheil thu deanadh, do you suppose; dean domh, make for me; dean fastath, hire yourself; dean iomlaid, exchange; dean faighidinn, wait a short time, have patience.

DEANACHDACH, dyèn'-ächg-äch, *a. vehement, keen, incessant; uisge deanachdach, vehement rain; as speech, emphatic; labhair e gu deanachdach, he spoke emphatically or with great emphasis.*

DEANACHDACHD, dyèn'-achg-achg, *n. f. emphasis, vehemence, violence of rain.*

DEANADACH, dyèn'-add-äch, *a. industrious, persevering, laborious, diligent.*

DEANADAS, dyèn'-add-as, *n. m. industry, diligence, perseverance, activity.*

DEANADH, dyèn'-X, *pt. doing, making, supposing; imagining.*

DEANAS, dyèn'-as, *n. m. an act, result of one's industry or labour.*

DEANASACH, dyèn'-as-ach, *a. industrious.*

DEANASACHD, dyèn'-as-achg, *n. f. industry.*

DEANN, dyann, *n. f. a small quantity of any thing, like meal, snuff; cha 'n' eil deann snaoisean agam, I have not a particle of snuff; a rush or dash towards any thing; thàinig e stigh 'na dheann, he rushed in; full speed; an t-each 'na dheann, the horse at full speed.*

DEANNAG, dyann'-ag, *n. f. a very small quantity of snuff, meal, &c.*

DEANNAL, dyänn'-al, *n. m. a spell or a little while at any thing with all one's might,—conflict; shot; hurry.*

DEANTAG, see Feantagach, nettle.

DEANTA, dyèn'-tyä, *pt. done, made.*

DEANTANAS, dyèn'-tän-as, *n. m. an act.*

DEARBADAN-DE, dealan'-dè, butterfly.

DEARBH, dyèrv, *v. prove, confirm, try; dearbh sin, prove that; adj. sure, certain, very identical; an dearbh nì a bha dhì orm, the very thing I wanted; an dearbh dhuine, the identical man; tha gu dearbh, yes, indeed; adv. truly, really, certainly; is dearbh gu'm bheil, it is truly or positively so.*

DEARBHACH, dyèrv'-ach, *a. confirmatory.*

DEARBHACHD, dyèrv'-achg, *n. f. demonstration.*

DEARBHADAS, dyèrv'-ad-as, *capability of proof; way of leading a proof.*

DEARBHADH, dyèrv'-X, *n. m. proof, confirmation; evidence; pt. proving, confirming, demonstrating; mar dhearbhadh air sin, as a proof of that; a' dearbhadh*

na cùise, confirming the fact; proving the case.

DEARBHANN, dyèrv'-ann, *n. m. axiom. Ir. DEARBHTA, dyèrv'-tyä, pt. proved, established; confirmed, demonstrated.*

DEARC, dyerk, *n. f. a berry; a grape; fàgaidh tu dearc, thou shalt leave grapes, B.; v. look steadfastly and piercingly, fix the mind on intensely; dearc am ort do gnàth, I will make thee the subject of my meditations continually. Ps.*

DEARC-AITINN, dyerk-ajt'-ènn, *n. f. a juniper berry, (dearc iùbhair); dearc dhar-aich, an acorn; dearc fhrangach, a currant; dearc fhiona, a grape.*

DEARC-LUACHAIR, dyerk-lùäch'-èr, *n. f. a lizard or asp.*

DEARCACH, dyerk'-nach, *a. handsome. Irish.*

DEARCACHADH, dyerk'-nach-X, *n. m. marking or criticising, scrutinising keenly.*

DEARCAICH, dyerk'-nnèch, *v. criticise, look steadfastly and keenly.*

DEARG, dyerg, or dyer-ug', *adj. red; most abandoned, notorious or complete; dearg amadan, a complete fool; dearg mheair-leach, a notorious thief; dearg strìopach, a most abandoned strumpet; dearg mar fhuil, red as blood; air an dearg chaoth-ach, stark mad.*

DEARG, dyerg, *n. m. red colour, crimson; v. redden, make red, make an impression; cha dearge air, it makes no impression on him or it.*

DEARGAN, dyerg'-an, *n. m. red stain; deargan doirionn, a nebula; deargan àilt, a kestrel hawk.*

DEARGANN, dyerg'-unn, *n. f. a flea; dearg-ann tràgha, a multipede.*

DEARG-LAS, dyerg'-llass', *v. blaze.*

DEARNAIDH, dyerg'-nè, *a. unlearned. Ir.*

DEARLAN, see Earlan, brimful.

DEARNAD, dyer'-mad, *n. m. an omission.*

DEARMADACH, dyer'-mad-ach, *adj. forgetful; negligent, careless.*

DEARMADACHD, dyer'-mad-achg, *n. f. extreme forgetfulness or negligence.*

DEARMAID, dyèrv'-mè, *v. omit, forget.*

DEARN, dyárn, *n. f. palm of the hand.*

DEARNADAIR, dyárn'-ad-är', *n. m. a palmist.*

DEARNADAIREACHD, dyär'-add-ar'-achg, *n. f. palmistry, divination by the palm of the hand.*

DEARNAGAN, dyárn'-ag-an, *n. m. a cake. B.*

DEARRAS, dyärr'-as, *n. m. keenness, enthusiasm.*

DEARRASACH, dyärr'-as-ach, *a. keen, eager.*

DEARRS, dyärs, *v. shine, beam, emit rays, gleam, radiate, burnish.*

DEARRSACH, dyarr'-sách, *a.* shining, radiant.

DEARRSADH, dyarr'-sá, *n. m.* a gleam, a ray.

DEARRSNAICH, dyarrs'-nèch, *v.* polish, gild.

DEARRSNAICHE, dyarrs'-nèch-à, *n. m.* a polisher.

DEARRSANTA, dyarr'-sannt-a, *a.* radiant, effulgent, gleaming, beaming.

DEAS, dyás², *n. m.* the south; *bho'n deas*, from the south; *adj.* south; *gaoth deas*, south wind; proper, right; *rinn thu sin gu deas*, you have done that properly; well-shaped, handsome; *duine deas*, a well-shaped, personable individual; ready, prepared; *am bheil thu deas*, are you prepared; easily accomplished; *bu deas domh sin a dheanadh*, I could easily accomplish that; *bu deas domh mo lamh a' ghacail*, I could easily engage or close a bargain; *an lamh dheas*, the right hand.

DEASACH, dyás'-ach, *n. m.* a West Highlander; *Tuathach*, a North Highlander.

DEASACHADH, dyás'-ach-á, *n. m.* the act of baking; a bake; *pt.* baking, preparing.

DEASAICH, dyás'-ech, *v.* prepare, bake, gird; *deasaich do chaidhimh*, gird your sword. *Ps.*

DEASBAIR, dyás'-bèr, *v.* argue, dispute.

DEASBAIRE, dyásb'-ur-á, *n. m.* a disputant.

DEASBAIREACHD, dyásb'-bar'-achg, *n. f.* disputation, dispute, wrangling, reasoning.

DEASCHAINNT, dyás²-cháennnt, *n. f.* eloquence.

DEASCHAINNTACH, dyás'-cháennnt-ach, *a.* eloquent, witty, ready in replying.

DEASGAINNEAN, dyásg²-unn-unn', *n. pl.* barn, yeast, runnet, lees.

DEASLAMHACH, dyás²-láv-ach, *a.* dexterous.

DEASMAIREAS, dyás²-mar-us, *n. f.* curiosity. *N.*

DEAT, dyát², *n. m.* a year old unshorn sheep; *cosail ri deata*, like an unfleeced year old sheep. *Skye.*

DEATACH, dyett'-ach, *n. m.* smoke on the eve of getting into a flame; gas.

DEATAM, dyát²-um, *n. m.* keenness, eagerness. *Sk.*

DEATAMACH, dyát'-am-ach, *a.* necessary; needed, *Is.*; eager, keen for the world. *Skye.*

DEATAMAS, dyát'-am-as, *n. m.* a requisite; a family necessary or want.

DEATHACH, dyé'-ach, *n. f.* smoke (toit). *P. S.*

DEE, jjá, *n. p.* gods; more properly *deidh*.

DEIDH, deibhinn, dyáv'-énn *pre.* about; concerning. *Irish.*

DEICH, dyáech², *n. f.* ten; *a.* ten.

DEICH-FILTE, dyáech²-felly-tyá, *a.* ten fold.

DEICHMHIOS, dyáech-vhëss', *n. m.* December.

DEICHNEAR, dyáech²-nur, *n. c.* ten persons.

DEICH-ROINN, dyáech-raöënn', *n. m.* a decimal.

DEICH-SHLISNEACH, } dyáech'-hlesh-nyach
DEICH-THAOBHACH, } dyáech'-hävov-ach,
n. m. a decagon.

DEIDEADH, dyäjj'-á, *n. m.* the toothache.

DEIDH, dyäe-yh', *n. f.* great propensity; a *dheidh air òl*, his great propensity for drink; keen desire, longing; *tha e an deidh urra*, he is very fond of her; *na dheidh sin*, after that; *na deidh*, after her; *nar deidh*, after us; *mar deidh*, about, concerning us.

DEIDHEALACHD, dyäe'-yhall-achg, *n. f.* extreme or degree of desire or propensity.

DEIDHEIL, dyäe'-yhal, *a.* very fond of, or addicted to; *deidheil air an uisge bheatha*, fond of, or addicted to, whisky.

DEIFIR, dyäff²-ér, *n. f.* speed, expedition; (more properly *deifir*,) haste, hurry.

DEIFREACH, dyäff'-ryach, *a.* requiring expedition; *gnothuch deifreach*, an affair requiring the utmost expedition; *hasty, hurried.*

DEIFRICH, dyäff'-rèch, *v. n.* hasten, expedite; *deifrich ort*, be quick, or clever.

DEIGH, dyä, more fit; (eigh, ice, *Sk.*)

DEIGH-LAIMH, dyäe-yh'-làé'v, *adv.* too late, afterwards; after-hand.

DEIGHLEAN, dyä'-lyän, *n. m.* quire of paper. *Irish.*

DEIL, jäl, *n. m.* lath. *Irish.*

DEIL, jël², *a.* enthusiastic, keen; *cho deil aig a gnothuch*, so keen or enthusiastic at his business; indefatigable, persevering, industrious.

DEILE, (dè'-eile) jäl²-ä, *inter. pro.* what else? *deil' a th' air t' fhaire*, what else do you mean? *deil' a dheanainn*, what else could I do? *deile a dhean e*, what else did he do?

DEILE, jël²-ä *n. f.* enthusiasm, industry.

DEILE, jäl'-ä, *n. f.* a deal, plank.

DEILEANN, dyäl'-unn, *n. m.* barking. *North.*

DEIMHINN, dyév'-énn, *a.* certain, sure, of a truth; *gu deimhinn*, verily; *gu deimhinn*, *tha mi ag radh riut*, verily, verily, I say unto you. *Bible.*

DEIMHINNEACHD, dyév'-énn-ächg, *n. f.* complete certainty or proof.

DEIMHINNICH, dyév'-énn-éch, *v.* verify, confirm, ascertain, demonstrate.

DEINE, dyän'-ä, *a.* more keen, more certain; *n. f.* eagerness, keenness.

DEINACHD, dyäen'-ächg, *n. f.* ardour.
 DEINEIS, dyän'-ash, *n. f.* faint attempt to be diligent or eager; keenness.
 DEIR, jjár', *v.* say, affirm; a' *deirim*, I say; a *deir* esan, says he. *Ir.*
 DEIR, jár, *n. f.* shingles, an ruaidh. *Ir.*
 DEIAC, jáerk, *n. f.* alms, charity.
 DEIRCEACH, jáerk'-ach, *n. c.* beggar.
 DEIRCIRE, jáerk'-ur-á, *n. m.* beggar; an almoner.
 DEIREADH, dyär'-á², *n. m.* end, conclusion; *deireadh* a ní so, the conclusion of this thing; stern of a boat, &c.; *deireadh* na luinge, the stern of the ship; *deireadh* cuaich, a round stern; rear; *deireadh* poite, lees; air *deireidh*, behind, in the rear; ma *dheireadh*, at last; toiseach tighinn is *deireadh* falbh, first to come and last to go. (Gaul's motto.)
 DEIREANNACH, dyär'-ann-ach, *a.* last, hindmost, bindmost, latter; 'sna laithean *deireannach*, in the latter days; last; an *neach deireannach*, the last individual.
 DEIREAS, dyär'-as, *n. m.* requisite, a convenience; *dearas*, domestic necessities or convenience; tha mi gun *deireas*, I am quite well.
 DEIREASACH, dyär'-ás-ach, *a.* very requisite, needful, defective.
 DEIRGE, dyérg'-á, redness, red; more or most red; also *deirgead*.
 DEIS, dyásh, *adv.* an *déis*, after.
 DEIS, dyásh, *v.* skelp the breech.
 DEISEAG, a little skelp on the breech.
 DEISE, dyásh²'-á, *n. f.* suit of clothes; symmetry of the body; shapeliness; proportionable parts,—more or most fit; shapely, proportioned. *See Deas*.
 DEISCIOBUL, dyäs'-keb-ul, *n. m.* a disciple.
 DEISEAD, dyásh'-ad, *n. f.* degree of symmetry, handsomeness, elegance of person, &c.
 DEISEALANN, dyásh'-al-ann, *n. m.* slap on the cheek, box on the ear.
 DEISEARACH, dyásh'-arr-ach, *a.* conveniently situated, applicable; *deisearach* air an sgoil, near the school, &c.
 DEISEARACHD, dyásh'-arr-achg, *n. f.* convenience in point of situation, applicability.
 DEISEIL, dyásh'-al, *a.* toward the south, southward; neas 'sa bhios a' ghrian a' dol *deiseil*, while the sun goes southwards.
 DEISINN, more properly *deisthinn*, disgust at the conduct or consequence of skelping the breeches.
 DEISTINN, dyásh'-tyénn, *n. f.* disgust; see *deisthinn*, (*déis* and *tinn*, sick).
 DEISTHINN, dyásh'-hyénn, *n. f.* disgust, squeamishness, abhorrence.
 DEISTHINNEACH, dyásh'-hyénn-ach, *a.* disgusting, causing squeamishness.

DEISTHINNEACHD, dyásh'-hyénn-achg, *n. f.* disgustfulness, extreme disgustfulness.
 DEO, dyô, *n. f.* breath, the vital spark, the ghost; spark of fire; ray of light; gun *deò*, breathless; cha 'n 'eil aige na chum-as an *deò* ann, he has not what will keep the vital spark in him; tha e an imf hios an *deò* a chail, he is on the eve of giving up the ghost; thug Abraham suas an *deò*, Abraham gave up the ghost; cha 'n 'eil *deò* gaoith ann, there is not a breath of wind; *deò* gealbhain, a spark of fire; *deò* soluis, a ray of light; cha d' thig *deò* do 'n ghrèin a stigh, a single ray of the sun cannot enter; neas a bhios an *deò* ann-ad, while you breathe; gun *deò* leirsinn, without a ray of vision, stone-blind; glacaibh mo *dheò*, lay hold on my departing spirit—on my ghost; *deò*-greine, sun-beam, standard of Fingal.—*Ossian*.
 DEOCAN, dyôchg'-an, *n. m.* noise in sucking, &c.
 DEOCH, dyôch, *n. f.* a drink, draught, liquor; thoir dhomh *deoch*, give me a drink; thoir *deoch* as, take a draught out of it; *deoch*-eiridinn, a potion; *deoch* an doruis, a stirrup-cup; *deoch* slàinte, a toast, a health; dat. *dibh*, *deochann*-an, *spirits*, all sorts of drinks, liquors; *deoch*-eolais, the first glass drunk to a stranger; *deoch* m' eolais ort, may we be better acquainted.
 DEOIGH, dyôé'-yh', *adv.* *fa dheoigh*, at last.
 DEOIN, dyôén, *n. f.* will, pleasure, acquiescence, assent; am *dheòin*-sa, with my assent or concurrence; le *deòin* Dia, God willing; a *dheòin* neo dh' aindeòin, whether he wishes it or not; cha b' ann am *dheòin* a rion mi e, I did not do it intentionally or on purpose—I was forced to it.
 DEOIB, dyôir, *n. pl.* tears; *deur*, a tear.
 DEOIRID, dyôir'-èj, *n. c.* a broken-hearted, tearful person; also *deoirideach*.
 DEONACH, dyôn'-ach, *a.* willing; *adv.* most willingly, voluntarily; is *deònach* a dheanainnse e, most willingly would I do it.
 DEOINICH, dyôn'-èch, *v.* grant, give consent, vouchsafe; *deònaich* dhuinn gairdeachas do shlàinte, vouchsafe unto us the joys of thy salvation. *B.*
 DEORACHD, dyôr'-achg, *n. f.* affliction.
 DEOTHAIL, dyô'-èll, *v.* suck, extract; fut. *deothlaidh*, shall suck, extract, &c.
 DEOTHAL, dyô'-àll, *n. m.* sucking, suck as infants or young of any kind.
 DEOTHAS, dyô'-as, *n. m.* longing or eagerness of a calf for its mother; lust; this abominable word is used by indelicate writers often very improperly.
 DEOTHASACH, dyô'-as-ach, *a.* keen as a calf; very lustful as a person.

DETH, dyhé, (pro. *et pre.*) of him, of it, off; *thoir dheth a' phoite, take off the pot.*
 DEUBH, jjāv, *n. f.* fetters for the fore feet of a horse; (1) deubh-leum, (4) deubh-ann, (Lewis), Mainland, gad.
 DEUBH, dyāv, *v.* leak, chink as a dish; *tha chuinneag air deubhadh, the water-pitcher is leaking or chinking.*
 DEUBHOIL, dyā'-vhyēl, *n. f.* enthusiasm, eagerness; *adj.* keen, enthusiastic, (deubhoil.) *Islay.*
 DEUCH, dyēch, *v.* taste, try, sort.
 DEUCHAINN, dyēch'-ēnn, *n. f.* trial, taste, experiment, essay, distress; *fhuair mi deuchainn deth, I got a taste or trial of it.*
 DEUCHAINNACH, dyēch'-ēnn-ach, *a.* trying.
 DEUD, dyādd, *n. m.* set of teeth; teeth.
 DEUDACH, dyādd-ach, *n. f.* tooth-brush.
 DEUG, dyāgg, *n. pl.* teens; used only in composition; *còig-deug, fifteen.*
 DEUR, dyērr, jērr, *a.* drop, a tear; *a si-leadh nan deur, shedding tears; cha'n'eil deur an so, there is not a drop here; a deòir a' suithheadh, her tears trickling.*
 DEURACH, dyērr'-ach, *a.* tearful, sorrowful; *n. f.* a burning pain. *North Highlands.*
 DEURSHUILEACH, dyerr'-hū'l-ach, *a.* bleary-eyed.
 DH', gh', aspirated form of *d'* for *do*.
 DH', gh', *do*, sign of the past, used before *fh* and a vowel; *as, dh' fhàg e i, he abandoned her, he left her; dh' aithnich mi, I understood, I recognised.*
 DHA, yhā, asp. of *dà*, two; *dha neo tri, two or three*; also, for *do e*, *thoir sin dà or dhà, give him that; thoir sin daibh or dhaibh, give that to them; dhomh, to me; dhuinn, to us.* See Grammar.
 DHACHAIDH, dhach'-ē, asp. form of *dachaidh*, home; also *adv. dhachaidh, dhachaidh, away home, home.*
 DH'AINDEOIN, ghén'-nyān, *adv.* in defiance, spite of; in spite of.
 DHEIBHINN, yhāv'-ēnn, *pre.* concerning; *ma dhèibhinn sin, concerning that.*
 DHI, yhē, *to her; thoir dhì, give her.*
 DHOMH, ghóv², *to me; innis dhomh, tell me; thoir dhomh, give me; dean dhomh, do for me, or to me.*
 DI, jē, *n. m.* a day; *dì-luain, Monday; dì-màirt, Tuesday; dì-ciadain, Wednesday; dìor-daoin, Thursday; dì-thaoine, Friday; dì-sathuirne, Saturday; dì-domhnuich, Sunday.*
 DIA, dyēā, *n. m.* God, the Almighty, a god, deidh, gods.
 DIABHLUIDH, dyēāvll'-ē, *a.* devilish, hellish.
 DIABHLUIDHEACHD, jjēāll'-ē-achg, *n. f.* devilishness.

DIABHOLL, dyēāv²'-ul, *n. m.* Satan; the devil.
 DIACHADAICH, jjēāch'-ad-ēch, *adv.* especially. *N.*
 DIADHACHD, jjēā-gh'-achg, *n. f.* divinity, godliness, theology; *diadhaidheachd.*
 DIADHAICH, jjēāgh'-ēch, *v.* deify, adore.
 DIADHAIDH, dyēā-gh'-ē, *a.* godly, holy.
 DIADHAIR, dyēā'-ghar', *n. m.* a divine.
 DIADHAIREACHD, dyea'-ghār-achg, *n. f.* divinity.
 DIADHALACHD, dyēā-gh'-al-achg, *n. f.* godliness.
 DIA-DHEANADH, dyēā-yhēn'-ā, *n. m.* deification.
 DIALL, dyēāll, *n. m.* attachment, fondness, continuance; *'s mòr an diall a th' aige air an uisge, there is a great continuance of rain, v. attach, get fond of, as a child, dog, &c.*
 DIALTAG, dyēāll'-ag, *n. f.* a bat.
 DIAMHALLAICH, dyēā-vhōll'-ēch, *v.* blaspheme.
 DIA-MHASLACH, dyēā-vhas'-lach, *a.* blasphemous.
 DIA-MHASLADH, dyēā-vhas'-lā, *n. m.* blasphemy.
 DIAN, dyēān, *a.* keen, impetuous, eager, vehement, violent, furious; nimble; often used before the noun qualified *dian fhearg, fiery indignation; dian ruaig, close pursuit; oppression; adv. dian iarr, importune; dian-loisg, burn vehemently; dian theth, intensely hot; dian-mhear, furiously lustful.*
 DIAS, dyēās, *n. f.* an ear of corn.
 DIASACH, dyēās'-ach, *a.* luxuriant as a crop.
 DIASAG, dyēās'-ag, *n. f.* ludicrous name for a carper, or satirist's tongue.
 DIASAIR, dyēās'-ur, *v.* glean; *dioghloim.*
 DIORDAOIN, dyērr'-dāoēn', *n. m.* Thursday.
 DI-SATHUIRNE, dyē-sa'-hurn-ā, *n. m.* Saturday.
 DIBH, dyēv, *dat.* of deoch, liquor, drink.
 DIBHE, dyēv'-ā, *gen.* of deoch, of drink.
 DIBHEACH, dyēv'-ach, *n. m.* an ant; scorpion.
 DIBLIDH, dyēb'-llē, *a.* very mean or abject.
 DIBLIDHEACHD, dēb'-llē-achg, *n. f.* abjectness.
 DICHEANN, dyē-chyann', *v.* behead.
 DICHIOILL, dyēch'-chyāl, *n. m.* utmost endeavour; a toilsome effort; diligence.
 DICHIOILLACH, dyēch'-ull-ach, *a.* struggling with disadvantages; diligent, endeavouring.
 DI-CHRRANNAICH, dyē-chrann'-ēch, *v.* dismast.
 DI-CIADAON, dyē-kēādd-an², *n. m.* Wednesday.
 DIDEANN, dyējj'-ann', *n. m.* rampart, protection, refuge; more correctly dighdion.

- DID, dyéjj, *v.* peep, *N.*; *a.* worse, *Is.*; *is* beag a's *did* thu sin, *you are little the worse for that.*
- DIO, dyégg, *n. f.* a fen, a ditch, a drain; (*N.* wall of loose stones;) *v.* dross or trench, as potatoes; furrow, drain.
- DIGIRE, dyégg'-ur-á, *n. m.* a ditcher.
- DIGH, dyé, *n. f.* a conical mound built by the Danes; a rampart; an abode of fairies; *digh mhór Thallanta, a noted one in Islay*; hence *dideann, a place of refuge.*
- DIL, dyél, *a.* diligent, persevering, zealous. *Ir.*
- DILE, dyél'-lá, *n. f.* flood, deluge; an *dúe ruadh, the general flood, or deluge.*
- DILE, dyél'-á, *a.* more or most diligent or persevering; *n. m.* love, *Ir.*; an herb.
- DILEAB, dyél'-ub, *n. f.* a legacy, a bequest.
- DILEABACH, dyél'-ab-ach, *n. c.* a legatee.
- DILEABAICHE, dyél'-ub-éich-a, } *n. c.* a testator, fear-tiomuaidh.
- DILEAS, dyél'-us, *a.* loyal, favourable, faithful; nearly connected or related; *bi d'leas do'n rìgh, be loyal or faithful to the king*; *d'leas domh, nearly connected with me*; *d'leas do d' mhaighstir, faithful to your master*; *ni's d'illse, more loyal.*
- DILINN, dyél'-enn, *n. f.* deluge, eternity, age; *gu d'ilinn, ever, never*; *adv.* never, ever; *cha d'ilinn a thig e, he shall never come (through all eternity)*; *gus an caillear ann d'ilinn aois, till age is lost in the flood of time*; *gu d'ilinn cha d'ùisg thu, you shall never awake. Oss.*
- DILLEACHDAN, dyélly'-achg-an, *n. c.* an orphan; *d'leachdach, fatherless. MSS.*
- DILLSE, dyélly'-shá, *n. f.* relationship, faithfulness; more or most nearly related.
- DILLSEACHD, dyélly'-sháchg, *n. f.* degree of kindred; faithfulness, connection.
- DI-LUAIN, dyé-llúáin', *n. m.* Monday.
- DI-MATAT, dyé-márry', *n. m.* Tuesday.
- DIMEAS, dyém'-mèss, *n. m.* disrespect, contempt, reproach.
- DIMEASACH, dyém'-mèss-ach, *a.* disrespectful, contemptible, despicable, mean.
- DIMEASAIL, dyém'-mèss-al, *a.* disrespectful.
- DING, jjéng, a wedge, geinn. *Irish.*
- DINN, dyénn, *v.* press down, ram, stuff.
- DINNEADH, dyénn'-á, *pt.* pressing down, cramming, stuffing; *n. m.* act of pressing.
- DINNÉAR, dyénn'-ar', *n. f.* dinner. *French.*
- DINNIRE, dyénn'-ur-á, *n. m.* ramrod.
- DINNÉAR, dyésh'-ur, *n. m.* ginger; wedge.
- DINNTE, dyént'-tyá, *pt.* packed, pressed; closely packed or stuffed; crammed.
- DIOBAIN, dyébb'-ér, *v.* extirpate, root out; *dhìobair mi an fheanntagach, I have extirpated the nettle*; depopulate, banish; forsake, abandon.
- DIOBART, dyébb'-arty', *n. f.* extirpation, depopulation; *pt.* forsaking, leaving.
- DIOBASACH, dyébb'-ar-ach, *n. c.* an outcast; a deserted person; an exile *dhìobaraich Israel, the outcasts of Israel. Bible.*
- DIOBHAIL, dyév'-al, *n. f.* want; *dhìobhail mímich, want of courage*; defeat.
- DIOBHAIR, dyév'-ér, *v.* vomit, puke; in Lochaber, *dyür or jù-er.*
- DIOBHAIRT, dyév'-arty', *n. f.* vomiting.
- DIOCAIL, dyéhd'-él, *v.* abate, as rain.
- DIUCHUIMHIN, dyé'-chyüènn, *n. f.* forgetfulness; *diochuimhneach, forgetful.*
- DIOCAL, dyéchg'-la, *n. m.* abatement of rain; *uisge gun diocla, incessant rain. Isds.*
- DIOD, jjédd, *n. f.* a drop, spark. *Is.*
- DIÖG, jj'üg, *n. m.* a word, a syllable; nan h-abair *diog, say not a word.*
- DIÖGAIL, dyüg'-èll, *v.* tickle; *diögailt, tickling*; *cuir diögailt ann, tickle him.*
- DIÖGAILTEACH, dyüg'-alty-ach, *a.* ticklish.
- DIÖGHAIL, dyü'-èll, revenge, retaliate.
- DIÖGHAILTE, dyu'-alty' *a. pt.* revenged, avenged.
- DIÖGHALTACH, dyü'-alt-ach, *a.* vindictive, revengeful, requiring much.
- DIÖGHALTAIR, dyüll'-tyar, *n. m.* an avenger.
- DIÖGHALTAS, dyült'-tyas, *n. m.* vengeance.
- DIÖGHLOIM, dyül'-ém, *v.* glean after sheavers; cull, gather minutely; *n. m.* diogh-lom, gleanings, the thing gathered.
- DIÖL, dyèll, *v.* recompense, requite; *dhìol thu sin, you have recompensed that*; *n. m.* condition, state; *is boidheach a dhìol, he is in a pretty condition*; satiety, satisfaction, abundance; *tha mo dhìol agamsa, I have my satisfaction or abundance*; *a dhìol ùine aige, he has plenty of time*; complement, proportion; *clach chais le a dhìol do dh'im, a stone of cheese with its complement of butter. (Lw.)*
- DIÖLAIN, dyèll'-èn, *a.* illegitimate; *mac diolain, an illegitimate son or bastard.*
- DIÖLANAS, dyèll'-an-as, *n. f.* bastardy, illegitimacy, fornication; *rugadh an diölanas e, he was born in fornication.*
- DIÖLLAID, dyèll'-ajj, *n. f.* a saddle.
- DIÖLLADAIR, dyèll'-ad-är, *n. m.* saddler; *diölladaireachd, saddler's business.*
- DIÖMB, jèmb', *n. f.* indignation, offence, resentment, displeasure; *na toil d'iomh duine 'sam bith, incur not the displeasure of any person.*
- DIÖMBACH, jèmb'-äch, *a.* indignant, dissatisfied, offended at, displeased.
- DIÖMBACHD, jèmb'-achg, *n. f.* indignation
- DIÖMBUAIN, dyém'-än', *a.* fading, transitio-

ry, fleeting, transient; more properly diomain, the b being changed into m, which often happens.

DIOMBUANACHD, dyēm'-an'-achg, *n.f.* transitoriness, evanescence, short duration.

DIOMBUANAS, same as above.

DIOMBUIL, dyēm'b'-bül, *n.f.* misapplication.

DIOMHAIR, dyēv'-ur', *a.* secret, mysterious, private; gnothach *diomhair*, a private affair; lonely, solitary.

DIOMHAIREACHD, dyēv'är'-achg, *n. f.* privacy, mystery; solitude.

DIOMHANACH, jjev'-an'-ach, *a.* idle, lazy; in vain; vain; is *diomhanach* dhuit teannadh ris, it is idle, it is in vain for you to attempt such.

DIOMHANAS, jjev'-an'-as, *n. f.* idleness, laziness; labour in vain; emptiness, vanity.

DIOMOL, dyēm'-ol, *v.* dispraise, libel, depreciate, undervalue, disparage.

DIOMOLADH, dyēm'-ol-ä, *n. m.* dispraise, disparagement; abuse; *pt.* dispraising, undervaluing, abusing.

DION, dyēn, *n. m.* shelter, covert, defence; fo dhìon do sgèith, under the covert of thy wing or shield; airson mo dhìon, for my defence, for my protection; state of being wind and water tight; tha dion san tigh, the house is wind and water tight; *v.* protect, defend, shield, save; shelter, guard; dion thu fhèin, defend yourself; dion mi le d' sgèith, defend me with thy shield; dion àite, a place of refuge.

DIONACH, dyēn'-ach, *a.* water-tight, air-tight; not leaky as a vessel; tigh dion-ach, water-tight house; long dhìonach, a ship without a leak; safe, secure.

DIONACHADH, dyēn'-ach-ä, *n. m.* security, caution, bail.

DIONACHD, dyēn'-achg, *n. m.* security.

DIONADAIR, dyēn'-add-ēr, *n. m.* a fender, a defender, protector.

DIONAICH, dyēn'-èch, *v.* secure.

DIONAG, dyēn'-ag, *n. f.* a two-year old sheep or goat. (jēan-ag. *N.*)

DION-BHREID, jēn'-vhrāj, *n. m.* apron.

DIONG, jung, a hillock; *v.* join, *H.* match; dìongamsa rìgh Innescon, let me match the king of Innescon. *Oss.*

DIONG, jung, *a.* worthy, unmoveable.

DIONGALTA, jung'-alt-ä, *a.* firm, secure, efficient, completely certain.

DIONGALTAS, jung'-ält-as, *n. f.* security, complete certainty, efficiency, sufficiency, tightness; also dìongaltachd.

DIORAS, jērr'-as, *n. m.* tenacity, pertinacity; childish efforts.

DIORASACH, jērr'-as-ach, *a.* tenacious, pertinacious; opinionative, striving in vain.

DIORASACHD, jērr'-as-achg, *n. f.* extreme pertinacity or tenacity.

DIOSG, jjēssg, *v.* creak as hinges, gnash as

teeth; *n. m.* state of being without milk, as a female; a dish. *North.*

DIOSGAIL, dyēsg'-al, *n. m. pt.* creaking.

DIOT, dyēät, *n. f.* diet, meal.

DIPINN, dyēp'-ënn, *n. f.* deepening of a net, a certain quantity of net.

DIR, dyērr, *v.* ascend, go up; a dìreachd a' bhruthaich, ascending the acclivity or steep.

DIREACH, dyērr'-ach, *a.* straight; an nì sin a tha cam, cha ghabh e dheanadh dìreach, that which is crooked cannot be made straight, *B.*; *adv.* directly, exactly so; dìreach mar thuirt thu, just as you said; dìreach! dìreach! just so! just so! upright, is dìreach Dia, God is upright.

DIREACHAN, dyērr'-ach-an, *n. f.* perpendicular.

DIREADH, dyērr'-ä, *n. m. pt.* ascending; ceò a' dìreachd aonaich, mist ascending a hill.

DIRICH, dyērr'-èch, *v.* make straight, mount, climb; cha dìrich thu am fir-each, thou shalt not climb the steep, *Oss.* dhìrich e an earbad, he mounted the chariot, *M'L.*; am fear nach dìrich a dhriom, he that w'll not be at the trouble of raising his head, straightening his back. *MacIachlan.*

DIS, dyēsh², *a.* fond of the fire; susceptible of, or not capable of bearing cold; *n. m.* a Celtic Deity, a God.

DI-SATHURNE, dyē-sa'-hum-ä, *n. m.* Saturday.

DISINN, dyēsh'-ënn, *n. m.* a die, dice; gen-disne, ag iomairt air disnean, playing at bagammon; a cube, a wedge, as in the shaft of any thing.

DISLE, another form of dillse, more nearly connected.

DIT, dyējt, *v.* condemn, sentence; co a dhiteas iad, who shall condemn them, *Sm.*; reproach, despise; na dìt mi airson sin, reproach me not for that. *C.*

DITEADH, dyējt'-ä, *n. m.* condemnation; 'se so an dìteadh gu d' thàinig an solus do 'n t-saoghail, and this is the condemnation, that light is come into the world. *Bible.*

DITH, dyē, *n. f.* want, deficiency; dìth cèille, want of sense; cha 'n 'eil dìth air, he wants for nothing; dè tha dhìth ort, what do you want? is mòr a tha dhìth orm, I want much; chuir thu dhìth orm, you deprived me of this; is mòr a tha sin a dhìth orm, I want that very much; is beag a tha sin a dhìth ort, you stand very little in need of that; theid iad a dhìth orm, I shall be deprived of them; a dhìth fàsghaidh, for want of shelter; tha mòran a dhìth, there is a great deficiency.

DITH, dyē, *n. f.* a layer, a course, a streak;

- dith* ma seach, *a layer about; dithean* saille, *layers or streaks of fat*, as in beef; a vein, as in a mine; *ditheanan* luaidh is airgid, *veins of lead and silver ore; v. press, squeeze. N.*
- DITHEACH, dyé'-ach, *n. c.* a beggar.
- DITHEAN, dyé'-an', *n. m.* the herb darnal.
- DITHICH, dyé'-éch, *v.* extirpate, root out; *ditheachaidh* mi an lomhaighean, *I will root out their images; dithlich* mo chàirdean, *my friends have failed. B. O.*
- DITHIS, dyé'-éshj, more properly dithisd.
- DITHISD, dyé'-éshj, *n. c.* two; a brace; pair; thàinig *dithisd*, *two came; adj. dithisd* fear, *two men; na dithisdean*, *in pairs; dithisd* do gach seorsa, *two of each species.*
- DITH-LATHRAICH, dyé'-llàr'-éch, *v.* utterly destroy, annihilate.
- DINHILLTEACH, dyé'-vhèlly'-tyach, *n. m.* a destroyer; a miserable person.
- DITHREABH, dyé'-ruv, *n. f.* wilderness; fàsach, *B.*; higher grounds. *North.*
- DIU, jù, *a. due; French* deu.
- DIU, jù, *n. m.* refuse; the worst; roghainn is diù, *pick and choice; an object of contempt; cha diù idir*, *it is no object of contempt.*
- DIUBH, jù, *pre. and pro.* of them; cuid diubh, *some of them; aon diubh*, *one of them; also* diùbhsan.
- DIUBHAIL, jùv'-al, *n. f.* calamity, distress; destruction, ruin; mo diùbhail, *my ruination; is mòr an diùbhail*, *it is a thousand pities; differs from* diobhail, *want, deficiency.*
- DIUBHALACH, jù'-al-ach, *a.* calamitous, distressing; heart-rending.
- DIUBHALAICH, jù'-al-éch, *v.* recompense, compensate; make up deficiencies; *diùbhalachadh*, *compensation.*
- DIUCHD, jù'ehg, *n. m.* duke, (Latin dux).
- DIUG, jùgg², *inter.* chuck.
- DIUGH, jù'-gh, *adv.* an diugh, to-day; an diugh fhèin, *this very day.*
- DIUID, jùj, *a.* timid, diffident, fearful, bashful, awkward, sheepish.
- DIUIDE, jùj'-à, *n. f.* timidity, diffidence, sheepishness; more or most timid.
- DIUIDEACHD, jùj'-àchg, *n. f.* extreme diffidence; backwardness, timidity.
- DIULACH, jùll'-ach, *n. m.* a hero; a handsome brave man.
- DIULT, dyùlt, *v.* refuse, reject.
- DIULTADH, dyùllt'-à, *n. m.* refusal, denial; *pt.* refusing, rejecting, denying.
- DIUNANAICH, jùnn'-an-éch, *v.* wallop; drub; 'ga dhuinanachadh, *walloping or drubbing him.*
- DIUNLACH, dyùn'-lläch, *n. m.* handsome man.
- DIURR, jùrr, *n. f.* vital spark; cha'u'oi diurr ann, *he is quite dead.*
- DIURRAIS, jùrr'-èsh, *n. f.* a secret, a mystery; an diurrais, *as a secret.*
- DIURRAISACH, jùrr'-èsh-ach, *a.* secret, private; requiring secrecy.
- DIUTHA, dyùch'-à, *pre. and pro.* of them; cuid diùtha, *some of them. Is.*
- DLAGH, dloá'-gh, *n. m.* what the hand can grasp in shearing corn; natural order; as a dhlagh, *out of its natural order or arrangement.*
- DLEAS, dläss², *n. m.* right, due, merit, desert; mo dhlèas fhèin, *my own due or right; adj. due*, deserved, merited; is dleas sin da, *that is due to him; ma tha sin dleas duit*, *if that be due to you; incumbent; in duty bound; an dleas dhomh sin a dheanadh*, *is it incumbent on me to do that; v. owe*, extort, procure; na dleas ni do dhuine sam bith, *owe no man any thing, Bible; dleasaidh* airm urram, *arms procure respect. G. Proverbs.*
- DLEASNACH, dläss²-nnach, *a.* dutiful.
- DLEASNAS, dläss²-nas, *n. m.* duty; filial duty; affection; rinn mi mo dheasnas, *I did my duty; obligation.*
- DLIGH, dllè, *v. owe; ma dhlìgheas mi ni sam bith*, *if I owe any thing. Bible.*
- DLIGHE, dllè'-à, *n. m.* duty; right; due; 'se so mo dhlìghe, *this is my due. Bible.*
- DLIGHEACH, dllè'-ach, *a.* rightful, lawful; legitimate; oighre dligheach, *rightful heir; clann dhlìgheach*, *lawful children; due; ma's dligheach dhuit sin*, *if that be due you.*
- DLOGH, dllò'-ghd, *n. m.* a wart; handful of half-thrashed corn.
- DLOGHAINN, dllò'-ènn, *n. f.* sheaf-corn half-thrashed, given to cattle when fodder is scarce.
- DLUITH, dllùèch and dlùè, *a.* near, approach, draw near; house-corn (Harris); d'lùith rium, *draw near me; dhlùith iad ris a' bhaile*, *they approached the town.*
- DLUTH, dllhù, *a.* near, nigh, close to; dlùth air an latha, *near day-light; dlùth air a' chèile*, *close upon, near each other; related, nearly connected.*
- DLUTH, dlù'-gh, *n. m.* warp of cloth; na leoir do dhlùth is fuigheal innich, *abundance of warp, and remainder of woof; enough and to spare, something to go and come upon. Prov.*
- DLUTHADH, dlù'-a', and dlùch'-à, *pt.* approaching, nearing, drawing near.
- DLUTHAICH, dlu'-éch, *v.* same as dluith.
- DLUTH-LEAN, dlù'-llen, *v.* stick close to.
- DLUTH-THEANN, dlù'-hyann, *v.* press; near.
- DO, dàb, (du, when before a consonant); *prep.* to; do 'n duine, *to the man; pro.*

nounced *dun duine*; takes often *dh'* before vowels; *do dh' Eirinn*, to Ireland; pronounced *daō-yhār'-ënn*, *do dh'mhàthair*, to thy mother, pronounced *dud-vhà'-hyaēr*, to thy mother; *do* is wholly *Irish*. The Celtic preposition, in common with the old French and Teutonic, being *du*, the *u* pronounced as in *gu*; it is the case joined to the pronouns—thus, *duinn*, to us; *duit*, to thee; *duibh*, to you; excepting *domh* and *daibh*, or, as the Irish spoil the latter *doibh*, to them.

N. B.—Some of our *dòbhlíadhnach* friends pronounce *daibh*, *daōëv*, and *dà*, to him, *dò*.

DO, and *du*, *daō*, *pro. thy*; *do mha-thair*, thy mother, pronounced *duv'-vhà-hyēr*—often changed before vowels into *t'*; as *t'athair*, thy father; as, in the French, the initial consonant is always joined to it; *do làmh*, dull'-làv, thy hand; *do fhreagairt*, dur'-rāg²-ārty', thy answer; *d* is always written *dh'* after it; *do dhamh*, *daō yhāv*, thy ox; sign of the past *inter.*; as *an do fhreagair e*, did he or it answer? used adverbially, or as a negative before words thus—*do-fhulann*, difficult to endure; almost impossible to endure.

DO-AIREAMH, *dò-ār'²-uv*, difficult to count, innumerable.

DOBHAIDH, *dò'-vè*, *a. boisterous*; *oidhehe dhòbhaidh*, a boisterous night; terrible.

DOBHARCHU, *dò²-ur-chū*, *n. m.* a kind of otter which has no existence but in **DO-NALD**'s imagination; the price of his skin which can heal all diseases, is its full of pure gold, when made into a bag—a chimera.

DO-BHEART, *dò'-vhyārty'*, *n. f.* vice.

DOBHRAN, *dòr'-an*, *n. m.* an otter; ball *dobhrain*, a freckle on the skin, mole.

DOBHRON; see *Dubh-bhròn*, dejection.

DOCAIR, *dòchg'-ur*, *n. f.* uneasiness, trouble, annoyance; *a. uneasy*, not settled; *àite-suidh docair*, an uneasy seat; *so-cair neo docair*, either easy or uneasy, or difficult.

DOCHA, *dòch'-a*, *a. comp.* of *toigh*; is *toigh leam thusa ach 's docha leam esan*, I like you, but he is more dear to me; I love you, but I love him more.

DOCHA, *dòch'-á*, *a. comp.* of *dogh*; is *dogh gu'm bheil*, probably it is so; 'se so a's *dòcha*, this is more probable, or likely.

DOCHAINN, *doch'-ënn*, *v.* injure, hurt.

DOCHAIR, *dòch'-ur*, *n. m.* hurt; *v.* hurt.

DOCHANN, *doch'-unn*, *n. m.* hurt, harm, damage, mischief; agony; a *dochann bàis*, from the agony of death. *Smith*; *f huair e dochann*, he got a hurt; *thaobh dochann*, on account of damage. *Bible*.

DOCHANNACH, *dòch'-ann-ách*, *a.* hurtful, injurious, noxious.

DOCHARACH, *doch'-ar-ach*, *a.* uneasy; 'se an *suidhidh docharach*, sa *tigh-òsda* is *fhearra*, the *unasiest seat in the ale-house is the best*.

DO-CHARACHADH, *dò'-char-ach-á*, *a.* not easily moved, unmoveable.

DOCHAS, *dòch'-as*, *n. m.* expectation, hope, trust, confidence; *tha mi an dòchas*, I fondly hope; *gun dòchas*, without hope; an *dòchas do theachd*, in expectation of thy coming, *Oss*; conceit, notion, presumption; *do dhòchas*, your conceit, your presumption.

DOCHASACH, *dòch'-as-ach*, *a.* conceited, vain, presumptuous; 'se fear *dochasach*, how conceited or presumptuous he is; hoping, confident, confiding.

DOCHASACHD, *dòch'-as-achg*, *n. f.* confidence, hopefulness, conceitedness.

DOCHASG, *dò-chasg'*, *a.* unquenchable.

DO-CHEANNSACHADH, *do-chyánn'-sach-á*, *a.* not easily managed, invincible.

DO-CHIOSNACHADH, *dò'-chëss-näch-á*, *a.* unconquerable, invincible.

DO-CHLAOIDH, *dò'-chlùè-yh'*, *a.* indefatigable.

DO-CHLAOIDHTEACHD, *n. f.* *dò'-chlùè-yh-tyachg*, *n. f.* invincibility, insuperability.

DO-CHOMHAIRLEACHADH, *dò'-chòm-urly'-ach-á*, *a.* incorrigible, untameable.

DO-CHREIDSINN, *dò'-chraōij-shënn*, *a.* incredible; do may be prefixed to almost any word,—it signifies not easily accomplished.

DON, *dòd²*, *n. m.* a huff; see *Sàod*.

DODACH, *dòd²-ach*, *a.* pettish, peevish.

DO-DHEANADH, *dò'-ghèn-á*, impossible.

DOG, *ddög*, *n. m.* a junk; a short thick piece of any thing; thickset person; *dog bùill*, a junk of a rope, &c.

DOGANTA, *dog'-ánt-á*, *a.* thickset, stumpish,—fierce. *North*.

DOGH, *dò*, *n. m.* opinion; 'mo *dhòghsa gu 'm bheil*, in my opinion it is so; *a. like*, probable; is *dogh nach 'eil*, it is probably not so; 'se so is *dòcha*, this is more probable—sometimes *doigh*.

DOIBH, for *daibh*, *ddiv*, to them.

DOICHEALL, *dòech'-ull*, *n. m.* act of grudging, churlishness; *pt.* grudging.

DOICHEALLACH, *dòech'-all-ach*, *a.* churlish, grudging, inhospitable.

DOCHILL, *dòech'-èll*, *v.* begrudge, grudge; *cha 'n ann 'ga dhoicheall a tha mi*, I am not grudging it to you; be churlish.

DOID, *dōjj*, *n. f.* a croft, a pendicle.

DOIDIRE, *dōjj'-ur-á*, *n. m.* a crofter, a cottager.

DOIDEACH, *ddōjj'-ach*, *a.* frizzled. *North*.

DOIDEAG, *dōjj'-äg*, *n. f.* a celebrated Mull

- witch who caused the DESTRUCTION of the Spanish Armada !!!
- DOIGH, dòe-yh, *n. f.* method, manner, way, means; air an dòigh so, *in this manner*; condition, state; dè an dòigh a th' ort, *how are you?* cuir air dòigh, *arrange, adjust, put in order*; confidence, trust; cuiridh mi mo dhòigh an Dia, *I will put confidence in God, Bible.*; gun dòigh, *out of order, absurd.*
- DOIGHEIGINN, dòe'-yh'-é-gènn, *adv.* somehow or other, somehow.
- DOIGHEALACHD, dòe'-yh'-ah-achg, *n. f.* excellent arrangement, capability of adjustment.
- DOIGHEIL, dòe'-yh'-al, *a.* well arranged, in good trim or condition; systematic, in proper train.
- DOILEAS, dól'-as, *n. f.* difficulty, hardship.
- DOILGHEAS, do'-ghés, *n. m.* sorrow, affliction.
- DOILGHEASACH, do'-ghés-ach, *a.* sorrowful.
- DOILLE, ddaöl'-lyá, *n. f.* blindness, darkness, stupidity; more blind or stupid, ignorant.
- DOILLEARACHD, dól'-lyar'-achd, *n. f.* stupidity, darkness, obscurity.
- DOILLEIR, dól'-lyar, *a.* dark, stupid; duine doilleir, *a stupid person*; (do-leir.)
- DOILLEIRICH, dól'-lyar'-éch, *v. obscure, dim.*
- DOIMN, dóe'-v, *a.* galling, vexing; gross, clumsy; gu dùmhail, *doimh*, mar bhios màthair fhir an tighe an rathad na cloinne, *bulky and clumsy, as the husband's mother is in the way of the children. Prov.*
- DOIMHEADACH, dóe'-ad-ach, *a.* vexing, galling; is doimheadach an nì e, *it is a vexing thing.*
- DOIMHEADAS, dóe'-ad-as, *a.* vexation, grief.
- DOIMHNE, dóe'-nyá, *n. f.* depth, the deep, the ocean; doimhne a' gairm, air doimhne, *deep calling into deep*; air gnùis fhoisneach na doimhne, *on the still face of the deep, Sm.*; na's doimhne, *deeper, more profound.*
- DOIMHNEACHD, dóe'-nyachg, *n. f.* depth, deepness, profundity; deep water; 'san doimhneachd, *in deep water*; air an t-analach, *in shoal water.*
- DOIMHNEAD, dóen'-nad, *n. m.* degree of depth, deepness, profundity.
- DOIMHNICH, dóen'-nyéich, *v.* deepen, hollow.
- DOINION, dòen'-un, storm; more properly doirionn, do-rion; (rian, *North.*)
- DO-INNSE, dō-én'-shá, *a.* unaccountable.
- DO-IOMCHAIR, dō-ém'-ach-ur, *a.* intolerable.
- DO-IOMPACHADH, dō-émp'-ach-á, *a.* perverse.
- DOIRB, dóer'-ub, *n. f.* a minnow; breac-deamhain, *a reptile. Arms.*
- DOIRBH, dóer'-uv, *a.* difficult; ceisd dhoirbh, *a difficult question*; stormy, boisterous; oidheche dhoirbh, *a boisterous night*; wild, ungovernable; duine doirbh, *a turbulent incorrigible person*; grievous, intolerable; mo reachda cha 'n 'eil doirbh, *my law is not grievous. Bible.*
- DOIRABHE, dóer'-á, *a.* more difficult, &c. *n. f.* difficulty, boisterousness, indocility, &c.
- DOIRABHEACHD, dóer'-achg, *n. f.* difficulty.
- DOIRABHEAD, dóer'-ad, *n. f.* degree of difficulty, boisterousness, storminess, hardship.
- DOIRREADAS, dóer'-ad-as, *n. f.* ungovernableness, peevishness, turbulence.
- DOIRBBHEAS, dóer'-as, *n. f.* difficulty, &c. grief, anguish, distress, boisterousness; latha an doirbheis, *the day of adversity*; a' dol gu doirbheas, *getting obstreperous, unmanageable.*
- DOIRACH, dóerch, dór'-éch, *n.* get dark; dhoirch an oidheche dhuinn, *we were benighted, the night got dark on us.*
- DOIRACHE, dór'-éch-á, *darker, n. f.* extreme darkness.
- DOIRE, ddöer'-á, *n. m.* a grove, a thicket, a species of tangle, (in *Skye*, stamh); shuidhich Abraham doire chraobh, *Abraham planted a grove of trees*; gach coille is gach doire, *every wood and grove.*
- DOIRTEACH, daöer'-ach, *a.* woody, wild.
- DOIRIONN, dóer'-unn, *n. f.* inclemency, stormy weather; thàinig doirionn a gheamhraidh, *the inclemency of winter has come*; storminess; (doirbh or do-rion.)
- DOIRIONNACH, dóer'-unn-ach, *a.* stormy.
- DOIREANNACHD, dóer'-unn-achg, *n. f.* storminess.
- DOIRLINN, dóer'-lyénn, an islet to which one can wade at low water; (*Mainland*), peebly or stony part of a shore; (*Islands*), an isthmus.
- DOIRNEAO, döern'-ag, *n. f.* a pebble.
- DOIRNEAGACH, döern'-ag-ach, *a.* pebbled.
- DOIRT, döerty', *v.* pour, spill, shed, rush forth; stream, gush; scatter; dhòirt e 'fhuil, *he shed his blood*; dhòirt e ma cheann e, *he poured it on his head*; dhòirt iad thun a chladaich, *they rushed towards the shore. Ossian.*
- DOIRTEACH, döerty'-ach, *a.* apt to spill; *n. f.* flood, a sudden pour of rain.
- DOIRTEALL, döerty'-all, *n. m.* a sink, a drain.
- DOITE, dó'-tyá, *pt.* dogh, singed, scared.
- DOITEACHAN, dó'-tyach-an, *n. m.* a miserable singed looking person.
- DOL, döll, *n. m.* condition, state; is boidh-

each an *dol* a th' air, *it is in a pretty condition*; an *dol* a dh' fhàg thu air, *the condition in which you left it*; *dol* an t-saoghail, *the state of the world*; *dol* as escape; cha 'n' eil *dol* as aige, *he has no way of escape*.

DOL, *dòil*, *pl.* of theirig; theirig dhachaidh, *go home*; a' *dol* dachaidh, *going home*; *dol* fodha na grèine, *going down of the sun*; a' *dol* iomrol air a chèile, *missing each other*; a' *dolas*, *escaping, extinguishing as fire, light*; a' *dol* sìos, *going down, descending*; a' *dol* suas, *ascending*.

DOLACH, *dòl'-ach*, *a. indifferent*; duine dona *dòlach*, *a bad, or at least, an indifferent person*.

DOLAIDH, *dòl'-è*, *n. f.* harm, ruination, mischief; cuir a *dholaidh*, *ruin, destroy the well-being of*; is beag an *dolaidh*, *it is no great harm*; dè an *dolaidh* a rug ort, *what the mischief came over you?*

DOLAS, *dò'-las*, *n. m.* harm; grief; (*doleas*.)

DOLASACH, *dò'-las-ach*, *a. grieved, hurtful*.

DO-LEASACH, *dò-llàs'-ach*, *a. irreparable*.

DO-LEIGHEAS, *dò-llà'-us*, *a. irremediable*.

DO-LEUBHADH, *dò-làv'-h*, *a. illegible, inexplicable, ill to explain*.

DO-LUBADH, *dò-lùb'-h*, *a. inflexible*.

DOLUM, *dò'-um*, *n. m.* wretchedness, ill.

DOLUMACH, *dò'-um-ach*, *a. wretched*.

DO m', *dumm*, to my, or mine; *do m' mhàthair*, *to my mother*; for do mo.

DOM, *dòm*, *n. m.* gall bladder.

DOMAIL, *dòm'-al*, *n. m.* injury, harm, damage, particularly damage by cattle, as corn.

DOMBLAS, *dòm'-las*, *n. m.* gall; more often *domlas-sàth*, gall-bladder.

DOMHAIL; see *Dumhail*, bulky.

DOMHNALL; see *Macdhomhnaill*.

DOMHNALL-DUBH, *dòm'-all-dùgh'*, *n. m.* Old Nick, Old Pluto, Aul' Mahoun. *N. Ian.*

DOMHAN, *dov'-un*, *n. m.* the universe, the globe, the whole world; an *domhan's na bheil ann*, *the universe and all it contains*; an *domhan ma 'n iadh grian*, *the globe which the sun surrounds*.

DOMHNACH, *dòv'-nach*, *n. m.* Sunday, the Sabbath; *dòmhnach càisg* Paschal Sunday, Easter.

DOMLAS, *dòm'-las*, *n. m.* the gall.

DON, *don*, *n. m.* want; *don bidh ort*, *ill be tide thee, may you want food*; *v. make worse, deteriorate*.

DONA, *dòn'-à*, *a. bad, evil, vile*; na 's miosa, *worse*; is miosa, *the worst*.

DONADAS, *don'-ad-as*, *n. m.* evil, badness; a' *dol* an *donadas*, *deteriorating*.

DONADH, *dòn'-h*, *n. m.* evil, injury. *Ossian.*

DONAS, *don'-as*, *n. m.* the Devil; evil, mischief; harm, hurt, badness.

DONN, *dònn*, *a. brown, dun, sable, brown-haired*; Diarmaid *donn*, *brown-haired Dermid*; nighean *donn*, *a nut-brown girl*; each *donn*, *a bay horse*; indifferent, bad; cha 'n' eil ann ach *dulne donn*, *he is only a man so and so, an indifferent man*; *v. make brown, imbrown, bronze*: 'nuair a' *dhonnadh* na speuran, *when the heavens were darkened. Ossian.*

DONNAG, *donn'-ag*, *n. f.* a young ling.

DONNAL, *dònn'-all*, *n. m.* a howl, bawl.

DONNALAICH, *dònn'-al-èch*, *n. f.* continued howling, or slow drawling barking; *v. bark*.

DONN-RUADH, *donn-rùā-gh'*, *a. chesnut-coloured*.

DORCH, *dorāch*, or *dorch*, *a. dark, somewhat dark*; obscure, mysterious.

DORCHADH, *dòrch'-h*, *pl.* getting dark or obscure, mystifying; *doirch*.

DORCHADAS, *dòrch'-ad-as*, *n. m.* darkness; a *bhròn a' dorchadh*, *his sorrow darkening. Ossian.*

DO-REIR, *dò'-rìar'*, *prep.* according to; *do rèir t'iartais*, *according to, or agreeable to your request*.

DORGH, *dòrg'h*, *n. m.* hand-line drogh, *Lewis*.

DORLACH, *dòr-llāch*, *n. m.* considerable quantity; confounded with *dornlach*, hilt, &c.

DORN, *dòrn'n*, *n. m.* a fist, a box, the hold of an oar; *v. box*; *dorn e*, *box him*.

DORNADAIR, *dorn'-ad-ār'*, *n. m.* boxer, pugilist.

DORNADAIREACHD, *dorn'-ad-ār'-achg*, *n. f.* boxing, pugilism, thumping.

DORNLACH, *dòrn'-llach*, *n. f.* hilt of a sword, quiver, handful.

DORNAN, *dorn'-an*, *n. m.* handful of lint.

DORRAMAN, *dòrr'-a-man*, *n. m.* a person alone, a hermit, a recluse. *Islay.*

DORRAMANACHD, *dòrr'-am-an-achg*, *n. f.* hermitage, living or dandering alone, seclusion.

DORRAN, *dòrr'-an*, *n. m.* offence at a trifling cause; vexation, slight offence.

DORRANACH, *dòrr'-an-ach*, *a. vexing, calling*.

DORSACH, *dòrr'-sach*, *a. exposed to the blast*, as a house, a field of corn, &c.

DORSAICHE, *dòrr'-sèch-ā*, *n. f.* exposure to the blast; exposed situation.

DORSAIR, *dòrr'-sār'*, *n. c.* a door-keeper, porter.

DORSAIREACHD, *dòrs'-ār'-achg*, *n. f.* office of a door-keeper, portage; b' f' hearr leam bhith *dorsaireachd*, *I had rather be a door-keeper. Bible.*

DORTACH, *dòrt'-ach*, *apt to spill, not tight, or keeping, or retaining*.

DORTADH, dŏrt'-Ā, *n. m.* shedding, spilling; *dortadh fola, bloodshed; an issue of blood.*

DO-RUIGSINN, dŏ-rŭġ'-shĕnn, *a.* unattainable.

DORUINN, dŏr'-ĕnn, *n. f.* pain, anguish.

DORUINNEACH, dŏr'-ĕnn-ĕch, *a.* painful, excruciating, tormenting; much pained.

DORUINNEACHD, dŏr'-ĕnn-ĕchġ, *n. f.* painfulness; extreme painfulness.

DORUS, dŏr'-us, *n. m.* door-way; *duin an dorus, shut the door; an opening, or orifice, as of a wound; neasgaid làn dhorsan, an ulcer full of orifices.*

DOS, dŏss, *n. m.* a plume or cockade; a thicket; one of the drones of a bagpipe; a tassel; a forelock; a bush; *dos do'n t-sioda, a tassel of silk; gen. and pl. duis.*

DOSGACH, dŏsg'-ĕch, *a.* calamitous; liable to accidents or damage; unfortunate.

DOSGAICH, dŏsg'-ĕch, *n. f.* misfortune; loss of cattle; accident; damage; liability to damage or misfortunes.

DO-SGRUDADH, dŏ-sgrŭd'-ĕ, *a.* unscrutable.

DOSGUINN, dŏsg'-ĕnn; see *Dosgaich*.

DO-SHEACHANNACH, dŏ-hech'-ĕnn-ĕch, *a.* inevitable, unavoidable.

DO-SMACHDACHADH, dŏ-smachġ'-ĕch-Ā, *a.* incorrigible, untractable, obstinate.

DOSRACH, dŏss'-rach, *a.* luxuriant, flourishing, as corn, trees, &c.; tufted, bushy; *a' cinntinn gu dosrach, growing or flourishing luxuriantly; plumed.*

DOSRAICH, dŏs'-rĕch, *n. f.* luxuriance, branching appearance.

DO-THUIGSINN, dŏ-thŭġ'-shĕnn, *a.* unintelligible.

Note—Do does not convey the idea of impossibility, but difficulty, as a prefix.

DRAB, drĕb, *n. f.* a slattern, a slut. *Teut.*

DRABAIRE, drĕb'-ur-Ā, *n. m.* a sloven.

DRAOSDA, drĕb'-ĕsd-Ā, *a.* filthy, obscene, smutty; indecent in words.

DRAOSDACHD, drab'-ĕsd-achġ, *n. f.* obscenity of language; smuttness.

DRABH, drĕb, *n. m.* draff; grain.

DRABH, drĕb, *v.* scatter, as a multitude; bulge, as a wall.

DRABH, drĕb, *n. m.* ruination, ruin; *chaidh e dhrĕibh, it or he has gone to pigs and whistles; he is gone to ruin.*

DRABHADH, drĕb'-Ā, separating, as a crowd; bulging, as a wall.

DRABHAG, drĕb'-ag, *n. f.* a market thinly attended; a scattered multitude.

DRABHAS, drĕb'-as, *n. m.* filth. *Irish.*

DRABHLOINN, drĕb'-llaĕĕn, *n. f.* absurdity; sheer nonsense; (*drĕbh, ruin, and loinn, propriety*); pronounced on continent of Argyile, *drow-lunn.*

DRABHLOINNEACH, drĕb'-llaĕĕn-ĕch, *a.* absurd; very nonsensical; an absurd person. *Islands.*

DRABHLOINNEACHD, drĕb'-llaĕĕn-ĕchġ, *n. f.* sheer absurdity; absurd conduct.

DRAGH, drĕb'-gh, *n. m.* trouble, annoyance; *na cuir dragh air, don't trouble him; v. drag, tug; ga dhraghadh, dragging it.*

DRAGHAIL, drĕb'-gh'-al, *a.* troublesome.

DRACHAIRE, drĕb'-gh-ur-Ā, *n. m.* a dray.

DRACHAISTICH, drĕb'-asht-ĕch, *v.* drag, in an absurd or childish way.

DRAHALACHD, drĕb'-gh-al-achġ, *n. f.* troublesomeness; annoyance.

DRAGON, drĕg'-on, *n. m.* a dragon.

DRAIGH, drĕi'-gh, *n. f.* thorn-tree.

DRAIGHERNACH, drĕi'-ghur'-nach, *a* hedge of thorn; thicket of thorn.

DRAIGHIONN, drĕi'-unn, *n. m.* thorn, wood of the thorn generally.

DRAIGHNEACH, drĕb'-nyach, *n. f.* lumber; absurd detention. *Islay.*

DRAING, drĕng, *n. f.* a snarl; grin.

DRAINGEIS, drĕng'-ĕsh, *n. f.* snarling, carping; childish bickering.

DRAINGEISEACH, drĕng'-ĕsh-ĕch, *a.* girning, snarling; bickering.

DRAINN, drĕnn, *n. m.* a hum; a word; a syllable; *cha d' fhuair sinn drann, we have not got a word.*

DRAANNAN, drann'-an, *a.* hum; buzzing of bees; a bickering, querulous complaint; grumbling, teasing.

DRAANNANACH, drann'-an-ĕch, *a.* querulous; humming; buzzing.

DRAANNACHD, drann'-an-achġ, *n. f.* querulousness; gurgling noise.

DRAANNADH, drann'-Ā, *n. m.* word.

DRAOIDHEACHD, drĕb'-yhyachġ, *n. f.* enchantment; state of being spell-bound.

DRAOSDA, drĕosd'-Ā, *a.* obscene, smutty.

DRAOSDACHD, drĕosd'-achġ, *n. f.* obscenity; smuttness; lewdness; filthiness of speech.

DRAOTH, drĕo, *n. c.* a good-for-nothing person; a humdrum.

DRAHAIS, drĕ'-ĕsh, *n. f.* an old pair of trousers; patched one.

DREACH, drech, *n. m.* colour or hue of the complexion; form, image, probability, seemliness; *v.* colour, paint.

DREACHADAIR, drech'-ad-Ār, *n. m.* painter.

DREACHAIL, drech'-al, *a.* handsome, good-looking; comely, personable.

DREACHALACHD, drech'-al-achġ, *n. f.* comeliness, handsomeness, personableness.

DREACHMHOR, drech'-ur, *a.* handsome.

DREACH, drĕg, *n. f.* a meteor, supposed to portend the death of a great personage, particularly the LAIRD, (*draoidh-eug*.)

DREALI, dryall, *n. m.* a blaze; a torcn.

DREALLAG, dryall'-ag, *n. f.* a swing, swinging machine; absurdity.

DREALLAIRE, dryäll'-är-ä, *n. m.* loiterer.

DREALLSACH, dryall'-sach, *n. f.* a blazing fire; the face blazing with liquor.

DREAM, drém, *n. m.* race of people; a tribe.

DREAMAG, drrém-ag, *n. f.* handful of sheaf-corn, used as a decoy for a horse; a little sheaf-corn.

DREAMLUINN, in Skye for drabhloinn.

DREANG, dréng, *n. f.* a snarl, grin; a grunting expression of countenance; *v.* snarl, grin.

DREANGAIRE, dréng'-ar'-ä, *n. m.* a snarler.

DREANGAIS, dréng'-ash, *n. f.* snarling.

DREAS, dräss², *n. f.* a bramble, briar; of a briar, dris.

DREASAIL, dräss'-al, *a.* prickly.

DREASARNACH, dräss'-är-näch, *n. f.* a thick-et of brambles or briars.

DREATHANN, dré'-unn, *n. m.* a wren.

DREOCHDAM, dryöchg'-um, *n. m.* purring.

DREODAN, dryäod'-an, a little louse.

DREOLAN, dryöl'-an, *n. m.* a wren.

DREOS, dryöss, *n. m.* a blaze. *Mackintyre.*

DREOLLUNN, dryöll'-unn, *n. m.* an old name for the island of Mull.

DRIANLACH, drëam'-llach, *n. m.* a fishing-line; tall, ugly fellow.

DRIL, drël, *n. m.* a drop of dew; state of being slightly drunk.

DRILLEACHAN, drëllý²-ach-an, *n. m.* the bird, sand-piper.

DRILLSEACH, drëllý'-shyäch, *a.* glimmering.

DRILLSEAN, drëllý'-shyan, *n. m.* a glimmer; glimmering fire; rush-wick; rush-light.

DRILLSEANACH, drëllý²-shan'-ach, *a.* glimmering, sparkling as fire.

DRINNEACH, drém'-nyach, *a.* striped, streaked; party-coloured; pie-bald.

DRIOBHAIL-DRABHAIL, drév'-ul-drav'-ul, *adv.* hurly-burly.

DRIOD-FHORTAN, drëdd'-ort-an, *n. m.* an anecdote; a mishap; *ag innseadh dhriod-fhortan, relating anecdotes.*

DRIODSHUILEACH, drëdd'-hù'l'-ach, *a.* having a twinkling eye.

DRIOTHLUNN, dryüll'-unn, *n. f.* a ray of light.

DRIOTHLAG, dryüll'-ag, *n. f.* a glimmering fire.

DRIP, drëp², *n. m.* predicament; hurry-burly; snare meant for another, but ensnaring the author of it.

DRIPEIL, drëp'-al, *a.* embarrassed; confused.

DRIUCAN, dryüchg'-an, *n. m.* beak, *Ir.*; an incision under one of the toes. *Islay.*

DRUICH, drëüch, *n. m.* activity, energy; cuir druich ort, *bestir yourself.*

DRIUCHAIL, drüech'-al, *adj.* active, lively.

DRIUCHAN, drëüch'-an, *n. m.* a stripe, as in cloth; *driuichean* geal is dubh, *a white and black stripe.*

DRIUCHANACH, dryüch'-an-ach, *a.* striped.

DRIUCHID, dryüchg', *n. m.* dew. *Provin.*

DRIUCHIDAN, dryüchg'-an, *n. m.* a dew-drop.

DROBH, dröb², *n. m.* a market (Lewis); a crowd; a drove, *Co.* The etymon of drove in English.

DROBHAIR, dröv'-är', *n. m.* a drover; cattle-dealer; a man at a market.

DROBHAIREACHD, dröv'-är'-ächg', *n. f.* cattle-dealing; sauntering at market.

DROCH, dröch, *a.* bad, evil; *droch bhean, droch fhear, a bad woman; a bad man; used always before the noun.*

DROCHTID, dröch'-äj, *n. f.* a bridge.

DROCHBHARAIL, droch-vhar'-al, *n. f.* a bad opinion; a prejudice.

DROCH-CHREIDEADH, droch'-chraöjj-X, *n. m.* heresy; *droch-chreideach, a heretic.*

DROCHMHUINT, droch'-vhüent, perverse.

DROCHMHUNADH, droch'-vhün-ä, malice.

DROGAID, drög'-äjj, *n. f.* drugged; any thing spoiled by being mixed.

DROGHA, drö²-ä, *n. m.* a hand fishing-line.

DROINEACH, dröeu'-ach, *n. f.* a ragged garment.

DROINEAP, dröen'-ap, a ragged person; any thing ragged.

DROING, dröéng, *n. f.* a race; tribe.

DROLA, dröl'-ä, *n. m.* pot-hook; bughall.

DROLABHAID, drof'-a-vaj, *n. m.* lumber.

DROLABHAN, drof'-a-vin, *n. m.* a good-for-nothing fellow.

DROLL, dröll, *n. m.* back of a beast; rump; high dudgeon.

DROLLACH, dröll'-ach, *a.* apt to take great, great offence.

DROMA, dröm'-a, of back; *enaimh an droma, the back bone, spine.*

DROMACH, drom'-äch, *n. f.* backbone. *I.*

DROMAN, for druman, alder.

DROMANNAN, dröm'-än-än, *n. p.* backs.

DRONN, drönn, *n. f.* back, rump.

DRONNAG, dronn'-ag, *n. f.* a hunch.

DROTHANACH, drö'-an-ach, *n. m.* a light breeze, a gentle breeze.

DRAUAP, drüäp, *n. f.* debauchery, drinking in bad company; a debauchee.

DRAUPEIL, drüäp'-al, *a.* debauched.

DRAUPIRE, drüäp'-ur-a, *n. m.* a tippler.

DRUCHD, drüchg', *n. m.* dew, tear; *v.* ooze, emit drops.

DRUDHADH, drü'-X, *n. m.* impression, influence; *cha d' rinn e an drüdhaith a bu lugha air, it has not made the smallest impression on him; pi. pouring out the last drop, penetrating to the skin; oozing.*

DRUDHAG, dru'-ag, *n. f.* a small drop.
 DAUID, drúejj, *v.* shut, close.
 DRUIDEADH, drúejj'-X, *pt.* closing, shutting; *n. m.* a conclusion, close.
 DRUIDH, drúe'-yh, *v.* penetrate to the skin, impress, make an impression, influence, ooze; *dhrúidh e orm, the rain has penetrated to my skin; 'san mar sin a dhrúidh e air, that is the way it impressed him, or he felt it; v. n.* pour forth the last drop; *dhrúidh e an soitheach, he poured forth the last drop in the dish.*
 DRUIDH, drúe'-yh, *n. m.* a magician, a sorcerer, a philosopher; *dh'innis e sin do na drúidhean, he told that to the magicians.*
 DRUIDHEACHD, drúe'-yhachg, *n. f.* magic, sorcery, witchcraft.
 DRUIDTEACH, drúet'-ach, *a.* impressive, emphatic, penetrating; *cainnt dhrúidhteach, impressive or emphatic language.*
 DRUIDTE, drúejj'-á, *pt.* shut, closed.
 DRUIM, for driom, back, keel, &c.
 DRUIN, drúen, *v.* shut, close.
 DRUINNEAN, drúen'-nyán', *n. m.* the lowest part of the back.
 DRUIS, drúsh, *n. m.* lust.
 DRUISEALACHD, drúsh'-al-achg, *n. f.* moisture.
 DRUISEIL, drúsh'-al, *a.* lustful.
 DRUISIRE, drúsh'-ur-a, *n. m.* fornicator.
 DRUMA, drúm'-a, *n. f.* a drum.
 DRUMACH, drúm'-ach, *n. f.* ridge-band of a cart horse, &c.
 DRUMAIREACHD, drúm'-ar'-achg, *n. f.* drumming; absurd hammering; noise.
 DRUNADH, drún'-X, *pt.* shutting, closing; *n. m.* conclusion.
 DRUTH, drú, *n. f.* a harlot. *Irish.*
 DU, dú, *a.*; see Dúth.
 DUAICHNEACHD, dúäch'-nyachg, *n. f.* ugliness, deformity.
 DUAICHNIDH, dúäch'-né, *a.* ugly, gloomy, any thing but pretty.
 DUAICHNICH, dúäch'-néch, *v.* make ugly.
 DUAIRC, dúächérg, *n. f.* surliness.
 DUAIRCEIL, dúächérg'-al, *a.* unamiable.
 DUAIS, dúash, *n. f.* a reward, premium, present; in Perthshire, wages, fees.
 DUAISIRE, dúash'-uir-á, *n. m.* a rewarder.
 DUAL, dúall, *n. m.* a fold, or ply of a rope, or any thing twisted; a plait; also corruption of duthail, hereditary; *v.* plait, fold, ply.
 DUALACH, dúall'-äch, *a.* plaited as hair.
 DUAN, dúán, *n. f.* a poem.
 DUANACHD, dúán'-achg, *n. f.* poetry, versification, making poems.
 DUANAO, dúán'-ag, *n. f.* a sonnet, a ditty, a catch, a canto, a little poem.
 DUBAILTE, dub'-alyt-a, *pt.* double, double-minded; (*French, Spanish, &c.*); *duine aicbailte, a double minded person.*

DUBAILTEACHD, dub'-ályt'-ächg, *n. f.* dissimulation, double dealing; deceit.
 DUBH, dü-gh, *a.* black, dark, lamentable, disastrous; more properly dugh; *v.* blacken.
 DUBH, dügh', *n. m.* the pupil of the eye; ink, blackness, darkness.
 DUBHACH, dü'-ach, *n. m.* blackening; *duthach bhrog, shoe blackning; dubhach cobhain, lamp-black.*
 DUBHACH, dü'-ach, *a.* very sad, very sorrowful, melancholy, disastrous, mournful.
 DUBHACHAS, dü'-ach-as, *n. m.* melancholy, sorrow, sadness.
 DUBHADAN, dü'-ad-an, *n. f.* ink-holder.
 DUBH-AIGEAN, dügh'-äeg-én', *n. m.* abyss.
 DUBHAILC, düv'-äcük, *n. f.* vice.
 DUBHAN, dü'-an, *n. m.* a hook, particularly a fishing hook, a claw, a clutch; *ad dhubhain, in thy clutches.*
 DUBHAIR, düv'-ér, *v.* darken, shade.
 DUBHAR, düv'-ur, *n. m.* shade; *tha anam an righ mar dhubhar na h-uaique, the soul of the king is like the shade of the grave; darkness.*
 DUBHARACH, düv'-ar-ach, *a.* shady, shadowy, opaque, dusky.
 DUBHARACHD, düv'-ar-achg, *n. f.* a shady or dusky place; opacity, an eclipse of the sun or moon.
 DUBHARAICH, düv'-ar-äch, *v.* shade, eclipse.
 DUBH-BHRON, dü-vhrón', *n. m.* overwhelming grief; *dubh-bhrónach, disconsolate.*
 DUBHCHAILE, dü'-chal'-á, *n. f.* a trollop.
 DUBHCHASACH, dü'-chas'-ach, *n. f.* maiden hair.
 DUBH-CHIS, dü'-chyesh', *n. f.* blackmail.
 DUBHDHEAG, dü-yherg', *a.* dark red.
 DUBHDHONN, dü-yhönn', *a.* drab, dun.
 DUBH-GHALL, dü-gháll', *n. c.* a lowlander, a foreigner. *Islay.*
 DUBHGHLAS, dü-ghláss, *a.* dark grey; also the surname Douglas.
 DUBHGHORN, dü'-ghörm, *a.* very blue.
 DUBHGHRAIN, dü-ghràen', *n. f.* complete disgust.
 DUBH-GHRAINICH, dü-ghràen'-äch, *v.* disgust.
 DUBHLACHD, düb-lachg, *n. f.* cold and storm in season; wintry weather, depth of winter.
 DUBHLACHDAIL, dúl' lachg-al, *a.* wintry.
 DUBHLAIDH, dúll'-é, *a.* darkish; wintry.
 DUBHLAIDHEACHD; dúll'-é-achg, *n. f.* darkness, dark-blue.
 DUBHLAN, düll-un, *n. m.* hardihood, capability of bearing cold, hardship, and want; the quick, defiance, challenge; *cuir ga dhubhlán, touch him to the quick, defy, challenge; 'uair thèid duine ga*

dhubhlan, when a person is touched to the quick.

DUBHLANACH, dülf'-unn-ach, *a.* capable of bearing cold and fatigue, hardy; brave, defying, challenging.

DUBHLANACHD, dülf'-unn-achg, *n. f.* hardihood, degree of bravery, fearlessness.

DUBHLIATH, dülf'-llä, *n. f.* the spleen.

DUBHLOISGTE, dü-löshg²-tyä, *pt.* burnt to a cinder; dübhloisg, *burn to a cinder.*

DEBH-OGHA, dü'-ä-a, *n. m.* the great grandson's grandson. *H. S.*

DUBHRADH, dürr'-ä, *n. m.* a dark object in the distance, darkness.

DUBHRADAN, dürr'-a-dan, *n. m.* a mote.

DUBHRUADH, dü'-rüagh, *a.* auburn.

DUBH-SHUBHLACH, du-hül'-ach, *n. f.* a strolling female or gypsy.

DUBH-THRATH, dü-hrà, *n. m.* the dusk.

DUBLACHADH, düb'-lach-ä, *n. m.* distilling the second time; *pt.* act of doubling.

DUBLAICH, düb'-lléach, *v.* double, distill.

DUD, düdd, *n. m.* a hollow sound.

DUD, düdd, *n. m.* a small lump.

DUDACH, düdd'-ach, *n. f.* a trumpet, a bugle, a war-horn.

DUDAIRE, düdd'-ur-ä, *n. m.* trumpeter.

DUIBH, düév, to you, (do sibh.)

DUIBHE, düé'-ä, *n. m.* blackness; more or most black; *ni's duibhe, blacker.*

DUIBHRE, dürr'-ä, darkness, shade. *Smith.*

DUIBHSE, düév'-shä, to you, *emph. form.*

DUIBREAC, dü'-bréuchg, *n. m.* a spiraling.

DUIL, dü'l, *n. f.* expectation, hope, belief; supposition; *tha düil againn, we expect; tha mi 'n düil, I hope, I suppose, I expect, I imagine; am bheil düil aga, do you suppose? an düil ra theachd, in expectation of his coming; thug sinn ar düil deth, we lost all expectation of him; am bheil düil agadsa, do you suppose? is beag düil a bh'agamsa, little did I expect; tha düil agam ris, I expect him; am bheil düil agaibh ris, do you expect him? chàill sinn ar düil deth, we lost all expectations of him.*

DUIL, dü'l, *n. m.* a creature, nature, the elements; *gach düil bheo, every living creature; na düile leaghaidh, the elements shall melt. Smith.*

DUIL, dü'l, *v.* hoop or thread as a hook. *P. shire.*

DUILE, dü'l'-ä, *n. m.* a poor creature, a little or diminutive person; also düileag.

DUILEACHD, dü'l'-achg, *n. f.* doubt, suspicion, as of a child; *ga chur an duileachd, suspecting that the child is not your own; dubh shliochd.*

DUILEANN, dü'l'-unn, *n. m.* a perquisite, a present; *mòran dhuilleannan eile, a great number of other perquisites; a tribute. Ir.*

DUILEUM, düél'-lyäm, *n. m.* a bound, leap.

DUILEASG, dü'l'-usg, *n. m.* dilse, sea weed.

DUILICH, dü'l'-éeh, *a.* difficult, hard; *ceisd dhuilich, a difficult question; sorry, grievous; is duilich leam, I am sorry; is duilich leis, he is sorry; is duilich dhuit fhàgal, it is a pity for you to leave him; sgeul a bu duilich leinn, news for which we are very sorry; is duilich leam gur fìor, I am sorry it is too true; na's duile, more difficult.*

DUILICHINN, dü'l'-éeh-ènn, *n. f.* sorrow, grief, vexation; *tha e fo mhòran duilichinn, he is very sorry, he is much grieved; is beag duilichinn, a th' ort, you seem, not to be the least sorry for it.*

DUILLE, dü'll'y'-ä, *n. f.* a leaf of any kind.

DUILLEACH, dü'll'y'-ach, *n. m.* foliage.

DUILLEACHAN, dü'll'y'-ach-an, *n. m.* a pamphlet.

DUILLEAG, düëll'y'-ag, *n. f.* a leaflet; a leaf of any kind; *taobh duilleig, a page; duilleag combhla, leaf of a door; flap of the breast; duilleag bhàite, white water lily.*

DUILLEAGACH, dü'll'y'-ag-ach, *a.* leafy.

DUILICH, dü'll'y'-éeh, *v.* sprout, floutish.

DUIN, düèn, *v. n.* shut, enclose, close, button, lace, darken, obscure; *dhuin ceò bhliadhna air a dhearrsa, the mist of years has shrouded his splendour, Ossian; düin an dorus, shut the door.*

DUINE, dü'n'-ä, *n. m.* a person; body; a man; an individual; *an duine, the landlord; an duine agamsa, my good man; my husband; am bheil duine a's tigh, is there any body in? is fhearra duine na doaine, a proper person is better than many men. G. P.*

DUINEACHAN, dü'u'-ach-an, *n. m.* a man-kin.

DUINEALACHD, düën'-all-achg, } *n. m.* man-
DUINEALAS, düën'-all-as, } lines; decision of character.

DUINEIL, düën'-al, *a.* manly; like a man.

DUINN, düënn, to us; *thoir dhuinn, give us.*

DUINNE, düënn'-ä, *a.* more or most brown.

DUINTE, düën'-tyä, *pt.* shut; closed.

DUINTEAN, düën'-tyän, *n. pl.* heaps; fortification, forts.

DUIRE, düèr'-ä, *a.* more obstinate; more untractable; *n.* obstinacy, stiffness, in-docility.

DUISEAL, düsh'-al, *n. f.* a whip. *North.*

DUISG, düèhsk, *v.* awake; *duisgte, awakened.*

DUIT, düèty', to you; also *dhuil.*

DUL, düll, *n. m.* a noose; slipping noose.

DUL, düll, *gen.* of Düil, *Dia nan dül, the God of nature.*

DULDAIDH; see Dùbhlaidh.

DUMHAIL, dùv²-al, bulky; thick.
 DUMHLACHADH, dùll'-äch-à, *pt.* crowding; growing more dense; thickening.
 DUMHLADAS, dùll'-ad-us, *n. m.* bulk, bulkiness, crowdedness, clumsiness, denseness.
 DUMHLAICH, dùll'-éch, *v.* crowd; get more dense; press as a multitude.
 DUN, dùn, *n. m.* a heap, a fortress, a castle, a fortification, a fort.
 DUNADH, dùn'-à, *n. m.* conclusion; close; *pt.* shutting, closing.
 DUNAICH, dùn'-éech, *n. f.* mishap, mischief; *dè'n dunaich a thàinig ort, what the mischief came over you?*
 DUNAN, dùn'-an, *n. m.* a dung-hill.
 DUN-EIDION, dùn-àjj'-un, Edinburgh; from dùn, *fort*, and eidion, *want of proper ramparts or defence*.
 DUN-LIOS, dùn'-lìess, *n. m.* palace-yard.
 DUNT, dùnt, *n. m.* a thump.
 DUNTAIL, dùntt'-al, *n. f. et part.* thumping.
 DUA, dùrr, *a.* indocile, untractable; stubborn, stiff; (water, *obsolete*.)
 DURACHD, dùrr'-achd, sincere intention or wish; sincerity, earnestness; am bheil e ann an dùrachd math dhuit, *has he good intentions towards you? does he mean well?*
 DURACHDACH, dùrr'-achg-ach, *a.* sincere; very sincere or earnest; neodhùrachdach, *careless*.
 DURADAN, dùr'-ad-an, *n. m.* a mote; particle of dust; chaidh dùradan am shùil, *a mote stuck in mine eye*.
 DURACHD, dùrr'-échg, more often dùrèchg; *v.* sincerely hope; fain hope; sincerely wish.
 DURD, dùrd, *n. m.* a hum, buzz; *v.* hum, buzz.
 DURDAIL, dùrdd'-al, *pt.* buzzing, humming; *n. f.* continued buzzing, humming, murmuring.
 DUADAN, dùrd'-an, *n. m.* grumbling, teasing.
 DURDANACH, dùrd'-an-ach, *a.* querulous.
 DUADANAICH, durd'-an-éch, *n. f.* querulousness.
 DURRADH, dùrr'-à, *n. f.* a pig, sow; *durr-adh! durradh!* grumpy! grumpy!
 DURRAG, dùrr'-ag, *n. f.* a little pig; worm.
 DUS, dùs, *n. m.* dust, smithy ashes.
 DUSAL, dùs'-al, *n. m.* slumber. *Bible*.
 DUSAN, dùs'-an, *n. m.* a dozen. French, douze
 DUSGADH, dùsg'-à, *n. m.* awakening; excitement; *pt.* rousing, exciting.
 DUSLACH, dùs'-lach, *n. m.* dust; milndust.
 DUSLACHAIL, dùs'-lach-al, *a.* dusty; dust-sail.

DUSLAINN, dùs'-llènn, *n. m.* dust; dark place.

DUTH, dù, *a.* due, hereditary, fit; what circumstances warrant; befitting one's case; cha dùth dha sin, *that cannot be expected from him*; tha e mar is dùth dha, *he is just as you would expect*; an dùth dhomhsa sin, *can that be expected of one similarly situated with me?* is dùth dha gu'm bheil e mar sin, *it is befitting his case that he should be so*.

DUTH, dù, *n. m.* complement, proportion; equitable share; proportionate quantity or number; tha mo dhùth fhèin agamsa, *I have my own proportion*; clach ime le a dùth do chàise, *a slone of butter, with its complement of cheese*; na faighinn mo dhùth fhèin, *were I to get my own equitable share*; tha dhùth sin a dhith orm, *I want a proportionate quantity or number; there is the equal to that deficient*.

DUTHAIL, ddù'-al, *a.* hereditary; giving just grounds to anticipate or expect; quite natural; reasonable; is dùthail dùth-chas im ùr a bhith air blàthaich, *it is quite natural that new-churned milk should produce fresh butter*.

DUTHAICH, (dùth'-fhaich,) dù'-éch, *n. f.* country; air an dùthaich, *on the country*; muinntir mo dhùthcha, *my country folk*.

DUTHAICH, dù'-éch, *n. f.* large gut; the anus.

DUTHCHAS, dùch'-us, *n. m.* hereditary, failing, or propriety of conduct; nativity.

DUTHCHASACH, dùch'-chàs-ach, *a.* hereditary; bu dùthchasach sin dà, *that was hereditary in his family*; *n. c.* a native; an aboriginal; 'nuair a' thrèigear na dùthchasaich lla, bearnachd le sith Albainn, *when the natives forsake ISLAY, farewell to the peace of SCOTLAND*; St. Collumbus, A HUGE REFORMER.

DUTHCHASACHD, dùch'-chàs-achg, *n. f.* hereditary right, or privilege, or failing; nativity.

E

E, e, ē, the fifth letter of the alphabet, named euhb, the aspen-tree; it has various sounds; e, the personal pronoun, sounds like e in there; in rè, *during*; èè, *the earth* ē, as a in fame,—at the end of a word, particularly participles, it sounds like u in gun, pronounced quick, without touching the n; as,

E, è, personal pronoun, he, him, and it, both accusative and nominative; when it precedes e the accusative, or fèin, *self*, it is written 'sè, as, mharbh 'se e, *he killed him*; marbh 'se e fèin, *he killed himself*.

E, à! *inter. ay! è! è! ay! ay!*

EA-, à, or ā, *neg. part.* improperly used for eu, which is also very stupidly confounded by respectable people, though miserable Gaelic scholars, with ao,—as, eugasg for aogasg, *appearance*, &c.

EABAIR, à'-bair², *v.* make slimy, as mud, by continual tramping; roll in the mud.

EABAR, à'-bur, *n. m.* slimy mud, mire.

EABHRA, èav'-rrà, or yyav'-ra, *n. f.* Hebrew, the Hebrew language or tongue.

EABHRACH, yyav'-rach, *n. m.* a Hebrew, a Jew; *adj.* Hebrew, Jewish; na h-eabhraich, *the Jews*; a chainnt Eabhrach, *Hebrew*.

EABRACH, àb'-rräch, *a.* miry, slimy.

EABRADH, àb'-rà, *n. m. pt.* a wallowing, &c. a chum a h-eabradh 'san làthaich, *to her wallowing in the mire. Bible.*

EACH, ech, (in one parish in Islay, yyäch,) *n. m.* a horse, a brute; horses, eich; eich mheannach, *mettlesome horses*; each marcachd, *a riding horse*; each ceannaich, *a post horse*; each buidh, *a cream-coloured horse*; each breac, *a piebald horse*; each saibhd, *each fuadain, a stray horse*; each cartach, *each fèin, a cart horse*; each odhar, *a dun horse*; each donn, *a brown horse*; each beilichte neo each meileige, *a muzzled horse*; each gorm, *a dapple-grey horse*; each geal, *each bàn, a white horse*.

EACHACH, ech'-ach, *a.* well supplied with horses.

EACHARNACH, ech'-arn-ach, *n. f.* park for horses. *Islay.*

EACHAN, ech'-an, *n. m.* swifts; smooth cockle.

EACH-AODACH, ech'-aod-ach, *n. m.* caparison.

EACHDAIR, echg'-ur, *n. f.* history. *Ossian.*

EACHDAIRE, echg'-ar'-à, *n. m.* a historian, a chronicler, a recorder; eachdair' ar comhraig, *the historian of our battle, Os. from euchd, a feat treubhas.*

EACHDAIREACHD, echg'-ur'-ächg, *n. f.* historiography, history, chronicles.

EACHDRAICHE, echg'-rèch-à, *n. m.* a historian. *Islay.*

EACHDRAICH, echg'-rèch, or -rè, *n. f.* history.

EACHDRAIDHEACHD, echg'-rè-achg, *n. f.* historiography, chronicles, history.

EACHLAIR, ech'-llàr, *n. m.* a brutish fellow.

EACHLAIREACHD, ech'-lar-achg, *n. f.* brutish conduct.

EACHLAIS, ech'-lash, *n. f.* a passage, entry.

EADAIL, corruption of fendail, wealth in cattle; m' fheudail, *my treasure.*

EADAILT, corruption of an Fheadailt, Italy; 's an Fheadailt, *in Italy*; the aspiration of f is the cause.—see 1st page.

EADAR, à'-ddär, *prep.* between; eadar mise agus tusa, *between us*; among; eadaruibh fhèin, fhuaradh e, *among yourselves it was found*; both; eadar bheag is mhòr, *both great and small*; eadar long is lamruig, *between the cup and the lip*, lit. *between the ship and the quay*; eadar fheala-dhà is d' ar righibh, *between jest and earnest*; eadar mhaith is ole, *both good and bad*; eadar am bogha is an t-seang, *with much ado*, making both ends meet with great difficulty; eadar da lionn, *between wind and water*, *between sinking and swimming.*

EADAR-DHEALACHADH, à'-ddar-ghyäl'-ach-ä, *n. m.* distinction, difference; *pt.* distinguishing; separating.

EADAR-DHEALAICH, à'-ddur-ghyäl'-èch, *v.* distinguish, separate, divide.

EADAR-GHUIDH, à-ddar-ghue-yh', *v.* intercede, make intercession.

EADAR-GHUIDHE, eà-ddar-ghü'-è, *n. f.* intercession, mediatory prayer.

EADAR-GHUIDHEAR, à-ddar-ghüé'-hyar, *n. m.* an intercessor, a mediator.

EADAR-MHEADHONACH, à-ddar-vhé'-un-ach, *a.* intercessory; indifferent, middling.

EADAR-MHEADHONAICH, à'-ddar-vhé-un-èch, *n. f.* middling state; tha e 'sa eadar-mheadhonaich, *he is but very indifferent.*

EADAR-MHEADHONAIR, à-ddar-vhé-un-är', *n. m.* an intercessor, a mediator, an arbitrator; eadar-mheadhonaireachd, *mediation, intercession.*

EADAR-MHINEACHADH, à-ddar-vhén'-ach-ä, *n. m.* annotation, interpretation, explanation.

EADAR-MHINEACHAIR, à-ddar-vhén'-ach-är, *n. m.* interpreter, annotator, explainer.

EADAR-MHINICH, à-ddar-vhén'-èch, *v.* explain.

EADAR-SGAR, à-ddar-skar', *v.* separate.

EADAR-SGARACHAINN, à-ddar-skär'-achg-ènn, *n. f.* separation, divorce; *pt.* divorcing.

EADAR-SHOILLSE, à-häoelly'-shä, *n. f.* dawn.

EADAR-SHOILLSICH, à-ddar-häöell'-shèch, *v.* dawn.

EADAR-SHOLUS, à-ddar-hol-us, *n. m.* twilight, dawn.

EADAR-THEANGACHAIDH, à-héng'-ach-ä, *v.* translation, interpretation; *pt.* translating, interpreting.

EADAR-THEANGAICH, á-dđár-héng'-éch, *v.* translate.

EADAR-THEANGAIA, á-dđár-héng'-árr, *n. m.* translator.

EADH, eadh'-gh', *adv.* yes; an *eadh*, is it so? cha'n *eadh*, ní *h-eadh*, it is not so.

EADHAIN, yú- or éú'-yhán', *adv.* to it, namely; bheir mise, *eadhain* mise, dile uisgeanna air an talamh, and I, even I, will bring a flood of waters upon the earth.

EADRADH, á-dđr'á, *n. m.* noon; ma *eadradh*, about noon; time of day for milking cattle.

EADRAIGINN, á-dđrē-gēnn, *n. f.* interposition to separate two combatants; act of separating; is minig a fhuair fear na *h-eadraiginn* buille, often has the *queller of strife* been struck; interference.

EADRUINN, á-dđruēnn, between us; a' cur *eadruinn*, causing us to disagree; thainig rudaiginn *eadruinn*, we disagreed about something.

EAG, ágg'-2, *n. f.* a nick, notch, or hack.

EAGACH, ágg'-ach, *a.* notched, indented.

EAGACHADH, ágg'-2-ach-á, *pt.* indenting, hacking.

EAGAICH, ágg'-éch, *v.* indent, notch, imbed.

EAGAL, ágg'-áll, *n. m.* fear, dread, terror; dē's *eagal* duit, no harm will happen to you; ní *h-eagal* leam, (*P. S.*) I am not afraid; tha *eagal* orm, I fear, I am afraid; is mōr m' *eagal*, I am much afraid, I fear very much; eò a chuireas *eagal* orm, who shall make me afraid? is beag m' *eagal*, I am not the least afraid, I'll little fear; tha *eagal* a chridh air, he is terrified out of his wits; an *eagal* domhsa do ehruth, am I afraid of your form—spectre, *Oss.*; cha'n *eagal* duit, there is no fear of you; superstition; chuir an t-*eagal* as da, superstition deprived him of his senses.

EAGALACH, ágg'-2-al-ach, *a.* fearful, dreadful, superstitious; ní *eagalach*, a dreadful thing; duine *eagalach*, a terrible or superstitious person; tha e *eagalach*, he is superstitious.

EAGALACHD, ágg'-al-áchg, *n. f.* terrible-ness, dreadfulness, superstitiousness.

EAGAR, ágg'-2-ur, *n. m.* regular building, as peats, hewn stone; (*M' L.*) order, rank; Bible.

EAGAIA, ágg'-2-ér, *v.* build as peats; gníomh.

EAGLAIS, ágg'-2-llēsh, *n. f.* a church, temple; *eaglais* chathach, church militant; *eaglais* neamhaidh, church triumphant; *eaglais* na Roimh, Catholic Church; (French, *eglise*.) almost all other languages.

EAGLAISEIL, ágg'-2-llash-al, *a.* ecclesiastical.

EAGLAISEAM, ágg'-2-llash-ar, *n. m.* a churchman.

EAGNACH, ágg'-nyach, *a.* careful about little things, as a housewife; prudent.

EAGNAIDH, ágg'-2-nyē, *a.* attentive to nignags; extremely careful; more properly *eignidh*.

EAGNAIDHEACHD, ágy'-2-nyē-áchg, *n. f.* pointedness about the minute articles of gain; prudence.

EAIRLEIS, éár'-llēsh, *n. f.* earnest-penny.

EAIRLEIG, earr'-llyég, *n. f.* strait for want of money; from *carr*, the chime of a cask, and *leig*.

EAIRLEIGEACH, éarr'-llyég-ach, *a.* urgent.

EAIRLINN, éarr'-llyēnn, *n. m.* keel; driom. *St.*

EALA, éáll'-a, *n. f.* a swan; Tighearn Loch nan *eala*, *Lochnell*; the proprietor of *Lochnell*.

EALACHAIN, éáll'-ach-áén, *n. f.* the furnace, particularly of a distillery; a hearth; a gauntree, fulcrum.

EALAIH; see callaidh, (*cun-laidh*.)

EALAIN, eall'-ány', *n. f.* trade, profession, occupation; dē'n *ealain* a tha e lean-tainn, what profession does he follow? what is his trade or occupation?

EALAMH, eál'-uv, *a.* quick, expert.

EALAMHACHD, éáll'-uv-áchg, *n. f.* expertness, quickness.

EALANTA, éáll'-ant-a, ingenious.

EALANTACHD, eal'-ant-áchg, *n. f.* ingenuity.

EALBHUIDH, eal'-a-vhūē, *n. f.* St. John's wort; send *challum chille*. *Mackintyre*.

EALG, éáll'-ug, *a.* noble, expert. *O. G.*

EALLA, eáll'-a, *n.* gabh *ealla* ris, gabh *iolla* ris, look on it, and have nothing to do further with it.

EALLACH, eáll'-ach, *n. m.* burden, charge.

EALLACHAIL, eall'-ach al, *a.* hard, grievous.

EALT, éállt, *n. m.* flight of birds, flock.

EALTAINN, eal'-ton, *n. m.* razor; lann-smig; also a flock of birds. *H. Society*.

EANACH, eán'-ách, *n. f.* dandriff ceannaghalar, hat or scarf; down, wool. *North*.

EANCHAINN, éuch'-ach-ēnn, *n. f.* brains; impudence, audacity, ingenuity.

EANDAGACH; see Feandagach, nettle.

EANG, eng, *n. m.* the twelfth of an inch; mesh of a net; a gusset, a tract.

EANGACH, eng'-ach, *n. f.* a large fishing-net; a chain of nets.

EAR, er, *n. f.* the east; an ear, from the east; gaoth an ear, east wind.

EARAIL, err'-al, *n. f.* exhortation, guard; *v. n.* caution; dh' earail mi air, I cautioned him.

EARAILT, err'-alyty', *n. f.* exhortation; caution.

EARAILTEACH, err'-alyty'-ach, *a.* circumstance.

EARAILTEACHD, err'-allyty'-achg, *n. f.* cautiousness.

EARALACHADH, err'-all-ach-X, *pt.* cautioning, exhorting, putting on one's guard.

EARALAICH, err'-al-èch, *v.* caution, warn, guard against; exhort, entreat.

EARAR, err'-ur, *n. m.* the day after to-morrow.

EARARADH, err'-ar-X, *n. m.* parched corn; parching of corn in a pot for the mill.

EARASSAIO, err'-as-àjj, *n. f.* a sort of sur-tout worn long ago by Highland ladies; a frock; a shawl of tartan.

EARB, erb, *v. n.* confide, rely, depend, hope; *earbim ris, I will confide in him; earbam riut, I entrust in you; na h-earb as a sin, depend not on that; n. f.* a roe; mhosgail an earb, the roe awoke. *P.*

EARBACH, er'-bach, *a.* full of roes.

EARBAIL, erb'-ull, *n. f.* trust. *North H.*

EARBAIS, erb'-ash, *n. f.* inhibition. *N.*

EARBALL, erb'-all, *n. m.* a ludicrous name for a tail or train.

EARBSA, erb'-sa, *n. f.* complete trust, dependence, reliance, or confidence.

EARBSACH, erb'-sach, *a.* fully depending, confident, relying, trusting.

EARBSACHO, erb'-sachg, *n. f.* complete confidence, fullest assurance or trust.

EARGNAICH, erg'-nech, inflame; fearg-naich.

EARLAID, éar'-llajj, *n. f.* trust. *Stewart G.*

EARNACH, éar'-ach, *n. f.* murrain; bloody flux in cattle.

EARR, éarr, *n. m.* lowest extremity; tail; glac air a h-éarr i, catch her by the tail; extremity of a barrel.

EARRACH, éarr'-ach, *n. m.* the chink of a dish, where the edge of the bottom enters; lower extremity; the chime.

EARRACH, éarr'-ach, *n. m.* the spring.

EARRACRAIL, éarr'-ach-al, *a.* spring-like; *n. m.* loss of cattle in spring. *Skye.*

EARRADH, éarr'-X, *n. m.* dress. *Ossian.*

EARRADHREAS, éarr'-a-ghräs², *n. f.* dog-brier.

EARRADHUDH, éarr'-ghü, *n. m.* wane; 'sa earradhudh, in the wane; geallach earradhuidh, the waning moon.

EARRAGHLOIR, éarr'-a-ghlôir, *n. f.* gibberish.

EARRAGHAIDHIELL, éarr'-a-ghâë-èll, *n. m.* Argyle.

EARRAGHEALL, éarr'-a-ghyall, seorsa eoin, nygarg.

EABRAID, éarr'-ajj, *n. m.* king's messenger; maor-rìgh.

EARRAIG, éarr'-ég, *n. f.* the last shift; great deal ado; greatest strait.

EARRAIGEACH, éarr'-ég-ach, *a.* straitened.

EARRAIGH, éarr'-é, *n. m.* a captain. *H. S.*

EARRANN, éarr'-ann, *n. f.* share; section

of land; division; portion; a paragraph.

EARRANNACH, éarr'-ann-ach, *n. f.* fleece; wool.

EARRANNAICH, éarr'-ann-èch, *v.* share-divide.

EARRAS, éarr'-as, *n. m.* goods; portion; Helen 'sa h-earras thèid dhachaidh, Helen and her marriage-portion shall go home; the person secured, or the principal; cha'n f'hearr an t-urras na t-earras, the security is not a whit better than the principal, the one secured; property; gun òr gun earras, pennyless, and without property; wealth, treasure.

EARRASACH, éarr'-as-ach, *a.* wealthy, rich.

EARR-FHIGHE, éarr'-é-â, *n. m.* weaver's tenter. *Skye.*

EAS, às², *n. m.* a waterfall, cataract, cascade; gach coille, gach doire is gach eas, every wood, grove, and waterfall. *O.*

EAS, às², prefix, signifying in, un, &c.

EASACH, às²-ach, *a.* full of cascades; *n. f.* a cascade.

EAS-AONTACHD, às²-äont'-achg, *n. f.* discord, factiousness, disagreement, disobedience.

EAS-AONTAICH, às'-äont-èch, *v.* disagree; secede.

EASADONTAS, às²-äont-as, *n. m.* transgression.

EASARAIGH, às²-är²-è, *n. f.* state of requiring much attendance and service without moving from your seat; boiling of a pool where a cascade falls; tumult, noise.

EASBALAIR, às²-ul-ar, *n. m.* a trifling, tall, slender, good-for-nothing fellow.

EASBHUIDH, às'-vè, *n. m.* want, defect; dè tha easbhuidh ort, what do you want?

EASBUIG, às²-bèg, *n. m.* a bishop.

EASBUIGEACH, às²-bèg-ach, *a.* episcopal.

EASBUIGEACHD, às²-bèg-achg, *n. f.* bishopric.

EASCAIN, às²-kan², *n. f.* imprecation. *Sm.*

EASCAIRDEACH, às²-kärj-ach, *a.* inimical, hostile.

EASCAIRDEAS, às²-karjj-as, *n. f.* enmity, hostility.

EASCAOIN, às² kan', *n. m.* unsoundness, as meal, grain; *a.* unsound, as grain. *I.*

EASG, àsk², *n. f.* a ditch formed by nature; a fen, a bog; an eel. *Ar.*

EASGACH, àsk²-ach, *a.* full of ditches.

EASGAID, àsk'-àjj, *n. f.* the hough; the ham.

EASGAIDEACH, àsk'-àjj-ach, *a.* having a slender hough; *n. c.* term of contempt for a slender, tall person.

EASGAIDH, èsg'-è, *a.* willing to serve, quick, nimble to do a thing you have no right to do, but neglectful of duty; is easgaidh

- an droch ghille air chuairt, *the lazy servant is active from home*; officious, too ready.
- EASGAIDHEACHD, èsg'-é-áchg, *n. f.* officiousness, excessive readiness of a lazy person to do what he has no right to do.
- EASGANN, às^g-2-unn, *n. f.* an eel; more correctly easg'hionn, —easg, a ditch where eels come alive, and fionn, a hair, the thing from which they breed.
- EASGANNACH, às^g-2-ann-ach, *a.* supple, lively.
- EAS-IONBACAS, às^g-é-úr'-achg-us, *n. m.* dishonesty.
- EAS-IONRAIC, ás'-eún-rég, *a.* dishonest, bad.
- EASLAIN, às^g-2-láén', *a.* infirmity, sickness.
- EASLAINNT, às^g-2-láénnt, *n. f.* sickness; luchd easlainnt, *invalids, sick people.* *B.*
- EASLAINNTEACH, às^g-2-láént-ach, *sickly, infirm.*
- EASLAN, ás^g-2-lan, *a.* sickly, invalidated.
- EAS-ONAR, às^g-2-ón'-ar, *n. f.* dishonour.
- EAS-ONARAICH, às^g-2-ón'-ár-éch, *v.* dishonour.
- EAS-ORDUGH, às^g-2-órd'-aogh, *n. m.* anarchy.
- EASDRADH, às^g-2-drá, *n. m.* ferns; froinn-each. *Skye.*
- EAS-UMHAIL, às^g-2-úv'-ál, *a.* disobedient, irreverent; *eas-umhail* do pharantan, *disobedient to children.* *Bible.*
- EAS-UMHACHO, às^g-2-úv'-lachg, *n. f.* disobedience, insubordination, disloyalty, rebelliousness, irreverence; luchd na h-eas-umhlachd, *the insubordinate.*
- EAS-URRAM, às^g-2-úrr'-am, *n. f.* disrespect, contempt.
- EAS-URRAMACH, às-úrr'-am-ach, *a.* disrespectful.
- EAS-URRAMAICH, às-úrr'-am-éch, *contemn.*
- EATHAN, á^g-2-ur, *n. f.* a boat, a skiff.
- EATORRA, átt^g-2-urr-a, *between or among* them.
- EATORRAS, átt^g-2-urr-as, *n. f.* mediocrity, middle state of health; deamar tha thu, *how do you do?* tha mi an eatorras, *I am tolerably well, in tolerable health.*
- EIBH, áv', *n. f.* the death-watch, a tingling noise in the ear, portending sudden death; tha an eibh am chluais, gu 'n gleidheadh Dia pa 's caomh leam, *the death-watch is in my ear, may God watch over all who are dear to me*; a long-continued swelling cry, as when women hear of some disastrous catastrophe; eibh nam ban Muileach is iad a' caoineadh 'sa tuir-each, *the lamentation of the Mu'l women mourning for the dead*; eibh a bhais, *the lamentable cry of death, Oss.*; *v.* cry in a slow swelling manner.
- EIBHINN, áv'-énn, *a.* very happy, ecstatic, overjoyed, odd, curious; is eibhinn thu fhéin, *you are an odd fellow.*
- EIBHLE, áv'-ul, *n. f.* an ember; eibhlean, *embers.*
- EIBHLEAG, áv'-2-llag, *n. f.* a small ember.
- EIBHNEACH, áv'-nyach, *a.* in raptures, in transports of joy, rapturous.
- EIBHNEAS, áv'-nyus, *ecstasy, raptures.*
- EIBHAIONN, áv'-2-runn', *n. m.* a castrated he-goat; in Lochaber, eibhrionnach.
- EICEART, á'-cyart, *n. f.* injustice; *a.* unjust.
- EID, ájj', *v.* accoutre, put on your uniform, dress; mount, as with silver, or as swingles, (Grealagan) 'ga eideadh fhéin, *putting on his accoutrements, dressing.*
- EIDEADH, ájj'-á, *n. m.* uniform, the Highland garb, armour; na eideadh soille, *in his armour of light, Oss.*; ar eideadh cuirp, *our body garments*; gun eideadh gun each, *without horse or armour*; nuair rachadh tu t' eideadh, *when in full dress, when in your Highland garb or uniform, Oss. Sm. T.*; eideadh calpa, *greaves*; eideadh uchd, *breast plate*; eideadh bròin, *mournings, mourning dress*; eideadh muneil, *a gorget*; eideadh gaidhealach, *Highland garb*; eideadh droma, *back-piece.*
- EIDHEANN, á^g-2-unn, *n. m.* ivy, (Islay); spion an t-eidheann bho 'craoibh, spion an fhiolair bho eiar chreach, spion an lean-abh bho 'mhàthair ghaoil—ach na spion o m' ghaol mis', *tear the ivy from its twigs, tear the eagle from her dun prey, tear the babe from its fond mother, but never tear me from my love.*
- EIDHEANNACH, á^g-2-ann-ach, } in Islay, lee,
EIDHEANTACH, á^g-2-ann-tach, } in Arran, ivy.
- EIFEACHD, áff'-áchg, *n.* effect, avail, consequence; gun eifeachd, *without effect.* *Bible.*
- EIFEACHNACH, áff'-achg-ach, *a.* effectual.
- EIGE, ág^g-2-á, *n. f.* a web; eigeachan, *webs.*
- EIGEACH, ág^g-2-ach, *n. f.* abb, snàth air crann-dealb figheadair, 20.
- EIGEANNACH, ág'-unn-ach, *a.* requiring every kind of shifts, indispensable; (from eigin.)
- EIGEANTAS, á^g-2-gyunt-us, *n. m.* miserable shifts; state of requiring every kind of shifts.
- EIGINN, á'-gènn, *a.* some; cuideigin, *some person*; fearaigin, *some man*; rudai-ginn, *something*; te-eigin, *some female or woman.*
- EIGINN, á'-gènn, *n. f.* rape, violence; thug e a h-eigin, *he committed rape, he forced or violated her*; distress, difficulty, strait; tha e 'na eigin, *he is distressed, he is straitened*; thog e air eigin a shùil, *he raised his eye with difficulty*; beò air eigin, *just alive and that is all*; air eigin, *with much ado, scarcely.*

EIGINNEACH, á'-gènn-ách, *a. indispensable.*
 EIGNICH, ág'-néch, *v. force, ravish; agus dh' éignich na h-Amoraich clann Dhain, and the Amorites forced the children of Dan, Bible; ag éigneachadh, forcing, ravishing, violating.*

'EIL, ál', (for bheil,) *cha 'n' eil, no, not.*

EILDE, ál'-já, *gen. of Eilid, a hind.*

EILDEACH, ál'-jach, *a. abounding in hinds.*

EILE, á'-lá, *pro. indef. another, other; duine eile, another person; ní eile, another thing; neach eile, another individual; agus rud eile dheth, and another thing of it, more than that; co eile, who else?*

EILEACH, á'-llach, *n. m. mill-dam; linn-muilinn.*

EILEAN, á'-llán, *n. m. an island.*

EILEANACH, á'-llán-ach, *a. insular; n. c. an islander, inhabitants of an island.*

EILEANACHD, á'-llán-achg, *n. f. insularity.*

EILEAR, á'-llár, *n. f. a deer's walk, desert.*

EILGHEADH, á'-ghá, *n. m. first ploughing.*

EILID, á'-lléj, *n. f. a hind; laith an eilid air an fhuaran, the hind lay at the spring well.*

EILIDRÍOM, á'-e-drém, *n. f. a bier, hearse, (Skye); snaoimh, West Highlands.*

EILTHIREACH, ál'-hēr-ach, *n. c. foreigner.*

EIRBHEART, ár'-art, *n. m. locomotion, power of motion; tha comas eirbheirt aice, she is able to move about; pt. seeking.*

EIRBHEIR, ár'-ar, *v. seek in an indirect way; cò a th' ag eirbheirt sin ort, who asks that of you? insinuates that?*

EIRIE, ár'-á, *n. f. burden; ealach.*

EIREACHD, ár'-áchg, *n. f. for eireachdas.*

EIREACHDAIL, ár'-ách-al, *a. handsome, fine, beauteous, graceful; fit to appear in company with, as dress.*

EIREACHDAS, ár'-áchg-ás, *n. f. decency, suitability to appear in company with, seemliness, handsomeness; company; a' dol a dh' eireachdas leis, appearing in company with it.*

EIREAG, ár'-ag, *n. f. a pullet, a young hen.*

EIREARAICH, ár'-ar-éch, *n. f. parched corn hastily made for the hand-mill.*

EIRICH, ár'-éch, *v. rise, get up; éirich moch 'sa mhaidinn, rise early in the morning; éiridh mi, I shall rise.*

EIRIDINN, ár'-é-jjénn, *n. f. nursing a sick person; pt. nursing the sick; v. nurse or attend a sick person or patient; deoch eiridinn, a potion.*

EIRIDINNEACH, ár'-éjj-énn-ach, *n. c. a patient.*

EIRIDNICH, ár'-éj-nyéch, *v. nurse the sick.*

EIRIG, ár'-ég, *n. f. ransom, mulet for bloodshed, reparation; an éirig m' anama, in ransom for my soul; ann an éirig a ghraidh, in return for his love. Bible.*

EIRIGEACH, ár'-ég-ach, *a. as a ransom; n. m. a heretic, a captive, a bondsman; duine a tha na éirigeach, a man that is a heretic. Bible.*

EIRIGH, ár'-é, *n. f. rebellion, rising.*

EIRINN, ár'-énn, *n. f. Ireland, patland;*

Dr. Armstrong calls it Iar-fhonn, Westland; the Irish, I-iaruinn, the Iron island.

EIRIONNACH, áér'-unn-ach, *n. m. an Irishman; adj. Irish; im Eirionnach, Irish butter; castrated he-goat, Lochaber, i. e. Eibhrionnach, more properly Eibhrionn.*

EIRTHIR, ár'-hyér, *n. m. links; fighdean, fighdeach.*

EIS, ásh, *n. f. want, obstruction. Lewis.*

EISD, áshjj, *v. listen, hear, hearken, hark; éisdibh uile shluagh, hearken all ye people.*

EISDEACHD, áshjj'-achg, *n. f. hearing, listening, hearkening; attention; Inchd éisdeachd, hearers, auditory, audience; an ti bheir éisdeachd, he that hears or listens.*

EISEACH, ásh'-ach, } *n. f. a crupper, Jura*
 EISLEACH, ásh'-lach, } *and Mainland.*

EISEAMPLAIR, ásh-ampl'-ár, *n. m. example, pattern, ensample, model; eiseamplair-each, exemplary; gu'n robh sibh na'r eiseamplairibh, that you were examples.*

EISC, áshg, } *a satirist; éisgearachd,*
 EISGEAR, áshg'-ár, } *satire, a satirical turn.*

EISGEIL, áshg'-al, *satirical, flippant.*

EISGLINN, áshg'-llénn, *n. f. fish pond.*

EISIOMAIL, ásh'-ém-al, *n. f. reverence, dependence, power; cha 'n' eil mi t-eisiomail, I am not in your reverence; gun éisiomail, gun umhlachd, without reverence, or dependence; ní mi e gun eisiomail, I can do it without being in the reverence of any person for help; cha 'n' eil mi bonn ad eisiomail, I am not a whit in your reverence; written eiseimeil also.*

EISIOMALACH, ásh'-mal-ach, *a dependent.*

EISIOMALACHG, ásh'-mal-achg, *n. f. dependence, state of dependence, poverty.*

EISIR, ásh'-ér, *n. f. an oyster; eisrean, oysters.*

EISLEAN, ásh'-lyan', *n. m. drowsiness.*

EISLEANACH, ásh'-lyan-ach, *a. dull, drowsy.*

EITEACH, ájt'-ach, *n. f. burnt heath. Arm.*

EITEAN, ájt'-an, *n. m. kernel; eitean chnù, kernel of nuts; itean properly. Bible.*

EITHEACH, á'-ach, *n. f. perjury, false oath; thug e miannan eithich, he perjured himself; luchd eithich, perjurers. Bible.*

EITHEAR, á'-hyur, *n. f. a boat, barge. Oss.*

EITICH, áty'-éch, *v. refuse, deny. Arm.*

EITIDH, á'-tyé, *a. dismal, ugly. Oss.*

EITRIDH, ájt'-ré, *n. f. for sèitrich. Ossian.*

EOIN, éòén, *gen. of eun—also birds—also John in Bible—more often Iain.*

EOL, eòll, *n. m.* knowledge; is eòl dhomh, *I know*; seldom used. *Provin.*

EOLACH, eòll'-ach, *a.* acquainted, knowing, intelligent, expert, skilful; tha mi eòlach air, *I am acquainted with him*; *I know him*; am bheil thu eòlach air, *do you know him?* duine eòlach, *a man well acquainted, an intelligent man.*

EOLAS, eòll'-as, *n. f.* acquaintance, intelligence, knowledge; dlth eòlais, *ignorance*; ann an tli m' eòlais, *in the country where I am acquainted, in my own country*; chaidh e air' eòlas, *he strayed to the place where he was formerly*—said of cattle; cuir eòlas air, *get acquainted with him*; skill, science, an enchantment or spell; eòlas nan sùl, *a spell to get free of a mate in the eye.*

EORNA, eòrn'-à, *n. m.* barley; eòrna agus lìon, *barley and flax*; eòrna fo dhèis, *barley in ear*; a cur eòrna, *sowing barley.*

EORNACH, eòrn'-ach, *n. f.* barley-land.

EORPA, eòrp'-a, *n. f.* Europe; shiubhail mi an Roinn Eòrpa, *I travelled the whole of Europe.*

ESAN, ess'-un, *pron.* he, him, himself.

EUBH, àv, *n. f.* Eve, first woman; Adhamh agus Eub, *Adam and Eve*; aspen-tree.

EUCAIL, à'-kal, *n. f.* disease, distemper; near m' eucalach, *the strength of my disease*; gach eucail' na aoraidh, *every disease or distemper in his constitution. B. J.*

EUCAILEACH, à'-kal'-ach, *a.* diseased, distempered.

EUCAILEACHD, à'-kal'-achg, *n. f.* state of disease; infectiousness, distemper.

EUCHD, àchg, *n. f.* exploit or achievement; cuimhne euchd neo treubhais, *memory of; exploit or achievement. Oss.*

EUCHDACH, àchg'-ach, } heroic, chivalrous,
EUCHDAIL, àchg'-al, } brave, daring;
doaine treubhach euchdail, *heroic, chivalrous people*; Bàs a ghaisgich euchdail, *the death of the chivalrous hero, (Oss. song)*; euchdalachd, *degree of heroism, bravery.*

EUD, èdd, *n. m.* jealousy; malice at another's success; zeal; eud do theachdsa, *the zeal of thine house*; tri nithe gun iarraidh, *eud, farmad is eagal, three things that come without seeking, (in defiance,) jealousy, malice, and fear*—superstitious fear.

EUDACH, èdd'-ach, *n. m.* jealousy between man and wife; ag eudach ri the, *accusing her of being unfaithful to his bed*; also provincial for aodach, *clothes, dress.*

EUDACHAIL, èdd'-ach-al, *adj.* jealous.

EUDAICH, èdd'-èch, *v.* watch zealously. *Arm.*

EUDAL for feudail, wealth in cattle.

EUDANN, èdd'-ann, for aodann, face.

EUDMHOIREACHD, èdd'-vhurr'-achg, *n. f.* jealousy; degree of jealousy, or zealousness.

EUDMHOR, èdd'-vhur, *a.* jealous, zealous.

EUDÒCHAS, àò-dòch'-as, *n. m.* despair, despondency, dejection; see Aodòchas, &c.

EUG, àg, *n. m.* death; suain an èig, *sound sleep of death*; v. die, perish; dh' eug i, *she died*; an dòigh 'san d' eug i, *the manner in which she perished.*

EUGACH, àg'-ach, *a.* death-like; deadly; buille eagalach eugach, *a terrible deadly blow.*

EUGAS, àg'-us, *n. m.* likeness, for eug-mhais, *eugas, &c.*; see Aogmhais, Aogais, &c. &c. being the same.

EUGSAMHLUICH, àg-sáv'-llèch, *v.* vary, change; (seldom used.)

EUGSAMHUIL, àg'-sáv'-èl, *a.* various, different; dathan eugsamhuil, *various colours, Bible*; mournful; ceòl eugsamhuil, *mournful music. Ossian.*

EUN, èn, *n. m.* a bird, chicken; eoin, *birds*; an t-eun-fionn, *the hen-harrier*; eun-siubhail, *a bird of passage, a straggler*; cu-eunaich, *a pointer.*

EUNADAIR, èn'-add-àr', *n. m.* fowler, game-keeper, bird-catcher; O lìon an eundadair, *from the fowler's snare*; eunadair eachd, *game-keeping.*

EUNADAN, èn'-ad-an, *n. m.* a bird-cage. *Bible.*

EUNAN, èn'-an, *n. m.* a humming bird

EUNBHRAICH, èn'-vhrè, } soup; chicken-

EUNBUITH, èn'-rèch, } broth; cha'n'eil

aon a dh'itheas pàirt da sheanmhair nach fhaod pàirt da h-eunruith òl, *he that eats a slice of his grandmother, may, with great propriety, sip the soup that is made of the same. Prov.*

EUNLAIDH, èl'-lli, *v.* creep; sneak as a bird-catcher or fowler.

EUNLAITH, èn'-llèch, or èll'-èch, *n. f.* fowls; birds; eallt eunlaith, *a flight of birds*; eunlaith a-rèir an gnè, *fowls after their kind. Bible.*

EUG, èr, *v.* refuse, (obsolete). *Ossian.*

EUTROM, àot'-tròm², *a.* light; see Aotrom.

F

F, f, styled Fearn by the Irish, is the sixth letter of the alphabet. It has the same sound as in other languages. Fh is always silent, which is the cause of many corruptions; dh' fhuirich mi, *I staid*; neo-fhasanta, *unfashionable, (nyò-às-ànt-à.)*

FA, fā, *prep.* on account, upon. *Smith*; *fa-dheoigh, at last*; *fa-leith, apart*.

FABHD, fāv'-ud, (foud,) fault; *Pertshire. Lewis*.

FABH, faff, } *n. m.* a thick cake;
FABHACHD, fav'-achg, } thick bread.

FABHOR, fāv'-ur, *n. m.* favour, interest, friendship.

FABHORACH, fav'-ur-ach, *a.* favourable, kind.

FABHORACHD, fav'-ur-achg, *n. f.* favourableness; a friendly disposition; kindness.

FABURA, fav'-ra, *n. m.* an eye-lid, (rosg); a fringe; a flounce. *Bible*.

FACAL, fachy'-al, *n. m.* word; solemn oath; *thoir t' fhaical, swear, make oath, a solemn appeal*; mispronounced and written in one county in Ireland *focal*, but never so in the Highlands; *fòcal* is a pole-cat.

FA-CHOMHAIR, fa-chó'-ér, *pre.* before, opposite to him; *fa-comhair, opposite to her*; *m'am choinneamh ma coinneamh*, properly speaking.

FACLACH, fachg'-llach, *a.* wordy, verbose.

FACLAIR, fachg'-laér, *n. m.* a vocabulary.

FAD, fàdd, *n. m.* length, distance, tallness; *fad* is leud an tighe, *the length and breadth of the house*; *cheann fada, at long distance of time*; *a' dol am fad, getting longer*; *bho cheann fada, long ago*; *fad finn foinneach an latha, the live-long day*; *prep.* during, over, throughout; *fad an t-saoghail, throughout the world*; *cha d' thig e gu ceann fada, he will not come for a long while*; *air fad, altogether, wholly*; *air fhad, lengthways, longitudinally*; *fad làithean mo bheatha, throughout my whole life*.

FADA, fàdd'-a, *adj.* long, distant; *o thir fhada, from a distant country. Oss.*; *rathad fada, a long way*; *fada bhuam, far from me*; *fada air falbh, far off, at a great distance*; *adv.* long, tediously; *is fhada, a dh' fhan thu, you staid long*.

FADADH, fad'-à, *n. m.* fire-place of a kiln; pan of a gun; *part.* inflaming, kindling a fire; *a' fadadh gealbhain, kindling a fire*; *a' fadadh bhuir a-mianna, inflaming your lusts. Bible*.

FADAICH, fad'-èch, } kindle, inflame,
FADAIDH, fad'-i-yh', } lengthen; *fa-daichte, kindled*.

FADAL, fadd'-all, *n. m.* longing, thinking, tedious; *na gabh fadat, do not think it too long*; *tha fadal orm, I think it long*.

FADALACH, *a.* dreary, tedious, longsome; *oidhcheachan fadalach, dreary or tedious nights, Bible*; slow, tardy.

FADCHEANNACH, fad'-chyann-ach, *adj.* long-headed, sagacious, shrewd.

FADCHEUMACH, fad'-chyām-ach, *a.* striding, bounding, bounding.

FADCHLUASACH, fad'-chlūās-ach, *a.* long-eared.

FADFHULANN, fad-üll'-unn, *n. m.* long-suffering, forbearing, longanimity.

FADFHULANNACH, fad-üll'-unn-ach, *a.* long-suffering, forbearing, patient.

FADH, fā'-gh, *gen. plu.* of faidh; *na bith-eadh fios nam fadh agam, had I the gift of prophecy?*

FADHAIRT, fad'-ärty', *n. f.* temper of a knife, hatchet, &c.; gun fhadhairt, blunt.

FADHAIRTICH, fao'-arty'-èch, *v.* temper.

FADLAMHACH, fad'-láv-ach, *a.* long-handed; disposed to pilfer, thievish.

FADSHAOGHALACH, fad'-hàol-ach, *a.* long-lived; living a long life.

FADTHARRUINN, fad'-harr-ènn, *n. f.* dilatoriness, procrastination, drawling; *fad-tharruinneach, dilatory, procrastinating*.

FAO, fäg, *v.* leave, quit, abandon, forsake, relinquish; *fäg sin, leave that*; *dh' fhäg e i, he forsook her*; *he abandoned her*; outrun, outstrip; *dh' fhäg am bàta an tè eile, the one boat outstripped the other*; render, make, effect; *dh' fhagadh tu am buamasdair treubhach, thou wouldst render the blockhead heroic*; *v. n.* father upon, accuse of, lay to the charge; *dh' fhäg iad sin air, they fathered that upon him, they laid that to his charge*; *dh' fhäg iad am pàisde air, they fathered the child on him*; *fäg m' fhianuis, get out of my presence*; cackle as a duck.

FAGAIL, fäg'-al, *pt.* leaving, forsaking; rendering, abandoning; *n. f.* a curse, a fatality, destiny; *tha' fhagail fhéin aig' gach neach, every one has his own peculiar destiny or fate*; *is bochd an fhagail a th' agad, there is a sad fatality following you*.

FAGAIRE, fäg'-ur-à, *n. m.* a wag; a wit, though nothing like such; *fàgaireachd, waggery or witticisms of a person from whom nothing of the kind is to be expected*.

FAGANNTA, fäg'-annt-à, *adj.* slow, drawling, yet witty and waggish.

FAGHAIL, fa'-al, *pt.* getting, gaining.

FAGUS, fäg'-us, } near, nigh, near hand,
FAGUSD, fäg'-usd, } nearly related; *fagus oirnn, near or nigh us*; *fagus air bhì deas, nearly ready*; *na's fhaisge, nearer*.

FAIBHLE, fiv'-là, *n. m.* beech-wood.

FAIC, fäéchg, *v.* see, behold, observe; *faic-eam do làmh gheal, let me see your fair hand*; *faic mo dheoir, observe my tears*; *inter. see! behold! lo!*

FAICH, fìch, *n. f.* a field where soldiers are reviewed; a plain, a meadow, a green.
 FAICHE, fìch'-é, *n. f.* the burrow of shell-fish; *faiche giomaich, a lobster's burrow.*
 FAICHRACHD, fìch'-achg, *n. f.* training, drilling of soldiers, parading.
 FAICHEIL, fìch'-al, *a.* neat, trim, tidily and cleanly dressed as soldiers, and at same time proud of such; stately in gait.
 FAICILL, } fìch'-èlly', *n. f.* caution, pre-
 FAICHILL, } caution; *faichill ort, take care, be on your guard; be upon the watch; (faich-chiall.)*
 FAICHILLEACH, } fàèch'-èlly'-ach, *adj.* cau-
 FAICILLEACH, } tious, circumspect, watchful.
 FAICHILLEACHD, fàèch'-chyèlly'-achg, *n. f.* chariness, cautiousness, circumspection, watchfulness, observance.
 FAICINN, fàèchg'-ènn, *n. f.* observation; *leig 'f haicinn domh, shew me; pt. seeing, observing, viewing, attending to.*
 FAICINNACH, fàèchg'-shènn-ach, *adj.* visible, conspicuous, notorious; an eaglais *fhaicinnach, the visible church; very observant.*
 FAICINNACHD, fàèchg'-shènn-achg, *n. f.* visibility, conspicuousness, clearness.
 FAID, fàj, *n. m.* a prophet, *faidh. Ir.*
 FAIDE, fàjj-à, *deg.* longer, longest; a's *fhaide gu mòr, longer by far; length.*
 FAIDH, fàe'-yh', *n. m.* a prophet, seer; tha 'm fàidh breugach, *the prophet is a liar; fàidhean, prophets.*
 FAIDHEADAIREACHD, fàd'-dàer-achg, *proph.*
 FAIDHEIL, fàe'-yhal, *a.* prophetic.
 FAIDHIR, fì'-àr, *n. f.* market, fair.
 FAIDSE, fàjsh'-à, *n. m.* lump of bread.
 FAIGH, fèe'-yh', *v.* get, acquire, obtain, find; gheibh (yhò) sinn, *we shall get; fhuair sinn, we have found; faigh a mach, find out.*
 FAIGSE, fàèg'-shà, *n. m.* nearness; *deg. more or most near; a's fhaigse, is nearer.*
 FAIL, fà'l, *n. f.* mark, print, trace; *fail do laimhe, the print of your hand; fail do shòise, the print of your foot, Argyle; òig. jewel, ouch, Bible; fail-chòm, dog-kennel; fail-mhuc, a pig sty; v. get rotten; air faileadh, rotting, loosening as wool from a skin; adv. where.*
 FAIL, fà'l, *n. f.* a peat-spade; ring. *B.*
 FAILBHE, fà'lv'-à, for Failmhe, the firmament; from Fallamh, empty.
 FAILBHEAG, fà'lv'-ag, *n. f.* a ring, a bolt-ring for a rope; fàilbheagan òir, *gold rings; ceithir fàilbheagan òir, four gold rings. Bible.*
 FAILE, fàèik, for Fàle, bathe.
 FAILEACH, fàèik'-ach, *n. f.* a bath, bath-

ing; *faileach do iubhar beinne, bath of the juice of juniper, a sovereign remedy for the head-ache. OLD WIVES.*

FAILCEAN, fàèik'-àn, *n. m.* the rotula or whirl-bone of the knee, *Arm.; (Fail-mean, Is.)*

FAILE, } fàll'-aògh, *n. m.* smell, flav-
 FAILEADH, } our; droch fhàileadh, *bad smell; the air, the draught; tha 'm fàileadh fuar, the air is cold.*

FAILEAG, fà'l'-ag, and a'l'-ag, *n. f.* hiccup; tha 'n an fhaileag orm, *I have the hiccup.*

FAILEAS, fà'l'-as, *n. m.* shadow, reflected image; mar fhaileas ar làithean, *our days are like a shadow-spectre.*

FAILEASACH, fà'l'-as-ach, *a.* shadowy.

FAILINN, fà'l'-lyènn, *n. m.* fainting fit; failing; thàinig failinn air, *he fainted.*

FAILINNEACH, } fàel'-nyach, *a.* faint, deli-
 FAILNEACH, } cate, wanting; fallible, frail.

FAILLEAN, fà'ly'-àn, *n. m.* drum of the éar; a chluas o'n fhailean, *the ear from the root; branch, tender twig.*

FAILMEAN, fà'ly'-myaen', *n. m.* pan of the knee.

FAILMHE, faluv'-à, *n. f.* firmament, a void.
 FAILNICH, fàeln'-nyèch, *v.* fail, faint, decay, fall off; a' fàilneachadh, *decaying, failing, fainting, wearing away.*

FAILTE, fàly'-tyà, *n. f.* salutation, welcome, a salute, hail; chuirinn fàilte, *I would hail or salute; ceud fàilte, a right, a hundred welcomes, O king! fàilte shith, salutation of peace, Ossian; cuir fàilte air, urra, welcome or salute him, her.*
 FAILTEACH, fàly'-tyach, *a.* kind, hospitable.
 FAILTEACHAS, fàly'-tyach-as, *n. f.* hospitality; kind reception, salutation.

FAILTEACHAIL, see Failteach, hospitable.

FAILTICH, fàly'-tyèch, *v.* salute, hail.

FAIM, f'im, *v.* hem, border; *n. f.* a hem, a border; a' fàimeadh, *aodaich, hemming his garments; circumspection; cuir faim air do theanga, be circumspect in what you say.*

FAINICH, see Aithnich, recognise, know.

FAINNE, fàen'-nyà, *n. m.* a ring; thug iad leo fàinneachan, *they brought rings.*

FAINNEACH, fàen'-nyach, *a.* in ringlets, in curls; a cùl fàinneach, *her curled locks.*

FAIR, fàer, *v.* watch at night, keep guard, keep awake; fair thusa an nochd, *keep you guard to-night.*

FAIKE, fàer'-à, *n. f.* guard, watch; cuir faire air, *set a watch or guard on it* croc faire, *a watch-tower; a wake; tigh na faire, the wake-house; faire chlaidh, church-yard watch; dawn; bristeadh na faire, the dawn; attention, circumspection; dè th' air t' faire, what do you mean? thoir an fhaire, take care, be cir-*

eumspect, be upon the watch; cum t' fhaire air sin, advert or attend you to that; 'sè sin a bh'air in' fhaire, that is what I had in view.

FAIRC, fàerk', *n. f.* a link, or land sometimes covered by the sea, *Bute Is.* hole; *v.* bathe. *North.*

FAIRCEALL, fàerk'-all, *n. m.* lid, (brod) *Sk.*

FAIRCHE, fàerch'-à, } *a.* mallet, ram-

FAIRCHEAN, fàerch-àen, } mer, hammer.

FAIBDINN, farj'-ènn, *n. f.* a farthing; bonn a sè is fàirdinn, three farthings.

FAIRE! FAIRE! fàer'-à-faer'-à, *inter.* ay! ay! my conscience! what a pother!

FAIREACH, fàer'-ach, *a.* watchful.

FAIREACHADH, fàer'-ach-X, *pt. n. m.* waking; am bheil thu t' fhaireachadh, are you awake? eadar cadal is faireachadh, between sleeping and waking.

FAIREACHAIL, fàer'-ach-al, *a.* attentive.

FAIREAG, fàer'-ag, *n. f.* a gland, a hard lump between flesh and skin.

FAIRGE, fàrèg'-à, the sea, an ocean; 'sa fhaige, in the sea; thar fàirge, cross the sea; fairgeachan, seas, oceans.

FAIRICH, fàer'-èch, *v.* watch, feel, perceive; dè dh'fhairich thu, what do you feel? what do you mean? fairich as do shuain, awake from your profound sleep, *Smith.*; *n. f.* a parish, *Arm.*

FAIRSLICH, } fars'-llyèch, *v. n.* defy, worst;

FAIRTLICH, } dh'fairslich e ormsa, he or it defied me, he worsted me.

FAISG, fàshg, *v.* press, wring, squeeze by twisting; 'ga fhàsgadh eadar a làmhan, compressing it in his hands; *n. m.* cheese press, chesit; (fiodhan,) *Irish*; fàisgte, wrung, squeezed, pressed, compressed.

FAISGE, fàshg'-à, *n. f.* nearness, proximity; 'fhaisge air a' bhaile, his proximity or nearness to the town; fàisge air fich-ead bliadhna, near twenty years; *deg.* nearest, nearer; is esan a's fhaisge, he is the nearest or nearer.

FAISGEACH, fàshg'-ach, *n. f.* sponge, a press.

FAISNEACHD, fàsl'-nyachg, *n. f.* prophecy, soothsaying; fàisneach, prophetic, from fàisinnis, secret hint.

FAISNICH, fàsh'-nnyèch, *v.* prophecy, foretell, divine, forebode; a' fàisneachadh, aistinnean brèige, prophesying, false dreams. *Bible.*

FAISNEAS, fàsh'-nyas, *n. m.* a friendly or secret hint; secret intelligence. *Islay.*

FAITEACH, fàjty'-ach, *a.* delicate, timid, shy.

FAITHEAS, fàjty'-us, *n. m.* delicacy of

FAITEAS, } sentiment, timidity, shyness; cha ruig thu leas faiteas sam bith a bhi ort, you need not feel the least delicacy.

FAITHILTEAR, fàè-èly'-tyar, *n. m.* broker.

FAL, fàll, *n. f.* sythe, (speal,) peat-spade, bow; a fold, a hedge, *Arm.*; *v.* sythe, mow, cut peats. *Arm.*

FALA, fàl'-a, or fòl'-a, of blood.

FALACH, fàl'-ach, *n. m.* concealment, a place of concealment; tha e am falach, he or it is concealed; a veil, covering; falach fead, do-peep, hide and seek.

FALACHD, fal, or fòl'-achg, *n. f.* a feud, a family quarrel or grudge; more often folachd; folachd eadar chàirdean, feuds among friends. *Oss.*

FALADAIR, fàl'-ad-àr, *n. m.* a mower, (spealadair) fàladaireachd, mowing; (Cowal, P. S.)

FALAICH, fàl'-èch, *v.* hide, veil, conceal.

FALAIRE, fàl'-ur-à, *n. m.* an ambler, prancing horse; fàlaireachd, cantering, prancing.

FALAMH, fàl'-uv, *a.* empty, void; in want, unoccupied; tigh falamh, unoccupied house; soitheach falamh, an empty dish; air àite falamh, in a void space; is f'hearra fuine thana na bhi uile falamh, a thin batch is better than to want bread altogether.

FALAMHACHD, fàl'-uv-achg, *n. f.* void, gap.

FALBH, fàlv, *v.* go, begone, depart, retire, away with you; falbh romhad, go about your business; more often folbh, *n. m.* gait, motion.

FALBHAN, fàlv'-an, *n. m.* continual motion.

FALC, fàlchg, *v.* bathe; 'ga fhalcadh, bathing; falcaire, a bather.

FALLAID, fàll'-èj, *n. f.* sprinkling of meal.

FALLAINE, fàll'-àen-à, *deg.* more or most healthy; 's esan is fallatne, he is more healthy; also healthiness, soundness.

FALLAINEACHD, fàll'-àn'-achg, *n. f.* soundness, healthiness, wholesomeness, salubriousness; fallaineachd am fheoil, soundness in my flesh. *Ps.*

FALLAN, fàll'-an, *a.* healthy, sound; duine fallan, a healthy man; wholesome; biadh fallan, wholesome food; fàileadh fallan, salubrious air.

FALLSA, fàll'-sa, *adj.* false, (Latin,) deceitful, treacherous; measg bh-faithrean fallsa, among false brethren. *B.*

FALLSACHD, fàll'-sachg, *n. f.* falseness, treacherousness; false philosophy, sophistry.

FALLSAIRE, fàll'-sàr'-a, *n. m.* a sophist, false philosopher; fallsaireachd, sophistry.

FALLSAIL, fàll'-sàl, *a.* false, deceitful.

FALLSANACH, fàll'-san ach, *n. m.* sophist.

FALLSANACHD, fàll'-san-achg, *n. f.* sophistry.

FALLOISG, fàll'-lloshg, *n. f.* moor-burn—burnt heath, (from fal, mark, and loisg, burn.)

FALLUINN, fall'-enn, *n. f.* mantle, cloak.
 FALLUS, fall'-us, *n. m.* sweat, perspiration; *tha mi 'm lòn falluis, I am over head and ears in perspiration; fallus do ghnùis, the sweat of thy brow. B.*
 FALLUSAIL, fall'-us-al, *a. n.* sudorific.
 FALM, falum, *n. m.* alum.
 FALM, falum, *n. f.* helm, rudder; elm-tree; the letter A; *mucaga failm, elm-berries; glac an fhalum, take your turn at the helm, steer.*
 FALNADAIR, fàlum'-àd-àr, *n. m.* a tiller.
 FALT, fàllt, *n. m.* hair of the head; *gen. fuillt, a single hair of the head, fuiltean; 'fhalt òr-bhuidh, his golden locks. Oss.*
 FALTAN, falt'-an, *n. m.* a snood, hair-belt.
 FAMH, fáv, *n. m.* a mole.
 FAMHAIR, fáv'-àir, *n. m.* a giant; *bann-fhamhair, a giantess; fámhairean, giants.*
 FAMHAIREACHD, fáv'-àir-achg, *n. f.* gigantiness; prowess of a giant.
 FAN, fan, *v. n.* wait, stay, stop, continue, remain; *fan an so, remain here; fan ort, stop, wait a little, not so fast; dh' fhan sinn, we staid; fanaidh bhrumaoi, your wives shall stay; fanaibhse an so, tarry ye here; fan agad fhèin, keep by yourself, keep your distance, come not near me.*
 FANACHD, fan'-achg, *n. f.* waiting; *pt.* staying, tarrying, remaining, residing.
 FANAID, fán'-àj, *n. f.* mockery, ridicule.
 FANAIDEACH, fan'-aj-ach, *a.* mocking.
 FANAS, fàn'-us, *n. m.* an opportunity; a sly kind of undue advantage; a void.
 FANG, fàng, *n. f.* a vulture; (*feitheid*) sùil na fainge, (*feitheide*,) *the vulture's eye. B.; n. m.* a fank, durance, custody; *ann an fang, in durance, in custody.*
 FANN, fann, *a.* weak, feeble, faint; *duine fann, a feeble person; v.* fish while the boat is rowing slowly. *Is.;* while stationary. *Skye; a' fannadh, fishing with the artificial fly while the boat rows slowly—while sailing under great weigh, slob-ladh.*
 FANNAICH, fann'-èch, *v.* get faint, debilitate, make feeble; *tha e a' fannachadh, he is getting more feeble, or making more feeble.*
 FANTALACH, fant'-al-ach, *a.* dilatory.
 FANTAINN, fant'-ènn, *n. f.* et *pt.* waiting.
 FAOB, fùbb, *n. m.* a lump; a large one.
 FAOBAIRNEACH, fùb'-ar'-nyach, *n. m.* a large one of any thing.
 FAOBHAR, fàov'-ur, *n. m.* edge of a tool, as knife; *air fhaobhar, edgewise.*
 FAOBHRAICH, fàov'-rèch, *v.* edge, sharpen, whet, hone; *faobhraich an sgian, hone the knife, whet the knife; faobhraichte, honed, whetted, sharpened.*

FAOCH, fàoch, *a.* periwinkle, whirlpool; *faochag, a little wilk or whirlpool.*
 FAOCHADH, fàoch'-à, *n. m.* a favourable crisis of a disease; alleviation; *fhuaire fàochadh, she got a favourable crisis; gun fhaochadh fad an latha, without the slightest alleviation the live-long day.*
 FAOCHAINN, fàoch'-ènn, *v.* entreat most earnestly; urge earnestly.
 FAOCHNACH, fàoch'-nach, *adj.* urgent, earnest in requesting; *nl faochnach, an urgent affair.*
 FAOCHNADH, fàoch'-nà, *n. m.* a most urgent request or petition; *pt.* urging; a *faochnadh orm dol leis, vehemently urging me to go along with him.*
 FAOCHNAICH, fàoch'-nèch, *v.* urge, entreat perseveringly; be not refused.
 These words, peculiar to Argyle, has reference to a mode of expression quite common—*chuir e liugha car dheth is a chuir am biadh 'san fhaochaig, d'f heuch an rachainn leis, he tried all manner of means, to see if I would go along with him—literally, he used as many wiles as there are twists in the kernel of the wilk, &c.*
 FAODHAIL, fàò'-ul, *n. f.* a river through a strand; *a.* a strait or narrow, through which one can wade at low water.
 FAOGHAID, fàò'-àj, *n. f.* a chase, a hunt; *tha faoghaid a bhàile na deigh, all the dogs in the village are in pursuit of her.*
 FAOGHAR, fàò'-ur, *n. m.* a sound, a vowel.
 FAOIL, fàòèl, *n. m.* profuse hospitality.
 FAOILEANN, fàòèl'-unn, *n. f.* sea-gull, mew.
 FAOILIDH, fàòèl'-è, *a.* profusely liberal.
 FAOILLEACH, fàòlly'-ach, } *n. m.* the
 FAOILTEACH, fàòlly'-tyach, } storm-days,
 first fortnight in spring and last in winter; the opposite of *luchar, the worm-month; smeuran dubha 'san fhaoilteach, ripe bramble-berries in the storm-days—a great rarity.*
 FAOILTE, nonsense, for fàilte.
 FAOIN, fàòen, *a.* silly, trifling, light, idle; *ni faoin, a trifling affair; is faoin duit, it is idle for you, it is unavailing for you; duine faoin, a silly fellow; tha thu faoin ad bharail, your opinion is ill-founded.*
 FAOINEACHD, fàòen'-achg, *n. f.* extreme silliness or vanity; silly manner.
 FAOINEIS, fàòen'-ash, *n. f.* trifling consideration or conduct; vanity, idleness.
 FAOISG, fàòeshg, *v.* chink, as a dish; unhusk, as nuts.
 FAOISGNICH, fàòeshg'-nèch, *v.* chink, gape, as a dish; *tha chuinneag air faoisgneadh, the water-pitcher chinks or leaks.*
 FAOL, fàoll, *n. m.* wolf; *madadh-gala.*

FAOSAD, fāos'-ad, *n. m.* confession to a priest; dean d' fhaosad, *confess to the priest.*

FAONDRACH, fāond'-drach, *a.* neglected.

FAONDRADH, fāond'-rá, *n. m.* neglect, unsettled state; air fiondradh, *neglected, unattended to.*

FAOTUINN, fāont'-ënn, *pl.* getting, finding; faigh so, *get this*; a' faotuinn, *getting.*

FAR, far, *adv.* where; far a bheil e, *where he is*; *v.* freight; far am bàta, *freight the boat*; hand, reach, bring; fàr (fàr) a nall an t-searrag, *hand or reach here the bottle*; far for where, is less often used than fail; fail a bheil e, *where it is.*

FARADH, fàr'-X, *n. m.* a ladder; shrouds.

FARADH, fàr'-X, *n. m.* freight, fare; paidh am faradh, *pay the fare or freight*; hen-roost or cock-loft; air an fharadh, *on the cock-loft.*

FARAICH, fàr'-èch, *n. f.* cooper's wedge.

FARASDA, fàr'-asdà, *a.* merry, solid, solemn, softly; gu farasda fòil, *solemnly and softly. Ossian.*

FARASDACHD, fàr'-asd-achg, *n. f.* composition.

FARBHAIL, fàr'-vhul, *n. f.* a lid. *H. Society.*

FARBHALLA, see Barrabhalla.

FARCHACHAN, fàr'-ach-an, *n. m.* a mallet.

FARCLUAIS, fark'-klash, *n. f.* eaves-dropping, listening thievishly, overhearing.

FARDACH, fàrd'-ach, *n. f.* house; lodging; fardach oidheche, *nights' lodgings.*

FARDAL, fard'-al, *n. m.* delay, detention.

FARDATH, fard'-dà, *n. m.* lye, or any colour in liquid; fardath gorm, *liquid blue.*

FARLEUS, fàr'-llès, *n. m.* skye-light.

FARMAD, fàr'-mad, *n. m.* envy; cluis fharmaid, *an enviable object*; gabh farmad ris, *envy him*; a grudge at another's success; malice.

FARMADACH, farm'-ad-ach, *a.* envious.

FARMAIL, fàr'-mal, large pitcher. *North.*

FARPAIS, farp'-ash, *n. f.* meddling, contention.

FARRADH, fàrr'-a', *n. m.* litter in a boat.

FARRAID, fàrr'-èj, *v.* inquire; *n. f.* inquiry.

FARRAN, fàrr'-àn, *n. m.* slight offence.

FARRUSG, fàrr'-usg, *n. m.* inner rhind, or skin.

FARSPACH, farrsp'-ach, *n. f.* sea-gull. *Lew.*

FARSUINN, farrs'-ënn, *a.* wide, capacious.

FARSUINNEACHD, fàrs'-ënn-achg, *n. f.* wideness.

FARSUINNICH, fàrrs'-ënn-èch, *v.* widen.

FARUM, fàr'-um, *n. m.* sound of the trampling of horses; clangour, clashing, rustling; farum an stailinn, *the clangour of their steel*; farum an duillich sheargte, *the rustling of their withered foliage, Oss.*; merry.

FARUMACH, fàr'-um-ach, *a.* noisy, merry;

a' dol air aghaidh gu farumach, *going forward merrily*; beating at regular intervals.

FAS, fàs, *n. m.* growth, vegetation, increase, produce; fàs an fhuinn, *the produce or increase of the land*; cha 'n' eil fàs aig ni sam bith, *there is no vegetation of any thing*; pres. part. growing, increasing; adj. unoccupied, uncultivated, vacant, hollow, void; tigh fàs, *an unoccupied house*; fearann fàs, *waste or uncultivated land*; ni thu e fàs, *thou shalt make it hollow*; rinn mi fàs an sràidean, *I have laid their streets waste or desolate, Bible*; cuir fàs, *lay waste*; false, hollow; thug e ceum fàs, *he gave a false step.*

FAS, fàs, *v.* grow, increase, become, rise; dh'fhàs e mòr, *he grew tall*; dh'fhàs slèibhte ceò air an fhàirge, *mountains of mist rose on the sea*; fàs ramhar, *get fat*; dh'fhàs an t-eòrna, *the barley grew, vegetated.*

FASACH, fàs'-ach, *n. f.* wilderness, desert, desolation; fàsach fhìadhaich, *terrible wilderness.*

FASAICH, fàs'-èch, *v.* desolate, lay waste, depopulate; dh'fhàsaich e an duthaich, *he laid waste or depopulated the country.*

FASAIL, fàs'-al, *adj.* desolate, solitary, sruthan fàsail, *a lonely brook, dry brook.*

FASAN, fàs'-an, *n. m.* refuse of grain.

FASAN, fàs'-an, *n. m.* fashion; 'sa fhasan, *in fashion*; as an fhasan, *out of fashion.*

FASAIB, fàs'-ur', *n. f.* harness; pasturage.

FASANTA, fàs'-annt-à, *a.* fashionable.

FASANTACHD, fàs'-ant-achg, *n. f.* fashionableness, adherence to custom or fashion.

FASBHUAIN, fàs'-vhüäen, *n. f.* stubble.

FASDADH, fasd'-X, *n. m.* hiring, engagement, as a servant; part. hiring, binding.

FASDAIDH, fasd'-ie-yh', *v.* hire, engage.

FASO, fàs, *v.* search for vermin.

FASGACH, fask'-ach, *a.* well sheltered; àite faskach, *a well sheltered place.*

FASGADH, fask'-X, *n. m.* search for vermin.

FASGATH, fask'-X, *n. m.* shelter, refuge; ('Fo, under, and Sgath, shade.)

FASGNAG, fask'-nag, *n. f.* winnowing fan.

FASLACH, fàs'-llach, *n. f.* a hollow, a void.

FATH, fà, *n. m.* cause, reason; fàth mo dhuilichinn, *the cause of my sorrow*; opportunity, seasonable time; gabh fàth air sin, *watch an opportunity for that.*

FATHAMAS, fà'-am-as, *n. m.* indulgence, lenity, partiality; gun fhathamas do dhuine seach duine, *without partiality to one man more than another*; mitigation.

FATHAST, fà'-äst, *adv.* yet, still; thig e fhathast, *he shall come yet.*

FATHUNN, fà'-unn, (babhd,) sort of report.

FE, fè, *n. f.* dead, calm; thàinig fè oirnn, *we were becalmed*; trà thig an fhè, *when the calm comes*; tha 'n oidheche na fè, *the night is dead calm*. Oss.

FEARHAS, (can't pronounce this,) provincial for feobhas, superiority, degree of goodness.

FEACHD, fechg, *n. m.* forces, troops, war, an army; bliadhna an fheachd (1745,) *Prince Charles' year*; warfare, a host; làthaibh cath 'is feachd, *in the days of fight and warfare*; feachd nan sonn, *the battle of the brave*; *v.* yield, swerve; ceannabhard nach gabhadh feachd, *a chief who would not yield*, Mack. Sm.; esan a dh' fheachd o'n chòir, *he that swerved from the path of rectitude*. Mac-lachlan.

FEACHDAIRE, fechd'-àr'-à, *n. m.* a warrior.

FEAD, fã²d, *n. f.* whistle; hissing noise as of wind; fead an aonaich, *the hissing of the wind on the heath*; dean fead, *whistle*; nì e fead, *he shall whistle*; *v.* whistle; hiss; feada-coille, *sorrel* (samb).

FEADAG, fã²d'-ag, *n. f.* a plover; binn fheadag is an coileach ruadh, *the shrill plover and grouse-cock*; flute. Bible.

FEADAILICH, fã²d'-ul'-èch, } *n. f.* con-
FEADAIREACHD, fã²d'-ur'-achg, } tinued
whistling or hissing.

FEADAILT, fã²d'-alyty', *n. f.* Italy; *adj.* feadailteach, *belonging to Italy*; also an Italian man.

FEADAN, fã²d'-an, *n. m.* an oaten-pipe, fife, discharge of a still, a spout; water-pipe; feadan taomaigh, *a pump*; chanter of bagpipes.

FEADANACH, fã²d'-an-ach, *a.* piped, well supplied with fifes, flageolets, &c.

FEADH, fyaò-yh', *prep.* among, amid, during, through; feadh ghleanntan fàsail, *through desert valleys*, Ossian; feadh gach tìr, *throughout every land*; feadh an làtha, *during the day time*; sometimes, air feadh; *adv.* while, whilst, so long as; feadh 'sa beò mi, *while I live*; an fheadh 'sa mhaireas an ruaig, *while the chase lasts*; feadh is a bha mise a' tigh-inn, *while I was coming*.

FEADHACHAN, fe'-èch-an, *n. m.* gentle breeze.

FEADHAINN, fyaòdh-, fyaògh'-ènn, *n. c.* folk, people; some, others; those; feadhainn, a thàinig a stigh, *people that came in*; feadhainn diutha, *some of them*; feadhainn eile, *others*; an fheadhainn a dh' fhàg sinn, *those we left*; an fheadhainn diutha a thig, *those of them who mean to come*; cuid 'na feadhach so, *the property of those*; ceann-feadhna, *chieftain*.

FEADHAICH, fã²d'-rèch, *n. f.* whistling.

FEAIRD, fyàrjj, degree of math and maith; is fheaird thu sin, *you are the better for that*; cha 'n fheaird thu stughe, *you are nothing the better for that*.

FEAIRDEACHD, fyàrjj'-achg, improvement, convalescence; superiority, excellence; cha 'n fbaic mi fhèin fheairdeachd sam bith air, *I don't see any symptom of convalescence or improvement*.

FEAIRT, fyàrjt, *n. f.* answer, attention, notice; na d' thoir feairt air, *don't answer, pay no attention to him*.

FEALL, fyäll, *n. f.* deceit; *a.* false.

FEALLA-DHA, fyaall-a-ghà'; *n. f.* a joke; thèid an fhealla-dhò gu fealla-tri, *joking will soon end in serious earnest*.

FEALLAN, fyal'-an, *n. f.* itch; sgrìobach. B. FEALL-LIGHICHE, fyaall'-llè-èch-à, *n. m.* a quack.

FEALLSAIMH, fyaall'-sév, } *n. m.* a so-
FEALLSANACH, fyaall'-san-ach, } phist; false
philosopher. Bible.

FEALLSANACHD, fyaall'-san-achg, *n. f.* sophistry; false philosophy or learning.

FEALLTACH, fyaallt'-ach, *a.* false. Bible.

FEALLTAIR, fyaallt'-tar', *n. m.* a quack.

FEAM, fem, } *a.* dirty tail or train,
FEAMAIN, fem'-aén, } dirt, filth.

FEAMAINN, fem'-ènn, *n. f.* sea-weeds, cast-ware; *v.* manure with sea-weeds; 'a feamadh an fhearainn, *manuring the land*.

FEANN, fyänn, *v.* skin, flay; a' feannadh, *flaying or skinning a beast*; dean feannadh builg, *flay as a hare*.

FEANNAG, fyaunn'-ag, *n. f.* a Royston or hooded crow; as a ridge, nonsense.

FEANNAGACH, fyaunn'-and fyaunn'-ag-ach, *n. f.* nettle; sometimes, places where nettles grow.

FEAR, fer, *n. m.* a man, a husband, a good-man; any object of the masculine gender; fear saoraidh, *a saviour*; fear an tighe, *the landlord*; fear aisig, *a ferryman*; fear baile, *a tenant of a whole farm*; fear bainnse, *a bridegroom*; fear brataich, *an ensign*; fear ciuirid, *ceird*, ceàird, *a tradesman, a mechanic*; fear-cinnidh, *a kinsman, namesake*; fear-ciuil, *a musician*; fear-cuiridh, *an inviter*; fear-cuirn, *an outlaw*; fear-faire, *a guard, a watchman*; fear-fuadain, *a straggler*; fear-labhairt, *a speaker*; fear-sotail, *a flatterer*; fear-obair, *a workman*; fear-lagh, *a lawyer*; luchd-lagh, *lawyers*; fear-tagraidh, *a pleader*; fear-pòda, *a married man*; fear-suirich, *a sweetheart, a wooer*; plural, *fìr* or luchd; as, luchd-ciuil, *fìr-chiull, musicians*; *v.* follow, as a chieftain, claim kindred with; a dh' aindeoinn cò dh' fhearas ort, *in defiance of any person*

that will take your part; fear-amhaire, an overseer.

FEARACHAS, fer'-ach-as, } *a. act of*
FEARACHDAIN, fer'-achg-enn, } *claim-*
ing kindred, or siding with; following,
as a chief, kindred, &c.

FEARAIL, fer'-al, *a. manly, masculine.*

FEARALACHD, fer'-al-achg, *n. f. manliness.*

FEARANN, fer'-unn, *n. m. land, earth, ground, country; fearann àlluinn na h-Eirinn, the fair country of Ireland; fearann tioram, dry land.*

FEAR-BOGHA, fer'-bò-à, *n. m. archer, bowman.*

FEARDHA, fyar'-gha, *a. brave—Macdonald.*

FEAR-EADRAIGINN, fer'-à-drè-gènn, *n. m. reconciler.*

FEAR-FEOIRNE, fer'-fyòrn-à, *n. m. chessman.*

FEARO, ferg, *n. m. anger, wrath, fury, passion; fearg dhoirionnach, stormy wrath, Sm.; a' cur fearg air, irritating, provoking, or enraging him; ann am fearg, in a passion, furious; a passionate person.*

FEARGACH, ferg'-ach, *a. passionate, angry, furious, enraged, irritated, outrageous, raging; 'san doirionn fheargach, in the raging storm; an dà rìgh feargach, the two kings outrageous, in a passion; 'nuair a thraogas 'fhearg, when his passion subsides.*

FEARGACHD, ferg'-achg, *n. f. passionate-*
ness.

FEARGAICH, ferg'-èch, *v. enrage, fret, vex, gall, get outrageous, provoke.*

FEARN, fyàrn, *n. m. the alder-tree; letter F.; alder-wood; a shield; leis am bristear gach fearn, by whom every shield shall be broken. Ar.*

FEARR, fyàrr, *deg. of math and maith, better, best, preferable; is fhearr dhuit falbh, you had better go; an fhearra dhomh falbh? is fhearr, had I better be going? yes; b' fhearr leam bhì dorsair-eachd, I would prefer being a door-keeper; I had rather be a door-keeper.*

FEARRASAID for earrasaid, mantle.

FEARRSAID, fyàrrs-sèj, *n. f. a spindle.*

FEAR-SARAICHAIDH, fer-sàr'-àch-è, *n. m. an oppressor; fear-seolaidh, fear-stùraidh, a guide; fear-rùin, a confidant; bean rùin, a confidante.*

FEART, fyart, *n. f. a virtue, an attribute; a virtue to effect something; wonderful qualities; feartan buairidh, tempting qualities. Ml.; Dia nam feart, God of many attributes; feartach, having many virtues; substantial; toradh feartach, substantial or productive crops.*

FEARTAIL, fyart'-al, *a. having good qualities.*

FEART-BHRIATHAR, fyàrt'-vrèär, *n. m. an adjective.*

FEARTHUINN, fer'-hùnn, *n. m. rain. Smith.*

FEASD, fäsd², *adv. never; ever, for ever; cha d' thig e am feasd, he shall never come; an do sguir a ghràs am feasd, has his grace ceased for ever?*

FEASGAR, fäsg²-ur, *n. m. evening, afternoon.*

FEATH, fèä, *n. f. calm weather; dead calm; more properly feuth, eu being always long, prevents the è being marked.*

FEATHAIL, fè'-al, *a. calm, quiet, still.*

FEATHALACHD, fè'-al-achg, *n. m. calmness.*

FEIDH, fä'-yh', *gen. and pl. deers, rocs.*

FEILD, fälyj, *n. m. philosopher. Irish.*

FEILE, fä'l'-ä, *n. f. generosity, hospitality; eridhe na fèile, the liberat soul. Is.*

FEILEADH, fä'l'-ä, *n. m. kilt; feile-beag, the kilt in its modern shape.*

FEILL, fäly', *n. f. market day; holyday; a' cumail latha feill, observing or holding a holyday or festival; a feast; an fheill-brìde, Candlemas; an fheill-màrtainn, Martinmas; feill-micheil, Michaelmas.*

FEILTIRE, fäly'-tyér'-ä, *n. f. an almanack.*

FEIN, fèin, *self; pron. used in compounds; mi-fhèin, myself; thu fheìn, yourself or thyself; sibh fheìn, yourselves; the proper orthography is "PHEIN." In Argyle generally we hear sibh pèin.*

FEINEALACHD, fän'-al-achg, *n. f. selfish-*
ness.

FEINEIL, fän'-al, *a. selfish, self-interested.*

FEIN-FHIOSRACH, fän-ès²-rach, *a. consci-*
ous.

FEIN-FHIOSRACHADH, fän-ès²-rach, *a. con-*
sciousness; experience of self; fein-
fhoghainteach, self-confident; fein-
ghluasadach, self-moving or automical;
fèin-irisell, condescending.

FEIN-MHORT, fän'-vhort', *n. f. self-murder;*
suicide.

FEIN-MHORTAIR, fän'-vhört'-är', *n. c. a sui-*
cide.

FEINN, fänn', the Fingalians; the country of the Fingalians; the Highlands; the Irish militia; troops, forces.

FEIN-SPEIS, fän'-späsh', *n. f. self-conceit,*
conceit.

FEIN-SPEISEIL, fän'-späsh-al, *a. self-con-*
ceited.

FEISD, fäshjj, *n. f. an entertainment, festi-*
val, banquet; a feast.

FEISDIRE, fäshjj'-ér-ä, *n. m. an entertainer.*

FEITH, fä, *v. n. wait upon, wait; feith ris, wait for him; feith air, attend him; n. f. a short respite or crisis of a disease; fhuair e feith, the fever abated a little.*

FEITH, fä, *n. f. a sinew, a tendon; an fhèith a chrup, the sinew which shrank; a fen, a bog, a morass; (casg) a fear a*

bhios 'san *fhéithe* eulridh gach duine a chas air, *every one has a kick at him who sticks in the mud.*

FEITHEACH, fá'-ach, *a. stoney, muscular.*

FEITHEADH, f' fá'-x, *n. m. and pl. waiting.*

FEITHEAMH, f' attending; *a' feitheadh* ortsa, *attending you.*

FEITHEID, fá'-aj, *n. c. a bird or beast of prey, a vulture; thug na feitheidean leo e, the vultures have taken it away, the birds of prey; in Mainland, thug na fithich leo e, (ravens.)*

FEITHEIOEACH, fá'-aj-ach, *a. like a bird or beast of prey; n. c. a person ready to pounce on any thing, like a vulture or bird of prey.*

FEITH-GHAIRE, fè'-ghäir-ä, *n. m. a smile.*

FEOBHAS, fyöð, and fyöw'-us, *n. f. excellence, superiority, improvement; a' dol am feobhas, getting better, improving; cha 'n fhaic mi fheobhas, I cannot see its superiority; an duine d'a fheobhas, man in his best estate; airson fheobhas, for its superiority; air 'fheobhas gu'm faighear thu, let you exert yourself ever so much; tha'n duine tinn a' dol am feobhas, the invalid or sick person is convalescent, is getting better.*

FEODAR, fyöd'-ar, *n. m. pewter.*

FEODAIRE, fyöd'-ar-ä, *n. m. a pewterer.*

FEOIL, fyö'll, *n. f. flesh; muilt-fheoil, mutation; feoil-dhathach, carnation colour.*

FEOIL-ITHACH, fyöll-èch'-ach, *a. carnivorous.*

FEOIRLINN, fyör'-llinn, *n. f. a mite, or the twelfth part of a penny, turn-odhar.*

FEOIRNE, fyöer'-nä, *n. m. chess.*

FEOIRNEAN, fyoenn'-an, *n. f. blade of grass.*

FEOLADAIR, fyöl'-ad-är', *n. m. a butcher.*

FEOLMHOIREACHD, fyöl'-vur-achg, *n. f. lust.*

FEOLMHOR, fyöl'-v'hur, *a. lustful.*

FEORAG, fyör'-ag, *n. f. squirrel.*

FEORAICH, fyör'-èch, *v. inquire, ask; n. f. an inquiry; asking, inquiring.*

FEUCH, fèch, *v. n. try, taste, shew; inter. behold! lo! see!*

FEUCHADAIR, fèch'-ad-äer, *n. m. a tester, competitor, rival—witch, wizzard. H. S.*

FEUCHAINN, fèch'-ènn, *n. f. trial, taste; pl. trying, tasting; striving, competing; a' feuchainn a chèile, competing with each other.*

FEUCHAINNEACH, fèch'-ènn-ach, *a. trying.*

FEUD, fèd, may, can, for FAOD.

FEUDAIL, fäd'-al, *n. f. wealth in cattle, treasure, dearest object; tha 'fheudail, yes, my dearest of earthly objects.*

FEUDAR, fäd'-ur, *I must, is; is fheudar domh, I must; ma's fheudar duit, if you must.*

FEUM, fäm, *v. imp. it behoves, requires, must, must needs; feumaidh mi falbh, I must needs go; dh' fheumadh tu dol dachaidh, you would require to go home; it behoves me to go home; n. m. urgent need; dire necessity or poverty; 'sè am feum a thug air sin a' dheanadh, dire necessity or sheer want made him do that; need, worth, use, occasion; dè's feum da, what is the use of it? cha 'n 'eil feum sa chruinne agam air, I have no earthly use for it; is beag feum a th' ort, there is little occasion for you, you are quite useless, there is no necessity for you, time of need; distress; ann am fheum, in my distress in time of need.*

FEUMAIL, fäm'-al, *a. needful, requisite.*

FEUMALACHD, fäm'-al-achg, *n. f. what occasion requires, what serves one's purpose; thuair mi m' fheumalachd, I have got what serves my purpose; utility; feumalachd an ni so, the utility of this thing.*

FEUMANNACH, fäm'-ann-ach, *n. c. the needy, the poor, the destitute, the beggar—overseer, North; cuid an fheumannaich, the portion of the poor.*

FEUN, fän, *n. f. cart, (cairt), wain, Bible; Strath Tay, Arran, feunadair, waggoner.*

FEUR, fèrr, *n. m. grass, pasture, herbage, hay; feur tioram, hay; crauch fheoir, hay-rick; v. pasture, feed cattle in choice pasture; dh' fheur e an t-each, he grazed the horse.*

FEURACH, fèrr'-ach, *a. grassy; n. m. pasture.*

FEURAICH, fèrr'-ech, *v. feed, graze.*

FEURAN, fèrr'-an, *n. m. sives.*

FEUR-ITHEACH, fèrr'-èch'-ach, *a. graminivorous; beathaichean feur-itheach, graminivorous beasts; beathaichean nach ith ach feur.*

FEUBLOCHAN, fèrr'-loch-an, *n. m. morass, marsh.*

FEUSAG, fès'-ag, *n. f. beard.*

FEUSAGACH, fès-ag-ach, *a. bearded, hairy.*

FEUSGAN, fèssg'-an, *n. m. a mussel.*

FHUAIR, hūäer, *part. of faigh, did get.*

FIABHRAS, fèäv'-ras, *n. m. a fever.*

FIABHRASACH, fèäv'-ras-ach, *a. feverish.*

FIACAILL, fèächg'-èlly', *n. f. a tooth, a jag, as in a saw, file, rasp, comb, or any other dentated instrument; fiaclan, teeth, jags, prongs.*

FIACH, fèäch, *n. m. worth, value; fiach shè sgillinn, sixpence worth; an fhiach e, is it worth, is it good? cha 'n fhiach e, it is not good, it is worthless; an d' fhuair thu 'fhiach, did you get its value; coma am b' fhiach leat labhairt ris, why would you condescend to speak to him, why would you*

stoop so low as to speak to him; cha b' fhiach leam e, I would scout it, I would scorn it, I would spurn at the idea; debt, incumbent duty, solemn charge, inviolable obligation; am bheil sin mar fhiachaibh ormsa, is that my incumbent duty, am I under obligations to do that; am bheil e am fiachaibh orsa so a' dheanadh, is it incumbent on you, is it obligatory on you, to do this; cuiream mar fhiachaibh oirbh, let me charge you; tha e cuir mar fhiachaibh ormsa, he would fain make me believe, he pretends; b' àill leis a' chur mar fhiachaibh ormsa, gur càise mo shròn, the fellow would fain make me believe that my nose is cheese. In this last sense fiacham is used—tha e cuir mar fhiacham orm, he pretends to me, he assumes as taken for granted.

FIACH, fèach, *a.* worth, worthy, respectable, important, valuable; cha'n fhiach so, this is not worth, this will not do; ma's fhiach an duine a tha do gnothuch ris, if you have to do with a respectable person; an fhiach dhuit do shaoir, is it worth your trouble, your wh'ie; ma's fhiach an teachdaire, is fhiach an gnothuch, if the bearer is respectable, the message is important, *Prov.*; cha'n fhiach sin idir, that is not proper at all; ma's fhiach leat, if you condescend to such; (ironically).

FIACHAIL, fèach'-al, *a.* worthy, respectable, valuable, important; duine fiachail, a respectable or worthy man; ni fiachail, an important affair.

FIACHAN, fèach'-an, *n. m.* value; debt.

FIACHAM, fèach'-am, *n. m.* pretension; cuir mar fhiacham, pretend, assume.

FIACLACH, fèachg'-lach, *a.* toothed, jagged, pronged.

FIACLAICH, fèachg'-llèch, *v.* girm, bicker and gape; indent, notch, make jags.

FIADH, fèa'-gh', *n. m.* deer; fèidh, deers.

FIADHACH, fèa'-gh'-äch, *a.* full of deer.

FIADHACHD, fèa'-gh'-achg, *n. f.* deer-hunt.

FIADHAICH, fèa'-èch, *a.* wild, terrible, savage.

FIADHAIDH, fèa'-é, *v.* vage, as weather, boisterous; fiadhaidheachd, terrible, savageness.

FIADHAIR, fèarr, *ley-land; fiar.*

FIAL, fèal, *a.* kind; *n. m.* bounty.

FIALACHD, for fialaidhachd.

FIALAIDH, fèal'-é, *a.* profusely liberal.

FIALAIDHEACHD, fèal'-è-achg, *n. f.* hospitality, liberality to profusion.

FIAMH, fèav, *n. f.* a tinge, tincture, hue; fiamh dhearg, a tinge of red; fiamh ghorm, a tincture or hue of blue; a deegree or tinge of fear, slight fear; fiamh ghàire, a smile, literally, a tinge of a laugh; awe, reverence.

FIAMHACHD, fèav'-achg, *n. f.* modesty. **FIANN**, fèann, *n. m.* a Fingalian, a giant; na Fiantan, the giants; fiantachan, a dwarf of the Fingalians—about the size of the celebrated SAM MACDONALD.

FIANUIS, fèan'-èsh, *n. f.* testimony, record, evidence; thog iad fianuis na aghaidh, they bore testimony against him; mar fhianuis air sin, as evidence of that; witness; aon do na fianuiscean, one of the witnesses; presence; mach am' fhianuis! get out of my presence, go about your business! tog fianuis, bear record, give evidence.

FIANUISEACH, fèan'-èsh-ach, *a.* capable of bearing testimony; *n. c.* a witness; is fianuis each thusa air sin, you are able to give evidence in this instance; aon do' na fianuisich, one of the witnesses.

FIAA, fèar, *adj. and adv.* oblique, aslant, awry, cross, inclining, meandering, fluctuating; cuir fìar e, place it obliquely, crossways; mar bhogha fìar, as a slanting bow; ann an gleann-taibh fìar, in meandering valleys; perverse, froward, unjust; duine a tha fìar na shlighe, a man that is perverse or froward in his way. *Bible.*

FRAA, fèar, *v.* pervert; a' fìaradh na fìrinn, perverting the truth, the Bible, (Paul); sheer, go obliquely, as a ship, beat against the wind; squint.

FIARSHUILEACH, fèar'-hùl'-ach, *a.* squint-eyed.

FICHEAD, fèch'-ud, *n. and adj.* twenty.

FICHEADAMH, fèch'-ud-uv, *a.* twentieth.

FIDEAG, fèjj'-ag, *n. f.* fife, whistle, herb.

FIDHLE, fèll'-à, *gen.* of a fiddle.

FIDHLEAR, fèll'-ar, *n. m.* a fiddler; fìdh-leireachd, playing on the violin or fiddle; more properly fìodhlair.

FIDIA, fèjj'-èr, *v.* sympathise, inquire minutely; cha'n fhidir an sàthach an seang, the satiated will not sympathise with the starving; weigh, consider well.

FIDRICH, fèjj'-rrech, *v.* inquire into minutely.

FIGH, fè-yh', *v.* weave, plait, knit; fìgh an eige, weave the web; fìgh na stocaich, knit the stocking; fìgh an t-seang, plait the cord.

FIGHDEAN, fèjj'-un, *n. c.* links, or land

FIGHDEACH, fèjj'-ach, *sometimes covered by the sea; in Cow. gabht, marfhaichean, Ml.—fìghdean Lite, Leith Links.*

FIGHE, fè2'-à, *n. f.* state of being woven, plaited, &c.

FIGHEADH, fè'-x, *pt.* weaving, knitting.

FIGHEADAIR, fè'-ad-àr, *n. m.* weaver, knitter.

FIGHTE, fè'-tyà, woven, &c.

FILE, fè'-là, *n. m.* a bard, a poet. *Ossian.*

FILEACHD, fè'-achg, *n. f.* poetry, poesy.
 FILEANNTA, fèl'-annt-à, *a.* eloquent, fluent.
 FILEANNTACHD, fèl'-annt-achg, *n. f.* eloquence, flow of language, fluency.
 FILL, fèlly', *v.* fold, imply, plait; *fill* an t-aodach, *fold the cloth*; tha sin a' filleadh a stigh, *that implies*.
 FILLEADH, fèlly'-à, *pt.* folding, implying; *n. m.* a fold, a ply; trì filltean, *three plies or folds*; fillte, *implied, folded, plaited*.
 FINE, fèn'-à, *n. f.* a tribe, a surname, a clan, kindred; na fineachan gaidhealach, *the Highland clans*; an fhine againne, *our clan*.
 FINEACHAS, fèn'-ach-us, *n. f.* kindred.
 FINEAG, fèn'-ag, *n. f.* a cheese-mile.
 FINEAGACH, fèn'-ag-ach, *a.* full of mites.
 FINEALTA, fèn'-àlta, *a.* fine, polite.
 FINEALTACHD, fèn'-alt-achg, *n. f.* fineness, eloquence, polished manners, politeness.
 FINICH, fèn'-èchg, } *n. f.* jet; cho dubh
 FINICHE, fèn'-èch-à, } ri finichd, *as black as jet*.
 FINID, fèn'-àj, *n. f.* end, finale; cuir ceann finid air, *bring it to a close, finish it*.
 FINNE, fènn'-à, *n. f.* a maid, a maiden.
 FINNEAN, fènn'-an', *n. m.* a buzzard.
 FIODH, feù'-gh', *n. m.* wood, timber; an t-sail as an fhiodh, *the log out of the timber*; fiodh-ghual, *charcoal*.
 FIODHAG, feù'-gh'-ag, *n. f.* a fig, bird-cherry.
 FIODHLAIR, fèl'-ar', *n. m.* a fiddler.
 FIODHRACH, feùr'-ach, *n. m.* timber; fiodhrach a thoirt do Loch-chabar, *to bring timber to Lochaber, bringing coals to Newcastle*; fiodhrach-tarsuinn, *ribs of a boat or ship*.
 FIODHULL, fè'-ull, *n. f.* fiddle, violin.
 FIOIANN, feùl'-ann, *n. f.* an earwig.
 FIOLAIR, feùl'-ur', *n. f.* an eagle.
 FION, fè'n, *n. m.* wine; òl fion, *drink wine*.
 FIONAN, fè'n'-an, *n. m.* vine, vineyard, vinery; gàrradh-fion, fion-lios—fion-dhearc, *a grape*; also fion-chaor; fion-amar, *wine press*.
 FION-FHASGAIRE, fèu'-àsg-ur-à, *n. m.* wide press; literally a wine squeezer.
 FIONN, f'yunn, *n. m.* Fingal; cataract on the eye; *adj.* pale, lilac, wan, a lady of the masculine gender!!! a degree of cold; *v.* flay, skin. *P. S.*
 FIONNACHD, feunn'-achg, *n. m.* cool, coolness; am fionnachd an fheasgair, *in the cool of the evening*.
 FIONNA, feunn'-à, *n. m.* fur, pile in beasts, hair, the grain; 'ga tharruinn an aghaidh an fhionna, *pulling it against the grain*.
 FIONNAG, feunn'-ag, *n. f.* the fish whiting.
 FIONNAIRIDH, feunn'-ar'-è, *n. f.* watching.

FIONNAR, } feunn'-ur, *a.* coldish, cool,
 FIONNFUAR, } piercing cold.
 FIONNARACHD, feunn'-ar-achg, *n. f.* coolness; in Kintyre, feannarachd.
 FIONNARAICH, feunn'-ar-èch, *v.* cool.
 FIONNOGH, feùn'-ò, *n. c.* great-great-grand-child; see Ionnogh.
 FIOR, fèr, *a.* true, genuine, real, just, upright; true enough, sterling; am bheil e fìor, *is it true?* is fìor e, *true enough*; very; fìor ghrund an loch, *the very bottom of the lake*; duine fìor, *a just man*, adu. fìor bhoichd, *very poor, or poorly*; fìor chosail, *very probable*; fìor mhath, *just so, very well, perfectly so*; fìor shlaighire, *a complete villain*; is fìor an seanfhacal, *the proverb holds true*; fìor dhileas, *very nearly connected*; fìor-chreideach, *orthodox*; fìor-chreidcadh, *orthodoxy*.
 FIORGHLAN, fèr'-ghlän, *a.* transparent, pure.
 FIOAUSG, fèr'-ùshg, *n. m.* spring-water.
 FIOS, fès', *n. m.* word, information, message, invitation, intelligence, notice; fhuair mi fios, *I got word, I got notice*; thoir fios, *inform, give notice*; fhuair sinn droch fhios, *we received sad intelligence*; am fios duit, *do you know? are you aware?* tha fios 'am, *I know, am aware*; c'uin a fhuair thu fios, *when got you information?* a rèir fios dhomhsa, *to the best of my knowledge*; a's fios do'n bheò, *the living know*; g'a fios-se, *to her knowledge*; g'a fhios, *to his knowledge*; thàinig e stigh gun fhios da, *he came in unknown to him, without his knowledge*; gun fhios nach d' thig e, *not knowing but he may come, lest he should come*; gun fhios dè nà mi, *not knowing what to do*; gun fhios e'arson, *not knowing why or wherefore*, *B. Sm. O.*; thàinig fios ort, *a message came for you*; fios an tòraidh, *an invitation to the funeral*; fios fuadain, *a flying report*; fios nam fàdh, *foreknowledge, prophet's knowledge*; a fios a bu lugha, *the slightest hint*; fios air an fhios, *repeated information, an urgent invitation*; is beag fios domhsa, *little do I know*.
 FIOSACHD, fès'-achg, *n. f.* fortune-telling, divination, augury, sorcery, soothsaying.
 FIOSAICHE, fès'-èch-à, *n. m.* soothsayer wizzard.
 FIOSRACH, fès'-rach, *a.* intelligent, conscious; tha mi fiosrach, *I am conscious*; is fiosrach mi, *I am fully aware*; duine fiosrach, *an intelligent man*; am fiosrach thu air sin, *are you aware of that, are you apprised of that*; mar is fhìu is mar is fhiosrach mi, *to the best of my knowledge and belief*.
 FIOSRACHADH, fès'-rach-à, *pt.* inquiring,

- experience; o m' fhèin *fhiosrachadh*, from my own experience; a' *fhiosrachadh* a mach, ascertaining.
- FIOSRACHAIL, fès'-rach-al, a. intelligent.
- FIOSRAICH, fès'-rèch, v. enquire, ask, enquire into, enquire after, ask after, examine.
- FIR, fèr'², n. f. men, husbands; *gen.* of man.
- FIR-BHOLG, fèr'-vholug, n. *pl.* the Belgæ, old Irish.
- FIR-CHLIS, fèr'². chlèsh, } strea-
- FIR-CHLISNEACH, fèr'²-chlès-nyach, } mers, Northern lights, aurora borealis; in Broad Scotch, merry dancers.
- FIREACH, fèr'-ach, n. m. moors, hill-land.
- FIREAN, fèr'-èen, n. c. the righteous, the just.
- FIRINTEACHD, } fèr'-ènt-tyachg, n. f.
- FIREANTACHD, } righteousness, integrity.
- FIREUN, fèr'-èn, n. m. the eagle, the real bird.
- FIRINN, fèr'-ènn, n. f. the truth, a truth: *firinn* shuidhichte, an aphorism, an established fact.
- FIRINN, fèr'-ènn, a. girl, maiden; an *fhirinn*, the girl, *Brac-Mar*.
- FIRINNEACH, fèr'-ènn-ach, a. true, righteous.
- FIRINNICH, fèr'-ènn-èch, v. justify, excuse.
- FIRINTEACHD, fèr'-ènt-tyachg, n. f. righteousness.
- FIRIONN, fèr'-unn, a. male, masculine.
- FIRIONNACH, fèr'-unn-ach, n. m. a male, a man.
- FIRIONNACHD, fèr'-unn-achd, n. f. manhood.
- FITHEACH, fè'-äch, n. m. a raven, vulture.
- FITHRIACH, fè'-rèäch, n. m. dilse duileasg.
- FIU, fù, a. worthy, estimable; cha'n *fhìu*, e dad, it is not worth any thing; cha'n *fhìu* e air, he is not deserving of it; cha'n *fhìu* e mise, he is not worthy of me; n. m. knowledge, value; is beag t' *fhìu*, you are worth little; mar is *fhìu* is mar is *fhiorrach* mi, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
- FIUBHAIDH, fù'-ve, n. m. an arrow. *Mac-lach*.—a prince, a chief. *High. Society*.
- FIUGHAIR, fù'-uèr, n. m. earnest expectation, hope; cha'n 'eil *fhughair* ris, there is no expectation of it; bha *fhughair* againne, we expected.
- FIUGHANTACH, fù'-annt-ach, a. liberal, benevolent, giving profusely; brave.
- FIUGHANTACHD, fù'-annt-achg, n. f. liberality, generosity, benevolence, bravery.
- FIUGHANTAS, fù'-annt-as, n. f. liberality.
- FIURAN, fùr'-an, n. m. a sapling, stripling.
- FLAICHE, flì-é, n. m. gust of wind. *Irish*.
- FLAITHEAS, fläé'-us, } n. m. Heaven,
- FLAITHEANAS, fläé'-un-us, } region of bliss, (flath-innis.)
- FLANN-BHUINEACH, flann'-vünn-ach, flux.
- FLATH, fla, n. m. a prince, a hero. *Ossian*.
- FLATHAIL, flä'-al, a. stately, princely, gay.
- FLEAGH, flyaé'-gh, n. f. a banquet, feast; *fleagh* do m' rèir, feast worthy of me. *Ossian*.
- FLEASG, fläs'², n. m. crown, chaplet, wreath; *fleasg* òir, a crown of gold. B.
- FLEASGACH, fläs'-ach, n. m. a bachelor, a hero, a youth; nur a bha thu ad *fhleasgach* òg, when you were a stripling.
- FLEISDEAS, fläs'²-ar, n. m. an arrow-maker; Mac an *fheisdeir*, the surname *Fletcher* or *Leslie*.
- FLEOG, flyóg, n. m. a sole, bradan leathan.
- FLICHE, flèch'-à, n. f. witness, fluiche.
- FLICHNE, flìch'-nyà, n. f. sleet (Cow. Coll.)
- FLICHNEACH, flèch'-nyach, a. sleety.
- FLINNE, flènn'-à, n. m. sleet. *Islay*.
- FLICHNEACHD, flìch'-ny-achg, } sleety wea-
- FLINNEACHD, flènn'-achg, } ther; cold raw weather.
- FLIODH, flyú'-gh', n. m. chicken-weed; wen. B.
- FLIUCH, flèüch, v. wet, make wet; *flìuch* e, wet it; *adj.* wet, rainy; latha *flìuch*, a wet day, rainy day; 'ga *flìuchadh*, wetting it.
- FLIUCHBHORD, fluch'-vòrd, n. m. keel-board. *North*.
- FLIUCHALACHD, fluch'-al-achg, n. f. wetness.
- FLIUCHE, fylüéch'-à, n. m. wetness; more wet, &c.
- FLOD for plod, float; a fleet.
- FLUR, flùr, n. m. flour. B.; French.
- FO, fò, (before consonants, before a vowel, foidh); under, beneath, below, at the foot of; fo chis, tributary, paying tribute; fo bhron, mournful; fo leòn, wounded, mentally wounded; fodham, under me; tha tighinn fodham, I feel inclined.
- FOBHAILE, fo'-val-à, n. m. a suburb.
- FOCAL, fòchg'-al, n. m. a pole-cat; faoghaid an fhòcail, chase of the pole-cat; fòcatan, the kitten of a pole-cat.
- FOCHAD, fòch'-aj, n. f. mocking, scoffing.
- FOCHAIDEACH, fòch'-ajj-ach, a. derisive.
- FOCHAR, foch'-ar, n. m. contact, presence, conjunction; dithisd na fochar, two in contact with them, near them.
- FOCHANN, foch'-ann, n. m. blade; corn in the blade; fo fhochann, in blade.
- FOCALAN, fòchg'-al'-an, n. m. pole-cat's kitten.
- FOD, fòd, n. m. land, country, cold clammy earth; gus an càrar mi fo'n fhòd, till I am placed under the clammy earth; o'n thàinig e do'n fhòd, since he came to the country. *Mull Song*.
- FODAR, fòd'²-ur, n. m. fodder, provender.

- FODRAICH, fód'2-réach, *v.* give provender.
- FOGAIR, fóg'-ur', *v.* banish, expel; *gach eagal fograidh, shall banish every fear.*
- FOGAIRT, fóg'-aéirt, *n. m.* banishment, expulsion; *pl.* driving away, expelling.
- FOGARRACH, fóg'-urr-ach', *n. c.* an exile, a vagabond, an outlaw, a fugitive.
- FOGHAIL, *for* othail gun árdan gun othail, *without pride or blustering.*
- FOGHAINN, fóg'-énn, *v. n.* be sufficient, suffice; *foghnuidh so, this will suffice, this is sufficient; do for, finish, kill; fognuidh mi dhuit, I will do for you, I will finish your days.*
- FOGHANNAS, fóg'-unn-us, *n. f.* sufficiency.
- FOGHANTAS, fóg'-unnt-us, *n. f.* quite enough; *tha m'fhoghantas agamsa, I have quite enough, I have sufficiency.*
- FOGHAINTEACH, fogh'-énn-tach, *a.* sufficient, fit; *co tha' foghainteach air son na nithe so, who is sufficient for these things? Bible; brave, valorous; duine foghainteach, a brave, valorous person.*
- FOGHAR, faó'-ur, *n. m.* a resound, a re-echo; a blow that causes a sound; vowel.
- FOBHAR, } faó'-ur, *n. m.* autumn, harvest;
FOGHAR, } meadhon an' fhoibhair, *mid-autumn.*
- FOBHARRADH, } faov'-urr-á, *n. m.* autumn,
FOHARRADH, } harvest; meadhon an' fhoibharraidh, *middle of autumn; (fo bharr.)*
- FOGHLAINTeach, fóg'-llaénty'-ach, *n. m.* an apprentice.
- FOGHLUIM, fohl'-ém, *v.* learn, educate.
- FOGHLUM, fól'-um, *n. m.* learning, intelligence; *pl.* learning, acquiring; *a' fogh-lum gliocais, learning wisdom. B.*
- FOGHLUMADAIR, fól'-mad-ar', *n. m.* a professor, teacher.
- FOGHLUMAD, fól'-um-aj, *n. f.* a college, a university; *(fogh-lum and áite,) a place of learning.*
- FOGHLUMACH, fól'-um-ách, *n. m.* learner, novice.
- FOGHNADH, fón'-á, *n. m.* enough; use.
- FOGRACH, fóg'-rach, *n. m.* an exile, fugitive.
- FOGAADH, fóg'-á, *pl.* banishing, exiling.
- FOI', *for* foidh.
- FOICHEALL, foich'-al, *n. m.* day's hire. *N.*
- FOID, fóij, *n. m.* a peat, a turf, a sod, clod.
- FOIDH, fôé, fôé'-yh, *prep.* under; *cuir foidh, put under; mispronounced in many places, fuidh.*
- FOICHD. See Foighidinn.
- FAIGHIDINN, } fí'-éij-enn, *n. f.* patience,
FOIGHIDINN, } forbearance, long-suffering.
- FAIGHIDINNEACH, } fí'-éij-nyach, *a.* pa-
FOIGHIDINNEACH, } tient; *fuirich gu fighidinneach ri Dia, wait patiently on God.*
- FOIGHNEACHD, faén'-achg, *n. f.* inquiry, inquire, ask, question.
- FOIGHNICH, fáoen'-éch, *v.* inquire, ask.
- FOIL, fól', *v.* roast or broil hurriedly on embers; *a' foileadh bonnaich, toasting a cake in a hurried manner; foileachan, the cake so toasted or roasted.*
- FOIL, fôél, *a.* solemn in gait, stately.
- FOILL, faðéll'y', *n. f.* deceit, treachery.
- FOILL, fôéll'y', *n. m.* composure, ease. *N.B.*
- FOILLEALACHD, faðéll'y'-al-achg, *n. f.* falsehood, deceitfulness, treachery.
- FOILLEIL, fôéll'y'-al, *a.* false, treacherous, unfair, fraudulent, deceitful.
- FOILLSICH, faðéll'y'-shéich, *v.* reveal, publish, disclose, discover, manifest, lay open, declare; *a' foillseachadh, manifesting, declaring.*
- FOINNE, fôénn'-á, *n. m.* a wart; *foinneamh.*
- FOINNICH, fôénn'-nyéich, *v.* temper. *Armst.*
- FOIR, fôér, *v.* help, aid; *v.* help, aid.
- FOIRBHEACH, fôérv'-ach, *a.* come to years of discretion or maturity; *n. m.* an elder in the church; one come to years of discretion; *forbhidheach.*
- FOIRBHEACHD, foerv'-achg, *man's estate; eldership; tha e aig foirbheachd, he is come to man's estate.*
- FOIRBHIDH, fôérv'-é, *a.* come to man's estate; come to years of maturity; *duine foirbhidh, a full grown man, complete.*
- FOIRBHRIATHAIR, fôérv'-vréar, *n.* adverb
- FOIRDREALBH, fôérv'-yhalv, *n. f.* scheme.
- FOIRDHORUS, fôérv'-ghor-us, *n. m.* a vestibule.
- FOIREIGINN, foer'-ág2-énn, *an ineffectual effort to force a door; force, violence; v. try to force ineffectually.*
- FOIREIGNICH, fôérv'-ág-nyéich, *v.* force.
- FOIRFE, mispronunciation of foirbhidh.
- FOIRICHEAN, fôérv'-éch-un, *n. pl.* borders, suburbs; *ma 'na foirichean so, about these borders; foirichean a bhaile, the suburbs of the city.*
- FOIRIOMAL, fôérv'-ém2-al, *n. f.* oiriomal.
- FOIRLION, fôérv'-lén, *n.* crew, sgioba.
- FOIRM, fôérm, *n. f.* pomp, ostentation, display; *thàinig e stigh le foirm, he came in with pomp, with ostentation.*
- FOIRMEALACHD, fôérm'-al-achg, *n. f.* pomposity.
- FOIMEIL, fôérm'-al, *a.* pompous, forward.
- FOIM, fôém, *v.* intrude. *Irish.*
- FOIRNEART, fôérv'-nyert, *n. m.* violence, force, oppression, fraud.
- FOIRNEARTACH, fôérv'-nyart-ách, *a.* violent.
- FOTS, fôsh, *n. f.* rest, respite, quietness, leisure; *gabh gu fois, take to rest; fois do t'aman, peace to thy soul; fots d'a bhonn a choisé, rest for the sole of his*

foot; gabh gu *fois*, *take rest*; is beag *fois* a fhuair e, *little rest did he get*.

FOISDIN, fōshj'-ēnn, *n. f.* quietness.

FOISDINNEACH, fōsh'-jēn'-āch, *a.* at rest.

FOISICH, fōsh'-ēch, *v.* rest, remain.

FOLA, fōl'-a, *gen.* of fuil, blood.

FOLACH, foll'-āch, *a.* for falach.

FOLACHD, fol'-achg, *n. f.* a feud, grudge, extraction; ārd am *folachd*, *of noble extraction*; iséal am *folachd*, *of a base extraction*—such as every person that is not HIGHLAND!!!!

FOLAIS, fōl²-ash, *n. f.* publicity, public view; a thoirt gu *folais*, *to give it publicity*; state of being well known.

FOLAISEACH, fōl²-ash-ach, *a.* public, exposed to public view; quite public.

FOLAISEACHD, fōl²-ash-achg, *n. f.* publicity, state of being public; clearness.

FONN, fōnn, *n. m.* land, region; cha'n eil a leithid 'sa fhoann, *his match is not in the land*; humour, frame of mind; dè n fonn a th'ort, *how do you do? in what frame of mind are you?* tha fonn ciatach air, *he is in a grand key, glee, or humour*; air, tune; òran air fonn Bhèinu Dorain, *a song, to the air of Ben Dorain*.

FONNAR, } fōnn'-ur, *a.* cheerful, gay,
FONNMHOR, } gleesome, musical; àite fonnar, *a cheerful situation*; inclined.

FONNARACHD, } fōnn'-ur-achg, *n. f.*
FONNMHORACHD, } cheerfulness, gaiety, hilarity.

FOIRABUIDH, fòr'-ab-ē, *adj.* premature.

FONNSAIR, fōnn'-sar', *n. m.* trooper.

FONNTAN, fonn'-an, *n. m.* a thistle.

FORAIL, for'-al, *n. m.* command. *H. S.*

FORAIM, for fairainn, nickname.

FORAS, for'-as, *n. m.* assumed importance, or airs of a trifling person; a denomination.

FORASACH, for'-as-ach, *a.* assuming airs.

FORC, fork, push with the feet, as a person dragged against his will; also fork, (Welsh, *forc*; Lat. *furcā*; Teut. *voreke*); pitch with a fork; (sgorr. *Is.*)

FORLACH, fōrl'-āch, *n. m.* leave of absence to a soldier; furlough.

FORN, fōrn, *n. m.* furnace; shop-work. *Ir.*

FORTAIL, fort'-al, *a.* strong. *H. Society.*

FORTAN, fōrt'-an, *n. m.* fortune.

FORTANACH, fort'-an-ach, *a.* fortunate.

FORTANTANACHD, fort'-an-ach, *n. f.* extreme good luck, or good fortune.

FOS, fōs, *adv.* moreover, yet, still, also; ma'n do ghineadh fōs na cnuic, *before ere yet the hills were formed*; fōs tamul beag, *yet a little while. B.*

FOS, fōs, *v.* rest, respite; fōsadh, a respite; fōsadh-comhraig, *cessation of arms. Macdonald*; fōseadh properly.

FO-SCRIOBH, fo-skrēv', *v.* subscribe.

FO-SCRIOBHADH, fo-skrēv'-ā, *n. f.* post-script.

FOSGAIL, fōsg²-ēl, *v.* open, unbolt, dis-close, unlock; *fosgail* an doras, *open or unbolt, or unlock the door*; *fosgailte*, *opened, unbolted, unbarred*.

FOSGAILTEACHD, fōsg'-alyty'-achg, *n. f.* openness, candour, fairness.

FOSGLADH, fōsg'-llā, *n. m.* an opening, act of opening; *pt.* opening, discharging.

FOSAIR, fōs'-ēr, *v.* labour awkwardly in dressing food—pound bark. *N. H.*

FOT, fōt, *n. m.* rotten earth.

FOTAS, fōt'-as, *n. m.* rotten pus, refuse.

FOTHACH, fō'-ach, *n. m.* glanders in horses.

FRADHARC, fraō'-ark, *n. m.* eyesight, vision, sight, view.

FRAG, frág, *n. f.* a kind wife. *H. Society.*

FRAIGH, frē-yh, *n. f.* partition wall; a roof, a shelf; *fraigh* shnighe, *rain oozing through a wall, M'F.*; is duilich beana-taighe a dheanadh fo na fraighibh faī-amh, *it is hard to keep house with empty cupboards, G.P.*; a border of a country. *Armstrong.*

FRAIGNICH, friēn'-ēch, *n. f.* moisture oozing through the wall of a house.

FRAINGEALAS, frang'-a-las, *n. f.* tansy. *M' L.*

FRAING, fréng, *n. f.* France.

FRAINOEIS, fréng'-ēsh, *n. f.* French, gibberish.

FRANGACH, frang'-ach, *adj.* French; *n. m.* a Frenchman, a Frank; gill. *Lw.*

FRAOCH, frāoch, *n. m.* heath, heather; anger, a girning expression of countenance, ripple.

FRAOCHAG, frāoch'-ag, *n. f.* whortle-berry.

FRAOCHAIL, frāoch'-al, *a.* furious, fretful.

FRAOCHAN, frāoch'-an, *n. m.* shoe toe-bit.

FRAOCH-FRANGACH, frāoch'-frang-ach, *n. m.* cat-heather; mionnflraoch, *fraoch meagain*.

FRAOIGHLICH, frāō'-lèch, *n. f.* blustering, as one in liquor.

FRAON, frāon, *n. m.* shelter in a hill.

FRAS, frās, *n. f.* a shower; *n. m.* seed, small shot; *fras* feoir, *grass seed*; *fras* 'sa ghunna, *small shot in the gun*; *fras* lln, *flax seed*; *v. n.* shower, scatter, dash; 'ga fhrasadh ma chluasan, *dashing or scattering it about his ears*.

FRASACH, fras'-ach, *a.* showery.

FRASACHD, fras'-achg, *n. f.* showery weather.

FREACADAN, for freiceadan.

FREAGAIR, frā²-gur, *v.* answer, reply; *freagair* an duine, *answer the man*; reply, suit, fit; am *freaguir* an còta, *will the coat suit?*

FREAGAIAT, frág'-arjty', *n. f.* an answer, a reply; *pt.* answering, suiting, fitting.

FREAGARRACH, frāj^g-arr-ach, *adj.* answering, answerable, suitable, fitting.
 FREAGARRACHD, frāj^g-arr-achg, *n. f.* answerableness, suitableness, fitness.
 FREAGARRAICH, frāj^g-arr-éch, *v.* suit, fit.
 FREASDAIL, fräsd^g-él, *v.* attend, wait on; *freasdail do 'n bhord, attend the table, wait at table; v. n.* assist, relieve; *cò a fheasdail, who relieved; helped, aided, attended?*
 FREASDAL, fräsd^g-al, *n. m.* providence; *freasdal Dè, God's providence; attendance, service; visitation, charge; choimhead do fheasdal, thy visitation has preserved; freasdal Dè, the charge of God.*
 FREASDALACH, fräsd^g-al-ach, *a.* attentive, serviceable, providential.
 FREACADAIN, fräechg^g-ad-äen, *v.* watch narrowly and slyly.
 FREICEADAN, fräechg^g-ad-an, *n. m.* watching most attentively and slyly, watching narrowly.
 FREICEADANACH, fräechg^g-ad-an-ach, *a.* watching narrowly, and very attentively.
 FREIMEISEANTA, frem'-ësh-ant-a, *adj.* hale, hearty, though very old.
 FREIMSEADH, frém-shä, *n. m.* a great huff, or offence, for no, or slight cause.
 FREIMSEIL, frém'-shall, *a.* hale, hearty, though an old person, jolly.
 FREITEACH, fräty^g-ach, *n. m.* a vow to refrain from any thing, interdictory resolution to keep from drinking, &c.
 FREITICH, fräty^g-éch, *v.* vow, resolve to keep from something, as temperance society folk, &c.
 FREUMH, frèv, *n. m.* root, stock, stem, lineage; *v.* take root, establish.
 FREUMHACH, frèv'-ach, *n. m.* root, fibre.
 FREUMHACH, frèv'-ach, *a.* fibrous, rooted.
 FREUMHACHD, frèv'-achg, *n. f.* an original cause; etymology.
 FREUMHAICH, frèv'-éch, *v.* take root.
 FREUMHAIL, frèv'-al, *a.* radical.
 FRÉ, frē, } *prep.* through; 't'ar m' onam
 FRID, frēj, } gu'n deach e fríd a' bhealach mbòir, (say the Irish) that is, 'pon conscience he took leg-bail, he took to his heels.
 FRID, frēj, } *n. f.* a letter, ring.
 FRIDEAG, frēj'ag, } worm, flesh-mite.
 FRIDIOMB, frēj'-émb, *n. m.* the use of another man's house for a limited time, as your own; kindest hospitality; hence the Belgic and English word freedom, and fer-dimb, (fri-diomb.)
 FRIDIOMBACH, frēj'-émb-ach, *a.* quite at home, under no restraint in another man's house.
 FRIDH, frē-yh', *n. f.* a forest, *Bible; fridhire, forester. R. S.*
 FRIOCHD, fréuchg, *v.* lance, prick, pierce,

or probe quickly as with an awl, pin, &c. —half-glass whisky after a sgaille, a bumpet. *N. H.*

FRIOCHDADH, fréuchg'-ä, *n. m.* a quick stab; *pt.* stabbing quickly and painfully.
 FRIOCHAN, fréú'-gh'-an, *n. m.* sows' bristles.
 FRIOCHANACH, fréú'-gh'-an-ach, *a.* bristly.
 FRIONAS, fréún-as, *n. m.* fretfulness.
 FRIONASACH, fréún-as-ach, *a.* fretful.
 FRIONASACHD, fréún-as-achg, *n. f.* fretfulness, peevishness, cholerianness, impatience.
 FRIOTH, fré^g, *adj.* and *prefix*, small, slender; used before words whose first vowel is a, o, or u; frith, before e and i. It is always used before the noun qualified.
 FRIOTHAILT, fré'-alyt, *n. f.* attendance on a woman in child-bed.
 FRIOTHAINBHEACH, fré'-euv-ach, *n. m.* arrears, trifling debts, remainder of a debt.
 FRIOTH-BHUAIL, fré'-vüäl, *n.* palpitate, vibrate.
 FRIOTHFHOINEACH, } fré'-röen-ach, *n. f.*
 FRIOTHFHRAINNEACH, } dwarf-fern.
 FRIOTHGHARRADH, fré'-ghar-ä, *n. m.* an old or small fence; aig taobh an fhríodh-gharraidh, aside the old fence.
 FRIOTHRADHAD, fré'-rád, *n. m.* a foot path.
 FAITH, fré, *a.* little—before e and i.
 FRITH, fré, *n. f.* an enchantment to find whether people at a great distance or at sea be in life, *Islay; gain, profit, part of.*
 FRITHEALADH, fré'-al-ä, *pt.* attendance on women in child-bed; *pt.* attend such, *Islay; minister, Bible; bean fhrithealaidh, a midwife; fear-fhrithealaidh, a man attending a woman in child-bed, accoucheur.*
 FRITHEARS, fré'-urt, *a.* peevish, whimsical.
 FRITHEIL, fré'-aely, *v.* attend a woman in child-bed; *Bible, minister, attend.*
 FROG, fróg, *n. f.* a dark dismal hole or ervaice, an ugly place or cranny.
 FROGACH, fróg'-ach, *a.* full of ugly cran-nies, having ugly sunk eyes.
 FROGAN, fróg'-an, *n. m.* degree of tipsiness.
 FROGANTA, fróg'-annt-ä, *a.* merry, lively.
 FROINEACH, fröen'-ach, *n. f.* ferns.
 FROINSE, fröen'-shä, *n. f.* fringe. *H. S.*
 FROIS, frösh, *v.* spend, as standing corn; come off as thread, untwine yarn from a clue, scatter.
 FROISEACH, frösh'-ach, *a.* apt to spend, as corn, scattering, shaking.
 FROMH, fröv, *n. m.* hoarseness, a cold.
 FROMHAIDH, fröv'-e, *adj.* hoarse; *guth frömhaidh, a hoarse voice, deep-toned.*
 FUACHD, fúachg, *n. m.* a cold, or obstructed perspiration; coldness.
 FUADACH, fúad'-ach, *a.* the driving a vessel out of her course; estrangement of affections, as a person, abalienation; *pt.*

driving out of the course or destination; estranging the affections; air ar *fuadach* do dh' Elrion, *weather-beaten into Ireland*; 'ga *fhuaclach* air an tigh, *scaring him from the house*.

FUADAICH, fuad'-èch, *v. n.* drive out of the proper course or channel; estrange the affections.

FUADAN, fùad'-an, *n. m.* carrying clandestinely, as a horse; state of straggling; is coma leam fear *fuadain* is e luath a' labhairt, *I hate a talkative straggler*, *G. Proverbs*; *naigheachd fuadain*, *a side-wind story*.

FUADACHD, fùad'-achg, *n. f.* estrangement, abalienation, banishment.

FUADH, fùā-gh, *n. m.* a horrid sight, ghost. *Lewis*.

FUADRAG, fùāij'-rag, *n. f.* the eel or natural fly used in fishing. *Islay*.

FUAIGH, fùāe'-yh', *v.* sew, stitch, seam or nail as planks in boat-building; fuaighte, *sewed, seamed, nailed, pegged*.

FUAIGHEAL, fùāe'-gh'-al, *n. m.* and *pt.* sewing, stitching.

FUAIGHEIL, fùāe'-yhēlly', *v.* sew, a seam, nail, peg.

FUAIM, fùāēm, *v.* a sound, a noise, echo; *v. sound*, give a sound, re-echo.

FUAIMEIL, fùāēm'-al, *a.* resounding.

FUAIMNEACH, fùāēm'-nyach, *a.* sonorous.

FUAIRE, fùāēr'-ā, *deg.* colder, coldest.

FUAIREAD, fùāēr'-ad, *n. f.* degree of coldness.

FUAL, fùāl, *n. m.* urine; *galar-fuail*, *the stone*.

FUAR, fùār, *a.* cold, cool, stingy; *v.* get ahead; get before the wind of another ship or boat; get to windward of a point; feuch am *fuair* thu a charraig, *see and weather the point, try to get the weather-board of the point or ship*.

FUARADH, fùār'-ā, *n. m.* the weather-gage, the starboard, on your starboard, air *fuair-adh* ort; on your larboard, *leis ort*, *neo leis dhìt*—also, air taobh an fhuairaidh is air an taobh leis; *pt.* weathering, beating, as a ship, gust before a shower.

FUARACHADH, fùār'-ach-ā, *n. m.* relief; *pt.* cooling.

FUARAG, fùār'-ag, *n. f.* mixture of cold water, or cold milk and meal; hasty pudding, Scotch crowdy.

FUARAICH, fùār'-èch, *v.* cool, become cool.

FUARAN, fùār'-an, *n. m.* a perennial spring.

FUAR-CHRABHADAIR, fùār'-chrāv-add-āēr, *n. m.* a hypocrite; fùār'-chrābhadh, *hypocrisy*.

FUABLIT, fùār'-lyējt, *n. m.* cataplasm, poultice, (fuair-lite.)

FUARRACHD, fùār'-achg, *n. f.* dampness, chill.

FUARRAIDH, fùār'-ē, *adj.* dampish, damp. *FUAS*, fùās, contraction of fuathas.

FUASOAILL, fùāsg'-ēlly', *v.* loose, untie; *fuasgaill* an t-sreang, *loose the cord*; unriddle, guess; *fuasgaill* an toimhseagan, *guess the meaning of the riddle*; *v. n.* relieve, aid, assist; *fuasgaill* air, *relieve him*.

FUASOAILTE, fùāsg'-aljt-ā, *pt.* and *adj.* loose, untied, free; unrestrained, active, nimble, loosed.

FUASGAILTEACH, fùāsg'-altj-ach, *a.* loose, active.

FUASGAILTEACHD, fùāsg'-alyty'-achg, *n. f.* nimbleness; freedom, activity, unconstraint, free use of limbs.

FUASGLADH, fùāsg'-llā, *part.* loosing, freeing; 'ga *fhuasgladh*, *loosing or freeing him or it*; relieve; a *fuasgladh* air, *relieving him*; *n. m.* relief, redemption; thug e *fuasgladh* dhā, *he gave him relief, succour or aid*; *fuasgladh* na cèisid, *the answer of the riddle or dark question*.

FUATH, fùā, *n. m.* hatred, aversion, hate.

FUATHACH, fùā'-ach, *a.* hating, loathing.

FUATHACHAIL, fùā'-ach-al, *a.* loathsome.

FUATHACHD, fùā'-achg, *n. f.* loathsomeness.

FUATHAICH, fùā'-èch, *v.* hate, loath, detest; *fuathaichte*, *hated, abhorred, detested*.

FUATHAS, fùās, *n. m.* a prodigy, a spectre, terrible sight; choinnic iad *fuathas*, *they saw an apparition or spectre*; great number or quantity; *fuathas* dhaoine, *fuathas* èisg, *a vast number of people, a vast quantity of fish*.

FUATHASACH, fuas'-ach, *adj.* terrible, horrid, prodigious, wonderful, astonishing.

FUATHMHOA, fua'-vur, *a.* horrifying; hateful.

FUC, fùchg, *v. n.* press against.

FUCADAIR, fùchg'-ad-āēr', *n. m.* fuller; muillear-luaidh.

FUDAR, fùd'-ur, *n. m.* powder, gunpowder.

FUDARAICH, fùd'-ar-èch, *v.* powder; urge on to mischief; instigate; is tusa a dh' *fhudaraich* e, *it is you that instigated, that urged him to it*.

FUICH! FUICH! fùèch! fùèch! *adv.* fie! fie! pshaw!

FUIDH, fùè, mispronunciation of foidh, under; why not, *fudhainn, fudhad*, *if you mean to be consistent*.

FUIDIR, fùjj'-ér, *v.* fumble, besprinkle.

FUIDREADH, fùjj'-ryā, *n. m.* sprinkling; *pt.* fumbling.

FUIDSE, fùjj'-sha, *n. m.* craven; poltroon-cock.

FUIDHEAG, fùè'-āg, *n. f.* a thrum; fuigh-eagal.

FUIFFEAN, fuff'-an², *n. m.* a blister on the breech.
 FUIGHEAL, fùè'-al, *n. m.* remainder, refuse.
 FUIGHEACH, fùèl'-ach, *n. m.* remains.
 FUIL, fùèl, *n. f.* blood, bloodshed; extraction; a' doirteadh fola, *shedding blood*; rinn iad fuil, *they made bloodshed*; o'n fhuil rioghail gun smal, *from the royal extraction uncontaminated*; fuil bhrùite, *extravasated blood*; gu fuil is gu bàs, *to bloodshed and death. Ossian.*
 FUILCHIONT, fùèl'-cheúnt, *n. f.* blood-guiltiness.
 FUILEACH, fùèl'-ach, *a. bloody, sanguinary, cruel*; comhrag fuileach, *a bloody battle*; a righe a's fuiliche lann, *ye kings of the most sanguinary sword. Ossian.*
 FUILEACHD, fùèl'-achg, *n. f.* bloodiness.
 FUILEACHD, fùèl'-achg, *n. m.* extraction.
 FUILEACHDACH, fùèl'-achg-ach, *adj.* bloody, sanguinary, ravenous; duine fuileachdach, *a bloody man*; an eunlaith fhuileachdach, *the ravenous birds. B.*
 FUILEAMAIN, fùèl'-am-àen, *n. m.* a blister on the toe; on the breech, fuiffean.
 FUILICH, fùèl'-èch, *v.* bleed; let blood; dh' fhuilich e gu bàs, *he bled to death.*
 FUILIG, fùèl'-ég, } *v.* suffer, permit,
 FUILINN, fùèl'-enn, } bear, admit; fuil-inn domh, *permit me*; cha'n fhuilinn an gnothach e, *the circumstance will not admit of it*; cha'n fhuilinn mi dhuit, *I will not suffer you.*
 FUIL-MIOS, fùèl'-mèss', *n. f.* menstrual discharge.
 FUILTEACH, fùèl'-ach, *a. bloody, cruel.*
 FUILTEACHAS, fùèl'-tyach-us, *n. f.* bloodiness, slaughter, cruelty; extreme cruelty.
 FUILTEAN, fùèl't'-àen', *n. m.* a single hair of the head.
 FUIN, fùèl, *v.* bake, knead, make bread; a' fuine 'na taois, *baking the dough. B.*
 FUINE, fùèl'-à, *n. f.* a batch, a bake; *pt.* baking, kneading; fuinte, *baked, kneaded.*
 FUINEADAIR, fùèl'-ad-ar', *n. m.* a baker.
 FUIREACH, fùèr'-àch, *n. m.* stay; *pt.* staying.
 FUIREACHD, fùèr'-achg, *n. f.* stay; dè 'n fhuireachd a nì thu, *what stay will you make? pt. staying.*
 FUIRICH, fùèr'-èch, *v. n.* stay, remain, reside, abide, stop, reside; take up your abode.
 FUIRLEACH, *n. f.* a parchment or skin to cover a milk dish.
 FUIRAM, fùèrm, *n. pl.* stools; also *gen.*
 FUIRNEIS, fùèrn'-ash, *n. f.* furnace; household furniture.
 FUIRNEISICH, fùèr'-nash-èch, *v.* furnish.
 FULANG, } fùl'-unn, *n. m. pl.* suffering, ca-
 FULANN, } pability of suffering; forbear-
 ance, patience, hardihood.

FULANNACH, fùl'-ann-ach, *adj.* hardy, patient.
 FULANNACHD, fùl'-unn-achg, *n. f.* passiveness.
 FULANGAS, } fùl'-unn-us, *n. f.* endu-
 FULANNAS, } rance.
 FULASO, fùl'-asg, *v.* moving, turamain.
 FULMAIR, the bird fàsgadair. *English.*
 FURACHAIL, fùr'-ach-al, *adj.* attentive; carefully observing; looking keenly.
 FURACHAAS, fùr'-ach-ar-as, *n. f.* vigilance; extreme attention to the business in hand.
 FURAIL, fùr'-al, *adj.* command; offering.
 FUR, fùr, FUAAN, fùr'-an, joy at meeting; fawning, courtesy, courteous reception.
 FURANACH, fùr'-an-ach, *a.* joyful at meeting.
 FURANACHD, fùr'-an-achd, complacency.
 FURAS, fùr'-us, *n. m.* leisure; am bheil furas ort, *have you leisure?* a chend FHURAS a bhios orm, *the first leisure I get.*
 FURAS, fùr'-us, FURASDA, fùr'-asd-a, easily accomplished; not difficult to accomplish.
 FURASDACHD, fùr'-asd-àchg, *n. f.* facility; easiness in doing or accomplishing.
 FURHAILT, fùrv'-aljt', *n. f.* kindly reception, complacency, urbanity.
 FURHAILTEACH, fùrv'-aljt'-ach, *adj.* courteous, complaisant, polite, affable; (fur, kindness, and faile, f being changed into bh, i, e, hospitable reception.)
 FURHAILTEACHD, fùrv'-aljt'-ach, *a.* courteousness, affability; extreme complacency; a Highland welcome.
 FURM, fùrm, *n. m.* a stool, seat.
 FURTACH, fùrt'-ach, *n. f.* relief, aid, help.
 FURTACHAIL, fùrt'-ach-al, *a.* giving relief.
 FURTACHD, fùrt'-achg, *n. f.* comfort, relief, aid, consolation; furtachd aige an Dia, *consolation with God.*

G

G, g, the seventh letter of the Gaelic alphabet, named Gort or Gart, a garden or vineyard; (obsolete except in names of farms, in this sense); it has the same sound as in English, except before e and i; see gh.

'G, 'g, for, ag and aig; as, tha mi 'g iarraidh, (ag iarraidh), *I seek, I want*; before consonants never used; 2d, *comp. pro.* (for aig), with whom or which, to whom or to which; 'g am bheil an eridhe briste, *who has the broken spirit*; i. e. to whom there is a broken spirit; 3d, *prep.* for gu, to; 'ga cèiltinn 'ga cheann,

concealing it to his head; 'ga bhrògan, to his very shoes.

G'A, gā, (for ag a,) at him, at her, at it; 'ga leadairt, *drubbing him*; 'ga loireadh, *wallowing him*; 2d, (for aig a,) 'ga bheil cinnte air gach ni, *who has complete certainty about every thing*; 3d, (for gu a,) to him, to her, to its; g'a cheann, *to his head, or to its extremity*; g'a ceann, *to her head, or its extremity*.

GAB, gabb, *n. m.* a mouth never at rest; (almost in all languages,) a tattling mouth.

GABACH, gabb'-ach, *a.* garrulous; *n. f.* tattling female.

GABAIRE, gabbar'-ā, *n. m.* a garrulous fellow.

GABH, gav, (murdered by some, *gow and gaw*.) *v. n.* accept, receive, take, accept of; gabbh so, *take this, accept of this*; kindle, burn; ghabh an t-ainneul, *the fire kindle*; conceive, be in the family way; ghabh i ri cloin, *she conceived*; assume, pretend; gabbh ort gu'm fae thu mise, *pretend that you saw me*; betake, repair; gabbh thun a mhnaidh, *betake yourself to the hill, repair to the hill*; go, proceed; gabbh air t'aghaidh, *proceed, go on*; gabbh romham, *lead the way, guide or lead me*; gabbh seachad, *pass by*; gabbh thun an doruis, *be off! leave my presence!* enlist, engage; ghabh e 'san arm, *he enlisted in the army*; gabbh agamsa, *engage with me*; gabbh mo leithsgeul, *excuse me, apologise for me*; contain, hold; gabhaidh so tuilidh, *this will contain or hold more*; beat, belabour; gabbh air, *beat or belabour him*; gabbh comhairle, *be advised, take advice*; gabbh òran, *sing a song*; gabbh rann, *deliver an oration*; gabbh naigheachd dheth, *inquire after news from him*; gabbh ris a' phàisde, *father the child*; ferment; an caochan a' gabhail, *the wash fermenting*; be infected; ghabh e bhreac dheth, *he was infected of the small-pox by him*.

GABHADH, gāv'-Ā, *n. m.* a jeopardy, peril; great danger; gabhadh cuain, *perils by sea*; an gabhadh gach uair, *in jeopardy at all times*.

GABHADHUBHEIL, gāv'-a².vhe'll, *n. m.* a druidical ordeal; literally the jeopardy of Bel, the god of the Druids.

Note—The Druids used the ordeal of fire in cases where the innocence of a person could not be otherwise ascertained; and hence Dr. Smith thinks it probable, that St. Paul, who might have seen this engine of torture, when passing through the nations which he travelled, alludes to it in 1 Cor. iii. and 15.

GABHAIDH, gāv'-ē, *a.* austere, stern, tyrannical; duine gabhaidh, *an austere or*

tyrannical fellow; boisterous, inclement; uair ghabhaidh, *inclement or boisterous weather*; perilous, dangerous; amanan gabhaidh, *perilous times*; dreadful.

GABHAIDHEACHD, gāv'-ē-achg, *n. f.* austerity, tyrannical manner, tyranny; inclemency, boisterousness; dreadful, terrible.

GABHAIL, gāv'-ul, *n. f.* a portion of land done by cattle in ploughing; a lease, a farm; *pt.* taking, accepting, fermenting; fathering; a tack, as a ship; a course; air a ghabhail so, *on this tack*; mol a' ghabhail, *keep a sharp look out*; a chum-as a' ghabhail gun dad luasgain, *which preserves her course without jumbling*. Macd.; taking as fish, rising to the fly; chuir thu as mo ghabhail mi, *you have disappointed me*; na cuir as a ghabhail e, *do not disappoint him*.

GABHALTACH, gāv'-ält-ach, *a.* infectious, contagious; galar gabhaltach, *an infectious or contagious disease, contagion*.

GABHALTACHD, gāv'-ält-achg, *n. f.* contagiousness, infectiousness, capaciousness.

GABHALTAICHE, gāv'-ält-ēch-ā, *n. m.* a renter, farmer; *deg.* more or most infectious or contagious.

GABHALTAS, gāv'-alt-us, *n. m.* a tenement, leasehold, a farm; conquest. *N. M.*

GABHAR, ga'-ar, *n. f.* a she-goat. Perthshire; in Argyle universally gobhar; *gen.* goibhre; gabhar-athair, *a snipe, Skye*; meanbhaghuthrag; gabhar-bhreac, *a buck-snail, shell-snail*.

GABHD, gav'-ad, *n. f.* a hellish stratagem.

GABHDACH, gāv'-ad-ach, *a.* hellishly crafty or cunning; *n. f.* a shrew, a coquette.

GABHDAIRE, gāv'-ad-ār', *n. m.* a hellish stratagist.

GABHDAIREACHD, gāv'-ad-ār'-achg, *n. f.* low stratagem, mean artifice, low cunning.

GABHT, gowt, *n. m.* links. Cowal.

GABHTA and GABHTE, gāv'-tyā, *pt.* taken.

GACH, gäch, *adj.* every, all, each; gach coille, *gach doire, 's gach eas, every wood, each grove, and each cataract. Ossian*.

GAD, gād, *conj.* although, though; in Irish, ged; *n. m.* a wythe; goid, *wythes*; gad-rach, *wythe-twigs*; gad do chrochte mi, *though I were hanged*.

GADACHD, gad'-achg, *n. f.* theft, roguery.

GADHAR, gaō'-ur, *n. m.* a lurcher-dog; more proper than gaothair, *as being always long*.

GADMUNN, gad'-munn, *n. m.* a nit, mote, insect. *H. S.*

GADUICHE, gāo'-ēch-ā, *n. m.* a thief, robber.

GAEL, see Gaidheal, *a.* a Highlander.

GAG, gāg, *n. f.* a chink; impediment of speech; *v.* chink, cleave.

GAGACH, gäg'-äch, *a.* stuttering, stammering; *n. f.* a stuttering or stammering female.

GAGACHD, gag'-achg, } *n. f.* impediment
GADAICHE, gäg'-éch-a, } of speech; a
stammer, a stutter; *gagaire*, a stammerer.

GAID, gaðejj, *v.* steal; more often, and less properly *goid*.

GAIDHEAL, gäé'-al, *n. m.* a Highlander; an ancient Gaul; Highlandmen, *gaidheil*, *Highlanders*.

GAIDHEALACH, gäch'-ach, *adj.* Highland.

GAIDHEALTACHD, gäélt'-achg, *n. f.* Highlands of Scotland; *feadh na gaidhealtach*, throughout the Highlands.

GAIDHLIC, gä'-llèg, *n. f.* the Gaelic language.

GAIBHEACH, gal'-ach, *a.* boisterous, as weather; enormous, as price; austere, as a person; terrible.

GAILL, (gàill), surly look; storm.

GAILLEACH, gäelly'-ach, *n. m.* seam of shoe-uppers.

GAILLEART, gäelly'-art, *n. f.* masculine woman.

GAILLIONN, gal'ly'-unn, *n. f.* storm, tempest.

GAILLIONACH, gäelly'-unn-ach, *a.* wintry.

GAILLSEACH, gäelly'-shyach, *n. f.* earwig, (*frìothlunn*.)

GAINEAMH, gäén'-uv, } *n. f.* fine sand;
GAINEACH, gäén'-ach, } *gaineach*-shùigh,
quick-sands.

GAINEAMHAN, gäén'-uv-an, *n. m.* sand-bottom, (sea.)

GAINNE, gaðen'-nyà, *n. f.* scarcity; more scarce.

GAINTTIR, gäén'-tyèr, *n. m.* a prison, jail.

GAIR, gäèr', *v.* laugh; *n. f.* a drawing, melancholy din of many voices, as women drowning.

GAIRBH, gaðèrv, *n. m.* deer's stomach.

GAIRBHE, gaðrv'-à, *n. f.* roughness; degree of garbh; *na's gairbhe*, more rough, most rough.

GAIRBHEAD, gäèr'-ad, degree of roughness.

GAIRBHEAL, gaðèr'-al, *n. m.* free-stone. *B.*

GAIRDHEIL, gaðar'-al, *adj.* rough tempered.

GAIRDEACH, gäèrj'-ach, *a.* joyful, glad.

GAIRDEACHAIL, gäèrjj'-ach-al, *a.* congratulatory, joyous, joyful, glad.

GAIRDEACHAS, gäèrj'-ach-as, *n. m.* congratulation, joy, rejoicing, gladness.

GAIRDEAN, gäèrjj'-an', *n. m.* an arm.

GAIRDEANACH, gäèrjj'-an-ach, *adj.* brawny.

GAIRDICH, gäèrjj'-éch, *v.* rejoice.

GAIRE, gäèr'-à, *n. m.* a laugh—near. *N.*

GAIREACH, gäèr'-ach, *a.* laughing.

GAIREACHDAICH, gäèr'-achg'-éch, *n. f.* laughter; continued bursts of laughter.

GAIREAS, gaðèr'-as, *n. f.* convenience.

GAIREASACH, gur'-as-ach, *a.* convenient.

GAIRGE, gaðèrg'-à, *n. m.* tartness; more tart.

GAIRICH, gäèr'-éch, *n. f.* continued wailing.

GAIRISINN, gaðèr'-èsh-ènn, *n. f.* disgust.

GAIRISNEACH, } gaðèrsh'-nyach, *a.* dis-

GAIRSINNEACH, } gusting, horrible, detestable.

GAIRM, gaðèrm, *v.* proclaim banns in church; crow as a cock; call on beasts, as hens, &c.; *n. f.* proclamation of banns; a call to do something; calling.

GAIRMEADAIR, gaøerm'-ad-èr, *n. m.* proclaimer.

GAIRNEAL, gyàrn'-nyal, *n. f.* a large chest.

GAIRNEALAIR, gärm'-al-àr', *n. m.* gardener.

GAIS, gash, *v.* daunt; shrivel up. *ML*

GAIS, gäsh, *n. f.* a surfeit. *Islay*; torrent. *High. Society*.

GAISE, gash'-à, *n. f.* daunt; cha do chuir e *gaise air*, it did not daunt him in the least; boldness. *High. Society*.

GAISGE, gashg'-à, *n. f.* heroism, valour, feats, achievements; do *ghaigse fein*, your own valour.

GAISGEACH, gashg'-ach, *n. m.* a hero, a champion.

GAISGEACHD, gashg'-achg, *n. f.* heroism.

GAISGEANT, gashg'-annt, *adj.* heroic.

GAISGEALACHD, gashg'-al-achg, *n. f.* heroism.

GAISGEIL, gashg'-al, *a.* heroic, brave.

GAL, gal, *n. m.* wailing; *v.* wail; *pt.* wailing; 'a gal is a' caoinidh, wailing and weeping.

GALAO, gäl'-ad, *n. f.* term of kindness to a girl.

GALAN, gal'-an, *n. m.* youth; a sapling.

GALAR, gal'-àr, *n. m.* disease, distemper.

GALC, galk, full cloth; (luaidh.) *N.*

GALL, gäll, *n. m.* a Low countryman; gail, Low countrymen—also, of a Low countryman.

GALLAN-GREANNACH, gall-an-gren'-ach, *n. m.* colts foot; *gallan mòr*, butterwort.

GALL-CHNU, gall-chrù', *n. f.* walnut.

GALLDA, galld'-à, *a.* Low country, foreign. GALLDACHD, galld'-achg, *n. f.* the Low country of Scotland, stinginess.

GALL-DRUMA, gall-drùm'-a, *n. f.* kettle-drum.

GALL-SHEILEACH, gall-häl'-ach, *n. m.* cooper's willow.

GAMHAINN, gäv'-ènn, *n. m.* stirk, year old calf; a stupid fellow; *gamhainn tairbh*, year old bull; a yearling.

GAMHLAS, gäv'-llas, *n. m.* malice, grudge.

GAMHLASACH, gäv'-las-ach, *a.* vindictive.

GAMHINACH, gäv'-nach, *a.* farrow; *n. f.* a farrow cow; *tha i gamhnach*, she is farrow.

GANGAID, gang'-ajj, *n. f.* deceit, giddy girl. *H. S.*

GANN, gánn, *a.* scarce, scant, limited; bliadhna *ghann*, *a year of scarcity*; *adv.* scarcely, hardly, scarce; 's *gann* a ràinig mi, *I scarcely arrived*; 's *gann* a nì e feum, *it will hardly do*; rare; few, small; nì *gann*, *a scarce thing*; mic an anna *ghainn*, *sons of the pusillanimous souls*; gun iongantas *gann*, *with no small wonder*.

GANNTACHD, gannt'-achg, *n. f.* scarcity.

GANRADH, gàn'-rà, *n. m.* a gander.

GANRAICH, gàn'-rèch, romping, screeching.

GAOG, gùg, *n. m.* lump, as in cloth.

GAOID, gaoèij, *n. f.* blemish, flaw, particularly in cattle; defect; gun *ghaoid* gun ghalar, *without blemish or disease*.

GAOIR, gaoèr, *n. f.* noise of steam escaping; buzzing of liquors fermenting; continuous drawing, moaning; the spigot of a cask; thoir a' *ghoir* as a' bhuideal, *take the spigot out of the cask*; gaoir chath, *the din of arms*; gaoir theas, *a flickering sheet of cobwebs, seen on the grass in autumn, portending rain*.

GAOISEACH, gaoèsh'-ach, *n. f.* a gun-bolt.

GAOISID, gaoèsh'-èij, *n. f.* coarse hair, horse-hair.

GAOISIDEACH, gaoèsh'-èij-ach, *a.* hairy.

GAOISNEACH, gaoèsh'-nyach, *a.* hairy, rough.

GAOITH, gaoèch, *n.* sometimes the nominative, and always the genitive of gaoth, wind.

GAOTHSEACH, gaoè'-shyach, a sheaf put as thatch on a little shock.

GAOL, gaoil, *n. m.* love, affection, fondness, a darling; a *ghaoil*, *my darling*; a mhic mo *ghaoil*, *my beloved son*; am fac thu mo *ghaoil*, *saw you my beloved*? clann mo mhàthar *ghaoil*, *the children of my beloved mother*; a nighean mo *ghaoil*, *girl of my affections*, *M'L.*; my beloved girl; thug mi *gaol* d'ar nìghribh dhuit, *I loved you most truly*.

GAOLACH, gaol'-ach, *n. c.* beloved person, a darling; *adj.* beloved, affectionate, dearly beloved; Ard-ar *gaolach* am bròn, *affectionate in grief*; tha, a *ghaolach*, *yes, my darling*!

GAORR, gùrr, *n. m.* gore; *v.* tap, gore.

GAORRAN, gùrr'-an, *n. m.* big-belly.

GAORSACH, gaoir'-sach, *n. f.* a most abandoned strumpet, one that lies down in the kennel.

GAORSACHD, gaoir'-sachg, *n. m.* prostitution.

GAORT, gùrt, *n. m.* saddle-girth.

GAOTH, gao, *n. f.* the wind, flatulency; *gaoth* tuath, *north wind*; *gaoth* deas, *south wind*; *gaoth* 'niar, *west wind*; *gaoth* 'n ear, *east wind*.

GAOTHIAIR, gaoèr, *n. f.* wind-piece of a bag-pipe.

GAOTHAR, gaò'-ur, *n. m.* lurcher, gadhar.

GAOTHAR, } gaò'-ur, *adj.* windy; as a
GAOTHMHOIR, } person flatulent.

GAOTHARACHD, } gaò'-ur-achg, *n. f.* fla-
GAOTHMORACHD, } tulency, windiness.

GAOTHARAN, gao'-ran, *n. m.* a giddy fellow.

GAR, gair, *v.* warm; gar thu fhéin, *warm yourself*; garaidh 'se e féin, *he shall warm himself*.

'GAR, (for ag ar,) gair, *pre.* and *pro.* 'g'ar toirt, *bringing us*; g'ar léireadh, *tormenting us*.

GARADH, gar'-à, *n. m.* den of quadrupeds; warming of the body with fire; *pl.* warming; dean do *gharadh*, *warm yourself*; tha *garadh* aig na sionnaich, *the foxes have dens. B.*

GARAIL, gair'-al, *a.* snug, comfortable.

GARALACHD, gair'-al-achg, *n. f.* snugness.

GARBH, gairv, *adj.* rough, thick, not slender, rugged; harsh; brawny; maide *garbh*, *a thick stick*; duine *garbh*, *a harsh or a brawny man*; casan *garbh*, *brawny legs*; àite *garbh*, *a rough or rugged place*; hoarse; stormy, boisterous; coarse; guth *garbh*, *hoarse voice*; anart *garbh*, *coarse linen*; oidhehe *gharbh*, *a boisterous night*; *garbh* 'na chàint, *harsh in his expressions*; a' *gharbh* chuid diutha, *the majority, the generality of them, the bulk of them*; more or most harsh, gairbhe;—nì a's *gairbhe* na leasraidh, *what is thicker than the loins, Bible*; *n. m.* thick; an *garbh* is an caol, *the thick and thin*.

GARBHAG, garv'-ag, *n. f.* the plaice, or spotted kind of flounder;—North, sprats of herring, sgadan gearr.

GARBHAN, garv'-an, *n. m.* coarse ground meal, Islay; gills of fish, (giùran,) N.

GARBHBHALLACH, garv'-vall-ach, *a.* brawny.

GARBHCHRAMHACH, garv'-chrav'-ach, *a.* raw-boned.

GARBHCHRIOCHAN, garv'-chrèch-an, *n. pl.* rough boundaries, part of Scotland.

GARBHGHUCAG, garv'-ghuchg-ag, *n. f.* first-shot, or what comes first from the still.

GARBHLACH, garv'-lach, *n. m.* rank moor-grass; (fineach, *Lew.*) rugged country.

GARG, gairg, *a.* fierce, harsh, turbulent; duine *garg*, *a turbulent person*; tart, bitter, acrid, pungent; blas *garg*, *a pungent or tart taste*; is *gairge*, *more tart*.

GARLACH, gairl'-ach, *a.* spoiled child; a most impertinent fellow, (gairr.)

GARLUCH, gar'-luch, *n. f.* a mole. *H. S.*

GARMANN, garm'-ènn, *n. f.* weaver's beam; garmainn bhall, *a windlass*.

GARR, gairr, *n. f.* a gorbelly, the belly of a spoiled child, or starvling.

GARRACH, gairr'-ach, *n. m.* a gorbellied child, a most impertinent fellow.

GARRADH, gàrr'-à, *n. m.* a garden, a fence or dike, wall-fence.

GARRADAIR, gàrr'-ad-aér, *n. m.* a gardener.

GARRAG, gàrr'-ag, young crow.

GART, gart, *n. m.* standing corn, vineyard.

GARTAN, gart'-an, garter.

GART-EUN, gart'-èn', *n. m.* a quail.

GARTGLAINN, } gart'-llàinn, *v.* weed,

GARTLAINN, } free from noxious weeds.

GARTHLAN, } gart'-lann, *n. m.* weeds;

GARTLANN, } (gart and lann, weed-hook.)

GARTHAICH, see Sgathruith.

GAS, gäs, *n. m.* stalk, stem, particle, a broom; *gas* a sguabadh an tighe, a broom to sweep the house; *gas càil*, a stock of covelets;—*gach gas*, every particle;—*Mainland*, *gen. gois*.

GASAIR, gas'-ér, *v.* line as a bitch.

GASAR, gas'-ar, *n. m.* pert fellow.

GASDA, gasd'-a, *adj.* fine, well-shaped; *ni gasda*, a fine thing; *duine gasda*, a well-shaped or handsome person.

GASDACHD, gasd'-achg, *n. f.* fineness, handsomeness, beauty, expertness, *H.*

GASG, gäs-g, *n. m.* tail, *H. Society*.

GAT, gät, *a.* bar of iron; a stalk; *gät siab-uinn*, a bar or stalk of soap; *gät siùcair duibh*, a stalk of black sugar.

GATH, gä, *n. m.* a sting, a dart, a beam, or ray; *gath an t-seillein*, the sting of the bee; *gath na grèine*, sun beam, also *Fingal's banner*; inner row of sheaves in a corn stack; *gath dubh*, foundation sheaves.

GATH-CUIP, gä'-kùép, *n. m.* medical tent.

GATH-MUIGH, gä'-mùè-y', *n. m.* a mane, gath-muing.

GE, gä, *pro. indef.* whatever, whoever; *ge b'e neach*, whatever person; *conj.* though.

GEAD, gyä'd, *n. f.* a bed in a garden or small ridge of land; star in a horse's head; *v.* clip, *H. S.*

GEADAS, gyäd²-äs, *n. m.* coquetry; the fish, pike.

GEADASACH, gyäd²-as-ach, *a.* coquettish, flirting.

GEADH, gè-aògh', *n. m.* a goose, lump of the finest part of meal, made by children, tailor's goose.

GEADH, gé, *v.* pole or shove a boat by means of a boat-hook or pole.

GEADHA, gé-ä, *n. m.* a pole, a boat-hook.

GEADHACH, gé-ach, *n. f.* goose quill, lte.

GEADHACHAIL, gyäó'-ach-al, *n. pl.* domestic jobs or messages.

GEADHAIL, gye'-ul, *n. f.* a field, park.

GEAL, gyal, *adj.* white, fond of, clear, bright; *cha'n 'eil e geal da*, he is not fond of it or him, he has no great affection for him; *n. m.* white of any thing; *geal na suile*, the white of the eye.

GEALACH, gyäl'-äch, *n. f.* the moon.

GEALACHADH, gyal'-ach-à, *n. m.* bleaching, a bleach; *pt.* bleaching; *blàr gealachaidh*, bleachfield.

GEALAG, gyal'-ag, *n. f.* a grilse, bànaig *gealag* bhuachair, a bunting, *H. Society*.

GEALAGAN, gyal'-ag-an, *n. m.* the white of an egg.

GEALAICH, gyal'-éch, *v.* bleach, whiten.

GEALBHIAN, gyalv'-an, *n. m.* a common fire.

GEALBHONN, gyalv'-onn, *n. m.* a sparrow.

GEALL, gyäll, *n. m.* a pledge, bet, or wager, mortgage; *thoir dhomh geall*, give me a pledge, *Bible*; *cuir geall*, lay a bet; *mo gheallsa nach faic thu e*, I pledge my word you shall not see him; great fondness; *tha e an geall urra*, he is excessively fond of her; *v.* promise, pledge, vow; *geallaidh iad gealladh*, they shall vow a vow, *Bible*; *tha e an geall na's fhiach e*, every thing he has is at stake.

GEALLACHAS, gyal'-ach as, *n. m.* prospect, success.

GEALLADH, gyal'-à, *n. m.* a promise, a vow, a mortgage; *gealladh gun a cho-gealladh*, a promise without performance; *gheall mi*, I promised; *gealladh-pòsaidh*, betrothment.

GEALLTAINN, gyäll'-ttènn, *pt.* promising.

GEALLTANNACH, gyalit'-unn-ach, *a.* promising, auguring well, promissory, hopeful.

GEALLTANAS, gyällt'-an-as, *n. m.* pledge.

GEALLSHUIL, gyäll'-hùèl, *n. f.* moon-eye.

GEALLSHUILEACH, gyäll'-hùèl-ach, *a.* moon-eyed.

GEALTACH, gyalit'-ach, *a.* cowardly.

GEALTACHD, gyällt'-achg, *n. f.* cowardice.

GEALTACH, gyällt'-àer', *n. m.* a coward.

GEANHA, gé'-a, *n. m.* pledge, compensation; *cha bu gheamha leam*, I would not for, it would be no compensation to me; *am bu gheamha dhomhsa air an t-saoghail*, would the whole world be a compensation to me?

GEAMHD, gyév'-ud, *n. m.* a junk, thick-set person.

GEAMHLAG, gyév'-lag, *n. f.* a crow, lever, bar.

GEAMHRACH, gyav'-rach, *n. f.* a winter park.

GEAMHRACHAIL, gyäv'-rach-al, } *a.* wintry,

GEAMHRADAIL, gyäv'-rad-al, } stormy, cold.

GEAMHRAIDH, gyäv'-rìx, *n. m.* winter.

GEAMHRAICH, gyäv'-rèch, *v.* winter; feed during winter, furnish provender *geamhraichte*, wintered.

GEAMHRAIL, gyäv'-ral, *adj.* wintry, cold.

GEAN, gyen, *n. m.* good humour.

GEANAIL, gen'-al, *adj.* cheerful, gay.

GEANM, génum, *n. f.* chastity.

GEANMNAIDH, génum'-uné, *adj.* chaste.

- GEANNAIRE, *gyann'-är-ä'*, *n. m.* a hammer, rammer; *ri geannaireachd*, hammering.
- GEANTA, *gènt'-a*, abstemious; modest, chaste.
- GEANTACHD, *gènt'-achg*, *n. f.* abstinence, modesty, self-command, continence; *gèantachd na faollainn*, the abstinence of the sea-mew—which eats a full grown fish at a gulp, and makes three portions of the sprat.
- GEARAIN, *ger'-äen*, *v.* complain, appeal.
- GEARAN, *ger'-an*, *n. m.* complaint, appeal, accusation, supplication, application for redress; *dean do ghearan ris*, apply for redress, or appeal to him; *cha ruig thu leas a bhi gearan*, you need not complain; *fullinn domh mo ghearan a dheanadh riutsa*, permit me to appeal to you; *cha 'n 'eil stàth dhuit a bhi gearan ris*, it serves no end to appeal to him; *rinn iad gearan*, they murmured; *ri gearan*, complaining; wailing, moaning; *bha e a' gearan feadh 'na h-oidhche*, he was moaning through the night.
- GEARANACH, *ger'-an-ach*, *a.* plaintive, sad, apt to complain, querulous; *sgeul ma'n gearanach daoine*, news about which men are apt to complain.
- GEARR, *gyärt'*, *v.* cut, geld, satirize, describe as a circle; *adj.* short, of short continuance; *ann an ùine ghearr*, in a short time; *n. m.* an abridgement; *geàrr a ghnothuich*, the abridged statement of the affair; *an còrr's an geàrr*, the short and the long of it—the odds and ends—the two extremes. A hare, (*gearraidh*), weir, for fish, (*caraidh*), *Provincial*.
- GEARRACH, *gyärt'-ach*, *n. f.* flux, dysentery.
- GEARRACHUIBH, *gyärt'-a-chùév'*, *n. f.* a muzzle-bar for two horses; *cuibh-mhòr*, for four horses. *Islay*.
- GEARRABHODACH, *gyärt'-a-vòd'-ach*, *n. m.* a young middle-sized cod.
- GEARRABHONN, *gyärt'-a-vönn'*, *n. m.* a half sole.
- GEARRADAIR, *gyärt'-ad-äer*, *n. m.* cutler.
- GEARRADH, *gyärt'-ä*, *n. m.* a cut, shape; a severe taunt, or sarcasm; bowel complaint, flux.
- GEARRAIDH, *gyärt'-i-yh'*, *n. m.* a hare. *Is.*
- GEARRAISEACH, *ger'-ësh-ach*, *n. f.* swinggle-chain. *North*.
- GEARRAN, *gyärt'-an*, *n. m.* a gelding; time from 15th March to April 11th, inclusive.
- GEARR-FHIADH, *gyärt'-ëögh'*, *n. m.* short deer, a hare.
- GEARRSGIAN, *gyärt'-skëän*, *n. m.* a dirk, bidadg.
- GEARRSHAOGHLACH, *gyärt'-hul-ach*, *a.* short-lived.
- GEARSUM, *gyär'-sum*, *n. m.* entry money; difference in money.
- GEARTACH, *gyärt'-ach*, *n. f.* a trip, an excursion; *geartach do 'n Ghalldachd*, a trip or excursion to the Low country; a short time.
- GEAS, *gäss'*, *n. f.* metamorphosis, enchantment; *nighean rìgh fo gheasaibh*, a princess metamorphosed; *chaidh e fo gheasaibh*, he was metamorphosed; a solemn engagement, or charge; *tha mi a' cur mar gheasaibh ort*, I solemnly charge you; sorcery.
- GEASADAIR, *gäs'-ad-äer*, *n. m.* an enchanter, a charmer; *geasadaireachd*, enchantment, sorcery, witchcraft.
- GEATA, *gät'-ä*, *n. m.* a gate; sort of play, a stick; *dhùin iad an geata*, they shut the gate. *Bible*.
- GEILL, *gyälly'*, *v.* yield assent, admit, submit; *tha mi a' gèilleachdainn da sin*, I admit that, that is granted, I concede that point; *dha 'n gèill mòr ghaillion*, to whom yields the great tempest, *Oss.*; *n. f.* submission, homage, concession, admission; *na d' thoir gèill da leithid sin*, yield assent to no such thing, make no concession; *tha e a' cur an gèill*, he is manifesting, holding forth, strenuously maintaining; *a gèilleachdainn da reachd*, yielding assent to his law, admitting the uprightness of his law. *Ps.*
- GEILT, *gyälty'*, *n. f.* terror, dread, awe.
- GEIMBEAL, *gév'-ul*, *n. f.* chain, fetter.
- GEIMHLICH, *gyév'-lyèch*, *v.* chain, fetter.
- GEINN, *gyä'önn'*, *v.* a wedge, any thing firm.
- GEINNEANTA, *gyänn'-annt-ä*, *adj.* firm, stout.
- GEIR, *gyär'*, *n. f.* tallow, grease, (suet, saill).
- GEIRE, *gär'-ä*, *adj.* more sharp, &c. sharpness.
- GEIREAD, *gyär'-ud*, *n. f.* degree of sharpness, or acuteness.
- GEIREAS, *gäer'-ash*, *n. f.* witticisms.
- GEIREANACHD, *gäer'-an'-achg*, *n. f.* a satirical turn, bickering sort of wit.
- GEISG, see *Giosg*.
- GEOB, *gyòb'*, *n. m.* a gaping mouth, a little mouth; *v.* gape with the mouth, as fish when losing the vital spark.
- GEOBAIL, *gyòb'-al*, *n. m.* a gape; *pl.* gaping.
- GEOC, *gyòchg*, *n. f.* gluttony.
- GEOCACH, *gyòchg'-ach*, *n. m.* a glutton, gormandiser.
- GEOCAIL, *gyòchy'-al*, *a.* gluttonous.
- GEOCAIR, *gyòc'-är*, *n. m.* a glutton, a gormandiser; *geocaircachd*, gluttony, gormandising.
- GEODHA, *gyò'-ä*, *n. m.* a narrow creek, or cove between impending rocks.
- GEOSGAIL, *gyòsg'-ul*, *n. f.* blustering talk.
- GEOLA, *gyol'-a*, *n. f.* a yawl, a small boat.

GEOLACH, g'yo'l'-ach, *n. f.* a bier, shoulder-belt. *Armsl.*
 GEUN, g'yon, *n. m.* avidity, keenness.
 GEONAIL, g'yon'-al, *a.* keen, with avidity.
 GEOTAN, g'yo't'-an, *n. m.* a dribblet, or trifling sum or debt, an item, a small quantity; a' cruinneachadh gheòtan, collecting trifling debts; a pendicle.
 GRUBAN, gā'b'-an, (sgròban) crop. *Bible.*
 GEUG, gā'g, *n. f.* a branch, a sapling; a young superfine female; barr-geug, a belle, lasdaire, a beau.
 GEUGACH, gā'g'-ach, *a.* branchy, ramifying.
 GEUM, gā'm, *n. m.* lowing of cows, calves, &c. *v.* low.
 GEUMNAICH, gā'm'-nyéich, *n. f.* continuous lowing.
 GEUR, gē'r, *a.* sharp, sharp pointed, sharp edged; mentally acute, shrewd, ingenious; acute of vision; sgian gheur, sharp knife; duine geur, a shrewd, acute, or ingenious fellow; suil gheur, a keen eye; claidheamh geur, a sharp-edged sword; acrid, bitter, tart; blas geur, acrid, blifter, or tart taste; severe, harsh, keen; tha e tuilidh is geur, he is too severe or keen; sleagh gheur, sharp-pointed spear; bainne geur, milk of an acrid taste; fion geur, sour wine.
 GEURACH, gār'-ach, *n. f.* the herb agrimony.
 GEURACH, gēr'-éch, *v.* sharpen, hone, whet; a' geurachadh na sgine, sharpening, honing, or whetting the knife; sour, embitter; am bainne a' geurachadh, the milk souring; adv. sharply, keenly; a geur amharc, looking keenly; geuraichte, sharpened, whetted, honed.
 GEURCHUIS, gār'-chūsh, *n. f.* acuteness, penetration, ingenuity, mental energy.
 GEURCHUISEACH, gūr'-chūsh'-ach, *adj.* acute, penetrating, sharp, ingenious, subtle, inventive.
 GRUA-LEAN, gār'-llen, *v.* persecute, harass.
 GEUR-LEANMHUINN, gēr'-len-vhén, *n. f.* persecution; geur-leanmhuinn, na gort, persecution or famine.
 GHEIBH, yhō², *fut. aff.* of faigh; faigh aon, get one; gheibh mi, I shall get; fhuair mi, I have got, or I got.
 GHEIBHEADH, yhōv²-ā, would get.
 GHEIBHEAR, yhōv²-ur, shall or will be got.
 GHEIBHINN, yhōv²-enn, I would get.
 GIAL, gēāl, *n. m.* gum; ciobhāl, contracted and corrupted, a jaw-bone.
 GIBNEACH, gēb²-nyach, *n. m.* cuttle-fish.
 GIDHEADH, gē-yhaōgh', *conj.* yet, nevertheless.
 GIGHS, gē'-yhē, *n. m.* a masquerade.
 GILB, gēlb, *n. f.* a chisel; gēlb-thollaidh, gouge.

GILB, gēl²-ā, *n. f.* whiteness, clearness, fairness; degree; na's gile, whiter, fairer; gile a'n anairt, whiteness of the linen; also gilead.
 GILLE, gēly²-ā, *n. m.* servant man; a young man; a lad; gille-each, a groom; gille-coise, footman; gille-ruith, a courier; gille-fionn and -fiondrain, a small white periwinkle; gille-greasaidh, a position; also gille-marcachd; gille-gnoth-uich, one that runs messages; gille-mirein, a tee-totum, a whirtigig; gille-guirminn, corn-sgabbous, gille-sguain, train-bearer; gille-copain, cup-bearer; lean-abh-gille, a male child, a man child.
 GILM, gem, *n. m.* a buzzard.
 GIN, gēn², *v.* beget, gender, conceive, produce; o'n a ghineadh e, since he was conceived; ma'n do ghineadh na enoic, before the hills were produced; ghin an crodh, the cattle gendered; ginte, begotten; *n. m.* one, individual, one, any, nobody; 'ua h-uile gin, every one, all; cha'n 'eil gin agam, I do not possess a single one; cha d'thainig gin, none came, nobody came; am bheil gin agadsa, have you any?
 GINEAL, gēnn²-al, *n. f.* offspring, race, lineage; do ghineal, your offspring; a ghineal dhubh, the black race; growth of corn in the stack or shock.
 GINEALACH, gēnn²-al-ach, *n. f.* a race. *B.*
 GINEALAICH, gēnn²-al-ach, *v.* grow as corn in shocks.
 GINEAMHUINN, gēn'-uv-énn, *n. m.* conception.
 GIOB, gēb², *n. f.* shag, hairiness.
 GIOBACH, gēb²-ach, *adj.* shaggy, hairy.
 GIOBAG, gēb²-ag, *n. f.* a handful of lint.
 GIOBATHE, gēb²-éch-ā, *n. f.* shagginess.
 GIOBAIRNEACH, gēb²-ār-nyach, *n. m.* cuttle-fish.
 GIOBALL, gēb²-all, *n. m.* mantle, shawl; *n. c.* an odd fellow, or lady.
 GIOBARSAICH, gēb'-ars-éch, *n. f.* shagginess.
 GIOG, gē'g, *v.* peep, steal a look at; cringe, crouch, fawn; ghlog e stigh air an uinneig, he peeped in at the window; cha ghlogainn do dhuie, I would not cringe to any man.
 GIOGAIRE, gē'g'-ar²-ā, *n. m.* a cringer, fawner.
 GIOL, gēúl, *n. f.* a leech; giol-tholl, horse-leech.
 GIOLC, gēúlk, *v.* bend, stoop, aim at; giolcom ort, let me try to hit you; make a sudden movement.
 GIOLLA, for gille.
 GIOLLACHD, gēúll- or gē'll'-achg, *n. f.* and *pt.* manufacturing, preparing, dressing, improving; a' giollachd leathraich, dressing

or manufacturing leather; a' *giollachd* buntàta, *dressing potatoes in the fields*.

GIOLLAICHD, geùll'-èchg, *v.* dress, manufacture, as leather, &c.; a' *giollachd* lla, *dressing or manufacturing lint*.

GIOMACH, gēm'-ach, *n. m.* a lobster.

GIOMANACH, gēm'-an-ach, *n. m.* a masterly fellow in any thing; *giomanach* a ghunna, *the masterly marksman or shooter*.

GIOMLAID, gēm'-lla[j], *n. f.* gimlet.

GION, gēun, *n. m.* excessive love or desire; appetite; tha mo *ghion* ort, *I am excessively fond of you, I love you with all my heart*.

GIOMACH, gēun'-ach, *adj.* appetised, keen.

GIORAG, gēur'-ag, *n. m.* panic, great fear.

GIORAGACH, gēur'-ag-ach, *a.* panic-struck.

GIORRA, gēurr'-a, *n. f.* shortness, fewness; *giorra làithean neo, giorra shaoghail*, *fewness or shortness of days or life*; a-bridgement, degree of gearr and goirid, na's *giorra*, *shorter, more limited*.

GIORRACH, gēurr'-ach, *n. f.* short heath or hair. *H.*

GIORRACHD, gēurr'-achg, *n. f.* shortness, abridgment, compendium, abbreviation.

GIORRAICH, gēurr'-èch, *v.* shorten, abbreviate, abridge, curtail, epitomise.

GIORRUINN, gēurr'-ènn, *n. f.* a barnacle (*giorra-eun*), it being a bird of passage.

GIOSG, gēsag, *v.* creak; a' *giosgail*, *creaking*; *n. m.* a creak; *giosg fhiaclan*, *gnashing of teeth*.

GIRLINN, gērr'-lyènn, *n. f.* a barnacle; (*glorra-linn*), a bird of passage.

GIS, gēs, *n. m.* enchantment; *gisreag*.

GISREAGACH, gēs'-rag-ach, *a.* superstitious; fond of charms or enchantment.

GIUGACH, gyūg'-ach, *a.* cringing, drooping the neck in a cringing position; (*from giulg.*)

GIUG, gēūg, *n. f.* a crouch; cringing, drooping position of the head, as a person sheltering himself from rain; *v.* cringe, droop.

GIUGIRE, gyūg'-èr-ā, *n. m.* cringer.

GIUIR, gyūèr, *n. f.* same as giug.

GIUIRIDEACH, gyūr'-ej-ach, *n. e.* a cringing, drooping, miserable looking person.

GIULAIN, gēul'-dènn, *v.* carry, behave, conduct; *giùlain an gunna so*, *carry this gun*; *giùlain thu féin*, *conduct or behave yourself*; bear, suffer, permit; *cha urra mi sin a' ghùilan*, *I cannot suffer or bear that*; *I cannot support or endure that*.

GIULAN, gyūl'-an, behaviour, conduct; do *ghùilan fhéin*, *your own conduct or behaviour*; *pl.* carrying, permitting, enduring, tolerating.

GIULLA, giūll'-a, for Gille.

GIURHAS, } geū'-us, *n. m.* fir, pine; the
GIUTHAS, } banner or armorial ensign of the Macalpines, (kidnapped by others); *ga ba shuaicheantas giubhas*, *whose armorial ensign is the fir-crop*. Song.

GIURAN, gyūr'-an, *n. m.* gills of fish; a sort of herb.

GLAC, glāchg, *v.* seize, lay hold of, catch, grasp, embrace, take prisoner; *ghlac iad a' phoite ruadh*, *they seized the stilt*; *ghlac iad e*, *they took him prisoner*; *n. f.* a valley, a defile, a dell, a hollow; 'sa *ghlaic* so, *in this hollow*, a grasp or hollow of the hand; embrace; *glac na beinne*, *the defile of the mountain*; *fuair ghlac a bhàis*, *the cold embrace or grasp of death*. Hom.; is gann a chitear tom na *glac*, *scarcely could hill (bush,) or dell be seen*; an *glacaibh* a chéile, *embracing each other*; handful.

GLACACH, glachg'-ach, *n. f.* swelling in the hollow of the hand; palmful; *adj.* full of dells.

GLACADAIR, glachg'-ad-āir, *n. m.* catcher, seizer.

GLACAD, glachg'-aj, *n. f.* handful.

GLACADH, glachg'-a, } *n. f.* seizure; *pt.*

GLACAIL, glachg'-al, } seizing, catching.

GLAG, glāg, *n. m.* a crash; a horse laugh.

GLAGAD, glag'-aj, *n. f.* blustering female.

GLAGAIR, glag'-ar-ā, *n. m.* a blusterer.

GLAGARSAICH, glag'-ar-sech, *n. f.* crashing, clangour, blustering, horse-laughter.

GLAIM, glāém, *n. f.* a large mouthful; *v.* seize upon voraciously; usurp.

GLAIMSEAR, glāém'-shaèr, *n. m.* a fellow that wishes to monopolise booty; a usurper.

GLAINE, gillinn'-ā, for gloine. North.

This certainly, is the proper pronunciation and orthography (from glan). West, gloine.

GLAIS, glāsh, *v.* lock, embrace, secure.

GLAISE, glāsh'-ā, *n. f.* greyness. H. S.; a strait.

GLAISEACH, glash'-ach, *n. f.* foam; cothar, lockfast place.

GLAISEAN, glāsh'-aènn, *n. m.* a coal-fish.

GLAISLEUN, glash'-lènn, *n. f.* spearwort.

GLAISNEALACH, glash'-néill-ach, *adj.* pale, wan.

GLAISRIG, glash'-règ, *n. f.* a female fairy, half-human, half-beast; a gorgon.

GLAISTE, glash'-ā, *pt.* locked, secure.

GLAM, glām, *v.* handle awkwardly; lay hold of voraciously.

GLAMAIR, glam'-us, glam'-èr, and -ns, *n. m.* smith's vice; chasm.

GLAN, glān, *v.* clean, wipe, cleanse, wash, purify; *glan so*, *clean this*; free from scandal, purge, blaze, brighten, beam; *ghlan solus an aodann an rìgh*, *light*

- beamed on the face of the king, *Ossian*; *glanaidh e 'beul, he shall wipe her mouth. Bible.*
- GLAN, glân, *adj.* clean, cleansed, purged or freed from scandal; pure, radiant, clear; *glan mar a ghrian, clear as the sun*; is *glaine* a measg nam ban, *purest among women, Oss.*; *adv.* thoroughly, wholly, completely; *glan mharbh, completely dead*; *glan ruisgte, wholly bare.*
- GLANADAIR, glân'-ad-aér, *n. m.* a cleanser, purifier.
- GLAODH, gláo'-gh, *n. m.* a cry, a shout.
- GLAODHAICH, gláo'-èch, *n. f.* incessant crying.
- GLAOGH, gláo'-gh, *n. m.* a glue; *v.* glue.
- GLAOGHAN; see Laoghan.
- GLAOIDH, gláo'-éyh', *v. n.* cry, bawl, shout, proclaim, call; *glaoidh air, call to him.*
- GLAS, glas, *n. f.* a lock; *glas-chrochta, padlock*; *glas-ghuib, a muzzle, a gag*; *chuir mi a' ghlas-ghuib air, I muzzled him, I gagged him*; a *ghlas-mheur, a masterpiece of bagpipe music.*
- GLASACH, glas'-ach, *n. f.* ley-land. *North.*
- GLASADH, glas'-à, *pt.* looking, securing.
- GLASDAIDH, glasd'-é, *adj.* greyish.
- GLAS-LAMH, glass'-làv, *n. f.* handcuff, manacles.
- GLASRAICH, glas'-rèch, *v.* convert into meadow.
- GLASTALAMH, glas'-tal-uv, *n. m.* unploughed or pasture land.
- GLASTARRIUNN, glas'-tarr-ènn, *v.* remove sheaf-corn when cut; *n. f.* act of removing such.
- GLE, glà, *adv.* enough, sufficiently; *glè gheall, white enough, or sufficiently white.*
- GLEACHD, glechg, *n. f.* sparring, sparring-match; a struggle, a conflict; agony; a fight; a *gleachd ris a bhàs, in the agonies of death*; le mòr *ghleachd, with many a struggle*; *pt.* struggling, striving, endeavouring.
- GLEACHD, glechg, *v.* strive; properly *gleichd.*
- GLEACHDAIR, glechg'-àr'-à, *n. m.* a sparrer.
- GLEADH, gláo, an onset, exploit. *H.*
- GLEADHAIR, gláo'-ur, *n. m.* a noisy blow.
- GLEADHRACH, glyáo'-ach, *n. m.* sea-weed. *North.*
- GLEADHRAICH, gláo'-èch, *n. f.* clangour; a rattling rustling noise.
- GLEADHRAN, gláo'-an, *n. m.* a rattle.
- GLEANG; see Gliong.
- GLEANN, glyann, *n. m.* a valley, a dell, a dale; *glinn and gleanntan, glens, valleys.*
- GLEANNAN, glyann'-an, *n. m.* a dale.
- GLEANNACH, glyann'-ach, *a.* full of dales.
- GLEANNTAIL, glyant'-al, *adj.* haunting or fond of roaming in glens.
- GLEIDH, glàe'-y'', *v.* keep, preserve, retain hold, protect; *gleidhte, kept, protected, &c.*
- GLEIDHEADH, glàe'-à, *pt.* preserving, keeping; *n. m.* preservation; a good turn.
- GLEIDHTEACH, glàe'-y''-tyach, *a.* careful, frugal; in safe custody or keeping; *tha sin glèidhteach, that is in safe keeping*; *duine glèidhteach, a careful or frugal man.*
- GLEIDHTEACHD, glàe'-y''-tyachg, *n. f.* safe custody; state of preservation or keeping.
- GLEG, glyò, *n. m.* a dazzling kind of haziness about the eyes, as a person losing sight, or threatened with a cataract.
- GLEODHADH, glyò'-à, *n. m.* tipsiness.
- GLEOG, glyóg, *n. f.* a blow, a slap. *H. S.*
- GLEOGAIR, glyog'-ar', *n. m.* stupid fellow.
- GLEOID, glyòjd, *n. f.* bewildered female.
- GLEOIDSEACH, glyòjsh'-ach, *n. f.* stupid woman.
- GLEOIDSEAR, gly'-òjsh-àr', *n. m.* a stupid man.
- GLEODHAMAN, glyò-am-an, *a.* silly man.
- GLEORANN, glyò'-rann, *n. m.* cresses; biollair.
- GLEOSC, glyosg, } *n. f.* a silly blus-
- GLEOSGÀID, glyosg'-aj, } tery humdrum of a female.
- GLEUS, glàs, *v.* tune, attune, put in trim, prepare; *gleus an fhiodhull, tune the fiddle or violin*; *gleusaibh bheir cridh-eachan gu ceòl, attune your hearts to music*; *ghleus iad na h-each, they trimmed or harnessed the horses. MacLachlan.*
- GLEUS, glàs, *n. m.* trim, order, condition; lock of a gun; screw of a spinning-wheel; gamut in music; preparation; *dè an gleus a th'ort, how do you do, how are you?* readiness for action; *tha iad air ghleus, they are in trim, in readiness for action*; *cuir air ghleus, prepare, make ready*; trim; *thug aois dhìom gleus, age deprived me of my trim or readiness for action, Ossian*; *chaidh e air ghleus, he put himself in preparation. MacLachlan.*
- GLEUSADAIR, glàs'-ad-ar', *n. m.* tuner, trimmer.
- GLEUSDA, glàs'-à, *a.* in trim, ready, clever; well exercised; well accomplished; *is gleusda a gheibhear e, he does well, he is clever*; keen.
- GLEUSDACHD, glàs'-achg, *n. f.* expertness, cleverness; attention and success in business.
- GLIB, glip, glèpp, *n. f.* weather in which sleet and showers of hail prevail alternately; raw weather.
- GLIBEIL, glèpp'-al, *a.* sleety and showery with hail now and then.

GLIBHEID, glēv'-aj, *n. f.* weather in which a curious mixture of rain, sleet, and hail prevails.

GLIRHEIDEACH, glēv'-āj-ach, *a.* rainy, sleety, thawing.

GLIC, glēhg², *a.* wise, prudent; na's *glice*, *wiser*, or *most wise*, or *prudent*, or *sageacious*.

GLIOICH, glēj'-éch, *v.* move, stir. *Perth*.

GLINN, glēnn, *n. pl.* glens, valleys.

GLIOCAS, glēuchg'-as, *n. m.* wisdom, prudence.

GLIOCAIRE, glēuchg'-àir-à, } *n. m.* a wise
GLIOCASAIR, glēuchg'-às-àr', } man, a philosopher, in a good sense, a sage.

GLIOG, gléug, *n. m.* motion; cha d' thoir e *gliog* as, *he cannot stir or move it*.

GLIOGARSACH, glēg²-ar-sèch, *n. m.* dangling and tingling; also gliogartaich.

GLIOMACH, glēm'-ach, *n. m.* an enormous man's ———.

GLIONG, gleung, *n. m.* clang, tingle, jingle; *v.* tingle, jingle, clash, as metals.

GLIONGARSACH, } gleung'-art-ars-éch, *n. f.*
GLIONGARTAICH, } a continuous tingling, ringing noise.

GLIUCHD, glēuchg, *n. m.* a bumper, a gulf; a blubbering and sobbing.

GLOC, glochg, *n. m.* a large wide throat or mouth; the bung of a cask; clucking of hens; a' *glocail*, *clucking*.

GLOCAN, glochg'-an, *n. m.* a bird cherry; bung.

GLOG, glög, *a.* sudden, hazy calm or sleep.

GLOGACH, glog'-ach, *a.* soft, lubberly.

GLOGAID, glog'-aj, *n. f.* a lubberly female.

GLOGAINN, glog'-ènn, *n. f.* a sudden, hazy kind of calm, with sometimes puffs of soft wind; stupor, dozing slumber.

GLOGAIRE, glög'-ar', *n. m.* a lubber.

GLOGLUINN, glog'-llénn, *n. f.* rolling of the sea; a calm. *H. S.*

GLOICHG, glöcheg, *n. f.* a stupid female.

GLOICHDEIL, glöcheg'-al, *a.* idiotical, as a female, stupid, senseless.

GLOINE, glaon'-a, *n. m.* glass, drinking glass, a bumper, a pane of glass.

GLOIR, glòer, *n. f.* glory, state of bliss; treun thar *glòir*, *powerful beyond praise*.

GLOIREIS, glòer'-ash, *n. f.* prating nonsense.

GLOIRIONN, glòr'-unn, *adj.* of an ugly drab colour.

GLOIRNHOIR, gloer'-vur, *a.* glorious. *Bible*.

GLOMAINN, glóm'-ènn, *n. f.* twilight, dawn.

GLOMHAR, glov'-ar, *n. m.* a gag in beasts; thàinig an *glomhasas*, *he is ungagged*.

GLOMHAS, glòv²-us, *n. m.* a horrible chasm.

GLOMNAICH, glóm'-nèch, *v.* dawn.

GLONN, glönn, *n. m.* feat, qualm. *H. S.*

GLUAIS, glüäs², *v.* move, bestir, stir, make a motion, get up; *gluais* as an so, *move out of this*; *gluais gu biàr*, *bestir yourself to the battle-field*; *ghluais o'n ear a mhaidinn ghlan*, *radiant morn advanced from the east*, *Oss.*; affect, agitate; *ghluaiscadh an rìgh*, *the king was affected or agitated*; *ghluais iad thun a bhaile*, *they proceeded towards the town*, *Oss. Bible*, &c.; an *nì nach cluinn cluas cha ghluais e cùidhe*, *what does not reach the ear cannot affect the heart*; *ghluais e an t-ùisge*, *he agitated the water*; *gluaisie*, *moved, agitated*.

GLUASAD, glüäs'-ad, *n. m.* motion, movement, agitation, conduct, behaviour; gun *ghluasad*, *without motion*; ann ad *ghluasad*, *in your behaviour*, *in your bearing*; *ghluasad seimh*, *unostentatious behaviour*; gesture, gait, carriage; *tha ghluasad mnà uailse aice*, *she has the gait of a lady*; *pl.* moving, stirring.

GLUG, glug, *n. m.* rumbling noise, as fluids; a rumbling; stutter or stammer; *v.* stammer.

GLUGACH, glug'-ach, *a.* rumbling noise or stammer; *n. f.* stammering female.

GLUGAIRE, glüg'-àir-à, *n. m.* rumbler.

GLUINEACH, glüén'-ach', *a.* in-kneed, having joints, as reeds; jointed; *n. f.* in-kneed female; large-kneed female.

GLUINEAN, glüén'-an', *n. m.* a garter. *Skye*.

GLUM, glum, *n. f.* large mouthful of liquids. *H. S.*

GLUN, glün, *n. m.* a knee, a joint in reeds; *glün*, *glüintean*, *knees*; bean *ghlün*, *mid-wife*; an t-aon nach teasgaisgear ris a' *ghlün*, *cha fhòghlumar ris an ullainn*, *the child that is not taught at the knee, cannot be taught at the elbow*; *glun-lubadh*, *genuflexion*.

GLUT, glüt, *n. m.* a gulp, a glut; *v.* gulp, glut.

GLUTAIRE, glüt'-àir-à, *n. m.* glutton.

GNAITHSEACH, grà'-shach, *n. f.* arable land under crop.

GNAITHSEAR, grà'-shar, *n. m.* husbandman.

GNATH, grà, *n. m.* custom, habit, manner, practice; mar bu *gnàth leis*, *as his practice or manner was*; talla do'n *gnàth na cuirm*, *halls where feasting (hospitality,)* *was the fashion or frequent*. *Oss.*; an, do, or a *ghnàth*, *always, habitually*; *adj.* *gnàth obair*, *constant work*; *gnàth chleachdainn*, *habitual practice*.

GNATHACH, grà'-ach, *a.* customary.

GNATHACUADH, grà'-ach-à, *n. m.* behaviour, conduct, custom, practice; do dhroch *ghnathachadh*, *your own bad habits or behaviour*, *your evil conduct*.

GNATHAICH, gnàith, gràèch, *v. n.* use, make a practice of, behave; guàith neo

- gnáthaich thu fhéin gu ceart, behave yourself properly; a' gnáthachadh tomb-aea, using tobacco; is dona a ghnáthaich, e i, he behaved very ill to her, he conducted himself very ill towards her.*
- GNATHFACAL, grá'-ächg-al, *n. m.* a proverb, an aphorism, a wise saying.
- GNATHA, grá'-tyá, *adj.* arable; *talamh gnathá, arable land.*
- GNE, grè, *n. f.* expression of countenance, complexion; a slight degree of the nature of any thing; a tinge, or tincture; in the Bible, species, kind, sort; is dona a ghné a th' air, *his expression of countenance does not bespeak any thing good, his physiognomy is greatly against him; ainfhair a bu mhine gné, a virgin of the mildest complexion, Oss.; gné chreadha, a slight degree of clay—clayish, (as soil); gné dheirge, a tinge, or tincture of red; gach creutair a réir an gné, every beast after its kind, B.; nature, quality.*
- GNEIDHEALACHD, gré'-al-achg, *n. f.* state of having much of the milk of human kindness; tenderness, good nature.
- GNEIDHEIL, gré'-al, *adj.* humane, kindly, tender, urbane.
- GNÍOMH, grév, *n. m.* work, action, a deed; office; a farm steward, or overseer; the seventh sheaf as payment to the hinds that work the farm of tenants or landlords; the building of a peat stack, or hewn stones; droch ghníomh, *bad deed; gníomh mná-ghluin, the office of a midwife; pháidh an gníomh mi, the overseer paid me; v. build or pile as a peat stack, or wall of hewn stones; gníomh duine, the office or work of any man; an exploit.*
- GNÍOMHACH, grév'-ach, *adj.* active, busy, making great or good deeds.
- GNÍOMHACHAS, grév'-ach-as, *n. f.* industry; office of an overseer.
- GNÍOMHARRAN, grév'-arr-an, *n. f.* deeds, &c.
- GNOG, grog, *v.* knock down, kill; knock against; a' gnogadh an cinn, *knocking their heads against each other.*
- GNOGACH, grög'-ach, *a.* sulky, peevish.
- GNOIG, gröög, *n. f.* a surly old-fashioned face on a young person; sulks.
- GNOIGEIS, gröög'-ash, *n. f.* peevishness, sulks.
- GNOIGEISACH, gröög'-ash-ach, *adj.* peevish, sulky as a young person; grim.
- GNOIMH, gröév, *v. f.* a grin, greann.
- GNOIN, gróén, *v.* shake and scold a person at the same time; a' gnotneadh, *scolding and shaking a person at the same time.*
- GNOMH, gróif, *v.* grunt like a pig.
- GNOS, gros, *n. m.* snout of a beast.
- GNOSAIL, gros'-al, *n. f.* a grunt; *pl.* grunting.
- GNOTHACH, } gró'-ach, *n. m.* business, mes-
- GNOTHUCU, } sage, matter.
- GNUGAG, grúg'-ag, *n. f.* sulky female.
- GNUGACH, grug'-ach, *a.* surly, sulky.
- GNUGAIR, grúg'-ár, *n. m.* a surly fellow.
- GNUIG, grúég, *n. f.* a surly lowering expression of countenance.
- GNUIS, grúsh, *n. f.* countenance, face.
- GNUIS-BHRAT, grúsh'-vrat, *n. f.* a veil.
- GNUISFHIONN, grúsh'-unn, *a.* white-faced.
- GNUISFHIOSACHD, grúsh'-és-achg, *n. f.* physiognomy.
- GNUSAD, grus'-ad, *n. m.* low moan by a cow before lowing; also, gnúsad, gnúsaich, a continuous moaning.
- GO, gò, *n. m.* guile, deceit; duine gun ghò, *a guileless man; dà reith gun ghò, (ghoaid,) two rams without blemish. B.*
- GOB, gob, *n. m.* a bill or beak of a bird.
- GOBACH, gob'-ach, *a.* beaked; *n. f.* a scold.
- GOBAG, gob'-ag, *n. f.* a dog-fish.
- GOBAIRE, gob'-ur-á, *n. m.* trifling prater.
- GOBHA, GOBHAINN, gōb'-á, *n. m.* blacksmith; *gobha dubh, waffer ouzel.*
- GOBHALL, gō'-ull, *n. f.* props, support; pair of compasses; *n. m.* space between the legs.
- GOBHAR, gō'-ur, *n. f.* a she goat; In Perth a sort of branching river, and therefore, gobhar is pronounced gá'-ur.
- GOBHLACH, gōll'-ach, *adv.* astride; *adj.* forked, pronged, long-legged.
- GOBHLAN, gōb'-ll'-an, *n. m.* a fork.
- GOBHLAN-GAOITH, gōll-an-gāoèch', *n. m.* swallow; *gobhlau-gainich, sand martin.*
- GOBHLAISGEACH, gōll'-ashg-ach, *n. c.* a long-legged person.
- GOC, gochg, *n. m.* a fawcet; *v.* bristle.
- GOCACH, gochg'-èch, *v.* cock, bristle.
- GOCAN-GO, gōchg-am-gō', *n. m.* a spy, scout, a fellow perched on any place.
- GOCAMAN, gochg'-am-an, a domestic sentinel, one on the look-out in a mast, &c.
- GOD, god, *v.* toss the head; cha'n e godadh nan ceann a ni an t-iomram, *tossing the head will not make the boat row.*
- GOG, gog, *v.* cackle as a hen; toss.
- GOGAID, gog'-aj, *n. f.* light-headed girl.
- GOGAIDEACH, gog'-aj-ach, *a.* light-headed.
- GOGAIDEACHD, gog'-ajj-achg, *n. f.* giddiness.
- GOGAN, gog'-an, *n. m.* wooden dish.
- GOGCHEANNACH, gog'-chyann-ach, *a.* light-headed.
- GOIBHNEACHD, gōcn'-achg, *n. f.* blacksmith's trade.
- GOIBHAE, goyr'-á, *gen.* she goat.
- GOIC, gōèchg, *n. f.* a wry-neck, in despite.
- GOICEIL, gōèchg'-al, *adj.* disdainful.
- GOLD, gōèjj, *v.* steal, pilfer; sneak, slip; also *plur.* of gad, wythes; *goid* a stigh, slip in; *pl.* stealing.
- GOIL, gaöl', *v.* boil as liquid, *pt. n. f.* boiling; air ghoil, *at the boiling point.*
- GOILE, gul'-á, *n. m.* stomach, appetite.

GOILEACH, gúl'-ach, *a.* boiling as liquids, hot, at the boiling point.

GOILEADAIR, gúl'-ad-ar', *n. m.* a kettle.

GOILEAN, gól'-um, *n. m.* incessant, high-toned, chattering or prattle.

GOILEAMACH, gól'-um-ach, *adj.* prating.

GOILL, góelly², *n. f.* blubber-cheek, expression of discontent, or sullenness in the face.

GOILLEACH, góelly²-ach, *adj.* blubber-cheeked.

GOILLEAG, góelly²-ag, *n. f.* slap on the cheek.

GOILLIRE, góelly²-ur-a, *n. m.* blubber-cheeked fellow; in Lewis, a sea bird that comes ashore only in January; (blubber-cheeked female, goilleach.)

GOIMH, góev, *n. f.* a pang; malice, grudge.

GOIMHEIL, góev'-al, *adj.* venomous; inflicting pangs; bearing a grudge or malice.

GOINEIDEACH, góen'-aj-ach, *n. c.* person hurt with an evil eye, or bewitched, (from gon.)

GOINOLLANN, góen'-ól-unn, *n. f.* bad kind of wool next the skin of a sheep.

GOINTE, góenty'-á, *pt.* hurt with an evil eye, piqued, galled to the core.

GOIR, gáöer, *v.* crow as a cock; sing as the cuckoo; to apply it to a person is not good or polite.

GOIREAS, goäer'-as, *n. m.* family necessary, *fs.*; a tool, apparatus; (acfhuium,) *H. S.* written also, gaireas.

GOIREASACH, gáöer'-as-ach, *adj.* useful, needful.

GOIRSINN, gáöer'-shénn, *n. f.* cock-crowing, singing as a cuckoo; *pt.* crowing, &c.

GOIRT, góerty', *adj.* sore, painful; severe, sour, acid; salt; cas *ghoirt*, sore foot; deuchainn *ghoirt*, severe trial; baine *goirt*, sour or acid milk; sgadan *goirt*, salt herring.

GOIRTEAD, góerty²-áil, degree of soreness.

GOIRTEAN, góerty²-an, *n. m.* a field of arable land, an inclosure, a park.

GOIRTEAS, góirty²-us, *n. m.* soreness; saltness, painfulness; sourness, acidity.

GOIRTECH, góerty²-éch, *v.* hurt, pain, gort-ach.

GOISINN, gösh²-énn, *n. m.* a trap. *H. Soc.*

GOISIDH, göshij²-é, *n. m.* gossip; god-father.

GOISDEACHD, göesh²-achg, *n. f.* office, or duty of a godfather; ri *goisdeachd*, assuming the office of a god-father.

GOMAG, góm'-ag, *n. f.* a nip, criomag, miogag.

GON, gön, *v.* hurt with an evil eye; pique or gall to the core; a *ghon thu*, that galled you; a *gonadh*, hurting or galling intensely.

The Arabs pray that an evil eye may not

hurt their favourite horses; and hence, the learned Dr. Clarke argues, that the Irish and Scotch Gael must have carried this superstitious practice from the East. *Clarke's Travels.*

GORACH, gôr'-ach, *a.* silly, foolish.

GORACH, gôr'-éch, *n. f.* folly; mo *ghôr-ach* 's coireach rium, my own folly is the cause. *Sm.*

GORAG, gôr'-ag, *n. f.* silly female; young she-crow; goracan, a young he-one, or silly fellow.

GORN, görm, *adj.* blue, azure; also, green, as grass; feur *gorm*, green-grass; each *gorm*, dark grey horse; aodach *gorm*, blue cloth; *v.* and *pt.* dye blue, make blue; a' *gormadh*, dyeing blue; *n. m.* blue colour; an *gorm* is an dubh, the blue and black.

GORMAN, görm'-an, *n. m.* a wood, a plant.

GORMGHLAS, görm'-ghlās, *a.* sea-green.

GORN, görm, *n. m.* an ember, eibhleag. *H. S.*

GORT, gört, *n. f.* famine, starvation, letter g.

GORTACH, gört'-ach, *a.* hungry; miserly.

GORTACHD, gört'-achg, *n. f.* starvation, extreme degree of famine or hunger.

GORTACH, gört'-éch, *v.* hurt, get sour, &c.

GOTH, gö, *v.* toss the head contemptuously, or giddily; gothail, airy, giddy.

GRAB, grab, *v.* obstruct, restrain, intercept, hinder, prevent, impede, stop, molest.

GRABADH, grab'-X, *n. m.* obstruction, hindrance, impediment; *pt.* hindering, detaining.

GRABAIRE, gräb'-är²-a, *n. m.* obstructor.

GRABH, gräv, *v.* engrave; *n. m.* horrid thing. *North.*

GRABHALTAIR, gräv'-alt-är', *n. m.* engraver.

GRAD, grad, *adj.* quick, nimble; irascible, irritable, very quick in motion; *adv.* uncommonly quick or agile; cho *ghrad* is a dh' éirich e, he rose so suddenly, so nimbly; *ghrad* chlisg e, he quite of a sudden started.

GRADAG, grad'-ag, *n. f.* hurry, extreme haste, jiffy; cha d' thig e an *gradaig*, he will not come in a hurry; bi an so an *gradaig*, be here instantly.

GRADCHARACH, grad'-chär-ach, *a.* very agile.

GRADCHARACHD, grad'-char-achg, *n. f.* agility.

GRADH, grä-gh', *n. m.* extreme love or affection; a dearest dear, or loveliest of darlings; da d' thug m' anam *grädh*, whom my soul excessively loved; a *ghráidh*, my dearest dear, my darling; charity, humanity. *Bible.*

GRADHACH, grä-gh'-ach, *adj.* dearest, greatly loved.

GRADHACHD, grà-aògh'-achg, *n. f.* extreme love.
 GRADHAICH, gràgh'-èch, *v.* love to distraction, love in the highest degree; *gràdh* dhaoine, *philanthropy*.
 GRADHMHOR, grà-gh'-var, *a* greatly beloved.
 GRAIDE, gràjj'-à, *n. f.* quickness, quicker.
 GRAIDEACHD, gràjj'-achg, *n. f.* degree of quickness.
 GRAIN, gràen, *n. f.* disgust, loathing.
 GRAINEAG, gràn'-ag, *n. f.* a hedge-hog.
 GRAINEALACHD, gràen'-al-achg, *n. f.* abomination, abominableness, detestableness, loathsomeness.
 GRAINEIL, gràen'-al, *a.* disgusting.
 GRAINO; see Sgràing, dreang.
 GRAINICH, gràen'-èch, *v. n.* detest, loathe, impress with disgust; aversion or loathing.
 GRAINNE, gràn'-ná, } *n. f.* a grain; a
 GRAINNEAN, gràen'-nyan, } pellet of shot;
 a small number or quantity of any thing,
 particularly granulated substances.
 GRAINNEANAICH, gràen'-nyan-èch, *v.* granulate; make into small grains.
 GRAINNSEACH, gràenn'-shyach, *n. f.* a granary; confounded with gnàithseach, land under cultivation.
 GRAINNSEAG, gràenn'-shag, *n. f.* bearberry.
 GRAISG, gràeshg, *n. f.* rabble, mob, low people.
 GRAISGEALACHD, gràeshg'-all-achg, *n. f.* vulgarity, blackguardism, turbulence.
 GRAISGEIL, gràeshg'-al, *a.* vulgar, low, mean, blackguardish.
 GRAITINN, grà'-tyènn, *pt.* saying, affirming, hence; mor-ghràitinneach, beag-ghràitinn, *babbling, taciturn, fashionably, ràidhtinn, see abair 'ag radh.*
 GRAMAICH for greimich.
 GRAN, gràn, *n. m.* kln-dried grain.
 GAANABHALL, gràn'-a-vull, *n. f.* pomegranate; seorsa do ubhall mhòr. *Bible.*
 GRANNA, grànn'-à, *adj.* ugly, shameful; causing shame; murdered, grada, grànnda, &c.
 GRANNACHD, grànn'-achg, *n. f.* ugliness.
 GRAPA, gràp'-à, *n. m.* dung-fork.
 GRAS, gràs, *n. m.* grace, favour; grace in the soul; free love.
 GRASAIL, gràs'-al, *adj.* gracious.
 GRASALACHD, gràs'-al-achg, *n. f.* graciousness.
 GRASMHOR, gràs'-vur, *adj.* gracious.
 GRASAMHORACHD, gràs'-vur-achg, *n. f.* graciousness, benignity, gloriousness.
 GRATH, grà, *adj.* fearful, ugly. *North.*
 GRATHUNN, grà'-udh, *n. f.* a long or considerable time; a while—short while.
 GREAN, gräd'-v, *drub, whip lustily; dry.*

GREADADH, gräd'-x, *n. m.* drubbing, whipping lustily; *pt.* drubbing.
 GREADAN, gräd'-an, *n. m.* a considerable time with all your might at any thing; parched corn, nome made snuff.
 GREADH, gryaògh', *n. f.* joy, happiness; stud of brood mares; stud of horses.
 GREADHAIRE, gryaògh'-àr'-à, *n. m.* a stallion; stone-horse; an entire horse. *Islay;* in Lochaber, a groom; in Perth, a brutish fellow.
 GREADHNACH, gryaon'-ach, *adj.* joyful, cheerful, merry; from greadhuinn.
 GREADHNACHAS, gryaon'-ach-us, *n. m.* joy, festivity, pomp; august appearance.
 GREADHUINN, gryaò'-ènn, *n. f.* a convivial party, a festive group, a happy company.
 GREAGHLAIN, gryaògh'-lyan, *n. m.* an old starved horse; a donkey; an old sword.
 GREALLACH, gryall'-ach, *n. f.* estrails; *a.* dirty.
 GREALLAG, gryäll'-ag, *n. f.* a swing, swingle; ann an greallag, in a swing; *greallagan* a chroim, the plough's swingles.
 GREANN, gryann, *n. f.* a grim, angry, surly look; appearance of rage; a head having the hair standing on end, and the hair dry and withered; a bristling of hair, as on an angry dog; ripple on the surface of water; *greann air an fhaire, the sea has a rippled scowling aspect.*
 GREANNACH, gryann'-ach, *adj.* having a dry bristled hair; claioginn *greannach* cruaidh, a hard dry-haired scalp. *Ps.*; as a person crabbed-looking, irascible; diùne *greannach*, an irascible or fiery person, as weather lowering and gloomy; feasgar *greannach*, a lowering windy evening; threatening evening.
 GREANNAICH, gryànn'-èch, *v.* bristle, get angry with; *ghreannaich e rium, he bristled, he enraged against me.*
 GREANNAR, greannmhòr, gryànn'-vur, *adj.* lively, active, pleasantly droll, or facetious.
 GREAS, gräs, *v. n.* hasten, urge, drive on, mend your pace; *greas ort, make haste.*
 GREASACHD, gräs'-achg, *n. f.* hastening, quickening, urging; also greasadh.
 GREASAD, gräs'-ud, *n. m.* act of hastening.
 GREIDLEAN, gràjj'-lyen, stick for leavening bread; in baking, bread-stick.
 GREIDH, grä'-yh', *v.* toast as bread; a *grèidheadh* an arain, *toasting bread;* cure as fish; a *grèidheadh* an èisg, *curing the fish;* a' *grèidheadh* san t-sàbhail, *winnowing in the barn. Jura;* (a' cathadh.)
 GREIDHEADH, grä'-a², *pt.* dressing, curing,

- toasting, winnowing; *n. m.* act of curing or state of being cured, toasting, &c.; *grèidhte*, cured, toasted, winnowed.
- GREIGH, grā'y², *n. f.* uncommon heat of the sun after bursting out from under a cloud; also greighiun.
- GREIGHIRE, grā²-ēr-ā, *n. m.* gnat, gad-fly.
- GREIM, grām, *n. m.* a piece bread; stitch in sewing; a stitch, or pain; a bit, or bite; a hold, custody; *greim* biodhaich, *a morsel of food*; *greim* san aodach, *a stitch in the cloth*; tha 'n deadh *greim* aige, *he has a firm hold*; tha e an *greim*, *he is in custody, as a horse, employed*; cha 'n 'eil *greim* agad air, *you have no hold of him or it*.
- GREIMEADAS, grām'-ad-as, *n. m.* a hold, tenement.
- GREIMEALAS, grām'-al-as, *n. m.* firmness of hold, or capability of holding well.
- GREIMICH, grām'-èch, *v. n.* hold fast, cleave to, cling to; *n. m.* a flesh-hook; vice, glamus.
- GREIMIR, grām'-ur, *n. m.* pincers, turoais.
- GREINE, grān'-ā, *gen.* of sun, grian.
- GREIS, grāsh², *n. f.* a while, space of time.
- GREUS, grās, *n. f.* embroidery; *v.* embroider.
- GREUSAICH, grēs'-èch, *n. m.* a shoemaker; frog-fish, or chub, or lump.
- GREUSACHD, grēs'-achg, *n. f.* shoe-making.
- GRIAN, grēān, *n. f.* the sun.
- GRIANACH, grēān'-ach, *a.* sunny, warm.
- GRIANACHD, grēān'-achg, *n. f.* sunshine.
- GRIANAIR, grēān'-ar, *v.* bask in the sun, also *grianaich 'ga grianradh fhēin, basking himself in the sun*.
- GRIANAN, grēān'-an, *n. m.* a drying place for any thing, particularly peats.
- GRIAN-CHRIOS, grēān'-chrēs, *n. m.* zodiac.
- GRID, grējj, *a* very keen penurious female-quality, substance. *H. Society.*
- GRIDEIL, grējj'-al, *adj.* very keen or industrious.
- GRINN, grēnn, *adj.* very kind, very polite; *n. f.* fine as linen, &c.; duine *grinn*, *a very kind person*; anart *grinn*, *very fine linen*; a's *grinne*, *kinder, politer, finer*; *adv.* very kindly or politely; *n. f.* a girming expression of countenance.
- GRINNEACH, grēnn'-ach, *n. m.* stripling. *H.*
- GRINNEAS, grēnn'-as, *n. m.* kindness, extreme kindness or politeness; fineness, neatness.
- GRINNICH, grēnn'-èch, *v.* polish, finish.
- GRIOB, grēb, *v.* nibble, moiheil. *H. S.*
- GRIOBH, grēv, *n. m.* a pimple, guirecan.
- GRIOBHACH, grēv'-ach, *n. f.* the measles; mispronounced grū'-ach; see page 23.
- GRIOBHAG, grēff'-ag, *n. f.* hurry-burry in a neat manner; genteel hurry.
- GRIOBHAGACH, grēff²-ag-ach, *a.* in a hurry-burry about trifles, or nothing at all.
- GRIOBHARSGAICH, grēv'-arsg-èch, *n. f.* a rush of pimples through the skin; lichen, or a kind of scum on water.
- GRIOBHLACH, grūl'-ach, measles. *Skye.*
- GRIOBHRACH, grūr'-ach, measles. *Inverness.*
- GRIOCH, grēch', *n. m.* a lean deer. *H.*
- GRIOCHAIRE, grēch'-ur-a, *n. m.* an invalid.
- GRIOGAG, grēg'-ag, *n. f.* a small cheese, *Is.*; a bead or pebble. *Lewis, Lochaber.*
- GRIOGLACHAN, grēg'-lach-an, *n. m.* the plough or constellation of seven stars.
- GRIOS, grēs, *v.* blaspheme; entreat by every thing that is holy, beseech.
- GRIOSADAIR, grēs'-ad-ār', *n. m.* a blasphem-er; ri *griosadaircachd*, *blaspheming*.
- GRIOSACH, grēs'-ach, *n. f.* fire of embers.
- GRIOTH, grē, *n. f.* a gravel pit, pebble.
- GRIOTHALACH, grē'-al-ach, *n. f.* gravel. *Is.*
- GRIS, grēsh, *n. f.* perspiration or sweat produced by the idea of horror; great horror; horrified expression or appearance; the horrors; thug e *gris* orm, *he put me in the horrors*; heat.
- GRISEACH, grēsh'-ach, *adj.* shivering, fond of the fire, *North; West, dis.*
- GRISFHIONN, grēs'-unn, *adj.* brindled.
- GRIUTHACH, for griuthach, griulach; see Griobhach.
- GROB, gròb, *v.* groove, sew awkwardly, cobble; *n. m.* a groove; a' *gròbadh*, *grooving, &c.*
- GROBAG, gròb'-ag, *n. f.* a broken tooth, a little female with broken teeth.
- GROC, gròchg, *v.* threaten in order to frighten children; croak; gròcal, *croaking*.
- GROD, gròd, *adj.* rotten, putrid; *v.* rot, get putrid, become putrid, cause to rot; a' *grodadh*, *becoming putrid, rotting*; iasg *grod*, *putrid fish*.
- GRODAIR, gròd'-ur-a, *n. m.* a stinking fellow, or a putrid fish.
- GROGACH, gròg'-ach, *adj.* awkward.
- GROGAIRE, gròg'-ur-ā, *n. m.* a bungler, awkward fellow.
- GROIC, gròèg, *v.* bungle, botch.
- GROICEAN, see Grogair.
- GROIGEALAIS, gròèg'-al-ash, *n. f.* unhandiness.
- GROIGEIL, gròèg'-al, *adj.* awkward, unhandy.
- GROISEID, gròsh'-āj, *n. f.* a gooseberry; Scotch Grosset.
- GRUAG, grūāg, *n. f.* hair of the head, wig.
- GRUAGACH, grūāg'-ach, *n. f.* damsel, a bride's maid of honour; a supposed household goddess; *adj.* having a beautiful head of hair.
- GRUAGAIRE, grūāg'-ur-ā, *n. m.* wig-maker.
- GRUAIDH, grūāè'-yh', *n. f.* the profile, cheek.

- GRUAIGEAN, grūāēg'-an', *n. m.* birses; muirlinn, 10.
- GRUAIM, grūāēm, *n. f.* gloom, sullenness.
- GRUAMACH, grūām'-ach, *adj.* gloomy, sulky, morose, sullen; *a.* a forbidding face.
- GRUAMACHD, grūām'-achg, *n. f.* gloominess, sullenness, surliness; unhappy temper.
- GRUAN, grūān, *n. m.* liver of a person, or four-footed beast; of a fish, àithne; *a. deep moan.*
- GRUDAIRE, grūd'-ārr-ā, *n. m.* brewer, distiller, mashman, a publican.
- GRUGACH, grūg'-ach, *adj.* sullen, having a gloomy surly face; *n. f.* a surly female.
- GRUGAIRE, grūg'-ur-ā, *n. m.* morose man.
- GRUID, grūjj, *n. f.* lees, dregs, grounds.
- GRUIG, grūég, *n. f.* a morose, cast-down, sullen countenance, a sullen look or expression.
- GRUIGH, grūēgh, *n. m.* a dish of curds dressed with butter, &c.
- GRUNN, grūnn, *n. m.* a crowd, a group; *grunn* dhaoine, a crowd of people, ground, bottom; *grunnan*, a little group or crowd. *Prov.*
- GRUITHEAN, grūē'-y'am, *n. m.* curd-pie.
- GRULLAGAN, grūll'-agan, *a.* constellation or circle; a ring of people.
- GRÜNNAICH, grūnn'-ēch, *v.* sound the bottom; touch the bottom, as of the sea; *deuch an grunnach thu*, see if you touch the bottom of the water.
- GRUNNASG, grūnn'-āsg, *n. m.* groundsel.
- GAUNND, grūnnnd, *n. m.* ground, attention, economy; *dean le grunnnd e*, pay attention to it, do it carefully; decision of character; *duine gun ghrunnnd*, a man without decision of character.
- GRUNNDAIL, grūnnnd'-al, *adj.* very attentive and punctual; economical.
- GRUNNDALACHD, grūnnnd'-al-achg, *n. f.* attention to business; decisive character.
- GRUTH, grū-gh, *n. m.* curds.
- GU, gaō, *prep. to*; *gu fichead*, to twenty; also *sign of adverb*; *gu fìor*, truly; *gu sìorùith*, *gu sùthailn*, for ever; *gu minig*, often; *gu léir*, altogether.
- GUAG, gūāg, *a.* splay-foot; giddy fellow. *H.*; *guagaire*, splay-footed fellow.
- GUAILEACH, gūāēlly'-ach, GUAILLINFEACH, gūāēlly'-ēnn-ach, *n. f.* shoulder-chain or strop of a horse.
- GUAILEAN, gūāēlly'-an', *n. m.* a clinder.
- GUAILLFHOINN, gūālly'-unn, *a.* white-shouldered.
- GUAIM, gūāēm, *n. f.* economy; attention to minute articles of gain; prudence.
- GUAIN, gūāēn, *n. f.* giddiness, lightness.
- GUAIRNE, gūāēny'-ā, *n. f.* an unshapely, unmannerly female.
- GUAL, gūāl, *n. m.* coals; *v.* gall, pain most intensely; (lit.) burn to a cinder.
- GUALADH, gūāll'-ā, *pl. n. m.* torturing, torture; greatest pain; tormenting.
- GUALLANN, gūāll'-unn, *n. f.* shoulder, mountain projection; stamina.
- GUAMACH, gūām'-ach, *a.* economical, snug.
- GUAMACHD, gūām'-achg, *n. f.* degree of economy.
- GUANACH, gūān'-ach, *a.* giddy, light-headed.
- GUANAO, gūān'-ag, *n. f.* light-headed girl.
- GUANACH, gūān'-ach, *adj.* giddy, light.
- GUANALAIS, gūān'-al-āsh, *n. f.* giddiness.
- GUCAG, gūchg'-ag, *n. f.* a bud, a sprout; bell.
- GUDA, gūd'-ā, a gudgeon.
- GUG, gūgg, *n. m.* cluck as poultry.
- GUIDH, gūē'-y', *v.* pray, entreat, beseech, wish earnestly; *v. n.* imprecate.
- GUINHE, gūē'-ā, *n. f.* entreaty; a curse, an imprecation; *pl.* beseeching.
- GUINDIDINN, gūi'-dyēnn, *n. f.* an injunction; a strict injunction or entreaty; *v. enjoin*; *tha mi a' cur mar ghuidhidinn ort*, I enjoin, I lay you under an injunction, I entreat most earnestly.
- GUIL, gūēl, *v.* weep, wail; *pl.* weeping.
- GUILBEARNACH, gūēl'-āerny'-ach, } a cur-
GUILBNEACH, gūēlb'-nyach, *n. f.* } lew.
- GULEAG, gūēl'-ag, *n. m.* a drawing screech, supposed to resemble the swan's note.
- GUIN, gūēn, *n. f.* a pang, dart; *v.* pain.
- GUINEACH, gūēn'-ach, *adj.* venomous, fierce.
- GUIR, gūēr, *v.* hatch; watch strictly.
- GUIREAN, gūēr'-an', *n. m.* a pimple; pustule.
- GUIRME, gūērm'-ā, degree of gorm; *na's guirme*, bluer; *n. f.* blueness.
- GUIRMINN, gūērm'-ēnn, *n. m.* indigo.
- GUIRMINNICH, gūērm'-ēnn-ēch, *v.* tinge with blue, as linen; give a blue hue or tinge.
- GUISEID, gūsh'-āj, *n. f.* a gusset of a shirt.
- GUIT, gūty', *n. f.* fasnag, a fan; Kintyre, giot.
- GUITEAR, gūēty'-ar', *n. m.* kennel, sewer.
- GUL, gūll, *n. m.* weeping; *pl.* wailing.
- GUN, gun, *prep.* without; *gun eòlas*, ignorant; *gun fhìds dè a' uì mi*, not knowing what to do.
- GUN, gū'-ann, gūn, *n. m.* a gown; more properly gughann, gughann siota, a silk gown.
- GUNNA, gūnn'-ā, *n. f.* a gun; *gunna-mòr*, a cannon; *gunna-glaic*, a fusée; *gunna coal*, a fowling-piece; *gunna barraich*, or *sgaile*, a pop-gun; *gunna-diollaid*, a holster.
- GUR, gūr, *n. m.* a brood, a hatch, or an incubation; *mar cheare a' nì gur*, as a

*hen that hatcheth. B. ; pt. a' gur, hatch-
ing, breeding, watching strictly.*

GURADAN, gŭr'-ad-an, *n. m.* a crouching attitude.

GURRACH, gŭrr'-ach, *n. m.* a huge stupid fellow; a great blockhead; also gurraiceach.

GURRAICEIDEACH, gŭrr'-échg-ajj-ach, a dotterel.

GUS, gus, (gas) *adv. conj. and prep.* until, till, into, to, in order that, as far as, so that; *gus* an till iad, *until they return*; *gus* am faic mi thu, *till I see you*; *gus* am bi mi, *tiX I be*; *gus* an am so an ath-bhliadhna, *till this time twelve-month, till this time next year*; a sheachduinn *gus* an dè, *yesterday se'ennight*; *gus* nach cluinnte e, *so that he could not be heard*; *gus* an so, *as far as this*; *gus* nach d' thigeadh e stigh, *so that he or it could not come in*; *gus* am b'fhearra dhomh, *so that it was better for me.*

GUSG, gŭsg, *n. m.* a bumper; fhuair thu fhéin a cheud *ghusg* dheth, *you yourself, got the first bumper of it.*

GUSGAN, gŭsg'-an, *n. m.* a swig, a draught.

GUSGAL, gŭsg'-al, *n. f.* blubbering. *Macf.*

GUTH, gŭ-gh, *n. m.* a voice, a word, a syllable, a mention, report; chluail e *guth*, *he heard a voice*; dean *guth* rium, *speake a word*; cha chluail mi *guth* air riamh, *I never heard the slightest mention of it*; dh' aithnich mi a *ghuth*, *I recognised his voice*; na d' thoir *guth* air a leithid sin, *never mention such a thing*; *guth* caointeach, *a plaintive voice*; a warning, or secret hint from the dead; thàinig *guth* a dh' ionnsuidh, *a voice from the dead warned him.*

GUTHACH, gŭ'-ach, *a. vocal*; *n. f.* cuckoo.

GUTHAID, gu'-ajt, *n. f.* place of an oracle; an oraculum. *Bible.*

H

H, h, this letter is not acknowledged in our Alphabet; but to keep the Gaelic in character with us, the Highlanders, who are the BRAVEST and most singular people in the whole world, (as the SCOTS TIMES says,) it is used, not only in every word, but almost in every syllable expressed or understood.

I

I, i, the eighth letter of the Gaelic alphabet; styled Iubhar, the yew-tree. It has

many sounds; I, sounds like ee in sheer; as, sir, shēr, continually:—short; as, dis, dyēsh.

I, ē, *pro. she, her, it*; *n. f.* an isle, Iona. Iad, èd, or ēad, *pron. they*; iad fhéin, *they themselves*; in *Argyle* it should be written eud.

IADH, ēad-gh, *v.* surround; an saoghail ma'n iadh grian, *the sun which surrounds the world.*

IADSAN, èd'-sun, *pro. they, themselves.*

IADHSLAT, ēā'-hlat, *n. f.* honey-suckle, woodbine; an t-eidheann, an fheulainn.

IAL, ēāl, *n. f.* moment; gach ial, *every moment. Sm.*

IALL, ēāl, *n. f.* a thong, leather strop.

IALLACH, ēāl'-ach, *adj.* in strings.

IALTAG, ēālt'-ag, a bat, beathach.

IAR, ēār, *n. f.* the west; an iar, *westward*; an iar is an iar-dheas, *west by south*; *adv. westerly.*

IARGAIN, ēār'-gāen, *n. f.* the evil effects of any thing, lees of whiskey, (iarguin.)

IARGAINEACH, ēārg'-āen-ach, *adj.* afflictive.

IARGALTA, ēārg'-alt-ā, *adj.* turbulent.

IARGALTACHO, ēārg'-alt-achg, *n. f.* turbulence, a turbulent disposition; also iarg-altas.

IARLA, ēār'l'-ā, *n. m.* an earl, iarfhath.

IARLACHD, ēār'l'-achg, *n. f.* earldom.

IARNAICH, ēārn'-éch, *v.* iron, smooth with a hot iron as linen; ag iarnachadh, *smoothing, ironing as linen.*

IARNAIOM, ēārn'-é, *adj.* iron like, very forbidding in features, hard, miserly.

IAROGH, ēār'-ō2, *n. c.* great-grandchild.

IARR, ēārr, *v.* seek, ask; search for; pain or search as medicine; probe.

IARRAIDH, ēār'-é, *n. f.* a search, petition.

IARRTAS, ēārrt'-as, *n. f.* petition, request.

IARRTASACH, ēārrt'-as-ach, *adj.* soliciting, frequently asking or seeking.

IARTHUATH, ēār'-hūā, *n. f.* the north-west.

IARUNN, ēārr'-unn, *n. m.* iron, an iron.

IASACHD, IASAD, ēās'-achg, ēās'-ad, *n. f.* a loan.

IASG, ēāsg, *n. m.* a fish, fishes, éisg.

IASGACH, IASGACHO, ēāsg'-ach, or -achg, *n. m.* fishing, a take of fish; act or art of fishing.

IASGAICH, ēāsg'-éch, *v.* fish, angle.

IASGAIR, ēāsg'-ār, *n. m.* fisher, fisherman.

IBH, ēv, *v.* drink; *n. f.* a drink.

IC, ēchg2, *v.* affix; *n. f.* an affix, appendix.

IDIR, ējj'-ér, *adv.* at all; cha'n 'eil idir, *not at all*; cha d' thig e idir, *he will not come at all*; cha 'u e idir, *that is not it at all.*

IFRINN, ēff²-runny', *n. m.* hell, Ifrionn

IFRINNACH, } ēff²-runn-ach, *adj.* hellish,

IFRIONNACH, } fiendlike; *n. m.* a fiend, demon.

IGH, ē-yh', *n. f.* tallow, geir. *H. S.*
 ILA, ēll'-a, *n. m.* Islay, an island of Argyre, a Danish princess.
 ILEACH, ēl'-ach, *a.* belonging to Islay; an Islayman; ceann-ileach, particular kind of sword made by smiths of the name of Maceachern.
 ILLSE, ēlly'-shā, *n. f.* lowness; *deg.* lower.
 ILLSICH, ēlly'-shēch, *v.* lower, abase.
 IM, ēm, *n. m.* butter.
 IMCHEIST, ēm²-chyāsh't, *n. f.* perplexity, anxiety, distraction; an *imcheist*, perplexed.
 IMCHEISTEACH, ēm²-chyāst-ach, *adj.* perplexing, perplexed, distracting, distracted.
 INEACHD, ēm²-achg, *n. f.* travelling, departure, the very spot, distinction; ma'n imeachd so, hereabouts; dè 'n imeachd ma'n d' fhàg thu e, whereabouts did you leave it.
 IMFHIOS, em'-ēss, *n. f.* hesitation, eve; an imfhios dol fodha, almost sinking, literally, hesitating whether to sink or swim; an imfhios teicheadh, on the eve of scampering, hesitating whether to decamp; an imfhios a chiall a' chail, almost losing his senses, on the eve of losing his senses.
 IMIRE, ēm'-ēry'-ā, *n. m.* a ridge of land; *v. n.* behove, need; imiridh mi falbh, I must go, it behoves me to go, I must be off.
 INIRICH, ēm²-ēr-ech, *v.* walk in ranks or procession, march.
 INIREACHADH, em'-ear'-ach-ā, *pt.* walking in ranks, or procession; *n. m.* a procession; imearachadh an tòrraidh, the funeral procession. Islay.
 IMIR-CHUIMIR, ēm²-ēr'-chūēm'-ēr, *adv.* wholly and solely, most completely or thoroughly; tha iad mar sin imir-chuimir, they are so wholly and solely, thoroughly.
 INLEACH, ēml'-ach, *n. m.* a licking.
 INLICH, ēml'-ēch, *v.* lick with the tongue.
 IMPICH, IOMPAICH, ēmp'-ēch, *v.* convert, persuade; dh' impich mi e dh' fhalbh, I persuaded him to go; dh' iompachadh e, he was converted.
 INPIDH, ēmp'-ē, *n. f.* prayer, persuasion, supplication.
 IMPIS, ēmp'-ēs, same as imfhios.
 IMRACH, ēm'-rēch, *n. f.* flitting, removing from one residence to another; *v.* remove residence, (iomairc.)
 INBH, ēn'-v', ēnn'-a, *n. f.* eve, condition, rank, perfection, maturity as a person, state of advancement, progression, progress; dè an inbh a bheil thu, how far have you advanced? what progress have you made? tha mi an inbhe mhath, I have made a considerable progress; tha

mi deas gu h-inbhe deich, I am prepared, within ten; bha mi an inbh is an dorus a dhùnadh, I was on the eve of shutting the door, I was hesitating whether to shut the door; am bheil iad an inbhe a bhi deas, are they near a close.
 INBHEACH, ēnv'-ach, *a.* mature, ripe, of a mature age; of rank.
 INBHIDH, ēnv'-ē, mature, ripe, of a mature age; duine inbhidh, a man come to the age of discretion; perfection.
 INBHIDHEACHD, ēnv'-ē-achg, *n. f.* perfection, maturity, years of discretion. Islay.
 INBHIR, ēnn'-vēr', *n. f.* a cove or creek at the mouth of a river; meeting of the sea and river, confluence; hence, Inbhir-Aoradh, Inbhir-nis, Inbhir-lochaidh; Inverary, the mouth or confluence of the river Aoradh; Inverness, the confluence of the river Ness; the confluence of the river Lochy—(pronounced generally ēnn-ēr'); inbhir a ghualaidh, a haven in Jura.
 INNE, ēnn'-a, *n. f.* nail of the finger.
 INNE, ēnn'-ā, *n. f.* the kennel, the gutter, a common sewer; tha t' aodann cho dubh ri clachan na h-inne, your face is so black as the kennel stones; in the Bible, entails, mionnach.
 INNEACH, ēnn'-ach, *adj.* black, dirty, having nails; *n. m.* woof, (suath-cuir.)
 INNEACHAS, ēnn'-ach-as, *n. m.* a scramble.
 INNEAL, ēnn'-all, *n. m.* machine, an engine, instrument, means, apparatus; inneal-ciùil, musical instrument; inneal-coise, foot-step of a spinning wheel; na bitheadh an t-inneal agam, had I the means; inneal-stoith, neo-toitlinn, steam engine; inneal-tarruinn, a capstan; inneal-buill, a windlass.
 INNEALTA, ēnn'-alt-ā, *a.* ingenious.
 INNEALTACHD, ēnn'-alt-achg, *n. f.* ingeniousness, ingenuity, fitness, aptness.
 INNEAN, ēnn'-ācn', *n. f.* smith's anvil.
 INNEANADH, ēnn'-an-ā, *n. m.* deficiency of yarn in weaving.
 INNEAR, ēnn'-ār', *n. f.* cattle's dung, (from inne.)
 INNICH, ēnn'-ēch, *v. m.* scramble, struggle.
 INNIDH, ēnn'-ē-ēch, *adj.* expert, clever, smart; gille innidh, a clever, active young man.
 INNIDHEACHD, ēnn'-ē-achg, *n. f.* expertness.
 INNIL, ēnn'-ēl, *v.* prepare, equip.
 INNIS, ēnn'-ēsh, *n. f.* choice pasture, an inclosure for cattle, choice place, Islay; innis nam bò laogh 's na fiadh, choice place for milk cows and deer; (Moladh na Lanntair,) a resting place for cattle, an island, a headland; (as in Craighnigh, Toirinish, &c.

INNIS, 2^{ènn}-èsh, *v. n.* relate, tell, inform.
 INNISG, 2^{ènn}-èshg, *n. f.* a libel, calumny, defamation, reproach; a tilgeadh *innisgean*, *defaming, reproaching, libelling.*
 INNISGEACH, 2^{ènn}-èsk-ach, *adj.* reproachful, defamatory, disgraceful.
 INNLEACHD, 2^{ènn}-lyachg, *n. f.* invention, device, a stratagem; ingenuity, contrivance, power of invention, expedient; cha'n'èil e am *innleachd*sa sin dheanadh, *I cannot devise an expedient to serve you that way, it is not within the power of my invention to do that; dealbhmaid innleachdan, let us devise devices. B.; ni aire innleachd, a strait is the mother of invention; am bheil e ad innleachd mise a leigeil air falbh, is it within the compass of your invention to let me go?*
 INNLEACHDACH, 2^{ènn}-lyachg-ach, *adj.* inventive, ingenious, fit to devise ways and means.
 INNLEACHDAIR, 2^{ènn}-lyachg-ar, *n. m.* inventor.
 INNLEAG, 2^{ènn}-lyag, *n. f.* a child's doll. *Ir.*
 INNLINN, 2^{ènn}-liyènn, *n. f.* the third part of the straw left by the tenant removing for the one entering a farm, for bedding to the cattle to help manure; (inne, kennel, and lion or linn, a proportionate quantity,) *Argyle*; in the Bible, provender, forage, fodder.
 INNIS-GAIOHEIL, 2^{ènn}-èsh-gäè-èl, *n. f.* the Hebrides,—choice place of Highlanders.
 INNSE, 2^{ènn}-shà, *n. f.* information, intelligence, report, sign; is dona an *innse* ort, *it is a very bad sign of you, report of you.*
 INNSEACH, 2^{ènn}-shyach, *adj.* insular; prone to inform against, tattling.
 INNSEAG, 2^{ènn}-shag, *n. f.* an eight or islet in a river; an isle.
 INNSEAN, 2^{ènn}-shan, *n. pl.* the Indies; *innsean na h-aird* an ear is an iar, *the East and West Indies.*
 INNSEANACH, 2^{ènn}-shyan-ach, *n. m.* an Indian; *adj.* belonging to India.
 INNTE, 2^{ènn}-tya, *pro. and prep.* within her or it.
 INNTEART, 2^{ènn}-tärt, *n. f.* entry, beginning, also inntheadh, commencement.
 INNTINN, 2^{ènn}-tènn, *n. f.* mind, intellect, intention, intent, purpose, will, pleasure.
 INNTINNEACH, 2^{ènn}-tyènn-ach, *adj.* sprightly, lively, animated, elevated, elated, jolly, intellectual, sportive, merry, hearty, high-minded.
 INNTIR, 2^{ènn}-tèr, *v.* enter, introduce.
 INNTRINN, 2^{ènn}-tènn, *v.* enter, intrigue.
 IOB, 2^{ènn}, lump of dough, uibe.
 IOBAIR, 2^{ènn}-tèr, *v.* sacrifice; dh' *ìobair* iad uan, *they sacrificed a lamb. B.*
 IOBAIRT, 2^{ènn}-tèrty, *n. f.* sacrifice, offering

IOBARTAN, 2^{ènn}-tèr-an, *n.* means to do evil.
 IOBRADU, 2^{ènn}-tèr, *pl.* sacrificing.
 IOC, 2^{ènn}, *v.* pay; *n. m.* medicine; pay. *Ir.*
 IOCSHLAINT, 2^{ènn}-hlàènty', *n. f.* balm, medicine, cordial, balsam; bheirinn mar *ìocshlaint*, baine mo chlochan do m'ghoal, *as a cordial I would give the milk of my breast to my love. Sm.; b'e sin an òcshlaint, that was the cordial. C.*
 IOCSHLAINTACH, 2^{ènn}-hlàènty'-ach, *a.* balsamic, cordial as medicine; soothing, alleviating, salutary.
 IOCHD, 2^{ènn}, *n. m.* mercy, clemency, kindness, humanity, generosity, compassion; dean do gheara ri fear gun *ìochd* is their e, tha thu bochd, *complain to a man without compassion, and he shall say thou art poor!*
 IOCHDAR, 2^{ènn}-tèr, *n. m.* the bottom, the lowest part; an *ìochdar* dheth, *under, worsted, cheated; òchdar* is uachdar, *top and bottom.*
 IOCHDARAN, 2^{ènn}-tèr-aran, *n. m.* a subject, an underling, an inferior.
 IOCHDRACH, 2^{ènn}-tèr-ach, *adj.* nether, lowest, lowermost, nethermost; a chlach mhuilinn *ìochdrach*, *the nether millstone; ifrinn òchdrach, the lowest hell.*
 IOCHDMHOIRIACHD, 2^{ènn}-tèr-vur'-achg, *n. f.* mercifulness, kindness, humanity, compassionate regard.
 IOCHDMHOR, 2^{ènn}-tèr-vur, *adj.* compassionate, humane; merciful, compassionate.
 IOCLUS, 2^{ènn}-tèr-lūs, *n. f.* medicinal herb.
 IODHAL, 2^{ènn}-tèr-àll, *n. m.* an idol, image; luchd *ìodhal* aoraidh, *worshippers of false gods, idolators, worshippers of images.*
 IOGAN, 2^{ènn}-tèr-gan, *n. m.* deceit, guile.
 IOGHNADH, 2^{ènn}-tèr-nā, *n. m.* cause of surprise, curiosity, wonder; an exhibition of curiosities; show, play; surprise; cha bhitheadh *ìoghnadh* orm, *I would not be surprised.*
 IOL, 2^{ènn}, an Irish prefix, signifying many, seldom or never used in Gaelic.
 IOLLAG, 2^{ènn}-tèr-lag, *n. f.* a skip, trip; gu h-*ìollagach*, *on the light, fantastic toe.*
 IOLLA, 2^{ènn}-tèr-lā, *n. f.* sight, view; gabh *ìolla*, *just look at it;—fishing-station. Skye.*
 IOM, 2^{ènn}, prefix, signifying many; im before e and i.
 IOMACH, 2^{ènn}-tèr-ach, *n. f.* various in colours; party-coloured; various; of various kinds. *Lw.*
 IOMA-CHUMHAIRLE, 2^{ènn}-tèr-a-chòv'-urly'-ā, *n. f.* perplexity, doubt, suspense.
 IOMA-CHRUATHACH, 2^{ènn}-tèr-a-chrù'-ach, *a.* having many forms or shapes; various, multiform.
 IOMACHAIN, 2^{ènn}-tèr-ach-ān', *n. f.* anxiety, solicitude.

- IOMACHAINEACH**, ²ēm'-āch-an'-ach, *a. anxious.*
- IOMACHUIMHN**, ²ēm'-a-chūenn, *n. f. anxiety, solicitude; tha e fodh iomachuimhn, he is anxious or solicitous.*
- IOMACHUIMHNEACH**, ²ēm'-a-chūēnn-ach, *adj. very anxious, very solicitous.*
- IOMACHUINGE**, ²ēm'-ā-chūēng-a, *n. f. narrowness, extreme narrow-mindedness.*
- IOMACHUMHANN**, ²ēm'-a-chū-ann, *adj. very narrow; very narrow-minded, or nig-gardly.*
- IOMAD**, ²ēm'-ad, *a. many, various, divers; iomad scòl, various ways, divers manners.*
- IOMADH**, ²ēm'-ā, *n. m. various, many, divers.*
- IOMADACH**, ²ēm'-ad-ach, *a. many; iomadach uair, often; iomadach tè, many a female; iomadach fear, many a man.*
- IOMADAICH**, ²ēm'-ad-ēch, *v. multiply.*
- IOMADAIDH**, ²ēm'-ad-ē, *n. f. many; great number.*
- IOMADAIL**, ²ēm'-ad-al, *adj. multiplicable.*
- IOMADALACHD**, ²ēm'-ad-al-achg, *n. f. multiplicity, plurality; oir thig aislinnca le iomadalachd ghnòthaichean, for dreams come through multitude of business. L.*
- IOMADATHACH**, ²ēm'-ad-ach, *a. of many colours.*
- IOMAGAIN**, } ²ēm'-ag-aēn', *n. f. anxiety,*
IOMAGINN, } *great solicitude; fo iom-again, solicitous.*
- IOMAGAINEACH**, ²ēm'-gāēn-ach, *adj. solicitous.*
- IOMAGHAOITH**, ²ēm'-a-ghaōéich, } *n. f. eddy-*
IOMAGHAOTH, ²ēm'-a-ghaō, } *wind; in bad Gaelic, whirlwind.*
- IOMAIN**, ²ēm'-āēn', *n. f. a drove of cattle; play at golf, or cricket, or shinty; pt. driving; fear-iomain, a driver, drover; v. drive, play at shinty; ag iomain, playing at shinty, striking as with the foot.*
- IOMAIR**, ²ēm'-ēr', *v. row, pull, play at cards, backgammon, &c.; iomair Each-ainn, dean fodha, a Ruairaidh, pull or row, Hector—make back-water, Rory; ag iomairt air chairtean, playing at cards; ag iomairt air a' bhall-speil, playing at hand-ball; is dona a dh' iomair thu do chairtean, you played your cards very ill; imp. v. behave, must.*
- IOMAIRC**, ²ēm'-āērk, *n. f. removal; v. remove.*
- IOMAIRT**, ²ēm'-arj't, *n. f. play, game, conflict, danger, hurry-burry, confusion; 'san orra a bha'n iomairt, they were greatly confused; eiuin, tlà ann a h-iomairt, mild and gentle in danger, distress; pt. playing, gaming, betting.*
- IOMAIRTEACH**, ²ēm'-arjty'-ach, *adj. betting, laying wagers; lavish.*
- IOMALL**, ²ēm'-all, *n. m. outskirts, limit, border, refuse, remainder; an iomall na dùthcha, in the outskirts of the country; iomall a bhaile, the outskirts or suburbs of the city; aon iomall a bhios aca, any refuse they may have.*
- IOMALLACH**, ²ēm'-all-ach, *adj. remote, distant; aiteanan iomallach, remote or distant places, uttermost, farthest off; a chuid a b' iomallaiche do 't i t-sluagh, the uttermost of the people. B.*
- IOMARBUIDH**, ²ēm'-ur-vhē, *n. f. hesitation; confusion about what to do, or how to proceed.*
- IOMARCACH**, ²ēm'-arek-ach, *adj. in many straits; in distress, distressed, (aire.)*
- IOMASGAOIL**, ²ēm'-a-skāōēl, *v. slack, slacken, loosen, untighten.*
- IOMASGAOILTE**, ²ēm'-ask-aōēl-tyā, *pt. loose, slack, slackened, loosened.*
- IOMASGAOILTEACHD**, ²ēm'-ask-sgāōēty'-achg, *n. f. slackness, looseness, freedom.*
- IOMCHAR**, ²ēm'-chāēr, *v. bear, carry.*
- IOMCHAR**, ²ēm'-char, *n. f. bearing, carrying*
- IOMCHOIR**, ²ēm'-chōēr, *n. f. reflection; a cur iomchoir ormsa, reflecting on me.*
- IOMCHUIDH**, ²ēm'-ach-ē, *a. proper, fit, befitting; is iomchuidh sin duit, that is befitting your case; mar chi thusa iomchuidh, as you see proper; is iomchuidh dhuit dol dachaidh, it is highly proper that you should go home.*
- IOMCHUIDHEACHD**, ²ēm'-chūē-achg, *n. f. fitness, suitability, propriety.*
- IOMDHRUID**, ²ēm'-a-ghrūj, *v. inclose.*
- IOMFHUASGAIL**, ²ēm'-āūs-g-ēl, *v. trade, relieve; loosen, slacken.*
- IOMFHUASGLADH**, ²ēm'-ūāsg-lā, *n. m. traffic, trade, something to trade with.*
- IOMHAIGH**, ²ēm'-ēy'h', *n. f. image, likeness, similitude, statue, expression of countenance; na iomhaigh féin, in his own likeness.*
- IOMHAIGHEACHD**, ²ēm'-ē-achg, *n. f. imagery, imagination; gach fear ann an seòm-raichibh iomhaigheachd fhéin, every one in the chambers of his own imagination.*
- IOMLAG**, ²ēm'-llag, *n. f. navel, nave.*
- IOMLAID**, ²ēm'-llajj, *n. f. exchange, course, duration; v. exchange; dean iomlaid, exchange, barter; ann an iomlaid dà latha, in the course of two days, during two days.*
- IOMLAIDEACH**, ²ēm'-llajj-ach, *adj. fluctuating, tossing as a sick person, restless, tossing.*
- IOMLAIDEACHD**, ²ēm'-llajj-achg, *n. f. unsteadiness, fickleness, changeableness.*
- IOMLAINE**, ²ēm'-lāēn-ā, *deg. of iomlan.*
- IOMLANACHD**, ²ēm'-lan-achg, } *n. f. per-*
IOMLAINEACHD, ²ēm'-lāēn-achg, } *fection,*
integrity, maturity, completeness.

IOMLAN, 2ēm'-llan, *adj.* perfect, complete, full, sound; *duine iomlan*, a perfect man.
 IOMLUAISG, 2ēm'-a-lūāshg, *v.* disorder, confuse, toss, tumble.
 IOMLUASGADH, 2ēm'-lūāsg-ā, *n. f.* confusion, commotion; *pt.* putting out of order, deranging.
 IOM-OISEANACH, 2ēm'-ōsh-au'-ach, *a.* multangular.
 IOMPACHADH, 2ēmp'-ach-ā, *pt.* converting, persuading; *n. f.* conversion, persuasion.
 IOMPAICH, 2ēmp'-ēch, *v.* convert, implich.
 IOMPAIDH, 2ēmp'-ā, *n. f.* means, medium, instrumentality, as a-person to do good; persuasion.
 IOMRADH, 2ēm'-rā, *n. m.* report, fame, renown, mention; *tha t' iomradh feadh na tìre*, your fame or renown is spread throughout the land; *na d' thoir iomradh air*, never mention it; *tha leithid sin do iomradh measg dhaoine*, there is such a report among people.
 IOMRAICH, 2ēm'-rèch, *v.* tell, bear.
 IOMRAITEACH, 2ēm'-ràit-ach, *a.* notorious, public, far spread; *ni iomraiteach*, a notorious thing; *eminent*, far-famed, renowned; *do cliù iomraiteach*, your fame is well known; *dh'fhàs iad na daoine iomraiteach*, they became men of renown, *Bible*; written *iomraidhteach* also.
 IOMRALL, 2ēm'-rrāl, *n. m.* an error, entanglement, entwining; *chaidh e iomrall orm*, it was mislaid, I missed it, I went wrong, I erred, *ioma-roll*.
 IOMRAM, IOMRAMH, 2ēm'-ram, *n. m.* rowing.
 ION, ēūn, *adv.* having great or fit reason or cause; *adj.* fit, befitting; *is ion duit teicheadh*, you have great reason to scamper; *cha 'n ion dhomhsa ach bhì ga d' moladh*, it is befitting indeed that I should praise thee; *cha 'n ion ni sam bith a dhiùltadh*, nothing is proper to be refused, *Bible*; a prefix, signifying worthy, befitting.
 IONAD, eun'-ad, *n. m.* place, situation; *ion-ad naomh*, a holy place, a sanctuary.
 IONALTAIR, 2ēūn'-alt-ār, *v.* graze, pasture, as cattle.
 IONALTRAOH, ēūn'-alt-rā, *n. m.* pasture, pasturage; *pt.* pasturing, feeding, grazing.
 IONANN, ēūn'-unn, *adv.* and *adj.* just so, all the same, equally well, in like manner, in a suitable manner; *is ionann sin is mar a thàhras dhuit*, just so shall happen you; *is ionann sin*, that is all the same; *is ionann iad*, they are all the same, they are identical; *cha 'n ionann daibh*, they are not the same; *cha 'n ionann a fhreagaras dà latha màrgaidh*, two market days do not correspond; *cha 'n*

ionann a thig an cota fada do na h-uile fear, the long coat does not suit every one alike, equally well.
 IONANNACHD, ēūn'-ann-achg, *n. f.* equality; identity, similarity, sameness; equalization.
 IONGA, ēūng'-ā, *n. f.* the nail, the quick; *chaidh am prinne 'san ionga*, the pin touched the quick.
 IONGANTACH, ēūng'-unnt-ach, *adj.* wonderful, surprising, strange, extraordinary.
 IONGANTAS, ēūng'-ant-as, *n. m.* wonder, surprise, miracle, astonishment, marvelousness.
 IONGAR, ēūng'-ur, *n. m.* pus, purulent matter.
 IONGARACH, ēūng'-ur-ach, *a.* purulent.
 IONGARACHADH, ēūng'-ar-ach-ā, *pt.* suppurating, getting purulent; *n. m.* suppuration.
 IONGARAICH, eng'-ur-ēch, *v.* suppurate; *dh-iongaraich a chas*, his foot suppurated; *cont.* iongraich.
 IONGHNADH, ēūn'-nā, *n. m.* surprise, astonishment; *cha 'n ionghnadh leam*, I am not at all surprised; *gu m' ionghnadh*, to my astonishment.
 IONGMHAS, ēūn'-nas, *n. m.* treasure, riches.
 IONGMHASACH, ēūn'-nas-ach, *a.* wealthy, rich.
 IONMHASAIR, eun'-nas-ar', *n. m.* a treasurer.
 IONMHOLTA, ēūn'-vōlt-ā, *a.* praiseworthy.
 IONMHUINN, ēūn'-vèn, *a.* dearly beloved; a *mhac ionmhuinn*, his dearly beloved son; hence the surname Mackinnon, a dearly beloved son; *mar a b' ionmhuinn leis*, as he greatly desired; *is ionmhuinn le gach neach a choslan*, every one is fond of his equal, *birds of a feather flock together*.
 IONNAL, see Ionnlaid, wash, bathe.
 IONNAS, ēūnas, *conj.* and *adv.* so that, in.
 IONNS, ēūns, *conj.* so much; so much so; *ionns gu 'n do theich e*, so much so, that he decamped, he took French leave.
 IONNARAIDH, ēūnn'-ār-ē, *n. f.* watch, night watching.
 IONNDRAINN, ēūnd'-rrāen, *v.* miss; *n. f.* the thing amissing; object amissing; *am faca tu m' ionndrainn*, saw you the object amissing; sometimes *ionndraichinn*; *co tha thu ag ionndraichinn*, whom do you miss?
 IONNLAD, ēūn'-lad, *n. m.* bathing.
 IONNLAD, ēūn'-llēj, *v.* bathe, wash.
 IONNSACHADH, ēūn'-sach-ā, *n. m.* learning, scholarship, education; *pt.* learning, educating, teaching.
 IONNSAICH, ēūnn'-ssēch, *v.* learn, teach.
 IONNSAIDH, ēūnn'-sē, *n. f.* attack, assault, a rush or dash; *thug e ionnsuidh orm*, he assaulted me, he dashed or rushed towards me.

IONNRACAN, éunn'-rachg-an, *n. m.* the just, the righteous, the honest man; 'nuair a throidcas na meairlich thig an t-ionnracan g'a chuid, *when the thieves cast out, the honest man gets his own.*
 IONNRAIC, éún- or éúr-rég, *adj.* honest, just, upright; duine ionraic, *an honest man.*
 IORGUILL, éurg'-éll, *n. f.* a fray, a quarrel; uproar, skirmish; also iorghuill.
 IORGUILLEACH, éurg'-éll'y'-ach, *a.* uproarious, quarrelsome, fond of battles.
 IORRAM, éurr'-am, *n. f.* an oar-song; boat-song.
 IORNA, érrn'-a, *n. m.* hank, skein.
 IORNALAIS, érn-, or éurn'-al-ash, *n. f.* lumber.
 IOSA, éss'-á, *n. m.* our Saviour Jesus.
 IOSAIL, éss'-ul, *a.* low, mean; can't pretend to pronounce it properly; same as íseal.
 IOSLAICH, éss'-lèch, *v.* lower; degrade.
 RE, érr'-á, *n. m.* earth, condition, state.
 IACH, er'-éch, *v.* rise, get out of bed.
 IRIOSAIL, érr'-ésh-ul, *a.* humble, unpretending, unpretending. *Bible.*
 IOSLAICH, érr'-us-lèch, *v.* humble.
 IRIS, érr'-ésh, *n. f.* hamper-strop; braces; Ireland; the Irish language; (I-ris, the exposed isle.)
 IRISEAL, érr'-ésh-al, *a.* humble, retiring, unpretending, unostentatious.
 IRISEILEACHADH, érr'-esh-lyach-X, *n. m.* humiliation, debasement, degradation.
 IRISLICH, érr'-ésh-lyèch, *v.* debase, humble, lower, degrade, humiliate.
 IS, *us, s. conj.* and wisely spelt thus to prevent the u being sounded like u in full, which is uniformly the case in first syllables; contraction of agus.
 IS, *pres. of indict. verb.* to be; is e, is i, is mi, it is he, it is she; I am, &c.
 ISBEANN, ésh'-byann, *n. f.* sausage; samh-sair.
 ISE, ésh'-á, *pro.* emphatic form, she; ise fhèin, *she herself.*
 ISEAL, ésh'-al, *adj.* low, humble.
 ISEAN, ésh'-an', *n. m.* gosling; a brat.
 ISLE, ésh'-lyá, *n. f.* lowness, meanness, degree; more or most humble or low.
 ISLEACHADH, ésh'-lyach-X, *pl.* lowering, abasing, degrading; *n. f.* humiliation.
 ISLEACHD, ésh'-lyachg, *n. f.* degree of lowness.
 ISLEAD, ésh'-lyud, *n. f.* degree of lowness.
 ISLEAN, ésh'-lyan, *n. pl.* lower classes.
 ISLICH, ésh'-lyèch, *v.* lower, humble.
 ISNEACH, ésh'-nyach, *n. f.* rifle-gun.
 IST, ésh't, *inter.* hush! hush!
 IRE, éjty'-á, *n. f.* quill, feather; *ilean éisg, fins of fish; ilean geoidh, goose-quills.*

ITEACH, éjty'-ach, *n. f.* plumage, fins.
 ITEACHAN, éjty'-ach-an, *n. m.* bobbin.
 ITEAGAICH, éjt'-ag-éch, *v.* fly like a bird.
 ITEAGH, ath'-teogh, hemlock.
 ITEALAICH, éjty'-al-ach, *n. f.* fluttering.
 ITH, éch, *v.* eat, corrode.
 ITHEANAICH, éch'-an'-éch, *n. f.* damage done by cattle; something to eat.
 ITHTE, éch'-tyá, *part.* eaten, consumed.
 IUBHAR, éuv'-ur, *n. m.* juniper; yew-tree.
 IUBHBACH, éú'-rath, *n. f.* wherry, a barge.
 IUCHAR, éuch'-ur, *n. m.* dog-days; worm-month.
 IUCHAIR, éuch'-ér, *n. f.* key; roe of fish.
 IUDAS, éud'-as, *n. m.* Judas; traitor.
 IUL, éül, *n. f.* guidance, land-mark, way.
 IULMHOR, éül'-vur, *adj.* learned, wise.
 IURSACH, éürs'-ach, *n. f.* a girl. *Irish.*

L

The ninth letter of the Gaelic alphabet, named Luis, the quicken-tree. It has a double sound in many cases; as, an long un llöng. See Abridgement of Grammar.
 LA, llá, poetical contraction of latha.
 LAB, lláb, *n. m.* day's labour; mud.
 LABAIRE, lláb'-ur-a, *n. m.* labourer.
 LABH, lláv, *n. m.* word, lip.
 LABHAIR, lláv'-ér, *v. n.* speak, say on.
 LABHAIRT, lláv'-áirt, *n. f.* speech, delivery, or style of language; is math an labhairt a th' aig, *he has an excellent delivery or style of language; pl.* speaking.
 LABHAIRA, lláv'-urr-a, *adj.* boastful, noisy, loquacious, talkative.
 LABHARRACHD, lláv'-ar-achg, *n. f.* loquacity, noisy boasting; in poetry, contracted labhrachd.
 LABHRA, lláv'-rá, } *adj.* loquacious,
 LABHRACH, lláv'-rach, } speechifying, boastful; cho labhra ris a ghaoith, *as noisy in speech as the (storm) wind; labhra, cealgach, loquacious and cunning. Ossian; Ar.*
 LABHRADAIR, lláv'-rad-ár, } *n. m.* orator,
 LABHRAICHE, lláv'-réch-á, } speaker; labh-radair pongail, *distinct orator, interpreter, translator.*
 LABHRAS, lláv'-rus, *n. f.* laurel-tree.
 LACH, lläch, *n. f.* a widgeon, duck; a horse-laugh; a burst of laughter; (Teut. lach, a loud laugh); lach lochanach, *a dunter-geese; lach ceann-ruadh, the herb celindine; lach uaine, a mallard. Armst.*
 LACH, llach, *n. m.* a reckoning at a wedding North.

LACHARDAICH, llach'-ard-ech, } a loud con-
LACHANAICH, lläch'-án-éich, } tinued

laughter, or repeated bursts of laughter.

LACHDUNN, llächd'-unn, *adj.* dun, swarthy.

LADAR, lād'-ār, *n. m.* a ladle.

LADARNA, llād'-arr-ā, *adj.* audacious, bold.

LADARNACHD, llad'-arn-achg, *n. f.* audacity.

LADARNAS, ladd'-arn-us, *n. m.* audacity.

LADHAR, lao'-ar, *n. f.* toe, prong, claw.

LADHRACH, lāor'-ach, *a.* pronged, clawed.

LAG, llag, *n. f.* hollow, cavity; *adj.* feeble, faint; 'san lag, in the hollow; duine lag, a faint person; *v. n.* faint, weaken; lag air, he failed; lag-mhisneachail, lag-chridheach, faint-hearted, chicken-hearted.

LAGAICH, llag'-éich, *v.* faint, weaken.

LAGAN, lag'-an, *n. m.* a dimple, little hollow; meal-receiver in a mill; leumhann.

LAGAN, llag'-an, *n. f.* flummery; cabh-ruich,

LAGH, llao'-gh', *n. m.* law, right, order, method; see Laight, mould, shape.

LAGHACH, llao'-gh'-ach, *a.* fine, decent, kind; duine laghach, a decent, kind man; nì laghach, a fine or convenient thing; is laghach a fhuaradh e, he did pretty well, he did surprisingly; is laghach an duine e, he is a fine or kindly man.

LACHADAIR, llaogh'-ad-ar', *n. m.* spoon-mould.

LAGHAIL, llao'-ghal, *a.* lawful, litigious; nì laghail, a lawful thing; duine laghail, a litigious person.

LAGHALACHD, laogh'-al-achg, *n. f.* lawfulness, legality; litigiousness.

LAGLAMHACH, llag'-láv-ach, *a.* weak-handed.

LAIB, liéb, *n. f.* mire; slimy mud or clay.

LAIBEIL, liéb'-al, *adj.* miry, dirty, filthy.

LAIIDH, lae'-y', *v. n.* lay, recline, couch;

go, stretch, go to sleep; set as the sun;

urge, importune; laidh an cù, the dog couched; laidh e air an làr, he stretched himself on the ground; laidh iad, they went to bed; laidh i leis oirnn, she stretched to lewards of us; laidh e orm gus an d'thug e orm a dheanadh, he importuned me till he wade me do it; laidh a' ghrian,

the sun set; laidhe-thuige, lie-to.

LAIIDH, lae'-è, *n. f.* lay, position, attitude; tack or stretch, as of a ship; crouching; setting of the sun.

LAIIDIONN, lāj'-unn, *n. f.* the Latin.

LAIIDINICH, lāj'-énn-éich, *v.* Latinize.

LAIIDIR, lāj'-ér, *adj.* strong, robust, powerful, fortified; potent, ardent, intoxicating; duine laidir, a strong or powerful man; deoch laidir, potent or intoxicating liquor; dùn laidir, a well-secured fort; surprising, wonderful; 's ann is laidir a gheibhear thu, you act, do, or

behave surprisingly well; a's treise, stronger, more powerful.

LAIIDIREACHD, lāj'-ér'-achg, *n. f.* strength.

LAIIDRICH, lāj'-rèch, *v.* strengthen.

LAIGE, laog'-a, *adj.* weaken.

LAIGHT, laōjty', *n. f.* shape, mould; chuir thu m' ata as a laight, you put my hat out of its shape; natural order, method; cuir na laight e, put it in its natural order; bogha air laight, a bow on the stretch.

LAIIGSE, laōtg'-shá, *n. f.* a fainting fit; weakness, debility, feebleness, infirmity; chaidh e an laigse, he fainted; do laigse, your weakness.

LAIMH-RI; see Lamh-ri, near to.

LAIMHRIG, } lāem'-rrég, *n. f.* landing place,
LAINRIG, } natural quay, or pier.

LAIMHSEACHADH, láev'-shyach-ā, *pt.* handling; *n. m.* trade, management; laimh-seachadh an nì sin, the management of that affair; am bheil laimhseachadh sam bith aige, has he any dealings among hands; discussion, treatment of an argument.

LAIMHSICH, láev'-shéich, *v.* handle, manage, finger, treat, deal.

LAINÉ, láén'-ā, } *n. f.* fulness, degree
LAINÉAD, lláén'-ad, } of fulness, or completeness.

LAINNIS, see Lannair, fish-scales, glitter.

LAIPEID, llí'-ffāj, *n. f.* spoon-mould.

LAIR, làer, *n. f.* a mare.

LAMH, lāv, *n. f.* a hand, a sailor, a handle, an attempt, or attack; thug e lámh air, he attacked him, he almost lay violent hands on him, he attempted it; cuir do lámh leinn, lend us a hand; mo lámhsa dhuitse, there is my hand, I can assure you; lámh air lámh, hand in hand, hand in glove; rug se air lámh urra, he shook hands with her; a' cumail lámh rithe, paying his addresses to her, keeping her in hopes of marriage; tha e an lámh, he is in custody, he is in a strait; gabh as lámh, undertake, assume; tha iad ag iomairt a lámhan a cheile, they understand each other, there is a collusion between them.

LAMHACH, lāv'-ach, *adj.* dexterous, masterly; *n. m.* report of guns, gleaming.

LAMHAINN, lāv'-énn, *n. f.* a glove; lamhadair, a Glover, glove-maker.

LAMHAIC, lāv'-āēr, *n. f.* right-hand stilt of a plough; corag, the left hand stilt.

LAMH-ANART, searadair, hand-towel.

LAMHCHLAG, lāv'-chlag, *n. m.* a hand-bell.

LAMHCHAR, lāv'-char, *adj.* dexterous.

LAMH-CHBANN, lāv'-chrann, *n. f.* hand-staff of a flail, the strikes, buailteann.

LAMH-GHLAIS, lāv'-ghlash, *v.* handcuff.

LAMH-LAIDIR, lāv'-lāj-er, *n. f.* oppression,

LAMHNAIN, lāv^o-āen, *n. f.* couple of a house, a pair; *lámhnain phòsda*, a married couple.

LAMH-UISGE, lāv-úshg'-á, *n. f.* sluice-handle.

LÁN, làn, *adj.* full, perfect; satiated; *n. m.* a full, fullness, repletion; the tide, flood-tide; pique; *cha ruig tha leas a leithid do lán a ghabail as, you need not pique yourself so much on that; adv.* completely, wholly, quite; *tha lán fhios 'am air sic, (làn mbath,) I know that quite well; lán cheart, quite right; rug an lán oinn, the tide overtook us; lán-ùghdaras, full authority, plenipotentiary's authority; lán dhearb, demonstrate, make completely certain; lán fhiosrach, fully certain; lán dhamh, a full grown stag or hart; lán chothrom, ample justice, best opportunity; lán chumhachd, discretionary power, full authority; lán fhoighnteach, fully equal to, or capable of, fully competent.*

LÁNACHD, làn'-achg, *n. f.* fulness, full.

LÁNADAIR, làn'-ad-ār, smith's mould-piece.

LÁNGA, láng'-a, *n. f.* a ling.

LÁNGAID, láng'-āj, *n. f.* fetters for the hind and fore feet of a horse or mare. *Islay.*

LÁNGAN, láng'-an, *n. m.* drawing bellowing, or lowing of deer or cattle.

LÁNGANAICH, láng'-au-èch, *n. f.* continued bellowing or lowing of deer, &c.

LÁNGAB, láng'-ar, *n. m.* a sofa, fetters; *lángar ileach, a lamprey. II. Society.*

LÁNN, lánn, *n. f.* a blade, a sword, scales of fish, an enclosure, as land; *lannan* is itean an eigs, the scales and fins of the fish; *lann na sgine, the blade of the knife (or sword); lann-smig, a razor; lann-chuilse, a lancet; v.* scale, take scales off fish, &c.

LÁNNTAIR, lánn'-ér, a landscape, beautiful side of country full of wood and arable land facing the sea; "moladh na lannntair," description of the landscape. D. CAMPBELL, Esq.

LÁNNAIR, lánn'-ér, *n. f.* the phosphoric glitter of scales of fish in the dark, radiance, glitter of swords, &c. gleam.

LÁNNRACH, lánn'-rach, *adj.* gleaming, shining.

LÁOCH, láoch, *n. m.* Fingal's aid-de-camp, or right hand man in battle; a hero, a companion; hence, a *laoch-fhinn*, contracted *laochan*, term of endearment; *tha, a laochain, yes, my dear fellow!*

LÁOCHRAIDH, láoch'-ré, *n. f.* a band of heroes; corps of reserve for emergencies.

LÁOGH, láo-gh', *n. m.* a calf; a friend.

LÁOGHAN, láo-gh'-an, *n. m.* pulp, as of potatoes or wood, a glutinous substance; pith of wood.

LÁOIDH, lúé'-y', *n. f.* a hymn, an anthem.

LÁOIR, lúér', *v.* drub most lustily

LÁOM, láom, *v.* lodge, as corn; *n. m.* a blaze. LÁOSBAC, lus'-böchg, *n. f.* eibhreann, gelded he-goat.

LAPACH, lap'-ach, *a.* slim; *n. m.* a slim.

LAPACHAS, läp'-a-us, *n. m.* pliability.

LAPAICH, lap'-èch, *v.* flap, flag, lag.

LÀR, lár, *n. m.* a floor, ground floor, ground; air lár, on the ground, on the floor; dol ma lár, going to nought; cuir ma lár, abrogate; *adj.* complete; *lar* bhurraidh, a complete blockhead.

LARACH, lár'-ach, *n. f.* stand or site of a building; a building in ruins, a ruin; battle-field.

LAS, las, *v.* kindle, enrage, flash, sparkle.

LASAG, las'-ag, *n. f.* little flame, or blaze.

LASAICH, läs'-èch, *v.* flag, lag.

LASAIR, läs'-ér, *n. f.* a flame, a flash.

LASAN, las'-an, *n. m.* slight passion, spark.

LASANTA, las'-ant-a, *a.* passionate, fiery.

LASANTACHD, läs-ant-achg, *n. f.* fieriness.

LASPAIBE, lasd'-ur-á, *n. m.* a beau, a

LASGAIRE, lasg'-ur-a, *f.* spark, a fop, a dandy.

LASGARRA, lasg'-urr-a, *adj.* beauish, brave

LASRACH, las'-rach, *adj.* flaming, blazing.

LASRAICH, las'-rèch, *n. f.* conflagration.

LATHA, lá'-á, *n. m.* a day; *adv.* once.

LATHAILT, lá'-alytj, *n. f.* mould, shape, way.

LATHAIR, lá'-ér, *n. f.* presence, existence, company, sight; na d' thig an lathair, do present yourself; mach as mo lathair, get out of my presence! am bheil e a lathair, is he in existence? is he alive? neas is a bhios mise an lathair, while I am present, while I live; an lathair a chèile, face to face, before each other; eum as an lathair, keep out of sight; am fear nach eil ann lathair, he that is no more, he that is absent; an robh e an lathair, was he present? *adj.* present, living, remaining; ghuil na bha lathair, all that were present or remaining wept, Oss.; laithreachd, presence; uile-làithreachd, omnipresence; gun bheag na mhòr lathair, without a particle remaining.

LE, llā², *pre.* with, along with, by means of, in estimation of, in company; in the interest of, together with; bhual e i le clach, he struck her with a stone; tha e le 'r càirdean, he is along with, in the interest of, or belongs to our friends.

LEABA, lyab'-á, *n. f.* a bed, couch; leapa, of a bed; leapaichean, beds; na leaba, in his bed.

LEABAG, l'èb'-ag, *n. f.* a flounder; North

LEUBAG, l'èab-ag; leabagan, flounders.

LEABHAR, lyö'-ur, *n. m.* a book, volume; from leubh, read; leabhar Eoin, a book full of receipts for witchcraft and incantation.

LEABHAR-LANN, lyō²-ur-lann, *n. f.* library.
LEABHAR-REICEADAIR, lyō²-ur-rāechg-ad-
ar', *n. m.* a bookseller, a retailer of books.
LEABHODACH, lyā²-vōd-ach, *n. m.* half-a-
mutchkin; half-a-pint.

LEABHRACH, lyō²-rach, *n. f.* a library,
adj. bookish.

LEABHRADAIR, lyō²-ad-ār', *n. m.* a pub-
lisher, an editor, an author.

LEABHRAICHE, lyō²-ēch-ā, *n. m.* a librari-
an, a bookseller; leabhar-reiceadair.

LEABHRAN, lyō²-an, *n. m.* a pamphlet.

LEABHRATHAIR, lyā²-v-rāēr, *n. m.* half-
brother.

LEABHRUADAR, lyā²-v-rūād-ar, *n. m.* vi-
sion.

LEABHRUTH, lyā²-vrūēch, *v.* parboil; *a.*
purboiled.

LEABHRUTHACH, lyā²-vrūāch, *n. m.* a
gentle slope, or declivity, or inclination.

LEAC, lyek, lyechg, lyūchg, *n. f.* a flag,
slate, slab, tombstone; taobh no lice, *at*
the side of the tombstone.

LEACACH, lyechg'-ach, *a.* granite, in flags.

LEACAID, lyech'-aj, slap on the cheek. *Pr.*

LEACAICH, lyechg'-ēch, *v.* pave with flags.

LEACANN, lyechg'-unn, *n. f.* a sloping side
of a hill or country.

LEACANAICH, lyechg'-nyēch, *v.* get insepa-
rably fond of, as a child to a nurse, &c.

LEACANTA, lyechg'-ant-ā, *adj.* stiff, formal.

LEAFHACAL, lyā'-achg-al, *n. m.* a hint;
the slightest hint.

LEACHLACH, lyā'-chlāch, *n. f.* half-a-stone.

LEACHAS, lyāch'-chās, *n. f.* one foot; air a
leachais, on one foot, getting backwards
in worldly circumstances.

LEACHAR, lyā²-ch'-chār, *n. m.* *adv.* some-
what, in some measure, in some degree.

LEACHRUN, lyāch'-chrūn, *n. m.* half a crown.

LEACLACH, lyechg'-llach, *n. f.* granite.

LEAD, lā'dd', *n. m.* beautiful head of hair.

LEADAIR, llā'-dur', *v.* lay hold of a person's
hair in one hand, and belabour him mas-
terly with the other, drub; leadairt, *a*
masterly drubbing in this style.

LEADAN, lyād'-an, *n. m.* a little pretty
head of hair, a note in music; the herb
teazle.

LEADANACH, lyād'-an-ach, *adj.* adorned
with a beautiful head of hair, melodi-
ous.

LEADARRA, lyā²-d'-urr-a, *a.* melodious. *Mf.*

LEAG, lyā²-g, *v.* put or throw down as a
wrestler; place or lay; pull down, fell;
he pulled down the house, *leag e an tigh*,
leag e mi, he put me down; *leag e a chlach*
steigh, he laid the foundation-stone.

LEAGADH, lyāg'-ā, *n. m.* a fall; *pt.* putting
down, pulling down; also leagail.

LEAGH, lyāō'-gh', *v.* melt, liquify.

LEAGHACH, lyāō'-ach, *adj.* soluble.

LEAGHADAIR, lyāō'-ad-dār', *n. m.* smelter.

LEALAMH, lyāl²-lāv, *n. f.* the one hand.

LEALAMHACH, lyāl'-lāv-ach, *a.* unaided.

LEAM, lyām, *pro. and prep.* (le mi) with me,
having property in; *is leamsa so, this is*
mine; along with me; *thalla leamsa*,
come along with me; by my means, by
me; *rinneadh leamsa sin, that was made*
by me, by my means; in my interest, on
my side; *agus thuir e co tha leamsa, and*
he said, Who is on my side? *B.*; *is mór*
leam, I think it too much; *is beag leam*,
I think it too little; *is coma leam, I*
am indifferent, I dislike; *is duilich leam*,
I am sorry; *is fhad a leam, I think too*
long; *is doirbh leam a chreidsinn, I can*
hardly believe it; *is soirbh leam sin a*
chreidsinn, I can easily believe that; *is*
math leam sin, I am glad of that; their
leam, I should suppose, I think; *leig*
leam, let me alone, let go with me; *leig*
leam i, let her accompany me.

LEAMH, lyév, *a.* vexing, galling; *bu leamh*
leam, I thought it galling; *a nis bha so*
leamh, now this was galling—Impudent,
N. H.; pertinacious. *M'I.*

LEAMHADAS, lév'-ad-us, *n. m.* vexation.

LEAMHAN, léa'-an, *n. m.* the elm; elm-
tree.

LEAMHAS, lyā²-v'-vas, *n. f.* one buttock.

LEAMHNACH, lev'-nachg, *n. f.* tormenting.

LEAMHRAGAN, lev'-rag-an, *n. m.* a sty.

LEAN, lyen, *v. n.* follow, pursue, chase;
lean sinn iad, we followed them; stick to,
adhere to, cleave to, continue, persevere;
lean e ri m' lamhan, it adhered to my
hands; *leanadh mo theanga ri mo*
chlobhall, let my tongue cleave to the
roof of my mouth; *ma leanas an uair*
tiortam, if the weather continue fair;
lean mar sin, persevere so; *na lean orm*
ni's fhaide, don't importune me farther.

LEANA, lyén'-a, *n. f.* a plain; green leuna.

LEANABH, lyen'-uv, *n. m.* a child; infant.

LEANABACHD, lyén'-ab-achg, *n. m.* child-
hood, childishness, dotage; leanabaidh.

LEANABADH, lyén'-ub-ē, *adj.* childish,
silly; *na aois leanabaidh, in his dotage.*

LEANABAIL, lyén'-ab-al, *adj.* child-like,
spoiled.

LEANABANTA, lyen'-ab-anta, *adj.* puerile.

LEANABANTACHG, *n. f.* puerility.

LEANACHD, lyén'-achg, *n. f.* pursuit, fol-
lowing, consequence.

LEANAILTEACH, lyen'-āilly-tyach, *a.* persé-
vering, adhering; see Leantalach.

LEANMHUINN, lyén'-vhyènn, *pt.* following
a person, as a chief claiming kindred,
pursuing; *n. f.* kindred, clanship, bond
of connection or tie of friendship; *tha*
leanmhúinn a thaobhaiginn, eatorra,
there is some bond of connection or clan-

ship between them; tha iad a' leanmhuinn air an teaghlach sin, they have some family claim on that house; tha e a' leanmhuinn ormsa so, he claims this from me, he insinuates his claim to this from me; a luchd-leanmhuinn, his followers or kindred, his vassals, minions.

LEANMHUINNEACH, lyen'-vhènn-ach, *adj.* following, consequent, adhering, having kindred claims.

LEANN, lyann, *n. m.* ale, beer; *leantan*, humours of the body; droch leantan, bad humours.

LEANNAICH, lyänn'-èch, *v.* suppurate; more often lionnaich.

LEANNAN, lyann'-an, *n. o.* a lover, sweetheart.

LEANNANACH, lyann'-an-ach, *a.* amorous.

LEANNANACHD, lyann'-an-achg, *n. f.* courtship, gallantry, blandishments, dalliance.

LEANN-DUBH, lyann'-dùgh, *n. m.* a settled melancholy, or depression of spirits; sadness, lowness of spirits.

LEANTAIL, lyent'-al, *pt. adj.* sticking, following.

LEANTACH, lyènt'-ach, *n. f.* country of plains; a place abounding in plains; an extensive plain, leuntach.

LEANTALACH, lyen'-tal-ach, *adj.* adhesive, cohesive, persevering; *leantalach* air obair, persevering at his work; tha 'n glaogh leantalach, the glue is adhesive.

LEANTALACHD, lyen'-t-al-achg, *n. f.* adherence, adherence; ability to persevere unremittingly; *leantalach* air an uisge, raining incessantly.

LEAPA, lyep'-a, *gen.* of leaba, a bed.

LEAPAICH, lyep'-èch, *v.* imbed; lodge, as water, &c.; tha an t-uisge a leapachadh an so, the water is lodging here; a' leapachadh am f'heoil, embedding in my flesh.

LEAPACHAS, lyep' ach-us, *n. m.* lodgement.

LEAPHUNND, lyá'-fünnd, *n. m.* half-a-pound.

LEAR, lyer, *n. f.* the sea; an fhàirge. *Oss.*

LEARACH, lyer'-ach, *n. f.* larch-tree.

LEAAG, lyerg, *n. f.* the rain-goose; sloping face of a hill, or sloping place exposed to the sun and sea.

LEAS, lyäs², *n. m.* interest, advantage; 'se a bh'air do leas, it is he that had your interest in view; cha'n e mo leas a bh'air t' fhaire, it is not my interest you had in view; na bitheadh e air do leas, if he had your interest at heart.

LEAS, less, (*a.*) cha ruig thu leas, you need not; *n. f.* thigh; deasaich do chlàidhimh air do leas, gird your sword on your thigh. *Sm.*

LEASACH, lyäs²-ach, *n. m.* manure. *Loch.* a trifling, sheep-shanked.

LEASACHADH, lyäs²-ach-X, *pt.* manuring, improving; a' leasachadh an fhearainn,

manuring the land; a' leasachadh a' gnothaich, ameliorating or improving the thing; *n. m.* dung, manure; a' cur amach an leasachaidh, carting dung, or laying out manure; *n. m.* melioration, amends, reparation; cha leasachadh air sin a nì sin, that is no improvement of, or reparation for that affair.

LEASACHAIL, lyäs²-ach-al, *adj.* making amends, ameliorating, repairing; caustic escharatic.

LEASAICH, lyäs'-èch, *v.* improve, repair, make up deficiencies; leasaich a nì sin, improve or amend that thing; manure, dung, cultivate; leasaich am fearann, manure or cultivate the land.

LEASAINN, lyäs²-ènn, *n. m.* a nickname.

LEASDAIR, lyäs²-där, *n. m.* a lamp; crùis gear.

LEASAN, llyäs²-an, *n. m.* a lesson.

LEAT, llét', *prep.* le, and thou pro., in thee, with thee, in your company—same as leam, &c.

LEATH, llyä², half, used before words beginning with a, o, u, as a prefix; thus, leathbhodach, half-a-mutchkin; leath-chrun, half-a-crown; more properly leabhodach leachrun, the ru being left out before two consonants, as leatrom, pregnancy, but retained when preceding vowels—leathamadan, a fellow that is an idiot; leathamaid, a woman that is an idiot—divided by a hyphen when the accent is not on leath, as leatrom, leathad; leath-chudthrom, a preponderance; leith before e and i, as leiphinnt, half-a-pint; leith and pinnt pronounced llä'-ffènt'; in some districts, leth, llé, the é sounding like the e in there, but the ea and ei in Argyle sound like ä in fame.

LEATHA, llé'-a and lèch'-ä, *prep. pron.* along with her; with her; see Leam; also Leathasa.

LEATHACHAS, lyä²-ash-as, *n. m.* partiality, unfairness, injustice; na dean leathachas sam bith air, show him no partiality.

LEATHAD, llé'-udd, *n. m.* a slope, a declivity; a dol le leathad, declining, descending; half-ridge.

LEATHAN, LEATHANN, lyä'-unn, *adj.* broad; na's leithne, neo na's leatha, broader.

LEATHAR, lyé'-ur, *n. m.* tanned leather.

LEATHRACH, lyä²-rach, *n. m.* tanned leather.

LEATHUILINN, lyä'-üll-ènn, *n. f.* one elbow; air a leathuilinn, declining, going down hill.

LEATHUNNSA, lyä'-üs-ä, *n. m.* half ounce.

LEATRATH, lyät²-trä, *n. m.* half rations; milking once a-day, half-allowance.

LEATROM, lyät'-tróm, *n. m.* pregnancy, state of being pregnant, a burden. *Bible.*

LEATRONACH, lyát'-tróm-ach, *adj.* pregnant, with child, in the family way - burdensome.

LEATHAMADAN, lyá²-am-ad-an, *n. m.* an idiot.

LEATHAMAID, lyá'-am-éij, *n. f.* an idiot.

LEATHOIR, lyá'-dóir, *n. f.* suburb, border.

LEATHOIREACH, lyá'-óir-ach, *a.* remote, lonely.

LEIBH, lláv, *pron. prep.* along with you, by means of you; see Leam.

LEIBHLIADHNA, lyáv²-vhléán-á, *n. f.* half a year.

LEIBHREAC, lyáv'-ryächg, *n. m.* exact pattern, the like, equal, match, fellow; *leibhreach* so, the exact pattern of this; *leibhreach* síod, the exact model of that; *mo leibhreach fhéin*, my own equal, my compeer; *leibhreachan a chéile*, the exact pattern or fellows of each other; *cha 'n'éil do leibhreach r'a fhaotainn*, your match is not to be found; (*leith bhreac* tha iad cho chosad ri dà bhreac, they are so identical, so like each other as two trouts.—COMMON SAYING.

LEIBID, lyáb'-éij, *n. f.* a paltry female, or, consideration, term of contempt.

LEIBIDEACH, lyáb'-éij-ach, *adj.* paltry, trifling.

LEIBIDEACHD, lyáb'-éij-achg, *n. f.* paltriness.

LEICHEATHRA, lyá'-chéir-a, *n. m.* two ounces, half-a-quarter, one flank of a beast.

LEIDIR, lyájj, *v.* drub most lustily.

LEIG, lyé²g, *v.* permit, allow, let be, let run; urge a dog to the chase, broach, fire; lance, commence raining; *leig dhà falbh*, permit him to go; *leig dhomh*, let me alone; *leig an linne*, let the water run from the reservoir; *leig fuil*, let blood; *leig urchair*, fire with the gun, draw the trigger; *leig an lionnachadh*, lance the suppuration, the tumour; milk; *leig an crodh*, milk the cattle; *tha an latha a' brath leigeil fodha*, this day is likely to rain; *leig am buideal*, broach on the cask; *leig tann domh*, let me alone; *leig air 'aghaidh*, don't restrain him, permit him to go forward; *leig thun a' cheile iad*, let them fight it out; *leig na coin ann*, set the dogs to him.

LEIGEADH, llyég'-á, *pt.* permitting, urging, &c.

LEIGEIL, lyég'-al, *n. f. pt.* letting, permitting, &c.

LEIGH, lyáé'-y', *n. f.* medicine.

LEIGH, lyáé'-y', *n. m.* a physician, surgeon, doctor; 's esan is léigh anama agus cuirp, he is (the Almighty) the physician of soul and body. O. W.

LEIGHÉAS, lyá'-us, *n. m.* a cure, remedy, medicine; *pt.* healing, curing, remedying.

LEIGHÉASACH, llyá'-us-ach, } *adj.* medicinal, curing, remedial.

LEIGHÉASAIL, llyá'-as-al, }

LEIGHIS, lyá'-ésh, *v.* cure, heal, remedy.

LEIGHISTE, llyá'-éshj-á, *pt.* healed, cured.

LEIGH-LOISG, lyá'-llóshg, *v.* cauterise.

LEIGTE, llyég²-tyá, *pt.* lanced, running, &c.

LEINE, lán'-á, *n. f.* a shirt; *leine-bháis*, shroud, winding-sheet; *leine-chreis*, a privy counsellor, a confidant.

LEINN, láeun, *prep. pron.* along with us, in our company, alone; *leig leinn*, let us alone; *thalla leinn*, come along with us.

LEINTEACH, llyán'-tyach, *n. f.* shirting.

LEIPHUTHAR, lyá²-f-fú²-ur, *n. f.* half-sister.

LEIR, lár, *adj.* obvious, evident; *imp. v.* see, behold, perceive, understand; *cha leir domh*, I cannot see, it is not obvious to me; *is leir a bhuil*, the result is sufficient proof; the result is obvious, is quite evident to me, I can perceive or understand it; *mar a's leir dhomh*, as far as I can see; *is math is leir dhomh*, I can see well; *am bheil thu a' leirsinn*, do you see? *can you see? do you perceive?* *cha leir dhomh sin*, I cannot perceive that; *cha leir dhomh do dhearas*, I cannot perceive your want or deficiency; the proper orthography of this word and its derivatives is leur, as is obvious from the pronunciation of leirsinn, (lár'-ssénn, and not lyár'-shyénn); give the most agonising pain, torture, torment; 'gam leir-eadh, torturing me, tormenting me, giving me the most acute pain.

LEIR, lyáry', *adj.* whole, all, every; *gu leir*, wholly, altogether, completely, utterly.

LEIREADH, lyárr'-á, *pt.* tormenting, torturing; *n. m.* the severest mental pain, inward torture.

LEIR-SGRIOIS, lyár'-skrés, *v.* utterly ruin; *n. f.* utter destruction, utter ruination, devastation.

LEIRSINN, lyár'-sénn, *n. m.* eye-sight, vision, sight, perception, clear conception; *pt.* perceiving, understanding, seeing.

LEIRSINNEACH, lyár'-sénn-ach, *adj.* capable of perceiving, sharp sighted, discerning.

LEIRSINNEACHD, lyár'-sénn-achg, *n. f.* perfection of vision, quick perception, intelligence.

LEIS, lyásh, *gen.* of leas, of thigh.

LEIS, llásh, *adj.* lee, leeward, larboard, air an taobh leis, on the larboard side; *am fearann leis*, the land to leewards, lee land, teeward land; *leig leis!* slack-sheet! let go before the wind! *leis oirnn*, to leeward of us; *cum leis oirnn*, keep to leeward of us.

LEIS, llāsh, *pro. prep.* along with, with him, with it, in his company, being his property or right; by means of, with what, down hill, down the stream; a'dol leis, *going along with him*; leis fhéin, *all alone, without any assistance, by means of his own energies*; leis an t-sruth, *down the stream*; ciod leis a glan an t-ogánach, *will shlighe féin, by what means shall a young man purify all his ways?* belonging to; cò leis thu, *whose son or daughter are you?* tha mi leatsa ma cheannaicheas tu mi, *I will be yours, if you bribe me well*; is leis an duine so mi, *I am the son (or daughter) of this gentleman*; co leis a nì thu e, *with what (means) shall you do it?* cò leis a théid thu, *with whom shall you go?* leatsa, *along with you*; leis an dithid so, *by means of these two*; on account of; leis a chabhag, *on account of the hurry*; is aithreach leis, *he regrets*; cò leis a tha thu, *on whose side are you?* in whose interest are you? leis a' ghaoth, *with the wind, on account of the wind*; leis a' bhruthach, *down the hill*; leig e leis, *he fainted, fagged, he permitted him*.

LEISCIOBALL, lāsh'-kēb-all, *n. c.* a minion, vassal; a creature.

LEISDEAR, llyāshj'-ar', *n. m.* an arrow-maker.

LEISG, llyāshg, *adj.* lazy, indolent, slothful; loath, reluctant, unwilling; duine leisg, *a lazy, indolent or slothful person*; is leisg leam, *I am loath*; is leisg leam cuir a mach air, *I feel reluctant to cast out with him*; is leisg leis sin a dheanadh, *he feels reluctant to do that*; *n. f.* laziness, sheer indolence, sloth, slothfulness; 's e an leisg a thug ort sin a dheanadh, *sheer indolence made you do that*; cha dean lāmh na leisge beairteas, *the hand of sloth maketh not rich*.

LEISGEAR, llyāshg'-ar', *n. m.* a sluggard; LEISGEAN, j' imich chum an t-seagain, *a leisgein, go to the ant, thou sluggard*.

LEISGEUL, (leith-seul, or rather leig-seul,) llāeshg'-al, *n. m.* excuse, apology; gabh mo leisgeul, *pardon me, apologize for me*; pretence; cha 'n 'eil ann ach leisgeul, *it is only a pretence*.

LEISGEULACH, lyāshg'-skyal-ach, *adj.* shuffling, evasive, pretending; excusable.

LEISGEULACHD, lyāshg'-skyal-achg, *n. f.* habits of pretending or evading, evasiveness.

LEITH, lyhā², *n. f.* the half; side, share, interest, charge; leith mar leith, *share and share alike*; chaidh e as mo leith, *he sided with me, he took my part*; chuir iad sin as a leith, *they laid that to his charge*; air leith, *apart, separately*; leith slighe,

half way, midway, half the voyage; troidh gu leith, *a foot and a half*; a leith a's mò, *the majority, the bulk, the greater part*; somewhat; leith chruinn, *somewhat round*; leith gheur, *somewhat sour*; leith chosail, *somewhat like*; leith fhior, *somewhat true*.

LEITHID, lyā²-éjj, *n. c.* match, equal, like, compeer, a fellow; is annamh a leithid, *his match is seldom met with*; leithidean a cheile, *the very partners of each other*.

LEITHNE, lyān'-nyā, LETNE, lé-ā, degree of leathann; na's leithne, *broadness*;

LEITHR, lyāty''-ēr, *n. f.* side of a hill, an extensive slope or declivity.

LEO, lyō, *pro. pre.* along with them; their leo, *they thought, they should think*.

LEON, lyāob, *n. f.* an ugly slice or piece of any thing; v. tear unmercifully into shreds.

LEOBHAR, lyō'-ur, properly a book.

LEOG, lyōg, *v.* fag on the stomach; *n. f.* a marsh; also leoig, *a ditch, morass*.

LEOGACH, lyōg'-ach, *adj.* marshy.

LEOGHANN, j' lyō-gh'-ann, *n. m.* lion; bann-leomhann, j' leōghann, *lioness*.

LEOINTE, lyōin'-tyā, *pt.* wounded, painful.

LEOIR, lyōēr, *n. f.* sufficiency, enough, a bellyful; fhuair mi na leoir, *I have got enough*.

LEOM, lyōm, *n. f.* drawling pronunciation.

LEOMACH, lyōm'-ach, *adj.* drawling in talk.

LEOMANN, lyāom'-ann, *n. f.* a moth.

LEON, lyōn, *v.* wound, gall, pique, grieve; *n. m.* wound, grief, vexation.

LEOR, lyōr, same as leoir.

LESAN, lā'-sun, *prep. pron.* (for leis esan,) along with him, accompanying him, in his opinion; is leoir lesan, *he thinks it enough*; is beag lesan, *he thinks it too little*.

LETH, llé, *n. m.* provincial for leith.

LEUBH, lyāv, *v.* read, lecture, explain; cha 'n 'eil math dhomh a bhi teubhadh sin duitse, *it serves no end to explain that to you*; a teubhadh a chall is a chumhnart, *expatiating on his loss and danger*.

LEUBHADAIR, lyāv'-ād-ār', *n. m.* reader.

LEUBHADH, lyāv'-ā, *n. m.* reading, lecturing; *pt.* reading, explaining, expounding, expatiating.

LEUD, lēdd, *n. m.* breadth; leud ròine, *hair's breadth*; air fad is air leud, *in length and breadth*.

LEUDAICH, lēdd'-ēch, *v. n.* widen, expatiate.

LEUG, lyāg, *n. f.* lye, or ashes and water for bleaching; in some places a jewel, precious stones.

LEUGACH, *a.* drawling, sleugach.

LEUGH, lyāv, see Leubh.

LEUM, llyām, *v. n.* jump, spring, leap,

- frisk, skip, start, fight, quarrel; *leum iad* air a cheile, *they fought, they quarrelled*; *n. m.* a jump, leap, spring; animal semen, an emission.
- LEUMADAIR, lām'-ad-ār, *n. m.* the size of salmon, between the grilse and full grown salmon, *Is.*; dolphin, *Shaw*; a small whale, *H. Society*; *leumdaire* feoir, a grasshopper; also *leumadair uaine*.
- LEUMHANN, lyāv'-ānn, *n. m.* meal-receiver.
- LEUMRAICH, lyām'-rtéich, *n. f.* frisking, skipping; also *leumnaich*.
- LEUM-UISGE, lyām'-úshg-ā, *n. m.* water-fall.
- LEUS, llás, *n. m.* blink, glimmer, ray of light; cha'n'eil leus soluisan so, *there is not a blink or ray of light here*; a torch for poaching fish on rivers; a blister; mil air do bheul gad robh leus air do theanga, *honey on your lips, though there should be a blister on your tongue*. *Prov.* a cataract or speck on the eye. *M. P.*
- LEUSAICH, llyés'-éch, *v.* blister, raise blisters.
- LEUS-TEINE, lyés'-tyen-ā, *n. m.* firebrand.
- LIACH, ká, *n. f.* a ladle, an oar-blade.
- LIATH, léā, *v.* lilac, grey-haired, grey-headed, mouldy; *v.* make grey-headed, make grey, turn grey, mould, get mouldy; ar-an air liathadh, *bread getting mouldy*; liath e, *his head got grey*.
- LIATHCHEARC, léā'-chyerk, *n. f.* female of the black grouse or blackcock.
- LIATHFALL, léā'-fál, *n. f.* the stone on which the ancient kings of Scotland used to be crowned, now in Westminster Abbey. *Smith*.
- LIATHGHLAS, lhéā'-ghlas, *adj.* greyish.
- LIATHGHORM, léā'-ghorm, *adj.* light-blue, lilac.
- LIATHLUS, léāl'-lūs, *n. m.* mugwort.
- LIATHNACH, lān'-nach, *n. m.* hare- or hoar-frost. *Islay*; in some places liath-reothadh.
- LIATHTHROSG, léā'-hrösg, *n. m.* bird field-fare. *H. S.*
- LID, lléij, *n. m.* a word, syllable.
- LIGRE, llé'-ā, *n. f.* flood. *H. Society*.
- LIGHICH, lé'-éch, *v.* doctor, lance, let blood.
- LIGHICHE, lyé'-éch-ā, *n. m.* a physician, a doctor, a surgeon; lighichean, *doctors*.
- LINN, lyénn, *n. f.* a generation, age, ministration, incumbency or time in office, race, offspring; family; day; ri linn do sheanmhair, *during the time or age of your grandmother*,—long, long ago; anns na linntean deircanach, *in the latter days*; ri linn Mhaighstir Alastair, *during the ministration or incumbency of the Rev. Mr. Alexander*; ri m' linn, *in my day, while I was in office, while I was there*; ri d' linn-se, *during your incumbency*; cogadh o linn gu linn, *war from generation to generation*; ri d' latha is ri d' linn, *during your day and generation*; linn Dhiarmaid o'n Tuirc, *the family of Diarmed from Turkey, &c.*; o linn gu linn, *from one generation to another*; gu linn nan linntean, *from generation to generation*; ri linn duit dol dachaidh, *at the period you may go home*; eadar da linn, *between wind and water, between sinking and swimming*.
- LINNE, lyénn'-ā, *n. f.* a pool, a mill-dam, a lake, a sound, a channel; a' dol thar na linne, *crossing the channel*; an linne Rosach, *the Sound of Jura*; lit. the channel of disappointment, it being very ill to navigate.
- LINNICH, lyénn'-éch, *v.* line, as clothes; sheath, as a vessel; *n. f.* layer; a lining, sheathing; a line, a note, a card in writing; a linnich phòsaidh, *marriage-line*; cuir linnich a dh'ionnsuidh, *drop him a card*; linnich ma seach, *layer about*; a brood or dozen of eggs; llinig. *N.*
- LINNSEACH, lénn'-shyech, *n. f.* shrouds, canvass.
- LIOR, see Sliop, a blubber-lip.
- LIORASTA, see Sliobasta, slovenly, clumsy.
- LIORU, lév, *n. f.* slimy substance like blood on the surface of water—hence Glenlyon, from a memorable battle fought by the Romans there.
- LIOBHAI, lyév'-ér, *v.* deliver, hand over, resign; in Lochaber, léu'-ér.
- LIOBHAI, lév'-arty, *n. f.* delivery, resignation.
- LIONHRAGACH, lév'-rag-ach, *n. f.* kind of sea-lichen, or sea-weed of a greenish colour.
- LIOD, lyédd, *n. m.* a lisp, stammer.
- LIODACH, lyéd'-ach, *adj.* stammering.
- LIODAICHE, léd'-éch-ā, *n. m.* stammerer, stuttrer, lisper; impediment of speech.
- LIONH, lév, *v.* put to the grinding-stone; polish, burnish; clach òmhaidh neo òmhain, *a grindstone*; clach lìonraidh, *in some places*.
- LIONHARRA, lév'-urr-ā, *a.* glossy, polished.
- LION, llén, *n. m.* lint, flax; a net, a snare; proportionate quantity or complement; a bualadh an lìn, *beetling the flax*; lìon lan èisg, *net full of fish*; biadh le a lìon do ainleann, *food, with its complement, or proportionate quantity of condiment*; *v.* fill, satiate, replenish, completely please or satisfy; flow as the tide; lìon an soltheach, *fill the dish*; cha'n'eil so 'gam lìonadh, *this does not entirely please me*; tha e lìonadh, *the tide is coming in*.
- LIONADAIR, lén'-ad-ār, *n. m.* filler.
- LIONADH, lén'-ā, *n. m.* the reflux of the tide; *pt.* filling, flowing, answering expectations; replenishing, satiating.

LIONMHOIREACHD, lén'-vur'-achd, *n. f.* numerousness, multiplicity, great abundance.

LIONMHOR, lé'-vur, *a.* numerous.

LIONN, lyúnn, *n. m.* humour, (ale.)

LIONTACH, lén'-tach, *a.* satiating.

LIONTACHD, llént'-achg, *n. m.* satiety; quantity of filling by eating but little.

LIOS, lèss, *n. m.* garden; *flon lios*, vineyard; *a fuller, or printer's press; mangle.*

LIOSADAIR, lèss'-ad-ár, *n. m.* gardener; a printer, a pressman.

LIOSAIR, lèss'-ér, *v.* press, as cloth; print, mangle, drub most heartily; *tiosairte*, smoothed, pressed.

LIOSDA, lèssd'-a, *adj.* getting more intrusive the more one gets of bounty—imfortunate, lingering. *H.*

LIOSDACHD, lèssd'-achg, *n. f.* greed, impotency; tediousness, slowness. *H. S.*

LIP, lycep, *n. m.* lip. *H. S.; Armst.*

LIT, lyéjt', *n. f.* porridge; fuairlit, cataplasm.

LITIR, lyéjt'-éry', *n. f.* a letter; an epistle.

LITRICH, lyéjt'-réch, *v.* letter, print.

LIUG, lyūg, *n. f.* a lame hand. *Arg.; foot.*

LIUGACH, lyūg'-ach, *a.* lame of hand; *n. f.* an unhandy female; a drab.

LIUGAIRE, lyūg'-ur-a, *n. m.* an unhandy fellow; one with a lame hand.

LIUGH, lyú'-a, } *adj. and adv. fre-*
LIUGHAD, lyú'-ad, } *quent, many; eia*
liughad uair is a tháinig e, as often as he
came; eia liughda uair a dh'inis mi sin
duit, how often have I told you that?

LOBAIR, lob'-er, *v.* draggle in the mire.

LOBROGAN, *a.* drenched, smeared fellow.

LOBH, lò, *v.* rot, putrify; *adj.* rotten, putrid.

LOBHA, lò'-ar, *n. m.* a leper. *Bible.*

LOBHTA, lòt'-a, *n. f.* loft, gallery.

LOCAIR, lochg'-ér, *n. f.* a plane; *v.* plane.

LOCRAIDH, lochg'-r-á, *pt.* planing.

LOCH, lóch, *n. f.* a lake; arm of the sea.

LOCHAN, lóch'-an, *n. m.* a pool; pond.

LOCHD, lochg, *n. m.* harm, hurt, mischief, crime, evil, fault; a momentary sleep.

LOCHLANNACH, loch'-laun-ach, *adj.* Danish; *n. m.* a Dane; *n. f.* a widgeon.

LOCHLAINN, lóch'-llènn, *n. f.* Denmark, Scandinavia; also the Baltic sea; *Rìgh Lochlainn, the King of Denmark.*

LOCHLEIN, loch'-llén', *n. f.* the groin; flank of a beast.

LOCHRAN, lóch'-ran, *n. m.* latern. *Bi.; Oss.*

LOD, lód, *n. m.* a load, a broadside, a volley; cargo, lading, burden; pool, puddle.

LODAICH, lod'-éch, *v.* lade, burden.

LODAIL, lód'-al, *a.* clumsy, bulky.

LODAN, lód'-an, *n. m.* water in one's shoe.

LODRACH, } lód'-réch, *n. f.* baggage, lug-

LODBRACH, } gage; a great company.

LOGAIS, lög'-ash, *n. f.* a slipper; patched shoe.

LOGH, lo, *v.* pardon, (not good.)

LOINEAG, lóén'-ag, *n. f.* fleece of very fine wool.

LOINEAN, lóén'-an, *n. c.* a greedy gut.

LOINEID, lóén'-éj, *n. f.* a froth-stick.

LOINEIS, lóén'-ash, *n. f.* fast-speaking.

LOINGEAS, LUINNEIS, lóénn'-us, *n. f.* ship-ping, ships; *loingeas chogaidh, ships of war; loingeas mharsantaich, merchant-ship; loingeas-spuinnidh, pirates, privateers.*

LOINN, loénn, *n. f.* propriety, ornament, decorum, elegance, grace; *dean le loinn e, do it gracefully, do it with propriety; cha bhi loinn ach far am bi thu, there is no decorum or elegance but where thou art; good state, thriving condition; is beag loinn a bhios air do gnothach, your business cannot be in a thriving condition; chuir thu bho loinn e, you have spoiled it; dh'fhalbh, loinn an tighe leis, the ornament, or elegance, or propriety of the house went with him; cha nìòr a loinn, its consequence is not very promising.*

LOINNEIL, laénn'-al, *adj.* handsome, elegant, fine, splendid; *duine loinneil, a splendid fellow, a proper one; ceòl loinneil, fine music; tigh loinneil, an elegant house.*

LOIR, lóer, *v.* roll in the mire; drub.

LOIRIC, lóerk, *n. f.* wonderfully short foot.

LOIRCEACH, lóerk'-ach, *adj.* short-footed; *n. f.* a woman whose feet can hardly keep her body from the mire.

LOIRICIRE, lóerk'-ér-á, *n. m.* a short-footed man, one whose body is almost on the ground.

LOIREANACH, lóér'-an-ach, *n. m.* a bespattered dirty little fellow.

LOISEAM, lóesh'-um, *n. m.* assumed pomp.

LOIS, LOISEUNN, losh'-énn, *n. f.* the groin.

LOISG, lóshg, *v.* burn, consume, fire.

LOISGEACH, lóshg'-ach, *a.* inflaming, fiery.

LOISGEANTA, loshg'-ann-tá, *adj.* very keen, fiery; *loisgeantachd, fieriness.*

LOIT, lóéjt, *v.* sting as a bee or snake

LOITE, lójt'y'-á, *pt.* stang, stung, bit.

LOM, lóm, *v.* bare, make bare, ill clad, defenceless; bare, clip, pillage, make bare, shave.

LOMADAIR, lom'-ad-ár, *n. m.* a shaver, parer.

LOMADH, lóm'-á, *pt.* baring, pillaging; *n. m.* utter ruin, devastation, ruination.

LOMAIR, lóm'-er, *v.* fleece, shear sheep.

LOMAIRT, lóm'-árty', *n. f.* a fleece; *pt.* fleecing.

LOMARTAIR, lóm'-árt-ár, *n. m.* sheep-shearer.

LOMHAINN, ló-énn, *n. m.* pack of hounds, a string that ties a pack of hounds.

LOMA-LAN, lóm'-a-làn, *adv.* quite full.

LOMA-LUATH, lóm'-a-lúá, *adv.* immediately; *cho loma-luath's a chù thu e, as soon as you behold him or it.*

LOMNOCHD, lóm'-nochg, *a. bare*; *n. m.* nakedness.

LOMPAIR, lómp'-ár, *n. f.* a common.

LOMRACH, lóm'-rach, *a. fleecy.*

LON, lón, *n. m.* voracity, as cattle.

LON, lón, *n. f.* a dub, a marsh, morass, blackbird; also lon-dubh, *a blackbird*; *an elk.*

LON, lón, *n. m.* food, provisions—a rope. *St. Kilda.*

LONACH, lón'-ach, *a. voracious*; *n. f.* a garrulous voracious female.

LONAIRE, lon'-ar'-á, *n. m.* a voracious man.

LONG, lóng, *n. f.* a three masted vessel, ship.

LONGPORT, lóng'-fórt, *n. m.* a harbour, haven; long mharsantachd, *a merchant-ship*; long chogaidh, *sloop of war*; long-aisig, *a transport*; long spúinnidh, *a pirate*; long dhlon, *a convoy, guard-ship.*

LONN, lónn, *a. strong, powerful.*

LORG, lörg, *n. f.* shepherds staff; a trace in links, the sand, &c.; *thog mi air luing e, I followed his track*; consequence, footsteps; *ann an lorg a ghnóthaich so, as the consequence of this thing, consequent on this affair*; *v.* search for information, forage, trace; *a' lorg lóin, foraging provision.*

LORGAICH, lörg'-éch, *v.* trace out, track.

LORGAIRE, lörg'-ar-a, *n. m.* a tracer, spy.

LOSGADH, losg'-á, *n. m.* burning, firing; *pt.* burning, firing, act of burning.

LOSGANN, losg'-unn, *n. m.* a frog, sledge.

LOT, lót, *v.* wound, hurt; *n. m.* a wound.

LOTH, ló, *n. f.* a filly; in *Irish*, cliobag.

LOTHAIL, ló'-al, *n. m.* brooklime.

LUACH, lúach, *n. m.* worth, value.

LUACHAIR, lúach'-ar, *n. f.* rushes; *luach-air bhog, bull-rushes.*

LUACHNHOR, lúach'-ar, *a. precious, valuable.*

LUACHMHOIREACHD, lúach'-ur-achg, *n. f.* preciousness, valuableness, worthiness.

LUADH, lúá-gh, *pt.* mentioning, laying to the charge; *n. c.* a beloved object; *mo luaidh, my dearest dear!*

LUADHADAIR, lúá'-ad-ar, *n. m.* fuller, waulk-miller.

LUADHADH, lúá'-á, *pt.* waulking, fulling; *n. m.* the act of waulking or fulling cloth, charging, or laying to the charge.

LUADH, lúáé'-y', *v. n.* full, or waulk cloth, lay to the charge, mention; *luaidh an t-aodach, full the cloth*; *na luaidh a leithid-sin riumsa, lay not such a thing to my*

charge, or mention not such a thing in connection with my name; *n. f.* lead, shot, plummet for sounding or sinking; *na luaidhibh dée eile, mention not other gods*; *stáilinn is luaidh, steel and lead*; *dear object*; *a luaidh, my dearest!*

LUAIM, lúáim, *n. f.* restlessness, giddiness.

LUAIMNEACH, lúáem'-nyach, *adj.* restless.

LUAIN, lúáen, *n. f.* restlessness, giddiness.

LUAINEACH, lúáen'-ach, *adj.* giddy, restless, changeable, inconstant, volatile—traveller. *H. Society.*

LUAINEACHD, lúáen'-achg, *n. f.* changeableness, volatility, inconstancy, fickleness; *luaineis, fickle conduct.*

LUAISG, lúášg, *v.* wave, swing, rock.

LUAITH, lúáéch, *n. f.* ashes; *luaith fhroinnich, fern ashes.*

LUAITHE, lúáé'-á, *deg.* luath, faster.

LUAITHIR, lúáér, *v.* toss in the ashes.

LUAITHRE, lúáér'-á, *n. f.* see Luaith, ashes.

LUAITHREADH, lúáér'-á, *pt.* tossing in ashes.

LUAITHREACH, lúáé'-ryach, *adj.* early, as seed; *siol luathreach, early oats, or seeds*; *fobharradh luathreach, an early harvest. Islay.*

LUAITHREACHD, lúáér'-achg, *n. f.* earliness.

LUAITHRICH, lúáér'-éch, *v.* make earlier, hasten, expedite.

LUAMH, lúáv', *n. f.* the lesser paunch.

LUAN, lúan, *n. m.* moon, Monday, paunch.

LUAS, for luathas.

LUASAICH, for lughasaich, allow.

LUASGACH, lúásg'-ach, waving, undulating, oscillating, rocking hither and thither.

LUASGADH, lúásg'-á, tossing, rocking, tumbling, waving, oscillation.

LUATH, lúá, *adj.* fast, swift, fleet, nimble, quick, speedy, early; *each luath, a fleet horse*; *is luath a thàinig thu, you came early.*

LUATHA, lúá'-á, *gen.* of luaith, ashes.

LUATHAICH, lúá'-éch, *v.* hasten, quicken.

LUATHAS, lúás, *n. f.* fleetness, speed, fastness, quickness, swiftness of foot; earliness; *luathas an fhobhair, the earliness of the harvest.*

LUATHHEULACH, lúá'-véll-ach, *adj.* blabbing, fond of gossiping stories.

LUATHLANHACH, lúá'-láv-ach, *adj.* thievish, tar-fingered; apt to strike.

LUB, lúb, *n. f.* a bend, fold, curvature, loop, noose, cunningness, trick; meander, maze; *v. n.* yield, meander, assert, be deceived by; *lúb an t-slat, bend the switch*; *tha an abhainn a lúbadh, the river meanders*; *lúb i leis, she was deceived by him, she yielded to his embraces*; *na lúb, in its fold, in contact with*; *an lúb an domhnuich, in contact with the Sabbath, in preparation for the Sabbath.*

LUBA, lùb'-á, *n. f.* a dub, marsh, pool.
 LUBACH, lùb'-ach, *a.* deceitful, meandering;—a loop, a hinge. *H. Society.*
 LUBACH, lùb'-ach, *a.* marshy, full of pools.
 LUBAG, lùb'-ag, *n. f.* a hank of yarn; a little twist or meander.
 LUBAIR, lùb'-ér, *v.* paddle, draggle.
 LUBAIRE, lùb'-ár-á, *n. m.* a deceitful person.
 LUBAIRT, lùb'-áirt, *n. f.* paddling, dragging.
 LUNARSAICH, lùb'-ar-séich, *n. f.* contortions, serpentine motion, as eels, &c.
 LUBA-RUTH, lùb'-rùé'h, *n. f.* a running noose.
 LUCH, lùch, *n. f.* a mouse.
 LUCHAIRT, lùch'-áirt, *n. f.* palace, castle, an establishment.
 LUCHD, lùchg, *n. m.* cargo, load; *tuchd* an t-soithich, *the ship's cargo*; also people, folk; also used as a sign of the plural; as, *tuchd* áiteachaidh, *the husbandmen, cultivators, inhabitants*; *tuchd* eolais, *acquaintances, the literati*; *tuchd* éisd-eachd, *hearers*; *tuchd* amhaire, *overseers, superintendents, supervisors, spectators*; *tuchd*-leanmhuinn, *followers, adherents, relations*; *tuchd* fiosachd, *wizards, witches, soothsayers, sorcerers*; *tuchd* díon, *tuchd* faire, *a watch, watchmen*; *tuchd*-mloruin, *malicious people, haters*; *tuchd*-turaís, *travellers*.
 LUCHDAICH, lùchd'-éich, *v.* load, lade; *di-luchdaich*, *discharge a cargo, unship*.
 LUCHDAIL, lùchg'-al, } *adj.* capacious,
 LUCHDMHÓR, lùchg'-ur, } capable of containing much.
 LUDHAIG, see Lughasaich, permit, allow.
 LUG, lùg, *n. f.* a bandy-leg, brabhd, *Harris*.
 LUGA, lùg'-á, *n. f.* sea sand-worm.
 LUGACH, lùg'-ach, *adj.* bandy-legged.
 LUGH, lù, *n. m.* a joint; as *cionn luigh*, *above the joint*; *sgion-luigh*, *clasp-knife*.
 LUGH, lù-gh', *n. m.* power of a limb; *tha chas gun lùgh*, *his foot is powerless*; *chàill e lùgh a laimhe*, *he lost the power of his arm*; locomotion, power of motion; *chàill e lùgh*, *he lost his power of motion, locomotion*.
 LUGH, lù, *a.* blaspheme; a' *tughadh* na Tríanaid bheannaichte, *blaspheming the holy Trinity*.
 LUGHA, lù'-á, *deg.* beag, little, less, least; is *tugha*, *less, least*; more or most disagreeable; is *tugha* orm thu na sneachd, *you are more disagreeable to me than the snow*.
 LUGHAD, lù-ud, *n. f.* littleness, degree of littleness.
 LUGHADAIR, lù'-ad-áir', *n. m.* blasphemer.
 LUGHADAIREACHD, lù'-ad-dry-achg, *n. f.* blasphemy; *ri tughadaireachd*, *blaspheming*; *blasphemy*.
 LUGHADH, lù'-á, *pl.* blaspheming; *n. m.*

blasphemy, profanation, swearing, profaning.
 LUGHADHACH, lugh'-ad-rach, *a.* blasphemous.
 LUGHAIDE, lù'-áj-á, *adv.*; also *deg.* of beag; *cha tughaid e sin*, *it is not the less for that*; *cha tughaid*, *perhaps*.
 LUGHARK, } lù'-ghurr, *adj.* swift of foot;
 LUGHMHOR, } fleet, nimble, brisk, strong.
 LUGHARRACHD, } lù'-ghurr-achg, *n. f.*
 LUGHMHORAEACHD, } agility, fleetness, nimbleness.
 LUGHASACHADH, lù'-as-ach-á, *pl.* ordaining, decreeing, allowing, permitting; 'na tha Dia a' *tughasachadh* dhomh, *what God decrees for me*; an *tughasaich* thusa dhomhsa, *do you allow or permit me?* *n. m.* allowance, permission, decree, ordination.
 LUGHASAICH, lù'-ás-éich, *v.* allow, permit, advise, ordain, decree, line out; am bheil thu a' *tughasachadh* dhomhsa so a' dheanadh, *do you allow or advise me to do this?* *tughasaich* Dia elann da, *God ordained that he should have offspring*.
 LUGHCHLEAS, lù-gh'-chlás', *n. m.* slight-of-hand, legerdemain, jugglery; *tughchleas-ach*, *juggling, expert in slight-of-hand or legerdemain*.
 LUGHCHLEASACHD, lù'-gh'-chlás'-achg, *n. f.* slight-of-hand; activity, agility, jugglery.
 LUGHDACHADH, lùd'-ach-á, *pl.* lessening, diminishing; *n. m.* diminution, subtraction, decrease.
 LUGHDAIG, lùd'-ag, *n. f.* the little finger.
 LUGHDAGAN, lùd'-ag-an, *n. m.* pivot of a hinge; also lughdallan.
 LUGHDAICH, lùd'-éich, *v.* diminish, lessen, decrease, subtract, undervalue.
 LUGHDALANS, lù'-gh-al-ann, *n. m.* hinge-pivot.
 LUGHDARNA, lùd'-arn-á, } heavy, clumsy,
 LUGHDARRA, lùd'-urr-á, } unwieldy, stupid.
 LUGHDARNACHD, lùd'-arn-achg, *n. f.* clumsiness; a drawling, unseemly gait; untidiness.
 LUIB, lùéb, *n. f.* a bay, creek; a fold, corner.
 LUIBEACH, lùéb'-ach, *adj.* meandering, serpentine; full of creeks or corners.
 LUIBH, } lùéb'-y'h', *n. f.* an herb, a plant.
 LUIGH, }
 LUID, lùjj, *n. f.* a rag, a tatter.
 LUIDEACH, lùjj'-ach, *adj.* ragged, tattered.
 LUIDEAG, lùjj'-ag, *n. f.* a rag, a tatter.
 LUIDEAGACH, lùjj'-ag-ach, *adj.* ragged; is màirg a bheireadh droch mheas air gille *luideagach* is air loth pheallagach, *a ragged boy and shaggy colt should never be despised*.
 LUIDEALACH, lujj'-al-ach, *n. c.* a ragged person, or shaggy beast; lazy fellow. *H. S*

- LUIDH, lùè, *v.* lie down, settle, perch; same as laidh.
- LUIDHE, lù'-è, *n.f.* lying, perching; *laidhe*, shuibhladh, *child-bed, parturition.*
- LUIDIR, lùjj'-ér, *v.* roll in the mire or mud; paddle through water, besmear, bedaub.
- LUIDREAR, lùè'-yhar, *n.m.* a vent, chimney.
- LUIDREACH, lùjj'-ryach, *n.f.* a ragged garment; ragged, clumsy person.
- LUIDREADH, lùjj'-rã, *n.m.* rolling in the mire, puddling; *pt.* rolling, puddling, besmearing.
- LUIDSE, LUIDSEACH, lùjj'-sha, and -shach, *n. c.* a clumsy, awkward, dull, stupid person.
- LUIG, lùèg, *n.f. gen.* lag; thun a luig, towards the hollow or glen.
- LUIGH, lùè'-yh', *n.f.* an herb, a plant; *luigh* na macraidh, *wild thyme*; *luigh* na tri beann, *trefoil*; sometimes written luibh, but uniformly pronounced lùè'-yh'.
- LUIGHEACHD, lùè'-yhyachg, *n.f.* reward.
- LUIGHEADAIR, lùè'-yhyead'-är, *n.m.* herbalist, botanist.
- LUIGHEANACH, lùè'-yhyan-ach, *n.f. nox-*
- LUIGHEARNACH, lùè'-yhamn-ach, *ious* weeds;—botanist. *H. S.*
- LUIM, lùëm, *n.f.* shift, resource, invention; *leig ga luim fhéin*, *leave him to his own resources, or his own shifts*; *gen.* of lom.
- LUIME, lùëm'-ä, *n.f.* sheer poverty, bareness, smoothness; 's i an luime a thug air a dheanadh, *sheer poverty forced him to it*; also more or most bare, (lom.)
- LUINN, lùënn, *plu.* of lunn; also *gen.*; also the island of Luinig.
- LUINNEACH, lùënn'-ach, *a.* belonging to Luinig; *n.m.* an inhabitant of Luinig.
- LUINNEAG, lünn'-ag, *n.m.* a ditty, sonnet; mournful voice or sound; a chorus.
- LUINNEANACHD, lùënn'-an2'-achg, *n.f.* paddling; sailing for pleasure about quays.
- LUINNEAS, lùënn'-us, *n.f.* shipping.
- LUINNSEACH, lùënn'-shyach, *n. c.* a very tall, slim, bowed-down fellow.
- LUIR, lùër, *v.* torture, torment; give most acute pain, drub most lustily; 'gam lùireadh, *torturing me.*
- LUIREACH, lùr'-ach, *n.f.* a coat of mail.
- LUIRGEACH, lùerg'-nyach, *a.* sheep-shanked.
- LUIRIST, lùèr'-eshj, *n. c.* a tall, slender, slovenly, pithless, good-for-nothing person.
- LUIS, lùsh, *n. pt.* herbs; also *gen.* lus.
- LUNASDA, lün'-usd-a, *n. m.* Lammas,
- LUNASDAL, lün'-usd-al, *1st* of August.
- LUNN, lünn, *n. m.* a heaving billow; a heaver that does not break; a bier, a spoke or lever; the mid-part of an oar.
- LUNNAINN, lünn'-ënn, *n. m.* London; —lunn-inne, *i.e.* resting-place of waves.
- LUNNAINNEACH, lünn'-ënn-ach, *n. m.* a Cockney; *adj.* Cockney.
- LUNNDACH, lünn'd'-ach, *a.* very indolent.
- LUNNDACHD, lünn'd'-achg, *n.f.* extreme indolence or laziness; lounging.
- LUNNDAIRE, lünn'd'-ar'-ä, *n. m.* a lounge, a lounge; indolent fellow.
- LUNNDAIREACHD, lünn'd'-ar-achg, *n.f.* lounging, sheer indolence, sluggishness.
- LUNNTAIR, lünn't'-är, *v.* put down and thump; box and kick with all your might.
- LUNNTAIRT, lünn't'-arty', *n.f.* a most complete thumping, boxing, and kicking.
- LUPAIN, lüp'-ëjj, *n. f.* St. Patrick's sister.
- LUR, lür, *n. m.* a gem, a jewel, a treasure, delight; tha, a lur, yes, my jewel! my darling!
- LURADAIR, lur'-ad-är', *n. m.* a jeweller.
- LURACH, lür'-ach, *adj.* exquisitely beautiful; gem-like, jewel-like, grand, superb.
- LURAICHEAS, lür'-ëch-as, *n.f.* surpassing beauty; elegance, neatness.
- LURG, lürg, *n.f.* shin, shank, stem, or stalk, as of an herb; shaft; also *lurgann*, lurg an fheoir, *the stem of the grass.*
- LUS, lüs, *n. m.* an herb, plant; *lus* a bhalla, *pellitory*; *lus* a bhaine, *milkwort*; *lus* a choire, *coriander*; *lus* a chalmain, *colubine*; *lus* a chorrain, *spleenwort*; *lus* a chinn, *daffodil*; *lus* a chrùbain, *gentian*; *lus* an t-sleugaire, *lavage*; *lus* an t-siùcair, *succory*; *lus* bealtainn, *mari-gold*; *lus* na fola, *yarrow, milfoil*; *lus* na (or lus-rìgh) *macraidh, wild thyme*; *lus* an t-samhraidh, *gilly-flower*; *lus* mhiè cruiminn, *cummin*; *lus-crè, speedwell*; *lus garbh, goose-grass*; *lus* a phlobaire, *dittany*; *lus* na miall, *scorpion-grass*; *lus* na fearnaich, *sun-dew*; *lus* nan cnàmh, *samphire*; *lus* nan dearc, *blackberry plant*; *lus* nan gnàithseag, *whortleberry plant*; *lus* nan meall, *mallow*; *lus* nan laoch, *rosewort*; *lus* nan laogh, *golden saxifrage*; *lus* nan leac, *eye-bright*; *lus* nan sibhreach, *loose-strife*; an tri-bhileach neo lus nan tri-bilean, *valerian.*
- LUSACH, lüs'-ach, *a.* botanical; full of herbs.
- LUSADAIR, lüs'-ad-äer, *n. m.* a botanist, herbalist.
- LUSADAIREACHD, lüs'-ad-äer-achg, *n.f.* botany; study of botany.
- LUSAKNACH, lus'-arn-ach, *n.f.* weeds.
- LUSRACH, lüs'-rach, *adj.* full of herbs; *n.f.* herbage; a place well supplied with herbs; *lusrach* a' searg air beinn, *herbage withering on a hill. Sm.*
- LUTH, provincial for lùgh; pronounced lù'-gh'.

M

M, m, the tenth letter of the alphabet; muin, the vine; gives a peculiar nasal sound to a, and e, ending words; ràmh, tàmh, ròmach, neamh, pronounced and marked in the key ràv, tàv, ròmach, nevv; at the beginning of words, sounds *vh*; as, mhean, *vhén*.

M', m, for am, art; after words ending with a vowel; as, tu 'm balach, *thou art a boor*. 2d, for ann am, in the, in a, (pre and am, art); as, e 'm fonn nam beò, (ann am fonn &c.) *he in the land of the living*; taobh na creige 'm blàs (for ann am blàs) na grèine, *aside the rock in the warmth of the sun*. 3d, for am, relative pro.—as, ma 'm bi iad ag ràdh, *about whom they assert*. 4th, for interrog. pro. and interrog. conj.—as, 'm bheil tuigse aig neach, *has any understanding?* 5th, for am, their; as, le 'm beul is le 'm bilibh, *with their mouth and with their lips*, B. 6th, for am, inter. part.: as, am bheil e, *is he?* gus 'm bu mharbh iad, *till they died, while they lived*; see Am in all its variations, page 10.

M' for mo, my—used before vowels; as, m' athair, m' anam, *my father, my soul*. 2d, for ma, (or if fond of nonsense *MU*), prep. ma fhichead, *about twenty*; ma cheud, *about a hundred*; (*Welsh*, ma and am.)

M'a, for ma a; as, m'a cheann, *about his*; (ma a cheann,) *about his head*; m'a casan, *about her feet*; (ma a casan.)

Ma, mhà, conj. if; m'a aille le neach 'sam bith tighinn am dheigh-sa, *àicheadh 'se e fein, if any man will come after me, let him deny himself*; m'a e agus, *if so be*; m'a 's e 's gu 'm bi, *if so be that it be*; m'a 's urrainn mi, *if I can*.—Heb. mah, if; also Arm. ma, if.

Mab, mab, n. m. stutter, a lisp, stammer; v. abuse, vilify, reproach, *H. S.*; tassel; see *Pab*.

Mabach, mab-ach, adj. lisping, stuttering; n. f. stuttering or stammering female.

Maaachd, mab'-achg, n. f. stammering.

Mabaire, mab'-ur-à, n. m. stammerer.

Mac, machg, n. m. son, a darling, used for the young of any animal, and almost in the names of all the Highlanders; mac brathar athar, *a paternal cousin german*; mac brathar, *nephew, brother's son*; mac peathar, *nephew by the sister*; mac brathar mathar, *maternal cousin german*; mac brathar seanar, *a paternal grand uncle's son*; mac brathar seanmhar, *a maternal*

grand uncle's son; mac an dogha burdock; mac an lunn, *Fingal's sword*; mac samhuilt, *match, like, equal*; mac sgai, *an echo*; bheireadh e mac-sgai a creagan, *he would make the very rocks re-echo*; also, mac tallamh—mac mallachd, *Old Pluto, Old Nick*; mac mearmadh, *a whim, imagination*; mac làmhach, *Sea Devil, greusaiche*.

MACABH, machg'-uv, n. pl. an accomplished hero.

MACAIL, machg'-al, adj. filial.

MACANTA, machg'-ant-a, adj. meek.

MACANTACHD, machg'-ant-achg, n. f. meekness, urbanity; na daoine macanta, *the meek. Bible*.

MACANTAS, machg'-ant-us, n. f. meekness.

MACH, mäch, adv. outside, without, out; thugaibh a mach, *take out*; a mach 'sa mach, *wholly, thoroughly, altogether*; bithibh cinnteach gu faigh bhur peacadh a mach sibh, *be sure that your sins shall find you out*; thug an Tighearna mach clann Isreal a tigh na daorsa, *the Lord brought out the children of Israel out of the house of bondage*; mach air a chèile, *at variance*; int. out! get out! conj. except, but; mach o h-aon, *but one, except one*.

MACHAIR, mach'-ér, n. f. an extensive beach, a plain; seldom used for any thing else in common speech but *beach*.

MACLACH, mach'-lach, n. f. womb.

MACNUS, machg'-nus, n. m. lust.

MACNUSACH, machg'-nus-ach, a. lustful.

MADACHAIL, mad'-ach-al, a. doggish.

MADADH, mad'-X, n. m. a dog; the hold for the flint in a gun; madadh-ruadh, *a fox*; madadh gal, neo alluidh, *a wolf*.

MADAR, mad'-ur, n. m. madder.

MADRAIDH, mad'-ré, n. pl. dogs, pack of dogs.

MADUINN, inad'-énn, n. f. morn, morning; in Argyle maidinn. *French*, matin. *Italian*, mattina.

MADUINNEAG, mad'-énn-ag, morning star.

MAG, mág, n. f. a soft plump hand; a paw; air a mhàgan, *he on all-fours*; arable land, *N.—W.* a very broad ridge of land.

MAG, mäg, v. scoff, deride; magadh, *deriding, ridiculing, mocking, scoffing*.

MAGACH, mäg'-ach, adj. having short feet and broad, as a cow, pawed; having soft large plump hands; a frog.

MAGAIL, mag'-al, adj. derisive, mocking.

MAGAILL, mäg'-élly, v. paw; pt. pawing.

MAGAIR, mäg'-ér, v. creep slyly, paw.

MAGAIRE, mäg'-ar'-à, n. m. scoffer, mocker.

MAGAIRT, mäg'-arjty', n. f. pawing.

MAGAIRLE, mäg'-arly'-à, n. f. scrotum, testicle.

MACH, magh, n. f. a field, plain.

MAGHAR, maó'-ar, *n. m.* artificial fly.
 MAIDE, májj'-á, *n. m.* a stick; *maide milis*, root of sea grass, called liquorice.
 MAIDEALAG, maójj'-al-ag, *n. f.* a small shell, *Lewis*; (*paindeag*,) part of a spinning-wheel.
 MAIDEANNAS, májj'-unn-us, *n. m.* morning-dram.
 MAIDINN, méjj'-énn', *n. f.* morning.
 MAIDINNEACH, méjj'-énn'-ach, *adj.* early.
 MAIDNE, méjj'-nyá, *gen.* of morning.
 MAIDNEACH, méjj'-nyách, *n. f.* morning-star.
 MAIDSE, májj'-shá, *n. m.* a turd; *smáidse*.
 MAIDSEAR, méjj'-shar, *n. m.* a major in the army. *H. Society*.
 MAIGH, ml'-yh, *n. m.* May, Macdonald.
 MAIGHDEAN, maóejj'-un, *n. f.* a virgin, a maid, maiden; *maighdean-inhara*, a mermaid.
 MAIGHDEANAS, maóejj'-unn-us, *n. f.* virginity.
 MAIGHEACH, moy'-ach, *n. m.* a hare.
 MAIGHSTIR, mífisht'-ér, *n. m.* master.
 MAIGHSTIREACHD, miésht'-ér-achg, *n. f.* mastery, superiority; superintendence, superiority; assumed authority, officiousness, rule.
 MAIGHSTIREALACHD, mäsht'-ér-al-achg, *n. f.* assumption of undue authority, masterliness.
 MAIGHSTIREIL, mäshty''-er-al, *adj.* lordly, authoritative, dogmatical, arbitrary.
 MAILEID, mäl'-áj, *n. f.* a wallet, budget; pack; in derision a gorbelly.
 MAILEIDEACH, mäl'-áj-ach, *adj.* gorbellied.
 MAILLE, mäly²-'á, *n. f.* delay; *maille ri*, along with; *maille ris an sin*, together with that; *comhla ris an sin*, rather.
 MAILLEACH, mäly'-äch, *n. f.* coat-of-mail.
 MAIM, maóém, *n. f.* a panic, horror.
 MAINNIR, máénn'-ér, *n. f.* sheep-fold, pen.
 MAIR, määér, *v.* last, live, endure; *neas a mhaireas an ruaig*, while the pursuit lasts; *cha mhair iad leith an là*, they shall not live half their days; *mairidh tròcair Dhé*, *gu sior*, God's mercy shall endure for ever.
 MAIRBH, maóèrv, *gen.* of *mairbh*; *na mairbh*, the dead; *am beò 'sna mairbh*, the living and the dead.
 MAIRC, mäérk, *n. f.* objection, subject of regret; *cò chuir mairc ort*, who objected to you? *cha do chuir mise mairc sam bith air*, I did not oppose him or it.
 MAIREACH, määér'-ach, *n. m.* next day; *an diugh is a maireach*, to-day and to-morrow.
 MAIREACHDAINN, MAIRSUNN, määér'-achg-énn, marsh'-énn, *part.* enduring, lasting, continuing.
 MAIREANN, määér'-unn, *n. m.* life-time;

adj. living, in the land of the living; *ri d' mhaireann*, during your life-time; *cha mhaireann e*, he is not living; *am fear nach maireann*, he that is not living, he that is no more.

MAIREANNACH, määér'-unn-ach, *adj.* everlasting, eternal; *a' bheatha mhaireannach*, everlasting life.

MAIRG, mārèg, *n. m.* great pity, object, or subject of regret; *cha mhairg tè a fhuair e*, she is no subject of regret that has got him, got it; *is mairg dhuit a rinn e*, it is a great pity you did it; *is mairg dhuit nach d' thigeadh*, it is a pity you would not come; *adj.* deplorable, pitiable, silly; *sonn nach mairg*, a hero that is not to be pitied; *is mairg a loisgeadh a thiompan duit*, silly is he that would burn his harp to warm you.

MAIRISTE, määér'-èshty'-á, *n. m.* match, marriage; *fhuair i an deadh mhairiste*, she got an excellent match; *a' deanadh a suas a' mhairiste*, making up the match.

MAIRISTEACH, määér'-èshy'-ach, *adj.* marriageable.

MAIRNEAL, määér'-nyal, *n. m.* detention; slow, drawing manner, dilatoriness; procrastination.

MAIRNEALACH, määér'-al-ach, *adj.* dilatory, tardy, tedious, drawing in manner; procrastinating.

MAIRNEALACHD, määérn'-al-achg, *n. f.* procrastination, dilatoriness, dilatory manner.

MAIRSINN, mår'-shyènn, *adj.* lasting, living.

MAIRTFHEOIL, maerty''-èöl, *n. f.* beef.

MAIRTIREACH, mårty'-ér-ach, *n. m.* martyr. *Bible*.

MAISE, mäsht'-á, *n. f.* ornament, great beauty, elegance; *chuireadh tu maise air baile*, you would prove an ornament to a city; *maise nam ban*, the ornament of women. *Bible*.

MAISEACH, mäsht'-ach, *adj.* ornamental; very elegant or handsome; fair; *is maisich thu na clan na daoine*, thou art fairer than the sons of men. *Sm.*; *nigh-ean mhaiseach*, an elegant female.

MAISEACHO, mäsht'-achg, *n. f.* superiority in beauty, handsomeness, elegance, fairness.

MAISEALACHD, mäsht'-achg, *n. f.* elegance.

MAISEIL, mäsht'-al, *adj.* ornamental.

MAISTIR, mäshty''-ér, *n. m.* stale urine.

MAISTIR, mäshty'-ér, } *v.* churn, agi-

MAISTRICH, mash'-trèch, } tate as liquids.

MAISTREADH, mashj'-tá, *pt.* churning, agitating; also the quantity of butter taken off a churn.

MAITEACH, määty'-ach, *adj.* ready to forgive.

MAITH, maech or mǎē, provincial for math; also *gen.* of math, good, well; *v.* forgive.

MAITHEAN, mǎē'-un, *n. p.* magistrates, aldermen, nobles; thàinig maithre is *maithean bhaile-chliabh mach 'na coln-eamh, the Lord Mayor and magistrates of Dublin came out to meet them; maithrean na Féinne, the nobles or chiefs of the Fingalians.*

MAITHEAS, mǎē'-us, (from maith, *gen.*) mercy, goodness, bounty of God.

MAL, māl, *n. m.* rent, tribute.

MAL-IOS, mal'-ēs, *n. f.* portmanteau.

MALA, māl'-ā, *n. f.* bag of a pipe; budget; dà mhàla, two bags. *Bible.*

MALA, mall'-ā, *n. f.* eye-brow.

MALACH, mal'-ach, *adj.* having large brows; surly, sulky, forbidding.

MALADAIR, māl'-ad-ār, *n. m.* a sub-tenant who pays rent in kind; renter, tenant.

MALART, māl'-arjt, *n. f.* exchange, barter, space; *v.* exchange, barter, traffic, trade.

MALAIRTEACH, māl'-arjty'-ach, *a.* exchangeable, mutual, reciprocal; fit to exchange.

MALAIRTICH, māl'-arjty'-ēch, *v.* barter.

MALAIRTEAR, māl'-arjty'-ar, *n. m.* barterer.

MALC, mālck, *v.* begin to rot or putrify.

MALDA, mald'-ā, *adj.* modest, gentle.

MALDACHD, mald'-achg, *n. f.* gentleness, diffidence.

MALL, mäll, *adj.* slow, tardy, late; bith-eadh gach duine ealamh chum éisdeachd *mall* chum labhairt, *mall* chum feirge, let every man be quick to hear, slow (or diffident) to speak; calm; feasgair *mall* is na h'eoín a' seinn, a calm evening, and the birds warbling. (Smith's Poems.)

MALLACHADH, mall'-ach-ā, *pt.* cursing; it is never mollachadh—always pronounced so.

MALLACHD, möll'-achg, *n. f.* malediction.

MALLAICH, möll'-ēch, *v.* curse, imprecate.

MAN, mām, *n. m.* an extensive moor, gently rising and not pointed; a palm full of meal, &c. a bile in the arm-pit, or palm of the hand; mother.

MAMAIDH, mam'-ē, *n. f.* mamma.

MAM-SIC, mam'-shēchg², *n. m.* rupture, hernia.

M'AN, mǎn, (for ma an,) m'an d'fhuair e bàs, before he died.

MANACH, see Mann, Mannach, monk.

MANADH, mǎn'-ā, *n. m.* omen, sign, apparition, enchantment; choinnic e *manadh*, he saw an apparition; tha e a' cuir air mhanadh dhomh, he prophesies to me.

MANAS, mǎn'-as, *n. m.* a farm in the natural possession of a proprietor. *H. S.*

MANDRAG, mǎnd'-rag, *n. f.* mandrake. *B.*

MANG, māng, *n. f.* a fawn, deer.

MANND, mannd, *n. m.* a lisp, stammer.

MANNDACH, mǎnd'-ach, *a.* lispings.

MANRAN, mǎnr'-an, *n. m.* dandering, humming a tune to banish vexation.

MANRAIN, mǎnr'-āēn, *v.* dander; *manraia* thusa air t' aghaidh, dander you forward.

MAODAL, mǎod'-ul, *n. f.* paunch, maw.

MAODALACH, mǎod'-al-ach, *a.* having a large belly, clumsy; a clumsy corpulent female in contempt, (in some parts a servant girl.)

MAOIDH, mòeyh', *v. n.* threaten, cast up favours bestowed, upbraid; tha e *maoidh-eadh* orm, he threatens me; tha e *maoidh-eadh* gu 'n do rinn e sìod is so dhomh, he casts up that he did this and that for me.

MAOIDHEADH, mǎoēyh'-ā, *n. m. pt.* a threat, upbraiding; casting up favours bestowed, reproaching; ma tha aon neach ag-aibh a dh' uirbheasbhuidh gliocais, iarr-adh e o Dhia, a bheir do gach neach gu pailt agus nach *maoidh*, if any of you lack wisdom let him ask of God, who giveth all men liberally and upbraideth not. *Apostle James.*

MAOIDHEAN, múe'-an, *n.* supplication. *B.*

MAOINHSEIG, mòsh'-ag, *n. f.* fastidiousness.

MAOILE, mǎoil'-ā, *n. f.* baldness; an aite fuil bitheadh *maoile*, instead of hair, baldness. *B.*

MAOILEAD, mǎoēl'-ud, *n. f.* degree of baldness.

MAOIM, mǎoēm, *n. f.* panic, wild expression of countenance; biodh *maoim* air do naimhdean, let your enemies be in a panic; a burst, expressions of fear; *v.* horrify, terrify.

MAOIM-SLEIBHE, mǎoēm'-slyāv'-ā, *n. f.* a water-spout or plump of rain all of a sudden.

MAOIN, mǎoēn, *n. m.* a hoard, hoarded wealth; wealth worshipped; goods, *Cat. R.*

MAOIRNE, mǎoērny'-ā, *n. m.* a little one, as potatoes; in *North*, a bait.

MAOIRNEAN, maoern'-an, *n. m.* little potato.

MAOIS, mùsh, *n. m.* Moses; hamper, a heap of sea weed on the shore, *North*; in *Argyle*, five hundred fresh herrings in time of fishing.

MAOISEACH, mǎosh'-ach, } a roe or doe,
MAOISLEACH, mǎosh'-llyach, } a deer.

MAOL, mǎol, *n. f.* Mull, or chief headland, or cape of land; Maol-chintire, *Maol* na h-ò, the Mull of Kintyre, Mull of Kinnouth; a head polled, or cropped; cow without horns;—a holy man's servant. *Obs. v. blunt.*

MAOLACHADH, maol'-ach-ā, *pt.* blunting; laying down the ears as a horse.

- MAOLAG, mǎol'-ag, *n. f.* a dish for milk—stocking wanting the head. *North.*
- MAOLAICH, mǎol'-éch, *v.* blunt, deprive of edge; *mhaolaich an sgian, the knife got blunt*; lay down the ears as horses, hares, or does.
- MAOLCHLUASACH, mǎol'-chlúas-ach, *adj.* blunt, dull, stupid, dull of hearing.
- MAOLCHLUASAICH, mǎol'-chlúas-éch, *n. f.* stupidity, dullness, lifelessness.
- MAOLOISEAN, mǎol'-ósh-an', *n. m.* high-temple.
- MAOLOISEANACH, mǎol'-ósh-an'-ach, high-templed, as a person.
- MAOR, mǎor, *n. m.* messenger, an officer, *maor-baile, an under bailiff*; *maor coille, a wood-ranger*; *maor-siorram, a sheriff officer*; *maor Rìgh, a messenger at arms, King's messenger*; *maor-cise, a tax gatherer, assessor*; *maor-striopach, a pimp, pander*; *maor-rinneil, a ground-officer*—a great man formerly.
- MAORACH, mǎor'-ach, *n. m.* shell-fish; a bait or allurement for fishing.
- MAORSUINNEACHD, mǎor'-senn-achg, *n. f.* office of a messenger; officiousness, meddling.
- MAOTH, mù, mùgh, *adj.* tender, soft; of a tender age; delicate; *muirichinn mhaoth, a large family slenderly provided for, of a tender age.*
- MAOTHAG, mù'-ag, *n. f.* premature egg.
- MAOHAICH, mù'-éch, *v.* soften, alleviate.
- MAOTHAIL, mù'-al, *adj.* emolient.
- MAOTHALACHD, mù'-al-achg, *n. f.* delicacy, tenderness, softness; *a thaobh mùirn agus maothalachd, on account of tenderness and delicacy.*
- MAOTHAN, mù'-an, *n. m.* cartilage, a twig.
- MAOTHAIN, mù'-àen, *n. pl.* abdomen, a disease of young persons arising from raising burdens.
- MAOTH-BHLATH, mù-bhlá', *a.* lukewarm.
- MAOTH-BHLATHAS, mù-vhlàs', *n. f.* lukewarmness, half indifference.
- MAOHRAN, mù'-an, *n. m.* an infant, child.
- MAOHRANACH, mù'-an-ach, *a.* infantile.
- MAR, mǎr, *conj.* as, just as, even as, like, in the same manner; *mar theicheas iad, as they scamper*; *mar rinn mise, just as I did*; *rinn e mar sin, he did so, in like manner*; *mar bu mhiann leis, just as he would wish*; *mar gu'm b'ann, just as it were*; *mar sin, in that manner.*
- MARA, mǎr'-à, *gen.* of muir, sea.
- MARACHD, mǎr'-achg, *n. f.* seafaring life, navigation; *ri marachd, following the sea.*
- MARAG, mǎr'-äg, *n. f.* pudding, thick person.
- MARAICHE, mǎr'-éch-à, *n. m.* seaman, mariner.
- MARAON, mǎr'-ùn, *adv.* together, in concert.
- MARASGAIL, mǎr'-asg-èl, *v.* manage, trade.
- MARASGAL, mǎr'-ask-ul, *n. m.* managing.
- MARASGLADH, mǎr'-äsg-lä, *n. m.* management, superintendence, supervision, traffic.
- MARASGLACHD, mǎr'-äsg-lachg, *n. f.* see above.
- MARASGLAICH, mǎr'-asg-lèch, *v.* superintend, guide, oversee, rule, trade with. *Is.*
- MARBH, mǎrv, *adj.* dead, lifeless, dull; *v.* kill, slay, slaughter; *n.* the dead.
- MARBHADH, mǎr'-ä, *n. m.* and *pt.* killing.
- MARBHANACH, mǎrv-an-ach, *n. c.* person almost dead, one pretending to be dead.
- MARBHANTA, mǎrv'-ant-à, *adj.* inactive.
- MARBHANTACHD, mǎrv'-ant-achg, *n. f.* dullness, inactivity, stupor, marbhantas.
- MARBHPHAISG, mǎrv'-fäshg, *n. m.* a coffin, used as hearses are now; it was very ingeniously constructed, having a slider in the bottom, and otherwise formed so as to prevent the body being seen till covered by the earth—afterwards it was conveyed to the church, till another occasion—hence, *marbhphaisg ort, may you slip into your grave without a coffin.*
- MARBHRANN, mǎrv'-ränn, *n. f.* an elegy; a funeral oration; also *rann-mairbh.*
- MARBHSHRUTH, mǎrv'-hrü, *n. m.* slack-water.
- MARC, mǎrk, *n. m.* charger, steed, a horse; *marc uaibhreach, ard-cheumach, a proud, high-bounding horse or charger. Smith.*
- MARCACHD, mark'-achg, *n. f.* a ride, act of riding, equestrianism, (from marc.)
- MARCAICH, mark'-éch, *v.* ride.
- MARCAICHE, mǎrk'-éch-à, *n. m.* rider, equestrian; also *marcair, marclann, stable.*
- MARCAID, mark'-aj, *n. m.* market. Cow. S. Tay.
- MARCSHLUAGH, mark'-hlua-gh', *n. f.* cavalry, horsemen.
- MARG, mǎrg, *n. m.* a merk, 13½d.
- MARGADH, mǎrg'-ä, *n. m.* market, sale.
- MARGAIL, mǎrg'-al, *adj.* marketable,
- MARGADAIL, mǎrg'-ad-al, *adj.* saleable, disposable.
- MARGADALACHD, mǎrg'-ad-all-achg, *n. f.* saleableness.
- MARL, mǎrl, *n. m.* the clay, marl.
- MARNHOR, mǎrv'-ur, *adj.* marble. *Bible.*
- MAR-RI, bawdy-word.
- MARR, mǎrr, *v.* obstruct, hinder. *Gen.*
- MARRACH, mǎrr'-ach, *n. f.* enchanted castle, entering which, none could find his way back till the spell was removed; a thicket to catch cattle in; a labyrinth.
- MARSANTA, mǎrs'-ant-à, *n. m.* merchant.
- MARSANTACHD, mǎrs'-ant-achg, *n. f.* merchandise, wares, trade, traffic, dealing.

MAR so, mar'-shó, *adv.* in this way.
 MAR stod, mār'-shédd, and shúdd, *adv.* in that way, in that manner or method.
 MART, márt, *n. m.* seed-time, March, the throngest time at any thing, throng; great haste.
 MART, márt, *n. f.* a cow, cow to kill.
 MAATAIR, márt'-ar', *n. m.* a cripple. *Arm.*
 MA's, (ma, and is,) mäs, if; ma's e agus, if so be; ma's e agus gu, if so it be that; ma's e 's nach, if so be that not; ma's fhlor e fhein, in his own belief, if he judges aright
 MAS, mäs, *n. m.* buttock, hip; do mäsan, your buttocks; bottom of dish; mäs cuinneig, pitcher's bottom.
 MASACH, mäs'-ach, *adj.* large-hipped, having large hips; *n. f.* a large-hipped female.
 MASAIRE, mäs'-ur'-ä, *n. m.* large-hipped man.
 MASAN, mäs'-an, *n. m.* dilatoriness.
 MASANACH, mas'-an-ach, *adj.* dilatory.
 MA SEACH, ma'-shech, *adv. prep.* time about, alternately; uair ma seach, time about, one by one; deanaibh ma seach e, do it alternately.
 MA SEADH, ma'-shyaügh, *conj.* if so be, then.
 MASG, mäsg, *v.* infuse, as tea, mash as malt.
 MASGADH, masg'-ä, *pt.* mashing, infusing; *n. m.* a mash; an infusion.
 MASGAIRE, masg'-är'-ä, *n. m.* mashman.
 MASGALL, mas'-all, *n. m.* flattery. *H.*
 MASLACH, mas'-llach, *adj.* disgraceful, ignominious, reproachful; slandering.
 MASLADH, mäs'-llä, *n. m.* disgrace.
 MASLAICH, mäs'-lléch, *v.* disgrace, taunt, degrade; maslaichte, disgraced, slandered.
 MATA, ma-tä', *inter.* then! Oh! *adv.* and *conj.* indeed, nevertheless, then, if so, truly, really.
 MATH, mhá, *v.* pardon, forgive; math dhuinn ar peacadh, pardon our sins.
 In Perthshire, it is thought that Argylemen pronounce this word mi; on the other hand, it is thought in Argyle that maith is peculiar to Perth, whereas (the *gen.*) it is not used anywhere in the kingdom, saving a part of a parish in the latter County. It gives great offence every where; and, therefore, Dr. Armstrong has searched many of the cognate dialects, to show that it should be written MATH; *Irish*, math; *Arab.* madi; *Box. Lex.* mad; *Welsh* and *Cornish*, mat; *Armoric*, mat, and ma, good; *Hebrew* and *Chald.*, matach and mata.—See *Armstrong*.
 MATH, mhá, *n. m.* interest, end, purpose, kindness, wish, inclination; s'ann air do

rnath fhein a tha mise, it is your own interest I have in view; math an aghaidh an uile, good for evül; cha'n 'eil math 'sam bith an sin duit, that serves no end to you! de am math th'ort, what is the good of you? am math leat sin, do you wish that, do you consider that a good thing? am math's an t-olc, the good and bad; *adv.* well, pretty well, considerably; is math a labhair thu, you spoke well; is math a chl thu, you see well; is math a fhuaradh thu, you have done pretty well, you behaved cleverly, masterly.

MATH, mhá, *adj.* good, wholesome, considerable; duine math, a good man; astar math air falbh, a considerable distance off; ithibh na nithe a tha math, eat, that which is good, (wholesome); happy, glad; is math leam sin, I am happy at that, I am glad of it; is math dhuit, it is happy for you; am math leat mise a-dheanadh so, is it your wish that I do this? do you wish that I should do this? kind, favourable; bha e math dhuinn, he was kind to us; valid, legal, rightful; is math mo choir air, I have a legal right to it, I have a valid claim to it; correct, accurate; ma's math mo bheachd sa, if I form a correct or accurate idea of it; fhuair sin cuid maith dheth, we have got a considerable quantity or number of it; valuable, useful; is math an salann, salt is valuable or useful. *Bible*; ready, expert, dexterous; tha e math air na buile nì, he is dexterous at every thing; prosperous, successful; làithean maith fhaicinn, to see prosperous days; cho math 's a bha iad, so prosperous as they were; is math an nì dhuit fhaicinn, you can hardly see it; latha math dhuit, oidhche mhath dhuit, good day to you, good night to you; is math leam sin, I am happy of it, I am glad of it.

MATHACHADH, mhá'-ach-ä, *pt.* cultivating, improving; *n. m.* improvement, cultivation; a' mathachadh an fhearainn, improving the land; manure, manuring.

MATHAICH, mhá'-éich, *v.* manure, cultivate.

MATHAIR, mhá'-hyér, *v.* mother; mo mhàthair, my mother; dam; cha bhruidh thu meann ann am bainne mhathair, thou shalt not see the a kid in the milk of its dam, mother; cause, source; màthair aobhair, primary cause, first cause, efficient cause; mathair chéile, mother-in-law; mathair-ghuir, cause of suppuration, the queen of the hive; mathair na lughdaig, ring-finger; mathair-mhort, matricide; mathair-mhortair, a matricide.

MATHAIREALACHD, màer'-al-achg, *n. f.* motherliness, kindness, tenderness.

MATHAIREIL, màér'-al, *adj.* motherly, kind.
 MATHAIR-UISGE, màér'-ùshg-à, *n. f.* reservoir, conduit, source of a river.

MATHANAS, má'-an-us, *n. m.* pardon, forgiveness; written maithéanas, mí'-an-us;
 MATHANASACH, má'-un-as-ach, *adj.* forgiving, lenient, not harsh.

MATHAS, má'-us, *n. m.* benevolence, charity, humanity; benefit, bounty; *maithéas*, goodness of God.

MATHASACH, má'-us-ach, *adj.* benevolent, humane, tender, kind, bountiful, beneficial.

MATHASACHD, má'-us-achg, *n. f.* bountifulness, charitableness; munificence, benevolence.

MATHGHAMHAINN, mà'-ghàv-ènn, *ma-ghamhainn*, a bear.

MATHROINN, màr'-ènn, *n. f.* disposal, risk; fag air a mhathroinn *c*, leave it to his risk; air mo mhathroinn *sa*, at my disposal, at my risk.

MEACAN, meach'-an, *n. m.* root, offspring.

MEACH, méch, *adj.* mild, modest. *Sm.*

MEACHAIR, mech'-ér, *adj.* having a countenance uncommonly white, tinged with light red; very fair or beautiful, as a female; delicate.

MEACHAIREACHD, mech'-àr'-achg, *n. m.* beautiful countenance; beautiful mixture of colours in the face; sweetness of expression of countenance.

MEACHANNAS, mech'-ann-us, *n. m.* lenity, indulgence, mitigation, partiality; gun meachannas do dhuine seach duine, without indulgence or partiality to any one. *Argyle.*

MEACHNASACH, mech'-nnus-ach, *adj.* indulgent, lenient, partial.

MEACHRAN, mech'-ran, officious person; see its compound, Smeachranachd, &c.

MEACHUINN, mech'-uènn, *n. f.* abatement, lenity, partiality; discretionary power; is màirg a rachadh fo d' mheachuinn, I pity him that depends on your will.

MEADAR, med'-ur, *n. m.* small ansated wooden-dish; milk-pail.

MEADHAIL, myaù'-al, *n. f.* ecstasy, transports, raptures, overjoy; an uncommon and unaccountable burst of joy, on the eve of getting some distressing news; cha robh meadhail mhòr riamh gun dubh-bhròn na deigh, there never was an extravagant burst of joy without the most afflicting news in its train. *Ullamh Ileach.*

MEADHON, mé'-un, *n. m.* medium, middle, centre, heart; biodh mo chaomhaich ait am meadhon mo chàirdean, let my acquaintance, my bosom friends, be glad in the centre of my friends, relations. *Sm.*;

waist; ma d' mheadhon, about your waist; means, as regards things, (never of persons); smaointicheadh e air meadhon-aibh, let him devise means. *Bible*; dean meadhonan, strike a medium.

MEADHONACH, mé'-un-ach, *adj.* central, intermediate; àite gu math meadhonach, a pretty central situation; indifferent, in a tolerable or middle state, as of health; dè mar tha thu, how are you? meadhonach, tolerable, in a middle state, middling well, indifferent enough.

MEADHONAICH, mé'-un-àch, *n. m.* middle state, in point of situation or health.

MEADHON-LATHA, ménn-là'-à, *n. m.* mid-day, noon; an déigh mheadhon-latha, in the afternoon.

MEADHONOIDCHE, mén'-ùéy²-chyà, *n. m.* midnight.

MEADHRACH, myāor'-ach, *adj.* lustful, merry.

MEADHRACHAS, myāor'-ach-us, *n. f.* lust, joy.

MEADHRADH, myāor'-à, *pt.* drawn into lust. *B. n. m.* lust.

MEAG, mégg, *n. m.* whey; *gen.* mig, meug.

MEAL, myal, *v.* enjoy, possess; meal is caith e, may you enjoy and wear it, use it; na'n na mheal thu e, may you never enjoy it—may you not live to wear it.

MEALAG, MEALG, myal'-ag, *n. f.* melt of fish.

MEALANAN, myal'-an-un, sweet-meats.

MEALBHAC, myall'-vachg, *n. m.* a melon.

MEALBHAG, pollan buidh, a poppy.

MEALL, myall, *n. m.* a lump, knob, bunch; meall luaidhe, a lump of lead; meall fhigean, not good, for bad, a bunch; bad fhigean, bunch of figs; *v.* deceive, cheat, entice, defraud; mar am meall thu 'm bharail mi, unless you deceive me in my opinion—unless I am mistaken; mheall thu mi, you deceived or defrauded me; mheall e stigh mi, he cajoled or enticed me into the house; mheall an nathair EUBH, the serpent beguiled Eve.

MEALLACH, myall'-ach, *adj.* lumpish.

MEALLADH, myall'-à, *pt.* deceiving, beguiling, cajoling, enticing, cheating, alluring, or disappointing; *n. m.* deception; mar bheil mi air mo mhealladh, unless I am deceived, if I am not much mistaken.

MEALLSHUIL, myall'-hùèl, *n. f.* goggle-eye; meullshuileach, goggle-eyed, having a deceiving eye.

MEALLTA, myall'-tà, *pt.* cheated, enticed.

MEALLTACH, myallt'-ach, *adj.* deceptive.

MEALLTACHD, myallt'-achg, *n. f.* imposture.

MEALLTAIR, myallt'-àer *n. m.* impostor

- deceiver, a cheat; fraudulent person; *mealltaireachd*, imposture, fraudulence, deceitfulness; *mealltaireachd* a pheacaidh, the deceitfulness of sin. *Bible*.
- MEALTAINN, myalt'-enn, *pt.* enjoying; math a mhealtainn 'na shaothair, to enjoy good in his labour. *Bible*.
- MEAMBRANA, mem'-bran-a, parchment. *B.*
- MEAMNA, mem'-nā, *n. m.* a sensation about the lip or elbow, supposed to portend a sudden death, &c.; imagination, whim; gladness, joy; mettle.
- MEAMNACH, mem'-nach, *adj.* mettlesome, as a horse; lustful, courageous, brave, as a person.
- MEANNACHD, mem'-nachg, *n. f.* courage, mettlesomeness, energy, high spirit.
- MEAN, men, *adj.* little, mionn.
- MEANAN, mēn'-an, *n. m.* a yawn.
- MEANANAICH, mēn'-ān'-ēch, *n. f.* continuous yawning, ever yawning.
- MEANAIDH, men'-ē, *n. m.* shoemaker's awl.
- MEANSH, men'-uv, *adj.* diminutive, very small, slender or little; duine meanbh, a diminutive person.
- MEANBHAIIDH, menv'-ē, *adj.* diminutive.
- MEANSHBHITH, menuv'-ē, *n. m.* animalcule.
- MEANDHCHRODH, men'-uv-chrō, *n. m.* such as stirks, calves, sheep, goats, &c.
- MEANSHCHUILEAG, mēnā'-chūil-ag, *n. f.* midge.
- MEANBHLACH, men'-a-llach, *n. m.* small potatoes, &c. or the refuse of such.
- MEANBH-PHEASAIR, mēn'-uv-fās-ēr, *n. f.* millet.
- MEANG, méng, *n. m.* fault, blemish; gun meang, faultless, without blemish; see Miong, *v. lop*.
- MEANGACH, méng'-ach, *n. m.* the plant, cinquefoil.
- MEANGALACHD, méng'-al-achg, *n. f.* faultiness.
- MEANGAIL, méng'-al, *adj.* faulty, blemished.
- MEANGAN, méng'-an, *n. m.* a branch, twig.
- MEANGANAICH, méng'-an-ēch, *v. lop*, prune, lop.
- MEANN, myānn, *n. m.* a kid, young roe.
- MEANN-ATHAIR, mēn'-ā-ēr, *n. f.* snipe.
- MEANNT, mint, cartal.
- MEAIRLE, myārl'y'-ā, *n. f.* theft, roguery.
- MEAIRLEACH, myārl'y'-ach, *n. c.* rogue, a thief, cut-throat.
- MEAR, mer, *adj.* lustful, in high glee, joyful, joyous, *B.*; very joyous; le suilibh mear, with lustful eyes.
- MEARACHD, mer'-achg, *n. m.* mistake, error, wrong; chaidh thu 'm mearachd, you have gone wrong, you erred; tha thu am mearachd, you are mistaken; mar bheil mi am mearachd, unless I am mistaken; cò tha gun mhearachd, who is faultless? na h-abair ma choinneamh an ainneil gu 'm bu mhearachd e, thou shalt not say before the angel that it was an error. *Bible*.
- MEARACHDACH, mer'-achg-ach, *adj.* in error, wrong, in fault, erroneous, culpable.
- MEARACHDACHD, mer'-achg-achg, *n. f.* erroneousness, faultiness, culpability.
- MEARACHDAICH, mer'-achg-ēch, *v. wrong*.
- MEARAICHE, mer'-ēch-a, *n. m.* merry-Andrew.
- MEARAIL, mer'-al, *n. m.* error, mistake.
- MEARACH, mer'-kach, *adj.* confident. *Sm.*
- MEARCHUNN, mer'-chunn, *v. miscalculation*.
- MEARCHUNND, mer'-chunn, *v. late, cheat by misreckoning*.
- MEARCHUNNAS, mer'-chūnn-us, *v. cheat*.
- MEARCHUNNDUS, mer'-chunn-dus, *v. ing* one with his eyes open, miscalculation, misreckoning.
- MEARGANTA, merg'-ant-a, *adj.* brisk. *Ross*.
- MEARLA, for meàirle, theft.
- MEARBACHDAS, myarr'-achg-us, *n. m.* wantonness, indelicate romping, nearly wanton joy.
- MEARS, mērs, *v. march*, English.
- MEAS, mēss², *n. m.* respect, fruit, respectability, estimation, esteem, public notice; le meas is miadh, with respect and approbation; thoir gu meas, bring to notice; is beag meas a bh' agadsa air, you lightly esteemed him, you had little respect for him; cha robh meas aig air Cain, he had no respect for Cain; ma chall a mheas, about the loss of his fame, reputation; a rèir do mheas, according to your estimation; valuation, estimate, appraisement; meas nan tighean, the appraisement, or valuation of the houses, the estimate of the houses; gun mheas gun mhiadh, mar Mhànuis, without respect or approbation, like Magnus; fruit; meas nan craobh, the fruit of the trees; *v. value*, estimate, reckon, count, regard; measar an t-amadan fhèin, 'na dhuine glie 'nuair bhios e 'na thosd, even the fool is esteemed or regarded a wise man when he holds his peace; mheas iad am bàrr 'na tighean, they appraised or valued their crop and steadings; *pt.* esteeming, regarding; tha mi a' meas, I regard, I esteem.
- MEASACH, mēss²-ach, fruitful. *Macf.*
- MEASADAIR, mēss²-ad-ār, *n. m.* appraiser, valuator; measadaireachd, estimating, valuing, appraising.
- MEASADH, used improperly for meas, *pt.*
- MEASAIL, mēss²-al, *adj.* respectable, worthy; duine measail, a respectable individual; esteemed, valued, respected; measail aig uaislibh is libh, respected by high and low, by the great and humble.

MEASAIR, mēss²-ēr', *n. f.* a dish, measure.

MEASALACHD, mēss²-al-achg, *n. f.* respectability, merit, dignity, regard, esteem.

MEASAN, mēss²-an, *n. m.* a lapdog, puppy.

MEASARRA, mēss²-urr-a, *adj.* temperate, abstemious, sober, moderate, frugal; uime sin bithibh measarra, *therefore be sober. Bible.*

MEASARRACHD, mēss²-arr-achg, *n. f.* moderation, sobriety, temperance, frugality; ann am measarrachd, *in moderation.*

MEASG, mēssg², *n. m.* a mixture; am measg, *among, i. e. in the mixture; prep. among, amidst, midst; measg bheannta fasail, among desert mountains; measg tamhaig a shluaigh, amidst the spectres of his people; measg na striobh, in the midst of battle; nar measg-ne, in our middle, among us; nam measg, among them; v. mix, mingle, stir about; mharbh i a feòl, mheasg i a fuil, she hath killed her beasts, (flesh,) she hath mingled her blood. Bible, Ossian, &c.*

MEASGADH, mēssg²-ā, *pt.* mixing, mingling; *n. m.* a mixture, admixture.

MEASGAN, mēssg²-an, *n. m.* butter-crock.

MEASGTE, mēssg²-tyā, *pt.* mixed, mingled.

MEASGNAICH, mēssg²-nnēch, *v.* mix, *Macl.*

MEASRAICH, mēss'-rēch, *v.* think. *H.*

MEAT, } métt'-a, *adj.* timid, chicken-

MEATA, } hearted, easily abashed, cowardly; siol meata, *a timid race, O.; cha bhuadhaich am meata gu bràth, the chicken-hearted shall never conquer, or prosper. Proverb.*

MEATACHADH, métt'-ach.ā, *n. m.* benumbing, daunting, damping the spirits; thug sin meatachadh mòras, *that daunted him greatly; a' mheatachadh, his being benumbed; pt.* benumbing; daunting, starving of cold.

MEATACHD, métt'-achg, *n. f.* timidity, delicacy of feeling, or sentiment; cowardice; sheas Fioun air leir gun mheatachd, *Fingal stood on a declivity undauntingly.*

MEATACH, métt'-ēch, *v.* damp, daunt, intimidate; starve of cold, benumb; mheatach siod gu mòr e, *that daunted or damped his spirits greatly.*

MEATH, mhé, *v.* fade, decay, fail; mheath a' chraobh, *the tree faded, Is.; v.* taunt, damp; a' toirt meathadh dhomhsa, *taunting me, I slay; n. m.* consumption, failing, fading; mheath i gach cridhe, *she damped every spirit. Smith.*

MEATHADH, mhé'-ā, *pt.* decaying, fading, failing; damping, discouraging; *n. m.* taunt, jeer, gibe; cha ruig thu leas a bhi toirt meathadh dhomhsa, *you need not taunt me on that account.*

MEATH-CHALLTUINN, mé'-challt-ēnn, *n. f.* southern-wood. *Macdonald.*

MEATH-CHRIDHEACH, mé'-chrē'-ach, *adj.* faint-hearted, chicken-hearted, timid.

MEIDH, mē-yh', *n. f.* a balance; pronounced in the Mainland, mé, *v.* weigh.

MEIDHEACH, mé'-ach, *a. mild. Ossian.*

MEIDHEADAIR, mé'-yā-dār', *n. m.* balancer.

MEIDHIS, mé'-ēsh, *n. f.* an instalment; phàidh sin air mheidhisean e, *we paid it by instalments; a cheud mheidhis, the first instalment; na mheidhisean, by instalments.*

This word is peculiar to Argyle, and has reference to the ancient mode of payments, *i. e.* by weight, (from meidh)—pronounced on the Mainland, mé'-ēsh, and confounded often there, with minis, a degree or set portion; nì sinn na mhinisean e, *we shall do it by degrees or allotted portions.*

MEIDHICHEAN, méyh'-ēch-an, *n. pl.* hip-joints; as na mèidhichean, *the hip-joint dislocated, the spine hurt.*

MEIDHISICH, mé'-ēsh-ēch, *v.* graduate.

MEIG, méég, *n. f.* a protuberant chin, the snout of a goat.

MEIGEADAICH, méig'-ad-ēch, } *n. f.* bleat-

MEIGEARDAICH, méig'-ard-ēch, } ing of goats.

MEIGEIL, méig'-èl, *v.* bleat as a goat.

MEIL, mèll, *v.* bleat as a sheep.

MEIL, māl', *v.* grind, meal, mill; mèil-eadh mo bhean do neach eile, *let my wife grind to another, Bible; pound, pulverise; a chaile air a mèileadh, the chalk pulverised.*

MEILE, māl'-ā, *n. m.* mill-staff.

MEILEACHD, māl'-achg, *n. f.* multure.

MEILEADAIR, māl'-ad-ār', *n. m.* grinder.

MEILEAG, māl'-ag, muzzle, beileag.

MEILEARTAN, māl'-art-an, *n. pl.* flesh-mites, generally under the toes.

MEILICH, mèll'-ēch, *n. f.* bleating of sheep, querulousness; mèilich nan caorach, *bleating of sheep; mèilich mhaoth, soft bleating. M'F.*

MEILICH, mèll'-ēch, *v.* bennmb.

MEILIGEAG, māl'-ég-ag, *n. f.* pea-husk.

MEILTIR, mālly'-tyēr, *see* Meildreach.

MEIN, meìn, *n. f.* ore, metal, bullion; meìn airgid, *silver ore; meìn òir, gold metal.*

MEINEADAIR, meìn'-ad-ar', *n. m.* miner, mineralogist, student of ores.

MEINEADAIREACHD, meìn'-ad-ār-achg, *n. f.* mineralogy, the occupation of a miner.

MEINIRE, mènn'-ēr-ā, *n. m.* mine-sieve.

MEINN, mèinn, *n. f.* expression, features; is dona a mheinn a th'ort, *your expression of countenance does not betoken any thing good; cia morda a mheinn, how majestic*

- her countenance, *MacIachlan*; mercy, clemency, discretion, discretionary power; *fag na mheinn fhèin e*, leave it to his own discretion; *tha e ad mheinn*, it is left to your own clemency; *am mèinn na gaoith*, to the mercy of the wind; *duine air fhàgail g'a mheinn fhèin*, man left to his own shifts or prudence; native energy, or quality; *talamh a bheir bàrr o a mheinn fhèin*, land that can produce crops from its own nature or native energy, *Macdonald*.
- MEINNEALACHD, mèinn'-al-achg, *n. f.* productive quality; tenderness, as grass, tallow, &c.
- MEINNEIL, mèinn'-al, *adj.* tender, productive, prolific, as a female; native; flexible as metals; substantial, sappy.
- MEIRAN, mair, *adj.* slender; *v.* digest.
- MEIRG, mairg, *n. f.* rust; *v.* rust, corrode.
- MEIRGEACH, mairg'-ach, *adj.* rusty; as a person, cadaverous, ill tempered.
- MEIRGEAL, mairg'-al, *n. m.* a cadaverous person.
- MEIRGHE, mairh'-a, *n. m.* a banner. *Irish*.
- MEIRGICH, mairg'-ich, *v.* grow rusty.
- MEIRLE for MEAIRLE, theft.
- MEIR, myòr, *n. pl.* fingers; also *gen.* of meur, a finger.
- MEOMHAIR, myó'-èr, *n. f.* memory, recollection; *faigh air do mheomhair*, get by rote, get by heart; *gleus do mheomhair*, excite your memory. *M'L.*
- MEOMBRACH, myó'-ach, *n. f.* memorandum.
- MEORACHADH, myòr'-ach-X, *pt.* meditating, pondering; observing attentively; *n. f.* meditation.
- MEORAICH, myòr'-èch, *v.* meditate, ponder.
- MEORAICH, myòr'-èch, *v.* meditate, ponder, calculate, reconsider, study; literally, count your fingers, a mode of calculation not altogether extinct; notice, note.
- MEUD, mèdd', mèdd, *n. m.* size, bulk, dimensions, extent, magnitude, greatness; *meud an tighe*, the size of the house; *air mheud gu 'm bheil e*, let him or it be ever so great; *ma 'n mheud sìod*, about that size; *meud do ghàirdean*, the greatness of thy arm; *meud a bhròin*, the magnitude of his grief; *dè a mheud*, what is his stature or its size? *meud a' ghoirtean*, the extent of the field; as many as, number, quantity; *co mheud a th' ann*, how many are there? *agus a' mheud* agus a bhoir ris, leighis e iad, and as many as he touched, he healed; *a mheud's a tha lathair*, as many as are present, as many as there are alive or surviving; *a' mheud agus gu d' rinn thu sin*, inasmuch, in so much as, in as far as you have done that; *co meud a fhuair thu*, how many or what quantity did you get? *a' dol am meud*, growing in size, or stature, or extent.
- MEUDACHADH, mèdd'-ach-X, *pt.* increasing, augmenting, multiplying; *n. m.* an enlargement, augmentation, increase, growth.
- MEUDACHD, mèdd'-achg, *n. f.* size, stature, magnitude, dimensions, extent, bulk; is *ioghnadh leam a mheudachd*, I am surprised at its dimensions. *O.*; *duine do mheudachd mhòir*, a man of great size or stature; *agus thàinig Iosa air 'aghaidh ann an gliocas is ann am meudachd*, and Jesus grew in wisdom and stature. *B.*; is *ioghnadh leam fhèin a mheudachd*, I am surprised at its bulk. *Sm.*
- MEUDAICH, mèdd'-èch, *v.* increase, enlarge, multiply, add, abound, grow in size, improve, augment; *mudaichaidh mi do dhoilghios*, I will multiply thy sorrow; *mudaichaidh tu a luach*, thou shalt increase its value. *Bible*; *am fear nach meudaich an carn*, gu'm meudaich e a' chroich, he that will not add to the cairn, may he add to the dignity of the gibbet. *Prov.*; *far an do mheudaich am peacadh bu ro-mhò a mheudaich gràs*, where sin abounded, grace did much more abound; *Rom. v. and 20.*; *meudaichte*, increased, &c.
- MEUDD-BHEANN, or -BHRONN, mèd'-vrànn, *n. f.* dropsy.
- MEUG, mègg, *n. m.* whey.
- MEUGACH, mègg'-ach, } *adj.* serous, like
MEUGAIL, mègg'-al, } whey, of whey.
- MEUNAN, mèu'-an, *n. m.* a yawn, gape.
- MEUNANAICH, mèu'-an-èch, *n. f.* yawning; *thòisich e air meunanaich*, he began to yawn.
- MEUR, mèrr, *n. f.* a finger, branch, prong, knot of wood, toe; *thum an sagairt a mheur*, the priest dipped his finger; *na casan agus am meoir*, the feet and their toes; *meur a ghràpa*, the prong of the fork; *meur do'n teàghlach sin*, a branch of that family; *tha meoir san fhiodh*, the wood is knotty; a slight degree; *meur do'u chaithidh*, a slight degree of consumption; *meur a ghiomaich*, the claw of the lobster.
- MEURACH, mèrr'-ach, *adj.* fingered, pronged, knotty; full of knots or bumps.
- MEURAOAN, mèrr'-ad-an, *n. m.* a delicate, slender, weak person.
- MEURADANACH, mèrr'-ad-an-ach, *a.* delicate.
- MEURADANACHD, mèrr'-ad-an-achg, *n. f.* the conduct of a delicate person; eating or dealing with, gently.
- MEURAO, mèrr'-ag, *n. f.* little finger.
- MEURAGAICH, mèrr'-ag-èch, *v.* finger, fidget; also *meuraganaich*, and *meuraich*.

NEURAICH, mèrr'-èch, *v.* prong, finger.

MEURAN, mèrr'-an, *n. m.* a thimble.

MEURANTA, mèrr'-annt-a, *a.* delicate.

MEURANTACHD, mèrr'-annt-achd, *n. f.* delicacy of constitution, silliness of person.

MH, *vh.* aspirated form of *m*.

MHAIN, vhaën, *adv.* only, alone; is tusa a mhàin Iehobhah, *thou art alone, Jehovah*; cha'n e sin a mhàin, *that is not all, or alone*.

MI, mē, *per. pron.* I; is mē, *it is I*; bithidh mī, *I shall be*; 2d, *neg. part.*, signifying not, and answering to in, un, il, &c., in English; sometimes signifies evil, the worst.

MIADH, mēā'-gh', *n. m.* demand, call; cha 'n'eil miadh sam bith air crodh, *there is no demand for cattle*; honour, approbation; meas agus miadh, *respect and approbation*; gun mhiadh, *gun bhàigh, without honour or affection*.

MIADHALACHD, mēā'-ghal-achg, *n. f.* degree of demand; preciousness, respectability, fondness, rareness.

MIADHAIL, mēā'-gh'-al, *adj.* in great demand; precious, valuable, fond of, very fond of; tha buntàta miadhail, *the potatoes are in great demand*; miadhail m'a chloinn, *dotingly fond of his children*; gnothach miadhail, *precious or valuable thing*.

MIAG, mēāg, *n. m.* a mew of a cat; caterwauling; *v.* mew, caterwaul, as a cat.

MIAGAIL, mēāg'-al, *n. f.* mewling, caterwauling.

MIAL, mēāl, *n. m.* a louse; mial spàgach, *a crab-louse*; mial-mòna, *peat-louse*; mial-caorach, *a tick*, (seòlann properly.)

MIALACH, mēāl'-ach, *adj.* lousy.

MIALACHD, mēāl'-achg, *n. f.* lousiness.

MIALCHU, mēāl'-chū, *n. m.* greyhound.

MI-ALTRUM, mē-alt'-rum, *n. m.* bad nursing; cinnidh mac o mhi-altrum ach cha chinn e o'n aog, *a son may grow from bad nursing, but cannot escape the grave. G. Proverbs*.

MIANN, mēänn, *n. m.* intention, desire, inclination, will, purpose, love, delight, appetite; dè tha mhiann ort a dheanadh, *what do you mean to do?* am miann leat blàr, *is your intention battle?* an sàsuich thu miann na leòghuinn òig, *will thou fill the appetite of the young lion?* a shluagh gun chiall, thug miann do'n òr, *ye senseless people that bestowed your affections on gold*; tha 'mhiann sin orm, *I mean or purpose to do that*; dè tha mhiann ort a dheanadh, *what do you mean to do?* tha 'mhiann air teicheadh, *he means to desert, to decamp*; miann nan aingidh, *the desire of the wicked*; bàs mo naimhde cha mhiann leam, *the death*

of my foes I do not desire; th'a mhiann orm, *I mean, I intend*; ma tha mhiann ort dol dachaidh, *if you purpose or intend going home*; cha n en am miann-san sàsiente, *their appetite is not appeased*; am miann leat sìth, *do you wish for peace?* an absurd longing of a woman in the family way; mole on the child in consequence of that desire not being satisfied; complete satisfaction, entire approbation; rinn e gad' mhiann, *he did it to your entire satisfaction*, or approbation; tha miann air 'aodann, *there is a mole on his face*; miann fion, *a mole of the colour of wine*.

MIANNACH, mēänn'-ach, *a.* desirous, keen.

MIANNACHADH, mēänn'-ach-X, *pt.* coveting, desiring; am miannachadh cuid dulse eile, *coveting another's property*; a'miannachadh gu mòr fhaicinn, *longing or desiring greatly to see him*.

MIANNAICH, mēänn'-èch, *v.* desire, covet, lust after, fix one's heart on, wish greatly.

MIANNAR, } mēänn'-ur, *adj.* desirous, MIANNMHOR, } covetous, greedy.

MIAGUS, mē-flog'-us, *n. m.* unseemliness.

MIAPACHD, mēāp'-achg, *n. f.* cowardice.

MIAPADH, mēāp'-X, *n. m.* bashfulness, cowardice, pusillanimity; also miap.

MIAPAIDH, mēāp'-é, *adj.* cowardly.

MIAS, mēās, *n. f.* dish, platter, charger, plate; ceann Eòin bàistidh air mèis, *the head of John the Baptist on a charger*, (on a plate.) Bible.

MI-BHAIGH, mē-vhi'-y', *n. f.* unkindness.

MI-BHAIL, mē-vha'V, *n. f.* profusion. *H. S.*

MI-BHANAIL, mē-vhān'-al, *a.* immodest.

MI-BHANALACHD, mē-vhān'-al-achg, *n. f.* immodesty.

MI-BHEUS, mē-vās', *n. f.* vice, immorality.

MI-BHEUSACH, mē-vās'-ach, *a.* immodest.

MI-BHEUSACHD, mē-vās'-achg, *n. f.* immorality, immodesty, unpoliteness, bad manners.

MI-BHLASDA, mē-vhlāsd'-a, *a.* insipid.

MI-BHLASDACHD, mē-vhlāsd'-achg, *n. f.* insipidity.

MI-BHOIDHEACH, mē-vòé'-ach, *adj.* unhandsome.

MI-BHREATHNAICH, mē-vren'-èch, *v.* misconceive.

MI-BHREITH, mē-vhrā', *n. f.* wrong judgment.

MI-BHUAIREASACH, mē-vūā'-as-ach, *a.* good tempered.

MI-BHUAIDH, mē-vūā'-y", *n. f.* defeat.

MI-BHUIDHEACH, mē-vūé'-y"-ach, *a.* dissatisfied, displeased, discontented.

MI-BHUIL, mē-vūél, *n. f.* misapplication, profusion; rinn thu mi-bhuil deth, *you misapplied it, you made bad use of it, you wasted it*.

MI-BHUILICH, mē-vūl'-ēch, *v.* misapply, misimprove, waste, squander; *mhi-bhuilich* thu t-ùine, *you misapplied your time*; *mi-bhuilichte*, *misapplied, misimproved, wasted.*

MI-BHUNAILTEACH, mē-vūn'-aljt'-ach, *adj.* unstationary, inconstant, unsettled.

MI-CHAIÐREACH, mē-chājj'-ryach, *a.* unsociable, disaffected, unfriendly.

MI-CHAIÐDEAS, mē-chājj'-us, *n.m.* unkindness.

MI-CHAIÐEIL, mē-chājj'-al, *a.* unfriendly.

MI-CHALMARRA, mē-chalm'-urt'-a, *a.* feeble.

MI-CHAOIMHNEIL, mē-chaðñ'-al, *a.* unkind.

MI-CHAOIMHNEAS, mē-chaðñ'-as, *n. m.* unkindness.

MI-CHAOIMHAINN, mē-chùv'-ènn, *v.* mispend.

MI-CHAOIMHNADH, mē-chùv'-nā, *n. m.* profusion.

MI-CHEART, mē-chyart, *adj.* unjust, evil.

MI-CHEARTAS, mē-chyart'-us, *n. m.* injustice.

MI-CHIAL, mē-chéall, *n. m.* insanity, folly.

MI-CHIALACH, mē-chéall'-ach, *mad, insane.*

MI-CHIAT, mēch'-chēat, *n. f.* dislike.

MI-CHINNT, mē-chyēnt, *n. f.* uncertainty.

MI-CHINNTACH, mē-chyēnt'-ach, *a.* uncertain.

MI-CHION, mē-chyun, *n. m.* aversion.

MI-CHIUIN, mē-chyūn, *a.* boisterous.

MI-CHLIS, mē-chlēsh, *a.* inactive.

MI-CHLEACHD, mē-chlech, *v.* abrogate, disuse, render obsolete.

MICHLIU, mē'-chlū, *n. f.* disgrace, infamy, reproach, bad fame or character.

MICHLIUTEACH, mē-chlū't'-ach, *a.* disgraceful, infamous, reproachful, dishonourable.

MI-CHREASDA, mē-chresd'-a, *adj.* cruel.

MI-CHREASDACHD, mē-chrest'-achg, *n. f.* cruelty.

MI-CHOLTACH, mē-chōlt'-ach, *a.* improbable, unlikely; unlike, dissimilar.

MI-CHOLTACHD, mē-chōlt'-achg, *n. f.* improbability, dissimilarity, unlikeliness.

MI-CHOMPANTA, mē-chōmp'-ant-ā, *adj.* unsocial, unsociable, distant.

MI-CHOMPANTACHD, mē-chōmp'-ant-achg, *n. m.* unsociableness, distant manner.

MI-CHORD, mē-chōrd', *v.* disagree, dissent.

MI-CHORDADH, mē-chōrd'-ā, *pt.* disagreeing, dissenting; *n. m.* disagreement.

MI-CHOTHADH, mē-chor'-um, *n. m.* unfairness, disadvantage, injustice.

MI-CHOTHROMACH, mē-chor'-um-ach, *adj.* uneven, rugged; unfair, unjust.

MI-CHREID, mē-chraðj, *v.* disbelieve.

MI-CHREIDEACH, mē-chraðj'-ach, *a.* distrustful; *n.m.* unbeliever, infidel, heretic.

MI-CHREIDEADH, } mē-chrao'j'-ā, *n. m.* un-
MI-CHREIDEAMH, } belief, heresy, want of
faith; air son am *mi-chreideadh*, *for their unbelief. Bible.*

MI-CHREIDEAS, mē-chrao'j'-as, *n. m.* want of confidence, disrespect, distrust.

MI-CHREIDEASACH, mē-chrao'j'-as-ach, *adj.* disrespectful, distrustful.

MI-CHRIDHEIL, mē-chrēð'-al, *a.* heartless.

MI-CHRUINNEALAS, mē-chrūēnn'-al-us, *un- tidiness, profusion.*

MI-CHRUINNEIL, mē-chrūēnn'-al, *adj.* untidy, uneconomical, profuse.

MI-CHUIMHNEACH, mē-chuēn'-ach, *a.* forgetful.

MI-CHUIS, see Mlochuis, jilting, smirking.

MI-CHUNACHDAIL, mē-chum'-achg-al, } *adj.*

MI-CHUNNADAIL, mē-chunn'-ad-al, } unshapely, ill-shaped.

MI-CHURAM, mē-chūr'-um, *n. f.* negligence.

MI-CHURAMACH, mē-chūr'-am-ach, *a.* careless.

MI-DHAICHEALACHD, } mē-g'hâēch'-al-achg
MI-DHAICHEALAS, } *n. f.* absurdity.

MI-DHAICHEIL, mē-g'hâēch'-al, *a.* absurd, improbable, unlikely, nonsensical.

MI-DHEALBH, mē-yhvalv, *n. m.* absurdity.

MI-DHEALBHACH, mē-yhval'-ach, *a.* absurd.

MI-DHEAS, mē-yhyās², *a.* unprepared, wrong.

MI-DHIADHACHD, mē-yhēað'-gh'-achg, *n. f.* ungodliness, unholiness, irreligion.

MI-DHIADHAIDH, mē-g'hēað'-gh'-ē, *a.* unholy.

MI-DHILEAS, mē-yhēl'-us, *a.* unfaithful.

MI-DHILLSEACHD, mē-yhēlly'-shach, *n. f.* disloyalty, unfaithfulness, treachery.

MI-DHLEASNACH, mē-ghlās²-nach, *a.* undutiful, disloyal, unfaithful.

MI-DHLEASNAS, mē-ghlās²-nas, *n.m.* undutifulness.

MI-DHIGHE, mē-ghle-ì, *n. f.* unlawfulness.

MI-DHIGHEACH, mē-ghlē'-ach, *a.* not due.

MI-DHLIGHEIL, mē-ghlē'-al, *a.* unlawful.

MI-DHOCHAS, mē-ghōch'-us, *n. m.* despair.

MI-DHOCHASACH, mē-ghōch'-as-ach, *adj.* despondent; diffident, unpretending, retiring.

MI-DHOIGH, mē-ghōē'-y', *n. f.* want of method, awkwardness, absurdity.

MI-DHOIGHEIL, mē-ghōē'-y'-al, *adj.* disarranged, immethodical, absurd.

MI-DHREACH, mē'-ghrech, *n. m.* deformity.

MI-DHREACHMOR, mē-ghrech'-ur, *a.* ugly.

MI-DHURACHD, mē-ghūr'-achg, *n. m.* insincerity.

MI-DHURACHDACH, mē-ghūr'-achg-ach, *a.* insincere, indifferent, careless, negligent.

MI-EARBSA, mē-erb'-sā, *n. f.* distrust.

MI-EARBSACH, mē-erb'-sach, *adj.* distrustful, suspicious, despondent, despairing.

MI-EIFEACHD, mē-āf'-achg, *n. f.* inefficacy.

MI-EARACHDAIL, mē-ār'-achg-al, *a.* unseemly.
 MI-EARACHDAS, mē-ār'-achg-us, *n. m.* ungentility.
 MI-FHAICHILL, mē-ich'-èlly', *n. m.* negligence, unguardedness; *mi-fhaichilleach*, uncautious.
 MI-FHAIGHIDINN, mē-iy'-è-jènn, *n. f.* impatience, greed, keenness.
 MI-FHAIGHIDINNEACH, mē-èy'-cjj-ènn-ach, *adj.* impatient, too impetuous, too keen.
 MI-FHEUM, mē-ām, *n. m.* misapplication, uselessness, bad use.
 MI-FHREAGARRACH, mē-rāg'-arr-ach, *a.* unsuitable, unanswerable, unbefitting.
 MI-FHREASDALACH, mē-rās'd'-al-ach, *adj.* inattentive, heedless, improvident.
 MI-FHURACHAIL, mē-ūr'-ach-al, *a.* inattentive, careless, unguarded.
 MI-FHURASD, mē-ūr'-asd, *a.* difficult.
 MI-GHIULAN, mē-ghùl'-an, *n. m.* misconduct.
 MI-GHLIC, mē-ghlèchg', *adj.* unwise.
 MI-GHLIOCAS, mē-ghlèuchg'-us, *n. m.* folly.
 MI-GRNATHACHADH, mē-ghràch'-ā, *n. m.* abuse, misconduct, misapplication.
 MI-GHNATHAICH, mē-ghrà'-èch, *a.* abuse.
 MI-GHRASAIL, mē-ghrás'-al, *a.* reprobate.
 MI-GHRUNND, mē'-ghrúnn'd, *n. m.* indifference.
 MI-GHRUNNDAIL, mē-ghrúnn'd'-al, *a.* careless.
 MI-IOMCHUIDH, mē-ém'-ach-è, *a.* unfit.
 MI-IOMCHUIDHEACHD, mē-ém'-ach-è-achg, *n. f.* impropriety, unfitness, indecency.
 MI-IONRADH, mē-ém'-rà, *n. m.* evil report.
 MI-IONRAIC, mē-éun'-rég, *a.* dishonest.
 MIL, mèl, *n. f.* honey; *cir-mheala*, honey-comb; *do phòg air bhlas na meala*, your kiss has the taste of honey. *Slew.*
 MI-LABHRACH, mē-llāv'-rach, *a.* taciturn.
 MI-LAGHAIL, mē-llaogh'-al, *a.* unlawful, illegal, illicit, prohibited.
 MIL-CHEO, mèl'-chyò, *n. m.* mildew.
 MI-DREOIN, mē-yhyòén', *n. f.* reluctance.
 MI-DREONACH, mē-yhyon'-ach, *a.* reluctant.
 MILE, mèl'-ā, *n. m.* a mile, a thousand; *mìltean*, thousands.
 MILEACHADH, mèl'-ach-ā, *n. m.* benumbing, starving of cold.
 MILEANH, mèl'-uv, *adj.* thousandth.
 MILEANTA, mèl'-annt-ā, *adj.* sweet-lipped.
Is; heroic, brave. *Macd.*; stately. *M'F.*
 MILICH, mèl'-èch, *v.* benumb.
 MILIDH, mèl'-è, *n. m.* champion. *Smith.*
 MI-LIOSDA, mē-llèsd'-a, *adj.* unobtrusive.
 MILIS, mèl'-èsh, *adj.* sweet, savoury.
 MILL, mèlly', *n. pl.* lumps; *meal*, one; *v.* spoil, hurt, mar, disarrange; *mhìll thu e*, you spoiled it—*N.* starve of cold.
 MILLEADH, mèlly'-ā, *pl.* spoiling, ruin.

MILLEACH, mèlly'-ach, *n. m.* tender, sappy grass.
 MILLSE, mèlly'-shā, *n.* degree of sweetness.
 MILLSEAD, mèlly'-shad, *n. f.* deg. of sweetness.
 MILLSEACHD, mèlly'-shachg, *n. f.* sweetness.
 MILLSICH, mèlly'-shyèch, *v.* sweeten.
 MILLTE, mèlly'-tyā, *pl.* spoiled, ruined.
 MILLTEACH, mèlly'-tyach, *adj.* ruinous.
 MILLTEACHD, mèlly'-tyachg, *n. f.* destructiveness.
 MILLTEAG, mèlly'-tyāg, *n. f.* battle of thatch.
 MILLTEAR, mèlly²-tyār, *n. m.* spendthrift; a prodigal person; *mar an ceudna*, esan a tha leis na obair, is bràthair e do'n *mhùlltear mhòr*, also he that is slothful in his work, is brother to him that is a great waster.
 MI-LOINN, mè'-lāōēn, *n. f.* ungracefulness.
 MI-LOINEIL, mè'-lāōén'-al, *adj.* awkward.
 MI-MHAISE, mē-mhāsh'-ā, *n. f.* deformity.
 MI-MHAISEIL, mē-vāsh'-al, *a.* deformed.
 MI-MHEAS, mè'-vhèss, *n. m.* disrespect.
 MI-MHEASAIL, mē-vhèss'-al, *a.* disrespectful.
 MI-MHEASARRA, mē-vèss'-arr-ā, *adj.* intemperate, immoderate, dissolute, incontinent.
 MI-MHINICH, mē-vēn'-èch, *v.* disinterpret, misconstrue, mis-expound.
 MI-MHISNEACH, mè-vēs²h'-nyach, *n. f.* discouragement, irresolution, shiness, diffidence, damp.
 MI-MHISNEACHAIL, mè-vēs²h'-nyach-al, *a.* faint-hearted, disheartening, cowardly, backward.
 MI-MHISNICH, mē-vèsh'-nyèch, *v.* discourage, dishearten, dismay; damp the spirits.
 MI-MHODH, mè-vhō², *n. m.* rudeness.
 MI-MHODHAIL, mè-vhō²-al, *a.* rude, unpolite, unmannerly, ungentlemanly.
 MIN, mēn, *adj.* smooth, agreeable to the touch; soft, delicate, tender; *min bhasan bàna*, delicate, soft, fair hands. *Mt.*; aodach min, smooth cloth—cloth agreeable to the touch; *clacha mìne a'n t-sruith*, smooth stones from the stream; gentle, mild, quiet, inoffensive; an gille min, an ìghean mhin, the gentle, inoffensive young man,—the gentle inoffensive maid; pulverised, ground small; fine; *min mhin*, fine meal; meal ground or pulverised too fine.
 MIN, mēn, *n. f.* meal; *min eorna*, barley-meal; *min chruinneachd*, flour, wheat-meal; *min-eararaidh*, parched-meal; *min sheaguil*, rye-meal; *min-pheasair*, pease-meal; *min phònair*, bean-meal.
 MI-NADUR, mè-nād'-ur, *n. m.* ill-nature.
 MI-NADURRA, mè-nād'-ur-a, *adj.* preter-

natural, unnatural; void of natural affection.

MI-NAIRE, mè-nàér'-à, *n. f.* impudence.

MI-NAOMH, mè-nùv', *a.* unholy, profane.

MI-NAOMHACHADH, mè-nùv'-ach-à, *pt.* profaning; *n. m.* profanation; act of profaning.

MI-NAOMHACHD, mè-nùv'-achg, *n. f.* profanation, unholiness.

MI-NAOMHAICH, mè-nùv'-èch, *v.* profane unhallow; a *mhi-naomhaich* an t-sàb-baid, *that profaned or unhallowed the Sabbath.*

MIN-BHRIST, mèn'-vrèsj, *v.* pulverise.

MINEACH, mèn'-ach, *n. m.* tender grass.

MINEACHD, mèn'-achg, *n. m.* softness, delicacy, fineness; *mìnèad, deg. of fineness.*

MINEACHADH, mèn'-ach-à, *pt.* expounding, interpreting, explaining, simplifying; *n. m.* exposition, explanation, interpretation; a' *mìneachadh* na h-earrann so, *explaining or expounding this passage; mìnèachadh a' Bhiobuill, exposition or explanation of the Bible, annotations of the Bible.*

MINICH, mèn'-èch, *v.* interpret, explain, illustrate, expound, simplify; *mìnich* so dhomh, *explain this to me; mhinich* iad slighe Dhè na bu coimhionta, *they expounded the way of God more perfectly. Bible.*

MINICHE, mèn'-èch-à, *n. m.* interpreter.

MINID, mèn'-èj, *n. f.* runnet; blinid.

MINIDH, mèn'-è, *n. m.* awl; meanaidh.

MINIG, mèn'-èg, *adj.* and *adv.* frequent, often; is *minig* a thachras a leithid sin, *the like of that often happens; nì minig, frequent thing.*

MINISTIR, mènn'-èshjt-èr, *n. m.* minister, clergyman; ionns gu'm bithinn a'm *mhinistir* aig Iosa Crìosda, *so that I might be a minister of Jesus Christ. B.*

MINISTAEIL, mènn'-èshjt-ral, *a.* ministerial.

MINISTREILEACHD, mènn'-èshjt-ral-achg, *n. f.* ministration, clerical function, incumbency; *ministreileachd* an fhacail, *ministration of the Word. Bible.*

MINIS, mèn'-èsh, *n. f.* a degree or portion; nì sin air minisibh e, *we will do it by degrees, by little and little; a cheud mhinis deith, the first portion or part of it.*

MINNHEAR, mèn'-vhèr, *n. f.* hemlock. *Ir.*

MINN, mènn, *n. pl.* kids; *gen.* of a kid.

MINNEAN, mènn'-aen, *n. m.* kidding.

MINNICEAN, mènn'-èchg-àn, *n. m.* kid-ekin.

Mto, mè, prefix for mì-, before a, o, u.

MIOCHUIS, mèch'-chùsh, *n. f.* flirtation, pretended indifference, coquetry, leer.

MIOCHUISEACH, mè'-chùsh-ach, *adj.* coquettish, flirting, as a prude, leering with the eye; *n. f.* a coquette, flirt.

MIOCHUISEACHD, mè'-chùsh-achg, *n. f.* flirtation, coquetry; assumed indifference.

MIODAL, mèd'-al, *n. m.* flattery.

MIODALACH, mèd'-al-ach, *a.* fawning.

MIODAR, mèdd'-ur, *n. m.* meadow, good grass or pasture.

MIODHAIR, mè-ur', *n. m.* churl, niggard; *adj.* pitiful, paltry.

MIOFHORTAN, mè'-òrt-an, *n. m.* misfortune.

MIOFHORTANACH, mè'-òrt-an-ach, *adj.* unfortunate, misfortunate, disastrous, unhappy.

MIOG, mègg, *n. f.* a wanton leer, or eye, or look; *mìogshuil, laughing eye, an ogling, wanton, leering eye.*

MIOGSHUILEACH, mèg'-shùil-ach, *adj.* having a leering wanton eye.

MIOLARAN, mèul'-ar-an, *n. m.* fawning of a dog, expression of joy.

MIOLASG, mèul'-àsg, *n. m.* skittishness, skit of a horse.

MIOLASGACH, mèul'-àsg-ach, *adj.* skittish.

MIOLASGACHD, mèul'-àsg-achg, *n. f.* skittishness.

MIONHAIL, mèv'-al, *adj.* impertinent.

MIONHAILACHD, mèv'-al-achg, *n. f.* impertinence.

MION, mèùn', *adj.* small; buntàta *mion, small potatoes; adv.* minutely; am bheil thu *mion* eòlach air, *are you minutely acquainted with him? an do mhion rann-suich thu e, did you search it minutely?*

MIONACH, mèv'-ach, *n. m.* entrails, bowels.

MIONAN, mèn'-an, *n. m.* sheep, or dove-dung.

MIONACRACH, mèn'-achg-rach, *a.* eating but little at a time, but often trying meat, as an invalid, when convalescent.

MIONAID, mènn'-aj, *n. f.* minute, moment.

MIONAIDEACH, mènn'-aj-ach, *adj.* minute; iarr gu *mionaideach, search minutely.*

MIONN, mèünn, *n. f.* an oath, a vow, declaration on oath, curse; beul nam *mionn, the cursing lips;—also, crown of the head, (obsolete.)*

MIONNAICH, mèünn'-èch, *v.* swear, curse, make oath, make a solemn appeal to God; *mionnaich* dhòmhsa air Dia, *swear unto me by God, Bible; mionnaichte, sworn, bound by an oath; tha e mionnaichte ris gu cuir e as dhuit, he is fully resolved, is bound by an oath to finish your days.*

MIONORAICH, mè-ün'-ar-èch, *v.* dishonour.

MIORAILT, mèr'-aljt, *n. f.* miracle.

MIORAILTEACH, mèr'-aljt'-ach, *adj.* miraculous, past comprehension, incomprehensible.

MIORAILTEACHD, mèr'-aljt'-achg, *n. f.* miraculousness, incomprehensibility, wonderfulness.

MIORBHUIL, mērv'-ūl, *n. f.* miracle.
 MIORBHUILEACH, mēr'-vūly'-ach, *adj.* miraculous, marvellous, wonderful.
 MIORBHUILEACHD, mēr'-vūly'-achg, *n. f.* wonderfulness, marvelousness, miraculousness.
 MIORUN, mēr'-rūn, *n. m.* malice, ill will, spite.
 MIORUNACH, mēr'-rūn'-ach, *a.* malicious, malevolent.
 MIORUNACHD, mēr'-rūn'-achg, *n. f.* maliciousness, malevolence, ill will, spitefulness.
 MIOS, mēss, *n. m.* a month; *b' fhaide gach míosa na bliathna, every month seemed longer than a whole year. Smith.*
 MIOSA, mēs'-á, *deg. of dona, worse, worst, inferior; bithidh staid dheireanach an duine sin na 's míosa na a thoiseach, the last state of that man shall be worse than the first, the beginning.*
 MIOSACH, mēss'-ach, *adj.* monthly, menstrual; *angalar míosach, menstrual courses, Arm.; n. f.* herb, the purging-flax.
 MIOSAIL, mēss'-al, *a.* monthly.
 MIOSADAIR, mēs'-ad-ár, *n. m.* an almanack, kalendar.
 MIOSGAN, mēsg'-ad, *n. m.* butter-kit.
 MIOSGUINN, mēsg'-énn, *u. f.* malice. *H. Society.*
 MIOTAG, mēt'-ag, *n. f.* worsted glove.
 MIOTHAIRD, mē'-árj, *n. f.* unprotection, state of not being looked after.
 MIOTHLACHD, mē'-hlächg, *n. m.* offence, displeasure, resentment; *a' toiltinn míohtlachd duine sam bith, incurring the displeasure, or resentment of any person.*
 MIOTHLACHDAR, mē'-hlachg-ur, *adj.* displeasing, disagreeable, vexing, galling.
 MIR, mēr, *n. f.* fury, rage, mad play, or romping; *tha e air mhir, the man is stark mad; v.* sport, skip, frisk.
 MIR, mēr, *n. m.* bit, particle; *cha 'n 'eil mír agam, I have'nt a particle; na h-uile mír, every bit, every particle; a subdivision, a portion; mír móna, a subdivision of a peat-stack; mír fearainn, a patch of ground. Bible.*
 MIRE, mēr'-á, *n. m. pl.* sport, sporting, levity, fury, rage, frenzy; *dh' éirich iad suas gu mire, they rose up to play, B.; mire-chath, rage or fury of battle; also the degree of mear, merry, wanton; na's mire, more merry or wanton.*
 MIKEAG, mēr'-ag, *n. f.* frisking, skipping.
 MIREANNACH, mēr'-ann'-ach, *n. m.* bridle-bit.
 MI-REUSON, mē-rēas'-un, *n. m.* repartee.
 MI-REUSONTA, mē-rēas'-ant-á, *a.* irrational.
 MI-REUSONTACHD, mē-rēas'-unt'-achg, *n. f.* unreasonableness, unconscionableness.
 MI-BIAGHAILT, mē-rēá'-aljt'y', *n. f.* mis-

rule, disorder, quarrel, confusion, turmoil.
 MI-RIAGHAILTEACH, mē-rēá'-aljt'y'-ach, *adj.* unruly, confused, unreasonable, quarrelsome.
 MI-RIAN, mē-rēnn, *n. m.* want of humour, or order.
 MI-RIOGHAIL, mē-rē-yhal, *adj.* disloyal; unbecoming a king, unprincely; *v.* misrule.
 MISD, mēshj, MISDE, mēshj'-á, degree of old, dona, adv. &c.; *cha mhíse mi síod, I am not a grain the worse for that; dè 's míse thu e, what are you the worse for it?*
 MISDEACHD, mēshj'-achg, *n. f.* inferiority, deterioration, tear.
 MI-STUIR, mē-styūr, *v.* misdirect, misadvise.
 MISE, mēsh'-á, *pron.* I myself, me myself.
 MISG, mēshg, *n. f.* drunkenness, a debauch, intoxication, inebriety; *thugaibh an fhaire dhuibh féin air eagal uair air bith gu'm bith bhur cridheachan fodh uallach le geócaireachd agus le misg, take heed unto yourselves, lest at any time your heart be overcharged with surfeiting and drunkenness, Luke xxi, 34.; air mhísg, drunk; uair air mhísg, is uair air uisge, one day drunk, and another day drinking water. G. Proverbs.*
 MISGEACH, mēshg'-ach, *adj.* drunken, intoxicated; *cha dean cridhe misgeach breug, a drunkard often tells (reveals) the truth. Prov.*
 MISGEAR, mēshg'-ár, *n. m.* drunkard.
 MISGEARACHD, mēshg'-ár'-achg, *n. f.* drunkenness, potations; *ri misgearachd, at potations.*
 MISGEIL, mēsg'-al, *adj.* intoxicating.
 MI-SGEINM, mē-skenm', *n. f.* slovenliness, indecorum, indecency, untidiness.
 MI-SGEINMEILL, mē-skénm'-al, *a.* untidy.]
 MI-SGEUL, mē-skē'll, *n. m.* evil report.
 MI-SGIOBALTA, mē-skēb'-alt-á, *adj.* clumsy, untidy, unwieldy, awkward in dress.
 MI-SGIOBALTACHD, mē-skēb'-alt'-achg, *n. f.* untidiness, awkwardness in gait or dress.
 MI-SGOINN, mē-skaōén, *n. f.* indecency.
 MI-SHEADH, mē-hyaō-gh', *n. m.* absurdity.
 MI-SHEADHAIL, mē-haō-ghal, *a.* absurd.
 MI-SHEILBH, mē-hálv, *n. f.* misfortune.
 MI-SHEIRC, mē-hāérk', *n. f.* disaffection.
 MI-SHEIRCEIL, mē-hāérk'-al, *adj.* surly.
 MI-SHEOL, mē-hyól, *v.* mislead, misguide.
 MI-SHEOLTA, mē-hyólt'-a, *adj.* unhandy.
 MI-SHEOLTACHD, mē-hyólt'-achg, *n. f.* unskillfulness, unhandiness, inexpertness.
 MI-SHIOBHAILTA, mē-hēv'-alt-a, *adj.* uncivil.
 MI-SHIOBHALTACHD, mē-hēv'-alt'-achg, *n. f.* uncivility, rudeness, unpoliteness, turbulence.

- MI-SHOCAIR, mē-hochg'-ér, *a.* uneasy, unsettled, uncomfortable, troubled, disturbed; *n. f.* disquietude, unsettled state, or case of.
- MI-SHONA, mē-hōn-á, *adj.* unfortunate.
- MI-SHONAS, mē-hōn-us, *n. f.* bad luck.
- MI-SHUAIMHNEACH, mē-húáév'-nyach, *adj.* restless, disquieted, disturbed, annoyed, distressed.
- MI-SHUAIMHNEAS, mē-húáév'-nyas, *n. m.* disquiet.
- MI-SHUCAIRC, mē-húáérk, *a.* unpolite.
- MI-SHUGHAR, mē-hú-ghar, *a.* sapless.
- MI-SHUIM, mē-húém, *n. f.* heedlessness, indifference, inattention, carelessness.
- MI-SHUIMEIL, mē-húém'-al, *adj.* careless.
- MISMEAN, mēsh'-ém-áén, *n. m.* bog-miut, (cartal,) Irish.
- MISNEACH, mēsh'-nyach, *n. f.* courage, spirit; manliness; cheer, encouragement; biodh deadh mhisneach agaibh, *be of good cheer, Bible*; glac misneach, *pluck up courage*; is dith misnich, *for want of courage*; is beag misneach a tha sin a' toirt domhsa, *that affords but slender encouragement to me*; cum suas do mhisneach, *keep up your spirits*; thoir misneach mhaith dha, *keep him in spirits*; cum am misneach mhaith e, *keep him in good hopes*; fear na misnich, *the man of courage, the brave man*; ehaill e mhisneach, *he is quite disheartened, or dispirited*.
- MISNEACHAIL, mēsh'-nyach-al, *a.* courageous, manly, brave, intrepid, undaunted.
- MISNICH, mēsh'-nyèch, *v.* encourage, exhort.
- MI-STATH, mē-stha, *n. m.* idleness, vanity.
- MI-STEIGHEALACHO, mē-styáé'-yhal-achg, *n. f.* unsteadiness, fickleness, giddiness.
- MI-STEIGHEIL, mē-styáé'-yhal, *adj.* unsteady.
- MI-STIUIR, mē-styüér, *v.* mislead, misguide.
- MI-STICIREADH, mē-styür'-á, *pt.* misleading, seducing; *n. m.* unmanageableness, seduction.
- MI-STUAMA, mē-stüám-á, *adj.* unguarded.
- MI-STUAMACHD, mē-stüám-achg, *n. f.* unguardedness, intemperance, immodesty.
- MI-THABHACHD, mē-háv'-achg, *n. f.* inefficiency.
- MI-THAING, mē-háèng, *n. f.* ingratitude.
- MI-THAINGEIL, mē-háèng'-al, *a.* ungrateful.
- MI-THAITINN, mē-hájt'-énn, *v.* disagree with, displease, give offence, offend; agus an uair a rinn an sluagh gearan, *mhitailinn e ris an Tighearn, and when the people complained, it displeased the Lord*.
- MI-THAITNEACH, mē-hájt'-nyach, *a.* disagreeable.
- MI-THAITNEAS, mē-hájt'-nyas, *n. m.* offence.
- MI-THAIBHE, mē-háèr'-á, *n. f.* disadvantage.
- MI-THARBHACH, mē-hav'-ach, *adj.* unprofitable, unsubstantial, unproductive.
- MI-THARBHACHD, mē-háv'-achg, *n. f.* unprofitableness, unproductiveness, unfruitfulness.
- MITH, mhé, *n. m.* low person. *Macdonald*.
- MI-THEIST, mē'-hásht, *n. f.* bad report.
- MI-THEISTEIL, mē-hásht'-al, *adj.* disreputable.
- MI-THEISTNEAS, mē-hásht'-nyas, *n. f.* ill-repute.
- MITHICH, mē'-yèch, *n. f.* fit time, high time, nick of time; is mithich dhuinn folbh, *it is high time that we should be off*; is mithich dhuibh éiridh, *it is time that you should get out of bed*; cha'n uair romh a mhíthich e, *it is not an hour before the proper time*; properly meidhich, from meidh; air mheidh a dlíol dachaidh, *on the eve of going home*.
- MI-THLUSAR, mē-hlús'-ur, *adj.* cold in affections; as clothes next the skin, uncomfortable.
- MI-THLUSABACHD, mē-thlús'-ur-achg, *n. m.* coldness of manner; uncomfortableness, as clothes.
- MI-THOGARRACH, mē-hóg'-arr-ach, *a.* a verse.
- MI-THOGRADH, mē-hóg'-rā, *n. m.* lust; aversion.
- MI-THOIL, mē'-hū'l, *n. f.* reluctance.
- MI-THOILEACH, mē-hū'l'-ach, *a.* averse.
- MI-THOILICH, mē-hū'l'-èch, *v.* displease.
- MI-THOILICHTE, mē-hū'l'-èch-tyá, *pt.* displeased, dissatisfied, discontented, unsatisfied.
- MI-THAOCAIR, mēhròchg'-ér, *n. f.* cruelty.
- MI-THUIG, mē'-hūèg, *v.* misunderstand.
- MI-THUIGSEACH, mē-hūèg'-shyach, *adj.* senseless, stupid, dull, absurd.
- MI-UAIBHREACH, mē-üáév'-rach, *adj.* humble.
- MI-CASAIL, mē-üás'-al, *adj.* ignoble, mean.
- MI-UAISLE, mē-üásh'-lá, *n. f.* meanness.
- MI-UMHAIL, mē-üv'-al, *a.* disobedient.
- MI-UMHLACHD, mē-üv'-lachg, *n. f.* disobedience, rebelliousness, disloyalty.
- MI-URRAM, mē-ürr'-um, *n. f.* disrespect.
- MI-URRAMACH, mē-ürr'-am-ach, *adj.* disrespectful.
- MNA, mrà, *gen.* of bean, a wife, woman.
- MNAI, mràe, *pl.* of bean, women, wives.
- MNAIDH, mrùè, *dat.* of bean, to a woman, to a wife.
- MNATHAN, mrà'-an, *n. pl.* wives, women.
- Mo, maò, *pass. pro. my, mine*; mo cheum, *my footsteps*; mo uighean, *my daughter*; mu, properly.
- Mo, mò, poetical contraction of momha, greater, &c.; is esan is momha, *he is greater*; cha momha orm thu's an cu, *I*

do not value you more than a dog; dè 's momha orms thu, what do I care for you! cha mhomha a nì mie, neither will I do it; is momha e na sin, it is greater than that; cha mhomha leam dè their thu is beagan, I care miserably little for what you say; n' aon a's lugha gus an aon is momha, from the least to the greatest; is momha e na gach aon, he is greater than all; cha mhomha orm thu is an cù, I care as little for you as for a dog.

MOCH, mòch, *adj.* early; o dhùsgadh na maidne moich, from the awakening of early morn. *Sn.*; *adv.* early, betimes, soon; éirich moch, rise early; moch an dè, early yesterday; is moch a dh'èirich thu, you rose early; moch is anamoch, early and late; moch am màireach, early to-morrow; *n.m.* dawn, morn; o mhoch gu dubh, from the dawn till the dusk; is moiche, earlier.

MOCHO, mòchg, *v.* yield. *Gill.*; *H. S.*

MOCHAIRIDH, mòch-àr'-è, *n.f.* } waking,
MOCHFHAIRICH, mòch'-àr'-èch, } or rising early; is tu a rinn a mhochairich, how early you are afoot! mochairich is ionairich, rising early, and late sitting; bi subhach, sunntach, mochair each, be cheerful, lively, and an early riser; rinn iad mochairidh, na mochairich, they rose early.

MOCHRATH, mòch'-hrà, *n.m.* dawn; 'sa mhochrath, in the dawn; *adv.* very early; bha e so mochrath, he was here early; anns a mhochrath, early in the morning, (moch and trath.)

MOD, mòd, *n.m.* court of justice; a' dol do 'n mhòd, going to the court of justice; an assembly, meeting.

MOBH, mò'-gh, *n.m.* politeness, good manners, good breeding; duine gun mhodh, an ill-bred man,—a man without good breeding; manner, method; air a mhodh so, by this method, in this manner; *v.* tame.

MODHALACHD, mò'-al-achg, *n.f.* good manners, politeness, good breeding, modesty.

MODHAR, mò'-ghar, *a.* soft, modest, silly, gentle; an gleann modhar nan sruthan lùbach, in the still vale of the meandering streamlets.

MOG, mòg, *n.f.* plump hand.

MOGACH, mòg'-ach, *adj.* soft-handed; pawed.

MOGAN, mòg'-an, *n.m.* old stocking; a stocking without a foot; oà'-whisky. *Sk.*

MOGLAICH, mòg'-llèch, *v.* husk nuts.

MOGULL, mòg'-ull, *n.m.* husk of a nut.

MOIBILL, moyb'-èlly', *v.* gnaw, mumble, mutter, half-chew.

MOIBLEADH, moyb'-llà, *pt.* mumbling,

muttering, half-chewing; *n.m.* gnawing, mutter.

MOICHE, moych'-à, *adj.* earlier, earliest; *n.f.* earliness, soonness; degree of earliness.

MOID, mòjj, *n.f.* greatness. *Gillies.*

MOIDE, mòjj'-à, *deg.* of mòr, great; cha mhòid, or momhaide, perhaps; cha mhòide e sin, it is nothing the greater for that; uime sin bu mhòide a dh' iarr na h-Iùdhaich a mharbhadh, therefore the Jews sought the more to kill him; bu mhòid' a ghlaoidh e, the more he cried.

MOIDREAG, mòjj'-ryag, *n.f.* a plump girl; a fat, plump, good-natured female child.

MOILEAN, mòl'-àen, *n.m.* fat, plump male child; a plump man.

MOILEANACH, mòl'-àen-ach, *n.m.* a plump young man; *adj.* plump.

MOILL, màoèlly', *n.f.* delay, detention.

MOINE, mòen'-a, *n.f.* peats, moss, morass.

MOINEIS, mòen'-ash, *n.f.* false delicacy.

MOINEISEACH, mòen'-ash-ach, *adj.* low, diffident, dilatory, fastidious.

MOINIG, mòen'-ég, *n.f.* fastidiousness, nicety, boasting of favours conferred.

MOINIGEIL, mòen'-ég-al, *adj.* fastidious, assuming indifference; making nice.

MOINTEACH, mòen'-tyach, *n.f.* moss-land, moor-land; *adj.* mossy.

MOINTEACHAIL, mòen'-tyach-al, *adj.* mossy.

MOINTIDH, mòen'-tyè, *adj.* mossy.

MOIREAR, mòr'-àer, *n.m.* a lord, nobleman; morair properly, (mòr-f hear.)

MOIREACHD, mòer'-achg, *n.f.* lordship, title, dignity, greatness.

MOIRNEAS, mòern'-ash, *n.f.* great cascade, volcano; mar mhòirneas do theine theintich, as a volcano of lava; melted metal. *Old Song; Armstrong.*

MOIT, mòjt, *n.f.* pretended indifference about a thing one is very keen for; fastidiousness; nicety about a thing one is fond of; shiness, airs, foolish pride.

MOITEALACHD, mòéjt'-al-achg, *n.f.* state of assuming airs of importance; fastidiousness.

MOITEIL, mòéjt'-tyal, *adj.* assuming airs; pretending indifference; excessively nice.

MOL, mòl, *v.* praise, laud, eulogise, exalt, extol, magnify; moladh m' anam Dia, let my soul praise God; recommend, exhort, advise; mholainn duit dol dachaidh, I would recommend to you to go home; mholainn dhuit na buinn a thoirt ort, I would recommend to you to take to your heels—to take French leave, or leg-bail.

MOLACH, mòl'-ach, *adj.* rough, hairy.

MOLACHAS, mòl'-ach-us, *n.f.* hairiness.

MOLADH, mòl'-à, *pt.* praising, eulogising, applauding, recommending; *n.m.* praise,

- eulogy, commendation; *cha dean mi tuilidh moladh ort, I will not speak more in thy praise; cha moladh do mholadh, your eulogy is no praise.*
- MOLL, möll, *n. m.* chaff; *mar mhòll air 'f huadachadh le gaoith, as chaff-driven by the wind; leaba mhùll, chaff-bed.*
- MOLLTE, moll'tyá, *pt.* praised, lauded.
- MOLT, mólt, *n. m.* wedder; *muilt, wedders.*
- MOLTACH, molt'-ach, *adj.* praiseworthy.
- MOLLTAIR, boll'tair, multure, mill-dues.
- MOMHA, mó'-a, *deg.* greater, greatest; *cha mhomha na thu fhèin a gheibheadh e, none but a friend like yourself would get it—no less important a person than yourself would get it.*
- MOMHAIDE, mó'-éjj-á, *deg.* mòr, *cha mhomhaide*, perhaps; *cha mhomhaide e sin, it is not greater for that; cha mhomhaide gun dh' thig e, perhaps he will not come; contracted mòide.*
- MONADH, món'-á, *n. m.* moor, heath.
- MONADAIL, món'-ad-al, *adj.* moorish, hilly.
- MONAR, món'-ar, *n. m.* refuse, contemptible person or object; *tha 's, cha b'e monar e, yes, and it is not the refuse—yes, and he is not the contemptible person, he is a great man or person.*
- MONMHOR, món'-vur, *n. m.* murmur. *B.*
- MOR, mòr and môr, *adj.* great, of great size; tall; and important; *duine mòr, a great man, a tall man, considerable personage; great, numerous; sluagh mòr, a great or numerous people or multitude; important, weighty, considerable; ni mòr, an important or weighty affair; mighty, overbearing, self-important; cho mhòr as fhèin ris a mhaic-mhallachd, as self-important as Lucifer; familiar, intimate, much attached, gracious; tha iad mòr aige a chèile, they are great chums; tha iad cho mhòr aige chèile is urrainn iad, they are as gracious as can be—they are as familiar as possible; much valued, esteemed much, thought much of; bu mhòr aca fhèin e, it was much valued by themselves—they thought much of it themselves; much, great in degree; is mòr a dh' fhuilneas cridhe ceart ma'm brist e, a well-regulated heart suffers much ere it break; *adv.* and *n. m.* much, many; is mòr leam, I think it too much; is mòr leam sin a dheanadh, I think it too much to go that length; is mòr a dh' fhuilinn mi, greatly did I suffer! *tha e ra-mhòr, it is too big, it is too much; cha mhòr a chl e, few shall see it; cha mhòr math a th' air, it is not worth much; am mòr leat na dh' itheas e, do you grudge what he eats? do you think him a gormandiser? is momha esan, he is greater or taller; cha mhòr, almost; cha mhòr nach do bhuail e mi, he almost struck me; the great, the mighty, the chivalrous, the renowned, the famous; cò tha coltach ri mòr nan cliù, who is like the mighty of renown? am beag is am mòr, both great and small, the mighty and the feeble-handed; great number, great deal.**
- MORACHD, mòr'-achg, *n. f.* greatness, mightiness; majesty, dignity, rank.
- MORAIL, mòr'-al, *adj.* majestic, magnificent.
- MORAN, mòr- or mòr-an, *n. m.* great deal, great number, many, great quantity; *mòran aca ag radh, many of them assert; mòran eile, many more; mòran nithe, many things; mòran cuideachd, a great company; mòran èisg, great quantity of fish; mòran nighean, great number of daughters; adv. by a great deal; mòran na 's fhaigse, by a great deal nearer; mòran eile, great number of others.*
- MORCHUIS, mòr'-chùsh, *n. f.* ambition, pomp, pageantry, magnificence.
- MORCHUISEACH, mòr'-chùsh-ach, *adj.* ambitious, pompous, splendored, high-minded.
- MORCHUISEACHD, mòr'-chùsh-achg, *n. f.* ambitiousness, splendour, pomposity.
- MORROINN, mòr'-raòean, *n. f.* province. *B.*
- MORT, mòrt, *n. m.* murder, massacre; *v.* murder, slay; *mort Ghlinne-Chomha, Glencoe-massacre.*
- MORTACH, mòrt'-ach, } *adj.* murderers,
MORTAIL, mòrt'-al, } murdering.
- MORTAIR, mòrt'-àr, *n. m.* murderer, killer, assassin; *am mortair, the murderer.*
- MORTAIREACHD, mòrt'-ar'-achg, *n. f.* massacre.
- MORTHIR, mòr'-hèr, *n. f.* mainland.
- MORTHIREACH, mòr'-hyèr-ach, *n. c.* person belonging to the mainland; *a* belonging to a continent.
- MOR-UISTLE, mòr'-uàesh'-lyá, *n. m.* nobility.
- MOSACH, mòs'-ach, *adj.* filthy, nasty; *ni mosach, a filthy thing; mean, inhospitable, not liberal; is tu a tha mosach, how inhospitable you are?*
- MOSAG, mòs'-ag, *n. f.* filthy or dirty female; parsimonious niggardly female.
- MOSAICHE, mòs'-èch-á, } *n. f.* filthiness,
MOSRAICHE, mòs'-rèch, } niggardliness.
- MOSG, mòsg, } *n. m.* dry-rot; *a.*
MOSGAIN, mòsg'-àen, } having dry-rot, as wood.
- MOSGAILL, mòsg'-èly', *v.* arouse, rouse.
- MOSGALACH, mòsg'-al-ach, *adj.* watchful.
- MOSGALACHD, mòsg'-al-achg, *n. f.* vigilance.
- MOSGLADH, mòsg'-lā, *pt.* rousing, awaking; *n. m.* rouse, rousing.
- MOSRAICHE, mòs'-rèchā, *n. f.* smuttiness.
- MOTHACHADH, mò'-ach-ā, *n. m.* feeling,

sensation; chaill e *mhothachadh*, *he lost all sense of feeling, all sensation, all sensibility*; muinntir air dhaibh am *mothachadh* a chall, *people who being past feeling, B.*; *pt.* feeling, observing, noticing, attending.

MOTHACHAIL, mò-ach-al, *adj.* sensible, observant, considerate, kind.

MOTHAICH, mòt'-èch, *v.* feel, perceive; *mothaich* so, *feel this*; *mhothaich* sinn 'ga threigsinn a ghuth; *mhothaich* gun lugh a mheoir, *we perceived his voice forsaking him*; *we perceived his fingers becoming feeble*; observe, notice; an do *mhothaich* thu e a' dol seachad, *did you observe or take notice of him passing*.

MOTHAIR, mhò'-hur, *n. m.* a deep-toned, unearthly voice or sound, as a person in a cave or cauldron; *thug e mothairas*, *he gave a most appalling cry*; *chuala sinn mothair*, *we heard a most unearthly voice or sound*. In Dr. N. Macleod's Glossary, a sweet melodious sound.

MU, for ma, which see.

MUC, mùch, *n. f.* a sow, a pig, a large ball of snow—heap, *North*; *muc-mhara*, a whale; *muc-steallain*, *muc-bhiorach*, porpoise.

MUCACH, mùchg'-ach, } *adj.* swinish, dirty,
MUCAIL, mùchg'-al, } surly, stupid.

MUCAG, mùchg'-ag, *n. f.* a hip; *mucagan* is sgeachagan, *hips and haws*.

MUCAIRE, mùchg'-àr'-à, *n. m.* swine-herd.

MUC-FAILM, mùchg'-faòil'-um, *n. f.* dog brier berry, or hip.

MUCH, mùch, *v.* smother, quench.

MUCHADAIR, mùch'-ad-àr', *n. m.* extinguisher.

MUCHADH, mùch'-X, *pt. n. m.* smothering, quenching, extinguishing.

MUG, mùg, *n. m.* a snuffle through the nose.

MUGACH, mùg'-ach, *adj.* snuffling, gloomy; *n. f.* a snuffling female.

MUGAICHE, mùg'-èch-à, *n. f.* snuffle, gloom.

MUGAIRE, mùg'-àr'-à, *n. m.* snuffler.

MUGH, mù, and mù-gh, *v.* change, as money, begin to rot, decay, deteriorate; a' dol am mùghadh, *decaying, perishing*; do bhrathair lag am mùghadh, *thy weak brother perishing, Bible*; in Argyle, an mothadh—mùghadh puinnid, *the change of a pound*; thuaire mi mùghadh, *I have got change. Argyle*.

MUGHADH, mù'-gh-à, *pt. n. m.* change, decay; *pt.* changing, decaying.

MUGHAINN, mù-gh'-àern, *n. m.* ankle. *Is.*

MUGHAINNEACH, mù'-àer'-ach, *adj.* large-ankled, having large ankles.

MUICFHEOL, mùéchg'-èöl, *n. f.* pork.

MUIDH, mùé-y', *n. m.* the mane of a horse, lion, leopard, &c.; gath-muidh.

MUIG, mùèg, *n. f.* discontented expression

of countenance, frown, gloom; cuir mùg ort, *frown*; *v.* frown.

MUIGEAN, mùèg'-aen, } *n. m.* a surly dog of
MUIGIRE, mùèg'-èr-a, } a fellow, frowner.

MUIGEIS, mùèg'-ash, *n. f.* snuffling, surliness.

MUIGH, mùé-y', *n. m.* the outside, surface; am muigh, *on the outside*; superficially; a chum am muigh is am mach, *that, by all means, on all accounts, completely, wholly, out and out*; abair ris a bhith an so, am màireach muigh is a mach, *tell him to be here, by all means, to-morrow*.

MUIGH, mùé-y', *n. m.* churn. *Arg.*

MUIGHTEACH, mùé'-tyach, *a.* changeable.

MUIL, mù'l, *n. c.* mule, all Languages.

MUILE, mùl'-à, *n. m.* Isle of Mull.

MUILEACH, mùl'-ach, *n.* Mull-man; *a.* of Mull.

MUILEANN, mùl'-ann, *n. m.* grist-mill, mills, muilleann and muillean; *muileann-sàbhaidh*, a saw-mill, or machine; *muileann-càrdaidh*, carding-machine; *muileann-luaidhe*, waulking-machine, or mill; *muilean-lin*, lint-mill; *muileann laimh*, a hand-mill.

MUILEAD, mùèl'-aj, *n. m.* mule, mùil. *B.*

MUILICHINN, mùèl'-èch-ènn, *n. m.* sleeve.

MUILICHINNEAN, mùèl'-èch-ènn-unn, *n. pl.* see Muirlinn, birses; gruaigean Mull, &c. sort of edible-sea weed, like gloves.

MUILEAR, mùèl'-àr', *n. m.* miller; muilearachd, *the office or occupation of a miller*.

MUILL, mùèlly', *gen.* of moll, chaff.

MUILEAN, mùèlly'-aen, *n. m.* particle of chaff *W.*; a bundle or truss of straw, boitean, *North*.

MUILEARACHD, mùèlly'-àer'-achg, *n. f.* office, or occupation of a miller.

MUILLION, mùèlly'-unn, *n. m.* million. *B.*

MUILT, mùèljt', *n. pl.* wedders.

MUILTFHEOL, mùèljt'-èöl, *n. f.* mutton.

MUINE, mùènn'-à, *n. f.* step-mother; nurse.

MUIN, mùènn, *v.* piss, make water.

MUIN, mùènn, *n. m.* back, top; thog e air a mhuin an loach, *he raised the hero on his back, muinn*.

MUINCHILL, mùènn'-chèlly, *n. f.* sleeve, muilichinn.

MUINEAL, mùènn'-al, *n. m.* neck of a person.

MUINEALACH, mùènn'-al-ach, *a.* long necked.

MUING, mùèng, *n. m.* mane of a horse more properly, muidh.

MUINIGHINN, } mùènn'-ènn, *n. f.* fort, de-
MUINNINN, } pendance, fortress, trust, stay, confidence; ann am muinninn neo muinighinn a chosnadh, *depending on his daily labour*; is tu mo mhuinighinn threun, *thou art my strong tower, my chief confidence*; from muinn-inne.

MUINN, müënn, *n. f.* back, top.
MUINNE, müën-nyá, *n. f.* tallow-tripe.
MUINNIN, müënn'-ënn, *n. m.* dependence, trust.
MUINNIR, müënn'-tyer', *n. f.* people, relations, inhabitants; tháinig e a dh'ionnsuidh a dhúthcha féin is cha do ghabh a mhúinntir fhéin ris, *he came into his own country, and his own (friends, or relations,) received him not, B.*; múinntir a bhaile so, *múinntir an tighe so, the inhabitants of this town, the inhabitants of this house*; in some places, a' mhúinntir bheaga, a' mhúinntir mhóra, *for na feadhainn bheaga, the little ones, &c.*; do mhúinntir, *your people, your relations*; do mhúinntir chéile, *your spouse's people*.
MUINNIREACH, müënn'-tyér'-ach, *n. c.* an acquaintance, follower; sean mhúinntireach, *an old acquaintance*.—servant.
MUINNIREACHD, müënn'-tyér'-achg, *n. f.* acquaintance, dealings, correspondence; sean mhúinntireachd, *old acquaintance, or correspondence*.
MUINNIREAS, müënn'-tyér'-us, *n. f.* correspondence, dealing, communication—service, servitude. *North*.
MUIR, müer, *n. f.* sea, ocean, wave.
MUIRE, müer'-á, *n. f.* hurry; leprosy. *N*.
MUIRICINN, müér'-éch-ënn, *n. f.* a young, throng, ill-provided-for family; hurry-burly, a hard task or burden.
MUIRICINNEACH, müér'-éch-ënn-ach, *adj.* hurried, hard-pressed; having a large family, or young, ill-provided-for family.
MUIRICHLINN, müér'-éch-lyënn, *MUIRLINN*, müér'-lyënn, *n. f.* edible sea-weed, called birses; in some places gruaigean.
MUIRN, müérn, *n. f.* a respectful, tender reception, or genuine Highland hospitality; sann rompa a bha mhúirn, *how respectfully and hospitably they were received*! entertainment with excessive tenderness or fondling, as of children; caressing; le furbhailt is müirn, *with complacency and hospitality*; tigh na müirn, *the home of hospitality. Islay*; delicateness, tenderness; le müirn, *on account of delicacy*.
MUIRNEACH, müérn'-ach, *adj.* dearly beloved, excessively fondled, almost spoiled, as a child; tender, delicately received and entertained; hospitable; mac müirneach, *dearly-beloved son*; müirneach uime, *caressing him, almost killing him with Highland hospitality*.
MUIR-ROBAINN, müér'-rrob-ënn, *n. f.* piracy; also muir-spúinneadh.
MUIRSGIAN, müir'-skéan, *n. m.* razor-fish.
MUIR-SPUINNEADAIR, müér-spúënn'-ad-ár', *n. m.* a pirate, sea-robber, plunderer.
MUIR-TITHEACHD, müér'-tyé-achg, *n. f.* sea-blubber *Skye*; sgeith-ròin. *Argyle*.

MUISEALL; see Smuiseall, muzzle of a plough.
MUIFEACH, mùighteach, changeable.
MULACHAN, mul'-ach-an, *n. m.* a cheese; giùlain am mulachan, *carry the cheese*.
MULAD, mùl'-ad, *n. m.* sadness, grief.
MULADACH, } mùl'-ajj-ach, *adj.* sad, melancholy;
MULAIDEACH, } } lancholy; distressing;
 naigheachd mulaideach, *melancholy or distressing intelligence*.
MULAIDEACHD, mùl'-ajj-achg, *n. f.* distressing nature, or circumstances of a case.
MULAN, mùl'-an, *n. m.* stack of corn—(never of hay); a large conical wave or billow.
MULART, mùll'-art, *n. m.* dwarf-elder. *Ir*.
MULC, mùlk, *n. m.* a lump, a dive, a duck; v. ram, push suddenly, dive, duck.
MULCACH, mùlk'-ach, *adj.* lumpish.
MULCADH, mùlk'-x, *pt.* diving, pushing.
MULLACH, mùll'-ach, *n. m.* roof, top, ridge, apex; height, eminence; the very essence; mullach na beinne, *the top or ridge of the hill*; air mullach an tighe, *on the roof of the house*; mullach an t-shlaughtire, *a most complete rogue—a rogue in earnest*.
MULT; see Molt, wedder.
MU'N, mu'n, see ma'n, ma'n.
MUN, mùn, *n. m.* urine, piss; *pt.* pissing, drawing water.
MUN, mùn, *v.* instruct or school in lessons of politeness or good-breeding; rear; *pt.* teaching.
MUNADH, mùn'-x, *pt.* instructing in good morals and manners; *n. m.* good morals, good manners or breeding.
MUNLOCH, mùn'-loch, *n. f.* puddle. *II. S*.
MUR, mur, *conj.* except; mur dean thu, *except you do*; mur dean sibhse aithreachas, *sgriosar sibhse uile mar an ceud-na, except ye repent, ye shall be all destroyed also*; mur bhiodh gu'n, *were it not*; mur bhiodh gu'n do thog e ehuiss, *were it not that he had appealed. Bible*.
MURA-BHITH, mar-a-vé', *n. f.* excuse, pretence, exception; gun mura-bhith sam bith, *without any exception or pretension*; without were-it-not.
MUR, mùr, *n. m.* wall of a rampart. *Ir*.
MURACH, mùr'-ach, *n. f.* a down or sand-hill on the sea-shore; in Coll, meallach, feadh na mùraichean, *through the Downs, or sand-hills*.
MURAN, mùr'-an, *n. m.* bent, down-grass.
MURA-BHUACHAILL, mùr'-a-vhūāch-illy', *n. m.* a Holland auk; bura-bhuachail in some parts.
MURLACH, mùr'-lāch, *n. m.* king-fish.
MURLACH, mùr'-lāch, *n. f.* fishing-basket, Mull; in some parts murluinn, murla—a female having an ugly head of hair. *Is*

MURLAN, mŭr'-llan, *n. m.* an ugly head of hair; dirty, matted hair.

MURRACH, mŭrr'-ach, *a. able. Provincial.*

MURRACHD, mŭrr'-achg, *n. f.* ability. *Pro.*

MURRAICHD, mŭrr'-échg, *n. f.* handsome present; spoil on the sea-shore.

MURT, mŭrt, *for* mort, murder.

MUSG, mŭsg, *n. m.* eye-rheum; ugly eye.

MUSG, mŭsg, *n. f.* a musket.

MUSGACH, mŭsg'-ach, *n. m.* rheum-eyed.

MUTAN, mŭt'-an, *n. m.* stump of a finger; in some places worsted gloves.

MUTH, *for* mugh, mŭ'-gh', to change.

MUTHACH, mŭ'-ach, *n. m.* a herd; buach-aile caillear bò an droch mhùthaich soachd bliadhna romh am mithich (meidhich,) *the bad herd's cow is lost seven years before the time. Highland Society.*

N

N, n, the eleventh letter of the alphabet, called by the Irish, Nŭin. It has various sounds, for which you are referred to the Grammar and Key.

N for an, (art), after words ending with a vowel; thus, dhi'òl iad do'n fhìon, *they drank of the wine*; 2d, (for an), their, *pro.*; le'n làmhnan is le'n casan, *with their hands and with their feet*; 3d, for whom, (*rel. pro.*) ma'n d' thubhairt iad, *of whom they assert*; 4th, for contraction of ann an; 'n tigh, (for ann an tigh,) *in a house*; 5th, *inter. part.*, 'n d' fhag thu mi, *have you left me?* used so, often in poetry; 6th, for an, *part. expl.*; as, a chionn gu'n robh eagal orra, *because they were afraid*; 7th, n-, before ar, our, bhur, your, 'nar, in our—when the noun following, begins with a vowel; ar n-aithrichean, 'nar n-oige, bhur n-igheanan, *our fathers, in our youth, your daughters.*

Na, nà, *nom. pl. art.* as, na mnàthan, *the women*; 2d, for ann an; as, 'na d' shuain, *in thy profound sleep*; 3d, *gen. sing. fem. of art.* an, of the; as, fo ghruaim na h-oidhche, *under the gloom of the night*; also *dat. plu. of the art.*; as, 'air na beanntaibh, *on the mountains*; 4th, *comp. adv. or conj. than*, as, na's f'hearr, *na's miosa, better, worse*; 5th, *rel. pro. sing. and plu. in all cases*, including often the antecedent in itself; as, all, all those, what, what number, those who, those which; na thàinig, *all that came—all those that came*; na's urrainn mi, *all that I can*; ma na thubhairt e rium, *concerning all that he said to me*; ma na nithe

so, *about these things*; na dh'fhanas, *all those that may remain*; 6th, *conj. than*; na's f'hearr na esan, *better than he is*; *inter. part. na* (for an do); 'n a thuit thu 'n cadal trom, *hast thou fallen into profound sleep?* 7th, *adv. not*, let not, either, or; a h-aon na dhà, *either one or two*; na d'thig an so, *do not come here!* 8th, for ann a 'na, *he being a or as*; 'na choigreach, *he being as a stranger, or a stranger.*

NABAIDH, nà'-bè, *n. c.* neighbour, North; in the West, a North Highlander.

NABAIDHEACHD, nà'-bè-achg, *n. f.* neighbourhood.

NACH, nach, *neg. rel. pro.* who not, whom not, what not, that not; an t-aon nach d' thig, *the individual who will not come*; suinn nach beò, *heroes that are not living*; feadhainn nach d' thig, *people that will not come*; 2d, *inter. and neg. part.* nach truagh leat mi, *do you not pity my case?* nach math e, *is it not very good?* nach d' thig thu, *do you not come?* nach 'eil fhios agad, *do you not know?* 3d, *conj. and adv.* that not, in that not; a' chionn nach 'eil an rìgh a' toirt fègarrach air an ais, *in that the king does not restore the banished, the fugitives.*

NAD, nonsense for, ann ad.

NADUR, nàd'-ur, *n. m. and f.* the work of nature; obair naduir, *the work of nature*; disposition, temper, inclination; do dhroch nàdur, *your bad temper or disposition*; the sinful disposition of mankind; nature.

NADURRA, nàd'-urr-à, *adj.* natural, affectionate; nighean nàdurra, *an affectionate daughter.*

NADURRACHD, nàd'-urr-achg, *n. f.* the course of nature; natural affection; also, bent of inclination; instinct.

NADURRAIL, nàd'-urr-al, *adj.* natural, &c.

NAID, nàjj, *n. f.* lamprey, seòrsa èisg.

NAIGHEACHD, nàé'-yachg, *n. m.* news, tidings, intelligence; dè do naigheachd, *what is your news?* droch naigheachd dhuitse, *bad intelligence for you.*

NAILE, nàél'-à, *n. m.* (an naile,) *adv.* the name of a Celtic saint; hence, a Naile thà, *yes, indeed! forsooth, it is so!* by St. Neill, *it is so!* an Naile fhèin, *ay, indeed!* by my troth, *you are a fine fellow!*

NAIMHDE, naév'-ja, *gen. of nàmhaid, foe.*

NAIMHDEAN, név'-jàn, *pl. foes, enemies.*

NAIMHDEACH, név'-jach, *a. virulent, hostile.*

NAIMHDEIL, név'-jal, *a. hostile; venomous, malicious, inimical, keen, eager to revenge.*

NAIMHDEAS, név'-jus, *n. m.* enmity, hostility, malice, vindictiveness, resentment.

NAIMHDEALACHD, *név'-jál'-achg*, *n. f.* revengefulness, vindictiveness, resentment.
NAIMHDEALAS, *név'-jáll-us*, *n. f.* see above.
'NAIRD, *nárj*, (for ann an aird,) *adv.* aloft, upwards, up; *chaidh e 'n aird*, he went aloft, he mounted, went up!
NAIRE, *naér'-à*, *n. f.* sense of shame; disgrace, ignominy; *gabh naire*, feel ashamed; *gun naire gun athadh*, without shame or a blush, confusion of face.
NAISG, *naéshg*, *v.* deposit money, pledge; *naig thusa an t-airgead an lámhan an duine uasail so*, agus théid mise am bann-aibh dhuitse gu'm faigh thu e, *deposit you the money in the hands of this gentleman, and I will be bound that you shall get it.*
NAISGTE, *naéshg'-tyá*, *pt.* deposited, pledged.
NAISINN, *násh'-énn*, *n. f.* a deep and over-delicate sense of duty; an excessive sense of gratitude, particularly in matters of hospitality; hospitality that puts to inconvenience; *na biodh náisinn 'sam bith ort air mo shonsa*, don't put yourself to any inconvenience on my account; *is beag náisinn a th'ormsa air a shon sin*, I do not feel any excessive sense of propriety to return that favour; a native; *naísinn an áite*, the natives of the place. In Mull, *naístinn*.
NAISNEACH, *naésh'-nyach*, *adj.* feeling a deep sense of obligation; perseveringly at work from a sense of duty (to a fault); shewing excessive hospitality and decency to a stranger from a delicate sense of the laws of such; in some places, *naístinneach*.
NAISNEACHD, *naésh'-nyachg*, *n. f.* deep sense of duty or propriety of the observance of hospitality; too much keenness at work from the same feeling; shamefacedness, bashfulness; *le náisneachd agus stuaim*, with shamefacedness and sobriety; *gun sgeadachadh féin le náisneachd*, adorning themselves with shamefacedness. *Tim. Bible*—(seldom used in this sense.)
NAITHEAS, *naé'-hus*, *n. m.* hurt. *H. S.*
NALL, *nnáll*, *adv.* to this side, hither, toward us, in our direction; *an nunn is a nall*, hither and thither, across and back again.
NAM, *nám*, *conj.* if; *nam biodh*, if it were; *nam biodh mo chliu-sa cho maireann*, were my fame so lasting; *2d, gen. pl. of an, art. as*, *glac nam beann*, the gorge of the hills—pass of the hills; used before *b, f, m, p.*
'NAM, *nám*, (for ann am, or ann mo, contracted); *'nam meadhon*, in the midst of them; that is, *ann am meadhon*; used

as above before *b, f, m, p;* *2d*, for ann mo, in my; as *'nam fhearann*, in my land.
NAMH, *náv*, *n. m.* enemy. *Ps. Smith.*
NAMHAID, *náv'-éjj*, *n. m.* enemy, foe, adversary; *naimhdean*, *naimhde*, *foes*, &c.
NAN, *nan*, *gen. pl. art. an*, used before all letters except *b, f, m, p;*; see *an*, page 9.
'NAN, *nán*, *same as 'nam*, used as above.
'NANN, *nánn*, *inter. part.* 'n ann mar sin a dh' áithn' mi dhuibh, is it thus that I commanded you? 'n ann mar sin, is it so?
NAOIDH, *núé'-y'*, *n. m.* and *adj.* nine; *an ceann naoidh míosan*, at the expiration of nine months; *naoidh fir*, nine men.
NAOIDH-DEUG, *núéy'-jög*, *n. m.* and *adj.* nineteen; *naoidh fir dheug*, nineteen men; so *naoidh-deug*, here nineteen.
NAOIDHEAN, *núé'-yháen*, *NAOIDHEACHAN*, *núé'-ach-an*, *n. c.* a little child, an infant, babe.
NAOIDHEANACHD, *núé'-an'-achg*, *n. f.* infancy.
NAOIMH, *núév*, *n. pl.* and *gen.* of naomh, saints.
NAOMH, *núv*, *adj.* holy, sacred, consecrated, sanctified; *n. c.* a saint, holy person; *na naoimh*, the saints; *na's naoimhe*, holier.
NAOITHEAMH, *núé'-uv*, *adj.* ninth.
NAOMHACHADH, *núv'-ach-á*, *pt.* sanctifying, consecrating; *n. m.* sanctification, consecration.
NAOMHACHD, *núv'-achg*, *n. f.* holiness, sanctity; *naomhachd na sábaid*, sanctity of the Sabbath.
NAOIMHAICH, *núv'-éich*, *v.* consecrate, sanctify, hallow; *gu naoimhaichear t' ainm*, hallowed be thy name; *naomhaiche*, he sanctified.
NAOMH-CHEANNACHD, *núv'-chyann'-achg*, *n. f.* simony, purchasing holy things by money.
NAOMH-GHOID, *núv'-ghaóy'*, *n. f.* sacrilege.
NAOMH-ORAN, *núv'-ór'-an*, *n. f.* anthem.
NAOMH-THREIG, *núv'-hrág'*, *v.* apostatise.
NAOM-THREIGIRE, *núv'-hrág'-ér-á*, *n. m.* apostate.
NAOMH-THREIGSINN, *núv'-hrág'-shénn*, *n. f.* apostacy, infidelity, hypocrisy.
NAONAR, *nún'-ur*, *n. f.* nine persons.
NAONTACH, *nún'-tach*, *n. f.* ninety.
NAOSG, *núsg*, *n. f.* snipe; *meabhghuthrag*.
NAR, *nár*, *adv.* may not, let not; *'nar leigeadh Dia*, God forbid; more often *'nan na leigeadh Dia*, God forbid.
NAR, *nár*, (for ann ar); *'nar cadal*, in our sleep; *'nar meadhon*, in the midst of us.
NARACH, *nár'-ach*, shameful, disgraceful, ignominious; *ní nárach*, an ignominious thing; easily abashed, bashful; *tha an duine nárach*, the man is bashful.

NARACHADH, nár'-ach-á, *pt.* putting to shame; abashing, disgracing.

NARAICH, nár'-éich, *v.* shame, put to shame; disgrace; *náraichte*, *disgraced*.

NASG, nnäsg, *n. m.* cow-tie, or collar; deposit, pledge; *tha an t-airgead an nasg*, *the money is left in pledge—is deposited as security*.

NASGADH, nnäsg'-á, *pt.* pledging, depositing.

NASGAIDH, } nnäsg'-éich, *n. f.* pledge, depo-

NASGAICH, } sit; gift; a *nasgaich*, *out of pledge*; free, gratis; *fhuair mi a nasgaich na nasgaidh e*, *I got it gratis, I got it without price*; free; a *nasgaidh fhuair sibh*, *a nasgaidh thugaibh uaibh*, *freely ye have received, freely give*. *B.*; *thug e dhomh a nasgaidh e*, *he gave it me as a gratuity*.

NASGAIDHEACHD, näs-g'-é-achg, *n. f.* freeness, unconditional freeness; gratuity, gratuitousness.

NATAR, nár'-ur, *n. m.* nitre. *Bible—Jerim.*

NATHAIA, nhá'-ér, *n. f.* serpent, viper, snake, adder; (in Lewis, rìghinn,) *mheall an nathair mi*, *the serpent beguiled me*; *beithire*, *an enormous serpent or boa-constrictor*.

There are wild stories about these large serpents in the Highlands, as having destroyed a whole fleet of shipping, &c. The print or bed that one of them made in the earth, is pointed out in Islay; and, if the history be correct, the monster could not have been less than fifty feet long, and its chest like a PUNCHCOON!!!

NATHRACH, nár'-ach, *gen.* of a serpent, adder, &c.

NATHAICHEAN, nár'-éich-unn, *pl.* serpents.

NEACH, nyach, *n. c.* an individual, person, one; *neach sam bith*, *any one*; *neach eile*, *another person or individual*; *gach neach*, *every one*.

NEAD, nyéd, *n. f.* nest, nid, nests; of a nest.

NEADAICH, nyéd'-éich, *v.* nestle, bed, embed; an *neadachadh am fheoil*, *imbedding in my flesh*.

NEAGAI, nyég'-aj, *n. f.* a little sob or sigh, oft repeated, as a person before or after weeping; suppressed sighing or sobbing.

NEAMH, nèv, *n. m.* Heaven, region of bliss; the sky, firmament; *nèamh nan speur*, *the starry heavens*; proper orthography, *neumh*, preventing the E being marked.

NEAMH, nyev, *n. f.* venom, keenness of air; wicked keenness; confounded with *nimh*, virus, poison.

NEAMHALACHD, nèv'-al-achg, *n. f.* venomousness, greediness in wickedness, piercing coldness.

NEAMHAIL, nèv'-al, *adj.* venomous; venomously cold; keenly wicked.

NEAMHACH, nèv'-ach, *n. m.* an angel.

NEAMHACHD, nèv'-achd, *n. f.* heavenliness.

NEAMHAIDH, nèv'-é, *adj.* heavenly, divine.

NEAMHAIDHEACHD, nèv'-é-achg, *n. f.* heavenliness, holiness, solemnity, blessedness.

NEAMHAIN, nèv'-éinn, } *n. f.* a pearl, gem,

NEAMHNAID, nèv'-nāj, } jewel. *Bible*.

NEAPAIGINN, nèp'-é-gyènn, *n. m.* napkin.

NEARACHD, nyér'-achd, *n. f.* happiness, fortunateness; is *nèarachd an duine a smachdaicheas Dia*, *happy is the man whom God correcteth*. *Job*.

In Lewis, and the Bible, *nèarachd*; in Argyle, *meurachd*.

NEART, nyert, *n. m.* force, pith, power, might, energy, vigour; *le'd t-uile neart*, *with all your might*; *cuir do neart ris*, *apply to it with your whole vigour, with all your force*; vast quantity, number, superabundance; *neart airgid*, *a vast quantity of money*, *Bible*; *neart buntàta*, *neart èisg*, *a vast quantity of potatoes*, *enormous quantum of fish*; *Rìgh Bhreatainn le a neart*, *King of Britain and all his forces*; *chan'eil neart aige air son sin*, *he has not force sufficient to accomplish that*.

NEARTAICH, nyert'-éich, *v.* strengthen, invigorate; infuse strength, vigour, or energy into.

NEARTALACHD, nyert'-al-achg, *n. f.* vigorousness, pithiness; energy of character.

NEARTAIL, nyert'-al, *a.* powerful, robust, vigorous; also *neartmhor*, or *neartar*.

NEARTMHOIREACHD, nyert'-vur-achg, *n. f.* powerfulness, energy, vigorousness.

NEAS, nyess, *n. f.* a weazel.

NEAS, nyess, nyäss², *adv.* while, whilst; *neas 'sa beò mi*, *while I live*; *neas a bha e air folbh*, *while he was away*; *neas a chì mi*, *while I see*.

NEIP, nèp; in broad Scotch, turnip.

NEO, nyò, *adv.* or, nor, neither, either, else, otherwise; *neo is traigh mo chàradh*, *else sad is my condition*; *neo teichidh mi*, *otherwise I will decamp*; *thusa neo mise*, *either you or I*; *dha' neo trì*, *either two or three*; *neo theid mi dhachaidh*, *otherwise I will go home*; also *neg. part.* as *neo-ghlic*, *unwise*; *neo-amadaid-each*, *any thing but foolish*.

NEO-ABUIDH, } nyò-ab'-é, *a.* unripe, prema-

NEO-ABUICH, } ture, abortive.

NEO-AIBE, nyò-àér'-á, *n. f.* inattention, unguardedness.

NEO-AIRSNEALACH, nyò-àrsh'-nyel-ach, }

NEO-AIRTNEALACH, nyò-arjt'-nyel-ach, } *a.* cheerful, gay.

- NEO-AMHALACH, *nyo-áv'-al-ach, adj.* silly and without attention; *gu neo-amhalach, unawares, silly; thainig e stigh gu neo-amhalach, he came in without my being aware of it, unawares.*
- NEO-AMHARAS, *nyo-áv'-rus, n. m.* unsuspiciousness; want of suspicion.
- NEO-AMHRASACH, *nyo-áv'-rus-ach, a.* unsuspicious, undubitable, unquestionable.
- NEO-AOIBHNEACH, *nyó-aóév'-nyach, a.* surly, cheerless, gloomy.
- NEO-AOIBHEIL, *nyo-aóév'-al, a.* cheerless.
- NEO-AOIBHNEAS, *nyo-aóév'-nyus, n. f.* gloom.
- NEO-BHAIGHEIL, *nyo-vhi'-al, a.* harsh, unkind.
- NEO-BHEAIRTEACH, *nyó-vhyarjt'-ach, a.* poor.
- NEO-BHEOTHAIL, *nyó-vyó'-al, a.* lifeless.
- NEO-BHIGH, *nyó'-víc, n. f.* inefficacy, no effect; *chuir sih an neo-bhrigh àithne Dhè, you have made of none effect the command of God.*
- NEO-CHAOCHLAIDEACH, *nyó-chäoch'-laj-ach, adj.* unchangeable, immutable.
- NEO-CHAUCHLAIDEACHD, *nyó-chäoch'-läj-achg, n. f.* unchangeableness, immutability.
- NEO-CHARBAIDEACH, *nyó-chärr'-äj-ach, adj.* quiet, peaceable, without toil.
- NEO-CHEADACH, *nyó-chäd'-éch, v.* prohibit.
- NEO-CHEADACHTE, *nyó-chäd'-éch-tyá, pt.* prohibited.
- NEO-CHEALGACH, *nyó-chyalg'-ach, a.* candid.
- NEO-CHEALGACHD, *nyó-chyalg'-achg, n. f.* candour, unfeignedness, fairness.
- NEO-CHEANGAIL, *nyó-chéng'-èl, v.* untie.
- NEO-CHEANGAILTE, *nyó-chéng'-aljt'-ä, pt.* unbound, free, disengaged, at liberty.
- NEO-CHEANNSUICHTÉ, *nyó-chyann-séché'-tyá, pt.* unconquered, unsubdued.
- NEO-CHEARBACH, *nyó-chyerb'-ach, a.* efficient.
- NEO-CHEART, *nyó'-chyart, adj.* not true, unfair, ill-founded; unhandsome.
- NEO-CHIALlach, *nyó-chéäl'-ach, a.* mad.
- NEOCHINNT, *nyó'-chyenjt, n. f.* uncertainty, fickleness, whimsicality.
- NEO-CHINNTEACH, *nyó-chyénntj'-ach, adj.* uncertain, problematical, fickle.
- NEOCHIONT, *nyó'-chéünt, n. f.* innocence.
- NEOCHIONTACH, *nyó-chéünt'-ach, adj.* innocent, free from blame, unblameable.
- NEOCHIONTACHD, *nyó-chéünt'-achg, n. f.* innocence, lunoency, uprightness.
- NEO-CHLAON, *nyó'-chlän, a.* upright.
- NEO-CHLEACHD, *nyó'-chlechg, v.* abrogate, discontinue the practice of.
- NEO-CHLEACHDAINT, *nyó'-chlechg'-énn, v.* discontinuing the practice of; abrogation.
- NEO-CHLEACHDHA, *nyó'-chlechg-tyá, a. pt.* unaccustomed to, unusual, unpractised.
- NEO-CHOIMHEACH, *nyó-chóé'-ach, adj.* free, not stingy, not surly; kind.
- NEO-CHOIMHICHEAS, *nyó-chóé'-éch-us, n. f.* making one's self at home; freedom, kindness.
- NEOCHOIREACH, *nyó-chur'-ach, adj.* unblameable, innocent, blameless.
- NEOCHOIREACHD, *nyó-chyur'-achg, n. f.* blamelessness, innocence.
- NEO-CHOMAS, *nyo-chóm'-as, n. m.* impotence.
- NEO-CHOMASACH, *nyo-chóm'-ur-ach, adj.* impossible, unable, impotent.
- NEO-CHOMASACHD, *nyó-chóm'-as-achg, n. f.* impossibility, incapability.
- NEO-CHOMPANTA, *nyó-chómp'-ant-ä, adj.* unsocial, not companion-like.
- NEO-CHOMPANTAS, *nyó-chómp'-ant-as, n. m.* unsociableness, unamiableness.
- NEO-CHOSALLACHD, *nyó-chös'-al-achg, n. f.* improbability, unlikelihood, dissimilarity.
- NEO-CHOSAIL, *nyó-chös'-al, adj.* unlikely, unlike, dissimilar, improbable.
- NEO-CHORTHOMACH, *nyó'-chör-um-ach, adj.* uneven, rough; unfair, unjust.
- NEO-CHRABHACH, *nyó-chráv'-ach, adj.* not austere in religious matters.
- NEO-CHREIDEACH, *nyó-chraöj'-ach, adj.* unbelieving, unholy, infidel.
- NEO-CHRIOCUNACH, *nyó-chrêch'-nach, adj.* endless, infinite, everlasting, unlimited.
- NEO-CHRONAIL, *nyó-chrön'-al, a.* harmless.
- NEO-CHRUADALACH, *nyó-chrüäd'-al-ach, adj.* unhardy, soft, effeminate, lubberly.
- NEO-CHUBHAIDH, *nyó'-chüé, adj.* having family right, not hereditary; unmerited, unfit.
- NEO-CHUIMHNE, *nyó-chüén'-ä, n. f.* forgetfulness, negligence, want of memory.
- NEO-CHUIMHNEACH, *nyó-chüén'-ach, a.* forgetful.
- NEO-CHAUINNICHDE, *nyó-chrüénn'-éch-tyá, pt.* uncollected, ungathered; not gathered.
- NEO-CHRUATHACHTE, *nyó-chru'-éch-tya, pt.* uncreated.
- NEO-CHUIMHSEACH, *nyó-chüémsh'-ach, adj.* immoderate, vast, exorbitant; of a bad aim.
- NEO-CHUIRTEIL, *nyó-chüérjt'-al, a.* uncourtly.
- NEO-CHUMHANTA, *nyó-chunn'-ant-a, adj.* uncommon, rare, novel, unusual.
- NEO-CHUMHANTACHD, *nyó-chünn'-ant-achg, n. f.* uncommonness, rareness, novelty.
- NEO-CHURAM, *nyó-chür'-am, n. m.* carelessness, negligence, neglect, indifference.
- NEO-CHURAMACH, *nyó-chür'-am-ach, adj.* careless, negligent, prodigal, indifferent.

- NEO-DHAICHEIL, *nyó-ghàech'-al*, *adj.* unlikely, absurd, nonsensical;—ungenteel. *Highland Society.*
- NEO-DHAICHEILACHD, *nyó-ghàech'-al-achg*, *n. m.* unlikelihood, absurdity,—ungentility.
- NEO-DHIADHUIDH, *nyó-ghyěāgh'-é*, *adj.* unholy, profane, ungodly, impious.
- NEO-DHIADHUIDHEACHD, *nyó-ghyěāōgh'-é-achg*, *n. f.* ungodliness, impiety, irreligion.
- NEO-DHILEAS, *nyó-ghēl'-as*, *adj.* unfaithful, faithless, disloyal, undutiful.
- NEO-DHILLSE, *nyó-ghēlly'-sha*, *n. f.* disloyalty.
- NEO-DHIONGALTA, *nyó-yhung'-alt-ā*, *adj.* insecure, insufficient, precarious, uncertain.
- NEO-DHIONGALTACHD, *nyó-yhung'-ält-achg*, *n. f.* infirmness, insecurity, uncertainty.
- NEO-DHLEASNACH, *nyó-ghlās'-nach*, *adj.* undutiful, disobedient to parents; disaffected.
- NEO-DHLIGHEACH, *nyó-ghlě'-ach*, *a.* unlawful, not hereditary, not rightful; undue.
- NEO-DHUINE, *nyó-ghūn'-ā*, *n. m.* a decrepid person, a useless person; ninny.
- NEO-DHUINEIL, *nyó-ghūn'-al*, *adj.* unmanly.
- NEO-DHURACHO, *nyó-ghūr'-achg*, *n. m.* insincerity, heedlessness, negligence.
- NEO-DHURACHDACH, *nyó-ghūr'-achg-ach*, *adj.* insincere, negligent, careless.
- NEO-EAGALACH, *nyó-ā'-gal-ach*, *a.* fearless.
- NEO-EALANTA, *nyó-ēāl'-ant-a*, *adj.* inexperienced.
- NEO-EALANTACHD, *nyó-ēāl'-ant-achg*, *n. f.* awkwardness, unskilfulness, want of art.
- NEO-EIFEACHD, *nyó-āf'-achg*, *n. f.* inefficacy.
- NEO-EIFEACHDACH, *nyó-āf'-achg-ach*, *adj.* ineffectual, inefficient, inefficacious.
- NEO-EOLACH, *nyó-ēōl'-ach*, *a.* unacquainted.
- NEO-FHABHOACH, *nyó-av'-ur-ach*, *a.* unfavourable, unfair; not fair, as wind; impartial.
- NEO-FHAICINNACH, *nyó-éechg'-shyēnn-ach*, *adj.* not visible, invisible; not to be seen properly.
- NEO-FHALLAN, *nyó-āll'-an*, *adj.* unsound, unhealthy; as food or air, unwholesome.
- NEO-FHALLSA, *nyó-ālls-a*, *adj.* candid, fair.
- NEO-FHASANTA, *nyó-as-ant-ā*, *adj.* unfashionable, uncommon, out of fashion.
- NEO-FHASANTACHD, *nyó-ās'-ant-achg*, *n. f.* unfashionableness, oddness, rareness.
- NEO-FHEUMAIL, *nyó-ām'-al*, *adj.* needless, useless, unavailing, unnecessary.
- NEO-FHIOR, *nyó-ēr'-ad*, *adj.* untrue, false.
- NEO-FHIOS, *nyó-ēs'*, *n. m.* ignorance.
- NEO-FHIOSBACH, *nyó-ēs'-rach*, *adj.* untelligent, ignorant, unacquainted, unconscions.
- NEO-FHIRINTEACH, *nyó-ēr'-ēnjt-ach*, *adj.* unrighteous, unjust, wicked, bad.
- NEO-FHOGHAINTEACH, *nyó-o'-ēnjt-ach*, *adj.* ineffectual, inefficacious, cowardly.
- NEO-FHOGLUIMTE, *nyó-ōll'-um-tyā*, *a.* untaught.
- NEO-FHOILLSICHTE, *nyó-aōēlly'-shēch-tyā*, *a.* unrevealed.
- NEO-FHOIRBHAIIDH, *nyó-orv'-é*, *a.* in non-age.
- NEO-FHOISNEACH, *nyó-ōsh'-nyach*, *adj.* restless, unquiet, annoyed, disturbed.
- NEO-FHOISNEACHD, *nyó-ōsh'-nyachg*, *n. f.* restlessness, disquietude, disturbance.
- NEO-FHAEAGARRACH, *nyó-rāg'-arr-ach*, *a.* unanswerable, unsuitable, unfit, inapplicable.
- NEO-FHREAGARRACHD, *nyó-rāg'-ārr-achg*, *n. f.* unfitness, unanswerableness, unsuitableness.
- NEO-FHAEASDALACH, *nyó-rās'-al-ach*, *adj.* inattentive, careless, improvident.
- NEO-FHURAS, *nyó-ūr'-as*, *n. m.* impatience.
- NEO-FHURASACH, *nyó-ūr'-as-ach*, *a.* impatient.
- NEO-FHURASDA, *nyó-ūr'-asd-a*, *adj.* difficult.
- NEO-CHEALTACH, *nyó-ghyalt'-ach*, *adj.* fearless.
- NEO-CHEALTACHD, *nyó-ghalt'-achg*, *n. f.* fearlessness, intrepidity, boldness.
- NEO-CHEUR, *nyó-ghār*, *a.* blunt, not sour, dull, stupid.
- NEO-GLHAN, *nyó-ghlan'*, *a.* impure, unclean.
- NEO-GHLIC, *nyó-ghēchg'*, *adj.* unwise, foolish.
- NEO-GHLOIN, *nyó-ghlaōēn'*, *n. f.* impurity.
- NEO-GHLUAISTE, *nyó-ghlūāsh'-tyā*, *pt.* unmoved.
- NEO-GHNAITHTE, *nyó-ghràech'-tyā*, *adj.* unaccustomed, unpractised, abrogated, unusual.
- NEO-CHOIREASACH, *nyó-ghaōr'-as-ach*, *adj.* unnecessary; inconvenient, unfit, unmeet.
- NEO-GHRAD, *nyó-ghrad'*, *adj.* sluggish, unapt.
- NEO-GHRASMOH, *nyó-ghrás'-ur*, *adj.* ungracious, unmerciful, graceless.
- NEO-GHRINN, *nyó-ghrēnn'*, *adj.* unkind, coarse, inelegant, unmannerly.
- NEO-GHRINNEAS, *nyó-ghrēnn'-as*, *n. m.* unkindness.
- NEOIL, *nyōēl*, *n. pl.* clouds; *gen.* of a cloud; *neoil* a *seòladh*, *clouds gliding, sailing.*
- NEO-INBH, *nyó-ēnv'-é*, *adj.* premature, unripe, abortive; under age.

NEO-INBHEACH, *nyó-éiv'-ach* *adj.* premature, unripe, abortive; torraicheas *neo-inbheach*, a premature or abortive conception; not come to the years of maturity; *tha e neo-inbheach*, he is not of age, he is minor.

NEO-INBHEACHD, *nyó-éiv'-achg*, *n. f.* prematurity, abortiveness, non-age; contracted for *neo-inbhidheachd*.

NEOINEAN, *nyó-áin'*, *n. m.* daisy.

NEONEANACH, *nyó-áin'-ach*, *adj.* bespangled or speckled with daisies.

NEO-IOCHDNUO, *nyó-éúgh'-ur*, *adj.* unmerciful, inhuman, merciless.

NEO-IOCHDMOIBEACHD, *nyó-éúgh'-ur'-achg*, *n. f.* unmercifulness, inhumanity, cruelty.

NEO-IOCHUIDHE, *nyó-ém'-ach-é*, *adj.* improper, unfit, unmeet, unbecoming.

NEO-IOCHUIDHEACHD, *nyó-ém'-ach-é'-achg*, *n. f.* unfitness, impropriety, unmeetness.

NEO-IOMLAINEACHD, *nyó-ém'-láin'-achg*, *n. f.* imperfection, incompleteness.

NEO-IOMLAN, *nyó-ém'-lan*, *a.* imperfect.

NEO-IOIPAICHTE, *nyó-émp'-éich-tyá*, *pt.* unconverted, unpersuaded.

NEO-IONNAN, *nyó-éün'-un*, *adj.* dissimilar; unlike each other.

NEO-IONNANACHD, *nyó-éün'-un'-achg*, *n. f.* dissimilarity, inequality, unlikelihood.

NEO-IONMHUINN, *nyó-éün'-vhenn*, *a.* unbeloved.

NEO-IONNSIUCHTE, *nyó-éün'-sèchty'-á*, *pt.* unlearned, unskilful, ignorant, inexperienced.

NEO-LAGHALACHD, *nyó-láú'-ghall'-achd*, *n. f.* unlawfulness, illegitimacy; illegality.

NEO LAGHAIL, *nyó-láúgh'-al*, *a.* unlawful.

NEO-LEASAICHTE, *nyó-lás'-éich-tyá*, *pt.* unmanured, undunged; unamended.

NEO-LOCHDACH, *nyó-lúch'-ach*, *adj.* harmless, inoffensive, innocent, uncontaminated.

NEO-LUATNEACH, *nyó-lúáin'-ach*, *a.* sedate.

NEO-LUCHDAICH, *nyó-lúch'-éich*, *v.* discharge, unship, unload; *neo-luchdaichte*, *disburdened*.

NEO-MHAITHTEACH, *nyó-mha'-tyach*, *adj.* unforgiving, unrelenting.

NEO-MHEADHONACH, *nyó-vhé'-un'-ach*, *adj.* not central; awkward in point of situation; out of place.

NEO-MHEALLTACH, *nyó-vhyall'-tach*, *adj.* fair, candid, undisguised, sincere, honest.

NEO-MHEARACHDACH, *nyó-vhēr'-achg'-ach*, *adj.* unerring, infallible, true, wise.

NEO-MHEANGAIL, *nyó-véng'-al*, *a.* unblemished, sound, healthy, whole.

NEO-MHEASARRA, *nyó-véss'-ur'-a*, *adj.* intemperate, immoderate, debauched.

NEO-MHEASARBACHD, *nyó-véss'-arr'-achg*, *n. f.* intemperance, debauchery, glut.

NEO-MHEASGTE, *nyó-vésg'-tyá*, *pt.* un-mixed.

NEO-MHEASAIL, *nyó-véss'-al*, *adj.* disrespectful.

NEO-MHEATA, *nyó-vét'-á*, *adj.* daring.

NEO-MHISGEALACHD, *nyó-véshg'-al'-achd*, *n. f.* sobriety.

NEO-MHISGEIL, *nyó-véshg'-al*, *adj.* sober.

NEO-MHOTHACHALACHD, *nyó-vó'-ach-al'-achg*, *n. f.* insensibility, stupidity, want of feeling.

NEO-MHOTHACHAIL, *nyó-vó'-ach-al*, *adj.* senseless, stupid, void of sense or feeling.

NEONACH, *nyón'-ach*, *adj.* novel, rare, curious, strange; *ni neónach*, a novel or curious thing; *eccentric*, droll; *duine neónach*, a droll, eccentric, or magotty fellow; strange, unusual, surprising; *is neónach leam*, I am surprised, I think it strange; *is neónach leis*, he thinks it strange.

NEONACHAS, *nyón'-ach-as*, *n. m.* surprisingness, curiosity; *neónachas an nì so*, the oddity or curiosity of this thing; *eccentricity*, drollness, strangeness; *tha neónachas orm*, I am surprised, it is a matter of curiosity to me.

NEONI, *nyón'-é*, *n. m.* nothing, non-entity, a ninny; *thig iad gu neoni*, they shall come to nothing; *'nuair chuala neoni guth a bheoil*, when chaos heard the voice of his mouth. *Buchanan*

NEONITHEACH, *nyón'-éich'-ach*, *adj.* trifling, inconsiderable, insignificant.

NEONITHEACHACHD, *nyón'-éich'-ach'-achg*, *n. f.* nothingness, insignificance, inconsiderableness.

NEO-OILEANAICHTE, *nyó-ul'-áin'-éich-tyá*, *pt.* not well bred, unmannerly, impatient.

NEO-ONARACH, *nyó-ön'-ar'-ach*, *a.* ignoble, dishonourable, mean, low.

NEO-PHRIS, *nyó-frés*, *n. f.* contempt.

NEO-RIAGHAILTEACH, *nyó-réá'-áijt'-ach*, *adj.* irregular, anomalous, turbulent, quarrelsome.

NEO-RIAGHAILTEACHD, *nyó-réá'-áijt'-achg*, *n. f.* irregularity, anomaly, turbulence.

NEO-SGAIRTE, *nyó skar'-tyá*, *a.* inseparable

NEO-SCAIRTEIL, *nyó-skarjt'-al*, *a.* spiritless.

NEO-SGATHACH, *nyó-ská'-ach*, *a.* fearless.

NEO-SGEADAICH, *nyó-skád'-éich*, *v.* undress.

NEO-SGITHICHTE, *nyó-ské'-éich-tyá*, *a.* unfatigued.

NEO-SGOINNEIL, *nyó-sgáóinn'-al*, *a.* drab-bish.

NEO-SHALACH, *nyó-hal'-ach*, *a.* unpolluted.

NEO-SHANTACH, *nyó-hánn'-ach*, *adj.* unambitious, not covetous, indifferent.

- NEO-SHARACHAIL, *nyó-hár'-ach-al*, *adj.* indefatigable, unconquerable, keen.
- NEO-SHARAICHTE, *nyó-hár'-éch-tyá*, *a.* oppressed, unfatigued, indefatigable.
- NEO-SHEARGTE, *nyó-herg'-tyá*, *pt.* undecayed.
- NEO-SHEASACH, *nyó-hyás'-ach*, *a.* unsteady.
- NEO-SHOCAIR, *nyó-hóchg'-ér*, *a.* uneasy.
- NEO-SHOCAIREACHD, *nyó-hóchg'-äer-achg*, *n. f.* uneasiness, unsettledness, restlessness.
- NEO-SHNASAR, *nyó-nás'-ur*, *a.* inclegant, unpolished, ill-finished, untidy.
- NEO-SHOILLEIR, *nyó-hóelly'-äer*, *a.* darkish, indistinct, not clear or evident.
- NEO-SHOIRBHEACHALACHD, *nyó-höerv'-ach-al-achg*, *n. f.* unsuccessfulness, unpromising state.
- NEO-SHOIRBHEACHAIL, *nyó-höerv'-ach-al*, *adj.* unsuccessful, unprosperous.
- NEO-SHOLASACH, *nyó-hól'-as-ach*, *adj.* joyless, discomfortable, uncomfortable.
- NEO-SHUAINHNEACH, *nyó-hüäev'-nyach*, *adj.* restless, any thing but quiet or easy.
- NEO-SHUBHACH, *nyó-hü'-ach*, *a.* joyless.
- NEO-SHUIDHICHTE, *nyó-hüé'-éch-tyá*, *adj.* unsettled.
- NEO-SHUILBHIR, *nyó-hüél'-vér*, *a.* cheerless.
- NEO-SHUNNTACH, *nyó-hünn'-ach*, *adj.* drowsy.
- NEO-SMIORAIL, *nyó-smur'-al*, *a.* spiritless.
- NEO-SPEISEIL, *nyó-späh'-al*, *a.* unloving.
- NEO-SPORSAIL, *nyó-spörs'-al*, *a.* humble.
- NEO-SPRAICEIL, *nyó-spräechg'-al*, *a.* dull.
- NEO-STRAICEIL, *nyó-sträechg'-al*, *a.* unconcited.
- NEO-STRUIDHEIL, *nyó-strüey'-al*, *a.* frugal.
- NEO-THABHACHD, *nyó-häv'-achg*, *n. f.* futility.
- NEO-THABHACHDACH, *nyó-häv'-achg-ach*, *adj.* futile.
- NEO-THAITINN, *nyó-häejt'-enn*, *v.* displease.
- NEO-THAITNEACH, *nyó-häejt'-nyach*, *a.* unpleasant.
- NEO-THARBHACH, *nyó-häv'-ach*, *a.* unproductive.
- NEO-THEAGAISTE, *nyó-häg'-ashg-tyá*, *a.* untaught.
- NEO-THEARUINTE, *nyó-hèr'-énjt'-á*, *a.* insecure.
- NEO-THEARUINTEACHD, *nyó-hèr'-énjt-achg*, *n. f.* insecurity, uncautiousness.
- NEO-THEOM, *nyó'-hyäom*, *adj.* inexpert.
- NEO-THIMCHEALL-GHEAR, *nyó-hëm'-chyall-ghear*, *v.* uncircumcise; *neo-thimcheall-ghearadh*, *uncircumcision*, *Rom. ii. and 25.*
- NEO-THOGARRACH, *nyó-thög'-arr-ach*, *a.* reluctant as a person, uninviting as weather.
- NEO-THOILEACH, *nyó-höl'-ach*, *a.* reluctant.
- NEO-THOILEALACHD, *nyó-höl'-al-achg*, *n. f.* reluctance, disinclination, aversion, disgust.
- NEO-THOILICH, *nyó-höl'-ech*, *v.* dissatisfy.
- NEO-THOILICHTE, *nyó-höl'-éch-tyá*, *a.* dissatisfied.
- NEO-THOILLTINNEACH, *nyó-häöéjll'-tyënn-ach*, *adj.* undeserving, unworthy, unmeriting.
- NEO-THOILLTINNEAS, *nyó-häöilly'-tyann-us*, *n. f.* unworthiness, demerit, bad desert.
- NEO-THOINISGEIL, *nyó-höen'-eshg-al*, *a.* stupid.
- NEO-THOIRT, *nyó'-höerty*, *n. f.* indifference.
- NEO-THOIRTEIL, *nyó-höerty'-al*, *a.* indifferent.
- NEO-THORACH, *nyó-hör'-ach*, *a.* unfruitful.
- NEO-THORACHD, *nyó-hör'-achg*, *n. f.* unproductiveness, unfruitfulness, unsubstantialness.
- NEO-THORRACH, *nyó-hörr'-ach*, *a.* barren.
- NEO-THORRAICHEAS, *nyó-hörr'-éch-us*, *n. f.* barrenness, infecundity, abortiveness.
- NEO-THRAIGHTEACH, *nyó-hráé'-y'-tyach*, *adj.* inexhaustible, unexhausted, infinite.
- NEO-THRATHAIL, *nyó-hrá'-al*, *a.* late.
- NEO-THROCAIREACH, *nyó-hróchg'-äer-ach*, *adj.* unmerciful, merciless, cruel, relentless.
- NEO-THROCAIREACHD, *nyó'-hróchg-ur'-achg*, *n. f.* unmercifulness, relentlessness.
- NEO-THRUACANTA, *nyó-hrüächg'-ant-á*, *adj.* pitiless, unrelenting, unfeeling, cruel.
- NEO-THRUACANTACHD, *nyó-hrüächg'-ant-achg*, *n. f.* unfeelingness, uncompassionateness.
- NEO-THRUAILICHTE, *nyó-hrüäely'-éch-tyá*, *pt.* undefiled, pure, unadulterated.
- NEO-THRUAILLIDH, *nyó-hrüäilly'-é*, *adj.* liberal.
- NEO-THUIGSE, *nyó-hüég'-shá*, *n. f.* stupidity.
- NEO-THUIGSEACH, *nyó-hüég'-shyach*, *adj.* senseless.
- NEO-THUILLSEACH, *nyó-hullysth'-ach*, *adj.* infallible.
- NEO-THUILLSEACHD, *nyó-hullysh'-achg*, *n. f.* steadiness, infallibility, stability, firmness.
- NEO-THUITEAMACH, *nyó-hüejty'-am-ach*, *a.* infallible, unerring, steady, sure.
- NEO-UASAIL, *nyó-üäs'-al*, *adj.* ignoble.
- NEO-UIDHEAM, *nyó-üé'-y'-am*, *n. f.* dislizable.
- NEO-UIDHEAMAICHTE, *nyó-üé'-y'-am-écht-tyá*, *pt.* unprepared, undressed; in dislizable.
- NEO-ULLAMH, *nyó-üll'-uv*, *a.* unprepared.
- NEUL, *nyèll*, *n. m.* a cloud; *mar a' ghrian* is *neul 'ga sgäileadh*, *as the sun and a cloud overshadowing it*. *Sm.*; a nap or wink of sleep; *cha d' fhuair mi neul*

- eadail, *I have not got a wink of sleep*; tinge, hue, slight appearance; *neul bainne, slight tinge or hue, of the colour of milk*; *tha neul deoch air, he has a slight appearance of drink*; a trance or swoon; *chaidh e ann an neul, he was in a trance, he fainted, he swooned.*
- NEULACH, nyáll'-ach, *a. cloudy. Bible.*
- NEULADAIR, nyèll-ad-aèr, *n.m. astrologer.*
- NEULADAIREACHD, nyèll'-ád-àèr-achg, *n.f. astrology, astronomy; astrological knowledge.*
- NEULAR, nyèll'-ur, *a. well-coloured.*
- NI, nyè, *n.m. cattle, thing, circumstance, affair, matter; aon ni, one thing, matter, or affair; nithe and nithean, things, affairs, &c.*
- NI, nnè, *fut. v. dean; dean so, do this; ni mi sin, I will do that.*
- NIAG, nēāg, *n.f. squint eye. H. Society.*
- NIAGACH, nēāg'-ach, *adj. surly, squint-eyed.*
- NIC, nēchg, *cant. for nighean mhic; nic Ailpean, nic Dhomhnull, a female of the name of Macatpine or Macdonald.*
- NIC-CRIDHE, nēchg-crē'-ā, *n.f. term of endearment to a female; tha nic-cridhe, yes, my dear madam! my dear lassie!*
- NID, nyējj, *n. pl. nests; also gen. of a nest.*
- NIGH, nē'-h', *v. wash, lave, cleanse, purify; nigh do chasan, wash your feet. Bible.*
- NICHEADAIR, nē'-h'-ād-àèr, *n.m. washer, cleanser.*
- NICHEADAIREACHD, nē'-ād-àèr-achg, *n.f. washing of clothes particularly; cleansing.*
- NIGHEADH, nē'-X, *pt. washing, cleansing.*
- NIGHEAN, nyē'-un, *n.f. a daughter, a girl.*
- NIGHNEAG; see Nìoghnaig, girly, lassie.
- NIGHTE, nyē'-tyā, *pt. washed, bathed.*
- NIMH, nyév, *n.f. virus, venom.*
- NIMHEIL, nyév'-al, *a. venomous, keenly wicked.*
- NIOGHNAG, nnē'-nag, *n.f. a daughter, a girl.*
- NIONSA, nē'-um-sā, *for ni mise, I will do.*
- NIOA, nēr, *adv. not. Ross.*
- NIOS, nnēss', *n.m. top, summit; thoir an nios, bring up, bring to the top, literally; a sios is a nios, up and down, literally to the top and bottom.*
- NIS, nyēsh, *adv. now, AT THIS TIME; nis bha go mar sin, now, this was that way; thig a nis, come along now; a nis is a rithisd, now and then, at this time and afterwards; nis is fheadar dhomh inn-seadh dhuit, now I must plainly tell you.*
- NITHE, nēch'-ā, NITHEANAN, nēch'-an-an, *n.f. things, matters, affairs.*
- NITHEAR, dnēt'-ur, NITHEAN, nnē'-ur, *fut. pass. of dean, shall be done; nithear, neo nithear sin, that shall be done.*
- NIUC, nyēuchg, *n.f. a corner, nook.*
- NOCHD, nōchg, *v. present, reveal, table shew, discover; nochd an t-airgead, table the money; nochdaidh mi dhuit, I will shew you; ni maith, co a nochdas dhuinn aois, who will shew us any good? n.m. nakedness; ehomhdaich iad nochd an athar, they covered the nakedness of their father. Bible; mo nochd is mo nàire, my nakedness and shame! adj. bare, nocht.*
- NOCHD, nōchg, *n.f. night; an nochd, to-night; an d'thig e nochd, will he come to-night?*
- NOCHDADH, nōchg'-X, *pt. shewing, tabling, uncovering, revealing, discovering.*
- NOCHTA, nnōch'-tyā, *pt. shewn, tabled; bare; shabby, ill-dressed.*
- NODAN, dnōd'-an, *n.m. short sleep.*
- NOIG, noég, *n.f. old-fashioned face;—a podex or anus. Macdonald.*
- NOIGEAN, nyōg'-aen, *n.m. Scotch noggie, or wooden-dish, with one handle or ear.*
- NOIGEISEACH, nōég'-āsh-ach, *a. snuffy.*
- NOIN, nōen, *n.m. noon. Latin; North.*
- NOLLAIG, nōll'-ég, *n.f. a feast; Christmas; latha nollaig, Christmas-day; an nollaig bheag, New-year's day; nollaig mhòr, Christmas.*
- NOMHA, nōv'-a, *adj. quite new; ùr nomha, quite new; duine nomha, a new man.*
- NOS, nōs, *n.m. custom; bainne nūs, beastings.*
- NUAON, nūā, *adj. new, fresh.*
- NUADHACHO, dūā'-achd, *n.f. newness.*
- NUAG, nūāg, *n.f. sunk eye.*
- NUAGACH, dūāg'-ach, *a. sunk-eyed, surly.*
- NUAIR, nūāer, *adv. when, at the time.*
- NUALL, nūāll'-an, *n.m. a long drawling howl, as a lion or wild-cat; horrid howl or yell.*
- NUALLANACH, nūāll'-an-ach, *adj. horridly yelling or howling; drawlingly howling.*
- NUALLANAICH, nūāll'-an-ēch, *n.f. a continuous, drawling howl, or yelling.*
- NUAS, nūās, *n.f. bottom, ground; thig an nuas, come down; a suas is an nuas, up and down.*
- NUIG, nūég, *n.f. extent; gu nuig, to. Ross.*
- NUMHIR, nimhir, *number. M.F.*
- NUIN, nūēn, *n.f. ash-tree; also letter N. Irish.*
- NULL, nūnn, *n.m. the other side; adv. hither, thither, across; theig an nunn, go across, go over, go thither.*
- NUA, nur, *adv. when, at the time; supposed, on very slender grounds, to be a contraction of nuair.*
- NUS, nūs, *n.m. milk or chyle, used by the fœtus in the womb; bainne nūs, beast-ing; bheir e nūs a mhàthar as a ròin, he will make the chyle drop from his nose.*

O

O, o, the twelfth letter of the Gaelic alphabet, called òir, *furze*; (conas or conasg); *n. m.* also water, *obs.*

O, ò, for *adv.* or *conj.* on, since; o thàinig e as a bholg, *since he was born. B.*; 2d, o, vò for bho, *prep.*; o laimh mo bhràthar, o laimh Esau, *from my brother's hand, from the hand of Esau*; 3d, O, ò, *inter.* ò dhuine! *O man!*

OB, òb, *n. m.* creek, haven; also òban.

OB, òb, *v.* refuse, reject, object.

OBAG, òb'-ag; see OB-obagail.

OBAINN, òb'-ènn, *adj.* pert, meddling, sudden.

OBAINNEACHD, òb'-ènn-achg, *n. f.* pertness, impertinence, suddenness, or readiness in things not your own.

OBAB, òb'-ér, *n. f.* labour, work, employment, occupation; intermeddling, workmanship; obair do mhèuran fein, *the workmanship of thy own hands*; obair-uchd, *parapet*; obair theine, *fire-work*; obair-dhlón, *rampart, bulwark*; obair-shnàth-aid, *needle-work*; obair-lìn, *net-work*; obair-uisge, *water-work*; obair ghloine, *glass-work*; a dh' aon obair, *purposely, intentionally, on purpose*; also meeting of two rivers—hence, obair-feallaidh, obair-raighuinn, ABERFELDY, ABERDEEN; confluence.

OB-OBAGAIL, òb-òb'-ag-ul, *n. f.* flutter.

OBH, òbh, òv, òv, *inter.* och! ay! O dear!

OBUNN, see Obainn. *Bible.*

OCAR, òchg'-ur, *n. f.* interest, riadh.

OCH, òch, *inter.* och! *alas! my conscience!* oh heu! also, ochan! och nan och is och eile! *my conscience, thrice over!!!*

OCHANAICH, òch'-an-èch, *n. f.* sighing, sobbing.

OCHD, òchg², *adj.* and *n.* eight; ochd-oisneach, *having eight sides or angles*; rifle gun, *H. S.*; ochd-shlisneach, also.

OCHDAMH, òchg²-uv, *adj.* the eighth; *n. m.* also eight groats land; an octave. *Islay.*

OCHDAMUACH, òchg'-uv-ach, *adj.* octangular; *n. f.* an octagon, or figure having eight sides.

OCHD-DEUG, òchg-dyāg', *n. f.* eighteen.

OCHDAR, òchg²-ur, } *n. c.* eight persons

OCHDNAR, òchg²-nur, } or things.

OCH-THON, òch-hòn', *inter.* O dear! alas!

OD, òdd, *inter.* tut! no! ay!

O'D, òd', for o do; o d' cheann, *from thy head*; o d' sheanair, *from your grandfather.*

ODHAR, ó'-hur, *adj.* drab, dun, dapple, sallow; odhar-liath, *dapple-coloured.*

ODHRAICH, òr'-èch, *v.* make dun.

OFRAIL, òeff'-rral, *n. f.* offering. *Bible.*

OG, òg, *adj.* young; *n. c.* the young.

OGANACH, òg'-an-ach, *n. m.* young man.

OGHA, ó'-há, *n. c.* grandchild.

OGHUM, ó-um, *n. f.* occult sciences. *Ir.*

OGLACH, òg'-llach, *n. m.* young man, lad.

OGLUIDH, òg'-lè, *adj.* awful, terrible. *B.*

OG-MHIOS, òg'-vhès, *n. m.* June.

OIBRE, aùeb'-rà, *gen.* obair, of work.

OIBREACHADH, òeb'-rach-á, *pt.* working, labouring; fermenting; an caochan ag oibreachadh, *the wash fermenting, mixing*; ga oibreachadh, *mixing it.*

OIBRICH, aùeb'-rèch, *v.* work, ferment, mix; oibrichte, *wrought, fermented.*

OIDE, aùj'-á, *n. m.* foster-father, god-father.

OIDEACHD, oäj'-achd, *n. f.* instruction from evil or familiar spirits, occult science.

OIDHCHE, úey'-chá, òech'-á, *n. f.* night.

OIDHEAM, òé'-um, properly foidheam, (fodh-ainm), a secret or hid meaning, inference; nuair a dh' fhosgail e an fhoideam, *when he expounded or unriddled the meaning. MacIachlan—translated by a blockhead, when he opened the book*; 'se sin an fhoideam thug mise as, *that is the inference I drew, that is the meaning I made of it, but I may be wrong*; gnothach gun fhoideam, *a thing without meaning*; co is urraion foidheam sam bith a thoirt as, *who can bring any sense out of it?*

OIDHEAMACH, òé'-um-ach, ideal.

OIDHIRP, aùér'-up, *n. f.* attempt, essay.

OIDHIRPEACH, aùerp'-ach, *a.* diligent.

OIDHIRPICH, oàerp'-èch, *v.* attempt, essay.

OID-IONNSACHAIDH, ujj'-éunn'-ach-é, *n. m.* a familiar spirit, instructor in the occult sciences.

OIFIG, òéf'-ég, *n. f.* office, occupation.

OIFIGEACH, òéf'-ég-ach, *n. f.* officer.

OIGE, òég'-á, *n. f.* youth, youthfulness.

OIGEACH, òég'-ach, *n. m.* an entire horse.

OIGEAD, òég'-ad, *n. f.* youth, degree of youth.

OIGEAR, òég'-ar', *n. m.* young man.

OIGEALACHD, òég'-al-achg, *n. f.* youthfulness.

OIGIIL, òég'-al, *adj.* youthful, young-looking.

OIGH, òé'-y'. *n. f.* virgin, maiden.

OIGHEACHD, òé'-yhyachg', *n. f.* virginity.

OIGHEANNACH, òé'-yhyann'-ach, thistle. *P. shire*; froinneach, *Arg.*

OIGHRE, aùér'-á, *n. m.* an heir; beiridh bean mac, ach se Dia ni oighre, *a woman may bear a son, but God alone can make an heir. G. P.*

OIGHREACHD, aùér'-achg, *n. f.* heirship,

- inheritance, possession, freehold, free-land.
- OIGRIDH, òig'-re, *n. f.* youth, young folk.
- OIL, ull, *v.* rear, instruct in politeness; *mar dh' oil i a clann, as she brought up her children. Bible.*
- OIL, òil, *n. f.* offence, cause of regret or offence; *cha 'n oil leamsa gad a robh thu air do chrochadh, it is no offence to me though you were hanged; de chuir gu b' oil leamsa, why should it offend me? mas oil leat sin, na dean a rithisd e, if that be an offence to you, don't do it again.*
- OILBHEUM, òil'-vām, *n. m.* offence, (oil.)
- OILEANH, ul'-uv, *n. m.* Doctor of Laws, L.L.D.; murdered by Shaw and other ———, ollamh.
- OILEAMHAID, ul'-uv-āj, *n. f.* university. *M.*
- OILEADAIR, ul'-ad-aēr, *n. m.* professor.
- OILEAMHACH, ul'-uv-ach, *n. f.* university.
- OILEAN, ul'-aēn, contraction of oileamh-ain, instruction, breeding; household instruction or discipline; *droch oilean, bad breeding, want of politeness.*
- OILEANACH, ul'-aēn-ach, *adj.* polite, well-bred.
- OILEANAICH, ul'-aēn'-ēch, *v.* instruct in politeness, bring up well; *n. m.* scholar, student, pupil.
- OILEANTA, ul'-ant-ā, *adj.* well-bred, polite.
- OILEID, ul'-aj, *n. f.* college; (oil-aite,) *Iona Leg.*
- OILEARACH, ul'-ur-ach, *n. f.* nursery. *Arm.*
- OILIRE, ul'-ur-ā, *n. m.* professor.
- OILLT, oāeljī, *n. f.* greatest horror, detestation; *dluth-chrith air gach cnàimh le h-oillt, every bone shaking with horror.*
- OILLTEACHADH, oāeljī'-ach-ā, *pt.* horrifying in the highest degree, horror-struck; *n. m.* the highest degree of horror or detestation, horriification.
- OILLTEALACHD, oāēly'-tyally'-achg, *n. f.* horrific nature or quality; horriificeness, dreadfulness.
- OILLTEIL, oāēly'-tyal, *adj.* horriifying, horriific, terrible in the highest degree; disgusting in the highest degree.
- OILLTICH, oāēly'-tyēch, *v.* horriify.
- OILLTRIGH, ul'-haōcy', *n. m.* seminary.
- OILTHIR, ul'-hyēr, *n. f.* beach, shore.
- OILTHIREACH, ul'-hyēr-ach, *n. c.* stranger.
- OIN, òēn, *n. f.* agony of death, great mental distress; in Mull, omhain.
- OINNSEACH, òēnn'-shyach, *a. n. f.* idiot.
- OINNSEACHAIL, òēnn'-shaeh-al, *a.* foolish, as a female, like a foolish female.
- OIR, òēr, *conj.* for, because that; *oir chuimhnich iad, for they remembered; oir is fhearr learn, because that I prefer.*
- OIR, òēr, *n. f.* hem, border, edge, margin; *oir an aodaich, the hem of the cloth; oir an t-sruthain, the margin of the brook gun oir, without a border.*
- OIR, òēr, in Irish, the letter o *gen.* of òr.
- OIRBH, òērv, *pro. pre.* (air sibh,) on you, owed by you; the matter with you; you under the necessity; *dè tha a' cur oirbh, what is wrong with you? bheir mi oirbh, I will force you, I will lay you under the necessity; dè tha a' cur ort, what ails you, what is wrong with you? dè th' aig oirbh, how much is owed by you to him?*
- OIRBHEART, oirbheas, good deed.
- OIRBHEAS, òr'-as, or -vās², *n. f.* act of charity; *bu oirbheas dhuit a' dheanadh, it were an act of charity in you to do it; cha 'n oirbheas 'sam bith dhuit a leithid a dheanadh, it would be no act of charity in you to do it.*
- OIRBHEASACH, òēr'-vās²-ach, *a.* charitable.
- OIRBHSE, òērv'-shā, *emph.* of oirbh.
- OIRCEAN, oēr'-aēn, *n. m.* pigling.
- OIRCHIS, oēr'-chēs, *n. f.* act of charity.
- OIRDE; see Ord, junk of salmon, &c.
- OIRDHEARC,) or'-yhyerg, *adj.* famous, su-
- OIRDHEARG,) perb, *lit.* the redness of gold.
- OIRDHEARCAS, òēr'-yhyerg-us, *n. f.* superiority, excellency, superbness, pre-eminence.
- OIRFEID, òēr'-fējj, *n. m.* music; *na uile oirfeid na crìosdachd, than the whole melody of Christendom. M'D.*
- OIRFEIDEACH, òēr'-fējj-ach, *n. m.* musician; *adj.* musical.
- OIRLEACH, òēr'-lyach, *n. m.* an inch.
- OIRNN, òērn, *pre. pro.* (for air sinn,) on us, upon us, owed by us, matter with us; see Oirbh, &c.
- OIRRE, for uirra, on her, owed by her, &c.
- OIRTHIR, òēr'-hyēr, *n. f.* beach, border.
- OIRTHIREACH, òēr'-hyēr-ach, *n. m.* borderer; *adj.* maritime.
- OISEACH, for òinseach, female idiot.
- OISEANN, òsh²-aēnn', *n. m.* corner, angle, nook; *gen.* oisinn, of a corner, nook, &c.
- OISEANNACH, òesh²-aēnn-ach, *a.* angular.
- OISG, òeshg, for othaisg.
- OITEAG, òēty²-ag, *n. f.* light squall, gust.
- OITEAGACH, òēty²-ag-ach, *adj.* squally.
- OITIR, òjty'-ēr, *n. f.* reef of sand, or lar in the sea, a shallow, or shoal in the sea.
- OL, òll, *n. m.* drink, potatoes, drunkenness, inebriety, habitual potations; *tha trom air an òl, he is tedious at his potations, he is a hard drinker; 'se an t-òl a chuir an dunaich ort, drunkenness put you to the mischief; pt. drinking spirituous liquors, drinking; v. drink, slacken thirst; dh' òladh tu is cha phaidheadh tu, you shine in drinking and skulk in time of paying; sip; ag òl brochain, sipping*

porrage; in some places, *òl snaoisean, take snuff!*

OLA, òl'-à, *n. f.* ointment for medicinal purposes; never oil, *billeadh, lamp oil.*

OLACH, òll'-ach, *n. m.* a gentleman deprived of all his — for adultery,—a punishment not peculiar to Celts, a very odd fellow; is *éibheinn an t-òlach thu, you are an odd fellow indeed.*

OLACHD, òl'-achg, *n. f.* castration wholesale of a fellow for adultery.

OLANN, òl'-unn, *n. f.* wool; *gen. olla.*

OLAR, òll'-ur, *adj.* addicted to drink.

OLC, òlk, *n. m.* mischief, evil, wickedness, apparition; *adj.* evil, bad, wicked; *adv.* wickedly, very ill; is *òlc a fhuara thu, you behaved very ill*; *duine òlc, a bad or wicked man*; *chaidh e thun an uilc, he went to the mischief*; *deg. is miosa, is uilce*; *seachainn, an t-òlc is seachnaidh an t-òlc thu, avoid evil and evil will avoid you*; *gu h-òlc, sick, very ill, badly.*

OLCAS, òlk'-as, *n. m.* badness, —, sickness; *air olcas 's am bheil e, let it or him be ever so bad*; *olcad, degree of badness, inferiority, &c.*

OLLA, òll'-à, *gen.* of ollann, of wool.

OLLACH, òll'-ach, *a.* woolly, fleecy.

OLLADH, } òll'-av, *n. m.* Doctor, for oil.

OLLAMH, } eamh, *a Dr. of Laws, L.L.D.*

OLLAMHRACHD, òll'-uv-rachg, *n. f.* professorship.

OLLAODACH, òll'-aòd'-ach, *n. m.* woollen cloth.

OMAR, òm'-ur, *n. m.* amber, ombar.

OMHAR, ó-ur, *n. m.* milk, froth.

ON, òn, *conj.* since, since it is so.

ONAIR, òn'-àir, *n. f.* honour, dignity; *na bitheadh m' onair-sa air a h-aonadh, let not mine honour be united*; *gun onair, without honour.*

ONFHADH, òn'-a-gh, *n. m.* rage, raging of the sea; fury; see *Confhadh.*

ONARACH, òn'-àr'-ach, *adj.* honourable.

ONARAICH, òn'-àr'-èch, *v.* honour, revere.

ONNCHONN, ònn'-chunn, *n. m.* ensign. *Ir.*

ONRACHD, òn'-or òrr'-achg, *n. f.* solitude, solitariness; a *fhèin 'na onrachd, he himself alone*; *agus cha bhi mi am ònrachd tuilidh, I will not be solitary longer*; *ann an ònrachd an rathaid, in the solitude of the place.*

ONRACHDACH, òn'-rachd'-ach, *a.* solitary.

ONRACHDAN, òrr'-achg-an, *n. c.* hermit, a person left alone, or deserted person, re-cluse.

ONRACHDANACH, òrr'-ach-an-ach, *a.* solitary.

ONRACHDANACHD, òrr'-achg-an-achg, *n. f.* loneliness, solitariness, seclusion, solitude.

OR, òr, *n. m.* gold; *v.* gild, burnish, òir.

ORACHD, òr'-achg, *n. f.* hoarding gold.

ORACHD, òr'-achg, *n. f.* fictitious ornament, fantasies, fantastic dress or ornaments; *tuilidh is a chòir do orachdan, too many fantastic ornaments or assumed airs.*

OR-THIGH, òr'-haòè-y', *n. m.* treasury.

ORAIÐ, òr'-àj, *n. f.* oration, speech. *Bible.*

ORAIDEACH, òr'-àj'-ach, *a.* oratorical.

ORAIDEAR, òr'-àj'-àir, *n. m.* orator.

ORAIL, òr'-al, *adj.* golden.

ORAN, òr'-an, *n. m.* song, glee, catch; a' gabhail òrain, *singing songs.*

ORAIR, òr'-àir, *n. m.* porch. *Irish.*

OR-BHUIDH, òr'-vùé, *a.* golden-coloured; *nighean òr-bhuidh, a golden-haired lass.*

ORCHEARD, òr'-chyard, *n. m.* goldsmith.

ORD, òrd, *n. m.* sledge-hammer; a junk or round piece of salmon, &c. — conical hill, *H. S.*; hammers, junks, ùird, also *gen.* of a hammer, &c.

ORDACHADH, òrd'-ach-x, *pl.* ordering, directing; officiously interfering; ordaining, decreeing, predestinating.

ORDAG, òrd'-ag, *n. f.* thumb, great toe.

ORDAICH, òrd'-èch, *v.* order, direct; decree, ordain; *dh'òrdaich Dia, God ordained.*

ORDAIL, òrd'-al, *a.* well-arranged, orderly, decent, becoming, regular.

ORDAGH, } òrd'-aogh, *n. m.* order, com-

ORDUGH, } mand, injunction, instruction; decree, edict; *ordugh o'n tigh-chuspainn, a decree or edict from the custom-house*; *cuir an ordugh, put in order, arrange*; *gun ordugh, without instruction or direction, deranged*; *ann an ordugh-cath, in battle array—ordinance, Sacrament of the Lord's Supper. North.*

ORM, òrm, *pre. pron.* on me, owed by me; wrong with me; *dè a th' aig orm, what do I owe him?* *dè th' ort, what is wrong with you?* *what ails you?* *a' cur orm, dressing—dressing myself*; also *ormsa.*

ORRA, òrr'-a, *pre. pro.* on them, &c.; see above; (*air iad*) *dè th' orra, what is wrong with them?* *how much do they owe?* *how are they dressed?* *n. f.* amulet or enchantment, to effect something wonderful; *orra-ghràidh, an amulet to provoke unlawful love*; *orra-sheamlachais, an amulet to make a cow allow the calf of another cow, to suck her*; an imposture of any kind; *orra-chomais, an amulet to deprive a man of his v-r-l-ty, particularly on the marriage-night, by way of vengeance, (a fine thing to cure blackguards)*; *orra-na-h-aoine, an amulet to drown a foe*; *orra-an-donais, one to send one's foe to the mischief*; *orra-ghrùdaire, an amulet to make every drop of the wash to overflow the wash-tubs*; an *orra-bhalbh, an amulet to prevent*

- one's agent to make defence in a court of justice; orra nan oileamh, an amulet to prevent d——s to succeed in any publication, such as a Gaelic Dictionary, &c. &c. &c.* When a genuine Celtic — — or — — is thus spell-bound, instead of styling BABACHD, (from bab,) human ex-c-m—t, the uniform interpretation is, SWEETNESS AND INNOCENCE, &c. &c.
- ORRADH; see òradh, burnishing, gilding.
- ORRAIS, òrr'-èsh, *n. f.* nausea, water-brash, squeamishness, or gnawing at the stomach; chuireadh tu an orrais air math-gamhainn, *your conduct would make a bear squeamish*; bha'n orrais ri m'f hiaeil, fad an latha, *the water-brash annoying me, the live-long day.*
- ORT, òrrt, *prep. pro.* on thee, upon thee, owed by thee; wrong with, or ailing thee; dè a th'aig ort, *how much owed thou him?*
- OS, òs, *n. f.* an elk; lean thusa an os bhallach, *pursue thou the spotted elk. Sm.*
- OS, òs, *n. m.* outlet of a lake or river. *Low.*; a sand-bar (oitir, west). *North.*
- OSAG for oiteag, light squall or blast.
- OSAN, òs'-an, *n. m.* a hose, or tartan stocking, the leg of trowsers.
- OSANN, òs'-ann, *n. f.* a deep sob or sigh.
- OSANNAICH, òs'-ann-èch, *n. f.* continuous sighing or sobbing; heavy blasts or gusts of wind.
- OSAIRD, òs'-àrj, *adv.* openly, (not the thing); gu follaiseach.
- OSBHARR, òs'-bhàrr, *adv.* besides, moreover, (properly a' bhàrr a' bharrachd.)
- OSCAR, òs'-kàr, Fingal's best beloved son.
- OSCARRA, òsk'-arr-à, *a.* fierce, bold; unfeminine, masculine, as a female; indelicate.
- OSCARRACHD, òsk'-arr-achg, *n. m.* fierceness; masculineness, as a female; indelicateness.
- OS-CIONN, as ceann, above.
- OSD, òsd, *n. m.* an inn; drink; a bhean òsd, *the landlady of the inn*; air dhuinn a bhith 's tigh-òsd, *having happened to meet in the inn.*
- OSDAIR, òsd'-àir, *n. m.* a host, landlord of an inn; also fear-òsd, innkeeper.
- OSISEAL, òs'-èsh'-al, *adv.* privately; gu dìomhair, an diùbhras.
- OSNACH, òs'-nach, *a.* blustering, as wind; blubbing, as a person.
- OSNAICH, òs'-nnèch, *n. f.* continued sighing, or blustering, or blubbing, &c.
- OSP, òsp², *v. n.* gasp, sob quickly.
- OSPAG, òsp²-ag, *n. f.* a gasp; quick, deep sob.
- OSPAGAIL, } òsp'-ag-al, òsp'-ul, *n. f.* continuous gasping, or quick sobbing; *pt.* sobbing, sighing.
- OSPAIRN, OSPAIRNICH, òsp²-àern, òsp'-àern-èch, *n. f.* same as above, gasping quickly.
- OTH, ò², *n. m.* water; large body of water; Loch-otha, *Loch-awe, in Argyle*; cha leithne Loch-otha a nunn na nall, *Loch-awe is equally broad, whether you cross it hither or thither. Proverbs.*
- OTHAIL, ò²-u'l, *n. f.* hurry-burry; tumult, confusion; a' bhanais a bha CIOSTALL-ODHAR, cha robh othail chòir urra, *there was no decent hurry-burry at the (gen-teel) wedding in Keestallohar!!!*
- OTHAINN, òh'-ènn, *n. f.* the largest kind of rivers; abhainn, a secondary river; (from otha, water, and inne, channel). *Is.*
- OTHAISG, ò'-èshg, *n. f.* a yearling ewe; a soft, lubberly person; a blockhead.
- OTRACH, òt'-ràch, *n. c.* dung-hill. *Buch.*; in Islay, a drabbish, very fat female.
- OTAACHAIL, òt'-rach-al, *a.* drabbish, filthy.

P

- P, p, the thirteenth letter of the Gaelic alphabet, named Beith-bhog, that is, soft B; sounds like p in English uniformly.
- PA, pà, *inter.* and *n. m.* pappa.
- PAB, pab, *n. f.* a tassel, knob; paban an òir, *golden tassels. Arg.*; shag. *N.*
- PABACH, pab'-ach, *adj.* tasselled, tufted, shaggy.
- PABAG, pab'-ag-ach, *n. f.* little tassel.
- PABAGACH, pab'-ag-ach, *adj.* tufted.
- PABHAIL, pāv'-all, pavement. *Ir.*; *Welsh.*
- PAB-CHEANN, pab'-chyann, *n. m.* shaggy-head. *H.*
- PAC, pachg, *v. n.* pack up, get out of the house, get about your business; *n. m.* a pack, a vile crew or set of people; a phaca, *ye vile crew! ye sad set! (Teut. and Belgic.)*
- PACAD, pachg'-aj, *n. f.* a packet, (*Fr.* and *Ger.*); a female tell-tale or tattler.
- PACAIRE, pachg'-èr-à, *n. m.* one that packs.
- PACARRAS, pachg'-arr-as, *n. m.* trash, refuse.
- PAGANACH, pàg'-an-ach, *n. m.* a heathen, a pagan; *adj.* heathenish, pagan.
- PAGANACHD, pàg'-an-achg, *n. f.* heathenism.
- PAGANTA, pàg'-ant-à, *adj.* heathenish.
- PAGHADH, pà'-h, *n. m.* thirst; tha paghadh orm, *I am thirsty*; am bheil paghadh ort, *are you thirsty? paigheadh, thirsty.*
- PAION, pà'-yh', *v. n.* pay, suffer for, remunerate, atone, make amends; paidh-idh tu sin fhathast, *you shall suffer for that yet, (French.)*

PAIDHEADH, pûê'-yhy-â, *n. m.* payment, pay; *pt.* paying, remunerating, suffering for.

PAIDHEAR, pâê'-yhyar', *n. m.* payer, sufferer.

PAIDHIR, pâ'-êr', *n. f.* pair, brace, couple.

PAIDHNEACHAS, paôeny'-ach-as, *n. m.* penalty, pledge; ann an *paidhneachas* fichead punnd sasannach, *under the penalty of twenty pounds sterling.*

PAIDHNAICH, paôen'-êch, *v.* bind under penalty.

PAIDHRICH, pâêr'-êch, *v.* pair, as birds, &c.

PAIDHRICHTE, pâêr'-êch-tyâ, *pt.* paired.

PAIDHTE, pâê'-yâ-tyâ, *pt.* paid, remunerated.

PAID, pâjj, *n. m.* cluster, string of beads; PAIDIR, pâjj'-êr', *j* Lord's prayer; rosary, or the string of beads used by Catholics.

PAIDREAN, pâjj'-ryan, *n. m.* cluster of grapes, &c.; posy, string of any thing, as beads, shells, &c.

PAIDRICH, pâjj'-rich, *v.* string together.

PAIGHTEACH, pâ'-tyach, *adj.* thirsty, bibacious.

PAIGHTEACHD, pâ'-tyachg, *n. f.* bibacity, thirstiness.

PAIL; see Peula, a pail, (*Spanish.*)

PAILIOS, pêl'-ês, *n. f.* palace, (*Latin.*)

PAILLEART, pally'-art, *n. m.* a box on the ear; in Irish, a tune or air on a bagpipe.

PAILLINN, pâll'-enn, *n. f.* tent, tabernacle, pavilion; deanamaid trì pâillinnean, *let us make three tabernacles. Bible.*

PAILM, paôêl'-um, *n. f.* palm-tree. *Bible.*

PAILT, pâljty', *adj.* plentiful, abundant.

PAILTEACHD, pâljty'-achg, *n. f.* plentifulness.

PAILTEAS, pâljty'-as, *n. m.* plenty, abundance.

PAIND, PAINDEAG, pénj, penj'-ag, *n. f.* pebble.

PAINDEALACH, pénj'-al-ach, *n. c.* a person laced up like a dandy; article of dress too strait.

PAINNSE, pensh, *n. f.* tripe, (*Scotch.*)

PAINTTIR, penjt'-er, *n. f.* trap, snare. *Ross.*

PAIPEAR, pip'-âêr', *n. m.* paper, advertisement.

PAIRICH, pip'-rêch, *v.* cover with paper.

PAIRC, pâêrk, *n. f.* a park, (*Sax.*)

PAIRILIS, downright nonsense for paralais; in Latin, PARALYSIS.

PAIRT, parjty', *n. f.* part, share, portion, interest, connection, some; *pàirt deth, some of it; ghabh e 'phàirt, he enlisted in his interest, he took his part; cha bhith cuid na pàirt agam deth, I will take no manner of connection with it, (Latin.)*

PAIRTEACH, pârtj'-ach, *a.* liberal, sharing.

PAIRTEACHAIL, pârtj'-ach-al, *a.* divisible.

PAIRTICH, pârtj'-êch, *v.* participate, share.

PAISDE, pâshj'-â, *n. m.* child, infant, babe.

PAISDEIL, pâshj'-al, *a.* infantile, childish.

PAISG, pâeshg, *v.* fold, wrap, imply; *phaisg si i féin, she wrapt herself. Bible; paisg an t-aodach, fold up the cloth; n. pl. parcels, bunches, as of keys; gen. of pasg, a parcel or bunch.*

PAISGTE, pasbg'-tyâ, *pt.* folded, wrapt.

PAIT, pâjt, *n. m.* a bump, or thump on the head; a smart blow on the head, producing a bump to a phrenologists' complete content.

PAITEACH, pâjt'-ach, *adj.* phrenological.

PAITIRE, pâjt'-êr-a, *n. m.* a PHRENOLOGIST, thumper.

PAITIREACHD, pâjt'-êr-achg, *n. f.* phrenology, thumping.

The sublime science of PHRENOLOGY has been in use, in the *Highlands*, for time immemorial, though the inhabitants of Edinburgh, piqued themselves on its discovery.

PAP, pâp, *n. m.* the POPE.

PAPANACH, pâp'-an-ach, *n. m.* a papist; *a.* popish.

PAPANACHD, pâp'-an-achg, *n. f.* popery.

PARACAS, par-âchg'-as, *n. m.* a rhapsody.

PARALAIS, pârl'-al-ach, *n. f.* a slight stunning or swoon; palsy.

PARANT, pârl'-ant, *n. c.* a parent. *Latin.*

PARLANAID, pârl'-âm-âjj, *n. f.* parliament.

PARLANAIDEACH, pârl'-âm-âj-ach, *a.* parliamentary.

PARRA, pârr'-a, } *n. m.* Peter or Pa-
PARRAIG, pârr'-êg, } trick; *parra ruadh*
nan ceare, *a hen-harrier or hawk. Arm.*
(The Doctor must have meant some other Peter or Patrick.)

PARRAIST, par'-asht, parish, North; sgiorachd, *West.*

PARRAS, pârr'-as, *n. m.* Paradise.

PARTAN, part'-an, *n. m.* crab; in Skye, portan.

PASG, pasg, *n. m.* bunch, bundle, parcel, faggot; *pasg iùchraichean, a bunch of keys; pasg aodaich, a parcel of cloth; pasg shlat, faggot of twigs.*

PASGACH, pasg'-ach, *n. f.* a wrapper.

PASGADH, pâsg'-â, *pt.* folding, wrapping.

PASGAN, pasg'-an, *n. m.* little bundle, &c.

PASMUNN, pas'-munn, *n. m.* expiring pang. *Highland Society.*

PEABAR, pâbâ'-ur, *n. m.* pepper, (*Greek; Ger.*)

PEABRAICH, pâbâ'-rêch, *v.* pepper, season.

PEACACH, pechg'-ach, *a.* sinful; *n. c.* sinner.

PEACACHADH, pechg'-ach-â, *pt.* sinning, erring; *n. m.* transgression.

PEACAICH, pechg'-êch, *v.* sin, commit sin.

PEACAIHNEACHD, pechg'-e-achg, *n. f.* sinfulness.

PEALL, pyall, *n. m.* horse; bunch of mat-

- ted hair, &c. *Irish*; *v.* clot, mat, as wool; *tha* 'ghruag air *pealladh*, *his hair is clotted or matted*.
- PEALLACH, pyall'-ach, *a.* matted; paltry, trifling.
- PEALLAG, pyall'-ag, *n. f.* a mat of straw; bass; sort of under pack-saddle.
- PEALLAID, pyall'-àjj, *n. f.* a sheep-skin. *Ir.*; paltry female. *Islay*.
- PEALLTAG, pyallt'-ag, *n. f.* patched cloak. *N.*
- PEANAS, pen'-as, *n. m.* punishment, penance.
- PEANASACH, pen'-as-ach, *a.* penal; annoying.
- PEANASAICH, pen'-as-éich, *v.* punish, annoy.
- PEANASAICHE, pen'-as-éich-à, *n. m.* punisher.
- PEANN, pyann, *n. m.* a pen; Latin, penna.
- PEANNTAIR, pyannt'-ér, *v.* scribble, scrawl.
- PEANNTAIREACHD, pyannt'-ér-achg, *n. f.* a scribbling, scrawling.
- PEARLUINN, pàrl'-énn, *n. f.* muslin. *M'F.*
- PEARSA, pers'-à, *n. c.* person, any body. *E.*
- PEARSANTA, pers'-annt-a, *adv.* personally. *Is.*; *adj.* handsome, personable, portly.
- PEARSANTACHD, pers'-annt-achg, *n. f.* personality.
- PEARS-EAGLAIS, pers-äg-llésh, *n. m.* clergyman.
- PEASAIR, päs'-ér, *n. f.* peace.
- PEASAN, päs'-an, *n. m.* impertinent person.
- PEASANACH, päs'-an-ach, *adj.* petulant.
- PEASANACHD, päs'-an-achg, *n. f.* impertinence.
- PEASANTA, päs'-ant-à, *adj.* petulant, pert.
- PEASG, päsg', *n. f.* a gash, as in the skin; crevice, as in wood; *v.* gash, chink, notch; chop, as hands.
- PEASGACH, päsg'-ach, *adj.* gashed, chinked.
- PEASRACH, päsr'-ach, *gen.* of peasair.
- PEATA, pä't'-à, *n. m.* a pet; spoiled child.
- PEATARNACHD, pä't-arn-achd, *n. f.* fondling.
- PEATHAR, peh'-ur, *gen.* of piuthar.
- PEATHARAICHEAN, pe'-éch-un, *n. f.* sisters.
- PEIC, päéchg, *n. f.* a peck; measure.
- PEIGHINN, pä'-énn, *n. f.* penny, coin, stiver; *cha* 'n'eil *peighinn* agam, *I have not a stiver*; *na* h-uile *peighinn*, *every coin*;—Fiscal denomination of land, equal to *cola bán*, groat land, *Mull*; round bit, or any thing like a shilling; *'ga* ghearradh na *pheighinnean*, *cutting it in round bits*.
- PEIGHINNEACH, pä'-énn-ach, *a.* spotted. *H. Society*.
- PEIGHINNICH, pä'-énn-éich, make round bits, as a shilling or sixpence.
- PEIGHINN-ROGHAIL, pä'-énn-rè-gháil, *n. f.* penny-royal; *am* bearnaa-bride *is pheighinn-roghail*, *the dandition and the penny-royal*. *Mackintyre, Ar.*
- PEILEAR, päl'-aer, *n. m.* a bullet, a ball.
- PEILEASTAR, pä²l'-ast-ur, *n. m.* a quilt, (*Lat.*)
- PEILEID, pä²l'-äj, *n. m.* young porpoise, *Argyle*; a blow, or slap, or sheep skin, *North*.
- PEILIC, pä²l'-échg, *n. f.* a booth, pit. *Irish*.
- PEIN, päén, *n. f.* pain of body, agony.
- PEINNGILLEACHD, peng'-èly'-hyachg, *n. f.* tyranny.
- PEINNT, penjt, *n. f.* } a small pretty shell
- PEINNTEAG, penjt'-ag, } or pebble; in Lewis, maidealag.
- PEINNTEAL, penjt'-al, *n. f.* a mare, *Ir.*
- PEINNTEALACH, penjt'-al-ach, *n. c.* a slender tightly laced dandified person; a strait article of dress, as coat, trousers.
- PEIRCEALL, päérk'-al, *n. m.* a lantern-jaw, a lean, large, lank jaw.
- PEIRCEALLACH, päérk'-al-ach, *n. c.* a lean, lank, lantern-jawed person; *a.* lantern-jawed.
- PEIREID, pä'r'-äj, *n. f.* a ferret.
- PEIRIGILL, pä'r'-ég-èly', *n. f.* agonies of death, excruciating mental tortures or torment. *Is.*
- PEIRIGLICH, pä'r'-ég-léich, *v.* torture, torment.
- PEIREAN, pä'r'-án, *n. m.* buttocks, *Skye*; see *Peuran*, and hence *peursa*, f—ting in a certain mode.
- PEISLEAR, päsh'-lyar', *n. m.* a trifling person.
- PEITEAN, päjt'-äcn, *n. m.* woollen shirt, jacket.
- PEITHIRE, pä²-ér-à, *n. m.* a message boy; peithireachd, *running messages*, or *making domestic jobs*.
- PEUC, pächg, *n. m.* pea-hen; also *peucag*.
- PEUCAIL, pächg'-al, *a.* trim, neat, cleanly.
- PEUC-CHOILEACH, pächg'-chul-ach, *n. m.* peacock.
- PEULA, pä'l'-à, *n. m.* milk-pail, (*Spanish*.)
- PEUR, pä'r, *n. f.* a pear—buttock. *Skye*.
- PEURD, pèrd, *v.* first-card; *n. f.* a flake of wool when giving the first carding; *peurdag*, *Islay*.
- PEURAS, pärs, *v. f.*—t drawlingly.
- PIAN, päán, *n. f.* infliction of pain by way of punishment; torture, torment; *v.* pain, torture; *phian e mi*, *he tortured me*.
- PIANADAIR, päán'-ad-äer, *n. m.* tormentor.
- PIANAIL, päán'-al, } *adj.* excruciating.
- PIANTACH, päánt'-ach, } also *piantachail*.
- PIANTAICHE, päánt'-éich-à, *n. m.* overwrought person, an ill-used or distressed person.
- PIAHINN, pèv'-énn, *n. m.* lapwing, *sadh-arcán*.
- PIC, péchg, *n. f.* a warlike pike, pike-axe; niggardliness, churlishness.
- PIC, péchg, *n. f.* pitch; *comhdachaidh tu*

a stigh is a muigh le pic, *thou shalt cover it within and without with pitch. B.*

PIC, pèchg, *n. f.* churlishness, niggardliness

PICEAR, pèchg'-àir, *n. m.* a niggard, churl.

PICILL, pèchg'-èly', *n. f.* pickle, brine.

PIGE, pègy'-à, *n. m.* a jar, earthen jar.

PIGEAN, pèg'-aén, *n. m.* gorbelly, or a little gorbelled person.

PIGIDH, pèg'-è, *n. m.* robin-red-breast, (bruideargan,) *H. Society's Dict.*

PIGHINN, pé'-énn, *n. m.* pye. *Irish.*

PILL, pèlly', *n. f.* a sheet, cloth; *pill-chuir*, a sheet holding seed-corn when sowing; fold; *v.* fold, put one in his winding-sheet; also an unique refinement on the Irish verb fill; fill e dachaidh, the Irish, for thill e dachaidh, *he returned home.*

PILLINN, pèly'-énn, *n. f.* saddle-cloth; *shovel. H. S.*

PINN, pénn', *n. pl.* pens; *gen.* of a pen.

PINNE, pénn'-nyá, *n. m.* a pin, a peg.

PINNICH, pénn'-èch, *v.* pin, peg, fasten.

PINNT, pénnjt, *n. f.* a pint, half a gallon.

PIOB, pèbb, *n. f.* pipe, bag-pipe; smoke.

PIOBADAIR, pèbb'-ad-àir, *n. m.* pipe maker.

PIOBAIRE, pèbh'-ur-à, *n. m.* a piper; a' *piobaireachd*, playing at bag-pipes, *squall-ing.*

PIOB-SHIONNAICH, pèbb-hùénn'-èch, } *n. f.*

PIOB-THEANNAICH, pèbb-hyann'-è, } *n. f.*

Irish pipes, or bellows' pipe.

PIOC, pèuchg, *n. m.* a nip, a pick, nibble; *v.* pick, nibble; a' *piocadh*, picking, nibbling, *nipping. Teut.*

PIOCACH, pèuchg'-ach, *n. m.* coal-fish in its third and fourth year; first year, céit-eanach.

PIOCAID, pèuchg'-àj, *n. f.* pick-axe.

PIOCAIRE, pèuchg'-ur-à, *n. m.* nibbler.

PIOGHAD, pé'-àj, *n. f.* a magpie.

PIOCH, pèch, *v.* wheeze.

PIOCHAN, pèch'-an, *n. m.* wheezing.

PIOCHAIR, pèch'-ér, *v.* line as cats; air *phiochradh*, *salacious as a cat.*

PIOLLACH, péüll'-ach, *a.* fretful, and curious looking, contemptible.

PIORABHUIG, pèr²-a-vùég, *n. f.* periwig, *French.*

PIORR, péurr, *v.* stab, make a dash at in order to probe or stab.

PIORADH, péúr'-à, *pt.* keen gust of wind; *pt.* dashing at, stabbing quickly.

PIOS, péss, *n. m.* a piece, patch, *B. A. L.*; *v.* cut into shreds, lacerate, tear.

PISEAG, pèsh'-ag, *n. f.* kitten.

PISEACH, pèsh'-ach, *n. m.* increase, progeny, offspring; *piaseach* air do phiseach agus piseach ann ad bhraim, *may you see your offspring's offspring and have a young progeny yourself*; prosperity, success; *piaseach* ort, *success to you!* am bi *piaseach* orra, *shall they prosper?* le *pis-*

each a bhilean, sàsaicheare, *by the increase of his tips, shall he be filled. Bible.*

PISEACHAIL, pèsh'-ach-al, *adj.* successful.

PIUTHAR, pèù'-ur, *n. f.* a sister; *gen.* peathar.

PIUTHAG, pèùr'-ag, *n. f.* female fellow gossip.

PIUTHAGACH, pèùr'-ag-ach, *a.* gossiping.

PIUTHAR-ATHAR, pùr-ar'-ur, *n. f.* paternal aunt.

PIUTHAR-CHEILE, pùr'-chàl-à, *n. f.* sister-in-law; *piuthar-màthar*, maternal aunt;

piuthar-seanar, paternal grand-aunt;

piuthar-seamhar, maternal grand-aunt.

PLAB, plab, *v.* make soft noise.

PLABARTAICH, plabb'-art-èch, *n. f.* rumbling noise in speech. *N.*

PLACAID, plächg'-aj, *n. f.* fat, broad, good natured female,—dish. *M'F*; *Ir.*

PLAID, plajj, *v.* drill potatoes, lay out ground in plots, plant as greens or cole-wort.

PLAINE, plajj'-à, *n. f.* a plot of ground. *Is*; blanket, Mainland of Argyre.

PLAIDE-LAIDHE, plajj'-a-là-èy-è, *n. f.* an ambush, (from plaide,) *Bible.*

PLAIGH, plàe'-y', *n. f.* plague, pestilence.

PLAIGHEIL, plàe'-yhal, *a.* pestilential.

PLAN, plām, *n. f.* fat blubber-cheek.

PLANACH, plām'-ach, *adj.* fat-cheeked, fair-haired, and pale-faced.

PLAMAIC, plām'-èchg, *v.* fumble, mix, handle awkwardly.

PLANG, pláng, *n. m.* plack. (*Scotch*); or a third of a penny.

PLANGAID, pläng'-àj, *n. f.* blanket, the price of which was formerly a plack.

PLANNT, plā'-ant, *n. m.* a plant.

PLANNTAICH, plā'-ant-èch, *v.* plant.

PLANNTAR, plannt'-ur, *n. m.* choice corn for seed, choice quality of oats.

PLAOISG, plāoèshg, *v.* husk, peel.

PLAOSG, plāosg, *n. m.* husk as of nuts, egg-shell.

PLAOSGACH, plaosg'-ach, *a.* husky, shelly.

PLAOSGAID, plāosg'-aj, *n. m.* soft, stupid woman.

PLAOSGAIRE, plāosg'-àir-à, *n. m.* soft, stupid fellow.

PLASD, plásd, *n. m.* a plaster, cataplasm, poultice; *v.* plaster, daub, spread awkwardly.

PLAT, plat, *n. f.* straw-cloth, peallag, *North*; *v.* thrust in, clap upon; *phlat* e 'lamh air, *he clapped his hand on it. Islay.*

PLATH, plā, *v.* puff, blow upon.

PLATHADH, plā'-à, *n. m.* puff of wind; thàinig *platha* oirnn, *a puff came on us*;

a' *platha* marn-aodann, *puffing or plashing about our faces*; glimpse, moment;

ann am *pl'atha*, *in a moment, Bible*; fhuair sin *platha* dheth, *we got a glimpse of it.*

PLEADAIRT, plād'-àirt, *n. f.* an importu-

- nate petition, begging earnestly and humbly.
- PLEADHAG, plé'-ag, *n. f.* a paddle, dibble.
- PLEASG, plèsg, *n. f.* noise. *Irish.*
- PLEAT, plètt, *v.* patch, mend.
- PLEAT, plètt, *v.* plait, braid, fold; *n. f.* a plait, braid, tress, fold.
- PLEATA, plètt'-a, *n. m.* a patch, a piece.
- PLEATH, plè, *v.* beg a thing to be paid for.
- PLEATHAINN, plé'-ènn, *n. f.* the act of begging a thing you are to pay for; *pl.* begging humbly a thing you must pay for, earnestly begging.
- PLEIDEIR, plájj'-èr, *v.* plead, or beg importunately, beg humbly and incessantly, (*French* plaider.)
- PLEISG, pláshg, *v.* revile or abuse with all your might.
- PLEISGEADH, pláshg'-X, *pt.* reviling; *n. m.* a scold in a calm, sarcastic manner.
- PLEOD, plyód, *v.* make milk-warm, warm slightly.
- PLEODAG, plyód'-ag, *n. f.* soft, simple female.
- PLEOISG, plyóshg, *n. m.* a booby. *Irish.*
- PLIADH, pléá, *n. f.* splay-foot, and bandy-leg; *v.* swagger.
- PLIADHACH, pléá'-ach, *n. f.* splay-footed female; *adj.* splay-footed and bandy-legged
- PLIADHAIR, pléá'-àir, *n. m.* splay-footed, and bandy-legged man.
- PLIODAIR, plèdd'-èr, *v.* cajole, seduce by flattery, cradle into acquiescence, *Arg.*
- PLIODAIRE, plèdd'-ur-à, *n. m.* cajoler.
- PLIODAIRT, plèdd'-arjt, *n. f.* cajoling, caressing; *pt.* cajoling, caressing a person, as if a child, in a soothing fawning manner.
- PLIUT, pléüt, *n. f.* a splay-foot on one side of the foot; *pliotaich*, having such a foot; *n. f.* a female having such feet.
- PLIUTAIRE, pléüt'-èr-à, *n. m.* half-splay-footed fellow.
- PLOC, ploch, *n. m.* any round mass; junk of a stick; potato-masher, large clod, a very large head; *v. n.* ram against, mash as potatoes, greens, &c.; *a' plocadh a' bhuntàta*, mashing the potatoes.
- PLOCACH, plochg'-ach, *adj.* having a large head, or lumps; *galar-plocach*, quinsy, the mumps.
- PLOCACH, plöchg'-ach, *n. m.* boy. *H. Soc.*
- PLOCANTA, plöchg'-ant-a, *adj.* stout, sturdy
- PLOD, plödd, *n. m.* a fleet of shipping; carnage; damage; *plod mòr loingeas*, a large fleet of vessels; *siad a riun am plod*, what carnage or damage they have made! *v.* float, cause to float; *air phlod*, afloat; *tha i air phlod*, she is afloat; *ma'n do phlod i*, before she floated; half scald as a pig, in order to loosen the pile; *a' plodadh na muice*, scalding the pig.
- PLODACH, plodd'-ach, *a.* luke-warm, or milk-warm.
- PLODACHD, plod'-achg, *n. f.* milk-warmness.
- PLODH, plò, *n. c.* any thing put temporary together; a sick person that dies, on getting the slightest cold or injury; a man or any thing, hardly hanging together.
- PLODHAISG, plö'-èshg, *n. c.* } bumpkin,
PLODHAMAN, plö'-a-man, *n. m.* } a booby, a hum-drum.
- PLODHAICH, plodd'-rèh, *n. f.* carnage, havoc, state of lying here and there uncared for.
- PLOIDE, plöjj'-à, *n. f.* a tartan blanket.
- PLOIDEAG, plöj'-ag, *n. f.* a shawl; good-natured female.
- PLOSG, plösg, *v.* palpitate, throb, pant, sob; *a' chridhe a' plosgail*, his heart palpitating or panting, throbbing, &c.; *n. m.* a throb, palpitation, pant; *gun phosg air dèile*, without a throb or gasp on the stretching board.
- PLOSGAIL, plosg'-al, *pt.* throbbing, palpitating.
- PLOSGARTAICH, plösg'-art-èh, *n. f.* throbbing, palpitating, panting, gasping.
- PLUB, plübb, *v.* plump, plunge, make noise as in water; blubber, or speak indistinctly; *n. m.* a clumsy lubberly person; noise made by any thing falling into water, plump, plunge, soft lump.
- PLUBACH, plüb'-ach, *adj.* soft and clumsy; *n. f.* a soft lubberly female.
- PLUBAIRE, plub'-ùr-à, *n. m.* lubber, blubberer.
- PLUBAIRT, plüb'-arjt, *n. f.* plunging, plumping; *pt.* plunging, blubbing, plumping.
- PLUBARTAICH, plüb'-art-èh, *n. f.* pluoging always; floundering, blubbing.
- PLUBAICH, plüb'-rèh, *n. f.* gurgling.
- PLUC, plüchg, *n. m.* lump, bump, jumble of a sea; *v.* lump, thump, jumble.
- PLUCACH, plüchg'-ach, *adj.* lumpish, jumbling.
- PLUCAN, plüchg'-an, *n. m.* little jumble of a sea; *plucanach*, with a little jumbling of a sea.
- PLUCH, plüch, *v.* squeeze slowly, compress slowly and gradually, but tightly.
- PLUCHADH, plüch'-X, *pt.* squeezing slowly and lastly tightly; *n. m.* a squeeze.
- PLUC, plüchg, *n. f.* a blub-cheek.
- PLUCEACH, plüchg'-ach, *adj.* blub-cheeked; *n. f.* the toothache. *H. S. N.*
- PLUIDSE, plüjj'-shà, *n. m.* big lumpish fellow or beast.
- PLUIDSEACH, plüjj'-shyach, *n. f.* lumpish female.
- PLUM, plüm, *n. m.* dead-calm; hum-drum.
- PLUMAICH, plüm'-èh, *v.* coagulate without yeast, as milk; stagnate.

FLUMA, plumb, *n. f.* heavy shower. *Stew.*
 PLUNDAIR, plúnd'-ér, *v.* plunder, pillage.
 PLUNDRAINN, plund'-rén, *n. f.* plunder, pillage, spoil; *pt.* plundering, pillaging, spoiling, robbing.
 PLUR, properly flùr; a flower; flour. *Fr.*
 POBULL, pòb'-ull, *n. m.* people, congregation.
 POCA, pòchg'-à, *n. m.* pocket or pouch.
 POCA, pòchg'-à, *n. m.* a bag, a short bag.
 POCAICH, pòchg'-éch, *v.* pocket, poke.
 POCAICH, pòchg'-éch, *v.* bag, put into a bag.
 POCAN, pòchg'-an, *n. m.* a little squat fellow; little bag.
 POG, pòg, *v.* kiss; *n. f.* a kiss; *pògan*, kisses.
 POGACH, pòg'-ach, *adj.* fond of kisses; *n. f.* a blandishing female, offerer of kisses.
 POGAIRE, pòg'-ar à, *n. m.* a kisser.
 POIBLIDH, poyb'-lè, *gen.* pobull, of people.
 POIBLEACHD, poyb'-lachg, *n. f.* common-wealth.
 POIT, pòjt, *n. m. pl.* potatoes, tippling.
 POITE, pòjt'-à, *n. f.* a pot; *poite-ruadh* -dhubbh, *a still*; *poite f'hedla*, *flesh-pot*; *poite-mhuin*, *a jordan*, *a chamber-pot*.
 POITEAR, pòjt'-àer, *n. m.* a tippler, drinker; *poitearachd*, *habitual drinking*, or *potations*.
 POLL, pòll², *gen.* puill; *n. m.* mud, mire; pond; nostrils; *poll-iasgaich*, *fish-pond*, *fishing-station*; pit; a hole; *poll-mòna*, *peat-pit*.
 POLLAG, poll'-ag, *n. f.* a little pit, nostril; the fish guignin or gweniad.
 PONAIDH, pòu'-è, *n. m.* a docked horse.
 PONG, pong, (*gen.* poing,) point; a quibble in law; *chuir thu as mo phoing mi*, *you disappointed me*, *you defeated my intention* or *purpose*; *tha e làn phongan*, *he is full of quirks or quibbles*; *air a phoing sin*, *on that point*.
 PONGAID, pòng'-aj, *n. f.* a hellish quirk, quibble, or stratagem; *làn do phongaidean*, *full of quibbles*, or *quirks*, or *stratagems*.
 PONGAIDEACH, pòng'-aj-ach, *adj.* stratagistical; full of quirks and quibbles, or tricks.
 PONGALACHD, pòng'-all-achg, *n. f.* pointedness, exactness, punctuality; great attention.
 PONGAIL, pòng'-al, *adj.* pointed; particularly punctual; business-like in every thing.
 POR, pòr, *n. m.* seed of any sort; grain, a clan, a progeny; *droch phòr*, *bad seed*; *am pòr dubh*, *the black set*, *the wicked race*; *pòr Dhiarmaid*, *the race of Dermid*; *i. e.* the Campbells; pore of the body, (*Poros. Greek*); *mo phòran air stopadh*, *my pores stopped*, *perspiration*; obstructed.
 PORACH, pòr'-ach, *adj.* seminal.

POAT, pòrt, *n. m.* a port, a haven, harbour, (Latin, portus); a tune on any musical instrument; *ri port*, *storm-staid*, *wind-bound*; favourable opportunity; *gabh port air*, *watch your opportunity*.
 PORTAIR, pòrt'-àer, *n. m.* a ferryman.
 PORTAN, pòrt'-an, *n. m.* a crab. *Skye.*
 PORTAS, pòrt'-as, *n. m.* mass-book. *Macd.*
 POS, pòs, *v.* marry, wed, get married.
 POSACHAIL, pòs'-ach-al, *adj.* marriageable.
 POSADH, pòs'-à, *n. m. pt.* marrying, wedding; wedlock, matrimony; bonds of wedlock.
 POSDA, pòsd'-à, *pt.* married, wedded.
 POSGHEALL, pòs'-ghyall, *v.* betroth; *posghealladh*, *betrothment*, *promise of marriage*.
 POST, pòst, *v.* tramp, as a woman does clothes in washing; tread; *post an làth-ach*, *tread the clay*. *B.*; *n. m.* a post, portal, pillar. *B.*; a letter-carrier, puist, pillars; *postaichean*, *letter-carriers*.
 POSTACHG, pòst'-achg, *n. f.* letter-carrying.
 POSTANACH, pòst'-an-ach, *n. m.* thick-set child that just begins to walk.
 PRAB, pràb, *n. f.* rheum on the eye;—*v.* unfit. *H.*
 PRABACH, pràb'-ach, *adj.* rheum-eyed, contemptible; *n. f.* contemptible female.
 PRABAIÆ, pràb'-ur-à, *n. m.* contemptible man.
 PRABAR, pràb'-ur, *n. m.* rabble; little people.
 PRABARDAICH, pràb'-ard-èch, } *n. f.* a smat-
 PRABARSAICH, pràb'-ars-èch, } tering;
 slight knowledge; *prabarsaich leubh-*
aidh, *smattering of reading*; *prabarsaich*
chunntais, *smattering of arithmetic*; *lit.*
the rabble language or acquirements.
 PRABSHUIL, pràb'-huèl, *n. f.* blear-eye.
 PRABSHUILEACH, pràb'-huèl-ach, *a.* blear-eyed.
 PRAC, pràchg, *n. m.* tithes. *Skye*; *Lewis*.
 PRACAS, pràchg'-as, *n. m.* dispute not easily settled; nonsensical difference; hotch-potch.
 PRAIB, prib, *n. m.* rabble. *North.*
 PRAINGEALAIS, prèng'-al-ash, *n. f.* gibberish.
 PRAINN, *gen.* of prann; hence the above.
 PRAINNSEAG, prènn'-shag, *n. f.* minch-collops.
 PAIS, prash, *n. f.* a pot; *cas na praise tighinn an uachdar*, *the stump or foot of the pot coming on the surface*, (said Donald, seeing the porpoise tumbling.)
 PRAISEACH, *n. f.* a whore, or concubine; *athphraiseach*, *a harridan*, or *old whore*.
 PRADHAINN, prà'-ènn, *n. f.* press of business, throng, thoroughness; flurry. *Isl.*
 PRADHAINNEACH, prà'-enn-ach, *adj.* hurried, pressed for time, throng, hurried.

- PRAMH**, prāv, *n. f.* melancholic dullness; dosing, slumbering, half-sleeping.
- PAAMHAIL**, prāv'-al, *adj.* sad, sleepy.
- PRANN**, pránn, *v.* pound, mash, bray, bruise; *phrann mi e, I pounded it, I brayed it*; *mutter*; *dè'm prannadh a th'ort, what are you muttering about?* hence, *praingealais*, and *prainnseag*, and why mispronounced *pronn*? You may as well write *seoladh*, and not *sealadh*; *leom*, and *leum*, and not *learn*, and a thousand other absurdities, found in the mouths of those that pronounce it so.
- PRANNTAIR**, prannt'-ér, *v.* scribble, mutter.
- PAAS**, pràs, *n. m.* brass.
- PRASACH**, pràs'-ach, *n. f.* a manger.
- PRASAIRE**, pràs'-ur-á, *n. m.* a brasier.
- PREACH**, prèch, *n. f.* a bog, a marsh, a morass; *chaidh a' bhò 'sa phrèach, the cow stuck in the marsh, (Lewis)*; in Argyll, *chaidh a' bhò am bogadh*, but *preachan* is applied to a little fen; *v.* preach or speak, like a bittorn.
- PRÈCHAIRE**, prèch'-ur-á, *n. m.* a croaking preacher, a miserable orator; *am preachaire granna bodaich, the old, ugly, croaking orator*.
- PREACHAN**, prèch'-an, *n. m.* the moss-bittorn; a little peat-pit; mean orator; *preachan inneach, a culture, Bible*; *preachan gearr, a buzzard*; *preachan ceannann, an osprey, O'B.*
- PREACHANACH**, prèch'-an-ach, *adj.* querrulous croaking; as a place, full of little pits.
- PREAS**, prās², *n. f.* a bush, shrub, thicket, a wrinkle, a plait; *thig i an leanaibh fodh aon do na preasan, she threw the child under one of the shrubs*; *ann am preas, in a bush or thicket, Bible*; *tha preasan 'na aodann, his face is wrinkled or corrugated, Argyll*; *v.* wrinkle, corrugate; *air preasadh, corrugated*; *gun phreas gun small, without wrinkle or spot*.
- PREASACH**, prās²-ach, *a.* wrinkled, corrugated.
- PREASADH**, prās'-á, *pl.* twinkling, corrugating; *gun small gun phreasadh, without spot or wrinkle. Bible*.
- PREASARNACH**, prās²-àrn-ach, *n. f.* a shrubbery, brushwood, thicket.
- PREASANTAN**, prās'-unt-án, *n. pl.* hens' eggs given to landlords by tenants as part of rent; in Irish, a wedding-present; *preas-annta, a hen so given*.
- PAINÉ**, prèn'-á, *n. m.* a pin for clothes.
- PAINICH**, prèn'-éch, *v.* pin, tuck.
- PAIOB**, prèbb, *v.* wink; twinkle as the eye.
- PRIOBADH**, prèb'-á, *pl.* winking, twinkling; *n. m.* a wink, a twinkling, glimpse, moment; *bi an so am prìobadh, be here in a twinkling, in a jiffy*; *cha do phrìob mo shuil, I did not sleep a wink*.
- PRIOBAINNEACH**, prèbb'-àern-ach, *n. f.* arousing. *H. S.*
- PRIOBHUIL**, prèbb'-huil, *n. f.* twinkling-eye.
- PRÌOMH**, prèv, *a.* first, main, chief, principal.
- PRÌOMH-BHAILE**, prèv'-vha'l'-á, capital, metropolis; *prìomh-sheòl, main-sail. Skye*; *prìomh-athair, patriarch, progenitor*; *prìomh-chlèireach, notary, secretary*; *prìomh chrann, main-mast*; *prìomh easbuig, archbishop*; *prìomh-long, first rate ship, &c.*; *thog iad am prìomh-sheòl, they raised the main-sail. Bible*.
- PRÌOGHAINN**, prè'-ènn, sauce or seasoning in viands; choice food.
- PRÌOGHAINNICH**, prè'-ènn-éch, *v.* season, as viands; feed with choice food, (brigh.)
- PRÌOMHLAID**, prèv'-lāj, *n. m.* a prelate. *Ir.*
- PRÌONNSA**, prèunn'-sa, *n. m.* a prince.
- PRÌONNSAIL**, prèunn'-sal, *a.* princely.
- PRÌOSAN**, près'-un, *n. m.* prison, (*French, prisan.*)
- PRÌOSANACH**, près'-un-ach, *adj.* very confined, within narrow bounds; *n. c.* a prisoner.
- PRÌOSANAICH**, près'-un-éch, *v.* imprison, incarcerate; *a' prìosanachadh, narrowing, keeping confined, or in bondage*; *n. m.* imprisonment, incarceration.
- PRIS**, prèsh, *n. f.* price, value, esteem; great demand, estimation; *dè's pris dà? what is its price?* *ga chur am pris, raising it in estimation*; *tha e am pris, it is in high estimation, there is a vast demand for it*; *conj. and adv.* so much as; *pris na circe, so much as a hen*; *pris an fhrìne, so much as a pin, (Fr. pris. Welsh; Arm., &c. &c.)*
- PRÌSEALACHD**, prèsh'-al-achg, *n. f.* preciousness.
- PRÌSEIL**, prèsh'-al, *adj.* valuable, precious.
- PRÌSICH**, prèsb'-éch, *v.* price, value.
- PRÒCADAIR**, pròchg'-ad-àèr, *n. m.* law-agent, (*Latin*); procurator, man of business.
- PROINN**, praòènn, *n. m.* dinner. *Arm.*; *M'F.*
- PROIS**, pròesh, *n. m.* a neat, punctilious, little female; a prude. *Islay*; pride. *Sk.*
- PROISEALACHD**, pròesh'-al-achd, *n. f.* punctilious prudery, neatness; pridefulness.
- PROISEIL**, pròesh'-al, *adj.* neat, little, and punctilious; uppish, like a prude; proud.
- PROITSEACH**, pròjsh'-ach, *n. m.* a good lump of a fellow or boy. *Is.*; stripling. *High. Society.*
- PRONN**, mispronunciation of prann.
- PROP**, prop, *n. m.* a support, prop; *v.* support, prop, (*Belgic.*)
- PROPANACH**, prop'-an-ach, *n. m.* a boy well built, beginning to run about.
- PROTHAIST**, prò'-asht, *n. m.* provost. *Fr.*

PUBALL, pŭb'-ùll, *n. m.* a tent. *Ross.*
 PUC, pŭchg, *v.* fumble, ram, cram.
 PUIC, pŭéchg, *n. f.* a bribe; *v.* bribe, ram secretly. *Is.*; fhuair e pùic, *he has been bribed.*

PUICEACH, pŭéchg'-ach, *adj.* giving bribes, bribing; *n. f.* a female that bribes.

PUICEAR, pŭéchg'-aér, *n. m.* a briber.

PUINSEAN, pŭèsh'-un, *n. m.* poison, virus.

PUINSEANACH, pŭèsh'-un-ach, *adj.* poisonous, venomous, vindictive; revengeful.

PUINSEANAICH, pŭèsh'-un-èch, *v.* poison.

PUINSEANTAS, pŭèsh'-ant-à, *n. m.* poisonousness, venomousness, vindictiveness; resentment.

PULAG, bullag, *n. f.* large round stone.

PUNC for poing, a point, a quirk.

PUND, pŭnd, *n. m.* a pound of any thing.

PUNND, pŭndd, *n. m.* a place for securing stray cattle, or cattle trespassing; *v.* secure cattle.

PUNNOATNN, pŭndd'-èng, *n. f.* bad usage in being confined in a damp place; starvation, benumbing; the state of being confined to a cold place.

PURGAID, pŭrg'-aj, *n. f.* a purge, a purgative; aperient medicine; *purgaid each, aperient, laxative, purging.*

PURGADAIR, pŭrg'-ad-àér, *n. m.* purgatory, tormentor; the greatest anxiety to get freedom, or permission to shift quarters.

PURP, pŭrp, *n. m.* the faculties of the mind; full possession of mental powers; chaill e phurp, *he lost his faculties, he is under mental aberration*; neas a bhios mo phurp agam, *while I possess my faculties*; gun phurp, *uncollected.*

PURPALACHD, pŭrp'-al-achg, *n. f.* collectiveness; full possession of faculties; punctuality.

PURPAIL, pŭrp'-al, *adj.* collected; in one's senses; punctual, pointed, sound in mind.

PURPUR, pŭrp'-ur, *n. m.* purple.

PURR, pŭrr, *v.* stab, thrust, push, jostle.

PURRADH, pŭrr'-à, *n. m.* a shove, jostle, dash at, as a bull; *pt.* pushing, jostling, shoving; a' purradh le 'adharcaibh, *butting with his horns*; an reith a purradh, *the ram butting. Bible.*

PUIS, pŭsh, *n. f.* a cat.

PUT, pŭtt, *v.* push, shove, jostle.

PUTA, pŭt'-a, *n. m.* a trout. *North*; young moor-fowl. *C.*

PUTADH, pŭt'-à, *pt.* pushing, shoving, jostling, butting; *n. m.* a push, a shove, a jostle; check. *H. S.*

PUTAG, pŭt'-ag, *n. f.* a hold-pin of an oar; in Irish, Kintyre, a pudding;—a ring of land. *Highland Society.*

PUTH, pŭ, *n. f.* a puff; *v.* puff; chuir e puth as a shròin, *he puffed through his nose.*

PUTHAN, pŭ'-ar, *n. m.* power, authority; (*French*,) Mackintyre, the poet.

R

R, r, the fourteenth letter of the Gaelic alphabet, named Ruis, the alder-tree.

'R, for ar, *pro. le 'r cinn, with your heads*; 2d, for bhar, your; le 'r cead, *with your permission.*

R' for ri; r'a taobh, *at her side*; r'a cois, *at her foot*; r'a chois, *at his foot.*

RA, rà, *adv.* too, too much, very, exceeding, quite; ra-mhòr, *too large, very great*; is tu an Dia ra-mhòr, *thou art a very great God, Smith's Psalms.*—Since the CURIOUS RULE was introduced into Gaelic, "that he who writes the greatest nonsense is always the best Gaelic scholar," this word has been written ro-mhor, ro-bheag, *too great, too little, or very great, very little*; ra-mhath, *very well*; too good; cha 'n 'eil mi ra-chinnteach, *I am not very sure*; tha e gu ra-bhocd, *he is very sick*; cha 'n 'eil e ra-thogarrach, *he is not excessively willing.*

RABACH, ràb'-ach, *a. litigious. Irish.*

RABAIRE, ràb'-ur-à, *n. m.* quarrelsome fellow.

RABH, ràv, *v.* warn, guard.

RABHACAIRE, ràv'-achg-ur-à, *n. m.* a nonsensical rhapsodist, haranguer, or proser.

RABHACAIREACHD, ràv'-achg-ur-achg, *n. f.* rhapsody, prosing, haranguing, talking nonsense.

RABHACHAIL, ràv'-ach-al, *a. admonitory.*

RABHADAIR, ràv'-ad-àér, *n. m.* a beacon, a warner, a spy, a scout.

RABHADH, ràv'-à, *pt.* warning; *n. m.* a friendly hint, or information, caution; thoir rabhadh dha, *inform, tell, put him on her on the alert.*

RABHAIRT, ràv'-àirt, *n. f.* spring-tide, a person that goes furiously to work; murdered in many places REOBHART.

RABHOIL, ràv'-ul, *n. m. n. f.* rhapsody delivered in a drawling manner, mad saying; drawling in manner or gait.

RABUD, ràv'-ud, *n. f.* nonsensical, or idle talk.

RABHDAIRE, ràv'-ad-àér, *n. m.* rhapsodist.

RABHADAIREACHD, ràv'-ad-àér-achg, *n. f.* rhapsody, prosing, verbiage, haranguing.

RABHDAIL, ràv'-ad-al, *n. f.* prosing, coarseness.

RAC, ràchg, *n. m.* in the North, a drake; (trachd,) a rake, (rallsa,) in Ireland, a king; West, discordant, disgusting music or oratory.

S

RACAD, ràch'g'-aj, *n. f.* a drawing female.
RACAIRÉ, ràch'g'-ur-á, *n. m.* a drawing, croaking orator, or piper, a croaker of a preacher.
RACAIRÉACHN, ràch'g'-àer-achg, *n. f.* croaking, discordant oratory, or music.
RACAN, rach'g'-an, *n. m.* a bandy or crooked stick.
RACH, rach, *v. irreg.* go, proceed; *rach-aibh* dhachaidh, *go ye home*; *théid sinn dachaidh*, *we shall go home*; *na d' theirig dhachaidh*, *go ye not home*; *chaidh sinn dhachaidh*, *we went home*; *an deachaidh e dhachaidh*, *has he gone home?* *rachainn*, *I would go*; *rachadh e*, *let him go*; *rach-am*, *let me go*.
RACHD, nonsense, for reachd.
RADAN, rád'-an, *n. m.* a rat, cunning person.
RADH, rá, *n. m.* saying, assertion, word; *tha 'n radh ad fíor*, *that assertion or saying is true*; *pl.* saying, asserting, affirming, expressing; (see *Abair*); *tha mi ag radh*, *I say*, *I assert*, &c.
RADHARC, raó'-ark, for fradharc, eye-sight.
RAG, rág, *a.* stiff; *n. f.* a rag; starch. *H. S.*
RAGAIRÉ, rág'-ur-á, *n. m.* extortioneer, Kirk.
RAGAIRÉACHN, rág'-àer-achg, *n. f.* oppression. *Smith*.
RAGH, rá-gh', *n. m.* a row, a rank; *rágh* shaighdearan, *rank of soldiers*; a raft of wood. *Islay*.
RAG-MHUINEALACH, rag-vùen'-al-ach, *adj.* stiff-necked, stubborn; *rag-mhuineal-achd*, *contumacy, stubbornness*.
RAIBHEIC, riv'-èchg, and rev'-èchg, *n. f.* the roar that a cow gives when gored by another; most unconscionably murdered by the best Gaelic scholars **RAOICHD**, (from *rabh*, and *beuc*).
RAIDEIL, ráij'-al, *a.* inventive. *Bible*.
RAIDH, ràe-y', *n. f.* arbitration, decision, appeal; good will; *leig gu ràidh na daoine so e*, *submit it to the arbitration of these gentlemen*; *tha mise, a dhaoine uailse, leigeil a' ghnòthaich so, g'ar ràidhse*, *I appeal unto you, gentlemen, I appoint you arbitrators*; *fear-ràidh*, an arbiter, arbitrator; competition; a *ràidh* air a chèile, *competing with each other, trying each other's metal*; also nonsense, for *raith*, *ràech*, a quarter of a year.
RAIOHEIL, ràe'-al, *adj.* challenging, fond of challenging, boasting.
RAIDSEACH, ráij'-ach, *n. f.* a chief witch.
RAIDSEACHAS, rajj'-ach-us, *n. m.* witchery; enchantment; prating. *North*.
RAIGNICH, reg'-nyèch, *v.* stiffen, benumb; *tha mo làmhan air raigneachadh*, *my hands are benumbed, are getting stiff*.
RAIMHE, rév'-á, *n. f.* fat, suet, fatness; *raimhe* a bheothaich, *the fatness of the*

beast; *raimhe 'sa phoithe*, *the suet in the pot*; high-water, or full spring tide, *Is.*; *deg.* of ramhar, stupidly written *reamhar*, more fat, thick, corpulent, &c.

RAIMHEAD, rév'-ad, same as the above.

RAIMISG, ram'-èshg, *n. c.* coarse vulgar person.

RAINEACH, ren'-ach, *n. f.* fern, *fromneach*.

RAINIG, ràen'-èg, *pret. v.* ruig, reach; *rainig sinn*, *we reached, we arrived*.

RAIP, ràep, *n. f.* debauchery, filth. *H.*

RAISINN, ràsh'-ènn, *n. f.* goat's tail. *North*.

RAITE, ràjt'-á, saying. *Smith*.

RAITEACH, ràjt'-ach, *a.* verbose; *mor-ràiteach*, *babbling*; *beag-ràiteach*, *taciturn, quiet*.

RAITEACHAIL, ràjty'-ach-al, *adj.* challenging, boasting of feats, or bravery.

RAITEACHAS, ràjty'-ach-as, *n. f.* competition, emulation, trial of strength; a *ràit-eachas* air a chèile, *competing, emulating each other from ostentatious motives*; arrogance, pride.

RAITH, ràech, *n. f.* quarter of a year.

RAITHEIL, ràech'-al, *a.* quarterly.

RAITINN, ràjt'-ènn, *pl.* saying.

RAIB, rir, *n. f.* last night; an *rair*, *last night*.

RALLS, ràlls, *v.* rake, as grass, &c.

RALLSA, ràlls'-á, *n. m.* a rake.

RALLSADH, ràlls'-á, *pl.* raking; *n. m.* rough handling; the act of raking.

RAMAIR, ràim'-àer, *n. c.* a romp, a vulgar coarse fellow; *ramaireachd*, *romping*.

RAMALAIR, ràim'-al-air, *n. m.* a coarse vulgar humorist, a humorous fellow.

RAMALLAG, ram'-all-ag, *n. f.* a puddle.

RAMASC, ram'-asg, *n. m.* tangle, doire.

RAMH, ràv, *n. m.* an oar; *raimh*, oars.

RAMHACH, ràv'-ach, *a.* oared; *n. f.* a galley.

RAMHACHD, ràv'-achg, *n. f.* rowing, pulling.

RAMHAICHE, ràv'-èch-á, *n. m.* a rower.

RAMHADAIR, ràv'-ad-àer, *n. m.* a rower.

RAMHAR, ràv'-ur, *a.* fat, thick, corpulent.

RAMHLONG, ràv'-long, *n. f.* a galley.

RAMHRAICH, ràv'-trèch, *v.* fatten, come to high water, as spring-tide; beat till one's body swells.

RAN, rànn, *n. f.* a drawling, dissonant roar or cry; melancholy cry; *v.* roar.

RANACH, rànn'-ach, *a.* cave that gives an echo; a large ill-furnished house.

RANAICH, rànn'-èch, *n. f.* drawling crying.

RANAIL, rànn'-ul, *n. f.* same as above.

RANN, rànn, *n. m.* an oration in poetry.

RANN, rànn, *n. f.* a verse, a distich.

RANNA, ràbnn'-á, *gen.* of *rainn* or *roinn*, a peninsula; *rannach*, belonging to a peninsula.

RANNADHAIL, rànn'-a-ghál, *n. f.* rhapsody, rant, ranting, (approach to rhyme, *literally*.)

RANNADHAILEACH, rann'-a-ghál-ach, *adj.* rhapsodical; nonsensical in oratory.

RANNAIRE, rann'-ur-a, *n. m.* a poet, orator; a divider, divisor; distributor.

RANNACHD, rann'-achg, *n. f.* versification, poetry;—extent of territory. *N. M'L.*

RANNSACHADH, rann'-sach-à, *pt.* searching minutely, inquiring into; *n. m.* search, scrutiny.

RANNSACHAIR, rann'-sach-aér, *n. m.* searcher.

RANNSAICH, rann'-sèch, *v.* search, scrutinize, examine minutely, explore.

RANNSAICHE, rann'-sèch-à, *n. m.* searcher.

RANNTAIR, rann'-ur, *n. f.* a range, a sphere or extent of territory; tha'n rann-tair ionachumhann, *the range is limited*; a' tighinn a stigh air an rann-tair againne, *encroaching on our territory. Is.*

RANNTACH, rann'-rach, *adj.* extensive.

RAIC, absolute nonsense for raibheic.

RAOIR, ràoir, *n. f.* (rair), last night.

RAOIT; see Ruit, a rakish female.

RAON, ràon, *n. m.* plain; mossy plain.

RAONACH, ràon'-ach, *n. f.* plain country.

RAP, ràp, *n. m.* a bad halfpenny.

RAPAIRE, rap'-ur-à, *n. m.* a worthless fellow.

RAPAIRE, rap'-ur-a, *n. m.* a drawing fellow.

RAPAIS, rap'-esh, *n. f.* a drab, a careless female, (*Hebrew*, rapish, mire.)

RAPAL, rap'-ul, *n. f.* nonsensical talk.

RASAN, rās'-an, *n. m.* a tedious highway, or bickering, or grating noise, or smell.

RASANACH, rās'-an-ach, *a.* tedious, drawing,—full of brushwood, *North.*

RASDAL, rās'-al, *n. m.* rallsa, rake.

RATH, ră, *n. m.* prosperity, increase, use, profit, advantage; is beag rath a bhios ort, *your success will be very precarious*; is beag rath a rinn e dhomhsa, *it did very little good to me*; chaidh e bho rath, *he is gone to pigs and whistles.*

RATH, ràgh; see Ràgh, a row, rank.

RATHAD, ra'-ud, *n. m.* a road, method, highway.

RATHAICH, ră'-èch, *v.* bless, prosper.

RATHAN, ră'-àn, *n. m.* surety, security; theid mise an rathan ort, *I can assure you. North*;—theid mise an urras ort, theid mise am bannaibh dhuit, bàirnidh mise thu, *I can assure you. Islay.*

RATH-DORCHA, ră-dorch'-à, *n. m.* the wane.

RE, ră, *prep.* during; ré an latha, *during the day*; *n. f.* moon; ré nuadh, *the new moon, B.*; duration, interval; fad mo ré is mo là, *during my day and generation. Sm.*

REACHD, rechg, *n. m.* law, statute, ordinance; reachd ur a thàinig a mach, *a new statute or ordinance that has been is-*

sued; èisdibh ri m' reachd, *listen to my law, B.*; deep sense of sorrow, expression of grief, great sorrow; bhris reachd air, *he gave expression to his grief or sorrow*; substance, productiveness, as corn.

REACHDAICH, rechg'-èch, *v.* enact.

REACHDAIR, rechdj'-ad-aér, *n. m.* law-giver.

REACHDAR, } rech'-ur, *adj.* luxuriant,
REACHDMHOR, } productive as corn, or
crop full of substance as corn; seachd diasan reachdmhor agus math, *seven ears rank and good. Bible.*

REACHDMHORACHD, rechg'-ur-achg, *n. f.* rankness, productiveness, as corn.

REAMHAA, rav'-ar, for ramhar; from ramh, fat, plump, fleshy, thick.

REAMHAICH, rav'-rech, *v.* fatten.

REANG, reng, *n. f.* a wrinkle, a fibre, as in one's face; *v.* starve. *H. S.*

REANGACH, reng'-ach, *adj.* full of wrinkles or fibres; full of strings.

REAS, rās', *n. m.* a head of dry curled hair.

REASACH, rās'-ach, *a.* having dry curled hair.

REASAN, rās'-an; see Reas.

REASGACH, riasgach, from riasg.

REIC, ràechg², *n. f.* sale, traffic; *v.* sell, dispose of; *pt.* selling, disposing of; a' reic, *selling.*

REICEADAIR, ràechg'-ad-aér, *n. m.* seller.

REICTE, ràech'-tyà, *pt.* sold, disposed of.

REIDH, ră, *adj.* plain, level, cleared; àite rèidh, *a plain or cleared place*; exempt, free from, done of; tha mi rèidh 'se, *I am done of it, I will have nothing more to do with him or it*; reconciled, at peace; tha iad rèidh a nis, *they are at peace now*; also they have finished; rèidh ri Dia, *at peace with God. B.*; ready, prepared; am bheil thu rèidh, *are you prepared?* gu h-òrdail rèidh, *well-ordered, and harmoniously*; gu rèidh, *at leisure! avast!* smooth, plain; fiodh rèidh, *smooth wood*; *n. m.* a plain, a level; gabh rèidh a blàir, *betake yourself to the plain, to fair field.*

REIDHEACHD, ră'-achg, *n. f.* smoothness.

REIDHEAS, rās, *n. f.* peace; faigh le rèidheas e, *get it in peace, without disturbance.*

REIDHLEAN, răl'-àen, *n. m.* a plain, a green, a bowling-green; air an rèidhlean, *on the plain*; thun an rèidhlean, *to the plain.*

REILIG, răl'-èg, *n. f.* a crypt or burying-place under a church; stone-chest where the bones, dug out of the graves, are placed; bithidh dùil ri fear fairge, ach cha bhi dùil ri fear reilig, *there may be hopes of a person at sea, but none of one in the grave.*

REIN, răm, *n. m.* power, authority. *I. ish.*

REIR, ràer, *n. f.* accord, agreement; do reir,

according to, like as; do réir a chéile, they upon an agreeable footing, on the best of terms, on a friendly footing.

REIS, réis, *n. f.* a race or running-course; a span; ruith e'réis, he ran his course; réis d'a theangaidh, a span of his tongue.

REISIMEID, rásh'-am-aj, *n. f.* a regiment.

REITE, rájt'-á, *n. f.* harmony, agreement, reconciliation; dean réite, be reconciled, be friends, effect a reconciliation; atonement, expiation; a dh'fheuchainn an dean mi réite air son bhuir peacaidh, to try if I shall make an atonement for your sins. *B.*; a marriage-contract. *Is.*

REITEACH, rá'-tyach, *n. m.* } disentangle-
REITEACHANN, rájt'-ach-á, } ment, putting in order, as a house; a smattering; *pl.* disentangling, unravelling; reconciling, agreeing.

REITH, rá², *n. m.* a ram; reith-cogaidh, battering-ram. *Bible.*

REITHICH, rá²-éich, *v.* rut, line, as a ram.

REITICH, rájt'-éich, *v.* put in order, adjust; réitich an tigh, put the house in order; determine, adjust; reiteachar a chéist, the question shall be determined. *B.*; réitich thu áite fa chomhair, thou preparest a place for him. *Sm.*; betroth, settle on terms of marriage; disentangle; réitich an snáth, disentangle the thread; réitichte, disentangled, determined, adjusted; réitich an rathad, clear the way.

REODH, ryó², *v.* freeze, frost, as a foot.

REODHADH, ryó²-á, *n. m.* frost; *pl.* freezing.

REODHTE, ryó²-tyá, *pl.* frozen.

REOTHART, rav'-arjt, rabhairt, spring-tide.

REUB, rébb, *v.* gore, as a bull; tear, as with a shearing-hook, or any other jagged instrument; lacerate, pain intensely.

REUBADH, rébb'-á, *pl.* goring, tearing.

REUBAIRE, rébb'-ur-á, *n. m.* tearer.

REUDALLACH, rább'-al-ach, *n. m.* a rebel.

REUDAN; see Riudean, wood-moth.

REUL, ráll, *n. f.* a star; a belle.

REULACH, ráll'-ach, *a.* starry, starred.

REULADAIR, ráll'-ad-áer, *n. m.* an astronomer; reuladaireachd, astronomy.

REUL-BHAD, ráll'-vād, *n. f.* } a constel-
REUL-BHUIDHINN, ráll'-vú-én, } lation, a bunch of stars, literally.

REULTACH, ráll'-trach, *adj.* starry.

REULTAIR, ráll'-tar, *n. m.* astrologer.

REULTAIREACHD, ráll'-táer-achg, *n. f.* astrology.

REUSAN, réas'-an, *n. m.* reason, cause.

REUSANACH, réas'-an-ach, *a.* reasonable.

REUSANAICH, réas'-an-éich, *v.* reason, argue.

REUSANTA, réas'-ant-a, *adj.* reasonable, rational, endowed with reason and sense, just.

REUSANTACHD, réas'-ant-achg, *n. m.* rea-

sonableness, rationality, justness, just grounds.

Ri, ré, *prep.* to, into, during, like to, of, concerning; chò mhlín ri minicean, as soft or smooth as kidskin; ri d' ehluas, to your ear; exposed to; as, ri gréin, exposed to the sun; ascending, going up; ri bruthach, ascending the declivity; against, in opposition; a cogadh ri gaisgach, fighting, opposed to, or against a hero; against, in contact with; bhuail e chas ri cloich, he dashed his foot against a stone; occupied in, employed in; ri saorsainneachd, occupied or employed as a house carpenter; see Ris, Rithe, Riutha.

RIABHACH, réá'-ach, *adj.* drab, greyish, brindled, grizzled; bó riabhach, a grizzled or brindled cow; *n. m.* louse-wort. *H.*

RIABHAG, réab'-ag, *n. f.* a lark.

RIABHAICHE, réá'-éich-á, *n. f.* greyishness.

RIADH, réa²-gh, *n. m.* interest of money, usury; tigh-reidh, a bank; *v.* lend another's property from house to house, without bringing it back to the owner.

RIADHADAIR, réá'-ad-áer, *n. m.* usurer.

RIAGHAILL, réá'-éily, *v.* rule, govern; riaghalaídh lámh an dicheallaich, the hand of the diligent shall govern. *Prov. B.*; more properly rioghail, from righ.

RIAGHAILT, réá'-aljt, *n. f.* a rule of any kind; a law statute; is math an righ-aílt sin, that is a good law; sense, judgment; chaidh e as a riaghailt, he lost his senses or judgment.

RIAGHAILTEACH, réá'-aljt-ach, *adj.* regular, sober, decent, orderly.

RIAGHAILTEACHD, réá'-aljt-achg, *n. f.* regularity, orderliness, sobriety, sedateness.

RIAGHAILLTEAR, réá'-aljt-áer, *n. m.* regulator.

RIAGHAILTICH, réá'-aljt-éich, *v.* arrange, adjust, regulate, put to order.

RIAGHLADAIR, réá'-lad-ar, *n. m.* governor.

RIAGHLAIR, réall'-áer, *n. m.* governor.

RIALLS, réalls, *v.* handle roughly, or unseemly, as a female.

RIALLSADH, réalls'-á, *pl.* handling roughly or improperly; *n. m.* such a handling.

RIAMH, réav, *n. f.* a drill of potatoes, turnips, &c. *Sk., H. S.*;—duration; *v.* drill.

RIAMH, réav, *adv.* ever, used only of past time; an robh riamh, was there ever? always; bha e riamh mar sin, he was always so; (with nach, never), mar nach robh riamh a leithid ann, such as never was the like.

RIAN, for rioghn, or rion, method, order.

RIAR, réar, *n. m.* approbation, satisfaction, will, inclination, pleasure; agus ní thu mo riar, and thou shalt do my desire or will, *B.*; dean mo riar-sa, act up to my

pleasure or approbation; word of honour; mo riar fhèin, upon my word of honour; ma ni thusa a riar, if you act up to his approbation; dean thusa mo riar-sa, study you to please me; mo riar-sa nach d' thig e nochd, forsooth, he will not come to-night; mo riar-sa nach 'eil, upon my word it is not so! cha 'n 'eil e soirbh a riar a dheanadh, it is not easy to please him, to answer his wishes.

RIARACHADH, *rèar'-ach-à*, *pt.* distributing, attending at table, or distributing at a funeral; pleasing, satisfying; *n. m.* distribution of elements at a sacrament; satisfaction, pleasure; *riachachadh-inn-tinn, self-satisfaction, mental pleasure.*

RIARACHAS, *rèar'-ach-as*, } satisfaction;
RIARACHD, *rèar'-achg*, *n. f.* } distribution.

RIARAICH, *rèar'-èch*, *v.* distribute, dispense the sacrament, or ordinance of the supper; satisfy, please; *riaraich orra e, distribute it among them.*

RIARAICHTE, *rèar'-èch-tya*, *pt.* served, supplied; satisfied, pleased; distributed.

RIASO, *rèasg*, *n. m.* land that cannot be ploughed or dug, on account of dirk-grass; land so hid with this sort of grass; (bruth-chocean,) *that it cannot be cultivated; dirk-grass; indocility, stubbornness.*

RIASGACH, *rèasg'-ach*, *a.* turbulent.

RIASGAIL, *rèasg'-al*, *a.* that cannot be taught, indocile, untractable, mulish.

RIASGLACH, *rèasg'-lach*, *n. f.* land that cannot be cultivated; mangled carcase. *N.*

RIASGALACHD, *rèasg'-al-achg*, *n. f.* turbulence, indocility, untractableness.

RIASAN, *rèas-un*, *n. m.* reason; improperly written *reason*, cause.

RIASTAIR, *rèast'-èr*, *v.* wander, entangle.

RIATAIDHEACHO, *rèat'-è-achg*, *n. f.* fornication, North; wantonness, *Macdonald.*

RIATANAS, *rèat'-an-as*, *n. f.* necessity. *N.*

RIE, *rèbb*, see **RIOB**.

RIEÙ, *rùèb*, *pro. pre.* to you, with you, against you; molesting you; mastering you; a' bruidhinn rieb, *speaking to you; a' gleichd rieb, sparring with you; cò tha rieb, who molests you? a' cur rieb, mastering you, sorting you.*

RIEINN, *rèb'-ènn*, *n. m.* ribbon; *Fr.* ruben.

RIEILEACH, *rèb'-lyach*, **RIOBLACH**, *rèb'-llach* properly, fringe, shagginess.

RIEHEID, *rèb'-èj*, *n. f.* reed of a pipe, barb of a hook; properly *riobhaid.*

RIDEAL, *rhèj'-ul*, *n. f.* a riddle.

RIDILL, *rhèj'-èly'*, *v.* riddle, winnow.

RIDIAE, *rhèj'-or rhùejj'-ur-à*, *n. m.* a knight; *ridire nan spleagh, a knight-errand, a sort of Highland Roderick Random or Don Quixotte, whose foot served in place of a draw-bridge to ferry his soldiers*

across arms of the sea!!! Legends.

RIDIREIL, *rhèj'-ur-al*, *a.* knightly.

RIDIBEACHD, *rhèj'-ar-achg*, *n. f.* knight-hood.

RIGH, *rhè*, *n. m.* a king, governor; *righ nan dùl, the governor of the elements; righ nan gràs, the dispenser of sovereign grace, Inter., oh king! would to God!*

RIGH, *rhè*, *v.* stretch on a death-bed; dress or shroud as a corpse; a *righ*, *nach robh thu air do righeadh, I wish to goodness, you were shrouded.*

RIGHE, *rhè'-à*, *n. f.* the arm; *thog e à air ceannaibh a righe, he raised it on the bend of his arms; bac na righe, the bend of the arm.*

RIGHINN, *rhè'-ghyènn*, *n. f.* a princess, a nymph, a belle; in Lewis, a serpent, from a tradition that it is a princess metamorphosed.

RIGHINN, *rhèu'-ènn*, *adj.* tough; dilatory; more properly *ruighinn.*

RIGHICH, *rhè'-èch*, *v.* reign, rule, govern, lord; *rioghachaidh an Tighearn gu saoghal nan saoghal, the Lord shall reign for ever and ever. Bible.*

RIGHIL, *rhè'-ul*, *n. m.* a reel, armoric.

RIGHLEADH, *rhèl'-à*, *pt.* reeling, floundering

RIGH-MHOAT, *rhè'-vòrt*, *n. m.* regicide.

RIGH-MHORTAIR, *rhè'-vòrt-àer*, *n. m.* a regicide.

RIGH-NATHAIR, *rhè-nhá'-ér*, *n. f.* cockatrice. *Bible.*

RIGHNE, *rhè'-nyà*, *deg.* of *righinn*; *na's righinn neo na's ruighne, more tough.*

RIGHNICH, *rhèu'-èch*, *v.* get tougher.

RIGH-THEACHDAIRE, *rhè-hechg'-ur-à*, *n. m.* an ambassador, an envoy, plenipotentiary.

RINN, *roénn*, *past v.* dean; dean so, *do this; rinn iad sin, they did that.*

RINNDEAL, *rènnj'-dyal*, *n. m.* sphere, extent, limits, boundaries, territory; *tha an rinndeal iomachumhann, the boundaries are limited, the sphere is circumscribed; leabhar an rinndeal, the rental or stent-book; dè an rinndeal fearainn a th' agad, what extent of land do you possess? a cheart rinndeal, the very extent of sphere; on the Mainland, ringeal, a circle, sphere, &c.*

RINNICHE, *rènn'-èch-à*, *n. m.* engraving chissel.

RIOB, *rèbb*, *v.* ensnare, try to take away a person that is guest with another.

RIOBA, *rèbb'-à*, *n. m.* a hair, a snare to catch fish, a double rope to keep a mad bull; shag.

RIOBACH, *rèbb'-ach*, *a.* hairy, shaggy; cold.

RIOBACHD, *rèbb'-achg*, *n. f.* hairiness.

RIOBAG, *rèbb'-ag*, *n. f.* a little hair, lock of wool, lint, or any such thing.

RIOBAGACH, *rèbb'-ag-ach*, *adj.* hairy.

RIOBALACH, rébb'-al-ach, *n. m.* hairy, curious-looking ragged person.

RIOBLACH, rébb'-lach, *n. m.* a fringe, any thing hairy or entangled.

RIOBLACH, rébb'-lèch, *v.* fringe, make hairy or entangled.

RIOCH, réch, *v.* graze, plough along the skin, cut as when flaying a beast; *rioch e air mo chraiceann, it grazed on my skin.*

RIOCHD, réuchg, *n. m.* shape, form, metamorphose; *chaidh i an riochd gearaidh, she metamorphosed herself into a hare, she assumed the shape of a hare*; * interpretation, meaning, exposition; *dè 's riochd do m' aislinn, what is the interpretation of my dream?* an *riochd mairbh, in the shape of a dead man, a skeleton or miserable looking person*; in the Bible, proportion.

RIOCHDAICH, réuchg'-èch, *v.* personate.

RIOCHD-AINN, réuchg'-éu-um, *n. m.* pronoun.

RIOCHDAIL, réuchg'-al, *adj.* actual, real, positive; *gu riochdaill glan, actually and really so, positively so*; *dh' iunis e dhomhsa e gu riochdaill glan, he told it me as a positive fact.*

RIOCHDALL, réuchg'-all, *n. c.* skeleton, poor looking person.

RIOCHDAIR, réuchg'-aér, *n. m.* a substitute, representative, delegate, plenipotentiary.

RIOGUACH, rhé'-ach, *n. f.* a pinion, or string to tie the arms of a prisoner; an *rioghach air an òlach, may the fellow be pinioned, the deuce take the fellow*; the pink of Gaelic writers, styles this an *riadhach, i. e. may the dun cow be on the top of you!!* Parr.

RIOGHACHADH, rhé'-ach-à, *pt.* reigning.

RIOGHACHO, rhéüchg, *n. f.* a kingdom, realm, dominion, empire; is *farsuinn do rìoghachd 's gur fial, extensive is thy dominion and hospitable.* M'L.

RIOGHAICH, rè'-èch, *v.* pinion, tie.

RIOGHAIL, rhé'-ghal, *adj.* loyal, kingly.

RIOGHAIRE, rhé'-ghur-à, *n. m.* a loyalist—a Whig or a Tory as occasion requires.

RIOGHALACHD, rhé'-ghal-achg, *n. f.* royalty, loyalty, dignity of port and character.

RIOGHTACH, rhé'-hach, *n. f.* fellow of a wheel.

RIOILLUINN, rèüll'-ènn, *n. m.* cloud. *Sm. H.*

RIOMB, rèmb, or rãmb, *n. m.* a wheel, *N.*

RIOMBA, rèmb'-à, *n. m.* a semicircular bay or beach.

RIOMBALL,* rèmb'-all, *n. m.* a circle, a halo; *riomball ma 'n ghealaich, a halo about the moon*; *gearr riomball, describe a circle.*

RIOMBALLACH, rèmb²'-all-ach, *adj.* circular, circuitous, like a circle.

RIOMBALLACHD, rèmb²'-all-achg, *n. f.* circularity, roundness, circuitousness.

RIOMN, rèv, *n. m.* a costly jewel; in Irish, a counting, reckoning.

RIOMHACH, rèv'-ach, *a.* gaudy, fond of.

RIOMHACHAS, rèv'-ach-us, *n. f.* gaudiness.

RIOMHADH, rèv'-à, *n. m.* gaudery, finery.

RIOMHAIR, rèv'-aér, *n. m.* dandy; counter.

RION, rèb, *n. m.* good order or arrangement, *Lewis*; mispronounced rian, in some places.

RIONADAIR, rèb'-ad-aér, *n. m.* governor, supercargo, representative, ruler.

RIONNACH, rèunn'-ach, *n. m.* a mackerel.

RIONNAG, rèunn'-ag, *n. f.* glimmering startlet; *rionnagach, bespangled or studded with glimmering startlets.*

RIOSTAL, rèst'-ul, *n. m.* a lame plough, *Lewis.*

RIREADH DA'RIDHEADH, absolute nonsense for *d'ar righibh*; an *ann d'ar righibh a tha thu, are you serious, are you in earnest!* literally, *are you telling the truth, just as if speaking to our kings—hence, the loyalty of Highlanders.*

Ris, rèsh, *adj.* exposed to view; *tha e ris, it is exposed to view*; *casan ris, bare-footed*; *leig ris, expose, divulge, reveal your mind to; prep. and pron. (ri-esan,) eum ris, do not yield to him or it; is math a tha thu eumail ris, you wear out well, you match him well; na bi ris, do not molest him, do not use or practise; using, in the practice of, in the habit of; ris an tombaca, ris an t-snaoisean, using tobacco, using snuff; to him, to it, matching him, equal to it; abair ris, say to him; theirig ris, fight him, try him; sin ris, be seduced by him, yield to his embraces; try and make a bargain with him; against him or it; employed at, engaged in; dè do ghuothach ris, what is your business with him? why do you middle with him or it? dè a tha thu a' cur ris, how are you employed, or what are you engaged in? ris a chlachaireachd, employed as a mason, engaged at mason work; thig mi ris, I will do for him, I will finish him; thig e ris, it will please him; cuir ris, master him, add to it.*

* Ladies in the Highlands are very fond of these pranks, and the most effectual way of killing them, is to put a sixpence into a gun instead of a bullet; but, from the scarcity of the ammunition, the experiment has never been tried by any of those whose lot it was to see the old wives milking their neighbours' cattle in the shape of HARES!

* Assaulted by ghosts or hobgoblins at any time in the Highlands, you have only to describe a circle, within which, you are as safe, as if aside your mother at the fireside—the moment the cock crows, your tormentors will scamper!

RIS, rísd, rēsh, rēshj, poetical contraction for ríshis, and ríthisd, again.

RISEAN, rēsh'-un, *emphatic* form of ris, to him, &c.

RITHE, ríech'-chá, (*pre. pron.*) against her, molesting her, to her; na bí rithe, do not molest her; na h-abair rithe, say not unto her; cuir rithe, master her.

RITHIS, ré-ésh, } *adv.* again, a second
RITHISD, ré-eshj, } time; cha mhallaich mi rithisd an talamh, I will not again curse the earth; an drásd is rithisd, now and then; a choigrich, guil rithisd, stranger, weep again. *Ossian*.

RIU, RIUTHA, ríù, ríuch'-chá, *prep. pro.* to them, against them; cuir ríù, manage them, add to them; cum ríù, keep up to them, supply them, do not yield to them; na bí ríù, do not molest them, do not annoy them.

RIUIDEAN, ríjj'-áén, *n. m.* a knuckle; moth, or dry-rot in wood.

RIUIDEANACH, ríjj'-áén-ach, *a.* dry-rotten.

RIUIDEANAICH, ríjj'-áén-éach, *v.* dry-rot.

RIUM, rím, *pro. pre.* against me, to me; thúirt e rium, he said unto me; cum rium, keep up to me, supply me as I want, hold up to me; thig e rium, it will please me; na bí rium, do not molest me, do not meddle with me; abair rium, say to me; comhla rium, along with me.

RIUT, rít, *prep. pron.* to thee, towards thee, with thee; maille riut, along with thee; an d'thig e riut, will it please you? comhla riut, along with thee; a iomall na talmhainn, eibhídh mi riut, from the ends of the earth, I will cry unto thee. *Bible*

RIUTHA, ríuch'-cha, *emphatic* of ríù; dè thig riutha, what will become of them?

RO, ró, the Irish way of pronouncing RA; ro-bheag, ro-mhath, too little, very well.

RO, rò, *n. m.* romance, gasconading; thà e chò làn rò is a theachdas e, he is as full of romancing as he can hold—he draws a long bow.

RÒB, ròb, *v. rob*, steal, (*old French*);—*n. m.* shag. *N. H.*

ROBACH, ròb'-ach, *a.* shaggy and filthy.

ROBAG, rob'-ag, *n. f.* a slut, a drab.

ROBAIR, rob'-àir, *n. m.* robber, (*Fr.*; *It.*; *Teutonic*); robairceadh, robbery, house-breaking.

ROBAIRNEACH, rob'-àirn-ach, *n. m.* smart, or clever boy. *H. Society*.

ROBH, rò, *pret. inter. ineg.* and *part.* of the, *v. bí*; an robh thu, were you? cà an robh thu, where were you? cha robh mi, I was not.

ROC, ròchg, *n. m.* a sunk-rock; any thing that entangles a fishing-hook; an entanglement; cuiridh tu do cheann ann

an roc, you will involve yourself—you will entangle yourself; a wrinkle, or plait, or corrugation, particularly in cloth-waulking; *v.* wrinkle.

ROC, ròchg, *n. m.* hoarse voice; a haw.

ROCAIDEACH, ròchg'-áj-ach, *n. m.* a rook. *Islay*.

ROCANAICH, ròchg'-an-éach, *n. f.* hawing, hemming; also ròcail.

ROCHAILT, ròch'-aljt, *n. f.* a blustering female.

ROD, ròd, *n. m.* sea-weed, foam. *North*; also nonsense for ràd; poetical contraction for rathad, (*French* and *Teutonic*, &c., ràde, ràd); also, a rood of mason-work; a perch of land, ditch, &c.; *v.* scarify; ròd do chas, scarify your foot; a' ròdadh, scarifying. *Islay*.

RODAIDH, ròd'-é, *adj.* ruddy.

RODAIDHEACHD, ròd'-é-achg, *n. f.* ruddiness.

ROG, ròg, *n. f.* roguery, sliness, theft. *Lew.*

ROGAIBE, ròg'-ur-á, *n. m.* a rogue; rog-airceadh, roguery, downright villainy.

ROGHA, raó'-á, *n. m.* choice, the best; rogha is tagha gach bidhich is dibhe, pick and choice of eatables and drinkables; theirig do rogha beallach, go where you will; rogha do sheudair, the best of cedar; tharruinn i sreang le rogha beachd, she drew the string with her best aim; rogha nam ban, the best of women; rogha céile, the best of husbands or wives.

ROGHALACHD, rò'-ghal-achg, *n. f.* romancing disposition; gasconading inclination.

ROGHAIL, rò'-ghal, *adj.* fond of romancing.

ROGHAINN, raó'-énn, *n. f.* choice, selection, option; gabh do roghainn, take your choice; air fhàgal gu d' roghainn, left in your option; cò do roghainn, which is your choice? tha diugh is roghainn ann, there is pick and choice among them; roghainn an t-sealgair, the best of marksmen; preference, eligibleness; a roghainn air sin, in preference to that; dean do roghainn ris, make a kirk or a mill of it.

ROGHNAICH, ràon'-ach, *a.* eligible; roighneach a ni a's roighuiche leat, what you think preferable; an roighniche leat so, do you prefer this? is roighuiche, yes!

ROGHNAICH, provincial for roighnich, choose.

ROI, ròé, *prep.* for roimh, before; before him.

ROI, royb, *n. m.* } a circle of grease
ROIBINN, royb'-énn, } about the lips;
also pubes, or circle of hair; beard.

ROIBHE, royv, *n. m.* sneezewort. *Irish*.

ROIBHNE, royv'-nyá, *n. m.* dart, lance. *Ir.*

ROIC, ròéchg, *n. f.* sumptuous feasting of boorish people; superabundance of the

- good things of life, without any of the refined manners of genteel society.
- ROICEALACHD, ròechg'-al-achg, *n. f.* luxuriousness, a sort of brutish luxury or gluttony.
- ROICEIL, ròechg'-al, *adj.* luxurious, epicurean.
- ROID, ròjj, *n. f.* a race before a leap; a little while or time; a rush or bounce; thug e roid a stigh, *he bounced in, he rushed or popped in*; a' dol roid do 'n-bhaile ad thall, *going a little while to yonder town*; leum roid, *a leap after a race*; cruinleum, *a bound*.
- ROID, rojj, ROIDEAGACH, rojj'-ag-ach, *n. f.* wild or Dutch myrtle; the sweet-gale; *gen. of rod*.
- ROIDEIS, ròjj'-ash, *n. f.* bounding, skipping.
- ROIGHNEACH, raòen'-ach, *adj.* preferable, eligible; 'se so is roighniche leam, *I think this is preferable, or more eligible*; c'a b'a 's roighniche leat, *whichever you may choose*.
- ROIGNICH, raòen'-èch, *v.* choose, make choice; select, make a selection; elect.
- ROILEISG, ròl'-èshg, *n. f.* confused joy, or person.
- ROILIC, ròl'-ég, *n. c.* a frolicsome person.
- ROILIGEACH, ròl'-ég-ach, *adj.* frolicsome.
- ROIMH, rhòe, *prep. and pron.*; also *adv.* for, or of him, or it; before him or it; before, or formerly; choinnie mi roimh thu, *I saw you before*; ghabh e eagal roimh, *he was afraid of him, he took fright at him*; in preference to, rather than; roimh na h-uile ni, *in preference to every thing, rather than any thing*; roimh na h-uile ni, mo bhràithre, *above all things, my brethren. B.*; gabh romhad, *go about your business, begone!* cuir romhad, *determine, resolve, purpose, intend*; tha thu a' cur romhad cur as da, *you are determined to finish him*; chuir mi romham dol dachaidh, *I was determined to go home—used by Smith for throimh*; chuir e roimh chèile iad, *he disturbed them, he confused or mixed them*; *adj.* former, other; an latha roimh, *the other day, a few days ago*; co roimh a bhiodh eagal orm, *of whom should I be afraid*; roimh sgrios thèid uabhar, *before destruction goes pride*; am bheil romhad dol dachaidh? *do you mean to go home?*
- ROINN, ròen, *n. f.* the city of Rome; chaidh e do'n Roimh, *he went to Rome*.
- ROINN-ORDUICH, ro'-òrd-èch, *v.* fore-ordain.
- ROINNIU, ròev, (*prep. pro.*) before you; in preference to you; standing or walking before you.
- ROINNIU, rhòe'-ej, *adv.* before, formerly, previously; choinnic mi roinnid thu, *I saw you previous to this time, before, or prior to this time*.
- ROIMPE, ròep'-à, (*pre. pro.*) before her, &c.
- ROIN, ròen, *n. f.* a hair; leud ròine, *a hair's breadth*; *n. pl.* seals, or sea-calves.
- ROINEACH, ròen'-ach, *adj.* full of hairs, as meat, &c.
- ROINEAG, ròen'-ag, *n. f.* a small hair.
- ROINN, raòen, *n. f.* a pair of compasses; a share, proportion, distribution, division; mo roinn fhèin, *my own share*; an roinn a rinne orra, *the distribution or division he made of them*; a peninsula; an Roinn Ileachd, *the Rhynns of Islay, the peninsula of Islay*; *gen.* Ranna, ann an Iochdar na Ranna, *in the furthest-off parts of the Rhynns*; an Roinn Ghallaibh, *Rhynns of Galloway*; (*Welsh*, Rhyns); roinn mhic is athar, *share and share alike, equal distribution*; the part distinct from the point of a sword; *v.* divide, share, distribute, impart; roinn orra e, *distribute or divide it amongst them*; roinneadh esan aig am bheil dà chòta, *let him that has two coats, impart, Bible*; *pl.* dividing, distributing, sharing, imparting; a' roinn orra, *distributing among them*.
- ROINNEADAIR, raònn'-ad-aèr, *n. m.* divider.
- ROINNICH, raòenn'-èch, *v.* sharpen. *H. S.*
- ROINTE, raòenn'-tyà, *pt.* divided, distributed.
- ROISEAL, ròsh'-shyal, *n. f.* pomp; display of ability; le ròiseal, *with an ostentatious display*; (also, roisealadh); *v.* display; make a pompous display; (from rò, romancing, and seal, sight, or short glimpse.)
- ROISEALACH, ròsh'-shyall-ach, *adj.* pompous, ostentatious; fond of displaying one's feats, or ability.
- ROISEALACHD, ròsh'-shyall-achg, *n. f.* pomposity, ostentatious display; ostentation.
- ROISEID, ròsh'-aj, *n. f.* rosin.
- ROISEIDEACH, ròsh'-aj-ach, *adj.* resinous.
- ROISGEUL, ròshg'-skyll, *n. m.* a romance.
- ROISGEULACH, ròshg'-skyll-ach, *a.* romancing.
- ROIST, ròshij, *v.* roast; ròiste, *roasted*.
- ROITHLEAN, ròl'-àen, *n. m.* shave of a block, or pulley; (rothail, *contracted*), *n. f.* worm-wood, gall. *Irish*.
- ROITHLEAN, ròl'-àer, *n. m.* a roller, ruler.
- ROL, ròl, *n. m.* volume or book; a roll, *Bible*; (rothail, *contracted*.)
- ROL, ròl, *v.* roll, wheel; (rothail.)
- ROIAG, ròl'-ag, *n. f.* the thing of wool the Scotch call Rowan; swathe of grass.
- ROM, ròm, *n. f.* a —, pubes, shag.
- ROMACH, ròm'-ach, *adj.* hairy, shaggy.
- ROMACHE, ròm'-èch-à, *n. f.* hairiness.
- ROMH, rò, *prep. and adv.* before, previous to, prior to; romh an am, *previous to,*

before, or prior to this time; in preference to; romh ghin, in preference to any.

ROMHAD, ró'-ad, *pre. pro.* before thee or you, previous to you, in your contemplation or intention; at you, or with you; is beag eagal a th' aig romhad, *little does he dread you; dé a tha thu a' cur romhad, what do you mean to do? tha mi cur romham sin a dheanadh, I have it in contemplation to do that, or I am determined to do that; gabh romhad, go about your business, begone! abair romhad, say on; am bheil romhad thu fhéin a mhilleadh, do you mean to ruin yourself.*

ROMHAIBH, ró'-èb, *pre. pro.* before you, &c. (romh-sibh,) *tha romhaibh, you are determined.*

ROMHAM, ró'-um, *pre. pro.* before me, (romh-mi); see Romhad.

ROMHAINN, ró'-ènn, *pre. pro.* before us, (romh-sinn.)

ROMPA, róm'-a, before them; see above.

RÒN, ròn, *n. m.* a seal, or sea-calf; ionad falaich na ròn slapach, *the hiding-place of the splashing seals, or sea-calves. Sm.;* near Inverary, fetters for the fore feet of a horse, (deubh); hair. *N.*

RONACH, ròn'-ach, *n. f.* seal-hunt. *Skye.*

RÒNG, ròng, *n. f.* a bandy, vital spark; lounge.

RONGACH, róng'-ach, *a.* lounging, cadaverous.

RONGAICHE, róng'-èch-à, *n. f.* lounging.

RONGAIRE, róng'-ur-à, *n. m.* a lounge.

RONGAIREACHD, róng'-àer-achg, *n. f.* tedious, drawing, lounging manner, or habits

RONGAIS, róng'-èsh, *n. f.* a bandy, a bludgeon.

RÒNN, rònn, *n. f.* a slaver, ropy spittle.

RÒNNACH, rònn'-ach, *a.* viscous, ropy, glutinous; *n. f.* slaving, dirty female.

RÒNNAICH, rònn'-èch, *v.* become viscid.

RÒNNAIR, rònn'-ur-à, *n. m.* a slaving man.

RÒP, ròp, *v.* gore; let out the viscera with a knife; tear open a bag with a knife; (*Dan.* raffle.)

RÒP, ròp, *n. m.* an auction; *v.* roup. (*Fr.*)

RÒPACH, ròp'-ach, *adj.* viscous, glutinous.

RÒPADAIR, ròp'-ad-àer, *n. m.* rope-maker.

RÒRAM, ròr'-um, *n. m.* the quality of dealing out extensively among a family, as provisions; the quality of being able to stand fatigue; liberality, with a deal of ostentation; hospitality; rò-rum.

RÒRAMACH, ròr'-am-ach, *adj.* liberal, highly liberal; lasting long, and being capable of dividing well in a family, as provisions.

RÒRAMACHD, ròr'-um-achg, *n. f.* liberality, extensive usefulness in a family.

RÒS, ròs, *n. m.* a rose; erysipelas; (*rosa, Latin; also Spanish, French, &c. &c.*)

RÒS, ròs, *v. n.* defeat, miscarry; *ros e orm, it miscarried, I have been disappointed in it; ros an lár bracha so orm, this floor of malt went wrong, miscarried;—also for frois, spend as corn. North; n. m.* disappointment; a promontory or peninsula; an *ros Muileach, the promontory of Mull; (Rudha Muileach.)*

RÒSACH, ròs'-ach, *adj.* disappointing, defeating; an Linne Rosach, *the channel of disappointment, the Sound of Jura, (truly so); n. m.* one of the name of Ross; also a Ross-shire man.

RÒSAD, ròs'-ad, } *n. m.* disappointment,

RÒSADH, ròs'-à, } misfortune, mischief; *dè 'n rosad a rug ort, what misfortune, or the mischief came over you?*

RÒSADACH, ròs'-ad-ach, *a.* untoward.

RÒSG, ròsg, *n. m.* an eye-lid, eye-lash; prose.

RÒSP, ròsp, *n. f.* a blear eye.

RÒST, ròst, *n. m.* a roast; piece of beef.

RÒTACH, ròt'-ach, *n. m.* a circle of filth on one's clothes. *Islay; a rush at starting, (sigheadh); a hand-rattle, (clach-bholg).*

RÒTAIR, ròtt'-ur-à, *n. m.* a sloven.

RÒTH, rò, *n. m.* wheel of a cart, &c.; halo; *tha roth ma'n ghealach, there is a halo round the moon.*

RÒTHA, rò'-à, *n. m.* a roll of tobacco. *Islay.*

RÒTHADAIR, rò'-ad-àer, *n. m.* wheel-wright.

RÒTHAICH, rò'-èch, *v.* twine, roll.

RUADH, rùä'-gh, *a.* red-haired, reddish; *n. m.* reddish colour, redness; a hind, a deer.

RUADHAG, rùä'-ghag, *n. f.* young roe.

RUADHAN, rùä'-an, *n. m.* mineral scruff.

RUADHBHUIDH, rùä'-vùè, *a.* auburn.

RUADH-CHAILC, rùä'-chäèlk, *n. f.* ochre.

RUAGADH, rùä'-g-à, *pt.* driving away, pursuing.

RUAGAIRE, rùä'-g-ur-à, *n. m.* pursuer, lock-bar; an outlaw, a wanderer; swan-shot.

RUAIDH, rùä'-èy', *n. f.* the disease called the herpes, or shingles, caused by nausea. (*West*); the rose. (*Lewis*); erysipelas. (*Ir.*)

RUAIG, rùä'-èg, *n. f.* pursuit, persecution; *thog iad am ruaig, they took up the pursuit; defeat, flight, hunt, chase; chuir sinn an ruaig orra, we put them to flight, we defeated them; ghabh iad an ruaig, they took to flight; ruaig an tuire, the boar-hunt. Ossian; has an obscene meaning; v. drive away, pursue, chase; 'ga ruagadh, driving him away, pursuing him.*

RUAIN, rùä'-em, *n. f.* flush of anger; line.

RUAINILL, rùä'-ém-èly', *v.* rumble; agitate water.

RUAINLEADH, *pt.* rumbling; *n. m.* water-lily, fuller's-earth, muddiness of water.

RUAIMHSEANTA, rùä'-shant-a, *adj.* jolly, hale; hearty, though very old. *Islay.*

RUAIMHSEANTACHD, *rúáesh'-ant-achg*, *n.f.* an old person's heartiness, vigour.
RUAIMNEACH, *rúáem'-nyach*, *a. strong*. *N.*
RUAMH, *rúav*, *n.f.* a spade. *Shaw.*
RUAMHAIR, *rúá'-aér*, *v.* delve, dig.
RUAMHAR, *rúá'-ar*, *n. m.* delving, digging.
RUAIS, *rúásh*, *n. f.* and *c.* rhapsody; a senseless flow of language; rhapsodist.
RUaiseil, *rúásh'-al*, *adj.* rhapsodical.
RUAPais, *rúáp'-ësh*, *n. f.* rigmarole.
RUB, *rhúb*, *v.* rub, (*rhub*, *Brit.*)
RUBADH, *rhúb'-á*, *pt.* and *n. m.* rubbing, friction.
RUBAIL, *rúb'-ul*, *n. f.* a tumult, rumbling.
RUBAIR, *rúb'-aér*, *n. m.* a rubber, scraper.
RUC, *rúchg*, *n. m.* a rick of hay, peats, &c.; *v.* make ricks, build peats into small stacks.
RUCAS, *rúchg'-as*, *n. m.* jostling kind of fondness.
RUCHD, *rúchg*, *n. m.* a retch, grunt, ructation; *v.* retch groaningly, (*Lat.* ructa.)
RUCHDAIL, *rúchg'-al*, *n. f.* retching, belching; *pt.* retching.
RUD, *raód*, *n. m.* a thing; pudendum; agus *rud* eile dheth, *more than that, moreover.*
RUDAINNTE, *raód'-anjt-á*, *pt. done*; *adj.* particular, somewhat odd.
RUDANACH, *raód'-an-ach*, *a. particular.*
RUDANAICH, *raód'-an-éch*, *v. dress.*
RUDHA, *rú-á*, *n. m.* a point of land in the sea, promontory; *deuch am fuar thu 'n rudha*, *see, and weather the promontory*; a turn; *cuiridh so rudha seachad*, *this will serve for our turn, it will serve for this time.*
RUDHAG, *rú'-ág*, *n. m.* crab *N.*; partan.
RUDHAGAIL, *rú'-ag-ul*, *n. f.* thrift, shift; *íha e gu math rudhag'ach*, *he is pretty thrifty*; *g'a rudhagail théin*, *to his own thrift.*
RUDHAGLACH, *rúá'-ag-lach*, *adj.* thrifty.
RUGA, *rúg'-a*, *n. m.* rough cloth, or female (*Swedish rugg*.)
RUGAID, *rúg'-áj*, *n. f.* an old cow, or worthless female.
RUG, *rúg*, *past*, *v.* bare; *rug iad clann*, *they bore children*; *rug i uan*, *she yeanned*; *rug i meann*, *she kidded*; *rug i pis-eagean*, *she kittened*; *rug i cuileanan*, *she whelped*, or *cubbed*; *rug i searrach*, *she foaled*; *rug i ugh*, *she laid an egg*; *rug i oirceanan*, *she farrowed*; *rug sinn urra*, *we overtook her*; *rug e air bhuam*, *he laid hold of it out of my hands.*
RUGAIRE, *rúg'-ur-á*, *n. m.* drunkard. *N.*
RUGHA, *rú'-á*, *n. m.* a blush; *ni mó RIUGHA*, *reaó'-y'-á*, *a bha rugha air an gruaidh*, *neither was their a blush on their cheek. Bible.*
RUIDEAL, *rújj'-al*, *n. f.* a riddle; *v.* riddle.
RUIDEIS, *rújj'-ash*, *n. f.* skipping, frisking.

RUIDEISEACH, *rújj'-ash*, *adj.* frisky, lively.
RUIG, *rúég*, *v. n.* reach, extend; *ruig air so*, *reach at this*, *extend your hand to this*; *ràinig mi air*, *I reached at it*; arrive, come to, attain to; an *ruig e nochd*, *shall he arrive to night*? *cia fhada a ruig-eas tu*, *how far will thou go*? *cha ruig mi air*, *I cannot attain to it*, *B.*; need, must needs; *cha ruig thu leas a bhl aig do dhragh*, *you need not be at the trouble*; properly *riog*.
RUIGE, *rúég'-á*, *n. m.* place, point; *gu ruige so*, *to this point*, *to this place*; *gu ruige an tigh*, *to the house*, *as far as the house.*
RUIGHE, for *righe*, the arm.
RUIGHEACHD, *rúé'-achg*, *n. f.* arrival; *air dhuinn ruigheachd*, *on our arrival*; *pt.* reaching, attaining, stretching; *a' ruigheachd or rioghachd air*, *stretching his hand towards it*. (*From righe.*)
RUIN, *rùen*, *gen. and plur.* of *run*.
RUINN, *rùenn*, *pre. pron.* to us, against us, meddling with us; *thuir e ruinn*, *he said to us.*
RUINNSE, *rùesh'-shá*, *n. m.* an enormous —; any thing long; *v.* —.
RUINNSEAR, *rèunnsh'-aér*, *n. m.* scourer.
RUINTEAN, *rùenjt'-un*, *n. pl.* intentions, &c.
RUISG, *rúshg*, *n. pl.* fleeces, peelings; *gen.* of rosg, of eye-lids; *v.* peel, make bare, disclose; *gall*, *denude*, *unshathe*; *ruisg am buntàta*, *peel the potatoes*; *ruisg a' chraobh*, *strip the tree*; *ruisg do claidh-eamh*, *unshathe thy sword*; *ruisg e ghàirdean*, *he made bare his arm*; *na ruisg do dhearas do d' nàimhaid*, *reveal or disclose not, your defects to your enemy.*
RUISGTE, *rúshg'-tyá*, *pt.* peeled, unsheathed, stript, made bare; disclosed, revealed.
RUIT, *ruéjt*, *n. f.* a rakish female.
RUITEACH, *rúech'-tyach*, *adj.* florid, ruddy, apt to run, slipperly, as small shot; flushing and blushing; *bpt to blush*; *bha e ruiteach*, *he was florid. Bible.*
RUITEAR, *rúéjt'-aér*, *n. m.* a rake, abandoned man.
RUIITH, *ruéch*, *v.* run; flow as a stream; *ruith e*, *he ran*; *ruith an fhuil*, *the blood flowed*; melt, as lead, or suet; speak fast; chase, distill, flow, overrun, or go over superficially; *ruith e as mo dhéigh*, *he chased me*; *a' ruith ceudtaruinn*, *distilling low wines*; *ruith orra*, *run superficially over them*, *adjust or serve them once*; *ruith a mach*, *be exhausted*, or *expended*; *pt.* cha-ing, running, distilling, adjusting.
RUIITH, *ruéch*, *n. f.* a race, a rate, full speed; *esan na ruith*, *he at full speed*; *air an ruith cheudhna*, *at the same rate*;

air a' cheart *ruith*, at the same rate precisely; dysentery; fast speaking or talking; *ruith-fhola*, hemorrhoids, Bible; treatment, slight arrangement; line, parallel, the same way; *thoir an aon ruith dhaibh*, give them the same treatment; *thoir ruith orra*, give them a slight adjustment, put them in somewhat of order; *air ruith an tighe so*, in a line with this house, parallel with this house; *thoir ruith eladaich dhith*, run her aground; *ruith na teanga*, a complete scold; *thoir an aon ruith dhaibh*, serve them all alike, make no distinction.

RUM, rùm, *n. m.* room, space, place, *Teut.*
RUMACH, rùm'-ach, } *n. f.* a slimy tough
RUNNACH, rùnn'-ach, } kind of marsh or puddle.

RUMALACHD, rùm'-all-achg, *n. f.* spaciousness.

RUMAIL, rùm'-al, *adj.* spacious, roomy.

RUMP, rùmp, *n. m.* the rump. *Teutonic.*

RUN, rhùn, *n. m.* secret intention, mystery, secret; *tha rùn an Tighearn aig an dream d'an eagal e*, the secret of the Lord is with them that fear him; inclination, secret resolution, disposition, intention; *dè tha d' rùn*, what do you mean? *dè n rùn am bheil e dhuit*, how is he disposed towards you? *tha e an rùn nan tuadh dhomh*, he would wish to cut me down, (with the *Lochaber* axe, lit.); *na innis do rùn do nàmhaid ghorach na do charaid glie*, disclose not your purpose to a foolish foe, or a wise (cunning) friend; *Welsk*, rhin; a beloved object; *tha a rùn*, yes, my love! *mo rùn a tighinn*, my love coming; *rùn-phairteach*, communicating secrets; *rùn-phàirtich*, communicate secrets.

RUNACH, rùn'-ach, *adj.* loved, secret.

RUNAICH, rùn'-èch, *v.* intend, mean.

RUNAIRE, rùn'-àer-à, *n. m.* secretary.

RUNRACH, rùn'-rach, *n. m.* a search.

RUNRAICH, rùn'-rèch, *v.* search, explore.

RUSG, rhùsg, *n. m.* peeling, rind, skin, fleece.

RUSGACH, rùsg'-ach, *a.* fleecy, husky.

RUSGADH, rùsg'-à, *pt.* peeling, stripping, fleecing, making bare; driving thatch of.

RUSGAIRE, rùsg'-ur-à, *n. c.* a strong brawny person, that does a deal of work coarsely.

RUT, rùtt, *v.* rust, corrode. *Arran.*

RUTA, rùt'-a, *n. m.* a ram, reith, *Arran.*

RU, rù, *n. m.* herb, rue, *Fren.*; *Teutonic.*

S

S, s, the fifteenth letter of the Gaelic alphabet; named by the Irish *Sail*, or *Suil*, the willow-tree.

'S, contraction of *agus*, or *is*, and; 's *their* *thù*, and *thou shalt say*; 's *mòr t-fhaical*, and *ostentatious is thy word*; 2d, for *anns*; 's a *cheò*, (for *anns a cheò*,) in the mist, in amazement; 3d, for *verb*, *am*, *art*, *is*, &c.; 's i s è, 's *esan*, it is she, it is he, it is he himself; 4th, 's contraction of the prefix *ais*; *as*, *braigh*, *aisbraigh*, *i. e.* *sprai*gh, *burst*, &c.

Sa, sà, *emphatic adjective*, (for *so*, *se*,) used thus, *dhomh-sa*, *dhith-se*, to me myself, to her herself; 2d, used with *verb*s, *dh'innisn-se dhuibh*, I would have told you; 3d, *cont.* for *anns a*, in the; *as*, 'sa *ghleann*, (for *anns a ghleann*,) in the *glen*; 'sa', for the same before an aspiration; 'sa' *mhaidinn*, in the morning; 4th, (for *anns a*,) in his, in her, in it.

SABAID, for *tabaid*, *fray*, *row*. *Skye*; *Lw.*

SABAID, sàb'-à, *n. f.* the sabbath, sunday.

SABAIDFACH, sàb'-àjj'-ach, *adj.* sabbatical.

SABH, sàv, *v.* saw, cut with a saw; *n. m.* a saw; *sabh-duirn*, hand-saw; *sabh-mòr*, whip-saw; *salve*, ointment; *sabh-shùl*, eye-salve. *Bible.*

SABHADAIR, sàv'-add-àer, *n. m.* a sawyer; *ri sabhadairachd*, a sàbhadh, sawing, cutting.

SABHAILL, sàv'-àly', *v.* save, preserve.

SABHAILTE, sàv'-alyt'-à, *adj.* safe, preserved.

SABHAILTEACHD, sàv'-alyt'-achg, *n. f.* safety, a saving disposition, safe state or condition.

SABHALL, sàv'-ull, *n. m.* a barn, barns; *saibhlean*, pronounced *sev-* or *ssiv'-llun*; murdered, *saòl'-un*.

SABHALADH, sàv'-al-à, *pt.* saving, rescuing; retrenchment; is *mòr an sabhaladh sin*, that is a great retrenchment, or saving.

SABHD, sàv'-ud, *n. m.* straying; *cù saibhd*, stray dog; *chaidh e air sabhd*, he strayed away; —a lie. *North.*

SABHADAIRE, sàv'-ud-ur-à, *n. m.* stroller; —liar. *North.*

SABHS, sàvs, *n. m.* a sauce, fish-sauce, *sabhs èisg*; *gravy*, *juice of meat*.

SABHSAIR, sàv'-sàer, *n. m.* a sausage.

SAC, sàchg, *n. m.* a sack; load; (all *Lang.*)

SACATCH, sàchg'-èch, *v.* press in a bag, load.

SACANTA, sàchg'-annt-a, *adj.* thickset, squat.

SACHASAN, sàch'-as-an, *n. f.* sand-eel, (slolag.) *North.*

SACRAMAID, sàchg'-ram-à, *n. f.* sacrament
SAD, sad, *v.* dash upon, as dust; 'ga *sadadh* am shuilean, dashing it in my eyes; *n.* dust, dislike.

SADACH, sad'-ach, *n. m.* meal-dust.

SAGART, } sag'-àrjt, *n. m.* a Roman, or any
SAGAIRT } priest.

SAGAIRTEACHD, sàg'-arjt-achg, *n. f.* priesthood.

SAGAIRTEIL, sãg'-arj-t-al, *adj.* priestly.
 SAIBHEAN, sãv'-ãr, *n. f.* a common sewer.
 SAIBHIR, sãiv'-ẽr, *adj.* plentiful; rich, opulent, pretty full, as clothes; cõta saibhir, a coat pretty full, or easy coat; bliadhna shaibhir, a plentiful year; duine saibhir, a wealthy or rich man.
 SAIBHLEAN, sãiv- or sev'-llun, *n. f.* barns.
 SAIBHREAS, sãiv'-rus, *n. m.* plenty; wealth.
 SAIDEALACH, sãij'-al-ach, *a.* bashful. *Ir.*
 SAIDH, sãõc'-yh', *n. f.* part of any instrument that is in the handle; post; saidh-dheiridh, stern-post; saidh-thoisich, bow-post.
 SAIDSE, sãijsh'-ã, *n. m.* a crash, fall, noise.
 SAIDSEACH, sãijsh'-ach, *n. f.* beggars' mattle.
 SAIDSEAR, sãij'-er, *n. m.* a heavy clumsy man.
 SAIGEAN, sãẽg'-aẽn, *n. m.* squat fellow.
 SAIGEANACH, sãẽg'-aẽn-ach, *adj.* fat, thick-set, and little; *n. m.* man so conditioned.
 SAIGH, sãi-y', *n. f.* a bitch; (galla,) North; *n. m.* coal-fish; saighean mór, coal-fish, next in size to ugsa, stenlock.
 SAIGHN, sãij, *v.* dart, pop, bolt, or dash in, or forward; inflict pain, or pang; thug e saighdeadh ad a stigh, he bolted or popped, darted in.
 SAIGHDE, sãij'-ã, *n. pl.* arrows, of an arrow.
 SAIGHDEACH, sãõij'-ach, *a.* piercing, arrowy.
 SAIGHDEAR, sãõij'-ãer, *n. m.* soldier, arrower; a hero; is tu an saighdear, thou art the hero! saighdear-eoise, a foot soldier, an infantry man; saighdear-fairge, a marine; *Welsh*, sawdwr.
 SAIGHDEARACHD, sãij'-ar'-achg, *n. f.* soldiery; heroism.
 SAIGHDEARAIL, sãõij'-ar-al, *adj.* military, brave.
 SAIGHHEAD, sãi'-ud, *n. f.* an arrow; a stitch.
 SAIL, sã'l, *n. f.* a log of wood, joist.
 SAIL, sã'l, *n. m.* salt water.
 SAIL, sã'l, *n. f.* a heel; sãiltean, heels.
 SAIL-BHINN, sã'l'-vũenn, *n. f.* groundsel.
 SAILCHE, sul'-ẽch-ã, *n. f.* dirtiness; more dirty.
 SAIL-GHILLE, sã'l'-ghẽlly'-ã, *n. m.* footman.
 SAILEAG, sã'l'-ag, *n. f.* a heel-step.
 SAILL, saẽly', *v.* salt, season with salt; *n. f.* suet, fat; sãil' nan dubhan, fat of the kidneys.
 SAILLEACH, saẽlly'-ach, *adj.* fat, full of suet.
 SAILLEADAIR, saẽlly'-ad-ar', *n. m.* salter, curer.
 SAILLEAR, saẽlly'-aer, *n. m.* a salt, salt-dish.
 SAILLTE, saẽlly'-tyã, *pl.* salted, seasoned.
 SAILLTEACHD, saẽlly'-tyachg, *n. f.* saltiness.
 SAILM, saõl-um, *n. m.* a decoction, Irish; *n. pl.* psalms; also *gen.* of salin, a psalm.
 SAIMH, sãv, *n. f.* luxury, ease.
 SAIMH, sãẽv, *n. pl.* twins, a pair. *Irish.*

SAINHEACHD, sãẽv'-achg, *n. f.* gross indulgence.
 SAINNSEAL, senn'-shal, *n. m.* a handsel.
 SAITH, sãẽch, *n. f.* belly-full, satiety. *Islay.*
 SAITHEACHD, sãẽch'-achg, *n. f.* satiety.
 SAISTE, sashj'-ẽ, *n. m.* the herb, sage. *N.*
 SAL, sãll, *n. m.* wax of the ear, slimy dirt.
 SALACH, sal'-ach, *adj.* dirty, nasty, foul, poked.
 SALACHADH, sãll'-ach-ã, *pl.* polluting, defiling.
 SALACHAR, sãll'-ach-ar, *n. m.* dirt, filth, ordure.
 SALAICH, sal'-ẽch, *v.* defile, pollute, pox; soil; shalaich thu am paipear, you soiled the paper.
 SALAICHTE, sal'-ẽch-tyã, *pl.* defiled, poked.
 SALANN, sall'-unn, *n. m.* salt; *gen.* salainn.
 SALLTAIR, sãllt'-er, *n. f.* chalders, 16 boils.
 SALM, sal-um, *n. f.* a psalm, anthem.
 SALMACH, sal'-um-ach, *adj.* psalm tune.
 SALMADAIR, sal'-um-ad-ãer, *n. m.* psalmist.
 SALMAIR, sal'-um-aer, *n. m.* precentor.
 SALTAIN, sãllt'-er, *v.* trample, tread.
 SALTAIRT, salt'-arj-t, *n. f.* act of treading, or trampling; *pl.* treading, trampling, walking upon.
 SANH, sãv, bad smell arising from a sick person, or a dirty hot place; sorrel; ag itheadh saimh, eating sorrel;—a savage, Mackenzie.
 SAMHACH, sãv'-ach, *adj.* quiet, still, calm; feasgar samhach, a calm, or still evening; bithibh samhach agus tuigibh gur mise Dia, be still and know that I am God, Bible; fan samhach, keep settled, keep quiet.
 SAMHACH, sãv'-ach, *n. f.* an axe, or hatchet, (tuadhl,) Sk.; Lew.; the haft of such. *B.*
 SAMHAICIAN, sãv'-aer-k-aẽn, *n. m.* primrose. *Ir.*
 SANHANACH, sãv'-an-ach, *n. m.* a savage; chuireadh tu egal air na samhanach, you would frighten the very savages. *Is.*
 SAMHAN-AITHRICH, sãv'-an-ãer'-ẽch, *n. m.* skin rubbed off in one's sleep; cause, or object of regret.
 SAMHCHAIR, sãv'-chãr, *n. m.* quietness. *Sm.*
 SAMHLACH, sãv'-lach, *adj.* typical.
 SAMHLACHADH, sãv'-lach-ã, *pl.* likening; laying something bad to one's charge.
 SAMHLACHAIL, sãv'-lach-al, *a.* emblematical.
 SAMHLACHAS, sãv'-lach-as, *n. m.* comparison.
 SAMHLACHD, sãv'-lachg, *n. f.* comparability.
 SAMHLADH, sãv'-lã, *n. m.* type, form, proverb.
 SAMHLAICH, sãv'-llẽch, *v.* compare, liken; *v. n.* lay to one's charge; na samhlaich a leithid sin riumsa, don't lay such thing

to my charge; as the Scotch say, "don't even such to me."

SAMHNA, sáv'-ná, *gen.* of samhainn.

SAMHNAG, } sáv'-nag, *n. f.* a bon-fire, on

SAMHNACH, } the 12th of November.

SAMHNACH, sáv'-nach, *n. f.* Macdonald of the Isles, deer-park; winter-park.

SAMHNAICH, sáv'-nnéach, *v.* winter.

SAMHNACHAN, sáv'-nach-an, *n. m.* a trout.

SAMHBACH, sáv'-rach, *a.* } relating to

SAMHBACHAIL, sáv'-rach-al, } summer; summer-like.

SAMHAIL, sáv'-ul, *n. m.* likeness. *B.*

SAMHAILT, sáv'-aljt', *n. m.* likeness, like; do mhac samhailt, your precise resemblance—the son of your likeness, literally.

SAMHUINN, sáv'-énn, *n. f.* Hallow-tide, the feast of All Souls; o Bhealltainn gu samhuinn, from May day to Hallow-day.

SAMPUILL, sámp'-ull, *n. m.* example; bithidh tu ad bhall-sampuill, you will be an example. *B.*

'SAN, sán, (for anns an); 'san tigh, (for anns an tigh), in the house; 2d, emphatic pron. his, her, its; as a chuid-san, his share or property; a cuid-se, her property; eich-san, his horses.

SANAS, sán'-us, *n. m.* a friendly hint, or warning; bheir e sanas le 'chois, he will give a hint with his foot; (bruidhidh e le a chois); mar shanas do gach tìr, as a warning to every country. *Bible.*

SANASAIL, sán'-as-al, *adj.* giving warning.

SANNT, sánnt, *n. m.* greed, covetousness, lust; esan a dh' fhuathaichias sannt, he that hates covetousness; inclination, desire; ma tha' shannt sin air, if he has a desire for that.

SANNTACH, sánnt'-ach, *a.* greedy, covetous.

SANNTACHD, sánnt'-achg, *n. f.* covetousness.

SANNTAICH, sánnt'-éch, *v.* covet, lust after, incline; ma shanntaich tu, if you incline or please; a' sanntachadh, coveting, lusting after.

SANNTAIRE, sannt'-ér-á, *n. m.* covetous mad.

SAOBH, sáov, *n. m.* hypocrisy; *v.* err; saobh shruth, eddy-tide; shaobh iad, they erred; *adj.* erroneous, eddying.

SAOD, sáod, *n. m.* a prosperous train, condition; good humour; cuir saod air, put it in a likely or prosperous train; dè 'n saod a th'ort, how do you do? gun saod air dol as, without an expedient to escape; feumaidh sinn saod a chur air, we must devise an expedient to accomplish it.

SAODAICH, sáod'-éch, *v.* drive cattle to pasture, &c.; coax away in good humour.

SAODAR, *a.* } sáod'-ur, in good humour, on

SAODMHOR, } good terms; well-planned.

SAOGHAL, sáo'-ul, *n. m.* the world, universe, life, lifetime; feadh an t-saoghal,

throughout the world; fad do shaoghal, during your lifetime; saoghal fad dhuit, long may you live; droch shaoghal, bad times; mo chuid do'n t-saoghal, my all! my dearest dear! ma gheibh mi saoghal, if I live; gu saoghal nan saoghal, henceforth and for ever; an saoghal salach, the deceitful world! airson an t-saoghail, for the whole universe.

SAOGHALACH, sáo'-al-ach, *a.* long-lived.

SAOGHALACHD, sáo'-al-achg, *n. f.* long life.

SAOGHALTA, sáo'-ált'-á, *adj.* worldly-mind-ed.

SAOGHALTACHD, sáo'-alt-achg, *n. f.* worldliness.

SAOIBHIR, sáoèiv'-ér, *n. m.* St. Kilda skate; also a mispronunciation of saibhir ssiv-ér.

SAOION, sáo'-y', *n. m.* a hero, warrior; saoidhean Mhanuis, the warriors of Magnus; *adj.* brave.

SAOIDHEAN; see Saigh, coal-fish.

SAOIL, sáo'l, *v.* suppose, think, imagine, seem; shaoil mi, I thought or imagined; an saoil thu, think you? do you imagine? shaoile gun nàmhaid a bh'ann, he thought he was an enemy; nach saoil thu, do you not think? shaoil mise, I supposed; an saoil sibhse, do ye suppose? shaoileadh duine, one should suppose; ma shaoileas tusa, if you judge, or think.

SAOILSINN, sáo'l'-shénn, } *part.* suppos-

SAOILTINN, sáo'l'-tyénn, } ing, imagin-

ing, thinking, judging.

SAOIRE, sáoèr'-á, *deg.* saor, na's saoire, cheaper; *n. f.* preference in cheapness; cheapness.

SAOIREAD, sáoèr'-ud, *n. f.* degree of cheapness.

SAOITHRICH, sáoèiv'-éch, *v.* toil, beat pains put yourself to the trouble; an nì a saoitrich mi air a shon, what I toiled for; shaoithrich mi a nuas, I put myself to the trouble of coming down; thug thu orm saoitreachadh, you put me to the trouble of coming; saoitrich am fear-ann, labour the ground. *Bible.*

SAOITHREACH, sáoiv'-ach, *gen.* of saothair; *adj.* fatiguing; at great pains; gu saoitreach, at pains; also saoitreachail.

SAOR, sáor, *adj.* cheap, a good bargain; buntàta saor, cheap potatoes; free, at liberty, not enslaved; clann na mnà saoire, the children of the free woman; exempt, free, not guilty; saor o'n mhionnan, exempt from the oath; free from expense, clear of blame or aspersion; saor o'n aladh sin, free, or clear of that aspersion; bheir mise a mach saor thu, I shall take you out free of expenses; bheir mi dhà gu saor, I shall give him freely;—clach shaor, free-stone. *N.*; *v.* free of aspersion or calumny; purge; saor am boireannach

so, free or clear this woman from scandal; save, absolve, acquit; *cha saor mi thu, I will not acquit or absolve you. B.; conj.* except, save; *saor o dhithisid, except two, save two; as an adj.* used generally before the noun; *saor-thobhartas, free-offering.*

SAOR, sāor, *n. m.* a carpenter, house-carpenter; *Mac an t-saoir, the carpenter's son—the surname, Mackintyre; saor-bhàtan, a boat-builder; saor-mhuileann, mill-wright; saor-luinneas, na loingeas, ship-carpenter; saor-chuidhlean, wheel-wright; tuadh an lamh an t-saoir, an axe in the hand of the carpenter. B.*

SAORADH, sāor'-ā, *pt.* freeing, exempting; *n. m.* absolution, freedom, liberation.

SAORANACH, sārr'-an-ach, *n. m.* a freeman.

SAORSA, sārs'-ā, *n. f.* freedom, liberty; *saorsa o'n olc, freedom from sin; cheapness; saorsa an nì so, the cheapness of this thing; is mòr an t-suim air an do cheann-ach mise an t-saorsa so, great is the sum for which I purchased this freedom. B.*

SAORSACHD, sāors'-achg, *n. f.* abatement.

SAORSAINNEACHD, sāor'-sènn-achg, *n. f.* carpenter's trade; working with carpenter's tools.

SAOTHAIR, sāo'-ér, *n. f.* toil, pains, labour, work; *le mòran saothair, with great pains or toil; deanaibh saothair, labour or toil; gabh saothair, bestow pains, toil for it; luach saothreach, what is worth one's while or pains; cha'n fhilach dhuit do shaothair, it is not worth your while, worth your pains; air bheagan saothair, easily, without much pain; tàileamh mo shaoithreach, the result of my toil; ann an saothair, in great travail; saor-chloinne, travail, labour of childbed; a dh'aindeoin do shaoithreach, after all your labour, or pains.*

SAOTHRAICH, sāor'-èch, *n. m.* labourer. *B.*

SAIPHIR, saff'-ér, *n. m.* sapphire. *Bible.*

SAR, sār, *n. m.* a true hero, a brave warrior; *cha robh eagal air sār riamh, a true hero never feared the face of clay; ehuais le sār a ghuth, a hero heard his voice; a shàir, thou hero! Oss.; a tick, or sheep-louse; oppression. H. S.; adj.* complete, wholly, completely abandoned; *sār ghaisgeach, a complete hero; sār chù, a dog every inch of him; sār shlaightire, a most abandoned villain—placed always before the nouns.*

SARACHADH, sār'-ach-ā, *pt.* oppressing, wronging, annoying, distressing, harrasing; *'gam shàrachadh, oppressing or harassing me; n. m.* oppression.

SABACHAIL, sār'-ach-al, *a.* oppressive, distressing, harassing, burdensome.

SARAICH, sār'-èch, *v.* distress, oppress, bur-

den, harass; overcome, wear out, fatigue, deal unjustly with, do violence to, use ill.

SARAICHTE, sār'-èch-tyā, *pt.* oppressed, exhausted, over-fatigued, overcome, beat.

SARDAIL, sàrd'-al, *n. m.* sprat sgadan-gearr.

SAS, sās, *n. m.* bondage, custody, durance; *tha e an sàs, he is in custody, he is captivated; air dhà a bhi an sàs, having happened to be in durance; cause, means; is math an sàs thu fhéin air sin, you are a fit cause or means for that yourself, (never used otherwise); v.* lay hold of. *H. S.*

SASAG, sās'-ag, *n. f.* straw-chair. *North.*

SASACHD, sās'-achg, *n. f.* satiety. *Bible; (sath.)*

SASAICH, sās'-èch, *v. n.* satiate, attack, fix; *a' sàsachadh na feòla, satisfying the lusts of the flesh; shàsaich e orm, he attacked me tooth and nail.*

SASDA, sàs'-a, *adj.* saucy, contemptuous.

SASDACHD, sàs'-achg, *n. f.* sauciness, pride.

SASCNN, sas'-unn, *n. m.* England.

SASUNNACH, sàs'-unn-ach, *n. m.* an Englishman; *adj.* English, belonging to, or of England.

SATH, sà, SAITH, sàech, *n. f.* bellyful, plenty, abundance, enough; *cha'n ith a shàith ach an gù, none but a dog eats a bellyful, to satiety.*

SATH, sà, *v.* transfix, fix, thrust; *shàth e dhubhain annam, he transfixed his clutches in me; shàth e ann e, he thrust it into it or him; sàthar sleagh throimh, he shall be pierced through, with a spear sath a stigh i, push it in.*

SATHACH, sà'-haeh, *adj.* satiated, filled.

SATHADH, sà'-ā, *n. m.* a thrust, push, shove; *thug e sàthadh, he gave a thrust; pt.* thrusting, pushing.

Sa, se, for most words thus beginning, see Sp, sg.

SCORA, sbairn, see Sgòrr, spàirn.

SE, shè, *per. pron.* he; *tha sè, he is; 2d, n. c. and adj.* six; *sé daoine, six men.*

SEA, shéa, see SÈ, six.

SEABH, SEUBH, shév, *v.* stray.

SHEARHALTRACH, shév'-alt-rach, *n. m.* straggler.

SEARNACH, shév'-ach, *a.* trim. *H. S.*

SHEARNAG, see Seobhag.

SEAC, shyúchg, shechg, *v.* wither, decay; *sheac-mharbh e i, he killed her outright; tha e air seacadh, it is withered.*

SEACACHD, shyúchg'-achg, *n. f.* withered state, or condition of any thing.

SEACAICH, shyúchg'-èch, *v.* wither, fade.

SEACH, shyach, *n. m.* turn; *gach aon ma seach, each in his turn, each alternately; adv. conj.* past, gone by, away, aside; rather than, rather than that; besides, beyond; *seach an dorus, past the door*

cha d' theid e seach so, he will not pass this; seach aon eile, rather than any one else; seach leigeil dà dol seachad, rather than that he should pass by; do dh' aon seach aon, to the one more than to another; seach a chèile, one from another; fear seach fear, one man more than another; cha n-aithne dhomh aon seach a chèile, I know not one from the other; seach innseadh air, rather than inform against him; seach a chèile, one past the other; cha d' theid e seach am baile so, he will not go beyond this vil'age; in preference to; seach e fhéin a mhilleadh, in preference to spoiling himself; chaidh e ma seach orn, I missed it—it did not occur to me.

SEACHAD, shyach'-ad, *adv.* aside, by, out of the way; along, onward, forward; a dol seachad, passing by, or along; an latha air dol seachad, the day passing; a' cur seachad, na h'ùine, passing the time; cuir seachad so, lay this bye; seachad oirnn, by us; na cuir seachad ormsa e, do not put it by me; cuir seachad airgead, hoard money; theirig seachad, pass by; beyond, more; cha'n'eil seachad air fichead ann, there is not beyond twenty in it altogether—more than twenty; is math seachad e, it is good to have it by, to be done of it; a dol seachad, air t-ais is air t-aghaidh, not calling, passing and repassing; labhair, 'san dol seachad, speak, when passing, en passant; seachad air mìle, more than, or beyond, a mile, or a thousand; *Inter.* seachad! seachad! by with you! away with you!

SEACHAINN, shyech'-enn, *v.* avoid, shun, keep at distance from; seachainn an t-òic, avoid evil; dispense with, spare; an seachainn thu so, can you spare, or dispense with this? mholainn duit mise a sheachnadh, I would recommend to you, to keep at arm's-length from me.

SEACHANTA, shyech'-ant-a, *adj.* to be avoided; latha seachanta na bliadhna, Childermas-day.

SEACHANTACH, shyech'-ant-ach, *adj.* avoidable, guarded against; seachantach air òl, guarded against drunkenness or debauchery.

SEACHANTACHD, shyech'-ant-achg, *n. f.* avoidableness; continual precaution to avoid.

SEACHD, shyächg, *n. c.* and *adj.* seven; seachd-filte, seven-fold; seachd-thaobhach, heptagon; *adj.* heptagonal; an t-seachd-reultach, the pleiades.

SEACHAMH, shyächg'-uv, *adj.* seventh.

SEACHD-DEUG, shyächg'-dyäg, *n. a.* seventeen.

SEACHD-MHIOG, shyächg'-vhës, *n. m.* September.

SEACHDAR, shyachd'-ar, *n. c.* } seven people,
SEACHDNAR, shyächg'-nar, } or any thing.

SEACHDUINN, shyächg'-ënn, *n. f.* a week, (seachd-ùine); seachduinn bho'n diugh, this day se'enight; seachduinn bho'n dè, yesterday se'enight; uair s'a t-seachdainn, once a-week; seachduinn ma seach, a week about, a week in rotation; gach darna seachduinn, every alternate week.

SEACHLACH, shyech'-llach, *n. f.* cow that calves only once in two years, Lewis; uairneach; a barren heifer of age to have a calf. North.

SEACHLAIMH, shyech'-lëv, *a.* in store.

SEACHNACH, shyech'-nach, *adj.* shunning.

SEACHNADH, shyech'-näh, *pt.* avoiding, shunning; *n. m.* sparing, act of avoiding or sparing.

SEACHRAN, shyech'-ran, *n. m.* wandering, act of going astray; air seachran, going astray, getting out of the proper path.

SEACHRANACH, shyech'-ran-ach, *adj.* wandering; reulta seachranach, wandering stars, B.; erring, straying; causing to err.

SEADH, shyäð'-gh, *adv. inter.* yes, yea? just so, as you say; seadh, a Thighearna, yea, Lord! yes, my Lord! seadh gu dearbh, yes, just so! seadh! seadh! just so! truly! really! *n. m.* meaning, interpretation; import, sense, purport; dè seadh dha, what is the import or purport of it? seadh na lice so fheòraich, to inquire into the purport of this tombstone.

SEADHACH, shyäð'-ghach, } *adj.* containing
SEADHAIL, shyäð'-ghal, } much meaning or sense; important, weighty; seadh-mhor, also.

SEAGULL, shyäg'-ull, *n. m.* rye; *g.* seaguill.

SEAL, shyäl, *n. m.* glimpse, spot, time.

SEALBH, shyälv, *n. f.* possession; thugaihbh dhomh sealbh, give me possession. Bible.

SEALBHACH, shyälv'-ach, *adj.* lucky.

SEALBHACHADH, shyälv'-ach-à, *pt.* posses sing, enjoying, acquiring; winning.

SEALBHADAIR, shyav'-ad-äer, *n. c.* possessor.

SEALBHAG, shyälv-ag, *n. f.* sorrel, sunh.

SEALBHACH, shyälv'-ëch, *v.* possess, inherit.

SEALBHAICHTE, shyälv'-ëch-tya, *pt.* possessed, inherited.

SEALBHANAICH, shyälv'-an-ëch, *v.* throttle. North.

SEALBHAR, shyälv'-ur, *adj.* possessing, lucky.

SEALG, shyälg, *v. n.* hunt, lay wait for, watch narrowly; *n. f.* a hunt, a chase, seilg.

SEALGAIR, shyälg'-äir, *n. m.* a hunter, sneaker; sealgaireachd, hunting, watching narrowly.

SEALL, shyall, *v.* see, behold, look.

SEALLADH, shyall'-à, *n. m.* vision, eyesight; chaill e a shealladh, *he lost his eyesight*; view, sight; fad mo sheallaidh, *the extent of my view*; a dol as an t-sealladh, *getting out of sight*; spectacle, apparition; a leithid do shealladh, *such a spectacle*; a réir an t-sealladh so uile, *according to all this vision. Bible.*

SEALLTAINN, shyall'-tténn, *pl.* seeing, viewing.

SEAM, shyém, seum, *n. f.* an entreaty; an earnest petition; is ioma seum a thug mise air, *many an earnest request I made*; forbid, (seun.) *Lewis.*

SEAMA-GUAD, shém'-a-guád, *n. m.* a quibble
SEAMAIR, shém'-ér, *n. f.* wild clover; shamrock; breac le seumair is neoinéan-an, *bespangled or chequered with clover and daisies*; also seamrag.

SEAMASAN, shém'-as-an, *n. m.* stupid evasion, a quibble, or quirk, shuffling, sham.

SEAMASANACH, shém'-as-an-ach, *a.* evasive, tricky, absurd in the extreme.

SEAMASANACHD, shém'-as-an-achg, *n. f.* evasiveness, habits of shuffling, or quirk-ing, quibbling, shamming.

SEAMASANAICH, shém'-as-an-éch, *v.* sham, shuffle, evade, coax one out of his right; 'gam sheamasanachadh air an dòigh sin, *quibbling or shamming me in that style.*

SEAMH, shév, *n. f.* an enchantment to make one's friends prosper.

SEAMHAS, sév'-us, *n. m.* good luck, prosperity.

SEAMHSAIL, sévs'-ál, *a.* lucky, fortunate.

SEAMHSALACHD, sévs'-al-achg, *n. f.* luckiness.

SEAMSAN, shéms'-an, *n. m.* sham, quibble to gain good time, or ends; a silly evasion; for seamasan, *i. e.* seumfhasan.

SEAMLACH, shém'-llach, *n. f.* a cow that allows another cow's calf to suckle her;—one that gives milk without a calf; a dupe, silly person; (from seum.)

SEAMLACHAS, shém'-lach-as, *n. m.* an imposture.

SEAMLACH, shém'-lléch, *v.* dupe, impose on; 'gam sheamlachadh-sa, *duping me, making a fool of me*; chuir thu an orra-sheamlachais orm, *you charmed me out of my wits, you duped me.*

SEAN, shén, *adj.* old, aged, ancient; carson a bhios na h-aingidh beò, a dh'fhàsas iad sean, agus a bhios iad àrd ann an cumhachd, *wherefore do the wicked live, become old, and are high in power? Job xxi. 7*; an sean sruthan sin, *that ancient stream*; o shean, *anciently, of old.*

SEANACHAIDH, shén'-ach-è, *n. m.* reciter of tales; recorder; bha e 'na sheanachaidh, *he was recorder. Bible.*

SEANACHD, shén'-achg, oldness. *Bible.*

SEANACHAR, shén'-ach-ar, *a.* old-fashioned. *Stew.*

SEANACHAS, shén'-ach-as, *n. m.* tradition; conversation, or talk of old stories, or ancient history; history, ancient history or biography.

SEANACHASACH, shén'-as-ach, *a.* conversable, having tales; traditionary; relating tales.

SEANADH, shén'-à, *n. m.* a synod, senate.

SEANACHRIONTA, shén'-a-chrènt-à, *a.* old-fashioned, too wise for one's years.

SEANAIGHILLE, shén'-à-ghèlly-à, *n. m.* bachelor.

SEANAIR, shén'-àir, *n. m.* grandfather, senator, elder; a sheanairéan glic, *his senators wise. Bible.*

SEANAIREACHD, shén'-ar'-achg, *n. f.* presbytery. *Bible.*

SEANALAIR, shén'-a-lar', *n. m.* a general.

SEANDACHD, shénd'-achg, *n. f.* aged appearance, or look, agedness, oldness.

SEANDAIDH, shénd'-è, *adj.* oldish, aged.

SEANDAINHEACHD, shénd'-è-achg, *n. f.* oldishness, agedness.

SEANFHACAL, shén'-achg-al, *n. m.* proverb, adage, bye-word.

SEANFHACLACH, shén'-achg-llach, *a.* proverbial.

SEANG, shèng, *adj.* lank, slender; a choin sheang, *his lank dogs*; hungry looking.

SEANGACHD, shéng'-achg, *n. f.* slenderness.

SEANGAICH, shèng'-éch, *v.* get slender, or lank.

SEANGAN, shéng'-an, *n. m.* pismire, ant, emmet; an seangan beag, *the little pismire, emmet, or ant. Bible.*

SEANGARRA, shéng'-urr-à, *adj.* withered in person.

SEANGHIR, shéng'-hèr, *n. m.* child in old age.

SEANNHAIR, shén'-yàér, *n. f.* grandmother.

SEANSGEUL, shén'-skéll, *n. m.* legend.

SEANSGEULACH, shén'-skéll-ach, *a.* legendary.

SEANTALAMH, shén'-tal-uv, *n. m.* waste land, new land.

SEAP, shèp, *v.* slink, sneak away, drag off, stealth; shèap e air falbh, *he slunk off*; *n. m.* a tail hanging down, *H. S.*; skulking or sneaking out of battle.

SEAPACH, shèp'-ach, *adj.* slinking, sly; *n. f.* a sly, slinking female.

SEAPAIR, shèp'-ur-à, *n. m.* a sly, sneaking fellow; a poltroon, deserter.

SEAPAIRACHD, shèp'-àér-achg, *n. f.* slinking.

SEARACH, shér'-ach, *n. m.* six month old beast.

SEARAMHACH, shér'-ráv-ach, *adj.* six-oared; *n. f.* a six-oared galley, a felucca.

SEARBAID, sherb'-aj, *n. m.* boat-thwart, tota.
SEARBH, sherrv, *adj.* sour, tart, bitter;
measan searbh, *bitter fruits*; pungent,
acid; *tha e searbh, it is pungent or acid*;
disagreeable, disgusting; gnothach searbh,
a disagreeable business; *tha mi searbh*
dheth, I am disgusted with it; 'nuair a
bu shearbh leam éisdeachd ris, *when I*
found it intolerable to listen to him.

SEARBHACHD, sherv'-achg, *n. f.* bitterness.
SEARBHADAS, sher'-ad-as, *n. m.* disgust,
dislike.

SEARBHAG, sherv'-ag, *n. f.* refuse of liquids,
acid.

SEARBHDAICH, shèrd'-èch, *v.* disgust, tease,
embitter; *shearbhdaich e mi, he teased*
or disgusted me; *shearbhdaich iad mi,*
they annoyed or teased me, they embittered
my life; *searbhdaichte, teased, embittered*.

SEARBHANTA, sherv'-ant-a, *n. f.* servant-
maid. *French*.

SEARBHANTACHD, sherv'-ant-achg, *n. f.* ser-
vice, office of a maid.

SEARDAIR, shèrd'-àir, *n. m.* hand towel,
drudge; *a' brath seardair a' dheanadh*
dhim, meaning to make me his slave or
drudge.

SEARG, shergg, *v.* wither, decay, fade,
shrivel; *v. n.* pine away; *shearg na lus-*
an, the flowers or herbs faded, or withered;
tha an duine sin a searg air falbh,
that man is pining away; *n. m.* a shriv-
elled or decayed person. *H.*

SEARGACH, shergg'-ach, *a. e.* evanescent, fading

SEARGAIRE, shergg'-ur-à, *n. m.* pining person

SEAROADH, shergg'-à, *pt.* fading; pining.

SEARGTE, sherg'-tyà, *pt.* withered, faded.

SEARNOIN, sher'-mènn, *n. f.* a sermon, dis-
course, lecture, pleading; *N.* searmaid.

SEARMONAICH, sher'-mènn-èch, *v.* preach,
lecture, discourse; deliver a discourse.

SEARMONAICHE, sher'-mun-èch-à, *n. m.*
preacher.

SEARR, shyàrr, *n. m.* a shearing hook,
sickle; corran, *Macdonald*; colt, *Sh.*;
v. reap, cut, hash.

SEARRACH, shyarr'-ach, *n. m.* foal, colt.

SEARRAG, shyarr'-ag, *n. m.* a bottle. *Arg.*

SEARRAIGH, shyàrr'-è, *n. f.* colewort. *Irish.*

SEAS, shàs², *v.* stand, stop; *an seas thu an*
fhainnis, shall thou stand in my pre-
sence? maintain, endure, support; *cò a*
sheasas tu, who shall support you? *seas an*
còir, maintain their rights, B.; *a dh'aind-*
eoin cò a sheasadh tu, in defiance to all
that will take your part; *cha 'n urrainn*
mi so a sheasadh, I cannot endure this;
seasaidh mise thu an còir 'san eucòir, I
will support you, whether in the right or
wrong!!! (THE STERLING, OLD HIGH-
LAND CHIEFTAINS' CREED.)

SEASACH, shàs'-ach, *adj.* steadfast, firm.

SEASADH, shàs²-à, } *n. m.* standing pos
SHEASAMH, shàs²-uv, } ture; 'na sheas-
amh, *he standing*; 'na seasamh, *she*
standing; *pt.* enduring, maintaining, &c.

SEASAIRACHD, shàs'-aèr-achg, *n. f.* penance
in church.

SEASG, shàs, *adj.* without milk, as a fe-
male; barren, unprolific; *ni 'sam bith*
seasg ad thair, any thing barren in thy
land, B.; *n. m.* barrenness, sedge, water-
sedge; *a' buain seasg, cutting sedge*.

SEASGACH, shàs'-ach, *n. m.* farrow cattle.

SEASGAIRE, shàs'-ur-à, *n. m.* lazy person.

SEASGAIREACHD, shàs'-ur'-achg, *n. f.* in-
dulgence in ease; quietness, peace.

SEASGAR, shàs'-ur, *adj.* quiet, comfortable,
at ease, as weather, settled; *bi seasgar,*
be quiet; *fan seasgar, keep quiet*.

SEASGLACH, shàs'-llach, *n. f.* a barren cow

SEASMHACH, shàs'-ach, *a.* steady, settle.

SEASMHACHD, shàs'-achg, *n. f.* firmness,
settled state, as of weather; stability,
steadiness.

SEATHADH, shé'-à, *adj.* the sixth.

SEATHNAR, shèn'-ar, *n. c.* six persons or
kinds.

SEIC, sháèch, *n. f.* manger, North; see
Seich.

SEICEAL, shách'-ul, *n. f.* heckle. *Scotch.*

SEICHE, shách'-à, *n. f.* a hide; *v.* skin.

SEICHEADAIR, shách'-ad-aèr, *n. m.* a cut-
rier, skinner.

SEICHEARNACH, shách'-arn-ach, *n. f.* tan-
work.

SEICEIL, shách'-èl, *v.* dress flax; beat or
scold lustily.

SEICLEAR, shách'-laèr, *n. m.* flax-dresser.

SEIO, shájj, *n. f.* plethora, tympany, swell-
ing in a person from luxurious living
and deep potatoes; *nach ann a tha 'n t-*
séid, how the fellow is puffed up with good
living! *v.* blow, become a storm; *shéid*
e, is shéid e, it blew and it blew, it blew
into a hurricane; instigate, prompt to
evil, puff; *is tusa a tha 'ga shéideadh, it*
is you that instigate him; breathe;
shéid e an cuineinibh a shróine anail na
beatha, he breathed into his nostrils the
breath of life. B.

SEIN, shájj, *n. f.* a complete bellyful, sur-
feit; *fhuaire a shéid, he got his bellyful*;
pallet, couch; *na laidhe air séid, sleep-*
ing, or lounging on a pallet.

SEIOEADH, shájj'-à, *pt.* blowing, puffing;
n. m. storm.

SEIOHIR, shār, *n. f.* a chair, North; (*Fr.*)

SEIDIRE, shájj'-èr-a, *n. m.* a swell, puffed
fellow.

SEIDRICH, shájj'-rèch, *n. f.* hissing of ser-
pents, &c.

SEIDTE, shájj'-tyà, *pt.* blown, puffed. . .

- SEILBH, shālv, *n. f.* possession; a beast or living creature in possession; *gach seilbh a th' agam, every living creature I possess*; *thuaire seilbh, he has got possession*; *fad-seilbh, inoffensive*; *thoir fad-seilbh, inoffend*.
- SEILE, shāl'-ā, *n. f.* spittle; *glaise-sheile, water-brash*.
- SEILEACH, shāl'-ach, *n. m.* the willow.
- SEILEAR, shāl'-aer, *n. m.* a cellar; *seilear làir, a vault*; *seilear-dibhe, spirit-cellar*.
- SEILEASTAR, shāl'-astar, *n. m.* water-flags.
- SEILG, shālég, *n. f.* what is hunted or killed; *gen. of sealg, a hunt, chase*.
- SEILICHEAG, shāl'-é-chäg, *n. f.* snail, slug.
- SEILLEAN, shāly'-aen, *n. m.* a heath-bee; a teasing repetition or request.
- SEILLEANACH, shāly'-aen-ach, *adj.* teasing, in request, importunate; full of bees.
- SEIMH, shév, *a. mild, gentle, calm, placid*; *'na's seimhe, milder, more placid*; properly *seumh*, having no need of a marked é; *n. f.* mildness.
- SEINHEACHD, shév'-achg, *n. f.* mildness, placidity, gentleness, calmness, docility, good temper.
- SEINHEANACHD, shév'-aen-achg, *n. f.* indulgence in ease, chambering, effeminate conduct.
- SEINRICH, shāv'-éch, *v.* become calm, or gentle, abate as a storm, sooth.
- SEINEACH, shen'-ech, *n. m.* a pad, donkey; *cha mò orm thu, na's mò air seineach a mhàthair, I care as little for you as an old horse cares for his mother, (dam.)*
- SEINILEAR, see Siomlair, Siomlainn, a chimney.
- SEINN, shāenn, *v.* sing, chant, warble; *na h-eoin a' seinn, the birds warbling*; play upon a musical instrument; *shéinn e an fhiodhull, he played upon the violin*; air clarsach, on the harp; ring a bell; *seinn an clag, ring the bell, (Inverness)*; gliong an clag, ring the bell, (Argyle); report, propagate a story; air a shéinn feadh na dùthcha, reported ding-dang through the country; *n. m. pl.* singing, art of singing, or playing on an instrument, melody, church music; droch shéinn, bad church music or instrumental music.
- SEIPINN, sháp'-enn, *n. f.* choppin, quart.
- SEIRBHE, shār'-ā, *deg.* searbh, more tart, or disagreeable; *n. f.* tartness, bitterness; also seirbhead.
- SEIRBHEACHD, shār'-achg, *n. f.* bitterness, tartness, disagreeableness; discordance.
- SEIRBHIS, shārvv'-ash, *n. f.* service, hire work.
- SEIRBUISEACH, shārvv'-ash-ach, *n. c.* a servant.
- SEIRBHISICH, shārvv'-ash-éch, *v.* serve, attend upon,
- SEIRC, shāerk², *n. f.* affection, kindness.
- SEIRCEALACHD, shā'erk'-al-achg, *n. f.* kindness.
- SEIRCEIL, shāerk'-al, *a.* affectionate, kind.
- SEIRCIRE, shāerk'-ār-ā, *n. m.* kindly person.
- SEIRGNEACH, shāe'rg'-nyach, *n. c.* skeleton.
- SEIRM, shāe'rm, *n. f.* tune, tone; tune of church-music; trim; cuir air seirm, attune, tune, trim; am bheil a' chlarsach air seirm, is the harp in tune.
- SEIRMEADAIR, shāerm'-ad-aer, *n. m.* precentor, tuner.
- SEIRMEIL, shārm'-al, *a.* in trim, tuned, attuned; in a business-like manner.
- SEIRS, shèrs; see Seurs, charge, brandish.
- SEISD, shāshj, *v.* besiege; *n. m.* a siege; *seisd a Dhoire, the siege of Londonderry*; air, tune; òran air an t-séise cheudhna, set to the same tune—a song set to the same air.
- SEISDEADH, shāshj'-ā, *pt.* besieging.
- SEISE, shāsh'-a, *n. m.* a match or equal in strength or valour; tha do sheise an taice riut, you have your match in valour in contact with you—you have your match to do with; barrachd 's a sheise, more than his match.
- SEISEACH, shāsh'-ach, *n. f.* a sofa. North.
- SEISEAN, shāsh'-un, *n. m.* a session, season.
- SEISEAR, shāsh'-ur, *n. f.* six persons.
- SEISICH, shāsh'-éch, *v.* satisfy, (sathaich).
- SEOBHAG, shyō'-ag, *n. f.* a hawk. Bible.
- SEOC, shyōchg, *n. f.* plume of a helmet; veil; seòc air aghaidh, a plume or veil on his face. Ossian.
- SEOCALACHD, shyōchg'-al-achg, *n. f.* portliness and tallness.
- SEOCAIL, shyōchg'-al, *adj.* portly and tall, having the port or gait of a gentleman or lady.
- SEOCAIR, shyōchg'-aer, *n. f.* portly fellow.
- SEOD, shyōd, *n. m.* a hero; seoid, heroes.
- SEOID, shóej, *n. f. gen.* of seòd; heroes.
- SEOL, shōl, *v.* sail, direct, guide; seòl iad an dè, they set sail yesterday; seòl e, direct or guide him; *n. m.* a sail; siuil, sails; thog iad an siuil, they hoisted their sails; method, expedient, manner, mode; air seòl eile, by another method; gun seòl air dol as, having no expedient to escape; an seòl ceart, the proper mode; seòl-labh-airt, mode of speech, idiom; seòl toisich, fore-sail; seòl-meadhoin, priomh-sheòl, main-sail, also seòl-mòr; seòl-cinn, gib; braigh-sheòl, top-sail; choimnic sinn seòl, we desecrated a sail.
- SEOLADAIR, shòl'-ad-aer, *n. m.* sailor, seaman.
- SEOLADAIREACHD, shòl'-ad-aer-achg, *n. f.* navigation, sailing, navigating, seafaring life.

SEOLADH, shòl'-à, *pt.* sailing, navigating, directing, guiding; 'gam sheòladh, *directing or leading me.*

SEOL-MARA, shòl'-mar-a, *n. m.* a tide.

SEOLTA, shyòl'-tà, *adj.* ingenious, wise, prudent; gu seòlta, *ingeniously, wisely, prudent.*

SEOLTACHD, shyòl'-ttachg, *n. f.* ingenuity, skill.

SEOMAR, } shòmb'-ar, *n. m.* apartment, a

SEOMBAR, } room, chamber—(just the French chamber, shàmb'-èr); seombar-cùl, *back-room*; seombar-aghaidh, *front-room*; seòmba'-cadail, *bed-room*; seòmba'-ar-biadhtachd, *guest or dining-room*; seombar-suidhe, *sitting-room, parlour*; seombar-suidearachd, *study*; seombar-diomhair, *consulting-room*; seombar-mansantachd, *shop, ware-room*; seombar-guothaich, *business-room, office*; seombar-moid, *court-room, court of justice*; seombar-èididh, *dressing-room, wardrobe*; seombar-cuideachd, *drawing-room*; seombar-cloinne, *nursery*; seòmbraichean, *rooms, apartments, parlours, &c.*

SEOMBRADAIR, shòmb'-rad-aér, *chamberer, a chamberlain*; i. e. scumalair, properly.

SEONAD, shyòn'-àj, *n. f.* Janet.

SEONADH, shyòn'-è, *n. m.* a Lewis deity.

SEORSA, shyòrs'-a, *n. m.* kind, sort, species.

SEORSAICH, shyòrs'-èch, *v. sort, classify.*

SEOT, shyot, *v.* sprout, as greens; pick the best, (*Belgic*; *Scotch*); shoot an càl, *the greens sprouted*; i. e. scumalair, properly. *the worst beast*; na sheotaichean, *the worst beasts, or any thing*; in Skye, a short tail.

SE-SHLISNEACH, shè'-hlèsh'-nyaeh, } hexag-
SE-THAOBHACH, shè'-hàov'-ach, a } onal;
n. f. hexagon.

SEUBHAS, shèu'-as, *n. m.* wandering as beasts.

SEUD, shàdd', *n. m.* a jewel. *Bible*; thing, nothing; cha'n'èil seud mhaith air, *it is not worth any thing*; seud-challum-chille, *St. John's wort*; gach seud a th'agam, *every thing I have*; cha bhi seud ort, *nothing will be wrong with you.*

SEUDAICH, shàd'-èch, *v.* adorn, garnish.

SEUDAIRE, shàdd'-ur-a, *n. m.* jeweller.

SEUL, sàl, *n. m.* a seal for marking; *v.* seal.

SEUM, shèm, *n. f.* an earnest entreaty or injunction; an earnest petition; is ioma seum a thug mise air, *many an earnest injunction I laid him under.*

SEUMADAIR, shèm'-ad-àér, *n. m.* a petitioner.

SEUMAICH, shèm'-èch, *v. n.* petition earnestly; charge, enjoin solemnly.

SEUMALAIR, shèm'-all-àér, *n. m.* chamberlain.

SEUN, shèn, *n. m.* an amulet to render a warrior invulnerable; a charm; *v.* shun,

refuse; cha ghabh mi seunadh na àicht-eadh, *I will not be either refused or denied.*

SEUNADAIR, shèn'-ad-aér, *n. m.* charmer.

SEUNADH, shèn'-à, *pt.* refusing; *n. f.* refusal.

SEUNAS, shèn'-as, *n. m.* beauty-teeth.

SEURS, shèrs, *v.* charge, brandish.

SEUSAR, shàs'-ur, *n. m.* acme, perfection, height, or utmost point. *Islay*; an a seusar a chluiche, *in the heart-middle of the thing, of the play.*

SEUSRACH, shàs'-rrach, *adj.* mettlesome, as a horse; in high condition.

SGABALL, skab'-all, *n. f.* a helmet. *O'R.*

SGAD, sgäd, *n. m.* mishap, misfortune. *N.*

SGADAN, sgadd'-än, *n. m.* a herring.

SGADARLACH, skadd'-arl-ach, *n. m.* any thing scattered.

SGAFFAIRE, sgäff'-äer-ä, *n. m.* scolding man.

SGAFFART, skaff'-art, *n. f.* a scolding female.

SGAFFALL, skaff'-all, *n. m.* scaffolding. *Fr.*

SGAFFANTA, skaff'-annt-ä, *a.* vehement in speech, venomous in scolding; emphatically speaking.

SGAFFANTACHD, skaff'-annt-achg, *n. f.* vehemence of speech; the quality of scolding keenly.

SGAG, skäg, *v.* chink, chop, crack.

SGAGACH, skäg'-ach, *adj.* chinked, cracked.

SGAGAIRE, skäg'-ur-ä, *n. m.* a poltroon, great coward; one that CHINKS at the slightest appearance of danger.

SGAGAIREACHD, skäg'-ur-achg, *n. f.* cowardice; unfounded fear.

SGAIFT, sskifjt, *v.* burst in consequence of eating too much; *n. f.* a notorious bellyful.

SGAIL, skäl, *a.* cover, veil, sprinkle; approach, near; cha sgàil so air, *this will not come near the thing*; cha dean e sgàile air, *it will not do near it*; *n. m.* a cover, shade; fo sgàil do sgèith, *under the shadow of thy wing—under the covert of thy wing. Smith.*

SGAILEADH, ska'Y'-ä, *n. m.* a sprinkling; sgàileadh a's lugha, *the least sprinkling or shade.*

SGAILC, skäèlk, *n. f.* a smart blow or pelt; the crown of the head without hair; bumper; *v.* pelt, beat in a masterly manner.

SGAILCIRE, sgäèlk'-èr-ä, *n. m.* a bald-headed man.

SGAILCANTA, skaèlk'-ant-a, *smart in blows.*

SGAILEACH, skäe'Y'-ach, *n. f.* a veil, curtain.

SGAILEACHD, skäl'-achg, *n. f.* sprinkling.

SGAILLEAG, skäl'-ag, *n. f.* smart slap on the cheek.

SGAIN, SGAINN, skäènn, a complete bellyful or surfeit; *v.* burst, burst asunder, cause to burst; sgäinne, *he burst asunder.*

SGAINTE, SGAINNTE, skäènnjt'-ä, *pt.* burst.

SGAINNEAL, skäènn'-al, properly scannal.

SGAINNIR, skäènn'-èr, *v.* stroll. *H. S.*

SGAINNTEACH, skäänjt'-ach, *n. f.* rheumatism.
 SGAINNTEACHAIL, skäänjt'-ach-al, *a.* rheumatic.
 SGAIR, skäär, *n. f.* a seam, a stitch.
 SGAIRD, sgáirj, *n. f.* flux; geàrrach. *N.*
 SGAIREACH, skäär'-ach, *a.* cold, somewhat windy, and threatening rain, as weather.
 SGAIREAP, skäär'-up, *n. f.* weather with whistling wind, threatening rain; a sudden squeel, as bagpipes.
 SGAIREAPAIL, skäär'-up-al, *adj.* whistling, gusty, and threatening rain, as weather.
 SGAIRN, skäärn, *n. f.* noise of stones.
 SGAIRNEACH, skäärn'-ach, *n. f.* a deserted quarry; a great number of stones like an old quarry on a hill.
 SGAIRT, skáirt, *n. f.* energy, business appearance, authority; a smart breeze; dean do gnothach le sgairt, *do your business manfully, with energy*; le sgairt do ghaoth tuath, *with a smart breeze of northerly wind*; in *Irish*, a cry; in the *Bible*, caul, sgamh-chridhe.
 SGAIRTEALACHD, skáirt'-al-achg, *n. f.* liveliness, vigourousness; half-stormy weather.
 SGAIRTEIL, sgáirt'-al, *adj.* clever, active, energetic; duine sgairteil, *an energetic person*; breezy; an latha sgairteil, *the half-stormy, or blowy day*.
 SGAITEACH, sgáit'-ach, *adj.* energetic, sarcastic, or cutting in words; very keen.
 SGAITEACHD, skáit'-achg, *n. f.* sharpness.
 SGAITHTE, skáit'-a, *adj.* lopped off; pruned.
 SGAL, skál, *n. f.* sudden, quick cry; *v.* shriek suddenly, cry suddenly; squeel.
 SGALACH, skal'-ach, *adj.* shrill and sharp.
 SGALAG, skal'-ag, *n. c.* servant, (bad, bad.)
 SGALAN, sgál'-an, *n. m.* scale of a balance.
 SGALAIS, sgál'-ash, *n. f.* jeering, gibing, continuous jeering. *Smith*.
 SGALARTAICH, sgál'-art-éeh, *n. f.* yelling, or sharp howling.
 SGALD, nonsense for sgáll.
 SGALDACH, skáld'-ach, *a.* scalding.
 SGALL, skáll, *v.* scald; gall, pain;—baldness, bald head. *North*.
 SGALLA, skáll'-a, *n. f.* an old hat.
 SGALLA, skáll'-a, *n. f.* large wooden dish cut out of a tree. (*Danish*).
 SGAMAL, skám'-al, *n. f.* scale. *B. B.*
 SGAMH, sgáv, *n. f.* lobe of the lungs; lights.
 SGAMHAINN, skáv'-énn, *v.* build corn. *N.*; dais an t-arbhar. *W.*
 SGAMHAN, sgáv'-an, *n. m.* lungs, lights.
 SGAMHANACH, sgáv'-an-ach, *adj.* roan, drab, having the colour of lights; aodach sgamhanach, *roan-coloured cloth*.
 SGAMHANAICH, sgáv'-an-éeh, *n. f.* break of day, grey of the morning; bha e an so,

'sa sgamhanaich, *he was here in the grey of the morning, in the dawn*—(*Islay* has six words for this.)

SGANN, skánn, *n. f.* hand, membrane. *Sh.*
 SGANNAL, skánn'-al, *n. f.* scandal, calumny.
 SGANNALACH, skánn'-al-achg, *adj.* scandalous.
 SGANR, skárr, *v.* scare; scatter, as cattle, geese, &c.
 SGANRADH, skárr'-X, *pt.* dispersing, scattering, frightening cattle; *n. m.* dispersion. The *n* is put into this word, and similar ones, to give it the nasal sound—thus, in mánrach, márrach, mánrain, márran, &c.
 SGAOC, skäog, *n. f.* foolish, giddy female.
 SGAOIL, skáo'l, *v.* extend, stretch, spread; sgaoil e a lámhan, *he spread or extended his hands*; disperse, scattered; sgaoil iad feadh an t-saoghail, *they dispersed throughout the world*; dismiss, send away; sgaoil e an sgoil, *he dismissed the school*; expand, distend, widen, loosen, untie; sgaoil an t-sreang, *untie the cord*; divulge, reveal; sgaoil e an naighachd, *he divulged the secret*; *n. m.* liberty, freedom; mar sgaoil, *at liberty, having freedom*; cuir mar sgaoil, *set sail, unfurl your sails, weigh anchor*.
 SGAOILEADH, skáo'l'-á, *pt.* spreading, untying, dismissing; *n. m.* dispersion, dismissal.
 SGAOILTE, skáo'l'-tyá, *pt.* scattered, spread.
 SGAOILTEACH, skáo'l'-tyach, *adj.* wide-spread, scattered; unguarded, imprudent; cainnt sgaoilteach, *imprudent or unguarded expressions*.
 SGAOILTEACHD, skáo'l'-tyachg, *n. f.* scattered state.
 SGAOIM, skaöem, *n. f.* terror from false alarm; skittishness, as a horse, or a beast.
 SGAOIMEALACHD, skaöem'-al-achg, *n. f.* terror; aptness to take alarm at nothing almost.
 SGAOIMEIL, skaöem'-al, *adj.* skittish, feared.
 SGAOMNAIRE, skaöm'-ur-a, *n. m.* coward.
 SGAOTH, skháö, *n. m.* a swarm; great number.
 SGAP, skáp, *v.* hash, hack; a' sgapadh cáise, *hacking down cheese*; distribute profusely, scatter, disperse. *Ossian*.
 SGAPADAIR, skáp'-ad-áir, *n. m.* hasher.
 SGAPADH, skáp'-X, *pt.* hacking, hashing.
 SGAR, skär, *v.* separate or disjoin by force or violence; *n. f.* seam, or joint, as in a boat; táirmean-sgair, *seaming nails, a knot on the surface of wood*. *N.*
 SGARACH, skär'-ach, *a.* separating asunder.
 SGARACHDAINN, skär'-achg-énn, *pt.* separating, tearing asunder; *n. m.* separation by force.

SGARADH, skär'-x, *pt.* tearing from an object of affection; ruin, separation; *mo sgaradh, my ruin!*

SGARBH, skarv, *n. m.* a cormorant; *Scotch scart.*

SGARLAID, skär'-aj, *n. f.* scarlet. *French.*

SGARTHANAICH, skär'-han-éch, *n. f.* dawn, grey of the morning; twilight.

SGAT, skat, *n. m.* a skate, a sea fish.

SGATH, skhâ, *n. m.* shelter; *sgâth* an tìghe, *shelter of the house*; slight fear, or dread; shade, protection; *tha sgâth orm, I feel somewhat afraid*; *fo sgâth do sgèith, under the covert of thy wing, under the shadow or protection of thy wing*; account, sake; *air sgâth sgoilne, for decency's sake*; *'na dh' fhuilinn e air mo sgâth-sa, what he suffered on my account*; *gun sgâth, without dread.*

SGATH, skâ, *v. lop off*; chop, prune; *sgath an ceann deth, chop off his head*; *sgath na meanglain, chop off the twigs*; *n. m.* damage by cattle; short part of lint, called by the Scotch, brairds.

SGATHACH, skâ'-hach, *adj.* skittish; *tha 'n t-each a bhuaillear 'sa cheann sgâthach, the horse struck in the head is ever after easily frightened, or is skittish.*

SGATHACH, skâ'-ach, *n. f.* a hurdle, or a great bundle of twigs to serve as a portable porch at a Highlandman's door; *N. sgath.*

SGATHADAIR, skâ'-ad-aër, *n. m.* lopper, cutter.

SGATHAIRE, skhâ'-ur-â, *n. m.* hewer, lopper.

SGATH-THIGH, skâ'-haðé-y'', *n. m.* a porch.

SGE, for sgéidh, or sgeith.

SGEACH, SGEACHAG, skeel'-ag, *n. f.* a haw.

SGEADACHADH, skäd'-ach-x, *pt.* clothing, dressing, adorning; *n. m.* clothes, dress, garments.

SGEADAICH, skäd'-éch, *v.* clothe, dress.

SGEADAICHTE, skäd'-éch-tyâ, *pt.* clothed, dressed.

SGEADACH, skäd'-ach, *n. f.* ornament.

SGEALB, skyalub, *n. f.* a splinter, long piece of wood; *v.* splinter, dash to pieces.

SGEALLAN, skyall'-an, *n. m.* wild mustard.

SGEALP, skyâlp, *n. m.* a lively tall man.

SGEALP, skélp, *n. shelf. Scotch.*

SGEAMH, skév, *n. m.* speck on the eye, thin skin, membrane, or in Irish, polypody.

SGEAMHAG, skéff'-äg, *n. f.* small slice.

SGEAMHAIRE, skéff'-ur-â, *n. m.* a satirist.

SGEAMHALTRACH, skév'-alt-rach, *n. c.* a person that does any thing furiously.

SGEAMHLA, skév'-lä, *n. m.* keen appetite.

SGEAN, skyén, *n. m.* squint; *v.* squint, look awry.

SGEANN, skyenn, *n. f.* cleanliness.

SGEANNAIL, skyenn'-al, *a.* neatly clean.

SGEARACH, skér'-ach, *n. m.* any thing scattered.

SGEARAICH, skér'-éch, *v.* scatter.

SGEAP, skäp, *n. m.* bee-hive; *v. pass over.*

SGEIG, skäég, *n. f.* mockery, derision, jeering.

SGEIGEIL, skäég'-al, *adj.* jeering, jilbing.

SGEIGEIS, skäég'-ash, *n. f.* buffoonery, wagery.

SGEIGIRE, skäég'-ér-â, *n. m.* derider, wag.

SGEIGIREACHD, skäég'-ér-achg, *n. f.* wagery.

SGEILM, skèlum, *n. f.* a thin-lipped mouth, a prater's mouth; vain glory.

SGEILNEACH, skèlum'-ach, *adj.* prating; *n. f.* a prating, vain silly woman.

SGEILMEIL, skyèlum'-al, *adj.* having a prater's contemptuous mouth; prating.

SGEILNIRE, skèlum'-ur-â, *n. m.* a prater.

SGEILNIREACHD, skèlum'-urr-achg, *n. f.* an impertinent prattle or garrulity.

SGEILNSE, skèlum'-shâ, *n. f.* an attack. *N.*

SGEILP, skälp, *n. f.* cliff, or shelf of a rock.

SGEILPEACH, skälp'-ach, *n. f.* shelvy, cliffy; provincial for sgilp, or sgiolp.

SGEIMH, nonsense for sglamh.

SGEINM, skén'-um, *n. f.* decency; propriety

SGEINMEIL, skén'-um-al, *n. f.* proper; decent.

SGEIR, skä²ér, *n. f.* a rock surrounded by the sea; a rock sometimes under the water; peat-bank.

SGEIRNSE, skärmsh, *n. f.* panic, skirmish.

SGEITH, skâ, *n. m.* matter thrown from the stomach; *v.* vomit, overflow as a river, spread as water;—cut off, cut to shape. *North.*

SGEITHTE, sgä'-tyâ, *pt.* vomited, overflowed.

SGEITHREACH, skä'-rach, *n. f.* a vomit.

SGEOD, skyód, *n. f.* corner, angular piece.

SGEOGAIRE, skyög'-ur-â, *n. m.* silly fellow.

SGEOB, skyób, *n. m.* aperture, wry-mouth.

SGEÜL, skè'll, *n. m.* news, intelligence; *dè do sgeul, what is your news?* narrative, narration; *sgeul m'an Fhéinn, a narration, narrative about the Fingians*; *droch sgeul, bad intelligence*; information, tidings; *bi air sgeul, be in pursuit of information*; *am bheil e air sgeul, is he or it to be found or forthcoming*; *a dh' innseadh sgeoil, to tell the result.*

SGEULACHD, skè'll'-achg, *n. f.* vague reports.

SGEULAICHE, skè'll'-éch-â, *n. m.* relater, narrator.

SGEULTACH, skè'll'-tach, *adj.* fond of telling tales; running from house to house with reports; *n. f.* a female tell-tale, or gossip.

SGEULTACHD, skè'llt'-achg, *n. f.* tradition, legendary lore; *sgeultachd m'an Fhéinn,*

- tradition of the Fingalians; sgeultachd nan seanar, tradition of the elders, or sages, or wise men.*
- SGEULTAIR, skèllt'-àér, *n. m.* a narrator.
- SGIAB, skéab, *n. m.* start, snatch; *v.* start.
- SGIAMH, skéav, *n. f.* a squeel, mew; *v.* squeel, shrick or mew, caterwaul.
- SGIAMH, skéav, *n. f.* wild expression of countenance; a degree of beauty or decency.
- SGIAMHACH, skéav'-ach, *adj.* pretty, decent.
- SGIAMHAIL, skéav'-al, *pt.* squeeling, mewing.
- SGIAMHAIL, skéav'-al, *adj.* seemly, decent.
- SGIAN, skéän, *n. f.* a knife; *sgeanan, knives*; air son na *sgine*, (*gen.*) for the knife; *sgian-pheann, pen-knife*; *sgian-lughaidh, clasp-knife*; *sgian-bhùird, table-knife*; *sgian-fhola, a lancet*; *sgian-phrannaidh, a chopping-knife*.
- SGIADH, SGIATH, skéa-aògh', *n. f.* wing; shield, buckler, target; fo d' *sgéidh, under thy wing*; le a *sgiadh* is le a chlogad, with his shield and helmet; *gen.* *sgéidh*.
- SGIATHACH, skéa'-ach, *a.* winged, white-sided.
- SGIATHAIRE, skéa'-ur-á, *n. m.* flutterer, idler.
- SGIATHLAICH, skéa'-éach, *n. f.* fluttering.
- SGID, skéjj, *n. m.* little excrement.
- SGIDEAN, skéjj'-aen, *n. m.* little contemptible man.
- SGIL, ské'l, *n. f.* skill, knowledge, expertness, dexterity. *Islandic.*
- SGILEAR, SGILEIL, ské'l'-ur, ské'l'-al, *adj.* skilful.
- SGILLIN, skély'-enn, *n. f.* a penny; Fiscal denomination of land; *sgillinn-shassan-ach, a shilling sterling*, literally, an English shilling.
- SGILM, ské'l'-um, *n. m.* a razor-lipped mouth; or expression of countenance, indicating a scolding, pert, prating, impertinent disposition.
- SGILMEIL, skélm'-al, *adj.* having a pert, prating, officious mouth, or expression of countenance.
- SGIMILEAR, see Sgiomlaire.
- SGILP, ské'l'-p, *n. f.* cliff, elift.
- SGINN, skyénn, *verb* } squeeze or force
SGINNICH, skénn'-échg, } out of its skin or socket.
- SGINNICH, skénn'-échg, *n. f.* cord, twine; *sgiuirsair do sginnich chaol, a scourge of small cords*; *v.* cord, tie with twine.
- SGIOB, skébb, *n. f.* a Dutch-built boat; *v.* man; air a *sglobadh* le gille sgairteil, manned with right fellows.
- SGIOBA, skébb'-a, *a.* a ship or boat's crew; fo làn *sgloba*, having full complement of crew.
- SGIOBAIR, skébb'-àér, *n. m.* a captain, skipper, shipmaster, commander of a boat.
- SGIOBAIREACHD, skébb'-àér-achg, *n. f.* navigating, navigation; command of a ship.
- SGIOBAILT, skébb'-ajit, *n. f.* touch, the play, touch-and-begone; Scotch tig.
- SGIOBAL, skébb'-al, *n. m.* barn. *Ross; H.S.*
- SGIOBALL, skébb'-all, *n. f.* fold, or loose part of a garment; cuir ad *sgioball e*, put it in the fold of your coat.
- SGIOBALTA, skébb'-alt-a, *a.* tidy; portable.
- SGIOBALTACHD, skébb'-alt-achg, *n. f.* tidiness, trimness, portability; snugness.
- SGIOBLAICH, skébb'-léach, *v.* tuck up your dress, truss; make tidy, trim, or neat.
- SGIOL, skéul, *v.* shell corn, unhusk, loosen, as the pile of a beast.
- SGIOLADH, sgéul'-á, *n. m.* shelling; *pt.* baring.
- SGIOLC, skéülk, *v.* slip in, or out.
- SGIOLCARRA, skeulk'-uit-a, *adj.* clever in motion, very apt to slip out or in.
- SGIOLTA, SGIOLTE, sgéul'-tyá, *pt.* shelled; nimble or eloquent, as one's tongue.
- SGIOM, skēm, *n. m.* fat sticking to dishes; scum, on the surface of water; (*Danish*, schum.)
- SGIOMLAIR, sgēm'-laér, *n. m.* an instrument to take suet off a pot; a mean person that steals out of pots; an intruder.
- SGIOMLAIREACHD, skéum'-láér-achg, *n. f.* mean habits of popping in upon people at meals; living and doing nothing about gentlemen's kitchens.
- SGIORR, skéurr, *v.* slip in, fall, happen.
- SGIORRADH, skéurr'-á, hurtful, disastrous accident.
- SGIORRAIL, skéurr'-al, *adj.* hurtful, in consequence of an accident; disastrous.
- SGIORT, sgiuirt, *a.* skirt. *Bible.*
- SGIOS, skéss, *n. m.* fatigue, weariness; leig do *sgios*, rest yourself; ag obair gun *sgios*, working indefatigably; cia mòr an *sgios e*, what a weariness it is; toll, lassitude; a chlann na *sgios*, ye sons of toil, *Oss.*; le *sgios*, on account of lassitude.
- SGIOT, skétt, *v.* scatter. *H. S.; North.*
- SGIREACHD, skér'-achg, *n. f.* a parish (*sgire*, *N*) ministir-*sgireachd*, parochial minister.
- SGIREACHDAIL, skér'-achg-al, *a.* parochial.
- SGITEAL, skéjt'-al, *n. m.* splash of water. *N.*
- SGITH, skhē, *adj.* tired, fatigued, weary.
- SGITHEACH, skhē'-ach, *n. m.* thorn, hawthorn.
- SGITHEACHADH, skhē'-ach-á, *pt.* fatiguing.
- SGITHICH, skhē'-éach, *v.* weary, fatigue, tire.
- SGIUCH, skyüch, *n. f.* activity, cleverness.
- SGIUCHAIL, skyüch'-al, *adj.* active, clever.
- SGIUCHAN, skyüch'-an, *n. m.* moor-hen's note.

SGUIRN, skyùrj, *v.* squirt; *n. f.* the flux.
 SGUIRDIRE, skyùrj'-èr-à, *n. m.* a syringe.
 SGUIRT, skeùrt, *n. f.* skirt, corner.
 SGIUT, skyùt, *v.* dart, or dash forward; slip by.
 SGIUNACH, skyùn'-ach, *n. f.* a charm or enchantment to enable its possessor to get all the fish about a boat or headland, while his less fortunate neighbours stare with amazement; amulet to excel in any thing;—a shameless, bold woman. *H. S.*
 SGIURS, skyùrs, *v.* scourge, whip, afflict; *sgùrsaídh iad sibh, they shall scourge you. Bible.*
 SGIURSACH, skyùrs'-ach, *n. f.* a whore, scourge. *Islay.*
 SGIURSACHAS, skyùrs'-ach-us, *n. f.* whoredom.
 SGIURADH, skyùrs'-à, *pt.* scourging, lashing; *n. m.* a scourge, or scourging; pain.
 SGIURSAIR, skyùrs'-àer, *n. f.* whoremonger, whip.
 SGIUTHADH, skyù'-à, *n. f.* a lash. *North.*
 SGABHART, skaff'-art, *n. m.* box on the ear.
 SGLAIM, skláem, *n. f.* a great deal of the good things of life, got in a questionable shape; booty; *v.* to usurp wealth or property; monopolise, usurp.
 SGLAIMIRE, skláem'-ur-à, *n. m.* a usurper;
 SGLAMAIRE, sklám'-ur-à, *n. m.* one who is wise to appropriate booty or any such to himself.
 SGLAMAIREACHD, sklám'-ur-achg, *n. f.* monopoly, usurpation, voracity, glut.
 SGLAIMSEAR, skláem'-sh-ar', *n. m.* usurper.
 SGLAMH, skláf, *v.* eat voraciously, glut; eat, as a hungry dog; scold, of a sudden, or furiously.
 SGLAMHADH, skláf'-à, *pt.* eating voraciously; attacking and scolding at a terrible rate.
 SGLAMHAIRE, skláf'-ur-à, *n. m.* glutton; terrible scolder; a voracious fellow.
 SGLAMHAIR, skláv'-uèr, *v.* claw awkwardly.
 SGLAMHRADH, skláv'-rà, *v.* clawing or scratching one's skin voraciously; bad itch.
 SGLEAMACAIR, sklém'-achg-ur-a, *n. m.* dauber; a mean, low, worthless fellow.
 SGLEAMAIC, sglém'-échg, *v.* plaster, or flatten awkwardly; daub filthily.
 SGLEANAID, sklém'-áj, *n. f.* horrid snotters.
 SGLEAP, sklèp, *n. m.* *v.* flatten, spoil the shape; draw down your under lip, wag your head, and stare at a person most astonishingly; *sgléapaire, a fellow that does so; sgléapaid, a silly female that does so; foolish, boorish stagers*—applied to silly children, brought up in remote corners, where they have seldom seen strangers; *n. f.* low meanness, under the guise of liberality.

SGLEAPAD, sklèp'-ág, *n. f.* see Sglèap.
 SGLEAPAIRE, sglèp'-ur-à, *n. m.* see Sglèap.
 SGLEAPAIREACHD, sglèp'-ur-achg, *n. f.* foolish, unmannerly, staring, or boasting.
 SGLEAT, sklètt, *v.* slate, as a house.
 SGLEATA, sklètt'-à, *n. f.* a slate, (*Scotch, slate.*)
 SGLEATACH, sklètt'-ach, *n. f.* granite, slate-quarry.
 SGLEATAIR, sklètt'-àer, *n. m.* a slater.
 SGLEATAIREACHD, sklètt'-àer-achg, *n. f.* slating; the occupation of a slater, or slate-quarrier.
 SGLEO, skilhyò, *n. m.* disease of the eyes, glare about the eyes; amazement, misapprehension; romancing of one who sees imperfectly, and consequently misrepresents facts; romancing, gasconading.
 SGLEOID, sklyòjj, *n. c.* silly person.
 SGLEOTHAIL, sklyò'-al, *adj.* romancing.
 SGLEOTHAIRE, sklyò'-ur-à, *n. m.* romancer.
 SGLIOMAIR; see Sgiomlair, Sliomair.
 SGLIURACH, sklèur'-ach, *n. f.* newly-fledged crow or sea-gull; an untidy female.
 SGLOID, sklòjj, *n. f.* a heavy, clumsy, lifeless female. *Islay; filth, dirt. North.*
 SGLONG, sklong, *n. f.* a horrid snorter.
 SGLONGACH, sklöng'-ach, *adj.* dirtily viscous.
 SGLONGAID, sklong'-áj, *n. f.* horrid snort.
 SGLONGAIDEACH, sklong'-áj-ach, *a.* mucous.
 SGOB, skòb, *v.* snatch, nibble lightly.
 SGOBADH, skòb'-à, *pt.* snatching, nibbling; *n. m.* a short while; *sgobadh bho 'n bhaile, a little while from home; sgobadh dheth, a short while of it.*
 SGOCH, skoeh, *v.* gash, make an incision; *n. f.* a gash, incision; first-shot from a still. *Perthshire.*
 SGOB, skòd, *n. m.* corner of cloth; sheet, sheet-rope; *sgòd an t-siùil mheadhoin, main-sheet; sgòd an t-siùil thoisich, the foresail-sheet; sgòd an t-siùil-chinn, the gib-sheet; blemish. Mainland.*
 SGOG, skòg, *n. m.* a fool, an idler. *H. S.*
 SGOG, skòg, *v.* hesitate, waver.
 SGOGARSAICH, skòg'-ars-èch, *n. f.* hesitation.
 SGOD, skòej, *gen.* of Sgòd.
 SGODEIS, skòjj'-ash, *n. f.* vain show.
 SGOIL, skò'l, *n. f.* school, seminary, education, (Latin schola); am bheil *sgoil aige, has he education; a' dol do 'n sgoil, going to school; science, literature; sgoil fhaire, the science of navigation; sgoil-speur, sgoil reul, astronomy; sgoil mharsantachd, the science of book-keeping; sgoil-fhearainn, the science of land-surveying; sgoil riomhall, spherics; sgoil-fhionnsaireachd, the science of fencing; sgoil-dhorn, the science of boxing; sgoil-chlaidheamh, sword-exercise; cha 'n eil sgoil agam air. I know nothing of it I am quite ignorant*

- of it; *sgoil-chruinne*, geography; *sgoil-àitean*, topography; *sgoil-lusan*, botany; *sgoil-mhuleach*, PHRENOLOGY; *sgoil-chiuid*, mechanics; *sgoil-dhamhsaidh*, dancing-school, the sublime science of waltzing; *sgoil-chreig*, geology; *sgoil-eun*, ornithology; *sgoil-fhacal*, *sgoil-fhreumhachd*, etymology; also *faclairachd*; *sgoil-mhareachd*, riding-school; *sgoil-leubhaidh*, reading-school; *sgoil-sgrìobhaidh*, writing-school; *sgoil-dhiadhairachd*, theology; *sgoil-eachdraidh*, historiography; *sgoil-mhiotail*, mineralogy; *sgoil-chogaidh*, military academy; *sgoil-uisge*, hydrostatics; *neo uisgearachd*; *sgoil-dhreag*, meteorology; *neo dreagairachd*; *v. school*, teach; *sgoil-inntinn*, intellectual philosophy; *sgoil-bhùird*, a boarding-school; *sgoil-dhubh*, the philosophy of Satin.
- SGOILEAM; see Sgoilm.
- SGOILEAR, sko'l-àer, *n. m.* a student, pupil, scholar, a learned man, disciple, school-boy.
- SGOILEARACH, sko'l-àer-al, *adj.* scholastic, learned.
- SGOILEARACHD, sko'l-àer-achg, *n. f.* scholarship, learning; erudition, learning, education, intelligence.
- SGOILM, skò'lum, *n. f.* razor-bill; mouth or face expressive of scolding disposition; high key in scolding.
- SGOILMEACH, sko'lum'-ach, *adj.* venomous in scolding; *n. f.* a shrew, a scold, or scolding female.
- SGOILMEIS, sko'lum'-ash, *n. f.* a biting severe scold.
- SGOILLT, skò'lljt, *v.* cleave, split, separate.
- SGOILLTE, skò'lljt'-à, *pt.* cleft, split, chinked.
- SGOILLTEAN, skò'lljt'-àen, *n. m.* a split, half; half of a square neckerchief; a billet of wood.
- SGOINN, skāðënn, *n. f.* decency, taste, propriety; *dean le sgòinne e*, do it tastefully; *air sgàth sgòinne*, for decency's sake; *rinn mi e air sgàth sgòinne*, I did it for decency's sake; *is beag sgòinne a bhios air do ghnòthach*, your business must be done with little propriety; neatness.
- SGOINN, sküënn, *a.* check or reprove, or scold keenly or bitterly.
- SGOINNEIL, skāoënn'-al, *adj.* decent, tasteful.
- SGOINNEACH, sköënn'-ach, *adj.* bitter in scolding; *n. f.* bitter scolding female.
- SGOIRM, sköërm, *n. f.* the throat. *H. S.*—brow of a hill; an draigheann gorm air *sgoirm* nan eam, the green brier on the brow of the hills, (cairns), Ossian.
- SGOITICHE, sköejt'-èch-à, *n. m.* a quack.
- SGOLB, sköl'b, *n. f.* a wattle, or spray for fastening thatch; splinter, split;—thorn.
- SGOLBACH, sköl'b'-ach, *a.* prickly, thorny.
- SGOLBANTA, sköl'b'-ant-à, *a.* sharp, prickly.
- SGOLL, sköll, *n. m.* ugly scum, as on proud flesh.
- SGOLL, sköll, *v.* skull a boat, (*Danish*); brush off, rinse off, (*Macdonald*); scolding on a high key, sgollan.
- SGOLLACHAN, sköll'-ach-an, *n. m.* an unfledged bird.
- SGOLTADH, sköl²-ttX, *pt.* splitting, cleaving, riving asunder, chinking; *n. m.* a cleft, a chink, a rent, a rift; a *sgoltadh* cheann, to cleave heads.
- SGONN, skönn, *v. n.* gulp, glut, eat in large mouthfuls; 'ga *sgonnadh* air, gulping it up, eating it up in large mouthfuls; *n. f.* a large mouthful, a gulp, or glat; a block of wood; a huge unshapely person.
- SGONNAIRE, skönn²-ur-à, *n. m.* a gulper, boor.
- SGOR, skör, *v.* fork peats or hay, lay out peats to dry; gash, hack, scarify, *H. S.*; *n. f.* a fork; *sgian agus sgor*, a knife and fork; a gash, a notch.
- SGORADH, skör'-X, *pt.* forking; gashing; *n. m.* laying out or forking of peats.
- SGORAG, skör'-ag, *n. f.* scollop, a waving edge.
- SGORAGAICH, skör'-ag-èch, *v.* scollop, cut the edge of cloth, &c. in a waving line.
- SGORNACH, skörn'-ach, SGORNAN, skörn-an, *n. m.* the throttle, or gullet, or wind-pipe; *tha'n sgòrnan fosgailte mar uaigh*, their throat is an open sepulchre. *Sm.*
- SOOR, skört, *n. f.* a peak, or cliff, sharp point, a conical sharp rock; a buck-tooth.
- SGORRABHEINN, skört'-a-vhāënn, *n. f.* a cliff, or peaking, cliffy, conical mountain; a mountain in the island of Islay, Argyleshire.
- SGORRACH, skört'-ach, *adj.* pronged, peaked, cliffy, having a buck-tooth, conical.
- SGOT, skot, *n. f.* a small farm or village.
- SGOTBHAILE, sköt'-vha'l-à, *n. m.* a village, Islay.
- SGOTH, skhó, *n. f.* a Norway skiff.
- SGOTHLONO, sköl'-lōng, *n. f.* a yacht.
- SGRABAIRE, skrab'-ur-à, *n. m.* Greenland dove. *Mn.*
- SGRAIBHSE, skraosh, *n. f.* hand-saw. *Irish.*
- SGRAID, skräoëjj, *n. f.* a hag, or old mare, or cow.
- SGRAIDEAG, skrájj'-ag, *n. f.* little potatoe, or any thing.
- SGRAILL, skrály', *v.* revile, abuse terribly.
- SGRAILLEADH, skrály'-X, *pt.* reviling, scolding terribly; *n. m.* the greatest abuse, worst language.
- SGRAING, skrèng, *n. f.* a scowl; a scowling or forbidding countenance, or aspect.
- SGRAINGEALACHD, skrèng'-all-achg, *n. f.*

sullenness, surly morosity, or countenance.

SGRAINGEIL, skréng'-al, *adj.* scowling, sullen.

SGRAINGIRP, skréng'-ur-á, *n. m.* a scowler.

SGRATH, skhá, *n. f.* a thin sod, (divot); what covers the kiln of grain;—scum; *rind. II.*

SGRATHAIRE, skrá'-ur-á, *n. m.* skeleton.

SGRATHALL, skrá'-all, *n. p.* small ones of any thing, rubbish, refuse of any thing.

SGREAB, skráb², *n. f.* a scab, blotch.

SGREABACH, skráb²'-ach, *adj.* scabbed, blotched.

SGREABAIRE, skráb'-ur-á, *n. m.* mean fellow.

SGREAD, skrád², *v.* screech; *n. f.* screech, gnash.

SGREADAG, skrád'-ag, *n. f.* an acid, any thing sour.

SGREADAIL, skrád'-al, *n. f.* screeching, gnashing.

SGREADAIRE, skrád'-ur-á, *n. m.* screecher.

SGREAG, sgrá², *v.* parch; see Sgreath.

SGREAMH, skrév, *n. f.* slight nausea, disgust; thin scum or rind, or ugly skin.

SGREAMHAICH, skrév'-éch, *v.* loathe, abhor.

SGREAMHAIL, skrév'-al, *adj.* loathsome.

SGREAMHLADH, skrév'-llá, *n. f.* a thick wetish rush through the skin.

SGREAT, skrátt², *n. f.* great horror, or disgust.

SGREATACHD, skrátt'-achg, *n. f.* horrifying nature or quality of any thing; sgreat-aidheachd.

SGREATAIDH, skrátt'-é, *adj.* horrifying, disgusting.

SGREATAICH, skrátt'-éch, *v.* horrify, highly disgust.

SGREATH, skrá², *v.* parch, or dry hurriedly the outside, without entering into the inner part.

SGREOTH, skhyrò, *v.* parch as cloth.

SGREOTHAINN, skryò'-énn, *n. f.* straw used in place of hair-cloth on a kiln—straic. *P.*

SGREUCH, skréch, *v.* and *n. m.* screech in a croaking drawling manner.

SGREUCHAIL, skréch'-al, *n. f.* screeching; *n. m.* a continuous croaking screeching.

SGREUCHAIRE, skréch'-ur-á, *n. m.* screecher.

SGRIBHINN, skrév'-énn, *n. f.* rocky side of a hill.

SGRID, skréjj, *v.* breathe your last in consequence of laughing or weeping; *n. m.* breath, gasp; cha 'n 'cíl sgrid ann, *there is not a breath in him.*

SGRIOB, skrébb, *n. f.* a scrape, the rut of a plough, or it's swathe of earth; a trip, an excursion; sgrìob do 'n ghalldachd, *an excursion or trip to the Low country;* stroke of a saw; sgrìob an t-saibh-nhòir, *the stroke of the whip-saw;* *v.* itchiness

about the lip, portending a kiss, or a swig of whisky!!!

SGRIOB, skrébb, *v.* scrape, drag, or dredge for fish or oysters; snatch, or sweep away; sgrìob leat e, *sweep or snatch it away with you;* a' sgrìobadh 'sa phort, *dredging in the port;* a' sgrìobadh bunt-àta, *scraping potatoes.*

SGRIOBACH, skrébb'-ach, *n. f.* Itch,—the Scotch, or Highland fiddle! murdered in many places, skreüb'-ach!!

SGRIOBAN, sgrèbb'-an, *n. m.* long line.

SGRIOBAIRE, sgrèbb'-ur-á, *n. m.* a dredge, a scraper, scratcher; curry-comb.

SGRIOBH, sgrèvv, *v.* write, compose a book; sgrìobh a dh' ionnsaidh, *write to him;* a' sgrìobhadh leobhair, *writing or composing a book.*

SGRIOBHADAIR, skrèvv'-ad-àér, *n. m.* writer.

SGRIOBHADAIREACHD, skrèvv'-ad-àér'-achg, *n. f.* a writer's business; writing; sgrìobh thigh, *writer's office.*

SGRIOBHADH, skrèvv'-á, *pt.* writing, composing; *n. f.* hand-writing, manuscript, writing.

SGRIOBHTE, sgrèvv'-tyá, *pt.* written, composed.

SGRIOBTUR, skrup'-tur, *n. m.* the scripture; nach do leubh sibh an scrioptuir, *have ye not read the scripture;* scrioptural, *scriptural.*

SGRIODAN, skrédd'-an, *n. m.* stony ravine.

SGRIOS, skrèss, *v.* destroy, ruin, annihilate; sgrìosaidh mi an duine, *I will destroy (or annihilate) the man. B.;* scrape, or sweep off the surface; a' sgrìosadh an leathraich, *sweeping off the rind of the leather;* *n. f.* destruction, ruin, ruination; mo sgrìos, *my destruction or ruination;* bheir thu sgrìos oirnn, *thou shalt annihilate us;* sweeping away of surface, or scraping rind;—stumble, slip. *Arm.*

SGRIOSACH, skrèss'-ach, } *adj.* destructive,

SGRIOSAIL, skrèss'-al, } ruinous, detrimental, pernicious.

SGRIOSADAIR, skrèss'-ad-àér, *n. m.* destroyer, pillager.

SGRIOTACHAN, skrètt'-ach-an, *n. m.* a child that is likely to die; little squalling infant.

SGRIOTH, (sgriothan), skré, *n. m.* gravel. *Is.*

SGRIUBH, skréù, *n. f.* a screw; *v.* screw. *French, Teutonic, Danish, &c.*

SGROB, skròb, *v.* scratch with the nails, or claws of a cat; sgròbadh, *a scratch, scratching, (scrobben, Belg.)*

SGROBAN, skròb'-an, *n. m.* little crop of a bird, craw; gizzard; cha d'theid mir ad sgròib, *not a particle will enter your gizzard or crop.*

SGROBH, skrov, *n. f.* a screw. *N.;* a sod.

SGROCH, skrôch, *v.* scratch with nails, &c.

SGROCHAILL, skrôch'-êly', *scrawl, scribble.*

SGROCHLADH, skrôch'-lâ, *pt. scrawling, scribbling; n. m. a scrawl, a scribbling.*

SGROO, skrôg, *v.* bite, as a horse; *n. f.* the head in ridicule; *n. f.* a bite, a mouthful; *sgrog e mi, he bit me; v. n.* also tighten quickly your head-dress; *sgrog do bhonaid ort, tighten your bonnet on your head; doff.*

SGROGAID, sgrôg'-âj, *n. f.* an old hat or cap.

SGROGAIRE, sgrôg'-urr-â, *n. m.* biter, carper.

SGROLL, skrôll, large wide piece, *obsolete.*

SGAOILLEAG, skrôlly'-ag, *n. f.* large piece of skin or any peeling scraped off.

SGROTH, skrô, *n. f.* large thick sod.

SGRUB, skrûb, *v.* hesitate, delay. (*Teut.*)

SGRUBAIL, skrûb'-al, *adj.* hesitating, scrupulous, (*Lat. scrupulus*); niggardly parsimonious. (*Teut.*)

SGRUBAIRE, skrûb'-ûr-â, *n. m.* a churl, niggard.

SGRUBAIREACHD, skrûb'-âer-achg, niggardliness.

SGRUBANTA, sgrûb'-ant-â, *adj.* scrupulous; parsimonious; *sgrubantachd, scrupulosity, niggardliness.*

SGRUD, skrûdd, *v.* scrape thoroughly, search minutely, scrutinize, examine minutely.

SGRUDADH, skrûdd'-â, *pt.* searching; *n. m.* utmost scraping of any thing in a dish.

SGRUDAIRE, skrûdd'-ur-a, *n. m.* scrutinizer.

SGRUGEAN, skrûg'-êen, *n. m.* neck of a bottle.

SGRUIDTE, skrûj'-tyâ, *pt.* cleared out or wholly searched; scrutinized, perfectly freed or cleared.

SGBUIT, skruéjt, *n. f.* an old decayed person. *North.*

SGUAB, skûâb, *n. f.* a sheaf of corn; a besom, broom, brush; *v.* sweep, sweep away.

SGUABACH, skûâb'-ach, *n. f.* a brush, broom.

SGUABADH, skûâb'-â, *pt.* sweeping, cleaning; *n. m.* art of sweeping or cleaning.

SGUABANTA, skûâb'-ant-a, *adj.* portable, trim.

SGUAB-LION, skûâb'-lên, *n. f.* a sweep-net.

SGUCH, skûeh, *v.* strain, sprain. *North.*

SGUDALL, skûdd'-al, *n. m.* trash, offals.

SGUDALAIR, skûd'-al-âer, *n. m.* a scullion, drudge; a mean fellow. *North, sguid-ealair.*

SGUGACH, skûg'-ach, *n. m.* a soft boorish fellow.

SGUIDS, skûjsh, *v.* dress flax, switch, drive.

SGUIDSEACH, skûjsh'-ach, *n. m.* a tall, slender, young girl:—prostitute, stripling. *N.*

SGUIDSEADH, skujsh'-â, *pt.* dressing, lashing.

SGUIDSEANACH, skûjsh'-âen-ach. *n. m.* a very tall, slender, very young man.

SGUIB, skûêr, *v.* cease, stop, give over, desist; *sguir dheth, stop, desist, cease, be done of it.*

SGUIT, skûéjtt, *n. pl.* skates, foot-board.

SGULAN, skûll'-an, *n. f.* large basket. *N.*

SGULAIR, skûll'-âer, *n. f.* a large old hat.

SGUM, skûm; see Sgiom, scum.

SGUR, skûr, *n. m.* cessation, stop; buidh-eachas gun *sgur, thanks without ceasing; pt.* ceasing, desisting, leaving off; stopping; *ma'n do sgur sinn, ere we desisted, or ceased, or left off; gun sgur, unceasingly, incessantly.*

SGUR, skûr, *v.* scour, burnish, rub up; *sguradh nan iarran, burnishing the fire-irons.*

SGURACHDAINN, skûr'-achg-ênn, *pt.*; see Sgur.

SGURAINN, skûr'-ênn, lye, or ley; any trash of liquor in contempt; toplash.

SGURR, skûrr, *n. m.* a large conical hill.

SGURT; see Sgiut, scud, sweep away.

SHABH, hâv, *part. verb* sâbh; *shubh e, he sawed.*

SHABHAIL, hâv'-al, *p. v.* sâbhail; *shâbhail e, he saved, he escaped, he preserved, or kept clear.*

SHAIBHIR, hiv'-êr, *asp. f.* saibhir, plentiful, &c.

SHAIL, hâl, *asp. f.* sail, heel; a *shâil, his heel.*

SHAILL, hâely', *past, sail; shail e, he sailed.*

SHALACH, hâl'-ach, *gen.* sail, of the heel.

SHAMHACH, hâv'-ach, *asp.* of sâmhach, quiet, still.

SHANNT, hânntt, *as. fo.* covetousness, greed.

SHANNTAICH, hânnt'-êch, *v. I* coveted, envied.

SHAOIL, hâo'l, *p. v. I* supposed, or imagined.

SHAOR, hâor, *p. v. I* freed, absolved, &c.

SHARAICH, hâr'-êch, *p. v. I* oppressed, hurt.

SHE, hê, *asp.* form of sê, six; a *shê fhèin, his six.*

SHEAC, hechg, *asp.* form, *I* withered, decayed.

SHEACHD, hechg, *a. 'sheachd fir, his seven men; also of seven.*

SHEALG, hyalg', *asp.* a shealg, his hunting.

SHEALL, hyall, *p. v.* sheall mi, *I* beheld, saw.

SHEAP, hyêp, *p. v.* shêap e, he sneaked.

SHEARG, hyerug, *p. v.* shearg ise, she withered.

SHEAS, hâs, *p. v.* sheas e, he stood, he sustained.

SHEID, hâj, *p. v.* blew; *shêid oiteag o'n aonaich, a blast from the hill blew.*

SHEINN, hâenn, *v. p.* sheinn e, he sang.

SHEOL, hyóll, *p. v.* sheóll *i*, she sailed; guided.
SHIAN, hē.n, *p. v.* shian *e*, he drawing erled.
SHIN, hēnn, *p. v.* shin sinn, we stretched, put off.
SHIOL, hliell, *asp. f.* a shiol na leirg, ye children of the coast; *d'a shiol*, to his oats or offspring.
SHIOS, hēss, *adv.* down, downwards, hither.
SHIR, hér, *p. v.* shir sinn *e*, we sought it.
SHIUBHAIL, hēu'-al, *p. v.* shiubhail *e*, he died, &c.
SHLAINTE, hláinj'-á, *asp. f.* a shláinte, his health; chaill *e* shláinte, he lost his health.
SIA, shēá, *n. adj.* sē. *N.* Highlands.
SIAB, sēáb, *v.* breathe away dust; *siab*, to angle with a fishing-rod; fish.
SIABADH, shēáb'-á, *pt.* breathing away.
SIABH, shēáb, *n.* stewed winkles. *Skye.*
SIABHAIR, shēáb'-ér, *v.* tease, weary out.
SIABUNN, shēáb'-unn, *n. m.* soap.
SIAD, (for se iad), shédd, it is they.
SIAD, shēád, *v.* sheer, go obliquely.
SIADAIRE, shēád'-ur-á, *n. m.* a sly, skulking fellow; a shuffler; stinkard; *v.* slink.
SIADAIREACHD, shēád'-áér-achg, *n. f.* slinking, shuffling, sly, roguish conduct.
SIAN, shēáu, *n. f.* a drawling scream, or squeel; *v.* squeel, cry, scream tediously, raising your voice gradually;—pile of grass. *Macdonald.*
SIANAIL, shēáu'-al, *n. f.* drawling squeeling.
SIAR, shēár, *v.* lurch, go obliquely; *adv.* west, westward; *siar ort*, to the westward of you.
SIBH, shév, *pro. ye or you*; **SIABH-SE**, shév'-shá, you, yourself; *dè'n ni sibh*, what will ye do? *sibh fhéin*, ye, yourselves, you, yourself.
SIBHREACH, shév'-ryach, *n. c.* a fairy, a spectre, an apparition; (*sith-bluruthach*).
SIBHREACHAIL, shév'-ryach-al, *adj.* fairy-like.
SIBHT, shévt, *n. f.* shift, expedient.
SIBHTEIL, shévt'-al, *adj.* inventive, thrifty.
SIC, shéchg, *n. f.* the inner skin that is next the viscera in animals; *bhris an t-sic*, the inner skin broke; *mám-sic*, rupture, hernia.
SICHD, séchg, *n.* dash to lay hold of. *Ar.*
SICHA, shéchg'-ér, *adj.* prudent, steady. *Arm.*
SID, shéjj, *n. f.* abatement of a storm; mood or humour; abatement of rage; 'nuair a nì *e* sid, when the storm abates; *dè'n t-sid a th'ort*, in what humour are you? *am bheil sid air a nis*, has his rage abated?
SIDEIL, shéjj'-al, *adj.* more moderate, as wind; in good humour, as a person; *na 's sideiliche*, more moderate, more calm.

SIGEACH, shég'-ach, *a.* slim, slimy.
SIGEANN, shég'-unn, *n. f.* pleasant countenance.
SIGEANTA, shég'-unt-a, *adj.* cheerful.
SIGEANTACHD, shég'-unt-achg, *n. f.* cheerfulness, complacency, affability.
SIGH, shhé, *v.* glide, skip, dash forth, dart; *a' sigheadh air mullaeh nam beann*, skipping on the top of the mountains; *shigh i seachad*, she glided by. *Bible.*
SIGHEADH, shhé'-á, *p.* gliding, vanishing, skipping; *thug e an sigheadh ad*, he made such a bolt.
SIGHIDEACH, shhé'-áj-ach, *n. f.* spectre, fairy, a person taken away by the fairies.
SIL, shél, *v.* rain, drop, drip, *shil e*, the rain has commenced; *a' siladh o'n tigh*, dripping from the house; *man sil e*, ere it rain; *a' siladh nan deur*, shedding tears.
SILE, for seile, a spittle.
SILEADH, shél'-á, *pt. n. m.* raining, dropping, dripping; *mar shlor-shileadh uisge*, the aimhritean mnà, as the continual dropping of waters, are the contentions of women; dispensation, economy; *fo shileadh an t-soisgeil*, under the gospel dispensation; *fo shileadh an t-Sean-tiomnaidh*, under the Mosaic economy, under the Old Testament dispensation; drop, drip; *gach sileadh*, every drop.
SILEAN, shél'y'-aen, *n. m.* single grain.
SILE-REUM, shél-a-rām', *n. m.* salvation.
SILTEACH, shél'y'-tyach, *a.* dropping; tearful; *sùil shilteach*, tearful eye; often raining; *uair shilteach*, weather in which rain prevails; *n. f.* an issue, running of an issue; *ma dhùinear a suas 'fheoil o' shilteach*, if his flesh be stopped from his issue; discharge; *làithean a sillich*, the days of her discharge; *air son a shillich*, on account of his issue. *Bible.*
SILTEACHD, shily'-tyachg, *n. f.* raininess; state of being subject to issues, &c.
SIMID, SIMIDEAN, shēm'-éj, *n. m.* a mallet, beetle; *ceann-simid*, beetle.
SIMILEAR; see Siomlann, chimney.
SIMPLIDH, shēmp'-llé, *a.* single-hearted.
SIMPLIGHEACHD, shēmp'-lé-achg, *n.* simplicity.
SIN, shēn, *adj. pron.* that, those; *na daoine sin*, those men; *an duine sin*, that man; *inter. adv. conj.* well done! there now! *sin! sin! enough! enough! avast! sin-thu*, a laochain, well done, my good fellow! *as an sin thu*, be off with you! *sin agad sin*, there is for you! *sin agad e*, there it is for you! *there he is for you! O sin*, since; *an t'am sin*, that time; *mar sin*, in that manner; *sin r'a ghrádh*, that is to say; *sin thu fhéin*, that is your sort, well done yourself! *an sin*, on that occasion—there, in that place; *an sin fhéin*,

- ot that very time or place; *sin* mar thàinig e, in that manner he came; *mar sin*, just so; *mar sin sios*, and so on.
- SIN**, shèn, *v. n.* stretch, reach, hand; *sin domh sin*, hand me that; *sin do lamh*, stretch your hand; *sin do lamh dha*, reach out your hand, or drub him; lean; extend, prolong, grow in stature; *tha e sineadh*, he is growing; *ma shineas Dia mo làithean*, if God prolong my days; pursue, chase, with all your might, fall to; *shin sinn orra*, we pursued them with all our might; *an deigh sineadh*, having commenced; *shin i ris*, she was seduced by him; *sin air*, chase him; act of leaning or lounging on a bed; *tha e 'na shìneadh*, he is leaning; he is leaning on a bed or sofa.
- SINE**, shèn'-à, *deg.* sean, old; is *sine*, older, elder; *co dhiutha a's sine*, which is the elder; *n. f.* oldness, agedness; a *shine*, his agedness.
- SINEAD**, shèn'-ad, *n. m.* seniority, degree of age; *air a shinead*, let him be ever so old.
- SINEADH**, shèn'-à, *pt.* stretching, reaching; *n. m.* length, stretch; pursuit, pursuing; prolongation; *sineadh làithean*, length of days.
- SINN**, shènn, *pers. pro.* we, us; *rinn sinn*, we made; their *sinn*, we shall say.
- SINN-SHEANAIR**, shènn-shen'-ar, *n. m.* great-grandfather; *sinn-sinn-sheanair*, great-great-grandfather; *sinn-seachad-sinn-seanair*, great-great-great-grandfather.
- SINNSEAR**, shènn'-shur, *n. pl.* ancestors, fathers.
- SINN-SEANMHAIR**, shènn'-shen'-va-hyar, *n. f.* great-grandmother; *sinn-sinn-seanmhair*, great-great-grandmother; *sinn-seachad-sinn-seanmhair*, great-great-great-grandmother.
- SINNSEARACHD**, shènn'-shar-achg, *n. f.* genealogy, forefathers, ancestors, ancestry.
- SINTE**, shènjt'-à, *pt.* stretched, reached, fetched; *sinte r' a thaobh*, stretched by his side.
- SINTEACH**, shènjt'-ach, *n. f.* plough-trace, also *sinte*, *adj.* straight, extended, prostrate.
- SIOB**, shèbb, *v.* drift, as snow; angle or fish; *a' cur* is a *siobadh*, snowing and drifting; angling.
- SIOBAIL**, shìob'-el, *v.* fish, and the boat under sail; angle.
- SIOBLACH**, shèbb'-lach, *n. m.* a long streamer; a long person.
- SIOBLADH**, shèbb'-là, *pt.* fishing, and the boat under sail; *n. m.* time of tide suiting fishing.
- SIOBHACH**, shèff'-ach, *n. m.* rye-grass.
- SIOBHAG**, shèff'-ag, *n. f.* straw, pile of rye-grass.
- SIOBHAILT**, shèvv'-allt', *adj.* civil, obliging, affable, kind, urbane, polite, courteous.
- SIOBHAILTACHD**, shèvv'-alt'-achg, *n. f.* civility.
- SIOBHAILTAS**, shèvv'-alt'-as, *n. f.* common civility.
- SIOCH**, shè'ch, *v.* strain, sprain, hurt; *n. f.* peace, quiet, repose, comfort.
- SIOCHADH**, shè'ch'-à, *n. m. pt.* a sprain, spraining, a strain, straining, as foot, &c.
- SIOCHALACHD**, shè'chal'-achg, *n. f.* peacefulness.
- SIOCHAIL**, shè'chal, *adj.* peaceful, quiet, *B.*
- SIOCHAIINT**, shèch'-cháénjt, *adj.* peace, repose.
- SIOCHAIINTEACH**, shèch'-cháénjt-ach, *adj.* peaceful, quiet, undisturbed, unmolested.
- SIOCHAIINTEACHD**, shèch'-cháénjt-achg, *n. f.* peacefulness, quietude, happy repose, and peace.
- SIOCHAIRE**, shèch'-ur-a, *n. m.* a fairy-like person; a trifling ninny.
- SIOCHAIREACHD**, shèch'-ur-achg, *n. f.* trifling conduct, quantity, or consideration.
- SIOD**, shèdd, and shùdd, *Dem. pro.* yon, that there; *siod an duine*, yonder is the man, yonder is the hero; *adv.* an *siod* is an so, here and there; *siod e*, yonder he is; *siod agad siod*, there is for you, there is your match, more than your match for you!! *siod fhèin*, for every reason, because I thought it proper; *mar siod* is mar so, this way and that way; *siod an t-àite*, yonder is the place for you! *dè bha siod*, what was that? *carson siod*, why yon way? why so? *an d' thèid thu an siod*, will you go yonder? *chaidh e an siod*, he went yonder; *siod mar dli' iomair e 'chluiche*, yon is the manner in which he played his cards; yon place; *an deach thu an siod*, did you go yonder, to yon place? *siod an lamh a thogas an t-sleagh*, there is the hand that can play vengeance with the spear! *siod mar chit-eadh an greugach*, so was the Grecian seen; *siod mar thacair dhuinn*, so it happened us.
- SIODA**, shèdd'-à, *n. m.* silk; also of silk.
- SIOD-CHOIMIR**, shèdd'-chròe, *n. f.* silk-worm.
- SIOG**, shèg, *n. f.* cadaverous appearance.
- SIOGACH**, shèg'-ach, *a.* greasy, slimy.
- SIOGAID**, shèg'-aj, *n. m.* lank person. *N.*
- SIOIL**, shè'll, *n. m.* oats; *sìol-gruind*, seed-oats; race, offspring; *sìol* Dhiarmaid, the race or offspring of Dermid; seed, semen; *Inter.* mode of calling geese.
- SIOLA**, shùll'-a, *n. m.* gill; *ceathra bhodaich*.
- SIOLACH**, shèll'-ach, *n. m.* breed, brood, offspring; particularly applied to cattle, birds, &c.
- SIOLACHAIDH**, shèll'-ach-à, *p.* propagating, engendering, breeding; *n. m.* propagation.

SIOLACHAN, shéll'-ach-an, *n. m.* strainer, filterer.

SIOLADH, shéll'-X, *pl.* subsiding; straining, filtering; a' sioladh a bhainne, *straining the milk*; tha a ghaoith a sioladh, *the wind is subsiding*; tha'n t-uisge a' sioladh, *the sediments in the water are subsiding*; the water is filtering; *n. m.* a syllable, propagation.

SIOLAG, shéll'-ag, *n. f.* sand-eel; *pl.* siolagan,—in Perth, a breeding sow.

SIOLAICH, shéll'-éich, *v.* breed, propagate, multiply; siolaich iad, *they increased, multiplied*; siolaichibh is fasaibh lìon-mhor, *be fruitful and multiply, Bible*; o Dhiarmaid siolaich clann nach gann, *from Dermid sprang a numerous offspring*.

SIOLAICHE, shéll'-éich-á, *n. m.* propagator. SIOLAIDH, shéll'-éy', *v.* subside, strain, filter; shiolaidh an soirbheas, *the wind subsided*.

SIOLC, shéúlc, *v.* snatch, seek, tiolp.

SIOL-CUIR, shéll'-kúér, *n. m.* seed corn.

SIOLL, shéúll, *n. m.* turn, rotation; sioll ma seach, *time about, in rotation, alternately*; 'sè so mo shiollsa, *this is my rotation*; an d' thàinig do shioll-sa stigh fhathast, *is your rotation or turn come round yet*.

SIOLMHOR, SIOLAR, shéll'-ur, *adj.* prolific, fertile; as corn productive, substantial.

SIOLMHOIREACHD, shéll'-uér-achg, *n. f.* fecundity, productiveness, fertility.

SIOLT, shéúlt, *n. m.* the bird, teal.

SIOLTAICH, shéúlt'-éich, *n. m.* bird, goosander.

SIOLTAICHE, shélt'-éich-á, *n. m.* stallion, Arran; biceider, propagator.

SIOMAIDEAN, shém'-aj-aen, *n. m.* a mallet.

SIOMAIN, shém'-an', *n. m.* rope, sügan.

SIOMLAICH, shém'-llachg, *n. f.* chicken-heartedness, sheepishness, great cowardice.

SIOMLAIDH, shém'-llê, *adj.* chicken-hearted, sheepish, spiritless, heartless.

SIOMLAG, shém'-llag, *n. m.* great coward.

SIOMLAIR, shém'-llaér, *n. m.* a chimney

SIOMLAINN, shém'-llènn, *f.* vent; ceann-siomlainn, *chimney-stalk*; thromh 'n t-siomlainn, *through the vent*.

SION, shénn, *n. m.* thing, particle, nothing; eha 'n 'eil sion agam, *I have nothing*; gach sion a th' agam, *every particle I possess*; eha 'n 'eil sion mhaith air, *it is worth nothing*; climate, element, air, atmosphere; blast, drift; a' dol an aghaidh an t-sion, *going against the blast*; an sion na chùthaobh, *the blast, the drift of the rain in his back*; tha na siontan air atharrachadh, *the climate has changed*; fonn' shiontan dùthchasach, *under*

my native climate, in my native atmosphere; mar chrithreach 'san t-sion, *like the aspen in the blast, Oss.*; tamhasg air éideadh le siontaibh, *a spectre shrouded with the elements*.

SIONNACH, shúnn'-ach, *n. m.* pipe-reed; a fox

SIONNSAIR, shúnn'-sār', *n. m.* pipe-chanter.

SIOR, shérr, *n. m.* time; circle of time; gu sior, *for ever*; *adv.* and *adj.* continually, continual, perpetual, perpetually; used always before the noun or verb qualified; a' sior-amharc orm, *eternally staring at me*; sior-atharrachail, *ever-variable, ever-changing*; sior-bhualadh, *eternally striking, thrashing*; sior-iarrtach, *importunate*; sior-mhlagadh air, *eternally, perpetually, or continually jeering or gibing him*.

SIOER, shéurr, *v.* seud or slip in or out.

SIOBRAON, shurr'-X, *pl.* darting, dart;—in Perthshire, sheriff, siorram.

SIOGRAM, sheurr'-am, *n. m.* a sheriff.

SIOGRAMACHD, shurr'-am-achg, *n. f.* county, shire; sberiffdom. *Argyle*.

SIOBRUITH, shurr'-rúéich, *adj.* eternal, everlasting; gu siorruith, *eternally*; (sior, continually, and ruith, running, ever-running.)

SIOBRUITHEACHD, shérr'-éich-achg, *n. f.* eternity.

SIOS, shéss, *n. m. adv.* bottom; a sios, *down, downward*; a' dol sios, *going down, setting, sinking*; o shiubhail sios agus suas, *from going up and down. Bible*.

SIOSAR, shéss'-ur, *n. m.* pair of scissors.

SIOTA, shétt'-a', *n. m.* a blackguard, a pet.

SIA, shér, *n. m.* a knight; Sir Seumas, *Sir James*; *v.* seek, ask, search; sir e, *seek it*; want; dè tha thu sireadh, *what do you want?* ean a shìrears, *gheibh, he who seeks, shall find. Bible*.

SIATS, SIRIST, shér'-ésh, shér'-éshj, *n. f.* cherry; the island of Tyree.

SIRISTEACH, shér'-éshjj-ach, *adj.* belonging to Tyree; *n. m.* a sheltie, pony; a Tyree man.

SITEARN, shéjt'-arn, *n. f.* a harp.

SITH, shhe, *adj.* spiritual; daoine sìth, *fairies*; bean, neo leannan sìth, *a familiar spirit, Bible*; *n. f.* peace, truce; cogadh na sìth, *either war or peace*; quietness, tranquillity; an sìth, *in quietness*.

SITH, for sigh, shégh, skip, dart.

SITHEACH, shé'-ach, *n. m.* a fairy, *Mainland*; *Argyle*.

SITHEIL, shé'-al, *adj.* peaceful, quiet.

SITHIONN, shé'-unn, *n. f.* venison.

SITH-MHAOR, shé'-vāor', *n. m.* a herald.

SITH-SHAINN, shé'-háev, *n. f.* delightful, quiet.

SITIR, shéjt'-ér, *v.* neigh; *n. f.* a neigh.

SITREACH, shajt'-ryach, *adj.* neighing.
 SITRICH, shajt'-rrech, *n. f.* continuous neighing.
 SIUBHAIL, shû'-ul, *v.* go, proceed, walk; *siubhlaidh sinn le 'n anam do 'n àraich, we shall accompany their souls to the battle field, Oss.*; traverse, search; *shiubhlaidh mi am baile, I traversed or perambulated the whole city*; die, depart this life; *siubhlaidh sinn gu leir, we shall all die*.
 SIUBHAL, shû'-al, *pt.* traversing, perambulating, searching; *a' siubhal a' bhaile, traversing the town*; dying, act of dying; *tha e siubhal, he is dying*; time, course, trip; so *mo siubhais, this is my time*; *marsanta-siubhai', a pedlar, packman, hawker*; *luchd siubhail, travellers*; *tha i air shiubhal, she (the mare) is salacious*; time, trip; *air an t-siubhal so, at this time*; *siubhail eile, at another time*; *bithidh fios do sheud do shiubhail agamsa, I shall know the object of your pursuit or journey*; *adv.* once, at a time; *siubhal a chaidh mi do'n ghalldachd, once I went to the Low country*; an *dubh-shiubhlach, the street-walker*; *air gach siubhal, at every trip*; *bean-shiubhla, woman in child-bed*; *laidhe-shiubhla, confinement at, or before child-birth*.
 SIUBHLACH, shû'-ach, *a.* nimble; traversing.
 SIUC, shû'ch, way of calling horses in Lewis.
 SIUCAR, shû'ch'-ar, *n. m.* sugar, (*Fr.* sucre).
 SIUCAN, shû'ch, *n. m.* a drain, sewer. *Scotch*.
 SIUD, shûdd', *v.* fall to; swing.
 SIUDADU, shûdd'-I, *n. m.* commencement.
 SIUDAN, shûd'-an, *n. m.* oscillation, swinging; *a' siudan a nunn is nall, oscillating this way and that way*; *ri siudan, vibrating, swinging, oscillating*.
 SIUDANACH, shûd'-an-ach, *adj.* swinging, rocking, oscillating, vibrating.
 SIUG, shûg, *inter.* mode of driving away hens.
 SIUIL, shû'll, *gen. pl.* seòil, sails, &c.
 SIURSACH, shûrs'-ach, *n. f.* a whore.
 SIURSACHD, shûrs'-achg, *n. f.* whoredom.
 SIUTHAD, shû'-ad, *v.* say away, fall to, commence; swing; contracted Siud.
 SLABHACAN, slāv'-achg-an, *n. m.* sea-edible weed, styled by the Scotch Slogue.
 SLABHAC, slāv'-ag, *n. f.* a horn-pith.
 SLABHRAIDH, -RAICH, slāv'-rech, *n. f.* a chain; *slabhraich òir, gold chain*; pot-hanger; *gen slabhraich*; hence *Maclauran*, from a most singular tradition about a sea-nymph.
 SLABHRADAIR, slāv'-rad-aër, *n. m.* chair-maker.
 SLACHD, slächg, *v.* beat, thrash; *n. m.* mallet.
 SLACHDANAICH, slächg'-an-éch, *v.* beetle.

SLACHDRAICH, slächg'-rech, *n. f.* incessant hammering.
 SLAD, slädd', *n. m.* havoc, carnage; 's iad a rinn an slad, what havoc they have made! 's ann an sin a bha an slad, that was the awful place for carnage! *v.* cause to lag, lag, deprive of strength; *slad sin seachad iad, that made them lag*; it palled on their stomach; *shlad e mo chli bhuan, it deprived me of my strength*;—robbing, rob. *Macd nald*.
 SLAIGHT, slaöejt', *n. f.* roguery, knavery, villainy; *v.* sneak or steal by; *shlaight e seachad, he sneaked or stole by*; better than *slaoight*, because *ao* is always long and marked thus, *äo*; short *aö* in the key.
 SLAIGHTEAR, slaöejt'-äer, *n. m.* rogue, villain, knave.
 SLAIGHTEARACHD, slaöejt'-ar-achg, *n. f.* roguery, villainy, sneaking.
 SLAIGHTEIL, slaöejt'-al, *adj.* roguish, sneakish.
 SLAIM, släem', *n. f.*; see Sglaim.
 SLAINE, släen'-ä, more or most healthy.
 SLAINTE, släenj't'-ä, *n. f.* health, salvation; *mar chliir mheala, tha briathra taitneach, milis do 'u anam, agus n' an släinte do na enämhan, pleasant words are as an honey-comb, sweet to the soul, and health to the bones*; *chionn gun do dhlochuimhnich thu Dia do shläinte, because thou hast forgotten the God of thy salvation*; toast; *thoir dhuinn släinte, give us a toast*; *dh' öl sinn do dheoch släinte, we drank to your health*; *air do shläinte, to your good health*; *släinte agadsa, thank you, Sir, or Madam*.
 SLAINTEALACHD, släenj't'-al-achg, *n. f.* healthiness.
 SLAINTEIL, släenj't'-al, *a.* healthy, solitary.
 SLAIS, släsh, *v.* last, drub; *n. f.* a lash; a great quantity or number; *slais èisg, great number of fish*; *fhuair iad slais, they got a great quantity*.
 SLAMB, slämbb, *n. m.* jam, jelly;—lock. *Ir.*
 SLAMBAN, slämb'-an, *n. m.* curds and cream.
 SLAN, slän, *adj.* healthy, in good health, sound; whole, perfect, unbroken; *am bheil thu slän, art thou in good health?* *thoir dhomh slän e, give it me whole*; *slän leat, fare thee well! farewell!* *gu'm a slän gu'n tìll thu, may you return in health*; *an slän duit, art thou well?* a *nighean nan òr-chleachd, an slän duit, maiden of the golden locks, art thou well?* *tha i gu slän fallan, she is perfectly well, she is hale and sound*; *òighean bhoidh-each, slän leibh, ye pretty maids, farewell!* *Oss. Ar.*; *gu'm a slän a chli mi thu, well may I see you*.
 SLANACH, slän'-ach, *a.* convalescent.

SLANAICH, slàn'-èch, *v.* heal, make whole.
SLAN-LUS, slàn'-lus, *n. m.* ribwort.

SLANAIGHEAR, slàn'-è-ar, *n. m.* saviour.

SLEOD, slàod, *v.* drag, haul, pull along;
'ga sh'laodadh, *trailing or hauling it*; *n. m.*
a lounge, a great quantity; raft, float.

SLEODACH, s'làod'-ach, *a.* lounging, lazy.

SLEODADH, s'làod'-à, *pt.* dragging, trailing.

SLEODAIL, s'làod'-al, *adj.* clumsy, lazy.

SLEODAIRE, s'làod'-ur-a, *n. m.* lounge.

SLEODANACH, s'làod'-an-ach, *n.* heavy fellow.

SLEODRAICH, s'làod'-rèch, *n. f.* great haul of fish; trailing continually or always.

SLEOIGHTIRE, slàoejt, &c.; see Slaughter.

SLEOP, s'làop, *v.* parboil or boil slowly, as shell-fish for fish-bait; boil slightly.

SLEOPAIRE, slàop'-ur-a, *n. m.* a drawler, trailer.

SLAP, s'làp, *n. m.* a flap, flapping; *v.* flap, fling; a' slapail ma'm' chluasan, *flapping about my ears.*

SLAPCHAIL, slàp'-cha'l, *n. m.* spinage.

SLAPAIRE, s'làp'-ur-à, *n. m.* dangler.

SLAPAICHI, slàp'-èch, *v.* get flappish, get soft and pliant, as greens heated.

SLAT, s'lat, *n. f.* a wand, a yard of any kind, a switch, rod, or twig; thog e an t-slat, *he lifted the rod*; slat air fad, *a yard long*; slat-iomain, *a goad*; slat-mhareachd, *rider's whip or switch*; slat-shiùil, *sail-yard*; slat-shuaicheantais, *a sceptre, mace*; slat-dhraoidheachd, *mace, rod of office*; slat-thomhais, *a wand*; slat-sgiùrsaidh, *a lash, scourge*; slat-rioghail, *a sceptre*; slat-mhara, *tangle*; slat ghlas do'n chrithreach, *a green rod of poplar*; slat-iasgaich, *fishing-rod*; slat-reul, *an astrolobe*; slat-bhcoil (beulstoc properly) *gunwale*; *v.* do so and so. *Per.*

SLATAIRE, slàt'-ur-à, *n. m.* debauchee. *P.*

SLATAIREACHD, slat'-ur-achg, *n. f.* v——, *Perthshire*; in Lochaber, Conaachd; in Argyle, Cleamhnas.

SLEAGH, slyàogh, *n. f.* spear, lance, javelin; biodh ar sleagh mar theachdaire a bhàis, *let your spears be as the messengers of death*; thog sinn sleigh, *we lifted spears. Ossian.*

SLEAGHACH, slyàogh'-ach, *a.* armed with spears.

SLEAGHAIRE, slyàogh'-eir-à, *n. m.* spearman.

SLEAMHA, slév'-nà, *adj.* more slippery.

SLEAMHACHADH, slév'-nach-à, *pt.* sliding, slipping; retrograding, getting worse.

SLEAMHAICH, slév'-nnèch, *v.* slide, slip.

SLEAMHUINN, slév'-ènn, *adj.* slippery.

SLEIDH, slyàv, *gen.* sliabh, mountains.

SLEIBHTE, SLEIBHTEAN, slyàv'-tya, slyàv'-tyan, *n. pl.* sides of hills, hills; mossy plains.

SLEIBHTEACH, slyàv'-tyach, *adj.* mountainous.

SLEISDE, slyàshj'-à, *n. gen.* sliasaid.

SLEOG, slyòg, *v.* pall on the stomach.

SLEOGACH, slyòg'-ach, *adj.* apt to pall on the stomach; slimy.

SLEUG, slég, *v.* sneak, drawl.

SLEUGACH, slègg'-ach, *n. f.* a sneaking, sly, drawling female; *adj.* sly and slow.

SLEUGAIRE, slègg'-ur-a, *n. m.* sly, drawling, sneaking fellow; a sneaker, drawler.

SLEUCHD, slyèchg, *v.* go on your knees, prostrate; sleuchdamaid, *let us kneel, prostrate.*

SLEUCHDADH, slyèchg'-à, *pt.* prostration.

SLEABH, sléav, *n. m.* the face of a hill, a heath; an extensive tract of dry moorland, a hill; slèibhteann, *faces of hills, hills.*

SLEABHAIRE, sléav'-ur-a, *n. m.* mountaineer.

SLEASAO, sléas'-éjj, *n. f.* a thigh; *pl.* sléisd-eau, *part of a boat near the stern.*

SLEIBIST, sleibast, clumsy, unhandy.

SLEIGE, slég'-à, *n. f.* a shell; slige creadhna, *a potsherd, Bible*; slige-chreach, *a scollap-shell*; hull of a ship or any vessel.

SLEIGEACH, slég'-ach, *adj.* a shelly; *n. f.* a wreck; crustacious surface.

SLEIGIRE, slég'-ur-à, *n. m.* conchologist.

SLEIGHREACHD, slèg'-ur-achg, *n. f.* conchology.

SLEICHE, slè'-à, *n. f.* a way, craft; journey.

SLEIGHEACH, slè'-ach, *a.* crafty, wily, cunning.

SLINN, slènn, *n. f.* weaver's reed or sleay.

SLINNEAN, slènn'-àen, *n. m.* shoulder-blade.

SLINNEANACH, slènn'-àen-ach, *a.* broad shouldered.

SLINNEANACHD, slènn'-àen-achg, *n. f.* a sort of augury by inspecting gigots of an animal, by eating the flesh without touching the bone with a tooth or nail.

SLEOB, slèbb, *v.* stroke gently. *H. S.*

SLEOBASTA, slèbb'-ast-a, *a.* clumsy.

SLEOBASTACHD, slèbb'-ast-achg, *n. f.* clumsiness.

SLEOCHD, slèuchg, *n. m.* offspring, progeny, descendants, posterity; sliochd Dhiarmaid, *the offspring of Dermid*; track, print, rut; sliochd na roithean, *the track or rut of the wheels*; sliochd a mheur, *the print of his fingers.*

SLEOG, slègg, *v.* stroke gently, cajole.

SLEOGAIRE, slègg'-ur-a, *n. f.* stroker, cajoler.

SLEOGACH, slègg'-ach, *adj.* sleeky, slim.

SLEOM, slèm², *adj.* sleeky, smooth.

SLEOMAIR, slèm'-àer, *n. m.* a mean, low, flattering, fawning fellow.

SLEOP, slèpp², *n. f.* a hanging under-lip.

SLEOPACH, slèpp²'-ach, *adj.* blubber-lipped.

SLEOPAIRE, slèpp'-ur-à, *n. m.* a sulky, surly, blubber-lipped fellow.

SLIOS, sléss, *n. m.* side; gentle declivity.
 SLIS, slésh, *v.* slice; *n. f.* a chip, shave.
 SLISNEACH, slésh'-nyach, *adj.* having sides.
 SLOCHD, slóchg, *n. m.* den, pit, dungeon;
stochd-guail, *coal-pit*; *stochd* saibhaidh,
saw-pit.
 SLOCHDACH, slochg'-ach, *a.* full of pits.
 SLOCHDAICH, slochg'-ach, *v.* hollow, dig.
 SLOINN, slaó'-cinn, *v.* name, bestow a sur-
 name; *slóinnidh e féin air ainm Israil*,
he shall surname himself by the name of
Israel. B.
 SLOINNEADH, slaóénn'-X, *n. m.* surname.
 SLOINNTÉAR, slaóénn'-tyar, *n. m.* genealo-
 gist.
 SLOINNTÉARACHD, slaóénn'-tyar-achg, *n. f.*
 genealogy.
 SLOINNTEIL, slaóénjt'-al, *adj.* genealogical.
 SLOISIR, slosh'-ér, *v.* dash against. *H. S.*
 SLUAGH, slúá'-gh, *n. m.* multitude, people.
 SLUAIGHEACH, slúáé'-y-hach, *n. f.* an ex-
 pedition. *Ir.*
 SLUAISDIR, sluashj'-ér, *v.* draggle, poke.
 SLUASAD, slúás'-éij, *n. f.* a shovel.
 SLUG, slúg, *n. f.* a miry puddle.
 SLUG-PHOLL, slúg'-fóll, *n. f.* whirlpool. *Ir.*
 SLUICH, slúéchg, *n. pl.* pits; *gen.* of a pit.
 SLUIG, slúég, *v.* swallow, devour.
 SLUIGEAN, slúég'-áén, *n. m.* the gullet.
 SLUIGTE, slúég'-tya, *pl.* swallowed, de-
 voured.
 SMACHD, smächg, *n. m.* authority, con-
 trol; *fo'd' smachd sa, under your autho-
 rity or control*; correction, discipline;
cuir smachd air, correct him, control him,
discipline him.
 SMACHDAICH, smächg'-éeh, *v.* correct, check,
 discipline; keep in order, chastise, re-
 prove.
 SMACHDAIL, smachg'-a'l, *adj.* authoritative.
 SMACHDALACHD, smächg'-al-achg, *n. f.* au-
 thoritativeness, firmness of character.
 SMAD, smádd, *v.* revile terribly, abuse.
 SMADADH, smád'-X, *pt.* abusing; *n. m.* a-
 buse.
 SMADAIL, smádd'-al, *adj.* abusive in the ex-
 treme; very abusive.
 SMAG, smág, *n. f.* a paw, large hand.
 SMAG, smág, for smáig, the ascendant.
 SMAGACH, smág'-ach, *n. m.* a toad. *North.*
 SMAIG, smáég, *n. f.* tyranny, the upper-
 hand, the ascendant; *fo d' smáig, under*
your tyranny, arbitrary sway, despo-
tism.
 SMAIGEALACHD, smáég'-al-achg, *n. f.* ex-
 treme despotism, great degree of tyranny.
 SMAIGEIL, smáég'-al, *adj.* despotic, arbi-
 trary.
 SMAIGEAN, smáég'-aén, *n. m.* a toad. *P. S.*
 SMAIGIRE, smáég'-ér-á, *n. f.* tyrant, despot.
 SMAIGIREACHD, smáég'-ér-achg, *n. f.* ty-
 ranny, despotism, tyrannical conduct.

SMAL, smáll, *v.* snuff a candle, dash to
 pieces; *smál e as a chéile iad, he dashed*
them to pieces, he smashed them; *n. f.*
 snuff of a candle, ashes.
 SMAL, smál, *n. m.* dust covering any thing;
 spot; *smál air an òr, the gold became dim.*
B.; stain, spot. *B.*
 SMALADAIR, smáll'-ad-aér, *n. m.* pair of
 snuffers.
 SMALADH, smáll'-X, *pt.* snuffing, smashing,
 dashing to pieces; *smátaidh mi an t-ionn-*
achainn asad, I will dash out your brains.
 SMALAG, smál'-ag, *n. m.* coal-fish; céitean-
 ach; *n. f.* smacking kiss.
 SMALAN, smáll'-an, *n. m.* slight melancholy.
 SMAOIN, smüén, *n. f.* a thought, idea.
 SMAOINICH, } smüénjt'-éeh, *v.* think, ima-
 SMAOINTICH, } gine, conceive, ponder,
 meditate.
 SMAOITINN, smüénnjt'-énn, *n. f.* idea,
 thought; *pt.* thinking, conceiving, pon-
 dering, imagining. *Argyle.*
 SMARACH, smar'-ach, *n. m.* a large, large
 louse.
 SMEACH, smeach, *v.* make a flip with the
 fingers; *n. m.* smart, quick blow; a flip;
 in Irish, chin.
 SMEACHAN, smeach'-an, *n. m.* chin-bit, or
 cheek-band of a bridle. *Islay.*
 SMEACHARRA, smeach'-urr-a, *adj.* lively,
 brisk.
 SMEACHARRACHD, smeach'-urr-achg, *n. f.*
 liveliness.
 SMEACHRAN, smeach'-ran, *n. m.* too much
 liberty with edged tools; tampering.
 SMEACHRANACHD, smeach'-ran-achg, *n. f.*
 bandying civilities with your betters; of-
 ficious interference, using too much li-
 berty with people, or dangerous weapons.
 SMEALACH, smel'-ach, *a.* having a beauti-
 ful eye and engaging countenance; *n.*
m. offals. *N.*
 SMEID, sméjj, *v.* *n.* beckon, wave to;—aim.
 SMEIDEADH, sméjj'-X, *pt.* beckoning, wa-
 ving; *n. m.* a wink, or beckoning; aim;
 slight tinge, or degree; *cuir sméideadh*
mar so e, put it a slight degree this way;
sméideadh eile, another touch; *sméid*
air, wave to him, beckon to him.
 SMEOIKN, smyóéru, *n. m.* end of an arrow.
 SMEORACH, smyór'-ach, *n. f.* mavis, thrush.
 SMEUR, smér, *n. f.* a bramble-berry; *v.*
 smear, (smiur, properly in the latter
 sense.)
 SMEURAICH, smér'-ech, *v.* grope for ver-
 min; used for smúraich, more properly.
 SMID, sméjj, *n. f.* syllable; na h-abair
smid, mum! hush! open not your lips.
 SMIG, smég, smigead, smég'-ad, *n. f.* chin.
 SMIGEAL, smég'-ul, *n. f.* smirking, smiling.
 SMIOLAMAS, smeúl'-am-as, *n. m.* refuse of
 a feast.

SMIOR, sméur, *n. m.* marrow, the best, hero, energy; *smior an t-sil, the best of the oats*; *duine gun smior, a man without energy*; *smior-chailleach, the spinal marrow*.

SMIORAIL, sméur'-al, *adj.* brisk, energetic. SMIORACH, sméur'-ach, *n. m.* a lively louse. SMIORALAS, sméur'-al-us, *n. m.* energy, life. SMIOR, sméit, *v.* throw in the air with one hand, and strike with the other; strike smartly; *a' smiotadh, thus striking*; also smart blow.

SMIUR, sméur, *v.* smear, or grease.

SMIURADH, sméur'-á, *pt. n. m.* smearing.

SMOD, SMODAN, smod'-an, *n. m.* drizzling rain.

SMODAL, smod'-al, *n. m.* smattering, refuse.

SMODANACH, smod'-an-ach, *adj.* drizzling.

SMODANACHD, smod'-an-achg, *n. f.* drizzleness.

SMOG, smóg, *N. H.*; see Smàg.

SMOGAIRNEACH, smóg'-arn'-ach, *n. m.* a large-pawed squat fellow, or beast.

SMUAIN, smúàen, *n. f.* thought. *Perthshire*.

SMUAINICH, smúàen'-èch, *v.* think, imagine.

SMUAIREAN, smúàer'-àen, *n. m.* slight offence, dejection, or grief, or melancholy.

SMUAIREANACH, smúàer'-àen-ach, *adj.* grieved, dejected, somewhat melancholy.

SMUAIS, smúàesh, *n. f.* substance of bones.

SMUCH, smùch, *n. f.* nasal sound; *v.* purr.

SMUCHAIL, smùch'-ul, *adj.* nasal, purring through the nose; *pt.* speaking through the nose.

SMUCHAN, smùch'-an, *n. m.* half-smothered fire.

SMUDAN, smúd'-an, *n. m.* smoke raised for signal;—a kiln; music of birds. *N.*

SMUG, smùg, *n. f.* spittle, phlegm, snot.

SMUGAID, smùg'-éjj, *n. f.* spittle, phlegm.

SMUGAIDEACH, smùg'-éjj-ach, *a.* phlegmatic.

SMUID, smújj, *n. f.* column of smoke; smoke; *v.* smash, dash, to pieces; *smuid e asa chèile, he dashed it to pieces*; curse.

SMUIDEADH, smújj'-á, *pt.* dashing, smashing; swearing terribly, cursing.

SMUIDREACH, smújj'-ryach, *n. f.* bolt of smoke.

SMUILC, smúelk, *n. f.* a curled nose.

SMUILCEACH, smúelk'-ach, *adj.* curl-nosed.

SMUIRNEAN, smúen'-àen, *n. m.* a mote; dust.

SMUR, smúr, *n. m.* dust, dross, rubbish.

SMURACH, smúr'-ach, *n. m.* dust; groping among dust with the hands; *pt.* groping.

SMURAICH, smúr'-èch, *v.* grope in dust.

SMUT, smútt, *n. f.* pug-nose, snout.

SMUTACH, smútt'-ach, *a.* pug-nosed, snoutish

'SNA, snà, (for anns an, and, is na), in the; and not; *'sna h-oidheachan, in the nights*; *folbh 'sna fad, go and wait not*.

SNAG, snag, *n. f.* a smart, little, audible knock.

SNAG, snàg, *pt.* sneaking, creeping.

SNAGAIRE, snàg'-ur'-á, *n. m.* creeping, sly fellow; sneaking fellow.

SNAGAN, snàg'-an, *n. m.* a deep drink.

SNAGAN, snàg'-an, *n. m.* creeping slyly.

SNAGARDAICH, snàg'-ard-èch, } *n. f.* gnash-

SNAGARSAICH, snàg'-ars-èch, } *ing of teeth.*

SNAIDH, snàé'-y', *v.* reduce by cutting with a knife; hew stones; *clachan snaidhle, hewn stones*; pine away; *thae a' snaidh-eadh as, he is pining away*.

SNAIDHEADAIR, snàé'-ad-àer, *n. m.* hewer, cutter.

SNAIDHEADH, snàé'-yá, *pt. n. m.* cutting, slicing, hewing, pining away; art of hewing, &c.

SNAIDHTE, snàé'-yá-tyá, *pt.* cut down; hewn; dressed, as a stick.

SNAIG, snàeg, *v.* creep, crawl, sneak.

SNAIM, snàem, *n. f.* knot, tie; snaom.

SNAITH, snàc, *v.* thread a hook. *Suffol.*

SNAITHEAN, snàèch'-àen, *n. m. pt.* a single thread.

SNAU, snàv, *n. m.* swimming; *v.* swim, air *snàmh, swimming, afloat, skin over*; *tha m'anam a' snàmh an ceò, my soul swims in mist*. *Sm.*; *cuir air snàmh, cause to float*; *deluging*; *a' cur an tìghe air snàmh, deluging the house*; *cuirear an tìr air snàmh, the land shall be deluged*; soaked. *Bible*; *pt.* swimming, floating, soaking, deluging.

SNAOIS, snùsh, *n. f.* a slice; boat-prow. *Sk.*

SNAOISEAN, snùsh'-àen, *n. m.* snuff, pinch; *thoir dhomh snaoisean, give me a snuff*; a pinch; a huff.

SNAOISEANACH, snùsh'-àen-ach, *a.* snuffy.

SNAOIDH, snùé'y', } *n. f.* a bier; air an t-

SNAIMH, snùé, } *snaoidh, on the bier.*

SNAOIM, snùem, *n. f.* a knot, tie; *v.* tie a knot.

SNAOTH, snú, *v.* jerk, twitch.

SNAOTHADH, snú'-á, *pt. n. m.* jerking; a jerk.

SNAP, snap, *v.* snap; trigger; *n. m.* morsel.

SNAS, snás, *n. m.* regularity, elegance, seemingly appearance, decency; *dean le snas e, do it decently*; *gnothach gun snas, an absurd thing—business without any degree of elegance or propriety*; polish; *v.* polish, ornament; also snasaich.

SNASAR, } snás'-ur, *adj.* elegant, polish-

SNASMHOR, } ed, neat.

SNASMHORACHD, snás'-ur-achg, *n. f.* elegance.

SNATH, snhá, *n. m.* thread, yarn.

SNATHAD, sná'-ud, *n. f.* a needle.

SNATHAINN, snà'-ènn, snathainn, thread.

SNATHAINNEACH, snà'-àen-ach, *a.* ropy.

SNATH-CUIR, snhá'-küèr, *n. m.* waff.

SNEACHD, sneach, *n. m.* snow.
 SNEADH, sné, *n. f.* a nit; sneomh.
 SNEOGHAN, sné'-an, *n. m.* ant; seangan. *N.*
 SNEOMH, snyóv', *n. f.* nit, louse-egg.
 SNICHD, SNICHDÉAN, snhé'ch'-áén, *n. m.*
 a stitch of a needle; a thread; gach
 snichdean a th'agam, *every stitch I have.*
 SNIDH, snhé, *v.* drop, shed tears; bheir-
 eadh do ghnáthachadh air ua clachan
 snidheadh, *your conduct would make the*
very stones shed tears.
 SNIDHE, snhé'-á, *pt.* oozing through the roof
 of a house; shedding tears; a ghruaidh
 a' snidheadh, *his cheek shed-ding tears.*
 SNIDHEACH, snhé'-ach, } *adj.* not water-
 SNIDHEACH, snhé'-tyach, } tight, as a
 house; tearful.
 SNÍOMH, snév', *v.* spin, twist, twine; shníomh
 na mnathan, *the women spun*; shníomh e
 á m' laimh e, *he twisted it out of my*
hand; *n. m.* spinning; the art of spin-
 ning, or twisting; *pt.* spinning; shníomh
 e an t-sleagh a laimh, *he twisted the spear*
out of his hand. *Oss.*; shníomh e an ceann
 deth, *he wrung his head off.* *Bible.*
 SNÍOMHAIN, snhéiv'-áén, *n. m.* twisted, spi-
 ral, helical; falt sníomhain, *hair in ring-*
lets.
 SNÍOMHTE, snhéiv'-tyá, *pt.* spun, twisted.
 SNÍOMHADAIR, snév'-ad-áér, *n. m.* spinner.
 SNOD, snódd', *n. f.* fishing-line.
 SNOID, snóejj', *v.* hoop or thread a hook.
 SNOIDEAN, snójj'-áén, *n. m.* snuff; an ól
 thu snóidean, *will you take (drink) a*
snuff?—downright nonsense for an gabh
 thu snaoisean, (must not tell.)
 SNOIG, snóég, expression of countenance of
 a testy or snuffy person.
 SNOIGEIS, snóég'-ash, *n. f.* huff, testiness.
 SNOIGEISEACH, suóég'-ash-ach, *a.* huffy,
 testy.
 SNOINHACH, snóiv'-ach, *n. f.* foliage, ver-
 dure, (the compound of nomhach, or
 nomha,) under skin.
 SNOT, snótt, *v.* snuff the wind, suspect. *H.S.*
 SNUADH, snúá'-gh, *n. m.* visage, hue, col-
 our of the face; beauty, complexion,
 aspect; bheir thu air a shnuadh caitheadh
 mar leómainn, *thou shalt make his beau-*
ty to consume as a moth. *B.*; is gruam-
 aiche snuadh, *of the gloomiest aspect.*
 SNUADHAR, *adj.* } snua'-ghur, good-look-
 SNUADHMOB, } ing, having a fair com-
 plexion; snuadhar treun, *pleasant to be-*
hold, and valiant. *Oss.*; duine snuadhar,
a comely person. *B.*
 SO, shó, *nem. pron.* this, these; an duine
 so, *this man*; an nighean so, *this girl*;
 na nigheanan so, *na daoine so, these girls,*
these men; *adv.* mar so, *in this manner,*
thus; rinn mi mar so, *I acted thus, I did*
this way; an so, ann an so, *here*; so, so,

come, come, here, here; c'arson so, *why*
 so? gluais as an so, *leave this place, be*
off! mar so, *is mar siód, this way and*
that way; gus an so, *till this time, till*
now; gus an so bu treun e, *till now he*
was valiant; o'n áim so, *henceforward,*
hence; so agad e, *here you have him or*
it; thoir a so e, *take him hence, take it*
away; so mar a ni thu, *thus you will do*;
 an so 'san siód, *here and there.*

SO, só', *adv.* easily, (used always before the
 participle qualified); so-aireamh, *easily*
counted, computable, numerable; so-
 cheannasachadh, *conquerable*; so-leubh-
 adh, *legible, readable, easily read*; so-
 aithneachadh, *easily recognised, conspi-*
cuous; so-lúbadh, *flexible, seducible*; so-
 aimsir, *good weather*; do-aimsir, *bad*
weather.

SOBHACH, *n. f.* } sór'-ach-an, *n. m.* prim-
 SOBHACHAN, } rose; sort of clover.

SOC, sóch', *n. m.* ploughshare.

SOC, sóch', *n. m.* snout of a pig; beak.

SOCACH, sóch'-ach, *a.* snoutish; *n. f.* pert
 female; certain extent of arable land.
N. Highlands.

SOCAIR, sóch'-ér, *n. f.* ease, quiet, rest,
 leisure; gabh socair, *take ease*; am bheil
 thu air do shocair, *are you at leisure?*
 socair a dhuine so, *at leisure, my dear*
sir? settled state of weather, abatement
 of a storm; a cheud socair a thig, *the*
first abatement of the storm; prop, ful-
 crum, peace, tranquillity; gun socair
 oidhe na latha, *without peace night or*
day; *adj.* easy, comfortably situated, or
 seated, at rest; tranquil, peaceable; tha
 mi socair, *I am well seated, I am at*
peace; mild, moderate, settled; tha'm
 feasgair socair, *the evening is mild, is*
more moderate; *Int.* avast! avast!

SOCAR, soch'-ur, *n. m.* benefit, advantage;
 cha sochar 'sam bith sin domhsa, *that is*
no advantage to me; immunity, or pri-
 vilege; socharan chlann Dhè, *the privi-*
leges of the children of God.

SOCUAAACH, sóch'-ar-ach, *adj.* simple, easi-
 ly imposed upon, silly; duine socharach,
a weak or simple person; o'n a bha mi
 cho socharach, *since I was so simple, so*
silly; c'arson a bha thu cho socharach,
why were you so silly or simple?

SOCARACHD, sóch'-ar-achd, *n. f.* gullabi-
 lity.

SOCARAICH, sóch'-ar-èch, *n. f.* simplicity,
 too compliant a disposition, silliness,
 want of suspicion; 'si an t-socharach, *a*
thug orm a dheanadh, pure simplicity
made me do it.

SOCRACH, sóch'-rach, *adj.* easy, moderate.

SOCRAICH, sóch'-rèch, *v. n.* settle, esta-
 blish, fix, appease; shocrach am feasg-

- ar, *the evening settled, got moderate*; *shocraich e fheadh pùnd sassannach urra 'sa bhliadhna, he settled an annuity of twenty pounds on her*; *shocraich e chridhe air sin, he fixed his heart on that*; appease, assuage; *shocraich 'fhearg, his rage subsided*; arrange, adjust; *shocraich e an gnothach sin, he adjusted that business, arranged that affair*; level, make even; *socraich an t-àite so, level or make even this place.*
- SOCRAICHTE, söchg'-rèch-tyá, *adj.* settled, arranged, &c.; made level, or even; established, fixed upon; a *chridhe socraichte air peacadh, his heart fixed, or bent on sin*; tha'n t-àite sin socraichte, *that place is levelled, made even.*
- SOD, sód, *n. m.* steam. *N.*; stout person.
- SODAN, sód'-an, *n. m.* complaisance, expression of happiness by gesture at meeting; *air son sodain riutsa, out of sheer complaisance to you*; fawning; *rinn an cù sodan ris, the dog fawned upon him.*
- SODANACH, sód'-an-ach, *adj.* complaisant.
- SODAR, sód'-ur, *n. m.* trotting horse. *H. Society.*
- SODARBHROCHAN, sód'-ur-vh'ròch-an, *n.* thick gruel.
- SOG, sög, *n. m.* good humour; *na biodh sog air, were he in good humour?* merri-ment. *H.*
- SOGH, sö'-gh', *n. m.* luxury, delicious fare.
- SOGHALACHD, sögh'-al-achg, *n. m.* luxuriosity, sumptuousness, deliciousness.
- SOGHAIL, sö'-ghal, *a.* delicious, luxurious.
- SOGHAR, sö'-ghur, *adj.* luxurious, delicious.
- SOILLEARACHADH, söelly'-ar2-ä, *pt.* getting clear or dawning; elucidating, manifesting; *n. m.* elucidation, dawn; *anns an t-soillearachadh, about the dawn*; an latha a' soillearachadh, *the day dawning.*
- SOILLEARACHD, söelly'-aér'-achg, *n. f.* brightness, shrewdness, conspicuousness, clearness.
- SOILLEIR, söelly'-aér, *adj.* clear, evident, plain; *tha sin soilleir, that is evident or obvious*; latha soilleir, *clear day*; limpid, transparent, conspicuous; *soilleir mar chriostal, clear as crystal. Bible*; sruth soilleir, *limpid stream*; a' deanadh soilleir a' ghnòthaich, *making the business conspicuous*; shrewd, clear-sighted.
- SOILLEIRICH, söelly'-aér-èch, *v.* elucidate, manifest, make evident, explain; a' soilleireachadh a' ghnòthaich so dhomh, *elucidating, or making this affair evident to me.*
- SOILLSE, saöellsh'-shä, *n. f.* flash of light; a luminary; light of the sun; light from heaven.
- SOILLSEACH, saöellsh'-ach, *a.* bright; *n. f.* eye-bright.
- SOILLSEACHADH, saöellsh'-sheeh-ä, *pt.* enlightening, gleaming; *n. f.* elucidation, explanation.
- SOILLSICH, saöellysh'-èch, *v.* enlighten, dawn.
- SOILLSIRE, saöellsh'-ur-a, *n. m.* a lantern.
- SO-IOMCHAR, so'-em-ach-ur, *a.* easily borne.
- SOIR, söér, *n. m.* bag. *M'F.*; *adv. adj.* east, eastward. *N.*
- SOIRBH, söervv, *adj.* easily accomplished, easy; *ni soirbh, an easy thing, a thing easily accomplished*; gentle, good-natured, docile; *duine soirbh, tractable, docile, or a good-tempered person*; kind; urbane. *Gillies.*
- SOIRBHE, söér'-a, *n. m.* easiness; *deg.* easier, &c.
- SOIRBHEACHADH, söerv'-ach-ä, *pt.* succeeding, prospering; *n. m.* success, prosperity; *soirbheachadh math leat, great success, or prosperity to you.*
- SOIRBHEACHD, söerv'-achg, *n. f.* easiness.
- SOIRBHEAS, söér'-as, *n. m.* wind; easiness, quietness, gentleness, docility, success.
- SOIRBHICH, söerv'-èch, *v. n.* succeed, prosper; *deamar a soirbhich leat, how did you succeed?* *shoirbheachaidh leis gach ni a ni e, every thing he doth shall prosper.*
- SOIRE, söér'-ä, *n. m.* vessel, womb. *Bible.*
- SOIREANN, söér'-unn, *n. f.* calm weather.
- SOIS, sösh, *adj.* fond of ease, snug.
- SOISE, shäöesh'-ä, *n. f.* a bolis, or ball of fire, moving majestically in the heavens, and often near the earth.*
- SOISEALTA, sösh'-allt-a, *adj.* fond of ease, effeminate, unmanly.
- SOISEALTACHD, sösh'-allt'-achg, *n. f.* indulgence in ease or effeminacy.
- SOISGEUL, saöesh'-skéll, *n. m.* gospel; (from *sois*, a meteor, or bolis, and *geul*, tidings, i. e. the history of the star in the horizon.)
- SOISGEULACH, saöesh'-skell-ach, *a.* evangelical; bringing good news or tidings; evangelical.
- SOISGEULAICHE, saöesh'-skéll-èch-ä, *n. m.* evangelist.

* These are very common in the Highlands, and are supposed to presage the death of some personage, or the fall of some nation. Soise Tragh-Ghrunairt was a remarkable one, being seen in the vicinity of the place where the memorable battle of "Latha-Tragh-Ghrunairt" was fought—so decisive of the fate of the Macleans, in their struggle for the ascendant, against MACDONALD OF THE ISLES, the nephew of "LACHLAN-MOR," the leader of the conquered party.—See FEUDS OF THE CLANS

SOISICH, saéslr'-éch, *v.* flash, gleam, enlighten, explain, elucidate, illustrate.

SOISINN, sóenu'-unn, *n. f.* taste, decency.

SOITHEACH, saó'-ach, *n. f.* a dish, vessel.

SOITHEACH, saó'-ach, *n. f.* a ship, vessel.

SOITHEAMH, } sôé-év, *adj.* tractable, do-

SOITHIBH, } cile; gentle, mild; duine soithibh, *a tractable or docile person*; easily prevailed upon or entreated; easily done or accomplished.

SOITHIBHEACHD, sôé-év-achg, *n. f.* docility; ease.

SOL, sôll, *adv.* ere that, *Ross*; *n. m.* delight.

SOLACH, sôl'-ach, *adj.* highly delighted.

SOLAIR, sôl'-aér, *v.* cater or provide provisions, purvey; provide accommodation; do sholair nead dhith féin, *she provided a nest for herself*; a' solair lóin, *purveying or catering provisions*.

SOLAR, sol'ar, *n. m. pt.* purveying, providing; provisions provided.

SOLARACH, sôl-ar-ach, *a.* making provision.

SOLAS, sôll'-as, *n. m.* solace, (*French*); calm, luscious pleasure or delight, comfort, consolation.

SOLASACH, sôl-as-ach, *adj.* affording calm continued pleasure, highly gratifying or comfortable.

SOLASAICH, sôl'-as-éch, *v.* give continued soothing joy.

SOLAIRSINN, sô-ljár'-shénn, *a.* very visible

SOLUBACHD, sô-llúb'-achg, *n. m.* elasticity.

SOLUBADH, sô-llúb'-á, *pt.* flexible, elastic.

SOLUS, sôll'-us, *n. m.* light of any kind; moon; an solus úr, *the new moon*; a solus so chaidh, *the last moon*; atharachadh an t-soluis, *the change of the moon*.

SOLUSDACH, sôll'-usd-ach, *a.* luminous.

SOMALTA, som'-alt-a, liberal, sonnalta.

SON, sôn, *n. m.* stead, purpose, account, preparation; sake, reason; air mo shon-sa, *on my account, as for me, for my sake*; air-san, *as for, on account, for the sake, for the purpose of, as a reward for, in order to, for, for any thing*; air son mo chodach-sa dheth, *for my part of it*; air son tighinn dachaidh, *for the purpose of coming home, preparatory to coming home, as a reward for coming home*; air son dithisd, *as for two, for two, for the matter of two*; air son teicheadh, *for the purpose of decamping, as a reward or punishment for deserting*; car son, *why? wherefore? on what account? for what reason?* air a shon-sa, *on his account*; air a son-se, *on her account*; air an son-san, *on their account or sake, in preparation for them*; air-son dithisd na triuir, *is come leam còc, as for two or three, I don't care*; air son sin deth, *as to that matter, as for that*; car-son, *why?* siod fhéin;

for every reason, because I judged it right; air son falbh, *as a reward for going, in order to go*; car-son so, *why so? on whose account is this?* dh' fhalbh é air mo shon-sa, *he went on my account, he went in my place or stead*; air mo shon féin, *for myself, for my own part, as for me*; air son so uile dheth, *for all this*; air a shon sin, *nevertheless*; air na h-uile son, *for every reason*; air-son sgillinn, *for a penny, as to a penny*.

SONA, sôn'-a, *adj.* lucky, fortunate; is fearra a bhi sona na éiridh moch, *luck is better than early rising, luck outstrips industry*; happy, in happiness; sons bithidh tu agus éiridh gu math dhuit, *happy shalt thou be, and it shall be well with thee, B.*; 's sona a bhihinn-se, *and happy would I be*; gu sona solach, *happy and quite contented*.

SONAS, sôn'-us, *n. m.* luck, success, fortune; happiness, bliss, felicity; sonas is ádh ort, *success and prosperity to you*; mo shonas fhéin, *my own happiness*; vexation, grief, Gillies; sonas na donas, *success or misfortune, (mischief)*.

SONN, sônn, *n. m.* a hero; uamh an t-suinn, *the hero's cave*; (in Islay), courier;—bait, fishing-bait. *M'F.*; *v.* press.

SONNALTA, sônn'-allt-á, *adj.* liberal, handsome, very generous.

SONNALTACHD, sônn'-allt-achg, *n. f.* liberality.

SONRACHADH, sôrr'-ach-á, *pt.* particularizing, specifying; pointing out; appointing.

SONRAICH, sôrr'-éch, *v.* appoint, ordain; individualize; neach a shonraich Dia na lobaírt-réitich, *one whom God set forth, a propitiation*; 'gam shonrachadh-sa, *individualizing me, pointing me out as a mark*; *v. n.* make a tool or a butt of.

SONRAICHTE, sôrr'-éch-tyá, *adj. pt.* particular, special; notable, certain, remarkable; gnothach sonraichte, *a particular business*; peculiar, noted, notorious; sluagh sonraichte, *a peculiar people*; duine sonraichte, *a certain or notorious man*.

SOP, sôp, *n. m.* a single straw; a wisp of thatch; sop as gach seid, *straw from every pallet*—said of those that court every one; sop-reic, *taVERN sign. Ir.*

SOPLACH, sôp'-llach, *n. m.* refuse of straw.

SOR, sôr, *v.* hesitate. *Provincial.*

SORADH, sôr'-á, *pt. n. m.* hesitating, hesitation.

SORAIDH, sôr'-è, *n. f.* compliments, blessing; success, farewell; soraidh slàn do'u ghàidheil ghasda, *success and health to the handsome Highlander*; soraidh leat, *a ghràidh, farewell, my beloved! Ossian*; thoir mo shoraidh le 'dhùrachd, *bring*

my best respects or compliments, my sincere blessings.

SORCH, sòrch, *n. m.* a pedestal, gauntree.

SORCHAN, sòrch'-an, *n. m.* a little one, also place for ball or cricket.

SORN, sorn, *n. f.* a kiln; damh-sùirn, *a kiln-joist, lantern of a kiln.*

SORNAN, sòrn'-an, *n. m.* fish, thorn-back; young skate. *Islay*; little chin. *North.*

SOS, sòs, *n. m.* unseemly mixture of food. *North.*

SOTAL, sòt'-all, *n. m.* flattering, fawning.

SOTALACH, sòt'-all-ach, *adj.* flattering.

SOTALACHD, sòt'-all-achg, *n. f.* flattering disposition, or fawning nature or quality.

SOTAIL, sòt'-uèl, *v.* fawn, flatter.

SO-THAOMADH, sò'-hàom-a, *pt.* exhaustible.

SO-THEASGASC, sò'-hàg-ask, *adj.* docile, teachable.

SO-THUIGSINN, sò'-hùèg-shènn, *a.* very intelligible.

SPAD, spàdd, *v.* knock down at a blow; knock the brains out at a blow; kill; *a.* flapping, hanging down; *spad-chluasach, having flappy ears.*

SPAD, spàd, *n. f.* a spade; (*Saxon, spad.*) *Islay*; (*German, spade; Swedish, spàd*)

SPADAG, spàd'-ag, *n. f.* terrible oath; fillip. *Macfarlan*; in *Islay, smeach, fillip.*

SPADAIRE, spàd'-ur-à, *n. m.* terrible swearer.

SPADCHAS, spàd'-chas, *n. f.* splay-foot.

SPADCHLUAS, spàd'-chlùas, *n. f.* hanging, flapping ear.

SPADH, spàd'-gh, *v.* jerk, twitch.

SPADHADH, spàd'-hà, *pt. n. m.* jerking, twitching; a jerk, or sudden pull; twitch. *Islay*;—swathe of grass. *N.*; stagh.

SPAD-THINNEAS, spàd'-hynn-us, *n. m.* apoplexy, epilepsy; tinneas-tuiteamach.

SPAG, spàg, *n. f.* club-foot, paw, claw.

SPAGACH, spàg'-ach, *n. f.* club-footed female; *adj.* clawed, pawed; club-footed.

SPAGAIRE, spàg'-ur-a, *n. m.* club-footed man.

SPAGLOINN, spàg'-laùenn, *n. f.* the attitude of having the hand akimbo, and the foot stretched out; fools' pride.

SPAGLOINNEACH, spàg'-laùenn-ach, *a.* conceited.

SPAD, spàj, *gen.* of spàd. *Prov.* spade.

SPADHIR, spà'-yhèr, *n. f.* pocket-hole of a petty-coat; flap of trowsers, breeches, &c.

SPAIDEIL, spàjj'-al, *adj.* conceited, proud.

SPADIR, spàjj'-èr, *v.* scatter carelessly.

SPADREACH, spàjj'-ryach, *n. f.* thing scattered, or the state of lying here and there.

SPAIG, spàègg, *n. f.* wry mouth. *H. S.*

SPAILLICH, spàjj'-èchg, *n. f.* vain-glory.

SPAILP, spà'lp, *n. f.* the foot stretched out, as a self-important fellow does; airs of importance; great consequence in one's

own eyes; *chariog thu leas a bhi eir spailp ort riursa idir, tha mi am mhac math ar is athar cho math riut fhéin, you need not assume such airs in my presence at all,—I am just as good a man as yourself,—the son of parents as good as yours.*

SPAILPEIL, spà'lp'-al, *adj.* self-conceited.

SPAILPEIS, spà'lp'-ash, *n. f.* self-importance.

SPAIPÉAN, spà'lp'-aén, } *n. m.* a conceited

SPAILPIRE, spà'lp'-ér-a, } fellow; the Irish, spalpeen.

SPAILPIREACHD, spà'lp'-ér-achg, *n. f.* self-importance; airs of importance of a silly person.

SPAIN, spàén, *n. f.* a spoon; (spáintean, spoons); also *spain*, (shaped like a spoon.)

SPAINTÉACH, spà'n'-tyach, *adj.* belonging to Spain; *n. f.* rifle, a gun; spoonful; *spáinteach ime, spoonful of butter*; *n. m.* a Spaniard.

SPAIRN, spàèrny', *n. f.* effort, great exertion, hard task; *cha spàirn sin orm, that is no hard task for me*; *ni mi sin gun spàirn, I can manage that without an effort*; *spàirneag bàirneach, a limp*; *spàirneil, requiring struggles or efforts.*

SPAIRIS, spàèry'-èsh, *n. f.* (spaidhiris); *n. f.* the conduct or attitude of having the hands in the flaps of the trowsers; conceitedness, foppishness.

SPAIRSEACH, spàèr'-ach, } *adj.* foppish,

SPAIRSEIL, spàèr'-èsh-al, } beautish, gaudy.

SPAIRT, spàèrjt, *n. f. gen.* spart;—clod. *H.*; drop; *v.* spatter, bespatter.

SPAIRTE, spàèrjt'-à, *pt.* bolted, thrust, jammed.

SPAIRTEACH, spàèrjt'-ach, *adj.* thick, as cream.

SPAISD, spàshjj', *v.* walk. *O'Brien.*

SPAISDIR, spàshjj'-èr, *v.* walk for pleasure.

SPAISDREACH, spàshjj'-ryachg, *n. f.* a walk; a walk in a garden; promenade.

SPAISDREACHD, spàshjj'-ryachd, *n. f.* walking for exercise or pleasure; promenade; written sometimes *Spaisdireachd, &c.*

SPAISDRICH, spàshjj'-ryèch, *v.* walk, saunter.

SPAL, spàll, *n. f.* weaver's shuttle.

SPALAN, spàll'-an, *n. m.* pea-cod.

SPALPAIRE; see Spailpie.

SPANG, spàng, *n. f.* thin plate of metal.

SPANN, spànn, *v.*; see Spannaich.

SPANNACH, spànn'-èch, *n. f.* a splinter *spannach-anguill, bone of contention.*

SPANNAICH, spànn'-èch, *v.* splinter, dash.

SPAOL, spàol', *v.* tie tightly, swathe.

SPAOLTE, spàol'-tyà, *n. m.* a spindle of yarn.

SPAOLTE, spàol'-tyà, *pt.* swathed, swaddled.

SPARD, spàrd, *n. m.* roost; hen-roost.
 SPAAR, spàrr, *n. m.* thrust in, wedge in, clap upon; spàrr e 'lamh innte, *he thrust his hand into it*; sparr air e, *clap it on it*; a' crannadh is a' spàrradh an doruis, *bolting and wedging the door*; enforce by argument, inculcate; a' sparr-ach an nì so oirnn, *inculcating this thing on us*; *n. f.* a cross-beam of a couple; a large nail.
 SPARRACH, spàrr'-ach, *n. f.* a sheath, truail, *Leg.*
 SPARRADH, spàrr'-à, *p.* thirsting; inculcating.
 SPARRAG, spàrr'-ag, *n. f.* bridle-bit, mlr-eannach. *Bible.*
 SPARRACH, spàrr'-èch, *n. pl.* household furniture, particularly beds, tables, chairs, &c.—there are four words for household furniture in Islay.
 SPARRANAN, spàrr'-an-an, *n. pl.* spasms.
 SPART, spàrt, *n. m.* essence, quintessence; spart an uachdair, *the essence of cream*, the hest of cream; spart cabhrach, *the ferina of the sowens without the tiquid part.*
 SPATHAL, (spòll), spà'-alt, *n. f.* a limb. *North.*
 SPEACH, spech, *n. f.* a wasp; a smart clever blow, a bite; *v.* bite, strike smartly.
 SPEACHANTA, spech'-ant-a, *adj.* waspishness.
 SPEACHARRA, spech'-urr-a, *adj.* clever, active.
 SPEAD, spà'd', *n. f.* a wonderfully small foot or leg.
 SPEADACH, spà'd'-ach, *adj.* sheep-shanked; *n. f.* sheep-shanked female.
 SPEADAIRE, spà'd'-ur-à, *n. m.* a sheep-shanked man or gentleman.
 SPEAL, spyal, *n. f.* a scythe; *v.* scythe, mow.
 SPEALADAIR, spyal-ad-aér, *n. m.* a mower.
 SPEALADAIREACHD, spyal'-ad-aér'-achg, *n. f.* mowing.
 SPEALG, spyalg, *v.* splinter, split; *n. f.* splinter.
 SPEALGACH, spyalg'-ach, *n. f.* splinter; *a.* in splits.
 SPEALGAIRE, spyalg'-ur-a, *n. m.* a splinterer.
 SPEALT, spyal't, *n. m.* a tall person; *v.* splinter.
 SPEALTAIRE, spyal't-ur-a, *n. m.* cleaver, cutter.
 SPEARRACH, spyàrr'-ach, *n. f.* a sort of cross-fetters for sheep—for goats. *N.*
 SPEARRALACH, spyàrr'-al-ach, *n. f.* hamstring.
 SPEARRALAICH, spyàrr'-al-èch, *v.* hamstring.
 SPEIC, spéechg, *n. f.* a spike; spoke.
 SPEID, spéjj, *n. f.* expedition; preparation;

order; cuir spéid ort, *bestir yourself*; cuir spéid air siod neo so, *prepare this or that*; activity; (*Belg.* spoid).
 SPEIDEIL, spajj'-al, *a.* clever, business-like.
 SPEIL, spà'l, *n. pl.* cattle. *Ir.*; herd, or drove, *North*; *v.* climb, *Is.*; slide, skait, *North*; speileadaireachd, *climbing, sliding.*
 SPEILEANACHD, spà'l'-an-achg, *n. f.* sliding. *North.*
 SPEILEANTA, spà'l'-ant-a, *adj.* eloquent.
 SPEILEANTACHD, spà'l'-ant-achg, *n. f.* eloquence.
 SPEILG, spà'lg, *n. f.* a sheep-shank.
 SPEILGEACH, spà'lg'-ach, *adj.* sheep-shanked; *n. f.* a sheep-shanked lady or female.
 SPEILGIRE, spà'lg'-èr-à, *n. m.* a sheep-shanked man, a trifling-looking fellow.
 SPEIR, spàèr'², *n. f.* hoof, ham; gach speir a th'agam, *every hoof I possess.*
 SPEIRBH, spàèv, *n. f.* a very slender leg or foot.
 SPEIRBHEIS, spàèv'-ash, *n. f.* a sheep-shanked female.
 SPEIREACH, spàèr'-ach, *adj.* slender-limbed; *n. f.* cross-fetters.
 SPEIREAG, spàèr'-ag, *n. f.* sparrow-hawk.
 SPEIRID, spàèr'-èjj, *n. f.* energy; speed, expedition.
 SPEIRIDEIL, spàèr'-èjj-al, *adj.* active, expeditious.
 SPEIS, spàsh, *n. f.* love, affection, regard, attachment; thoir spéis, *regard, bestow affection*; ma bheir mi spéis do dh'aingidheachd, cha'n éisd an Tighearna rium, *if I regard iniquity, the Lord will not hear me, B.*; tha spéis aige dhith, *he is attached to her.*
 SPEISEALTA, spàsh'-allt-a, *adj.* cleanly, as a cook or housewife; neatly dressed, tasteful.
 SPEISEALTACHD, spàsh'-allt-achg, *n. f.* cleanliness, as cook or housewife; tastefulness.
 SPEISEIL, spàsh'-al, *adj.* fond of, attached to.
 SPEUC, spèchg, *v.* to diverge, divaricate.
 SPEUCLAIR, spàchg'-llàèr, *n. m.* pair of spectacles; an object of surprise or wonder.
 SPEUCLAIREACHD, spàchg'-llàèr-achg, *n. f.* opticians' trade, speculation or surprise.
 SPEUR, spàr, *n. m.* a star, the sky, or firmament; climate; the heavens; nèamh nan speur, *the starry heavens*; mar theine speur, *like the star-light, the fireball.* *Oss.*; nochdaidh na speura gnomh a làmh, *the firmament sheweth forth his handywork.* *Ps.*
 SPEUR, spàr, spèr, *v.* blaspheme, swear by the heavens—peculiar to Islay.

SPEURACH, spár'-ach, *adj.* celestial, etherial.
SPEURADH, spér'-à, *n. m.* blasphemy; a horrid oath; *a* an oath by Heaven.

SPEURADAIR, spár'-ad-àer, *n. m.* astrologer.
SPEURADAIR, spér'-ad-àer, *n. m.* blasphemer.

SPEURADAIREACHD, spár'-ad-aer-achg, *n. f.* astrology, astronomy, star-gazing, oaths.
SPEUR-GHOAM, spár'-ghorm, *a.* azure-green.

SPID, spèjj, *n. f.* contempt; the utmost contempt; tyranny; *a*"caitheadh spid orm, using me contemptuously; fo d' spid, under your contemptuous sway or tyranny; (spioite. *Belgic*); spite. *N.*

SPIDEALACHD, spèjj'-all-achg, *n. f.* contemptuous conduct or disposition; spitefulness.

SPIDEIL, spèjj'-all, *adj.* very contemptuous; in the North, in good health.

SPIGIEAN, spèl'-ég-àen, *n. m.* single grain.

SPIOC, spèchg, *n. f.* niggarcliness, meanness.

SPIOCACH, spèchg'-ach, *a.* dastardly, mean.

SPIOCAID, spèuch'-ajj, *n. f.* spigot; gaoir.

SPIOCAIRE, spèchg'-ur-a, *n. m.* mean fellow.

SPIOCAIREACHD, spèchg'-àer-achg, *n. f.* dastardliness, meanness, shabbiness, parsimony.

SPIOD, spèdd, *v.* tug or pull slightly. *Islay.*

SPIODADH, spèdd'-à, *pt.* tugging; *n. m.* quick pull or tug; a hint.

SPIOL, spèul, *v.* pluck, tug; pick in a childish way; as cattle, browse; as egg, unshell.

SPIOLADAIR, speul'-add-àer, *n. m.* picker, plucker.

SPIOLADH, speul'-à, *pt.* tugging, picking.

SPIOLG, speulg, *v.* unhusk, shell; *spiolgadh nam faochag, shelling the winkles.*

SPIOLGAIRE, spèulg'-ur-a, *n. m.* an husker.

SPION, spèn, *v.* pull, tug, root, tear from by force or violence; *ach na spion o'm' ghaol mise, but tear me not from my love. Oss.*; *spion* as a bhun e, eradicate, extirpate, root it out.

SPIONNADH, spéunn'-à, *n. m.* strength, vigour.

SPIONNDACH, speúnn'-ach, *adj.* strong, vigorous.

SPIONTACH, spéunt'-ach, *n. f.* skin wool. *Perthshire*; *marbhchan. Argyte.*

SPIONTACHAN, spéunn'-tach-an, *n. m.* a person like a plucked fowl.

SPIONTAG, speunt'-ag, *n. f.* a currant. *M'F.*

SPIORAD, spér'-ad, *n. m.* a spirit; spirituous liquors; an apparition, spectre; heart.

SPIORADAIL, spér'-ad-al, *adj.* spiritual.

SPIOKADALACHD, spér'-ad-al-achg, *n. f.* spirituality, spiritedness, liveliness.

SPIOSRACH, spès'-rach, *n. f.* spicery.

SPIOSRAICH, spès'-rèch, *v.* spice, season.

SPIAIS, spér'-èsh, *n. f.* a spire; hen-roost.

SPITHEAG, spè'-hag, *n. f.* pebble, small stone.

SPLAIDSE, splàish'-shà, *v.* fall with a crash; shut with a crash; *n. m.* a crash, noise.

SPLANG, splang, *n. f.* a sparkle; *v.* sparkle.

SPLEADH, splhaò, *n. m.* an enormous splay-foot, a large foot to serve for a bridge; a romance; see *Ridire nan spleadh, Don Quixotte*; *cum a stigh do spleadhan, keep in your ugly toes, or feet.*

SPLEADH, splè-aò, *v.* fall with a crash.

SPLEADHACH, splèaù'-ach, *adj.* romantic, incredible, having enormous feet, having ugly feet.

SPLEADHACHAS, splèaù'-ach-as, *n. f.* wonder, surprising nature or quality of any thing.

SPLEADHADH, splé'-à, *pt. n. m.* a fall, crash, falling.

SPLEADHAIRE, spleaù'-ur-à, *n. m.* a romancer.

SPLEADHRACH, spleaù'-ach, *adj.* romantic, incredible, enormous; gasgonading, romancing.

SPLEADHRAICH, spleaù'-èch, *n. f.* romance.

SPLÈUC, splèchg, *v.* flatten awkwardly, open your mouth and eyes and stare like a fool.

SPLÈUCACH, splèchg'-ach, *adj.* flat, ugly as stamped cloth, or print.

SPLÈUCAIN, splèchg'-àj, *n. f.* a foolish starrer

SPLÈUCAIR, splèchg'-àer, *n. m.* a foolish gazer.

SPLIUC, spleùchg, *n. f.* fluke of an anchor.

SPLIUCAN, spleùchg'-an, *n. m.* a tobacco-pouch.

SPLIUG, spleùgg, *n. f.* a blubber-tipped person's mouth, a most unmanly phis, or expression of countenance.

SPLIUGAID, spleùg'-àj, *n. f.* a blubbery female.

SPLIUGAIRE, spleùg'-ur-à, *n. m.* a blubberer.

SPLIUT, spléùtt, *n. f.* a splay-foot; *v.* gash.

SPLIUTAIRE, spleutt'-ur-a, *n. m.* splay-footed man; a splay-footed female, spliut-ach.

SPOCH, spoch, *n. f.* a sudden attack or assault, as a cat does; *v.* attack angrily.

SPOCHANACH, spoch'-an-ach, *a.* fond of picking quarrels.

SPOCHANACHD, spoch'-an-achg, *n. f.* picking quarrels, as a feeble ill-natured person.

SPOG, spóg, *n. f.* a paw, claw, flat foot.

SPOGACH, spóg'-ach, *a.* clawed, pawed.

SPOINNICH, spòenn'-èch, *v.* bristle against.

SPOITHTE, spó'-tya, *pt.* gelded, castrated, prepared for thatch, as straw; very bare, as a measure.

SROLL, spòll, *n. f.* a quarter, leg, as of a sheep, fowl; *v.* quarter, tear.

SPONG, spóng, *n. m.* a tinder, meanness.

SPONGAIRE, spóng'-ur-à, *n. m.* churl, nig-gard.

SPONGAIREACHD, spöng'-ur-achg, *n. f.* churlishness, niggardliness, mean disposition.

SPOR, spör, *n. f.* a spur, talon of a cock, gun-flint; *v.* incite, instigate, spur.

SPORAN, spör'-an, *n. m.* a purse, dew-lap.

SPORG, spörg, *v.* ruzzle, struggle without effect.

SPORGAIL, spörg'-ul, *n. f.* ruzzle, ruzzling noise; *pl.* ruzzling, struggling without effect.

SPORRAICH, spörr'-èch, *v.* bristle; *spor-raich e rium*, he bristled up to me.

SPORS, spörs, *n. f.* diversion, play, fun; gheibh sinn spörs, we shall get some sport or fun; pride, disdain; 'si an spörs thug ort sin a dheanadh, sheer pride made you do it.

SPORSAIL, spörs'-al, *a.* proud, disdainful.

SPORSALACHD, spörs'-al-achg, *n. f.* pridefulness, disdainfulness, sheer haughtiness.

SPOT, spöt, *n. f.* a spot; (spotte, *Flem.*)

SPOTAGACH, spött'-ag-ach, *a.* spotted.

SPOTH, sphò, *v.* geld, castrate; fit straw for thatch.

SPOTHAIDIR, sphò'-ad-aèr, *n. m.* gelder.

SPOTHAIDH, sphò'-à, *pl.* gelding, castrating.

SPRAIC, sprächg, *n. f.* an angry, authoritative tone of voice, and attitude; cleverness.

SPRAICIL, sprächg'-al, *adj.* authoritative, commanding, lively, active, energetic.

SPRAIGH, spräch'-y', *v.* burst, (ais-braigh.)

SPRAIGHEADH, spräch'-y-à, *pl. n.* burst, bursting.

SPREIDH, spräch'-y', *n. f.* cattle of all sorts.

SPREIG, sprächg, *v.* divulge any thing you are enjoined to keep secret;—reprove. *B.*; blame, reprove. *Highland Society.*

SPREIGEADH, sprächg'-à, *n. m.* pith, energy; mòine gun spreigeadh, pithless peats; *pl.* divulging a secret. *Islay*; chiding, reproving, ineiting, instigating. *Bible*; *Highland Society.*

SPREIGIL, sprächg'-al, *a.* lively, energetic.

SPREILL, spräll'y', *n. f.* the tongue hanging out in contempt, or from discontent.

SPREOCHAINN, spryöchg'-ènn, *n. f.* a person or thing hardly hanging together;—feebleness, want of pith. *H. Society.*

SPREOD, spryöd, *n. m.* spirit;—beam. *H. S.*

SPROCHD, spröchg, *n. m.* dejection, sadness, lowness of spirits, melancholy.

SÞROG, SÞROGAN, sprog'-an, dewlap.

SPROGAILL, sprög'-ally', *n. m.* dewlap. *N.*

SPRUAN, sprüan, *n. m.* short-bread, brush-wood.

SPRUHAN, *n. m.* fragments, crumbs.

SPRUILEACH, sprü'l'-ach, *n. m.* fragments.

SPRUISEIL, sprüsh'-al, *a.* neat, trim. (*All Languages.*)

SÞUACADH, spüächg'-à, *pl.* daubing awk-

wardly; plastering any thing against mightily.

SÞUAIC, spüächg, *n. f.* a bruise, a maul, celloosity; a tumour on the side of the head; *sÞuaic theanga*, disease in cattle; *v.* maul, bruise, plaster awkwardly with all your might.

SÞUILL, spüèlly' *v.* plunder, spoil, prey.

SÞUINN, spüènn, *v.* plunder, spoil, rob; an spüinn duine Dia, shall a man rob God? *Bible*; *n. f.* spoil.

SÞUINNEADAIR, spüènn'-ad-aèr, *n. m.* plunderer, spoiler.

SÞUINNEADH, spüènn'-à, *pl.* spoiling, plundering.

SÞUIN, spüèr, *n. f.* a spur, talon.

SÞUIRSE, spürsh'-à, *n. f.* milk-weed, spurge.

SÞULL, spüll, *n. f.* nail of a cat; a clutch.

SÞILLACH, spüll'-ach, *a.* nailed, greedy; *n. f.* a very greedy, monopolising female.

SÞILLAIKE, spüll'-ur-a, *n. m.* greedy man.

SÞIUT, spütt, *n. f.* a spout; bad liquor or topdash; *v.* squirt, spout, pour out; gunna-spütt, a syringe; a' spüttadh, squirting.

SÞUTAIKE, spüt'-ur-a, *n. m.* a bird; syringe.

SÞADH, sräv, *n. m.* a straw; a trusadh na sräh is a leigil nam boitean leis an abhainn, gathering straws, and allowing the trusses to go with the stream; *v.* scatter here and there.

SÞADHACH, sräv'-ach, *a.* scattered, strawy.

SÞAC, srächg, *v.* tear, rend violently.

SÞACADH, srächg'-à, *pl. n. m.* tearing; a rend.

SÞACAIKE, srachg'-ur-a, *n. m.* render, tearer.

SÞACANTA, srächg'-ant-a, *adj.* turbulent.

SÞAD, srädd, *n. f.* a spark of fire; quick temper; *v.* emit sparks of fire; sparkle.

SÞADADH, srädd'-à, *pl.* emitting sparks.

SÞADANTA, srädd'-ant-à, *adj.* quick-tempered.

SÞADRACH, srädd'-räch, *n. f.* sparkle; half inebriety.

SÞADH, srächj, *n. f.* a street, a row, rank; *v.* walk the streets, pace, step forward.

SÞAIDEACH, sräj'-ach, *n. f.* a lane; *adj.* full of streets.

SÞAIDEAMACHD, } sräj'-am-achg, *n. f.* walk-
SÞAIDIMEACHD, } ing for pleasure or exercise; pacing.

SÞAIDEAMAICH, sräj'-am-èch, *v.* walk for pleasure or exercise.

SÞRAIGH, sräch'-y', or srü'-èy', *n. f.* the cartilage of the nose; cuiridh mi ear an sÞraigh do shòdine, I will twist the cartilage of your nose; *v.* sneeze; tha e a' sÞraightheadh, he is sneezing; murdered in many places, SÞREOTHADH.

SÞRAIGHEARTAICH, sräl'-art-èch, *n. f.* sneezing

SÞRANN, sränn, *n. f.* a snore, whiz; *v.* snore, whiz; **SÞROVINCIAL** for sreann, sÞryänn.

SRANN, srànn, *n. f.* a drink as deep as one's breath will permit him; *v.* drink deep.
 SRANNADH, srànn'-à, *n. m.* great offence.
 SRAON, sràon, *v.* make a false step. *H. S.*
 SRAONADH, sràon'-à, *n. m.* great offence.
 SRAONAS, sràon'-àsh, *n. f.* great snuffiness.
 SRAONASEACH, sràon'-ash-ach, *a.* snuffy.
 SRATH, sràh, *n. m.* a plain beside a river; meadow; flat part of a valley; a valley; luchd-àiteachaidh an t-srath, *the inhabitants of the valley. Bible; in Scotch, strath; Cornish, srath; Welsh, ysrad; Latin, stratum.*
 SRATHACH, sràh'-ach, *adj.* full of valleys.
 SRATHAID, sràh'-èr, *n. f.* pannier-saddle; bithidh na caidearan, a' tighinn air na srathraichean, *horse-dealers talk of pannier-saddles. Prov.; every one to his shop.*
 SREAM, sryem, rheum, wrinkle.
 SREAMAID, sryém'-éj, *n. f.* a string of slaver, or snorter.
 SREANG, sréng, *n. f.* a string; charm to prevent harm from an evil eye.
 SREANGACH, sréng'-ach, *adj.* capillary, in strings.
 SREANGAICH, sréng'-éch, *v.* string; get capillary.
 SREANGAICHTE, sréng'-éch-tyá, *pt.* tied; capillary.
 SREANN, sryánn, *n. f.* a snore, snort; whiz, buze, humming noise; *v.* snore, snort.
 SREANNARTAICH, sryánn'-art-éch, *n. f.* a continuous buzzing, whizzing; snoring or snorting.
 SREANN-CHORR, sryánn'-chórr', *n. f.* a whirlwind. *Islay.*
 SREAP for streup, to climb.
 SREAT, SREATAN, srátt'-an, *n. m.* a screech; sreatan lughadaireachd, *a screech of blasphemies.*
 SREATH, srá², *n. f.* row, rank, stratum; sreath-aghaidh, *a van; sreath-chùl, rear.*
 SREATHACH, srá²'-ach, *adj.* in ranks or rows.
 SREATHAICH, srá'-éch, *v.* place in ranks.
 SREATHAINN; see Sgreothainn, kiln-straw.
 SREIN, SREINE, srán'-à, *gen.* of srian, bridle.
 SREINGLEIN, sréng'-lyèn, *n. f.* strangles; foghach. *North.*
 SREOTHAN, sryö'-an, *n. m.* semen, film.
 SREOTHARTAICH; see Sraigheartaich, sneezing.
 SREUD, sräd, *n. m.* for treud, a drove.
 SREUP, sräp, for streup, to climb.
 SRIAN, sréan, *n. f.* a bridle, a streak; *v.* bridle.
 SRIANACH, sréan'-ach, *a.* bridled, streaked.
 SRIANTE, sréan'-tyá, *pt.* bridled, curbed.
 SRIUT, sréüt, *n. m.* torrent of quick sounds.
 SROIN, sröen, *n. f.* a huff; tha sröen air, *he is huffed, or offended; gen.* of sröen.

SROINEIS, srön'-ash, *n. f.* snuffling, huffiness.
 SROINEISEACH, sröen'-ash-ach, *adj.* huffy, snuffy.
 SROL, sröll, *n. m.* gauze, crape, veil, banner.
 SROLACH, sröll'-ach, *a.* dressed with crape.
 SRON, srön, *n. f.* a nose, promontory, or peak, supposed to resemble a nose; a huff; tha srön air, *he is huffed, he is offended.*
 SRONACH, srön'-ach, *adj.* having a prominent nose; *n. f.* nose-string.
 SRONAIL, srön'-al, *adj.* nasal.
 SRAUN, srüan, *n. m.* shortbread cake having five corners. *Is.*
 SRUB, srüb, *v.* suck, inhale drink, as far as your breath will permit you; draw in, imbibe.
 SRUBADH, srüb'-à, *pt.* inhaling, imbibing; *n. f.* a large mouthful of liquids.
 SRUBAG, srüb'-ag, *n. f.* a little gulp.
 SRUBAIRE, srüb'-ur-à, *n. m.* a sucker, inhaler.
 SRUIL, srül, *v.* rinse, half-cleanse; sruthail; *v. n.* gulp, drink; srüil ort e, *gulp it up.*
 SRULACH, srül'-ach, *a.* coming in streams.
 SAULADH, srüll'-à, *pt.* half-washing, rinsing, gulping.
 SAULADH, srüll'-à, suction of air; a srüladh a tha bho'n dorus, *the suction, or stream of air that comes from the door.*
 SAULLAMAS, srüll'-am-as, *n. m.* a person that speaks as if his mouth was filled with liquid.
 SRUTH, srü, *n. m.* current, stream, tide; tha'n sruth 'nar aghaidh, *the stream is against us, the current is running right a-head; saobh-sruth, eddy-tide; v.* stream, flow, as water; shed, drip, melt; a' sruthadh dheur, *shedding tears; a' sruthadh a nuas, dropping down; sruthaidh na beantan, the hills shall melt. B.; am marbh-sruth, slack-water; coilcach an t-sruth, ripple of the current; le sruth is soirbheas, having fair wind, a favourable tide; tha'n sruth leinn, the current is favourable; torrent, a fountain; sruthannan na beatha, the fountains of life; conf hadh an t-sruth, the rage of the torrent. Oss.; bhrist faire air monadh an t-sruth, dawn broke on the hill of streams; a' dol leis an t-sruth, going with the stream, going down-hill.*
 SRUTHACH, srü'-ach, *adj.* streaming.
 SAUTHADH, srü'-à, *pt.* flowing, spending, as corn in the shock.
 SRUTHAN, srhu'-an, *n. m.* streamlet, rivulet, rill.
 SAUTHANACH, srü'-an-ach, full of rivulets.
 SAUTHAIL, srül, rinse with water; see Sruil.

SRUTHLAG, srúll'-ag, *n. f.* the discharge of a mill.

STA for Stath, sthâ, advantage, use.

STABHACH, stáv'-ach, *adj.* straddling, wide asunder.

STABHAIC, stav'-échg, *n. f.* a wry-neck, a sullen, or boorish attitude of the head.

STABLAIR, stább'-llaer, *n. m.* a stabler.

STABULL, stábh'-ull, *n. m.* a stable; (*Latin*, stabulum.)

STAC, stachg, *n. m.* a steep rock, conical hill; dullness of hearing.

STACACH, stächg'-ach, *adj.* dull of hearing; very unready to take fire; peaky, uneven.

STACACHD, stächg'-achg, *n. f.* deafness; unaptness to take fire.

STACAICHE, stächg'-échg-â, *n. f.* degree of deafness.

STACHAILL, stäch'-élly, *n. m.* a bar, a barrier.

STAD, stádd', *n. m.* a stop, period; stopping, detention, impediment, pause; *v.* stop, impede, hinder; *tha stad na chainnt, there is an impediment in his speech; gun stad, incessantly, unceasingly; deán stad, wait, stop, pause; not so fast.*

STADACH, stádd'-ach, *adj.* ceasing, lispings.

STADACHD, stádd'-achg, *n. f.* impediment, detention; tendency or proneness to stop.

STADACH, stádd'-échg, *n. f.* stop, impediment of speech; *duine aig an robh stad-aich na chainnt, a man who had an impediment of speech. Bible.*

STADH, stað'-gh, *n. m.* stays; the rope that sustains the mast; *dhiúlt i tighinn 'sa stadh, she refused stays; a' tighinn 'sa stadh, putting about, as a ship or boat; ar stadh is ar tarrainn, cum fallann, our stays and haulyards, preserve thou; a swathe of grass, or what the scythe cuts at a stroke.*

STADHADH, stað'-h, *n. m.* a lurch, sudden bend.

STAGARSAICH, stág'-ars éch, *n. f.* staggering, stammering; (*Belgic staggerer.*)

STAD, stájj, *n. f.* state, condition; *is truagh mo staid, sad is my condition; an estate, proprietorship.*

STAIDEALACHD, stájj'-all-achg, *n. f.* sedateness.

STAIDEIL, stájj'-al, *adj.* sedate, portly.

STAIIDHIR, stá'-hér, *n. f.* a stair, steps.

STAIIDHAEACH, stáér'-ach, *a.* having a stair, or steps.

STAIIDHICHEAN, stáér'-échg-un, *n. pl.* stairs.

STAIL, stál', *n. f.* bandage, strop. *North.*

STAILC, stal'échg, *n. f.* thump; *a.* lash against.

STAILINN, stá'Y'-inn, *n. f.* steel; (*Belg. staal.*)

STAILINNEACH, stá'Y'-échg-ach, *a.* adamantine.

STAING, sténg, *n. f.* a firm well-built per-

son or beast; an insurmountable bar or barrier; an objection not easily got rid of. *Is.*; a ditch. *B.*;—pointed rock, peg-*North.*

STAINGEACH, sténg'-ach, *adj.* full of ditches, or difficult.

STAIR, staor', *n. f.* a temporary bridge for cattle, *Skye*; (*ccasach*); stepping-stones. *North.*

STAIRIRICH, properly Stararaich, noise.

STAIRN, stâern, *n. f.* noise, tramping.

STAIAT, stâért, *n. f.* considerable distance, trip.

STAIRSEACH, STAIRSNEACH, star'-shach, starsh'-nyach, *n. f.* a threshold; starsach.

STAIT, stájt'y', *n. m.* a magistrate, great man of a place or city; *stáilean na tíre, neo a bhaile, the great men of the country, or magistrates of the city.*

STAITHEALACHD, stájt'y'-all-achg, *n. f.* magisterial conduct or gait, stateliness.

STAITAIL, stájt'y'-al, *adj.* magisterial, portly.

STALC, stal'k, *v.* dash your foot against. *Islay*; thread a hook, tap. *Mainland*; starch. *Lochaber*; gaze, stare. *North*; *n. m.* a dash against, thump.

STALCADH, stalk'-h, *pl.* dashing, thumping, threading or hooping; starching, &c.

STALCANTA, stalk'-annt-a, *adj.* stout, firm.

STALCANTACHD, stalk'-annt-achg, *n. f.* stoutness.

STALL, stáll', *n. m.* bearing; proper state; *cha 'n urrainn mi a thoirt gu stáll, I cannot bring him or it to a bearing, or proper state or trim.*

STALL, stáll, *v.* dash violently against.

STALLA, stall'-â, *n. m.* craggy, steep. *N.*

STALLADH, stáll'-h, *pl.* dashing, thumping; *n. m.* a smart thump, or dash against.

STALLACAIRE, stall'-achg-ur'-a, *n. m.* a blockhead.

STALLACAIREACHD, stáll'-achg-ur-achg, *n. f.* stupidity.

STAMAC, stam'-ag, *n. f.* stomach; (*Latin*, stomachus.)

STAMH, stáv, *n. m.* a bull's — dried for the purpose of lashing horses; a kind of tangle. *Skye*; (*doire, Islay.*)

STAMHNAICH, stáv'-nnéchg, *v.* reduce to order; break a young horse; drub lustily; *a' stamhnachadh, drubbing or breaking, as a horse*;—press down, compress. *N.*

STAMB, stámb, *v.* trample, stamp, damn.

STAMBADH, stámb'-h, *trampling, condemning, without a hearing.*

STAMBE, stámb'-tyâ, *pl.* trampled, pressed, cursed, corrupt; *duine slámble, a cursed, or very wicked fellow.*

STAMP, stámp, *n. m.* a stamp. *Teutonic.*

STAN, stán, *adj.* below, shios; *North.*

STANG, stang, *n. m.* a tank, pool.

STANN, stánn, *n. f.* a vat, or tun *stann* cléith, *worm-vat*, or *-tun*; a stall, stand, or stance, as at a market.

STANNART, stánn'-art, *n. f.* standard.

STAOIG, stáoëg, *n. f.* a clumsy beef-steak; *v.* cut into clumsy steaks, or lumps.

STAOIN, stáoën, *n. f.* tin. *B.*; laziness. *Perthshire*; juniper; caoran *staoin*, *juniper-berries*. *North*.

STAON, stáon, *v.* bend, curve. *Irish*.

STAPAG; see Fuarag; Scotch crowdy.

STAGRAM, stáor'-um, *n. f.* inclination. *N.*

STAPLAICH, stáp'-lléich, *n. f.* noise of the sea.

STAPULL, stáp'-ull, *n. m.* a staple. *Teut.*

STARACHD, stár'-achg, *n. f.* romping, blustering.

STARARAICH, star'-ar-éich, *n. f.* great noise.

STARBANACH, starv'-an-ach, *n. m.* a stout fellow. *Macdonald*.

STARD, stárd, *n. f.* a moon-eye.

STARSHUILEACH, stárd'-hu'-lach, *a.* moon-eyed.

STARN, stárn, *n. m.* an upstart.

STARR, stárr, *v.* shove violently, dash; *n. m.* sort of grass, *Lewis*; seag, *Argyle*.

STARRACHD, stárr'-achg, *n. f.* roaming. *Sk.*

STARRADH, stárr'-X, *pt.* pushing violently, dashing;—failing, whim, freak. *H. S.*

STARRAICH, stárr'-éich, *n. f.* complete intoxication.

STARRS, stárrs, *n. m.* starch.

STARASACH, stárrs'-ach, *n. f.* threshold, bar, barrier; *na stárrsach an síod*, as a barrier yonder.

STARRSAICH, stárrs'-éich, starch, stiffen.

STATH, státh, *n. m.* good purpose, or end, use, benefit; gnotrach air bheag *státh*, a thing worth little; cha'n 'eil státh an sin duit, that serves no end to you; cha'n 'eil státh bhi tighinn air sin, to speak of that serves no good purpose; cha'n 'eil státh air so, this is useless.

STATHALACHD, státh'-áll-achg, *n. f.* usefulness.

STATHAIL, státh'-al, *adj.* useful, profitable.

STEABHAG, styeff'-ag, or styév'-ag, *n. f.* switch.

STEACH, styech', *adv.* inside, in, within; 'nuair a tháinig iad a steach, when they came in.

STEADHAINN, styé'-éinn, *n. f.* firm, pointed and punctual mode of pronouncing your words.

STEADHAINNEACH, styé'-énn-ach, *adj.* making a slight pause between every word in speaking or reading; punctual.

STEALDRACH, styall'-drach, *n. f.* a torrent; state of being a good deal intoxicated.

STEALL, styáll, *n. f.* a plash, gush; a considerable quantity of any liquid; a torrent, or heavy shower of rain; *v.* plash, pour out irregularly.

STEALLACH, styall'-ach, *a.* plashing, gushing.

STEALLADH, styall'-X, *pt.* plashing, gushing.

STEALLAIRE, styall'-ur-á, *n. m.* a cascade, or cataract, (eas); a watering-can;—a syringe;—glyster, or clyster. *Irish*.

STEARNALL, styárn'-all, *n. m.* sea-bird, tern;—a sign of an inn. *Irish*.

STEIC, styéich, *n. f.* a cow's stake, or stall.

STEIC-BHRAGHD, styéich-vrádd', *n. f.* wind-pipe. *Irish*.

STEIDH, styäc'-y', *n. f.* foundation, basis; is i mo lámh a leag stéidh na talmhainn, it is my hand that has laid the foundations of the earth. *B.*; the piling of peats. *Lew.*; stéidh-theagaisg, a text; *v.* found, build upon; pile peats; in *Sutherlandshire*, stéibh.

STEIDHEALACHD, styäc'-all-achg, *n. f.* solidity, steadiness, punctuality, firmness.

STEIDHEIL, styäc'-y-al, *adj.* decisive in character; solid, firm, steady, punctual.

STEIDHICH, styäc'-yéich, *v.* found; stéidh.

STEIDHICHTE, styäc'-yéich-tyá, *pt.* founded.

STEILL, styälly'², styélly'², *n. f.* pin or peg, on which something is hung. *H. S.*; a long fellow.

STEIMHLEAG, styév'-lyog, *n. f.* hasp of a lock.

STEINLE, styén'-lyá, *n. f.* itch; (sgriobach.) *Irish*.

STEINN, styäénn, *v.* stain; *v. n.* disappoint; stéinn e orm, he disappointed me, he defeated my purpose.

STEINNEADH, styäénn'-X, *pt.* disappointing, staining; *n. m.* disappointment; a stain.

STEOC, styóchg, *v.* stalk, strut; *n. c.* idler.

STEOCAIR, styóchg'-aér, *n. m.* stalker; an idler.

STEOBN, styórn, *v.* guide by the stars; *n.* a stare. *Arm.*

STEOTHAG, styó'-ag, *n. f.* switch, cane, light staff; steothaireachd, sauntering with a switch in your hand.

STEUD, styäd, *n. f.* a fine young mare; a charger; race-horse; a stride; *v.* run a race; bu lauihe a' steudadh e na ghaoith, he could run swifter than the wind. *Macgregor*; a wave.

STIALL, styéáll, *n. f.* a long streak or stripe of cloth, &c.; *v.* tear in stripes.

STIALLACH, styéáll'-ach, *adj.* striped, streaked.

STIALLAIRE, styéáll'-ur-á, *n. m.* a drawling f—; a long, ugly fellow.

STIC, styéichg, *v.* stick, adhere; (stican, *Sax.*); *n. c.* a bad pet of a person, black-guard; a stake, or kiln-rafter.—in *H. S.*, blemish, hurt.

STICEARTACH, styéichg'-art-ach, *n. m.* a long person; an apparition that stalks aside houses.

STIDEAN, styéjj'-an; see Stiodach, puss.
STIGH, staéù'-y', ('san tigh,) *adv.* within, in the house; inside; thelrig a stigh, go in; am bheil e stigh, is he within? 'a stigh na muigh, either within or without; cuir a stigh e, put inside, push it in; *Inter.* away in! in with you! stigh, stigh, away in! away in with you!
STINGLEAG; see Steimhleag.
STIOB, styébb, *v.* steep, soak; (*Belgic*, stippen.)
STIOBAOH, styébb'-ā, *pt.* steeping, soaking.
STIOBULL, styébb'-ull, *n. f.* a steeple, spire.
STIOCACH, styuchg'-ach, *adj.* lame. *North.*
STIOCALL, styúchg'-āll, *n. m.* buttress. *Islay.*
STIOCANTA, styéchg'-ant-ā, *adj.* adhesive.
STIODACH, styé'd'-ach, *n. f.* *Inter.* puss! push!
STIOG, styé'g, *n. f.* a stripe in cloth, &c.
STIOGACH, styé'g'-ach, *adj.* striped, streaked;—sorry. *N.*; *n. f.* a slim, sleeky female.
STIOM, styém, *n. f.* a fillet, faltan; ringlet. *Bible.*
STIORAP, sté'r'-ap, *n. f.* a stirrup.
STIORLACH, styéur'-ach, *n. f.* sorry long female.
STIORLAN, styéur'-an, *n. m.* any ugly long thing.
STIORNACH, styéurn'-ach, *n. m.* sturgeon.
STIUBHARD, styú'-art, *n. m.* a steward.
STIUBHARDACHD, styú'-art-achg, *n. f.* stewardship.
STIPINN, styép'-énn, *n. f.* stipend. (*Latin.*)
STIPINNEAR, styép'-énn-āer, *n. m.* a stipendiary.
STIUIR, styúr', *n. f.* the helm, rudder; fear na stiurach, the helmsman; iarunn stiurach, helm-hinge or pivot; two long feathers in a cock's tail; the long, elastic tail of a lobster; *v.* steer, direct, guide, lead; stiuir am bàta, steer the boat; stiuir dhachaidh e, direct or guide him home.
STIURADAIR, styúr'-add'āer, *n. m.* helmsman, one that steers a vessel.
STIURADH, styúr'-ā, *pt.* steering, guiding, directing, managing; *n. m.* direction, guidance, management.
STOB, stób, *n. m.* stab; *v.* thrust, prick, set potatoes by making a hole and putting potatoes into it.
STOBACH, stób'-ach, *adj.* prickly, thorny.
STOBADH, stób'-ā, *pt.* planting potatoes, &c.
STOBH, stó, *v.* stew; stóbhte, stewed.
STOBH, stó, *v.* stow; *v. n.* stick to, as a person; feel affection for.
STOC, stóchg, *n. m.* stock, pack of cards, trunk of tree, root, capital, store, cravat; gad bhásachadh an stoc, though the stock (trunk,) should perish. *B.*; *v. n.* object, cast up; tha e a' stocadh sìod is so riun,

he objects this and that; cha riog thu leas a bhi stocadh sin riumsa, you need not object that to me,—don't cast up that to me.

STOCAICH, stóchg'-èch, *v.* stock a farm.
STOCAIDH, } stóchg'-èch, *n. f.* stocking.
STOCAICH, } hose; dealg stocaich, stocking-wire.
STOICINNICH, stóchg'-énn-èch, *v.* season, as a cask.
STOD, stódd', *n. m.* a huff, pet; sudden fit of peevishness; ghabh e stod, he took the pet, he was quite huffed at it.
STODACH, stódd'-ach, *a.* huffy, pettish; *n. f.* pet.
STODAIR, stódd'-ur-ā, *n. m.* a pettish fellow.
STOIEAL, stoyp'-all, *n. m.* bung, stopple.
STOIRM, stóerm, *n. f.* storm; (ais-toirm); all Languages; tingling, or ringing sensation in the ear.
STOIRMEALACHD, stóerm'-all-achg, *n. f.* storminess.
STOIRNEIL, stóerm'-al, *adj.* stormy, blowy, keen.
STOL, stóll, *n. m.* stool, properly furm; *v.* settle.
STOLDA, stóld'-ā, *adj.* sedate; solemn in gait.
STOLDACHD, stóld'-achg, *n. f.* solemnity of step; sedateness, staidness, tameness.
STOP, stóp, *n. m.* a measure for liquids; pot for liquors; stóp-pinnt, half-gallon measure; stóp-seipinn, quart-measure; stóp-bodaich, half-quart measure; stóp-leabhodaich, a half-pint measure; stóp-ceathra, a gill measure.
STOP, stóp, *v.* dam up, or prevent from running; stop, bung; (*Belgic*, stoppen, stoppe.)
STOPADH, stópp'-ā, *pt.* stopping, bunging.
STOR, stór, *n. m.* poet. cont. of stòras.
STOR, stór, *n. m.* a bull—word used to excite a bull, to call him; stór! stór! Perthshire; in Islay, toraidh! tòraidh!
STOR, stór, *n. m.* steep, high peak. *Skye*; *v.* store.
STORAS, stór'-as, *n. m.* wealth, great riches.
STORASACH, stór'-as-ach, *a.* wealthy, rich.
STOTH, stòh, *n. m.* steam; a stoth a thàinig as a' choirce, the steam that came from the cauldron; stench;—*v.* lop off branches.
STOTH-BHATA, stoh-vhàtt'-a, *n. f.* steam-boat.
STRABADH, strabhl'-ājj, *n. f.* a whore, harlot.
STRABAIR, strabhl'-āer-ā, *n. m.* a whore-monger.
STRABHAIC, stra'-ég, *n. m.* lay-straw; sgreothainn. *North.*
STRAC, stráchg, *n. m.* a drake. *Skye*; a streak or plank in boat-building; *v.* aim at; a' stràcadh urra, aiming at her, bent on getting her.

STRAIC, stráechg, *n. f.* the brim of a measure, the strike or measure-roller; pride, arising from abundance; gun *stráic*, without being proud of wealth; *v.* roll or strike a measure in measuring.

STRAICEIL, stráechg'-al, *adj.* purse-proud.

STRAIGHIL, strí-yh'-él, *v.* thump noisily.

STRAIGHLEADH, stríall'-á, *pl.* thumping noisily; *n. m.* a noisy almost harmless blow.

STRAIGHLICH, strí'l'-éch, *n. f.* clangor, clashing, blustering, swaggering; noise, or bustle.

STREAP, stráp, *v.* climb, scale, struggle, or scramble; *n. f. pl.* climbing, struggling; scaling, scrambling

STREAPADAIR, stráp'-ad-àir, *n. m.* climber, ladder.

STREUP, stráp, for streupaid, a row, fray.

STREUPAID, stráp'-áj, *n. f.* row, fray, skirmish.

STREUPAIDEACH, stráp'-áj-ach, *a.* quarrelsome.

STRÍ, corruption of striobh, which is used in Knapdale and Sutherlandshire.

STRIAM, stréam, *n. m.* a long shred.

STRIAMALACH, stréam'-al-ach, *n. f.* any thing long and ugly; long ugly person.

STRÍALL, stréáll, *n. f.* a long shred, stripe; *v.* tear in long stripes, as cloth.

STRÍANACH, stréan'-ach, *n. m.* badger, (broc).

STRÍOBH, strévv, and stré, *v.* strive; *n. f.* strife.

STRÍOBHAIL, strévv'-al, *adj.* emulous.

STRÍOCH, stréch, *v.* draw a line; *n. f.* a line.

STRÍOCHD, stréchg, *v.* yield, submit, surrender, strike; *cha stríochdainn do dhuine*, I would not yield to any one; *b' fheudar dhaibh stríochdadh*, they were compelled to yield, or surrender.

STRÍOCHDADH, stréchg'-á, *pl.* yielding, submitting, giving up; *n. m.* submission, obedience.

STRÍOCHOTE, stré'ch'-tyá, *pt.* yielded, submissive, compliant.

STRÍOLL, stréüll, *n. f.* a girth, Irish.

STRÍOP, strépp, *n. f.* whoredom; (*Dan.* a female.)

STRÍOPACH, strépp'-ach, *n. f.* a whore.

STRÍOPACHAS, strépp'-ach-as, *n. f.* whoredom.

STRÍOFAIRE, strépp'-ur-á, *n. m.* whore-monger.

STRODH, stró, *n. m.* (striudheas), prodigality.

STROIC, stróechg, *v.* tear asunder, lacerate; *n. f.* a long rag, or ragged person.

STROICEADH, stróechg'-á, *pt.* tearing asunder.

STRUINN, strúe'-y', *v.* spend, waste, squander.

STRUIDHEAS, strúe'-yhas, *n. m.* prodigality.

STRUIDHEASACH, strúe'-yhas-ach, *a.* prodigal.

STRUIDHEASACHD, strúe'-yhas-achg, *n. f.* extreme extravagance, waste or prodigality.

STRUIDHEIL, strúe'-yhal, *a.* extravagant.

STRUP, strúp, *n. m.* spout of a kettle, (*Dan.*)

STUMP, strúmp, *n. m.* spout of a kettle.

STAUTH, strúh, *n. f.* an ostrich, *Job.* 39. 13.

STUCACH, stúachg'-ach, *adj.* stupid, boorish.

STUCACHD, stúachg'-achg, *n. m.* stupidity.

STUCAIRE, stúachg'-àir-á, *n. m.* a block-head.

STUCAIKEACHD, stúachg'-àir-achg, *n. f.* stupidity.

STUADH, stúá'-gh, *n. f.* a mountain-high wave, pillar, column; *stuaðhaibh deataich*, pillars of smoke, *Bible.*

STUADHACH, stúá'-ach, *a.* having huge waves.

STUADHADH, stúá'-á, *pt.* approaching, approximating; coming near in excellence.

STUAIC, stúáechg, *n. f.* a wry-neck and sullen countenance, expressive of discontent, an extreme boorishness or stupidity, —little hill. *H. S.*

STUAIDH, stúáe'-y', *n. f.* a gable of a house; *v.* come near, approximate; *cha stuaidh thu air*, you will not come near him, *this will not approximate it*; *cha stuaidh so air a lionadh*, this will not near fill it.

STUAIM, stúáem, *n. f.* guardedness; temperance, prudence, modesty; *a' reusanachadh ma fhirinteachd stuaim*, agus breathanas ri teachd, ghabh Felix eagal mòr, reasoning about righteousness, temperance, and judgment to come, *Felix trembled*, *Acts* xxiv. 25.; *stuaim* is meekness, meekness and modesty, *Bible*; *Geal-làimh na stuaim*, the fair, prudent, (cautious) hand. *Oss.*

STUAMA, stúám'-a, *adj.* temperate in desire or appetite; temperate, moderate; *a' teagasg dhuinn gach mì-dhiadhachd agus ana-mianna áicheadh*, agus ar beatha a chaitheadh gu *stuama* gu cothromach agus gu *Diadhaidh anns an t-saoghal* so láthair, teaching us to deny all ungodliness and worldly lusts, and to spend our lives soberly, righteously, and godly in this present life. *Titus* iii. 12; modest.

STUC, stúchg, *n. m.* a lump; surliness.

STUC, stúchg, *n. f.* a pinnacle, a conical steep rock; precipice; cliff.

STUCACH, stúchg. stúk'-ach, *adj.* not apt to burn, not inflammable; surly, morose.

STUCACH, stúchg. and stúk'-ach, *adj.* cliffy, prominent; full of bare rocks.

- STUOH-CRIDHE, stù-gh-kré'-a, *n. m.* cordial.
- STUGHAG, stù'-èg, *v.* starch. *N.*; starsaich.
- STUIB, stùèh, *pl.* and *gen.* of stob.
- STUIC, stùèchg, *pl.* and *gen.* of stoc.
- STUIC, stùèchg, *n. f.* wry-neck, as a bull going to fight; scowling side-look of a morose person.
- STUIDEARRA, stùjj'-urr-a, *adj.* studious.
- STUIDEARRACHD, stùjj'-urr-achg, *n. f.* study, composure, meditation.
- STUIO, stùég, *v.* set dogs to; incite, instigate; *n. c.* a bad pet or person.
- STUIRT, stùèrjt, *n. f.* assumed gravity.
- STUIRTEALACHD, stùèrjtj'-all-achg, *n. f.* see Stuir.
- STUIRTEIL, stùèrjtj'-al, *adj.* morose and dignified, but insignificant.
- STUA, stùr, *n. m.* dust, motes; lur gun stùr, diamond unsullied.
- STURD, STURDAN, stùrd'-an, *n. m.* the herb darnel, the seed of which causes intoxication when mixed with meal; vertigo in sheep, or the disease which causes them to reel.
- STURR, stùrr, *n. m.* rugged top of a hill.
- STUTH, STUGH, stù'-gh', *n. m.* camlet, stuff, thing, particle; gach stugh a th' agam, every thing I possess; droch stugh, bad stuff; cha bhi stugh ort, nothing will be wrong with you.
- SUACAN, sùachg'-an, *n. m.* any thing wrought together awkwardly, as clay; — pot. *Macfarlane*.
- SUADHADH, sùà'-ghá, *pt. n. m.* rubbing, friction.
- SUAICEAN, sùàèchg'-àen, *n. m.* bundle of straw. *North*.
- SUAICHEANTA, sùàèch'-chyant-a, *adj.* curious, novel, new, remarkable, notable.
- SUAICHEANTAS, sùàèch'-chyant-us, *n. m.* novelty, curiosity; cha suaicheantas eòrr air cladaich, a heron on the shore, is no novelty or curiosity; escutcheon, ensign, standard, armorial, or ensign, or crest; dha 'm bu shuaicheantas guibhas, whose armorial ensign or crest was the fir-crop; slat-shuaicheantais, a sceptre.
- SUAIDH, sùàé'-y', } *v. n.* rub, wipe; mash,
- SUADH, sua'-gh, } as potatoes.
- SUAIDHTE, sùàéy'-tyá, *pt.* rubbed, mashed.
- SUAIL, sùàèl, *adj.* small. *Macfarlan*.
- SUAIMH, sùàév, *n. m.* luxurious kind of rest.
- SUAIMHNEACH, sùàév'-nyach, *adj.* enjoying a kind of luxury in ease and quiet, as after great danger or fatigue; very tranquil, or quiet.
- SUAIMHNEAS, sùàév'-nyas, *n. m.* luxury of ease and rest; greatest tranquillity or quiet; bheir mise suaimhneas dhuibh, I will give you rest. *Bible*.
- SUAIMHNEASACH, sùàév'-nyas-ach, *a. luxuriating in peace and tranquillity.*
- SUAIN, sùàèn, *n. f.* profound or deep sleep; Sweden, Rìgh na Suain, the King of Sweden; a' dol do'n t-Suain, going to Sweden; *v.* wreath. *N.*
- SUAINIACH, sùàèn'-ach, *adj.* narcotic; sound asleep; in a profound sleep.
- SUAINIACH, sùàèn'-ach, *adj.* Swedish; *n. m.* a Swede, or inhabitant of Sweden.
- SUAIP, sùàép, *n. f.* faint or distant resemblance, as persons; tha suaip eatorra, they resemble somewhat each other; exchange, or barter; rinn iad suaip, they have bartered commodities; *v.* exchange, or barter; shuaip iad na h-eich, they have exchanged or bartered the horses.
- SUAIRCE, sùàèrk'-à, *a.* kind, polite; urbane.
- SUAIRCEAS, sùàèrk'-us, *n. m.* kindness, politeness.
- SUANACH, sùàn'-ach, *n. f.* hide, skin; a covering or mantle. *Macintyre*.
- SUARACH, SUARRACH, sùàrr'-ach, *adj.* indifferent; tha mi suarrach uime, I am indifferent about it; insignificant, paltry, inconsiderable; duine na nì suarrach, a paltry person or thing; bu shuarrach dhuit gad a dheanadh tu sin, it were no great thing, though you should do that, — it were a light or inconsiderable matter though you should do it; gnothach suarrach, a paltry or shabby thing.
- SUARRACHAS, suarr'-ach-as, *n. f.* trifling nature or quality, paltriness, naught; suarrachas a nì so, the contemptible nature of this thing, — the paltriness of this thing; na cuir an suarrachas an nì so, do not set at naught, — do not make light of this thing; neglect, contempt.
- SUARRAICHEAD, sùàrr'-èch-ad, *n. f.* degree of indifference, contemptibleness; a' dol an suarraichead uime, getting more indifferent about it.
- SUAS, sùàs, *n. m. adv.* height, eminence, upper part; a suas, up, upwards; thoir suas ort, up with you; chaidh e suas, he went up; chaidh e suas air beinn, he went up into a mountain, *B.*; cha'n'eil an suas air fìthead ann, there is not more than twenty.
- SUBAILT; see Supail; (*French*, souple.)
- SUBHACH, sù'-ach, *adj.* happy, merry.
- SUBHACHAS, sù'-ach-us, *n. m.* happiness, expression of happiness, mirth, merriment, gladness; is màirg a dheanadh subhachas ri dubhachas fìr eile, he is to be pitied that rejoices in another's woe.
- SUBHAILC, sùv'-aèlk, *n. f.* virtue; *Bible*, deadh-bheus.
- SUBHAILCEACH, sùb'-aèlk-ach, *adj.* virtuous, moral; beusach, deadh-bheusach.
- SUCHD, sùchd, *n. m.* sake, account; air suchd a mhaithis, for goodness sake; air suchd Chrìoda, for Christ's sake; air

sùchd nan aichd, for the sake of these objections.

SUD, mispronunciation of Siod.

SUDH, sù'-gh, *n. m.* seam of a plank. *H. S.*

SUG, sùg, *for* sùigh, to suck. *Bible.*

SUG, sùg, *n. m.* merriness, mirth, happiness.

SUG, sùg, *n. m.* a lamb; *Inter.* mode of calling a lamb. *Argyle.*

SUGACH, sùg'-ach, *adj.* merry, cheerful.

SUGAIR, sùg'-èr, *v.* make merry, sport.

SUGAIRE, sùg'-ur-à, *n. m.* Merry-Andrew.

SUGAN, sùg'-an, *n. m.* a straw or heath-rope.

SUGH, sù'-gh, *n. m.* sap, juice, moisture; soup; a receding huge wave; dearest object or darling; a *sùgh* mo chridhe, *my dearest! my darling!* *sùgh* feòile, *soup, or juice of beef;* tha'n *sùgh* fuar, *the moisture on the earth is cold;* gnoth-ach gun *sùgh*, *a sapless or senseless affair;* *sùgh* nan ubhall, *the sap of the apples.*

SUGHADH, sù'-X, *pt.* drinking up, or drying up; seasoning, as wood; tha fiodh air *sùghadh*, *the wood is seasoned,—extract the juice;* absorb; *shùigh* e am fallus, *it absorbed the perspiration;* a' *sùghadh* an smior as, *extracting the very marrow from it;* *n. m.* receding wave; extracting, absorption; thug na *sùghaidh* leis e, *the receding waves carried it away.*

SUGHAIL, sù'-ghal, *adj.* juicy, sappy.

SUGHAN, sù'-an, *n. m.* extract, liquid-flum-mery.

SUGHAIR, } sùgh'-ghur, *adj.* sappy, juicy,
SUGHMHOR, } pithy, succulent.

SUGHAIREACHD, sùgh'-ghur-achg, *n. f.* juiciness, sappiness, succulency, solidity.

SUGH-CRAOBH, sùgh'-kràov, *n. m.* rasps.

SUGH-LAIR, sù-gh-làèr', *n. m.* strawberries.

SUGRADH, sùg'-krà, *n. m.* play, sport, diversion, joke; cha'n eil thu ad *sùgradh*, *it is no joke to deal with you;* cha'n e an *sùgradh* eir ris, *it is no joke to master or manage him;* agus dh'èirich iad suas gu *sùgradh*, *and they rose up to play. B.*

SUIC, sùèchg, *n. pl.* ploughshares; snouts.

SUICEAN, sùèchg'-àen, *n. m.* gag for a calf. *North.*

SUIDH, sùè'-y', *v.* sit; sit down; incubate.

SUIDHE, sùè'-yè, *n. f.* sitting, act or state of sitting; sederunt; dean *suidhe*, *sit, be seated;* 'na *suidhe*, *be sitting or seated;* 'na *suidhe*, *she sitting or seated;* beam, saigh. *North.*

SUIDHEACHAN, sùè'-y-hach-an, *n. m.* turf-sofa. *Armst.;* cushion. *Islay;* setting, (in some places.)

SUIDHEAGAN, sùè'-ghag-an; see *Suidhe.*

SUIDHEACHADH, sùè'-y-hach-X, *pt.* settling, laying foundation, making frame-work; planting or colonizing; arranging terms of marriage; letting of houses, farms,

&c.; plan, model; air a cheart *suidh-eachadh*, *upon the same plan, after the same pattern or model, as cloth.*

SUIDHICH, sùè'-èch, *v.* let, set; *shuidhich* e an tigh, *deo am baile, he has let the house or farm;* betrothe, settle terms of marriage; *shuidhich* a nighean air, *he betrothed his daughter to him;* win, lay, plant, arrange, settle, appoint; *suidhich* àit an tachair sinn, *appoint a place where we shall meet;* *shuidhich* iad an stéidh, *they laid the foundation;* *shuidhich* Fionn an t-seilg, *Fingal arranged the hunt;* agus *shuidhich* an Tighearn Dia gàrradh, *and the Lord God planted a garden, Bible;* *shuidhich* e beothslaint urra, *he settled an annuity on her.*

SUIDHICHTE, sùè'-èch-tyà, *pt.* laid, as foundation; settled, appointed, pointed out; tha 'n t-àite *suidhichte*, *the place is appointed, is determined;* tha mi *suidhichte* air sin a dheanadh, *I am determined to do that;* sedate; duine *suidhichte*, *sedate person.*

SUIDHE-LAIR, sùè'-làèr', *n. m.* frame-work, ground-work.

SUIGEART, sùèg'-artt', *n. m.* blustering kind of expression of joy.

SUGH, sùè'-y', evaporate, absorb, dry up, drink up; season or dry, as wood; extract; *shùigh* am fiodh, *the wood seasoned;* fiodh *sùighte*, *seasoned wood;* *sùigh* an t-ombar an dùradan a'm shùil, *the amber extracted the mole from my eye;* *shùigh* an còs an t-uisge, *the sponge absorbed the water;* *shùigh* am fallus, *the perspiration absorbed;* *sùigh* ort e, *suck it in;* *shùigh* a' phoite, *the pot dried up;* *sùigh* na h-uile deur, *every drop evaporated.*

SUIGHTE, sùèy'-tyà, *pt.* absorbed, dried up, evaporated, boiled in, seasoned.

SUIL, sù'l, *n. f.* an eye, a spot; expectation, hope; an opening, orifice; superintendence, oversight; glance, sight; bha mo cheud *sùil*, *my first glance or sight was;* thog e a *shùil*, *he raised his eye;* gun *sùil* r'a theachd, *without any expectation of his coming;* tha *sùil* againn ris, *we expect him;* na biodh *sùil* na dùil agad ris, *have neither expectation or hope of him;* biodh *sùil* agad orra, *watch or keep your eye on them;* an cuir tobar a mach as an aon *sùil*, *uisge millis is searbh, will a fountain send forth, at the same opening, sweet water and bitter? Bible;* tha 'shùil ri teachd, *he expects to come.*

SUILEACH, sù'l'-ach, *adj.* sharp-sighted; knowing.

SUILBHIR, sù'l'-v'hèr', *adj.* hearty, cheerful.

SUILBHIREACHD, sù'l'-v'hèr'-achg, *n. f.* hilarity, cheerfulness.

SUIL-CHRITH, sùl'-chrèh, *n. f.* quagmire.
 SUILEAO, sùl'-ag, *n. f.* spot in cloth; the bell on liquors; small bubble.
 SUILLEAGACH, sùl'-ag-ach, *a.* spotted.
 SUIL-LIGHICHE, sùl'-lì-èch-a, *n. m.* an oculist.
 SUM, sùem, *n. f.* sum; (*summa, Latin*): attention, regard, consideration; cha bhi sùim aige do dh' èirig, *he shall not regard a ransom. Bible*; sùim nan deich fhathantan, *the sum of the Ten Commandments*; cha'n'eil sùim'sam bith aige do d' ghuthach, *he pays no attention to your business*; gabh sùim, *pay attention, attend to.*
 SUIMEALACHD, sùem'-all-achg, *n. f.* attentiveness.
 SUIMEIL, sùem'-al, *adj.* attentive; momentous, important, considerable.
 SUYPEAR, sèp- or sùep'-àer, *n. f.* supper; (*French, souper*); an dèigh na suipreach, *after supper. Bible.*
 SUIRE, sùir'-a, *n. f.* sea-nymph. *H. S.*; màidean mhara. *Islay.*
 SUIREACH, sùir'-ach, *a.* wooing, courting; *n. m.* a courtier, wooer, shuffler.
 SUIRICH, sùir'-èch, *n. f.* courtship, wooing.
 SUIRICHE, sùir'-èch-à, *n. m.* wooer.
 SUISP, SUIST, sùeshj, *n. m.* a flail.
 SUISDEALADH, shùeshj'-all-à, *pt.* drubbing, hard work; working night and day.
 SUITH, sùè-sù'-èch, (*suthaich*), *n. f.* soot.
 SUITHEACH, sùè'-ach, *adj.* sooty; full of soot.
 SULAIKE, sùl'-ur-à, *n. f.* gannet, amson.
 SULCHAIR, sùl'-chur, *a.* overjoyed.
 SULAS, sùl'-as, *n. m.* complaisance, overjoy, shewing itself by gestures and expression of countenance; air son sulas riutsa, *out of sheer complacency to you*; 'se rinn an sulas, *how overjoyed he was.*
 SULASACH, sùl'-as-ach, *adj.* overjoyed, complaisant. *Islay.*
 SULT, sùl't, *n. m.* plumpness, fatness.
 SULTAR, *adj.* sùl't'-ur, *adj.* plump, fat,
 SULTMHOR, } in good condition.
 SULTAIREACHD, sùl't'-àer-achg, *n. f.* plumpness.
 SUMAG, sùim'-ag, (*pillin*); saddle-cloth.
 SUMAICH, sùim'-èch, *v.* give due number, as cattle at pasture.
 SUMAID, SUMAINN, sùim'-èj'-ènn, *n. f.* a wave
 SUMAIR, sùim'-aer, *n. m.* drone of a pipe. *Gillies.*
 SUMANADH; see Sunnanadh.
 SUMHAIL, sù'-ul, *adj.* of little bulk; portable; as a person, humble, obedient, obsequious.
 SUMHLACHANN, sù'll'-ach-X, *pl.* getting less bulky, creeping in; sitting or lying closer and closer; *n. m.* lessening, or abridgment of bulk.

SUMHLAICH, sù'll'-èch, *v.* lie or pack close together; lessen, abridge, get less bulky.
 SUMHLACHD, sù'll'-achg, *n. f.* littleness of bulk; obsequiousness, abjectness, littleness; also Sumhlas.
 SUNN, pronounced and written Sunnd.
 SUNNAG, sùnn'-ag, *n. f.* straw-chair. *N.*
 SUNNANADH, sùnn'-an-X, *n. m.* a summons, *part.* serving with summons.
 SUNNANAICH, sùnn'-an-èch, *v.* summon.
 SUNND, sùnn, *n. m.* humour, hilarity; dè 'n sùnn a th'ort, *how do ye do?*
 SUNNDACH, sùnn'-ach, *adj.* lively, joyous, in good health and spirits.
 SUPAIL, sùpp'-al, *adj.* supple, elastic; (*French, souple*); nimble.
 SUPALACHD, sùp'-al-achg, *n. f.* suppleness, elasticity, nimbleness.
 SURD, sùrd, *n. m.* successful train or mode, eager and willing exertion; business appearance; hilarity; cuir sùrd ort, *bestir yourself.*
 SURDAG, sùrd'-ag, *n. m.* a stride, leap.
 SURDAIL, sùrd'-al, *adj.* prompt, business-like, full of spirits.
 SURDALACHD, sùrd'-all-achg, *n. f.* alacrity.
 SUSNAL, sùsd'-al, *n. m.* bustle about nothing.
 SUTHAINN, sù'-ènn, *adj.* everlasting, eternal, infinite; gu suthainn is gu storruih tha, *thou art eternally and for ever. Psalms.*

T

T, t, the sixteenth letter of the Gaelic alphabet, named by the Irish, Teine. It has various sounds, but the most common is *t*, as in town; slender sound, like *ch*, in choose; or first *t* in Christianity, kris-tye-an-è-tè. See Grammar.
 T-, t-; it is thus placed before many nouns *sing.* beginning with a vowel, and having the article prefixed, as,—an t-each, an t-uan, *the horse, the lamb*; 2d, placed in the genitive and nominative, before nouns beginning with *sl-, su-, sr-*, which is exemplified under "an" article, page 11.—See also GRAMMAR.
 T', t', *for d' or do, thy*; as, f' athair, *thy father.*
 TA, an Irish *tha*; *tha mi, I am*; in Irish, *ta mi, ta thu, I am, thou art.*
 TABAID, ttab'-aj, *n. f.* a row, a fray.
 TABAIDEACH, ttab'-aj-ach, *a.* quarrelsome.
 TABAIDEACHD, ttab'-aj-achg, *n. f.* quarrelsomeness; quarrelsome disposition and habits.
 TABH, tàv, *n. m.* the ocean. *Ossian*; àbh. *Lewis.*
 TABHACHD, tàv'-achg, *n. f.* profit, benefit,

advantage; cha'n eil *tàbhachd* sam bith dhomhsa ann, *it is no profit or benefit to me*; quantity or number; dè'n *tàbhachd* a th' ann, *what quantity is there of it?* ma'n *tàbhachd* sin, *about that quantity*; substantiality, solidity.

TABHACHDACH, *tàv'-achg'-ach*, *adj.* beneficial, advantageous, profitable, efficient, efficacious; buillean *tàbhachdach*, *effective or efficient blows*; ni *tàbhachdach*, *a profitable or advantageous thing*; solid, substantial.

TABHAIR, Irish for *thoir*, give, grant.

TABHAIRN, *tàv'-ern*, *n. m.* an inn, a tavern; (*French*, *taverne*; *Armoric* and *Welsh*, *tafern*; *Cornish*, *tavarn*.)

TABHAIRT, Irish for *Tobhairt*.

TABHAIRTEACH, Irish for *Tobhartach*.

TABHALL, *tàv'-all*, *n. m.* a sling. *B.*; *Irish*.

TABHANN, *tàv'-ann*, *n. f.* barking, yelping.

TABHANNAICH, *tàv'-ann-éich*, *n. f.* continuous barking.

TABHARTAIR, *tobhairtear*, bestower.

TABHARTAS, *tobhartas*, gift, offering.

TABHASTAL, *tàv'-ast-al*, *n. f.* nonsense. *N.*

TAC, *tàchg*, *n. f.* space, time; ma'n *tac*-so an uirigh, *about this time last year*; ceithir bliadhna 'na *taic*-so, *this time four years*; improperly written *dachd*.

TACAID, *tàchg'-aj*, *n. f.* a tack; stitch or pain.

TACAN, *tàchg'-an*, *n. f.* little time, while.

TACAR, *tàchg'-ur*, *n. m.* plenty, provisions.

TACHAIR, *tàch'-ér*, *v.* meet, light upon, find; *tachraidh* sinn fhathast, *we shall meet yet*; an do *thachair* thu air, *did you light upon it, or find it*; *v. n.* happen, come to pass; *thachair* e gu math dhuit, *it has happened well to you*; agus *thacair* gu'n deach e seachad, *and it came to pass that he passed by*.

TACHAIRT, *tàch'-àrjt*, *pt.* happening, meeting, act of meeting, or coming to pass.

TACHAIS, *tàch'-èsh*, *v.* scratch the skin.

TACHARA, *tàch'-ar-a*, *n. m.* sprite, trifling person. *Islay*;—*orphan*. *North*.

TACHAS, *tàch'-us*, *n. m.* itch, itchinness; *pt.* clawing, scratching.

TACHASACH, *tàch'-us-ach*, *adj.* itchy.

TACHD, *tàchg*, *v.* choke, strangle, stop up.

TACHDADH, *tàchg'-à*, *pt.* choking, strangling.

TACHRAIS, *tàch'-rèsh*, *v.* wind yarn.

TACHRASACH, *tàch'-ras-ach*, *n. f.* windlass.

TADH, *tà*, *n. m.* a ledge, a layer. *Bible*.

TAG, **TAGAN**, *tàg'-an*, *n. m.* private, or hid purse, as that of a wife.

TAGAIR, *tag'-ér*, *v.* claim, crave, plead a cause, prosecute; tha e *tagairt* orm, *he claims of me, he craves me*; *tagairt* mo chùis a Dhè, *plead my cause, O God*! *Ps.*

TAGAIRT, *tàg'-àrjt*, *pt.* pleading, craving.

TAGARACH, *tàg'-ar-ach*, *adj.* litigious.

TAGARTAIR, *tàg'-art-aer*, *n. m.* pleader, agent.

TAGARTAS, *tàg'-artt-us*, *n. m.* prosecution, law-plea; tha *tagartas* aige an Inbhir-aoradh, *he has a law-plea in Inverary*; claim.

TAGH, *taò'-gh*, *v.* choose, select, elect, make choice; *tagh* a chuid a's fhearr, *select the best, make choice of the best*; *adj.* choice, select, beloved, dear to; is *tagh* leam thu, *I love you, I like you*; ma's *tagh* leat mi, *is tagh leam thu, is mar an tagh na taobh me, if you love me I love you, otherwise do not come near me*; is *tagh* leam thusa ach is annsa leam ean, *I like you, but he is more dear, dearer to me*; murdered by the Irish, *togh*—and hence the absurdity, is *toigh* leam e, in books, instead of, is *tagh* leam e, *I like it*.

TAGHA, *taò'-à*, *n. f.* choice, selection; *tagha* gach nì, *choice or selection of every thing*; *tagha* a mheàirlich, *a choice thief, a real thief*; *rogha* is *tagha*, *pick and choice*.

TAGHACH, *taò'-ach*, *adj.* fond of; cha'n eil mi *taghach* ma, *I am not fond of*.

TAGHADH, *taò'-aò'-gh*, *pt.* choosing, electing.

TAGHADAIR, *taò'-add-aèr*, *n. m.* elector, chooser.

TAGHAIRM, *taò'-aòèrm*, *n. f.* an echo; militia.

TAGHAN, *taò'-an*, *n. m.* pole-cat, stinkard.

TAGHTE, *taò'-tyà*, *pt.* choice, chosen.

TAGRAIR, *tàg'-radd'-àèr*, *n. m.* pleader, agent.

TAGRADH, *tàg'-r-à*, *pt.* pleading, craving.

TAIBH, **TAIBHEAN**, *tàc'f'-àen*, *n. m.* substance.

TAIBHEANACH, *tàc'f'-àen-ach*, *adj.* substantial.

TAIBHLEACH, *tàev'- or tthi'-lach*, *n. f.* a smart blow, or box sideways; smart box,

TAIBHIS, *tthi'-èsh*, *tàevsh*, *n. c.* spectre,

TAIBSE, *f* apparition, second-sight; spirit, ghost, a vision of the second-sight.

TAIBHSEAR, *tàev'-shyàèr*, *n. m.* a visionary, a silly person; one gifted with the second-sight.

TAIBHSEARACHD, *tàev'-shyar-achg*, *n. f.* bewildered, or stupid conduct; second-sight.

TAIBID, *tàc'f'-èjj*, *n. f.* taunting speech. *N.*

TAIC, *tàc'g*, *n. f.* support, prop, fulcrum; cuir *taic* ri so, *prop this*; cuir *taic* ris a gheamhlaig, *put a fulcrum to the lever*; contact, collision; thàinig e an *taic* na cartach, *he came in contact with the cart*; nearness, approximation; *taic* ri bliadhna, *near a year*; cum *taic* rium, *support me*; an *taic* a chèile, *in collision with each other*; dependence, preparation; an

-taic an dòmhnuich, *in contact, or in preparation for the Sabbath; na leig do thaic ris a sin, depend or lean not too much to that; an taic a bhalla, leaning on the wall; cha ruig mi leas mo thaic a leigeil riutsa, I need not lean much on your patronage or support; laoiach ri sleaghan an taic, heroes leaning on their spears.*

TAICEIL, *täechg'-al*, *adj.* stout, firm.

TAICEALACHD, *täechg'-al-achg*, *n. f.* stoutness, solidity, firmness.

TAIFEID, *täeff'-aj*, *n. f.* bow-string. *Macd.*

TAIG, *taég*, *n. f.* great attachment. *H. S.*

TAIGEIS, *taég'-ash*, *n. f.* Scotch haggis.

TAIGH, *taöc'-y'*, proper orthography of tigh.

TAIL, *äel*, *n. m.* substance, fee, wages. *Sk.*

TAILCEAS, *tä'Y-kus*, *n. m.* scorn, disdain.

TAILCEASACH, *tä'Y-kus-ach*, *a.* disdainful.

TAILEASG, *tä'Y-usg*, *n. m.* backgammon.

TAILLEABH, *tälly'-uv*, *n. m.* apprenticeship, premium; consequence, result; an do phàidh thu do thàilleabh, have you paid your apprenticeship-fee, or premium? air thàilleabh a ghnothaich sin, in consequence of that affair; gheibh, neo meallaidh mi nìs thàilleabh mo shaothreach, I will now enjoy the result or fruits of my labour. *Islay.*

TAILLEABHACH, *tälly'-uv-ach*, *adj.* consequent, as the result; *n. m.* an apprentice.

TAILLEABHACHD, *tälly'-uv-achd*, *n. f.* apprenticeship, substantiality.

TAILLEAR, *tälly'-aër*, *n. m.* a tailor.

TAILLEARACHD, *tälly'-aër-achg*, *n. f.* sewing.

TAILM, *taöl'-um*, *n. m.* tools. *Irish.*

TAILMRICH, *taöl'-um-rèch*, *n. f.* noise.

TAILP, *täelp*, *n. f.* a bundle, parcel. *Irish.*

TAINH, *taév*, *n. m.* death, mortality. *Ir.*

TAINHLEAC, *taév'-llechg*, *n. f.* tombstone. *Irish.*

TAIMHNEULL, *tév'-mell*, *n. f.* slumber. *Ps.*

TAIN, } *täenn*, *n. f.* wealth in flocks;

TAINN, } flocks, cattle. *Islay, Bible;* spoil. *Irish.*

TAINE, *täen'-ä*, *deg.* thinner, (tana), *n. f.* thinness; na's taine, thinner; is taine, the thinnest.

TAINEAD, *täen'-ud*, *n. f.* thinness, degree of thinness, degree of tenuity.

TAING, *tääng*, *n. f.* gratitude, thanks, deep sense of gratitude; gun tääng dhuit, in defiance of you, in spite of you, without thanks to you; nì mi sin gun tääng dhuit, I will do that in defiance of you; a' nochdadh do thàing, shewing your sense of gratitude.

TAINGEALACHD, *tääng'-all-achg*, *n. f.* sentiments of gratitude; taingealas.

TAINGEIL, *tääng'-al*, *adj.* grateful, thankful, impressed with a sense of gratitude;

is täängeil is eòir dhuit a bhi, you ought to be very grateful; bi taingeil nach 'eil so na's miosa, be thankful that things are not worse.

TAINISTEAR, *täen'-èsth-tyaër*, *n. m.* heir-presumptive; next oldest son; one acting for the heir; regent, governor; trustee, tutor.

TAINISTEARACHD, *täen'-èsh-tyär'-achg*, *n. f.* presumptive heirship, regency, trusteeship.

TAINTEAN, *täenn'-tyun*, *n. pl.* talents, faculties, accomplishments; is mòr na tàinteann a bhuilich Dia ort, great are the talents God has bestowed on you; bithidh a sgoil na tàinteann ri d' bheò dhuit, your education must prove an accomplishment to you for life.

TAIP, *tä'p*, *n. f.* great wealth, without any of the refined manners or education of genteel society; a mass, a lump.

TAIR, *täer*, *n. m.* contempt, reproach; na dean tair, do not despise or scorn; a' tair orm, despising me, looking down on me; v. get, Sm.; come, go, B.; mean, H. Society.

TAIRBEART, *ta'rb'-art*, *n. f.* isthmus; name of isthmus of Kintyre, and many other like places in the Highlands; superabundance.

TAIRBEARTACH, *ta'rb'-art-ach*, *adj.* superabundant, very abundant, almost superfluous; eho tairbeartach 'sa tha iad, they are so superabundant.

TAIRBEARTAS, *ta'rb'-art-as*, *n. f.* superabundance, overflowing goodness; tairbeartas a làmh, the superabundance of his goodness, Ps.; murdered tairbeartas.

TAIRBN, *taöèrv*, *n. pl.* bulls—of a bull.

TAIRBHE, *taör'-a*, *n. f.* advantage, profit, avail; an t-ainm gun an tairbhe, the name without the profit or benefit; tairbhe cha dean t'òr-chùil réidh, thy glossy yellow hair cannot avail.

TAIRBEALACH, *ta'r'-byal-ach*, *n. m.* defile.

TAIRBHEARTAS, see Tairbeartas, bounty.

TAIREALACHD, *tä'r'-all-achg*, *n. f.* contemptuousness, contemptibility, reproachfulness.

TAIREIL, *tä'r'-al*, *adj.* contemptuous, disdainful, reproachful, insulting.

TAIRG, *ta'règ*, *v.* offer, proffer; propose; bid; taìrg e airgead dhaibh, he offered them money; taìrg air so, bid for this—at a sale or auction.

TAIRGIR, *tä'règ'-èr*, *v.* prophesy, B.; obs.

TAIRGIRE, *täerg'-èr-ä*, *n. m.* offerer, bidder.

TAIRGSE, *täerg'-shä*, *n. f.* offer, proposal.

TAIRGSINN, *täerg'-shènn*, *n. f. pl.* offering, bidding, proffering; *n. f.* an offer.

TAIRGSEACH, *täerg'-shyach*, *adj.* inviting, offering.

TAIRIS, tàér'-èsh, *int.* stard still! see Teir-
isd and Teiris, *a.* kindly, urbane. *Gillies.*
TAIRISACH, tàér'-èsh-ach, *adj.* loyal, *Mac-*
kencie.
TAIRISGEAN, for toirpsgian, peat-spade, fal-
TAIRLEARACH, tàér'-lyár-ach, *a.* transma-
rine. *M'F.*
TAIRMEAS, tá'r'-mèss, *n. m.* disdain, con-
tempt.
TAIRMEASAIL, tá'r'-mèss-al, *adj.* disdain-
ful.
TAIRN, taòern, *n. m.* necromancy; iodrann-
anachd.
TAIRNE, tàern'-à, *gen.* of tarrunn, a nail.
TAIRNEACH, tàern'-ech, *n. f.* thunder; *a.*
extractive.
TAIRNEANACH, tàern'-àen-ach, *n. f.* thun-
der.
TAIRNNICH, nail.
TAIRNSINN, taèrsh'-ènn, *pt.* obtaining. *H.S.*
TAIS, tash, *adj.* damp, moist, spiritless.
TAISBEAN, tashb'-aen, *v.* table, present;
taisbeanan t-airgead, *table the money*;—
reveal, shew; *taisbean* do thròcair
dhuinn, *reveal thy loving kindness to us*,
Ps.; *n. m.* a revelation, a vision. *Bible.*
TAISBEANAIDH, tàishb'-aen'-à, *pt.* revealing;
leabhra an *taisbeanaidh*, *REVELATIONS.*
TAISDEAL, tàishj'-al, *n. f.* a journey, voy-
age. *M'F.*
TAISDEALACH, tashij'-al-ach, *n. m.* ghost,
a contemptible person; one that scuds or
vanishes by, *Is.*; a sojourner, traveller,
M'F.; vagabond, *Gillies.*
TAISE, tash'-à, *deg.* tais, more soft, spirit-
less.
TAISEACHD, tash'-achg, *n. f.* extreme cow-
ardice.
TAISEAD, tash'-ad, *n. m.* extreme degree
of cowardice or moistness.
TAISEADACH, tash'-aod-ach, *n. m.* shroud,
winding-sheet; *ciste* is *taiseadach*, *coffin*
and shroud.
TAISEALACHD, tash'-al-achg, *n. f.* moist-
ness.
TAISG, tàeshg, *v.* deposit, lay up, hoard;
ga' tasgadh seachad, *hoarding it up*; *n. m.*
store; also *tigh-taisg*, *a store-house*; *ni*
sam tha'n taisg, *any thing in store.*
TAISG-AIRM, tàeshg'-aorm, *n. f.* armoury.
TAISGEACH, tàeshg'-ach, *n. f.* a store, store-
house.
TAISGEADACH, tàeshg'-aod-ach, *n. f.* ward-
robe.
TAISGEAL, tashg'-al, *n. m.* finding any thing
that was lost; reward for returning it.
TAISGEAL, tashg'-skell, *n. m.* news.
TAISICH, tash'-èch, *v.* moisten; daunt.
TAITINN, tajt'-ènn, *v.* please, give delight
to, satisfy; *deamar a thaitinn e riut*,
how did it please you?
TAITNEACH, tajt'-nyach, *adj.* happy, plea-

sant, agreeable, fascinating, acceptable;
is taitneach an cà e, it is a pleasant thing;
taiteach do'n t-sealladh, pleasant to the
sight. B.; *is taitneach leam t' fhaicinn*,
I am happy to see you.
TAITNEACHD, tajt'-nyach, *n. f.* taste, plea-
santness, agreeableness.
TAITNEADH, tajt'-nyà, *pt.* pleasing.
TAITNEAS, tajt'-nyas, sensation of taste, or
quality that gives rise to delight.
TAL, tà'll, *n. f.* coopers' axe, or adze.
TALACH, tall'-ach, *n. m.* repining; *cha'n*
iod duit a bhi talach, you have no reason
to repine, or grumble, or be displeased.
TALADH, tà'-la, *pt.* getting attached to; *n.*
m. art of getting attached to a person or
house, particularly as animals.
TALAICH, tall'-èch, *v.* repine, murmur.
TALAIDH, tàll'-à, *v.* attach to, get fond of.
TALAINTÈ, tall'-aenjt-a, *n. m.* partition. *H.*
Society.
TALAMH, tal'-uv, *n. m.* earth, land; *glas-*
talamh, *unploughed land*; *talamh dugh*,
black land in open weather, or absence of
snow in winter.
TALANN, tal'-ann, *n. m.* talent. *Bib'c.*
TALFUINN, tall'-fùenn', *n. m.* a hoe.
TALLA, tall'-a, *n. m.* a hall. *Ossian.*
TALMHADH, tall'-vè, *adj.* earthy, worldly;
nithe talmhaidh, earthly things,—world-
ly; imtinn talmhaidh, worldly mind;
weighty, substantial; *min talmhaidh*,
substantial meal; pale, sallow. *H. S.*
TALMHADHREACHD, tall'-vè-achg, *n. f.*
weightiness, substantiality, sallowness,
worldliness.
TALMHAINN, tall'-vhenn, *gen.* of *talamh.*
TALMHANTACHADH, tal'-ant-ach-à, *pt.*
growing or sticking together, as sods or
earth does.
TALMHANTAICH, tall'-ant-èch, *v.* grow, as
earth; stick together, as sods, &c.
TAMAILT, tam'-alyjt, *n. f.* insult, reproach.
TAMAILTEACH, tam'-alyjt-ach, *adj.* insult-
ing, disparaging, reproachful, taunting;
gnàthfhacal tamailteach, a taunting pro-
verb, Bible; disgraceful.
TAMAILTEAR, tam'-àljt-aér, *n. m.* taunter.
TAMH, tàv, *n. m.* rest, quietness, quiet, re-
fuge; *aite tàmh*, *place of rest or refuge*;
abode, habitation; *c'aite an tàmh dhuìt*,
where is the place of your abode? Sm.;
a' tàmh san àite so, dwelling here; idle-
ness, inactivity; *tha i 'na tàmh, she is*
idle; *tha e 'na thàmh, he is idle*; *cha*
tàmh dhuìte, you don't pass your time
in idleness; *leig tàmh dhomh, let me*
alone; *leig tàmh dha sin, let that alone*;
nach leig thu tàmh dhomh, would you
not let me alone; *v.* rest, abide, cease,
desist, give over; *tàmh do d' sgeig, give*
over your jeering, MACDONALD; Inter.

- tàmh!* *tàmh!* *mo leanabh!* *sleep! sleep!* *my child!* 'g obair gun *tàmh*, *incessantly, unceasingly, or indefatigably working.*
- TAMHAICH, tàv'-èch, *v.* rest, abide.
- TAMHAICHE, tàv'-èch-à, *n. m.* inhabitant.
- TAMHAITE, tàv'-àjt-à, *n. m.* habitation.
- TAMHARACH, tàv'-ar-ach, *n. m.* a dolt.
- TAMHASG, tàv'-ask, *n. m.* spectre, apparition, ghost; *b'e do thamhasg a bh' ann, it was your ghost.*
- TAMHAGAIL, tàv'-ask-al, *adj.* spectre-like.
- TAMULL, tám'-ull, *n. m.* while; tacan.
- TANA, tár'-a, *adj.* thin, slender, lean, shallow; *ni tana, thin thing; duine tana, lean person; aite tana, (as in water,) a shallow, shoal place; brochan-tana, gravel.*
- TANACHD, tán'-achg, *n. f.* thinness, &c.
- TANAICH, tán'-èch, *v.* get thin or shoal.
- TANALACH, tán'-al-ach, *n. m.* shoal, or shallow water; thin part of a hide; *thàinig am bàta o'n doimhneachd gus an tanalach, the boat came from deep water to shoal water; tanalach na seiche, the thin of the hide.*
- TANNAS, tànn'-us; see Tamhasg, ghost.
- TAOBH, tãov', *n. m.* side, direction, cause, account; *an taobh a muigh, the outside, the exterior; an taobh a stigh, the inner side, interior; an taobh eùl, the back part; taobh beoil, the front; dè'n taobh a chaidh e, in what direction has he gone? cò'n taobh, which side? ri m' thaobh, aside me; thug e a thaobh i, he seduced her, led her astray; a thaobh sin, about that, because of that, on that account; cha'n eil fhios' am dè 's taobh dha, I do not know what is become of him,—in what direction he has gone; a thaobh sin deth, on that very account; v. come near, approach; cha do thaobh e am baile, he did not come near the town; cha taobh e sinne, he will not come near us; na taobh mise, do not come near me,—keep at arm's-length from me.*
- TAOBHACH, tàov'-ach, *adj.* lateral.
- TAOBHAN, tàov'-an, *n. m.* side-rafter.
- TAOBHCHEUM, tàov'-chyâm, *n. f.* digression.
- TAOBH-LEIS, tàov'-llësh', *n. m.* lee-side.
- TAOBHSHRUTH, tàov'-hrùh, *n. m.* eddy-tide.
- TAOD, tàodd', *n. f.* halter, reins.
- TAOGHAIL, for Tigheil, call when passing.
- TAOIM, tàoëm, properly taöem, *n. f.* bilgewater.
- TAOIS, tàësh, *n. f.* dough or leaven.
- TAOISEADAIR, tàoësh'-add'-àer, *n. m.* a baker. *Macfarlan.*
- TAOISINN, tàoësh'-ènn, *v.* knead, leaven.
- TAOISNICH, tàoesh'-nyèch, *f.* work dough.
- TAOTEAB, tùjt'-aër, *n. m.* tutor, trustee.
- TAOM, tàom, *v. n.* bale a boat, pour out; empty, as a dish or cart; *taom am bàta,*
- bale the boat; taom air e, pour it on it; taom a' chairt, empty the cart.*
- TAOMAIR, tàom'-ur-a, *n. m.* a pump.
- TAOMAN, tàom'-an, *n. m.* baling-dish.
- TAOSG, tàosg, *n. m.* near the full of a dish, cask, pitcher, cart, &c.; in some places used for Taom.
- TAOSGACH, tàosg'-ach, *a.* fickle, uncertain; *duine taosgach, fickle person; ni taosgach, an uncertain or precarious thing.*
- TAOSGAID, tàosg'-aj, *n. f.* fickle female.
- TAOSGAIRE, tàosg'-ur-a, *n. m.* fickle man.
- TAP, tap, *n. m.* lock of lint on a distaff; *v.* hoop or thread a fishing-hook. *Islay.*
- TAPACHD, tapp'-ach, *n. f.* heroism.
- TAPADH, tap'-à, *n. m.* heroic feat, achievement; thanks, success; *tapadh leat, thank you, Sir, or Madam,—literally, may you be a hero or heroine, (the thing uppermost in Donald's noddle); air do shlàinte, here is to your health; tapadh leatsa, thank you, Sir, or Madam, may you be a hero, &c.*
- TAPADH-CION, tap'-à-kéun, *n. m.* a blunder.
- TAPAGAIL, tàp'-ag-al, *n. f.* a blunder.
- TAPADH, tàp'-è, *adj.* heroic, brave, clever, bold, successful in business.
- TAPADHEACHD, tàp'-è-achg; see Tapachd.
- TAPAN, tap'-à, *n. m.* little lock of lint, &c.
- TAR, tár, *n. m.* belly; *tar-geal, white belly.*
- TARAN, tar'-an, *n. m.* ghost of unbaptised child. *H. S.*
- TARBH, tàrv, *n. m.* a bull; *tairbh, bulls; Welsh, tarw; Cornish, tarv; see Tòraidh.*
- TARBH-NATHRACH, tàrv'-nàr-ach, *n.* dragon-fly.
- TARBHACH, tarv'-ach, *a.* supplied with bulls.
- TARBHACH, tàrv'-ach, *adj.* profitable, beneficial; *tarbhach do dhuine, profitable to man. B.; substantial, productive; bàrr tarbhach, substantial crop, productive crop; buille tarbhach, an effectual blow, or pull in rowing.*
- TARBHACHD, tàrv'-achg, *n. f.* substantiality, productiveness, gainfulness, profit.
- TARBHAICHEAN, tàrv'-èch-ad, *n. f.* degree of profit, or importance, or substantiality.
- TARBHAIL, tàrv'-al, *a.* bull-faced, brutish.
- TARBH-TAINE, tàrv'-tàn-à, *n. m.* parish-bull.
- TARBH-REIDH, tàrv'-ràè-y', *n. m.* farm-bull.
- TARBH-UISGE, tàrv'-ùshg-à, *n. m.* water-bull.
- TARCVIS, tark'-kùsh, *n. f.* contempt, dispute.
- TARCVISEACH, tark'-kùsh-ach, *a.* contemptuous.
- TARCVISICH, tàrk'-kùsh-èch, *v.* despise, revile.
- TARGAID, tàrg'-aj, *n. f.* target, shield.

TARGAIR, tãrg'-ér, *v.* foretell. *North.*
TARLADH, tãr'-lã, *n. m.* great demand, or tearing from each other, as a scarce commodity; used in the Bible for tachair, happen.
TARLAID, tãr'-llãj, *n. c.* contemptible person.
TARLAIDH, tãr'-li², *v.* tear, or drag away.
TARMACH, tarm'-ach, *n. m.* source of a disease.
TARMACHADH, tãrm'-ach-ã, *pt.* gathering, as a tumour; collecting, as matter in a suppuration; originating, congregating, or settling.
TARMACHAN, tarm'-ach-an, *n. m.* the bird, ptarmagan.
TARNAICH, tãr'-méch, *v.* originate, settle.
TARMAS, tãr'-mas, *n. m.* dislike of food. *N.*
TARNACH, tãrm'-ach, *n. f.* clap of thunder.
TARR, tãrr, *n. m.* lowest part of the belly.
TARRACH, tarr'-ach, *n. m.* girth, belly-thong.
TARRAICHEAL, tarr'-é-ghyal, *a.* white-bellied; *n. f.* white-bellied cow.
TARRUNN, tãrr'-unn, *n. f.* a nail; *tãirn-ean*, nails; *blortharrunn*, coffin-nail, calp, a rivet; *sgolb*, single floorings.
TARRUINN, tãrr'-éun, *n. f.* act of drawing or extracting; act of drawing near; an extracting plaster; *cuir tarruinn air*, apply an extracting plaster to it; a haul, pull; *tarruinn-chailleach*, dragging in a slovenly manner; demand; *v. n.* draw, pull, extract, haul; an *tarruinn thu* a mach an Lebhíathan le dubhan, canst thou draw the Leviathan with a hook; *tharruinn e an t-iongar*, it extracted the matter (from the tumour); *tarruinn air t'ais*, retract, withdraw; *tarruinn fuil*, let blood; *tarruinn am fagus*, draw near; *tarruinn suas ris*, address him, speak to him.
TARRSANAN, tãrr'-san-ãn, *n. m.* cross-beam.
TARRSUINN, tãrr'-sënn, *adj.* cross, across, traverse, oblique; *adv.* across, traversely, obliquely, from side to side; *cuir tarrsuinn e*, place it traversely, or across, or obliquely.
TARRSUINNEACHD, tãrr'-sënn-achg, *n. f.* obliquely, traverseness, crossness, peevishness.
TARRSANNACHD, tãrr'-sunn-an-achg, *n. f.* bickering, satirizing, lampooning; sort of poetry.
TART, tãrt, *n. m.* drought; *padhadh*, thirst.
TARTACH, tãrt'-ach, *adj.* droughty, dry.
TARTAR, tãrt'-ar, *n. f.* noise of tramping.
TARTARACH, tãrt'-ar-ach, *adj.* noisy in stamping.
TARTMHOR, tãrt'-ur, *adj.* droughty, dry.
TARTMHORACHD, tãrt'-ur-achg, *n. f.* dry or droughty weather; great drought.

TASAN, tãs'-an, *n. c.* bickering, fretting bickering, scolding, discontented person.
TASANACH, tãs'-an-ach, *adj.* bickering.
TASANACHD, tãs'-an-achg, *n. f.* bickering, fretful disposition or habit, fretfulness.
TASDAN, tasd'-an, *n. m.* a shilling.
TASG, tasg, *n. m.* a task, allotted job; *tasca*, *felsh*; a store; *ann an taisg*, in store.
TASGAIDH, tasg'-é, *n. f.* treasure, store; *tha' a thasgaidh*! yes, my love! my darling!
TASP, tãsp, *n. m.* severe sarcasm.
TASPANNACH, tãsp'-ann-ach, *adj.* very sarcastic, or petulant.
TASPAIRE, tãsp'-ur-ã, *n. m.* satirist.
TATAIDH, tát'-é², *v.* domesticate, as an animal.
TATH, tãh, *v.* join or sodder, as hot irons.
TATHADH, tã'-ã, *pt. n. m.* joining, joint, seam.
TATHAICH, tã'-éch, *n. f.* for tighich.
TE, tyã, *n. f.* a female, woman, or any object of the feminine gender.
TEAB, tyãb², *a.* flippancy person's mouth.
TEABAD, tyãb'-ad, *n. m.* a stammer. *North.*
TEABAIS, tyãb'-ash, *n. f.* flippancy of speech.
TEABAISEACH, tyãb'-ash-ach, *n. m.* flippancy.
TEABANTA, tyãb'-ant-a, *adj.* carping, captious.
TEABANTACHD, tyãb'-ant-achg, *n. f.* captiousness, flippancy of speech, captious notice.
TEACH, tyäch, *n. f.* a house, habitation.
TEACHD, tyechg, (for tigheachd); *n. m.* arrival; *air dha teachd*, having arrived; *pt.* arriving; *teachd a mach*, increase, product; *teachd a steach*, income; *teachd-an-tir*, provision, livelihood.
TEACHD, tyúchd, tyechg, *v. n.* be fit to contain, hold, find room for; *cha teachd e an eo*, it has not sufficient room here; *an teachd e ann*, can it contain it? *an teachd e 'san leaba*, has he room in the bed?
TEACHDAIRE, tyechg'-ur-a, *n. m.* messenger, courier, ambassador, delegate, envoy, missionary.
TEACHDAIREACHD, tyechg'-ur-achg, *n. f.* message, embassy, errand, legation, mission.
TEADALACH, tyãd'-al-ach, *adj.* slow, inactive. *North.*
TEADHAIR, tyãd'-ér, *n. f.* to tether; *z.* tether.
TEADHRAICHEAN, tyãd'-éch-an, *n. pl.* tethers.
TEAGAIR, tyãg'-ér, *v.* gather milk for butter, by stinting the allowance of a family; economise.
TEAGAISG, tyãg'-éshg, *v.* instruct by preaching or lecturing, teach by precepts.

TEAGAISGTE, tyāg'-ask-tyá, *pt.* taught, lectured.

TEAGAMH, tyāg'-áv, *n. m.* doubt, suspense.

TEAGAMHACH, tyāg'-áv-ach, *adj.* doubtful.

TEAGASG, tyāg'-ask, *n. m.* instruction by lectures; *pt.* teaching by lectures, lecturing; fear *teagaisg*, lecturer; luchd-*teagasg*, instructors.

TEAGLACH, tyāog'-lach, *a.* doubtful, uncertain.

TEAGLACHD, tyāog'-llachg, *n. f.* uncertainty.

TEAGHLACH, tyāoll'-ach, *n. m.* a family, household.

TEAGNADH, tyāg'-nā, *n. m.* a tenesmus, as a hen particularly, (applied to persons sometimes); properly *teagmhail*.

TEALL, tyall, *n. m.* an attack all of a sudden.

TEALLACH, tyall'-ach, *n. m.* a smith's fire-place or forge; a hearth or fire-place.

TEALLACHAG, tyall'-ach-ag, *n. f.* concubine.

TEALLSANACH, tyall'-san-ach, *n. m.* a sceptic.

TEALLSANACHD, tyall'-san-achg, *n. f.* scepticism.

TEAMHAIDH, tyev'-ē, *adj.* pleasant. *North.*

TEAMHALL, tyév'-all, *n. m.* slight swoon or stun.

TEAMHARRA, tyév'-urr-a, *adj.* very pertly eloquent; eloquent and flippant, as a young person.

TEAMHRACHD, tyev'-rrachg, *n. f.* flippancy; an impertinent prattle of a young person.

TEAMPULL, tyemp'-ull, *n. m.* a temple.

TEANACHD, tyan'-achg, *v.* save. *H. S.*

TEANACHDAS, tyan'-achg-us, *n. m.* deliverance. *H. S.*

TEANACHAIR, tyan'-ach-ur, *n. f.* smith's tongs.

TEANGA, tyéng'-a, *n. f.* a tongue, language, hold of a buckle; Gàidhlig Dhùideach, the unknown Gaelic tongue.

TEANGACH, tyéng'-ach, *a.* having many tongues.

TEANGAIR, tyéng'-àer, *n. m.* an interpreter, linguist.

TEANGAIREACHD, tyéng'-àer-achg, *n. f.* interpreting languages; skill in languages or philology, interpreting.

TEANN, tyänn, *adj.* tight, tense, severe, rigid, near, close; tha'n t-sreang *teann*, the string is tight; *teann* air mìosa, near a month, close upon a month; duine *teann*, a severe or rigid person; *v. n.* draw near, approach, approximate, fall to, commence, begin to move, go, proceed; *teann* as an sin, away with you; *theann* iad ri folbh, they began to move off; *teann* as an rathad, leave my way; *teann* an uis, come hither; *teannaibh* r'a chèile, sit close; *theann* iad ri treobhadh, they commenced ploughing.

TEANNACHADH, tyann'-ā, *pt.* tightening.

TEANNAICH, tyann'-èch, *v.* tighten, squeeze.

TEANNACHTE, tyann'-èch-tyá, *pt.* squeezed.

TEANNAIR, tyann'-ur-a, *n. m.* noise in a cave.

TEANNTACHD, tyannut'-achg, *n. f.* strait, difficulty.

TEARB, tyerbb, *v.* separate cattle of any, or all kinds.

TEARC, tyerk, *adj.* rare, unusual, scarce.

TEARCEUN, tyerk'-èn', *n. m.* phoenix, rare bird.

TEARMUNN, tyer'-munn, *n. m.* refuge, patron; mo *thearmunn* thu, thou art my refuge. *Psalms.*

TEARN, tyárn, *v.* escape, evade; cha b'urra dhuit *tearnadh*, you could not escape; preserve, protect, defend, rescue, save; Dia 'gar *tearnadh*, may God preserve or rescue us.

TEARNADH, tyárn'-ā, *pt.* preserving, rescuing, escaping; *n. m.* after-birth, (*Lew.*); (*Argyle, slànachadh.*) preservation, escape, rescue.

TEARR, tyárr, *n. m.* tar, pitch; *v.* tar.

TEARRACHD, tyarr'-achg, *n. f.* keen sarcasm.

TEARRADH, tyárr'-ā, *pt.* tarring, daubing.

TEARUINN, tyér'-ènn, *n.* preserve, rescue.

TEARUINTE, tyér'-ènn-tyá, *pt. adj.* preserved, rescued, secured, safe, guarded, cautious.

TEARUINTEACHD, tyér'-ènjt-achg, *n. f.* security or protected state, precaution, caution.

TEAS, tyás, *n. m.* heat, warmth, too much of the good things of life, superabundance.

TEASACH, tyás'-ach, *n. m.* cattle running from excessive heat, fever, *Bible*; warm water in milk.

TEASAICH, tyás'-èch, *v.* heat, warm, become warm.

TEASAICHTE, tyás'-èch-tya, *pt.* heated, warm.

TEASAIRG, } tyás'-ruig, *v.* save, interpose

TEASRUIG, } for the purpose of rescuing; relieve, afford relief.

TEASRUIGINN, tyás'-règ-ènn, *n. f.* relief, preservation, rescue; *pt.* rescuing, relieving, interfering.

TEIC, tyáechg, *adj.* due, lawful, legal; cha *teic* na th' ann, all there are, are too much; cha *teic* dhuit, that is more than is due,—more than is lawful; an *teic* a h'aon, is not one more than enough; an *teic* a h-aon deug, is not eleven more than enough; their *mise* dhuit gus an abair thu cha *teic*, I will give you till you say, it is more than enough.

TEICH, tyäch, *v.* flee, scamper, be off! desert; o ghuth a bhuaireas *theich* na sluaigh, at the noise of the tumult, the people fled. *Bible*; *THEICH* e, he fled, he deserted the army, he took to his heels.

TEICHEADH, tyäch²-ā, *pt.* fleeing, taking to his heels, scampering; *n. m.* fleeing, desertion.

TEICHEACH, tyäch-ach, *adj.* fleeing, fleeing. *Macdonald.*

TEID, tyāj, corruption of d'théid, which see.

TEIDIDH, tyāj'-é, *n. f.* wild fire; teine. *thionnacham. North.*

TEILE, tyāl'-ā, *n. f.* lime, or linden tree.

TEILG, tyālég, *n. m.* hook-line; casach. *N.*

TEILLEACH, tyälly'-ach, *n. m.* blub-checked fellow. *North.*

TEINE, tyān'-ā, *n. m.* fire; teine-éibhinn, bone-fire; bráight, dreallsach, bráight-seal, teine thionnachain, wild-fire, phosphoric light from decayed wood or fish; teine-athair, lightning.

TEINE-DE, tyān²-ā-dyā, *n. m.* erysipelas; butterfly. *North;* deallan-dè. *West H.*

TEINDIRE, tyānj'-ur-ā, *n. m.* a fire-grate.

TEINDREACH, tyānjf'-rach, *n. f.* watch-chain, &c.

TEINN, tyānn, *n. f.* predicament, strait, distress; nach e a bha 'na theinn, what a predicament he was in! how he was non-plussed; an aimsir carraid agus téinn, in time of fatigue and distress.

TEINNE, tyānn²-a, tyēnn²-a, degree more tight, &c.; *n. f.* degree of tightness; tightness, rigidity;—fire.

TEINNE, tyānn'-ā, *n. f.* link of chain.

TEINNEAD, tyēnn²-ad, *n. f.* degree of tightness.

TEINNDEACHD, tyānnj'-ach, *adj.* fieriness.

TEINNDIDH, tyānnj'-é, *adj.* fiery, hot, keen.

TEINNDIDHEACHD, see Teinnidheachd.

TEINNTEAN, tyānnj'-an, *n. m.* hearth-stone.

TEINNTREACH, tyānnj'-rach, *n. f.* flash of lightning.

TEIRBHEARTAICH, tyār'-yart-éich, *v. ha-* rass. *H. S.;* distribute. *Islay.*

TEIRCE, tyār'-a, *adj.* degree of scarceness; na's teirce, scarcer; *n. f.* scarceness, scarcity.

TEIRCEAN, tyār'-ad, *n. f.* degree of scarcity.

TEIRCEACHD, tyār'-achg, *n. f.* fewness, rareness.

TEIRIG, tyār²-ég, *v. n.* be exhausted, consumed, be spent, run out; thei'rig orm, as mine is run out, is exhausted; 'nuair thei'rigas gual, thei'rigidh obair, when coals are consumed, smith's work is at an end; thei'rig iad, they are done, they are run out, they are consumed.

TEIRINN, tyār'-ēnn, *n. m.* alight, descend.

TEIRIS, TEIRISD, tyār²-ēsh, tyār'-ēshj, *Ind.* stand still! stand! keep quiet! (said to a cow.)

TEIRM, tyāerm², *n. f.* a thumb.

TEISMID, tyāsh'-méj, *n. f.* last will; tiomnadh

TEIST, tyāshj, *n. f.* reputation, character, respectability. nach leig a theist air chall,

who will not suffer his fame or respectability to be bandied with. *Psalms.*

TEISTEALACHD, tyāshj'-al-achg, *n. f.* respectability, fame, good name, reputation, esteem.

TEISTEANAS, tyāshjt'-an-as, *n. m.* testimonials, certificate, reputation, testimony.

TEISTEAS, tyāshjt'-as, *n. f.* testimony. *B.*

TEISTEIL, tyāsjt'-al, *adj.* having a respectable character, respectable, reputable.

TEO-CHRIDHEACH, tyō'-chrē-ach, *adj.* warm-hearted, affectionate, kindly.

TEODHADH, tyō'-ā, *pt.* warming, simmering, glowing with love, feeling affection for.

TEOIDH, tyōé'-y', *v.* warm, simmer, glow with delight or affection; cha do theoidh mi riamh ris, my heart never glowed with delight or affection towards him.

TIOINDTE, tyōé'-y'-tyā, *pt.* warned, simmered.

TEOM, tyāom, *adj.* expert, dexterous.

TEOMACHD, tyāom'-achg, *n. f.* expertness, dexterity, skill, proficiency in any thing.

TETH, tyā², *adj.* hot, impetuous, keen; more properly teith; na 's teotha, hotter.

TETH, tyhè, *adj.* rancid, insipid, tasteless.

TEUCHD, tyèchg, *n.* congeal; roodh. *H. S.*

TEUTHACHO, tyhè'-achg, *n. f.* rancidness.

TEUD, tyādd', *n. f.* musical instrument string.

TEUDACH, tyādd'-ach, *adj.* stringed.

TEUGAIR, tyāg'-uèr, *v.* gather milk by putting people on short allowance, to make butter.

TEUGRAIDH, tyāg'-rā, *pt.* gathering milk economically; *n. m.* milk or butter so gathered.

TEUGBHOIL, tyāg'-vhal, *n. f.* agonies of death.

TEUM, tyām, *n. f.* temptation, whim, caprice, Argyle;—in Bible, Cowal, a bite, (loiteadh);—*v.* tempt, beguile, draw aside;—in Bible, bite as a serpent does; theum nathair mi (loit nathair mi), a serpent bit me;—in Argyle, a serpent beguiled, or enticed me.

TEUMADH, tyām'-ā, *pt.* tempting, beguiling, biting, snatching.

TEUMNACH, tyām'-nach, *adj.* capricious, whimsical; cha 'n 'eil ann ach duine teumnach, he is a capricious or whimsical man; enticing, inviting, tempting; cha 'n 'eil e na ni teumnach, it is not an enticing affair.

TEUMNACHD, tyām'-nachg, *n. f.* tempting nature or quality; capriciousness.

TEUMNASG, tyārm'-nnāsk, *n. m.* a bandage on the toes and thumbs of a dead person, to prevent his ghost from hurting fies

THAINIG, hān'-ég, *past v.* thig, came.

THAIRIS, hācr'-ēsh, *adv.* over, across, a-

broad, or over the channel or seas; chaidh e thairis, he went abroad,—he left the kingdom; a' dol thairis, going abroad or cross the sound or channel; copan air cuir thairis, the cup running over; beyond, exceeding the bounds, remaining as a surplus; chaidh e thairis air sin, he went beyond that, or it is beyond that; thairis air mòran, beyond many; thug e thairis, he over-fatigued himself; thoir thairis, give over, be done of it; chuir iad thairis i, they capsized (the boat) her.

THAIRTE, häerjt'-ä, *pre. and pro.* beyond her, over her; an abhainn a' cur thairte, the river overflowing; see Thairis, &c.

THALL, häll, *adv.* over, on the other side, beyond, abroad; *adj.* yon, yonder; am baile ad thall, yonder town; over against.

THALLA, hall'-a, *v.* come, come along; thalla leamsa, come along with me; thallaibh, come you; *Inter.* thalla! thalla! indeed! indeed! well! well! ay! ay!

THALLAD, häll'-ad, *adv.* yon, yonder.

TH'ANN, hänn, (for tha ann), that is, in that place, exists; co mhead a th'ann, how many is there?

THAR, har, over, beyond, across, more than; thar fichead, beyond twenty,—more than twenty; thar a chéile, at variance; chuir thu thar a chéile iad, you set them by the ears; thar na còrach, beyond what is proper.

THARAD, här'-udd, (*pre. pro.*) beyond thee.

THARAIBH, här'-uv, (*pre. pro.*) over you.

THARAINN, här'-enn, (*pre. pro.*) over us.

THARAM, här'-um, (*pre. pro.*) beyond or over me; chaidh i tharam, she capsized on me.

THARTA, härt'-ä, (*pre. pro.*) beyond them; chaidh am bàta tharta, the boat capsized on them; cuir tharta e, put it over them.

THEAB, häb², *def. v.* theab mi, I had almost; theab iad, they had almost; theab thu mo mharbhadh, you had almost killed me;—(used in all the persons.)

THEAGAMH, häg'-av, *adv.* perhaps; theagamh gu bheil, perhaps it is so—perhaps so.

THEID, häj, *fut. v.* theirig or rach, will or shall go.

TUEIR, häer², *fut. v.* abair; their thu, thou shalt say; their sinn, we shall say; their iad, they shall say; their cuid, some shall say; their learn, I should think.

THEIRIG, häer'-ëg, *v. n.* go, proceed; theirig thusa, go ye, or thou; theid mi, I shall go; an d'theid thu, shalt thou go; chaidh mi, I went.

THEIRIG, *part. v.* teirig, be expended or exhausted; theirig iad gu léir, they are all spent, &c.

TUIG, heg, *v. n.* come; (*fut.* also thig);

thig thusa leamsa, come you along with me; thig sinn leibh, we shall come along with you; thainig sinn leibh, we came along with you; cha d' thig sinn leibh, we shall not come along with you; cha d' thainig iad, they did not come; *v. n.* become, suit, fit, besit; is math a thig an còta dhuit, the coat becomes, fits, or suits you well; deamar a tha e tighinn domh, how does it become me, or how does it fit me? agree with one's taste, be pleased with; deamar thig sinn riutsa, how will that please you? cha d'thig sin gu math ris, that will not please him well; recover, escape, get the better of; thig e uaith, he will recover, he will get the better of this; speak of, reflect upon, speculate about; thig iad ort gu farsuinn fial, they shall speak of you far and wide, every where, and liberally; bithidh iad a' tighinn oirnn, they shall speak of us,—our conduct will be a matter of reflection. See Grammar.

THOTA, hòer, *v. n.* give, deliver, grant, or bestow on; thoir dhomh, give me; thoir dhaibh, give them, or to them; bring, carry, bear; thoir so a dh'ionnsuidh, bring, bear, or carry this to him; thoir an ionnsuidh, bear, carry, or bring this to them; compel, force, constrain; thoir air so a dheanadh, constrain or compel, or force him to do this; thoir seachad, deliver, give up; thoir suas, deliver up, abdicate, resign; thoir ionnsuidh air, attack, assault him; thoir thu fhèin as, begone, take to your heels; thoir fios, inform, invite; thoir as e, swig it off,—gulp it up; thoir bhuaidh, bring from, or deprive, him of it; thoir an fhaire, take care, beware; thoir mathanas, pardon, forgive; thoir leat e, bring it with you; thoir as a chéile, disjoin, tear asunder; thoir ionnsuidh air, attack, assault, make a dash, or dart at him; thoir a stigh, bring in, cultivate, as land; thoir a stigh ort, get in, away in with you; thoir an suas, e, cede, surrender, or abdicate it; thoir buidheachas, return thanks; thoir breith, give the sense, judge; thoir an geall, give as a bet, pledge, stake, mortgage; thoir géill, admit, concede, yield, submit; na d' thoir géill da, don't admit, pay no attention to any thing he says; thoir aigh-eab, neo oidheirp, attempt; thoir thairis give over, be quite exhausted or over-fatigued; thoir leum, jump; thoir dùil-eum, bound; thoir urram, pay respect, reverence; thoir saighde asad, make a dash or dart at any thing; thoir sìorradh neo sgiutadh, dart, bolt; thoir gu buil, bring to a successful termination; thoir do leaba ort, be off to bed.

THROIMH, hroév², (*pre. pro.*) through him; *throbh, through you; thrompa, through them, &c.*

THU, ú, (*pers. pron. asp. form*), thou; *thu féin* or *phéin*, thou or thee, thyself;—(*Greek and Latin, tu; German and Swedish, thou and du; Dan. du; Belg. u; Sax. thu and tho; Pers. too*); as, *is tu an cú, thou art a dog*; (*pronounced us-dú*).

THUBHAIRT, thú'-urjt, *past. abair*, said.

THUD, THUT, húd', hüt, *Int.* indeed! *tut!* has it come to this pitch! so much so!

THUG, hüg, *part. of thoir*, gave; *thug e domh e*, he gave, or has given it me.

THUIG, hüég, *past of v. tuig*, I understood.

THUIGE, hüég'-á, *adv. towards*, to the wind; *tháinig i thuige*, she came to (as a ship) as any thing else, it improved; *a' dol thuige* is *uaidh*, going hither and thither; *tháinig e thuige fhéine*, he came to himself,—recovered his judgment.

THUCA, hüchg'-á, *pro. pre. towards them*.

THUG, hüg, *past. v. irreg.*; *thoir*; *thoir dhaibh*, give them; *thug mi dhaibh*, I gave them.

THUGAD, hüg'-ad, *n. m. pre. pro. towards thee*; *Inter. out of my way! leave that place!* *thugaibh*, leave ye that! also, towards you.

THUN, hún, *prep. to, toward*; *thun an tighe*, towards the house; *adv. near*, nearly, almost, on the eve; *thun teir-igeachdainn*, nearly expended or exhausted; *thun éirigh*, on the eve of rising; *thun cogaidh*, for war, for the purpose of war; *thun mo mhac*, to my sons *Os*.

TI, tyé, *n. m.* an individual; *an ti* is *áirde*, the Supreme Being; *oir mar so deir an ti árd agus usail*, for thus says the high and lofty one. *B.*—set design or earnest wish, determination; *tha e air ti mise a mharbhadh*, he is bent on my destruction; *tha e air ti cuir as domh*, he is determined to finish my days; *bha 'thi air mise a sgríos*, his determination was to ruin me, to destroy me.

TIBHE, tyév'-a, *deg. tuigh na's tibhe*, thicker

TIBHEAD, tyév'-ad, *n. m.* degree of thickness

TIAMHACHD, tyeáiv'-achg, *n. f.* dreariness, gloominess; melodious heart-melting sound.

TIAMHAIDH, tyéáiv'-é, *adj.* melancholy, dreary, distressing, dismal; heart-melting, as music; *áite tiamhaidh*, a dreary place; *pt. port tiamhaidh*, a heart-melting strain or tune.

TIAMHAIDHEACHD; see *Tiamhachd*.

TIDE, tyéj'-á, *n. m.* time; (*Swedish, tid*.)

TIG, for d'thig, dyéj or jég; *cha d' thig e*, he shall not come.

TIGH, ttaöé'-y, *n. m.* a house; 'se 'ainm aobhneach *tigh* na féile, its joyous name

is the house of hospitality, (*Fingal's*); *tigh-beag*, a necessary, a privy; *tigh-marsantachd*, a shop, ware-room; *tigh-chon*, dog-kennel; *tigh-chalman*, a dovecot, or ducket; *tigh-bainne*, dairy; *tigh-chaorach*, sheep-cot; *tigh-airm*, an armoury. *B.*; *tigh-cise*, custom-house; *tigh-chearc*, hen-house; an *tigh-mòr*, mansion-house; *tigh-bàinnse*, the house of the wedding; *tigh-samhraidh*, a villa, or summer-house; *tigh-cusbuinn*, custom-house; *tigh-diombhairachd*, jakes; *tigh-eiridinn*, an infirmary; *tigh-sgoil*, a school-house; *tigh-fasdaidh*, house where one is hired; *tigh-leanna*, *tigh-bod*, an inn, alehouse; *tigh-seinnse*, an inn; (*French*); *tigh-striop*, a bawdy-house; *tigh-mòid*, court-house, justice-court; *tigh-nigheadaireachd*, wash-house; *tigh-sheilleán*, a hive; *tigh-malairt*, an exchange; *tigh-taisg*, *tigh-stòir*, pantry, store-room; *tigh-tàimh*, an inn. *B.*; *tigh-teas*, hot-house; *tigh-tàimn*, an inn; *tigh-réidh*, a banking-house; *tigh-rìgh*, palace; *aig an tigh*, at home; *o'n tigh*, abroad, from home.

TIGHEADAS, thi²-ad-us, *n. m.* a household; *air a thigh* is *air a thigheadas*, he having a house and household.

TIGHEALT, tti^h-ált, *pt. calling when passing*

TIGHEARN, tyé'-arn, *n. m.* Lord Almighty! a landlord, proprietor, superior title of respect; *tha a thighearn, yea, O Lord!* (*ti an fhearainn, or ti tharainn.*)

TIGHEARNAIL, tyé'-arm-al, *adj.* lordly.

TIGHEARNALACHD, tyé'-urn-al-achg, *n. f.* lordliness.

TIGHEARNAS, tyé'-arn-as, *n. m.* proprietorship, lordship, rule, sway, dominion.

TIGHICH, tti^h-éich, *n. f.* state of being subject to callers.

TIGHIL, tti²h'-él, *v.* call when passing.

TIGHINN, tyé'-éinn, *n. f.* speaking, slandering, back-biting, speculating on the faults of others; *pt. coming, speaking, agreeing with, &c.*

TILG, tyél'-ég, *v.* throw, cast off, reproach, cast up to; vomit; *thilg e*, he threw, vomited; *thilg an t-each mi*, the horse threw me off; *thilg i scarrach*, she cast a fool; *thilg e a dheoch*, he vomited his drink; *thilg e orm e*, he cast it up to me; strike with an elf-shot, shoot, fire at; *thilg e an duine*, he shot the man; *duine tilgte*, a man shot by the fairies,—a man that cares not what he does.

TILGEADH, tyélég'-á, *pt. casting, throwing, shooting, vomiting, reproaching, & reproach.*

TILGTE, tyélég'-tya, *pt. thrown, cast; mad.*

TILL, tyélly', *v. n.* return, come back; relapse; *thill ris*, he has got a relapse.

TILLEADH, tyèlèg'-à, *pt.* returning, relapsing; *n.m.* a relapse, return, act of turning.
 TIM, tyèm, *n. m.* time; is *tim* teicheadh, it is time to be off; *tiomana*, times.

TIMCHIOLL, tyèm'-chèul, *n.m.* circuit, compass; *ma 'm timchioll*, about me; *ma timchioll trì*, about three; *ma 'n timchioll*, about them; *prep. adv.* about, around; *timchioll fichead*, about twenty; *chaidh e tiomchioll*, he went round; *chaidh e tiomchioll orra*, he surrounded them; a *cheud timchioll* a rinn iad, the first circuit or compass they made.

TIMCHIOLLACH, tyèm'-cheal-ach, *adj.* circuitous, circular, encompassing.

TIMCHIOLLAICH, tyèm'-cheul-èch, *v.* surround, environ, inclose, encompass.

TIMCHIOLLAICHT, tyèm'-chyal-èch-tyà, *pt.* enviroined, surrounded, encompassed, encircled, gone round.

TIMCHIOLL-GHEARR, tyèm'-chyal-ghyàrr', *v.* circumcise; *timchioll-ghearradh*, circumcision, circumcising; *timchioll-ghearr clann Israel*, circumcise the children of Israel. *Bible.*

TINN, tyènn', *adj. adv.* unwell, sick; *feuch tha 'thathair tinn*, behold, thy father is sick.

TINNE, tyènn'-à, *deg.* of teann; chain. *N.*

TINNEAS, tyènn'-us, *n. m.* sickness, disease; *tinneas-cloinne*, travail, labour, child-birth, parturition; *tinneas-goile*, stomach complaint; *tinneas-fairge*, sea-sickness; *tinneas-tuiteamach*, palsy, epilepsy.

TINNSGEADAIL, tyènn'-skedd-al, *n. m.* bad omen. *North.*

TIODHLAC, tyè'll'-achg, *n. m.* gift, offering.

TIODHLACADH, tyè'll'-achg-à, *pt.* burying, interring; giving; *n. m.* burial, interment.

TIODHLAIC, tyè'llk, tyè'll-èchg, *v.* bury, inter.

TIOLAM, tyul'-am, *n. m.* snatch, space, a short time; clever opportunity.

TIOLP, tyùlp, *v.* steal by snatching, pilfer; steal one's property, and he almost looking at you; cavil, carp.

TIOLPADAIR, tyùlp'-ad-aèr, *n. m.* a thief by snatching; pilferer;—a critic. *M'F.*

TIOLPADH, tyulp'-à, *pt.* stealing by snatching; pilfering; carping, cavilling.

TIOM, tyè'm, *adj.* easily abashed or daunted; tender-hearted, sensitive, timid.

TIOMA, tyè'm'-a, *n. f.* delicateness of feeling; a daunt; melting into tears; *thàinig tioma air*, he was daunted, he melted into tears; softness of disposition, sensitiveness; *thàinig tioma air suilean Fhinn*, Fingal melted into tears; *ioma ceud fo thioma*, many a hundred quite unmanned,—quite damped or daunted. *Song.*

TIOMACHD, tyè'm'-achg, *n. f.* delicacy of

feeling and sentiment; daunt, damp on the spirits.

TIOMAICH, tyèm'-èch, *v.* soften or melt into tears, or better feelings; *Laach nach tiomaich*, a hero that goes forward dauntlessly. *Macdonald*; *thiomaich* a chridhe, his heart softened.

TIOMAINN, tyèm'-ènn, *v.* resign solemnly, bequeath, bestow; *thiomainn e spiorad suas*, he solemnly committed his spirit unto God; swearing by Heaven.

TIOMAINT, tyèm'-ènjt-à, *pt.* bequeathed, religiously determined.

TIOMNADAIR, tyèm'-nad-àèr, *n.m.* testator

TIOMNADH, tyèm'-nà, *n. m.* testament, will; *oir tha tiomnadh dainnean an déigh bàis dhaoine*, for a testament is binding after men's death. *Bible*; an *Sean-Tiomnadh*, the Old Testament; *pt.* committing solemnly, bequeathing.

TIOMPAN, tyèmp'-an, *n. m.* timbril, cymbal, tabor, or drum. *Bible.*

TIOMSAICH, tyèm'-sèch, *v.* collect. *H. S.*

TIONAIL, tyun'-àl, *v.* gather, collect. *B.*

TIONAL, tyun'-al, *n.m.* collection, collecting
 TIONNSGAINN, tyunn'-skaènn, *v.* attack or fall to of a sudden without any cause. *Islay*;—invent, devise. *Macfarlan*; return; turn. *H. S.*

TIONNSGNADH, tyunnsk'-nà, *pt.* attacking or falling to of a sudden; *n. m.* sudden attack or commencement; invention.

TIOP, tyép, *v.* steal by little and little; pilfer.

TIOP, tyép, *v.* thread a fishing-hook. *Ross-shire.*

TIORAM, tyur'-um, *adj.* dry, seasoned, arid, without moisture; flippant in speech;—*tiorma*, more dry, arid, &c.; fair, as weather; *nair thioram*, fair weather; *feur thioram*, hay.

TIORC, tyurk, *v.* save, deliver. *Irish.*

TIORMA, tyurm'-a, *deg.* of tioram, more or most dry, drier, driest.

TIORMACHADH, tyurm'-ach-à, *pt. n. m.* drying, fair weather; seasoning, as hay, fish, &c.

TIORMACHAIL, tyurm'-ach-al, *adj.* desiccative.

TIORMACHD, tyurm'-achg, *n. f.* fair weather; continuance of fair weather; flippancy.

TIORMAICH, tyurm'-èch, *v.* dry, dry up.

TIORMAN, tyurm'-an, *n. m.* meal-ball.

TIORT, tyurt, *n.m.* accident, mishap. *H. S.*

TIOT, tyè'tt, *v.* dispatch quickly. *H. S.*

TIOTA, for Tiotamh, moment.

TIOTAMH, tyè'tt'-uv, *n. m.* moment, little time.

TIA, tyèr', *n. m.* land, shore; air *tir*, a shore, on land; country, region; o 'n thàinig e an *tir*, since he came to the

country, to this region; *tír-mór*, *continent*; eadar *tíir-mór* agus *eileanan*, both the continent and islands.

TIR, *tyér'*, *v.* kiln-dry corn, *Islay*; in *Perthshire*, *cròch*.

TIREACHAS, *tyér'-ach-as*, *n. f.* patriotism.

TIREADH, *tyér'-à*, *pl.* kiln-drying; *n. m.* the quantity of corn kiln-drying.

TIT, *tyéjt*, *inter.* expressive of wet. *H. S.*

TITHEACH, *tyéh'-ach*, *adj.* bent or determined on, keen for; *titheach air mo mharbhadh*, bent on my destruction.

TIUGAINN, *tyü'g'-énn*, *v. def.* come along.

TIUGH, *tyü'gh*, *adj.* thick, not slender, (thicker, *tibhe neo tiuighe*,) frequent, in quick succession, as drops of rain; dull, hazy, dense, gross, clumsy.

TIUGHACH, *tyü'-éch*, *v.* thicken, crowd.

TIUIGHE, *tyü'-é*, *adj.* degree thicker, thickest.

TIUIGHEAD, *tyü'g'-ud*, *n. f.* degree of thickness.

TIUIGHEADAS, *tyü'-ud-us*, *n. f.* thickness.

TLACHD, *tlachg*, *n. m.* love, attachment; *tha tlachd aige dhith*, he is attached to her; pleasure, satisfaction, degree of satisfaction; *cha'n fhaigh thu e le tlachd*, you shall not get it with any degree of satisfaction; beauty, liberality, affection; is beag mo *tlachd* dhith neo dheth, I have no great affection for her or him.

TLACHDAIREACHD, *n. f.* } *tlachg'-uèr-achg*,

TLACHDMHOIREACHD, } handsomeness,

comeliness, pleasantness, blandness.

TLACHDAR, *tlachg'-ur*, *adj.* handsome, lovely, liberal, pleasant, comely; *lean-aibh tlachmhor*, a goodly child. *Bible*.

TLAM, *tlàm*, *n. m.* handful of wool; awkward handling; *v.* fumble, mix wool.

TLAMADH, *tlàm'-à*, *pl.* mixing, fumbling.

TLATH, *tlàh*, *adj.* somewhat moist, humid; *tha so tlàth*, this is somewhat moist or humid; balmy, soft, mellow, mild, gentle; *uisge tlàth*, balmy or genial rain; smooth, fine to the touch; *bu bhuige a' chàint na oladh tlàth*, his speech was softer than smooth oil. *Psalms*.

TLAS, *tlàs*, *n. f.* (tlàthas), balminess, mildness, gentleness; *a' tìondadh ascaoine na sìne gu tlàs*, changing the inclemency of the weather to calmness or mildness; smoothness, gentleness.

TLATHAICH, *tlàh'-éich*, *v.* moisten gently, become balmy or gentle, abate gently, as weather; get into gentle perspiration; *tlàthachadh falluis*, gentle perspiration or sweat.

TLIGHEACHD, *tlé'-achg*, *n. f.* inclination.

TLIOCHD, *tlýúehg*, *n. m.* beginning. *Irish*.

TLUGH, *tlúgh'*, *n. m.* pair of tongs. *Irish*.

TLUS, *tlús*, *n. m.* affection, tenderness of manner, gentleness, as weather; balmi-

ness, or mildness; as clothes next the skin, comfort, comfortable sensation: *labhair le tlus*, speak with some degree of affection; *cha'n eil tlus sam bith 'san aodach*, there is no comfort in the clothes; *fhéara bu mhór tlus is bàigh*, ye heroes noted for natural affection and clanship; *thig tlus is blàs*, balmy weather and genial warmth shall come; *tlus nan speur*, the balminess of the air.

TLUSAR, *adj.* } *tlús'-ur*, *adj.* affectionate,
TLUSMHOIR, } kind; *nighean thlusar*,
an affectionate daughter; agreeable to the touch, comfortable; *aodach thlusar*, comfortable clothing; balmy, genial, mild; *uair thlusar*, genial or mild weather.

TLUSAIREACHD, *n. f.* } *tlús'-uèr-achg*, bal-

TLUSMHOIREACHD, } miness, genial

warmlth, or comfortable feel or sensation.

TNUTH, *tunúh*, *trúh*, *n. f.* envy, malice.

Bible; grudge, indignation, avarice.

TNUTHAR, *tunúh'-ur*, *adj.* malicious.

TOB, *tóbb*, *n. f.* surprise. *Irish*.

TOBAR, *tób'-ur*, *n. m.* well, spring, fountain; *tobraichear na beatha*, the fountains (issues) of life; *tobar fíoruisg*, a spring-well; *tobar-baistidh*, a baptismal font; *tobar-táirne*, a draw-well; source, origin; *an tobar bho'm bheil gach buaireadh a sruthadh*, the source whence all temptations flow.

TOBHA, *tób'-à*, *n. m.* a rope; *v.* tow.

TOBHAIR, *tó'-aér*, *v.* give, bestow.

TOBHAIPT, *tó'-áirt*, *pl.* giving.

TOBHARTACH, *tó'-art-ach*, *adj.* liberal, munificent, charitable; *duine tobhartach*, a liberal, or charitable man.

TOBHARTAS, *tó'-art-us*, *n. m.* a gift, offering, charity.

TOC, *tóehg*, *v.* swell up, puff, rise gradually, as a loaf does; swell, as with rage; *thóca h-aodann*, her face swelled with rage; swell with good eating.

TOCADH, *tóehg'-à*, *pl.* swelling, puffing.

TOCH, *toch*, *n. f.* the hough or ham of a beast; *v.* hough, or cut-off limbs of cattle; *thoch iad an crodh*, they houghed the cattle.

TOCHAIL, *toch'-él*, *v.* dig, quarry. *Irish*; *Psalms*.

TOCHAILT, *toch'-aljt*, *n. f.* a quarry. *Irish*.

TOCHAR, *toch'-ar*, *n. m.* marriage-portion.

TOCHD, *tóehg*, *n. m.* suffocating bad smell.

TOCHRAIS, *toch'-rèsh*, *v.* reel or wind yarn.

TOCHRAS, *toch'-ras*, *n. m. pl.* winding, reeling.

TODHAIR, *tó'-ér*, *v.* manure, bleach.

TODHAR, *tó'-ar*, *n. m.* dung dropped by cattle on the field; a field so manured; bleaching; a bleach.

TOG, *tög*, *v. n.* build, raise, lift, stir up,

- rear, bring up; brew, distil, exact, as tribute; *thog iad tigh, they built a house*; a fear a *thog* thu, *the man that reared you*; le gliocas *togar tigh, with wisdom a house is built*; *togaidh fear fiar aimhreit, a perverse man stirreth up strife*; *thog tuinn an cinn, waves reared their heads*; *tog do throm dhiom, remove thy burden from me*; do not goad me too much,—do not touch me to the quick; *thog iad eis, they exacted a tribute*; clear up, cheer; *cha tog piob mo chridhe, bagpipes will not cheer my spirits*; *togaidh an latha, the day will clear up*; *tog ri, tog air, ascend, report ill of*; *tog euis, appeal*; *thog e chuis gu Seusar, he appealed into Cæsar*; *tog ort thun a mhonaidh, betake yourself to the mountains*; a' *togail* a bhruthaich, *ascending the acclivity*; *thog iad air gu'n robh e dèidheil air an òl, they raised a report that he was addicted to liquor*; a' *thogadh* mo chridhe nuair bhithidh e trom, *that would cheer my heart when drooping*; hoist, weigh; *tog na siuil, hoist the sails*; *thog iad an acair, they weighed anchor*; *thog iad a' bhraich, they brewed or distilled the malt*; *tog do shuil, raise your eye*.
- TOGAIL**, tóg'-al, *pt.* raising, rearing, exacting; ascending, hoisting, weighing, &c.
- TOGAIL**, tóg'-al, *n. f.* structure, superstructure, building; a' moladh na *togalach*, *praising the building. Bible*; starvation; air an *togail*, *starving, as a cow*.
- TOGAIA**, tóg'-ér, *v.* please, wish, incline, desire; ma *thogras mi fhéin, just if I please*; a' *togairt* dol dachaidh, *inclining, or feeling disposed to go home*.
- TOGALACH**, tóg'-al-ach, *gen.* of Togail.
- TOGALAICHE**, tóg'-al-éich-á, *n. m.* builder.
- TOGALAICHEAN**, tóg'-al-éich-an, *n. pl.* buildings.
- TOGARRACH**, tóg'-arr-ach, *adj.* inviting, enticing; cha'n'eil an latha so *togarrach*, *this day is not inviting*; willing, desirous; tha e *togarrach* a dh'fholbh, *he is desirous to go*.
- TOGHADH**, tógh'-é, *n. f.* guard, care. *H. Society*.
- TOGHLAINN**, tóll'-énn, *n. f.* exhalation, fume; tha *toghlainn* ag éiridh, *there is an exhalation rising*; disagreeable heat or fume.
- TOGRACH**, for *Togarrach*, willing.
- TOGTE**, tóg'-tyá, *pt.* raised, lifted under excitement; tha speuran a chinn *togte*, *he is quite in a frenzy*.
- TOIBHEUM**, toév'-vám, *n. f.* blasphemy.
- TOIBHEUMACH**, toév'-ám-ach, *adj.* blasphemous, offensive, profane.
- TOIC**, tòichg, *n. f.* a swelling in the body or face from good living; wealth, that puffs up.
- TOICEALACHD**, tòèchg'-al-achg, *n. f.* purse-pride.
- TOICEAR**, tòèchg'-àér, *n. m.* purse-proud man.
- TOICEARACHD**, tòèchg'-àér-achg, *n. f.* purse-pride.
- TOICEIL**, tòèchg'-al, *adj.* purse-proud, swelled up with pride of riches; disdain.
- TOICHIOSDAL**, tòèch'-ésd-al, *n. m.* arrogance.
- TOIGH**, táó for tagh; is *toigh* leam, *for is tagh leam, I like, I am fond of*.
- TOIL**, töl', *n. f.* inclination, desire, will, wish, pleasure; an tì a nì *toil* Dè, *he that does the will of God*; tha *toil* 'am sin a dheanadh, *I wish to do that*; ma 'se do *thoil* e, *if you please*.
- TOILEACH**, töl'-ach, *adj.* willing, voluntary; tha mi *toileach*, *I am willing*; gach nì is *toileach* le Dia, *every thing God pleases*.
- TOILEACHADH**, to'l'-ach-ach-á, *pt.* pleasing, satisfying, giving pleasure; *n. m.* satisfaction.
- TOILEACHAS**, töl'-ach-us, *n. m.* contentment; *toileachas-iuntinn, mental pleasure or satisfaction*.
- TOILEACHD**, to'l'-achg, *n. m.* willingness.
- TOILEALACHD**, to'l'-al-achg, *n. f.* eagerness, extreme willingness, or readiness.
- TOILICH**, to'l'-éich, *v.* satisfy, please, will, wish; ma *thoilicheas tu, if you will or wish*; *thoilich mi e, I satisfied him*.
- TOILICHTE**, to'l'-éich-tyá, *pt.* pleased, satisfied; tha mi *toilichte*, *I am content*.
- TOIL-INNTINN**, to'l'-énjt-énn, *n. f.* gratification, satisfaction, mental enjoyment.
- TOILL**, taölly', *v.* deserve, merit; *thoil* thu sin, *you deserved or merited that*.
- TOILLTEANACH**, for *Toilltinneach*.
- TOILLTEANNAS**, taölty'-unn-us, *n. f.* desert, merit; a réir ar *toillteannas*, *according to your desert or merit*.
- TOILLTINN**, taölly'-tyénn, *pt.* meriting, deserving; dè tha thu a' *toilltinn*, *what do you deserve or merit?*
- TOILLTINNEACH**, taölly'-tyénn-ach, *adj.* deserving, meriting; duine *toilltinneach* air bàs, *a person meriting death*.
- TOIMHSEACHAN**, tòésh'-ach-an, } *n. m.* a
TOIMHSEAGAN, tòésh'-ag-an, } riddle;
an enigma.
- TOIMHSEAN**, tòsh'-an, *n. pl.* weights, scales, balances, measures —; faculties. *North*.
- TOIMHSEIL**, tòsh'-shul, *adj.* sensible. *N*.
- TOINISG**, toén'-éshg, *n. f.* common sense.
- TOINISGEIL**, toén'-éshg-al, *adj.* sensible.
- TOINN**, toénn, *v.* twist, wreath. (*Car.*); spin, twine; *tachrais* or *tochrais. Bible*.
- TOINNEAMH**, tòénn'-uv, *pt.* spinning, twi-

ning; *n. m.* arrangement, train; *chuir thu as mo thoinneamh mi, you disappointed me,—you deranged my plans.*

TOIR, corruption of *d'thoir*; see *Thoir*.

TORA, *tòer'*, *n. f.* pursuit, diligent search; *teichidh sibh, 'nuair nach bi an tòir oirbh, ye shall flee when there is none in pursuit of you; tha e air tòir, he is making a search for; enough; is tòir e fhèin air sin, he is quite enough for that himself; band of pursuers; tha'n tòir ad dhéigh, there is a band of pursuers after you.*

TOIRBEARTAS, for *Toirbeartas*.

TOIREASG, for *Tuiriasg*, saw; *sàbh.*

TOIREANN, *tòer'-unn*, *n. f.* thunder. *H. S.*

TOIRLEUN, *tòer'-llám*, *n. m.* a bound.

TOIRN, *tòerm*, *n. f.* noise; ruzzling noise, as of people going through a wood; murmuring.

TOIRMEASG, *tòem'-usg*, *pt. n. m.* forbidding; prohibition or hindrance.

TOIRLINN, *tòer'-lyenn*, *v.* alight, come off a horse.

TOIRNISG, *tòerm'-èshg*, *v.* forbid, prohibit.

TOIRNISGTE, *tòerm'-èshg-tyá*, *pt.* prohibited.

TOIRP, *tòerp*, *n. f.* a sod, divot; thick person.

TOIRPEANTA, *tòerp'-annt-á*, *adj.* squat; thick.

TOIRPSGIAN, *tòerp'-skéan*, *n. f.* peat-spade.

TOIRT, *tòerjt*, *n. f.* taste in matters; decorum, decency, due regard or attention; *duine gun toirt, a person destitute of taste, or regardless of decorum; is beag toirt a bhlos air do ghnothach, your business must be done very awkwardly; dh'imich e ma'n ordugh le toirt, he obeyed the summons with due regard to decorum.*

TOIRTEALACHD, *tòerjt'-al-achg*, *n. f.* decency, tastefulness, excellent order or arrangement.

TOIRTEIL, *tòerjt'-al*, *adj.* decent, tasteful.

TOISEACH, *tòsh'-ach*, *n. f.* beginning, origin, source; *van or front, precedence; anns an toiseach bha 'm facal, in the beginning was the word, B.; toiseach a ghnothaich, the origin of the thing; toiseach an airm, the van or front of the army; fhuair e an toiseach orra, he got precedence of them; air thoiseach, first, foremost; bow or prow of a ship; toiseach is deireadh 'na luinge, the bow and stern of the ship.*

TOISEACHADU, *tòsh'-ach-à*, *pt. n. m.* commencing, beginning, commencement, origin.

TOISEADRACH, *tòsh'-add-rach*, *n. m.* crowner. *Highland Society.*

TOISG, *tòeshg*, *n. m.* an occasion. *R. P.*

TOISGEAL; see *Taisgeul*, reward.

TOISGEAL, *tòsh'-gyal*, *n. f.* left, sinister;

an làmh thoisgeal, (làmh chli), left hand, H. S.

TOISICH, *tòsh'-èch*, *v.* begin, commence, fall to; *agus thòisich iad air cuid do 'n t-sluagh a bhualadh agus a mharbhadh, and they began to smite and kill some of the people. B.*

TOIT, *tòejt*, *n. f.* smoke, fume, steam.

TOITEACH, *tòejt'-ach*, *adj.* fummy, vapoury.

TOITEAN, *tòejt'-an*, *n. m.* collop, steak.

TOITLINN, *tòejt'-lènn*, *n. f.* steam, vapour.

TOITLINNEACH, *tòejt'-lènn-ach*, *n. f.* steam-boat.

TOLG, *tolug*, *n. f.* a hollow, as in a kettle; *v.* make hollows, as in a kettle or cauldron.

TOLGACH, *tolug'-ach*, *adj.* hollowed, freakish.

TOLL, *tòll*, *v.* make holes, bore, perforate; *n. m.* hole, bore, perforation; hollow.

TOLL, *tòll*, *v.* exhale, emit vapours.

TOLLADAIR, *tòll'-add'-àer*, *n. m.* borer.

TOLLADH, *tòll'-à*, *pt.* boring, edging in.

TOLLAINN, *tòll'-ènn*, *n. f.* exhalation, vapour in damp places in summer; steam, gas.

TOLLAIRE, *tòll'-ur'-a*, *n. f.* one that edges his way; a genteel intruder.

TOLM, *tòllum*, high hillock; *tulm*.

TOM, *tòm*, *n. m.* a bush, thicket, ant-hill; stool. *Islay; tòm ghròiseid, gooseberry-bush; tha e air a thòm, he is at stool; thug e car ma thòm asam, he jilted me, or cheated me, by leaving me; a volume of a book, (French, tome); am bun an tùim, sheltered only by the thicket;—knoll.*

TOMACH, *tòm'-ach*, *adj.* bushy, tufted.

TOMAD, *tòm'-ad*, *n. m.* size, bulk. *Armst.*

TOMALT, *tòm'-altt*, *n. m.* *Gaelic. Macd.*

TOMBACA, *tòm'-bàchg'-a*, *n. m.* tobacco; (*Persian, tombako; Latin, tabacum.*)

TOMH, *tò*, *v.* point with the finger. *Armst.; Bible; offer, attempt. Highland Society Dictionary.*

TOMHAIS, *tóv'-èsh*, *v.* measure, survey, weigh, guess, unriddle, resolve an enigma; *tomhais am fiodh, measure the wood; tomhais am fearann, survey the land; tomhais eò choinnic mi, guess whom I saw?*

TOMHAS, *tóv'-us*, *n. m.* weight, measure, survey; measurement, dimension; *gabh mo tomhas, take my measure; dé'n tomhas th'ann, what is its measurement?—what is its dimensions? slat-tomhais, a wand; thar tomhais, beyond measure, or moderation; pt. measuring, weighing, surveying, guessing.*

TOMHLACHD, *tóv'-lachd*, *n. m.* thick milk. *Irish.*

TON, *tòn*, *n. f.* breech, or fundament.

- TONACH, tò'n'-ach, *adj. n. f.* large-hipped, or a broad-bottomed lady.
- TONAIRE, ton'-ur-à, *n. m.* broad-bottomed man.
- TONLAGAN, tòhl'-ag-an, *n. m.* sliding on the breech; hobbling.
- TONLAGAIN, tòhl'-ag-àen, *v.* hobble, slide on the breech.
- TONN, tònn², *v. n.* splash; 'ga thonnadh ma cheann, *splashing it about his head*; pouring out irregularly.
- TONN, tònn², *n. f.* a wave, a splash; a considerable quantity of water or liquid; thog tuinn an cinn, *waves reared their head*; an tonn bhaistidh, *baptism, sacred water*; tonn air traigh le féin, *a solitary wave on the shore*; nuallan nan tonn, *the raging noise of waves. Ossian.*
- TONNAG, tònn²-ag, *n. f.* a tartan shawl.
- TOR, tor, *a.* heavy shower; *n. f.* bush, shrub. *Irish.*
- TORA, tor'-a, *n. m.* augre, wimble.
- TORACH, tor'-ach, *adj.* fruitful, fertile, productive, substantial, rank; shol torach, *rank, or productive corn*; talamh torach, *fertile or fruitful land*; efficient, effectual; buillean torach, *efficient or energetic pulls, as in rowing.*
- TORACHD, tòr'-achg, *n. f.* pursuit, chase; pursuing with hostile intention; strict inquiry; tha e a' tòrachd, *he is making strict inquiry*; a' tòrachd chaorach, *searching for sheep*; luchd-tòrachd, *persecutors, pursuers*; air eagal gu'n coinnich an luchd-tòrachd sibh, *lest the pursuers meet you. Bible*; fuileachdach 'san tòrachd, *bloody in the chase. Ossian*; craving; tha e tòrachd orm, *he craves, or insinuates his claim to such. Song.*
- TORADH, tòr'-X, *n. m.* fruit, produce; thug Càin do thoradh an fhearainn, *Cain brought of the fruit (or produce) of the land*; consequence, result, effect; toradh do ghnìomharan, *the natural effects or consequence of your conduct or deeds.*
- TORANACH, tor'-an-ach, *n. m.* grub-worm.
- TORAICHEAS, tor'-èch-us, *n. m.* conception, pregnancy.
- TORAIR, tor'-uèr, *n. m.* grub-worm. *Oss.*
- TORC, tork, *n. m.* castrated boar. *Islay*; a boar and a whale. *Ossian*; sovereign, a lord. *Irish*; a' tomhas an tuir, *measuring the boar*,—a great feat in *Ossian's time.*
- TORCHAR, tor'-char, *n. m.* a fall, killing.
- TORCHRADH, tor'-chra, *n. m.* transfixing.
- TORMAN, tor'-man, *n. m.* drone of a bagpipe, murmur;—herb, clary. *Irish.*
- TORR, tòrr, *n. m.* a mound, or large heap; ~~tor~~ gainnich, *heap or mound of sand*; womb, conical hill. *Oss.*; *v.* heap, hoard; ■ torradh airgid, *heaping or hoarding money*; teem, come alive; air torr-adh le miallan, *teeming with lice*; air torradh le gràisg, *teeming with rabble*; *pt.* torradh.
- TORRACH, torr'-ach, *adj.* pregnant; with child; in the family way.
- TORRADH, torr'-X, *n. m.* embankment of a dam; payment for keeping up a mill-dam.
- TORRADH, tòrr'-X, *n. m.* burial, interment, funeral; burial solemnities, or procession.
- TORRAICH, torr'-èch, *v.* impregnate, teem.
- TORRAICHEAS, torr'-èch-us, *n. f.* conception, pregnancy.
- TORRAN, torr'-an, *n. m.* a knoll, hillock.
- TORT, tòrr, *n. m.* a little loaf or cake. *Ir.*
- TORUNN, tòrr'-unn, *n. f.* loud murmuring noise.
- TOSD, tòsd, *n. m.* silence; *v.* be silent; *a.* silent; bi ad thosd, *be silent,—hold your peace.*
- TOSDACH, tosd'-ach, *adj.* silent, peaceful; talla tosdach na diochuimhne, *the peaceful land of forgetfulness. Ossian.*
- TOSG, ttosg, *n. f.* a tusk; tuisg, *tusks*; *v.* cut irregularly.
- TOSGACH, ttosg'-ach, *adj.* cut in an uneven way.
- TOSGAIN, tòsg'-àjj, *n. f.* a hogsheed; in Perthshire, togsaid.
- TOSGAIRE, ttosg'-ur-à, *n. m.* one that cuts irregularly, or botches in cutting;—post. *Highland Society.*
- TOT, tott', *v.* roast or toast hurriedly on the embers; boil hurriedly.
- TOTA, tòtt'-a, *n. m.* a tliwart, or rower's seat; tota bràghad, *bow-thwart*; tota deiridh, *stern-thwart.*
- TOTAL, tott'-al, *n. m.* arrogance. *M'F.*
- TOTH, tòh, *n. m.* pudenda. *Shaw*; stench, (stoth.)
- TOTHAG, toh'-ag, *n. f.* wonderfully short trowsers.
- TÒR, for Tràth.
- TRABHACH, tràv'-ach, *n. f.* rubbish cast ashore. *Irish.*
- TRABHAILT, trav'-alljt, *n. f.* mill-hopper.
- TRACHD, tràchg, *n. m.* a drake.
- TRAGHA, tràh'-a, *gen.* of tràigh.
- TRAGHADH, tràh'-X, *pt. n. m.* ebbing, ebb.
- TRAIDHTEAR, tràcjt'-àèr, *n. m.* rogue.
- TRAIGH, tràc'-y', *v.* ebb, dry up; thraigh e, *it ebbed*; *n. f.* shore, strand, sands, sand-beach; reflux; mar thraigh fhuaimear a chuain, *like the raging reflux of the sea*; a dh' ionnsuidh na tràgha, *towards the shore.*
- TRAIGH-GHEADH, tràc'-y'-yhè-aùgh, *n. m.* stock-gannet, (beautiful bird.)
- TRAIGHTE, tràc'-y'-tya, *pt.* ebbed, dry.
- TRAILL, trà'll'y', *n. c.* a drudge, slave.

TRAILLE, trá'-llyá, *n. m.* the fish tusk.

TRAILLEACH, tráelly'-ach, *n. f.* sea-weeds.

TRAILLEALACHD, trálly'-all.achg, *n. f.* slavishness, utmost degradation, servility.

TRAILLEIL, trálly'-al, *adj.* slavish, servile; obair thráilleil, *servile work. Bible.*

TRAINGE, tréng'-á, *n. f.* throng, pressure of business; degree more or most throng; (*Scot. Germ.*)

TRAISG, tráeshg, *v.* parch with thirst; thraísg mo chridhe, *my very heart parched.*

TRAISG, tráeshg, *v.* fast, abstain from food, observe a fast; thraísg e trí láithean, *he abstained from food three days; c'arson a thraísg sibh, why did you fast? Bible; in Irish, troisg.*

TRAISGTE, tráeshg'-tyá, *pt.* parched of thirst.

TRAIT, trajt, *n. f.* cataplasm, fuairlit. *M'F.*

TRAMAILT, trám'-aljt, *n. f.* a most unaccountable whim or freak.

TRAMAILTEACH, trám'-aljt-ach, *adj.* whimsical, capricious, freakish.

TRANG, tráng, *adj.* throng, very busy, on good terms; (*German, Swedish, Danish, Scotch.*)

TRA-NOIN, tráh'-nòen, *n. m.* noon, mid-day.

TRAOGHADH, tráoh'-h, *pt.* subsiding, abating, as a swelling; draining; *n. m.* abatement of a swelling.

TRAOIGH, tráoe'-y', *v.* subside, abate, drain.

TRAOIGHTE, tráoe'-y'-tyá, *pt.* subsided, abated, drained.

TRAON, tráon, *n. m.* a rail, or corn-crake. *Skye; an treun-ri-treun. Islay.*

TRAP, trapp, *n. m.* a trap-stair; snare; (*Danish*); *v.* take places in a class; carp.

TRASD, trasdd', *adv.* across, athwart, obliquely, traverse; awkwardly placed.

TRASDAIR, trasdd'-aèr, *n. m.* a diameter.

TRASDAN, for trosdan, a crutch.

TRASG, träs, *n. f.* fasting; a fast; 'na thrasg, *he fasting; 'na trasg, she fasting; dh' éibh iad traisg, they proclaimed a fast. Bible.*

TRASGADH, trasg'-h, *pt.* fasting.

TRASGADH, trasg'-h, *pt.* parching of thirst.

TRATH, tráth, *adj. adv.* early, timeously, betimes; early in season; dean tráth e, *do it in season; do it betimes; bi an so tráth, be here early; n. m.* a meal or diet; dà thráth 'san latha, *two meals a-day; season, day-time; 'sna thráthaibh ceart, at the proper seasons; ma thráth an fheasgair, at the time of the evening. B.*

TRATHADAIR, tráth'-ad-aèr, *n. m.* time-keeper.

TRATHAIL, tráth'-al, *adj.* early, in time.

TRATHALACHD, tráth'-al-achg, *n. f.* seasonableness.

TRE, trā², *prep.* though (bad, dead.)

TREABH, *Irish* for treobh, plough.

TREABHAIR, trāv²'-aèr, *n. pl.* houses, *Skye, Lewis; in Irish, a surety, bail, urras.*

TREACHAILL, tréach'-elly', *v.* dig a grave (near Inverary). *Provincial.*

TREAGHA, tré'-á, *prep.* through. *North.*

TREAGHAID, tré'-aj, *n. f.* stitch in the side. *North.*

TREALAICH, tryall'-éch, *n. pl.* trifles, trash, a man's —, in ridicule.

TREALBHAIDH, tryall'-vè, *adj.* come to man or woman's estate, grown up. *Islay.*

TREALL, tryall, *n. f.* short space. *M'F.*

TREUN-RI-TREUN, trén'-ré-trén', *n. m.* the bird land-rail, or, in Scotch, corn-crake.

TREAS, trās², *adj.* the third; an treas uair, *thrice, the third time.*

TREASD, trās², *n. m.* a long form or seat, as in a school; *v.* bespeak, engage. *Islay.*

TREASDACH, trās²'-ach, *a.* thorough-pacing. *H. S.*

TREASG; see Treisg. weavers' paste.

TREASTARRUINN, trās'-ttār-ènn, *n. f.* spirits of wine; thrice-distilled whisky.

TREATHGHAMHACH, trā²'-gháv-nach, *n. f.* a cow that has a calf in two years. *Islay.*

TREATHNACH, trān'-ach, *n. f.* gimlet. *Ir.*

TREIBHDHIREACH, trév'-yhër-ach, *adj.* faithful to one's engagement; just, sincere, upright.

TREIBHDHIREACHD, trév'-yhër-achg, *n. f.* faithfulness, sincerity, punctuality, trustiness, uprightness; also tréibhdhíreas.

TREIG, træg, *v.* forsake, leave, abandon, relinquish; na tréig mi gu buileach na gu bráth, *forsake thou not me utterly, nor for ever.*

TREIGSINN, træg'-shènn, *pt. n. f.* forsaking, abandoning; quitting, relinquishing.

TREIGTE, træg'-tyá, *pt.* forsaken, abandoned.

TREINE, trāén'-á, *deg.* of treun, strong, &c.; *n. f.* might, power.

TREIS, trāesh², *n. f.* a while, spell.

TREISE, trāesh²'-á, *deg.* of laidir and treiseil; more powerful; *n. f.* might, bodily strength, animal power.

TREISEAD, trāesh'-ad, *n. f.* degree of strength.

TREISEIL, trāesh'-al, *adj.* powerful in body.

TREISG, trāeshg, *n. f.* weavers' paste; trash.

TREORN, tryó, *v.* plough, till.

TREOBHADAIR, tryó'-ad-aèr, *n. m.* ploughman.

TREOBHADH, tryó'-h, *pt. n. f.* ploughing.

TREOBHAICHE, tryó'-éch-a, *n. m.* ploughman.

TREODHAIRE, tryó'-ur-a, *n. m.* smith's ball-mould, or shape-iron.

- TREOIR, tryôér, *n. f.* vigour, energy.
- TREORACHADH, tryôr'-ach-ad, *pl.* leading, guiding, supporting, directing.
- TREORAICH, tryôr'-êch, *v.* guide, give strength to accomplish, strengthen.
- TREORAICHTE, tryôr'-êch-tyâ, *pt.* strengthened.
- TREUBH, trêv, *n. f.* tribe, family, race; do réir air treubh, according to your tribe. *Bible.*
- TREUBHACH, trâv'-ach, *adj.* heroic, gallant.
- TREUBHANTA, trâv'-annt-â, *adj.* heroic, fond of feats or achievements.
- TREUBHANTAS, trâv'-annt-as, *n. f.* display of feats or achievements, boasting.
- TREUBHAS, trâv'-as, *n. f.* feat, exploit.
- TREUBHASACH, trâv'-as-ach, *adj.* fond of displaying feats of valour; ostentatious.
- TREUD, trâdd, *n. m.* a drove, flock, herd.
- TREUDACH, trâdd'-ach, *adj.* having many flocks or herds; gregarious.
- TREUDAIRE, trâdd'-ur-â, *n. m.* a drover.
- TREUDAICHE, trâdd'-êch-a, *n. m.* herdsman.
- TREUN, trân, *adj.* persevering and successful beyond expectation, as a weak person; mighty, vigorous, *B.*; surprising; is treun a fhuaradh thu, you did surprisingly; is treun lean fhéin a b'urraim thu, I am surprised that you were able; is treun a gheibhear thu, you do surprisingly; treun an neart, mighty in strength. *Psalms*; *n. m.* a hero, or brave man; measg tréin a shluaigh, among the brave of his people. *Ossian.*
- TREUNACHD, trân'-achg, *n. f.* perseverance and success; surprising conduct.
- TREUNAD, trân'-ad, degree of success, &c.
- TREUNADAS, trân'-add-as, *n. f.* exploits.
- TREUNAIR, trân'-hêr, *n. m.* diligent man.
- TRI, trê, *adj. n. c.* three; trí uaircan, thrice.
- TRIAL, tréall, *v.* stroll, travel, walk; *n. m.* walking, travel, journey; design.
- TRIALLAIRE, tréall'-ur-a, *n. m.* traveller.
- TRIAN, tréân, *n. m.* third, third part; gearrarr dà thrían, two-thirds shall be cut. *Bible*; particle, ray; trian do shoillse, ray of light. *Ossian.*
- TRIENTACH, tréân'-ach, *adj.* triangular, in thirds.
- TRIENTACH, tréânt'-ach, *n. f.* a triangle.
- TRIENTAN, tréânt'-an, *n. pl.* thirds.
- TRIANAID, tréân'-aj, *n. f.* the Trinity.
- TRIATH, tréach, *n. m.* a personage, lord, chief; an triath tha borb, the hero that is fierce. *Ossian*; coimeas do'n charraig an triath, like the headland is the hero; thog na triaith sleagh a bhàis, the chiefs lifted the spears of death. *Ossian*; mo Dhia, 's tu an triath ra-mhòr, thou art, O Lord, a very mighty Lord. *Psalms.*
- TRIATHAIL, tréach'-al, *adj.* mighty, lordly.
- TRIDHILEACH, tré'-vêl-ach, *n. f.* marsh, trefoil.
- TRIC, trêchg, *adj.* often, frequent; *adv.* often.
- TRICEAD, trêchg'-ad, *n. f.* degree of frequency.
- TRICEAD, trêchg'-ad, *adj.* thirty. *Armst.*
- TRID, trêjj, for Fríð, through, throughout.
- TRI-DEUG, trê'-jjâ'g, *n. c. adj.* thirteen.
- TRID-SHOILLEIR, trêj'-hòelly'-aér, *a. trans-*parent.
- TRID-SHOILLSE, trêjj'-haòelly'-shâ, *n. f.* transparency.
- TRID-SHOILLSEACH, trêjj'-haòll'-shyach, *adj.* transparency, limpidness.
- TRI-FHOGHAIÀ, tré-aòh'-ur, *n. m.* triphong.
- TRI-FICHEAD, tré-fêch'-ud, *n. f.* sixty; aon 's tri-fichead, dhà 's tri-fichead, sixty-one, sixty-two; a h-aon-deug 's tri-fichead, seventy-one; seachd-deug 's tri-fichead, seventy-seven; ochd-deug 's tri-fichead, seventy-eight.
- TRI-FICHEADAMH, tré-fêch'-ad-uv, *adj.* sixtieth.
- TRI-FILLTE, tré-felly'-tyâ, *adj.* threefold.
- TRILEANTA, trêl'-ant-a, *adj.* thrilling. *Song.*
- TRILEACHAN; see Drilleachan, oyster-catcher; sand-piper, or sea-poct.
- TRILSEAN, trêlly'-shyaen; drillsean.
- TRILIS, tryél'-êsh, *n. f.* locks of hair. *Song.*
- TRINNSEAR, truén'-shary', *n. m.* plate.
- TRIOBLAID, trêb'-laj, *n. f.* trouble, distress, calamity; is lìonar trioblaid agus teinn, thig air an fhìrean ehoir, many straits and calamities fall to the lot of the upright; le trioblaid chruaidh, with sore distress.
- TRIOBLAIDEACH, trêb'-lâj-ach, *adj.* distressing, calamitous; ní trioblaidéach, a distressing thing; sore distressed.
- TRIOBLAICH, trêbb'-llêch, *v.* triple; make threefold.
- TRIOBUAIL, trêb'-ûâel, *v.* vibrate, swing.
- TRIOBUILTE, trêb'-u'll-tyâ, *a. triple*, threefold.
- TRIOGH, trê'-gh', *n. f.* fit, as of coughing or laughing; the chin-cough, whooping-cough.
- TRIONAID, trê'n'-aj, *n. f.* Trinity.
- TRIONAIDACH, trê'n'-aj-ach, *adj.* Trinitarian; *n. c.* a Trinitarian.
- TRIOFALL, trêp'-all, *n. m.* a bunch, (bad).
- TRIOAMHACH, trêr'-ráv-ach, *adj.* three-oared; *n. f.* three-oared boat, trimeme.
- TRI-SHOILLACH, tré'-héul-ach, *adj.* having three syllables; *n. m.* word having such.
- TRI-SHOILLADH, tré'-héull-â, *n. m.* tri-syllable.
- TRI-SHLISNEACH, tré'-hlêsh-nach, *adj.* tri-lateral.

TRIUBHAS, trèù-us, *n. f.* breeches and stockings in one piece; pantaloons.

TRIUBHSAIR, trèùs'-aèr, *n. f.* trowsers.

TRIUCHAN; see Driuchan.

TRUUGH, trèaògh, *n. f.* hooping-cough, or chin-cough.—*North*, triuthach.

TRUIA, trydèr, *n. c.* three; three in number; rug mi dha triuir mac, *I bore him three sons. Bible.*

TRUIREAN, tryùér'-aén', *n. m.* bowl, or children's play-bullet; ag iomairt air triuireanan, *playing at bowls,—marbles.*

TROBHD, tròv'-ud, *v.* come hither, come away; come along with me.

TROCAIR, tròchg'-uér, *n. f.* mercy, compassion.

TROCAIREACH, tròchg'-aèr'-ach, *adj.* merciful.

TROCAIREACHD, tròchg'-aèr'-achg, *n. f.* mercifulness, compassionate regard, elemency.

TROD, tròdd, *n. m.* scolding; a scold, reprimand, quarrel among ladies;—*starling. Irish.*

TRODAIRE, trò'dd'-ur-á, *n. m.* scolder.

TROGBHOIL, tròg'-vhul, *n. f.* grumbling, murmuring, grunting; eternal scold.

TROGBOILEACH, tròg'-vhul'-ach, *adj.* apt to murmur, or grumble gruntingly.

TROICH, troych, *n. c.* a dwarf, nunny.

TROICHEALACHD, troych'-al'-achg, *n. f.* dwarfishness, triflingness of person.

TROICHEIL, troych'-al, *adj.* dwarfish.

TROID, troéjj, *v. n.* scold, reprimand; *throid mo bhean is gu'n do throid i rium, —is throid mi rithe o'n a throid i rium, my wife scolded me in earnest,—by my word she scolded me;—and I scolded her, just because she did so. Song.*

TROID, troéjj, *gen.* of trod.

TROIDH, traòé'-yh', *n. f.* the foot; foot in length; *traidhean*, (trri-un), *feet*; (properly, *Traidh*.)

TROIMH, tróé, a curious word for throimh, through him or it. This word has given great offence throughout the whole Highlands, when used for le d' iobartan, le d' iompaidh-san, *by your means or instrumentality.*

TROISC, Irish for traisg, fast.

TROM, tróm², *adj.* heavy, weighty, addicted; *tróm air an òl, addicted to liquor*; luxuriant, rank; *barr tróm, rank or luxuriant crop*; ponderous, sad, melancholy, profound, or deep, as sleep; *eallach trom, a heavy burden, an oppressive burden*; *cadal trom, profound sleep*; *an fonn a bristeadh gu trom, the strain breaking melancholy*; dull, sad; *is taitneach ach 's trom do ghuth, pleasant but sad is thy voice. Ossian*; *n. m.* burden, heavy charge; *tog do throm dhiom, re-*

move your burden or charge from me,—do not be so severe on me; *nach biodh a throm oirn, that he would not be a burden to us*; *embarrassment, impediment, encumbrance*; *cha bhi sin na throm ort, that will not be an encumbrance to you*; *a's trime, or truime, which is heavier.*

TROMACHADH, tróm²'-ach-á, *pt.* getting heavier, or more addicted or ponderous; aggravating.

TROMAICH, tróm²'-éch, *v. n.* get heavier, make more heavy or weighty, get more addicted; aggravate.

TROMAINNTINN, tróm²m'-énjt-énn', *n. f.* dejection.

TROMAINNTINNEACH, tróm²m'-énjt-énn'-ach, *adj.* dull, dejected, disconsolate, mournful.

TROMB, tróm²mb, *n. f.* Jews' harp.

TROMBAID, tróm²mb'-aj, *n. f.* a trumpet.

TROMBAIR, tróm²mb'-aèr, *n. m.* trumpeter.

TROMBAIREACHD, tróm²mb'-aèr'-achg, *n. f.* harping, carping, canting.

TROMBHAD, tróm²m'-vhad, *n. m.* herb vervain.

TROM-LAIDHE, tróm²m'-lláé'-é, *n. f.* night-mare. *Skye.*

TROM-LIGHE, tróm²m'-llé'-é, *n. f.* night-mare. *Islay.*

TROSDAN, trosd'-an, *n. m.* a crutch, trap.

TROSC, trósk, *n. m.* cod; a lubber.

TROT, tröt, *n. f.* a sheep's foot; *v.* trot; (*French*, trotter; *German*, trotten; *Italian*, trotare; *Spanish*, trote.)

TROTAN, tröt'-an, *n. m.* trotting.

TROTH, trhò, *n. m.* trip, time.

TROTH, trhò², *n. m.* a taint.

TRUACANTA, trüächg'-ant-a, *adj.* merciful, compassionate.

TRUACANTACHD, trüächg'-ant'-achg, *n. f.* pity.

TRUAGH, truao'-gh', *adj.* sad, miserable, wretched; *Och is duin: truagh mi, co dh' fhuasglas mi o chorp a' bhàis so? O wretched man that I am, who shall deliver me from the body of this death?* Rom. vii. and 24.; *is truagh learn thu, I pity you*; *nach truagh mo chàradh, how piteous is my case*; *is truagh nach fhaca mi e, it is a pity I have not seen him*; *distressing, sad, melancholy*; *is truagh mar thachair, sad is this occurrence*; *miserly*; *is truagh an tobhartas e, it is a miserable offering or gift*; *comharras truagh a bhàis, the dismal symptoms of death. Ossian*; *cha truagh learn thu, I do not pity you*; *ma's truagh leat e, if you pity him.*

TRUAGHAN, truagh'-an, *n. m.* miserable person.

TRUAIGHE, trüäe'-yhé, *n. f.* pity, woe, mischief; *tha an truaighe ortsa, you have*

exceeded all bounds,—you have gone to the mischief; mo thruaighe mi, woe's me! mo thruaighe thu, woe unto you! na cuimhneachadh e thruaighe ni's mò, let him remember his misery no more. Bible, Acts 31-7.

TRUAILL, trùailly', *n. f.* sheath or scabbard; tharraunn e a chlaidheamh as a thruaill, *he unsheathed his sword; v.* qualify, or reduce to a standard, as whisky, &c.; uisge-beatha truaillte, *qualified or reduced whisky; pollute, corrupt, defile; thruaill thu am fearann, you have polluted the land; cha truaill thu thu féin, thou shalt not pollute yourself. B.*

TRUAILLEACHD, trùailly'-achg, *n. f.* mean quantity, consideration, or disposition.

TRUAILLEACHAN, trùailly'-ach-an, *n. m.* mean person.

TRUAILLEADH, trùailly'-X, *pl.* reducing spirits to a standard; polluting.

TRUAILLIDH, trùailly'-è, *adj.* mean, dastardly, very low or shabby; polluting.

TRUAILLIDHEACHD, trùailly'-é-achg, *n. f.* meanness of disposition, niggardliness.

TRUAILLTE, trùailly'-tyá, *pl.* reduced, defiled.

TRUAN, trúan, *n. f.* trowel, (*Md.*); spáinn-aol.

TRUAS, trúas, (for truaghas), pity, compassion; ghahh e truas dith, *he pitied her wretchedness; truas mo chor, the wretchedness of my condition.*

TRUASAIL, trúas'-al, *adj.* compassionate.

TRUDAIR, trudd'-ur, *n. m.* filthy person, beastly fellow, brutish man.

TRUDAIREACHD, trudd'-ur'-achg, *n. f.* filth.

TRUIDO, trújj, *n. f.* (also truideag), a starling; tidy, neat female.

TRUILEACH, trúel'-ach, *n. f.* a worthless person.

TRUILE, trúelly', *n. c.* worthless, dirty person.

TRUIME, trúém'-á, *n. f.* weightiness; *deg.* trom.

TRUIS, trúesh, *v.* gather, tuck, gird, truss; *inver.* gather your tail! be off! said to a dog or a person in contempt.

TRUIS, trúesh, *n. f.* lasciviousness. *Irish.*

TRUISEALADH, trúsh'-al-X, *n. m.* state of having one's clothes tucked up.

TRUISEIL, trúsh'-al, *adj.* lascivious.

TRUP, trúpp, *n. m.* a troop; (*French*, troupe; *German*, trüpp, or tropp, *Italian*, *Belgian*, &c.)

TRUPAIR, trúpp'-àer, *n. m.* trooper; a romp.

TRUS, trús, *n. m.* a belt, girdle. *Irish.*

TRUSADH, trús'-X, *pl.* gathering, trussing; *n. m.* collection, a gathering.

TRUSAIR, trúsd'-ar, *n. m.* a debauchee; filthy fellow.

TRUSDAIREACHD, trudd'-àer'-achg, *n. f.* filthiness.

TRUSGAN, trúsg'-an, *n. m.* suit of clothes; dress.

TRUTHAIRE, trúh'-ur-á, *n. m.* bankrupt. *Sk.*

TU, dú and tû, *per. pron.* thou; is tú an gille, *thou art the right fellow; is gabh aidh tu mi steach fadheòidh a' d' àros glòrmhor féin, and thou shalt receive me finally into thy glorious habitation.*

TUAGH, tūá'-gh, *n. f.* hatchet, axe; tuagh-airm, tuagh-chatha, a battle-axe, a Lochaber-axe; tuagh-chuillse, tuagh-fhola, a fleam, or cattle-lancet.

TUAICHEAL; see Tuainealach, dizziness.

TUAILEAS, tūá'-us, *n. m.* libel, calumny, defamation, slander.

TUAILEASACH, tūá'-us-ach, *adj.* defamatory, calumnious, reproachful, slanderous; *tuailasachd, calumniousness.*

TUAINIIL, tuaém'-èl, *v.* swathe awkwardly; huddle on clothes.

TUAINIILACH, tūāen'-al-éeh, *n. f.* giddiness, dizziness, amazement, stupidity.

TUAIREAM, tūāer'-um, *n. m.* sense, judgment; cha'n 'eil dith tuaireim air, *he does not want sense; quantity or number; de'n tuaiream a th'ann, what quantity or number may there be of it? direction, pursuit, aim, shot; dh' fholbh e m'a tuaiream, he went for her, in pursuit of her; thig e m'a thuaircam e, he threw it in her direction, or he aimed it at him; dh't hàg mi ma'n tuaiream so e, I left it hereabouts; ma thuaircam an aon aite, much about the same place.*

TUAIREAMACH, tūāer'-am-ach, *a.* sensible.

TUAIREAP, tūāer'-up, *n. f.* a squabble.

TUAIRGNE, tūāerg'-nyá, *n. f.* confusion. *B.*

TUAIRMEACHD, tūāern'-achg; see Tuair eam.

TUAIRMSE, tūāersh'-á; see Tuair eam.

TUAIRNEAG, tūāern'-ag, *n. f.* a cobble, or punt of a boat; tidy, neat female.

TUAIRNEAR, tūāern'-àer, *n. m.* a turner.

TUAIRNEARACHD, tūāern'-àer-achg, *n. f.* turner's trade; working at a lathe.

TUAIRSGEUL, tūāer'-skell, *n. m.* defamation; false report, calumny, slander.

TUAIRSGEULACH, tūāer'-skell-ach, *adj.* defamatory, calumnious, slanderous.

TUAISD, tūāeshg, *n. c.* an awkward person; dolt.

TUAISDEACH, tūāeshg'-ach, *adj.* awkward, stupid.

TUAISDEACHD, tūāeshg'-achg, *n. f.* stupidity.

TUAISDEAR, tūāeshj'-àer, *n. m.* dolt, awkward fellow.

TUAISDEIL, tūāeshj'-al, *adj.* stupid, awkward.

TUAITH, tūāech, *n. f.* lordship, territory.

TUAITHEAL, tūāē'-al, *adj.* northward, sinister.

TUAM, tūām, *n. m.* tomb. *Sm. An. Poems*; grave, cave, moat or mound. *Ossian*.

TUAMHSGAOIL, tūāsg'-āōēl, *v.* roll in clothes, huddle, endeavour to extricate out of a labyrinth, or great deal of clothes.

TUAR, tūār, *v.* deserve, merit; an *ni a thuar* thu, *what you deserved*; *n. m.* merit, desert;—hue, colour. *Smith*; *pt.* deserving, meriting; *dè tha thu a' tuar a dheanadh ort, what do you deserve to be done to you?* *tha thu tuar do chrochadh, you deserve to be hanged*.

TUARADH, tūār'-ā, quantity, number; *dè'n tuaradh a th' ann, what quantity or number is there?* *ma'n tuaradh sin, about that quantity*.

TUARASDAL, tūār'-asd-al, *n. m.* fee, wages, reward, salary, stipend; desert.

TUASAI, tūās'-aj, *n. f.* row, fray, fight.

TUASAIUEACH, tūās'-āj-ach, *adj.* quarrelsome.

TUATH, tūāh, *n. f. coll.* tenantry, peasantry, country people; the country; air an *tuath*, on the country.

TUATH, tūāh, *n. f.* the north; *bho'n tuath*, from the north, northward; *adj. adv.* north, northern, northward; *gaoth tuath*, north wind; *tuath ort, northward, of you*.

TUATHACH, tūāh'-ach, *n. m.* North Highlander; *deasach, West Highlander*.

TUATHANACH, tūāhn'-ach, *n. m.* tenant, husbandman, agriculturist.

TUATHANACHAS, tūāhn'-ach-as, *n. f.* husbandry, agriculture, farming; *tenement*.

TUBA, tūba, *n. m.* a tub, vat.

TUBAIST, tūb'-āshjt, *n. f.* mischance, mischief, mishap, accident; is *trom na tubaistean air na sliobastan, the clumsy are very liable to mischances, to accidents*; *tubaist ort, mischief take you*; *thaobh tubaist, by accident*; *thig tubaist air, mischief shall befall him. Bible*.

TUBAISTEACH, tūb'-ashjt-ach, *adj.* unlucky, unfortunate, calamitous, untoward.

TUBAISTEACHD, tūb'-ashjt-achg, *n. f.* unfortunateness, liability to accidents.

TUBAN, tūb'-an, *n. m.* a tub. *West*; loek of wool. *North*.

TUBH for Tugh, tū'-gh, thatch; *v.* back, as a horse; *tubh e, back him in*.

TUBHAILT, tū'-ajlt, *n. f.* a table-cloth, towel.

TUCH, tūch, *v.* smother, fumigate, grow hoarse; *tha mo mhuinneal air a tūchadh, my throat is becoming hoarse*.

TUCH, tūch, *inter. tut!* hush!

TUCHAN, tūch'-an, *n. m.* hoarseness, half-smothered fire.

TUCHANACH, tūch'-an-ach, *adj.* hoarse.

TUCHAIRE, tūch'-ur-a, *n. m.* smother.

TUD, tūd, *inter. tut!* whist!

TUD, tūd, *n. m.* a little heap, as dough.

TUDAN, tūd'-an, *n. m.* a little corn-stack; small heap of any thing; *manikiu*.

TUG, corruption of d'thug, ddūg, (see thug); an d' *thuge*, *has he brought?*

TUGH, tūgh, *v.* thatch, cover; back.

TUGHHA, tūgh'-a, *n. f.* thatch, covering; *tighean tūgha, thatched houses or cots*.

TUGHADAIR, tūgh'-ad-àir, *n. m.* thatcher.

TUIG, tūég, *v.* understand, comprehend, perceive, discern; *thuig e do chridhe, he understood thy heart*; *cò thuigean uis sheachrain fhéin, who can his errors understand*; *glan o lochd diomhair mi, cleanse me from secret sins*; an *sin tuigidh tu eagail an Tighearna, then thou shalt understand the fear of the Lord*.

TUIGSE, tūégsh'-ā, *n. f.* understanding, sense, reason, judgment; a' call a *thuigse*, *losing his senses, or judgment*; skill, knowledge; is *beag tuigse th' agadsa air sin, you have little skill of that*.

TUIGSEACH, tūégsh'-ach, *adj.* intelligent, prudent, sensible; *duine tuigseach, a prudent or intelligent man. Bible*; skilled, expert; *tuigseach air a leithid sin, expert in such things*.

TUIGSINN, tūég'-shénn, *pt.* understanding, perceiving, discerning.

TUIL, tū'l, *n. f.* a flood, torrent, deluge.

TUIL-BHEUM, tū'Y-vām, *n. f.* torrent. *M'F.*

TUIL-DHORUS, tū'Y-ghor-us, *n. m.* flood-gate; *tuil-dhorsan Neainh, the windows of Heaven. Bible*.

TUILICH, tū'Y-éch, *n. m.* more, additional

TUILIDH, tū'Y-é, *s* quantity or number; *thoir dhomh tuilidh, give me more*; *tuilidh is a choir, too much, superabundance, superfluity. Aigyle*.

TUILLE, tū'lylly'-ā, *n. m.* more, additional quantity or number. *Perthshire*.

TUILION, tū'Y-éch, *adv.* more, any more,

TUILLE, tū'lylly'-a, *s* any further; *cha till, cha till mi tuilich, I shall never, never more return!!!* *cha bhi mi am ònraehd tuille, I shall not be any further solitary*; *tuilich or tuille gu bràth, any more for ever. B.*; *tuilich cha léir dhuit, Oscar, thou shalt see no more*; *cha'n fhaod thu tighinn tuilich, you must not come any more*; a *thuille neo thuilidh air sin, moreover*; *tuilidh na's leoir, more than is sufficient, more than enough*.

TUILTEAN, tū'Y-tyan, *n. pl.* floods, deluges.

TUILTEACH, tū'Y-tyach, *n. f.* a torrent; air *tuilteach gaoithe sgaoil e a sgiathan, on a torrent of air (wind) she spread her wings. Ossian*; *adj.* in torrents, inundating, deluging; *frasan tuilteach, in inundating or deluging showers*.

TUIM, tūīm, *n. pl.* bushes, ant-hills, (tom.)

TUIMHSEACH, tüév'-shach, *a.* beating. *II.*

Society.

TUIMHSEACH, tüsh'-éch, *v.* beat, drub. *H. S.*

TUINPE, tüémp'-á, *n. m.* a turnip. *Irish.*

TUIN, tüén, *v.* dwell; *n. m.* dwelling. *Ir.; Psalms.*

TUINEACH, tüén'-ach, *n. f.* dwelling, lodging; an i cois na creige do thuineach, *is the shelter of the rock thy lodgings? Oss.*

TUINEACHADH, tüén'-ach-á, *pl.* gathering into a place for residence; colonizing, dwelling; *n. f.* dwelling-place.

TUINEACHAS, tüén'-ach-us, *n. m.* colony.

TUINEADH, corruption of Tuineachadh.

TUINICH, tüén'-éch, *v.* settle in a place, plant, or colonize; gather, as matter in a suppuration; settle, or fix in a place, as a moveable tumour.

TUINN, tüénn, *n. pl.* (tonn), waves.

TUINNE, tüénn'-á, *gen.* water-mark; an gob na tuinne, *at the water's edge, at the water-mark.*

TUINNEASACH, tüénn'-as-ach, *a.* mortal. *St.*

TUIA, tüér, *v.* sing or rehearse an elegy; lament for the dead, deplore; theirig-eadh mo dheoir na tuirinn gach ánradh, *my tears would fail, were I to deplore every disaster. Sm.; tuir an aithris neo-ádhmhor, deplore the hapless tale—weep out of purgatory.*

TUIAC, tüérk, *n. pl.* boars.

TUIAC, tüérk, *n. f.* Turkey; do'n Tuirc, *to Turkey; o'n Tuirc, from Turkey.*

TUIREADH, tüér'-á, *n. m.* an elegy, death-song, a dirge, lamentation for the dead; mourning, wailing; dh' éisd sinn ri tuir-eadh a thruaighe, *we listened to him while wailing his hard fate; ciod fáth do thuiridh, what is the cause of your lament? le tuireadh glaidh, thog e 'cheann, with the lamentation of death, he raised his head. Smith.*

TUIREANN, tüér'-unn, *n. m.* anvil, spark. *Ir.*

TUIREASO, tüér'-ask, *n. m.* a saw; an ardaich an tuireas e féin, *shall the saw raise itself. Bible.*

TUIRL, tüérl, *v.* alight, dismount. *Ossian.*

TUIRLEUM, tüér'-lám, *n. m.* a fearful leap.

TUIRLEIG, túrl'-llég, *n. m.* water-spout.

TUIRLICH, tüérl'-éch, *n. f.* rumbling noise.

TUIRLINN for Tuirliinn, dismount, alight.

TUIRSE, türesh'-á, *n. f.* sadness. *Perthsh.*

TUIRSEACH, türesh'-ach, *adj.* sad; túrsach.

TUIS, túsh, *n. f.* incense, frankincense. *B.*

TUISEAR, túsh'-ur', *n. m.* censor. *Bible.*

TUISILL, túsh'-éll'y, *v.* stumble, stammer.

TUISLEACH, túsh'-lyach, *adj.* unsteady.

TUISLEADH, túsh'-lyá, *pl.* stumbling; *n. m.* a stumble, jostle;—delivery. *M. F.*

TUISLICH, túsh'-llyéch, *v.* stumble, jostle, slip, fall; *tuislich e, he stumbled.—N; thuisnich e, he stumbled.*

TUIT, tüéjt, *n. n.* fall, slip, chance, happen, befall, benight, get dark; be seduced by; *thuit duinn tachairt, we met by chance; thuit iad, they fell; thuit daibh tighinn a stigh, it happened that they came in; thuit an oidheche oirnn, we were benighted,—the night came on,—it got dark; thuit i leis, she was seduced by him; subside,—set, as the sun; tuitidh a ghaoith ach mairidh ar cliù, the wind shall subside, but our fame shall last; thuit mo ghrian gu slor, my sun has set for ever. Ossian; fail, damp; thuit a chridhe, his heart failed him.*

TUITEAM, tüéjt'-um, *n. m.* a fall; dusk, dawn; fhuair e tuiteam, he got a fall; m'a thuiteam na h-oidheche, about the dawn or dusk of the evening; *pl.* falling, getting dusky; tuiteamsa, let me fall or happen.

TUITEAMACH, tüéjt'-am-ach, *adj.* falling, accidental, casual; an tinneas tuiteam-ach, the falling sickness, epilepsy, apoplexy; *n. m.* epilepsy. *Bible.*

TUITEAMACHD, tuejt'-am-achg, *n. f.* fallability, contingency.

TUITEAMAS, tüéjt'-am-as, *n. m.* chance, accident; thachair sinn le tuiteamas, we met by accident or chance; cha'n eil tuiteamas sam bith gu tachair sinn am feasd, there is no chance that we shall ever meet; an event, occurrence; gach droch thuiteamas, every evil occurrence. *Bible;* an dail gach tuiteamas, to face any event, in contact with any danger; cha'n eil ann ach tuiteamas, it is only a chance;—also epilepsy. *Bible.*

TULA, túll'-a, *adj.* complete, most notorious; ag innseadh no tula-bhreug, telling most notorious lies; an tula-mheairleach, the notorious thief.

TULACH, túl'-ach, } *n. f.* a knoll; little
TULAICH, túl'-éch, } green eminence; mi am shuidhe air an tulaich, I sitting on the knoll; an tulaigh laghach air robh Tuara, the fine eminence on which Tuara stood; tomb; chàirich sinn 'san tulaich an laoch, we interred the hero in the tomb, or in the green knoll.

TULACHAN, túl'-ach-an, *n. m.* a sham-calf, or bishop. *Highland Society.*

TULAG, túll'-ag, *n. f.* fish pollock. *H. S.*

TULCHAINN, túl'-cháénn, *n. f.* a gable of a house; the breach.

TULCHUIS, túl'-chúsh, *n. f.* confidence. *Ir.*

TULCHUISEACH, túl'-chúsh-ach, *adj.* persevering, plodding, brave; o'n eascairid thulchuisreach, from the brave or persevering foe. *Smith.*

TULG, túlag, *v.* rock, toss, roll; *tulg a' chreathall, rock the cradle; an long a tulguil, the ship rolling; wave, oscil-*

- ate; an doire a *tulgadh*, the grove waving.
- TULGACH**, *tùlug'-ach*, *adj.* rocking, tossing; uneasy, as a seat; unfixed, or uncertain, as an office, or employment.
- TULGADH**, *tùlug'-à*, *pt.* tossing, rocking, lurching; *n. m.* a lurch, toss,—used by *Armstrong* for *Tolg*.
- TULM**, *tùlum*, *n. f.* a knoll, or little mound of turf, &c.; eminence.
- TULMACH**, *tùlum'-ach*, *adj.* knolly.
- TUM**, *tùm*, *v.* dip, immerse, duck, immerse, plunge; *thum iad an còta 'san fhuil*, they dipped the coat in the blood. *Bible*; a chas an *tunadh 'sa chaochan*, his foot immersed in the gurgling streamlet. *Ossian*.
- TUNADAIR**, *tùm'-ad-àer*, *n. m.* baling-dish.
- TUMADH**, *tùm'-à*, *pt.* dipping, ducking; *n. m.* duck, immersion.
- TUMAIRE**, *tùm'-ad-àer*, *n. m.* a ducker.
- TUM-TAM**, *tùm-tám*, *n. m.* a humdrum; great hesitation, stupid conduct.
- TUMTE**, *tùm'-tyà*, *pt.* immersed, dipped.
- TUNAICH**, for *Tuinich*, settle, dwell.
- TUNG**, *túng*, *n. m.* a family burying-ground inclosed, a tomb, vault. *Argyle*.
- TUNGAID**, *túng'-aj*, *n. f.* a most notorious lie, or hellish evasion, a stratagem.
- TUNGAIDEACH**, *túng'-aj-ach*, *adj.* full of hellish evasions or noted lies.
- TUNNA**, *túnn'-à*, *n. m.* a tun weight, dish; (*French*, tonnee, *German*, tonne.)
- TUNNADAIR**, *túnn'-ad-aer*, *n. m.* tunner.
- TUNNAG**, *túnn'-ag*, *n. f.* a duck.
- TÙR**, *tùr*, *n. m.* penetration, mental acuteness, genius, intelligence; *cha duine gun tùr a dheanadh e*, it is not a man destitute of penetration or genius that could accomplish it; wisdom, understanding; *gliocas is tùr*, wisdom and understanding, (natural acuteness). *Bible*; *inntinn is tùr nam fear*, the mind and acuteness of the heroes. *ML*; *v.* invent, devise, contrive, frame; *air a thùradh le Seumus*, invented by *James*,—*Stewart's* songs; *a thùras olc*, that devises evil; *a thùr oibre ealanta*, to devise or plan cunning works. *Bible*; *get fair*, as weather.
- TUR**, *tùr*, *n. m.* a tower, fortification, fort, castle; *Tùr Bhàbblain*, the Tower of Babel.
- TUR**, *tùr*, *adj.* without condiment, (or kitchen, *Scotch*); *greim tur*, a dry morsel; *aran tur*, bread without butter and cheese; *buntàta tur*, potatoes, and nothing to eat to them; *adj.* most completely, or entirely; *is tur a dh'fhairslich e ort*, how completely it has defied you; *tha e mar sin gu tur*, it is so most completely, it is absolutely so, it is wholly so.
- TURACH**, *tùr'-ach*, *adj.* towering, turretted.
- TURACHDACH**, *tùr'-achg-ach*, *adj.* without any thing else than meal, potatoes, &c.
- TURADH**, *tùr'-à*, *n. m.* absence of rain, fair weather; *tha e na thuradh*, it is fair; *rinn e turadh*, it fared, the rain ceased.
- TURAIL**, *tùr'-al*, *adj.* shrewd, ingenious, acute, inventive, skilful; *gach duine toileach, turail*, every willing, skilful man.
- TURALACHD**, *tùr'-al-achg*, *n. m.* shrewdness.
- TURAINN**, *tùr'-àenn*, *n. f.* a fit of sickness; *fhuair e an droch thùrainn*, he has got a very bad fit of sickness.
- TURAINNEACH**, *tùr'-àenn-achg*, *adj.* delicate in health; liable to sickness.
- TURAINNICHE**, *tùr'-àenn-èch-a*, *n. m.* invalid.
- TURANAICH**; see *Turramanaich*.
- TURAMANAICH**, *tùr'-am-an-èch*, *n. f.* rocking.
- TURCACH**, *tùrk'-ach*, *a.* Turkish; *n. m.* a Turk; turkey hen or cock.
- TURCAIS**, *tùrk'-ash*, *n. f.* tweezers.
- TURLACH**, *tùrk'-llach*, *n. m.* a very large fire, having smoke and no flame; big, clumsy person; *n. f.* a monstrous ugly head of hair; *tùrlach na feisde*, banquet-five. *Ossian*.
- TURLOCH**, *tùr'-lòch*, *n. f.* a lake that dries in summer.
- TURN**, *tùrn*, *n. m.* job, feat; *turn odhar*, a mite or twelfth of a penny.
- TURR**, *tùrr*, *n. m.* a large heap, tomb; *v.* rock hither and thither.
- TURRACHADAL**, *tùrr'-a-chad-al*, *n. c.* sleeping and rocking, as a person sitting on a chair; slumbering, dozing, lethargy.
- TURRAIG**, *tùrr'-ég*, *n. f.* stool in ridicule; *air do thurraig*, at stool. *Irish*.
- TURRAIM**, **TURRAINAIN**, *tùrr'-am-àen*, *v.* rock or vibrate, as a person lamenting the dead, sitting on a grave.
- TURRAM**, *n. m.* } *tùrr'-am-an*, *n. m.* tossing
- TURRAMAN**, } hither and thither, as a person lamenting; vibration, oscillation. *North*, *turrahan*.
- TURSA**, *tùrs'-à*, *n. f.* dejection, sadness; waving the head and lamenting; sorrow.
- TURSACH**, *tùrs'-ach*, *adj.* sad, sorrowful; *gu tursach*, *trom*, sad and dejected; *Orsa Fionngu tursach*, said *Fingal*, mournfully.
- TURTUR**, *tùrt'-ur*, *n. m.* a turtle. *Bible*.
- TURUS**, *tùr'-us*, *n. m.* journey, travel.
- TURUSACHD**, *tùr'-us-achg*, *n. f.* pilgrimage.
- TUS**, *tùs*, *n. m.* beginning, commencement, front, origin; *Helen, tùs ar cràidh*, *He-len*, the origin or source of our severe affliction; *air tùs an airm*, in front or van of the army; *air a thùs* is *air a thoiseach*, first and foremost; *tùs-mhuinntir* aborigines; 's e *tùs* a *ghliocas*, *eagal De*, the beginning of wisdom, is the fear of God.
- TUT**, *tùtt'*, *n. m.* a foist, stink; *v.* foist, stink.
- TUTAIRE**, *tùtt'-ur-a*, *n. m.* foister.

U

U, ù, the seventeenth and last letter of the Gaelic alphabet, styled "ùr," the yew-tree; it has seven or eight sounds.—See the Key.

UABAIRT, ùāb'-arjty', *n. f.* expulsion. *N.*

UABHAR, ùāv'-ur, *n. m.* extreme pride.

UABHEIST, uāv'-vāshij, *n. f.* a monster. *B.*; as properly Uambheist, (nasal sound.)

UACHDAR, ùāchg'-ur, *n. m.* surface, top; air *uachdar*, on the surface, on the top; *uachdar* is lochdar, top and bottom; cream, upper of a shoe; grugh is *uachdar*, curds and cream;—woof of cloth. *North*; fhuair e lāmh an *uachdar*, he got the ascendant, the mastery; a tighinn an *uachdar*, coming on the surface, coming above ground, or budding, as lint, potatoes, &c.; an *uachdar* ma seach, alternately up and down. *Ossian*.

UACHDARACHD, ùāchg'-ar-achg, *n. f.* top; o'n *uachdarachd* gus an lochdraehd, from top to bottom.

UACHDARAN, ùāchg'-ar-an, *n. m.* a superior, governor, ruler, chief; thàinig *uachdaran* àirid, agus thug e aoradh dha, a certain Ruler came and worshipped him. *Bible*.

UACHDARACH, ùāchg'-rach, *adj.* upper, higher, superficial.

UACHDARANACHD, ùāchl'-ar-an-achd, *n. f.* supremacy, dominion, rule; reign, sovereignty; biodh *uachdaranachd* aca, let them have dominion. *Bible*.

UACHDRACHD, ùāchg'-rachg, *n. f.* surface, top; o'n *uachdrachd*, gus an lochdrachd, from first to last,—from the top to the bottom; (pronounced often *uarachd*.)

UAIBH, vūāév, (*pre.* and *pro.* sibh,) from you, at a distance from you; wanted by you; being your duty; tha *uaibh* folbh, you had better be gone, it is your duty to go; fada *uaibh*, far from you,—at a great distance from you; cuiribh *uaibh* na Diathan coimheach, put away the strange gods. *Bible*.

UAIBHREACH, ùāév'-ryach, *adj.* arrogant, haughty, self-important, extremely proud; tha Dia a' cur an aghaidh nan *uaibhreach*, God resisteth the proud. *Bible*.

UAIBH-SE, ùāv'-shā, *emph.* of *Uaibh*.

UAIBHREACHAS, ùāév'-ryach-us, *n. f.* extreme degree of pride or vain-glory; great haughtiness; also *uaibhreachd*.

UAIDH, vūāéy', (*pre.* *pro.*) from him.

UAIGH, ùāé'-y', *n. f.* a grave, tomb, sepulchre; gus an càrar mi 'san *uaigh*, till I am interred.

UAIGNEACH, ùāég'-nyach, *adj.* solitary, re-

mote, retired; àite *uaigneach*, a solitary or remote place; distant, dull; duine *uaigneach*, a person distant or reserved in manner.

UAIGNEAS, ùāég'-nyus, *n. m.* lonesomeness, retired manners or habits; thug e air *uaigneas* e, he took him aside, he retired into a secret place with him; a secret, secrecy, privacy; th' an t-aran a dh' ithear an *uaigneas*, taitneach, bread eaten in secret, is pleasant; *uaigneas*-san, his retired manner or disposition.

UAIGNIDH, ùāég'-nyé, *adj.* *uaigneach*.

UAIGNEACHD, ùāég'-nyach, *n. f.* secrecy, solitariness, &c.; retired, morose disposition or habits.

UAILL, ùāèlly', *n. f.* pomp, vanity, vain-glory, inconsistent boasting; na dean *uail* as an latha màireach, boast not of to-morrow. *Bible*.

UAILLIRE, ùālly'-èr-ā, *n. m.* a fop, spark.

UAILL-MHIANN, ùālly'-vhēan, *n. f.* ambition.

UAINHINN, ùāév'-ènn, *n. f.* horror; great horror or detestation.

UAIMHINNEACH, ùāév'-ènn-ach, } *adj.* hor-

UAIMHNEACH, ùāév'-nyach, } rifying.

UAIMHNEACHD, ùāév'-nyachg, *n. f.* horrifying nature or quality; horridness.

UAINED, ùāén'-ā, *adj.* green, pallid, wan; *n. m.* green, green colour.

UAINED, ùāén'-ad, *n. m.* greenness, pallidness, wanness; degree of greenness.

UAINEDACH, ùāén'-ach-an, *n. c.* a wan, pallid, miserable-looking person; also *uainealach*.

UAINICH, ùāén'-èch, *v.* get green.

UAINN, vūāén, (*pre.* *pro.*) from us, at a distance from us, wanted by us, missing by us; tha triuir *uainn*, we want three, we miss three; being necessary for us, or our duty; tha *uainn* folbh, it is our duty to go, we had better be gone.

UAIP, ùāép, *v.* bungle, botch.

UAIPÉ, ùāép'-ā, (*pro.* *pre.*), from her, &c.

UAIPÉAR, ùāép'-āér, *n. m.* bungler, botcher.

UAIS, ùāér, *n. f.* an hour, time, weather; time of day or night; allotted time, rotation; aon *uair*, one hour, one o'clock, once; dè 'n *uair* a tha e, what o'clock is it? ma dhà *uair*, about two o'clock; eadar aon is a dhà, between one and two; *uair* 'sam bith, any time; na h-uile *uair*, at all times; an *uair* ma dheireadh, the last time; a cheud *uair*, at first, the first time; 's e so m' *uair*-sa, this is my time, this is my turn or rotation; tha *uair* air, he is subject to fits and starts of good humour or generosity; air *uairibh*, sometimes; an ceart *uair*, the very time, present/y, immediately, instantly; gach *uair*, at all times; *uair* eile, at another time;

on a time, at another time, one time; *uair éiridh iad gu nàmh, uair théid iad gu doimhne sìos, one time they mount to the skies, at another time they sink to the abyss, the deep; thug mi i'n uaigneas uair, I brought her apart once; uair a rinn mi sin, once I did that; riun e sin uair is uair, he did that more than once, repeatedly, over and over; cia lion uair a thig e, how often shall he come? 'na uaireanan, sometimes; ni mi e air au uair, I will do instantly, immediately, without losing a moment; uair ma seach, alternately, in rotation.*

UAIREADAIR, ùàér'-add-aer, *n. m.* time-piece, watch; *clag-uairreadair, a clock; uairreadair-gainnich, sand-glass; uair-eadair-gréine, sun-dial.*

UAIREIL, ùàér'-al, *adj.* hourly.

UAIREIGINN, ùàér'-è-gyènn, *adv.* sometimes; *uair na uaireiginn, sometime or other.*

UAISLE, ùàèlsh'-à, *n. m.* genteel extraction, high birth, gentlemanly manners, gentility, liberality; *deg. of uasal, more or most genteel, &c.; (from uis.)*

UAISLEACHD, ùàèshl'-achg, *n. f.* gentility, dignity of port, or mind.

UAISLEAD, ùàèsh'-lyad, degree of gentility.

UAISLEAN, ùàèsh'-lyun, *n. pl.* gentry.

UAISLICH, ùàèsh'-lyech, *v.* ennoble, dignify.

UAIT, vùàjt, (*pre. pro.*), from thee; *Inter. away with it! away with it! tha uait a bhi folbh, you had better begone; tha uait a dheanadh, you better do it; dè tha uait? what do you want? bhuait.*

UAITHE, ùàèch'-à, (*pro. pre.*), from her, &c.; *dè tha uaithe? what does she want? thoir uaithe, tear from her.*

UAITHNE, ùàèñ'-a, *n. m.* pillar. B. B.

UALLACH, ùàll'-ach, *n. m.* charge; *uallach an ni sin ormsa, the charge of that thing to me; a' guilan uallach tighe Ioseph, bearing the charge of the house of Joseph. Bible; burden, in a moral sense,—hard task; cha'n uallach sin air, that is no hard task for him; an oppressive weight, responsibility; uallach a ghnothaich, the responsibility of that affair; is aotrom an t-uallach mo gràdh, my love is a light burden. Oss.; adj. airy, light, indifferent as to weight; thog e gu h-uallach, he raised it so cleverly, or lively; conceited, light-headed, giddy; duine uallach, a light-headed person.*

UALLACHAS, ùàll'-ach-us, *n. m.* conceitedness, vanity, airiness.

UALLACHD, ùàll'-achg, *n. m.* extreme conceit, or vanity, or airiness.

U'LLAIRE, ùàll'-ur-à, *n. m.* cockcomb.

UAM, vùām, (*pre. pro.*), from me, wanted by me, at a distance from me; *fan uam, keep at a distance from me, keep from me; gu ma fada sin uam, be it far from me, B.; emphatic uamsa, more properly bhuam, buamsa.*

UAMH, * uá, ùáv, *n. f.* a cave, den; *n. m.* a chief of savages, terrible fellow—hence uaimhinn, (uainh, chief savage, and binn, sentence to be devoured) cha'n'eil ann ach uamh dhuine, he is only a savage of a fellow.

UAMHACH, ùáv'-ach, *adj.* like a cave, in caves.

UAMHAG, ùáv'-ag, *n. f.* tick. *N.;* (seòllann.)

UAMHARR, ùáv'-urr, *adj.* horrid, horrifying, shocking; atrocious, heinous.

UAMHARRACHD, ùáv'-urr-achg, *n. f.* horrifying nature or quality; atrocity, heinousness.

UAMBHAS, ùáv'-vus, *n. m.* horrid deed, atrocity, deed done in a cave, (uamh-bheus); horror, greatest astonishment, enormous quantity; *fhuair iad uamhas éisg, they have got an enormous quantity of fish.*

UAMHASACHD, ùáv'-väs-achg, *n. f.* horri-fication, extreme atrocity; dreadfulness, horribleness, abominableness, loathsomeness.

UAN, ùán, *n. m.* a lamb; lambs, uain.

UANALACH, ùán'-al-ach, *n. m.* lambs' wool.

UAN-CAISG, ùàn-kášg', *n. m.* Paschal lamb.

UAPA, vùáp'-a, (*pre. pro.*), from them, distant from them, wanted by them; *dè tha bhuapa? what do they want? tha bhuapa a bhi folbh, they had better be gone.*

UAS, ùäs, *n. m.* College-cap used when graduating.

USAIL, uäs'-al, *adj.* genteel, descended of a respectable family; new, novel, fastidious; *duine uasal, a gentleman; bean uasal, a lady, a gentlewoman; tha e tuil-idh is uasal uime, he is too fastidious about it; rinn thu do ghnothach gu h-*

* Uamh nam fear, the Gentleman's Cave,—a very singular cavern in the Island of St. MacCormac, in the Sound of Jura, Argyll. It is the fate of every gentleman that enters this cave, that

"Out of his derogate body shall never spring,
A babe to honour him!!!"

What a grand look-out for the Rev. Mr. Malthus!!! Report says, that the celebrated Doctors SAMUEL JOHNSON and MACCULLOCH were storm-staid in this untoward den,—and that this was the reason they vented their spleen on the poor HIGHLANDS and HIGHLANDERS. Government should look about them; St. MacCormac is in the market.

- uasal, a lady, a gentlewoman; tha e tuilidh is uasal uime, he is too fastidious about it; rinn thu do ghnothach gu h-uasal, you have made your business like a gentleman; n. m. gentleman. M'D.*
- UATHA, vùsch'-à, (*pr. pro.*), from them, off their hands; *thoir uatha, deprive them of, bring from them.*
- UBAG, ùb'-ag, *n. f.* an enchantment, incantation, charm, superstitious ceremony.
- UBAGACH, ùb'-ag-ach, *adj.* skilled in charms, &c.
- UBAGAIL, ùb'-ag-ul, *pt.* enchanting.
- UBARRAID, ùb'-arr-aj, *n. f.* confusion, fidgetting; lumber, confusion.
- UBARRAIDEACH, ùb'-arr-aj-ach, *a.* turbulent, confused, unsettled, romping, childish.
- UBH, UBH, ùv, ùv, *Inter.* O dear! O dear! my conscience!!!
- UBH, nonsense for Ugh, ù'-aògh, an egg.
- UBHALL, ù'-ull, *n. f.* an apple; *ubhal an sgornain, the ball of the throttle; ubhal na sùl, pupil of the eye; ubhlan, apples.*
- UBHALACH, u'-al-ach, *adj.* apple-bearing.
- UBHLADH, ùll'-aògh, *n. m.* fine in church courts, ecclesiastical fine; in civil courts, càinn.
- UCHD, ùchg, *n. m.* breast, bosom; *uchd mo ghaoil, the breast of my love; point, or very time; ri uchd neo beul bàis, at the point of death; (Perthshire, tha e aig roinn a' bhàis), clemency, mercy, humanity; fag gu uchd a Moireir e, refer it to his lordship's clemency or humanity; the face of a hill or ascent; a togail an uchd, ascending the face of a hill,—steep part of a road; ri uchd cruadail, braving difficulties,—grappling with difficulties; uchd-èideadh, breast-plate.*
- UCHDACH, ùchg'-ach, *n. f.* an ascent or side of a hill; a togail na h-uchdach, ascending the acclivity; delivery in speech; 's ann aige tha 'n uchdach, how grand his delivery! pith, energy; cha 'n eil uchdach aige dha, he has not energy to encounter such difficulty; *adj.* prominent, steep.
- UCHDARDACH, ùchg'-ardd'-ach, *adj.* high-crested; bold, brave; presumptuous.
- UCHDARDACHD, ùchg'-ardd'-achg, *n. f.* pomposity, presumptuousness, pomp.
- UCHDMHAC, ùchg'-vhachg, *n. m.* an adopted son.
- UCHDMHACACHD, ùchg'-vhachg-achg, *n. f.* adoption; *uchdmhacaich, adopt, take another's son as your own.*
- UCHDAN, uichg'-an, *n. m.* the instep of a foot or shoe; child's bib or pinny; a little eminence or knoll.
- UP for Ad, that, yon, yonder.
- UDAL for Udbhoil, distraction for want of a home; tossing about.
- UDABAC, ùd'-a-böchg, *n. m.* porch. *North.*
- UDAIL, ùd'-al, *adj.* gloomy; *n. m.* churl.
- UDALAN, ùd'-all-an, *n. m.* tether-swivel.
- UDHAR, ùh'-ur, *n. m.* boil, sore. *R. M'D.*
- UDLAIDH, ùd'-llé, *adj.* dark, gloomy. *M'F.*
- UDRATHAD, ùdd'-rà-ad, *n. m.* free egress.
- UDBHOIL, ùd'-vhal, *n. f.* the state of being tossed from place to place, as a person ejected; state of being absent, a pensioner on the bounty of others, as a person, once in good circumstances; tossing from place to place; *cha bhi thu air udbhoil you shall not be uncared for; cha 'n fhaic mise air udbhoil thu, I shall not see you a dependant or gentle beggar.*
- UDBHOILEACH, ùd'-val-ach, *adj.* tossed from place to place, as a person.
- UGH, ù-gh, *n. m.* an udder, improperly written with bh; *ugh na boine, the cow's udder.*
- UGH, ùgh', *n. f.* an egg; *ugh-eirig, pullet's egg; ugh-nid, a nest-egg; uighean, eggs, Bible, Islay; gealagan uighe, the white of an egg, Bible; buidheagan uighe, the yolk of an egg. Bible.*
- UGHDAIR, } ùdd'-urr-a, *n. m.* an author;
UGHDARRA, } oir cha 'n e Dia ùghdarra na mi-rioghailt ach na sìthe, for God is not the author of confusion, but of peace. *Bible.*
- UGHDARRACHD, ùdd'-arr-achg, *n. f.* authorship.
- UGHDARRAS, ùdd'-urr-as, *n. m.* authority, command; a' teagasg mar neach aig' am bheil ughdarras, teaching as one having authority. *Bible.*
- UGSA, ùg'-sa, *n. f.* the largest kind of coal-fish; in Scotch, stenlock.
- UIBE, ùèb'-à, *n. m.* a batch, or a lump of dough; a block of any thing, as marble; lump of a person; ioba more properly, which see.
- UIBHIR, ùèx'-èr², *n. f.* an equal quantity or number; *tha uibhir is uibhir aca, they have share and share alike, they have equal numbers or quantity; uibhir eile, as much again, double that quantity or number; de'n uibhir is th'ann, how much is there? what quantity or number is there? uibhir is a th'ann, as much as there are? a sum or quantity equivalent to; uibhir na cìrc, the equivalent, or any thing as valuable as a lien; na h-uibhir, a great number or quantity; na h-uibhir do dhaoine, a great number of men; uibhir ri càch, as much as the rest; 'se na h-uibhir e, it is so much.*
- UIDH, ùè, *n. m.* heed, care, journey; intention, hope; *gun uidh ri sòlas, without hope of consolation. Sm.; aig ceann ar n-uidh, at our journey's end; ceann-uidh, destination.*

UIDH, ùc, *n. f.* step, gradation, degree; *uidh air 'n uidh, by degrees; gradually; 's ann uidh air 'n uidh a thogar na caist-eil, castles are built by degrees, gradually, by little and little.*

UIDHEAM, ue'yum, *n. f.* regimentals, uniform, accoutrements, equipage, materials, apparatus; *fodh làn uidheam, dressed in his full accoutrements or uniform; dheanainn sin na biodh an uidheam agam, I would do that, if I had the materials, or tools, or apparatus; rigging, instruments.*

UIDHEAMACH, ùey'-am-ach, *adj.* well-furnished, or provided with materials or apparatus.

UIDHEAMACHADH, ùey'-am-ach-à, *pt.* preparing, arranging matters; *n. m.* preparation, arrangement.

UIDHEAMAICH, ùey'-am-èch, *v.* prepare, fit, arrange, furnish with necessary accoutrements, materials, or instruments; equip; *uidheamaich thu fhèin, equip yourself, dress yourself; uidheamaichte, prepared, &c.*

UIG, ùeg, *n. f.* a conical steep rock, nook.

UILC, ùe'lk, *n. pl.* of Ole; also *gen.*

UILE, ùilá, *adj. adv. n. m.* altogether, all, wholly, quite, every; *tha iad mar sin uile, they are all so; thàinig iad uile, they have all come; tha mi uile thoileach, I am quite willing; uile-léisinnach, all-seeing; na h-uile, every one, all, the whole.*

UILEACHD, ùil'-achg, *n. f.* universality.

UILEANN, ùil'-unn, *n. f.* the elbow, corner, angle; *uileann na beinne, the angle or corner of the mountain; air uilinn nan leac, on the corner of the flags. Ossian; 'nuair bha e air uilinn, when he was embarrassed; on the eve of failing.*

UILEAB, ùil'-aèr, *adj.* too much, redundant, superfluous, unnecessary; *cha b' uilear dhuit a bhi an so, you would require to be here,—it were not too much for you to be here; cha b' uilear dhuinn cogadh na fàilneachadh, we were obliged to fight or yield. Sm.; cha b' uilear dhuit sin, you would require that,—that is necessary; cha b' uilear uibhir eile, as much again is requisite.*

UILEBHEIST for Ullabheist, monster.

UILE-BHEANNAICHTE, ùil'-à-vhyánn-èch-tyá, *adj.* truly blessed, all holy, completely blessed.

UILE-BHUAODHACH, ùil'-à-vhùá-gach, *adj.* all-victorious, triumphant, victorious.

UIL'-FHIOSRACH, ùil'-ès-rach, *a.* omniscient.

UIL'-FHIOSRACHD, ùil'-ès-rachg, *n. m.* omniscience.

UIL'-FHOGHAINTeachD, ùil'-om'-ènn-

tyachg, *n. f.* all-sufficiency; *uil'-fhogha-inteach, all-sufficient.*

UIL'-IOMLAINEACHD, ùil'-ém-lan-achg, *n. f.* all-sufficiency, full perfection or completeness.

UIL'-IOMLAN, ùil'-ém-lán, *adj.* all-perfect.

UIL'-IONADACH, ùil'-èün-ad-ach, *adj.* omnipresent; *tha Dia uil'-ionadach, God is omnipresent.*

UILL, ùilly', *v.* oil, grease, besmear.

UILLEADH, ùilly'-à, *n. m.* lamp-oil; *p.* oiling.

UILLEAG, uèlly'-ag, *n. f.* a jostle, elbowing.

UILLEAGAICH, uèlly'-ag-èch, *v.* jostle, elbow.

UILLEANN, ùilly'-unn, *n. m.* honey-suckle.

MS. H.; pt. elbows; see Uileann.

UILLICH, ùilly'-èch, *v.* oil; *ùilliche, cited.*

UILLIDH, ùilly'-è, *adj.* oily, greasy.

UILLT, uèlljt; see àilt, mountain stream.

UILLNE, uèly'-nyá, *gen.* of Uileann, elbow.

UILLNICH, ùilly'-nyèch, *v.* jostle, elbow.

UILT, ùljt, *gen. pl.* of Àlt, a joint.

UIME, ùem'-à, (*pre. pro.*) about, or around him, or it; *agus chuir iad uime aodach purpuir, and they put on him a purple robe. B.; of, or concerning him, or it; cia uime, about whom, or concerning which; properly ioma. Islay; ioma-sin, therefore, for that reason.*

UIMPE, ùèmp'-à, (*pro. pre.*) about her or it.

UINE, ùen'-à, *n. f.* time, season, space, or interval, leisure; *uine thri làithean, the space of three days; caith 'uine, pass your time, mispend your time; ar n uine a' ruith air sgiathaibh, our time fleeting on wings. Ossian; 'nuair a bhios uine agam, when I have leisure.*

UINICH, ùen'-èch, *n. f.* bustle, fumbling.

UINNEAG, ùènn'-ag, *n. f.* window; *uinn-eagan, windows; uinneagan Nèimh, the windows of Heaven.*

UINNEAGACHADH, ùènn'-ag-ach-à, *n. m.* dawn; *pt.* dawning.

UINNEAGAICH, ùènn'-ag-èch, *v.* dawn, begin to dawn; *'nuair a bha an latha ag uinneagachadh, when the day began to dawn.*

UINNEAN, uènn'-un, *n. m.* an onion; corn on the foot.

UINNLEAN, uènn'-llyun, *pl.* of uileann, elbows; properly ùilleann.

UINNSICH, uènnsh'-èch, *v.* manage. *H. S.*

UINNSE, ùènnsh'-à, *n. f.* ash-tree; an ash.

UINNSEANN, ùènn'-shyunn, *n. m.* wood of the ash-tree.

UIPEAR for Ualpear, bungler, botcher.

UIPINN, ùèp'-ènn, *n. f.* hoard, maoin.

UIR, ùér', *n. f.* mould, dust, earth, grave; *cáitich 'san ùir, bury, inter; letter U; fo'n ùir, in the dust, in the grave; ùir-chòmhnuidh, tomb. Ossian.*

UIRCEAN, uérk' àén, (oircean), grice.
 UIRE, uér'-á, *deg.* of úr, newer, fresher.
 UIREAD, uér'-ud, *n. f.* degree of newness.
 UIREAD for Urad, as much as.
 UIREALL, uér'-all, *n. m.* a scruple, a ring.
 UIREALLACH, uér'-all-ach, *n. m.* a dagger; dirk.
 UIREAS, uér'-as, *n. f.* want, necessary, family or domestic necessary; a maim; a' dol air son uireasan, *going for little family necessities.*
 UIREASACH, uér'-as-ach, *adj.* indispensable, very much wanted; ní uireasach, *a thing very much wanted*; defective, maimed, lame; duine uireasach, *a maimed person*; lámh uireasach, *a defective hand, a maimed hand.*
 UIREASAICH, uér'-as-éich, *n. f.* want, necessary; uireasaich 'sam bith a th' ort, *any necessary you want*; dé th' ad uireasaich, *what do you want? what do you lack?* defect, maim, deficiency; dé iad na h-uireasaichean a tha dhith ort, *what are the necessities you want?*
 UIREASUIDH, UIREASBUINN, uér'-as-é, *n. f.* want; in Irish, uireasbadh, defect, deficiency.
 UIRGEOLL, } uér'-ég-all, *n. m.* eloquence,
 UIRGHEOL, } talk, conversation, utterance, speech; cha'n'eil cáinnt na uirigioll ann am bheul, *there is neither language or speech in my lips. Oss.*
 UIRICH, UIRIGH, uér'-éich, *n. f.* pallet, couch; na laidhe air uirich, *stretched on a pallet.*
 UIRIDH, uér'-é, *n. f.* last year, (*i. e.* an uair a ruith, *the time that has elapsed*); an uiridh, *last year*; ma'n am so an uiridh, *about this time last year*; am bliadhna 's an uiridh, *this and last year.*
 UIRIGH, uér'-éich; see Uirich, couch.
 UIRLIOS, uér'-lès, *n. m.* walled garden. *Ir.*
 UIRSGEUL, ur'-skell, *n. m.* news, intelligence, tale, fable, novel, romance; blarney.
 UIRSGEULACH, uér'-skell-ach, *a.* fabulous.
 UIS, úsh, *n. f.* courteous reception, hospitality carried to excess almost; unnecessary hurry-burry at one's reception; 's ann rompa bha an úis, *they met with a most courteous reception.*
 UIS, úsh, *n. f.* use, (feum, properly). *Mainland.*
 UISLEALACHD, úsh'-all-achg, *n. f.* courtesy, courteousness, highest degree of hospitality;—usefulness, *Mainland*; dignity, *Macdonald*; snugness, comfort, *Irish.*
 UISEIL, úsh'-al, *adj.* courteous, kind, hospitable in the highest degree imaginable; gu úiseil, *entertained with the utmost hospitality and courtesy*; úiseil aca, *en-*

tertained in the politest and most hospitable manner by them,—useful, Mainland; snug, dignified. *Id.*; *Irish.*

UISEAG, ú-h'-ag, *n. f.* a lark, skylark.

UISGE, úshg'-á, *n. m.* water, rain; billow, a wave; fo'n uisge, *under water, immersed*; th' an t-uisge ann, *it is raining*; dh' éirich uisge, *a billow or surge arose*; a river, stream; mar uisge balbh a ghlinne, *like the smooth stream of the valley*; uisge-beatha, *whisky, aquavita*; uisge-coisrig, *holy or consecrated water.*

UISGEACHADH, úshg'-ach-á, *pl.* raining, watering; ag uisgeachadh na talmhainn, *watering the earth, Bible*; *n. m.* irrigation, or watering of land.

UISGEALACHD, ushg'-al-achg, *n. f.* wateriness.

UISGEIL, úshg'-al, *adj.* watering, irrigating.

UISGICHTE, úshg'-éich-tyá, *pl.* watered, irrigated.

UISGIDH, úshg'-é, *adj.* watery, waterish.

UISGIDHEACHD, same as uisgealachd.

UISINNICH, úsh'-éinn-éich, *v.* use, cleachd.

UISLIGINN, úsh'-lyé'-gènn, *n. f.* confusion. *Gillies.*

UISLINN, úsh'-llyénn, *n. f.* sport. *H. S. D.*

UIST, úeshjt, *Inter.* híst! silence! hold your peace! not a word! hush!

ULA, úl'-á, *n. m.* a beard. *Smith's Poems*; long grass. *Ossian*; heavy curled hair. *Armstrong.*

ULAG, ull'-ag, *n. f.* a block, a pulley.

ULADH, ull'-é, *n. f.* a hid treasure; darling.

ULAINN, ull'-énn, *n. m.* charnel-house. *Ir.*

ULARTAICH, ull'-artt'-éich, *n. f.* howling, wailing.

ULLABHEIST, ull'-a-vhášht, *n. f.* a monster.

ULLABHEISTEIL, ull'-a-vhášht-ál, *adj.* monstrous.

ULLACHADH, } ull'-ach-adh, (*from ull-*
 ULMHACHADH, } amh), *pl.* dressing, making ready; *n. m.* preparation, act of appointing, or making a provision.

ULLAICH, ull'-éich, *v.* prepare, make ready, provide; úllaichibh bhur cridhe a chum an Tighearn, *prepare your hearts unto the Lord. Bible*; ullmhaich.

ULLAMHACHD, ull'-ur-achg, *n. m.* preparedness, readiness, proneness, completion.

ULLAMH, ull'-uv, *adj.* ambidexterous, prepared, ready, very ready, prone; is ullamh le neach, *one is prone or ready*; airgid ullamh, *cash, ready money.*

ULLAMH, ull'-uv, *n. m.* (uille-lamh, ambidexterous), a Doctor of Medicine, a sage; an t-ullamh Iolach is an t-ullamh Muil-each, *the Islay and the Mull doctors of*

the name of Beaton, far-famed for their learning.*

ULLAMHAICH, ùll'-vhèch, *v.* same as ùllaich.

ULTACH, ùll'-tach, *n. m.* a burden for one's back; *ultach* a dhroma, *as much as he can carry on his back; a bundle, faggot, or truss, fit to be carried on the back; (ullamhtach)—in Perthshire, a burden between the hands, or in the grasp.*

ULTACH, ùll'-tach, *n. m.* an Ulster man. *Irish.*

UMAD, ùm'-ad, (*pre. pro.*), about thee, concerning thee, in reference to thee; tilg t'-fhallainn *umad*, *throw or cast your mantle about thee. B.; a labhairt umad, speaking about thee,—in reference to thee.*

UMAIBH, ùm'-èb, (*pre. pro.*), about you, in reference to you, or regarding you; concerning you, (*ioma and sibh*); cuiribh *umaibh*, *cast about you; labhairt umaibh, speaking concerning, or in reference to you.*

UMADH, corruption of Umbaidh.

UMAILT, ùm'-allt, *n. f.* a degrading submission of one's judgment to curry favour; obsequiousness.

UMAILTEACH, ùm'-allt'-ach, *adj.* meanly submissive to curry favour; fawning.

UMAINN, ùm'-ènn, (*pre. pro.*), about us, concerning us, &c.; dh' iadh iad *umainn*, *they surrounded us. Ossian; ag radh umainn, saying in reference to us, or concerning us.*

UMAM, ùm'-am, (*pre. pro.*), about or regarding me; 'n ann *umam-sa?* *is it about me? is it in reference to me?*

UMBADAIL, ùm'-ad-al, *adj.* very stupid.

UMBAIDH, ùmb'-è, *n. m.* a blockhead, dolt.

UMH, ùv, *n. m.* brass or copper. *Ir.; Bible.*

* A succession of an order of literati of the name of Beaton, styled Ullamh and Oileamh, existed in Islay and Mull from time immemorial, till the middle of the last century. Doctor Hector Beaton, one of them, got, as a reward, for effecting a cure which baffled the then Faculty of Edinburgh, in the case of one of the Jameses, Kings of Scotland, two farms in Islay. John, the last of the Mull Doctors, has a handsome tombstone in Iona, with a Latin inscription, running thus:—

"Hic jacet Johannis Betonius, Mao
lenorum familie, Medicus
qui mortuus est 19 Novembris, 1657,
Æt. 63. Donaldus Betonius fecit 1674,
Ecce cadit Jaculo victricis mortis inique
Qui alios solverat ipse mali.
Soli Deo Gloria."

All the proverbs current in the Islands, end thus:—"Mu'n d'thuirt an t-Ullamh Iolach e;—mu'n d'thuirt an t-Ullamh Muileach e," *as the Islay sage used to say,—as the Mull sage used to say; (an leanabh Iolach, in Skye.) Sm., Is., Armt.*

UMHADAIR, ùv'-ād-àér, *n. m.* brazier.

UMHAIL, un²'-ul, *n. f.* heed, attention, consideration; na biodh *umhail* agad da, *never mind him, take no heed, pay no regard or attention to him; gun umhail* do'n lot na chliabh tèin, *regardless of the wound in his own side; half-suspicion; chuir mi an umhail, I half-suspected; dè'n umhail a th'agadsa, what do you care? what matters it to you?*

UMHAIL, } ù'-ul, *adj.* obedient, submissive,
UMHAL, } lowly, humble; cho *umhail* ris a luch fo ladhar a chaoit, *as submissive as the mouse under the paw of the cat; umhail an cridhe, lowly in spirit; umhail do lagh, obedient to law. Bible.*

UMHAILLT; see ùmaillt.

UMHLACHD, ùll'-achg, *n. f.* obeisance, salutation, homage; dean t' ùmhlachd, *make your obeisance, make homage; obedience, submissiveness; ùmhlachd a chreididh, the obedience of faith. Bible; rinn e ùmhlachd dhà, he saluted him, he made his obeisance, he bowed to him.*

UMHLAICH, ùll' èch, *v.* submit, obey, make humble or submissive to rule.

UMPA, ùmp'-a, (*pre. pro.*) about them, in reference to them, concerning them; *iompa*, properly *labhair e iompa*, *he spoke in reference to them.*

UMPAIDH, *Irish* for Umbaidh.

UNG, ùng, *v.* anoint, oil; dh' ùng thu mo cheann, *thou hast anointed my head. Bible; ùngte, anointed, oiled.*

UNGADH, ùng'-h, *n. f.* ointment, unction.

UNNLAR, ùnn'-lar, *n. m.* floor, layer, course.

UNNSA, ùss'-à, *n. m.* an ounce; *Welsh*, uns.

UNTAS, ùnt'-as, *n. m.* windlass. *Irish.*

UP, ùp, for Ut, push, jostle, shove.

UPRAIT, corruption of ùbarraid, confusion, &c.

UR, ùr, *adj.* new, fresh, recent; a ghealach ùr, *the new moon; sgadan ùr, im ùr, a fresh herring, fresh butter; novel, curious; ni sam bith ùr, any thing novel or curious; as-ùr, a second time, again, a new, afresh; thòisich iad as-ùr, they commenced anew; trusgan ùr, new suit of clothes; oiteag ùr nan sliabh, the fresh breeze of the mountains. Oss.; ùr nomha, quite new; sgaoil euirm as ùr, the feast was spread a second time. Bible, Ossian; adv. afresh, newly, second time; dh'ùr thoisich iad, they have newly begun.*

UR, ur, for bhur, your; togaibh 'ur suill, tàiribh 'ur ràimh, *hoist your sails, pull with your oars. Song. See Ar.*

URABHALLACH, ùr'-a-vhàll'-ach, *n. f.* the herb devil's-bit. *Irish.*

URACH, ùr'-ach, *n. m.* bottle, pail. *Irish; gen. of ùir, mould, soil, earth; a' bùrrach*

- na h-*urach*, stirring up the mould or earth.
- URACHADH, *úr'-ach-X*, *pt.* renewing, refreshing; *n. m.* refreshment, renewal, recommencement.
- URACHD, *úr'-achg*, *n. f.* newness, novelty.
- URAD, *úr'-add'*, *n. m. adv.* equal quantity, or number; so much; *urad* is *urad*, equal shares, like quantities; *urad eile*, as much again; *urad* a *bhidhich*, so much as a meal of meat.
- URAICH, *úr'-éch*, *v.* renew, become fresh or green; *dh'úraich e mo chràdh*, he renewed my torment; *ach ch'an úraich mo gheug*, but my branch shall never become green, or bud. *Sm.*; *v. a.* refresh, invigorate; *dh'úraich an deoch e*, the potions refreshed him, invigorated him.
- URAIL, *úr'-al*, *adj.* fresh-looking, as a
- URAIR, *úr'-ur*, *person*; flourishing, green, gay; 'san iarmailt *úrain*, in the freshly green firmament; a choillteach *úrain*, the green woodland.
- URAIREACHD, *úr'-ur'-achg*, *n. f.* freshness,
- URALACHD, *úr'-al'-achg*, *n. f.* youthfulness, as an aged person.
- URANACH, *úr'-an'-ach*, *n. c.* an upstart.
- URBALL, *úr'-b'-all*, *n. m.* a tail, a train.
- URCHAILL, *úr'-chally*, *n. f.* fetters; chain. *Irish*; mould-board of a plough. *N.*;—*IV.* *urchair*.
- URCHAIR, *úr'-char'*, *n. f.* a shot; leig *urchair*, fire, shoot at; a throw, cast, violent push or jostle; *urchair cloiche*, a stone-cast, throw at a stone, hammer, &c.; *beul ri urchair gunna air folbh*, about a gun-shot off; *thug e urchair dha*, he gave him or it a violent push or throw; mould-board of a plough. *West.*
- URCHASG, *úr'-chasg*, *n. m.* antidote. *Irish*; *physic*. *North.*
- URCHOID, *úr'-ch'-oj*, *n. f.* harm; calamity. *Bible*; *Psalm-book*;—(obsolete.)
- URLA, *úr'-a*, *n. m.* face or front. *Ossian*; (obsolete.)
- URLABHAIRT, *úr'-lláv'-arjt*, *n. f.* eloquence. *Macfarlan.*
- URLAIN, *úr'-lláem*, *n. f.* readiness. *M'F.*
- URLAIMH, *úr'-llév*, *adj.* neat, ready. *M'F.*
- URLANN, *úr'-lánn*, *n. f.* a sort of staff. *M'F.*
- URLAR, *úr'-lär*, *n. m.* floor; air an *úrlar*, on the floor; a layer, or course, vein, as in a mine; *cuir urlar ma seach 'san dúnan*, put a layer, or course about in the dung-hill; properly *Unnlar*.
- URLONN, *úr'-llaðenn*, *n. f.* beauty. *MSS.*; fore part or prow of a ship. *Mackenzie.*
- URNUICH, *úr'-éch*, *prayer* to God;
- URNUIGH, *úr'-é*, *n. f.* *dean úrnuigh*, pray; *uime sin fhuair do sheirbhiseach 'na chridhe an úrnuigh* so a dheanadh riut, therefore thy servant hath found in his heart to pray (make) this prayer unto thee. *Sam. vii. 27.*; ag *úrnuigh*, praying.
- URR, *n. m.* a child, infant. *Perthshire.*
- URRA, *úr'-á*, *n. f.* a personage; ann an tigh *urra mhòir*, in a great personage's house; author, authority; *eò 's urra dhuit*, who is your authority? *cha'n'eil sgeul gun urra agam*, my version of the story is not without authority or author; owner, proprietor; *eò 's urra dha so*, who is owner or proprietor of this? *cha robh caora riamh gun urra*, a sheep never wanted an owner; *adj.* able, capable; *na b' urra mi*, were I able, were I capable; *ma's urra mise*, if I can.
- URRA, *úr'-a*, (*pre. pro.*), on her, owed by her, the matter with her, ailing her; *dè th' urra*, what is the matter with her?—*what ails her?* *dè th' agad urra*, how much does she owe you? of her, wanted by her; *greim urra*, a hold of her; a dhith *urra*, wanted by her.
- URRACH, *úr'-ach*, *n. m.* power, ability. *Perthshire.*
- URRACHD, *úr'-achg*, *n. m.* dependance, reliance; *cha riog thu leas urrachd 'sam a dheanadh* as an sin, you need not put any reliance in that,—place no dependance on that; an *urrachd riutsa*, relying on you; an *urrachd* a chosnaidh, depending on his daily labour or industry; am *urrachd-sa*, in dependance on me; in *Perthshire*, *urrach*;—*cha'n'eil mi am urrach*, I am not able; corrupted, *murrach*.
- URRAINN, *úr'-ènn*, *n.* and *adj.* ability, power, author; *cha'n'eil mi am urrainn*, I am not fit, I am not able; an *urrainn iad*, are they able? *ni mi na's urrainn mi*, I will do all I am capable of doing,—all I can; an *urrainn sin a bhi*, is it possible? can that be?
- URRAIL, *úr'-al*, *adj.* self-sufficient.
- URRALACHD, *úr'-all'-achg*, *n. f.* self-sufficiency.
- URRAM, *úr'-am*, *n. f.* respect, reverence, deference; na meadhon bha *urram* do'n rìgh, in their midst was reverence to the king. *Oss.*; air son *urram* do d' t' fhac-alsa, out of deference to your word; dignity, honour; *uaitse tha teachd saibhreas agus urram*, from thee proceed both riches and honour. *B.*; precedence, superiority, preference; *beir mi an urram dhuit thar na choinnig mi*, I will give you preference above all I ever saw,—you excel all I ever saw; an *urram* do'n loach, precedence to the hero! a toirt *urram*, giving honour. *Bible.*
- URRAMACH, *úr'-am'-ach*, *adj.* honourable, respectable, reverend, powerful, dignified, worshipful, distinguished; honorary; ball *urramach*, an honorary mem-

ber; principal; sibhse a's urramaiche do'n treud, *you which are the principal of the flock?* respectful, submissive; tha ainm u-ramach, *his name is revered, is distinguished*; rian e gu h-urramach, *he did it masterly,—he did it in a respectable manner.*

URRAMACHD, ùrr'-am-achg, *n.f.* honour-ableness, reverence, respectability, homage.

URRAMAICH, ùrr'-am-èch, *v.* reverence, distinguish, honour, revere, respect.

URRANTA, urr'-annt-à, *adj.* self-sufficient, self-important; confident in strength or capacity; bold.

URRANTACHD, ùrr'-annt-achg, *n.f.* self-sufficiency, self-confidence, audacity, presumption.

URRAS, ùrr'-as, *n. c.* surety, security, bail, cautioner, warrant; cò thèid an urras ort, *who will become security, or cautioner, or bail for you?* thèid mise an urras ortsa, *I can assure, I will warrant you*; ma tha thu an urras, *if you are surety. B.*; cha'n fhèarr an t-urras na'n t-earras, *the security or bail is not a whit better than the principal*; cha'n'eil urras a dhith orm, *I want no security or surety.*

URRASACH, ùrr'-as-ach, *adj.* secure, sure.

URRASACHD, ùrr'-as-achg, *n.f.* trust-worthiness; assumption.

URRASAICH, ùrr'-as-èch, *v.* insure.

URRASAIL, ùrr'-as-al, *adj.* confident, secure.

URRASAIR, ùrr'-as-àir, *n. m.* insurer.

URSANN, ùrr'-sènn, *n.f.* door-post, pillar of a gate; door-cheek; ursannan, *door-posts, or pillars of a gate.*

URUISG, ùrr'-èshg, *n.f.* a hobgoblin; bòchdan, *Perthshire*; a savage, ugly-looking fellow. *West.*

US, ùss, *n. m.* impudence, presumption; na biodh a dh'uss agad, *presume not, dare not.*

USA, ùs'-a, *for asa or fasa, (deg. furasd.)*

USAID, ùs'-aj, *n.f.* querulousness; aptness to complain with any, or for a very slight reason.

USAIDEACH, ùs'-aj-ach, *adj.* querulous; too apt to complain; querimonious.

USAIDEACHD, ùs'-aj-achg, *n.f.* querulousness; aptness to complain, or to weep for little or no reason; querimoniousness.

USGAR, ùsg'-ur, *n. f.* a jewel, gem; any ornament, necklace, bracelet. *Bible*; *Ir.*

USGARAICHE, ùsg'-ur-èch-à, *n. m.* a jeweller.

USPAIR, ùsp'-àir, *n. m.* lumpish fellow. *H. Society.*

UT! UT! ùt, ùt, *Inter. tut! tut! don't!*

UT, ùtt', *v.* push, shove, jostle; dh'ut e bhuaidh e, *he pushed him away from him*; ut i, *shove her.*

UTAG, ùtt'-ag, shove, push, jostle.

UTAIG, ùtt'-àig, *n.f.* strife, outrage, hubbub, row; lumber, confusion.

UTAIGEACH, ùtt'-àig-ach, *adj.* turbulent.

UTAIGEACHD, ùt'-àig-achg, *n.f.* turbulence.

UTAN, ùt'-an, knuckle. *Irish*; riuidean.

UTARRAS, ùtt'-arr-as, *n. m.* confused heap or mass; romping; lumber, confusion; annoyance, molestation, fidgeting.

UTARRASACH, ùtt'-arr-as-ach, *a.* confused, romping, full of lumber, unsettled.

UTN, ù, (*or* ùgh, properly); udder; ùth, *or* ùgh boine, *cow's udder.*

UTHACHD, ùh'-achg, *n.f.* suicide; thug e uthachd dha fhéin, *he committed suicide, he was the cause of his own death, manslaughter*; bheir e uthachd dhuit, *he will do away with your life.*

UTHACHDAIL, ùh'-achg-al, *a.* suicidal.

UTHARD, ù'-ard, *adv.* above, as cionn.

UTHNA, ùhn'-a, *n.f.* the surname Unity.

UTRAS, contraction of utarras, confusion.





